GENERIC ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) FOR THE DEVELOPMENT AND EXPANSION OF SUBSTATION INFRASTRUCTURE FOR THE TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION OF ELECTRICITY











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INTRODUCTION

1. Background

The National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998) (NEMA) requires that an environmental management programme (EMPr) be submitted where an environmental impact assessment (EIA) has been identified as the environmental instrument to be utilised as the basis for a decision on an application for environmental authorisation (EA). The content of an EMPr must either contain the information set out in Appendix 4 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014, as amended (EIA Regulations) or must be a generic EMPr relevant to an application as identified and gazetted by the Minister in a government notice. Once the Minister has identified, through a government notice that a generic EMPr is relevant to an application for EA, that generic EMPr must be applied by all parties involved in the EA process, including but not limited to the applicant and the competent authority (CA).

2. Purpose

This document constitutes a generic EMPr relevant to applications for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, and all listed and specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

3. Objective

The objective of this generic EMPr is to prescribe and pre-approve generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions, which can commonly and repeatedly be used for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity. The use of a generic EMPr is intended to reduce the need to prepare and review individual EMPrs for applications of a similar nature.

4. Scope

The scope of this generic EMPr applies to the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity requiring EA in terms of NEMA. This generic EMPr applies to activities requiring EA, mainly activity 11 and 47 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 1 of 2014, as amended, and activity 9 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 2 of 2014, as amended, and all associated listed or specified activities necessary for the realization of such infrastructure.

5. Structure of this document

This document is structured in three parts with an Appendix as indicated in the table below:

Part	Section	Heading	Content
A		Provides general guidance and information and is not	Definitions, acronyms, roles & responsibilities and documentation and reporting.
В	1	Pre-approved generic EMPr template	Contains generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions required for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, which are presented in the form of a template that has been preapproved.
			The template in this section is to be completed by the contractor, with each completed page signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity.
			Where an impact management outcome is not relevant, the words "not applicable" can be inserted in the template under the "responsible persons" column.
			Once completed and signed, the template represents the EMPr for the activity approved by the CA and is legally binding. The template is not required to be submitted to the CA as once the generic EMPr is gazetted for implementation, it has been approved by the CA.
			To allow interested and affected parties access to the pre-approved EMPr template for consideration through the decision-making process, the EAP on behalf of the applicant /proponent must make the hard copy of this EMPr available at a public location and where the applicant has a website, the EMPr should also be made available on such publicly accessible website.
	2	Site specific information	Contains preliminary infrastructure layout and a declaration that the applicant/holder of the EA

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			will comply with the pre-approved generic EMPr template contained in <u>Part B: Section 1</u> , and understands that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding . The preliminary infrastructure layout must be finalized to inform the final EMPr that is to be submitted with the basic assessment report (BAR) or environmental impact assessment report (EIAR), ensuring that all impact management outcomes and impact management actions have been either preapproved or approved in terms of <u>Part C</u> .
			This section must be submitted to the CA together with the final BAR or EIAR. The information submitted to the CA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, this Section forms part of the EMPr for the development and is legally binding.
С		Site specific sensitivities/ attributes	If any specific environmental sensitivities/ attributes are present on the site which require site specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr, to manage impacts, these specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific environmental attributes must be referenced spatially and impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be provided. These specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the preapproved EMPr template (Part B: section 1) This section will not be required should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes. However, if Part C is applicable to the site, it is required to be submitted together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The
			attributes. However, if <u>Part C</u> is applicable to site, it is required to be submitted together the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of,

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			approved, Part C forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.
			This section applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the specific development or expansion and which are not already included in <u>Part B: section 1</u> .
Appendix 1			Contains the method statements to be prepared prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are not required to be submitted to the competent authority.

6. Completion of part B: section 1: the pre-approved generic EMPr template

The template is to be completed prior to commencement of the activity, by providing the following information for each environmental impact management action:

- For implementation
 - a 'responsible person',
 - a method for implementation,
 - a timeframe for implementation
- For monitoring
 - a responsible person
 - frequency
 - evidence of compliance.

The completed template must be signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as <u>Appendix 1</u>. Each method statement must be signed and dated on each page by the holder of the EA. This template once signed and dated is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

7. Amendments of the impact management outcomes and impact management actions

Once the activity has commenced, a holder of an EA may make amendments to the impact management outcomes and impact management actions in the following manner:

- Amendment of the impact management outcomes: in line with the process contemplated in Regulation 37 of the EIA Regulations; and
- Amendment of the impact management actions: in line with the process contemplated in Regulation 36 of the EIA Regulations.

8. Documents to be submitted as part of part B: section 2 site specific information and declaration

<u>Part B: Section 2</u> has three distinct sub-sections. The first and third sub-sections are in a template format. Sub-section two requires a map to be produced.

<u>Sub-section 1</u> contains the project name, the applicant's name and contact details, the site information, which includes coordinates of the property or farm in which the proposed substation infrastructure is proposed as well as the 21-digit Surveyor General code of each cadastral land parcel and, where available, the farm name.

<u>Sub-section 2</u> is to be prepared by an EAP and must contain his/her name and expertise including a curriculum vitae. This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout using the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at: https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features and within 50 m from the development footprint.

<u>Sub-section 3</u> is the declaration that the applicant (s)/proponent (s) or holder of the EA in the case of a change of ownership must complete which confirms that the applicant/EA holder will comply with the pre-approved 'generic EMPr' template in <u>Section 1</u> and understands that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding.

(a) Amendments to Part B: Section 2 – site specific information and declaration

Should the EA be transferred, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new applicant/proponent and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted as part of such an application for an amendment to an EA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

PART A - GENERAL INFORMATION

1. **DEFINITIONS**

In this EMPr any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the NEMA or EIA Regulations has that meaning, and unless the context requires otherwise –

"clearing" means the clearing and removal of vegetation, whether partially or in whole, including trees and shrubs, as specified;

"construction camp" is the area designated for key construction infrastructure and services, including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;

"contractor" - The Contractor has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract, are in line with the Environmental Management Programme and that Method Statements are implemented as described.

"hazardous substance" is a substance governed by the Hazardous Substances Act, 1973 (Act No. 15 of 1973) as well as the Hazardous Chemical and Substances Regulations, 1995;

"method statement" means a written submission by the Contractor to the Project Manager in response to this EMPr or a request by the Project Manager and ECO. The method statement must set out the equipment, materials, labour and method(s) the Contractor proposes using to carry out an activity identified by the Project Manager when requesting the Method Statement. This must be done in such detail that the Project Manager and ECO is able to assess whether the Contractor's proposal is in accordance with this specification and/or will produce results in accordance with this specification;

The method statement must cover as a minimum applicable details with regard to:

- (i) Construction procedures;
- (ii) Plant, materials and equipment to be used;
- (iii) Transporting the equipment to and from site;
- (iv) How the plant/ material/ equipment will be moved while on site;
- (v) How and where the plant/ material/ equipment will be stored;
- (vi) The containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- (vii) Timing and location of activities;
- (viii) Compliance/ non-compliance; and
- (ix) Any other information deemed necessary by the Project Manager.

"slope" means the inclination of a surface expressed as one unit of rise or fall for so many horizontal units;

"solid waste" means all solid waste, including construction debris, hazardous waste, excess cement/concrete, wrapping materials, timber, cans, drums, wire, nails, food and domestic waste (e.g. plastic packets and wrappers);

"spoil" means excavated material which is unsuitable for use as material in the construction works or is material which is surplus to the requirements of the construction works;

"topsoil" means a varying depth (up to 300 mm) of the soil profile irrespective of the fertility, appearance, structure, agricultural potential, fertility and composition of the soil;

"works" means the works to be executed in terms of the Contract

2. ACRONYMS and ABBREVIATIONS

Competent Authority
Contractors Environmental Officer
Developer Environmental Officer
Developer Project Manager
Developer Site Supervisor
Environmental Audit Report
Environment Conservation Act No. 73 of 1989
Environmental Control Officer
Environmental Authorisation
Environmental Impact Assessment
Emergency Response Action Plan
Environmental Management Programme
Report
Environmental Assessment Practitioner
Fire Protection Agency
Hazardous chemical Substance
National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998)
National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act ,2004 (Act No. 10 of 2004)
National Environmental Management:
Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008)
Material Safety Data Sheet
Registered Interested and affected parties

3. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) IMPLEMENTATION

The effective implementation of this generic EMPr is dependent on established and clear roles, responsibilities and reporting lines within an institutional framework. This section of the EMPr gives guidance to the various environmental roles and reporting lines, however, project specific requirements will ultimately determine the need for the appointment of specific person(s) to undertake specific roles and or responsibilities. As such, it must be noted that in the event that no specific person, for example, an environmental control officer (ECO) is appointed, the holder of the EA remains responsible for ensuring that the duties indicated in this document for action by the ECO are undertaken.

Table 1: Guide to roles and responsibilities for implementation of an EMPr

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer's Project Manager (DPM)	Role The Project Developer is accountable for ensuring compliance with the EMPr and any conditions of approval from the competent authority (CA). Where required, an environmental control officer (ECO) must be contracted by the Project Developer to objectively monitor the implementation of the EMPr according to relevant environmental legislation, and the conditions of the environmental authorisation (EA). The Project Developer is further responsible for providing and giving mandate to enable the ECO to perform responsibilities, and he must ensure that the ECO is integrated as part of the project team while remaining independent. Responsibilities - Be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA; - Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Developer and its Contractor(s); - Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; - Monitor the implementation of the EMPr throughout the project by means of site inspections and meetings. Overall management of the project and EMPr implementation; and - Ensure that periodic environmental performance audits are undertaken on the project implementation.

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer Site Supervisor (DSS)	Role The DSS reports directly to the DPM, oversees site works, liaises with the contractor(s) and the ECO. The DSS is responsible for the day to day implementation of the EMPr and for ensuring the compliance of all contractors with the conditions and requirements stipulated in the EMPr.
	 Responsibilities Ensure that all contractors identify a contractor's Environmental Officer (CEO); Must be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA. Oversees site works, liaison with Contractor, DPM and ECO;
	 Must ensure that all landowners have the relevant contact details of the site staff, ECO and CEO; Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; Will issue all non-compliances to contractors; and Ratify the Monthly Environmental Report.
Environmental Control Officer (ECO)	Role The ECO should have appropriate training and experience in the implementation of environmental management specifications. The primary role of the ECO is to act as an independent quality controller and monitoring agent regarding all environmental concerns and associated environmental impacts. In this respect, the ECO is to conduct periodic site inspections, attend regular site meetings, pre-empt problems and suggest mitigation and be available to advise on incidental issues that arise. The ECO is also required to conduct compliance audits, verifying the monitoring reports submitted by the CEO. The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager regarding all environmental matters. The Contractor, CEO and DEO are answerable to the Environmental Control Officer for non-compliance with the Performance Specifications as set out in the EA and EMPr.
	The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager, who in turn reports back to the Contractor and potential and Registered Interested &Affected Parties (RI&APs), as required. Issues of non-compliance raised by the ECO must be taken up by the Project Manager, and resolved with the Contractor as per the conditions of his contract. Decisions regarding environmental procedures, specifications and requirements which have a cost implication (i.e. those that are deemed to be a variation, not allowed for in the

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	Performance Specification) must be endorsed by the Project Manager. The ECO must also, as specified by the EA, report to the relevant CA as and when required.
	Responsibilities The responsibilities of the ECO will include the following: - Be aware of the findings and conclusions of all EA related to the development; - Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr; - Be conversant with relevant environmental legislation, policies and procedures, and ensure compliance with them; - Undertake regular and comprehensive site inspections / audits of the construction site according to the generic EMPr and applicable licenses in order to monitor compliance as required; - Educate the construction team about the management measures contained in the EMPr and environmental licenses; - Compilation and administration of an environmental monitoring plan to ensure that the environmental management measures are implemented and are effective; - Monitoring the performance of the Contractors and ensuring compliance with the EMPr and associated Method Statements; - In consultation with the Developer Site Supervisor order the removal of person(s) and/or equipment which are in contravention of the specifications of the EMPr and/or environmental licenses;
	 Liaison between the DPM, Contractors, authorities and other lead stakeholders on all environmental concerns; Compile a regular environmental audit report highlighting any non-compliance issues as well as satisfactors or expensional compliance with the EARRY.
	satisfactory or exceptional compliance with the EMPr; - Validating the regular site inspection reports, which are to be prepared by the contractor Environmental Officer (cEO);
	 Checking the cEO's record of environmental incidents (spills, impacts, legal transgressions etc.) as well as corrective and preventive actions taken; Checking the cEO's public complaints register in which all complaints are recorded, as well as action taken;

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities		
	 Assisting in the resolution of conflicts; Facilitate training for all personnel on the site – this may range from carrying out the training, to reviewing the training programmes of the Contractor; In case of non-compliances, the ECO must first communicate this to the Senior Site Supervisor, who has the power to ensure this matter is addressed. Should no action or insufficient action be taken, the ECO may report this matter to the authorities as non-compliance; Maintenance, update and review of the EMPr; 		
	- Communication of all modifications to the EMPr to the relevant stakeholders.		
developer Environmental Officer (dEO)	Role The dEOs will report to the Project Manager and are responsible for implementation of the EMPr, environmental monitoring and reporting, providing environmental input to the Project Manager and Contractor's Manager, liaising with contractors and the landowners as well as a range of environmental coordination responsibilities.		
	 Responsibilities Be fully conversant with the EMPr; Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr, and implement these measures; Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Employees, Contractor(s); Confine the development site to the demarcated area; Conduct environmental internal audits with regards to EMPr and authorisation compliance (on cEO); Assist the contractors in addressing environmental challenges on site; Assist in incident management: Reporting environmental incidents to developer and ensuring that corrective action is taken, and lessons learnt shared; Assist the contractor in investigating environmental incidents and compile investigation reports; Follow-up on pre-warnings, defects, non-conformance reports; Measure and communicate environmental performance to the Contractor; 		

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities		
	 Conduct environmental awareness training on site together with ECO and cEO; Ensure that the necessary legal permits and / or licenses are in place and up to date; Acting as Developer's Environmental Representative on site and work together with the ECO and contractor; 		
Contractor	Role The Contractor appoints the cEO and has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract are in line with the EMPr and that Method Statements are implemented as described. External contractors must ensure compliance with this EMPr while performing the onsite activities as per their contract with the Project Developer. The contractors are required, where specified, to provide Method Statements setting out in detail how the impact management actions contained in the EMPr will be implemented during the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity activities.		
	 Responsibilities project delivery and quality control for the development services as per appointment; employ a suitably qualified person to monitor and report to the Project Developer's appointed person on the daily activities on-site during the construction period; ensure that safe, environmentally acceptable working methods and practices are implemented and that equipment is properly operated and maintained, to facilitate proper access and enable any operation to be carried out safely; attend on site meeting(s) prior to the commencement of activities to confirm the procedure and designated activity zones; ensure that contractors' staff repair, at their own cost, any environmental damage as a result of a contravention of the specifications contained in EMPr, to the satisfaction of the ECO. 		
contractor Environmental Officer (cEO)	·		

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	appointed at a level such that she/he can interact effectively with other site Contractors, labourers, the Environmental Control Officer and the public. As a minimum the cEO shall meet the following criteria:
	Responsibilities - Be on site throughout the duration of the project and be dedicated to the project; - Ensure all their staff are aware of the environmental requirements, conditions and constraints with respect to all of their activities on site; - Implementing the environmental conditions, guidelines and requirements as stipulated within the EA, EMPr and Method Statements; - Attend the Environmental Site Meeting; - Undertaking corrective actions where non-compliances are registered within the stipulated timeframes; - Report back formally on the completion of corrective actions; - Assist the ECO in maintaining all the site documentation; - Prepare the site inspection reports and corrective action reports for submission to the ECO; - Assist the ECO with the preparing of the monthly report; and - Where more than one Contractor is undertaking work on site, each company appointed as a Contractor will appoint a cEO representing that company.

4. ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE

To ensure accountable and demonstrated implementation of the EMPr, a number of reporting systems, documentation controls and compliance mechanisms must be in place for all substation infrastructure projects as a minimum requirement.

4.1 Document control/Filing system

The holder of the EA is solely responsible for the upkeep and management of the EMPr file. As a minimum, all documentation detailed below will be stored in the EMPr file. A hard copy of all documentation shall be filed, while an electronic copy may be kept where relevant. A duplicate file will be maintained in the office of the DSS (where applicable). This duplicate file must remain current and up-to-date. The filing system must be updated and relevant documents added as required. The EMPr file must be made available at all times on request by the CA or other relevant authorities. The EMPr file will form part of any environmental audits undertaken as prescribed in the EIA Regulations.

4.2 Documentation to be available

At the outset of the project the following preliminary list of documents shall be placed in the filing system and be accessible at all times:

- Full copy of the signed EA from the CA in terms of NEMA, granting approval for the development or expansion;
- Copy of the generic and site specific EMPr as well as any amendments thereof;
- Copy of declaration of implementing generic EMPr and subsequent approval of site specific EMPr and amendments thereof;
- All method statements;
- Completed environmental checklists;
- Minutes and attendance register of environmental site meetings;
- An up-to-date environmental incident log;
- A copy of all instructions or directives issued;
- A copy of all corrective actions signed off. The corrective actions must be filed in such a way that a clear reference is made to the non-compliance record;
- Complaints register.

4.3 Weekly Environmental Checklist

The ECOs are required to complete a Weekly Environmental Checklist, the format of which is to be agreed prior to commencement of the activity. The ECOs are required to sign and date the checklist, retain a copy in the EMPr file and submit a copy of the completed checklist to the DSS on a weekly basis.

The checklists will form the basis for the Monthly Environmental Reports. Copies of all completed checklists will be attached as Annexures to the Environmental Audit Report as required in terms of the EIA Regulations.

4.4 Environmental site meetings

Minutes of the environmental site meetings shall be kept. The minutes must include an attendance register and will be attached to the Monthly Report that is distributed to attendees. Each set of minutes must clearly record "Matters for Attention" that will be reviewed at the next meeting.

4.5 Required Method Statements

The method statement will be done in such detail that the ECOs are enabled to assess whether the contractor's proposal is in accordance with the EMPr.

The method statement must cover applicable details with regard to:

- development procedures;
- materials and equipment to be used;
- getting the equipment to and from site;
- how the equipment/ material will be moved while on site;
- how and where material will be stored;
- the containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- timing and location of activities;
- compliance/ non-compliance with the EMPr; and
- any other information deemed necessary by the ECOs.

Unless indicated otherwise by the Project Manager, the Contractor shall provide the following method statements to the Project Manager no less than 14 days prior to the commencement date of the activity:

- Site establishment Camps, Lay-down or storage areas, satellite camps, infrastructure;
- Batch plants;
- Workshop or plant servicing;
- Handling, transport and storage of Hazardous Chemical Substance's;
- Vegetation management Protected, clearing, aliens, felling;
- Access management Roads, gates, crossings etc.;
- Fire plan;
- Waste management transport, storage, segregation, classification, disposal (all waste streams);
- Social interaction complaints management, compensation claims, access to properties etc.;
- Water use (source, abstraction and disposal), access and all related information, crossings and mitigation;
- Emergency preparedness Spills, training, other environmental emergencies;
- Dust and noise management methodologies;
- Fauna interaction and risk management only if the risk was identified wildlife interaction especially on game farms; and
- Heritage and palaeontology management.

The ECOs shall monitor and ensure that the contractors perform in accordance with these method statements. Completed and agreed method statements between the holder of the EA and the contractor shall be captured in Appendix 1.

4.6 Environmental Incident Log (Diary)

The ECOs are required to maintain an up-to-date and current Environmental Incident Log (environmental diary). The Environmental Incident Log is a means to record all environmental incidents and/or all non-compliance notice would not be issued. An environmental incident is defined as:

- Any deviation from the listed impact management actions (listed in this EMPr) that
 may be addressed immediately by the ECOs. (For example a contractor's staff
 member littering or a drip tray that has not been emptied);
- Any environmental impact resulting from an action or activity by a contractor in contravention of the environmental stipulations and guidelines listed in the EMPr which as a single event would have a minor impact but which if cumulative and continuous would have a significant effect (for example no toilet paper available in the ablutions for an afternoon); and
- General environmental information such as road kills or injured wildlife.

The ECOs are to record all environmental incidents in the Environmental Incident Log. All incidents regardless of severity must be reported to the Developer. The Log is to be kept in the EMPr file and at a minimum the following will be recorded for each environmental incident:

- The date and time of the incident;
- Description of the incident;
- The name of the Contractor responsible;
- The incident must be listed as significant or minor;
- If the incident is listed as significant, a non-compliance notice must be issued, and recorded in the log;
- Remedial or corrective action taken to mitigate the incident; and
- Record of repeat minor offences by the same contractor or staff member.

The Environmental Incident Log will be captured in the EAR.

4.7 Non-compliance

A non-compliance notice will be issued to the responsible contractor by the ECOs via the DSS or Project Manager. The non-compliance notice will be issued in writing; a copy filed in the EMPr file and will at a minimum include the following:

- Time and date of the non-compliance;
- Name of the contractor responsible;
- Nature and description of the non-compliance;
- Recommended / required corrective action; and
- Date by which the corrective action to be completed.
- The contractors shall act immediately when a notice of non-compliance is received and correct whatever is the cause for the issuing of the notice. Complaints received regarding activities on the development site pertaining to the environment shall be

recorded in a dedicated register and the response noted with the date and action taken. The ECO should be made aware of any complaints. Any non-compliance with the agreed procedures of the EMPr is a transgression of the various statutes and laws that define the manner by which the environment is managed. Failure to redress the cause shall be reported to the relevant CA for them to deal with the transgression, as it deems fit. The contractor is deemed not to have complied with the EMPr if, inter alia, There is a deviation from the environmental conditions, impact management outcomes and impact management actions activities, as approved in generic and site specific EMPr as relevant as set out in the EMPr, which deviation has, or may cause, an environmental impact.

4.8 Corrective action records

For each non-compliance notice issued, a documented corrective action must be recorded. On receiving a non-compliance notice from the DSS, the contractor's cEO will ensure that the corrective actions required take place within the stipulated timeframe. On completion of the corrective action the cEO is to issue a Corrective Action Report in writing to the ECOs. If satisfied that the corrective action has been completed, the ECOs are to sign-off on the Corrective Action Report, and attach the report to the non-compliance notice in the EMPr file. A corrective action is considered complete once the report has signed off by the ECOs.

4.9 Photographic record

A digital photographic record will be kept. The photographic record will be used to show before, during and post rehabilitation evidence of the project as well used in cases of damages claims if they arise. Each image must be dated and a brief description note attached.

The Contractor shall:

1. Allow the ECOs access to take photographs of all areas, activities and actions.

The ECOs shall keep an electronic database of photographic records which will include:

- 1. Pictures of all areas designated as work areas, camp areas, development sites and storage areas taken before these areas are set up;
- 2. All bunding and fencing;
- 3. Road conditions and road verges;
- 4. Condition of all farm fences;
- 5. Topsoil storage areas;
- 6. All areas to be cordoned off during construction;
- 7. Waste management sites;
- 8. Ablution facilities (inside and out);
- 9. Any non-conformances deemed to be "significant";
- 10. All completed corrective actions for non-compliances;
- 11. All required signage;
- 12. Photographic recordings of incidents;
- 13. All areas before, during and post rehabilitation; and
- 14. Include relevant photographs in the Final Environmental Audit Report.

4.10 Complaints register

The ECOs shall keep a current and up-to-date complaints register. The complaints register is to be a record of all complaints received from communities, stakeholders and individuals. The Complaints Record shall:

- 1. Record the name and contact details of the complainant;
- 2. Record the time and date of the complaint;
- 3. Contain a detailed description of the complaint;
- 4. Where relevant and appropriate, contain photographic evidence of the complaint or damage (ECOs to take relevant photographs); and
- 5. Contain a copy of the ECOs written response to each complaint received and keep a record of any further correspondence with the complainant. The ECO's written response will include a description of any corrective action to be taken and must be signed by the Contractor, ECO and affected party. Where a damage claim is issued by the complainant, the ECOs shall respond as described in (section 4.11) below.

4.11 Claims for damages

In the event that a Claim for Damages is submitted by a community, landowner or individual, the ECOs shall:

- 1. Record the full detail of the complaint as described in (section 4.10) above;
- 2. The DPM will evaluate the claim and associated damage and submit the evaluation to the Senior Site Representative for approval;
- 3. Following consideration by the DPM, the claim is to be resolved and settled immediately, or the reason for not accepting the claim communicated in writing to the claimant. Should the claimant not accept this, the ECO shall, in writing report the incident to the Developer's negotiator and legal department; and
- 4. A formal record of the response by the ECOs to the claimant as well as the rectification of the method of making payments not amount will be recorded in the EMPr file.

4.12 Interactions with affected parties

Open, transparent and good relations with affected landowners, communities and regional staff are an essential aspect to the successful management and mitigation of environmental impacts.

The ECOs shall:

- 1. Ensure that all queries, complaints and claims are dealt within an agreed timeframe;
- 2. Ensure that any or all agreements are documented, signed by all parties and a record of the agreement kept in the EMPr file;
- 3. Ensure that a complaints telephone numbers are made available to all landowners and affected parties; and
- 4. Ensure that contact with affected parties is courteous at all times;

4.13 Environmental audits

Internal environmental audits of the activity and implementation of the EMPr must be undertaken. The findings and outcomes included in the EMPr file and submitted to the CA at intervals as indicated in the EA.

The ECOs must prepare a monthly EAR. The report will be tabled as the key point on the agenda of the Environmental Site Meeting. The Report is submitted for acceptance at the meeting and the final report will be circulated to the Project Manager and filed in the EMPr file. At a frequency determined by the EA, the ECOs shall submit the monthly reports to the CA. At a minimum the monthly report is to cover the following:

- Weekly Environmental Checklists;
- Deviations and non-compliances with the checklists;
- Non-compliances issued;
- Completed and reported corrective actions;
- Environmental Monitoring;
- General environmental findings and actions; and
- Minutes of the Bi-monthly Environmental Site Meetings.

4.14 Final environmental audits

On final completion of the rehabilitation and/or requirements of the EA a final EAR is to be prepared and submitted to the CA. The EAR must comply with Appendix 7 of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 1: Pre-approved generic EMPr template

5. IMPACT MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES AND IMPACT MANAGEMENT ACTIONS

This section provides a pre-approved generic EMPr template with aspects that are common to the development of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity. There is a list of aspects identified for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, and for each aspect a set of prescribed impact management outcomes and associated impact management actions have been identified. Holders of EAs are responsible to ensure the implementation of these outcomes and actions for all projects as a minimum requirement, in order to mitigate the impact of such aspects identified for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity.

The template provided below is to be completed by providing the information under each heading for each environmental impact management action.

The completed template must be signed and dated on each page by both the contractor and the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as Appendix 1. Each method statement must also be duly signed and dated on each page by the contactor and the holder of the EA. This template, once signed and dated, is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

5.1 Environmental awareness training

Impact management outcome: All onsite staff are aware and understand the individual responsibilities in terms of this EMPr.

	T			T		
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 All staff must receive environmental awareness training 	ECO/cEO/dEO	Hold	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
prior to commencement of the activities;		environmental	Construction	dEO	and when	register and
		awareness			required	training minutes
		training				/ notes for the
		workshops				record
 The Contractor must allow for sufficient sessions to train 	Contractor	Scheduling of	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
all personnel with no more than 20 personnel attending		sufficient	Construction	dEO	and when	register and
each course;		sessions through			required	training minutes
		consultation				/ notes for the
		with the ECO /				record
		cEO / dEO				
- Refresher environmental awareness training is	cEO / dEO in	Hold refresher	During the	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
available as and when required;	consultation	environmental	construction	dEO	and when	register and
	with the ECO	awareness	phase		required	training minutes
		training				/ notes for the
		workshops				record
- All staff are aware of the conditions and controls linked	cEO / dEO	Hold training	During the	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
to the EA and within the EMPr and made aware of their		workshops and	construction	dEO	and when	register and
individual roles and responsibilities in achieving		ensure that the	phase		required	training minutes
compliance with the EA and EMPr;		EA and EMPr is				/ notes for the
		readily available	<u> </u>	500		record
- The Contractor must erect and maintain information	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
posters at key locations on site, and the posters must		place	Construction	dEO		record
include the following information as a minimum: a) Safety notifications; and		appropriate		cEO		

b) No littering.		posters at key locations				
 Environmental awareness training must include as a minimum the following: a) Description of significant environmental impacts, actual or potential, related to their work activities; b) Mitigation measures to be implemented when carrying out specific activities; c) Emergency preparedness and response procedures; d) Emergency procedures; e) Procedures to be followed when working near or within sensitive areas; f) Wastewater management procedures; g) Water usage and conservation; h) Solid waste management procedures; i) Sanitation procedures; j) Fire prevention; and k) Disease prevention. 	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the minimum requirements	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Prior to the commencemen t of the environmental awareness training	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist
 A record of all environmental awareness training courses undertaken as part of the EMPr must be available; 	ECO/cEO/dEO	Filing system including all proof of training (i.e. attendance register and training minutes / notes for the record)	During the construction phase	ECO dEO	Monthly	Completed and up to date filing system with proof of training
 Educate workers on the dangers of open and/or unattended fires; 	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the dangers of open	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Prior to the commencemen t of the environmental awareness training	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist

		and/or unattended fire				
 A staff attendance register of all staff to have received 	ECO/cEO/dEO	Filing system	During the	ECO	Monthly	Completed and
environmental awareness training must be available.		including all	construction	dEO		up to date filing
		proof of training	phase			system inclusive
		(i.e. attendance				of all
		register)				attendance
						registers
- Course material must be available and presented in	ECO/cEO/dEO	Develop	During the	ECO	Monthly	Environmental
appropriate languages that all staff can understand.		environmental	construction	dEO		awareness
		awareness	phase			training material
		training material				requirements
		in the required				checklist and
		languages.				the training
		Training material				register which
		must by readily				must indicate
		available to all				the language of
		staff				the training

5.2 Site Establishment development

Impact management outcome: Impacts on the environment are minimized during site establishment and the development footprint are kept to demarcated development area.

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Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- A method statement must be provided by the	Contractor	Development of	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Availability of	
contractor prior to any onsite activity that includes the		an appropriate		dEO	construction	the method	
layout of the construction camp in the form of a plan		method				statement which	
showing the location of key infrastructure and services		statement				complies with	
(where applicable), including but not limited to offices,						the minimum	
overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop,							

stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous materials storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;						requirements listed
Location of construction camps must be within approved area to ensure that the site does not impact on sensitive areas identified in the environmental assessment or site walk through;	DPM	Place construction camps outside of sensitive areas identified in the Basic Assessment Report	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of a layout and sensitivity map indicating avoidance of sensitive areas
Sites must be located where possible on previously disturbed areas;	DPM	Place site outside of sensitive areas and within previously disturbed areas identified in the BA Report	Pre-construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of a layout and sensitivity map indicating avoidance of sensitive areas and placement within disturbed areas
- The camp must be fenced in accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing and gate installation; and	DPM	Design and implementation of fencing as per the requirements of Section 5.5 of this EMPr	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction and once during the construction of the fencing	The camp is fenced in accordance with Section 5.5 of this EMPr
 The use of existing accommodation for contractor staff, where possible, is encouraged. 	Not applicable – t town of Sutherland		new accommoda	tion is not proposed	I. Staff will be acco	ommodated in the

5.3 Access restricted areas

Impact management outcome: Access to restricted areas prevented.

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Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Identification of access restricted areas is to be informed by the environmental assessment, site walk through and any additional areas identified during development; 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the ECO	Spatially demarcate access restricted areas informed by the BA Report	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to construction	Access restricted areas are identified and provided in a spatial format
Erect, demarcate and maintain a temporary barrier with clear signage around the perimeter of any access restricted area, colour coding could be used if appropriate; and	consultation	Erect appropriate temporary barriers around access restricted areas	At the commencemen t and for the duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Access restricted areas are closed-off through temporary barriers and barriers are maintained to a sufficient standard
Unauthorised access and development related activity inside access restricted areas is prohibited.	Contractor / dEO / cEO	Erect appropriate temporary barriers around access restricted areas and provide clear signage of restricted status	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Photographic evidence and notes of compliance that no unauthorised access or activities has taken place within the access restricted areas

5.4 Access roads

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment through the planned and restricted movement of vehicles on site.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	•		·	1		•
An access agreement must be formalized and signed	DPM	Develop access	Pre-construction	dEO	Once, prior to	Availability of
by the DPM, Contractor and landowner before	Contractor	agreements with		ECO	construction	approved and
commencing with the activities;		the affected				signed
		landowners.				negotiations
		Ensure that				
		agreements are				
		approved and				
		signed				
 All private roads used for access to the servitude must 	Contractor	Undertake	During the	cEO / ECO	Weekly	Photographic
be maintained and upon completion of the works, be		maintenance	construction			record of the
left in at least the original condition		activities on	phase			pre-construction
		private roads				condition and
		used for				degradation of
		construction as				roads, and
		degradation				records of the
		takes place				implementation
						and
						effectiveness of
						maintenance
						activities

All contractors must be made aware of all these access routes.	dEO / cEO	Develop a map illustrating all access routes associated with the project and present and provide the map to all contractors	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Once, prior to construction	Access routes map readily available
 Any access route deviation from that in the written agreement must be closed and re-vegetated immediately, at the contractor's expense; 	Contractor	All access routes developed that are not in-line with the access route agreements must be closed and rehabilitated to the predisturbance state	Construction and Rehabilitation	ECO	Bi-weekly (every two weeks)	Photographic record of the closure of access roads and re- vegetation
 Maximum use of both existing servitudes and existing roads must be made to minimise further disturbance through the development of new roads; 	Contractor (and Eskom maintenance staff where relevant to operation)	Existing access routes to be used must be specified and the development of new roads must be avoided as far as possible	Construction and operation	cEO Operation and maintenance team	Weekly	Implementation of the approved layout
 In circumstances where private roads must be used, the condition of the said roads must be recorded in accordance with section 4.9: photographic record; prior to use and the condition thereof agreed by the landowner, the DPM, and the contractor; 	dEO / cEO	Record the conditions of private roads to be used (prior to use) as per the requirements of	During the construction phase	ECO	Prior to the use of private roads	Photographic record and proof of the road conditions agreed upon

			section 4.9 and				with the relevant
			agree on the				parties
			required				
			condition of the				
			roads with the				
			landowner, DPM				
			and contractor				
- Access roads in flattish areas must follow fence lines	DPM	and	Design access	Pre-construction	ECO	Once during the	Implementation
and tree belts to avoid fragmentation of vegetated	Contractor		roads to follow			design and	of the approved
areas or croplands			fence lines and			once prior to	layout
			avoid			construction	
			vegetated				
			areas				
 Access roads must only be developed on pre-planned 	Contractor		Construction of	During the	ECO	Once during the	Implementation
and approved roads.			access roads	construction	dEO	design and	of the approved
			only on pre-	phase		weekly during	layout
			planned and			the construction	
			approved			of access roads	
			access roads				

5.5 Fencing and Gate installation

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and gates where required.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation /			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Use existing gates provided to gain access to all parts 	Contractor	Identify and	Pre-construction	dEO	Monthly	Existing gates
of the area authorised for development, where		inform all	& Construction			are utilised on a
possible;		relevant staff of				frequent basis
						and only limited

	T	11	I			T
		the existing				new access
		gates to be used				gates are
						developed
- Existing and new gates to be recorded and	ECO	Existing and new	During the	ECO	Once, when the	Photographic
documented in accordance with section 4.9:		gates will be	construction		construction of	record of the
photographic record;		recorded and	phase		all new gates	existing and new
		documented as			have been	gates as per the
		per the			completed	requirements of
		requirements of				section4.9
		section 4.9				
 All gates must be fitted with locks and be kept locked 	Contractor (and	Ensure all	Construction	ECO	Bi-weekly (every	All gates are
at all times during the development phase, unless	Eskom	relevant gates	and Operation	Operation and	second week)	locked and no
otherwise agreed with the landowner;	maintenance	are fitted with		maintenance		complaints from
	staff where	locks and are		team		landowners are
	relevant to	always locked				received in this
	operation)					regard
- At points where the line crosses an existing fence in	dEO	Install new gates	During the	ECO	Once, prior to	New gates are
which there is no suitable gate within the extent of the		where required	construction		construction	installed where
line servitude, on the instruction of the DPM, a gate		with the	phase		and during the	required
must be installed at the approval of the landowner;		approval of the	'		construction	,
		affected			phase, as and	
		landowner			when required	
Care must be taken that the gates must be so erected	Contractor	Install gates in a	During the	cEO	Once, during	New gates
that there is a gap of no more than 100 mm between		manner so that	construction	020	the erection of	installed as per
the bottom of the gate and the ground;		there is a gap of	phase		the gates during	the requirement
mie benem et me gate and me greend,		no more than	pridad		the construction	ino requientieni
		100mm			phase	
		between the			рпазс	
		bottom of the				
		0				
Where extended installed in installed and for	Cambra at - :-	ground	During H	250	On an alternative	Nav
- Where gates are installed in jackal proof fencing, a	Contractor	Implement a	During the	cEO	Once, during	New gates
suitable reinforced concrete sill must be provided		reinforced	construction		the erection of	installed as per
beneath the gate;		concrete sill	phase		the gates during	the requirement
		beneath gates				

		installed for jackal proofing			the construction phase	
Original tension must be maintained in the fence wires;	Contractor	Maintain original tension of fences through required activities	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No tension reduction on fence wires
 All gates installed in electrified fencing must be re- electrified; 	Contractor	Electrify gates installed in electrified fencing	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase	Gates installed in electrified fencing is electrified
 All demarcation fencing and barriers must be maintained in good working order for the duration of the development activities; 	Contractor	Undertake maintenance activities on fences and barriers	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of maintained fences and barriers
Fencing must be erected around the camp, batching plants, hazardous storage areas, and all designated access restricted areas, where applicable;	Contractor	Fence construction camps, batching plants, hazardous storage areas and access restricted areas	During the construction phase	ECO	Once during the erection of fencing	Photographic record of fences erected
 Any temporary fencing to restrict the movement of life- stock must only be erected with the permission of the land owner. 	dEO/ cEO Contractor	Obtain written approval from the relevant landowner where temporary fencing is required to restrict life-stock movement	During the construction phase	ECO	To be monitored as temporary fencing is required	Written approval to be provided by the dEO

All fencing must be developed of high quality material bearing the SABS mark;	Contractor	Make use of high quality materials approved by SABS	During the construction phase	CEO	To be monitored as fencing is erected during the construction phase	Use of high quality materials for fencing approved by SABS
 The use of razor wire as fencing must be avoided as far as possible; 	Contractor	Razor wire must not be sourced or used for the erection of fencing	During the construction phase	ECO	To be monitored as fencing is erected during the construction phase	fences erected do not make use of razor wire
Fenced areas with gate access must remain locked after hours, during weekends and on holidays if staff is away from site. Site security will be required at all times;	DSS and Contractor	Ensure fenced areas are locked as required through the implementation of a formalised process. Appoint a security company	During the construction phase	CEO	Weekly and as and when required	Fences are locked and no complaints from landowners are received. A security company is appointed
 On completion of the development phase all temporary fences are to be removed; 	Contractor	Removal of all temporary fences	At the end of the Construction Phase	eco deo	Once, following the completion of the construction phase	No temporary fences associated with the project is present following the completion of the construction phase
The contractor must ensure that all fence uprights are appropriately removed, ensuring that no uprights are cut at ground level but rather removed completely.	Contractor	Appropriate removal of all fence uprights	At the end of the Construction Phase	ECO dEO	Once, following the completion of the construction phase	No fence uprights associated with the project is present following the

			completion of
			the construction
			phase

5.6 Water Supply Management

Impact management outcome: Undertake responsible water usage.

that the abstraction of water does not entail

stream diversion activities; and

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
All abstraction points or bore holes must be registered with the DWS and suitable water meters installed to ensure that the abstracted volumes are measured on a daily basis;	DPM / Contractor / dEO / cEO in consultation with the ECO	The onsite borehole must be registered with the DWS prior to commencemen t of activities	Prior to commencemen t, during construction and operational phase	ECO / dEO	Registration of borehole once off prior commencemen t of construction and monitoring of abstraction volumes on a daily basis during construction and during operation.	Proof of registration of borehole from DWS and proof of daily records of abstraction volumes to be attached to monthly audit reports.	
 The Contractor must ensure the following: a. The vehicle abstracting water from a river does not enter or cross it and does not operate from within the river; b. No damage occurs to the river bed or banks and 	Not applicable - During the construction phase, water will be sourced from the local municipality or existing boreholes (if groundwater is available and if suitable). The exact details of water requirements will be confirmed during the detailed engineering phase. At this stage, no water is planned to be abstracted from or discharged to any surface water systems. During the operational phase of the proposed distribution line, water requirements						

 c.All reasonable measures to limit pollution or sedimentation of the downstream watercourse are implemented. 						
 Ensure water conservation is being practiced by: 	Contractor /	Implement the	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Successful
a. Minimising water use during cleaning of	dEO / cEO in	required water	construction		and when	implementation
equipment;	consultation	conservation	phase		required	of water
b. Undertaking regular audits of water systems; and	with the ECO	measures				conservation
c. Including a discussion on water usage and		throughout on-				
conservation during environmental awareness		site construction				
training.		processes				
d. The use of grey water is encouraged.						

5.7 Storm and wastewater management

Impact management outcome: Impacts to the environment caused by storm water and wastewater discharges during construction are avoided.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Runoff from the cement/ concrete batching areas must be strictly controlled, and contaminated water must be collected, stored and either treated or disposed of off-site, at a location approved by the project manager; 	Contractor	Implement measures for the control and management of runoff	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	No mismanagemen t of runoff or contaminated water due to the temporary concrete batching plant
 All spillage of oil onto concrete surfaces must be controlled by the use of an approved absorbent material and the used absorbent material disposed of at an appropriate waste disposal facility; 		Obtain approved absorbent material and make use of	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Availability of approved absorbent material at the construction site

		licensed waste disposal facilities for disposal of oil				and proof of disposal of oil at licenses disposal facilities
Natural stormwater runoff not contaminated during the development and clean water can be discharged directly to watercourses and water bodies, subject to the Project Manager's approval and support by the ECO;	DPM in consultation with the ECO	Consultation between the DPM and the ECO to determine if water can be discharged directly into water bodies (where present). The necessary water quality testing must be undertaken prior to discharge	During the construction phase	ECO	As and when the need arises to discharge natural stormwater runoff and clean water	Proof of consultation between the DPM and ECO and the outcomes thereof to be provided. Proof of water quality testing and the results thereof.
 Water that has been contaminated with suspended solids, such as soils and silt, may be released into watercourses or water bodies only once all suspended solids have been removed from the water by settling out these solids in settlement ponds. The release of settled water back into the environment must be subject to the Project Manager's approval and support by the ECO. 	DPM in consultation with the ECO	Consultation between the DPM and the ECO to determine if water can be discharged directly into water bodies (where present). The necessary water quality testing must be undertaken prior to discharge	During the construction phase	ECO	As and when the need arises to discharge water	Proof of consultation between the DPM and ECO and the outcomes thereof to be provided. Proof of water quality testing and the results thereof.

5.8 Solid and hazardous waste management

Impact management outcome: Wastes are appropriately stored, handled and safely disposed of at a recognised waste facility.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
All measures regarding waste management must be undertaken using an integrated waste management approach;		Develop and implement a waste management plan	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Implementation of the waste management plan and proof of waste management through proof of responsible disposal
Sufficient, covered waste collection bins (scavenger and weatherproof) must be provided;	Contractor	Provision of appropriate waste collection bins which are strategically placed throughout the site	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Appropriate waste collection bins are available throughout the site
A suitably positioned and clearly demarcated waste collection site must be identified and provided;	DPM and Contractor	Identify an appropriate location for the waste collection site which must be clearly demarcated through signage	Design and Construction Phase	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	A waste collection site is appropriately placed and demarcated

		and temporary fencing				
The waste collection site must be maintained in a clean and orderly manner;	Contractor	Regular collection of waste and maintenance of the area must be undertaken as per the waste requirements for the project during construction	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	The waste collection site is maintained and clean
Waste must be segregated into separate bins and clearly marked for each waste type for recycling and safe disposal;	Contractor	Provide separate and marked bins for the different waste types associated with the construction phase	During the Construction Phase	cEO	Weekly	Separate waste bins are available on site and waste generated is separated into the relevant bins
Staff must be trained in waste segregation;	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Include waste segregation as part of the environmental awareness training material.	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist
Bins must be emptied regularly;	Contractor	Bins must be emptied before reaching total capacity and on a regular basis as required for the project	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No mismanagemen t of bins.

General waste produced onsite must be disposed of at registered waste disposal sites/ recycling company;	Contractor	Disposal of general waste at licensed waste disposal facilities must be undertaken as per the waste management plan	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided
Hazardous waste must be disposed of at a registered waste disposal site;	Contractor	Disposal of hazardous waste at licensed waste disposal facilities must be undertaken as per the waste management plan	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided
Certificates of safe disposal for general, hazardous and recycled waste must be maintained.	Contractor	Obtain certificates for safe disposal of waste	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided and filed as part of the filing system

5.9 Protection of watercourses and estuaries

Impact management outcome: Pollution and contamination of the watercourse environment and or estuary erosion are prevented.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All watercourses must be protected from direct or indirect spills of pollutants such as solid waste, sewage, cement, oils, fuels, chemicals, aggregate tailings, wash and contaminated water or organic material resulting from the Contractor's activities; 		Contractor to undertake activities which can cause spills of pollutants outside of watercourses	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	No incidents reported of spillage of pollutants into watercourses
In the event of a spill, prompt action must be taken to clear the polluted or affected areas;	Contractor and cEO	Develop a management plan or process for implementation should a spill take place	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Feedback must be provided by the contractor in terms of how the spill was handled and photographic evidence of the feedback must be provided and kept on record
Where possible, no development equipment must traverse any seasonal or permanent wetland	cEO and Contractor	Ensure layout has been informed by the environmental sensitivities as determined by the basic	Construction Phase	ECO	Once off review that the layout used is the approved one	Confirm no development equipment traverses any seasonal or permanent wetland as per

	I	T			ı	1
		assessment and				the authorised
		specialist studies				layout by
						reviewing the as-
						built designs
						(once-off
						confirmation).
 No return flow into the estuaries must be allowed and no disturbance of the Estuarine functional Zone should 	Not applicable – r	no estuaries are loca	ated within the stud	y area.		
occur;					T	T
- Development of permanent watercourse or estuary	Development of	cEO, Contractor	Ensure that	During the	cEO	Weekly
crossing must only be undertaken where no alternative	permanent		permeant	construction		
access to tower position is available;	watercourse or		crossings	phase		
	estuary crossing		(access roads)			
	must only be		are provided for			
	undertaken		access to the			
	where no		grid connection			
	alternative		corridor if no			
	access to tower		alternative			
	position is		crossing is			
	available;		available.			
- There must not be any impact on the long-term	There must not	DPM, cEO	Develop a	During the	ECO, dEO	For all phases of
morphological dynamics of watercourses or estuaries	be any impact		management	construction		the project life
	on the long-term		plan or process	and operation		cycle (i.e.
	morphological		for	phase		construction,
	dynamics of		implementation			operation,
	watercourses or		should a spill			decommissionin
	estuaries;		take place			g)
			within a			
			watercourse			
			and ensure			
			continually			
			monitoring			
 Existing crossing points must be favored over the 	DPM, cEO	Develop a	During the pre-	ECO, dEO	During the	Existing crossing
creation of new crossings (including temporary access)		management	construction		construction	points utilised as
		plan or process	and			opposed to new
		1 1 2 2 2 2 2				

		for implementation should a spill take place within a watercourse and ensure continually monitoring	construction phase		phase of the project.	ones created and no incidents reported of spillage of pollutants into watercourses
 When working in or near any watercourse or estuary, the following environmental controls and consideration must be taken: a) Water levels during the period of construction; No altering of the bed, banks, course or characteristics of a watercourse b) During the execution of the works, appropriate measures to prevent pollution and contamination of the riparian environment must be implemented e.g. including ensuring that construction equipment is well maintained; c) Where earthwork is being undertaken in close proximity to any watercourse, slopes must be stabilised using suitable materials, i.e. sandbags or geotextile fabric, to prevent sand and rock from entering the channel; and d) Appropriate rehabilitation and re-vegetation measures for the watercourse banks must be implemented timeously. In this regard, the banks should be appropriately and incrementally stabilised as soon as development allows. 	Contractor	Activities undertaken near watercourses must be in-line with and consider the specified environmental controls	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No degradation of the watercourses and no incidents of destruction reported

5.10 Vegetation clearing

Impact management outcome: Vegetation clearing is restricted to the authorised development footprint of the proposed infrastructure.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
General:						
- Indigenous vegetation which does not interfere with	cEO, Contractor	Demarcate	Construction	ECO	Weekly, and as	No unnecessary
the development must be left undisturbed;	(and Eskom	areas of	and operation	Operation and	and when	clearance of
	maintenance	indigenous	(i.e. for	maintenance	required	indigenous
	staff where	vegetation to be	maintenance	team		vegetation is
	relevant to	avoided before	purposes)			undertaken
	operation)	clearance is				
		undertaken				
- Protected or endangered species may occur on or	Contractor	Demarcate	During the	ECO	Weekly, and as	No clearance of
near the development site. Special care should be		areas	Construction		and when	protected or
taken not to damage such species;		containing	Phase		required	endangered
		protected or				species other
		endangered				than those
		species to be				permitted to be
		avoided by				removed
		construction				
		activities				
- Search, rescue and replanting of all protected and	Relevant	Develop and	Pre-construction	ECO	Weekly, and as	Implementation
endangered species likely to be damaged during	specialist in	implement a	& Construction		and when	of the Plant
project development must be identified by the	consultation	Plant Search			required	Search and
relevant specialist and completed prior to any	with the	and Rescue Plan				Rescue Plan and
development or clearing;	Contractor					photographic
						evidence and
						notes of the
						implementation
						of the plan

Permits for removal must be obtained from the relevant CA prior to the cutting or clearing of the affected species, and they must be filed;		Undertake the permitting process in order to obtain the relevant permits for the removal of protected species. Permits must be kept on file	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of the construction phase and removal of the protected species	Permits on file
- The Environmental Audit Report must confirm that all identified species have been rescued and replanted and that the location of replanting is compliant with conditions of approvals;	ECO	Ensure that the audit report indicates all species rescued and replanted and provides feedback in terms of compliance with the conditions of permits for replanting	During the Construction Phase and following the completion of the Construction Phase	ECO	Once off or as and when required	ECO confirmed rescued and replanted programme implemented correctly.
Trees felled due to construction must be documented and form part of the Environmental Audit Report;	ECO	Ensure that the audit report documents the details of trees felled	During the Construction Phase and following the completion of the Construction Phase	CA permits on file	Trees felled due to construction must be documented and form part of the Environmental Audit Report;	ECO
Rivers and watercourses must be kept clear of felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris;	Contractor	Felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris must be disposed of at a	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	No felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris are dumped in

Ilicensed waste disposal facility Ilicensed waste disposal facility Ilicensed facility Ilicensed facility Ilicensed disposal facility Ilicensed facility I			I		1		
disposal certificates are available as proof of responsible disposal Only a registered pest control operator may apply herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial application must be carried out under the supervision of a registered pest control operator, supervision of a registered pest control operator or is appropriately trained; A suitably Construction and Operation and Operation and Operation and Operation and Operation are described pest control operator or is appropriately trained; Develop a daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; During the construction phase During the construction appropriately register for the documentation of the details of herbicide usage							
- Only a registered pest control operator may apply herbicides on a commercial application must be carried out under the supervision of a registered pest control operator, supervision of a registered pest control operator or is appropriately trained; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; - Construction and Operation and Operation and Operation control operator must be appointed and propriately register for the documentation of the details of herbicide usage;			disposal facility				locations and
- Only a registered pest control operator may apply herbicides on a commercial application must be carried out under the supervision of a registered pest control operator or is appropriately trained; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage - A suitably qualified pest control operator and Operation - Contractor (and qualified pest control operator must be appointed and Operation - Contractor (and pest control operator must be appointed appointed on their registration of the details of herbicide usage - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage - A daily register control operator of the details of herbicide usage - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage							disposal
- Only a registered pest control operator may apply herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial application must be carried out under the supervision of a registered pest control operator or is appropriately trained; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; - Only a registered pest control operator may apply herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial Eskom application must be appointed control operator. Supervision of a registered pest control operator or is appropriately trained; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage							certificates are
- Only a registered pest control operator may apply herbicides on a commercial application must be carried out under the supervision of a registered pest control operator, supervision of trained; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; - Only a registered pest control operator may apply herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial contractor (and application must be carried out under the supervision of a registered pest control operator, supervision of a registered pest control operator or is appropriately trained; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage							available as
- Only a registered pest control operator may apply herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial application must be carried out under the supervision of a registered pest control operator or is appropriately trained; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage - Only a registered pest control operator may apply herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial Eskom and Operation and Operation - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; - Only a registered pest control operator may apply herbicide usage and operator must be suitably qualified pest control operator must be and Operation and Operation - A suitably construction and Operation - A suitably construction and Operation - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage							proof of
- Only a registered pest control operator may apply herbicides on a commercial application must be carried out under the supervision of a registered pest control operator, supervision of a registered pest control operator or is appropriately trained; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; - Only a registered pest control operator may apply herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial contractor (and Eskom maintenance staff where relevant to operation) - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage							responsible
herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial application must be carried out under the supervision of a registered pest control operator or is appropriately trained; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; - Contractor (and qualified pest control operator must be appointed and proof of their registration must be provided - Develop a daily register for the documentation of the details of herbicide usage - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage							disposal
application must be carried out under the supervision of a registered pest control operator, supervision of a registered pest control operator or is appropriately trained; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; - Contractor - Eskom maintenance staff where relevant to operation must be appointed and proof of their registration must be provided - Develop a daily register for the documentation of the details of herbicide usage - A daily register for the documentation of the details of herbicide usage	- Only a registered pest control operator may apply	DPM qnd	A suitably	Construction	ECO	As and when the	Only registered
of a registered pest control operator, supervision of a registered pest control operator or is appropriately trained; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage	herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial	Contractor (and	qualified pest	and Operation		use of herbicides	pest control
registered pest control operator or is appropriately trained; - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; - A daily register for the documentation of the details of herbicide usage - A daily register for the documentation of the details of herbicide usage - A daily register for the documentation of the details of herbicide usage - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage - A daily register for the documentation of the details of herbicide usage	application must be carried out under the supervision	Eskom	control operator			is required	operators must
trained; relevant to operation) A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; Their registration must be provided Develop a daily register for the documentation of the details of herbicide usage Their registration must be provided During the construction phase Develop a daily register for the documentation of the details of herbicide usage Their registration must be provided During the construction phase Develop a daily register for the documentation phase Develop a daily register for the documentation phase Develop a daily register for the documentation phase	of a registered pest control operator, supervision of a	maintenance	must be				be appointed
operation) - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; Operation) Develop a daily register for the documentation of the details of herbicide usage Operation) Develop a daily register for the documentation of the details of herbicide usage Operation) Monthly Daily register provided by the pest control operator	registered pest control operator or is appropriately	staff where	appointed				and proof of
- A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; Develop a daily register for the documentation of the details of herbicide usage Develop a daily register for the documentation of the details of herbicide usage Develop a daily construction phase Doring the ECO Monthly Daily register provided by the pest control operator	trained;	relevant to					their registration
- A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; Develop a daily register for the documentation of the details of herbicide usage During the construction phase Monthly Daily register provided by the pest control operator		operation)					must be
herbicide usage; register for the documentation phase of the details of herbicide usage register for the documentation phase provided by the pest control operator							provided
documentation of the details of herbicide usage pest control operator	A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of	Contractor	Develop a daily	During the	ECO	Monthly	Daily register
of the details of herbicide usage	herbicide usage;		register for the	construction			provided by the
herbicide usage			documentation	phase			pest control
			of the details of				operator
 No herbicides must be used in estuaries Not applicable - no estuaries are present within the study area 			herbicide usage				
	No herbicides must be used in estuaries	Not applicable - 1	no estuaries are pre	sent within the stud	y area		
- All protected species and sensitive vegetation not Contractor in Spatially During the ECO Once, during Demarcation	- All protected species and sensitive vegetation not	Contractor in	Spatially	During the	ECO	Once, during	Demarcation
removed must be clearly marked and such areas consultation demarcate construction the undertaking and fencing is	removed must be clearly marked and such areas	consultation	demarcate	construction		the undertaking	and fencing is
fenced off in accordance to Section 5.3: Access with the cEO protected phase of the undertaken in-	fenced off in accordance to Section 5.3: Access	with the cEO	protected	phase		of the	undertaken in-
restricted areas. species and demarcation of line with the	restricted areas.		species and			demarcation of	line with the
sensitive the areas and requirements of			sensitive			the areas and	requirements of
vegetation and the erection of section 5.3			vegetation and			the erection of	section 5.3
implement the fencing			_			the fencing	
appropriate			•				
fencing where							
required as per			•				
section 5.3							

- Alien invasive vegetation must be removed and	Contractor	Remove all alien	During the	ECO	Monthly,	and as	Disposal	
disposed of at a licensed waste management facility.		invasive	construction		and	when	certificates	of
		vegetation and	phase		required		disposal	at
		dispose of the					licensed facil	lities
		removed					to be provid	ded
		vegetation at a					and filed as p	part
		licensed waste					of the fi	iling
		management					system	
		facility						

5.11 Protection of fauna

Impact management outcome: Disturbance to fauna is minimised.

impact management obtcome. Distribution to fauth	3 10 11 111 111 1130 01.					
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 No interference with livestock must occur without the landowner's written consent and with the landowner or a person representing the landowner being present; 	Contractor	Develop a procedure for dealing with livestock within the affected properties	Pre-construction and during the construction phase	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and as and when required during the construction phase	Written consent provided by the landowner and proof of representation of the landowner during interference
 The breeding sites of raptors and other wild birds species must be taken into consideration during the planning of the development programme; 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Ensure that the planning and development programme considers	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and as and when required	The planning and development programme which includes the

		breeding sites for wild bird species				consideration of breeding sites for wild bird species
- Breeding sites must be kept intact and disturbance to	dEO / cEO in	Avoid breeding	During the	ECO	Weekly, and as	Photographic
breeding birds must be avoided. Special care must be	consultation	sites and ensure	Construction	Operation and	and when	record of intact
taken where nestlings or fledglings are present;	with the	that special	Phase	maintenance	required during	breeding sites
	Contractor (and	care is taken in	Operation Phase	team	the construction.	
	Eskom	the presence of	·		Monthly, and as	
	maintenance	nestlings and			and when	
	staff where	fledgelings			required during	
	relevant to				operation	
	operation)					
 Special recommendations of the avian specialist must 	dEO / cEO in	All mitigation	During the	ECO	Weekly during	Photographic
be adhered to at all times to prevent unnecessary	consultation	measures	Construction	Operation and	construction	record of
disturbance of birds;	with the	recommended	Phase	maintenance	and monthly	compliance and
	Contractor (and	by the avifauna	Operation Phase	team	during operation	successful
	Eskom	specialist must				implementation
	maintenance	be implemented				of the
	staff where					recommended
	relevant to					measures
	operation)					
- No poaching must be tolerated under any	dEO / cEO in	All site staff must	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No instances of
circumstances. All animal dens in close proximity to the	consultation	be informed of	Construction		and when	poaching is
works areas must be marked as Access restricted	with the	this requirement	Phase		required	reported
areas;	Contractor	during the				
		Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training and the				
		consequences				
		of not adhering				
		to the				
		requirement.				
		These areas				
		must be				
		demarcated as				

		Access Restricted Areas				
No deliberate or intentional killing of fauna is allowed;	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	All site staff must be informed of this requirement during the Environmental Awareness Training and the consequences of not adhering to the requirement. These areas must be demarcated as Access	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No instances of deliberate or intentional killing is reported
In areas where snakes are abundant, snake deterrents are to be deployed on the pylons to prevent snakes climbing up, being electrocuted and causing power outages; and	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor (and Eskom maintenance staff where relevant to operation)	Restricted Areas Implement and maintain snake deterrents in areas where snakes are abundant	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Once, during the construction and as and when required. Monthly during operation	Photographic record of the implementation and maintenance of snake deterrents
 No Threatened or Protected species (ToPs) and/or protected fauna as listed according NEMBA (Act No. 10 of 2004) and relevant provincial ordinances may be removed and/or relocated without appropriate authorisations/permits. 	DPM in consultation with the dEO	Undertake a permitting process to obtain the required permits	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and as and when required	Permits for removal and/relocation must be kept on file and be readily available

5.12 Protection of heritage resources

Impact management outcome: Impact to heritage resources is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Identify, demarcate and prevent impact to all known sensitive heritage features on site in accordance with the No-Go procedure in Section 5.3: Access restricted areas; 	DPM and a suitably qualified specialist dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor and ECO	Undertake a Heritage Walk- through Survey Spatially identify and demarcate areas of heritage significance as per the Heritage Walk-through Report and as per the requirements of section 5.3	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Proof of avoidance of sensitive heritage features through details of avoidance and photographic records
 Carry out general monitoring of excavations for potential fossils, artefacts and material of heritage importance; 	Suitably qualified specialist in consultation with the ECO	Appoint a suitably qualified specialist to carry out the monitoring of excavations for fossils, artefacts and important heritage material	During the Construction Phase	ECO	During the undertaking of excavations of fossils, artefacts and heritage material	Proof of appointment of a suitably qualified specialist and photographic record of required monitoring by the specialist

- All work must cease immediately, if any human remains	dEO / cEO in	Develop and	During the	ECO	Weekly, during	Proof of work
and/or other archaeological, palaeontological and	consultation	implement	Construction		the construction	ceased and the
historical material are uncovered. Such material, if	with the	procedures for	Phase		phase and as	required
exposed, must be reported to the nearest museum,	Contractor and	situations where			and when	procedures
archaeologist/ palaeontologist (or the South African	ECO	human remains,			required	followed in
Police Services), so that a systematic and professional		archaeological,				cases where
investigation can be undertaken. Sufficient time must		palaeontologic				material is
be allowed to remove/collect such material before		al or historical				discovered.
development recommences.		material are				
		uncovered				

5.13 Safety of the public

Impact management outcome: All precautions are taken to minimise the risk of injury, harm or complaints.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
– Identify fire hazards, demarcate and restrict public	cEO in	Develop an	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Compliance	
access to these areas as well as notify the local	consultation	Emergency	Construction		the	with the	
authority of any potential threats e.g. large brush	with the	Preparedness,			commencemen	Emergency	
stockpiles, fuels etc.;	Contractor	Response and			t of construction	Preparedness,	
		Fire			and weekly	Response and	
		Management			during the	Fire	
		Plan specific to			construction	Management	
		the project			phase	Plan	
- All unattended open excavations must be adequately	Contractor	Ensure that all	During the	ECO	Weekly	Excavations are	
fenced or demarcated;		excavations	Construction			fenced where	
		undertaken is	Phase			required and	
		fenced and				photographic	
		demarcated				proof can be	
		within a				provided	

		reasonable				Ţ
		timeframe and				
		in instances				
		where				
		excavations will				
		· ·				
		long-periods of				
A decorate and a Processing and the Control of		time	D 2	500	A.4	No. 1 1 1 1.
- Adequate protective measures must be implemented	Contractor	All staff must be	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No incidents of
to prevent unauthorised access to and climbing of		easily	construction		and when	unauthorised
partly constructed infrastructure and protective		identifiable and	phase		required	climbing is
scaffolding;		the climbing of				reported
		infrastructure				
		and scaffolding				
		must be				
		undertaken by				
		authorised				
		personnel as				
		managed by				
		the Contractor				
 Ensure structures vulnerable to high winds are secured; 	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Weekly, and as	No incidents of
		sufficient	construction		and when	unstable
		stabilisation	phase		required	structures due to
		measures are				high winds is
		implemented to				reported
		secure structures				·
		vulnerable to				
		high winds				
 Maintain an incidents and complaints register in which 	cEO	Compile and	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	The incidents
all incidents or complaints involving the public are		regularly update	construction		and when	and complaints
logged.		as incidents and	phase		required	register is
		complaints are				complete and
		submitted from				provides all the
		the public and				required details
		indicate the				
		I I GICCIC III E				

actions taken to		
resolve the		
complaint		

5.14 Sanitation

Impact management outcome: Clean and well maintained toilet facilities are available to all staff in an effort to minimise the risk of disease and impact to the environment.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on				Monitoring		
	Responsible		Method of	Timeframe	for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	implementat	ion	person		compliance
- Mobile chemical toilets are installed onsite if no other	Contractor		Mobile chemical	During	the	ECO	Weekly	Mobile toilets
ablution facilities are available;			toilets must be	Construction				are installed and
			placed	Phase				avoid
			appropriately					environmental
			and in areas					sensitivities
			which avoid					
			environmental					
			sensitivities					
- The use of ablution facilities and or mobile toilets must	Contractor	in	All site staff must	Pre-construc	tion	ECO	Monthly, and as	No evidence of
be used at all times and no indiscriminate use of the	consultation		be informed of	& Construction	on		and when	non-compliance
veld for the purposes of ablutions must be permitted	with the cEO		this requirement				required	identified
under any circumstances;			during the					
			Environmental					
			Awareness					
			Training and the					
			consequences					
			of not adhering					
			to the					
			requirement.					

 Where mobile chemical toilets are required, the following must be ensured: a) Toilets are located no closer than 100 m to any watercourse or water body; b) Toilets are secured to the ground to prevent them from toppling due to wind or any other cause; c) No spillage occurs when the toilets are cleaned or emptied and the contents are managed in accordance with the EMPr; d) Toilets have an external closing mechanism and are closed and secured from the outside when not in use to prevent toilet paper from being blown out; e) Toilets are emptied before long weekends and workers holidays, and must be locked after working hours; f) Toilets are serviced regularly and the ECO must inspect toilets to ensure compliance to health standards; 	consultation	in	The installation of the toilets by the Contractor must be as per the listed requirements	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	No evidence of non-compliance identified
A copy of the waste disposal certificates must be maintained.	Contractor		Certificates obtained from the licensed waste disposal facility with the emptying of the toilets must be kept on file	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Certificates for waste disposal from the licensed waste disposal facility

5.15 Prevention of disease

Impact Management outcome: All necessary precau	tions linked to the spread of disease are taken.					
Impact Management Actions Implementation Monitoring						

	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Undertake environmentally-friendly pest control in the camp area;	Contractor	Only environmentally- friendly pest control must be used, when required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	As and when pest control is required for the project	Contractor to provide proof of pest control used being environmentally-friendly
Ensure that the workforce is sensitised to the effects of sexually transmitted diseases, especially HIV/ AIDS;	cEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	The effects of sexually transmitted diseases and HIV/ AIDS must be covered in the Environmental Awareness Training	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and monthly during construction	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist
The Contractor must ensure that information posters on HIV/ AIDS are displayed in the Contractor Camp area;	Contractor	Develop and place information posters on HIV/ AIDS	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Photographic evidence of poster placement
 Information and education relating to sexually transmitted diseases to be made available to both construction workers and local community, where applicable; 	cEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Information and education of sexually transmitted diseases must be covered in the Environmental Awareness Training.	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist
Free condoms must be made available to all staff on site at central points;	Contractor	Placement of free condoms in mobile toilets	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of placement of free condoms

		and at the				by the
		construction				contractor to be
		camps				provided
 Medical support must be made available; 	dEO / cEO in	Ensure that	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Check the
	consultation	designated	and Operations			availability of first
	Contractor (and	personnel with				aid trained
	Eskom	first aid training				personnel and
	maintenance	are available on				medical kits
	staff where	site and that first				(including if
	relevant to	aid kits to				these are
	operation)	provide medical				complete in
		support is readily				terms of
		available				supplies)
- Provide access to Voluntary HIV Testing and	Contractor	Compile a HIV	During the	ECO	Quarterly, and	Voluntary testing
Counselling Services.		testing schedule	Construction		as and when	schedules and
		and provide	Phase		required	proof of
		counselling				counselling
		services where				(where
		required				undertaken)

5.16 Emergency procedures

Impact management outcome: Emergency procedures are in place to enable a rapid and effective response to all types of environmental emergencies.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	onitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence compliance	of
 Compile an Emergency Response Action Plan (ERAP) prior to the commencement of the proposed project; 		Develop an Emergency Preparedness, Response and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Emergency Preparedness Response c Fire	i, and

		Fire Management				Management Plan compiled
		Plan specific to				
- The Emergency Plan must deal with accidents,	Contractor	the project Develop an	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Emergency
potential spillages and fires in line with relevant	Cormación	Emergency	The construction		the	Preparedness,
legislation;		Preparedness,			commencemen	Response and
		Response and			t of construction	Fire
		Fire				Management
		Management				Plan includes
		Plan specific to				required
		the project				specifications
		which covers				
		accidents,				
		potential				
		spillages and				
		fires				
- All staff must be made aware of emergency		'	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the	Environmental
procedures as part of environmental awareness	consultation	environmental			commencemen	awareness
training;	with the ECO	awareness			t of the	training material
		training material which covers the			environmental	requirements checklist
		relevant			awareness	Checkiisi
		emergency			training	
		procedures				
The relevant local authority must be made aware of a	Contractor in	'	Construction	ECO	As and when a	The local
fire as soon as it starts;	consultation	include a	Construction		fire occurs	authority was
	with the ECO	procedure in the			1110 000013	informed as per
		Emergency				the relevant
		Preparedness,				procedure set
		Response and				out in the
		Fire				Emergency
		Management				Preparedness,
		Plan for the				Response and
		event of a fire				Fire

		and the				Management
		procedure to be				Plan
		followed for				
		informing the				
		local authority				
- In the event of emergency necessary mitigation	Contractor (and	Implement the	Construction	ECO	As and when a	The mitigation
measures to contain the spill or leak must be	Eskom	required	and Operations		spill or leak	measures
implemented (see Hazardous Substances section 5.17).	maintenance	mitigation			occurs	included under
	staff where	measures in the				Section 5.17
	relevant to	event of a spill or				have been
	operation)	leak as per the				adhered to
		requirements of				
		Section 5.17.				

5.17 Hazardous substances

Impact management outcome: Safe storage, handling, use and disposal of hazardous substances.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person	rrequeriey	compliance
- The use and storage of hazardous substances to be	cEO in	Develop a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Contractor to
minimised and non-hazardous and non-toxic	consultation	strategy of how	& Construction		the	provide
alternatives substituted where possible;	with the	hazardous			commencemen	evidence of
	Contractor	substances can			t of construction	substances used
		be and should			and monthly	for proof of
		be minimised			during the	compliance
					construction	
					phase	
- All hazardous substances must be stored in suitable	Contractor	Develop a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Photographic
containers as defined in the Method Statement;		Method	& Construction		the	proof that
		Statement for			commencemen	hazardous

		the storage of hazardous substances in suitable containers			t of construction and monthly during the construction phase	substances are stored in suitable containers as per the requirements of the relevant Method Statements
Containers must be clearly marked to indicate contents, quantities and safety requirements;	Contractor	Where hazardous waste is stored these must be clearly marked indicating the required details of the contents	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic proof that containers are marked as per the requirements
All storage areas must be bunded. The bunded area must be of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers;	Contractor	Ensure that storage areas are sufficiently bunded which are of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly during the Construction Phase	Photographic proof that storage areas are bunded and proof that the bund areas are of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers
Bunded areas to be suitably lined with a SABS approved liner;	Contractor	Ensure that bunded storage areas are suitably lined	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, during the Construction Phase	Photographic proof that bunded storage areas are suitably lined

An Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance (HCS) control sheet must be drawn up and kept up to date on a continuous basis;	cEO Contractor	/ Compile and update an Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance (HCS) control sheet specific to the project	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Complete and up to date control sheet provided by the Contractor
All hazardous chemicals that will be used on site must have Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS);	cEO Contractor	/ Keep a record of all hazardous chemicals and the respective MSDS	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Record of hazardous chemicals and the respective MSDS
 All employees working with HCS must be trained in the safe use of the substance and according to the safety data sheet; 		/ Provide training for personnel working with HCS	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and as and when required	Record of training provided to personnel working with HCS
- Employees handling hazardous substances / materials must be aware of the potential impacts and follow appropriate safety measures. Appropriate personal protective equipment must be made available;		Provide appropriate training and personal protective	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Prior to the commencemen t of the environmental awareness training and monthly during the construction phase for personal protective equipment	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist and all relevant personnel have undergone appropriate training and have access to personal protective equipment

		equipment for				
		the relevant				
		personnel				
		handling				
		hazardous				
		substances and				
		materials				
The Contractor must ensure that diesel and other liquid	Contractor	Appropriate	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Storage tanks for
fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid is stored in appropriate		storage facilities	Construction		and when	the project are
storage tanks or in bowsers;		must be	Phase		required	appropriate and
		constructed or			'	no incidents are
		obtained for the				reported in this
		storing of diesel,				regard
		other liquid fuel,				
		oil and hydraulic				
		fluid				
- The tanks/ bowsers must be situated on a smooth	Contractor	Appropriate	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Storage areas
impermeable surface (concrete) with a permanent		storage facilities	Construction		and when	for the tanks/
bund. The impermeable lining must extend to the crest		must be	Phase		required	bowsers for the
of the bund and the volume inside the bund must be		constructed or				project are
130% of the total capacity of all the storage tanks/		obtained for				appropriate and
bowsers (110% statutory requirement plus an		tanks as per the				no incidents are
allowance for rainfall);		requirements				reported in this
		listed				regard
- The floor of the bund must be sloped, draining to an oil	Contractor	Appropriate	During the	ECO	Once, during	Bunded storage
separator;		storage facilities	Construction		construction	areas are
		must be	Phase			constructed
		constructed as				according to the
		per the				requirements
		requirements				
		listed				
- Provision must be made for refuelling at the storage	Contractor	Appropriately	During the	ECO	Monthly	Soils at the
area by protecting the soil with an impermeable		constructed	Construction	cEO	Weekly	refuelling facility
groundcover. Where dispensing equipment is used, a		refuelling facility	Phase			are protected as
		must be				required and

drip tray must be used to ensure small spills are contained;		developed as per the requirements. Drip trays must be provided for use				drip trays are provided and used
All empty externally dirty drums must be stored on a drip tray or within a bunded area;	Contractor	Ensure that empty dirty drums are stored appropriately as per the requirements	During the Construction Phase	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Drip trays or bunded areas are used for the storage of dirty drums
No unauthorised access into the hazardous substances storage areas must be permitted;	Contractor	Ensure through the implementation of procedures that no unauthorised access is undertaken into the storage areas	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of the implementation of the relevant procedure must be provided by the contractor
No smoking must be allowed within the vicinity of the hazardous storage areas;	Contractor	Inform all employees of the requirement and develop and place relevant signage in the relevant areas	During the Construction Phase	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Photographic record of the signage placed must be provided
Adequate fire-fighting equipment must be made available at all hazardous storage areas;	Contractor	Hazardous storage areas must be fitted with adequate	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Adequate fire- fighting equipment is available and

		fire-fighting equipment				has been serviced
 Where refuelling away from the dedicated refuelling station is required, a mobile refuelling unit must be used. Appropriate ground protection such as drip trays must be used; 	Contractor	Provide a mobile refuelling unit as well as suitable ground protection, where required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	A mobile refuelling unit and suitable ground protection is available for use
 An appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the scale of the activity/s involving the use of hazardous substance must be available at all times; 	Contractor	Provide an appropriate spill kit for the project for the use of hazardous substances	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Appropriate spill kits are available for use
 The responsible operator must have the required training to make use of the spill kit in emergency situations; 	cEO and Contractor	Provide training on the use of spill kits to the relevant employees	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Proof of training to be provided by the contractor
 An appropriate number of spill kits must be available and must be located in all areas where activities are being undertaken; 	cEO and Contractor	Provide an appropriate number of spill kits in relevant areas	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of appropriate number of spill kits in appropriate areas to be provided by the contractor
 In the event of a spill, contaminated soil must be collected in containers and stored in a central location and disposed of according to the National Environmental Management: Waste Act 59 of 2008. Refer to Section 5.7 for procedures concerning storm and waste water management and 5.8 for solid and hazardous waste management. 	cEO and Contractor	Storage and disposal of contaminated soil must be in accordance with the National Environmental Management:	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof of storage and disposal in terms of the National Environmental Management:

Waste Act and	Waste Act must
sections 5.7 and	be provided.
5.8 of this EMPr	
	Certificates of
	disposal at
	licensed waste
	disposal facilities
	must be
	provided

5.18 Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage

Impact management outcome: Soil, surface water and groundwater contamination is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
Where possible and practical all maintenance of vehicles and equipment must take place in the workshop area;	Contractor	Demarcate specific areas for the maintenance of vehicles and equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	A dedicated area for the maintenance of vehicles and machinery is used.		
 During servicing of vehicles or equipment, especially where emergency repairs are effected outside the workshop area, a suitable drip tray must be used to prevent spills onto the soil. The relevant local authority must be made aware of a fire as soon as it starts; 	Contractor	Ensure that a drip tray is available for an emergency repairs required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide evidence of drip tray use for emergency repairs		
Leaking equipment must be repaired immediately or be removed from site to facilitate repair;	Contractor	Ensure that where leaking equipment is	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide details of equipment		

		identified it is repaired immediately or removed from site for repairs				repaired or removed from site
Workshop areas must be monitored for oil and fuel spills;	CEO	Undertake regular inspections of the workshop areas for oil and fuel spills and keep an updated register of inspection on site	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Register of inspection
 Appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the scale of the activity taking place must be available; 	Contractor	Provide an appropriate spill kit for the project	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Appropriate spill kits are available for use
- The workshop area must have a bunded concrete slab that is sloped to facilitate runoff into a collection sump or suitable oil / water separator where maintenance work on vehicles and equipment can be performed;	Contractor	Ensure that the workshop area is sufficiently bunded in accordance with the required specification	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, during the Construction Phase and as and when required	Workshop area is bunded in accordance with the required specification
Water drainage from the workshop must be contained and managed in accordance Section 5.7: Storm and waste water management.	Contractor	Ensure that water drainage from workshop area is managed as per the requirements of section 5.7	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Workshop drainage is managed in accordance with the requirements

5.19 Batching plants

Impact management outcome: Minimise spillages and contamination of soil, surface water and groundwater.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Concrete mixing must be carried out on an impermeable surface; 	Contractor	Provide impermeable surface for the mixing of concrete	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	No concrete mixing is undertaken on open ground	
 Batching plants areas must be fitted with a containment facility for the collection of cement laden water. 	Contractor	Provide containment facility for the collection of cement laden water	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	No cement laden water is released into the environment	
Dirty water from the batching plant must be contained to prevent soil and groundwater contamination	Contractor	Provide containment facility for the collection of cement laden water (dirty water)	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	No cement laden water is released into the environment	
 Bagged cement must be stored in an appropriate facility and at least 10 m away from any water courses, gullies and drains; 	Contractor	Demarcate and provide a storage area for bagged cement in-line with the listed requirements	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Photographic proof of bagged cement stored within the demarcated area	

A washout facility must be provided for washing of concrete associated equipment. Water used for washing must be restricted;	Contractor	Provide a washout facility for the washing of associated equipment. Enforce limitations on water use for washing of equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	No cement laden water is released into the environment. Only minimal water is used for washing
Hardened concrete from the washout facility or concrete mixer can either be reused or disposed of at an appropriate licensed disposal facility;	Contractor	Make use of hardened concrete where possible or dispose of concrete in a suitable manner	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Certificates of disposal of concrete at licensed waste disposal facility
Empty cement bags must be secured with adequate binding material if these will be temporarily stored on site;	Contractor	Bind empty cement bags and temporarily store it in an appropriate area on site	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of binding of empty cement bags and storage in an appropriate area on site to be provided by the Contractor
 Sand and aggregates containing cement must be kept damp to prevent the generation of dust (Refer to Section 5.20: Dust emissions) 	Contractor	Ensure that sand and aggregates are kept damp or otherwise protected from dust generation	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of damping (or alternative dust suppression) of sand and aggregates must be provided by the Contractor

 Any excess sand, stone and cement must be removed 	Contractor	Ensure that all	At the	ECO	Once, with the	Certificates for
or reused from site on completion of the construction		excess sand,	completion of		completion of	the disposal of
period and disposed at a registered disposal facility;		stone and	the Construction		construction	sand, stone and
		cement is	Phase			cement at
		removed or				licensed waste
		reused				disposal facilities
						or proof of reuse
						must be
						provided
 Temporary fencing must be erected around batching 	Contractor	Erect temporary	During the	ECO	Weekly	Temporary
plants in accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing and		fencing around	Construction			fencing is
gate installation.		batching plants	Phase			undertaken in
		as per the				accordance
		requirements				with section 5.5
		listed in section				
		5.5				

5.20 Dust emissions

Impact management outcome: Dust prevention measures are applied to minimise the generation of dust.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
Impact Management Actions	implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe fo	r Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Take all reasonable measures to minimise the	Contractor	Apply	During the	e ECO	Weekly	Contractor to
generation of dust as a result of project development		appropriate dust	Construction			provide proof of
activities to the satisfaction of the ECO;		suppressant	Phase			use of
						appropriate dust
						suppressants
Removal of vegetation must be avoided until such time	Contractor	Proper planning	During the	e ECO	Weekly	Plan for
as soil stripping is required and similarly exposed		for vegetation	Construction			implementation
		removal must be				must be

surfaces must be re- vegetated or stabilised as soon as is practically possible;		undertaken as well as for the associated rehabilitation	Phase and Rehabilitation			provided by the Contractor
Excavation, handling and transport of erodible materials must be avoided under high wind conditions or when a visible dust plume is present;	Contractor	Ensure that specific limitations are placed on the transport and handling of erodible materials during high wind conditions or when a visible dust plume is present	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Bi-weekly (every second week)	No complaints submitted in this regard
 During high wind conditions, the ECO must evaluate the situation and make recommendations as to whether dust-damping measures are adequate, or whether working will cease altogether until the wind speed drops to an acceptable level; 	ECO	ECO to provide adequate recommendatio ns	During the Construction Phase		Not Applicable	
 Where possible, soil stockpiles must be located in sheltered areas where they are not exposed to the erosive effects of the wind; 	Contractor	Place soil stockpiles in areas less affected by wind	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Bi-weekly (every second week)	Soil stockpiles are not exposed to wind and have not been eroded
Where erosion of stockpiles becomes a problem, erosion control measures must be implemented at the discretion of the ECO;	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Contractor to implement erosion control measures as recommended and agreed with the ECO	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly, until erosion is no longer a problem	Recommendati ons made by the ECO have been implemented by the Contractor

- Vehicle speeds must not exceed 40 km/h along dust	cEO / dEO /	Inform all drivers	During the	ECO	Monthly	No complaints
roads or 20 km/h when traversing unconsolidated and	contractor (and	of speed limits	Construction	Operation and		from community
non-vegetated areas;	Eskom	and place	Phase	Maintenance		members are
	maintenance	appropriate	Operation Phase	team		submitted
	staff where	signage along				
	relevant to	the relevant				
	operation)	roads				
- Straw stabilisation must be applied at a rate of one	Contractor	Ensure that straw	During the	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
bale/10 m² and harrowed into the top 100 mm of top		stabilisation is	Construction			record of all
material, for all completed earthworks;		undertaken as	Phase			straw
		per the listed				stabilisation
		requirements				undertaken
 For significant areas of excavation or exposed ground, 	Contractor	Appropriate	During the	ECO	Weekly	Photographic
dust suppression measures must be used to minimise		dust suppressant	Construction			record of
the spread of dust.		measures are	Phase			measures being
		implemented				implemented
						and the results
						thereof

5.21 Blasting

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment is minimized through a safe blasting practice. **Impact Management Actions** Implementation Monitoring Responsible of Timeframe Responsible Frequency Evidence Method person implementation implementation person compliance - Any blasting activity must be conducted by a suitably Not Applicable – no blasting proposed licensed blasting contractor; and

Notification of surrounding landowners, emergency services site personnel of blasting activity 24 hours prior to such activity taking place on Site.
 Not Applicable – no blasting proposed

5.22 Noise

Impact Management outcome: Prevent unnecessary noise to the environment by ensuring that noise from development activity is mitigated.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
The Contractor must keep noise level within acceptable limits, Restrict the use of sound amplification equipment for communication and emergency only;	Contractor	Ensure that noise limits do not exceed acceptable limits and avoid the use of amplification communication	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No complaints registered in this regard. No amplification equipment is used.	
 All vehicles and machinery must be fitted with appropriate silencing technology and must be properly maintained; 	Contractor	Provide and implement silencing technology	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No complaints registered in this regard. Silencing technology is utilised.	
 Any complaints received by the Contractor regarding noise must be recorded and communicated. Where possible or applicable, provide transport to and from the site on a daily basis for construction workers; 	CEO	Update complaints register. Provide daily transport to and from site for employees	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Complaints register provided by the cEO and proof of transportation services provided	

- Develop a Code of Conduct for the construction	cEO and	Compile a Code	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	No complaints
phase in terms of behaviour of construction staff.	Contractor in	of Conduct for	and		the	registered in this
Operating hours as determined by the environmental	consultation	staff.	Construction		commencemen	regard.
authorisation are adhered to during the development	with the ECO	Appropriate			t of construction	
phase. Where not defined, it must be ensured that		operating hours				
development activities must still meet the impact		must be				
management outcome related to noise		identified for the				
management.		project.				

5.23 Fire prevention

Impact management outcome: Prevention of uncontrollable fires. **Impact Management Actions** Implementation Monitoring Responsible Responsible Method Timeframe Frequency Evidence compliance person implementation implementation person Designate smoking areas where the fire hazard could Photographic cEO ECO Identify and Pre-construction Monthly be regarded as insignificant; Contractor demarcate & Construction record of through signage designated for designated smoking area smoking areas Firefighting equipment must be available on all Monthly cEO / dEO in Provide all Construction ECO All vehicles are vehicles located on site: consultation vehicles with fitted with with the firefighting firefighting Contractor equipment and equipment the details thereof are provided by the cEO - The local Fire Protection Agency (FPA) must be cEO Undertake Pre-construction ECO Once, during Proof

formal

consultation to

the

commencemen

consultation with

the FPA

consultation

with the ECO

informed of construction activities;

			inform the local FPA of the			t of the Construction	
			associated			Phase	
			construction				
			activities				
 Contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services 		-	Develop	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the	Environmental
must be communicated in environmental awareness		in	environmental	& Construction		commencemen	awareness
training and displayed at a central location on site;	consultation		awareness			t of the	training material
	with the ECO		training material			environmental	requirements
			which covers the			awareness	checklist and
			contact			training and	photographic
			numbers for the			once during the	record of
			FPA and			construction	contact
			emergency			phase	numbers on
			services.				display
			Place the				
			contact				
			numbers for the				
			FPA and				
			emergency				
			services at a				
			visible and				
			central location				
- Two-way swop of contact details between ECO and	ECO		Consultation	Pre-construction	Not Applicable		
FPA.			between the				
			ECO and FPA in				
			order to				
			exchange				
			contact details				

5.24 Stockpiling and stockpile areas

Impact management outcome: Reduce erosion and sedimentation as a result of stockpiling.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
impact Management Actions	implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 All material that is excavated during the project development phase (either during piling (if required) or earthworks) must be stored appropriately on site in order to minimise impacts to watercourses and water bodies; 	Contractor	Identify and demarcate an appropriate location for the storage of excavated	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly	Excavated material is not stored within sensitive environmental areas
		materials				
All stockpiled material must be maintained and kept clear of weeds and alien vegetation growth by undertaking regular weeding and control methods;	Contractor	Implement appropriate and sufficient maintenance on stockpiled material regularly	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Bi-monhtly (every second month)	Stockpiled material is maintained sufficiently and is clear of weeds and alien vegetation
 Topsoil stockpiles must not exceed 2 m in height; 	Contractor	Enforce limitations for the height of topsoil stockpiles	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Bi-monthly (every second month)	Topsoil stockpiles do not exceed 2m in height
 During periods of strong winds and heavy rain, the stockpiles must be covered with appropriate material (e.g. cloth, tarpaulin etc.); 	Contractor	Appropriate material must be provided in order to cover stockpiles when required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide proof of availability of appropriate material to cover stockpiles when required

 Where possible, sandbags (or similar) must be placed 	Contractor	Sandbags must	During the	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to
at the bases of the stockpiled material in order to		be provided in	Construction			provide proof of
prevent erosion of the material.		order to prevent	Phase			availability of
		erosion of				sandbags to
		stockpiled				prevent erosion
		materials				of stockpiled
						materials

5.25 Civil works

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment minimised during civil works to create the substation terrace.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Where terracing is required, topsoil must be collected and retained for the purpose of re-use later to rehabilitate disturbed areas not covered by yard stone; 	'	Collect and retain topsoil for terracing	During the Construction Phase Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Proof of collection and retaining of topsoil
 Areas to be rehabilitated include terrace embankments and areas outside the high voltage yards; 	Contractor	Undertake rehabilitation of terrace embankments and areas outside of the high voltage yard where applicable	During the Construction Phase Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Photographic record of rehabilitation of terrace embankments and areas outside the high voltage yards
 Where required, all sloped areas must be stabilised to ensure proper rehabilitation is effected and erosion is controlled; 	Contractor	All disturbed slope areas must be stabilised	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Disturbed slopes are stabilised sufficiently

 These areas can be stabilised using design structures or vegetation as specified in the design to prevent erosion of embankments. The contract design specifications must be adhered to and implemented strictly; 	Contractor	Stabilise slopes as per the design specifications	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Slopes are stabilised as per the design specifications
 Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas must be managed in accordance with Section 5.35: Landscaping and rehabilitation; 	Contractor	Undertaken rehabilitation of disturbed areas as per the requirements listed under section 5.35	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of disturbed areas is undertaken in- line with the requirements of section 5.35
 All excess spoil generated during terracing activities must be disposed of in an appropriate manner and at a recognised landfill site; and 	Contractor	Use a licensed waste disposal facility for the disposal of excess spoil	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Certificates obtained for the disposal of excess spoil at a licensed waste disposal facility
 Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes and must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for rehabilitation purposes. 	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Construction and Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor

5.26 Excavation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage systems

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of excavation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage systems.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All excess spoil generated during foundation excavation must be disposed of in an appropriate manner and at a licensed landfill site, if not used for backfilling purposes; 	Contractor	Use a licensed waste disposal facility for the disposal of excess spoil	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Certificates obtained for the disposal of excess spoil at a licensed waste disposal facility
Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes and must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for rehabilitation purposes;	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Construction and Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor
 Management of equipment for excavation purposes must be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage; and 	Contractor	Undertake the management of equipment for excavation as per the requirements of section 5.18	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of equipment is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.18
 Hazardous substances spills from equipment must be managed in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances. 	Contractor	Undertake the management of hazardous substances spills from equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of hazardous substances spills from equipment is undertaken in

as per the	line with the
requirements of	requirements of
section 5.17	section 5.17

5.27 Installation of foundations, cable trenching and drainage systems

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs during the installation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage system.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Batching of cement to be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.19: Batching plants; and	Contractor	Undertake the batching of cement as per the requirements of section 5.19	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of batching cement is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.19
 Residual solid waste must be disposed of in accordance with Section 5.8: Solid waste and hazardous management. 	Contractor	Undertake the disposal of solid waste as per the requirements of section 5.8	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	The disposal of solid waste is undertaken in line with section 5.8.

5.28 Installation of equipment (circuit breakers, current Transformers, Isolators, Insulators, surge arresters, voltage transformers, earth switches)

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of installation of equipment.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Management of dust must be conducted in accordance with Section 5. 20: Dust emissions;	Contractor	Manage dust as per the requirements of section 5.20	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	The management of dust is undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.20
 Management of equipment used for installation must be conducted in accordance with Section 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage; 	Contractor	Undertake the management of equipment for installation as per the requirements of section 5.18	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of equipment is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.18
 Management of hazardous substances and any associated spills must be conducted in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances; and 	Contractor	Undertake the management of hazardous substances and associated spills as per the requirements of section 5.17	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of hazardous substances and associated spills is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.17
 Residual solid waste must be recycled or disposed of in accordance with Section 5.8: Solid waste and hazardous management. 	Contractor	Undertake the recycling or disposal of residual solid	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	The recycling or disposal of residual solid waste is

waste as per the	undertaken in
requirements of	line with section
section 5.8	5.8.

5.29 Steelwork Assembly and Erection

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of steelwork assembly and erection.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 During assembly, care must be taken to ensure that no wasted/unused materials are left on site e.g. bolts and nuts 	Contractor	Inspect areas where construction is being undertaken and remove and appropriately dispose of wasted/unused materials	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Contractor to provide proof of inspection and removal of waste/unused materials and the appropriate disposal thereof (i.e. disposal certificates)
 Emergency repairs due to breakages of equipment must be managed in accordance with Section 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage and Section 5.16: Emergency procedures. 	Contractor	Undertake emergency repairs of equipment as per the requirements of section 5.18 and 5.16	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	repairs of equipment is undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.18 and 5.16

5.30 Cabling and Stringing

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of stringing.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Residual solid waste (off cuts etc.) shall be recycled or disposed of in accordance with Section 5.8: Solid waste and hazardous Management;	Contractor	Undertake the recycling or disposal of residual solid waste as per the requirements of section 5.8	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	The recycling or disposal of residual solid waste is undertaken in line with section 5.8.
 Management of equipment used for installation shall be conducted in accordance with Section 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage; 	Contractor	Undertake the management of equipment for installation as per the requirements of section 5.18	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of equipment for installation is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.18
 Management of hazardous substances and any associated spills shall be conducted in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances. 	Contractor	Undertake the management of hazardous substances and associated spills as per the requirements of section 5.17	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of hazardous substances and associated spills is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.17

5.31 Testing and Commissioning

5.32 (all equipment testing, earthing system, system integration)

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of Testing and Commissioning.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation				Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timefran	me for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	impleme	entation	person		compliance
 Residual solid waste must be recycled or disposed of in accordance with Section 5.8: Solid waste and hazardous management. 	Contractor	Undertake the recycling of disposal of residual solice waste as per the	Construct Phase	the ction	ECO	Monthly	The recycling or disposal of residual solid waste is undertaken in
		requirements of section 5.8					line with section 5.8.

5.33 Socio-economic

Impact management outcome: enhanced socio-economic development.

	'					
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Develop and implement communication strategies to	dEO / cEO	Identify and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Communication
facilitate public participation;		implement	& Construction		the	is undertaken as
		appropriate			commencemen	per the
		strategies for			t of construction	identified
		communication			and monthly	strategies and
		with the			during the	no complaints
		communities			construction	are submitted

Develop and implement a collaborative and constructive approach to conflict resolution as part of the external stakeholder engagement process;	Contractor	through consideration of the community needs Development and implement a Grievance Mechanism	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen tof construction	regarding communication Conflict resolution is undertaken in line with the
		which considers the community needs and provides procedures for conflict resolution			and monthly during the construction phase	requirements of the Grievance Mechanism. No complaints on conflict resolution is submitted by the community
 Sustain continuous communication and liaison with neighboring owners and residents 	Contractor	Development and implement a Grievance Mechanism which provides procedures for communication / liaison with neighbouring landowners and residents	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Communication / liaison with neighbouring landowners and residents are undertaken in line with the requirements of the Grievance Mechanism. No complaints on communication with neighbouring landowners and residents is submitted
 Create work and training opportunities for local stakeholders; and 	Contractor	Develop and implement a	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the	The "locals first" policy is

	"locals first"		commencemen	considered in
	policy for the		t of construction	terms of the
	provision of		and monthly	employment
	employment		during the	and training
	opportunities		construction	opportunities
			phase	
- Where feasible, no workers, with the exception of	Not Applicable - no workers, other than	n security is proposed to stay on-site ov	vernight.	
security personnel, must be permitted to stay over-				
night on the site. This would reduce the risk to local				
farmers.				

5.34 Temporary closure of site

Impact management outcome: Minimise the risk of environmental impact during periods of site closure greater than five days.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Bunds must be emptied (where applicable) and need	Contractor	Regular	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Bunds are
to be undertaken in accordance with the impact		emptying of the	Construction		closure for more	emptied as per
management actions included in sections 5.17:		bunds must be	Phase		than 05 days	the
Hazardous substances and 5.18: Workshop, equipment		undertaken. This				requirements
maintenance and storage;		must be				listed under
		undertaken as				sections 5.17
		per the				and 5.18
		requirements				
		listed in sections				
		5.17 and 5.18				
 Hazardous storage areas must be well ventilated; 	Contractor	Install	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Effective
		appropriate	construction		closure for more	ventilation is
		ventilation in all	phase		than 05 days	installed in

				hazardous				hazardous
	Fig. 1. Page 11 and 11 and 12	0	,	storage areas	D 1 II	500	D' I II	storage areas
	- Fire extinguishers must be serviced and accessible. Service records to be filed and audited at last service;	Contractor	,	Ensure fire extinguishers are serviced, as required and are easily accessible with appropriate signage indicating location. Ensure service records are kept up to date and filed	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Signage placed indicating location of fire extinguishers and service records
-	- Emergency and contact details displayed must be displayed;	Contractor cEO	/	Place emergency and contact details which are readily available and easily accessible	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Photographic proof of contact details on display
-	Security personnel must be briefed and have the facilities to contact or be contacted by relevant management and emergency personnel;	Contractor consultation with the ECO	in	Hold a workshop with all security personnel to provide a brief of the project and security requirements. Provide facilities in order to contact management and emergency personnel	Pre-construction & construction	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of the workshop held must be kept on file by the contractor.

Night hazards such as reflectors, lighting, traffic signage etc. must have been checked;	Contractor	Regular checks of night hazards must be undertaken	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of checks of night hazards must be provided by the contractor
Fire hazards identified and the local authority must have been notified of any potential threats e.g. large brush stockpiles, fuels etc.;	cEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Identify any potential fire hazards and notify the relevant authority	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of notification of the fire hazards to the local authority must be provided by the Contractor
 Structures vulnerable to high winds must be secured; 	Contractor	Ensure structures vulnerable to wind is secure prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Structures vulnerable to wind is secured prior to site closure
 Wind and dust mitigation must be implemented; 	Contractor	Implement wind and dust mitigation prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Wind and dust mitigation is implemented prior to site closure
Cement and materials stores must have been secured;	Contractor	Ensure cement and material stores are secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Cement and material stores are secured prior to site closure
Toilets must have been emptied and secured;	Contractor	Ensure toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closure
Refuse bins must have been emptied and secured;	Contractor	Ensure refuse bins are emptied and secured	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Refuse bins are emptied and secured prior to site closure

		prior to site closure				
Drip trays must have been emptied and secured.	Contractor	Ensure drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site closure	Construction	ECO	closure for more	Drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site closure

5.35 Dismantling of old equipment

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment to be minimised during the dismantling, storage and disposal of old equipment commissioning.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence compliance	of
All old equipment removed during the project must be stored in such a way as to prevent pollution of the environment;	Contractor	Appropriately store old equipment in a manner which prevents pollution to the environment. This could include the construction of bunded areas	Decommissionin g	Eco	Monthly	Photographic record appropriate storage of equipment	of
 Oil containing equipment must be stored to prevent leaking or be stored on drip trays; 	Contractor	Appropriately store equipment containing oil through the use of drip trays or	Decommissionin g	Eco	Monthly	Photographic record appropriate storage equipment containing oil	of of

		other suitable methods				
All scrap steel must be stacked neatly and any disused and broken insulators must be stored in containers;	Contractor	Ensure all scrap steel is stacked neatly and store disused and broken insulators in appropriate containers	Decommissionin g	Eco	Monthly	Photographic record of stacked scrap steel and containers containing broken and disused insulators
Once material has been scrapped and the contract has been placed for removal, the disposal Contractor must ensure that any equipment containing pollution causing substances is dismantled and transported in such a way as to prevent spillage and pollution of the environment;	Contractor	Develop and implement a procedure for the dismantling and transportation of equipment containing pollution causing substances which prevents spillage and pollution of the environment	Decommissionin g	Eco	Monthly	Proof from contractor that dismantling and transportation of equipment containing pollution causing substances has been undertaken in an appropriate manner
The Contractor must also be equipped to contain and clean up any pollution causing spills; and	Contractor	Ensure sufficient spill kits are available for the clean up of pollution causing spills	Decommissionin g	Eco	Monthly	Sufficient spill kits are available on site
Disposal of unusable material must be at a licensed waste disposal site.	Contractor	Make use of a licensed waste disposal site	Decommissionin g	Eco	Monthly	Certificates obtained for the disposal at a

			licensed waste
			disposal site

5.36 Landscaping and rehabilitation

Impact management outcome: Areas disturbed during the development phase are returned to a state that approximates the original condition.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
All areas disturbed by construction activities must be subject to landscaping and rehabilitation; All spoil and waste must be disposed of to a registered waste site;	Contractor	Develop and implement a rehabilitation plan for the rehabilitation of all disturbed areas. Dispose of all spoil and waste at a licensed waste disposal facility	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas is undertaken as per the rehabilitation plan. All certificates of waste disposal at licensed facilities are available.	
 All slopes must be assessed for contouring, and to contour only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983 	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Assess all slopes and determine whether contouring is required	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	All slopes are assessed and contoured as required	
 All slopes must be assessed for terracing, and to terrace only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983; 	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Assess all slopes and determine whether	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	All slopes are assessed and terraced as required	

		terracing is required				
Berms that have been created must have a slope of 1:4 and be replanted with indigenous species and grasses that approximates the original condition;	Contractor	Ensure all berms have a slope of 1:4 and is replanted with indigenous species and grasses	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	All berms have a slope of 1:4 and is replanted with indigenous species and grasses
 Where new access roads have crossed cultivated farmlands, that lands must be rehabilitated by ripping which must be agreed to by the holder of the EA and the landowners; 	Not applicable					
 Rehabilitation of access roads inside of farmland; 	Not applicable					
 Indigenous species must be used for with species and/grasses to where it compliments or approximates the original condition; 	Contractor	Make use of indigenous species for rehabilitation	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Indigenous species are used for rehabilitation
Stockpiled topsoil must be used for rehabilitation (refer to Section 5.24: Stockpiling and stockpiled areas);	Contractor	Ensure stockpiled topsoil is used as per the requirements listed under section 5.24	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Stockpiled topsoil is used as per the requirements listed under section 5.24
 Stockpiled topsoil must be evenly spread so as to facilitate seeding and minimise loss of soil due to erosion; 	Contractor	Ensure that topsoil is spread evenly	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Topsoil is spread evenly
Before placing topsoil, all visible weeds from the placement area and from the topsoil must be removed;	Contractor	Remove all visible weeds from placement area and topsoil before spreading the topsoil	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	No weeds are visible in the placement area or the topsoil

Subsoil must be ripped before topsoil is placed;	Contractor	Undertake the ripping of subsoil prior to the spreading of topsoil	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Subsoil is ripped before topsoil is placed
The rehabilitation must be timed so that rehabilitation can take place at the optimal time for vegetation establishment;	Contractor	Plan the timeframe for rehabilitation in order to undertake vegetation planting during the optimal time for vegetation establishment	Rehabilitation	ECO	At the start of rehabilitation to confirm the correct timeframe	Rehabilitation is undertaken during the optimal time
 Where impacted through construction related activity, all sloped areas must be stabilised to ensure proper rehabilitation is effected and erosion is controlled; 	Contractor	All disturbed slope areas must be stabilised	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Disturbed slopes are stabilised sufficiently
 Sloped areas stabilised using design structures or vegetation as specified in the design to prevent erosion of embankments. The contract design specifications must be adhered to and implemented strictly; 	Contractor	Stabilise slopes as per the design specifications	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Slopes are stabilised as per the design specifications
Spoil can be used for backfilling or landscaping as long as it is covered by a minimum of 150 mm of topsoil.	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor
Where required, re-vegetation including hydro- seeding can be enhanced using a vegetation seed mixture as described below. A mixture of seed can be	Contractor in consultation with a suitably	Make use of a suitable vegetation seed	Rehabilitation	ECO	As and when required	Use of a suitable vegetation seed

used provided the mixture is carefully selected to	qualified	mixture should		mixture if
ensure the following:	specialist	enhancement		required
a) Annual and perennial plants are chosen;		be required		
b) Pioneer species are included;				
c) Species chosen must be indigenous to the area with				
the seeds used coming from the area;				
d) Root systems must have a binding effect on the soil;				
e) The final product must not cause an ecological				
imbalance in the area				

6 ACCESS TO THE GENERIC EMPr

Once completed and signed, to allow the public access to the generic EMPr, the holder of the EA must make the EMPr available to the public in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 26(h) of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 2

7. SITE SPECIFIC INFORMATION AND DECLARATION

7.1. Sub-section 1: contact details and description of the project

7.1.1. Details of the Applicant:

Applicant Name	South Africa Mainstream Renewable Power Developments (Pty) Ltd
Contact Person	Eugene Marais
Physical Address	4th Floor Mariendahl House, Newlands on Main, Corner Main and Campground Road, Claremont, Cape Town, 7708
Postal Address	PO Box 45063, Claremont, 7735
Telephone	021 657 4052
Fax	N/A
Cell	(073) 871 5781
Email Address	Eugene.Marais@mainstreamrp.com

7.1.2. Details and Expertise of Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP)

EAP Name	Arlene Singh
EAP Qualifications	B.Sc. (Hons.) Environmental Management
Professional	SACNASP
Affiliation/Registration	EAPASA
Physical Address	Waterfall, Cnr Old Main Road & Maxwell Drive, Johannesburg, 2090
Telephone	N/A
Fax	086 471 4190
Cell	084 277 7074
Email Address	arlene@veersgroup.com

Refer to **Appendix A** of the EMPr for the detailed experience of the EAP and the Project Team.

7.1.3. Project Details

Project Name: CONSTRUCTION OF ELECTRICAL GRID INFRASTRUTCURE TO SUPPORT THE SUTHERLAND 2 WIND ENERGY FACILITY WITHIN KAROO HOOGLAND LOCAL MUNICIPALITY (IPP on-site substation), NORTHERN CAPE PROVINCE.

7.1.4. Project Description

South Africa Mainstream Renewable Power Developments (PTY) Ltd (herein-after referred to as Mainstream) received and Environmental Authorisation (DEA Ref:. 14/12/16/3/3/1/1814) dated 02 February 2018 for the construction of electrical grid infrastructure to support the Sutherland 2 Wind Energy Facility (WEF), within Karoo Hoogland Local Municipality in the Northern Province, Namakwa District Municipal. No other amendments were undertaken following receipt of the Environmental Authorisation. The developer South Africa Mainstream Renewable Power Developments (Pty) Ltd are requesting to split the Environmental Authorisation into two separate Environmental Authorisations as follows:

- 1)IPP Portion of the Onsite Substation: The Environmental Authorisation is to include the IPP portion of the on-site substation, O&M area and Battery Energy Storage System (BESS) and associated infrastructure and conditions.
- 2) Grid Connection infrastructure and Eskom Portion of the on-site substation: A separate Environmental Authorisation is to be issued to include the 132kV powerline and the Eskom portion of the on-site substation, connection to the third party substation and associated conditions.

In this regard a Part 1 Amendment Application has been undertaken to split the Environmental Authorisation as per the abovementioned.

The following grid connection infrastructure was considered within the Part 1 Amendment Application to confirm the impacts associated with the split of the said grid infrastructure and any recommendations from the specialists for the development of Generic EMPrs for the IPP Portion of the on-site substation and grid connection infrastructure:

> The preferred option (Substation alternative 1) is for proposed IPP portion of the onsite substation for the Sutherland 2 wind energy facility located on Portion 1 of Tonteldoosfontein Farm 152; at the following coordinates:

Sutherland 2 IPP Portion of the On-site Substation alternative I (preferred) (100m x 100m)	Lat (DDMMSS)	Long (DDMMSS)
Corner 1	32°37'36.05''S	20°44'30.73"E
Corner 2	32°37'35.99"S	20°44'49.87"E
Corner 3	32°37'44.08"S	20°44'49.83"E
Corner 4	32°37'44.01"S	20°44'30.67"E

The split of the Environmental Authorisation into separate EA's for the powerline, Eskom onsite substation and IPP portion of the on-site substation will facilitate the transfer of ownership of the grid connection infrastructure to Eskom following construction.

The approved EMPr as per the EA granted 02 February 2018 has been approved, however separate Generic EMPrs are required for the 132kV powerline and IPP portion of the onsite substation for the split of the EA. The scope of this generic EMPr applies to the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure requiring EA in

terms of NEMA, i.e. with a capacity of 33 kilovolts or more. The generic EMPr applies to activities requiring EA, mainly activity 11 and 47 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 1 of 2014, as amended, and activity 9 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 2 of 2014, as amended, and all associated listed or specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure. The Environmental Authorisation for the IPP portion of the on-site substation was issued on the 20 October 2021 (DFFE Ref:. 14/12/16/3/3/1/1814/1).

This Generic EMPr is applicable to the IPP portion of the onsite substation following the transfers of the holder of the Environmental Authorisation to Eskom during the operational phase of the facility.

7.1.5. Project Location

Location details of the development of the substation:

Province	Northern Cape Province
District Municipality	Namakwa District Municipality
Local Municipality	Karoo Hoogland Local Municipality
Ward number(s)	4
Nearest town(s)	Sutherland
Affected Properties: Farm name(s), number(s) and portion numbers (on-site substation)	» Portion 1 of Tonteldoosfontein Farm 152
SG 21 Digit Code (s)	» C0720000000015200001
Current zoning and land use	Agriculture

7.1.6. Preliminary Technical Specifications of the IPP portion of the on-site substation

Infrastructure	Footprint, dimensions and details
Onsite substation Capacity	Up to 132kV
Onsite substation Development	100m x100m
Footprint (IPP portion only)	

It should be noted that Eskom's requirements for work in or near Eskom servitudes should be adhered to.

7.2. Sub-section 2: Development footprint site map

This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout. The sensitivity map must be prepared from the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at: https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features within 50 m from the development footprint.

<u>The national w</u>												
connection c											site-spe	<u>cific</u>
<u>environmental</u>	<u>sensitiv</u>	vity map	include	ed in th	ie BA	Repo	rt is	include	d as Fig	<u>gure 2.</u>		

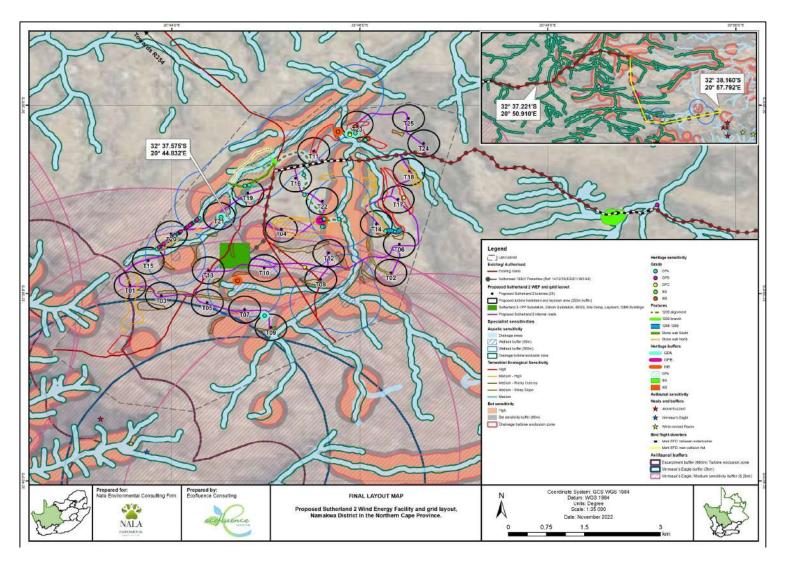


Figure 2: Environmental sensitivity map as per the final layout for the IPP portion of the on-site substation

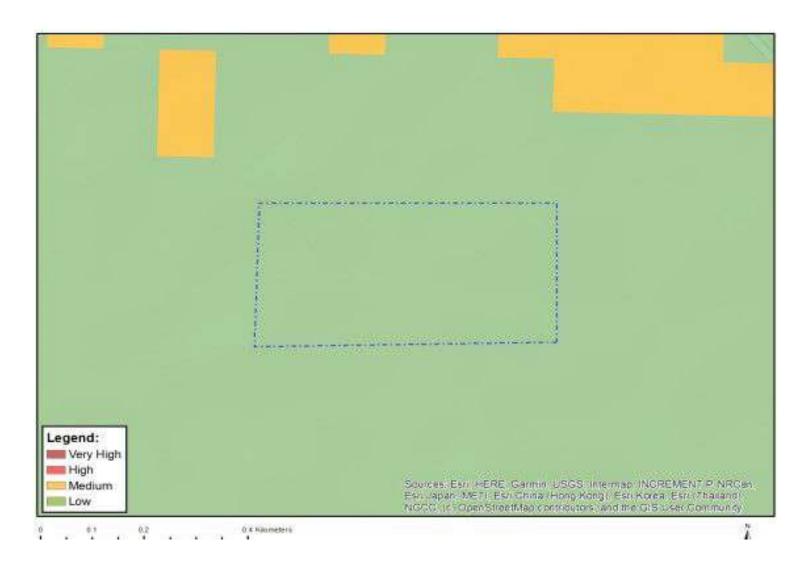


Figure 3: Map of Relative Agriculture Theme Sensitivity

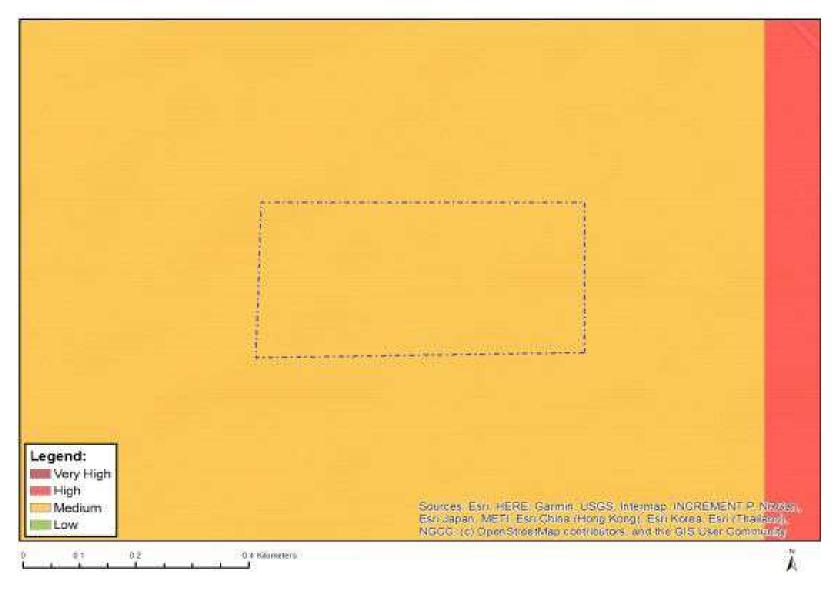


Figure 4: Map of Relative Animal Species Theme Sensitivity

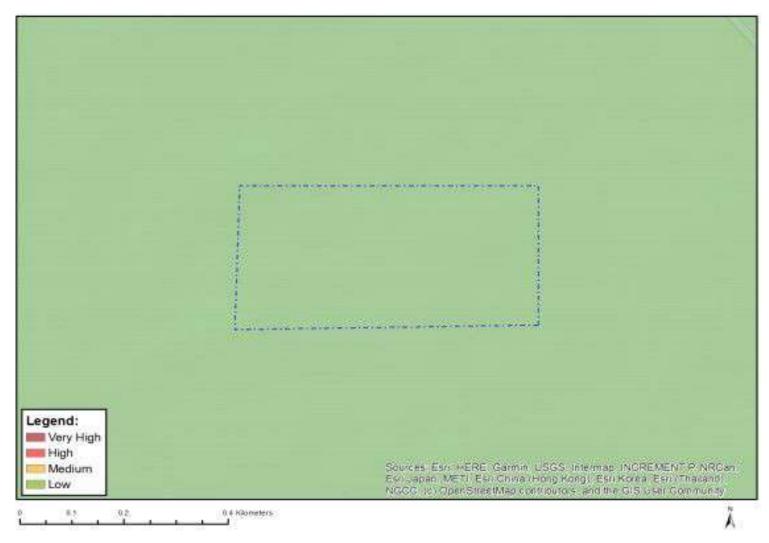


Figure 5: Map of Relative Aquatic Biodiversity Sensitivity

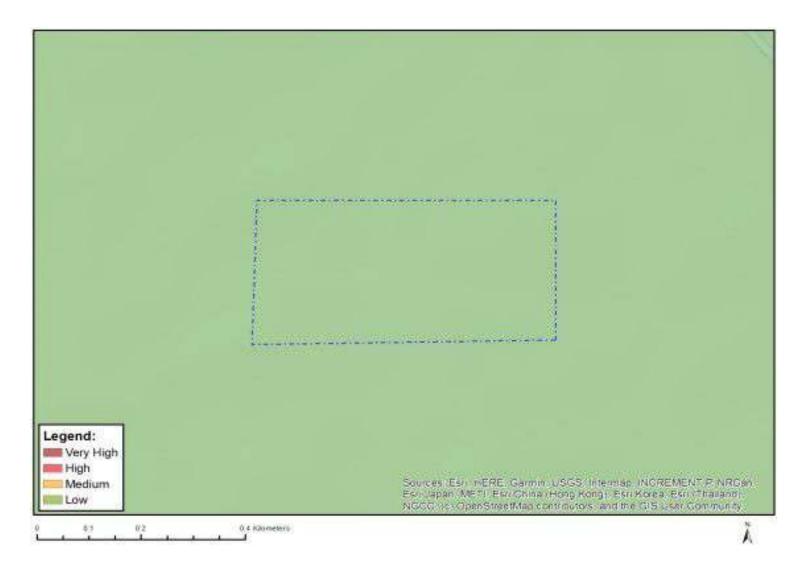


Figure 6: Map of Archaeological and Cultural Heritage Theme

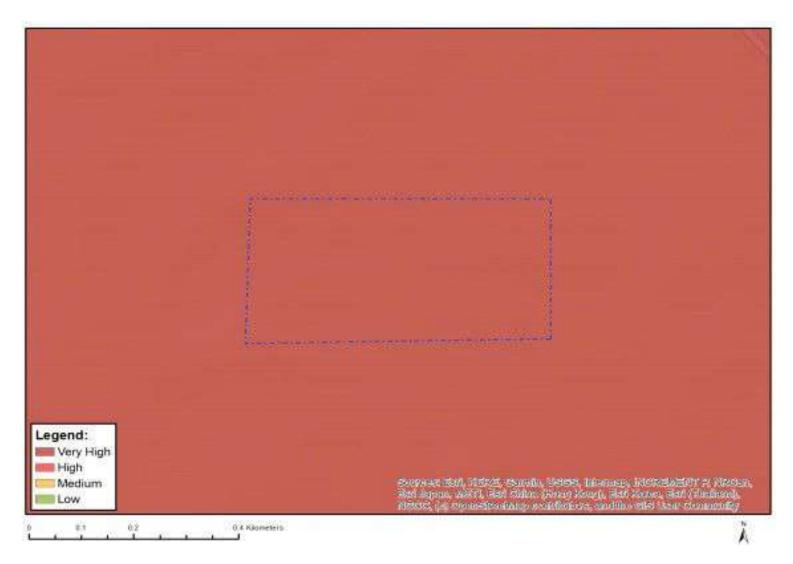


Figure 7: Map of Palaeontological Theme Sensitivity

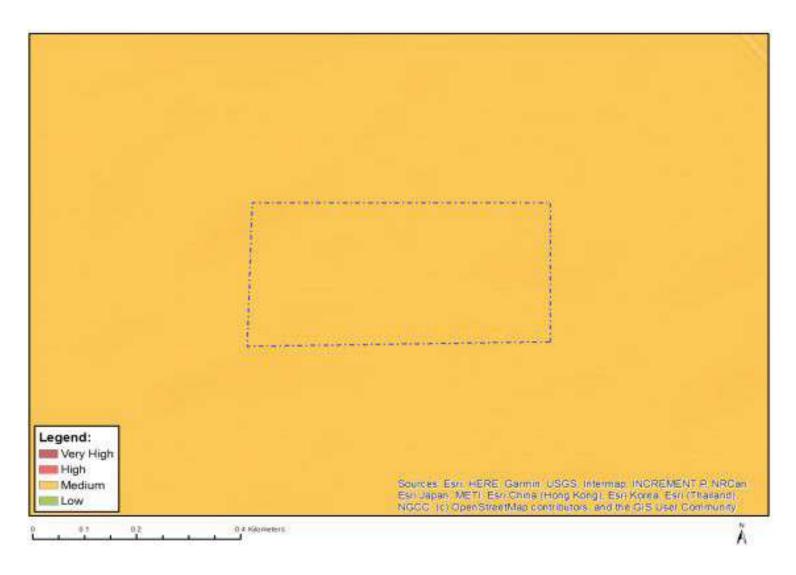


Figure 8: Map of Plant Species Theme Sensitivity

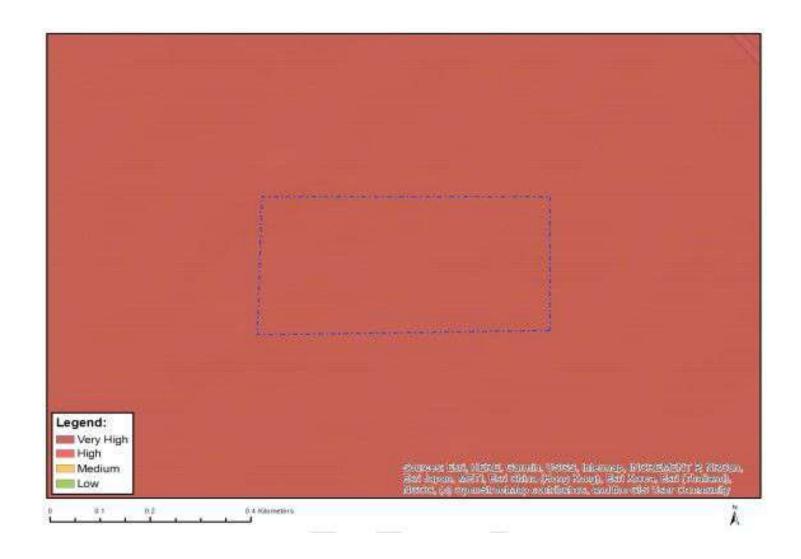


Figure 9: Map of Relative Terrestrial Biodiversity Theme Sensitivity

7.1 Sub-section 3: Declaration

The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will abide and comply with the prescribed impact management outcomes and impact management actions as stipulated in part 8: section 1 of the generic EMPr and have the understanding that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding. The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will provide written notice to the CA 14 day prior to the date on which the activity will commence of commencement of construction to facilitate compliance inspections.

Signature Proponent/applicant/ holder of EA

Date:

2022/11/22

This declaration will be signed by the proponent/applicant/holder of the EA once the contractor is appointed and has provided inputs to this Generic EMPr as per the requirements of this template.

7.2 Sub-section 4: amendments to site specific information (Part B; section 2)

Should the EA be transferred to a new holder, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new holder and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of Regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted for an amendment to an environmental authorisation will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

PART C

8. SITE SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

If any specific environmental sensitivities/attributes are present on the site which require more specific impact management outcomes and actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr template, to manage impacts, those impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific management controls must be referenced spatially, and must include impact management outcomes and impact management actions. The management controls including impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the preapproved generic EMPr template. This applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary.

If <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the development as authorised in the EA, it is required to be submitted to the CA together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP and the name and expertise of the EAP, including the curriculum vitae are to be included. Once approved, <u>Part C</u> forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.

This section will **not be required** should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes.

8.1 Limit impacts of Ecological and Freshwater resources

Impact management outcome: Reduce the potential of loss of freshwater habitat and ecological structure and associated impacts.

Impact Management Actions	Implementat	ion		Monitoring				
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
- Ensure that as far as possible all infrastructure is placed	Project	■ Ensure that	Prior to the	ECO	Once-off prior to	Review signed		
outside of freshwater resource areas and their respective	Manager	the 32 m zone	commenceme		the	minutes of		
buffer zones. If these measures cannot be adhered to,		of regulation	nt of		commencemen	meetings		
strict mitigation measures will be required to minimize the		is taken into	construction		t of construction	or signed reports		
impact on the receiving watercourses. The sensitivity		consideration						
maps that have been developed for the study area,		in the final						
indicating the freshwater environments, and the		layout of the						
applicable 32 m regulatory zones in accordance with the		proposed						
NEMA, should be considered during all phases of the		electrical						
development and with special mention of the planning		infrastructure.						
of infrastructure layout, to aid in the conservation of the		Ensure that						
freshwater habitats within the study area.		this is taken						
- Special mention is made of the need to ensure that		into account,						
careful planning of the placement of the monopoles		where						
takes place in order to minimise the risk of placing		possible and						
infrastructure unnecessarily within riparian zones.		as feasible (as						
Wherever possible, it is highly recommended that the		recommende						
linear development (i.e. powerlines) spans the relevant		d by the						
watercourse, and every effort should be made to		Aquatic						
prevent/avoid placement of monopoles within the		Ecology						
riparian zone/habitat or applicable zones of regulation in		Specialist), and						

terms of NEMA and/or GN509. If this is not avoidable, the monopoles should be placed as far from the active channel of the watercourse as possible. If at all practicable, all monopoles should be developed above the applicable zone of regulation in terms of Regulation GN509 of the NWA. - Careful planning of the location of the substations. The applicable zone of regulation around the freshwater resources in terms of NEMA is 32m, and this must be adhered to, in order to assist in minimising impacts on the freshwater resources in close proximity to the proposed substations. The provided in the recommended mitigation measures are implemented as required. Record and report non-compliance through an audit. Monitor the placement of the monopoles to ensure minimal interference with riparian habitat. Monitor the							
channel of the watercourse as possible. If at all practicable, all monopoles should be developed above the applicable zone of regulation in terms of Regulation GN509 of the NWA. - Careful planning of the location of the substations. The applicable zone of regulation around the freshwater resources in terms of NEMA is 32m, and this must be adhered to, in order to assist in minimising impacts on the freshwater resources in close proximity to the proposed substations. Mitigation measures are implemented as required. Record and report non-compliance through an audit. - Monitor the placement of the monopoles to ensure minimal interference with riparian habitat.	terms of NEMA and/or GN509. If this is not avoida	e, the	that the				
practicable, all monopoles should be developed above the applicable zone of regulation in terms of Regulation GN509 of the NWA. - Careful planning of the location of the substations. The applicable zone of regulation around the freshwater resources in terms of NEMA is 32m, and this must be adhered to, in order to assist in minimising impacts on the freshwater resources in close proximity to the proposed substations. Monitor the placement of the monopoles to ensure minimal interference with riparian habitat.	monopoles should be placed as far from the	active	recommended				
the applicable zone of regulation in terms of Regulation GN509 of the NWA. Careful planning of the location of the substations. The applicable zone of regulation around the freshwater resources in terms of NEMA is 32m, and this must be adhered to, in order to assist in minimising impacts on the freshwater resources in close proximity to the proposed substations. Record and report non-compliance through an audit. • Monitor the placement of the monopoles to ensure minimal interference with riparian habitat.	channel of the watercourse as possible. If	at all	mitigation				
GN509 of the NWA. Careful planning of the location of the substations. The applicable zone of regulation around the freshwater resources in terms of NEMA is 32m, and this must be adhered to, in order to assist in minimising impacts on the freshwater resources in close proximity to the proposed substations. In the placement of the monopoles to ensure minimal interference with riparian habitat.	practicable, all monopoles should be developed	bove	measures are				
- Careful planning of the location of the substations. The applicable zone of regulation around the freshwater resources in terms of NEMA is 32m, and this must be adhered to, in order to assist in minimising impacts on the freshwater resources in close proximity to the proposed substations. Record and report non-compliance through an audit. • Monitor the placement of the monopoles to ensure minimal interference with riparian habitat.	the applicable zone of regulation in terms of Re	lation	implemented as				
applicable zone of regulation around the freshwater resources in terms of NEMA is 32m, and this must be adhered to, in order to assist in minimising impacts on the freshwater resources in close proximity to the proposed substations. In the monopoles to ensure minimal interference with riparian habitat.	GN509 of the NWA.		required.				
resources in terms of NEMA is 32m, and this must be adhered to, in order to assist in minimising impacts on the freshwater resources in close proximity to the proposed substations. • Monitor the placement of the monopoles to ensure minimal interference with riparian habitat.	 Careful planning of the location of the substati 	s. The	Record and				
adhered to, in order to assist in minimising impacts on the freshwater resources in close proximity to the proposed substations. through an audit. Monitor the placement of the monopoles to ensure minimal interference with riparian habitat.	applicable zone of regulation around the fre	water	report non-				
freshwater resources in close proximity to the proposed substations. • Monitor the placement of the monopoles to ensure minimal interference with riparian habitat.	resources in terms of NEMA is 32m, and this r	st be	compliance				
substations. • Monitor the placement of the monopoles to ensure minimal interference with riparian habitat.	adhered to, in order to assist in minimising impact	on the	through an				
placement of the monopoles to ensure minimal interference with riparian habitat.	freshwater resources in close proximity to the p	oosed	audit.				
the monopoles to ensure minimal interference with riparian habitat.	substations.		Monitor the				
monopoles to ensure minimal interference with riparian habitat.			placement of				
ensure minimal interference with riparian habitat.			the				
minimal interference with riparian habitat.			monopoles to				
interference with riparian habitat.			ensure				
with riparian habitat.			minimal				
habitat.			interference				
			with riparian				
■ Monitor the			habitat.				
			Monitor the				
placement			placement				
of the			of the				
substation to			substation to				
be 32 m			be 32 m				
away from			away from				
freshwater			freshwater				
resources.			resources.				
Project • Appoint a Prior to the ECO Once-off prior to Review signed		Project	 Appoint a 	Prior to the	ECO	Once-off prior to	Review signed
- Ensure that demarcation of the construction area is Manager suitably commenceme the minutes o	- Ensure that demarcation of the construction	rea is Manager	suitably	commenceme		the	minutes of
undertaken prior to the commencement of construction qualified nt of commencemen meetings	undertaken prior to the commencement of con-	uction	qualified	nt of		commencemen	meetings
and that it is maintained throughout (i.e. containment of Ecologist construction t of construction or signed reports	and that it is maintained throughout (i.e. contain	ent of	Ecologist	construction		t of construction	or signed reports
construction and laydown areas). Fencing of the site is an to conduct	construction and laydown areas). Fencing of the	e is an	to conduct				

option for containment. In this regard, conduct a survey	a pre-
of the work space around the proposed on-site substation	constructio
site and laydown area (i.e. in order to ensure delimiting	n survey of
through demarcation of the construction area).	the final
	site and
	developm
	ent
	footprint.
	Ensure that
	this is taken
	into
	considerati
	on by
	reviewing
	signed
	minutes of
	meetings
	or signed
	reports.
	Verify that the
	proposed
	project
	construction
	area is
	determined
	and outlined
	prior to the
	commencem
	ent of the
	construction
	phase by
	reviewing
	signed

			minutes of meetings or signed reports.				
-	Ensure that containment of maintenance activities is achieved to within the on-site substation and O&M Building site to avoid unnecessary disturbance outside of the footprint. Implement control of all imported material (where applicable) to ensure that all materials are managed on site and within the footprint of the proposed on-site substation and O&M Building. Appropriate lighting of the O&M Building and on-site substation should be provided in order to avoid unnecessary illumination of the surrounding environment. Ensure the appropriate establishment of electric fencing around the proposed on-site substation (neutral line lowest). Inter alia, a neutral line should be established at ground level, while methods to prevent perching of birds on upper stands should be explored. Undertake regular review of vegetation and habitat in and around the substation. Apply suitable lumens and ensure direction of lighting is within the boundary of the proposed on-site substation. The direction of lighting should not be focused outside of the subject area, while the level of lumens should be such	Project Manager	■ Ensure that these factors are taken into considerati on by undertakin g site audits and visits and recording any non-complianc e. ■ Identify points of excessive noise or light and consider mitigation measures, if possible; and monitor and log changes and faunal mortalities	Daily to intermittent	ECO	Duration of operational phase	Review signed minutes of meetings or signed reports

		that are				
		identified				
		from time				
		to time.				
- Prudent monitoring of the identified river systems and their	Project	■ Carry out	Weekly or as	ECO	Duration of	
respective tributaries associated with the proposed	Manager	visual	required during		operational	
electrical infrastructure development (particularly in the	_	inspections	the operational		phase	
vicinity of the substations) is of utmost importance, as this		to monitor	phase			
will ensure a continual flow of data, enabling all parties		erosion				
involved to accurately assess and manage freshwater		and				
resources related progress and issues. To ensure the		incision				
accurate gathering of data, the following techniques and		within the				
guidelines should be followed:		affected				
 Fixed point monitoring should be applied as the 		freshwater				
preferred method of monitoring;		resource				
 All data gathered should be measurable (qualitative 		areas, and				
and quantitative);		ensure that				
 Monitoring reports should be repeatable; 		corrective				
 Data should be auditable; and 		actions are				
 General habitat unit overviews should also be 		implement				
undertaken.		ed.				
		 Educate 				
		operationa				
		I staff on				
		the				
		boundaries				
		of the				
		operationa				
		I footprint				
		and driving				
		within				
		demarcat				
		ed areas.				

Carry out	
environme	
ntal	
awareness	
training in	
this regard.	

8.2 Limit impacts on Heritage and Paleontological resources

mpact Management Actions	Implementat	ion		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Record significant sites within the project footprint that cannot be avoided (none have been found to date). The one site noted as occurring in the proposed on-site substation development envelope (at waypoint 576) does not merit mitigation but should be avoided if possible. No other sites requiring mitigation have been found within the project footprint to date. 	dEO	 Monitor and verify if any significant sites are found within the project footprint that cannot be avoided, subsequent to the pre-construction survey. Ensure that this is taken into consideration in the site plan. Identify and cordon off sites with appropriate barriers. Carry out visual inspections and site visits to ensure strict control over the demarcation of no- 	•	ECO/ dEO/Heritage Specialist	Once-off, prior to start of construction and weekly during construction	Review the site layout plan, and signed minutes of meetings or signed reports.	

		and report an non-compliance.	y			
- Ensure that all vehicles remain on	dEO	Carry out visua	Il During Operation	ECO/ dEO/Heritage	Weekly	Review the
the service road at all times and		inspections to ensur	e	Specialist		site layout
ensure that no activity takes place		strict control over th	e			plan, and
outside of the authorized		behaviour c	f			signed
operational footprint.		operational staff i	n			minutes of
		order to restric	t			meetings or
		activities to withi	n			signed
		demarcated areas.				reports.

8.3 Limit the potential Impacts on avifauna

mpact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence compliance	of
The hardware within the proposed on-site substation yard is too complex to warrant any mitigation for electrocution at this stage. It is recommended that if on-going impacts are recorded once operational, site specific mitigation be applied reactively. If any electrocutions of Red Data avifauna are reported in the proposed on-site substation yard, the avifaunal specialist must be notified for an inspection of the problem and advice on how the problem can be resolved, if at all, through appropriate mitigation. This is an acceptable approach because Red Data avifauna is unlikely to frequent the substation and be electrocuted.	dEO	 Avifaunal specialist to be appointed to conduct on-site investigation. Environmental Manager to record impacts of electrocution of Red Data avifauna at the proposed onsite substation and ensure that reactive site specific mitigation is implemented if required. Record and report any noncompliance. 	During Operation	ECO/ dEO/Avifauna Specialist	As and when required.	Undertake inspections and re records and report compliance	

APPENDIX 1: METHOD STATEMENTS

ALL ENDIX II MEINOS GIAILENENS
To be prepared by the contractor prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are not required to be submitted to the CA.

APPENDIX 2: CV OF THE EAP





Email: arlene@veersgroup.com Tel: +278 277 7074

CURRICULUM VITAE OF ARLENE SINGH

Profession: Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP) / Director

Specialisation: Environmental Assessments, report writing, report reviewing, development of project proposals for

procuring new projects and project administration.

Work Experience: 9 years' experience in Environmental Assessments and 1 year in Sustainability Consulting.

VOCATIONAL EXPERIENCE

Professional execution of consulting services for projects in the environmental management field, specialising in Environmental Impact Assessment studies, environmental permitting, public participation, compilation of Environmental Management Plans and Programmes, environmental policy, and integrated environmental management. Responsibilities include report writing, project management, review of specialist studies and the identification and assessment of potential negative environmental impacts and benefits. Compilation of the reports for environmental studies is in accordance with all relevant environmental legislation.

Experience in conducting environmental impact assessments for infrastructure development projects (roads, stormwater, pipelines), Mixed Use Developments and Section 24G Applications for complex projects. She has extensive experience in managing and monitoring ECO functions and compliance on relevant projects. She has gained the ability to conduct sustainability assurance audits for non-financial environmental KPI's through her experience with listed mining corporations.

SKILLS BASE AND CORE COMPETENCIES

- Compilation of environmental impact assessment reports and environmental management programmes in accordance with relevant environmental legislative requirements;
- Identification and assessment of potential negative environmental impacts and benefits through the review of specialist studies;
- Key experience in the assessment of impacts associated with complex Section 24G Applications.
- Review of environmental impact assessment reports, impacts matrices and environmental management programme reports;
- Conducting of ECO audits, managing ECO staff, review of ECO reports and liaison with the client;
- Review of Carbon Footprint Analysis report and provision of recommendations for industry;
- Developing Business Development Plans, action plans and carrying out Business Development initiatives;
- Compilation of Integrated Reports in line with King IV;
- Conducting Mining Permit Applications with the DMR and the associated Basic Assessment process in line with the MPRDA;
- Extensive experience in compilation and submission of Tenders and Proposals;

EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL STATUS

Degrees:

- B.Sc. (Hons.) Environmental Management (2016), University of South Africa (UNISA);
- B.Sc. Environmental Science (2012), University of Kwa-Zulu Natal, Westville

Short Courses:

- Official DWS Section 21 (c) and (i) Water Use Authorisation Course (2018)- Dr Wietsche Roets, Specialist Scientist: (In Stream Water Use);
- SMME Green Building Face to Face Workshop (2018)- GBCSA hosted by JP Morgan;
- ArcGISBasic 10,3 (2016)- Esri South Africa
- Energy within Environmental Constraints (2020)- Harvard (Online)
- Becoming an Entrepreneur (2020)- Massachusetts Institute of Technology (Online)

Professional Society Affiliations:

- South African Council for Natural Scientific Professionals Professional Natural Scientist: Environmental Scientist) Reg No. 118872
- Environmental Assessment Practitioners Association of South Africa- Reg No: 2019/898

Other Relevant Skills:

- Compiling and submission of invoices on projects;
- Registration of Waste Management Facilities on GWIS

EMPLOYMENT

Date	Company	Roles and Responsibilities
16 December 2020-	Nala Environmental (Pty) Ltd	Environmental Assessment Practitioner / Director
Current		
		Tasks include:
		Compilation of Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)
		reports; Basic Assessment (BA) reports and
		Environmental Management Programmes; Environmental
		Screening reports; Co-ordination of the public
		participation process; Project management; project
		proposals and tenders; Client liaison and Marketing;
		Process EIA Applications. Business Development,
		Integrated reporting. Strategy, policy and procedure

Date	Company	Roles and Responsibilities
		development. Planning of staff on engagements and
		Invaicing of clients.
08 April 2019- 15	Savannah Environmental (Pty) Ltd	Environmental Assessment Practitioner
December 2020:		
		Tasks include:
		Compilation of Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)
		reports; Basic Assessment (BA) reports and
		Environmental Management Programmes; Environmental
		Screening reports; Co-ordination of the public
		participation process; Project management; project
		proposals and tenders; Client liaison and Marketing;
		Process EIA Applications.
01 January 2016- 05 April 2019	Triplo4 Sustainable Solutions (Pty) Ltd	Environmental Consultant/Gauteng Office Manager
		Tasks included:
		Review of Basic Assessment reports, Environmental
		Management Programme reports, Impact Matrices.
		Review of Environmental Control Officer functions, report
		and planning of site visits. Compiling Waste Management
		License Applications and Section 24G Application with
		reports for review by company Director. Review of
		specialist reports. Compilation of tenders, proposals and
		fee proposals. Co-ordinate public participation
		processes. Liaison with clients, stakeholders and
		competent authorities. Business Development, Integrated
		reporting. Strategy, policy and procedure development.
84.8 - 1 8844 84	D	Planning of staff on engagements and Invoicing of clients.
01 October 2014 – 31 December 2015	PricewaterHouse Coopers (PwC)	Sustainability Consultant 2
		Tasks included:
		Non-financial auditing of Environmental KPI's (Primary
		water, Total Waste, Total Electricity, Total CDP Calc, Scope
		1, 2 and 3 emissions, Total CSI spend, Total Environmental
		incidents and Total Rock waste generated) for listed
		mining companies. Role included, testing of controls,
		applications of audit standards and guidelines,
		preparation and conclusions of audit papers and files,
		reporting to management and preparation of audit
		reports.

Date	Company	Roles and Responsibilities
01 January 2013- 30	Triplo4 Sustainable Solutions (Pty) Ltd	Junior Environmental Consultant
September 2014		
		Tasks included:
		Conducting Environmental Control Officer audits and
		drafting of ECO reports for review. Drafting of Basic
		Assessment (BA) reports, Environmental Management
		Programme reports for review by Environmental
		Consultant. Conducting public participation by liaison with
		competent authorities and stakeholders. Assisting with
		compiling of Basic Assessment documents.

PROJECT EXPERIENCE

Arlene has extensive experience in conducting environmental impact assessments for infrastructure development projects (roads, stormwater, pipelines) and renewable energy projects (solar, wind, csp and hybrid projects), Mixed Use Developments and Section 24G Applications for complex projects and housing developments. She has extensive experience in managing and monitoring ECO functions and compliance on relevant projects. She has gained the ability to conduct sustainability assurance audits for non-financial environmental KPI's through her experience with listed mining corporations. She has also been involved in undertaking Part 2 Amendment Applications and impact assessments for Renewable Energy Projects in South Africa. She currently manages staff and undertakes project planning to ensure that projects are executed within the appropriate timeframes and within budget.

MINING SECTOR PROJECTS

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Yzermyn Coal Mine EMPr, Piet Retief, Mpumalanga	Atha Group	EAP

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Shaya Quarry Basic Assessment process, Empangeni,	Mbavuza Minerals	Project Manager
Kwazulu-Natal		
Umvoti River Sand Mining Basic Assessment process,	Izimbiwe Minerals Pty Ltd	Project Manager
Kwazulu-Natal		

Environmental Permitting, S53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location Co	Client Name	Role
----------------------------	-------------	------

Shaya Quarry Mining Permit Application, Empangeni,	Mbavuza Minerals	Project Manager
Kwazulu-Natal		
Umvoti River Sand Mining Mining Permit Application,	Izimbiwe Minerals Pty Ltd	Project Manager
Kwazulu-Natal		
Newark Quarry, Ilembe Municipality, Kwazulu-Natal	iLembe Concrete Pty Ltd	Junior EAP

INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS (BRIDGES, PIPELINES, ROADS, WATER RESOURCES, STORAGE, ETC)

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Replacement of Nseleni Bridge- Empangeni, Kwazulu-Natal	RHDHV	EAP
Construction of the GOML Ntuzuma Reservoir, Ntuzuma,	eThekwini Metropolitan	Project Manager
Kwazulu-Natal	Municipality	
Upgrade of the Nyathikazi box culvert, Darnell, Kwazulu-	KwaDukuza Municipality	Junior EAP
Natal Natal		
Upgrade and Expansion Provincial Main Road D887, Kwazulu-	RHDHV	Junior EAP
Natal		
Expansion of LOX and Diesel Storage at the Air Products	Air Products South Africa (Pty)	EAP
Facility in Coega, Eastern Cape	Ltd	

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO Manitaring for Construction of Offtake I Reservoir,	KwaDukuza Municipality	Project Manager
KwaDukuza, Kwazulu-Natal		
ECO Monitoring for Construction of Offtake 6A2, 6D, 8C, 8D,	KwaDukuza Municipality	Project Manager
9, IID Pipelines, KwaDukuza, Kwazulu-Natal		
ECO Manitaring for the Construction of the Jazini RCWSS	RHDHV	ECO (1 year), Project Manager
Phase IA, Jozini, Kwazulu-Natal		
ECO Manitaring for the Greytown BWSS, Greytown, Kwazulu-	RHDHV	Project Manager
Natal		
ECO Monitoring for the Kranskop Water Supply Scheme,	RHDHV	ECO
Kranskop, Kwazulu-Natal		
ECO Monitoring for the Zulti South Access Road, Richards	RHDHV	Project Manager
Bay, Kwazulu-Natal		

Compliance Advice and ESAP reporting

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Ethafeni Cemetery Environmental Assessment Report,	KwaDukuza Municipality	EAP
KwaDukuza, Kwazulu-Natal		

Environmental Permitting, S53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
General Authorisation for the Replacement of the Nseleni	RHDHV	EAP
Bridge, Empangeni, Kwzulu-Natal		
Water Use Licence Amendment for Country Club	Country Club Johannesburg	EAP
Johannesburg		

HOUSING AND URBAN PROJECTS

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Ethafeni Precinct Project Section 24G Application- Groutville	KwaDukuza Municipality	Project Manager/Lead
, Kwazulu- Natal.		Consultant
Environmental Management Programme report Brettenwood	Brettenwood Coastal Estate	EAP
Residential Development, Kwazulu-Natal.		
Environmental Management Programme report for CTM	CTM	EAP
Ballito, Ballito, Kwazulu-Natal		

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Upgrade of residential dwelling on Colwyn Drive, Salt Rock,	Mike Graham	Junior EAP
Kwazulu-Natal		
Ethafeni Precinct Project Basic Assessment, Groutville,	KwaDukuza Municipality	Project Manager
Kwazulu-Natal		
105 Nkwazi Drive Single Residential House Basic	Ituwiz Pty Ltd	Project Manager
Assessment, Zinkwazi, Kwazulu-Natal		

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
88 Compensation ECO Audits - Ballito, Kwazulu- Natal	lmali Corp	Environmental Control Officer
		(ECD)
Oceans Umhlanga Hotel & Residential Development,	Edison Property Group	Project Manager
Umhlanga, Kwazulu-Natal		
Inoxa Cookware Factory Warehouse, Woodmead Estate,	Shree Property	Project Manager
Shakaskraal, Kwazulu-Natal		
Woodmead Estate Warehousing, Gauteng	Shree Property	Project Manager
Ridgeside Commercial Development, Umhlanga, Kwazulu-	Shree Property	Project Manager
Natal		

Construction of Jozini Shopping Centre, Jozini, Kwazulu-	GK Projects	ECO
Natal		
Birdhaven Residential Development, Ballito, Kwazulu-Natal	Mike Graham Trust	ECO
Foxhill Church and Residential Development, Ballito, Kwazulu-	M&C Janigh Trust	ECO
Natal		
Beema Bamboo Plantation Site (Bamboo to Energy project,	Green Grid Energy	ECO
Kwazulu-Natal		

OTHER PROJECTS

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Beema Bamboo Plantation Site (Bamboo to Energy project,	Green Grid Energy	ECO
Kwazulu-Natal		
Mkondeni Medical Waste External Waste Management License	Ecocyle Waste Solutions	Auditar
Audit , Pietermaritzburg		
Dube Tradeport External Audit, eThekwini	Dube Tradeport Corporation	Junior Auditor

Carbon Footprint Analysis

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Carbon footprint analysis of Newcastle and Sasolburg	Karbochem Pty Ltd	EAP
Plants, (Kwazulu Natal & North West		
Measure Carbon Emissions and provide updated baseline	Dube Tradeport Corporation	Junior EAP
that would enable DTPC to quantify, monitor and assess		
carbon footprint and its climate change impact for DTPC,		
eThekwini		

Waste Management

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Waste Classification Assessment for Karbochem Newcastle	Karbochem Pty Ltd	EAP
facility , Kwazulu-Natal		
Waste Management Licenses for Wadeville & Rosslyn Waste	Planet Care Pty Ltd	EAP
Management Facilities, Gauteng.		

Compliance Advice and ESAP reporting

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
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Environmental Opinion and Enquiry for the Rosslyn Tyre	Cosmic Energy	EAP
Pyrolysis Plant, Gauteng		

Non-Financial Auditing

KPI'S Audited	Client Name & Location	Role
Total Primary Water Use, Total Electricity Used, Total Waste	Anglo Platinum (South Africa)	Sustainability Consultant
Generated, Scope I, 2 & 3 Emissions and Total Number of		
Environmental Incidents.		
Total Primary Water Use, Total Waste Generate and Total	De Beers (Namibia)	Sustainability Consultant
Number of Environmental Incidents.		
Scope 1, 2 & 3 Emissions, Total Electricity Purchased, Total	Harmony Gold (South Africa)	Sustainability Consultant
Primary Water Used.		
Scope 1, 2 & 3 Emissions, Total Electricity Purchased, Total	Exxaro (South Africa, Papua New	Sustainability Consultant
Primary Water Used and Total Rock Waste Generated.	Guinea)	
Total Corporate Social Investment fund spend by Barclays	Barclays Group	Sustainability Consultant
Group		
Audit Environmental and Social Risk Finance Projects -	MTN (South Africa & Nigeria)	Sustainability Consultant
Equator Principles		

Renewable Energy Projects

Part 2 Amendment Applications and Motivation Reports

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Transalloys Coal-Fired Power Station near Emalahleni,	Transalloys (Pty) Ltd	EAP
Mpumalanga Province		
Zen Wind Energy Facility, Western Cape	Energy Team (Pty) Ltd	EAP
Hartebeest Wind Energy Facility, Western Cape	juwi Renewable Energies (Pty) Ltd	EAP
Khai-Ma and Korana Wind Energy Facilities	Mainstream Renewable Power	EAP
	(Pty) Ltd	
Korana Solar PV facility	Mainstream Renewable Power	EAP
	(Pty) Ltd	
Sutherland Wind Energy Facility	Mainstream Renewable Power	EAP
	(Pty) Ltd	
Rietrug Wind Energy Facility	Mainstream Renewable Power	EAP
	(Pty) Ltd	

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Upilanga Solar Park, Northern Cape (x6 100MW PV's and	Emvelo Capital Projects (Pty) Ltd	EAP
x3 350MW PV Basic Assessments)		
Kolkies and Sadawa PV facilities and associated grid	Mainstream Renewable Power	EAP
infrastructure	South Africa (Pty) Ltd	
Hyperion Overhead Powerline	Red Rocket (Pty) Ltd	EAP
132KkV Phinda Power underground transmission line	Phinda Power Producers (Pty) Ltd	EAP
Msenge Emayeni Wind Energy Facility supporting	Windlab (Pty) Ltd	EAP
infrastructure		
Sutherland Wind Energy Facility Grid Infrastructure	Mainstream Renewable Power	EAP
	South Africa (Pty) Ltd	
Rietrug Wind Energy Facility Grid Infrastructure	Mainstream Renewable Power	EAP
	South Africa (Pty) Ltd	

Environmental Impact Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Upilanga Solar Park, Northern Cape (350MW CSP Tower)	Emvelo Capital Projects (Pty) Ltd	EAP
350MW Risk Mitigation Power Plant (Gas to Power facility)	Phinda Power Producers (Pty) Ltd	EAP
75mw Thermal Dual Fuel Facility and associated	Red Rocket (Pty) Ltd	EAP
infrastructure (Hybrid facility i.e. gas to power and solar pv)		
Berg River Wind Energy Facility	Energy Team (Pty) Ltd	EAP

Section 54 Audits

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Mulilo 20MW PV Facility, Prieska, Northern Cape	Mulila (Pty) Ltd	Auditor
Mulilo IDMW PV Facility, De Aar, Northern Cape	Mulila (Pty) Ltd	Auditor
Karoshoek CSP I Facility/ Solar One., Upington, Northern	Karoshoek Solar One (Pty) Ltd	Audit
Cape		



Registration No. 2019/898

Herewith certifies that

Arlene Singh

is registered as an

Environmental Assessment Practitioner

Registered in accordance with the prescribed criteria of Regulation 15. (1) of the Section 24H Registration Authority Regulations (Regulation No. 849, Gazette No. 40154 of 22 July 2016, of the National Environmental Management Act (NEMA), Act No. 107 of 1998, as amended).

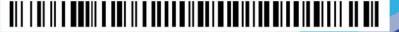
Effective: 01 March 2022

Expires: 28 February 2023

Chairperson

Registrar







herewith certifies that Arlene Singh

Registration Number: 118872

is a registered scientist

in terms of section 20(3) of the Natural Scientific Professions Act, 2003
(Act 27 of 2003)
in the following fields(s) of practice (Schedule 1 of the Act)

Environmental Science (Professional Natural Scientist)

Effective 6 June 2018

Expires 31 March 2023



Chairperson

Chief Executive Officer



APPENDIX 3: FOSSIL CHANCE FIND PROCEDURE/PROTOCOL	

CHANCE FIND PROTOCOL

1. PURPOSE

Monitoring Programme for Palaeontology – to commence once the excavations for all structures and infrastructure begin.

- 1. The following procedure is only required if fossils are seen on the surface and when excavations commence.
- 2. When excavations begin the rocks and must be given a cursory inspection by the environmental officer or designated person. Any fossiliferous material (silicified wood, plants, insects, bone, shells) should be put aside in a suitably protected place. This way the construction activities will not be interrupted.
- Photographs of similar fossils must be provided to the developer to assist in recognizing the fossil plants and bones in the pans or channels.
 This information will be built into the EMP's training and awareness plan and procedures.
- 4. Photographs of the putative fossils can be sent to the palaeontologist for a preliminary assessment.
- 5. If there is any possible fossil material found by the developer/environmental officer then the qualified palaeontologist sub-contracted for this project, should visit the site to inspect the selected material and check the excavations where feasible.
- 6. Fossil plants or vertebrates that are considered to be of good quality or scientific interest by the palaeontologist must be removed, catalogued and housed in a suitable institution where they can be made available for further study. Before the fossils are removed from the site, a South African Heritage Resources Agency (SAHRA) permit must be obtained. Annual reports must be submitted to SAHRA as required by the relevant permits.
- 7. If no good fossil material is recovered, then any site inspections by the palaeontologist will not be necessary.
- 8. If no fossils are found and the excavations have finished, then no further monitoring is required.