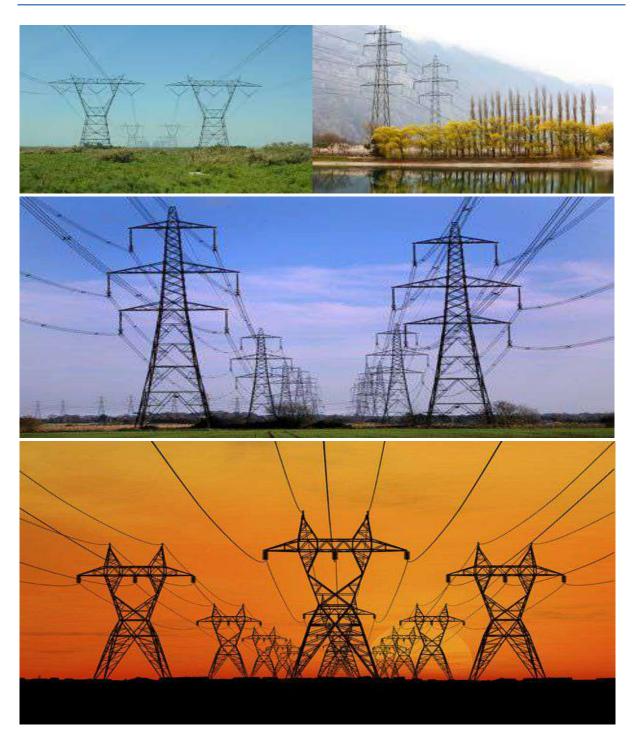
GENERIC ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) FOR THE DEVELOPMENT AND EXPANSION FOR OVERHEAD ELECTRICITY TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION INFRASTRUCTURE





# environmental affairs

Department: Environmental Affairs REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

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# INTRODUCTION

#### 1. Background

The National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998) (NEMA) requires that an environmental management programme (EMPr) be submitted where an environmental impact assessment (EIA) has been identified as the environmental instrument to be utilised as the basis for a decision on an application for environmental authorisation (EA). The content of an EMPr must either contain the information set out in Appendix 4 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014, as amended, (EIA Regulations) or must be a generic EMPr relevant to an application as identified and gazetted by the Minister in a government notice. Once the Minister has identified, through a government notice, that a generic EMPr is relevant to an application for EA, that generic EMPr must be applied by all parties involved in the EA process, including, but not limited to, the applicant and the competent authority (CA).

#### 2. Purpose

This document constitutes a generic EMPr relevant to applications for the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure, and all listed and specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

#### 3. Objective

The objective of this generic EMPr is to prescribe and pre-approve generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions, which can commonly and repeatedly be used for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure. The use of a generic EMPr is intended to reduce the need to prepare and review individual EMPrs for applications of a similar nature.

#### 4. Scope

The scope of this generic EMPr applies to the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure requiring EA in terms of NEMA, i.e. with a capacity of 33 kilovolts or more. This generic EMPr applies to activities requiring EA, mainly activity 11 and 47 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 1 of 2014, as amended, and activity 9 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 2 of 2014, as amended, and all associated listed or specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

# 5. Structure of this document

This document is structured in three parts with an Appendix as indicated in the table below:

Part	Section	Heading	Content
А		Provides general	Definitions, acronyms, roles & responsibilities and
		guidance and information	documentation and reporting.
_	_	and is <b>not legally binding</b>	
B	1	Pre-approved generic EMPr template	Contains generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions required for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure, which are presented in the form of a template that has been pre-approved. The template in this section is to be completed by the contractor, with each completed page signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity.
			Where an impact management outcome is not relevant, the words "not applicable" can be inserted in the template under the "responsible persons" column. Once completed and signed, the template
			represents the EMPr for the activity approved by the CA and is legally binding. The template <b>is not</b> <b>required</b> to be submitted to the CA as once the generic EMPr is gazetted for implementation, it has been approved by the CA.
			To allow interested and affected parties access to the pre-approved EMPr template for consideration through the decision-making process, the EAP on behalf of the applicant /proponent must make the hard copy of this EMPr available at a public location and where the applicant has a website, the EMPr should also be made available on such publicly accessible website.
	2	Site specific information	Contains preliminary infrastructure layout and a declaration that the applicant/holder of the EA

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			will comply with the pre-approved generic EMPr template contained in <u>Part B: Section 1</u> , and understands that the impact management actions are <b>legally binding</b> . The preliminary infrastructure layout must be finalized to inform the final EMPr that is to be submitted with the basic assessment report (BAR) or environmental impact assessment report (EIAR), ensuring that all impact management outcomes and actions have been either pre-approved or approved in terms of <u>Part C</u> .
			This section <b>must be</b> submitted to the CA together with the final BAR or EIAR. The information submitted to the CA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, this Section forms part of the EMPr for the development and is legally binding.
С		Site specific sensitivities/ attributes	If any specific environmental sensitivities/ attributes are present on the site which require site specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr, to manage impacts, these specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific environmental attributes must be referenced spatially and impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be provided. These specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the pre- approved EMPr template (Part B: section 1)
			This section will not be required should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes. However, if <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the site, it <b>is required</b> to be submitted together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP, and must contain his/her name and

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			expertise including a curriculum vitae. Once approved, Part C forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding. This section applies only <b>to additional</b> impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary for the
			avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the specific development or expansion and which are not already included in <u>Part B: section 1</u> .
Арре	endix 1		Contains the method statements to be prepared prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are <b>not required</b> to be submitted to the competent authority.

# 6. Completion of part B: section 1: the pre-approved generic EMPr template

The template is to be completed prior to commencement of the activity, by providing the following information for each environmental impact management action:

- For implementation
  - a 'responsible person',
  - a method for implementation,
  - a timeframe for implementation
- For monitoring
  - a responsible person
  - frequency
  - evidence of compliance.

The completed template must be signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as <u>Appendix 1</u>. Each method statement must be signed and dated on each page by the holder of the EA. This template, once signed and dated, is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

#### 7. Amendments of the impact management outcomes and impact management actions

Once the activity has commenced, a holder of an EA may make amendments to the impact management outcomes and impact management actions in the following manner:

- Amendment of the impact management outcomes: in line with the process contemplated in regulation 37 of the EIA Regulations; and
- Amendment of the impact management actions: in line with the process contemplated in regulation 36 of the EIA Regulations.

### 8. Documents to be submitted as part of part B: section 2 site specific information and declaration

<u>Part B: Section 2</u> has three distinct sub-sections. The first and third sub-sections are in a template format. Sub-section two requires a map to be produced.

<u>Sub-section 1</u> contains the project name, the applicant's name and contact details, the site information, which includes coordinates of the corridor in which the proposed overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure is proposed as well as the 21-digit Surveyor General code of each cadastral land parcel and, where available, the farm name.

<u>Sub-section 2</u> is to be prepared by an EAP and must contain his/her name and expertise including a curriculum vitae. This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout using the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at: https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. raptor nest, threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps must identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features in the surrounding landscape within 50m from the development footprint. The overhead transmission and distribution profile must be illustrated at an appropriate resolution to enable fine scale interrogation. It is recommended that <20 km of overhead transmission and distribution length is illustrated per page in A3 landscape format. Where considered appropriate, photographs of sensitive features in the context of tower positions must be used.

<u>Sub-section 3</u> is the declaration that the applicant/proponent or holder of the EA in the case of a change of ownership must complete, which confirms that the applicant/EA holder will comply with the pre-approved generic EMPr template in <u>Section 1</u> and understands that the impact management outcomes and actions are legally binding.

#### (a) Amendments to Part B: Section 2 – site specific information and declaration

Should the EA be transferred, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new applicant/proponent and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of Regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted as part of such an application for an amendment to an EA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

# PART A – GENERAL INFORMATION

### 1. **DEFINITIONS**

In this EMPr any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the NEMA or EIA Regulations has that meaning, and unless the context requires otherwise –

"clearing" means the clearing and removal of vegetation, whether partially or in whole, including trees and shrubs, as specified;

"construction camp" is the area designated for key construction infrastructure and services, including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;

"**contractor**" - The Contractor has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract, are in line with the Environmental Management Programme and that Method Statements are implemented as described.

"hazardous substance" is a substance governed by the Hazardous Substances Act, 1973 (Act No. 15 of 1973) as well as the Hazardous Chemical and Substances Regulations, 1995;

"method statement" means a written submission by the Contractor to the Project Manager in response to this EMPr or a request by the Project Manager and ECO. The method statement must set out the equipment, materials, labour and method(s) the Contractor proposes using to carry out an activity identified by the Project Manager when requesting the Method Statement. This must be done in such detail that the Project Manager and ECO is able to assess whether the Contractor's proposal is in accordance with this specification and/or will produce results in accordance with this specification;

The method statement must cover applicable details with regard to:

- (i) Construction procedures;
- (ii) Plant, materials and equipment to be used;
- (iii) Transporting the equipment to and from site;
- (iv) How the plant/ material/ equipment will be moved while on site;
- (v) How and where the plant/ material/ equipment will be stored;
- (vi) The containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- (vii) Timing and location of activities;
- (viii) Compliance/ non-compliance; and
- (ix) Any other information deemed necessary by the Project Manager.

"slope" means the inclination of a surface expressed as one unit of rise or fall for so many horizontal units;

**"solid waste"** means all solid waste, including construction debris, hazardous waste, excess cement/ concrete, wrapping materials, timber, cans, drums, wire, nails, food and domestic waste (e.g. plastic packets and wrappers);

**"spoil**" means excavated material which is unsuitable for use as material in the construction works or is material which is surplus to the requirements of the construction works;

**"topsoil"** means a varying depth (up to 300 mm) of the soil profile irrespective of the fertility, appearance, structure, agricultural potential, fertility and composition of the soil; and

"works" means the works to be executed in terms of the Contract

### 2. ACRONYMS and ABBREVIATIONS

CA	Competent Authority
_	
cEO	Contractors Environmental Officer
dEO	Developer Environmental Officer
DPM	Developer Project Manager
DSS	Developer Site Supervisor
EAR	Environmental Audit Report
ECA	Environment Conservation Act No. 73 of 1989
ECO	Environmental Control Officer
EA	Environmental Authorisation
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
ERAP	Emergency Response Action Plan
EMPr	Environmental Management Programme Report
EAP	Environmental Assessment Practitioner
FPA	Fire Protection Agency
HCS	Hazardous chemical Substance
NEMA	National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998)
NEMBA	National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act ,2004 (Act No. 10
	of 2004)
NEMWA	National Environmental Management: Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008)
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet
RI&APs	Registered interested and affected parties

# 3. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) IMPLEMENTATION

The effective implementation of this generic EMPr is dependent on established and clear roles, responsibilities and reporting lines within an institutional framework. This section of the EMPr gives guidance to the various environmental roles and reporting lines, however, project specific requirements will ultimately determine the need for the appointment of specific person(s) to undertake specific roles and or responsibilities. As such, it must be noted that in the event that no specific person, for example, an environmental control officer (ECO) is appointed, the holder of the EA remains responsible for ensuring that the duties indicated in this document for action by the ECO are undertaken.

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer's Project Manager (DPM)	Role         The Project Developer is accountable for ensuring compliance with the EMPr and any conditions of approval from the competent authority (CA). Where required, an environmental control officer (ECO) must be contracted by the Project Developer to objectively monitor the implementation of the EMPr according to relevant environmental legislation, and the conditions of the environmental authorisation (EA). The Project Developer is further responsible for providing and giving mandate to enable the ECO to perform responsibilities, and he must ensure that the ECO is integrated as part of the project team while remaining independent.         Responsibilities       -       Be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA;       -         Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Developer and its Contractor(s);       -       Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required;         Monitor the implementation of the EMPr throughout the project by means of site inspections and meetings. Overall management of the project and EMPr implementation; and         Ensure that periodic environmental performance audits are undertaken on the project implementation.

Table 1: Guide to roles and responsibilities for implementation of an EMPr

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer Site Supervisor (DSS)	Role         The DSS reports directly to the DPM, oversees site works, liaises with the contractor(s) and the ECO. The DSS is responsible for the day to day implementation of the EMPr and for ensuring the compliance of all contractors with the conditions and requirements stipulated in the EMPr.         Responsibilities         - Ensure that all contractors identify a contractor's Environmental Officer (cEO);         - Must be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA. Oversees site works, liaison with Contractor, DPM and ECO;         - Must ensure that all landowners have the relevant contact details of the site staff, ECO and cEO;         - Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required;         - Will issue all non-compliances to contractors; and
Environmental Control Officer (ECO)	<ul> <li>Ratify the Monthly Environmental Report.</li> <li><u>Role</u></li> <li>The ECO should have appropriate training and experience in the implementation of environmental management specifications. The primary role of the ECO is to act as an independent quality controller and monitoring agent regarding all environmental concerns and associated environmental impacts. In this respect, the ECO is to conduct periodic site inspections, attend regular site meetings, pre-empt problems and suggest mitigation and be available to advise on incidental issues that arise. The ECO is also required to conduct compliance audits, verifying the monitoring reports submitted by the cEO. The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager regarding all environmental matters. The Contractor, cEO and dEO are answerable to the Environmental Control Officer for non- compliance with the Performance Specifications as set out in the EA and EMPr.</li> </ul>
	The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager, who in turn reports back to the Contractor and potential and Registered Interested &Affected Parties (RI&APs), as required. Issues of non-compliance raised by the ECO must be taken up by the Project Manager and resolved with the Contractor as per the conditions of his contract. Decisions regarding environmental procedures, specifications and requirements which have a cost implication (i.e. those that are deemed to be a

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
	<ul> <li>variation, not allowed for in the Performance Specification) must be endorsed by the Project Manager. The ECO must also, as specified by the EA, report to the relevant CA as and when required.</li> <li><u>Responsibilities</u></li> <li>The responsibilities of the ECO will include the following: <ul> <li>Be aware of the findings and conclusions of all EA related to the development;</li> <li>Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr;</li> <li>Be conversant with relevant environmental legislation, policies and procedures, and ensure compliance with them;</li> <li>Undertake regular and comprehensive site inspections / audits of the construction site according to the generic EMPr and applicable licenses in order to monitor compliance as required;</li> <li>Educate the construction team about the management measures contained in the EMPr and environmental licenses;</li> <li>Compilation and administration of an environmental monitoring plan to ensure that the environmental management measures are implemented and are effective;</li> <li>Monitoring the performance of the Contractors and ensuring compliance with the EMPr and associated Method Statements;</li> <li>In consultation with the Developer Site Supervisor order the removal of person(s) and/or equipment which are in contravention of the specifications of the EMPr and/or environmental licenses;</li> <li>Liaison between the DPM, Contractors, authorities and other lead stakeholders on all environmental concerns;</li> <li>Compile a regular environmental audit report highlighting any non-compliance issues as well as satisfactory or exceptional compliance with the EMPr;</li> <li>Validating the regular site inspection reports, which are to be prepared by the contractor Environmental Officer (cEO);</li> <li>Checking the cEO's record of environmental incidents (spills, impacts, legal transgressions etc) as well as corrective and preventive actions taken;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
developer Environmental Officer (dEO)	<ul> <li>Checking the cEO's public complaints register in which all complaints are recorded, as well as action taken;</li> <li>Assisting in the resolution of conflicts;</li> <li>Facilitate training for all personnel on the site – this may range from carrying out the training, to reviewing the training programmes of the Contractor;</li> <li>In case of non-compliances, the ECO must first communicate this to the Senior Site Supervisor, who has the power to ensure this matter is addressed. Should no action or insufficient action be taken, the ECO may report this matter to the authorities as non-compliance;</li> <li>Maintenance, update and review of the EMPr;</li> <li>Communication of all modifications to the EMPr to the relevant stakeholders.</li> </ul>
	Contractor's Manager, liaising with contractors and the landowners as well as a range of environmental coordination responsibilities.
	Responsibilities
	<ul> <li>Be fully conversant with the EMPr;</li> <li>Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr, and implement these measures;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Employees, Contractor(s);</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Confine the development site to the demarcated area;</li> <li>Conduct environmental internal audits with regards to EMPr and authorisation compliance (on cEO);</li> <li>Assist the contractors in addressing environmental challenges on site;</li> </ul>
	- Assist in incident management:

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
	<ul> <li>Reporting environmental incidents to the developer and ensuring that corrective action is taken, and lessons learnt shared;</li> <li>Assist the contractor in investigating environmental incidents and compile investigation reports;</li> <li>Follow-up on pre-warnings, defects, non-conformance reports;</li> <li>Measure and communicate environmental performance to the Contractor;</li> <li>Conduct environmental awareness training on site together with ECO and cEO;</li> <li>Ensure that the necessary legal permits and / or licenses are in place and up to date;</li> <li>Acting as Developer's Environmental Representative on site and work together with the ECO and centractor.</li> </ul>
Contractor	Role The Contractor appoints the cEO and has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract are in line with the EMPr and that Method Statements are implemented as described. External contractors must ensure compliance with this EMPr while performing the onsite activities as per their contract with the Project Developer. The contractors are required, where specified, to provide Method Statements setting out in detail how the impact management actions contained in the EMPr will be implemented during the development or expansion for overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure activities.
	<ul> <li><u>Responsibilities</u></li> <li>project delivery and quality control for the development services as per appointment;</li> <li>employ a suitably qualified person to monitor and report to the Project Developer's appointed person on the daily activities on-site during the construction period;</li> <li>ensure that safe, environmentally acceptable working methods and practices are implemented, and that equipment is properly operated and maintained, to facilitate proper access and enable any operation to be carried out safely;</li> <li>attend on site meeting(s) prior to the commencement of activities to confirm the procedure and designated activity zones;</li> </ul>

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
	- ensure that contractors' staff repair, at their own cost, any environmental damage as a result
	of a contravention of the specifications contained in EMPr, to the satisfaction of the ECO.
contractor Environmental Officer	Role
(cEO)	Each Contractor affected by the EMPr should appoint a cEO, who is responsible for the on-site
	implementation of the EMPr (or relevant sections of the EMPr). The Contractor's representative can be
	the site agent; site engineer; a dedicated environmental officer; or an independent consultant. The
	Contractor must ensure that the Contractor's Representative is suitably qualified to perform the
	necessary tasks and is appointed at a level such that she/he can interact effectively with other site
	Contractors, labourers, the Environmental Control Officer and the public. As a minimum the cEO shall
	meet the following criteria:
	Responsibilities
	- Be on site throughout the duration of the project and be dedicated to the project;
	- Ensure all their staff are aware of the environmental requirements, conditions and constraints
	with respect to all of their activities on site;
	- Implementing the environmental conditions, guidelines and requirements as stipulated within
	the EA, EMPr and Method Statements;
	- Attend the Environmental Site Meeting;
	<ul> <li>Undertaking corrective actions where non-compliances are registered within the stipulated timeframes;</li> </ul>
	- Report back formally on the completion of corrective actions;
	- Assist the ECO in maintaining all the site documentation;
	- Prepare the site inspection reports and corrective action reports for submission to the ECO;
	- Assist the ECO with the preparing of the monthly report; and
	- Where more than one Contractor is undertaking work on site, each company appointed as a
	Contractor will appoint a cEO representing that company.

# 4. ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE

To ensure accountable and demonstrated implementation of the EMPr, a number of reporting systems, documentation controls and compliance mechanisms must be in place for all overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure projects as a minimum requirement.

#### 4.1 Document control/Filing system

The holder of the EA is solely responsible for the upkeep and management of the EMPr file. At a minimum, all documentation detailed below will be stored in the EMPr file. A hard copy of all documentation shall be filed, while an electronic copy may be kept where relevant. A duplicate file will be maintained in the office of the DSS (where applicable). This duplicate file must remain current and up-to-date. The filing system must be updated and relevant documents added as required. The EMPr file must be made available at all times on request by the CA or other relevant authorities. The EMPr file will form part of any environmental audits undertaken as prescribed in the EIA Regulations.

#### 4.2 Documentation to be available

At the outset of the project the following preliminary list of documents shall be placed in the filing system and be accessible at all times:

- Full copy of the signed EA from the CA in terms of NEMA, granting approval for the development or expansion;
- Copy of the generic and site specific EMPr as well as any amendments thereof;
- Copy of declaration of implementing generic EMPr and subsequent approval of site specific EMPr and amendments thereof;
- All method statements;
- Completed environmental checklists;
- Minutes and attendance register of environmental site meetings;
- An up-to-date environmental incident log;
- A copy of all instructions or directives issued;
- A copy of all corrective actions signed off. The corrective actions must be filed in such a way that a clear reference is made to the non-compliance record;
- Complaints register.

#### 4.3 Weekly Environmental Checklist

The ECOs are required to complete a Weekly Environmental Checklist, the format of which is to be agreed prior to commencement of the activity. The ECOs are required to sign and date the checklist, retain a copy in the EMPr file and submit a copy of the completed checklist to the DSS on a weekly basis.

The checklists will form the basis for the Monthly Environmental Reports. Copies of all completed checklists will be attached as Annexures to the Environmental Audit Report as required in terms of the EIA Regulations.

### 4.4 Environmental site meetings

Minutes of the environmental site meetings shall be kept. The minutes must include an attendance register and will be attached to the Monthly Report that is distributed to attendees. Each set of minutes must clearly record "Matters for Attention" that will be reviewed at the next meeting.

4.5 Required Method Statements

The method statement will be done in such detail that the ECOs are enabled to assess whether the contractor's proposal is in accordance with the EMPr.

The method statement must cover applicable details with regard to:

- development procedures;
- materials and equipment to be used;
- getting the equipment to and from site;
- how the equipment/ material will be moved while on site;
- how and where material will be stored;
- the containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- timing and location of activities;
- compliance/ non-compliance with the EMPr; and
- any other information deemed necessary by the ECOs.

Unless indicated otherwise by the Project Manager, the Contractor shall provide the following method statements to the Project Manager no less than 14 days prior to the commencement date of the activity:

- Site establishment Camps, Lay-down or storage areas, satellite camps, infrastructure;
- Batch plants;
- Workshop or plant servicing;
- Handling, transport and storage of Hazardous Chemical Substances;
- Vegetation management Protected, clearing, aliens, felling;
- Access management Roads, gates, crossings etc.;
- Fire plan;
- Waste management transport, storage, segregation, classification, disposal (all waste streams);
- Social interaction complaints management, compensation claims, access to properties etc.;
- Water use (source, abstraction and disposal), access and all related information, crossings and mitigation;
- Emergency preparedness Spills, training, other environmental emergencies;
- Dust and noise management methodologies;
- Fauna interaction and risk management only if the risk was identified wildlife interaction especially on game farms; and
- Heritage and palaeontology management.

The ECOs shall monitor and ensure that the contractors perform in accordance with these method statements. Completed and agreed method statements between the holder of the EA and the contractor shall be captured in Appendix 1.

4.6 Environmental Incident Log (Diary)

The ECOs are required to maintain an up-to-date and current Environmental Incident Log (environmental diary). The Environmental Incident Log is a means to record all environmental incidents and/or all non-compliance notice would not be issued. An environmental incident is defined as:

- Any deviation from the listed impact management actions (listed in this EMPr) that may be addressed immediately by the ECOs. (For example a contractor's staff member littering or a drip tray that has not been emptied);
- Any environmental impact resulting from an action or activity by a contractor in contravention of the environmental stipulations and guidelines listed in the EMPr which as a single event would have a minor impact but which if cumulative and continuous would have a significant effect (for example no toilet paper available in the ablutions for an afternoon); and
- General environmental information such as road kills or injured wildlife.

The ECOs are to record all environmental incidents in the Environmental Incident Log. All incidents regardless of severity must be reported to the Developer. The Log is to be kept in the EMPr file and at a minimum the following will be recorded for each environmental incident:

- The date and time of the incident;
- Description of the incident;
- The name of the Contractor responsible;
- The incident must be listed as significant or minor;
- If the incident is listed as significant, a non-compliance notice must be issued, and recorded in the log;
- Remedial or corrective action taken to mitigate the incident; and
- Record of repeat minor offences by the same contractor or staff member.

The Environmental Incident Log will be captured in the EAR.

4.7 Non-compliance

A non-compliance notice will be issued to the responsible contractor by the ECOs via the DSS or Project Manager. The non-compliance notice will be issued in writing; a copy filed in the EMPr file and will at a minimum include the following:

- Time and date of the non-compliance;
- Name of the contractor responsible;
- Nature and description of the non-compliance;
- Recommended / required corrective action; and
- Date by which the corrective action to be completed.

• The contractors shall act immediately when a notice of non-compliance is received and correct whatever is the cause for the issuing of the notice. Complaints received regarding activities on the development site pertaining to the environment shall be recorded in a dedicated register and the response noted with the date and action taken. The ECO should be made aware of any complaints. Any non-compliance with the agreed procedures of the EMPr is a transgression of the various statutes and laws that define the manner by which the environment is managed. Failure to redress the cause shall be reported to the relevant CA for them to deal with the transgression, as it deems fit. The contractor is deemed not to have complied with the EMPr if, inter alia, There is a deviation from the environmental conditions, impact management outcomes and impact management actions , as approved in generic and site specific EMPr as relevant as set out in the EMPr, which deviation has, or may cause, an environmental impact.

#### 4.8 Corrective action records

For each non-compliance notice issued, a documented corrective action must be recorded. On receiving a non-compliance notice from the DSS, the contractor's cEO will ensure that the corrective actions required take place within the stipulated timeframe. On completion of the corrective action the cEO is to issue a Corrective Action Report in writing to the ECOs. If satisfied that the corrective action has been completed, the ECOs are to sign-off on the Corrective Action Report, and attach the report to the non-compliance notice in the EMPr file. A corrective action is considered complete once the report has signed off by the ECOs.

#### 4.9 Photographic record

A digital photographic record will be kept. The photographic record will be used to show before, during and post rehabilitation evidence of the project as well used in cases of damages claims if they arise. Each image must be dated and a brief description note attached.

The Contractor shall:

1. Allow the ECOs access to take photographs of all areas, activities and actions.

The ECOs shall keep an electronic database of photographic records which will include:

- 1. Pictures of all areas designated as work areas, camp areas, development sites and storage areas taken before these areas are set up;
- 2. All bunding and fencing;
- 3. Road conditions and road verges;
- 4. Condition of all farm fences;
- 5. Topsoil storage areas;
- 6. All areas to be cordoned off during construction;
- 7. Waste management sites;
- 8. Ablution facilities (inside and out);
- 9. Any non-conformances deemed to be "significant";
- 10. All completed corrective actions for non-compliances;
- 11. All required signage;

- 12. Photographic recordings of incidents;
- 13. All areas before, during and post rehabilitation; and
- 14. Include relevant photographs in the Final Environmental Audit Report.

# 4.10 Complaints register

The ECOs shall keep a current and up-to-date complaints register. The complaints register is to be a record of all complaints received from communities, stakeholders and individuals. The Complaints Record shall:

- 1. Record the name and contact details of the complainant;
- 2. Record the time and date of the complaint;
- 3. Contain a detailed description of the complaint;
- 4. Where 0 relevant and appropriate, contain photographic evidence of the complaint or damage (ECOs to take relevant photographs); and
- 5. Contain a copy of the ECOs written response to each complaint received and keep a record of any further correspondence with the complainant. The ECO's written response will include a description of any corrective action to be taken and must be signed by the Contractor, ECO and affected party. Where a damage claim is issued by the complainant, the ECOs shall respond as described in (section 4.11) below.

#### 4.11 Claims for damages

In the event that a Claim for Damages is submitted by a community, landowner or individual, the ECOs shall:

- 1. Record the full detail of the complaint as described in (section 4.10) above;
- 2. The DPM will evaluate the claim and associated damage and submit the evaluation to the Senior Site Representative for approval;
- 3. Following consideration by the DPM, the claim is to be resolved and settled immediately, or the reason for not accepting the claim communicated in writing to the claimant. Should the claimant not accept this, the ECO shall, in writing report the incident to the Developer's negotiator and legal department; and
- 4. A formal record of the response by the ECOs to the claimant as well as the rectification of the method of making payments not amount will be recorded in the EMPr file.
- 4.12 Interactions with affected parties

Open, transparent and good relations with affected landowners, communities and regional staff are an essential aspect to the successful management and mitigation of environmental impacts.

#### The ECOs shall:

1. Ensure that all queries, complaints and claims are dealt within an agreed timeframe;

- 2. Ensure that any or all agreements are documented, signed by all parties and a record of the agreement kept in the EMPr file;
- 3. Ensure that a complaints telephone numbers are made available to all landowners and affected parties; and
- 4. Ensure that contact with affected parties is courteous at all times;

# 4.13 Environmental audits

Internal environmental audits of the activity and implementation of the EMPr must be undertaken. The findings and outcomes must be included in the EMPr file and be submitted to the CA at intervals as indicated in the EA.

An Environmental Audit Report must be prepared monthly. The report will be tabled as the key point on the agenda of the Environmental Site Meeting. The Report is submitted for acceptance at the meeting and the final report will be circulated to the Project Manager and filed in the EMPr file. At a frequency determined by the EA, the ECOs shall submit the monthly reports to the CA. At a minimum the monthly report is to cover the following:

- Weekly Environmental Checklists;
- Deviations and non-compliances with the checklists;
- Non-compliances issued;
- Completed and reported corrective actions;
- Environmental Monitoring;
- General environmental findings and actions; and
- Minutes of the Bi-monthly Environmental Site Meetings.
- 4.14 Final environmental audits

On final completion of the rehabilitation and/or requirements of the EA a final EAR is to be prepared and submitted to the CA. The EAR must comply with Appendix 7 of the EIA Regulations.

### PART B: SECTION 1: Pre-approved generic EMPr template

#### 5. IMPACT MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES AND IMPACT MANAGEMENT ACTIONS

This section provides a pre-approved generic EMPr template with aspects that are common to the development of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure. There is a list of aspects identified for the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure, and for each aspect a set of prescribed impact management outcomes and associated impact management actions have been identified. Holders of EAs are responsible to ensure the implementation of these outcomes and actions for all projects as a minimum requirement, in order to mitigate the impact of such aspects identified for the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure.

The template provided below is to be completed by providing the information under each heading for each environmental impact management action.

The completed template must be signed and dated on each page by both the contractor and the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as Appendix 1. Each method statement must also be duly signed and dated on each page by the contactor and the holder of the EA. This template, once signed and dated, is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

# 5.1 Environmental Awareness Training

**Impact management outcome:** All onsite staff are aware and understand the individual responsibilities in terms of this EMPr.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- All staff must receive environmental awareness training	ECO/cEO/dEO	Hold	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
prior to commencement of the activities;		environmental	Construction	dEO	and when	register and
		awareness			required	training minutes
		training				/ notes for the
		workshops				record
- The Contractor must allow for sufficient sessions to train	Contractor	Scheduling of	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
all personnel with no more than 20 personnel attending		sufficient	Construction	dEO	and when	register and
each course;		sessions through			required	training minutes
		consultation with				/ notes for the
		the ECO / cEO /				record
		dEO				
– Refresher environmental awareness training is	cEO / dEO in	Hold refresher	During the	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
available as and when required;	consultation with	environmental	construction	dEO	and when	register and
	the ECO	awareness	phase		required	training minutes
		training				/ notes for the
		workshops				record
- All staff are aware of the conditions and controls linked	cEO / dEO	Hold training	During the	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
to the EA and within the EMPr and made aware of their		workshops and	construction	dEO	and when	register and
individual roles and responsibilities in achieving		ensure that the	phase		required	training minutes
compliance with the EA and EMPr;		EA and EMPr is				/ notes for the
		readily available				record
- The Contractor must erect and maintain information	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
posters at key locations on site, and the posters must		place	Construction	dEO		record
include the following information as a minimum:		appropriate		cEO		
a) Safety notifications; and						

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
b) No littering.		posters at key				
		locations				
- Environmental awareness training must include as a	cEO / dEO in	Develop	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the	Environmental
minimum the following:	consultation with	environmental	Construction	dEO	commencemen	awareness
a) Description of significant environmental	the ECO	awareness			t of the	training material
impacts, actual or potential, related to their		training material			environmental	requirements
work activities;		which covers the			awareness	checklist
b) Mitigation measures to be implemented		minimum			training	
when carrying out specific activities;		requirements				
c) Emergency preparedness and response						
procedures;						
d) Emergency procedures;						
e) Procedures to be followed when working						
near or within sensitive areas;						
f) Wastewater management procedures;						
g) Water usage and conservation;						
h) Solid waste management procedures;						
i) Sanitation procedures;						
j) Fire prevention; and						
k) Disease prevention.						
<ul> <li>A record of all environmental awareness training</li> </ul>	ECO/cEO/dEO	Filing system	During the	ECO	Monthly	Completed and
courses undertaken as part of the EMPr must be		including all	construction	dEO	, normally	up to date filing
available;		proof of training	phase	0.20		system with
		(i.e. attendance	1			proof of training
		register and				[
		training minutes				
		/ notes for the				
		record)				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Educate workers on the dangers of open and/or	cEO / dEO in	Develop	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the	Environmental
unattended fires;	consultation with	environmental	Construction	dEO	commencemen	awareness
	the ECO	awareness			t of the	training material
		training material			environmental	requirements
		which covers the			awareness	checklist
		dangers of open			training	
		and/or				
		unattended fire				
- A staff attendance register of all staff to have received	ECO/cEO/dEO	Filing system	During the	ECO	Monthly	Completed and
environmental awareness training must be available.		including all	construction	dEO		up to date filing
		proof of training	phase			system inclusive
		(i.e. attendance				of all
		register)				attendance
						registers
- Course material must be available and presented in	ECO/cEO/dEO	Develop	During the	ECO	Monthly	Environmental
appropriate languages that all staff can understand.		environmental	construction	dEO		awareness
		awareness	phase			training material
		training material				requirements
		in the required				checklist and
		languages.				the training
		Training material				register which
		must by readily				must indicate
		available to all				the language of
		staff				the training

#### 5.2 Site Establishment Development

**Impact management outcome:** Impacts on the environment are minimised during site establishment and the development footprint is kept to the demarcated development area.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
A method statement must be provided by the contractor prior to any onsite activity that includes the layout of the construction camp in the form of a plan showing the location of key infrastructure and services (where applicable), including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous materials storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;	Contractor	Development of an appropriate method statement	Pre-construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of the method statement which complies with the minimum requirements listed
<ul> <li>Location of construction camps must be within approved area to ensure that the site does not impact on sensitive areas identified in the environmental assessment or site walk through;</li> </ul>	DPM	Place construction camps outside of sensitive areas identified in the Basic Assessment Report	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of a layout and sensitivity map indicating avoidance of sensitive areas

	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Sites must be located where possible on previously	DPM	Place site	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Availability of a	
disturbed areas;		outside of		dEO	construction	layout and	
		sensitive areas				sensitivity map	
		and within				indicating	
		previously				avoidance of	
		disturbed areas				sensitive areas	
		identified in the				and placement	
		BA Report				within disturbed	
						areas	
- The camp must be fenced in accordance with <b>Section</b>	DPM	Design and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	The camp is	
5.5: Fencing and gate installation; and		implementation	& Construction	dEO	construction	fenced in	
		of fencing as			and once during	accordance	
		per the			the construction	with Section 5.5	
		requirements of			of the fencing	of this EMPr	
		Section 5.5 of					
		this EMPr					
- The use of existing accommodation for contractor	Not applicable	- the developmen	t of new accomm	nodation facilitie	s will not be require	ed. Staff will be	
staff, where possible, is encouraged.	accommodated	in the nearby town	of Sutherland.				

Impact management outcome: Access to restricted areas prevented.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Identification of access restricted areas is to be	dEO / cEO in	Spatially	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Access
informed by the environmental assessment, site walk	consultation with	demarcate			construction	restricted areas
through and any additional areas identified during	the ECO	access restricted				are identified
development;		areas informed				and provided in
		by the BA Report				a spatial format
- Erect, demarcate and maintain a temporary barrier	dEO / cEO in	Erect	At the	ECO	Monthly	Access
with clear signage around the perimeter of any access	consultation with	appropriate	commencement			restricted areas
restricted area, colour coding could be used if	the ECO	temporary	and for the			are closed-off
appropriate; and		barriers around	duration of the			through
		access restricted	construction			temporary
		areas	phase			barriers and
						barriers are
						maintained to a
						sufficient
						standard
- Unauthorised access and development related	Contractor /	Erect	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Photographic
activity inside access restricted areas is prohibited.	dEO / cEO	appropriate	construction		and when	evidence and
		temporary	phase		required	notes of
		barriers around				compliance that
		access restricted				no unauthorised
		areas and				access or

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		provide clear				activities has
		signage of				taken place
		restricted status				within the
						access restricted
						areas

#### 5.4 Access roads

**Impact management outcome:** Minimise impact to the environment through the planned and restricted movement of vehicles on site.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Access to the servitude and tower positions must be	DPM	Undertake	Pre-construction	dEO	Ongoing	Proof of
negotiated with the relevant landowner and must fall		negotiations for	Construction		throughout	negotiations
within the assessed and authorised area;		access to the	Operation		construction	with affected
		servitude and			and operation	landowners and
		tower positions				requirements for
		with landowners				access to the
		affected by the				servitude and
		grid connection				tower positions in
		corridor				the form of
						written and

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
						signed agreements	
<ul> <li>An access agreement must be formalised and signed by the DPM, Contractor and landowner before commencing with the activities;</li> </ul>	DPM Contractor	Develop access agreements with the affected landowners. Ensure that agreements are approved and signed	Pre-construction	dEO ECO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of approved and signed negotiations	
<ul> <li>The access roads to tower positions must be signposted after access has been negotiated and before the commencement of the activities;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Develop and install signs to indicate access for the project	Pre-construction	ceo / eco	Once, prior to construction	Photographic record of signposted access roads and GPS co- ordinates of where these are placed	
<ul> <li>All private roads used for access to the servitude must be maintained and upon completion of the works, be left in at least the original condition</li> </ul>	Contractor	Undertake maintenance activities on gravel roads used for construction as degradation takes place	During the construction phase	cEO / ECO	Weekly	Photographic record of the pre-construction condition and degradation of roads, and records of the implementation and	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
						effectiveness of maintenance activities	
<ul> <li>All contractors must be made aware of all the access routes.</li> </ul>	dEO / cEO	Develop a map illustrating all access routes associated with the project and present and provide the map to all contractors	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Once, prior to construction	Access routes map readily available	
<ul> <li>Any access route deviation from that in the written agreement must be closed and re-vegetated immediately, at the contractor's expense.</li> </ul>	Contractor	All access routes developed that are not in-line with the access route agreements must be closed and re- habilitated to the pre- disturbance state	Construction and Rehabilitation	ECO	Bi-weekly (every two weeks)	Photographic record of the closure of access roads and re- vegetation	
<ul> <li>Maximum use of both existing servitudes and existing roads must be made to minimise further disturbance through the development of new roads;</li> </ul>	Contractor (and Eskom maintenance staff where	Existing access routes to be used must be specified and	Construction and operation	cEO Operation and maintenance team	Weekly	Implementation of the approved layout	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Monitoring					
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
	relevant to operation)	the development of new roads must be avoided as far as possible					
<ul> <li>In circumstances where private roads must be used, the condition of the said roads must be recorded in accordance with section 4.9: photographic record; prior to use and the condition thereof agreed by the landowner, the DPM, and the contractor;</li> </ul>	dEO / cEO	Record the conditions of private roads to be used (prior to use) as per the requirements of section 4.9 and agree on the required condition of the roads with the landowner, DPM and contractor	During the construction phase	ECO	Prior to the use of private roads	Photographic record and proof of the road conditions agreed upon with the relevant parties	
<ul> <li>Access roads in flattish areas must follow fence lines and tree belts to avoid fragmentation of vegetated areas or croplands.</li> </ul>	DPM and Contractor	Design access roads to follow fence lines and avoid vegetated areas	Pre-construction	ECO	Once during the design and once prior to construction	Implementation of the approved layout	
<ul> <li>Access roads must only be developed on pre-planned and approved roads.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Construction of access roads only on pre- planned and	During the construction phase	ECO dEO	Once during the design and weekly during	Implementation of the approved layout	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		approved			the construction		
		access roads			of access roads		

# 5.5 Fencing and Gate installation

**Impact management outcome:** Minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and gates where required.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Use existing gates provided to gain access to all parts	Contractor	Identify and	Pre-construction	dEO	Monthly	Existing gates	
of the area authorised for development, where		inform all	& Construction			are utilised on a	
possible.		relevant staff of				frequent basis	
		the existing				and only limited	
		gates to be used				new access	
						gates are	
						developed	
– Existing and new gates to be recorded and	dEO	Existing and new	During the	ECO	Once, when the	Photographic	
documented in accordance with section 4.9:		gates will be	construction		construction of	record of the	
photographic record.		recorded and	phase		all new gates	existing and new	
		documented as			has been	gates as per the	
		per the			completed		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		requirements of section 4.9				requirements of section 4.9	
<ul> <li>All gates must be fitted with locks and be kept locked at all times during the development phase, unless otherwise agreed with the landowner.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure all relevant gates are fitted with locks and are always locked	Construction and Operation	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Bi-weekly (every second week)	All gates are locked and no complaints from landowners are received in this regard	
<ul> <li>At points where the line crosses an existing fence in which there is no suitable gate within the extent of the line servitude, on the instruction of the DPM, a gate must be installed at the approval of the landowner.</li> </ul>	dEO	Install new gates where required with the approval of the affected landowner	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, prior to construction and during the construction phase, as and when required	New gates are installed where the power line crosses fences	
<ul> <li>Care must be taken that the gates must be so erected that there is a gap of no more than 100mm between the bottom of the gate and the ground.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Install gates in a manner so that there is a gap of no more than 100mm between the bottom of the gate and the ground	During the construction phase	cEO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase	New gates installed as per the requirement	
<ul> <li>Where gates are installed in jackal proof fencing, a suitable reinforced concrete sill must be provided beneath the gate.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Implement a reinforced concrete sill beneath gates	During the construction phase	CEO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the	New gates installed as per the requirement	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		installed for jackal proofing			construction phase	
<ul> <li>Original tension must be maintained in the fence wires.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Maintain original tension of fences through required activities	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No tension reduction on fence wires
<ul> <li>All gates installed in electrified fencing must be re- electrified.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Electrify gates installed in electrified fencing	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase	Gates installed in electrified fencing is electrified
<ul> <li>All demarcation fencing and barriers must be maintained in good working order for the duration of overhead transmission and distribution electricity infrastructure development activities.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Undertake maintenance activities on fences and barriers	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of maintained fences and barriers
<ul> <li>Fencing must be erected around the camp, batching plants, hazardous storage areas, and all designated access restricted areas, where appropriate and would not cause harm to the sensitive flora.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Fence construction camps, batching plants, hazardous storage areas and access restricted areas. Avoid sensitive flora	During the construction phase	ECO	Once during the erection of fencing	Photographic record of fences erected

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>Any temporary fencing to restrict the movement of livestock must only be erected with the permission of the landowner.</li> </ul>	dEO/ cEO Contractor	Obtain written approval from the relevant landowner where temporary fencing is required to restrict livestock movement	During the construction phase	ECO	To be monitored as temporary fencing is required	Written approval to be provided by the dEO
<ul> <li>All fencing must be developed of high-quality material bearing the SABS mark.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Make use of high-quality materials approved by SABS	During the construction phase	CEO	To be monitored as fencing is erected during the construction phase	Use of high- quality materials for fencing approved by SABS
<ul> <li>The use of razor wire as fencing must be avoided as far as possible.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Razor wire must not be sourced or used for the erection of fencing	During the construction phase	ECO	To be monitored as fencing is erected during the construction phase	Fences erected do not make use of razor wire
<ul> <li>Fenced areas with gate access must remain locked after hours, during weekends and on holidays if staff is away from site. Site security will be required at all times.</li> </ul>	DSS and Contractor	Ensure fenced areas are locked as required through the implementation of a formalised process.	During the construction phase	CEO	Weekly and as and when required	Fences are locked and no complaints from landowners are received. A security

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
		Appoint a security company				company is appointed		
<ul> <li>On completion of the development phase all temporary fences are to be removed.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Removal of all temporary fences	At the end of the Construction Phase	ECO dEO	Once, following the completion of the construction phase	No temporary fences associated with the project is present following the completion of the construction phase		
<ul> <li>The contractor must ensure that all fence uprights are appropriately removed, ensuring that no uprights are cut at ground level but rather removed completely.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Appropriate removal of all fence uprights	At the end of the Construction Phase	ECO dEO	Once, following the completion of the construction phase	No fence uprights associated with the project is present following the completion of the construction phase		

Impact management outcome: Undertake responsible water usage.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- All abstraction points or bore holes must be registered	DPM /	The onsite	Prior to	ECO / dEO	Registration of	Proof of
with the DWS and suitable water meters installed to	Contractor /	borehole must	commencemen		borehole once	registration of
ensure that the abstracted volumes are measured on	dEO / cEO in	be registered	t, during		off prior	borehole from
a daily basis.	consultation with	with the DWS	construction		commencemen	DWS and proof
	the ECO	prior to	and operational		t of construction	of daily records
		commencemen	phase		and monitoring	of abstraction
		t of activities			of abstraction	volumes to be
					volumes on a	attached to
					daily basis during	monthly audit
					construction	reports.
					and during	
					operation.	
<ul> <li>The Contractor must ensure the following:</li> </ul>	Not applicable - It	t is the intention of t	ne project applican	t to source the requ	uired amounts of wo	ater from an onsite
a. The vehicle abstracting water from a river does not	borehole.					
enter or cross it and does not operate from within the						
river;						
b. No damage occurs to the riverbed or banks and						
that the abstraction of water does not entail stream						
diversion activities; and						

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- c. All reasonable measures to limit pollution or							
sedimentation of the downstream watercourse are							
implemented.							
<ul> <li>Ensure water conservation is being practiced by:</li> </ul>	Contractor /	Implement the	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Successful	
a. Minimising water use during cleaning of equipment;	dEO / cEO in	required water	construction		and when	implementation	
b. Undertaking regular audits of water systems; and	consultation with	conservation	phase		required	of water	
c. Including a discussion on water usage and	the ECO	measures				conservation	
conservation during environmental awareness		throughout on-					
training.		site construction					
d. The use of grey water is encouraged.		processes					

# 5.7 Storm and wastewater management

Impact management outcome: Impacts to the environment caused by stormwater and wastewater discharges during construction are avoided.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>Runoff from the cement/ concrete batching areas must be strictly controlled, and contaminated water must be collected, stored and either treated or disposed of off-site, at a location approved by the project manager.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Implement measures for the control and management of runoff	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	No mismanagement of runoff or contaminated water due to the temporary concrete batching plant
<ul> <li>All spillage of oil onto concrete surfaces must be controlled by the use of an approved absorbent material and the used absorbent material disposed of at an appropriate waste disposal facility.</li> </ul>	Contractor and cEO	Obtain approved absorbent material and make use of licensed waste disposal facilities for disposal of oil	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Availability of approved absorbent material at the construction site and proof of disposal of oil at licensed disposal facilities
<ul> <li>Natural stormwater runoff not contaminated during the development and clean water can be discharged directly to watercourses and water bodies, subject to the Project Manager's approval and support by the ECO.</li> </ul>	DPM in consultation with the ECO	Consultation between the DPM and the ECO to determine if water can be discharged directly into water bodies (where present). The necessary water quality testing must be	During the construction phase	ECO	As and when the need arises to discharge natural stormwater runoff and clean water	Proof of consultation between the DPM and ECO and the outcomes thereof to be provided. Proof of water quality testing and the results thereof.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		undertaken prior to discharge				
<ul> <li>Water that has been contaminated with suspended solids, such as soils and silt, may be released into watercourses or water bodies only once all suspended solids have been removed from the water by settling out these solids in settlement ponds. The release of settled water back into the environment must be subject to the Project Manager's approval and support by the ECO.</li> </ul>	DPM in consultation with the ECO	Consultation between the DPM and the ECO to determine if water can be discharged directly into water bodies (where present). The necessary water quality testing must be undertaken prior to discharge	During the construction phase	ECO	As and when the need arises to discharge water	consultation

# 5.8 Solid and hazardous waste management

Impact management outcome: Waste is appropriately stored, handled and safely disposed of at a recognised waste facility.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
<ul> <li>All measures regarding waste management must be undertaken using an integrated waste management approach.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Develop and implement a waste management plan	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Implementation of the waste management plan and proof of waste management through proof of
<ul> <li>Sufficient, covered waste collection bins (scavenger and weatherproof) must be provided.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Provision of appropriate waste collection bins strategically placed throughout the	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	responsible disposal Appropriate waste collection bins are available throughout the site
<ul> <li>A suitably positioned and clearly demarcated waste collection site must be identified and provided.</li> </ul>	DPM and Contractor	site Identify an appropriate Iocation for the waste collection site which must be clearly demarcated through signage and temporary fencing	Design and Construction Phase	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	A waste collection site is appropriately placed and demarcated
<ul> <li>The waste collection site must be maintained in a clean and orderly manner.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Regular collection of waste and maintenance of	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	The waste collection site is maintained and clean

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		the area must be undertaken as per the waste requirements for the project during construction				
<ul> <li>Waste must be segregated into separate bins and clearly marked for each waste type for recycling and safe disposal.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Provide separate and marked bins for the different waste types associated with the construction phase	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	Separate waste bins are available on site and waste generated is separated into the relevant bins
<ul> <li>Staff must be trained in waste segregation.</li> </ul>	cEO / dEO	Include waste segregation as part of the environmental awareness training material.	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist
<ul> <li>Bins must be emptied regularly.</li> </ul>	Contractor cEO	Bins must be emptied before reaching total capacity and on a regular basis as required for the project	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No mismanagemen t of bins.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>General waste produced onsite must be disposed of at registered waste disposal sites/ recycling company.</li> </ul>	Contractor CEO	Disposal of general waste at licensed waste disposal facilities must be undertaken as per the waste management plan	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided
<ul> <li>Hazardous waste must be disposed of at a registered waste disposal site.</li> </ul>	Contractor cEO	Disposal of hazardous waste at licensed waste disposal facilities must be undertaken as per the waste management plan	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided
<ul> <li>Certificates of safe disposal for general, hazardous and recycled waste must be maintained.</li> </ul>	Contractor cEO	Obtain certificates for safe disposal of waste	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided and filed as part of the filing system

# 5.9 Protection of watercourses and estuaries

Impact management outcome: Pollution and contamination of the watercourse environment and or estuary erosion are prevented.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- All watercourses must be protected from direct or	Contractor and	Contractor to	During the	ECO	Weekly	No incidents
indirect spills of pollutants such as solid waste, sewage,	cEO	undertake	construction			reported of
cement, oils, fuels, chemicals, aggregate tailings, wash		activities which	phase			spillage of
and contaminated water or organic material resulting		can cause spills				pollutants into
from the Contractor's activities.		of pollutants				watercourses
		outside of				
		watercourses				
- In the event of a spill, prompt action must be taken to	Contractor and	Develop a	During the	ECO	Weekly	Feedback must
clear the polluted or affected areas.	cEO	management	construction			be provided by
		plan or process	phase			the contractor in
		for				terms of how the
		implementation				spill was handled
		should a spill				and
		take place				photographic
						evidence of the
						feedback must
						be provided and
						kept on record
- Where possible, no development equipment must	Contractor and	Contractor to	During the	ECO	Weekly	No incidents of
traverse any seasonal or permanent wetland.	cEO	ensure that	construction			the movement
		movement of	phase			of equipment
		equipment is				within the
		undertaken				wetlands or their
		outside the				riparian habitat.
		footprint and				
		riparian habitat				
		of the wetlands				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation A					
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		identified within					
		the area.					
- No return flow into the estuaries must be allowed and	Not applicable – r	no estuaries were id	entified within the g	rid connection c	corridor.		
no disturbance of the Estuarine Functional Zone should							
occur.							
- Development of permanent watercourse or estuary	Contractor and	Ensure that only	During the	ECO	Weekly	Ensure	that
crossing must only be undertaken where no alternative	cEO	existing roads or	construction			permanent	
access to tower position is available.		tracks are used	phase			crossings	are
		to access				developed	if
		construction				there is	no
		areas within the				alternative.	
		vicinity of					
		watercourses					
		(including					
		wetlands). No					
		new access					
		roads/tracks					
		should be					
		constructed to					
		provide access					
		to construction					
		areas within the					
		vicinity of					
		watercourses					
		and wetlands					
		within the grid					
		connection					
		corridor/servitud					
		e.					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
<ul> <li>There must not be any impact on the long-term morphological dynamics of watercourses or estuaries.</li> </ul>	DPM Contractor cEO	Develop a management plan or process for implementation should morphological changes be visible within the	During the construction and operation phase	ECO dEO	For all phases of the project life cycle (i.e. construction, operation, decommissionin g)	No incidents reported of spillage of pollutants into watercourses
		watercourses and the wetlands within the grid connection corridor				
<ul> <li>Existing crossing points must be favoured over the creation of new crossings (including temporary access).</li> </ul>	DPM Contractor cEO	Developamanagementplan or processforimplementationshoulda spilltakeplacewithinawatercourseandensurecontinuousmonitoringExistingcrossingpointsto	During the pre- construction and construction phase	ECO dEO	During the construction phase of the project.	Existing crossing points utilised as opposed to new ones created and no incidents reported of spillage of pollutants into watercourses

mpact Management Actions In	Implementation			Monitoring			
Re	Responsible Meth	hod of T	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
pe	person impl	lementation i	implementation	person		compliance	
When working in or near any watercourse or estuary,       Course	person impl used iden pers the must of crost use. Contractor Activ cEO under wate must with cons spec	Iementation       i         d       must       be         htified       and         sonnel       within         construction       sonnel within         construction       these         st       be         these       these         ssings for their       sonnel         ivities       ivities         lertaken near       percourses         st       be       in-line         n       and         usider       the         cified       ironmental		•	Monthly, and as and when required	<b>compliance</b> No degradatio	on he nts

#### 5.10 Vegetation clearing

Impact management outcome: Vegetation clearing is restricted to the authorised development footprint of the proposed infrastructure.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
General:	·	•	•		·	•		
<ul> <li>Indigenous vegetation which does not interfere with the development must be left undisturbed.</li> </ul>	cEO and Contractor	Demarcate areas of indigenous vegetation to be avoided before clearance is undertaken	Construction and operation (i.e. for maintenance purposes)	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Weekly, and as and when required	No unnecessary clearance of indigenous vegetation is undertaken		
<ul> <li>Protected or endangered species may occur on or near the development site. Special care should be taken not to damage such species.</li> </ul>	Contractor cEO	Demarcate areas containing protected or endangered species to be avoided by construction activities	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly, and as and when required	No clearance of protected or endangered species other than those permitted to be removed		
<ul> <li>Search, rescue and replanting of all protected and endangered species likely to be damaged during project development must be identified by the relevant specialist and completed prior to any development or clearing.</li> </ul>	Relevant specialist in consultation with the Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Weekly, and as and when required	Implementation of the Plant Search and Rescue Plan and photographic evidence and		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
						notes of the
						implementation
						of the plan
- Permits for removal must be obtained from the	DPM	Undertake the	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	DAFF and DENC
Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries	dEO	permitting			the	permits on file
(DAFF) and the Northern Cape Department of		process in order			commencemen	
Environment and Nature Conservation (DENC) prior to		to obtain the			t of the	
the cutting or clearing of the affected species, and		relevant permits			construction	
they must be filed.		for the removal			phase and	
		of protected			removal of the	
		species. Permits			protected	
		must be kept on			species	
		file				
- The Environmental Audit Report must confirm that all	ECO	Ensure that the	During the		Not Applicable	
identified species have been rescued and replanted		audit report	Construction			
and that the location of replanting is compliant with		indicates all	Phase and			
conditions of approvals.		species rescued	following the			
		and replanted	completion of			
		and provides	the Construction			
		feedback in	Phase			
		terms of				
		compliance with				
		the conditions of				
		permits for				
		replanting				
- Trees felled due to construction must be documented	ECO	Ensure that the	During the		Not Applicable	
and form part of the Environmental Audit Report.		audit report	Construction			
		documents the	Phase and			
		details of trees	following the			
		felled	completion of			

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
			the Construction				
			Phase				
- Rivers and watercourses must be kept clear of felled	Contractor	Felled trees,	During the	ECO	Monthly	No felled trees,	
trees, vegetation cuttings and debris.	cEO	vegetation	Construction			vegetation	
		cuttings and	Phase			cuttings and	
		debris must be				debris are	
		disposed of at a				dumped in	
		licensed waste				inappropriate	
		disposal facility				locations and	
						disposal	
						certificates are	
						available as	
						proof of	
						responsible	
						disposal	
- Only a registered pest control operator may apply	DPM	A suitably	Construction	ECO	As and when the	Only registered	
herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial	dEO	qualified pest	and Operation		use of herbicides	pest control	
application must be carried out under the supervision	Contractor	control operator			is required	operators must	
of a registered pest control operator that is	cEO and Eskom	must be				be appointed	
appropriately trained.	maintenance	appointed				and proof of	
	staff where					their registration	
	relevant to					must be	
	operation)					provided	
- A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of	Contractor	Develop a daily	During the	ECO	Monthly	Daily register	
herbicide usage.	cEO	register for the	construction			provided by the	
		documentation	phase			pest control	
		of the details of				operator	
		herbicide usage					
<ul> <li>No herbicides must be used in estuaries.</li> </ul>	Not applicable -no	o estuaries were ider	ntified within the grid	d connection cor	idor.		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- All protected species and sensitive vegetation not	Contractor, cEO	Spatially	During the	ECO	Once, during the	Demarcation
removed must be clearly marked and such areas	in consultation	demarcate	construction		undertaking of	and fencing is
fenced off in accordance to Section 5.3: Access	with the dEO	protected	phase		the demarcation	undertaken in-
restricted areas.		species and			of the areas and	line with the
		sensitive			the erection of	requirements of
		vegetation and			the fencing	section 5.3
		implement				
		appropriate				
		fencing where				
		required as per				
		section 5.3				
Servitude:				500		
- Vegetation that does not grow high enough to cause	Contractor, cEO	Identify areas of		ECO	Monthly	An indication of
interference with overhead transmission and	in consultation	vegetation not	and Operation	Operation and		the areas where
distribution infrastructures, or cause a fire hazard to any	with the DPM	to be trimmed.		maintenance		vegetation has
plantation, must not be cut or trimmed unless it is	and Eskom			team		not been
growing in the road access area, and then only at the discretion of the Project Manager.	maintenance staff where					trimmed or where
discletion of the Project Manager.	relevant to					vegetation has
	operation)					been removed
	operation					from access
						roads must be
						provided.
- Where clearing for access purposes is essential, the	Contractor	Clearing for	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Proof must be
maximum width to be cleared within the servitude	cEO and Eskom	access must be	construction		and when	provided that
must be in accordance to distance as agreed	maintenance	undertaken as	phase		required	only agreed
between the landowner and the EA holder.	staff where	per the				upon areas have
	relevant to	requirements				been cleared
	operation)	provided by the				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	nplementation Monitoring			nitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
		landowner and						
		the EA holder						
- Alien invasive vegetation must be removed according	Contractor	Undertake	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as	Proof must be		
to a plan (in line with relevant municipal and provincial	cEO	removal of alien	and Operation	Operation and	and when	provided that		
procedures, guidelines and recommendations) and		invasive		maintenance	required	alien invasive		
disposed of at a recognised waste disposal facility.		vegetation in		team		vegetation has		
		accordance				been cleared in		
		with the relevant				accordance to		
		guideline				the relevant		
		relevant to the				guideline and		
		project area and				that the		
		ensure the				vegetation was		
		vegetation is				disposed of at a		
		disposed of at a				licensed waste		
		licensed waste				disposal facility		
		disposal facility						
- Vegetation must be trimmed where it is likely to intrude	Contractor	Develop a	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as	Proof must be		
on the minimum vegetation clearance distance	cEO and Eskom	procedure for	and operation	Operation and	and when	provided that		
(MVCD) or will intrude on this distance before the next	maintenance	the trimming of		maintenance	required	vegetation is		
scheduled clearance. MVCD is determined from SANS	staff where	vegetation in		team		trimmed in		
10280	relevant to	terms of the				accordance		
	operation)	listed				with the listed		
		requirements				requirements		
- Debris resulting from clearing and pruning must be	Contractor	Dispose of the	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as	Proof must be		
disposed of at a recognised waste disposal facility,	cEO and Eskom	debris in	and operation	Operation and	and when	provided that		
unless the landowners wish to retain the cut	maintenance	accordance		maintenance	required	the debris has		
vegetation.	staff where	with the waste		team		been disposed		
	relevant to	management				of at a licensed		
	operation)	plan				waste disposal		
						facility or		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
						retained by the
						landowners.
- In the case of the development of new overhead	Contractor	Develop a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Proof of
transmission and distribution infrastructures, a one	cEO and Eskom	procedure for	& Construction		the	implementation
metre "trace-line" must be cut through the vegetation	maintenance	the cutting of			commencemen	of the procedure
for stringing purposes only and no vehicle access must	staff where	vegetation for			t of construction	for the cutting of
be cleared along the "trace-line". Alternative	relevant to	stringing				vegetation for
methods of stringing that limit impact to the	operation)	purposes				stringing
environment must always be considered.						purposes

# 5.11 Protection of fauna

Impact management outcome: Minimise disturbance to fauna and avifauna.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- No interference with livestock must occur without the	dEO / cEO	Develop a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Written consent
landowner's written consent and with the landowner	Contractor	procedure for	and during the		the	provided by the
or a person representing the landowner being present.		dealing with	construction		commencemen	landowner and
		livestock within	phase		t of construction	proof of
		the affected			and as and	representation
		properties			when required	of the
					during the	landowner

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
					construction phase	during interference
<ul> <li>The breeding sites of raptors and other wild bird species must be taken into consideration during the planning of the development programme.</li> </ul>	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Ensure that the planning and development programme considers breeding sites for raptors and wild bird species	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and as and when required	The planning and development programme includes the consideration of breeding sites for wild bird species
<ul> <li>Breeding sites must be kept intact and disturbance to breeding birds must be avoided. Special care must be taken where nestlings or fledglings are present.</li> </ul>	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor and Eskom maintenance staff where relevant to operation)	Avoid breeding sites and ensure that special care is taken in the presence of nestlings and fledglings	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Weekly, and as an when required during the construction. Monthly, and as and when required during operation	Photographic record of intact breeding sites
<ul> <li>Nesting sites on existing parallel lines must documented.</li> </ul>	dEO / cEO and Eskom maintenance staff where relevant to operation)	Walk-downs of the existing lines located parallel to the project must be undertaken and nests and the details thereof documented	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Quarterly, and as and when required	Details of walk- downs undertaken must be noted and kept on file and photographic records of nesting sites must be kept

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>Special recommendations of the avian specialist must be adhered to at all times to prevent unnecessary disturbance of birds.</li> </ul>	persondEO / cEO inconsultation withthe Contractorand Eskommaintenancestaff where	implementationAllmitigationmeasuresrecommendedby the avifaunaspecialistmustbe implemented	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Weekly during construction and monthly during operation	Photographic record of compliance and successful implementation of the
<ul> <li>Bird guards and diverters must be installed on the new line as per the recommendations of the specialist.</li> </ul>	relevant to operation) dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor and Eskom maintenance staff where relevant to operation)	Recommendati ons made by the specialist for the installation of bird guards and diverters must be adhered to and implemented as	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Monthly, and as and when required	recommended measures Photographic record of implementation and maintenance of bird guards and diverters
<ul> <li>No poaching must be tolerated under any circumstances. All animal dens in close proximity to the works areas must be marked as Access restricted areas.</li> </ul>	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	appropriate. Bird guards and diverters must be maintained All site staff must be informed of this requirement during the Environmental Awareness Training and the	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No instances of poaching are reported
		consequences of not adhering to the				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	-	requirement. These areas must be demarcated as Access Restricted Areas				
- No deliberate or intentional killing of fauna is allowed.	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	All site staff must be informed of this requirement during the Environmental Awareness Training and the consequences of not adhering to the requirement. These areas must be demarcated as Access Restricted Areas	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No instances of deliberate or intentional killing is reported
<ul> <li>In areas where snakes are abundant, snake deterrents are to be deployed on the pylons to prevent snakes climbing up, being electrocuted and causing power outages; and</li> </ul>	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor and Eskom maintenance staff where relevant to operation)	Implement and maintain snake deterrents on pylons in areas where snakes are abundant	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Once, during the construction of the pylons and as and when required. Monthly during operation	Photographic record of the implementation and maintenance of snake deterrents

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- No Threatened or Protected species (ToPs) and/or	DPM in	Undertake a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Permits for
protected fauna as listed according NEMBA (Act No.	consultation with	permitting			the	removal
10 of 2004) and relevant provincial ordinances may be	the dEO	process to			commencemen	and/relocation
removed and/or relocated without appropriate		obtain the			t of construction	must be kept on
authorisations/permits.		required permits			and as and	file and be
					when required	readily available

# 5.12 Protection of heritage resources

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to heritage resources.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Identify, demarcate and prevent impact to all known	DPM and a	Undertake a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Proof	of
sensitive heritage features on site in accordance with	suitably qualified	Heritage Walk-			the	avoidance	of
the No-Go procedure in Section 5.3: Access restricted	specialist	through Survey			commencemen	sensitive	
areas;					t of construction	heritage	
	dEO / cEO in	Spatially identify				features throug	gh
	consultation with	and demarcate				details	of
	the Contractor	areas of				avoidance an	۱d
		heritage				photographic	
		significance as				records	
		per the Heritage					
		Walk-through					
		Report and as					
		per the					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		requirements of				
		section 5.3				
- Carry out general monitoring of excavations for	Suitably	Appoint a	During the	ECO	During the	Proof of
potential fossils, artefacts and material of heritage	qualified	suitably qualified	Construction		undertaking of	appointment of
importance;	specialist in	specialist to	Phase		excavations of	a suitably
	consultation with	carry out the			fossils, artefacts	qualified
	the dEO / cEO	monitoring of			and heritage	specialist and
		excavations for			material	photographic
		fossils, artefacts				record of
		and important				required
		heritage				monitoring by
		material				the specialist
– All work must cease immediately, if any human	dEO / cEO in	Develop and	During the	ECO	Weekly, during	Proof of work
remains and/or other archaeological,	consultation with	implement	Construction		the construction	ceased and the
palaeontological and historical material are	the Contractor	procedures for	Phase		phase and as	required
uncovered. Such material, if exposed, must be	and ECO	situations where			and when	procedures
reported to the nearest museum, archaeologist/		human remains,			required	followed in
palaeontologist (or the South African Police		archaeological,				cases where
Services), so that a systematic and professional		palaeontologic				material is
investigation can be undertaken. Sufficient time		al or historical				discovered.
must be allowed to remove/collect such material		material are				
before development recommences. In the event		uncovered				
that any unanticipated heritage feature is						
uncovered during construction or operation phases						
of the project, alert the relevant heritage authority						
and mitigate if deemed necessary.						
<ul> <li>The contact details for SAHRA are:</li> </ul>						
- Tel: 021 462 4502						
– Fax: 021 462 4509						
<ul> <li>Email: mgalimberti@sahra.org</li> </ul>						

#### 5.13 Safety of the public

Impact management outcome: All precautions are taken to minimise the risk of injury, harm or complaints.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Identify fire hazards, demarcate and restrict public	cEO in	Develop an	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Compliance
access to these areas as well as notify the local	consultation with	Emergency	Construction		the	with the
authority of any potential threats e.g. large brush	the Contractor	Preparedness,			commencemen	Emergency
stockpiles, fuels etc.;		Response and			t of construction	Preparedness,
		Fire			and weekly	Response and
		Management			during the	Fire
		Plan specific to			construction	Management
		the project			phase	Plan
- All unattended open excavations must be adequately	Contractor	Ensure that all	During the	ECO	Weekly	Excavations are
fenced or demarcated;		excavations	Construction			fenced where
		undertaken is	Phase			required and
		fenced and				photographic
		demarcated				proof can be
		within a				provided
		reasonable				
		timeframe and				
		in instances				
		where				
		excavations will				
		be open for				
		long-periods of				
		time				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Adequate protective measures must be implemented	Contractor	All staff must be	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No incidents of
to prevent unauthorised access to and climbing of		easily	construction		and when	unauthorised
partly constructed towers and protective scaffolding;		identifiable and	phase		required	climbing is
		the climbing of				reported
		towers and				
		scaffolding must				
		be undertaken				
		by authorised				
		personnel as				
		managed by				
		the Contractor				
- Ensure structures vulnerable to high winds are secured;	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Weekly, and as	No incidents of
and		sufficient	construction		and when	unstable
		stabilisation	phase		required	structures due to
		measures are				high winds is
		implemented to				reported
		secure structures				
		vulnerable to				
		high winds				
- Maintain an incidents and complaints register in which	cEO	Compile and	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	The incidents
all incidents or complaints involving the public are		regularly update	construction		and when	and complaints
logged.		as incidents and	phase		required	register is
		complaints are				complete and
		submitted from				provides all the
		the public and				required details
		indicate the				
		actions taken to				
		resolve the				
		complaint				

# 5.14 Sanitation

**Impact management outcome:** Clean and well-maintained toilet facilities are available to all staff in an effort to minimise the risk of disease and impact to the environment.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Mobile chemical toilets are installed onsite if no other	Contractor	Mobile chemical	During the	ECO	Weekly	Mobile toilets are
ablution facilities are available;		toilets must be	Construction			installed and
		placed	Phase			avoid
		appropriately				environmental
		and in areas that				sensitivities
		avoid				
		environmental				
		sensitivities				
- The use of ablution facilities and or mobile toilets must	Contractor in	All site staff must	Pe-construction	ECO	Monthly, and as	No evidence of
be used at all times and no indiscriminate use of the	consultation with	be informed of	& Construction		and when	non-compliance
veld for the purposes of ablutions must be permitted	the cEO	this requirement			required	identified
under any circumstances;		during the				
		Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training and the				
		consequences				
		of not adhering				
		to the				
		requirement.				
- Where mobile chemical toilets are required, the	Contractor in	The installation	During the	ECO	Weekly	No evidence of
following must be ensured:	consultation with	of the toilets by	Construction			non-compliance
a) Toilets are located no closer than 100m to any	the cEO	the Contractor	Phase			identified
watercourse or water body;		must be as per				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
b) Toilets are secured to the ground to prevent them		the listed				
from toppling due to wind or any other cause;		requirements				
c) No spillage occurs when the toilets are cleaned						
or emptied and the contents are managed in						
accordance with the EMPr;						
d) Toilets have an external closing mechanism and						
are closed and secured from the outside when						
not in use to prevent toilet paper from being						
blown out;						
e) Toilets are emptied before long weekends and						
workers holidays, and must be locked after						
working hours; and						
f) Toilets are serviced regularly and the ECO must						
inspect toilets to ensure compliance to health						
standards.						
- A copy of the waste disposal certificates must be	Contractor	Certificates	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Certificates for
maintained.		obtained from	Construction		and when	waste disposal
		the licensed	Phase		required	from the
		waste disposal				licensed waste
		facility with the				disposal facility
		emptying of the				
		toilets must be				
		kept on file				

# 5.15 Prevention of disease

Impact Management outcome: All necessary precautions linked to the spread of disease are taken.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>Undertake environmentally friendly pest control in the camp area;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Only environmentally- friendly pest control must be used, when required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	As and when pest control is required for the project	Contractor to provide proof of pest control used being environmentally- friendly
<ul> <li>Ensure that the workforce is sensitised to the effects of sexually transmitted diseases, especially HIV/ AIDS;</li> </ul>	cEO / Contractor	The effects of sexually transmitted diseases and HIV/ AIDS must be covered in the Environmental Awareness Training	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and monthly during construction	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist
<ul> <li>The Contractor must ensure that information posters on HIV/ AIDS are displayed in the Contractor Camp area;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Develop and place information posters on HIV/ AIDS	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Photographic evidence of poster placement
<ul> <li>Information and education relating to sexually transmitted diseases to be made available to both construction workers and local community, where applicable;</li> </ul>	cEO / Contractor	Information and education of sexually transmitted diseases must be covered in the Environmental Awareness Training.	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>Free condoms must be made available to all staff on site at central points;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Placement of free condoms in mobile toilets and at the construction camps	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of placement of free condoms by the contractor to be provided
<ul> <li>Medical support must be made available; and</li> </ul>	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Ensure that designated personnel with first aid training are available on site and that first aid kits to provide medical support is readily available	Construction and Operations	ECO	Monthly	Check the availability of first aid trained personnel and medical kits (including if these are complete in terms of supplies)
<ul> <li>Provide access to Voluntary HIV Testing and Counselling Services.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Compile a HIV testing schedule and provide counselling services where required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Quarterly, and as and when required	Voluntary testing schedules and proof of counselling (where undertaken)

# 5.16 Emergency procedures

Impact management outcome: Emergency procedures are in place to enable a rapid and effective response to all types of environmental emergencies.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	ı		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>Compile an Emergency Response Action Plan (ERAP) prior to the commencement of the proposed project;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Develop an Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan specific to the project	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan compiled
<ul> <li>The Emergency Plan must deal with accidents, potential spillages and fires in line with relevant legislation;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Develop an Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan specific to the project which covers accidents, potential spillages and fires	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan includes required specifications
<ul> <li>All staff must be made aware of emergency procedures as part of environmental awareness training;</li> </ul>	cEO / dEO	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the relevant emergency procedures	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the commencemen t of the environmental awareness training	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- The relevant local authority must be made aware of a	Contractor	Develop and	Construction	ECO	As and when a	The local
fire as soon as it starts; and		include a			fire occurs	authority was
		procedure in the				informed as per
		Emergency				the relevant
		Preparedness,				procedure set
		Response and				out in the
		Fire				Emergency
		Management				Preparedness,
		Plan for the				Response and
		event of a fire				Fire
		and the				Management
		procedure to be				Plan
		followed for				
		informing the				
		local authority				
- In the event of emergency, necessary mitigation	Contractor and	Implement the	Construction	ECO	As and when a	The mitigation
measures to contain the spill or leak must be	Eskom	required	and Operations		spill or leak	measures
implemented (see Hazardous Substances section	maintenance	mitigation			occurs	included under
5.17).	staff where	measures in the				Section 5.17
	relevant to	event of a spill or				have been
	operation)	leak as per the				adhered to
		requirements of				
		Section 5.17.				

# 5.17 Hazardous substances

Impact management outcome: Safe storage, handling, use and disposal of hazardous substances.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- The use and storage of hazardous substances to be	cEO in	Develop a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Contractor to	
minimised and non-hazardous and non-toxic	consultation with	strategy of how	& Construction		the	provide	
alternatives substituted where possible;	the Contractor	hazardous			commencemen	evidence of	
		substances can			t of construction	substances used	
		be and should			and monthly	for proof of	
		be minimised			during the	compliance	
					construction		
					phase		
- All hazardous substances must be stored in suitable	Contractor	Develop a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Photographic	
containers as defined in the Method Statement;		Method	& Construction		the	proof that	
		Statement for			commencemen	hazardous	
		the storage of			t of construction	substances are	
		hazardous			and monthly	stored in suitable	
		substances in			during the	containers as	
		suitable			construction	per the	
		containers			phase	requirements of	
						the relevant	
						Method	
						Statements	
- Containers must be clearly marked to indicate	Contractor	Where	During the	ECO	Monthly	Photographic	
contents, quantities and safety requirements;		hazardous waste	Construction			proof that	
		is stored these	Phase			containers are	
		must be clearly				marked as per	
		marked				the requirements	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		indicating the				
		required details				
		of the contents				
– All storage areas must be bunded. The bunded area	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Monthly during	Photographic
must be of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak		storage areas	Construction		the Construction	proof that
from the stored containers;		are sufficiently	Phase		Phase	storage areas
		bunded which				are bunded and
		are of sufficient				proof that the
		capacity to				bund areas are
		contain a spill /				of sufficient
		leak from the				capacity to
		stored				contain a spill /
		containers				leak from the
						stored
						containers
- Bunded areas to be suitably lined with a SABS	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Once, during the	Photographic
approved liner;		bunded storage	Construction		Construction	proof that
		areas are	Phase		Phase	bunded storage
		suitably lined				areas are
						suitably lined
– An Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance	cEO /	Compile and	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Complete and
(HCS) control sheet must be drawn up and kept up to	Contractor	update an	Construction		and when	up to date
date on a continuous basis;		Alphabetical	Phase		required	control sheet
		Hazardous				provided by the
		Chemical				Contractor
		Substance (HCS)				
		control sheet				
		specific to the				
		project				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>All hazardous chemicals that will be used on site must have Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS);</li> </ul>	CEO / Contractor	Keep a record of all hazardous chemicals and the respective MSDS	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Record of hazardous chemicals and the respective MSDS
<ul> <li>All employees working with HCS must be trained in the safe use of the substance and according to the safety data sheet;</li> </ul>	CEO / Contractor	Provide training for personnel working with HCS	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and as and when required	Record of training provided to personnel working with HCS
<ul> <li>Employees handling hazardous substances / materials must be aware of the potential impacts and follow appropriate safety measures. Appropriate personal protective equipment must be made available;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the relevant impacts and safety measures. Provide appropriate training and personal protective equipment for the relevant personnel handling hazardous	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Prior to the commencemen t of the environmental awareness training and monthly during the construction phase for personal protective equipment	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist and all relevant personnel have undergone appropriate training and have access to personal protective equipment

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person	substances and materials	Implementation	person		compliance
<ul> <li>The Contractor must ensure that diesel and other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid is stored in appropriate storage tanks or in bowsers;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed or obtained for the storing of diesel, other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Storage tanks for the project are appropriate and no incidents are reported in this regard
<ul> <li>The tanks/ bowsers must be situated on a smooth impermeable surface (concrete) with a permanent bund. The impermeable lining must extend to the crest of the bund and the volume inside the bund must be 130% of the total capacity of all the storage tanks/ bowsers (110% statutory requirement plus an allowance for rainfall);</li> </ul>	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed or obtained for tanks as per the requirements listed	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Storage areas for the tanks/ bowsers for the project are appropriate and no incidents are reported in this regard
<ul> <li>The floor of the bund must be sloped, draining to an oil separator;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed as per the requirements listed	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, during construction	Bunded storage areas are constructed according to the requirements
<ul> <li>Provision must be made for refuelling at the storage area by protecting the soil with an impermeable groundcover. Where dispensing equipment is used, a</li> </ul>	Contractor	Appropriately constructed refuelling facility must be	During the Construction Phase	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Soils at the refuelling facility are protected as required and

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
drip tray must be used to ensure small spills are		developed as				drip trays are
contained;		per the				provided and
		requirements.				used
		Drip trays must				
		be provided for				
		use				
- All empty externally dirty drums must be stored on a	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Monthly	Drip trays or
drip tray or within a bunded area;		empty dirty	Construction	cEO	Weekly	bunded areas
		drums are stored	Phase			are used for the
		appropriately as				storage of dirty
		per the				drums
		requirements				
- No unauthorised access into the hazardous	Contractor	Ensure through	During the	ECO	Monthly	Proof of the
substances storage areas must be permitted;		the	Construction		,	implementation
		implementation	Phase			of the relevant
		of procedures				procedure must
		that no				be provided by
		unauthorised				the contractor
		access is				
		undertaken into				
		the storage				
		areas				
<ul> <li>No smoking must be allowed within the vicinity of the</li> </ul>	Contractor	Inform all	During the	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
hazardous storage areas;	Comación	employees of	Construction	cEO	Weekly	record of the
		the requirement	Phase	CLO	WCCKIY	signage placed
		and develop				must be
		and place				provided
		relevant signage				provided
		• •				
		in the relevant				
		areas				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
<ul> <li>Adequate fire-fighting equipment must be made available at all hazardous storage areas;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Hazardous storage areas must be fitted with adequate fire-fighting equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Adequate fire- fighting equipment is available and has been serviced		
<ul> <li>Where refuelling away from the dedicated refuelling station is required, a mobile refuelling unit must be used. Appropriate ground protection such as drip trays must be used;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Provide a mobile refuelling unit as well as suitable ground protection, where required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	A mobile refuelling unit and suitable ground protection is available for use		
<ul> <li>An appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the scale of the activity/s involving the use of hazardous substance must be available at all times;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Provide an appropriate spill kit for the project for the use of hazardous substances	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Appropriate spill kits are available for use		
<ul> <li>The responsible operator must have the required training to make use of the spill kit in emergency situations;</li> </ul>	cEO and Contractor	Provide training on the use of spill kits to the relevant employees	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Proof of training to be provided by the contractor		
<ul> <li>An appropriate number of spill kits must be available and must be located in all areas where activities are being undertaken; and</li> </ul>	cEO and Contractor	Provide an appropriate number of spill kits in relevant areas	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of appropriate number of spill kits in appropriate areas to be		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		Implementation	inplementation			provided by the contractor
<ul> <li>In the event of a spill, contaminated soil must be collected in containers and stored in a central location and disposed of according to the National Environmental Management: Waste Act 59 of 2008. Refer to Section 5.7 for procedures concerning storm and wastewater management and 5.8 for solid and hazardous waste management.</li> </ul>	cEO and Contractor	Storage and disposal of contaminated soil must be in accordance with the National Environmental Management: Waste Act and sections 5.7 and 5.8 of this EMPr	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof of storage and disposal in terms of the National Environmental Management: Waste Act must be provided. Certificates of disposal at licensed waste disposal facilities must be provided

# 5.18 Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage

Impact management outcome: Soil, surface water and groundwater contamination is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Where possible and practical all maintenance of	Contractor	Demarcate	During the	ECO	Monthly	A dedicated	
vehicles and equipment must take place in the		specific areas for	Construction			area for the	
workshop area;		the	Phase			maintenance of	
		maintenance of				vehicles and	
		vehicles and				machinery is	
		equipment				used.	
- During servicing of vehicles or equipment, especially	Contractor	Ensure that a	During the	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to	
where emergency repairs are effected outside the		drip tray is	Construction			provide	
workshop area, a suitable drip tray must be used to		available for any	Phase			evidence of drip	
prevent spills onto the soil.		emergency				tray use for	
		repairs required				emergency	
						repairs	
- Leaking equipment must be repaired immediately or	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to	
be removed from site to facilitate repair;		where leaking	Construction			provide details	
		equipment is	Phase			of equipment	
		identified it is				repaired or	
		repaired				removed from	
		immediately or				site	
		removed from					
		site for repairs					
- Workshop areas must be monitored for oil and fuel	cEO	Undertake	During the	ECO	Monthly	Updated register	
spills;		regular	Construction			of inspection	
		inspections of	Phase				
		the workshop					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		areas for oil and fuel spills and keep an updated register of inspection on site				
<ul> <li>Appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the scale of the activity taking place must be available;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Provide an appropriate spill kit for the project	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Appropriate spill kits are available for use
<ul> <li>The workshop area must have a bunded concrete slab that is sloped to facilitate runoff into a collection sump or suitable oil / water separator where maintenance work on vehicles and equipment can be performed;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure that the workshop area is sufficiently bunded in accordance with the required specification	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, during the Construction Phase and as and when required	Workshop area is bunded in accordance with the required specification
<ul> <li>Water drainage from the workshop must be contained and managed in accordance with Section 5.7: storm and wastewater management.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure that water drainage from workshop area is managed as per the requirements of section 5.7	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Workshop drainage is managed in accordance with the requirements

# 5.19 Batching plants

Impact management outcome: Minimise spillages and contamination of soil, surface water and groundwater.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>Concrete mixing must be carried out on an impermeable surface;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Provide impermeable surface for the mixing of concrete	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	No concrete mixing is undertaken on open ground
<ul> <li>Batching plants areas must be fitted with a containment facility for the collection of cement laden water.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure batching plant used on site contains a containment facility for the collection of cement laden water.	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	No run-off cement laden water is released into the surrounding area from the batching plant.
<ul> <li>Dirty water from the batching plant must be contained to prevent soil and groundwater contamination</li> </ul>	Contractor	Dirty water from the batching plant is safely stored.	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	No leaks of dirty water from the batching plant into the surrounding area is reported.
<ul> <li>Bagged cement must be stored in an appropriate facility and at least 10m away from any water courses, gullies and drains;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Demarcate and provide a storage area for bagged cement in-line with the	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Photographic proof of bagged cement stored within the

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		listed requirements				demarcated area
<ul> <li>A washout facility must be provided for washing of concrete associated equipment. Water used for washing must be restricted;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Provide a washout facility for the washing of associated equipment. Enforce limitations on water use for washing of equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	No cement laden water is released into the environment. Only minimal water is used for washing
<ul> <li>Hardened concrete from the washout facility or concrete mixer can either be reused or disposed of at an appropriate licensed disposal facility;</li> </ul>	Contractor cEO	Make use of hardened concrete where possible or dispose of concrete in a suitable manner	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Certificates of disposal of concrete at licensed waste disposal facility
<ul> <li>Empty cement bags must be secured with adequate binding material if these will be temporarily stored on site;</li> </ul>	Contractor cEO	Bind empty cement bags and temporarily store it in an appropriate area on site	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of binding of empty cement bags and storage in an appropriate area on site to be provided by the Contractor

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>Sand and aggregates containing cement must be kept damp to prevent the generation of dust (Refer to Section 5.20: Dust emissions)</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure that sand and aggregates are kept damp or otherwise protected from dust generation	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of damping (or alternative dust suppression) of sand and aggregates must be provided by the Contractor
<ul> <li>Any excess sand, stone and cement must be removed or reused from site on completion of construction period and disposed at a registered disposal facility; and</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure that all excess sand, stone and cement is removed or reused	At the completion of the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, with the completion of construction	Certificates for the disposal of sand, stone and cement at licensed waste disposal facilities or proof of reuse must be provided
<ul> <li>Temporary fencing must be erected around batching plants in accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing and gate installation.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Installation of fencing around the batching plant.	Prior to commencemen t of construction activities	ECO	Weekly	Fencing is installed around the footprint of the batching plant.

### 5.20 Dust emissions

**Impact management outcome:** Dust prevention measures are applied to minimise the generation of dust.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
<ul> <li>Take all reasonable measures to minimise the generation of dust as a result of project development activities to the satisfaction of the ECO;</li> </ul>	Contractor cEO	Apply appropriate dust suppressant	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Contractor to provide proof of use of appropriate dust suppressants	
<ul> <li>Removal of vegetation must be avoided until such time as soil stripping is required and similarly exposed surfaces must be re- vegetated or stabilised as soon as is practically possible;</li> </ul>	Contractor cEO	Proper planning for vegetation removal must be undertaken as well as for the associated rehabilitation	During the Construction Phase and Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Plan for implementation must be provided by the Contractor	
<ul> <li>Excavation, handling and transport of erodible materials must be avoided under high wind conditions or when a visible dust plume is present;</li> </ul>	Contractor cEO	Ensure that specific limitations are placed on the transport and handling of erodible materials during high wind conditions or when a visible	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Bi-weekly (every second week)	No complaints submitted in this regard	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
		dust plume is present						
<ul> <li>During high wind conditions, the ECO must evaluate the situation and make recommendations as to whether dust-damping measures are adequate, or whether working will cease altogether until the wind speed drops to an acceptable level;</li> </ul>	ECO	ECO to provide adequate recommendatio ns	During the Construction Phase		Not Applicable	<u> </u>		
<ul> <li>Where possible, soil stockpiles must be located in sheltered areas where they are not exposed to the erosive effects of the wind;</li> </ul>	Contractor cEO	Place soil stockpiles in areas less affected by wind	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Bi-weekly (every second week)	Soil stockpiles are not exposed to wind and have not been eroded		
<ul> <li>Where erosion of stockpiles becomes a problem, erosion control measures must be implemented at the discretion of the ECO;</li> </ul>	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Contractor to implement erosion control measures as recommended and agreed with the ECO	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly, until erosion is no longer a problem	Recommendati ons made by the ECO have been implemented by the Contractor		
<ul> <li>Vehicle speeds must not exceed 40km/h along dust roads or 20km/h when traversing unconsolidated and non-vegetated areas;</li> </ul>	cEO / dEO / contractor and Eskom maintenance staff where relevant to operation)	Inform all drivers of speed limits and place appropriate signage along the relevant roads	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and Maintenance team	Monthly	No complaints from community members are submitted		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Straw stabilisation must be applied at a rate of one	Contractor	Ensure that straw	During the	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
bale/10m <sup>2</sup> and harrowed into the top 100mm of top		stabilisation is	Construction			record of all
material, for all completed earthworks;		undertaken as	Phase			straw
		per the listed				stabilisation
		requirements				undertaken
- For significant areas of excavation or exposed ground,	Contractor	Appropriate dust	During the	ECO	Weekly	Photographic
dust suppression measures must be used to minimise		suppressant	Construction			record of
the spread of dust.		measures are	Phase			measures being
		implemented				implemented
						and the results
						thereof

#### 5.21 Blasting

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment is minimised through a safe blasting practice.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe f	r Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Any blasting activity must be conducted by a suitably	Not Applicable – r	no blasting will be re	quired for the pr	oject.			
licensed blasting contractor; and							
- Notification of surrounding landowners, emergency							
services site personnel of blasting activity 24 hours prior							
to such activity taking place on Site.							

#### 5.22 Noise

Impact Management outcome: Unnecessary noise is prevented by ensuring that noise from construction activities is mitigated.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>The Contractor must keep noise level within acceptable limits. Restrict the use of sound amplification equipment for communication and emergency only;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure that noise limits do not exceed acceptable limits and avoid the use of amplification communication	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No complaints registered in this regard. No amplification equipment is used.
<ul> <li>All vehicles and machinery must be fitted with appropriate silencing technology and must be properly maintained;</li> </ul>	Contractor cEO	Provide and implement silencing technology	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No complaints registered in this regard. Silencing technology is utilised.
<ul> <li>Any complaints received by the Contractor regarding noise must be recorded and communicated. Where possible or applicable, provide transport to and from the site on a daily basis for construction workers;</li> </ul>	Contractor cEO	Update complaints register. Provide daily transport to and from site for employees	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Complaints register provided by the cEO and proof of transportation services provided

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Develop a Code of Conduct for the construction	Contractor	Compile a Code	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	No complaints
phase in terms of behaviour of construction staff.	cEO	of Conduct for	and		the	registered in this
Operating hours as determined by the environmental		staff.	Construction		commencemen	regard.
authorisation are adhered to during the development		Appropriate			t of construction	
phase. Where not defined, it must be ensured that		operating hours				
development activities must still meet the impact		must be				
management outcome related to noise		identified for the				
management.		project.				

#### 5.23 Fire prevention

Impact management outcome: Prevention of uncontrollable fires.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
- Designate smoking areas where the fire hazard could	cEO /	Identify and	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic		
be regarded as insignificant;	Contractor	demarcate	& Construction			record of		
		through signage				designated		
		designated				smoking area		
		smoking areas						
- Firefighting equipment must be available on all	cEO / dEO in	Provide all	Construction	ECO	Monthly	All vehicles are		
vehicles located on site;	consultation with	vehicles with				fitted with		
	the Contractor	firefighting				firefighting		
		equipment				equipment and		
						the details		
						thereof are		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						provided by the cEO
<ul> <li>The local Fire Protection Agency (FPA) must be informed of construction activities;</li> </ul>	CEO	Undertake formal consultation to inform the local FPA of the associated construction activities	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, during the commencemen t of the Construction Phase	Proof of consultation with the FPA
<ul> <li>Contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services must be communicated in environmental awareness training and displayed at a central location on site;</li> </ul>	dEO / cEO / Contractor	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services. Place the contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services at a visible and central location	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Prior to the commencemen t of the environmental awareness training and once during the construction phase	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist and photographic record of contact numbers on display

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Two-way swop of contact details between ECO and	ECO	Consultation	Pre-construction	Not Applicable			
FPA.		between the					
		ECO and FPA in					
		order to					
		exchange					
		contact details					

# 5.24 Stockpiling and stockpile areas

Impact management outcome: Erosion and sedimentation as a result of stockpiling are reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
- All material that is excavated during the project	Contractor	Identify and	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Excavated		
development phase (either during piling (if required) or		demarcate an	& Construction			material is not		
earthworks) must be stored appropriately on site in		appropriate				stored within		
order to minimise impacts to watercourses and water		location for the				sensitive		
bodies;		storage of				environmental		
		excavated				areas		
		materials						
- All stockpiled material must be maintained and kept	Contractor	Implement	During the	ECO	Bi-weekly (every	Stockpiled		
clear of weeds and alien vegetation growth by		appropriate and	Construction		second week)	material is		
undertaking regular weeding and control methods;		sufficient	Phase			maintained		
		maintenance on				sufficiently and is		
		stockpiled				clear of weeds		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		material regularly				and alien vegetation
<ul> <li>Topsoil stockpiles must not exceed 2m in height;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Enforce limitations for the height of topsoil stockpiles	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Bi-weekly (every second week)	Topsoil stockpiles do not exceed 2m in height
<ul> <li>During periods of strong winds and heavy rain, the stockpiles must be covered with appropriate material (e.g. cloth, tarpaulin etc.);</li> </ul>	Contractor	Appropriate material must be provided in order to cover stockpiles when required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide proof of availability of appropriate material to cover stockpiles when required
<ul> <li>Where possible, sandbags (or similar) must be placed at the bases of the stockpiled material in order to prevent erosion of the material.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Sandbags must be provided in order to prevent erosion of stockpiled materials	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide proof of availability of sandbags to prevent erosion of stockpiled materials

#### 5.25 Finalising tower positions

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of the survey and pegging operations.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>No vegetation clearing must occur during survey and pegging operations;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Implement restrictions in terms of vegetation clearing during the survey and pegging operations	Pre- construction	ECO	Weekly	Contractor to provide photographic proof that no vegetation has been cleared
<ul> <li>No new access roads must be developed to facilitate access for survey and pegging purposes;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Restrict the development of new access roads for survey and pegging purposes	Pre- construction	ECO	Weekly	Contractor to provide photographic proof that no new roads have been developed
<ul> <li>Project manager, botanical specialist and contractor to agree on final tower positions based on survey within assessed and approved areas;</li> </ul>	DPM, Suitably Qualified Specialist and Contractor	Undertake consultation between the relevant responsible people and finalise the tower positions for the power line	Pre- construction	ECO	Once the final tower positions have been finalised and agreed upon	Provision of final tower positions to the ECO
<ul> <li>The surveyor is to demarcate (peg) access roads/tracks in consultation with ECO. No deviations will be allowed without the prior written consent from the ECO.</li> </ul>	Surveyor in consultation with the ECO	Undertake consultation between the surveyor and the ECO	Pre- construction	ECO	Weekly	Consultation with the ECO regarding the distribution of pegs.

## 5.26 Excavation and Installation of foundations

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of excavation or installation of foundations.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	ı		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>All excess spoil generated during foundation excavation must be disposed of in an appropriate manner and at a recognised disposal site, if not used for backfilling purposes;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Use a licensed waste disposal facility for the disposal of excess spoil	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Certificates obtained for the disposal of excess spoil at a licensed waste disposal facility
<ul> <li>Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes and must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for rehabilitation purposes;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Construction and Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor
<ul> <li>Management of equipment for excavation purposes must be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.18: Workshop equipment maintenance and storage; and</li> </ul>	Contractor	Undertake the management of equipment for excavation as per the requirements of section 5.18	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of equipment is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.18
<ul> <li>Hazardous substances spills from equipment must be managed in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Undertake the management of hazardous	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of hazardous substances spills

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		substances spills from equipment as per the requirements of section 5.17				from equipment is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.17
<ul> <li>Batching of cement to be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.19: Batching plants;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Undertake the batching of cement as per the requirements of section 5.19.	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of the batching of cement in accordance with the requirements of section 5.19.
<ul> <li>Residual cement must be disposed of in accordance with Section 5.8: Solid and hazardous waste management.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Undertake the disposal of residual cement as per the requirements of section 5.8	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	The disposal of residual cement is undertaken in line with section 5.8.

### 5.27 Assembly and erecting towers

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of assembly and erecting of towers.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Prior to erection, assembled towers and tower sections	Contractor	Provide the	During the	ECO	Weekly	Implementation
must be stored on elevated surfaces (suggest wooden		necessary	Construction			of elevated
blocks) to minimise damage to the underlying		materials for the	Phase			surface and
vegetation;		elevated				photographic
		surface, where				record thereof
		towers are to be				
		placed on				
		indigenous				
		vegetation				
- In sensitive areas, tower assembly must take place off-	Contractor in	Identify sensitive	Pre-construction	ECO	Weekly	Tower assembly
site or away from sensitive positions;	consultation with	areas, including	& Construction			is undertaken
	the cEO	buffers, to be				outside of
		avoided by				sensitive areas
		tower assembly				
		and ensure that				
		the areas are				
		not infringed				
		upon				
- The crane used for tower assembly must be operated	Contractor in	Ensure that no	Pre-construction	ECO	Weekly	No
in a manner which minimises impact to the	consultation with	impact to the	& Construction			environmental
environment;	the cEO	environment is				damages
		imposed during				incurred as a
		the operation of				result of the
		the crane				crane.
- The number of crane trips to each site must be	Contractor in	Ensure that the	Pre-construction	ECO	Weekly	Few crane trips
minimised;	consultation with	utilisation of the	& Construction			to each site
	the cEO	crane is				observed.
		maximised when				
		on site.				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Wheeled cranes must be utilised in preference to	Contractor	Ensure wheeled	Pre-construction	ECO	Weekly	Wheeled cranes
tracked cranes;		cranes are	& Construction			observed on site.
		utilised.				
- Consideration must be given to erecting towers by	Contractor	Contractor to	During the	ECO	Monthly	No
helicopter or by hand where it is warranted to limit the		undertaken	Construction			unacceptable
extent of environmental impact;		erecting of	Phase			environmental
		towers in an				impacts occur
		environmentally				with the erecting
		acceptable				of the towers
		manner				
- Access to tower positions to be undertaken in	Contractor	Undertake	During the	ECO	Monthly	Access to tower
accordance with access requirements specified in		access to tower	Construction			positions are
Section 5.4: Access Roads;		positions as per	Phase			undertaken as
		the requirements				per the
		of section 5.4				requirements of
						section 5.4
- Vegetation clearance to be undertaken in	Contractor	Undertake	During the	ECO	Weekly	Vegetation
accordance with general vegetation clearance		vegetation	Construction			clearance is
requirements specified in Section 5.10: Vegetation		clearance as	Phase			undertaken as
clearing;		per the				per the
		requirements of				requirements of
		section 5.10				section 5.10
- No levelling at tower sites must be permitted unless	Contractor in	Written	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Written
approved by the Development Project Manager or	consultation with	permission for	Construction		and when	permission from
Developer Site Supervisor;	the DPM and	levelling at	Phase		required	the DPM and
	DSS	tower sites, if				DSS provided to
		required, must				the Contractor
		be obtained				
		from the DPM				
		and DSS prior to				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		the undertaking of any levelling activities					
<ul> <li>Topsoil must be removed separately from subsoil material and stored for later use during rehabilitation of such tower sites;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Implement appropriate measures to ensure that topsoil is removed from subsoil material	Construction and Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly, and as and when required	Proof of appropriate measures implemented must be provided by the Contractor	
<ul> <li>Topsoil must be stored in heaps not higher than 2m to prevent destruction of the seed bank within the topsoil;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Implement the listed requirements for the storage of topsoil	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Topsoil is stored as per the listed requirements	
<ul> <li>Excavated slopes must be no greater that 1:3, but where this is unavoidable, appropriate measures must be undertaken to stabilise the slopes;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Implement the listed requirements for the excavation of slopes	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Excavation of slopes is undertaken as per the listed requirements	
<ul> <li>Fly rock from blasting activity must be minimised and any pieces greater than 150 mm falling beyond the Working Area, must be collected and removed;</li> </ul>	Not Applicable - r	no blasting activities	will be required for	the project.			
<ul> <li>Only existing disturbed areas are utilised as spoil areas;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Identify, demarcate and use existing disturbed areas for spoil areas	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Weekly	Only identified disturbed areas are used as spoil areas	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
<ul> <li>Drainage is provided to control groundwater exit gradient with the spill areas such that migration of fires is kept to a minimum;</li> </ul>	Not Applicable					
<ul> <li>Surface water runoff is appropriately channelled through or around spoil areas;</li> </ul>	DPM and Contractor	Design and implement appropriate surface runoff measures for spoil areas	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, during the construction of the surface runoff measures	Implementation of surface runoff measures through and/or around spoil areas
<ul> <li>During backfilling operations, care must be taken not to dump the topsoil at the bottom of the foundation and then put spoil on top of that;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Develop and implement backfilling procedures which ensures that topsoil is not placed at the bottom of foundations.	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Weekly	Backfilling operations are undertaken as per the procedures developed
<ul> <li>The surface of the spoil is appropriately rehabilitated in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 5.29: Landscaping and rehabilitation;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Rehabilitation of the surface spoil must be undertaken in accordance with the requirements of section 5.29	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of the surface spoil is undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.29
<ul> <li>The retained topsoil must be spread evenly over areas to be rehabilitated and suitably compacted to effect re-vegetation of such areas to prevent erosion as soon as construction activities on the site is complete.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure that topsoil is spread evenly and compacted	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Proof that topsoil has been spread evenly and compacted

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
Spreading of topsoil must not be undertaken at the		appropriately.				correctly must	
beginning of the dry season.		This must be				be provided by	
		undertaken				the Contractor/	
		outside of the				cEO. Proof that	
		start of the dry				the activities	
		season				were	
						undertaken	
						outside of the	
						start of the dry	
						season must be	
						provided by the	
						Contractor	

# 5.28 Stringing

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of stringing.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Where possible, previously disturbed areas must be	Contractor	Identify and	Pre-construction	ECO	Weekly	Winch and
used for the siting of winch and tensioner stations. In all		demarcate	& Construction			tensioner
other instances, the siting of the winch and tensioner		areas				stations are
must avoid Access restricted areas and other sensitive		appropriate for				located outside
areas;		the siting of				of identified
		winch and				sensitive areas
		tensioner				
		stations which				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		does not infringe				
		on access				
		restricted areas				
		or				
		environmentally				
		sensitive areas				
- The winch and tensioner station must be equipped	Contractor	Provide sufficient	During the	ECO	Weekly	Sufficient drip
with drip trays in order to contain any fuel, hydraulic		drip trays	Construction			trays are
fuel or oil spills and leaks;			Phase			available for the
						winch and
						tensioner
						stations and no
						spills occur
- Refuelling of the winch and tensioner stations must be	Contractor	The refuelling of	During the	ECO	Monthly	The refuelling of
undertaken in accordance with Section 5.17:		winch and	Construction			winch and
Hazardous substances;		tensioner	Phase			tensioner
		stations must be				stations is
		undertaken as				undertaken as
		per the				per the
		requirements of				requirements of
		section 5.17				section 5.17
- In the case of the development of overhead	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Implementation
transmission and distribution infrastructure, a one metre		implement	& Construction		the	of the
"trace-line" may be cut through the vegetation for		procedures for			commencemen	procedures put
stringing purposes only and no vehicle access must be		implementation			t of construction	in place and
cleared along "trace-lines". Vegetation clearing must		for vegetation			and weekly	proof thereof
be undertaken by hand, using chainsaws and		clearing during			during stringing	from the
handheld implements, with vegetation being cut off at		stringing in line				Contractor
ground level. No tracked or wheeled mechanised		with the				
equipment must be used;		specification.				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>Alternative methods of stringing which limit impact to the environment must always be considered e.g. by hand or by using a helicopter;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Identify and implement the stringing method with the least environmental impact	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Implementation of identified method of stringing with the least environmental impact
<ul> <li>Where the stringing operation crosses a public or private road or railway line, the necessary scaffolding/ protection measures must be installed to facilitate access. If, for any reason, such access has to be closed for any period(s) during development, the persons affected must be given reasonable notice, in writing;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Identify prior to construction areas where protection measures will be required during stringing. Where access is to be restricted timeous written notice must be provided to the affected parties	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof of implementation of protection measures and proof of written notice to affected parties must be provided by the Contractor
<ul> <li>No services (electrical distribution lines, telephone lines, roads, railways lines, pipelines fences etc.) must be damaged because of stringing operations. Where disruption to services is unavoidable, persons affected must be given reasonable notice, in writing;</li> </ul>	Contractor in consultation with the cEO	Avoidthedamagingordisturbanceofexistingservices.Whereserviceswillbedisruptedtimeoustimeousnoticemustbeprovidedtoaffectedparties	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No disruption of services occurs. Where disruption occurs proof of written notice to affected parties must be provided by the Contractor

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
<ul> <li>Where stringing operations cross cultivated land, damage to crops is restricted to the minimum required to conduct stringing operations, and reasonable notice (10 workdays minimum), in writing, must be provided to the landowner;</li> </ul>	Not Applicable - r	no cultivated land is	present within the g	grid connection co	rridor.		
<ul> <li>Necessary scaffolding protection measures must be installed to prevent damage to the structures supporting certain high value agricultural areas such as vineyards, orchards, nurseries.</li> </ul>	Not Applicable – r	no high value agricu	Iltural areas are pre	esent within the gric	l connection corrido	pr.	

## 5.29 Socio-economic

Impact management outcome: Socio-economic development is enhanced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Develop and implement communication strategies to	dEO / cEO	Identify and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Communication	
facilitate public participation;		implement	& Construction		the	is undertaken as	
		appropriate			commencemen	per the	
		strategies for			t of construction	identified	
		communication			and monthly	strategies and	
		with the			during the	no complaints	
		communities			construction	are submitted	
		through				regarding	
		consideration of				communication	
		the community					
		needs					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	I		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
<ul> <li>Develop and implement a collaborative and constructive approach to conflict resolution as part of the external stakeholder engagement process;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Development and implement a Grievance Mechanism which considers the community needs and provides procedures for conflict resolution	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Conflict resolution is undertaken in line with the requirements of the Grievance Mechanism. No complaints on conflict resolution is submitted by the	
Sustain continuous communication and liaison with neighbouring owners and residents	Contractor	Development and implement a Grievance Mechanism which provides procedures for communication / liaison with neighbouring landowners and residents	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and monthly during the construction phase	community Communication / liaison with neighbouring landowners and residents are undertaken in line with the requirements of the Grievance Mechanism. No complaints on communication with neighbouring landowners and residents is submitted	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Create work and training opportunities for local	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	The "locals first"
stakeholders; and		implement a	& Construction		the	policy is
		"locals first"			commencemen	considered in
		policy for the			t of construction	terms of the
		provision of			and monthly	employment
		employment			during the	and training
		opportunities			construction	opportunities
					phase	
- Where feasible, no workers, with the exception of	Not Applicable - r	no workers, other the	an security is propos	ed to stay on-site o	vernight.	
security personnel, must be permitted to stay over-						
night on the site. This would reduce the risk to local						
farmers.						

### 5.30 Temporary closure of site

**Impact management outcome:** Minimise the risk of environmental impact during periods of site closure greater than five days.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Bunds must be emptied (where applicable) and need	Contractor	Regular	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Bunds are	
to be undertaken in accordance with the impact		emptying of the	Construction		closure for more	emptied as per	
management actions included in sections 5.17:		bunds must be	Phase		than 05 days	the requirements	
management of hazardous substances and 5.18		undertaken. This				listed under	
workshop, equipment maintenance and storage;		must be				sections 5.17	
		undertaken as				and 5.18	
		per the					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	I		Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		requirements					
		listed in sections					
		5.17 and 5.18					
- Hazardous storage areas must be well ventilated;	Contractor	Install	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Effective	
		appropriate	construction		closure for more	ventilation is	
		ventilation in all	phase		than 05 days	installed in	
		hazardous				hazardous	
		storage areas				storage areas	
- Fire extinguishers must be serviced and accessible.	Contractor	/ Ensure fire	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Signage placed	
Service records to be filed and audited at last service;	cEO	extinguishers are	Construction		closure for more	indicating	
		serviced, as	Phase		than 05 days	location of fire	
		required and are				extinguishers	
		easily accessible				and service	
		with appropriate				records	
		signage					
		indicating					
		location. Ensure					
		service records					
		are kept up to					
		date and filed					
- Emergency and contact details must be displayed;	Contractor	/ Place	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Photographic	
	cEO	emergency and	Construction		closure for more	proof of contact	
		contact details	Phase		than 05 days	details on	
		which are				display	
		readily available					
		and easily					
		accessible					
- Security personnel must be briefed and have the	Contractor	Hold a workshop	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to site	Proof of the	
facilities to contact or be contacted by relevant		with all security	& construction		closure for more	workshop held	
management and emergency personnel;		personnel to			than 05 days	must be kept on	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation provide a brief of the project	implementation	person		compliance file by the contractor.	
		and security requirements. Provide facilities in order to contact management and emergency					
<ul> <li>Night hazards such as reflectors, lighting, traffic signage etc. must have been checked;</li> </ul>	Contractor	personnel Regular checks of night hazards must be undertaken	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of checks of night hazards must be provided by the contractor	
<ul> <li>Fire hazards identified and the local authority must have been notified of any potential threats e.g. large brush stockpiles, fuels etc.;</li> </ul>	cEO / Contractor	Identify any potential fire hazards and notify the relevant local authority	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of notification of the fire hazards to the local authority must be provided by the Contractor	
<ul> <li>Structures vulnerable to high winds must be secured;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure structures vulnerable to wind are secure prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Structures vulnerable to wind are secured prior to site closure	
<ul> <li>Wind and dust mitigation must be implemented;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Implement wind and dust	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Wind and dust mitigation is implemented	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		mitigation prior to site closure				prior to site closure	
<ul> <li>Cement and materials stores must have been secured;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure cement and material stores are secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Cement and material stores are secured prior to site closure	
<ul> <li>Toilets must have been emptied and secured;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closure	
<ul> <li>Refuse bins must have been emptied and secured;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure refuse bins are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Refuse bins are emptied and secured prior to site closure	
<ul> <li>Drip trays must have been emptied and secured.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site closure	

# 5.31 Landscaping and rehabilitation

Impact management outcome: Areas disturbed during the development phase are returned to a state that approximates the original condition.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
<ul> <li>All areas disturbed by construction activities must be subject to landscaping and rehabilitation; all spoil and waste must be disposed to a registered waste site and certificates of disposal provided;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Develop and implement a rehabilitation plan for the rehabilitation of all disturbed areas. Dispose of all spoil and waste at a licensed waste disposal facility	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas is undertaken as per the rehabilitation plan. All certificates of waste disposal at licensed facilities are available.	
<ul> <li>All slopes must be assessed for contouring, and to contour only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983</li> </ul>	Contractor	Assess all slopes and determine whether contouring is required	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	All slopes are assessed and contoured as required	
<ul> <li>All slopes must be assessed for terracing, and to terrace only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Assess all slopes and determine whether terracing is required	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	All slopes are assessed and terraced as required	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>Berms that have been created must have a slope of 1:4 and be replanted with indigenous species and grasses that approximates the original condition;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure all berms have a slope of 1:4 and is replanted with indigenous species and grasses	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	All berms have a slope of 1:4 and is replanted with indigenous species and grasses
<ul> <li>Where new access roads have crossed cultivated farmlands, that lands must be rehabilitated by ripping which must be agreed to by the holder of the EA and the landowners;</li> </ul>	Contractor	The upper 10cm of soil which was stripped and stockpiled from the entire area where levelling has been conducted should be re- spread over the disturbed surface during rehabilitation: If no levelling was done on a particular area, it is not necessary to strip topsoil from that area.	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Topsoil is spread evenly
<ul> <li>Rehabilitation of tower sites and access roads outside of farmland;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure stockpiled topsoil is used as	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Topsoil is spread evenly

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		per the requirements listed under section 5.24					
<ul> <li>Indigenous species must be used for with species and/grasses to where it compliments or approximates the original condition;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Make use of indigenous species for rehabilitation	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Indigenous species are used for rehabilitation	
<ul> <li>Stockpiled topsoil must be used for rehabilitation (refer to Section 5.24: Stockpiling and stockpiled areas);</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure stockpiled topsoil is used as per the requirements listed under section 5.24	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Stockpiled topsoil is used as per the requirements listed under section 5.24	
<ul> <li>Stockpiled topsoil must be evenly spread so as to facilitate seeding and minimise loss of soil due to erosion;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure that topsoil is spread evenly	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Topsoil is spread evenly	
<ul> <li>Before placing topsoil, all visible weeds from the placement area and from the topsoil must be removed;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Remove all visible weeds from placement area and topsoil before spreading the topsoil	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	No weeds are visible in the placement area or the topsoil	
<ul> <li>Subsoil must be ripped before topsoil is placed;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Undertake the ripping of subsoil prior to the	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Subsoil is ripped before topsoil is placed	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	I		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		spreading of topsoil				
<ul> <li>The rehabilitation must be timed so that rehabilitation can take place at the optimal time for vegetation establishment;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Plan the timeframe for rehabilitation in order to undertake vegetation planting during the optimal time for vegetation establishment	Rehabilitation	ECO	At the start of rehabilitation to confirm correct timeframe	Rehabilitation is undertaken during the optimal time
<ul> <li>Where impacted through construction related activity, all sloped areas must be stabilised to ensure proper rehabilitation is effected and erosion is controlled;</li> </ul>	Contractor	All disturbed slope areas must be stabilised	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Disturbed slopes are stabilised sufficiently
<ul> <li>Sloped areas stabilised using design structures or vegetation as specified in the design to prevent erosion of embankments. The contract design specifications must be adhered to and implemented strictly;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Stabilise slopes as per the design specifications	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Slopes are stabilised as per the design specifications
<ul> <li>Spoil can be used for backfilling or landscaping as long as it is covered by a minimum of 150mm of topsoil.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring					
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of			
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance			
- Where required, re-vegetation including hydro-	Contractor in	Make use of a	Rehabilitation	ECO	As and when	Use of a suitable			
seeding can be enhanced using a vegetation seed	consultation with	suitable			required	vegetation seed			
mixture as described below. A mixture of seed can be	a suitably	vegetation seed				mixture if			
used provided the mixture is carefully selected to	qualified	mixture should				required			
ensure the following:	specialist	enhancement							
a) Annual and perennial plants are chosen;		be required							
b) Pioneer species are included;									
c) Species chosen must be indigenous to the area with									
the seeds used coming from the area;									
d) Root systems must have a binding effect on the soil;									
e) The final product must not cause an ecological									
imbalance in the area									

### 6. ACCESS TO THE GENERIC EMPr

Once completed and signed, to allow the public access to the generic EMPr, the holder of the EA must make the EMPr available to the public in accordance with the requirements of regulation 26(h) of the EIA Regulations.

#### PART B: SECTION 2

#### 7 SITE SPECIFIC INFORMATION AND DECLARATION

#### 7.1 Contact details and description of the project

#### 7.1.1. Details of the Applicant

Applicant Name	South Africa Mainstream Renewable Power Developments(Pty) Ltd
Contact Person	Eugene Marais
Physical Address	4th Floor Mariendahl House,
	Newlands on Main, Corner Main and Campground Road,
	Claremont,
	Cape Town, 7708
Postal Address	PO Box 45063, Claremont, 7735
Telephone	021 657 4052
Fax	N/A
Cell	(073) 871 5781
Email Address	Eugene.Marais@mainstreamrp.com

#### 7.1.2. Details and Expertise of Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP)

EAP Name	Arlene Singh
EAP Qualifications	B.Sc. (Hons.) Environmental Management
Professional	SACNASP
Affiliation/Registration	EAPASA
Physical Address	Waterfall, Cnr Old Main Road & Maxwell Drive,
	Johannesburg,
	2090
Telephone	N/A
Fax	086 471 4190
Cell	084 277 7074
Email Address	arlene@veersgroup.com

Refer to Appendix A of the EMPr for the detailed experience of the EAP and the Project Team.

#### 7.1.3. Project Details

**Project Name**: ESTABLISHMENT OF GRID CONNECTION INFRASTRUTCURE ASSOCIATED WITH THE SUTHERLAND 2 WIND ENERGY FACILITY, NORTHERN CAPE PROVINCE

#### 7.1.4. Project Description

South Africa Mainstream Renewable Power Developments (PTY) Ltd (herein-after referred to as Mainstream) received an Environmental Authorisation (DEA Ref:. 14/12/16/3/3/1/1814) dated 02 February 2018 for the electrical grid infrastructure to support the Sutherland 2 Wind Energy Facility (WEF), within the Namakwa District Municipality in the Northern Cape Province. No other amendments were undertaken following receipt of the Environmental Authorisation.

Part 1 Amendment Application to confirm the impacts associated with the construction of a 132 kV distribution line from the proposed Sutherland 2 WEF on-site substation to the third party substation (alternative 1, the proposed collector hub) .This also includes connection to the third party substation;

In this regard a Part 1 Amendment Application has been undertaken to split the Environmental Authorisation as per the above mentioned.

The following grid connection infrastructure is considered within the Part 1 Amendment Application to confirm the impacts associated with the split of the said grid infrastructure and any recommendations from the specialists for the development of Generic EMPrs for the grid connection infrastructure:

- The preferred option (alternative 1, of the proposed distribution line for the Sutherland 2 WEF Electrical Grid Infrastructure project will exit the proposed Sutherland 2 on-site substation extending to the Suurplat Substation (collector hub) at a distance of approximately 37km in length.
- > Co- ordinates of the authorised grid infrastructure:

Preferred Electrical Connection Route	Latitude	Longitude
Start portion	32°36'35.374''S	20°45'58.131"E
Middle Bend	32°36'36.284"S	20°46'54.686''E
End Point	32° 38'41.011"S	20°55'3.784''E

The approved EMPr as per the EA granted 02 February 2018 has been approved, however separate Generic EMPrs are required for the 132kV powerline and Eskom portion of the onsite substation for the split of the EA. The scope of this generic EMPr applies to the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure requiring EA in terms of NEMA, i.e. with a capacity of 33 kilovolts or more. The generic EMPr applies to activities requiring EA, mainly activity 11 and 47 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 1 of 2014, as amended, and activity 9 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 2 of 2014, as amended, and all associated listed or specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

The Environmental Authorisation for the 132kV Powerline was issued on the 20 October 2021 (DFFE Ref:. 14/12/16/3/3/1814/2).

This Generic EMPr is applicable to the 132kV powerline infrastructure following the transfers of the holder of the Environmental Authorisation to Eskom during the operational phase of the facility.

### 7.1.5. Project Location

Location details of the development of the substation:

Province	Northern Cape
District Municipality	Namakwa District Municipality
Local Municipality	Karoo Hoogland Local Municipality
Nearest town(s)	Sutherland
Affected Properties: Farm name(s), number(s) and portion numbers (on-site substation)	<ul> <li>Portion 1 of Tonteldoosfontein Farm 152;</li> <li>Portion 2 of Gunstfontein Farm 151;</li> <li>Portion 1 of Gunstfontein Farm 151;</li> <li>Portion 1 of Beeren Valley Farm 150;</li> <li>Remaining Extent of Beeren Valley Farm 150;</li> <li>Remaining Extent of Nooitgedacht Farm 148; and</li> <li>Remaining Extent of Hartebeeste Fontein Farm 147.</li> </ul>
SG 21 Digit Code (s)	<ul> <li>C0720000000015200001</li> <li>C0720000000015100002</li> <li>C0720000000015100001</li> <li>C0720000000015000001</li> <li>C0720000000015000000</li> <li>C0720000000014800000</li> <li>C0720000000014700000</li> </ul>
Current zoning and land use	Agriculture

#### 7.1.6. Preliminary Technical Specifications of the 132kV powerline

Infrastructure	Footprint, dimensions and details
Powerline capacity	132kV
Powerline Servitude Width	32m
Powerline length	41km
Powerline corridor	500m
Tower Spacing	Up to 350m
Height of the Towers	Up to 32m

It should be noted that Eskom's requirements for work in or near Eskom servitudes should be adhered to.

#### 7.1 Sub-section 2: Development footprint site map

This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout. The sensitivity map must be prepared from the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at:

https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. raptor nest, threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features in the surrounding landscape. The overhead transmission and distribution profile shall be illustrated at an appropriate resolution to enable fine scale interrogation. It is recommended that <20 km of overhead transmission and distribution length is illustrated per page in A3 landscape format. Where considered appropriate, photographs of sensitive features in the context of tower positions shall be used.

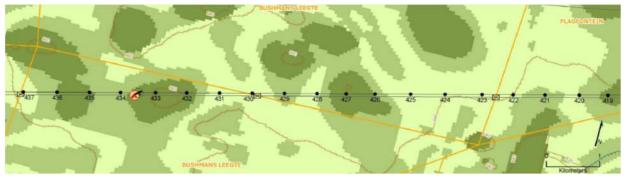


Figure 1: Example of an environmental sensitivity map in the context of a final overhead transmission and distribution profile

<u>The national web-based environmental screening tool was utilised for this project and the grid</u> <u>connection corridor sensitivity maps can be seen in Figures 3 to 7. The site-specific</u> <u>environmental sensitivity map included in the BA Report is included as Figure 2.</u>

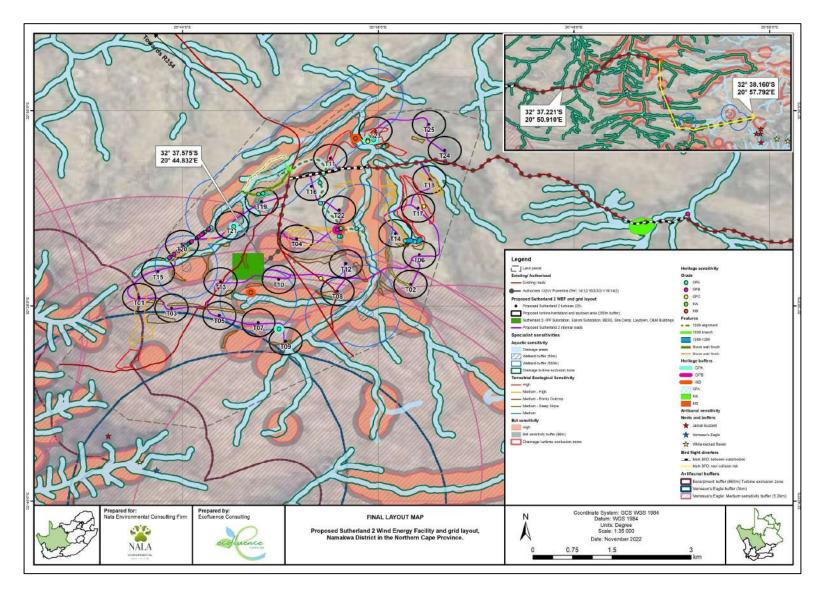


Figure 2: Environmental sensitivity map as per the final layout of the 132kV powerline associated with the Sutherland 2 Wind Energy Facility.

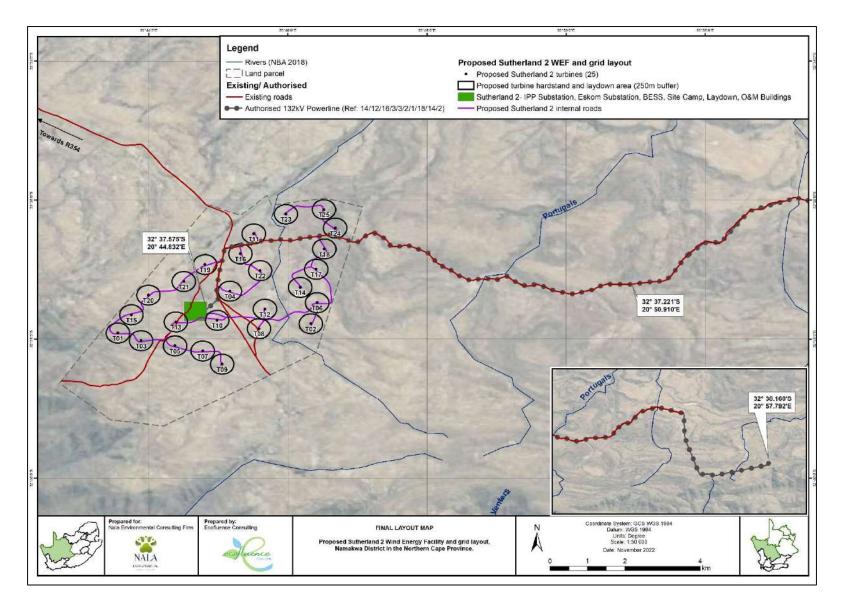


Figure 3: Layout map for grid route authorised as Alternative 1, for the Sutherland 2 Wind Energy facility.

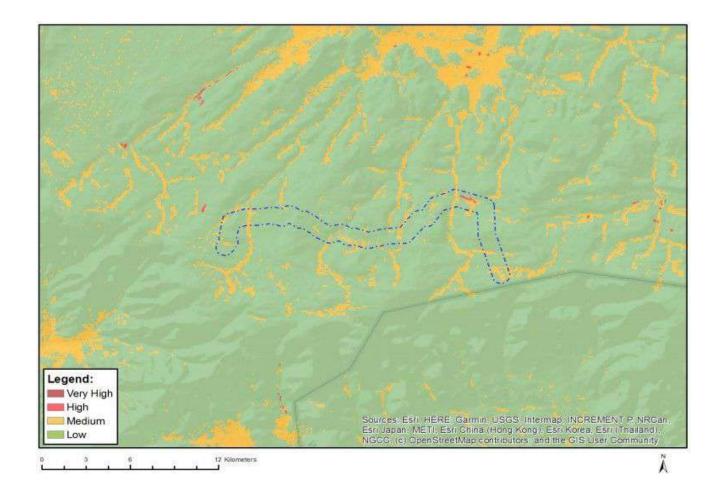


Figure 4: Map of Relative Agriculture Theme Sensitivity

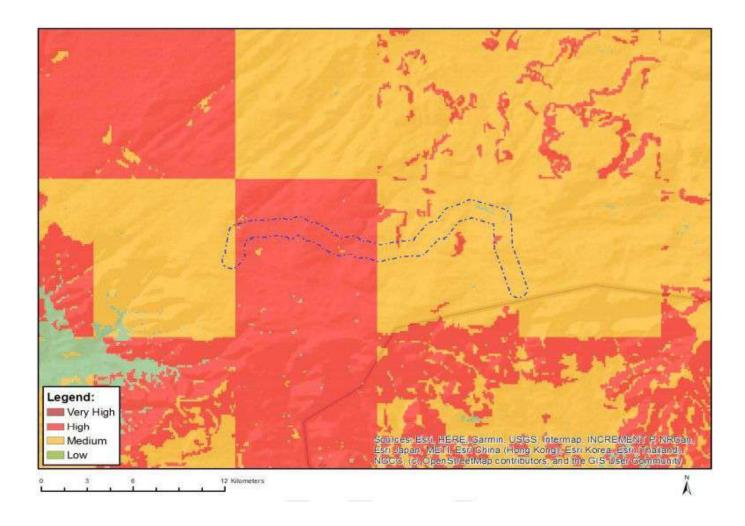
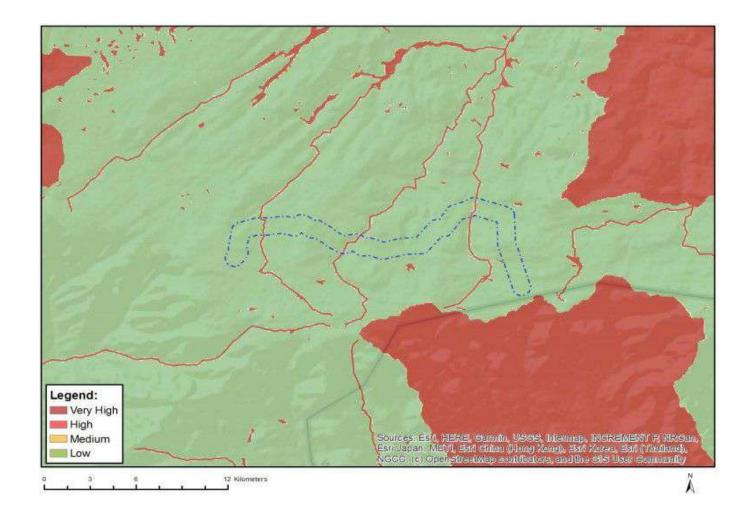
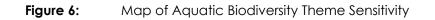


Figure 5: Map of Animal Species Theme Sensitivity





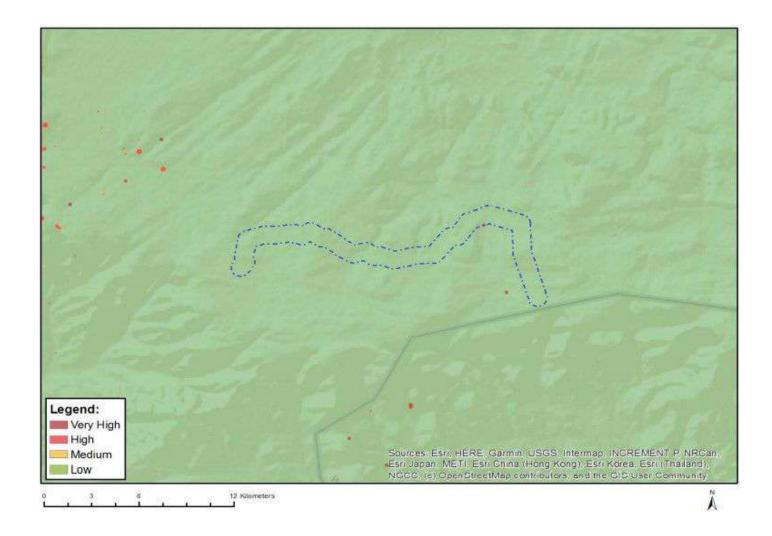


Figure 7: Map of Archaeological and Cultural Heritrage Species Theme Sensitivity

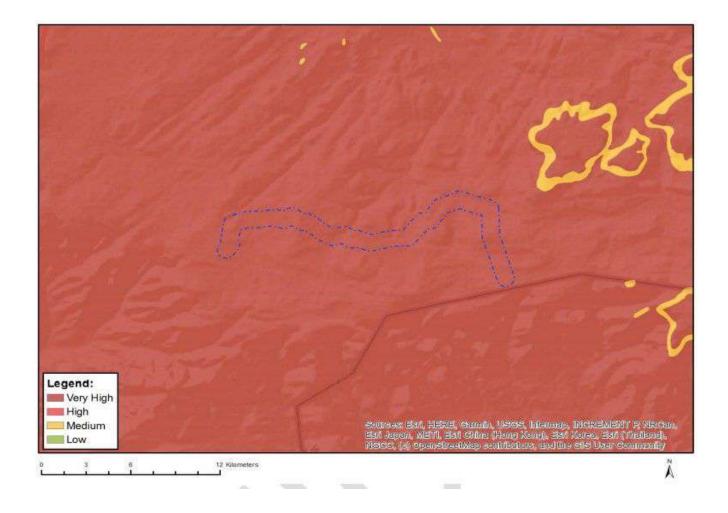


Figure 8: Map of Relative Palaeontology Theme Sensitivity

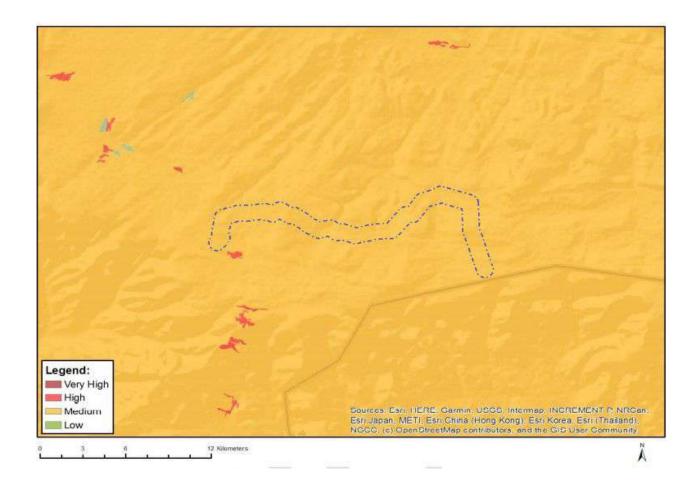


Figure 9: Map of Relative Plant Species Theme Sensitivity

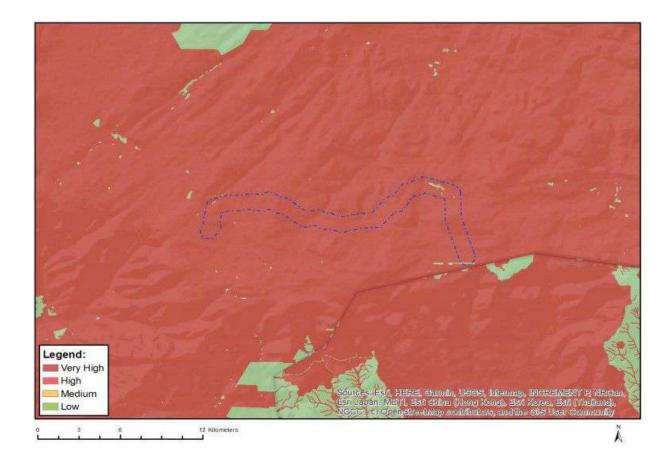


Figure 10: Map of Relative Terrestrial Biodiversity Theme Sensitivity

#### 7.2 Sub-section 3: Declaration

The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will abide and comply with the prescribed impact management outcomes and impact management actions as stipulated in <u>part B; section 1</u> of the generic EMPr and have the understanding that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding. The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will provide written notice to the CA 14 days prior to the date on which the activity will commence of commencement of construction to facilitate compliance inspections.

Signature Proponent/applicant/ holder of EA

2022/11/22 Date:

This declaration will be signed by the proponent/applicant/holder of the EA once the contractor is appointed and has provided inputs to this Generic EMPr as per the requirements of this template.

#### 7.3 Sub-section 4: amendments to site specific information (Part B; section 2)

Should the EA be transferred to a new holder, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new holder and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of Regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted for an amendment to an environmental authorisation will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

### PART C

### 8 SITE SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

If any specific environmental sensitivities/attributes are present on the site which require more specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr template, to manage impacts, those impact management outcomes and actions must be included in this section. These specific management controls must be referenced spatially and must include impact management outcomes and impact management actions. The management controls including impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the pre-approved generic EMPr template. This applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary.

If <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the development as authorised in the EA, it is required to be submitted to the CA together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP and the name and expertise of the EAP, including the curriculum vitae are to be included. Once approved, <u>Part C</u> forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.

This section will **not be required** should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes.

# 8.1 Terrestrial Ecology

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
Change in habitat through clearance	Project Manager /	Ensure that a	Once, prior to the	ECO	Once, before the	Ensure that
of vegetation, habitat modification	dEO	Rehabilitation Plan is	commencement		commencement.	this is taken
and related factors		compiled that	of the			into
		identifies tasks and	construction			consideration
		procedures to be	activities.			during the
		instituted at specific				planning
		sites where				and design
		transformation of				phase, and
		habitat has arisen.				that a suitable
						specialist is
						appointed to
						compile a
						Rehabilitation
						Plan. Review
						signed
						minutes of
						meetings
						or signed
						reports.

## 8.2 Aquatic Ecology (Freshwater Impacts)

Impact management outcome: M	itigate freshwate	r impacts during the	project lifecycle							
Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1		Monitoring						
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of				
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance				
To reduce the impact of the	Project	Ensure that the	Once, prior to the	ECO	Once, before the	Ensure that the 32 m				
proposed development on the	Manager	sensitivity maps	commencement of		commencement.	zone of				
surrounding drainage lines and	/ECO	guide the design	the construction			regulation is taken				
freshwater features.		and layout of the	activities.			into				
		proposed				consideration in the				
		development. In				final layout of				
		terms of the				the proposed				
		applicable				electrical				
		legislation, a 32m				infrastructure. Ensure				
		zone of regulation				that this is				
		in terms of the				taken into account,				
		NEMA is stipulated				where possible				
		around all				and as feasible (as				
		freshwater				recommended by				
		features; and				the Aquatic Ecology				
		these should be				Specialist), and				
		respected where				that the				
		possible and as				recommended				
		much as feasible.				mitigation				
		In addition,				measures are				
		special mention is				implemented as				
		made of				required.				
		the need to								
		ensure that								

careful planning of the placement of the monopoles tokes place in order to minimise the risk of placing infrastructure unnecessority within riporion zones. Wherever possible, it is highly recommended that the linear development spons the relevant watercourse, and every effor should be made to prevent placement of monopoles within the riporion zone or associated 32m zone of regulation. If this is not a vavidable, the monopoles should be placed os far from the active channel of the		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
placement of the monopoles takes place in order to minimise the risk of placing infrastructure unnecessarily within riparian zones. Wherever possible, it is highly recommended that the linear development spans the relevant watercourse, and every effort should be made to prevent placement of monopoles within the riparian zone or associated 32m zone of regulation. If this is not avoidable, the monopoles should be placed as far from the active channel of the	careful planning	
monopoles takes place in order to minimise the risk of placing infrastructure unnecessarily within riparian zones. Wherever possible, it is highly recommended that the linear development spans the relevant watercourse, and every effort should be made to prevent placement of monopoles within the riparian zone or associated 32m zone of regulation. If this is not avoidable, the monopoles should be placed as far from the active channel of the		
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unnecessarily within riparian zones. Wherever possible, it is highly recommended that the linear development spans the relevant watercourse, and every effort should be made to prevent placement of monopoles within the riparian zone or associated 32m zone of regulation. If this is not avoidable, the monopoles should be placed as far from the active channel of the	of placing	
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placement of monopoles within the riparian zone or associated 32m zone of regulation. If this is not avoidable, the monopoles should be placed as far from the active channel of the	be made to	
monopoles within the riparian zone or associated 32m zone of regulation. If this is not avoidable, the monopoles should be placed as far from the active channel of the		
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regulation. If this is not avoidable, the monopoles should be placed as far from the active channel of the		
not avoidable, the monopoles should be placed as far from the active channel of the		
the monopoles         should be placed         as         far from the active         channel of the		
should be placed as far from the active channel of the		
as far from the active channel of the		
far from the active channel of the	should be placed	
channel of the		
	far from the active	
watercourse as	channel of the	
	watercourse as	

				1			1		
	possible.								
	However, the 32 m								
	zone of regulation								
	around the								
	freshwater								
	features must be								
	adhered to in the								
	vicinity of the								
	substations, and in								
	this regard, no								
	activity may be								
	permitted within								
	the 32 m zone of								
	regulation or any								
	watercourse								
	without obtaining								
	the necessary								
	authorisations								
	from the								
	respective								
	authorities.								
Project	In terms of Section	Once-off prior to the	ECO	Once,	before	the	Ensure	that th	е
Manager	21 (c) and (i) of			commer	cement.		requireme	ents of th	э
/ECO	the National	construction, in					DWS are o		
	Water Act (Act 36	consultation with the					during the	e plannin	g
	of 1998) (NWA),						and desi		-
	the relevant	requirements for a						orior t	
	authorisation must	WULA).					constructi		
	be obtained from	· · · ·					that the		
	the Department						WUL is	submitte	d
	of Water and						and appr		
	Sanitation (DWS)							to th	e
	for any and all						commend		
							Comment		

ГТ								a sus stars setting and the
		any activities that						construction (if
		take place within						required), based on
		the watercourses.						the requirements of
		lt is						the DWS. It
		recommended						should be noted that
		that the relevant						in most cases,
		DWS officials be						the DWS will only
		consulted in this						require submission
		regard to ensure						of WULA
		that all legislative						documentation if
		requirements are						the proposed WEF
		complied with.						and associated
		Overall, the						electrical grid
		relevant						infrastructure
		authorisations						receives preferred
		required for must						bidder status in
		be obtained in						terms of the REIPPPP.
		terms of Section						Conduct
		21 (c) and (i) of						audits to verify if this
		the NWA, and in						has been
		terms of						undertaken and
		Regulation 509 of						record and report
		2016 as it pertains						any non-
		to the NWA						compliance.
	Project	For those	Once-off prior to the	ECO	Once,	before	the	Ensure that a suitably
	Manager	ephemeral	commencement of		commen	cement.		qualified
	/ECO	drainage lines	construction, in					hydrologist is
		which were	consultation with the					appointed to
		not defined as	DWS (based on the					conduct a surface
		having riparian	requirements for a					water baseline study
		vegetation and	WULA).					for those features
								not defined as true
			1	1	l			

	therefore not	watercourses during
	defined as true	the BA Process, if this
	watercourses from	is required by the
	an ecological	DWS as part of the
	point of view, if	WULA Process.
	any of these	Conduct
	ephemeral	audits to verify if this
	drainage lines	has been
	have a floodline	undertaken and
	applicable to	record and report
	them they would	any non-
	be defined as a	compliance.
	watercourse and	
	therefore require	
	protection as such	
	(i.e. the zone of	
	regulation in terms	
	of GN509 of 2016	
	as it relates to the	
	NWA is the 1:100	
	year floodline).	
	This should be	
	verified by a	
	suitably qualified	
	hydrologist. It is	
	recommended.	
	that a surface	
	water baseline	
	study should be	
	undertaken as	
	part of the Water	
	Use Licence	
	Application	
	(WULA) process	
I		

To reduce the impact of the proposed	Project Manager	and in consultation with the DWS, and where applicable, should be used to guide the layout of the proposed development, planned mitigation and conditions of authorization. Permit only essential	During Construction	ECO	Weekly	Carry out visual inspections and site
development on the	/ECO	construction				audits to verify if
surrounding surface water features and rivers.		personnel within 32m of the				these management actions are
		freshwater				undertaken, and
		habitat, if				record and report
		absolutely necessary that				any non- compliance.
		they enter the				
		regulatory zone.				
	Project	Limit the footprint	During Construction	ECO	Weekly	Carry out visual
	Manager /ECO	area of the construction				inspections and site audits to verify if
	/LCO	activities to what is				these management
		only essential in				actions are
		order to minimise				undertaken, and
		environmental				record and report
		damage.				any non-
						compliance.

P	Project	Implement	During Construction	ECO	Weekly	Carry out visual
	Vanager	effective waste	Ŭ			inspections and site
	'ECO	management in				audits to verify if
		order to prevent				these management
		construction				actions are
		related waste				undertaken, and
		from entering the				record and report
		freshwater				any non-
		environments.				compliance.
Р	Project	Rehabilitate all	During Construction	ECO	Weekly	Carry out visual
N	Manager	wetland and				inspections and site
/	'ECO	riparian habitat				audits to verify if
		areas possibly				these management
		affected by the				actions are
		proposed				undertaken, and
		electrical				record and report
		infrastructure to				any non-
		ensure that the				compliance.
		ecology of these				
		areas is re-				
		instated during all				
		phases.				
P	Project	As far as possible,	During Construction	ECO	Weekly	Carry out visual
	Manager	all rehabilitation				inspections and site
/	'ECO	activities should				audits to verify if
		occur in the low				these management
		flow season,				actions are
		during the drier				undertaken, and
		summer months.				record and report
						any non-
						compliance.

Project Manager /ECO	As much vegetation growth as possible should be promoted within the proposed electrical infrastructure construction area in order to protect soils.	During Construction	ECO	Weekly	Carry out visual inspections and site audits to verify if these management actions are undertaken, and record and report any non- compliance.
Project Manager /ECO	All areas affected by the electrical infrastructure construction should be rehabilitated upon completion of the electrical infrastructure construction.	During Construction	ECO	Weekly	Carry out visual inspections and site audits to verify if these management actions are undertaken, and record and report any non- compliance.
Project Manager /ECO	Riparian vegetation cover should be monitored to ensure that sufficient vegetation is present to bind the bankside soils and prevent bankside erosion and incision.	During Construction	ECO	Weekly	Carry out visual inspections and site audits to verify if these management actions are undertaken, and record and report any non- compliance.

Project	It is	During Construction	ECO	Weekly	Carry out visual
Manager	recommended				inspections and site
/ECO	that a detailed				audits to verify if
	rehabilitation plan				these management
	be developed by				actions are
	a suitably				undertaken, and
	qualified				record and report
	ecologist in				any non-
	order to				compliance.
	address specific				

8.3. Visual Impacts

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1	Monitoring				
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe	for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementat	ion	person		compliance
Reduce visual intrusion	DPM	Ensure plans are in place to	Design	and	dEO	During design	Ensure that this is
of construction activities	DESS	minimise fire hazards	Planning			cycle and before	taken into
project wide	deo	and dust generation.				construction.	consideration
							during the
							planning and
							design phase by
							reviewing signed
							minutes of meetings or
							meetings or signed reports.
	DPM	Ensure plans are in place to	Design	and	dEO	During design	Ensure that this is
	DESS	rehabilitate temporary	Planning			cycle and before	taken into
	dEO	cleared areas as soon as	_			construction.	consideration
		possible.					during the
							planning and
							design phase by
							reviewing signed
							minutes of
							meetings or
							signed reports.
	DPM	Ensure plans are in place to	Design	and	dEO	During design	Ensure that this is
	DESS	control and minimise	Planning			cycle and before	taken into
	dEO	erosion risks.				construction.	consideration
							during the planning and

					design phase by
					reviewing signed
					minutes of
					meetings or
					signed reports.
DPM	The developer prefers to use	Ongoing during	ECO	Monthly	Ensure that this is
DESS	monopole pylons for the	construction			taken into
dEO	overhead lines and in this				consideration
	case, where over a				during the
	relatively long section of the				planning and
	route visual receptors are likely				design phase by
	to be in close proximity to the				reviewing signed
	line monopole pylons will be				minutes of
	more aesthetically pleasing				meetings or
	than lattice type towers. A mix				signed reports.
	of pylon types should also be				
	avoided where possible when				
	taking into consideration				
	other				
	projects in the area (e.g.				
	Rietrug and Sutherland				
	WEF electrical infrastructure).				
	However, as noted				
	in the Visual Impact				
	Assessment these are not				
	essential mitigation measures				
	and other factors and				
	specialist recommendations				
	should be taken into account.				
Project Manager	Structure style (e.g. power line	Design and	dEO	During design	Ensure that this is
and Eskom	pylons/towers) should be the	Planning		cycle and before	taken into
maintenance	same as for other similar	-		construction.	consideration
staff where					during the
1	1		1		-

Prevent unnecessary visual clutter and focusing attention of surrounding visual receptors on the proposed development.	relevant to operation) ECO	developments along the same route where possible (taking into consideration other specialist recommendations and specifications). Parking areas should be demarcated and strictly controlled so that vehicles are limited to specific areas only.	During Construction	ECO	Weekly	planning and design phase by reviewing signed minutes of meetings or signed reports. Carry out visual inspections to ensure the construction parking area is demarcated clearly, and record and report any non-
						compliance.
						Carry out visual
						inspections to
						ensure strict control over the
						parking of
						construction
						vehicles and
						access routes in
						order to restrict
						activities to within
						demarcated
						areas.
	ECO	Where possible construction	During	ECO	Weekly	Ensure that this is
		camps and laydown areas	Construction			taken into
		should be located (where				consideration for
		sensitive visual receptors are				the siting of the
		least likely to be affected):				proposed

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
					construction site
	• In low visibility areas (e.g.				camp and
	avoid ridgelines and open				laydown area.
	plains);				Carry out visual
	Previously disturbed areas				inspections to
	(e.g. clearings created by				ensure the
	farmers for other purposes				construction
	which are no longer being				camp and
	used); and/or				laydown area are
	Areas near derelict				demarcated
	farmsteads (taking into				clearly, and
	consideration the findings				record and report
	of the Heritage Impact				any non-
	Assessment as well as other				compliance.
	assessments that may be				Carry out visual
	relevant), particularly				inspections to
	where existing trees can be				ensure strict
	used to screen these areas				control over the
	from views.				boundary of the
					site camp and
					laydown area in
					order to restrict
					activities to within
					demarcated
					areas.
ECO	Where possible construction	During	ECO	Weekly	Ensure that this is
	camps and laydown areas	Construction			taken into
	should be located (where				consideration for
	sensitive visual receptors are				the siting of the
	least likely to be affected):				proposed
					construction site
					camp and
					laydown area.

•In low visibility areas (e.g.				Carry out visual
avoid ridgelines and open				inspections to
plains);				ensure the
• Previously disturbed areas				construction
(e.g. clearings created by				camp and
farmers for other purposes				laydown area are
which are no longer being				demarcated
used); and/or				clearly, and
• Areas near derelict				record and report
farmsteads (taking into				any non-
consideration the findings				compliance.
of the Heritage Impact				Carry out visual
Assessment as well as				inspections to
other assessments that				ensure strict
may be relevant),				control over the
particularly where existing				boundary of the
trees can be used to				site camp and
screen these areas from				laydown area in
views.				order to restrict
				activities to within
				demarcated
				areas.
Night time construction should	During	Construction	Daily	Construction
be avoided where possible	Construction	Manager		operation times
(however some construction				to be monitored
work on electrical		ECO		and managed
components may need to				(as well as
occur after dark).				included in the
				tender contract).
Night lighting of the	1			Complaints
construction sites should be				about night lights
minimised within requirements				should be
of safety and efficiency.				investigated and
. ,	1	1	1	-

Particular care should be taken to avoid erosion scarring and damage along the ridge down the escarpment (which is applicable to Alternative 2 of the proposed distribution line and third party substation only). Maintain good housekeeping on site to avoid litter and minimize waste.				documented in a register. Carry out site visits and inspections of the ridge down the escarpment during the proposed construction activities. Record and report any non-compliance. Carry out site visits and inspections of the construction sites and ensure good housekeeping is
				maintained. Record and
Monitor construction sites for strict adherence to demarcated boundaries and minimise areas of vegetation, ground and surface disturbance. Existing clearings should be used where possible and where required. Monitor that existing roads will be used for access as far as possible and that construction of new access roads is minimised.	During Construction	Construction Manager/ ECO	Daily	Carry out site visits and record and report any non- compliance. Carry out site visits and inspections of the access routes. Record

				and report any non-compliance.
Monitor that tongoil from the				
Monitor that topsoil from the				Carry out site visits
site is stripped, stockpiled, and				and inspections
stabilised before excavating				of the topsoil
earth for the proposed				management
construction				process. Record
				and report any
				non-compliance.
Monitor that vegetation				Carry out site visits
material from vegetation				and inspections
removal is mulched and				of the re-
spread over fresh soil				vegetation
disturbances to aid in the				process. Record
rehabilitation process.				and report any
				non-compliance.
Monitor adherence to lighting	During	Construction	Daily	Complaints
plan.	Construction	Manager/ECO		about night lights
				should be
				investigated and
				documented in a
				register.
				Investigate any
				complaints about
				night lights and
				document it in a
				register
Monitor adherence to				Visit sites requiring
rehabilitation plan (i.e. where				rehabilitation
cleared areas are				
rehabilitated as soon as				
possible).	1		1	

Monitor adherence to erosion control plan       Amonitor adherence to dust and fire control plan       ECO       Corry out site visits and record and report any non- compliance         Prevent unnecessary visual clutter and focusing attention of surrounding visual receptors on the proposed development.       ECO       Disturbed and transformed areas should be contoured to approximate naturally occurring slopes to avoid lines and forms that will contrast       Decommissioning phase       ECO       Weekly       Conduct visual inspections to ensure that landscaping is following the decommissioning camps and laydown areas should be located (where sensitive visual receptors are least likely to be affected); In low visibility areas (e.g. avoid figelines and open plans); Previously distrubed areas (e.g., clearings created by formers for other purposes which are no longer being used); and/or       Ensure that this is taken into consideration for the site game and laydown area are demorcated used); and/or							
Prevent         unnecessary         ECO         Disturbed and transformed areas should be contoured to approximate         Decommissioning phase         ECO         Weekly         Conduct visual impections to ensure that landscaping is and treased areas should be contoured to approximate         Decommissioning phase         ECO         Weekly         Conduct visual impections to ensure that landscaping is tollowing the ensure that landscaping can plan.           Prevent         unnecessary         Where         possible decommissioning camps and landsown areas should be located (where sensitive visual receptors or least likely to be affected):         Ensure that this is token         Ensure that this is token           Indeceted         Where         possible decommissioning camps and landsown areas should be offected):         Ensure that this is token         Ensure that this is token           In low visibility areas (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains):         In low visibility areas (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains):         Ensure that the site camp and laydown areas which are no longer being used); and/or Areas near derelict         In low camps and laydown area area demarcated cleority, and							
Image: compliance         compliance           Prevent: unnecessary         ECO         Disturbed and transformed areas should be contoured to approximate naturally occurring slopes to avoid lines and fore very and the existing landscapes. Edges of re-vegetated areas should be faithered to reduce form and line contrast         Decommissioning phase         ECO         Weekly         Conduct visual landscapes. Edges of re-vegetated areas should be faithered to reduce form and line contrast         Decommissioning phase         ECO         Weekly         Conduct visual landscapes. Edges of re-vegetated areas should be faithered to reduce form and line contrast         Decommissioning comps and landscapes. Edges of re-vegetated areas should be faithered to reduce form and line contrast         Ensure that this is taken into consideration of lacated (where sensitive visual receptors are least likely to be affected):         In low visibility areas (e.g. avoid ingelines and open plains);         Previously disturbed areas (e.g. avoid ingelines and open plains);         Camp and laydown area are demacrated clearly and laydown area are demacrated clearly, and record and plains);			control plan				
Monitor adherence to dust and fire control plans.       Carry out site visits and record and report any non- compliance         Prevent unnecesary visual clutter and focusing attention of surrounding visual receptors on the proposed development.       ECO       Disturbed and transformed areas should be contoured to approximate naturally occurring slopes to avoid lines and forms that vili contrast       Decommissioning phase       ECO       Weekly       Conduct visual inspections to ensure that landscaping is following the rehabilitation plan.         Where       possible decommissioning comps and laydown areas should be feathered to reduce form and line contrast       Ensure that this is taken into consideration for the siting and pop reposed site camp and laydown areas affected):       Ensure that this is taken into consideration for the siting of the proposed site camp and laydown area deficited):         In low visibility areas (e.g. avoid ridgelines and opon plains);       In low visual receptors are least likely to be affected);       Ensure that this is taken inspections to ensure the site camp and laydown area demarcated cerve, and record and repote							
Prevent     unnecessary     ECO     Disturbed and transformed areas should be contoured to approximate     Decommissioning phase     ECO     Weekly     Conduct visual inspections to ensure       receptors on the proposed development.     ECO     Weekly     Conduct visual inspections to ensure     Indications following is following the reduce form and line contrast       Where     possible decommissioning camps and loydown areas should be affected):     E.g.     Finsure that this is taken     Ensure that this is taken       In low visibility areas (e.g. avoid indgelines and open plains):     E.g.     Gearing created by farmers for other purposes which are no longer being used); and/or     E.g.     E.g.							
Prevent         unnecessary         ECO         Disturbed and transformed areas should be contoured to approximate         Decommissioning phase         ECO         Weekly         Conduct visual inspections         to and counting survounding           receptors on the proposed development.         and forms that will contrast with the existing landscapes.         ECO         Weekly         Conduct visual inspections         following that and forms that will contrast should be feathered to reduce form and line contrast           Where         possible decommissioning camps and laydown areas should be affected]:         Ensure that this is taken into consideration for the siting of the proposed site camp and laydown area avoid ridgelines and open plains);         Ensure that this is taken inspections to ensure the site camp and laydown area avoid ridgelines and open plains);           Previously disturbed areas i {e.g. clearings created by farmers for other purposes which are no longer being used]; and/or         ensure the site camp and laydown area are demarcated clearative, and laydown area are demarcated							Carry out site visits
Image: compliancecompliancecompliancePrevent unnecessary visual clutter and focusing attention of surrounding visual receptors on the proposed development.ECOWeeklyConduct visual inspections to ensureand forms that will contrast with the existing landscapes. Edges of re-vegetated areas should be feathered to receptors are least likely to be adfected (knew sensitive visual receptors are least likely to be affected): In low visibility areas (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains):Ensure that that be existing landscapes. Edges of re-vegetated areas should be feathered to reduce form and line contrast where anostitive visual receptors are least likely to be affected): In low visibility areas (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains):Ensure that this is taken the sitility areas (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains): The visual inspections to the sitility area are which are no longer being used; and/or Areas near derelictDecommissioning plaseECOWeeklyConduct visual inspections that landscaping is following the rehabilitation plan.Image: complex and the contrast open receptors are least likely to be affected): In low visibility areas (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains):Decommissioning camps and laydown area camp and laydown area camp and laydown area are demacrated camp and laydown area are demacrated clearly, and record and report			and fire control plans.				and record and
Prevent unnecessary visual clutter and tocusing attention of surrounding visual receptors on the proposed development.       Disturbed and transformed to approximate naturally occurring slopes to avoid lines and forms that will contrast with the existing landscapes. Edges of re-vegetated areas should be feathered to reduce form and line contrast       Decommissioning ECO       Weekly       Conduct visual inspections to ensure that landscapping is following the rehabilitation plan.         Where       possible       accommissioning camps and laydown areas should be feathered to reduce form and line contrast incover should be latered to receptors are least likely to be affected):       Ensure that this is taken into consideration of laydown areas should be latered to receptors are least likely to be affected):         In low visibility areas (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains);       Previously disturbed areas (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains);       Camp and laydown area deceted areas which are no longer being used); and/or         Areas near derelict       Areas near derelict       Areas near derelict       Areas near derelict							report any non-
visual clutter and focusing attention of surrounding visual receptors on the proposed development. Where cossible decommissioning camps and laydown areas should be receptors areas fould be should be feathered to reduce form and line contrast Where possible decommissioning camps and laydown areas should be receptors are least likely to be affected): In low visibility areas (e.g. ovoid ridgelines and open plains); Previously disturbed areas (e.g. clearings created by formers for other purposes which are no longer being used); and/or Areas near derelict							compliance
focusing attention of surrounding visual receptors on the proposed development.  A proposed development.  A provide the existing landscapes.  Edges of re-vegetated areas should be feathered to reduce form and line contrast  Where possible decommissioning camps and laydown areas should be affected):  In low visibility areas (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains);  Previously disturbed areas (e.g. clearings created by formers for other purposes which are no longer being used): and/or  Areas near derelict	Prevent unnecessary	ECO	Disturbed and transformed	Decommissioning	ECO	Weekly	Conduct visual
surounding visual receptors on the proposed development. Edges of re-vegetated areas should be feathered to reduce form and line contrast Where possible decommissioning camps and laydown areas should be located (where sensitive visual receptors are least likely to be affected): In low visibility areas (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains); Previously disturbed areas (e.g. clearings created by famers for other purposes which are no longer being used); and/or Areas near derelict	visual clutter and		areas should be contoured to	phase			inspections to
receptors on the proposed development.          and forms that will contrast with the existing landscapes.       Edges of re-vegetated areas should be feathered to reduce form and line contrast       Plan.         Where       possible       Ensure that this is taken into laydown areas should be located (where sensitive visual receptors are least likely to be affected):       Ensure that this is decommissioning camps and laydown areas (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains);       Ensure that this is to consideration for the siting of the proposed site affected):         In low visibility areas (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains);       Previously disturbed areas (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains);       Ensure the site camp and laydown area area (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains);         Previously disturbed areas (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains);       Previously disturbed areas (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains);       ensure the site camp and laydown area area (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains);         Previously disturbed areas (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains);       Previously disturbed areas (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains);       ensure the site camp and laydown area area (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains);         Previously disturbed areas (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains);       ensure the site camp and laydown area area (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains);       ensure the site camp and laydown area area (e.g. avoid areas (e.g. avoid area area (avoid area	focusing attention of		approximate naturally				ensure that
proposed development. Edges of re-vegetated areas should be feathered to reduce form and line contrast Where possible decommissioning camps and laydown areas should be located (where sensitive visual receptors are least likely to be affected): In low visibility areas (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains); Previously disturbed areas (e.g. clearings created by farmers for other purposes which are no longer being used); and/or Areas near derelict	surrounding visual		occurring slopes to avoid lines				landscaping is
Edges of re-vegetated areas should be feathered to reduce form and line contrastplan.Where usdown areas (accommissioning camps and (laydown areas should be (located (where sensitive visual receptors are least likely to be affected):Ensure that this is taken into consideration for the siting of the proposed site camp and laydown area. Carry out visual inspections to ensure the site (e.g. clearings created by farmers for other purposes which are no longer being used); and/orEnsure that this is taken into consideration for the siting of the proposed site camp and laydown area. Carry out visual inspections to ensure the site camp and laydown area are demarcated clearly, and record and report	receptors on the		and forms that will contrast				following the
should be feathered to reduce form and line contrast       Ensure that this is         Where       possible         decommissioning camps and       taken         laydown areas should be       consideration for         located (where sensitive visual receptors are least likely to be affected):       proposed         In low visibility areas (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains);       Carry out visual inspections to ensure the site camp and laydown area.         Previously disturbed areas (e.g. clearings created by farmers for other purposes which are no longer being used); and/or       and         Areas       near derelict       cearry	proposed development.		with the existing landscapes.				rehabilitation
reduce form and line contrastEnsure that this is taken into consideration for laydown areas should be located (where sensitive visual receptors are least likely to be affected):Ensure that this is taken into consideration for the siting of the proposed site camp and laydown area. Carry out visual inspections to ensure the site (e.g. clearings created by farmers for other purposes which are no longer being used); and/or Areas near derelictEnsure that this is taken into consideration for the siting of the proposed site camp and laydown area. Carry out visual inspections to ensure the site camp and laydown area are demarcated clearly, and record and report			Edges of re-vegetated areas				plan.
Wherepossibledecommissioning camps andEnsure that this islaydown areas should beconsideration forlocated (where sensitive visualthe siting of thereceptors are least likely to beproposed siteaffected):camp andIn low visibility areas (e.g.laydown area.avoid ridgelines and openCarry out visualplains);Previously disturbed areas(e.g. clearings created byensure the site(armers for other purposeslaydown area arewhich are no longer beingused); and/orAreas near derelictrecord and report			should be feathered to				
decommissioning camps and laydown areas should be located (where sensitive visual receptors are least likely to be affected): In low visibility areas (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains); Previously disturbed areas (e.g. clearings created by farmers for other purposes which are no longer being used); and/or Areas near derelict			reduce form and line contrast				
laydown areas should be located (where sensitive visual receptors are least likely to be affected):consideration for the siting of the proposed site camp and laydown area. Carry out visual inspections to ensure the site (e.g. clearings created by farmers for other purposes which are no longer being used); and/or Areas near derelictconsideration for the siting of the proposed site camp and laydown area. Carry out visual inspections to ensure the site camp and laydown area are demarcated clearly, and record and report			Where possible				Ensure that this is
located (where sensitive visual receptors are least likely to be affected): In low visibility areas (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains); Previously disturbed areas (e.g. clearings created by farmers for other purposes which are no longer being used); and/or Areas near derelict			decommissioning camps and				taken into
receptors are least likely to be affected): In low visibility areas (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains); Previously disturbed areas (e.g. clearings created by farmers for other purposes which are no longer being used); and/or Areas near derelict			laydown areas should be				consideration for
affected):camp andIn low visibility areas (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains);carry out visual inspections to ensure the site (e.g. clearings created by farmers for other purposes which are no longer being used); and/orcamp and laydown area. carry out visual inspections to ensure the site demarcated clearly, and record and report			located (where sensitive visual				the siting of the
In low visibility areas (e.g. avoid ridgelines and open plains); Previously disturbed areas (e.g. clearings created by farmers for other purposes which are no longer being used); and/or Areas near derelict			receptors are least likely to be				proposed site
avoid ridgelines and open plains); Previously disturbed areas (e.g. clearings created by farmers for other purposes which are no longer being used); and/or Areas near derelict			affected):				camp and
plains);inspectionsPreviously disturbed areas (e.g. clearings created by farmers for other purposes which are no longer being used); and/orinspectionsAreasnearAreasneardemainclearly, and record and report			In low visibility areas (e.g.				laydown area.
Previously disturbed areas (e.g. clearings created by farmers for other purposes which are no longer being used); and/or Areas near derelict			avoid ridgelines and open				Carry out visual
(e.g. clearings created by farmers for other purposes which are no longer being used); and/orcampand laydown area are demarcated clearly, and record and report			plains);				inspections to
farmers for other purposes which are no longer being used); and/or Areas near derelict			Previously disturbed areas				ensure the site
which are no longer being used); and/or Areas near derelict demarcated record and report			(e.g. clearings created by				camp and
used); and/or Areas near derelict clearly, and record and report			farmers for other purposes				laydown area are
Areas near derelict record and report			which are no longer being				demarcated
			used); and/or				clearly, and
formstoads (taking into			Areas near derelict				record and report
			farmsteads (taking into				

consideration the findings of				any non-
the Heritage Impact				compliance.
Assessment as well as other				
assessments that may be				Carry out visual
relevant), particularly where				inspections to
existing trees can be used to				ensure strict
screen these areas from views.				control over the
				boundary of the
				site camp and
				laydown area in
				order to restrict
				activities to within
				demarcated
				areas.
Stockpiled topsoil should be	Decommissioning	ECO	Weekly	Site visits to ensure
reapplied to disturbed areas	phase			that stockpiled
and these areas should be				topsoil (or
revegetated using a mix of				appropriate soil
indigenous species in such a				for vegetation
way that the areas will form as				when stockpiled
little contrast in form, line,				topsoil is
colour and texture with the				exhausted) is
surrounding undisturbed				used.
landscape				
Night lighting of	Decommissioning	ECO	Weekly	Complaints
decommissioning sites should	phase			about night lights
be minimised within	-			should be
requirements of safety and				investigated and
efficiency.				documented in a
				register.
Working at night should be	Decommissioning	ECO	Weekly	Operation times
avoided where possible.	phase			for
				decommissioning
		1	1	

						activities to be monitored and managed (as well as included in the tender contract).
Reduce the visual impact of decommissioning activities project wide	Decommissionin g Manager and Environmental Control Officer	Maintain good housekeeping on site to avoid litter and minimize waste. Monitor sites for strict adherence to demarcated boundaries and minimise areas of vegetation, ground and surface disturbance. Existing clearings should be used where possible and where required. Monitor that existing roads will be used for access as far as possible. Monitor that topsoil from the site is stripped, stockpiled, and stabilised before excavating earth.	Decommissioning phase	ECO	Daily	Carry out site visits and inspections of the sites and ensure good housekeeping is maintained. Record and report any non- compliance. Carry out site visits and record and report any non- compliance. Carry out site visits and inspections of the access routes. Record and report any non-compliance. Carry out site visits and inspections of the topsoil management

[		Ι	
			process. Record
			and report any
			non-compliance.
	Monitor that vegetation		Carry out site visits
	material from vegetation		and inspections
	removal is mulched and		of the re-
	spread over fresh soil		vegetation
	disturbances to aid in the		process. Record
	rehabilitation process.		and report any
			non-compliance
	Monitor adherence to lighting		Complaints
	plan.		about night lights
			should be
			investigated and
			documented in a
			register.
			Investigate any
			complaints about
			night lights and
			document it in a
			register.
	Monitor adherence to		Visit sites requiring
	rehabilitation plan (i.e. where		rehabilitation.
	cleared areas are		
	rehabilitated as soon as		
	possible).		
	Monitor adherence to erosion		Carry out site visits
	control plan.		and record and
			report any non-
			compliance.
	Monitor adherence to dust		Carry out site
	and fire control plans		visits and record

			and report any
			non-compliance.

#### 8.4. Heritage Impacts

3.4. Heritage Impacts	Implementatio	n			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe	for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence o
	person		implementatio	on	person		compliance
<ul> <li>Achieve a layout that minimizes the potential later impacts to archaeological remains and palaeontological material.</li> </ul>	DPM DESS dEO	A Heritage Management Plan (HMP) must be developed for all heritage resources located within the proposed development footprint, and all heritage resources that require no-go bufferzones. The HMP must be submitted	Design Planning	and	dEO/Heritage Specialist	Once-off prior to commencement	Take cognizance of the archaeological remains and palaeontologica material reported in the HIA wher designing layout and routing.
	DPM DESS dEO	to SAHRA prior to construction commencing Ensure that the project layout avoids significant palaeontological and archaeological sites that were identified in the Heritage Impact Assessment (Appendix D.4 of the BA Report). These sites should be identified on project maps and regarded as no-go zones with buffers of at least 30 m around all associated features. The	Design Planning	and	dEO	Once-off prior to commencement	Ensure and verify that the significant palaeontological and archaeological sites identified ir the Heritage Impact Assessment (Appendix D.4 o the auth BA Report) are

· · · · · · ·	<u>г</u>		
relevant waypoints to be			included on
avoided with the 30 m			project maps
buffers are as follows: 575;			and
576, 524, 546, 527 614, 498			regarded as no-
(whole complex included),			go zones with
492 and the			buffers during the
palaeontological site (i.e. a			planning and
scatter of petrified wood)			design phase.
approximately 500 m from			Review the site
Alternative 2 of the			layout plan, and
proposed distribution line			signed minutes of
routing identified in the			
Palaeontological Impact			
Assessment (Appendix 3 of			
the Heritage Impact			
Assessment).			
Waypoint 492 includes a			
rock art site that was found			
by the specialist, and the 30			
m buffer does not need to			
be applied to this site, as the			
proposed service road			
diversion for Alternative 2 is			
routed within 20 m of the site,			
however an existing farm			
track is used, therefore the			
specialist has			
recommended that this is			
acceptable. The site at			
waypoint 546 will not be			
completely avoidable			
because a current access			
road passes through it, but			
special care should be			

	taken within the bounds of				
	the site to ensure that no				
	damage is done				
	The ECO should be trained	Design and	dEO	Once-off prior to	A
	by a specialist	Planning		commencement	Palaeontological
	palaeontologist for the				Specialist is to be
	identification of potential for				appointed to
	fossils to be uncovered				provide training
	during excavations. As many				to the ECO.
	excavations as possible				
	should be monitored by the				
	ECO during construction				
	and if any fossils are				
	uncovered they should be				
	protected in situ and				
	immediately reported to a				
	palaeontologist in order to				
	plan a way forward.				
DPM	These no-go sites should be	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Ensure and verify
DESS	examined periodically by	phase			that the
dEO	the ECO during the				significant
alo	construction				palaeontological
	phase to ensure that they				and
	are being respected and				archaeological
	secure and fenced off				sites identified in
	during the				the Heritage
	construction phase				Impact
					Assessment
					(Appendix D.4 of
					the BA Report)
					are included on
					project maps

						and regarded as no-go zones with buffers during the planning and design phase. Review the site layout plan, and signed minutes of meetings or signed reports
Minimise the chances	Project	Ensure that a suitably	Prior to start of	Project Developer	Once-off, prior to	Appoint a
of significant	Developer	qualified archaeologist is	construction.	and Archaeologist	start of	suitably qualified
archaeological sites	(Mainstream)	appointed to carry out a			construction.	archaeologist to
being disturbed.	and	pre-construction survey of				conduct a
Minimise the chances	Archaeologist	the sections of the final				preconstruction
of impacts to other		alignment that were not				survey.
heritage resources		surveyed in order to locate				
located outside of the		any sites that need to be				Ensure that this is
proposed route of the		avoided or mitigated. Note				taken into
electrical grid		that this requirement				consideration by
infrastructure.		pertains to un-surveyed parts				reviewing signed
		of the assessed routes as well				minutes of
		as to any alterations to the				meetings or
		routing made after comp	Prior to start of	FCO/ Archaralagist		signed reports.
		Record significant sites within	Prior to start of construction	ECO/ Archaeologist		Monitor and verify if any
		the project footprint that cannot be avoided (none	COnstruction			, , ,
		have been found to date).				significant sites are found within
		The one site noted as				the project
		occurring in the proposed				footprint that
		on-site substation				cannot be
		development envelope (at				avoided,
		waypoint 576) does not merit				subsequent to

mitigation but should be				the pre-
avoided if possible. No other				construction
sites requiring mitigation				survey. Ensure
have been found within the				that this is taken
project footprint to date.				into
				consideration in
				the site plan.
Avoid and protect all	During		On-going during	Identify and
identified archaeological	construction		construction	cordon off sites
sites if possible. Ensure that all				with appropriate
sensitive areas are				barriers. Carry out
cordoned off and protected				visual inspections
prior to the start of				and site visits to
construction with the buffers				ensure strict
as stated in the Heritage				control over the
Impact Assessment (i.e.				demarcation of
waypoints 576 (if possible),				no-go areas.
524, 546, 527, 614, 498 (whole				Record and
complex included), 492 and				report any non-
the palaeontological site				compliance.
(i.e. a scatter of petrified				
wood)).				
Ensure that the farm road		ECO		Carry out visual
passing through the kraal				inspections and
complex (at waypoint 546) is				site visits to ensure
not widened towards the				that the farm
east and should preferably				road passing
not be widened at all. The				through the kraal
site at waypoint 546 will not				complex is not
be completely avoidable				widened as a
because a current access				result of the
road passes through it, but				proposed
special care should be				project. Record

taken within the bounds of			and report any
the site to ensure that no			non-compliance.
damage is done.			non complianco.
The no-go sites should be			Carry out visual
examined periodically by			inspections and
the ECO during the			site visits to ensure
construction phase to			strict control over
ensure that they are being			the demarcation
respected.			of no-go areas.
Tespecied.			Record and
			report any non-
			compliance.
	During		
If any archaeological material is encountered	During construction		Monitor excavations and
	Construction		
during any phase of the			construction
project, work in the			activities for
immediate area should be			archaeological
halted, and the find should			materials via
be protected in situ and			visual inspections
reported to an appropriate			and report the
specialist and/or to the			finds
relevant heritage resources			accordingly.
authority (i.e. Heritage			
Western Cape for the			Contact the
Western Cape and the			heritage
South African Heritage			authorities and
Resources Agency (SAHRA)			the identified
for the Northern Cape) so			archaeologist if
that a decision can be			any heritage
made as to how to proceed			features are
(i.e. it may require inspection			uncovered.
by an archaeologist). Such			
heritage is the property of			

	1	1	1				[	
		the state and may require						
		excavation and curation in						
		an approved institution.						
		Sufficient time should be						
		allowed to remove/collect						
		such material. If unmarked						
		human burials are						
		uncovered, the SAHRA Burial						
		Grounds and Graves (BGG)						
		Unit (for the Northern Cape)						
		and Heritage Western Cape						
		(for the Western Cape), must						
		be alerted immediately. If						
		the newly discovered						
		heritage resources prove to						
		be of archaeological or						
		palaeontological						
		significance, a Phase 2						
		rescue operation may be						
		required.						
		Ensure that no activity takes	•					Carry out visual
		place outside of the						inspections to
		authorized construction						ensure strict
		footprint (and construction						control over the
		vehicles should remain						behaviour of
		within the construction						construction staff
		corridor).						in order to restrict
								activities to within
								demarcated
								areas.
Ensure the protection of	Project	Ensure that a suitably	Prior to	0	Project	Developer/	Once-off prior to	Appoint a
known sensitive fossil	Developer/	qualified palaeontologist is	construction		ECO	-   /	construction.	suitably qualified
sites from disturbance.	ECO	appointed to undertake a						palaeontologist
			1				1	,

Safaquardiza		pro construction walls down				to conduct -
Safeguarding,		pre-construction walk-down				to conduct a
recording and		for any sectors of the 132 kV				preconstruction
sampling of significant		power line route finally				survey. Ensure
new chance fossil finds.		chosen that were not				that this is taken
This will lead to an		covered or surveyed during				into
improved		the BA Phase (as indicated				consideration by
palaeontological		by the yellow dashed				reviewing signed
database for the south-		rectangle in Figure 1 of the				minutes of
west Karoo region.		Palaeontological Impact				meetings or
		Assessment, which is				signed reports.
		included as an appendix to				
		the Heritage Impact				Palaeontologist
		Assessment. Note that this				to undertake a
		requirement pertains to				field study of
		unsurveyed parts of the				areas not
		assessed routes as well as to				surveyed in the
		any alterations to the routing				original
		made after completion of				assessment.
		the Heritage Impact				
		Assessment. The resulting				
		report will need to be				
		submitted to and approved				
		by the relevant heritage				
		management authority.				
	ECO	Ensure the safeguarding of	During	ECO	On-going	Carry out visual
		identified sites of high	construction.		0 0	inspections and
		palaeontological sensitivity				site visits to ensure
		by a 30-m wide buffer zone				strict control over
		(i.e. extensive surface				the demarcation
		scatter of petrified wood				of no-go areas.
		plus occasional bone				Record and
		fragments on either side of a				report any non-
		farm track, as indicated in				compliance.
					1	

	Figure 48 of the Palaeontological Impact				
	Assessment, which is included as an appendix to				
	the Heritage Impact				
	Assessment.				
	Monitoring of all surface	Once-off prior to	ECO	On-going	Ensure that the
	clearance and substantial	construction.			ECO monitors all
	(deeper than 1 m)				substantial
	excavations by the ECO for				excavations into
	fossil material. The ECO				sedimentary
	should be made aware of				bedrocks for fossil
	the potential occurrence of				material (e.g.
	scientifically-important fossil				bones, teeth,
	remains within the				fossilized wood).
	development footprint.				
	Safeguarding of chance	During	ECO	On-going	Carry out
	fossil finds (preferably in-situ)	construction.			Environmental
	during the construction				Awareness
	phase by the ECO.				Training to ensure
ECO	Reporting of chance fossil	During			that the
	finds to Heritage Western	construction.			Contractors are
	Cape (for the Western				informed of the
	Cape) or SAHRA (for the				possible type of
	Northern Cape).				heritage features
					that may be
					encountered
					during the
					construction
					phase.
					Ensure that all
					chance fossil

					finds are
					safeguarded in-
					situ via visual
					inspections and
					record and
					report any non-
					compliance in
					this regard.
Qualified	d Recording and judicious	During fossil finds	Qualified	During fossil finds	Appoint a
palaeon		(construction	palaeontologist		suitably qualified
appointe		phase)	appointed and		palaeontologist
commiss	1 1 0		commissioned by		to conduct
	Project together with pertinent		the Project		recording and
Develop			Developer		sampling of
(Mainstre			(Mainstream		chance fossil
	sedimentology,taphonomy)				finds. Ensure that
	(Phase 2 mitigation). The				this is taken into
	palaeontologist concerned				consideration by
	with potential mitigation				reviewing signed
	work (Phase 2) would need a				minutes of
	valid fossil collection permit				meetings or
	from the relevant heritage				signed reports.
	management authority, i.e.				
	Heritage Western Cape (for				Palaeontologist
	the Western Cape) or SAHRA				to apply for a
	(for the Northern Cape).				fossil collection
					permit from the
					relevant heritage
					authority and
					undertake
					recording and
					sampling of
					significant

						chance fossil finds.
Ensure the protection of known sensitive fossil sites from disturbance. Safeguarding, recording and sampling of significant new chance fossil finds. This will lead to an improved palaeontological database for the south- west Karoo region.		Curation of fossil material within an approved repository (museum/ university fossil collection) and submission of a Phase 2 palaeontological heritage report to (for the Western Cape) or SAHRA (for the Northern Cape) by a qualified palaeontologist. All palaeontological fieldwork and reporting should meet the minimum standards outlined by Heritage	During fossil finds (construction phase)	Qualified palaeontologist appointed and commissioned by the Project Developer	During fossil finds	Undertake audits to verify the curation of the fossil material.
		Western Cape (2016) and SAHRA (2013).				
Minimise the chances of significant archaeological sites and/or graves being disturbed.	Project Developer	Ensure that all vehicles remain on the service road at all times and ensure that no activity takes place outside of the authorized operational footprint.	Operational phase	ECO/Environmental Manager	Weekly	Carry out visual inspections to ensure strict control over the behaviour of operational staff in order to restrict activities to within demarcated areas.
Minimise the chances of significant fossil material or palaeontological sites being disturbed.	Project Developer	Ensure that all vehicles remain on the service road at all times and ensure that no activity takes place	Operational phase	ECO/Environmental Manager	Weekly	Carry out visual inspections to ensure strict control over the behaviour of

outside of the authorize	d		operational staff
operational footprint.			in order to restrict
			activities to within
			demarcated
			areas

8.5. Avifauna Impacts

Impact Management	Implementation				Monitoring		
Actions	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe	for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementatio	on	person		compliance
– Mortality of Red	DPM	Ensure that the proposed	Design a	and	dEO/Avifaunal	Once-off prior to	Ensure that the BFD
Data avifauna due	DESS	power line design includes Bird	Planning		Specialist	commencement	design is
to collisions with the	dEO	Flight Diverters (BFDs), if					suitable for
earthwire of the		required					installation on the
proposed power		and recommended by the					proposed
line.		avifauna specialist.					powerline design.
Manage habitat	ECO	A site-specific Construction	Design d	and	ECO	Weekly	The Construction
transformation and		EMPr must be implemented,	Planning				EMPr is
conserve Red Data		which gives an appropriate					implemented and
species. Prevent		and detailed description of					enforced via site
unnecessary impacts on		how construction activities					audits and
the surrounding		must be conducted to reduce					inspections. Report
environment by ensuring		unnecessary destruction and					and record any
that contractors are		degradation of habitat. All					non-compliance.
aware of the		contractors are to adhere to					Ensure that the
requirements of the		the Construction EMPr and					construction area
sitespecific Construction		should apply good					and footprint is
EMPr.		environmental practice					kept to a minimum
		during construction. The					Carry out regular
		Construction EMPr should					site inspections to

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
specifically include the	verify the limits of
following:	the construction
	area to ensure
The minimum footprint areas	unnecessary
for infrastructure should be	disturbance is
used wherever possible,	avoided.
including road widths and	Ensure that
lengths;	construction
	personnel are
Ensure that no off-road driving	made aware of the
is allowed;	impacts relating to
Ensure maximum use of	off-road driving.
existing roads;	Construction
Measures to control dust:	access roads must
Ensure that access to the rest	be demarcated
of the property is restricted;	clearly. Undertake
and	site inspections to
	verify.
Following construction,	Construction
rehabilitation of all areas	access roads must
disturbed (e.g. temporary	be demarcated
access tracks) must be	clearly. Undertake
undertaken and to this end a	site inspections to
	verify.
habitat restoration plan is to	
be developed by a	
rehabilitation specialist and	implementation of
implemented accordingly.	dust control
	mechanisms via
	site inspections
	and record and
	report non-
	compliance.
	Ensure that the
	construction area is

			demarcated
			clearly and that
			construction
			personnel are
			made aware of
			these
			demarcations.
			Monitor via site
			inspections and
			report non-
			compliance.
			Appointment of
			Rehabilitation
			Specialist to
			develop a Habitat
			Restoration Plan
			and ensure that it is
			approved by
			auditing the final
			and signed report
			acceptance.
			Monitor
			rehabilitation via
			site audits and site
			inspections to
			ensure
			compliance.
			Record and report
			any non-
			compliance.

Prevent unnecessary	ECO,	A site-specific Construction	Prior to	ECO,	Weekly/Once-off	Oversee activities
displacement of Red	Project	EMPr must be implemented,	construction for a	Project	before	to ensure that the
Data avifauna by	Developer	which gives an appropriate	three-day period.	Developer	construction	Construction EMPr
ensuring that contractors	(Mainstream),	and detailed description of		(Mainstream),	commences, for a	is implemented
are aware of the	Avifauna	how construction activities		Avifauna	three-day period.	and enforced via
requirements of the	Specialist	must be conducted. All		Specialist		site audits and
Construction EMPr.		contractors are to adhere to				inspections. Report
		the Construction EMPr and				and record any
		should apply good				non-compliance.
		environmental practice				
		during construction. The				Ensure that
		Construction EMPr must				construction
		specifically include the				personnel are
		following:				made aware of the
						impacts relating to
		Ensure that no off-road driving				off-road driving.
		is allowed;				Construction
						access roads must
		Ensure maximum use of				be demarcated
		existing roads;				clearly. Undertake
						site inspections to
		Measures to control noise;				verify.
		Ensure that access to the rest				Construction
		of the property is restricted;				access roads must
						be demarcated
		Ensure that the footprint is				clearly. Undertake
		restricted to the absolute				site inspections to
		minimum;				verify.
						Adaption III.
		The appointed ECO must be				Monitor the
		trained by an avifaunal				implementation of
		specialist to identify the				noise control
		potential priority species as				mechanisms via

 well as the signs that indicate		cito incoatio	nc
-		site inspection	
possible breeding by these		and record ar	
species. The ECO must then,		report no	n-
during audits/site visits, make		compliance.	
a concerted effort to look out			
for such breeding activities of		Ensure that th	
Red Data species, and such		construction area	is
efforts may include the		demarcated	
training of construction staff to		clearly and the	at
identify Red Data species,		construction	
followed by regular		personnel a	re
questioning of staff as to the		made aware	of
regular whereabouts on site of		these	
these species. If any of the		demarcations.	
Red Data species are		Monitor via si	te
confirmed to be breeding		inspections ar	nd
(e.g. if a nest site is found),		report no	n-
construction activities within		compliance.	
500 m of the breeding site			
must cease, and an avifaunal		Appoint c	an
specialist is to be contacted		Avifauna Special	ist
immediately for further		prior to th	ne
assessment of the situation		construction phas	se
and instruction on how to		to train and guid	le
proceed; and		the ECO in ord	er
		identify potenti	ial
Prior to construction, an		priority species ar	
avifaunal specialist should		signs for potenti	
conduct a site walk through,		breeding.	
covering the final service road			
and power line routes, to		ECO to undertak	ke
identify any		site visits and aud	
nests/breeding/roosting		to find breedir	
activity of priority species, as		sites.	.9
dentity of phoney species, ds		51105.	

well as any additional sensitive		
habitats. The results of which		
may inform the final		ECO to provide
construction schedule in close		training and
proximity to that specific area,		information
including abbreviating		sessions to the
construction time, scheduling		construction
activities around avian		personnel to
breeding and/or movement		identify Red Data
schedules, and lowering levels		species. Conduct
of associated noise.		regular audits of
		attendance
		registers for
		training.
		Ensure that
		construction
		activities are
		stopped within 500
		m of any breeding
		sites of Red Data
		species. Ensure
		that an Avifaunal
		Specialist is
		contacted
		immediately for
		further assessment.
		Conduct audits to
		verify the
		placement of the
		buffer area and
		verify if the
		Avifaunal Specialist
		Avituonal specialist

						has been appointed.
						Appointment of Avifaunal Specialist to conduct site walk through of the final service road and power line routes. Record and report any non- compliance.
Prevent any electrocutions of Red Data avifauna during construction of the proposed power line.	ECO, Project Developer (Mainstream), Avifauna Specialist	The avifaunal specialist must certify that the pole structures to be used on the 132kV powerline are bird-friendly. The pole design must be presented to the avifaunal specialist for sign off prior to commencement of construction.	Once-off before construction commences.	Avifaunal specialist and Project Developer (Mainstream)	Once-off before construction commences.	Appointment of Avifauna Specialist to sign off on the powerline design. ECO to ensure that this has been complied with by auditing reports, minutes of meetings or sign-off process.
Mortality of Red Data avifauna due to collisions with the earth-wire of the proposed powerline.	Project Developer, Avifauna Specialist	The operational monitoring programme must include regular monitoring and inspections (i.e. quarterly) of the grid connection power line for collision-related mortalities by an avifaunal specialist.	During Operation	Avifaunal specialist and Project Developer	Quarterly	Avifaunal specialist to be appointed and must conduct a quarterly walkthrough of the grid connection. Environmental Manager to verify appointment of

			specialist	and
			monitor	the
			frequency	of
			monitoring	by
			auditing	signed
			reports	and
			minutes	of
			meetings.	

#### **APPENDIX 1: METHOD STATEMENTS**

To be prepared by the contractor prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are **not required** to be submitted to the CA.

## APPENDIX 2: CURRICULA VITAE



Email: arlene@veersgroup.com Tel: +278 277 7074

## CURRICULUM VITAE OF ARLENE SINGH

Profession:	Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP) / Director
Specialisation:	Environmental Assessments, report writing, report reviewing, development of project proposals for procuring new projects and project administration.
Work Experience:	9 years' experience in Environmental Assessments and 1 year in Sustainability Consulting.

#### **VOCATIONAL EXPERIENCE**

Professional execution of consulting services for projects in the environmental management field, specialising in Environmental Impact Assessment studies, environmental permitting, public participation, compilation of Environmental Management Plans and Programmes, environmental policy, and integrated environmental management. Responsibilities include report writing, project management, review of specialist studies and the identification and assessment of potential negative environmental impacts and benefits. Compilation of the reports for environmental studies is in accordance with all relevant environmental legislation.

Experience in conducting environmental impact assessments for infrastructure development projects (roads, stormwater, pipelines), Mixed Use Developments and Section 24G Applications for complex projects. She has extensive experience in managing and monitoring ECO functions and compliance on relevant projects. She has gained the ability to conduct sustainability assurance audits for non-financial environmental KPI's through her experience with listed mining corporations.

#### SKILLS BASE AND CORE COMPETENCIES

- Compilation of environmental impact assessment reports and environmental management programmes in accordance with relevant environmental legislative requirements;
- Identification and assessment of potential negative environmental impacts and benefits through the review of specialist studies;
- Key experience in the assessment of impacts associated with complex Section 24G Applications.
- Review of environmental impact assessment reports, impacts matrices and environmental management programme reports;
- Conducting of ECO audits, managing ECO staff, review of ECO reports and liaison with the client;
- Review of Carbon Footprint Analysis report and provision of recommendations for industry;
- Developing Business Development Plans, action plans and carrying out Business Development initiatives;
- Compilation of Integrated Reports in line with King IV;
- Conducting Mining Permit Applications with the DMR and the associated Basic Assessment process in line with the MPRDA;
- Extensive experience in compilation and submission of Tenders and Proposals;

## EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL STATUS

#### Degrees:

- B.Sc. (Hons.) Environmental Management (2016), University of South Africa (UNISA);
- B.Sc. Environmental Science (2012), University of Kwa-Zulu Natal, Westville

#### Short Courses:

- Official DWS Section 21 (c) and (i) Water Use Authorisation Course (2018)- Dr Wietsche Roets, Specialist Scientist: (In Stream Water Use);
- SMME Green Building Face to Face Workshop (2018)- GBCSA hosted by JP Morgan;
- ArcGISBasic 10,3 (2016)- Esri South Africa
- Energy within Environmental Constraints (2020)- Harvard (Online)
- Becoming an Entrepreneur (2020)- Massachusetts Institute of Technology (Online)

## **Professional Society Affiliations:**

- South African Council for Natural Scientific Professionals Professional Natural Scientist: Environmental Scientist) Reg No. 118872
- Environmental Assessment Practitioners Association of South Africa- Reg No: 2019/898

## Other Relevant Skills:

- Compiling and submission of invoices on projects;
- Registration of Waste Management Facilities on GWIS

## EMPLOYMENT

Date	Company	Roles and Responsibilities	
16 December 2020-	Nala Environmental (Pty) Ltd	Environmental Assessment Practitioner / Director	
Current			
		Tasks include:	
		Compilation of Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)	
		reports; Basic Assessment (BA) reports and	
		Environmental Management Programmes; Environmental	
		Screening reports; Co-ordination of the public	
		participation process; Project management; project	
		proposals and tenders; Client liaison and Marketing;	
		Process ElA Applications. Business Development,	
		Integrated reporting. Strategy, policy and procedure	

Date	Company	Roles and Responsibilities
		development. Planning of staff on engagements and
		Invoicing of clients.
08 April 2019- 15	Savannah Environmental (Pty) Ltd	Environmental Assessment Practitioner
December 2020:		
		Tasks include:
		Compilation of Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)
		reports; Basic Assessment (BA) reports and
		Environmental Management Programmes; Environmental
		Screening reports; Co-ordination of the public
		participation process; Project management; project
		proposals and tenders; Client liaison and Marketing;
84 4 8848 85		Process ElA Applications.
01 January 2016- 05 April 2019	Triplo4 Sustainable Solutions (Pty) Ltd	Environmental Consultant/Gauteng Office Manager
		Tasks included:
		Review of Basic Assessment reports, Environmental
		Management Programme reports, Impact Matrices.
		Review of Environmental Control Officer functions, report
		and planning of site visits. Compiling Waste Management
		License Applications and Section 24G Application with
		reports for review by company Director. Review of
		specialist reports. Compilation of tenders, proposals and
		fee proposals. Co-ordinate public participation
		processes. Liaison with clients, stakeholders and
		competent authorities. Business Development, Integrated
		reporting. Strategy, policy and procedure development.
		Planning of staff on engagements and Invoicing of clients.
01 October 2014 - 31	PricewaterHouse Coopers (PwC)	Sustainability Consultant 2
December 2015		Tasks included:
		<u>Non-financial auditing</u> of Environmental KPI's (Primary
		water, Total Waste, Total Electricity, Total CDP Calc, Scope
		I, 2 and 3 emissions, Total CSI spend, Total Environmental
		incidents and Total Rock waste generated) for listed
		mining companies. Role included, testing of controls,
		applications of audit standards and guidelines,
		preparation and conclusions of audit papers and files,
		reporting to management and preparation of audit

Date	Company	Roles and Responsibilities	
01 January 2013- 30	Triplo4 Sustainable Solutions (Pty) Ltd	Junior Environmental Consultant	
September 2014			
		Tasks included:	
		Conducting Environmental Control Officer audits and	
		drafting of ECO reports for review. Drafting of Basic	
		Assessment (BA) reports, Environmental Management	
		Programme reports for review by Environmental	
		Consultant. Conducting public participation by liaison with	
		competent authorities and stakeholders. Assisting with	
		compiling of Basic Assessment documents.	

## PROJECT EXPERIENCE

Arlene has extensive experience in conducting environmental impact assessments for infrastructure development projects (roads, stormwater, pipelines) and renewable energy projects (solar, wind, csp and hybrid projects), Mixed Use Developments and Section 24G Applications for complex projects and housing developments. She has extensive experience in managing and monitoring ECD functions and compliance on relevant projects. She has gained the ability to conduct sustainability assurance audits for non-financial environmental KPI's through her experience with listed mining corporations. She has also been involved in undertaking Part 2 Amendment Applications and impact assessments for Renewable Energy Projects in South Africa. She currently manages staff and undertakes project planning to ensure that projects are executed within the appropriate timeframes and within budget.

#### MINING SECTOR PROJECTS

#### Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Yzermyn Coal Mine EMPr, Piet Retief, Mpumalanga	Atha Group	EAP

#### Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Shaya Quarry Basic Assessment process, Empangeni,	Mbavuza Minerals	Project Manager
Kwazulu-Natal		
Umvoti River Sand Mining Basic Assessment process,	lzimbiwe Minerals Pty Ltd	Project Manager
Kwazulu-Natal		

#### Environmental Permitting, S53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
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Shaya Quarry Mining Permit Application, Empangeni,	Mbavuza Minerals	Project Manager
Kwazulu-Natal		
Umvoti River Sand Mining Mining Permit Application,	lzimbiwe Minerals Pty Ltd	Project Manager
Kwazulu-Natal		
Newark Quarry, Ilembe Municipality, Kwazulu-Natal	iLembe Concrete Pty Ltd	Junior EAP

# INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS (BRIDGES, PIPELINES, ROADS, WATER RESOURCES, STORAGE, ETC)

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Replacement of Nseleni Bridge- Empangeni, Kwazulu-Natal	RHDHV	EAP
Construction of the GOML Ntuzuma Reservoir, Ntuzuma,	eThekwini Metropolitan	Project Manager
Kwazulu-Natal	Municipality	
Upgrade of the Nyathikazi box culvert, Darnell, Kwazulu-	KwaDukuza Municipality	Junior EAP
Natal		
Upgrade and Expansion Provincial Main Road D887, Kwazulu-	RHDHV	Junior EAP
Natal		
Expansion of LOX and Diesel Storage at the Air Products	Air Products South Africa (Pty)	EAP
Facility in Coega, Eastern Cape	Ltd	

# Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECD

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO Monitoring for Construction of Offtake I Reservoir,	KwaDukuza Municipality	Project Manager
KwaDukuza, Kwazulu-Natal		
ECO Monitoring for Construction of Offtake 6A2, 6D, 8C, 8D,	KwaDukuza Municipality	Project Manager
9, IID Pipelines, KwaDukuza, Kwazulu-Natal		
ECO Monitoring for the Construction of the Jozini RCWSS	RHDHV	ECO (1 year), Project Manager
Phase IA, Jozini, Kwazulu-Natal		
ECO Monitoring for the Greytown BWSS, Greytown, Kwazulu-	RHDHV	Project Manager
Natal		
ECO Monitoring for the Kranskop Water Supply Scheme,	RHDHV	ECO
Kranskop, Kwazulu-Natal		
ECO Monitoring for the Zulti South Access Road, Richards	RHDHV	Project Manager
Bay, Kwazulu-Natal		

# Compliance Advice and ESAP reporting

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Ethafeni Gemetery Environmental Assessment Report,	KwaDukuza Municipality	EAP
KwaDukuza, Kwazulu-Natal		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
General Authorisation for the Replacement of the Nseleni	RHDHV	EAP
Bridge, Empangeni, Kwzulu-Natal		
Water Use Licence Amendment for Country Club	Country Club Johannesburg	EAP
Johannesburg		

Environmental Permitting, S53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

# HOUSING AND URBAN PROJECTS

# Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Ethafeni Precinct Project Section 24G Application- Groutville	KwaDukuza Municipality	Project Manager/Lead
, Kwazulu- Natal.		Consultant
Environmental Management Programme report Brettenwood	Brettenwood Coastal Estate	EAP
Residential Development, Kwazulu-Natal.		
Environmental Management Programme report for CTM	ETM	EAP
Ballito, Ballito, Kwazulu-Natal		

#### Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Upgrade of residential dwelling on Colwyn Drive, Salt Rock,	Mike Graham	Junior EAP
Kwazulu-Natal		
Ethafeni Precinct Project Basic Assessment, Groutville,	KwaDukuza Municipality	Project Manager
Kwazulu-Natal		
105 Nkwazi Drive Single Residential House Basic	Ituwiz Pty Ltd	Project Manager
Assessment, Zinkwazi, Kwazulu-Natal		

#### Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECD

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
88 Compensation ECO Audits – Ballito, Kwazulu- Natal	Imali Corp	Environmental Control Officer
		(ECD)
Oceans Umhlanga Hotel & Residential Development,	Edison Property Group	Project Manager
Umhlanga, Kwazulu-Natal		
Inoxa Cookware Factory Warehouse, Woodmead Estate,	Shree Property	Project Manager
Shakaskraal, Kwazulu-Natal		
Woodmead Estate Warehousing, Gauteng	Shree Property	Project Manager
Ridgeside Commercial Development, Umhlanga, Kwazulu-	Shree Property	Project Manager
Natal		

Construction of Jozini Shopping Centre, Jozini, Kwazulu-	GK Projects	ECO
Natal		
Birdhaven Residential Development, Ballito, Kwazulu-Natal	Mike Graham Trust	ECO
Foxhill Church and Residential Development, Ballito, Kwazulu-	M&C Janigh Trust	ECO
Natal		
Beema Bamboo Plantation Site (Bamboo to Energy project,	Green Grid Energy	ECD
Kwazulu-Natal		

# **<u>OTHER PROJECTS</u>**

# Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Beema Bamboo Plantation Site (Bamboo to Energy project,	Green Grid Energy	ECO
Kwazulu-Natal		
Nkondeni Medical Waste External Waste Management License	Ecocyle Waste Solutions	Auditor
Audit , Pietermaritzburg		
Dube Tradeport External Audit, eThekwini	Dube Tradeport Corporation	Junior Auditor

# Carbon Footprint Analysis

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Carbon footprint analysis of Newcastle and Sasolburg	Karbochem Pty Ltd	EAP
Plants, (Kwazulu Natal & North West		
Measure Carbon Emissions and provide updated baseline	Dube Tradeport Corporation	Junior EAP
that would enable DTPC to quantify, monitor and assess		
carbon footprint and its climate change impact for DTPC,		
eThekwini		

# <u>Waste Management</u>

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Waste Classification Assessment for Karbochem Newcastle	Karbochem Pty Ltd	EAP
facility , Kwazulu-Natal		
Waste Management Licenses for Wadeville & Rosslyn Waste	Planet Care Pty Ltd	EAP
Management Facilities, Gauteng.		

# Compliance Advice and ESAP reporting

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
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Environmental Opinion and Enquiry for the Rosslyn Tyre	Cosmic Energy	EAP
Pyrolysis Plant, Gauteng		

# Non-Financial Auditing

KPI'S Audited	<b>Client Name &amp; Location</b>	Role
Total Primary Water Use, Total Electricity Used, Total Waste	Anglo Platinum (South Africa)	Sustainability Consultant
Generated, Scope 1, 2 & 3 Emissions and Total Number of		
Environmental Incidents.		
Total Primary Water Use, Total Waste Generate and Total	De Beers (Namibia)	Sustainability Consultant
Number of Environmental Incidents.		
Scope I, 2 & 3 Emissions, Total Electricity Purchased, Total	Harmony Gold (South Africa)	Sustainability Consultant
Primary Water Used.		
Scope I, 2 & 3 Emissions, Total Electricity Purchased, Total	Exxaro (South Africa, Papua New	Sustainability Consultant
Primary Water Used and Total Rock Waste Generated.	Guinea)	
Total Corporate Social Investment fund spend by Barclays	Barclays Group	Sustainability Consultant
<i>Group</i>		
Audit Environmental and Social Risk Finance Projects -	MTN (South Africa & Nigeria)	Sustainability Consultant
Equator Principles		

## Renewable Energy Projects

# Part 2 Amendment Applications and Motivation Reports

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Transalloys Coal-Fired Power Station near Emalahleni,	Transalloys (Pty) Ltd	EAP
Mpumalanga Province		
Zen Wind Energy Facility, Western Cape	Energy Team (Pty) Ltd	EAP
Hartebeest Wind Energy Facility, Western Cape	juwi Renewable Energies (Pty) Ltd	EAP
Khai-Ma and Korana Wind Energy Facilities	Mainstream Renewable Power	EAP
	(Pty) Ltd	
Korana Solar PV facility	Mainstream Renewable Power	EAP
	(Pty) Ltd	
Sutherland Wind Energy Facility	Mainstream Renewable Power	EAP
	(Pty) Ltd	
Rietrug Wind Energy Facility	Mainstream Renewable Power	EAP
	(Pty) Ltd	

# **Basic Assessments**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Upilanga Solar Park, Northern Cape (x& IDDMW PV's and	Emvelo Capital Projects (Pty) Ltd	EAP
x3 350MW PV Basic Assessments)		
Kolkies and Sadawa PV facilities and associated grid	Mainstream Renewable Power	EAP
infrastructure	South Africa (Pty) Ltd	
Hyperion Overhead Powerline	Red Rocket (Pty) Ltd	EAP
132KkV Phinda Power underground transmission line	Phinda Power Producers (Pty) Ltd	EAP
Msenge Emoyeni Wind Energy Facility supporting	Windlab (Pty) Ltd	EAP
infrastructure		
Sutherland Wind Energy Facility Grid Infrastructure	Mainstream Renewable Power	EAP
	South Africa (Pty) Ltd	
Rietrug Wind Energy Facility Grid Infrastructure	Mainstream Renewable Power	EAP
	South Africa (Pty) Ltd	

# Environmental Impact Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Upilanga Solar Park, Northern Cape (350MW CSP Tower)	Emvelo Capital Projects (Pty) Ltd	EAP
350MW Risk Mitigation Power Plant (Gas to Power facility)	Phinda Power Producers (Pty) Ltd	EAP
75mw Thermal Dual Fuel Facility and associated	Red Rocket (Pty) Ltd	EAP
infrastructure (Hybrid facility i.e. gas to power and solar pv)		
Berg River Wind Energy Facility	Energy Team (Pty) Ltd	EAP

# Section 54 Audits

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Mulilo 20MW PV Facility, Prieska, Northern Cape	Mulila (Pty) Ltd	Auditor
Mulilo IDMW PV Facility, De Aar, Northern Cape	Mulilo (Pty) Ltd	Auditor
Karoshoek CSP I Facility/ Solar One,, Upington, Northern	Karoshoek Solar One (Pty) Ltd	Audit
Саре		

Environmental Assessment Practitioners Association of South Africa

Registration No. 2019/898

# Herewith certifies that

# Arlene Singh

# is registered as an

# **Environmental Assessment Practitioner**

Registered in accordance with the prescribed criteria of Regulation 15. (1) of the Section 24H Registration Authority Regulations (Regulation No. 849, Gazette No. 40154 of 22 July 2016, of the National Environmental Management Act (NEMA), Act No. 107 of 1998, as amended).

Effective: 01 March 2022

Expires: 28 February 2023

Chairperson

Registrar

SA



# herewith certifies that

# Arlene Singh

Registration Number: 118872

# is a registered scientist

in terms of section 20(3) of the Natural Scientific Professions Act, 2003 (Act 27 of 2003) in the following fields(s) of practice (Schedule 1 of the Act)

Environmental Science (Professional Natural Scientist)

Effective 6 June 2018

Expires 31 March 2023



Chairperson

Chief Executive Officer



To verify this certificate scan this code

## CHANCE FIND PROTOCOL

#### 1. PURPOSE

Monitoring Programme for Palaeontology – to commence once the excavations for all structures and infrastructure begin.

- 1. The following procedure is only required if fossils are seen on the surface and when excavations commence.
- When excavations begin the rocks and must be given a cursory inspection by the environmental officer or designated person. Any fossiliferous
  material (silicified wood, plants, insects, bone, shells) should be put aside in a suitably protected place. This way the construction activities will
  not be interrupted.
- Photographs of similar fossils must be provided to the developer to assist in recognizing the fossil plants and bones in the pans or channels.
   This information will be built into the EMP's training and awareness plan and procedures.
- 4. Photographs of the putative fossils can be sent to the palaeontologist for a preliminary assessment.
- 5. If there is any possible fossil material found by the developer/environmental officer then the qualified palaeontologist sub-contracted for this project, should visit the site to inspect the selected material and check the excavations where feasible.
- 6. Fossil plants or vertebrates that are considered to be of good quality or scientific interest by the palaeontologist must be removed, catalogued and housed in a suitable institution where they can be made available for further study. Before the fossils are removed from the site, a South African Heritage Resources Agency (SAHRA) permit must be obtained. Annual reports must be submitted to SAHRA as required by the relevant permits.
- 7. If no good fossil material is recovered, then any site inspections by the palaeontologist will not be necessary.
- 8. If no fossils are found and the excavations have finished, then no further monitoring is required.