

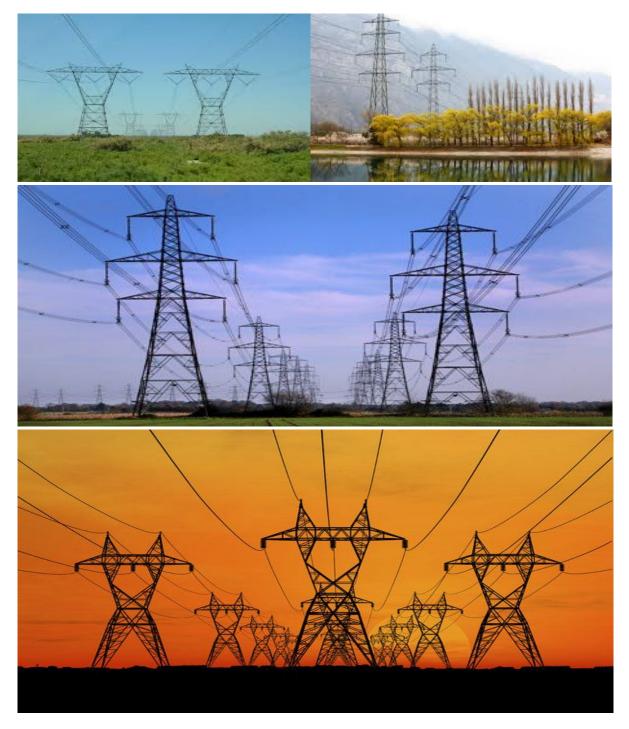
ENVIRONMENTAL

CONSULTING FIRM

FINAL GENERIC ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME REPORT ESTABLISHMENT OF A NEW 132KV POWERLINE AND ASSOCIATED INFRASTRUCTURE TO SUPPORT THE AUTHORISED SUTHERLAND AND RIETRUG WIND ENERGY FACILITIES, NORTHEN CAPE PROVINCE DFFE REF:14/12/16/3/3/1/2457

FEBRUARY 2023

APPENDIX 1: GENERIC ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) FOR THE DEVELOPMENT AND EXPANSION FOR OVERHEAD ELECTRICITY TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION INFRASTRUCTURE



DFFE REF:. 14/12/16/3/3/1/2457/AM1



environmental affairs

Department: Environmental Affairs REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

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INTRODUCTION

1. Background

The National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998) (NEMA) requires that an environmental management programme (EMPr) be submitted where an environmental impact assessment (EIA) has been identified as the environmental instrument to be utilised as the basis for a decision on an application for environmental authorisation (EA). The content of an EMPr must either contain the information set out in Appendix 4 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014, as amended, (EIA Regulations) or must be a generic EMPr relevant to an application as identified and gazetted by the Minister in a government notice. Once the Minister has identified, through a government notice, that a generic EMPr is relevant to an application for EA, that generic EMPr must be applied by all parties involved in the EA process, including, but not limited to, the applicant and the competent authority (CA).

2. Purpose

This document constitutes a generic EMPr relevant to applications for the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure, and all listed and specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

3. Objective

The objective of this generic EMPr is to prescribe and pre-approve generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions, which can commonly and repeatedly be used for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure. The use of a generic EMPr is intended to reduce the need to prepare and review individual EMPrs for applications of a similar nature.

4. Scope

The scope of this generic EMPr applies to the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure requiring EA in terms of NEMA, i.e. with a capacity of 33 kilovolts or more. This generic EMPr applies to activities requiring EA, mainly activity 11 and 47 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 1 of 2014, as amended, and activity 9 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 2 of 2014, as amended, and all associated listed or specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

5. Structure of this document

This document is structured in three parts with an Appendix as indicated in the table below:

Part	Section	Heading	Content
А		Provides general	Definitions, acronyms, roles & responsibilities and
		guidance and information	documentation and reporting.
		and is not legally binding	
В	1	Pre-approved generic EMPr template	Contains generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions required for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure, which are presented in the form of a template that has been pre-approved. The template in this section is to be completed by the contractor, with each completed page signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity.
			relevant, the words "not applicable" can be inserted in the template under the "responsible persons" column. Once completed and signed, the template represents the EMPr for the activity approved by the CA and is legally binding. The template is not required to be submitted to the CA as once the generic EMPr is gazetted for implementation, it has been approved by the CA. To allow interested and affected parties access to the pre-approved EMPr template for consideration through the decision-making process, the EAP on behalf of the applicant /proponent must make the hard copy of this EMPr available at a public location and where the applicant has a website, the EMPr should also be made available on such publicly accessible website.
	2	Site specific information	Contains preliminary infrastructure layout and a declaration that the applicant/holder of the EA

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			will comply with the pre-approved generic EMPr template contained in <u>Part B: Section 1</u> , and understands that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding . The preliminary infrastructure layout must be finalized to inform the final EMPr that is to be submitted with the basic assessment report (BAR) or environmental impact assessment report (EIAR), ensuring that all impact management outcomes and actions have been either pre-approved or approved in terms of <u>Part C</u> .
			This section must be submitted to the CA together with the final BAR or EIAR. The information submitted to the CA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, this Section forms part of the EMPr for the development and is legally binding.
С		Site specific sensitivities/ attributes	If any specific environmental sensitivities/ attributes are present on the site which require site specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr, to manage impacts, these specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific environmental attributes must be referenced spatially and impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be provided. These specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the pre- approved EMPr template (Part B: section 1)
			This section will not be required should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes. However, if <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the site, it is required to be submitted together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP, and must contain his/her name and

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			expertise including a curriculum vitae. Once
			approved, Part C forms part of the EMPr for the
			site and is legally binding.
			This section applies only to additional impact
			management outcomes and impact
			management actions that are necessary for the
			avoidance, management and mitigation of
			impacts and risks associated with the specific
			development or expansion and which are not
			already included in Part B: section 1.
Appe	endix 1		Contains the method statements to be prepared
			prior to commencement of the activity. The
			method statements are not required to be
			submitted to the competent authority.

6. Completion of part B: section 1: the pre-approved generic EMPr template

The template is to be completed prior to commencement of the activity, by providing the following information for each environmental impact management action:

- For implementation
 - a 'responsible person',
 - a method for implementation,
 - a timeframe for implementation
- For monitoring
 - a responsible person
 - frequency
 - evidence of compliance.

The completed template must be signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as <u>Appendix 1</u>. Each method statement must be signed and dated on each page by the holder of the EA. This template, once signed and dated, is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

7. Amendments of the impact management outcomes and impact management actions

Once the activity has commenced, a holder of an EA may make amendments to the impact management outcomes and impact management actions in the following manner:

- Amendment of the impact management outcomes: in line with the process contemplated in regulation 37 of the EIA Regulations; and
- Amendment of the impact management actions: in line with the process contemplated in regulation 36 of the EIA Regulations.

8. Documents to be submitted as part of part B: section 2 site specific information and declaration

<u>Part B: Section 2</u> has three distinct sub-sections. The first and third sub-sections are in a template format. Sub-section two requires a map to be produced.

<u>Sub-section 1</u> contains the project name, the applicant's name and contact details, the site information, which includes coordinates of the corridor in which the proposed overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure is proposed as well as the 21-digit Surveyor General code of each cadastral land parcel and, where available, the farm name.

<u>Sub-section 2</u> is to be prepared by an EAP and must contain his/her name and expertise including a curriculum vitae. This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout using the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at: https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. raptor nest, threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps must identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features in the surrounding landscape within 50m from the development footprint. The overhead transmission and distribution profile must be illustrated at an appropriate resolution to enable fine scale interrogation. It is recommended that <20 km of overhead transmission and distribution length is illustrated per page in A3 landscape format. Where considered appropriate, photographs of sensitive features in the context of tower positions must be used.

<u>Sub-section 3</u> is the declaration that the applicant/proponent or holder of the EA in the case of a change of ownership must complete, which confirms that the applicant/EA holder will comply with the pre-approved generic EMPr template in <u>Section 1</u> and understands that the impact management outcomes and actions are legally binding.

(a) Amendments to Part B: Section 2 – site specific information and declaration

Should the EA be transferred, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new applicant/proponent and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of Regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted as part of such an application for an amendment to an EA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

PART A – GENERAL INFORMATION

1. **DEFINITIONS**

In this EMPr any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the NEMA or EIA Regulations has that meaning, and unless the context requires otherwise –

"clearing" means the clearing and removal of vegetation, whether partially or in whole, including trees and shrubs, as specified;

"construction camp" is the area designated for key construction infrastructure and services, including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;

"**contractor**" - The Contractor has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract, are in line with the Environmental Management Programme and that Method Statements are implemented as described.

"hazardous substance" is a substance governed by the Hazardous Substances Act, 1973 (Act No. 15 of 1973) as well as the Hazardous Chemical and Substances Regulations, 1995;

"method statement" means a written submission by the Contractor to the Project Manager in response to this EMPr or a request by the Project Manager and ECO. The method statement must set out the equipment, materials, labour and method(s) the Contractor proposes using to carry out an activity identified by the Project Manager when requesting the Method Statement. This must be done in such detail that the Project Manager and ECO is able to assess whether the Contractor's proposal is in accordance with this specification and/or will produce results in accordance with this specification;

The method statement must cover applicable details with regard to:

- (i) Construction procedures;
- (ii) Plant, materials and equipment to be used;
- (iii) Transporting the equipment to and from site;
- (iv) How the plant/ material/ equipment will be moved while on site;
- (v) How and where the plant/ material/ equipment will be stored;
- (vi) The containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- (vii) Timing and location of activities;
- (viii) Compliance/ non-compliance; and
- (ix) Any other information deemed necessary by the Project Manager.

"slope" means the inclination of a surface expressed as one unit of rise or fall for so many horizontal units;

"solid waste" means all solid waste, including construction debris, hazardous waste, excess cement/ concrete, wrapping materials, timber, cans, drums, wire, nails, food and domestic waste (e.g. plastic packets and wrappers);

"spoil" means excavated material which is unsuitable for use as material in the construction works or is material which is surplus to the requirements of the construction works;

"topsoil" means a varying depth (up to 300 mm) of the soil profile irrespective of the fertility, appearance, structure, agricultural potential, fertility and composition of the soil; and

"works" means the works to be executed in terms of the Contract

2. ACRONYMS and ABBREVIATIONS

CA	Competent Authority
cEO	Contractors Environmental Officer
dEO	Developer Environmental Officer
DPM	Developer Project Manager
DSS	Developer Site Supervisor
EAR	Environmental Audit Report
ECA	Environment Conservation Act No. 73 of 1989
ECO	Environmental Control Officer
EA	Environmental Authorisation
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
ERAP	Emergency Response Action Plan
EMPr	Environmental Management Programme Report
EAP	Environmental Assessment Practitioner
FPA	Fire Protection Agency
HCS	Hazardous chemical Substance
NEMA	National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998)
NEMBA	National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act ,2004 (Act No. 10
	of 2004)
NEMWA	National Environmental Management: Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008)
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet
RI&APs	Registered interested and affected parties

3. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) IMPLEMENTATION

The effective implementation of this generic EMPr is dependent on established and clear roles, responsibilities and reporting lines within an institutional framework. This section of the EMPr gives guidance to the various environmental roles and reporting lines, however, project specific requirements will ultimately determine the need for the appointment of specific person(s) to undertake specific roles and or responsibilities. As such, it must be noted that in the event that no specific person, for example, an environmental control officer (ECO) is appointed, the holder of the EA remains responsible for ensuring that the duties indicated in this document for action by the ECO are undertaken.

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer's Project Manager (DPM)	Role The Project Developer is accountable for ensuring compliance with the EMPr and any conditions of approval from the competent authority (CA). Where required, an environmental control officer (ECO) must be contracted by the Project Developer to objectively monitor the implementation of the EMPr according to relevant environmental legislation, and the conditions of the environmental authorisation (EA). The Project Developer is further responsible for providing and giving mandate to enable the ECO to perform responsibilities, and he must ensure that the ECO is integrated as part of the project team while remaining independent. Responsibilities - Be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA; - Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Developer and its Contractor(s); - Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; Monitor the implementation of the EMPr throughout the project by means of site inspections and meetings. Overall management of the project and EMPr implementation; and Ensure that periodic environmental performance audits are undertaken on the project implementation.

Table 1: Guide to roles and responsibilities for implementation of an EMPr

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer Site Supervisor (DSS)	Role The DSS reports directly to the DPM, oversees site works, liaises with the contractor(s) and the ECO. The DSS is responsible for the day to day implementation of the EMPr and for ensuring the compliance of all contractors with the conditions and requirements stipulated in the EMPr. Responsibilities - Ensure that all contractors identify a contractor's Environmental Officer (cEO); - Must be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA. Oversees site works, liaison with Contractor, DPM and ECO; - Must ensure that all landowners have the relevant contact details of the site staff, ECO and cEO; - Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; - Will issue all non-compliances to contractors; and
Environmental Control Officer (ECO)	 Ratify the Monthly Environmental Report. <u>Role</u> The ECO should have appropriate training and experience in the implementation of environmental management specifications. The primary role of the ECO is to act as an independent quality controller and monitoring agent regarding all environmental concerns and associated environmental impacts. In this respect, the ECO is to conduct periodic site inspections, attend regular site meetings, pre-empt problems and suggest mitigation and be available to advise on incidental issues that arise. The ECO is also required to conduct compliance audits, verifying the monitoring reports submitted by the cEO. The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager regarding all environmental matters. The Contractor, cEO and dEO are answerable to the Environmental Control Officer for non- compliance with the Performance Specifications as set out in the EA and EMPr.
	The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager, who in turn reports back to the Contractor and potential and Registered Interested &Affected Parties (RI&APs), as required. Issues of non-compliance raised by the ECO must be taken up by the Project Manager and resolved with the Contractor as per the conditions of his contract. Decisions regarding environmental procedures, specifications and requirements which have a cost implication (i.e. those that are deemed to be a

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
	 variation, not allowed for in the Performance Specification) must be endorsed by the Project Manager. The ECO must also, as specified by the EA, report to the relevant CA as and when required. <u>Responsibilities</u> The responsibilities of the ECO will include the following: Be aware of the findings and conclusions of all EA related to the development; Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr; Be conversant with relevant environmental legislation, policies and procedures, and ensure compliance with them; Undertake regular and comprehensive site inspections / audits of the construction site according to the generic EMPr and applicable licenses in order to monitor compliance as required; Educate the construction team about the management measures contained in the EMPr and environmental licenses; Compilation and administration of an environmental monitoring plan to ensure that the environmental management measures are implemented and are effective; Monitoring the performance of the Contractors and ensuring compliance with the EMPr and associated Method Statements; In consultation with the Developer Site Supervisor order the removal of person(s) and/or equipment which are in contravention of the specifications of the EMPr and/or environmental licenses; Liaison between the DPM, Contractors, authorities and other lead stakeholders on all environmental concerns; Compile a regular environmental audit report highlighting any non-compliance issues as well as satisfactory or exceptional compliance with the EMPr; Validating the regular site inspection reports, which are to be prepared by the contractor Environmental Officer (cEO); Checking the cEO's record of environmental incidents (spills, impacts, legal transgressions etc) as well as corrective and preventive actions taken;

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
developer Environmental Officer (dEO)	 Checking the cEO's public complaints register in which all complaints are recorded, as well as action taken; Assisting in the resolution of conflicts; Facilitate training for all personnel on the site – this may range from carrying out the training, to reviewing the training programmes of the Contractor; In case of non-compliances, the ECO must first communicate this to the Senior Site Supervisor, who has the power to ensure this matter is addressed. Should no action or insufficient action be taken, the ECO may report this matter to the authorities as non-compliance; Maintenance, update and review of the EMPr; Communication of all modifications to the EMPr to the relevant stakeholders.
	Contractor's Manager, liaising with contractors and the landowners as well as a range of environmental coordination responsibilities.
	<u>Responsibilities</u> - Be fully conversant with the EMPr;
	 Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr, and implement these measures;
	- Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Employees, Contractor(s);
	 Confine the development site to the demarcated area; Conduct environmental internal audits with regards to EMPr and authorisation compliance (on cEO); Assist the contractors in addressing environmental challenges on site;
	- Assist in incident management:

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
	 Reporting environmental incidents to the developer and ensuring that corrective action is taken, and lessons learnt shared; Assist the contractor in investigating environmental incidents and compile investigation reports; Follow-up on pre-warnings, defects, non-conformance reports; Measure and communicate environmental performance to the Contractor; Conduct environmental awareness training on site together with ECO and cEO; Ensure that the necessary legal permits and / or licenses are in place and up to date; Acting as Developer's Environmental Representative on site and work together with the ECO and contractor.
Contractor	Role The Contractor appoints the cEO and has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract are in line with the EMPr and that Method Statements are implemented as described. External contractors must ensure compliance with this EMPr while performing the onsite activities as per their contract with the Project Developer. The contractors are required, where specified, to provide Method Statements setting out in detail how the impact management actions contained in the EMPr will be implemented during the development or expansion for overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure activities.
	 <u>Responsibilities</u> project delivery and quality control for the development services as per appointment; employ a suitably qualified person to monitor and report to the Project Developer's appointed person on the daily activities on-site during the construction period; ensure that safe, environmentally acceptable working methods and practices are implemented, and that equipment is properly operated and maintained, to facilitate proper access and enable any operation to be carried out safely; attend on site meeting(s) prior to the commencement of activities to confirm the procedure and designated activity zones;

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
	- ensure that contractors' staff repair, at their own cost, any environmental damage as a result
	of a contravention of the specifications contained in EMPr, to the satisfaction of the ECO.
contractor Environmental Officer	Role
(cEO)	Each Contractor affected by the EMPr should appoint a cEO, who is responsible for the on-site
	implementation of the EMPr (or relevant sections of the EMPr). The Contractor's representative can be
	the site agent; site engineer; a dedicated environmental officer; or an independent consultant. The
	Contractor must ensure that the Contractor's Representative is suitably qualified to perform the
	necessary tasks and is appointed at a level such that she/he can interact effectively with other site
	Contractors, labourers, the Environmental Control Officer and the public. As a minimum the cEO shall
	meet the following criteria:
	<u>Responsibilities</u>
	- Be on site throughout the duration of the project and be dedicated to the project;
	- Ensure all their staff are aware of the environmental requirements, conditions and constraints
	with respect to all of their activities on site;
	- Implementing the environmental conditions, guidelines and requirements as stipulated within
	the EA, EMPr and Method Statements;
	- Attend the Environmental Site Meeting;
	 Undertaking corrective actions where non-compliances are registered within the stipulated timeframes;
	- Report back formally on the completion of corrective actions;
	- Assist the ECO in maintaining all the site documentation;
	- Prepare the site inspection reports and corrective action reports for submission to the ECO;
	- Assist the ECO with the preparing of the monthly report; and
	- Where more than one Contractor is undertaking work on site, each company appointed as a
	Contractor will appoint a cEO representing that company.

4. ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE

To ensure accountable and demonstrated implementation of the EMPr, a number of reporting systems, documentation controls and compliance mechanisms must be in place for all overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure projects as a minimum requirement.

4.1 Document control/Filing system

The holder of the EA is solely responsible for the upkeep and management of the EMPr file. At a minimum, all documentation detailed below will be stored in the EMPr file. A hard copy of all documentation shall be filed, while an electronic copy may be kept where relevant. A duplicate file will be maintained in the office of the DSS (where applicable). This duplicate file must remain current and up-to-date. The filing system must be updated and relevant documents added as required. The EMPr file must be made available at all times on request by the CA or other relevant authorities. The EMPr file will form part of any environmental audits undertaken as prescribed in the EIA Regulations.

4.2 Documentation to be available

At the outset of the project the following preliminary list of documents shall be placed in the filing system and be accessible at all times:

- Full copy of the signed EA from the CA in terms of NEMA, granting approval for the development or expansion;
- Copy of the generic and site specific EMPr as well as any amendments thereof;
- Copy of declaration of implementing generic EMPr and subsequent approval of site specific EMPr and amendments thereof;
- All method statements;
- Completed environmental checklists;
- Minutes and attendance register of environmental site meetings;
- An up-to-date environmental incident log;
- A copy of all instructions or directives issued;
- A copy of all corrective actions signed off. The corrective actions must be filed in such a way that a clear reference is made to the non-compliance record;
- Complaints register.

4.3 Weekly Environmental Checklist

The ECOs are required to complete a Weekly Environmental Checklist, the format of which is to be agreed prior to commencement of the activity. The ECOs are required to sign and date the checklist, retain a copy in the EMPr file and submit a copy of the completed checklist to the DSS on a weekly basis.

The checklists will form the basis for the Monthly Environmental Reports. Copies of all completed checklists will be attached as Annexures to the Environmental Audit Report as required in terms of the EIA Regulations.

4.4 Environmental site meetings

Minutes of the environmental site meetings shall be kept. The minutes must include an attendance register and will be attached to the Monthly Report that is distributed to attendees. Each set of minutes must clearly record "Matters for Attention" that will be reviewed at the next meeting.

4.5 Required Method Statements

The method statement will be done in such detail that the ECOs are enabled to assess whether the contractor's proposal is in accordance with the EMPr.

The method statement must cover applicable details with regard to:

- development procedures;
- materials and equipment to be used;
- getting the equipment to and from site;
- how the equipment/ material will be moved while on site;
- how and where material will be stored;
- the containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- timing and location of activities;
- compliance/ non-compliance with the EMPr; and
- any other information deemed necessary by the ECOs.

Unless indicated otherwise by the Project Manager, the Contractor shall provide the following method statements to the Project Manager no less than 14 days prior to the commencement date of the activity:

- Site establishment Camps, Lay-down or storage areas, satellite camps, infrastructure;
- Batch plants;
- Workshop or plant servicing;
- Handling, transport and storage of Hazardous Chemical Substances;
- Vegetation management Protected, clearing, aliens, felling;
- Access management Roads, gates, crossings etc.;
- Fire plan;
- Waste management transport, storage, segregation, classification, disposal (all waste streams);
- Social interaction complaints management, compensation claims, access to properties etc.;
- Water use (source, abstraction and disposal), access and all related information, crossings and mitigation;
- Emergency preparedness Spills, training, other environmental emergencies;
- Dust and noise management methodologies;
- Fauna interaction and risk management only if the risk was identified wildlife interaction especially on game farms; and
- Heritage and palaeontology management.

The ECOs shall monitor and ensure that the contractors perform in accordance with these method statements. Completed and agreed method statements between the holder of the EA and the contractor shall be captured in Appendix 1.

4.6 Environmental Incident Log (Diary)

The ECOs are required to maintain an up-to-date and current Environmental Incident Log (environmental diary). The Environmental Incident Log is a means to record all environmental incidents and/or all non-compliance notice would not be issued. An environmental incident is defined as:

- Any deviation from the listed impact management actions (listed in this EMPr) that may be addressed immediately by the ECOs. (For example a contractor's staff member littering or a drip tray that has not been emptied);
- Any environmental impact resulting from an action or activity by a contractor in contravention of the environmental stipulations and guidelines listed in the EMPr which as a single event would have a minor impact but which if cumulative and continuous would have a significant effect (for example no toilet paper available in the ablutions for an afternoon); and
- General environmental information such as road kills or injured wildlife.

The ECOs are to record all environmental incidents in the Environmental Incident Log. All incidents regardless of severity must be reported to the Developer. The Log is to be kept in the EMPr file and at a minimum the following will be recorded for each environmental incident:

- The date and time of the incident;
- Description of the incident;
- The name of the Contractor responsible;
- The incident must be listed as significant or minor;
- If the incident is listed as significant, a non-compliance notice must be issued, and recorded in the log;
- Remedial or corrective action taken to mitigate the incident; and
- Record of repeat minor offences by the same contractor or staff member.

The Environmental Incident Log will be captured in the EAR.

4.7 Non-compliance

A non-compliance notice will be issued to the responsible contractor by the ECOs via the DSS or Project Manager. The non-compliance notice will be issued in writing; a copy filed in the EMPr file and will at a minimum include the following:

- Time and date of the non-compliance;
- Name of the contractor responsible;
- Nature and description of the non-compliance;
- Recommended / required corrective action; and
- Date by which the corrective action to be completed.

• The contractors shall act immediately when a notice of non-compliance is received and correct whatever is the cause for the issuing of the notice. Complaints received regarding activities on the development site pertaining to the environment shall be recorded in a dedicated register and the response noted with the date and action taken. The ECO should be made aware of any complaints. Any non-compliance with the agreed procedures of the EMPr is a transgression of the various statutes and laws that define the manner by which the environment is managed. Failure to redress the cause shall be reported to the relevant CA for them to deal with the transgression, as it deems fit. The contractor is deemed not to have complied with the EMPr if, inter alia, There is a deviation from the environmental conditions, impact management outcomes and impact management actions , as approved in generic and site specific EMPr as relevant as set out in the EMPr, which deviation has, or may cause, an environmental impact.

4.8 Corrective action records

For each non-compliance notice issued, a documented corrective action must be recorded. On receiving a non-compliance notice from the DSS, the contractor's cEO will ensure that the corrective actions required take place within the stipulated timeframe. On completion of the corrective action the cEO is to issue a Corrective Action Report in writing to the ECOs. If satisfied that the corrective action has been completed, the ECOs are to sign-off on the Corrective Action Report, and attach the report to the non-compliance notice in the EMPr file. A corrective action is considered complete once the report has signed off by the ECOs.

4.9 Photographic record

A digital photographic record will be kept. The photographic record will be used to show before, during and post rehabilitation evidence of the project as well used in cases of damages claims if they arise. Each image must be dated and a brief description note attached.

The Contractor shall:

1. Allow the ECOs access to take photographs of all areas, activities and actions.

The ECOs shall keep an electronic database of photographic records which will include:

- 1. Pictures of all areas designated as work areas, camp areas, development sites and storage areas taken before these areas are set up;
- 2. All bunding and fencing;
- 3. Road conditions and road verges;
- 4. Condition of all farm fences;
- 5. Topsoil storage areas;
- 6. All areas to be cordoned off during construction;
- 7. Waste management sites;
- 8. Ablution facilities (inside and out);
- 9. Any non-conformances deemed to be "significant";
- 10. All completed corrective actions for non-compliances;
- 11. All required signage;

- 12. Photographic recordings of incidents;
- 13. All areas before, during and post rehabilitation; and
- 14. Include relevant photographs in the Final Environmental Audit Report.

4.10 Complaints register

The ECOs shall keep a current and up-to-date complaints register. The complaints register is to be a record of all complaints received from communities, stakeholders and individuals. The Complaints Record shall:

- 1. Record the name and contact details of the complainant;
- 2. Record the time and date of the complaint;
- 3. Contain a detailed description of the complaint;
- 4. Where 0 relevant and appropriate, contain photographic evidence of the complaint or damage (ECOs to take relevant photographs); and
- 5. Contain a copy of the ECOs written response to each complaint received and keep a record of any further correspondence with the complainant. The ECO's written response will include a description of any corrective action to be taken and must be signed by the Contractor, ECO and affected party. Where a damage claim is issued by the complainant, the ECOs shall respond as described in (section 4.11) below.

4.11 Claims for damages

In the event that a Claim for Damages is submitted by a community, landowner or individual, the ECOs shall:

- 1. Record the full detail of the complaint as described in (section 4.10) above;
- 2. The DPM will evaluate the claim and associated damage and submit the evaluation to the Senior Site Representative for approval;
- 3. Following consideration by the DPM, the claim is to be resolved and settled immediately, or the reason for not accepting the claim communicated in writing to the claimant. Should the claimant not accept this, the ECO shall, in writing report the incident to the Developer's negotiator and legal department; and
- 4. A formal record of the response by the ECOs to the claimant as well as the rectification of the method of making payments not amount will be recorded in the EMPr file.
- 4.12 Interactions with affected parties

Open, transparent and good relations with affected landowners, communities and regional staff are an essential aspect to the successful management and mitigation of environmental impacts.

The ECOs shall:

1. Ensure that all queries, complaints and claims are dealt within an agreed timeframe;

- 2. Ensure that any or all agreements are documented, signed by all parties and a record of the agreement kept in the EMPr file;
- 3. Ensure that a complaints telephone numbers are made available to all landowners and affected parties; and
- 4. Ensure that contact with affected parties is courteous at all times;

4.13 Environmental audits

Internal environmental audits of the activity and implementation of the EMPr must be undertaken. The findings and outcomes must be included in the EMPr file and be submitted to the CA at intervals as indicated in the EA.

An Environmental Audit Report must be prepared monthly. The report will be tabled as the key point on the agenda of the Environmental Site Meeting. The Report is submitted for acceptance at the meeting and the final report will be circulated to the Project Manager and filed in the EMPr file. At a frequency determined by the EA, the ECOs shall submit the monthly reports to the CA. At a minimum the monthly report is to cover the following:

- Weekly Environmental Checklists;
- Deviations and non-compliances with the checklists;
- Non-compliances issued;
- Completed and reported corrective actions;
- Environmental Monitoring;
- General environmental findings and actions; and
- Minutes of the Bi-monthly Environmental Site Meetings.
- 4.14 Final environmental audits

On final completion of the rehabilitation and/or requirements of the EA a final EAR is to be prepared and submitted to the CA. The EAR must comply with Appendix 7 of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 1: Pre-approved generic EMPr template

5. IMPACT MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES AND IMPACT MANAGEMENT ACTIONS

This section provides a pre-approved generic EMPr template with aspects that are common to the development of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure. There is a list of aspects identified for the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure, and for each aspect a set of prescribed impact management outcomes and associated impact management actions have been identified. Holders of EAs are responsible to ensure the implementation of these outcomes and actions for all projects as a minimum requirement, in order to mitigate the impact of such aspects identified for the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure.

The template provided below is to be completed by providing the information under each heading for each environmental impact management action.

The completed template must be signed and dated on each page by both the contractor and the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as Appendix 1. Each method statement must also be duly signed and dated on each page by the contactor and the holder of the EA. This template, once signed and dated, is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

5.1 Environmental Awareness Training

Impact management outcome: All onsite staff are aware and understand the individual responsibilities in terms of this EMPr.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- All staff must receive environmental awareness training	ECO/cEO/dEO	Hold	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
prior to commencement of the activities;		environmental	Construction	dEO	and when	register and
		awareness			required	training minutes
		training				/ notes for the
		workshops				record
- The Contractor must allow for sufficient sessions to train	Contractor	Scheduling of	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
all personnel with no more than 20 personnel attending		sufficient	Construction	dEO	and when	register and
each course;		sessions through			required	training minutes
		consultation with				/ notes for the
		the ECO / cEO /				record
		dEO				
- Refresher environmental awareness training is	cEO / dEO in	Hold refresher	During the	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
available as and when required;	consultation with	environmental	construction	dEO	and when	register and
	the ECO	awareness	phase		required	training minutes
		training				/ notes for the
		workshops				record
- All staff are aware of the conditions and controls linked	cEO / dEO	Hold training	During the	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
to the EA and within the EMPr and made aware of their		workshops and	construction	dEO	and when	register and
individual roles and responsibilities in achieving		ensure that the	phase		required	training minutes
compliance with the EA and EMPr;		EA and EMPr is				/ notes for the
		readily available				record
- The Contractor must erect and maintain information	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
posters at key locations on site, and the posters must		place	Construction	dEO		record
include the following information as a minimum:		appropriate		cEO		
a) Safety notifications; and						

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
b) No littering.		posters at key				
		locations				
- Environmental awareness training must include as a	cEO / dEO in	Develop	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the	Environmental
minimum the following:	consultation with	environmental	Construction	dEO	commencemen	awareness
a) Description of significant environmental impacts,	the ECO	awareness			t of the	training material
actual or potential, related to their work activities;		training material			environmental	requirements
b) Mitigation measures to be implemented when		which covers the			awareness	checklist
carrying out specific activities;		minimum			training	
c) Emergency preparedness and response		requirements				
procedures;						
d) Emergency procedures;						
e) Procedures to be followed when working near or						
within sensitive areas;						
f) Wastewater management procedures;						
g) Water usage and conservation;						
 h) Solid waste management procedures; 						
i) Sanitation procedures;						
j) Fire prevention; and						
k) Disease prevention.						
- A record of all environmental awareness training	ECO/cEO/dEO	Filing system	During the	ECO	Monthly	Completed and
courses undertaken as part of the EMPr must be		including all	construction	dEO		up to date filing
available;		proof of training	phase			system with
		(i.e. attendance				proof of training
		register and				
		training minutes				
		/ notes for the				
		record)				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Educate workers on the dangers of open and/or	cEO / dEO in	Develop	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the	Environmental
unattended fires;	consultation with	environmental	Construction	dEO	commencemen	awareness
	the ECO	awareness			t of the	training material
		training material			environmental	requirements
		which covers the			awareness	checklist
		dangers of open			training	
		and/or				
		unattended fire				
- A staff attendance register of all staff to have received	ECO/cEO/dEO	Filing system	During the	ECO	Monthly	Completed and
environmental awareness training must be available.		including all	construction	dEO		up to date filing
		proof of training	phase			system inclusive
		(i.e. attendance				of all
		register)				attendance
						registers
- Course material must be available and presented in	ECO/cEO/dEO	Develop	During the	ECO	Monthly	Environmental
appropriate languages that all staff can understand.		environmental	construction	dEO		awareness
		awareness	phase			training material
		training material				requirements
		in the required				checklist and
		languages.				the training
		Training material				register which
		must by readily				must indicate
		available to all				the language of
		staff				the training

5.2 Site Establishment Development

Impact management outcome: Impacts on the environment are minimised during site establishment and the development footprint is kept to the demarcated development area.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
A method statement must be provided by the contractor prior to any onsite activity that includes the layout of the construction camp in the form of a plan showing the location of key infrastructure and services (where applicable), including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous materials storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;	Contractor	Development of an appropriate method statement	Pre-construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of the method statement which complies with the minimum requirements listed
 Location of construction camps must be within approved area to ensure that the site does not impact on sensitive areas identified in the environmental assessment or site walk through; 	DPM	Place construction camps outside of sensitive areas identified in the Basic Assessment Report	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of a layout and sensitivity map indicating avoidance of sensitive areas

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Sites must be located where possible on previously	DPM	Place site	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Availability of a
disturbed areas;		outside of		dEO	construction	layout and
		sensitive areas				sensitivity map
		and within				indicating
		previously				avoidance of
		disturbed areas				sensitive areas
		identified in the				and placement
		authorised BA				within disturbed
		Report				areas
- The camp must be fenced in accordance with Section	DPM	Design and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	The camp is
5.5: Fencing and gate installation; and		implementation	& Construction	dEO	construction	fenced in
		of fencing as			and once during	accordance
		per the			the construction	with Section 5.5
		requirements of			of the fencing	of this EMPr
		Section 5.5 of				
		this EMPr				
- The use of existing accommodation for contractor	Not applicable -	- the developmen	t of new accomr	modation facilitie	s will not be require	ed. Staff will be
staff, where possible, is encouraged.	accommodated	in the nearby towns	of Bedford and Co	okhouse.		

Impact management outcome: Access to restricted areas prevented.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Identification of access restricted areas is to be	dEO / cEO in	Spatially	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Access
informed by the environmental assessment, site walk	consultation with	demarcate			construction	restricted areas
through and any additional areas identified during	the ECO	access restricted				are identified
development;		areas informed				and provided in
		by the BA Report				a spatial format
- Erect, demarcate and maintain a temporary barrier	dEO / cEO in	Erect	At the	ECO	Monthly	Access
with clear signage around the perimeter of any access	consultation with	appropriate	commencement			restricted areas
restricted area, colour coding could be used if	the ECO	temporary	and for the			are closed-off
appropriate; and		barriers around	duration of the			through
		access restricted	construction			temporary
		areas	phase			barriers and
						barriers are
						maintained to a
						sufficient
						standard
- Unauthorised access and development related	Contractor /	Erect	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Photographic
activity inside access restricted areas is prohibited.	dEO / cEO	appropriate	construction		and when	evidence and
		temporary	phase		required	notes of
		barriers around				compliance that
		access restricted				no unauthorised
		areas and				access or

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		provide clear				activities has
		signage of				taken place
		restricted status				within the
						access restricted
						areas

5.4 Access roads

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment through the planned and restricted movement of vehicles on site.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Access to the servitude and tower positions must be	DPM	Undertake	Pre-construction	dEO	Ongoing	Proof of	
negotiated with the relevant landowner and must fall		negotiations for	Construction		throughout	negotiations	
within the assessed and authorised area;		access to the	Operation		construction	with affected	
		servitude and			and operation	landowners and	
		tower positions				requirements for	
		with landowners				access to the	
		affected by the				servitude and	
		grid connection				tower positions in	
		corridor				the form of	
						written and	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						signed agreements
 An access agreement must be formalised and signed by the DPM, Contractor and landowner before commencing with the activities; 	DPM Contractor	Develop access agreements with the affected landowners. Ensure that agreements are approved and signed	Pre-construction	dEO ECO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of approved and signed negotiations
 The access roads to tower positions must be signposted after access has been negotiated and before the commencement of the activities; 	Contractor	Develop and install signs to indicate access for the project	Pre-construction	ceo / eco	Once, prior to construction	Photographic record of signposted access roads and GPS co- ordinates of where these are placed
 All private roads used for access to the servitude must be maintained and upon completion of the works, be left in at least the original condition 	Contractor	Undertake maintenance activities on gravel roads used for construction as degradation takes place	During the construction phase	cEO / ECO	Weekly	Photographic record of the pre-construction condition and degradation of roads, and records of the implementation and

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation				
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						effectiveness of maintenance activities
 All contractors must be made aware of all the access routes. 	dEO / cEO	Develop a map illustrating all access routes associated with the project and present and provide the map to all contractors	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Once, prior to construction	Access routes map readily available
 Any access route deviation from that in the written agreement must be closed and re-vegetated immediately, at the contractor's expense. 	Contractor	All access routes developed that are not in-line with the access route agreements must be closed and re- habilitated to the pre- disturbance state	Construction and Rehabilitation	ECO	Bi-weekly (every two weeks)	Photographic record of the closure of access roads and re- vegetation
 Maximum use of both existing servitudes and existing roads must be made to minimise further disturbance through the development of new roads; 	Contractor (and Eskom maintenance staff where	Existing access routes to be used must be specified and	Construction and operation	cEO Operation and maintenance team	Weekly	Implementation of the approved layout

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
	relevant to operation)	the development of new roads must be avoided as far as possible					
 In circumstances where private roads must be used, the condition of the said roads must be recorded in accordance with section 4.9: photographic record; prior to use and the condition thereof agreed by the landowner, the DPM, and the contractor; 	dEO / cEO	Record the conditions of private roads to be used (prior to use) as per the requirements of section 4.9 and agree on the required condition of the roads with the landowner, DPM and contractor	During the construction phase	ECO	Prior to the use of private roads	Photographic record and proof of the road conditions agreed upon with the relevant parties	
 Access roads in flattish areas must follow fence lines and tree belts to avoid fragmentation of vegetated areas or croplands. 	DPM and Contractor	Design access roads to follow fence lines and avoid vegetated areas	Pre-construction	ECO	Once during the design and once prior to construction	Implementation of the approved layout	
 Access roads must only be developed on pre-planned and approved roads. 	Contractor	Construction of access roads only on pre- planned and	During the construction phase	ECO dEO	Once during the design and weekly during	Implementation of the approved layout	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		approved			the construction		
		access roads			of access roads		

5.5 Fencing and Gate installation

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and gates where required.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Use existing gates provided to gain access to all parts	Contractor	Identify and	Pre-construction	dEO	Monthly	Existing gates	
of the area authorised for development, where		inform all	& Construction			are utilised on a	
possible.		relevant staff of				frequent basis	
		the existing				and only limited	
		gates to be used				new access	
						gates are	
						developed	
- Existing and new gates to be recorded and	dEO	Existing and new	During the	ECO	Once, when the	Photographic	
documented in accordance with section 4.9:		gates will be	construction		construction of	record of the	
photographic record.		recorded and	phase		all new gates	existing and new	
		documented as			has been	gates as per the	
		per the			completed		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation				
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		requirements of section 4.9				requirements of section 4.9
 All gates must be fitted with locks and be kept locked at all times during the development phase, unless otherwise agreed with the landowner. 	Contractor	Ensure all relevant gates are fitted with locks and are always locked	Construction and Operation	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Bi-weekly (every second week)	All gates are locked and no complaints from landowners are received in this regard
 At points where the line crosses an existing fence in which there is no suitable gate within the extent of the line servitude, on the instruction of the DPM, a gate must be installed at the approval of the landowner. 	dEO	Install new gates where required with the approval of the affected landowner	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, prior to construction and during the construction phase, as and when required	New gates are installed where the power line crosses fences
 Care must be taken that the gates must be so erected that there is a gap of no more than 100mm between the bottom of the gate and the ground. 	Contractor	Install gates in a manner so that there is a gap of no more than 100mm between the bottom of the gate and the ground	During the construction phase	CEO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase	New gates installed as per the requirement
 Where gates are installed in jackal proof fencing, a suitable reinforced concrete sill must be provided beneath the gate. 	Contractor	Implement a reinforced concrete sill beneath gates	During the construction phase	CEO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the	New gates installed as per the requirement

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		installed for jackal proofing			construction phase	
 Original tension must be maintained in the fence wires. 	Contractor	Maintain original tension of fences through required activities	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No tension reduction on fence wires
 All gates installed in electrified fencing must be re- electrified. 	Contractor	Electrify gates installed in electrified fencing	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase	Gates installed in electrified fencing is electrified
 All demarcation fencing and barriers must be maintained in good working order for the duration of overhead transmission and distribution electricity infrastructure development activities. 	Contractor	Undertake maintenance activities on fences and barriers	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of maintained fences and barriers
 Fencing must be erected around the camp, batching plants, hazardous storage areas, and all designated access restricted areas, where appropriate and would not cause harm to the sensitive flora. 	Contractor	Fence construction camps, batching plants, hazardous storage areas and access restricted areas. Avoid sensitive flora	During the construction phase	ECO	Once during the erection of fencing	Photographic record of fences erected

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Any temporary fencing to restrict the movement of livestock must only be erected with the permission of the landowner. 	dEO/ cEO Contractor	Obtain written approval from the relevant landowner where temporary fencing is required to restrict livestock movement	During the construction phase	ECO	To be monitored as temporary fencing is required	Written approval to be provided by the dEO
 All fencing must be developed of high-quality material bearing the SABS mark. 	Contractor	Make use of high-quality materials approved by SABS	During the construction phase	CEO	To be monitored as fencing is erected during the construction phase	Use of high- quality materials for fencing approved by SABS
 The use of razor wire as fencing must be avoided as far as possible. 	Contractor	Razor wire must not be sourced or used for the erection of fencing	During the construction phase	ECO	To be monitored as fencing is erected during the construction phase	Fences erected do not make use of razor wire
 Fenced areas with gate access must remain locked after hours, during weekends and on holidays if staff is away from site. Site security will be required at all times. 	DSS and Contractor	Ensure fenced areas are locked as required through the implementation of a formalised process.	During the construction phase	CEO	Weekly and as and when required	Fences are locked and no complaints from landowners are received. A security

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		Appoint a security company				company is appointed
 On completion of the development phase all temporary fences are to be removed. 	Contractor	Removal of all temporary fences	At the end of the Construction Phase	ECO dEO	Once, following the completion of the construction phase	No temporary fences associated with the project is present following the completion of the construction phase
 The contractor must ensure that all fence uprights are appropriately removed, ensuring that no uprights are cut at ground level but rather removed completely. 	Contractor	Appropriate removal of all fence uprights	At the end of the Construction Phase	ECO dEO	Once, following the completion of the construction phase	No fence uprights associated with the project is present following the completion of the construction phase

Impact management outcome: Undertake responsible water usage.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
- All abstraction points or bore holes must be registered	DPM /	The onsite	Prior to	ECO / dEO	Registration of	Proof of		
with the DWS and suitable water meters installed to	Contractor /	borehole must	commencemen		borehole once	registration of		
ensure that the abstracted volumes are measured on	dEO / cEO in	be registered	t, during		off prior	borehole from		
a daily basis.	consultation with	with the DWS	construction		commencemen	DWS and proof		
	the ECO	prior to	and operational		t of construction	of daily records		
		commencemen	phase		and monitoring	of abstraction		
		t of activities			of abstraction	volumes to be		
					volumes on a	attached to		
					daily basis during	monthly audit		
					construction	reports.		
					and during			
					operation.			
 The Contractor must ensure the following: 	Not applicable -	During the construc	ction phase, wate	r will be sourced fr	rom the local muni	cipality or existing		
a. The vehicle abstracting water from a river does not	boreholes (if grour	ndwater is availabl	e and if suitable). Th	ne exact details of	water requirements	s will be confirmed		
enter or cross it and does not operate from within the	during the detaile	ed engineering pha	se. At this stage, no	water is planned to	be abstracted fror	n or discharged		
river;	to any surface wa	iter systems. During	the operational pho	ase of the proposed	d distribution line, w	ater requirements		
b. No damage occurs to the riverbed or banks and	are not applicable	are not applicable.						
that the abstraction of water does not entail stream								
diversion activities; and								

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- c. All reasonable measures to limit pollution or							
sedimentation of the downstream watercourse are							
implemented.							
- Ensure water conservation is being practiced by:	Contractor /	Implement the	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Successful	
a. Minimising water use during cleaning of equipment;	dEO / cEO in	required water	construction		and when	implementation	
b. Undertaking regular audits of water systems; and	consultation with	conservation	phase		required	of water	
c. Including a discussion on water usage and	the ECO	measures				conservation	
conservation during environmental awareness		throughout on-					
training.		site construction					
d. The use of grey water is encouraged.		processes					

5.7 Storm and wastewater management

Impact management outcome: Impacts to the environment caused by stormwater and wastewater discharges during construction are avoided.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Runoff from the cement/ concrete batching areas must be strictly controlled, and contaminated water must be collected, stored and either treated or disposed of off-site, at a location approved by the project manager. 	Contractor	Implement measures for the control and management of runoff	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	No mismanagement of runoff or contaminated water due to the temporary concrete batching plant
 All spillage of oil onto concrete surfaces must be controlled by the use of an approved absorbent material and the used absorbent material disposed of at an appropriate waste disposal facility. 	Contractor and cEO	Obtain approved absorbent material and make use of licensed waste disposal facilities for disposal of oil	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Availability of approved absorbent material at the construction site and proof of disposal of oil at licensed disposal facilities
 Natural stormwater runoff not contaminated during the development and clean water can be discharged directly to watercourses and water bodies, subject to the Project Manager's approval and support by the ECO. 	DPM in consultation with the ECO	Consultation between the DPM and the ECO to determine if water can be	During the construction phase	ECO	As and when the need arises to discharge natural stormwater	consultation

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		discharged			runoff and	Proof of water
		directly into			clean water	quality testing and
		water bodies				the results thereof.
		(where present).				
		The necessary				
		water quality				
		testing must be				
		undertaken prior				
		to discharge				
- Water that has been contaminated with suspended	DPM in	Consultation	During the	ECO	As and when	Proof of
solids, such as soils and silt, may be released into	consultation with	between the	construction		the need arises	consultation
watercourses or water bodies only once all suspended	the ECO	DPM and the	phase		to discharge	between the DPM
solids have been removed from the water by settling		ECO to			water	and ECO and the
out these solids in settlement ponds. The release of		determine if				outcomes thereof
settled water back into the environment must be		water can be				to be provided.
subject to the Project Manager's approval and		discharged				Proof of water
support by the ECO.		directly into				quality testing and
		water bodies				the results thereof.
		(where present).				
		The necessary				
		water quality				
		testing must be				
		undertaken prior				
		to discharge				

5.8 Solid and hazardous waste management

Impact management outcome: Waste is appropriately stored, handled and safely disposed of at a recognised waste facility.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All measures regarding waste management must be undertaken using an integrated waste management approach. 	Contractor	Develop and implement a waste management plan	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Implementation of the waste management plan and proof of waste management through proof of responsible disposal
 Sufficient, covered waste collection bins (scavenger and weatherproof) must be provided. 	Contractor	Provision of appropriate waste collection bins strategically placed throughout the site	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Appropriate waste collection bins are available throughout the site
 A suitably positioned and clearly demarcated waste collection site must be identified and provided. 	DPM and Contractor	Identify an appropriate location for the waste collection site which must be clearly demarcated through signage and temporary fencing	Design and Construction Phase	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	A waste collection site is appropriately placed and demarcated
 The waste collection site must be maintained in a clean and orderly manner. 	Contractor	Regular collection of waste and maintenance of	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	The waste collection site is maintained and clean

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		the area must be undertaken as per the waste requirements for the project during construction				•	
 Waste must be segregated into separate bins and clearly marked for each waste type for recycling and safe disposal. 	Contractor	Provide separate and marked bins for the different waste types associated with the construction phase	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	Separate waste bins are available on site and waste generated is separated into the relevant bins	
 Staff must be trained in waste segregation. 	ceo / deo	Include waste segregation as part of the environmental awareness training material.	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist	
 Bins must be emptied regularly. 	Contractor cEO	Bins must be emptied before reaching total capacity and on a regular basis as required for the project	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No mismanagemen t of bins.	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- General waste produced onsite must be disposed of	Contractor	Disposal of	During the	ECO	Monthly	Disposal	
at registered waste disposal sites/ recycling company.	cEO	general waste at	construction			certificates	of
		licensed waste	phase			disposal	at
		disposal facilities				licensed facil	ities
		must be				to be provide	эd
		undertaken as					
		per the waste					
		management					
		plan					
- Hazardous waste must be disposed of at a registered	Contractor	Disposal of	During the	ECO	Monthly	Disposal	
waste disposal site.	cEO	hazardous waste	construction			certificates	of
		at licensed	phase			disposal	at
		waste disposal				licensed facil	ities
		facilities must be				to be provide	ed
		undertaken as					
		per the waste					
		management					
		plan					
- Certificates of safe disposal for general, hazardous	Contractor	Obtain	During the	ECO	Monthly	Disposal	
and recycled waste must be maintained.	cEO	certificates for	construction		,	certificates	of
		safe disposal of	phase			disposal	at
		waste				licensed facil	-
						to be provid	
						and filed as p	
							iling
						system	
		I				37210111	

5.9 Protection of watercourses and estuaries

Impact management outcome: Pollution and contamination of the watercourse environment and or estuary erosion are prevented.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- All watercourses must be protected from direct or	Contractor and	Contractor to	During the	ECO	Weekly	No incidents
indirect spills of pollutants such as solid waste, sewage,	cEO	undertake	construction			reported of
cement, oils, fuels, chemicals, aggregate tailings, wash		activities which	phase			spillage of
and contaminated water or organic material resulting		can cause spills				pollutants into
from the Contractor's activities.		of pollutants				watercourses
		outside of				
		watercourses				
- In the event of a spill, prompt action must be taken to	Contractor and	Develop a	During the	ECO	Weekly	Feedback must
clear the polluted or affected areas.	cEO	management	construction			be provided by
		plan or process	phase			the contractor in
		for				terms of how the
		implementation				spill was handled
		should a spill				and
		take place				photographic
						evidence of the
						feedback must
						be provided and
						kept on record
- Where possible, no development equipment must	Contractor and	Contractor to	During the	ECO	Weekly	No incidents of
traverse any seasonal or permanent wetland.	cEO	ensure that	construction			the movement
		movement of	phase			of equipment
		equipment is				within the
		undertaken				wetlands or their
		outside the				riparian habitat.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		footprint and					
		riparian habitat					
		of the wetlands					
		identified within					
		the area.					
- No return flow into the estuaries must be allowed and	Not applicable – r	no estuaries were id	entified within the g	grid connection c	orridor.		
no disturbance of the Estuarine Functional Zone should							
occur.							
- Development of permanent watercourse or estuary	Contractor and	Ensure that only	During the	ECO	Weekly	Ensure t	that
crossing must only be undertaken where no alternative	cEO	existing roads or	construction			permanent	
access to tower position is available.		tracks are used	phase			crossings	are
		to access				developed	if
		construction				there is	no
		areas within the				alternative.	
		vicinity of					
		watercourses					
		(including					
		wetlands). No					
		new access					
		roads/tracks					
		should be					
		constructed to					
		provide access					
		to construction					
		areas within the					
		vicinity of					
		watercourses					
		and wetlands					
		within the grid					
		connection					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	I		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		corridor/servitud e.				
 There must not be any impact on the long-term morphological dynamics of watercourses or estuaries. 	DPM Contractor cEO	Develop a management plan or process for implementation should morphological changes be visible within the watercourses and the wetlands within the grid connection corridor	During the construction and operation phase	ECO dEO	For all phases of the project life cycle (i.e. construction, operation, decommissionin g)	No incidents reported of spillage of pollutants into watercourses
 Existing crossing points must be favoured over the creation of new crossings (including temporary access). 	DPM Contractor cEO	Develop a management plan or process for implementation should a spill take place within a watercourse and ensure	During the pre- construction and construction phase	ECO dEO	During the construction phase of the project.	Existing crossing points utilised as opposed to new ones created and no incidents reported of spillage of pollutants into watercourses

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		continuous				
		monitoring				
		Existing crossing				
		points to be				
		used must be				
		identified and				
		personnel within				
		the construction must be aware				
		of these				
		crossings for their				
		Use.				
- When working in or near any watercourse or estuary,	Contractor	Activities	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No degradation
the following environmental controls and	cEO	undertaken near	construction		and when	of the
consideration must be taken:		watercourses	phase		required	watercourses
a) Water levels during the period of construction; No		must be in-line				and no incidents
altering of the bed, banks, course or characteristics		with and				of destruction
of a watercourse		consider the				reported
b) During the execution of the works, appropriate		specified				
measures to prevent pollution and contamination		environmental				
of the riparian environment must be implemented		controls				
e.g. including ensuring that construction						
equipment is well maintained;						
c) Where earthwork is being undertaken in close						
proximity to any watercourse, slopes must be						
stabilised using suitable materials, i.e. sandbags or						
geotextile fabric, to prevent sand and rock from						
entering the channel; and						

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
d) Appropriate rehabilitation and re-vegetation							
measures for the watercourse banks must be							
implemented timeously. In this regard, the banks							
should be appropriately and incrementally							
stabilised as soon as development allows.							

5.10 Vegetation clearing

Impact management outcome: Vegetation clearing is restricted to the authorised development footprint of the proposed infrastructure.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
General:							
- Indigenous vegetation which does not interfere with	cEO and	Demarcate	Construction	ECO	Weekly, and as	No unnecessary	
the development must be left undisturbed.	Contractor	areas of	and operation	Operation and	and when	clearance of	
		indigenous	(i.e. for	maintenance	required	indigenous	
		vegetation to be	maintenance	team		vegetation is	
		avoided before	purposes)			undertaken	
		clearance is					
		undertaken					
- Protected or endangered species may occur on or	Contractor	Demarcate	During the	ECO	Weekly, and as	No clearance of	
near the development site. Special care should be	cEO	areas containing	Construction		and when	protected or	
taken not to damage such species.		protected or	Phase		required	endangered	
		endangered				species other	
		species to be				than those	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		avoided by				permitted to be
		construction				removed
		activities				
- Search, rescue and replanting of all protected and	Relevant	Develop and	Pre-construction	ECO	Weekly, and as	Implementation
endangered species likely to be damaged during	specialist in	implement a	& Construction		and when	of the Plant
project development must be identified by the	consultation with	Plant Search and			required	Search and
relevant specialist and completed prior to any	the Contractor	Rescue Plan				Rescue Plan and
development or clearing.						photographic
						evidence and
						notes of the
						implementation
						of the plan
- Permits for removal must be obtained from the	DPM	Undertake the	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	DAFF and DENC
Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries	dEO	permitting			the	permits on file
(DAFF) and the Northern Cape Department of		process in order			commencemen	
Environment and Nature Conservation (DENC) prior to		to obtain the			t of the	
the cutting or clearing of the affected species, and		relevant permits			construction	
they must be filed.		for the removal			phase and	
		of protected			removal of the	
		species. Permits			protected	
		must be kept on			species	
		file				
- The Environmental Audit Report must confirm that all	ECO	Ensure that the	During the	ECO	Once off or as	ECO confirmed
identified species have been rescued and replanted		audit report	Construction		and when	rescued and
and that the location of replanting is compliant with		indicates all	Phase and		required	replanted
conditions of approvals.		species rescued	following the			programme
		and replanted	completion of			implemented
		and provides	the Construction			correctly.
		feedback in	Phase			
		terms of				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		compliance with					
		the conditions of					
		permits for					
		replanting					
- Trees felled due to construction must be documented	ECO	Ensure that the	During the		CA permits on file		
and form part of the Environmental Audit Report.		audit report	Construction				
		documents the	Phase and				
		details of trees	following the				
		felled	completion of				
			the Construction				
			Phase				
- Rivers and watercourses must be kept clear of felled	Contractor	Felled trees,	During the	ECO	Monthly	No felled tr	rees,
trees, vegetation cuttings and debris.	cEO	vegetation	Construction			vegetation	
		cuttings and	Phase			cuttings	and
		debris must be				debris	are
		disposed of at a				dumped	in
		licensed waste				inappropriate	е
		disposal facility				locations	and
						disposal	
						certificates	are
						available	as
						proof	of
						responsible	
						disposal	
- Only a registered pest control operator may apply	DPM	A suitably	Construction	ECO	As and when the	Only registe	əred
herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial	dEO	qualified pest	and Operation		use of herbicides	pest co	ntrol
application must be carried out under the supervision	Contractor	control operator			is required	operators i	must
of a registered pest control operator that is	cEO and Eskom	must be				be appoir	nted
appropriately trained.	maintenance	appointed				and proof	of
	staff where					their registro	ation

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	relevant to operation)	implementation	Implementation			must be provided
 A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage. 	Contractor cEO	Develop a daily register for the documentation of the details of herbicide usage	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Daily register provided by the pest control operator
 No herbicides must be used in estuaries. 	Not applicable -no	estuaries were ider	ntified within the gri	d connection corri	idor.	
 All protected species and sensitive vegetation not removed must be clearly marked and such areas fenced off in accordance to Section 5.3: Access restricted areas. 	Contractor, cEO in consultation with the dEO	Spatially demarcate protected species and sensitive vegetation and implement appropriate fencing where required as per section 5.3	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, during the undertaking of the demarcation of the areas and the erection of the fencing	Demarcation and fencing is undertaken in- line with the requirements of section 5.3
Servitude:			L			
 Vegetation that does not grow high enough to cause interference with overhead transmission and distribution infrastructures, or cause a fire hazard to any plantation, must not be cut or trimmed unless it is growing in the road access area, and then only at the discretion of the Project Manager. 	Contractor, cEO in consultation with the DPM and Eskom maintenance staff where relevant to operation)	Identify areas of vegetation not to be trimmed.	Construction and Operation	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Monthly	An indication of the areas where vegetation has not been trimmed or where vegetation has been removed from access

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
						roads must be provided.
 Where clearing for access purposes is essential, the maximum width to be cleared within the servitude must be in accordance to distance as agreed between the landowner and the EA holder. 	Contractor cEO and Eskom maintenance staff where relevant to	Clearing for access must be undertaken as per the requirements	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof must be provided that only agreed upon areas have been cleared
	operation)	provided by the landowner and the EA holder				
 Alien invasive vegetation must be removed according to a plan (in line with relevant municipal and provincial procedures, guidelines and recommendations) and disposed of at a recognised waste disposal facility. 	Contractor cEO	Undertake removal of alien invasive vegetation in accordance with the relevant guideline relevant to the project area and ensure the vegetation is disposed of at a licensed waste disposal facility	Construction and Operation	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof must be provided that alien invasive vegetation has been cleared in accordance to the relevant guideline and that the vegetation was disposed of at a licensed waste disposal facility
 Vegetation must be trimmed where it is likely to intrude on the minimum vegetation clearance distance (MVCD) or will intrude on this distance before the next scheduled clearance. MVCD is determined from SANS 10280. 	Contractor cEO and Eskom maintenance staff where relevant to operation)	Develop a procedure for the trimming of vegetation in terms of the	Construction and operation	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof must be provided that vegetation is trimmed in accordance

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of			
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance			
		listed				with the listed			
		requirements				requirements			
- Debris resulting from clearing and pruning must be	Contractor	Dispose of the	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as	Proof must be			
disposed of at a recognised waste disposal facility,	cEO and Eskom	debris in	and operation	Operation and	and when	provided that			
unless the landowners wish to retain the cut	maintenance	accordance		maintenance	required	the debris has			
vegetation.	staff where	with the waste		team		been disposed			
	relevant to	management				of at a licensed			
	operation)	plan				waste disposal			
						facility or			
						retained by the			
						landowners.			
- In the case of the development of new overhead	Contractor	Develop a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Proof of			
transmission and distribution infrastructures, a one	cEO and Eskom	procedure for	& Construction		the	implementation			
metre "trace-line" must be cut through the vegetation	maintenance	the cutting of			commencemen	of the procedure			
for stringing purposes only and no vehicle access must	staff where	vegetation for			t of construction	for the cutting of			
be cleared along the "trace-line". Alternative	relevant to	stringing				vegetation for			
methods of stringing that limit impact to the	operation)	purposes				stringing			
environment must always be considered.						purposes			

5.11 Protection of fauna

Impact management outcome: Minimise disturbance to fauna and avifauna.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 No interference with livestock must occur without the landowner's written consent and with the landowner or a person representing the landowner being present. 	dEO / cEO Contractor	Develop a procedure for dealing with livestock within the affected properties	Pre-construction and during the construction phase	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and as and when required during the construction phase	Written consent provided by the landowner and proof of representation of the landowner during interference
 The breeding sites of raptors and other wild bird species must be taken into consideration during the planning of the development programme. 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Ensure that the planning and development programme considers breeding sites for raptors and wild bird species	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and as and when required	The planning and development programme includes the consideration of breeding sites for wild bird species
 Breeding sites must be kept intact and disturbance to breeding birds must be avoided. Special care must be taken where nestlings or fledglings are present. 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor and Eskom maintenance staff where	Avoid breeding sites and ensure that special care is taken in the presence of nestlings and fledglings	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Weekly, and as an when required during the construction. Monthly, and as and when	Photographic record of intact breeding sites

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	relevant to operation)			-	required during operation	-
 Nesting sites on existing parallel lines must documented. 	dEO / cEO and Eskom maintenance staff where relevant to operation)	Walk-downs of the existing lines located parallel to the project must be undertaken and nests and the details thereof documented	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Quarterly, and as and when required	Details of walk- downs undertaken must be noted and kept on file and photographic records of nesting sites must be kept
 Special recommendations of the avian specialist must be adhered to at all times to prevent unnecessary disturbance of birds. 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor and Eskom maintenance staff where relevant to operation)	All mitigation measures recommended by the avifauna specialist must be implemented	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Weekly during construction and monthly during operation	Photographic record of compliance and successful implementation of the recommended measures
 Bird guards and diverters must be installed on the new line as per the recommendations of the specialist. 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor and Eskom maintenance staff where relevant to operation)	Recommendati ons made by the specialist for the installation of bird guards and diverters must be adhered to and implemented as appropriate. Bird guards and	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Monthly, and as and when required	Photographic record of implementation and maintenance of bird guards and diverters

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		diverters must be				
		maintained				
– No poaching must be tolerated under any	dEO / cEO in	All site staff must	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No instances of
circumstances. All animal dens in close proximity to the	consultation with	be informed of	Construction		and when	poaching are
works areas must be marked as Access restricted	the Contractor	this requirement	Phase		required	reported
areas.		during the				
		Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training and the				
		consequences				
		of not adhering				
		to the				
		requirement.				
		These areas must				
		be demarcated				
		as Access				
		Restricted Areas				
- No deliberate or intentional killing of fauna is allowed.	dEO / cEO in	All site staff must	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No instances of
	consultation with	be informed of	Construction		and when	deliberate or
	the Contractor	this requirement	Phase		required	intentional killing
		during the				is reported
		Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training and the				
		consequences				
		of not adhering				
		to the				
		requirement.				
		These areas must				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		be demarcated as Access Restricted Areas				
 In areas where snakes are abundant, snake deterrents are to be deployed on the pylons to prevent snakes climbing up, being electrocuted and causing power outages; and 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor and Eskom maintenance staff where relevant to operation)	Implement and maintain snake deterrents on pylons in areas where snakes are abundant	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Once, during the construction of the pylons and as and when required. Monthly during operation	Photographic record of the implementation and maintenance of snake deterrents
 No Threatened or Protected species (ToPs) and/or protected fauna as listed according NEMBA (Act No. 10 of 2004) and relevant provincial ordinances may be removed and/or relocated without appropriate authorisations/permits. 	DPM in consultation with the dEO	Undertake a permitting process to obtain the required permits	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and as and when required	Permits for removal and/relocation must be kept on file and be readily available

5.12 Protection of heritage resources

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to heritage resources.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Identify, demarcate and prevent impact to all known 	DPM and a	Undertake a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Proof of
sensitive heritage features on site in accordance with	suitably qualified	Heritage Walk-			the	avoidance of
the No-Go procedure in Section 5.3: Access restricted	specialist	through Survey			commencemen	sensitive
areas;					t of construction	heritage
	dEO / cEO in	Spatially identify				features through
	consultation with	and demarcate				details of
	the Contractor	areas of				avoidance and
		heritage				photographic
		significance as				records
		per the Heritage				
		Walk-through				
		Report and as				
		per the				
		requirements of				
		section 5.3				
- Carry out general monitoring of excavations for	Suitably	Appoint a	During the	ECO	During the	Proof of
potential fossils, artefacts and material of heritage	qualified	suitably qualified	Construction		undertaking of	appointment of
importance;	specialist in	specialist to	Phase		excavations of	a suitably
	consultation with	carry out the			fossils, artefacts	qualified
	the dEO / cEO	monitoring of			and heritage	specialist and
		excavations for			material	photographic
		fossils, artefacts				record of
		and important				required
		heritage				monitoring by
		material				the specialist

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
All work must cease immediately, if any human	dEO / cEO in	Develop and	During the	ECO	Weekly, during	Proof of work
remains and/or other archaeological,	consultation with	implement	Construction		the construction	ceased and the
palaeontological and historical material are	the Contractor	procedures for	Phase		phase and as	required
uncovered. Such material, if exposed, must be	and ECO	situations where			and when	procedures
reported to the nearest museum, archaeologist/		human remains,			required	followed in
palaeontologist (or the South African Police		archaeological,				cases where
Services), so that a systematic and professional		palaeontologic				material is
investigation can be undertaken. Sufficient time		al or historical				discovered.
must be allowed to remove/collect such material		material are				
before development recommences.		uncovered.				
		If any evidence				
		of				
		archaeological				
		sites or remains				
		(e.g. remnants				
		of stone-made				
		structures,				
		indigenous				
		ceramics,				
		bones, stone				
		artefacts, ostrich				
		eggshell				
		fragments,				
		charcoal and				
		ash				
		concentrations),				
		fossils or other				
		categories of				
		heritage				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	I		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		resources are				
		found during the				
		proposed				
		development,				
		SAHRA APM Unit				
		(Natasha				
		Higgitt/Phillip				
		Hine 021 462				
		5402) must be				
		alerted as per				
		section 35(3) of				
		the NHRA.				
		lf unmarked				
		human burials				
		are uncovered,				
		the SAHRA Burial				
		Grounds and				
		Graves (BGG)				
		Unit				
		(Thingahangwi				
		Tshivhase/Mimi				
		Seetelo 012 320				
		8490), must be				
		alerted				
		immediately as				
		per section 36(6)				
		of the NHRA.				

5.13 Safety of the public

Impact management outcome: All precautions are taken to minimise the risk of injury, harm or complaints.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Identify fire hazards, demarcate and restrict public	cEO in	Develop an	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Compliance
access to these areas as well as notify the local	consultation with	Emergency	Construction		the	with the
authority of any potential threats e.g. large brush	the Contractor	Preparedness,			commencemen	Emergency
stockpiles, fuels etc.;		Response and			t of construction	Preparedness,
		Fire			and weekly	Response and
		Management			during the	Fire
		Plan specific to			construction	Management
		the project			phase	Plan
- All unattended open excavations must be adequately	Contractor	Ensure that all	During the	ECO	Weekly	Excavations are
fenced or demarcated;		excavations	Construction			fenced where
		undertaken is	Phase			required and
		fenced and				photographic
		demarcated				proof can be
		within a				provided
		reasonable				
		timeframe and				
		in instances				
		where				
		excavations will				
		be open for				
		long-periods of				
		time				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	l		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Adequate protective measures must be implemented	Contractor	All staff must be	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No incidents of
to prevent unauthorised access to and climbing of		easily	construction		and when	unauthorised
partly constructed towers and protective scaffolding;		identifiable and	phase		required	climbing is
		the climbing of				reported
		towers and				
		scaffolding must				
		be undertaken				
		by authorised				
		personnel as				
		managed by				
		the Contractor				
- Ensure structures vulnerable to high winds are secured;	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Weekly, and as	No incidents of
and		sufficient	construction		and when	unstable
		stabilisation	phase		required	structures due to
		measures are				high winds is
		implemented to				reported
		secure structures				
		vulnerable to				
		high winds				
- Maintain an incidents and complaints register in which	cEO	Compile and	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	The incidents
all incidents or complaints involving the public are		regularly update	construction		and when	and complaints
logged.		as incidents and	phase		required	register is
		complaints are				complete and
		submitted from				provides all the
		the public and				required details
		indicate the				
		actions taken to				
		resolve the				
		complaint				

5.14 Sanitation

Impact management outcome: Clean and well-maintained toilet facilities are available to all staff in an effort to minimise the risk of disease and impact to the environment.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Mobile chemical toilets are installed onsite if no other	Contractor	Mobile chemical	During the	ECO	Weekly	Mobile toilets are
ablution facilities are available;		toilets must be	Construction			installed and
		placed	Phase			avoid
		appropriately				environmental
		and in areas that				sensitivities
		avoid				
		environmental				
		sensitivities				
- The use of ablution facilities and or mobile toilets must	Contractor in	All site staff must	Pe-construction	ECO	Monthly, and as	No evidence of
be used at all times and no indiscriminate use of the	consultation with	be informed of	& Construction		and when	non-compliance
veld for the purposes of ablutions must be permitted	the cEO	this requirement			required	identified
under any circumstances;		during the				
		Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training and the				
		consequences				
		of not adhering				
		to the				
		requirement.				
- Where mobile chemical toilets are required, the	Contractor in	The installation	During the	ECO	Weekly	No evidence of
following must be ensured:	consultation with	of the toilets by	Construction			non-compliance
a) Toilets are located no closer than 100m to any	the cEO	the Contractor	Phase			identified
watercourse or water body;		must be as per				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
b) Toilets are secured to the ground to prevent them		the listed				
from toppling due to wind or any other cause;		requirements				
c) No spillage occurs when the toilets are cleaned						
or emptied and the contents are managed in						
accordance with the EMPr;						
d) Toilets have an external closing mechanism and						
are closed and secured from the outside when						
not in use to prevent toilet paper from being						
blown out;						
e) Toilets are emptied before long weekends and						
workers holidays, and must be locked after						
working hours; and						
f) Toilets are serviced regularly and the ECO must						
inspect toilets to ensure compliance to health						
standards.						
- A copy of the waste disposal certificates must be	Contractor	Certificates	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Certificates for
maintained.		obtained from	Construction		and when	waste disposal
		the licensed	Phase		required	from the
		waste disposal				licensed waste
		facility with the				disposal facility
		emptying of the				
		toilets must be				
		kept on file				

5.15 Prevention of disease

Impact Management outcome: All necessary precautions linked to the spread of disease are taken.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Undertake environmentally friendly pest control in the camp area; 	Contractor	Only environmentally- friendly pest control must be used, when required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	As and when pest control is required for the project	Contractor to provide proof of pest control used being environmentally- friendly
 Ensure that the workforce is sensitised to the effects of sexually transmitted diseases, especially HIV/ AIDS; 	CEO / Contractor	The effects of sexually transmitted diseases and HIV/ AIDS must be covered in the Environmental Awareness Training	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and monthly during construction	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist
 The Contractor must ensure that information posters on HIV/ AIDS are displayed in the Contractor Camp area; 	Contractor	Develop and place information posters on HIV/ AIDS	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Photographic evidence of poster placement

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Information and education relating to sexually	cEO /	Information and	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Environmental	
transmitted diseases to be made available to both	Contractor	education of	& Construction			awareness	
construction workers and local community, where		sexually				training material	
applicable;		transmitted				requirements	
		diseases must be				checklist	
		covered in the					
		Environmental					
		Awareness					
		Training.					
- Free condoms must be made available to all staff on	Contractor	Placement of	During the	ECO	Monthly	Proof of	
site at central points;		free condoms in	Construction			placement of	
		mobile toilets	Phase			free condoms by	
		and at the				the contractor	
		construction				to be provided	
		camps					
 Medical support must be made available; and 	dEO / cEO in	Ensure that	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Check the	
	consultation with	designated	and Operations			availability of first	
	the Contractor	personnel with				aid trained	
		first aid training				personnel and	
		are available on				medical kits	
		site and that first				(including if	
		aid kits to				these are	
		provide medical				complete in	
		support is readily				terms of	
		available				supplies)	
- Provide access to Voluntary HIV Testing and	Contractor	Compile a HIV	During the	ECO	Quarterly, and	Voluntary testing	
Counselling Services.		testing schedule	Construction		as and when	schedules and	
		and provide	Phase		required	proof of	
		counselling				counselling	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		services where				(where
		required				undertaken)

5.16 Emergency procedures

Impact management outcome: Emergency procedures are in place to enable a rapid and effective response to all types of environmental emergencies.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Compile an Emergency Response Action Plan (ERAP)	Contractor	Develop an	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Emergency
prior to the commencement of the proposed project;		Emergency			the	Preparedness,
		Preparedness,			commencemen	Response and
		Response and			t of construction	Fire
		Fire				Management
		Management				Plan compiled
		Plan specific to				
		the project				
– The Emergency Plan must deal with accidents,	Contractor	Develop an	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Emergency
potential spillages and fires in line with relevant		Emergency			the	Preparedness,
legislation;		Preparedness,			commencemen	Response and
		Response and			t of construction	Fire
		Fire				Management
		Management				Plan includes
		Plan specific to				required
		the project				specifications

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		which covers accidents, potential spillages and fires					
 All staff must be made aware of emergency procedures as part of environmental awareness training; 	ceo / deo	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the relevant emergency procedures	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the commencemen t of the environmental awareness training	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist	
 The relevant local authority must be made aware of a fire as soon as it starts; and 	Contractor	Develop and include a procedure in the Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan for the event of a fire and the procedure to be followed for informing the local authority	Construction	ECO	As and when a fire occurs	The local authority was informed as per the relevant procedure set out in the Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 In the event of emergency, necessary mitigation measures to contain the spill or leak must be implemented (see Hazardous Substances section 5.17). 	Contractor and Eskom maintenance staff where relevant to operation)	Implement the required mitigation measures in the event of a spill or leak as per the requirements of Section 5.17.	Construction and Operations	ECO	As and when a spill or leak occurs	The mitigation measures included under Section 5.17 have been adhered to	

5.17 Hazardous substances

Impact management outcome: Safe storage, handling, use and disposal of hazardous substances.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- The use and storage of hazardous substances to be	cEO in	Develop a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Contractor to	
minimised and non-hazardous and non-toxic	consultation with	strategy of how	& Construction		the	provide	
alternatives substituted where possible;	the Contractor	hazardous			commencemen	evidence of	
		substances can			t of construction	substances used	
		be and should			and monthly	for proof of	
		be minimised			during the	compliance	
					construction		
					phase		
- All hazardous substances must be stored in suitable	Contractor	Develop a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Photographic	
containers as defined in the Method Statement;		Method	& Construction		the	proof that	
		Statement for			commencemen	hazardous	
		the storage of			t of construction	substances are	
		hazardous			and monthly	stored in suitable	
		substances in			during the	containers as	
		suitable			construction	per the	
		containers			phase	requirements of	
						the relevant	
						Method	
						Statements	
- Containers must be clearly marked to indicate	Contractor	Where	During the	ECO	Monthly	Photographic	
contents, quantities and safety requirements;		hazardous waste	Construction			proof that	
		is stored these	Phase			containers are	
		must be clearly				marked as per	
		marked				the requirements	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		indicating the					
		required details					
		of the contents					
- All storage areas must be bunded. The bunded area	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Monthly during	Photographic	
must be of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak		storage areas	Construction		the Construction	proof that	
from the stored containers;		are sufficiently	Phase		Phase	storage areas	
		bunded which				are bunded and	
		are of sufficient				proof that the	
		capacity to				bund areas are	
		contain a spill /				of sufficient	
		leak from the				capacity to	
		stored				contain a spill /	
		containers				leak from the	
						stored	
						containers	
– Bunded areas to be suitably lined with a SABS	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Once, during the	Photographic	
approved liner;		bunded storage	Construction		Construction	proof that	
		areas are	Phase		Phase	bunded storage	
		suitably lined				areas are	
						suitably lined	
– An Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance	cEO /	Compile and	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Complete and	
(HCS) control sheet must be drawn up and kept up to	Contractor	update an	Construction		and when	up to date	
date on a continuous basis;		Alphabetical	Phase		required	control sheet	
		Hazardous				provided by the	
		Chemical				Contractor	
		Substance (HCS)					
		control sheet					
		specific to the					
		project					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All hazardous chemicals that will be used on site must have Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS); 	CEO / Contractor	Keep a record of all hazardous chemicals and the respective MSDS	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Record of hazardous chemicals and the respective MSDS
 All employees working with HCS must be trained in the safe use of the substance and according to the safety data sheet; 	CEO / Contractor	Provide training for personnel working with HCS	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and as and when required	RecordoftrainingprovidedprovidedtopersonnelworkingWORKINGwithHCS
 Employees handling hazardous substances / materials must be aware of the potential impacts and follow appropriate safety measures. Appropriate personal protective equipment must be made available; 	CONTRACTOR	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the relevant impacts and safety measures. Provide appropriate training and personal protective equipment for the relevant personnel handling hazardous	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Prior to the commencemen t of the environmental awareness training and monthly during the construction phase for personal protective equipment	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist and all relevant personnel have undergone appropriate training and have access to personal protective equipment

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		substances and materials				
 The Contractor must ensure that diesel and other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid is stored in appropriate storage tanks or in bowsers; 	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed or obtained for the storing of diesel, other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Storage tanks for the project are appropriate and no incidents are reported in this regard
 The tanks/ bowsers must be situated on a smooth impermeable surface (concrete) with a permanent bund. The impermeable lining must extend to the crest of the bund and the volume inside the bund must be 130% of the total capacity of all the storage tanks/ bowsers (110% statutory requirement plus an allowance for rainfall); 	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed or obtained for tanks as per the requirements listed	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Storage areas for the tanks/ bowsers for the project are appropriate and no incidents are reported in this regard
 The floor of the bund must be sloped, draining to an oil separator; 	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed as per the requirements listed	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, during construction	Bunded storage areas are constructed according to the requirements
 Provision must be made for refuelling at the storage area by protecting the soil with an impermeable groundcover. Where dispensing equipment is used, a 	Contractor	Appropriately constructed refuelling facility must be	During the Construction Phase	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Soils at the refuelling facility are protected as required and

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of			
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance			
drip tray must be used to ensure small spills are		developed as				drip trays are			
contained;		per the				provided and			
		requirements.				used			
		Drip trays must							
		be provided for							
		use							
- All empty externally dirty drums must be stored on a	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Monthly	Drip trays or			
drip tray or within a bunded area;		empty dirty	Construction	cEO	Weekly	bunded areas			
		drums are stored	Phase			are used for the			
		appropriately as				storage of dirty			
		per the				drums			
		requirements							
- No unauthorised access into the hazardous	Contractor	Ensure through	During the	ECO	Monthly	Proof of the			
substances storage areas must be permitted;		the	Construction			implementation			
		implementation	Phase			of the relevant			
		of procedures				procedure must			
		that no				be provided by			
		unauthorised				the contractor			
		access is							
		undertaken into							
		the storage							
		areas							
- No smoking must be allowed within the vicinity of the	Contractor	Inform all	During the	ECO	Monthly	Photographic			
hazardous storage areas;		employees of	Construction	cEO	Weekly	record of the			
-		the requirement	Phase			signage placed			
		and develop				must be			
		and place				provided			
		relevant signage							
		in the relevant							
		areas							

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Adequate fire-fighting equipment must be made available at all hazardous storage areas; 	Contractor	Hazardous storage areas must be fitted with adequate fire-fighting equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Adequate fire- fighting equipment is available and has been serviced
 Where refuelling away from the dedicated refuelling station is required, a mobile refuelling unit must be used. Appropriate ground protection such as drip trays must be used; 	Contractor	Provide a mobile refuelling unit as well as suitable ground protection, where required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	A mobile refuelling unit and suitable ground protection is available for use
 An appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the scale of the activity/s involving the use of hazardous substance must be available at all times; 	Contractor	Provide an appropriate spill kit for the project for the use of hazardous substances	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Appropriate spill kits are available for use
 The responsible operator must have the required training to make use of the spill kit in emergency situations; 	cEO and Contractor	Provide training on the use of spill kits to the relevant employees	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Proof of training to be provided by the contractor
 An appropriate number of spill kits must be available and must be located in all areas where activities are being undertaken; and 	cEO and Contractor	Provide an appropriate number of spill kits in relevant areas	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of appropriate number of spill kits in appropriate areas to be

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
						provided by the contractor	
 In the event of a spill, contaminated soil must be collected in containers and stored in a central location and disposed of according to the National Environmental Management: Waste Act 59 of 2008. Refer to Section 5.7 for procedures concerning storm and wastewater management and 5.8 for solid and hazardous waste management. 	cEO and Contractor	Storage and disposal of contaminated soil must be in accordance with the National Environmental Management: Waste Act and sections 5.7 and 5.8 of this EMPr	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof of storage and disposal in terms of the National Environmental Management: Waste Act must be provided. Certificates of disposal at licensed waste disposal facilities must be provided	

5.18 Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage

Impact management outcome: Soil, surface water and groundwater contamination is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Where possible and practical all maintenance of	Contractor	Demarcate	During the	ECO	Monthly	A dedicated	
vehicles and equipment must take place in the		specific areas for	Construction			area for the	
workshop area;		the	Phase			maintenance of	
		maintenance of				vehicles and	
		vehicles and				machinery is	
		equipment				used.	
- During servicing of vehicles or equipment, especially	Contractor	Ensure that a	During the	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to	
where emergency repairs are effected outside the		drip tray is	Construction			provide	
workshop area, a suitable drip tray must be used to		available for any	Phase			evidence of drip	
prevent spills onto the soil.		emergency				tray use for	
		repairs required				emergency	
						repairs	
- Leaking equipment must be repaired immediately or	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to	
be removed from site to facilitate repair;		where leaking	Construction			provide details	
		equipment is	Phase			of equipment	
		identified it is				repaired or	
		repaired				removed from	
		immediately or				site	
		removed from					
		site for repairs					
- Workshop areas must be monitored for oil and fuel	cEO	Undertake	During the	ECO	Monthly	Updated register	
spills;		regular	Construction			of inspection	
		inspections of	Phase				
		the workshop					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		areas for oil and fuel spills and keep an updated register of inspection on site				
 Appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the scale of the activity taking place must be available; 	Contractor	Provide an appropriate spill kit for the project	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Appropriate spill kits are available for use
 The workshop area must have a bunded concrete slab that is sloped to facilitate runoff into a collection sump or suitable oil / water separator where maintenance work on vehicles and equipment can be performed; 	Contractor	Ensure that the workshop area is sufficiently bunded in accordance with the required specification	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, during the Construction Phase and as and when required	Workshop area is bunded in accordance with the required specification
 Water drainage from the workshop must be contained and managed in accordance with Section 5.7: storm and wastewater management. 	Contractor	Ensure that water drainage from workshop area is managed as per the requirements of section 5.7	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Workshop drainage is managed in accordance with the requirements

5.19 Batching plants

Impact management outcome: Minimise spillages and contamination of soil, surface water and groundwater.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Concrete mixing must be carried out on an impermeable surface; 	Contractor	Provide impermeable surface for the mixing of concrete	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	No concrete mixing is undertaken on open ground
 Batching plants areas must be fitted with a containment facility for the collection of cement laden water. 	Contractor	Ensure batching plant used on site contains a containment facility for the collection of cement laden water.	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	No run-off cement laden water is released into the surrounding area from the batching plant.
 Dirty water from the batching plant must be contained to prevent soil and groundwater contamination 	Contractor	Dirty water from the batching plant is safely stored.	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	No leaks of dirty water from the batching plant into the surrounding area is reported.
 Bagged cement must be stored in an appropriate facility and at least 10m away from any water courses, gullies and drains; 	Contractor	Demarcate and provide a storage area for bagged cement in-line with the	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Photographic proof of bagged cement stored within the

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		listed requirements				demarcated area
 A washout facility must be provided for washing of concrete associated equipment. Water used for washing must be restricted; 	Contractor	Provide a washout facility for the washing of associated equipment. Enforce limitations on water use for washing of equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	No cement laden water is released into the environment. Only minimal water is used for washing
 Hardened concrete from the washout facility or concrete mixer can either be reused or disposed of at an appropriate licensed disposal facility; 	Contractor cEO	Make use of hardened concrete where possible or dispose of concrete in a suitable manner	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Certificates of disposal of concrete at licensed waste disposal facility
 Empty cement bags must be secured with adequate binding material if these will be temporarily stored on site; 	Contractor cEO	Bind empty cement bags and temporarily store it in an appropriate area on site	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of binding of empty cement bags and storage in an appropriate area on site to be provided by the Contractor

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Sand and aggregates containing cement must be kept damp to prevent the generation of dust (Refer to Section 5.20: Dust emissions) 	Contractor	Ensure that sand and aggregates are kept damp or otherwise protected from dust generation	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of damping (or alternative dust suppression) of sand and aggregates must be provided by the Contractor
 Any excess sand, stone and cement must be removed or reused from site on completion of construction period and disposed at a registered disposal facility; and 	Contractor	Ensure that all excess sand, stone and cement is removed or reused	At the completion of the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, with the completion of construction	Certificates for the disposal of sand, stone and cement at licensed waste disposal facilities or proof of reuse must be provided
 Temporary fencing must be erected around batching plants in accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing and gate installation. 	Contractor	Installation of fencing around the batching plant.	Prior to commencemen t of construction activities	ECO	Weekly	Fencing is installed around the footprint of the batching plant.

5.20 Dust emissions

Impact management outcome: Dust prevention measures are applied to minimise the generation of dust.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Take all reasonable measures to minimise the generation of dust as a result of project development activities to the satisfaction of the ECO; 	Contractor cEO	Apply appropriate dust suppressant	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Contractor to provide proof of use of appropriate dust suppressants
 Removal of vegetation must be avoided until such time as soil stripping is required and similarly exposed surfaces must be re- vegetated or stabilised as soon as is practically possible; 	Contractor cEO	Proper planning for vegetation removal must be undertaken as well as for the associated rehabilitation	During the Construction Phase and Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Plan for implementation must be provided by the Contractor
 Excavation, handling and transport of erodible materials must be avoided under high wind conditions or when a visible dust plume is present; 	Contractor cEO	Ensure that specific limitations are placed on the transport and handling of erodible materials during high wind conditions or when a visible	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Bi-weekly (every second week)	No complaints submitted in this regard

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		dust plume is present				
 During high wind conditions, the ECO must evaluate the situation and make recommendations as to whether dust-damping measures are adequate, or whether working will cease altogether until the wind speed drops to an acceptable level; 	ECO	ECO to provide adequate recommendatio ns	During the Construction Phase		Not Applicable	
 Where possible, soil stockpiles must be located in sheltered areas where they are not exposed to the erosive effects of the wind; 	Contractor cEO	Place soil stockpiles in areas less affected by wind	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Bi-weekly (every second week)	Soil stockpiles are not exposed to wind and have not been eroded
 Where erosion of stockpiles becomes a problem, erosion control measures must be implemented at the discretion of the ECO; 	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Contractor to implement erosion control measures as recommended and agreed with the ECO	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly, until erosion is no longer a problem	Recommendati ons made by the ECO have been implemented by the Contractor
 Vehicle speeds must not exceed 40km/h along dust roads or 20km/h when traversing unconsolidated and non-vegetated areas; 	cEO / dEO / contractor and Eskom maintenance staff where relevant to operation)	Inform all drivers of speed limits and place appropriate signage along the relevant roads	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and Maintenance team	Monthly	No complaints from community members are submitted

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Straw stabilisation must be applied at a rate of one	Contractor	Ensure that straw	During the	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
bale/10m ² and harrowed into the top 100mm of top		stabilisation is	Construction			record of all
material, for all completed earthworks;		undertaken as	Phase			straw
		per the listed				stabilisation
		requirements				undertaken
- For significant areas of excavation or exposed ground,	Contractor	Appropriate dust	During the	ECO	Weekly	Photographic
dust suppression measures must be used to minimise		suppressant	Construction			record of
the spread of dust.		measures are	Phase			measures being
		implemented				implemented
						and the results
						thereof

5.21 Blasting

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment is minimised through a safe blasting practice.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation /			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Any blasting activity must be conducted by a suitably 	Not Applicable – r	no blasting will be re	equired for the proje	ect.		
licensed blasting contractor; and						
- Notification of surrounding landowners, emergency						
services site personnel of blasting activity 24 hours prior						
to such activity taking place on Site.						

Impact Management outcome: Unnecessary noise is prevented by ensuring that noise from construction activities is mitigated.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 The Contractor must keep noise level within acceptable limits. Restrict the use of sound amplification equipment for communication and emergency only; 	Contractor	Ensure that noise limits do not exceed acceptable limits and avoid the use of amplification communication	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No complaints registered in this regard. No amplification equipment is used.
 All vehicles and machinery must be fitted with appropriate silencing technology and must be properly maintained; 	Contractor cEO	Provide and implement silencing technology	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No complaints registered in this regard. Silencing technology is utilised.
 Any complaints received by the Contractor regarding noise must be recorded and communicated. Where possible or applicable, provide transport to and from the site on a daily basis for construction workers; 	Contractor cEO	Update complaints register. Provide daily transport to and from site for employees	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Complaints register provided by the cEO and proof of transportation services provided
 Develop a Code of Conduct for the construction phase in terms of behaviour of construction staff. Operating hours as determined by the environmental 	Contractor cEO	Compile a Code of Conduct for staff.	Pre-construction and Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the	No complaints registered in this regard.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
authorisation are adhered to during the development		Appropriate			commencemen		
phase. Where not defined, it must be ensured that		operating hours			t of construction		
development activities must still meet the impact		must be					
management outcome related to noise		identified for the					
management.		project.					

5.23 Fire prevention

Impact management outcome: Prevention of uncontrollable fires.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Designate smoking areas where the fire hazard could be regarded as insignificant; 	cEO / Contractor	Identify and demarcate through signage designated smoking areas	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of designated smoking area
 Firefighting equipment must be available on all vehicles located on site; 	cEO / dEO in consultation with the Contractor	Provide all vehicles with firefighting equipment	Construction	ECO	Monthly	All vehicles are fitted with firefighting equipment and the details thereof are provided by the cEO
 The local Fire Protection Agency (FPA) must be informed of construction activities; 	CEO	Undertake formal consultation to inform the local FPA of the associated construction activities	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, during the commencemen t of the Construction Phase	Proof of consultation with the FPA
 Contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services must be communicated in environmental awareness training and displayed at a central location on site; 	dEO / cEO / Contractor	Develop environmental awareness	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Prior to the commencemen t of the	Environmental awareness training material

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		training material			environmental	requirements
		which covers the			awareness	checklist and
		contact			training and	photographic
		numbers for the			once during the	record of
		FPA and			construction	contact
		emergency			phase	numbers on
		services.				display
		Place the				
		contact				
		numbers for the				
		FPA and				
		emergency				
		services at a				
		visible and				
		central location				
- Two-way swop of contact details between ECO and	ECO	Consultation	Pre-construction	Not Applicable		
FPA.		between the				
		ECO and FPA in				
		order to				
		exchange				
		contact details				

5.24 Stockpiling and stockpile areas

Impact management outcome: Erosion and sedimentation as a result of stockpiling are reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 All material that is excavated during the project development phase (either during piling (if required) or earthworks) must be stored appropriately on site in order to minimise impacts to watercourses and water bodies; 	Contractor	Identify and demarcate an appropriate location for the storage of excavated materials	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly	Excavated material is not stored within sensitive environmental areas	
 All stockpiled material must be maintained and kept clear of weeds and alien vegetation growth by undertaking regular weeding and control methods; 	Contractor	Implement appropriate and sufficient maintenance on stockpiled material regularly	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Bi-weekly (every second week)	Stockpiled material is maintained sufficiently and is clear of weeds and alien vegetation	
 Topsoil stockpiles must not exceed 2m in height; 	Contractor	Enforce limitations for the height of topsoil stockpiles	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Bi-weekly (every second week)	Topsoil stockpiles do not exceed 2m in height	
 During periods of strong winds and heavy rain, the stockpiles must be covered with appropriate material (e.g. cloth, tarpaulin etc.); 	Contractor	Appropriate material must be provided in order to cover stockpiles when required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide proof of availability of appropriate material to	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
						cover stockpiles
						when required
- Where possible, sandbags (or similar) must be placed	Contractor	Sandbags must	During the	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to
at the bases of the stockpiled material in order to		be provided in	Construction			provide proof of
prevent erosion of the material.		order to prevent	Phase			availability of
		erosion of				sandbags to
		stockpiled				prevent erosion
		materials				of stockpiled
						materials

5.25 Finalising tower positions

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of the survey and pegging operations.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 No vegetation clearing must occur during survey and pegging operations; 	Contractor	Implement restrictions in terms of vegetation clearing during the survey and pegging operations	Pre- construction	ECO	Weekly	Contractor to provide photographic proof that no vegetation has been cleared	
 No new access roads must be developed to facilitate access for survey and pegging purposes; 	Contractor	Restrict the development of	Pre- construction	ECO	Weekly	Contractor to provide	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		new access roads for survey and pegging purposes				photographic proof that no new roads have been developed
 Project manager, botanical specialist and contractor to agree on final tower positions based on survey within assessed and approved areas; 	DPM, Suitably Qualified Specialist and Contractor	Undertake consultation between the relevant responsible people and finalise the tower positions for the power line	Pre- construction	ECO	Once the final tower positions have been finalised and agreed upon	Provision of final tower positions to the ECO
 The surveyor is to demarcate (peg) access roads/tracks in consultation with ECO. No deviations will be allowed without the prior written consent from the ECO. 	Surveyor in consultation with the ECO	Undertake consultation between the surveyor and the ECO	Pre- construction	ECO	Weekly	Consultation with the ECO regarding the distribution of pegs.

5.26 Excavation and Installation of foundations

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of excavation or installation of foundations.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	ı		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All excess spoil generated during foundation excavation must be disposed of in an appropriate manner and at a recognised disposal site, if not used for backfilling purposes; 	Contractor	Use a licensed waste disposal facility for the disposal of excess spoil	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Certificates obtained for the disposal of excess spoil at a licensed waste disposal facility
 Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes and must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for rehabilitation purposes; 	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Construction and Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor
 Management of equipment for excavation purposes must be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.18: Workshop equipment maintenance and storage; and 	Contractor	Undertake the management of equipment for excavation as per the requirements of section 5.18	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of equipment is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.18
 Hazardous substances spills from equipment must be managed in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances. 	Contractor	Undertake the management of hazardous	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of hazardous substances spills

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
		substances spills from equipment as per the requirements of section 5.17				from equipment is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.17		
 Batching of cement to be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.19: Batching plants; 	Contractor	Undertake the batching of cement as per the requirements of section 5.19.	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of the batching of cement in accordance with the requirements of section 5.19.		
 Residual cement must be disposed of in accordance with Section 5.8: Solid and hazardous waste management. 	Contractor	Undertake the disposal of residual cement as per the requirements of section 5.8	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	The disposal of residual cement is undertaken in line with section 5.8.		

5.27 Assembly and erecting towers

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of assembly and erecting of towers.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Prior to erection, assembled towers and tower sections must be stored on elevated surfaces (suggest wooden blocks) to minimise damage to the underlying vegetation; 	Contractor	Provide the necessary materials for the elevated surface, where towers are to be placed on indigenous vegetation	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Implementation of elevated surface and photographic record thereof
 In sensitive areas, tower assembly must take place off- site or away from sensitive positions; 	Contractor in consultation with the cEO	Identify sensitive areas, including buffers, to be avoided by tower assembly and ensure that the areas are not infringed upon	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Weekly	Tower assembly is undertaken outside of sensitive areas
 The crane used for tower assembly must be operated in a manner which minimises impact to the environment; 	Contractor in consultation with the cEO	Ensure that no impact to the environment is imposed during the operation of the crane	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Weekly	No environmental damages incurred as a result of the crane.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 The number of crane trips to each site must be minimised; 	Contractor in consultation with the cEO	Ensure that the utilisation of the crane is maximised when on site.	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Weekly	Few crane trips to each site observed.
 Wheeled cranes must be utilised in preference to tracked cranes; 	Contractor	Ensure wheeled cranes are utilised.	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Weekly	Wheeled cranes observed on site.
 Consideration must be given to erecting towers by helicopter or by hand where it is warranted to limit the extent of environmental impact; 	Contractor	Contractor to undertaken erecting of towers in an environmentally acceptable manner	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	No unacceptable environmental impacts occur with the erecting of the towers
 Access to tower positions to be undertaken in accordance with access requirements specified in Section 5.4: Access Roads; 	Contractor	Undertake access to tower positions as per the requirements of section 5.4	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Access to tower positions are undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.4
 Vegetation clearance to be undertaken in accordance with general vegetation clearance requirements specified in Section 5.10: Vegetation clearing; 	Contractor	Undertake vegetation clearance as per the requirements of section 5.10	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Vegetation clearance is undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.10

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 No levelling at tower sites must be permitted unless approved by the Development Project Manager or Developer Site Supervisor; 	Contractor in consultation with the DPM and DSS	Written permission for levelling at tower sites, if required, must be obtained from the DPM and DSS prior to the undertaking of any levelling activities	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Written permission from the DPM and DSS provided to the Contractor	
 Topsoil must be removed separately from subsoil material and stored for later use during rehabilitation of such tower sites; 	Contractor	Implement appropriate measures to ensure that topsoil is removed from subsoil material	Construction and Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly, and as and when required	Proof of appropriate measures implemented must be provided by the Contractor	
 Topsoil must be stored in heaps not higher than 2m to prevent destruction of the seed bank within the topsoil; 	Contractor	Implement the listed requirements for the storage of topsoil	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Topsoil is stored as per the listed requirements	
 Excavated slopes must be no greater that 1:3, but where this is unavoidable, appropriate measures must be undertaken to stabilise the slopes; 	Contractor	Implement the listed requirements for the excavation of slopes	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Excavation of slopes is undertaken as per the listed requirements	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
 Fly rock from blasting activity must be minimised and any pieces greater than 150 mm falling beyond the Working Area, must be collected and removed; 	Not Applicable - r	no blasting activities	will be required for	the project.			
 Only existing disturbed areas are utilised as spoil areas; 	Contractor	Identify, demarcate and use existing disturbed areas for spoil areas	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Weekly	Only identified disturbed areas are used as spoil areas	
 Drainage is provided to control groundwater exit gradient with the spill areas such that migration of fires is kept to a minimum; 	Not Applicable						
 Surface water runoff is appropriately channelled through or around spoil areas; 	DPM and Contractor	Design and implement appropriate surface runoff measures for spoil areas	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, during the construction of the surface runoff measures	Implementation of surface runoff measures through and/or around spoil areas	
 During backfilling operations, care must be taken not to dump the topsoil at the bottom of the foundation and then put spoil on top of that; 	Contractor	Develop and implement backfilling procedures which ensures that topsoil is not placed at the bottom of foundations.	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Weekly	Backfilling operations are undertaken as per the procedures developed	
 The surface of the spoil is appropriately rehabilitated in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 5.29: Landscaping and rehabilitation; 	Contractor	Rehabilitation of the surface spoil must be	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of the surface spoil is undertaken as	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		undertaken in accordance with the requirements of section 5.29				per the requirements of section 5.29
 The retained topsoil must be spread evenly over areas to be rehabilitated and suitably compacted to effect re-vegetation of such areas to prevent erosion as soon as construction activities on the site is complete. Spreading of topsoil must not be undertaken at the beginning of the dry season. 	Contractor	Ensure that topsoil is spread evenly and compacted appropriately. This must be undertaken outside of the start of the dry season	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Proof that topsoil has been spread evenly and compacted correctly must be provided by the Contractor/ cEO. Proof that the activities were undertaken outside of the start of the dry season must be provided by the Contractor

5.28 Stringing

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of stringing.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Where possible, previously disturbed areas must be used for the siting of winch and tensioner stations. In all other instances, the siting of the winch and tensioner must avoid Access restricted areas and other sensitive areas; 	Contractor	Identify and demarcate areas appropriate for the siting of winch and tensioner stations which does not infringe on access restricted areas or environmentally sensitive areas	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Weekly	Winch and tensioner stations are located outside of identified sensitive areas
 The winch and tensioner station must be equipped with drip trays in order to contain any fuel, hydraulic fuel or oil spills and leaks; 	Contractor	Provide sufficient drip trays	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Sufficient drip trays are available for the winch and tensioner stations and no spills occur
 Refuelling of the winch and tensioner stations must be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances; 	Contractor	The refuelling of winch and tensioner	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	The refuelling of winch and tensioner

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		stations must be undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.17		·		stations is undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.17
In the case of the development of overhead transmission and distribution infrastructure, a one metre "trace-line" may be cut through the vegetation for stringing purposes only and no vehicle access must be cleared along "trace-lines". Vegetation clearing must be undertaken by hand, using chainsaws and handheld implements, with vegetation being cut off at ground level. No tracked or wheeled mechanised equipment must be used;	Contractor	Develop and implement procedures for implementation for vegetation clearing during stringing in line with the specification.	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and weekly during stringing	Implementation of the procedures put in place and proof thereof from the Contractor
 Alternative methods of stringing which limit impact to the environment must always be considered e.g. by hand or by using a helicopter; 	Contractor	Identify and implement the stringing method with the least environmental impact	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Implementation of identified method of stringing with the least environmental impact
 Where the stringing operation crosses a public or private road or railway line, the necessary scaffolding/ protection measures must be installed to facilitate access. If, for any reason, such access has to be closed for any period(s) during development, the persons affected must be given reasonable notice, in writing; 	Contractor	Identify prior to construction areas where protection measures will be required during stringing. Where access is to be restricted	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof of implementation of protection measures and proof of written notice to affected parties must be

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		timeous written				provided by the	
		notice must be				Contractor	
		provided to the					
		affected parties					
- No services (electrical distribution lines, telephone	Contractor in	Avoid the	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No disruption of	
lines, roads, railways lines, pipelines fences etc.) must	consultation with	damaging or	Construction		and when	services occurs.	
be damaged because of stringing operations. Where	the cEO	disturbance of	Phase		required	Where disruption	
disruption to services is unavoidable, persons affected		existing services.				occurs proof of	
must be given reasonable notice, in writing;		Where services				written notice to	
		will be disrupted				affected parties	
		timeous notice				must be	
		must be				provided by the	
		provided to the				Contractor	
		affected parties					
- Where stringing operations cross cultivated land,	Not Applicable - r	no cultivated land is	present within the g	grid connection co	rridor.		
damage to crops is restricted to the minimum required							
to conduct stringing operations, and reasonable							
notice (10 workdays minimum), in writing, must be							
provided to the landowner;							
- Necessary scaffolding protection measures must be	Not Applicable – r	no high value agricu	ultural areas are pre	esent within the grid	connection corrido	r.	
installed to prevent damage to the structures							
supporting certain high value agricultural areas such							
as vineyards, orchards, nurseries.							

5.29 Socio-economic

Impact management outcome: Socio-economic development is enhanced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Develop and implement communication strategies to facilitate public participation; 	dEO / cEO	Identify and implement appropriate strategies for communication with the communities through consideration of the community needs	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and monthly during the construction	Communication is undertaken as per the identified strategies and no complaints are submitted regarding communication	
 Develop and implement a collaborative and constructive approach to conflict resolution as part of the external stakeholder engagement process; 	Contractor	Development and implement a Grievance Mechanism which considers the community needs and provides procedures for conflict resolution	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Conflict resolution is undertaken in line with the requirements of the Grievance Mechanism. No complaints on conflict resolution is submitted by the community	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Sustain continuous communication and liaison with	Contractor	Development	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Communication	
neighbouring owners and residents		and implement	& Construction		the	/ liaison with	
		a Grievance			commencemen	neighbouring	
		Mechanism			t of construction	landowners and	
		which provides			and monthly	residents are	
		procedures for			during the	undertaken in	
		communication			construction	line with the	
		/ liaison with			phase	requirements of	
		neighbouring				the Grievance	
		landowners and				Mechanism. No	
		residents				complaints on	
						communication	
						with	
						neighbouring	
						landowners and	
						residents is	
						submitted	
- Create work and training opportunities for local	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	The "locals first"	
stakeholders; and		implement a	& Construction		the	policy is	
		"locals first"			commencemen	considered in	
		policy for the			t of construction	terms of the	
		provision of			and monthly	employment	
		employment			during the	and training	
		opportunities			construction	opportunities	
					phase		
 Where feasible, no workers, with the exception of security personnel, must be permitted to stay over- night on the site. This would reduce the risk to local farmers. 	Not Applicable	- no workers, other the	an security is propos	sed to stay on-site	e overnight.	·	

5.30 Temporary closure of site

Impact management outcome: Minimise the risk of environmental impact during periods of site closure greater than five days.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Bunds must be emptied (where applicable) and need	Contractor	Regular	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Bunds are	
to be undertaken in accordance with the impact		emptying of the	Construction		closure for more	emptied as per	
management actions included in sections 5.17:		bunds must be	Phase		than 05 days	the requirements	
management of hazardous substances and 5.18		undertaken. This				listed under	
workshop, equipment maintenance and storage;		must be				sections 5.17	
		undertaken as				and 5.18	
		per the					
		requirements					
		listed in sections					
		5.17 and 5.18					
 Hazardous storage areas must be well ventilated; 	Contractor	Install	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Effective	
		appropriate	construction		closure for more	ventilation is	
		ventilation in all	phase		than 05 days	installed in	
		hazardous				hazardous	
		storage areas				storage areas	
- Fire extinguishers must be serviced and accessible.	Contractor /	Ensure fire	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Signage placed	
Service records to be filed and audited at last service;	cEO	extinguishers are	Construction		closure for more	indicating	
		serviced, as	Phase		than 05 days	location of fire	
		required and are				extinguishers	
		easily accessible				and service	
		with appropriate				records	
		signage					
		indicating					
		location. Ensure					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		service records are kept up to date and filed				
 Emergency and contact details must be displayed; 	Contractor / cEO	Place emergency and contact details which are readily available and easily accessible	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Photographic proof of contact details on display
 Security personnel must be briefed and have the facilities to contact or be contacted by relevant management and emergency personnel; 	Contractor	Hold a workshop with all security personnel to provide a brief of the project and security requirements. Provide facilities in order to contact management and emergency personnel	Pre-construction & construction	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of the workshop held must be kept on file by the contractor.
 Night hazards such as reflectors, lighting, traffic signage etc. must have been checked; 	Contractor	Regular checks of night hazards must be undertaken	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of checks of night hazards must be provided by the contractor

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
- Fire hazards identified and the local authority must	cEO /	Identify any	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Proof of
have been notified of any potential threats e.g. large brush stockpiles, fuels etc.;	Contractor	potential fire hazards and notify the relevant local authority	Construction Phase		closure for more than 05 days	notification of the fire hazards to the local authority must be provided by the Contractor
 Structures vulnerable to high winds must be secured; 	Contractor	Ensure structures vulnerable to wind are secure prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Structures vulnerable to wind are secured prior to site closure
 Wind and dust mitigation must be implemented; 	Contractor	Implement wind and dust mitigation prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Wind and dust mitigation is implemented prior to site closure
- Cement and materials stores must have been secured;	Contractor	Ensure cement and material stores are secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Cement and material stores are secured prior to site closure
 Toilets must have been emptied and secured; 	Contractor	Ensure toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closure
 Refuse bins must have been emptied and secured; 	Contractor	Ensure refuse bins are emptied and secured	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Refuse bins are emptied and

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		prior to site				secured prior to
		closure				site closure
 Drip trays must have been emptied and secured. 	Contractor	Ensure drip trays	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Drip trays are
		are emptied	Construction		closure for more	emptied and
		and secured	Phase		than 05 days	secured prior to
		prior to site				site closure
		closure				

5.31 Landscaping and rehabilitation

Impact management outcome: Areas disturbed during the development phase are returned to a state that approximates the original condition.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 All areas disturbed by construction activities must be subject to landscaping and rehabilitation; all spoil and waste must be disposed to a registered waste site and certificates of disposal provided; 	Contractor	Develop and implement a rehabilitation plan for the rehabilitation of all disturbed areas. Dispose of all spoil and waste at a licensed	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas is undertaken as per the rehabilitation plan. All certificates of waste disposal at licensed facilities are available.	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		waste disposal facility				
 All slopes must be assessed for contouring, and to contour only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983 	Contractor	Assess all slopes and determine whether contouring is required	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	All slopes are assessed and contoured as required
 All slopes must be assessed for terracing, and to terrace only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983; 	Contractor	Assess all slopes and determine whether terracing is required	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	All slopes are assessed and terraced as required
 Berms that have been created must have a slope of 1:4 and be replanted with indigenous species and grasses that approximates the original condition; 	Contractor	Ensure all berms have a slope of 1:4 and is replanted with indigenous species and grasses	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	All berms have a slope of 1:4 and is replanted with indigenous species and grasses
 Where new access roads have crossed cultivated farmlands, that lands must be rehabilitated by ripping which must be agreed to by the holder of the EA and the landowners; 	Contractor	The upper 10cm of soil which was stripped and stockpiled from the entire area where levelling has been conducted	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Topsoil is spread evenly

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		should be re-				
		spread over the				
		disturbed				
		surface during				
		rehabilitation: If				
		no levelling was				
		done on a				
		particular area,				
		it is not				
		necessary to				
		strip topsoil from				
		that area.				
- Rehabilitation of tower sites and access roads outside	Contractor	Ensure	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Topsoil is spread
of farmland;		stockpiled				evenly
		topsoil is used as				
		per the				
		requirements				
		listed under				
		section 5.24				
- Indigenous species must be used for with species	Contractor	Make use of	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Indigenous
and/grasses to where it compliments or approximates		indigenous				species are used
the original condition;		species for				for rehabilitation
		rehabilitation				
- Stockpiled topsoil must be used for rehabilitation (refer	Contractor	Ensure	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Stockpiled
to Section 5.24: Stockpiling and stockpiled areas);		stockpiled				topsoil is used as
		topsoil is used as				per the
		per the				requirements
		requirements				listed under
		listed under				section 5.24
		section 5.24				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Stockpiled topsoil must be evenly spread so as to facilitate seeding and minimise loss of soil due to erosion; 	Contractor	Ensure that topsoil is spread evenly	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Topsoil is spread evenly
 Before placing topsoil, all visible weeds from the placement area and from the topsoil must be removed; 	Contractor	Remove all visible weeds from placement area and topsoil before spreading the topsoil	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	No weeds are visible in the placement area or the topsoil
 Subsoil must be ripped before topsoil is placed; 	Contractor	Undertake the ripping of subsoil prior to the spreading of topsoil	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Subsoil is ripped before topsoil is placed
 The rehabilitation must be timed so that rehabilitation can take place at the optimal time for vegetation establishment; 	Contractor	Plan the timeframe for rehabilitation in order to undertake vegetation planting during the optimal time for vegetation establishment	Rehabilitation	ECO	At the start of rehabilitation to confirm correct timeframe	Rehabilitation is undertaken during the optimal time
 Where impacted through construction related activity, all sloped areas must be stabilised to ensure proper rehabilitation is effected and erosion is controlled; 	Contractor	All disturbed slope areas must be stabilised	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Disturbed slopes are stabilised sufficiently

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Sloped areas stabilised using design structures or vegetation as specified in the design to prevent erosion of embankments. The contract design specifications must be adhered to and implemented strictly; 	Contractor	Stabilise slopes as per the design specifications	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Slopes are stabilised as per the design specifications
 Spoil can be used for backfilling or landscaping as long as it is covered by a minimum of 150mm of topsoil. 	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor
 Where required, re-vegetation including hydroseeding can be enhanced using a vegetation seed mixture as described below. A mixture of seed can be used provided the mixture is carefully selected to ensure the following: a) Annual and perennial plants are chosen; b) Pioneer species are included; c) Species chosen must be indigenous to the area with the seeds used coming from the area; d) Root systems must have a binding effect on the soil; e) The final product must not cause an ecological imbalance in the area 	Contractor in consultation with a suitably qualified specialist	Make use of a suitable vegetation seed mixture should enhancement be required	Rehabilitation	ECO	As and when required	Use of a suitable vegetation seed mixture if required

6. ACCESS TO THE GENERIC EMPr

Once completed and signed, to allow the public access to the generic EMPr, the holder of the EA must make the EMPr available to the public in accordance with the requirements of regulation 26(h) of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 2

7 SITE SPECIFIC INFORMATION AND DECLARATION

7.1 Contact details and description of the project

7.1.1. Details of the Applicant

Applicant Name	Sutherland Wind Farm (Pty) Ltd
Contact Person	Eugene Marais
Physical Address	4th Floor Mariendahl House,
	Newlands on Main, Corner Main and Campground Road,
	Claremont,
	Cape Town, 7708
Postal Address	PO Box 45063, Claremont, 7735
Telephone	021 657 4052
Fax	N/A
Cell	(073) 871 5781
Email Address	Eugene.Marais@mainstreamrp.com

7.1.2. Details and Expertise of Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP)

EAP Name	Arlene Singh
EAP Qualifications	B.Sc. (Hons.) Environmental Management
Professional	SACNASP
Affiliation/Registration	EAPASA
Physical Address	Waterfall, Cnr Old Main Road & Maxwell Drive,
	Johannesburg,
	2090
Telephone	N/A
Fax	086 471 4190
Cell	084 277 7074
Email Address	arlene@veersgroup.com

Refer to Appendix A of the EMPr for the detailed experience of the EAP and the Project Team.

7.1.3. Project Details

Project Name: ESTABLISHMENT OF A NEW 132KV POWERLINE, 132KV SWITCHING STATION AND ASSOCIATED INFRASTRUCTURE TO SUPPORT THE AUTHORISED SUTHERLAND AND RIETRUG WIND ENERGY FACILITIES, NORTHEN CAPE PROVINCE

7.1.4. Project Description

Sutherland Wind Farm (Pty) Ltd, is proposing the development of a **new 132kV powerline** for the authorised Sutherland and Rietrug Wind Energy Facilities (WEFs). The new powerline will connect the new Acrux on-site substation (DEA Ref: 14/12/16/3/3/1/2457/AM1) to the authorised electrical grid infrastructure that spans to the proposed 400kV Koring Main Transmission Substation (MTS) (DFFE Reference: 14/12/16/3/3/1/2077/AM2) located between the Northern Cape and Western Cape Provinces.

The authorised WEFs and associated grid connection infrastructure are located approximately 23 km south of the town Sutherland while the proposed project components fall within the Karoo Hoogland Municipality under the Namakwa District Municipality in Northern Cape Province.

The developer has bid the wind energy facilities and associated infrastructure (including grid connection infrastructure) into the Renewable Energy IPP Procurement Programme (REIPPPP) Bid Window 5 for the procurement of up to 1 600MW of onshore wind energy technologies and has since been granted preferred bidder status for the Sutherland and Rietrug Wind Energy Facilities. This allocation is in accordance with the generation capacity required as specified in the Integrated Resource Plan (IRP) 2019 and accompanying ministerial determination from the Minister for the Department of Mineral Resources and Energy (DMRE).

The infrastructure and key components considered as part of the project includes:

- A new 132kV overhead powerline that will be located on Remaining Extent of Nooitgedacht Farm 148 (Northern Cape Province).
- > The length of the proposed powerline is approximately 0,25km long.
- The proposed new 132kV powerline will connect the switching station to the authorised electrical grid infrastructure that spans to the Koring Main Transmission Substation in the Western Cape Province (DFFE Reference: 14/12/16/3/3/1/2077/AM2).
- Development of access tracks up to 4m wide within the powerline corridor to enable construction and maintenance activities.

POWERLINE CO-ORDINATES:

132kV Powerline Alternative 1 (Preferred Alternative):

The proposed 132kV double circuit power line will be located within the authorised Sutherland Wind Energy Facility (DFFE Reference:12/12/20/1782/2/AM6) site and will start at the proposed 132kV Switching Station alternative 1 (preferred substation alternative) and traverse in southerly direction for 0,25km before joining the authorised electrical grid infrastructure located to the south of the Sutherland WEF site that will allow for evacuation of electricity to the national grid. The design of the power line is required to conform to Eskom's technical standards as it will form part of the national electricity supply network and must therefore be in-line with the existing network systems, technology and infrastructure. As this powerline alternative will only traverse a distance of 0,25km and serves as the shortest and most direct route to the authorised grid infrastructure, it is favoured as the preferred alternative from an environmental and engineering perspective.

	Latitude	Longitude
Start	32°38'9.27''S	20°57'48.00''E
End	32°38'16.92''S	20°57'51.30''E

<u>Alternative 1 (preferred alternative) has been authorised as per DFFE Ref:.</u> : <u>14/12/16/3/3/1/2457/AM1</u>

This Generic EMPr is applicable to the establishment of the new 132kv powerline and associated infrastructure to support the authorised the Sutherland and Rietrug WEF's, Northern Cape Province.

This section has been prepared by an Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP), with input from relevant specialists.

7.1.5. Project Location

Location details of the development of the powerline:

Province	Northern Cape
District Municipality	Namakwa District Municipality
Local Municipality	Karoo Hoogland Local Municipality
Ward number(s)	4
Nearest town(s)	Sutherland
Affected Properties: Farm name(s), number(s) and portion numbers (on-site substation)	Remaining Extent of Nooitgedacht Farm 148
SG 21 Digit Code (s)	C0720000000014800000
Current zoning and land use	Agriculture

7.1.6. Preliminary Technical Specifications of the 132kV powerline associated with the Eskom portion of the Acrux on-site substation

Infrastructure	Footprint, dimensions and details
Powerline capacity	132kV
Powerline Servitude Width	36m
Powerline length (alternative 1 or 2)	0,25km
Powerline corridor	100m
Tower Spacing	Up to 250m
Height of the Towers	Up to 32m

Infrastructure		Footprint, dimensions and details
Connection to the Party Substation	Proposed Third	The proposed new 132kV powerline will connect the switching station to the authorised electrical grid infrastructure that connects to the Koring Main Transmission Substation in the Western Cape Province.

It should be noted that Eskom's requirements for work in or near Eskom servitudes should be adhered to. Furthermore, as the Eskom portion of the switching station and the 132kV powerline is located on Remainder of Farm Nooitgedact 148, which is the same property as the Sutherland Wind Energy Facility (DFFE Ref: 12/12/1782/2/AM6), all management plans as developed by the specialists and EAP are applicable to the Eskom portion of the on-site powerline. As the powerline is located within the authorised Sutherland WEF site, the specialists that undertook the pre-construction walkthrough's as specified in the Appendices have considered the Eskom portion of the switching station and 132kV powerline together with the WEF.

7.1.7. Environmental Authorisation Conditions Checklist

Conditions as specified by the DFFE for Environmental Authorisation	Location
14.1. This requirements and conditions of this environmental authorisations	Generic EMPr Part C
	(Table 7.1.7)
14.2. Measures as dicated by the final site lay-out map and micro-sitting	Generic EMPr Part C
14.3. All recommendations and mitigation measures recorded in the BAR	Generic EMPr Part C
and the specialists reports as included in the final BAR dated January 2022	
14.4. An effective monitoring system to detect any leakage or spillage of	Section 8.3 and Appendix
any hazardous substances during their transportation, handling, use or	I
storage. This must include precautionary measures to limit the possibility	
of oil and other toxic liquids from entering the soil or storm water systems	
14.5. A fire management plant to be implemented during construction	Appendix I
and operation of the facility	
14.6. A re-vegetation and habitat rehabilitation plan. The plan must	Appendix E
provide for restoration to be undertaken as soon as possible after	
completion of construction activities, to reduce the amount of habitat	
converted at any one time and to speed up the recovery of natural	
habitats	
14.7. An aquatic rehabilitation and monitoring plan particularly for	N/A – there are no
watercourse features that will be infilled and/or excavated	drainage features or
	watercourse features that
	will be infilled and/or
	excavated as identified in
	the sensitivity map
14.9. A stormwater management plan	· ·
14.8. A stormwater management plan	Appendix G
14.9. The final site layout map	Appendix Q

7.2 Sub-section 2: Development footprint site map

This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout. The sensitivity map must be prepared from the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at: https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. raptor nest, threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features in the surrounding landscape. The overhead transmission and distribution profile shall be illustrated at an appropriate resolution to enable fine scale interrogation. It is recommended that <20 km of overhead transmission and distribution length is illustrated per page in A3 landscape format. Where considered appropriate, photographs of sensitive features in the context of tower positions shall be used.

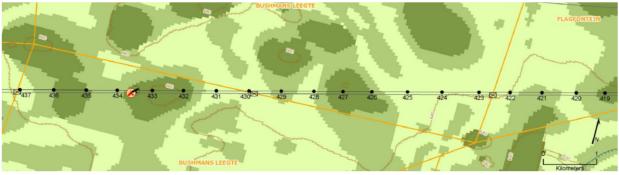


Figure 1: Example of an environmental sensitivity map in the context of a final overhead transmission and distribution profile

<u>The national web-based environmental screening tool was utilised for this project and the grid</u> <u>connection corridor sensitivity maps can be seen in Figures 3 to 7. The site-specific</u> <u>environmental sensitivity map included in the BA Report is included as Figure 2.</u>

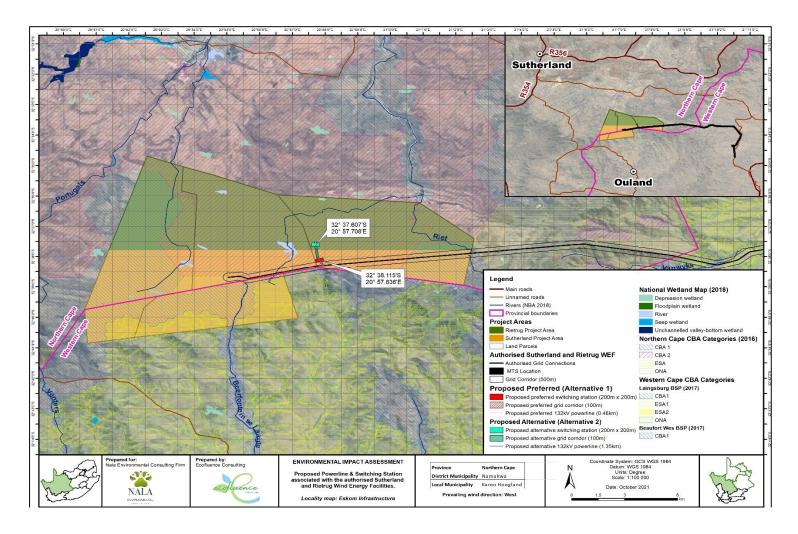


Figure 2: Locality Map of the project for the proposed new 132kv Powerline, and Associated Infrastructure to Support the Authorised the Sutherland and Rietrug Wind Energy Facilities, Northern Cape Province. Powerline Alternative 1 (preferred alternative has been authorised).

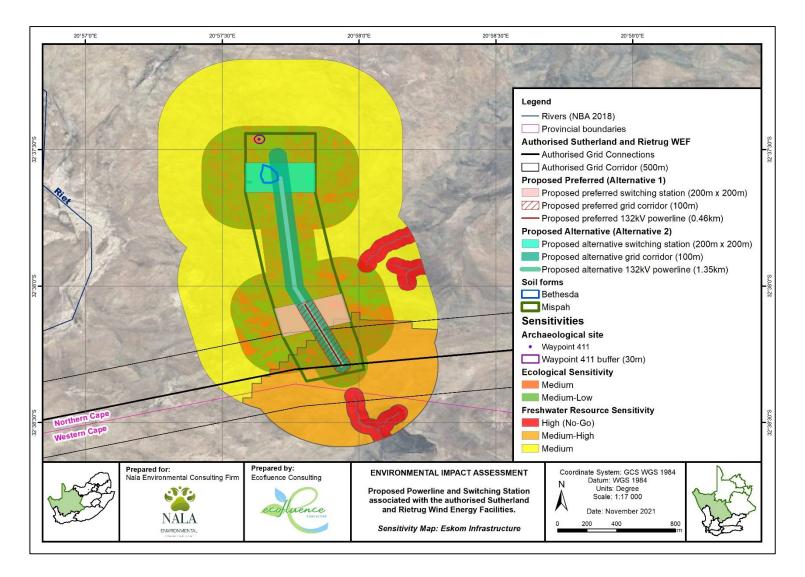


Figure 3: Sensitivity map for the proposed Powerline and associated with the authorised Sutherland and Rietrug Wind Energy Facilities. Powerline Alternative 1 (preferred alternative has been authorised) as per the Basic Assessment

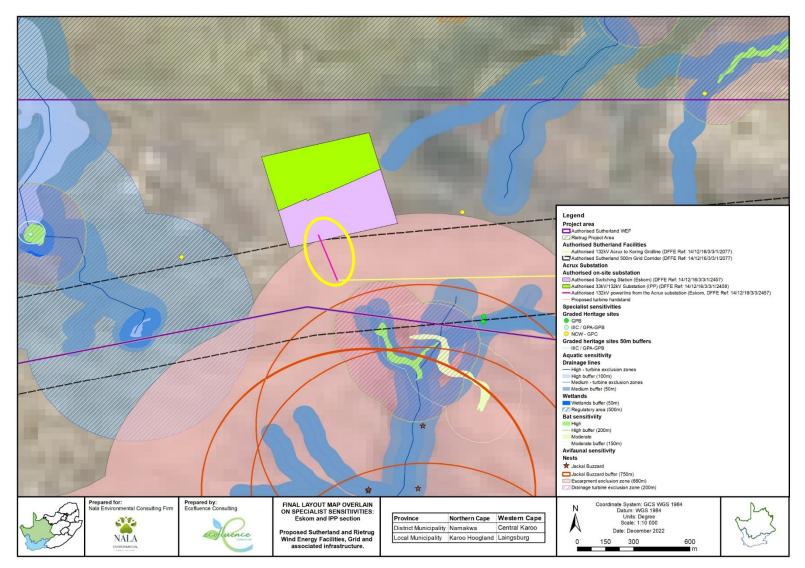


Figure 4: Sensitivity map for the proposed Powerline and associated with the authorised Sutherland and Rietrug Wind Energy Facilities. Powerline Alternative 1 (preferred alternative has been authorised) as circled in yellow on the map.

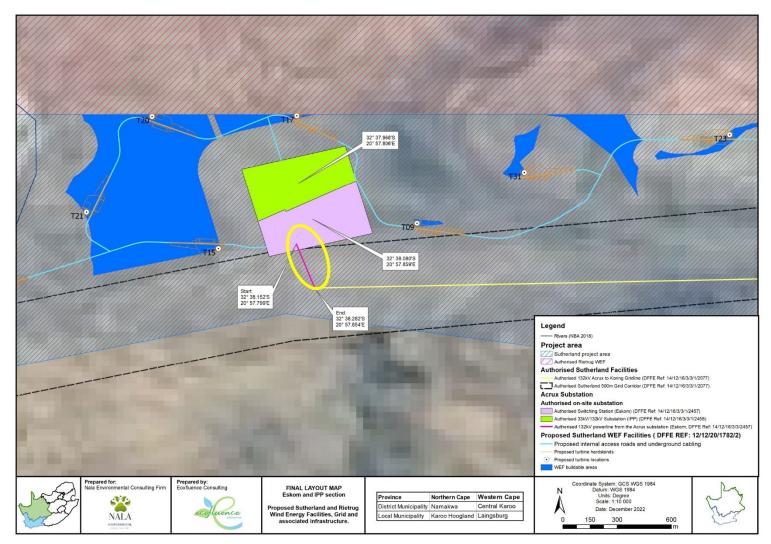


Figure 5: Final Layout map for the proposed Powerline (inset map circled in yellow) and associated with the authorised Sutherland and Rietrug Wind Energy Facilities. Powerline Alternative 1 (preferred alternative has been authorised) as circled in yellow on the map.

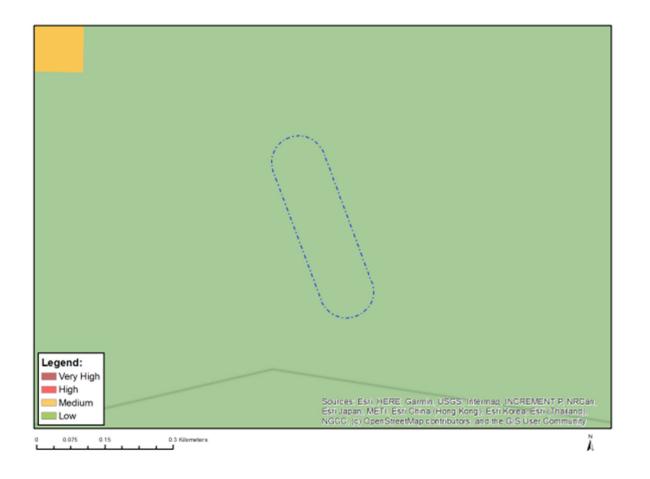


Figure 6: Map of Relative Agriculture Theme Sensitivity Alternative 1 (Preferred Alternative) - Authorised

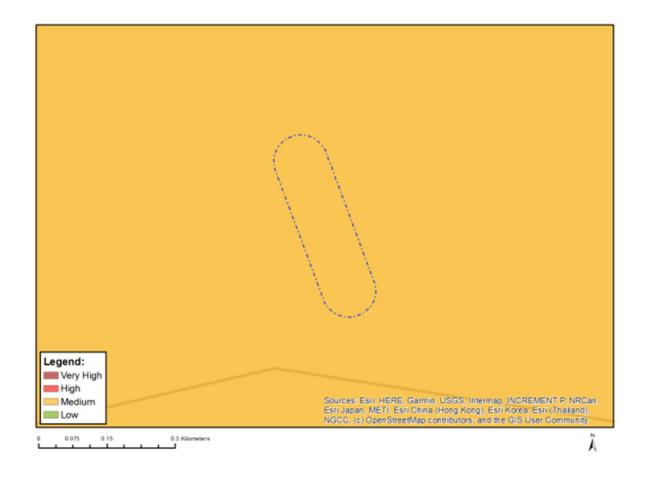


Figure 7: Map of Animal Species Theme Sensitivity Alternative 1 (Preferred Alternative)- Authorised

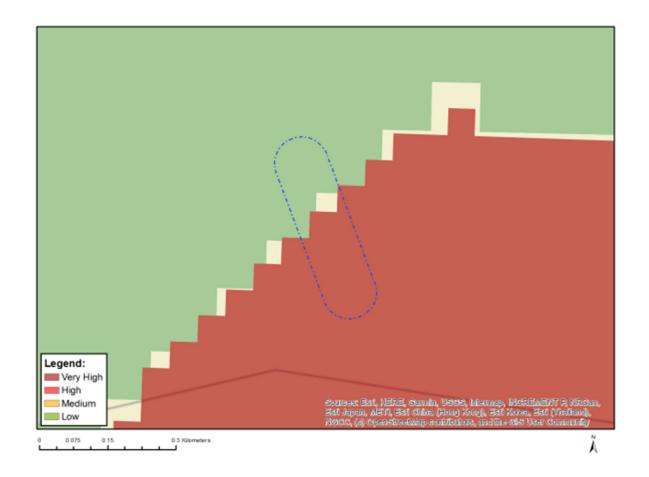


Figure 8: Map of Aquatic Biodiversity Theme Sensitivity Alternative 1 (Preferred Alternative)- Authorised

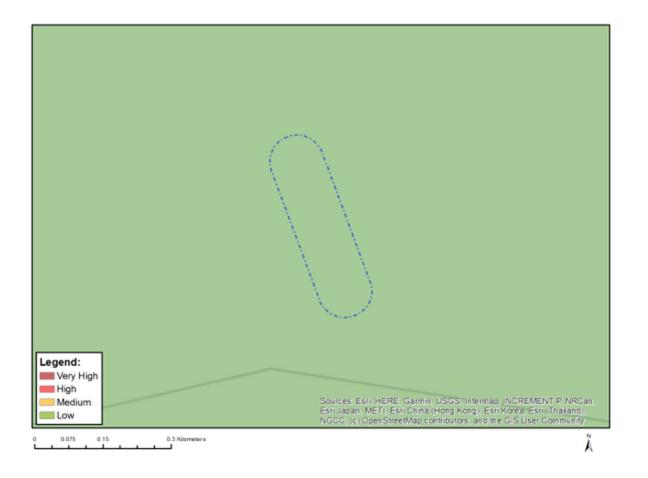


Figure 9: Map of Archaeological and Cultural Heritage Species Theme Sensitivity Alternative 1 (Preferred Alternative)- Authorised

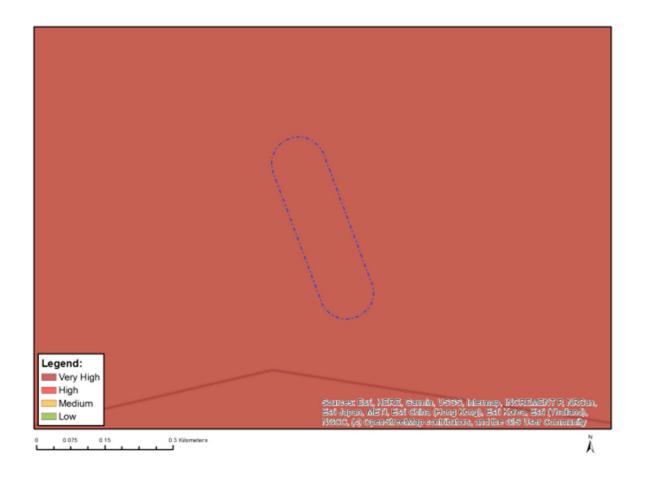


Figure 10: Map of Relative Palaeontology Theme Sensitivity Alternative 1 (Preferred Alternative)- Authorised

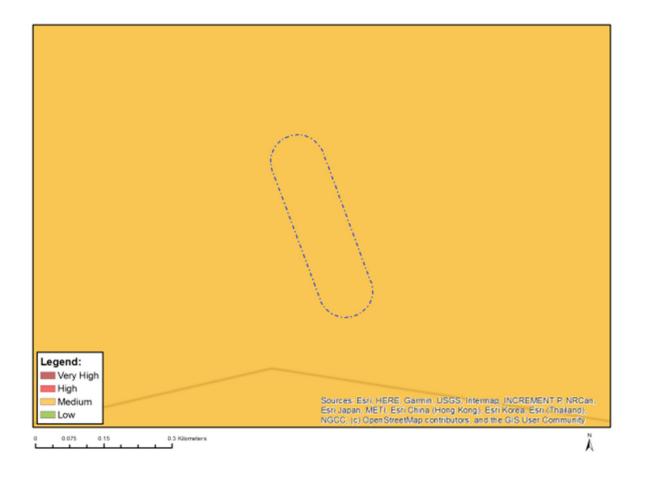


Figure 11: Map of Relative Plant Species Theme Sensitivity Alternative 1 (Preferred Alternative)- Authorised



Figure 12: Map of Relative Terrestrial Biodiversity Theme Sensitivity Alternative 1 (Preferred Alternative)- Authorised

7.3 Sub-section 3: Declaration

The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will abide and comply with the prescribed impact management outcomes and impact management actions as stipulated in part B: section 1 of the generic EMPr and have the understanding that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding. The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will provide written notice to the CA 14 day prior to the date on which the activity will commence of commencement of construction to facilitate compliance inspections.

Signature Proponent/applicant/ holder of EA

Calau

2012/11/22

Date:

This declaration will be signed by the proponent/applicant/holder of the EA once the contractor is appointed and has provided inputs to this Generic EMPr as per the requirements of this template.

7.4 Sub-section 4: amendments to site specific information (Part B; section 2)

Should the EA be transferred to a new holder, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new holder and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of Regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted for an amendment to an environmental authorisation will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

PART C

8 SITE SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

If any specific environmental sensitivities/attributes are present on the site which require more specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr template, to manage impacts, those impact management outcomes and actions must be included in this section. These specific management controls must be referenced spatially and must include impact management outcomes and impact management actions. The management controls including impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the pre-approved generic EMPr template. This applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary.

If <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the development as authorised in the EA, it is required to be submitted to the CA together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP and the name and expertise of the EAP, including the curriculum vitae are to be included. Once approved, <u>Part C</u> forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.

This section will **not be required** should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes.

8.1 Avifaunal Impacts

Impact Management	Implementation			Monitoring		
Actions	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
Minimise displacement due to disturbance associated with the construction of the 132kV powerline.	Project Manager /ECO	 Construction activity should be restricted to the immediate footprint of the infrastructure An 800m all infrastructure exclusion zone must be implemented around the Black Harrier nest to prevent potential disturbance of the breeding pair. 	During design & prior to the commencement of the construction activities.	ECO	Before Commencement and Ongoing	All activities constantly monitored for restriction into immediate footprint and prescribed access control
Minimise displacement due to habitat transformation associated with the construction of the 132kV powerline.		» Access to the remainder of the site (i.e., areas where no construction activities are planned) should be strictly controlled to prevent unnecessary disturbance of Species of Conservation Concern (SCC).				
		 Removal of vegetation must be restricted to a minimum. 				

» Measures to control
noise and dust should be
applied according to
current best practice in
the industry.
» Maximum use should be
made of existing access
roads and the
construction of new
roads should be kept to a
minimum.
» Construction of new
roads should only be
considered if existing
roads cannot be
upgraded.
 » Vehicle and pedestrian
access to the site should
be controlled and
restricted to access roads
to prevent unnecessary
disturbance of Species of
Conservation Concern
(SCC)
» There is one Verreaux
Eagle (VE) nest which is
situated less than 1km
from the proposed grid
(closest distance 640m).
1km is the recommended
no-disturbance buffer in
the VE guidelines. The
poles/pylons that are
implicated are numbers
44 - 48.

							1
		»	Construction work on				
			structures 44 - 48 of the				
			proposed Acrux to Koring				
			132kV grid connection				
			should be timed to fall				
			outside the Verreaux's				
			Eagle breeding season				
			i.e. construction should				
			not take place from April				
			to October.				
Minimise Collisions with	Project	*	The bird flight diverters	During design &	ECO	Before	Monitor installation
the 132kV powerline.	Manager /ECO		should be installed on the	prior to the		Commencement	of bird flight
This in only applicable to	-		whole line, for the full span	commencement		and Ongoing	diverters
the application for the			length on the earthwire	of the			
132kV powerline			(according to Eskom	construction			
			guidelines - five metres	activities and			
			apart). Light and dark	operational			
			colour devices must be	phase			
				phase			
			alternated to provide				
			contrast against both dark				
			and light backgrounds				
			respectively. These				
			devices must be installed				
			as soon as the conductors				
			are strung.				Recording of
							ongoing impacts
		*	As a minimum, post-				and monitoring.
			construction monitoring				
			should be undertaken for				
			the first two years of				
			operation, and then				
			repeated again in Year 5,				
			and again every five years				
			thereafter for the				

operational lifetime of the		
facility. The exact scope		
and nature of the post-		
construction monitoring		
will be determined on an		
ongoing basis by the		
results of the monitoring		
through a process of		
adaptive management		

8.2 Bat Impacts¹

	ome: Minimise dist			Monitoring		
Impact Management	Implementation			Monitoring	1-	
Actions	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
 Minimisation of light pollution and artificial habitat creation Keep artificial lighting to a minimum on the infrastructure (O&M buildings), while still adhering to safety and security 	Relevant specialist in consultation with the Project Developer	It must become mandatory to only use lights with low sensitivity motion sensors that switch off automatically when no persons are nearby, to prevent the creation of regular insect gathering pools, where practically possible without compromising security requirements	Operational phase	Project Developer	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and as and when required during operation.	Proof of installation of low motion sensors and their maintenance as required (Photographic evidence)
requirements.		 Aviation lights should remain as required by aviation regulations. Bi-annual visits at night must be conducted for the operational lifetime of the facility by operational staff of the facility, to assess the lighting setup 				

¹ Bat Assessments are not required for the powerline and were not assessed during the BA process for this powerline, however as the infrastructure was included in the walkthrough undertaken in 2022 general measures that would be applicable have been included in this EMPr.

motion sensors are functioning correctly.
The bat specialist conducting the operational bat mortality monitoring must conduct at least one visit to site during night-time to assess the placement and setup of outside lights on the facility. When lights are replaced and maintenance on lights is conducted, this Mitigation Action Plan must be consulted.

8.3 Aquatic Ecology (Freshwater impacts)

Impact management outcome: Potential impact on aquatic (freshwater) resources							
Impact Management Implementation Monitoring							
Actions	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
Reduce loss of riparian systems and disturbance of the alluvial water courses during the	Project Manager/ECO	 No direct impact or disturbance of riparian systems and alluvial water courses during the 	N/A	ECO	N/A	N/A	

construction, operation and decommissioning phase		 construction, operation and decommissioning phase as such features are avoided. The recommended buffer (namely 50m) areas between the delineated freshwater resource 				
Minimise the impact on freshwater resource systems through the increase in surface runoff on form and function during the operational and decommissioning phases	Project Manager/ECO	Infrastructure footprint and associated area of disturbance should be minimised as far as practically possible	Construction, operation and decommissioning phase	ECO	Before commencement and Ongoing	Monitor and implement the methods of minimising the impacts. Implementation of mitigation measures
Manage increase in sedimentation and erosion during the construction, operational and decommissioning phase	Project Manager/ECO	 Any erosion problems observed to be associated with the powerline infrastructure should be rectified as soon as possible and monitored thereafter to ensure that they do not re-occur. All bare areas, as a result of the development, should be revegetated with locally occurring species, to bind the soil 	Construction, operation and decommissioning phase	ECO	Before commencement and Ongoing	Monitor and implement the methods of minimising the impacts. Implementation of erosion control measures

		 and limit erosion potential. An erosion control management plan should be utilised to prevent erosion Silt traps should be used where there is a danger of topsoil eroding and entering streams and other sensitive areas. Ensure vehicles are regularly serviced so that hydrocarbon leaks are limited. Keep a spill kit on site to deal with any hydrocarbon leaks. Remove soil from the site which has been contaminated by hydrocarbon spillage. 			
Minimising and detecting leakage and/ or spillage of any hazardous substances during transportation, handling, use or storage	DPM	 In the event of a spill or leakage, trained and competent on-site staff should deal with the clean-up of any hazardous substances. The provision of on-site spill kits must be available in the event of a pollution incident 	dEO	construction	Monitor and implement the methods of minimising the impacts.

dEO in	., ть	a use and storage of		Once prior to the	
		ne use and storage of		Once, prior to the	
consultation with		azardous substances to		commencement	
the Contractor		e minimised and non-		of construction	
		azardous and non-toxic		and monthly	
	al	Iternatives substituted		during the	
	w	here possible		construction	
				phase	
	» A	II hazardous substances			
		nust be stored in suitable			
		ontainers, as defined in			
		ne Method Statement;			
		designated fuel storage			
		nd dispensing areas			
	sh	nould have sufficient			
	gr	round protection to			
	pr	revent and contain			
	le	aks and spills.			
	» Re	efuelling and servicing			
		f plant and equipment			
		field should be			
		voided.			
	u u	volded.			
		c			
		ne refuelling and/or			
		epair of heavy			
		arthmoving vehicles			
	sh	nould not take place			
	w	ithin any sensitive areas			
	aı	nd should be			
	C	onducted over a			
	de	edicated impervious			
		rea. Should any spillage			
		ccur during the			
		efuelling and/or repair,			
	l ie				

		the Directorate: Pollution and Chemicals Management, is also to be notified immediately in conformance to prescribed legislation					
Reduce potential compromise ecological processes as well as ecological functioning of important freshwater resource habitats	Project Manager/ECO	 All highly sensitive major ephemeral washes and their associated buffer areas should be regarded as No-Go areas for all construction activities. The recommended buffer (50m) areas between the delineated freshwater resource features and proposed project activities should be maintained. Vegetation clearing to be kept to a minimum. No unnecessary vegetation to be cleared. Good housekeeping measures as stipulated in the EMPr for the project should be in place where construction activities take place to prevent contamination of any freshwater features. All construction materials including fuels and oil 	phase	ECO/ Landscape Architect / Contractor	Before commencement and Ongoing	Monitor implement methods minimising impacts.	and the of the

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	should be stored in	
	demarcated areas that	
	are contained within	
	berms / bunds to avoid	
	spread of any	
	contamination. Washing	
	and cleaning of	
	equipment should also be	
	done in berms or bunds,	
	in order to trap any	
	cement and prevent	
	excessive soil erosion.	
	Mechanical plant and	
	bowsers must not be	
	refuelled or serviced	
	within or directly	
	adjacent to any channel.	
	It is therefore suggested	
	that all construction	
	camps, lay down areas,	
	batching plants or areas	
	and any stores should be	
	outside of any	
	demarcated water	
	courses.	
	•	
	reshaping of the surface	
	to resemble that prior to	
	the disturbance and	
	vegetated with suitable	
	local indigenous	
	vegetation.	
	» All alien plant re-growth	
	(mostly forbs) must be	

should be eradicated. The scale of the operation does however not warrant the use of a Landscape Architect and / or Landscape Contractor	occur should The opera not w Lands /	cale of the on does however rant the use of a upe Architect and Landscape		
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8.4 Terrestrial Ecology

Impact management out	come: Reduce pote	ential impact on fauna and flora	with the powerline o	corridor		
Impact Management	Implementation	mplementation Monitoring				
Actions	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
Minimise potential	Project Manager	» Pre-construction walk-	During design &	ECO/ Specialist	Before	Walkthrough
impacts on vegetation	/ECO	through of the power line	prior to the	Ecologist	Commencement	reports of file
and listed protected		route/corridor to locate	commencement		and Ongoing	(Appendix A1) and
plant species		species of conservation	of the			translocation
		concern that can be	construction			evidence.
		translocated or avoided.	activities.			
		» A spring survey of the				
		approved substation				
		footprint for red data and				
		protected plants must be				
		undertaken in order to				
		finalise the applications				
		for permits prior to the				
		commencement of				
		construction and site				
		clearing activities.				

		 All clearing of vegetation must be restricted to the footprint areas only - this will limit any further loss of undisturbed vegetation and loss of habitat. 				
Minimise disturbance of sensitive areas	Project Manager/ECO	 On the rock sheets the Mesembryanthemaceae, Colchicaceae, Crassulaceae and Apocynaceae were present and therefore these areas are sensitive and must be avoided. If will be important to keep a 5m buffer around the outer edges to ensure no permanent damage results. No driving over these areas is permitted at any time. The landscape, with the drainage features, have on number of small drainage lines that congregate into larger streams. These areas must be avoided as far as possible and limited crossing is recommended 	and construction activities	ECO/ Specialist Ecologist	Before Commencement and Ongoing	Proof of buffers put in place and adhered to. Evidence of non- compliance as per ECO audit reports

		*	It is very important to stay within the 8/10m corridor (final layout of the road system) for the roads during construction.					
		»	No activity must occur outside the road margins.					
		»	No driving over the sensitive bedrock sheets are allowed at any time during the construction, operational or decommissioning phases for this project. This include any driving into the veld outside any demarcated corridors or footprint areas.					
		»	All activities during construction must be restricted to take place within the footprint area					
Minimise erosio potential	n Project Manager/ECO	×	All hard surfaces (roads footprints) will contribute to the erosion potential and the accelerated flow velocities from roads, culverts and areas cleared of vegetation are of concern. It will be	Pre-construction and construction activities	ECO/ Specialist Ecologist	Before Commencement and Ongoing	No evidence erosion	of

important to monitor
these areas regularly,
especially downstream of
these zones, as
accelerated flows are the
main concern related to
increased erosion.
» The exposed areas must
be rehabilitated to
prevent erosion and to
ensure no alien plant
species establish in these
areas. As plants
associated with the
vegetation unit are slower
to recover, the clearing
footprint must be kept to
an absolute minimum e.g.
leave 300mm basal layer

8.5 Heritage and Palaeontological Impacts

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Management of Impacts to archaeology and impacts to the cultural landscape.	Project Manager / dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	 Impacts to archaeology would occur during construction only, while impacts to the cultural landscape would occur during all phases of the development. Develop and implement procedures for situations where archaeological sites or remains are uncovered The Heritage Walk-Down must be conducted by a qualified archaeologist and palaeontologist and a report detailing the results of the survey, including an assessment of impacts on identified heritage resources must be submitted to SAHRA 	During construction only (Archaeology impacts). During all development phases (cultural landscape impacts)	ECO/ dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Ongoing (Monthly)	Record and monitor ongoing impacts and proof of communication to SAHRA APM Unit and the required procedures followed in cases where material is discovered.

for comment prior to
construction. No
construction may
commence without
comments from SAHRA;
» If any evidence of
archaeological sites or
remains (e.g. remnants of
stone-made structures,
indigenous ceramics,
bones, stone artefacts,
ostrich eggshell
fragments, charcoal and
ash concentrations),
fossils or other categories
of heritage resources are
found during the
proposed development,
SAHRA APM Unit
(Natasha Higgitt/Phillip
Hine 021 462 5402) must
be alerted as per section
35(3) of the NHRA.
» If unmarked human
burials are uncovered,
the SAHRA Burial Grounds
and Graves (BGG) Unit
(Thingahangwi
Tshivhase/Mimi Seetelo
012 320 8490), must be
alerted immediately as

			per section 36(6) of the NHRA.				
The sites identified for avoidance must be avoided (Northern Cape) Unsurveyed sections of the approved final layout must be checked in the field prior to commencement of construction in case of further small sites requiring recording or mitigation (Northern Cape)	Project Manager/ dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	» »	Flagging of no-go areas is required for sites less than 30 m from the project footprint (Northern Cape). This must be done before construction and the sites must be monitored for compliance during construction by the ECO (at least weekly while construction is busy in the relevant areas) (Sites that are not visually prominent and are located more than 30 m from the footprint should not be flagged, as it is preferable to not draw attention to them).All sites lying less than 30 m from the footprint are assumed to be at risk from construction work and should be flagged as no-go areas; Certain sites (namely waypoints 592, 600, 601, 778, 779, 780, 807, K038, K039, D075, 805, 557-559, 579, 781, 806, 497) are impractical or unfeasible to mitigate and these must be avoided; As large a buffer as possible must be incorporated between the road and waypoint 556 at the Nooitgedacht Farmstead;	Pre-construction and during construction and as and when required	ECO/ dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Once before construction and atleast weekly while construction is busy	Proof of flagged no-go areas for sites less than 30m form the project footprint Proof of recording of waypoints 497- 502 & 1154 Evidence of undisturbed heritage site

		 » No stones may be removed from any heritage sites (Northern Cape) 				
Management of Impacts to archaeology and impacts to the cultural landscape.	Project Manager/ dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	If road widening occurs at waypoint 560 (Northern Cape) then no material may be disposed of down the slope;	Pre-construction and during construction and as and when required Pre- construction and during construction and as and when required	ECO/ dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Once before construction and as and when required during construction	Proof of zero material disposal down the slope
Management of Impacts to archaeology and impacts to the cultural landscape.	Project Manager/ dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	All construction work must occur within the demarcated project footprints and vehicles may not move outside of these areas (Northern Cape)	Pre-construction and during construction	ECO/ dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	During construction and as and when required	Evidence of all construction work occurring within demarcated footprints
Compliance to permit requirements	Project Manager/ dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	A Permit application must be lodged with SAHRA for any mitigation required in Northern Cape (currently none is needed);	Pre-construction and during construction	ECO/ dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	During construction and as and when required	Proof of permit application lodged with SAHRA
Minimise impacts to scientifically valuable fossil material	Project Manager/ dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor /	The final, approved layouts of the Grid Connection Infrastructure must be cross- checked by a professional palaeontologist against the available palaeontological	Pre-construction	ECO/ dEO / cEO in consultation with the	Once-off prior to commencement of construction	Proof of appointment of profession Palaeontologist.

professional	database prior to	appointed		
palaeontologist	commencement of site	palaeontologist		
	clearing and excavation activities. Residual,			
	potentially sensitive,			
	unsurveyed sectors of the			
	project approved footprint			
	must be surveyed and			
	mitigated in the Pre-			
	construction Phase (prior to			
	any site clearance and bedrock excavations) by a			
	professional palaeontologist,			
	with recording and judicious			
	sampling or collection of			
	scientifically valuable fossil			
	material.			
	» A Chance Fossil Finds			
	Procedure is recommended			
	to be implemented and is			
	provided in the report			
	» New fossil material			
	encountered or exposed			
	during the Construction			
	Phase is best handled			Evidence of
	through the Chance Fossil Finds Protocol.			fossil finds as per
			On-going during	ECO audit
	» The Environmental Control		construction	reporting.
	Officer (ECO) /			Proof of
	Environmental Site Officer			Chance find
	(ESO) responsible for the WEF and grid connection			procedure
	and grid connection developments should be			developed for
	made aware of the possibility			use (Appendix
	of important fossil remains			P)
	(vertebrate bones, teeth and			
	burrows, petrified wood,			

 plant-rich horizons etc.) being found or unearthed during the construction phase of the projects. Monitoring for fossil material of all major surface clearance (including access roads) and deeper (>1m) excavations by the ESO on an on-going basis during the construction phase is therefore recommended. » If any archaeological material or human burials are uncovered during the course of development then work in the immediate area should be halted. The find would need to be reported to the heritage authorities (SAHRA or HWC as appropriate) and may require inspection by an archaeologist. Such heritage 	On-going during construction	Proof of Fossil Collection Permit on file and appointment of a professional palaeontologist.
 is the property of the state and may require excavation and curation in an approved institution » Significant fossil finds should be safeguarded, preferably 		
in situ, and reported at the earliest opportunity to SAHRA for recording and sampling by a professional palaeontologist. If triggered, these mitigation actions to		

1	
	conserve legally-protected
	fossil heritage are considered
	to be essential.
	» Should it not be possible to
	retain heritage resources in-
	situ, relevant permits in terms
	of section 34, 35 and/or 36 of
	the National Heritage
	Resources Act must be
	applied for mitigation
	measures to be conducted
	after the walkdown has been
	completed. These permits
	must be applied for by a
	qualified archaeologist or
	palaeontologist depending
	on the heritage resources
	that require mitigation. No
	permits may be issued
	without the above requested
	walk-down report
	The palaeontologist
	responsible for any mitigation
	work in the Northern Cape will
	need to apply for a Fossil
	Collection Permit from SAHRA
	for professional mitigation in
	the Northern Cape. All
	fieldwork and reporting
	should meet the standards of
	international best practice as
	well as those developed for
	PIA reports by SAHRA (2013)
	Fossil material collected must
	be safeguarded and curated
	within an approved
	palaeontological repository
	(e.g. museum or university

data.		collection) with full collection data.				
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APPENDIX 1: METHOD STATEMENTS

To be prepared by the contractor prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are **not required** to be submitted to the CA.

Appendices

Appendix A:	EIA Project Team CVs
Appendix B:	Grievance Mechanism for Public Complaints and Issues
Appendix C:	Alien Invasive Plant and Open Space Management Plan ²
Appendix D:	Plant Rescue and Protection Plan ²
Appendix E:	Re-vegetation and Rehabilitation Plan ²
Appendix F:	Erosion Management Plan
Appendix G:	Stormwater Management Plan
Appendix H:	Waste Management Plan
Appendix I:	Fire management and Emergency Preparedness, Plan
Appendix J:	A traffic management plan
Appendix K	Transportation plan
Appendix L:	Bat Monitoring Programme
Appendix M:	Bird Monitoring Programme
Appendix N:	Socio-economic plan/report
Appendix O:	Key Legislation
Appendix P:	Chance Find Procedure
Appendix Q:	A3 Maps
Appendix R:	Heritage Sites