## GRID CONNECTION INFRASTRUCTURE FOR THE GREAT KAROO WIND FARM, NORTHERN CAPE PROVINCE

Environmental Management Programme for the switching station associated with the Great Karoo Wind Farm grid connection infrastructure

November 2020

# GENERIC ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) FOR THE DEVELOPMENT AND EXPANSION OF SUBSTATION INFRASTRUCTURE FOR THE TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION OF ELECTRICITY











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#### **INTRODUCTION**

#### 1. Background

The National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998) (NEMA) requires that an environmental management programme (EMPr) be submitted where an environmental impact assessment (EIA) has been identified as the environmental instrument to be utilised as the basis for a decision on an application for environmental authorisation (EA). The content of an EMPr must either contain the information set out in Appendix 4 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014, as amended (EIA Regulations) or must be a generic EMPr relevant to an application as identified and gazetted by the Minister in a government notice. Once the Minister has identified, through a government notice that a generic EMPr is relevant to an application for EA, that generic EMPr must be applied by all parties involved in the EA process, including but not limited to the applicant and the competent authority (CA).

#### 2. Purpose

This document constitutes a generic EMPr relevant to applications for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, and all listed and specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

#### 3. Objective

The objective of this generic EMPr is to prescribe and pre-approve generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions, which can commonly and repeatedly be used for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity. The use of a generic EMPr is intended to reduce the need to prepare and review individual EMPrs for applications of a similar nature.

#### 4. Scope

The scope of this generic EMPr applies to the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity requiring EA in terms of NEMA. This generic EMPr applies to activities requiring EA, mainly activity 11 and 47 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 1 of 2014, as amended, and activity 9 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 2 of 2014, as amended, and all associated listed or specified activities necessary for the realization of such infrastructure.

#### 5. Structure of this document

This document is structured in three parts with an Appendix as indicated in the table below:

Part	Section	Heading	Content
A		Provides general guidance and information and is <b>not</b> legally binding	Definitions, acronyms, roles & responsibilities and documentation and reporting.
В	1	Pre-approved generic EMPr template	Contains generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions required for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, which are presented in the form of a template that has been preapproved.
			The template in this section is to be completed by the contractor, with each completed page signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity.
			Where an impact management outcome is not relevant, the words "not applicable" can be inserted in the template under the "responsible persons" column.
			Once completed and signed, the template represents the EMPr for the activity approved by the CA and is legally binding. The template is not required to be submitted to the CA as once the generic EMPr is gazetted for implementation, it has been approved by the CA.
			To allow interested and affected parties access to the pre-approved EMPr template for consideration through the decision-making process, the EAP on behalf of the applicant /proponent must make the hard copy of this EMPr available at a public location and where the applicant has a website, the EMPr should also be made available on such publicly accessible website.
	2	Site specific information	Contains preliminary infrastructure layout and a declaration that the applicant/holder of the EA

	Section	Heading	Content
			will comply with the pre-approved generic EMPr template contained in <u>Part B: Section 1</u> , and understands that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are <b>legally binding</b> . The preliminary infrastructure layout must be finalized to inform the final EMPr that is to be submitted with the basic assessment report (BAR) or environmental impact assessment report (EIAR), ensuring that all impact management outcomes and impact management actions have been either preapproved or approved in terms of <u>Part C</u> .
			This section <b>must be</b> submitted to the CA together with the final BAR or EIAR. The information submitted to the CA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, this Section forms part of the EMPr for the development and is legally binding.
С		Site specific sensitivities/attributes	If any specific environmental sensitivities/ attributes are present on the site which require site specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr, to manage impacts, these specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific environmental attributes must be referenced spatially and impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be provided. These specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the preapproved EMPr template (Part B: section 1)  This section will not be required should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes. However, if Part C is applicable to the site, it is required to be submitted together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			approved, Part C forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.
			This section applies only <b>to additional</b> impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the specific development or expansion and which are not already included in <u>Part B: section 1</u> .
Appendix 1			Contains the method statements to be prepared prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are <b>not required</b> to be submitted to the competent authority.

#### 6. Completion of part B: section 1: the pre-approved generic EMPr template

The template is to be completed prior to commencement of the activity, by providing the following information for each environmental impact management action:

- For implementation
  - a 'responsible person',
  - a method for implementation,
  - a timeframe for implementation
- For monitoring
  - a responsible person
  - frequency
  - evidence of compliance.

The completed template must be signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as <u>Appendix 1</u>. Each method statement must be signed and dated on each page by the holder of the EA. This template once signed and dated is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

#### 7. Amendments of the impact management outcomes and impact management actions

Once the activity has commenced, a holder of an EA may make amendments to the impact management outcomes and impact management actions in the following manner:

- Amendment of the impact management outcomes: in line with the process contemplated in Regulation 37 of the EIA Regulations; and
- Amendment of the impact management actions: in line with the process contemplated in Regulation 36 of the EIA Regulations.

### 8. Documents to be submitted as part of part B: section 2 site specific information and declaration

<u>Part B: Section 2</u> has three distinct sub-sections. The first and third sub-sections are in a template format. Sub-section two requires a map to be produced.

<u>Sub-section 1</u> contains the project name, the applicant's name and contact details, the site information, which includes coordinates of the property or farm in which the proposed substation infrastructure is proposed as well as the 21-digit Surveyor General code of each cadastral land parcel and, where available, the farm name.

<u>Sub-section 2</u> is to be prepared by an EAP and must contain his/her name and expertise including a curriculum vitae. This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout using the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at: <a href="https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool">https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool</a>. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features and within 50 m from the development footprint.

<u>Sub-section 3</u> is the declaration that the applicant (s)/proponent (s) or holder of the EA in the case of a change of ownership must complete which confirms that the applicant/EA holder will comply with the pre-approved 'generic EMPr' template in <u>Section 1</u> and understands that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding.

#### (a) Amendments to Part B: Section 2 – site specific information and declaration

Should the EA be transferred, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new applicant/proponent and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted as part of such an application for an amendment to an EA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

#### **PART A - GENERAL INFORMATION**

#### 1. **DEFINITIONS**

In this EMPr any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the NEMA or EIA Regulations has that meaning, and unless the context requires otherwise –

"clearing" means the clearing and removal of vegetation, whether partially or in whole, including trees and shrubs, as specified;

"construction camp" is the area designated for key construction infrastructure and services, including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;

"contractor" - The Contractor has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract, are in line with the Environmental Management Programme and that Method Statements are implemented as described.

"hazardous substance" is a substance governed by the Hazardous Substances Act, 1973 (Act No. 15 of 1973) as well as the Hazardous Chemical and Substances Regulations, 1995;

"method statement" means a written submission by the Contractor to the Project Manager in response to this EMPr or a request by the Project Manager and ECO. The method statement must set out the equipment, materials, labour and method(s) the Contractor proposes using to carry out an activity identified by the Project Manager when requesting the Method Statement. This must be done in such detail that the Project Manager and ECO is able to assess whether the Contractor's proposal is in accordance with this specification and/or will produce results in accordance with this specification;

The method statement must cover as a minimum applicable details with regard to:

- (i) Construction procedures;
- (ii) Plant, materials and equipment to be used;
- (iii) Transporting the equipment to and from site;
- (iv) How the plant/ material/ equipment will be moved while on site;
- (v) How and where the plant/ material/ equipment will be stored;
- (vi) The containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- (vii) Timing and location of activities;
- (viii) Compliance/ non-compliance; and
- (ix) Any other information deemed necessary by the Project Manager.

"slope" means the inclination of a surface expressed as one unit of rise or fall for so many horizontal units;

"solid waste" means all solid waste, including construction debris, hazardous waste, excess cement/ concrete, wrapping materials, timber, cans, drums, wire, nails, food and domestic waste (e.g. plastic packets and wrappers);

**"spoil"** means excavated material which is unsuitable for use as material in the construction works or is material which is surplus to the requirements of the construction works;

**"topsoil"** means a varying depth (up to 300 mm) of the soil profile irrespective of the fertility, appearance, structure, agricultural potential, fertility and composition of the soil;

"works" means the works to be executed in terms of the Contract

#### 2. ACRONYMS and ABBREVIATIONS

CA	Competent Authority
cEO	Contractors Environmental Officer
dEO	Developer Environmental Officer
DPM	Developer Project Manager
DSS	Developer Site Supervisor
EAR	Environmental Audit Report
ECA	Environmental Conservation Act No. 73 of
	1989
ECO	Environmental Control Officer
EA	Environmental Authorisation
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
ERAP	Emergency Response Action Plan
EMPr	Environmental Management Programme
	Report
EAP	Environmental Assessment Practitioner
FPA	Fire Protection Agency
HCS	Hazardous chemical Substance
NEMA	National Environmental Management Act,
	1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998)
NEMBA	National Environmental Management:
	Biodiversity Act, 2004 (Act No. 10 of 2004)
NEMWA	National Environmental Management:
	Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008)
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet
RI&AP's	Registered Interested and affected parties

#### 3. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) IMPLEMENTATION

The effective implementation of this generic EMPr is dependent on established and clear roles, responsibilities and reporting lines within an institutional framework. This section of the EMPr gives guidance to the various environmental roles and reporting lines, however, project specific requirements will ultimately determine the need for the appointment of specific person(s) to undertake specific roles and or responsibilities. As such, it must be noted that in the event that no specific person, for example, an environmental control officer (ECO) is appointed, the holder of the EA remains responsible for ensuring that the duties indicated in this document for action by the ECO are undertaken.

**Table 1:** Guide to roles and responsibilities for implementation of an EMPr

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer's Project Manager (DPM)	Role The Project Developer is accountable for ensuring compliance with the EMPr and any conditions of approval from the competent authority (CA). Where required, an environmental control officer (ECO) must be contracted by the Project Developer to objectively monitor the implementation of the EMPr according to relevant environmental legislation, and the conditions of the environmental authorisation (EA). The Project Developer is further responsible for providing and giving mandate to enable the ECO to perform responsibilities, and he must ensure that the ECO is integrated as part of the project team while remaining independent.  Responsibilities  - Be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA; - Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Developer and its Contractor(s); - Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; - Monitor the implementation of the EMPr throughout the project by means of site inspections and meetings. Overall management of the project and EMPr implementation; and - Ensure that periodic environmental performance audits are undertaken on the project implementation.

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer Site Supervisor (DSS)	Role The DSS reports directly to the DPM, oversees site works, liaises with the contractor(s) and the ECO. The DSS is responsible for the day to day implementation of the EMPr and for ensuring the compliance of all contractors with the conditions and requirements stipulated in the EMPr.
	Responsibilities  - Ensure that all contractors identify a contractor's Environmental Officer (cEO);  - Must be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA. Oversees site works, liaison with Contractor, DPM and ECO;
	<ul> <li>Must ensure that all landowners have the relevant contact details of the site staff, ECO and cEO;</li> <li>Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required;</li> <li>Will issue all non-compliances to contractors; and</li> <li>Ratify the Monthly Environmental Report.</li> </ul>
Environmental Control Officer (ECO)	Role The ECO should have appropriate training and experience in the implementation of environmental management specifications. The primary role of the ECO is to act as an independent quality controller and monitoring agent regarding all environmental concerns and associated environmental impacts. In this respect, the ECO is to conduct periodic site inspections, attend regular site meetings, pre-empt problems and suggest mitigation and be available to advise on incidental issues that arise. The ECO is also required to conduct compliance audits, verifying the monitoring reports submitted by the cEO. The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager regarding all environmental matters. The Contractor, cEO and dEO are answerable to the Environmental Control Officer for non-compliance with the Performance Specifications as set out in the EA and EMPr.
	The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager, who in turn reports back to the Contractor and potential and Registered Interested &Affected Parties' (RI&AP's), as required. Issues of non-compliance raised by the ECO must be taken up by the Project Manager, and resolved with the Contractor as per the conditions of his contract. Decisions regarding environmental procedures, specifications and requirements which have a cost implication (i.e. those that are deemed to be a variation, not allowed for in the

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	Performance Specification) must be endorsed by the Project Manager. The ECO must also, as specified by the EA, report to the relevant CA as and when required.
	Responsibilities  The responsibilities of the ECO will include the following:  Be aware of the findings and conclusions of all EA related to the development;  Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr;  Be conversant with relevant environmental legislation, policies and procedures, and ensure compliance with them;  Undertake regular and comprehensive site inspections / audits of the construction site according to the generic EMPr and applicable licenses in order to monitor compliance as required;  Educate the construction team about the management measures contained in the EMPr and environmental licenses;  Compilation and administration of an environmental monitoring plan to ensure that the environmental management measures are implemented and are effective;  Monitoring the performance of the Contractors and ensuring compliance with the EMPr and associated Method Statements;  In consultation with the Developer Site Supervisor order the removal of person(s) and/or equipment which are in contravention of the specifications of the EMPr and/or environmental licenses;  Liaison between the DPM, Contractors, authorities and other lead stakeholders on all environmental concerns;  Compile a regular environmental audit report highlighting any non-compliance issues as well as satisfactory or exceptional compliance with the EMPr;  Validating the regular site inspection reports, which are to be prepared by the contractor Environmental Officer (cEO);  Checking the cEO's record of environmental incidents (spills, impacts, legal transgressions etc.) as well as corrective and preventive actions taken;  Checking the cEO's public complaints register in which all complaints are recorded, as well as action taken;

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities	
	<ul> <li>Assisting in the resolution of conflicts;</li> <li>Facilitate training for all personnel on the site – this may range from carrying out the training, to reviewing the training programmes of the Contractor;</li> <li>In case of non-compliances, the ECO must first communicate this to the Senior Site Supervisor, who has the power to ensure this matter is addressed. Should no action or insufficient action be taken, the ECO may report this matter to the authorities as non-compliance;</li> <li>Maintenance, update and review of the EMPr;</li> <li>Communication of all modifications to the EMPr to the relevant stakeholders.</li> </ul>	
developer Environmental Officer (dEO)	Role  The dEOs will report to the Project Manager and are responsible for implementation of the EMPr, environmental monitoring and reporting, providing environmental input to the Project Manager and Contractor's Manager, liaising with contractors and the landowners as well as a range of environmental coordination responsibilities.	
	<ul> <li>Responsibilities</li> <li>Be fully conversant with the EMPr;</li> <li>Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr, and implement these measures;</li> <li>Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Employees, Contractor(s);</li> <li>Confine the development site to the demarcated area;</li> <li>Conduct environmental internal audits with regards to EMPr and authorisation compliance (on cEO);</li> <li>Assist the contractors in addressing environmental challenges on site;</li> <li>Assist in incident management:</li> <li>Reporting environmental incidents to developer and ensuring that corrective action is taken, and lessons learnt shared;</li> <li>Assist the contractor in investigating environmental incidents and compile investigation reports;</li> <li>Follow-up on pre-warnings, defects, non-conformance reports;</li> </ul>	

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	<ul> <li>Measure and communicate environmental performance to the Contractor;</li> <li>Conduct environmental awareness training on site together with ECO and cEO;</li> <li>Ensure that the necessary legal permits and / or licenses are in place and up to date;</li> <li>Acting as Developer's Environmental Representative on site and work together with the ECO and contractor;</li> </ul>
Contractor	Role  The Contractor appoints the cEO and has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract are in line with the EMPr and that Method Statements are implemented as described. External contractors must ensure compliance with this EMPr while performing the onsite activities as per their contract with the Project Developer. The contractors are required, where specified, to provide Method Statements setting out in detail how the impact management actions contained in the EMPr will be implemented during the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity activities.
	<ul> <li>Responsibilities</li> <li>project delivery and quality control for the development services as per appointment;</li> <li>employ a suitably qualified person to monitor and report to the Project Developer's appointed person on the daily activities on-site during the construction period;</li> <li>ensure that safe, environmentally acceptable working methods and practices are implemented and that equipment is properly operated and maintained, to facilitate proper access and enable any operation to be carried out safely;</li> <li>attend on site meeting(s) prior to the commencement of activities to confirm the procedure and designated activity zones;</li> <li>ensure that contractors' staff repair, at their own cost, any environmental damage as a result of a contravention of the specifications contained in EMPr, to the satisfaction of the ECO.</li> </ul>

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
contractor Environmental Officer (cEO)	Role  Each Contractor affected by the EMPr should appoint a cEO, who is responsible for the on-site implementation of the EMPr (or relevant sections of the EMPr). The Contractor's representative can be the site agent; site engineer; a dedicated environmental officer; or an independent consultant. The Contractor must ensure that the Contractor's Representative is suitably qualified to perform the necessary tasks and is appointed at a level such that she/he can interact effectively with other site Contractors, labourers, the Environmental Control Officer and the public. As a minimum the cEO shall meet the following criteria:
	<ul> <li>Responsibilities</li> <li>Be on site throughout the duration of the project and be dedicated to the project;</li> <li>Ensure all their staff are aware of the environmental requirements, conditions and constraints with respect to all of their activities on site;</li> <li>Implementing the environmental conditions, guidelines and requirements as stipulated within the EA, EMPr and Method Statements;</li> <li>Attend the Environmental Site Meeting;</li> <li>Undertaking corrective actions where non-compliances are registered within the stipulated timeframes;</li> <li>Report back formally on the completion of corrective actions;</li> <li>Assist the ECO in maintaining all the site documentation;</li> <li>Prepare the site inspection reports and corrective action reports for submission to the ECO;</li> <li>Assist the ECO with the preparing of the monthly report; and</li> <li>Where more than one Contractor is undertaking work on site, each company appointed as a Contractor will appoint a cEO representing that company.</li> </ul>

#### 4. ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE

To ensure accountable and demonstrated implementation of the EMPr, a number of reporting systems, documentation controls and compliance mechanisms must be in place for all substation infrastructure projects as a minimum requirement.

#### 4.1 Document control/Filing system

The holder of the EA is solely responsible for the upkeep and management of the EMPr file. As a minimum, all documentation detailed below will be stored in the EMPr file. A hard copy of all documentation shall be filed, while an electronic copy may be kept where relevant. A duplicate file will be maintained in the office of the DSS (where applicable). This duplicate file must remain current and up-to-date. The filing system must be updated and relevant documents added as required. The EMPr file must be made available at all times on request by the CA or other relevant authorities. The EMPr file will form part of any environmental audits undertaken as prescribed in the EIA Regulations.

#### 4.2 Documentation to be available

At the outset of the project the following preliminary list of documents shall be placed in the filing system and be accessible at all times:

- Full copy of the signed EA from the CA in terms of NEMA, granting approval for the development or expansion;
- Copy of the generic and site specific EMPr as well as any amendments thereof;
- Copy of declaration of implementing generic EMPr and subsequent approval of site specific EMPr and amendments thereof;
- All method statements;
- Completed environmental checklists;
- Minutes and attendance register of environmental site meetings;
- An up-to-date environmental incident log;
- A copy of all instructions or directives issued;
- A copy of all corrective actions signed off. The corrective actions must be filed in such a way that a clear reference is made to the non-compliance record;
- Complaints register.

#### 4.3 Weekly Environmental Checklist

The ECOs are required to complete a Weekly Environmental Checklist, the format of which is to be agreed prior to commencement of the activity. The ECOs are required to sign and date the checklist, retain a copy in the EMPr file and submit a copy of the completed checklist to the DSS on a weekly basis.

The checklists will form the basis for the Monthly Environmental Reports. Copies of all completed checklists will be attached as Annexures to the Environmental Audit Report as required in terms of the EIA Regulations.

#### 4.4 Environmental site meetings

Minutes of the environmental site meetings shall be kept. The minutes must include an attendance register and will be attached to the Monthly Report that is distributed to attendees. Each set of minutes must clearly record "Matters for Attention" that will be reviewed at the next meeting.

#### 4.5 Required Method Statements

The method statement will be done in such detail that the ECOs are enabled to assess whether the contractor's proposal is in accordance with the EMPr.

The method statement must cover applicable details with regard to:

- development procedures;
- materials and equipment to be used;
- getting the equipment to and from site;
- how the equipment/ material will be moved while on site;
- how and where material will be stored;
- the containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- timing and location of activities;
- compliance/ non-compliance with the EMPr; and
- any other information deemed necessary by the ECOs.

Unless indicated otherwise by the Project Manager, the Contractor shall provide the following method statements to the Project Manager no less than 14 days prior to the commencement date of the activity:

- Site establishment Camps, Lay-down or storage areas, satellite camps, infrastructure;
- Batch plants;
- Workshop or plant servicing;
- Handling, transport and storage of Hazardous Chemical Substance's;
- Vegetation management Protected, clearing, aliens, felling;
- Access management Roads, gates, crossings etc.;
- Fire plan;
- Waste management transport, storage, segregation, classification, disposal (all waste streams);
- Social interaction complaints management, compensation claims, access to properties etc.;
- Water use (source, abstraction and disposal), access and all related information, crossings and mitigation;
- Emergency preparedness Spills, training, other environmental emergencies;
- Dust and noise management methodologies;
- Fauna interaction and risk management only if the risk was identified wildlife interaction especially on game farms; and
- Heritage and palaeontology management.

The ECOs shall monitor and ensure that the contractors perform in accordance with these method statements. Completed and agreed method statements between the holder of the EA and the contractor shall be captured in Appendix 1.

#### 4.6 Environmental Incident Log (Diary)

The ECOs are required to maintain an up-to-date and current Environmental Incident Log (environmental diary). The Environmental Incident Log is a means to record all environmental incidents and/or all non-compliance notice would not be issued. An environmental incident is defined as:

- Any deviation from the listed impact management actions (listed in this EMPr) that
  may be addressed immediately by the ECOs. (For example a contractor's staff
  member littering or a drip tray that has not been emptied);
- Any environmental impact resulting from an action or activity by a contractor in contravention of the environmental stipulations and guidelines listed in the EMPr which as a single event would have a minor impact but which if cumulative and continuous would have a significant effect (for example no toilet paper available in the ablutions for an afternoon); and
- General environmental information such as road kills or injured wildlife.

The ECOs are to record all environmental incidents in the Environmental Incident Log. All incidents regardless of severity must be reported to the Developer. The Log is to be kept in the EMPr file and at a minimum the following will be recorded for each environmental incident:

- The date and time of the incident;
- Description of the incident;
- The name of the Contractor responsible;
- The incident must be listed as significant or minor;
- If the incident is listed as significant, a non-compliance notice must be issued, and recorded in the log;
- Remedial or corrective action taken to mitigate the incident; and
- Record of repeat minor offences by the same contractor or staff member.

The Environmental Incident Log will be captured in the EAR.

#### 4.7 Non-compliance

A non-compliance notice will be issued to the responsible contractor by the ECOs via the DSS or Project Manager. The non-compliance notice will be issued in writing; a copy filed in the EMPr file and will at a minimum include the following:

- Time and date of the non-compliance;
- Name of the contractor responsible;
- Nature and description of the non-compliance;
- Recommended / required corrective action; and
- Date by which the corrective action to be completed.
- The contractors shall act immediately when a notice of non-compliance is received and correct whatever is the cause for the issuing of the notice. Complaints received regarding activities on the development site pertaining to the environment shall be

recorded in a dedicated register and the response noted with the date and action taken. The ECO should be made aware of any complaints. Any non-compliance with the agreed procedures of the EMPr is a transgression of the various statutes and laws that define the manner by which the environment is managed. Failure to redress the cause shall be reported to the relevant CA for them to deal with the transgression, as it deems fit. The contractor is deemed not to have complied with the EMPr if, inter alia, There is a deviation from the environmental conditions, impact management outcomes and impact management actions activities, as approved in generic and site specific EMPr as relevant as set out in the EMPr, which deviation has, or may cause, an environmental impact.

#### 4.8 Corrective action records

For each non-compliance notice issued, a documented corrective action must be recorded. On receiving a non-compliance notice from the DSS, the contractor's cEO will ensure that the corrective actions required take place within the stipulated timeframe. On completion of the corrective action the cEO is to issue a Corrective Action Report in writing to the ECOs. If satisfied that the corrective action has been completed, the ECOs are to sign-off on the Corrective Action Report, and attach the report to the non-compliance notice in the EMPr file. A corrective action is considered complete once the report has signed off by the ECOs.

#### 4.9 Photographic record

A digital photographic record will be kept. The photographic record will be used to show before, during and post rehabilitation evidence of the project as well used in cases of damages claims if they arise. Each image must be dated and a brief description note attached.

#### The Contractor shall:

1. Allow the ECOs access to take photographs of all areas, activities and actions.

The ECOs shall keep an electronic database of photographic records which will include:

- 1. Pictures of all areas designated as work areas, camp areas, development sites and storage areas taken before these areas are set up;
- 2. All bunding and fencing;
- 3. Road conditions and road verges;
- 4. Condition of all farm fences;
- 5. Topsoil storage areas;
- 6. All areas to be cordoned off during construction;
- 7. Waste management sites;
- 8. Ablution facilities (inside and out);
- 9. Any non-conformances deemed to be "significant";
- 10. All completed corrective actions for non-compliances;
- 11. All required signage;
- 12. Photographic recordings of incidents;
- 13. All areas before, during and post rehabilitation; and
- 14. Include relevant photographs in the Final Environmental Audit Report.

#### 4.10 Complaints register

The ECOs shall keep a current and up-to-date complaints register. The complaints register is to be a record of all complaints received from communities, stakeholders and individuals. The Complaints Record shall:

- 1. Record the name and contact details of the complainant;
- 2. Record the time and date of the complaint;
- 3. Contain a detailed description of the complaint;
- 4. Where relevant and appropriate, contain photographic evidence of the complaint or damage (ECOs to take relevant photographs); and
- 5. Contain a copy of the ECOs written response to each complaint received and keep a record of any further correspondence with the complainant. The ECO's written response will include a description of any corrective action to be taken and must be signed by the Contractor, ECO and affected party. Where a damage claim is issued by the complainant, the ECOs shall respond as described in (section 4.11) below.

#### 4.11 Claims for damages

In the event that a Claim for Damages is submitted by a community, landowner or individual, the ECOs shall:

- 1. Record the full detail of the complaint as described in (section 4.10) above;
- 2. The DPM will evaluate the claim and associated damage and submit the evaluation to the Senior Site Representative for approval;
- 3. Following consideration by the DPM, the claim is to be resolved and settled immediately, or the reason for not accepting the claim communicated in writing to the claimant. Should the claimant not accept this, the ECO shall, in writing report the incident to the Developer's negotiator and legal department; and
- 4. A formal record of the response by the ECOs to the claimant as well as the rectification of the method of making payments not amount will be recorded in the EMPr file.

#### 4.12 Interactions with affected parties

Open, transparent and good relations with affected landowners, communities and regional staff are an essential aspect to the successful management and mitigation of environmental impacts.

#### The ECOs shall:

- 1. Ensure that all queries, complaints and claims are dealt within an agreed timeframe;
- 2. Ensure that any or all agreements are documented, signed by all parties and a record of the agreement kept in the EMPr file;
- 3. Ensure that a complaints telephone numbers are made available to all landowners and affected parties; and
- 4. Ensure that contact with affected parties is courteous at all times;

#### 4.13 Environmental audits

Internal environmental audits of the activity and implementation of the EMPr must be undertaken. The findings and outcomes included in the EMPr file and submitted to the CA at intervals as indicated in the EA.

The ECOs must prepare a monthly EAR. The report will be tabled as the key point on the agenda of the Environmental Site Meeting. The Report is submitted for acceptance at the meeting and the final report will be circulated to the Project Manager and filed in the EMPr file. At a frequency determined by the EA, the ECOs shall submit the monthly reports to the CA. At a minimum the monthly report is to cover the following:

- Weekly Environmental Checklists;
- Deviations and non-compliances with the checklists;
- Non-compliances issued;
- Completed and reported corrective actions;
- Environmental Monitoring;
- General environmental findings and actions; and
- Minutes of the Bi-monthly Environmental Site Meetings.

#### 4.14 Final environmental audits

On final completion of the rehabilitation and/or requirements of the EA a final EAR is to be prepared and submitted to the CA. The EAR must comply with Appendix 7 of the EIA Regulations.

#### PART B: SECTION 1: Pre-approved generic EMPr template

#### 5. IMPACT MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES AND IMPACT MANAGEMENT ACTIONS

This section provides a pre-approved generic EMPr template with aspects that are common to the development of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity. There is a list of aspects identified for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, and for each aspect a set of prescribed impact management outcomes and associated impact management actions have been identified. Holders of EAs are responsible to ensure the implementation of these outcomes and actions for all projects as a minimum requirement, in order to mitigate the impact of such aspects identified for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity.

The template provided below is to be completed by providing the information under each heading for each environmental impact management action.

The completed template must be signed and dated on each page by both the contractor and the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as Appendix 1. Each method statement must also be duly signed and dated on each page by the contactor and the holder of the EA. This template, once signed and dated, is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

#### 5.1 Environmental awareness training

Impact management outcome: All onsite staff are aware and understands the individual responsibilities in terms of this EMPr.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring		
All staff must receive environmental awareness	Responsible person ECO / cEO /	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation  Pre-construction	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance Attendance
training prior to commencement of the activities;	dEO	environmental awareness training workshops	Construction and Operations	dEO	and as and when required	register and training minutes / notes for the record
The Contractor must allow for sufficient sessions to train all personnel with no more than 20 personnel attending each course;	Contractor	Scheduling of sufficient sessions through consultation with the ECO / cEO / dEO	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Monthly and as and when required	Attendance register and training minutes / notes for the record
Refresher environmental awareness training is available as and when required;	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Hold refresher environmental awareness training workshops	During the construction phase	ECO dEO	Monthly and as and when required	Attendance register and training minutes / notes for the record
<ul> <li>All staff are aware of the conditions and controls linked to the EA and within the EMPr and made aware of their individual roles and responsibilities in achieving compliance with the EA and EMPr;</li> </ul>	cEO / dEO	Hold training workshops and ensure that the EA and EMPr is readily available	During the construction phase	ECO dEO	Monthly and as and when required	Attendance register and training minutes / notes for the record

<ul> <li>The Contractor must erect and maintain information posters at key locations on site, and the posters must include the following information as a minimum:</li> <li>a) Safety notifications; and</li> <li>b) No littering.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Develop and place appropriate posters at key locations	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO cEO	Monthly	Photographic record
- Environmental awareness training must include as a minimum the following:  a) Description of significant environmental impacts, actual or potential, related to their work activities; b) Mitigation measures to be implemented when carrying out specific activities; c) Emergency preparedness and response procedures; d) Emergency procedures; e) Procedures to be followed when working near or within sensitive areas; f) Wastewater management procedures; g) Water usage and conservation; h) Solid waste management procedures; i) Sanitation procedures; j) Fire prevention; and k) Disease prevention.	consultation with the ECO	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the minimum requirements	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Prior to the commence ment of the environmen tal awareness training	Environment al awareness training material requirements checklist
<ul> <li>A record of all environmental awareness training courses undertaken as part of the EMPr must be available;</li> </ul>	ECO / cEO / dEO	Filing system including all proof of training (i.e. attendance	During the construction phase	ECO dEO	Monthly	Completed and up to date filing system with

- Educate workers on the dangers of open and/or unattended fires;	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	register and training minutes / notes for the record)  Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the dangers of open and/or	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Prior to the commence ment of the environmen tal awareness training	proof of training  Environment al awareness training material requirements checklist
A staff attendance register of all staff to have received environmental awareness training must be available.	ECO / cEO / dEO	unattended fire  Filing system including all proof of training (i.e. attendance register)	During the construction phase	ECO dEO	Monthly	Completed and up to date filing system inclusive of all attendance registers
Course material must be available and presented in appropriate languages that all staff can understand.		Develop environmental awareness training material in the required languages. Training material must by readily available to all staff	During the construction phase	ECO dEO	Monthly	Environment al awareness training material requirements checklist and the training register which must indicate the language of the training

#### 5.2 Site Establishment development

**Impact management outcome:** Impacts on the environment are minimised during site establishment and the development footprint are kept to demarcated development area.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
A method statement must be provided by the contractor prior to any onsite activity that includes the layout of the construction camp in the form of a plan showing the location of key infrastructure and services (where applicable), including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous materials storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;	Contractor	Development of an appropriate method statement	Pre-construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to constructio n	Availability of the method statement which complies with the minimum requirements listed
<ul> <li>Location of camps must be within approved area to ensure that the site does not impact on sensitive areas identified in the environmental assessment or site walk through;</li> </ul>	DPM	Place construction camps outside of sensitive areas identified in the Basic Assessment Report	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to constructio n	Availability of a layout and sensitivity map indicating avoidance of

						sensitive areas
Sites must be located where possible on previously disturbed areas;	DPM	Place site outside of sensitive areas and within previously disturbed areas identified in the BA Report	Pre-construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to constructio n	Availability of a layout and sensitivity map indicating avoidance of sensitive areas and placement within disturbed areas
The camp must be fenced in accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing and gate installation; and	DPM	Design and implementation of fencing as per the requirements of Section 5.5 of this EMPr	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to constructio n and once during the constructio n of the fencing	The camp is fenced in accordance with Section 5.5 of this EMPr
The use of existing accommodation for contractor staff, where possible, is encouraged.	Not applicable – the development of new accommoda tion is not proposed. Staff will be accommoda ted in					

neighbouring		
Towns.		

#### 5.3 Access restricted areas

**Impact management outcome:** Access to restricted areas prevented.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person	rioquoricy	compliance
<ul> <li>Identification of access restricted areas is to be informed by the environmental assessment, site</li> </ul>	dEO / cEO in consultation	Spatially demarcate access	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior	Access restricted
walk through and any additional areas identified	with the ECO	restricted areas			constructio	areas are
during development;		informed by the BA Report			n	identified and provided
						in a spatial format
Erect, demarcate and maintain a temporary barrier with clear signage around the perimeter of any access restricted area, colour coding could be used if appropriate; and	dEO / cEO in consultation with the ECO	Erect appropriate temporary barriers around access restricted areas	At the commencement and for the duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Access restricted areas are closed-off through temporary barriers and barriers are maintained to a sufficient standard

- Unauthorised access and development related	Contractor /	Erect appropriate	During	the	ECO	Monthly,	Photographic
activity inside access restricted areas is prohibited.	dEO / cEO	temporary barriers	construction			and as and	evidence
,		around access	phase			when	and notes of
		restricted areas				required	compliance
		and provide clear					that no
		signage of					unauthorised
		restricted status					access or
							activities has
							taken place
							within the
							access
							restricted
							areas

#### 5.4 Access roads

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment through the planned and restricted movement of vehicles on site.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- An access agreement must be formalised and	DPM	Develop access	Pre-construction	dEO	Once, prior	Availability of
signed by the DPM, Contractor and landowner	Contractor	agreements with		ECO	to	approved
before commencing with the activities;		the affected			constructio	and signed
<b>3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3</b>		landowners.			n	negotiations
		Ensure that				
		agreements are				
		approved and				
		signed				

All and calle as a set for a second to the second to the	Contractor	Undertake	Durina th	a FO / FCO	Weekly	Dhotographic
- All private roads used for access to the servitude	Contractor			e cEO / ECO	weekiy	Photographic
must be maintained and upon completion of the		maintenance	construction			record of the
works, be left in at least the original condition		activities on	phase			pre-
		private roads used				construction
		for construction as				condition
		degradation takes				and
		place				degradation
						of roads, and
						records of the
						implementati
						on and
						effectiveness
						of
						maintenance
						activities
- All contractors must be made aware of all these	dEO / cEO	Develop a map	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior	Access routes
access routes.		illustrating all	Construction		to	map readily
		access routes			constructio	available
		associated with			n	
		the project and				
		present and				
		provide the map				
		to all contractors				
Any go con route deviation from that is the complete.	Contractor	All access routes	Construction an	d cEO ECO	Bi-weekly	Photographic
- Any access route deviation from that in the written	Confideror	developed that	Rehabilitation	J CEO ECO	,	record of the
agreement must be closed and re-vegetated		·	Renabilitation		(every two	
immediately, at the contractor's expense;		are not in-line with			weeks)	closure of
		the access route				access roads
		agreements must				and re-
		be closed and re-				vegetation
		habilitated to the				
		pre-disturbance				
		state				

<ul> <li>Maximum use of both existing servitudes and existing roads must be made to minimize further disturbance through the development of new roads;</li> </ul>	Contractor (and Eskom maintenance staff where relevant to operation)	Existing access routes to be used must be specified and the development of new roads must be avoided as far as possible	Construction and operation	cEO Operation and maintenance team	Weekly	Implementati on of the approved layout
<ul> <li>In circumstances where private roads must be used, the condition of the said roads must be recorded in accordance with section 4.9: photographic record; prior to use and the condition thereof agreed by the landowner, the DPM, and the contractor;</li> </ul>	dEO / cEO	Record the conditions of private roads to be used (prior to use) as per the requirements of section 4.9 and agree on the required condition of the roads with the landowner, DPM and contractor	During the construction phase	ECO	Prior to the use of private roads	Photographic record and proof of the road conditions agreed upon with the relevant parties
<ul> <li>Access roads in flattish areas must follow fence lines and tree belts to avoid fragmentation of vegetated areas or croplands</li> </ul>	DPM and Contractor	Design access roads to follow fence lines and avoid vegetated areas	Pre-construction	ECO	Once during the design and once prior to constructio n	Implementati on of the approved layout
<ul> <li>Access roads must only be developed on pre- planned and approved roads.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Construction of access roads only on pre-planned and approved access roads	During the construction phase	ECO once during the design dEO	Once during the design and weekly during the constructio	Implementati on of the approved layout

		n of access	
		roads	

#### 5.5 Fencing and Gate installation

**Impact management outcome:** Minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and gates where required.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Use existing gates provided to gain access to all parts of the area authorised for development, where possible;	Contractor	Identify and inform all relevant staff of the existing gates to be used	Pre-construction & Construction	dEO	Monthly	Existing gates are utilised on a frequent basis and only limited new access gates are developed
<ul> <li>Existing and new gates to be recorded and documented in accordance with section 4.9: photographic record;</li> </ul>	ECO	Existing and new gates will be recorded and documented as per the requirements of section 4.9	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, when the constructio n of all new gates have been completed	Photographic record of the existing and new gates as per the requirements of section 4.9
<ul> <li>All gates must be fitted with locks and be kept locked at all times during the development phase, unless otherwise agreed with the landowner;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure all relevant gates are fitted with locks and are always locked	Construction and Operation	ECO monthly, Operation and	Bi-weekly (every second week)	All gates are locked and no complaints from

- At points where the line crosses a fence in which there is no suitable gate within the extent of the line servitude, on the instruction of the DPM, a gate must be installed at the approval of the landowner;	dEO	Install new gates where required with the approval of the affected landowner	During construction phase	the	maintenance team and cEO ECO	Once, prior to constructio n and during the	landowners are received in this regard  New gates are installed where the power line crosses
						constructio n phase, as and when required	fences
<ul> <li>Care must be taken that the gates must be so erected that there is a gap of no more than 100 mm between the bottom of the gate and the ground;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Install gates in a manner so that there is a gap of no more than 100mm between the bottom of the gate and the ground	During construction phase	the	CEO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the constructio n phase	New gates installed as per the requirement
<ul> <li>Where gates are installed in jackal proof fencing, a suitable reinforced concrete sill must be provided beneath the gate;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Implement a reinforced concrete sill beneath gates installed for jackal proofing	During construction phase	the	CEO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the constructio n phase	New gates installed as per the requirement
<ul> <li>Original tension must be maintained in the fence wires;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Maintain original tension of fences through required activities	During construction phase	the	ECO	Monthly	No tension reduction on fence wires
<ul> <li>All gates installed in electrified fencing must be re- electrified;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Electrify gates installed in electrified fencing	During construction phase	the	ECO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the	Gates installed in electrified fencing is electrified

All demarcation fencing and barriers must be maintained in good working order for the duration of the development activities;	Contractor	Undertake maintenance activities on fences and barriers	During construction phase	the	ECO	constructio n phase Monthly	Photographic record of maintained fences and barriers
<ul> <li>Fencing must be erected around the camp, batching plants, hazardous storage areas, and all designated access restricted areas, where applicable;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Fence construction camps, batching plants, hazardous storage areas and access restricted areas. Avoid sensitive flora	During construction phase	the	ECO	Once during the erection of fencing	Photographic record of fences erected
<ul> <li>Any temporary fencing to restrict the movement of life-stock must only be erected with the permission of the land owner.</li> </ul>	dEO/ cEO Contractor	Obtain written approval from the relevant landowner where temporary fencing is required to restrict livestock movement	During construction phase	the	ECO	To be monitored as temporary fencing is required	Written approval to be provided by the dEO
All fencing must be developed of high quality material bearing the SABS mark;	Contractor	Make use of high quality materials approved by SABS	During construction phase	the	CEO	To be monitored as fencing is erected during the constructio n phase	Use of high quality materials for fencing approved by SABS
The use of razor wire as fencing must be avoided;	Contractor	Razor wire must not be sourced or used for the erection of fencing	During construction phase	the	ECO	To be monitored as fencing is erected during the	Fences erected do not make use of razor wire

					constructio n phase	
<ul> <li>Fenced areas with gate access must remain locked after hours, during weekends and on holidays if staff is away from site. Site security will be required at all times;</li> </ul>	DSS and Contractor	Ensure fenced areas are locked as required through the implementation of a formalised process. Appoint a security company	During the construction phase	cEO	Weekly and as and when required	Fences are locked and no complaints from landowners are received. A security company is appointed
On completion of the development phase all temporary fences are to be removed;	Contractor	Removal of all temporary fences	At the end of the Construction Phase	ECO dEO	Once, following the completion of the constructio n phase	No temporary fences associated with the project is present following the completion of the construction phase
The contractor must ensure that all fence uprights are appropriately removed, ensuring that no uprights are cut at ground level but rather removed completely.	Contractor	Appropriate removal of all fence uprights	At the end of the Construction Phase	ECO dEO	Once, following the completion of the constructio n phase	No fence uprights associated with the project is present following the completion of the construction phase

# 5.6 Water Supply Management

Impact management outcome: Undertake responsible water usage.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring		
All abstraction points or bore holes must be registered with the DWS and suitable water meters installed to ensure that the abstracted volumes are measured on a daily basis;	Responsible person Not applicable	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>The Contractor must ensure the following:</li> <li>a. The vehicle abstracting water from a river does not enter or cross it and does not operate from within the river;</li> <li>b. No damage occurs to the river bed or banks and that the abstraction of water does not entail stream diversion activities; and</li> <li>c. All reasonable measures to limit pollution or sedimentation of the downstream watercourse are implemented.</li> </ul>	Not applicable					
<ul> <li>Ensure water conservation is being practiced by:</li> <li>a. Minimising water use during cleaning of equipment;</li> <li>b. Undertaking regular audits of water systems;</li> <li>and</li> </ul>	Contractor / dEO / cEO in consultation with the ECO	Implement the required water conservation measures throughout on-site construction processes	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Successful implementati on of water conservation

<ul> <li>c. Including a discussion on water usage and conservation during environmental awareness training.</li> <li>d. The use of grey water is encouraged.</li> </ul>			

#### 5.7 Storm and waste water management

Impact management outcome: Impacts to the environment caused by storm water and wastewater discharges during construction are avoided.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring	Monitoring			
- Runoff from the cement/ concrete batching areas must be strictly controlled, and contaminated water must be collected, stored and either treated or disposed of off-site, at a location approved by the project manager;	Responsible person Contractor	Method of implementation Implement measures for the control and management of runoff	Timeframe for implementation  During the construction phase	Responsible person cEO	Frequency Weekly	Evidence of compliance  No mismanage ment of runoff or contaminate d water due to the temporary concrete batching plant		
<ul> <li>All spillage of oil onto concrete surfaces must be controlled by the use of an approved absorbent material and the used absorbent material disposed of at an appropriate waste disposal facility;</li> </ul>	Contractor and cEO	Obtain approved absorbent material and make use of licensed waste	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Availability of approved absorbent material at the		

- Natural storm water runoff not contaminated during the development and clean water can be discharged directly to watercourses and water bodies, subject to the Project Manager's approval and support by the ECO;	DPM in consultation with the ECO	disposal facilities for disposal of oil  Consultation between the DPM and the ECO to determine if water can be discharged directly into water bodies (where present). The necessary water quality testing must	During construction phase	the	ECO	As and when the need arises to discharge natural stormwater runoff and clean water	consultation between the DPM and ECO and the outcomes thereof to be provided.
		be undertaken prior to discharge					the results thereof.
Water that has been contaminated with suspended solids, such as soils and silt, may be released into watercourses or water bodies only once all suspended solids have been removed from the water by settling out these solids in settlement ponds. The release of settled water back into the environment must be subject to the Project Manager's approval and support by the ECO.	DPM in consultation with the ECO	Consultation between the DPM and the ECO to determine if water can released following settling.	During construction phase	the	ECO	As and when the need arises to discharge settled water	Proof of consultation

#### 5.8 Solid and hazardous waste management

Impact management outcome: Wastes are appropriately stored, handled and safely disposed of at a recognised waste facility.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
All measures regarding waste management must be undertaken using an integrated waste management approach;	Contractor	Develop and implement a waste management plan	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Implementati on of the waste management plan and proof of waste management through proof of responsible disposal
<ul> <li>Sufficient, covered waste collection bins (scavenger and weatherproof) must be provided;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Provision of appropriate waste collection bins strategically placed throughout the site	During the construction phase	CEO	Weekly	Appropriate waste collection bins are available throughout the site
A suitably positioned and clearly demarcated waste collection site must be identified and provided;	DPM and Contractor	Identify an appropriate location for the waste collection site which must be clearly demarcated through signage and temporary fencing	Design and Construction Phase	ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of constructio n	A waste collection site is appropriately placed and demarcated

The waste collection site must be maintained in a clean and orderly manner;	Contractor	Regular collection of waste and maintenance of the area must be undertaken as per the waste requirements for the project during construction	During the Construction Phase	cEO	Weekly	The waste collection site is maintained and clean
Waste must be segregated into separate bins and clearly marked for each waste type for recycling and safe disposal;	Contractor	Provide separate and marked bins for the different waste types associated with the construction phase	During the Construction Phase	cEO	Weekly	Separate waste bins are available on site and waste generated is separated into the relevant bins
Staff must be trained in waste segregation;	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Include waste segregation as part of the environmental awareness training material.	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Environmenta I awareness training material requirements checklist
Bins must be emptied regularly;	Contractor	Bins must be emptied before reaching total capacity and on a regular basis as required for the project	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No mismanagem ent of bins.
<ul> <li>General waste produced onsite must be disposed of at registered waste disposal sites/ recycling company;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Disposal of general waste at licensed waste disposal	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at

		facilities must be undertaken as per the waste management plan				licensed facilities to be provided
Hazardous waste must be disposed of at a registered waste disposal site;	Contractor	Disposal of hazardous waste at licensed waste disposal facilities must be undertaken as per the waste management plan	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided
Certificates of safe disposal for general, hazardous and recycled waste must be maintained.	Contractor	Obtain certificates for safe disposal of waste	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided and filed as part of the filing system

#### 5.9 Protection of watercourses and estuaries

Impact management outcome: Pollution and contamination of the watercourse environment and or estuary erosion are prevented.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation A					Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method	of	Timeframe	for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implement	ation	implementa <sup>a</sup>	tion	person		compliance

<ul> <li>All watercourses must be protected from direct or indirect spills of pollutants such as solid waste, sewage, cement, oils, fuels, chemicals, aggregate tailings, wash and contaminated water or organic material resulting from the Contractor's activities;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Contractor to undertake activities which can cause spills of pollutants outside of watercourses	During th construction phase		Weekly	No incidents reported of spillage of pollutants into watercourses
In the event of a spill, prompt action must be taken to clear the polluted or affected areas;	Contractor and cEO	Develop a management plan or process for implementation should a spill take place	During th construction phase	e cEO	Weekly	Feedback must be provided by the contractor in terms of how the spill was handled and photographi c evidence of the feedback must be provided and kept on record
Where possible, no development equipment must traverse any seasonal or permanent wetland	cEO and Contractor	Ensure layout has been informed by the environmental sensitivities as determined by the basic assessment and specialist studies	Construction Phase	ECO	Once off review that the layout used is the approved one	Confirm no development equipment traverses any seasonal or permanent wetland as per the authorised layout by reviewing the as-built designs

						(once-off confirmation)
<ul> <li>No return flow into the estuaries must be allowed and no disturbance of the Estuarine functional Zone should occur;</li> </ul>	N/A – no estuaries applicable					
Development of permanent watercourse or estuary crossing must only be undertaken where no alternative access to tower position is available;	cEO, Contractor	Ensure that permeant crossings (access roads) are provided for access to the grid connection corridor if no alternative crossing is available.	During the construction phase	CEO	Weekly	Ensure that permeant crossings are developed if there is no alternative.
There must not be any impact on the long term morphological dynamics of watercourses or estuaries;	DPM, cEO	Develop a management plan or process for implementation should a spill take place within a watercourse and ensure continually monitoring	During the construction and operation phase	ECO, dEO	For all phases of the project life cycle (i.e. constructio n, operation, decommissi oning)	No incidents reported of spillage of pollutants into watercourses
<ul> <li>Existing crossing points must be favored over the creation of new crossings (including temporary access)</li> </ul>	DPM, cEO	Develop a management plan or process for implementation should a spill take place within a watercourse and	During the pre- construction and construction phase	ECO, dEO	During the construction phase of the project.	Existing crossing points utilised as opposed to new ones created and no incidents

- When working in or near any watercourse or estuary, the following environmental controls and consideration must be taken:  a) Water levels during the period of construction; No altering of the bed, banks, course or characteristics of a watercourse b) During the execution of the works, appropriate measures to prevent pollution and contamination of the riparian environment must be implemented e.g. including ensuring that construction equipment is well maintained; c) Where earthwork is being undertaken in close proximity to any watercourse, slopes must be stabilised using suitable materials, i.e. sandbags or geotextile fabric, to prevent sand and rock from entering the channel; and d) Appropriate rehabilitation and re-vegetation			ensure continually					reported of
- When working in or near any watercourse or estuary, the following environmental controls and consideration must be taken:  a) Water levels during the period of construction; No altering of the bed, banks, course or characteristics of a watercourse  b) During the execution of the works, appropriate measures to prevent pollution and construction equipment is well maintained;  c) Where earthwork is being undertaken in close proximity to any watercourse, slopes must be stabilised using suitable materials, i.e. sandbags or geotextile fabric, to prevent sand and rock from entering the channel; and d) Appropriate rehabilitation and re-vegetation			monitoring					spillage of
When working in or near any watercourse or estuary, the following environmental controls and consideration must be taken:  a) Water levels during the period of construction; No altering of the bed, banks, course or characteristics of a watercourse b) During the execution of the works, appropriate measures to prevent pollution and contamination of the riparian environment must be implemented e.g. including ensuring that construction equipment is well maintained;  c) Where earthwork is being undertaken in close proximity to any watercourse, slopes must be stabilised using suitable materials, i.e. sandbags or geotextile fabric, to prevent sand and rock from entering the channel; and d) Appropriate rehabilitation and re-vegetation								pollutants
- When working in or near any watercourse or estuary, the following environmental controls and consideration must be taken:  a) Water levels during the period of construction; No altering of the bed, banks, course or characteristics of a watercourse b) During the execution of the riparian environment must be implemented e.g. including ensuring that construction equipment is well maintained; c) Where earthwork is being undertaken in close proximity to any watercourse, slopes must be stabilised using suitable materials, i.e. sandbags or geotextile fabric, to prevent sand and rock from entering the channel; and d) Appropriate rehabilitation and re-vegetation								into
estuary, the following environmental controls and consideration must be taken:  a) Water levels during the period of construction; No altering of the bed, banks, course or characteristics of a watercourse  b) During the execution of the works, appropriate measures to prevent pollution and contamination of the riparian environment must be implemented e.g. including ensuring that construction equipment is well maintained;  c) Where earthwork is being undertaken in close proximity to any watercourse, slopes must be stabilised using suitable materials, i.e. sandbags or geotextile fabric, to prevent sand and rock from entering the channel; and  d) Appropriate rehabilitation and re-vegetation								watercourses
implemented timeously. In this regard, the banks	estuary, the following environmental controls and consideration must be taken:  a) Water levels during the period of construction; No altering of the bed, banks, course or characteristics of a watercourse  b) During the execution of the works, appropriate measures to prevent pollution and contamination of the riparian environment must be implemented e.g. including ensuring that construction equipment is well maintained;  c) Where earthwork is being undertaken in close proximity to any watercourse, slopes must be stabilised using suitable materials, i.e. sandbags or geotextile fabric, to prevent sand and rock from entering the channel; and  d) Appropriate rehabilitation and re-vegetation measures for the watercourse banks must be	Contractor	undertaken near watercourses must be in-line with and consider the specified environmental	construction	the	ECO	and as and when	No degradation of the watercourses and no incidents of destruction

### 5.10 Vegetation clearing

Impact management outcome: Vegetation clearing is restricted to the authorised development footprint of the proposed infrastructure.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
General:	рогост	Implementation	Implementation	POISOIT		compilaries
<ul> <li>Indigenous vegetation which does not interfere with the development must be left undisturbed;</li> </ul>	cEO and contractor	Demarcate areas of indigenous vegetation to be avoided before clearance is undertaken	Construction and operation (i.e. for maintenance purposes)	ECO monthly, Operation and maintenance team weekly	Weekly, and as and when required	No unnecessary clearance of indigenous vegetation is undertaken
Protected or endangered species may occur on or near the development site. Special care should be taken not to damage such species;	Contractor	Demarcate areas containing protected or endangered species to be avoided by construction activities	During the Construction Phase	ECO monthly and Operation and maintenance team weekly	Weekly, and as and when required	No clearance of protected or endangered species other than those permitted to be removed
<ul> <li>Search, rescue and replanting of all protected and endangered species likely to be damaged during project development must be identified by the relevant specialist and completed prior to any development or clearing;</li> </ul>	Relevant specialist in consultation with the Contractor	Develop and implement a Plant Search and Rescue Plan	Pre-construction & Construction	CEO	Weekly, and as and when required	Implementati on of the Plant Search and Rescue Plan and photographi c evidence and notes of the implementati on of the plan
<ul> <li>Permits for removal must be obtained from the relevant CA prior to the cutting or clearing of the affected species, and they must be filed;</li> </ul>	DPM	Undertake the permitting process in order to obtain the relevant	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of the	CA permits on file

	Т	I	1	T		T 1
		permits for the			constructio	
		removal of			n phase	
		protected species.			and	
		Permits must be			removal of	
		kept on file			the	
					protected	
					species	
- The Environmental Audit Report must confirm that	ECO	Ensure that the	During the	ECO	Once off or	ECO
all identified species have been rescued and		audit report	Construction		as and	confirmed
replanted and that the location of replanting is		indicates all	Phase and		when	rescued and
		species rescued	following the		required	replanted
compliant with conditions of approvals;		and replanted and	completion of the			programme
		provides feedback	Construction			implemented
		in terms of	Phase			correctly.
		compliance with				,
		the conditions of				
		permits for				
		replanting				
- Trees felled due to construction must be	ECO	Ensure that the	During the	ECO	Once, prior	CA permits
documented and form part of the Environmental		audit report	Construction		to the	on file
·		documents the	Phase and		commence	
Audit Report;		details of trees	following the		ment of the	
		felled	completion of the		constructio	
			Construction		n phase	
			Phase		and	
					removal of	
					the	
					protected	
					species	
- Rivers and watercourses must be kept clear of	Contractor	Felled trees,	During the	ECO	Monthly	No felled
felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris;		vegetation	Construction			trees,
Telled frees, vegetation contings and debtis,		cuttings and debris	Phase			vegetation
		must be disposed				cuttings and
		of at a licensed				debris are
						dumped in
	l	1	1			aumpeu in

		waste disposal facility				inappropriate locations and disposal certificates are available as proof of responsible disposal
<ul> <li>Only a registered pest control operator may apply herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial application must be carried out under the supervision of a registered pest control operator, supervision of a registered pest control operator or is appropriately trained;</li> </ul>	DPM qnd Contractor	A suitably qualified pest control operator must be appointed	Construction and Operation	ECO	As and when the use of herbicides is required	Only registered pest control operators must be appointed and proof of their registration must be provided
A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage;	DPM qnd Contractor	A suitably qualified pest control operator must be appointed	Construction and Operation	ECO	As and when the use of herbicides is required	Only registered pest control operators must be appointed and proof of their registration must be provided
No herbicides must be used in estuaries	N/A – no estuaries applicable					

					1	1	1
All protected species and sensitive vegetation not	Contractor in	Spatially	During	the	ECO	Once,	Demarcation
removed must be clearly marked and such areas	consultation	demarcate	construction			during the	and fencing
fenced off in accordance to Section 5.3: Access	with the cEO	protected species	phase			undertaking	is undertaken
restricted areas.		and sensitive				of the	in-line with
		vegetation and				demarcatio	the
		implement				n of the	requirements
		appropriate				areas and	of section 5.3
		fencing where				the erection	
		required as per				of the	
		section 5.3				fencing	
- Alien invasive vegetation must be removed and	Contractor	Undertake	Construction c	and	ECO	Monthly,	Proof must be
disposed of at a licensed waste management		removal of alien	Operation		Operation	and as and	provided that
facility.		invasive			and	when	alien invasive
		vegetation in			maintenance	required	vegetation
		accordance with			team		has been
		the relevant					cleared in
		guideline relevant					accordance
		to the project area					to the
		and ensure the					relevant
		vegetation is					guideline and
		disposed of at a					that the
		licensed waste					vegetation
		disposal facility					was disposed
							of at a
							licensed
							waste
							disposal
							facility

#### 5.11 Protection of fauna

**Impact management outcome:** Disturbance to fauna is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
<ul> <li>No interference with livestock must occur without</li> </ul>	dEO / cEO	Develop a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior	Written
the landowner's written consent and with the	Contractor	procedure for	and during the		to the	consent
landowner or a person representing the landowner		dealing with	construction		commence	provided by
being present;		livestock within the	phase		ment of	the
		affected			construction	landowner
		properties			and as and	and proof of
					when	representatio
					required	n of the
					during the	landowner
					construction	during
					phase	interference
- The breeding sites of raptors and other wild birds	dEO / cEO in	Ensure that the	Pre-construction &	ECO	Once, prior	The planning
species must be taken into consideration during	consultation	planning and	Construction		to the	and
the planning of the development programme;	with the	development			commence	development
	Contractor	programme			ment of	programme
		considers breeding			construction	includes the
		sites for wild bird			and as and	consideration
		species			when	of breeding
					required	sites for wild
						bird species
<ul> <li>Breeding sites must be kept intact and disturbance</li> </ul>	dEO / cEO in	Avoid breeding	During the	ECO	Weekly, and	Photographic
to breeding birds must be avoided. Special care	consultation	sites and ensure	Construction	monthly,	as an when	record of
must be taken where nestlings or fledglings are	with the	that special care is	Phase	cEO and	required	intact
present;	Contractor	taken in the	Operation Phase	Operation	during the	breeding sites
prosorm,		presence of		and	construction	
		nestlings and		maintenanc	. Monthly,	
		fledglings		e team	and as and	
				weekly	when	
					required	

					during operation	
Special recommendations of the avian specialist must be adhered to at all times to prevent unnecessary disturbance of birds;	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	All mitigation measures recommended by the avifauna specialist must be implemented	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and maintenanc e team	Monthly during construction and monthly during operation	Photographic record of compliance and successful implementati on of the recommend ed measures
No poaching must be tolerated under any circumstances. All animal dens in close proximity to the works areas must be marked as Access restricted areas;	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	All site staff must be informed of this requirement during the Environmental Awareness Training and the consequences of not adhering to the requirement. These areas must be demarcated as Access Restricted Areas	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No instances of poaching is reported
<ul> <li>No deliberate or intentional killing of fauna is allowed;</li> </ul>	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	All site staff must be informed of this requirement during the Environmental Awareness Training and the consequences of not adhering to	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No instances of deliberate or intentional killing is reported

- In areas where snakes are abundant, snake deterrents to be deployed on the pylons to prevent snakes climbing up, being electrocuted and causing power outages; and	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	the requirement. These areas must be demarcated as Access Restricted Areas Implement and maintain snake deterrents on pylons in areas where snakes are abundant	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and maintenanc e team	Once, during the construction of the pylons and as and when required. Monthly	Photographic record of the implementati on and maintenance of snake deterrents
<ul> <li>No Threatened or Protected species (ToPs) and/or protected fauna as listed according NEMBA (Act No. 10 of 2004) and relevant provincial ordinances may be removed and/or relocated without appropriate authorisations/permits.</li> </ul>	DPM in consultation with the dEO	Undertake a permitting process to obtain the required permits	Pre-construction	ECO	during operation  Once, prior to the commence ment of construction and as and when required	Permits for removal and/relocati on must be kept on file and be readily available

# 5.12 Protection of heritage resources

**Impact management outcome:** Impact to heritage resources is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Monitoring

	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
- Identify, demarcate and prevent impact to all known sensitive heritage features on site in accordance with the No-Go procedure in Section 5.3: Access restricted areas;	DPM and a suitably qualified specialist dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor and ECO	Undertake a Heritage Walk- through Survey  Spatially identify and demarcate areas of heritage significance as per the Heritage Impact Assessment and the Heritage Walk-through Report and as per the requirements of section 5.3	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of construction	Proof of avoidance of sensitive heritage features through details of avoidance and photographi c records
<ul> <li>Carry out general monitoring of excavations for potential fossils, artefacts and material of heritage importance;</li> </ul>	dEO (in consultation with specialists if/as required).	Ensure construction staff are adequately informed (via environmental awareness training) to carry out monitoring of excavations for fossils, artefacts and important heritage material	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, or as required	Environment al awareness training includes measures relating to monitoring for chance finds
<ul> <li>All work must cease immediately, if any human remains and/or other archaeological, palaeontological and historical material are uncovered. Such material, if exposed, must be reported to the nearest museum, archaeologist/</li> </ul>	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor and ECO	Develop and implement procedures for situations where human remains,	During the Construction Phase	ECO	As and when required	Proof of work ceased and the required procedures followed in

palaeontologist (or the South African Police	archaeological,	cases where
Services), so that a systematic and professional	palaeontolgoical	material is
investigation can be undertaken. Sufficient time		discovered.
must be allowed to remove/collect such material	material are	
before development recommences.	uncovered	

# 5.13 Safety of the public

Impact management outcome: All precautions are taken to minimise the risk of injury, harm or complaints.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
			T			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
<ul> <li>Identify fire hazards, demarcate and restrict public</li> </ul>	cEO in	Develop an	Pre-construction	cEO	Once, prior	Compliance
access to these areas as well as notify the local	consultation	Emergency	Construction		to the	with the
authority of any potential threats e.g. large brush	with the	Preparedness,			commence	Emergency
stockpiles, fuels etc.;	Contractor	Response and Fire			ment of	Preparedness
3100Kpilo3, 100i3 010.,		Management Plan			constructio	, Response
		specific to the			n and	and Fire
		project			weekly	Managemen
					during the	t Plan
					constructio	
					n phase	
– All unattended open excavations must be	Contractor	Ensure that all	During the	cEO	Weekly	Excavations
adequately fenced or demarcated;		excavations	Construction			are fenced
		undertaken is	Phase			where
		fenced and				required and
		demarcated				photographi
		within a				c proof can
		reasonable				be provided

		timeframe and in instances where excavations will be open for long-					
Adequate protective measures must be implemented to prevent unauthorised access to and climbing of partly constructed towers and protective scaffolding;	Contractor	periods of time  All staff must be easily identifiable and the climbing of towers and scaffolding must only be undertaken by authorised personnel as managed by the Contractor	During construction phase	the	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No incidents of unauthorised climbing is reported
Ensure structures vulnerable to high winds are secured;	Contractor	Ensure that sufficient stabilisation measures are implemented to secure structures vulnerable to high winds	During construction phase	the	CEO	Weekly, and as and when required	No incidents of unstable structures due to high winds is reported
<ul> <li>Maintain an incidents and complaints register in which all incidents or complaints involving the public are logged.</li> </ul>	cEO	Compile and regularly update as incidents and complaints are submitted from the public and indicate the actions taken to resolve the complaint	During construction phase	the	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	The incidents and complaints register is complete and provides all the required details

#### 5.14 Sanitation

**Impact management outcome:** Clean and well maintained toilet facilities are available to all staff in an effort to minimise the risk of disease and impact to the environment.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	Implementation			Monitoring			
<ul> <li>Mobile chemical toilets are installed onsite if no other ablution facilities are available;</li> </ul>	Responsible person Contractor	Method of implementation  Mobile chemical toilets must be	Timeframe for implementation  During the Construction	Responsible person cEO	Frequency Weekly	Evidence of compliance Mobile toilets are installed		
		placed appropriately and in areas that avoid environmental sensitivities	Phase			and avoid environment al sensitivities		
The use of ablution facilities and or mobile toilets must be used at all times and no indiscriminate use of the veld for the purposes of ablutions must be permitted under any circumstances;	Contractor in consultation with the cEO	All site staff must be informed of this requirement during the Environmental Awareness Training and the consequences of not adhering to the requirement.	Pe-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No evidence of non-compliance identified		
<ul> <li>Where mobile chemical toilets are required, the following must be ensured:</li> <li>a) Toilets are located no closer than 100 m to any watercourse or water body;</li> </ul>	Contractor in consultation with the cEO	The installation of the toilets by the Contractor must be as per the listed requirements	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	No evidence of non- compliance identified		

b) Toilets are secured to the ground to prevent							
them from toppling due to wind or any other							
cause;							
c) No spillage occurs when the toilets are cleaned							
or emptied and the contents are managed in							
accordance with the EMPr;							
d) Toilets have an external closing mechanism and							
are closed and secured from the outside when not							
in use to prevent toilet paper from being blown out;							
e) Toilets are emptied before long weekends and							
workers holidays, and must be locked after working							
hours;							
f) Toilets are serviced regularly and the ECO must							
inspect toilets to ensure compliance to health							
standards;							
<ul> <li>A copy of the waste disposal certificates must be</li> </ul>	Contractor	Certificates	During	the	ECO	Monthly,	Certificates
maintained.		obtained from the	Construction			and as and	for waste
		licensed waste	Phase			when	disposal from
		disposal facility				required	the licensed
		with the emptying					waste 
		of the toilets must					disposal
		be kept on file					facility available on
							site
						1	3110

#### 5.15 Prevention of disease

**Impact Management outcome:** All necessary precautions linked to the spread of disease are taken.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Monitoring

	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
Undertake environmentally-friendly pest control in the camp area;	Contractor	Only environmentally- friendly pest control must be used, when	During the Construction Phase	ECO	As and when pest control is required for the project	Contractor to provide proof of pest control used being
		required				environment ally-friendly
<ul> <li>Ensure that the workforce is sensitised to the effects of sexually transmitted diseases, especially HIV AIDS;</li> </ul>	cEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	The effects of sexually transmitted diseases and HIV/ AIDS must be covered in the Environmental Awareness Training	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of constructio n and monthly during constructio n	Environment al awareness training material requirements checklist
<ul> <li>The Contractor must ensure that information posters on AIDS are displayed in the Contractor Camp area;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Develop and place information posters on HIV/AIDS	During the Construction Phase	cEO	Weekly	Photographic evidence of poster placement
<ul> <li>Information and education relating to sexually transmitted diseases to be made available to both construction workers and local community, where applicable;</li> </ul>	CEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Information and education of sexually transmitted diseases must be covered in the Environmental Awareness Training.	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly	Environment al awareness training material requirements checklist

Free condoms must be made available to all staff on site at central points;	Contractor	Placement of free condoms in mobile toilets and at the construction camps	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Monthly	Proof of placement of free condoms by the
							contractor to be provided
Medical support must be made available;	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Ensure that designated personnel with first aid training are available on site and that first aid kits to provide medical support is readily available	Construction Operations	and	ECO	Monthly	Check the availability of first aid trained personnel and medical kits (including if these are complete in terms of supplies)
<ul> <li>Provide access to Voluntary HIV Testing and Counselling Services.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Compile a HIV testing schedule and provide counselling services where required	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Quarterly, and as and when required	Voluntary testing schedules and proof of counselling (where undertaken)

# 5.16 Emergency procedures

**Impact management outcome:** Emergency procedures are in place to enable a rapid and effective response to all types of environmental emergencies.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>Compile an Emergency Response Action Plan (ERAP) prior to the commencement of the proposed project;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Develop an Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan specific to the project	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of construction	Emergency Preparedness , Response and Fire Managemen t Plan compiled
The Emergency Plan must deal with accidents, potential spillages and fires in line with relevant legislation;	Contractor	Develop an Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan specific to the project which covers accidents, potential spillages and fires	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of construction	Emergency Preparedness , Response and Fire Managemen t Plan includes required specifications
<ul> <li>All staff must be made aware of emergency procedures as part of environmental awareness training;</li> </ul>	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the relevant emergency procedures	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the commence ment of the environmen tal awareness training	Environment al awareness training material requirements checklist
The relevant local authority must be made aware of a fire as soon as it starts;	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Develop and include a procedure in the Emergency Preparedness,	Construction	ECO	As and when a fire occurs	The local authority was informed as per the relevant

		Response and Fire					procedure
		Management Plan					set out in the
		for the event of a					Emergency
		fire and the					Preparedness
		procedure to be					, Response
		followed for					and Fire
		informing the local					Managemen
		authority					t Plan
- In the event of emergency necessary mitigation	Contractor	Implement the	Construction and	ECO	As	and	The
measures to contain the spill or leak must be		required mitigation	Operations		when a	spill	mitigation
implemented (see Hazardous Substances section		measures in the			or	leak	measures
5.17).		event of a spill or			occurs		included
3.17).		leak as per the					under Section
		requirements of					5.17 have
		Section 5.17.					been
							adhered to

#### 5.17 Hazardous substances

Impact management outcome: Safe storage, handling, use and disposal of hazardous substances.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
The use and storage of hazardous substances to be minimised and non-hazardous and non-toxic alternatives substituted where possible;	cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Develop a strategy of how hazardous substances can be and should be minimised	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of constructio n and monthly	evidence of	

					during the construction phase	
All hazardous substances must be stored in suitable containers as defined in the Method Statement;	Contractor	Develop a Method Statement for the storage of hazardous substances in suitable containers	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of constructio n and monthly during the constructio n phase	Photographic proof that hazardous substances are stored in suitable containers as per the requirements of the relevant Method Statements
<ul> <li>Containers must be clearly marked to indicate contents, quantities and safety requirements;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Where hazardous waste is stored these must be clearly marked indicating the required details of the contents	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic proof that containers are marked as per the requirements
All storage areas must be bunded. The bunded area must be of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers;	Contractor	Ensure that storage areas are sufficiently bunded which are of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly during the Constructio n Phase	Photographic proof that storage areas are bunded and proof that the bund areas are of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from

						the stored containers
Bunded areas to be suitably lined with a SABS approved liner;	Contractor	Ensure that bunded storage areas are suitably lined	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, during the Constructio n Phase	Photographic proof that bunded storage areas are suitably lined
An Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance (HCS) control sheet must be drawn up and kept up to date on a continuous basis;	cEO / Contractor	Compile and update an Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance (HCS) control sheet specific to the project	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Complete and up to date control sheet provided by the Contractor
<ul> <li>All hazardous chemicals that will be used on site must have Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS);</li> </ul>	cEO / Contractor	Keep a record of all hazardous chemicals and the respective MSDS	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Record of hazardous chemicals and the respective MSDS
All employees working with HCS must be trained in the safe use of the substance and according to the safety data sheet;	cEO / Contractor	Provide training for personnel working with HCS	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of constructio n and as and when required	Record of training provided to personnel working with HCS

- Employees handling hazardous substances / materials must be aware of the potential impacts and follow appropriate safety measures. Appropriate personal protective equipment must be made available;	cEO / Contractor	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the relevant impacts and safety measures.  Provide appropriate training and personal protective equipment for the relevant personnel handling hazardous substances and	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Prior to the commence ment of the environmen tal awareness training and monthly during the construction phase for personal protective equipment	Environment al awareness training material requirements checklist and all relevant personnel have undergone appropriate training and have access to personal protective equipment
<ul> <li>The Contractor must ensure that diesel and other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid is stored in appropriate storage tanks or in bowsers;</li> <li>The tanks/ bowsers must be situated on a smooth impermeable surface (concrete) with a permanent bund. The impermeable lining must extend to the crest of the bund and the volume inside the bund must be 130% of the total capacity of all the storage tanks/ bowsers (110% statutory requirement plus an allowance for rainfall);</li> </ul>	Contractor	materials  Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed or obtained for the storing of diesel, other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid  Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed or obtained for tanks as per the requirements listed	During the Construction Phase  During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required  Monthly, and as and when required	Storage tanks for the project are appropriate and no incidents are reported in this regard  Storage areas for the tanks/ bowsers for the project are appropriate and no

							incidents are reported in this regard
The floor of the bund must be sloped, draining to an oil separator;	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed as per the requirements listed	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Once, during constructio n	Bunded storage areas are constructed according to the requirements
<ul> <li>Provision must be made for refueling at the storage area by protecting the soil with an impermeable groundcover. Where dispensing equipment is used, a drip tray must be used to ensure small spills are contained;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Appropriately constructed refuelling facility must be developed as per the requirements. Drip trays must be provided for use	During Construction Phase	the	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Soils at the refuelling facility are protected as required and drip trays are provided and used
All empty externally dirty drums must be stored on a drip tray or within a bunded area;	Contractor	Ensure that empty dirty drums are stored appropriately as per the requirements	During Construction Phase	the	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Drip trays or bunded areas are used for the storage of dirty drums
<ul> <li>No unauthorised access into the hazardous substances storage areas must be permitted;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure through the implementation of procedures that no unauthorised access is undertaken into the storage areas	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Monthly	Proof of the implementati on of the relevant procedure must be provided by the contractor

- No smoking must be allowed within the vicinity of	Contractor	Inform all	During	the	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
the hazardous storage areas;		employees of the	Construction		cEO	Weekly	record of the
		requirement and	Phase				signage
		develop and					placed must
		place relevant					be provided
		signage in the					
		relevant areas					
- Adequate fire-fighting equipment must be made	Contractor	Hazardous storage	During	the	ECO	Monthly	Adequate
available at all hazardous storage areas;		areas must be	Construction				fire-fighting
		fitted with	Phase				equipment is
		adequate fire-					available
		fighting equipment					and has been
Wiles are the line of the line	Cantractor	Dravida a madaila	Durin o	the	ECO	Monthly,	serviced  A mobile
- Where refueling away from the dedicated	Contractor	Provide a mobile refuelling unit as	During Construction	me	ECO	and as and	A mobile refuelling unit
refueling station is required, a mobile refueling unit		well as suitable	Phase			when	and suitable
must be used. Appropriate ground protection such		ground protection,	Triase			required	ground
as drip trays must be used;		where required				required	protection is
		Whole required					available for
							use
<ul> <li>An appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant</li> </ul>	Contractor	Provide an	During	the	ECO	Monthly,	Appropriate
to the scale of the activity/s involving the use of		appropriate spill kit	Construction			and as and	spill kits are
hazardous substance must be available at all		for the project for	Phase			when	available for
times;		the use of				required	use
iii iies,		hazardous					
		substances					
- The responsible operator must have the required	cEO and	Provide training on	Pre-construction	n	ECO	Once, prior	Proof of
training to make use of the spill kit in emergency	Contractor	the use of spill kits				to the	training to be
situations;		to the relevant				commence	provided by
		employees				ment of	the
						constructio	contractor
						n	

available and must be located in all areas where activities are being undertaken;	cEO and Contractor	Provide an appropriate number of spill kits in relevant areas	During th Construction Phase		Monthly	Proof of appropriate number of spill kits in appropriate areas to be provided by the contractor
	cEO and Contractor	Storage and disposal of contaminated soil must be in accordance with the National Environmental Management: Waste Act and sections 5.7 and 5.8 of this EMPr	During th Construction Phase	e ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof of storage and disposal in terms of the National Environment al Managemen t: Waste Act must be provided.  Certificates of disposal at licensed waste disposal facilities must be provided

# 5.18 Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage

Impact management outcome: Soil, surface water and groundwater contamination is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe f	or Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
Where possible and practical all maintenance of vehicles and equipment must take place in the workshop area;	Contractor	Demarcate specific areas for the maintenance of vehicles and equipment	During the Construction Phase	ne ECO	Monthly	A dedicated area for the maintenance of vehicles and machinery is used.		
<ul> <li>During servicing of vehicles or equipment, especially where emergency repairs are effected outside the workshop area, a suitable drip tray must be used to prevent spills onto the soil. The relevant local authority must be made aware of a fire as soon as it starts;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure that a drip tray is available for an emergency repairs required	During the Construction Phase	ne ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide evidence of drip tray use for emergency repairs		
Leaking equipment must be repaired immediately or be removed from site to facilitate repair;	Contractor	Ensure that where leaking equipment is identified it is repaired immediately or removed from site for repairs	During the Construction Phase	ne ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide details of equipment repaired or removed from site		
Workshop areas must be monitored for oil and fuel spills;	CEO	Undertake regular inspections of the workshop areas for oil and fuel spills and keep an updated register of inspection on site	During the Construction Phase	ne ECO	Monthly	Register of inspection		

<ul> <li>Appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the scale of the activity taking place must be available;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Provide an appropriate spill kit for the project	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Appropriate spill kits are available for use
<ul> <li>The workshop area must have a bunded concrete slab that is sloped to facilitate runoff into a collection sump or suitable oil / water separator where maintenance work on vehicles and equipment can be performed;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure that the workshop area is sufficiently bunded in accordance with the required specification	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Once, during the Constructio n Phase and as and when required	Workshop area is bunded in accordance with the required specification
<ul> <li>Water drainage from the workshop must be contained and managed in accordance Section</li> <li>5.7: Storm and waste water management.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure that water drainage from workshop area is managed as per the requirements of section 5.7	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Monthly	Workshop drainage is managed in accordance with the requirements

# 5.19 Batching plants

Impact management outcome: Minimise spillages and contamination of soil, surface water and groundwater.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
<ul> <li>Concrete mixing must be carried out on an impermeable surface;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Provide impermeable surface for the mixing of concrete	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	No concrete mixing is undertaken on open
						ground

Batching plants areas must be fitted with a containment facility for the collection of cement laden water.	Contractor	Implement measures for the control and management of cement laden water	During construction phase	the	CEO	Weekly	No mismanage ment of laden water due to the temporary concrete batching plant
<ul> <li>Dirty water from the batching plant must be contained to prevent soil and groundwater contamination</li> </ul>	Contractor	Implement measures for the control and management of dirty water to prevent soil and groundwater contamination	During construction phase	the	сЕО	Weekly	No mismanage ment of dirty water due to the temporary concrete batching plant and no/minimal soil and groundwater contaminatio n
Bagged cement must be stored in an appropriate facility and at least 10 m away from any water courses, gullies and drains;	Contractor	Demarcate and provide a storage area for bagged cement in-line with the listed requirements	During Construction Phase	the	CEO	Weekly	Photographic proof of bagged cement stored within the demarcated area
<ul> <li>A washout facility must be provided for washing of concrete associated equipment. Water used for washing must be restricted;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Provide a washout facility for the washing of associated	During Construction Phase	the	cEO	Weekly	No cement laden water is released into the

- Hardened concrete from the washout facility or concrete mixer can either be reused or disposed of at an appropriate licensed disposal facility;	Contractor	equipment. Enforce limitations on water use for washing of equipment Make use of hardened concrete where possible or dispose of concrete in a suitable manner	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Monthly	environment. Only minimal water is used for washing  Certificates of disposal of concrete at licensed waste disposal facility
Empty cement bags must be secured with adequate binding material if these will be temporarily stored on site;	Contractor	Bind empty cement bags and temporarily store it in an appropriate area on site	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Monthly	Proof of binding of empty cement bags and storage in an appropriate are on site to be provided by the Contractor
<ul> <li>Sand and aggregates containing cement must be kept damp to prevent the generation of dust (Refer to Section 5.20: Dust emissions)</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure that sand and aggregates are kept damp or otherwise protected from dust generation	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Monthly	Proof of damping (or alternative dust suppression) of sand and aggregates must be provided by the Contractor

- Any excess sand, stone and cement must be	Contractor	Ensure that all	At the completion	ECO	Once, with	Certificates
removed or reused from site on completion of		excess sand, stone	of the		the	for the
construction period and disposed at a registered		and cement is	Construction		completion	disposal of
disposal facility;		removed or reused	Phase		of	sand, stone
aisposai raeiiriy,					constructio	and cement
					n	at licensed
						waste
						disposal
						facilities or
						proof of reuse
						must be
						provided
- Temporary fencing must be erected around	Contractor	Erect Temporary	During the	cEO	Weekly	Temporary
batching plants in accordance with <b>Section 5.5</b> :		fencing	construction			fencing
Fencing and gate installation.			phase			around
						batching
						plants

# 5.20 Dust emissions

**Impact management outcome:** Dust prevention measures are applied to minimise the generation of dust.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>Take all reasonable measures to minimise the generation of dust as a result of project development activities to the satisfaction of the ECO;</li> </ul>		Apply appropriate dust suppressant	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	Contractor to provide proof of use of appropriate dust suppressants

Removal of vegetation must be avoided until such time as soil stripping is required and similarly exposed surfaces must be re-vegetated or stabilised as soon as is practically possible;	Contractor	Proper planning for vegetation removal must be undertaken as well as for the associated rehabilitation	During the Construction Phase are Rehabilitation	nd	CEO	Weekly	Plan for implementati on must be provided by the Contractor
<ul> <li>Excavation, handling and transport of erodible materials must be avoided under high wind conditions or when a visible dust plume is present;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure that specific limitations are placed on the transport and handling of erodible materials during high wind conditions or when a visible dust plume is present	Construction Phase		cEO	Bi-weekly (every second week)	No complaints submitted in this regard
<ul> <li>During high wind conditions, the ECO must evaluate the situation and make recommendations as to whether dust-damping measures are adequate, or whether working will cease altogether until the wind speed drops to an acceptable level;</li> </ul>	ECO	ECO to provide adequate recommendations	During th Construction Phase		Not Applicable		
<ul> <li>Where possible, soil stockpiles must be located in sheltered areas where they are not exposed to the erosive effects of the wind;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Place soil stockpiles in areas less affected by wind	During th Construction Phase		cEO and	Bi-weekly (every second week)	Soil stockpiles are not exposed to wind and have not been eroded
<ul> <li>Where erosion of stockpiles becomes a problem, erosion control measures must be implemented at the discretion of the ECO;</li> </ul>	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Contractor to implement erosion control measures as recommended	During th Construction Phase	ne	CEO	Weekly, until erosion is no longer a problem	Recommend ations made by the ECO have been implemented

		and agreed with the ECO				by the Contractor
Vehicle speeds must not exceed 40 km/h along dust roads or 20 km/h when traversing unconsolidated and non-vegetated areas;	cEO / dEO / contractor	Inform all drivers of speed limits and place appropriate signage along the relevant roads	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and Maintenance team	Monthly	No complaints from community members are submitted
<ul> <li>Straw stabilisation must be applied at a rate of one bale/10 m² and harrowed into the top 100 mm of top material, for all completed earthworks;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure that straw stabilisation is undertaken as per the listed requirements	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of all straw stabilisation undertaken
<ul> <li>For significant areas of excavation or exposed ground, dust suppression measures must be used to minimise the spread of dust.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Appropriate dust suppressant measures are implemented	During the Construction Phase	cEO	Weekly	Photographic record of measures being implemented and the results thereof

# 5.21 Blasting

**Impact management outcome:** Impact to the environment is minimised through a safe blasting practice.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on				Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method	of	Timeframe	for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	'			implementa	tion	person		compliance	

- Any blasting activity must be conducted by a	cEO / dEO /	Ensure the	Pre-Construction	ECO/EO	Once off,	ECO/EO to
suitably licensed blasting contractor; and	contractor	contractor is	Phase		before	check all
		suitably licensed			blasting	valid
		with all necessary			activities	credentials
		credentials and			commence	and
		certifications				certifications
						on hand.
<ul> <li>Notification of surrounding landowners,</li> </ul>	cEO / dEO /	Ensure all	Pre-Construction	ECO/EO	Once off,	ECO/EO to
emergency services site personnel of blasting	contractor	responsible	Phase		before	confirm all
activity 24 hours prior to such activity taking place		personnel have			blasting	necessary
on Site.		been notified of			activities	personnel
ort site.		blasting activities			commence	have been
		24 hours in			•	notified.
		advance and				Notification
		keep records of				records to be
		notifications.				provided.

### 5.22 Noise

Impact Management outcome: Prevent unnecessary noise to the environment by ensuring that noise from development activity is mitigated.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- The Contractor must keep noise level within	Contractor	Ensure that noise	During the	ECO	Monthly,	No
acceptable limits, Restrict the use of sound		limits do not	Construction		and as and	complaints
amplification equipment for communication and		exceed	Phase		when	registered in
emergency only;		acceptable limits			required	this regard.
omorgoney omy,		and avoid the use				No

		of amplification communication				amplification equipment is used.
<ul> <li>All vehicles and machinery must be fitted with appropriate silencing technology and must be properly maintained;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Provide and implement silencing technology	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No complaints registered in this regard. Silencing technology is utilised.
<ul> <li>Any complaints received by the Contractor regarding noise must be recorded and communicated. Where possible or applicable, provide transport to and from the site on a daily basis for construction workers;</li> </ul>	CEO	Update complaints register. Provide daily transport to and from site for employees	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Complaints register provided by the cEO and proof of transportatio n services provided
<ul> <li>Develop a Code of Conduct for the construction phase in terms of behaviour of construction staff.</li> <li>Operating hours as determined by the environmental authorisation are adhered to during the development phase. Where not defined, it must be ensured that development activities must still meet the impact management outcome related to noise management.</li> </ul>	CEO and Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Compile a Code of Conduct for staff. Appropriate operating hours must be identified for the project.	Pre-construction and Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of construction	No complaints registered in this regard.

# 5.23 Fire prevention

Impact management outcome: Prevention of uncontrollable fires.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
Designate smoking areas where the fire hazard could be regarded as insignificant;	cEO / Contractor	Identify and demarcate through signage designated smoking areas	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of designated smoking area
Firefighting equipment must be available on all vehicles located on site;	cEO / dEO in consultation with the Contractor	Provide all vehicles with firefighting equipment	Construction	ECO	Monthly	All vehicles are fitted with firefighting equipment and the details thereof are provided by the cEO
The local Fire Protection Agency (FPA) must be informed of construction activities;	cEO in consultation with the ECO	Undertake formal consultation to inform the local FPA of the associated construction activities	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, during the commence ment of the Constructio n Phase	Proof of consultation with the FPA
<ul> <li>Contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services must be communicated in environmental awareness training and displayed at a central location on site;</li> </ul>	dEO / cEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the contact numbers for the FPA and	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Prior to the commence ment of the environmen tal awareness training and once during the	Environment al awareness training material requirements checklist and photographi c record of contact

		emergency			constructio	numbers	on
		services.			n phase	display	
		Place the contact					
		numbers for the					
		FPA and					
		emergency					
		services at a visible					
		and central					
		location					
- Two way swop of contact details between ECO	ECO	Consultation	Pre-construction	Not			
and FPA.		between the ECO		Applicable			
		and FPA in order to					
		exchange contact					
		details					

# 5.24 Stockpiling and stockpile areas

Impact management outcome: Reduce erosion and sedimentation as a result of stockpiling.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation I				Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method o implementation		ame for	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
<ul> <li>All material that is excavated during the project development phase (either during piling (if required) or earthworks) must be stored appropriately on site in order to minimise impacts to watercourses, watercourses and water bodies;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Identify and demarcate ar appropriate location for the storage o	Pre-cor Constru	nstruction &	ECO	Monthly	Excavated material is not stored within sensitive environment	
io watercouses, watercouses and water bodies,		excavated materials					al areas	

<ul> <li>All stockpiled material must be maintained and kept clear of weeds and alien vegetation growth by undertaking regular weeding and control methods;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Implement appropriate and sufficient maintenance on stockpiled material regularly	During Construction Phase	the	cEO ECO	Bi-weekly (every second month) Monthly	Stockpiled material is maintained sufficiently and is clear of weeds and alien vegetation
- Topsoil stockpiles must not exceed 2 m in height;	Contractor	Enforce limitations for the height of topsoil stockpiles	During Construction Phase	the	ceo eco	Bi-weekly (every second month)	Topsoil stockpiles do not exceed 2m in height
<ul> <li>During periods of strong winds and heavy rain, the stockpiles must be covered with appropriate material (e.g. cloth, tarpaulin etc.);</li> </ul>	Contractor	Appropriate material must be provided in order to cover stockpiles when required	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide proof of availability of appropriate material to cover stockpiles when required
<ul> <li>Where possible, sandbags (or similar) must be placed at the bases of the stockpiled material in order to prevent erosion of the material.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Sandbags must be provided in order to prevent erosion of stockpiled materials	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide proof of availability of sandbags to prevent erosion of stockpiled materials

### 5.25 Civil works

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment minimised during civil works to create the substation terrace.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
<ul> <li>Where terracing is required, topsoil must be collected and retained for the purpose of re-use later to rehabilitate disturbed areas not covered by yard stone;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Collection and safe storage of topsoil for later use in rehabilitation phase	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Visual inspection of topsoil stockpiles for later use		
<ul> <li>Areas to be rehabilitated include terrace embankments and areas outside the high voltage yards;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Regard areas that do not house infrastructure as requiring rehabilitation and apply rehabilitation measures to these regions	During the Construction Phase, where the area is no longer going to be utilised	ECO	Monthly	Visual inspection of rehabilitation implementati on to ensure these areas are being rehabilitated		
Where required, all sloped areas must be stabilised to ensure proper rehabilitation is effected and erosion is controlled;	Contractor	If required stabilise soil using recognised methods to ensure proper rehabilitation and erosion control	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Visual inspection of stabilised soil regions and descriptions of staff of stabilisation method used		

<ul> <li>These areas can be stabilised using design structures or vegetation as specified in the design to prevent erosion of embankments. The contract design specifications must be adhered to and implemented strictly;</li> </ul>	Contractor	If required stabilise soil using recognised methods to ensure proper rehabilitation and erosion control	Duration of the construction phase	e ECO	Monthly	Visual inspection of stabilised soil regions and descriptions of staff of stabilisation method used
<ul> <li>Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas must be managed in accordance with Section 5.35:         Landscaping and rehabilitation;     </li> </ul>	Contractor	Review and ensure that all rehabilitation measures are implemented in accordance with the requirements of Section 5.35	Duration of the construction phase	e ECO	Monthly	Visual inspection of rehabilitation conducted and the degree of conformanc e with the requirements set out in Section 35.5 of this report
All excess spoil generated during terracing activities must be disposed of in an appropriate manner and at a recognised landfill site; and	Contractor	Dispose of all excess spoil using appropriate means and at recognised landfill sites. Keep written registers of the disposal conducted	Duration of the construction phase	e ECO	Monthly	Evidence of disposal slips as applicable kept in the site environment al file
<ul> <li>Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes and must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for rehabilitation purposes.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Where spoil is utilised for landscaping purposes implement a 150mm topsoil	Duration of the construction phase	e ECO	Monthly	Spoil material used in landscaping is suitably covered with a later of

layer on top	topsoil at
following shaping	least 150mm
and compaction	deep
to promote	
rehabilitation	

# 5.26 Excavation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage systems

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of excavation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage systems.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
All excess spoil generated during foundation excavation must be disposed of in an appropriate manner and at a licensed landfill site, if not used for backfilling purposes;	Responsible person Contractor	Method of implementation  Use a licensed waste disposal facility for the disposal of excess spoil	Timeframe for implementation  During the Construction Phase	Responsible person ECO	Frequency  Monthly	Evidence of compliance Certificates obtained for the disposal of excess spoil at a licensed waste disposal facility
Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes and must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for rehabilitation purposes;	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Construction and Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor

Management of equipment for excavation purposes must be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage; and	Contractor	Undertake the management of equipment for excavation as per the requirements of section 5.18	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Monthly	Managemen t of equipment is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.18
<ul> <li>Hazardous substances spills from equipment must be managed in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Undertake the management of hazardous substances spills from equipment as per the requirements of section 5.17	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Monthly	Managemen t of hazardous substances spills from equipment is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.17

# 5.27 Installation of foundations, cable trenching and drainage systems

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs during the installation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage system.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation					Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method	of	Timeframe	for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	impleme	ntation	implementa	tion	person		compliance
- Batching of cement to be undertaken in	Contractor	Ensure	correct	During	the	cEO	Weekly	Measures in
accordance with <b>Section 5.19: Batching plants</b> ; and		batching	of	construction				place to
		cement		phase				ensure the
								batching of

<ul> <li>Residual solid waste must be disposed of in accordance with Section 5.8: Solid waste and hazardous management.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Undertake the disposal of residual solid waste as per the requirements of section 5.8	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Monthly	cement done accordan with Sec 5.19: Batching plants The disp of resid solid wast undertake line	oosal dual te is
		or section 3.0					section 5.8	

# 5.28 Installation of equipment (circuit breakers, current Transformers, Isolators, Insulators, surge arresters, voltage transformers, earth switches)

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of installation of equipment.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Management of dust must be conducted in accordance with Section 5. 20: Dust emissions;	Contractor	Review and implement dust management actions in accordance with the requirement of Section 5.20 of this report	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Dust managemen t actions observed to be in accordance with the requirement of Section

						5.20 of this report
- Management of equipment used for installation must be conducted in accordance with Section 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage;	Contractor	Review and implement equipment management actions in accordance with the requirement of Section 5.18 of this report	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Equipment managemen t actions observed to be in accordance with the requirement of Section 18of this report
Management hazardous substances and any associated spills must be conducted in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances; and	Contractor	Review and implement hazardous substances and any associated spills in accordance with the requirement of Section 5.17 of this report	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Hazardous substances and any associated spills managemen t actions observed to be in accordance with the requirement of Section 5.20 of this report

<ul> <li>Residual solid waste must be recycled or disposed</li> </ul>	Contractor	Review	and	During	the	ECO	Monthly	Dispose/recy
of in accordance with <b>Section 5.8</b> : <b>Solid waste and</b>		dispose/recy	cle	Construction				cle residual
hazardous management.		residual	solid	Phase				solid waste in
		waste	in					observed to
		accordance						be in
		the requirem						accordance
		Section 5.8 o	of this					with the
		report						requirement
								of Section 5.8
								of this report

# 5.29 Steelwork Assembly and Erection

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of steelwork assembly and erection.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- During assembly, care must be taken to ensure that	Contractor	Conduct an	Duration of the	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of
no wasted/unused materials are left on site e.g.		inspection of the	construction			leftover
bolts and nuts		site once assembly	phase			waste/unuse
		is complete to				d materials
		remove all stray				on site
		bolts or unused				following
		materials that may				closure of
		be left on site				assembly

- Emergency repairs due to breakages of	Contractor	Review and	d	Duration of	the	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of
equipment must be managed in accordance with		conduct a	III	construction				emergency
Section 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance		emergency		phase				repairs
and storage and Section 5.16: Emergency		repairs i	n					carried out
procedures.		accordance with	h					having been
procedures.		Section 5.18 of thi	is					conducted in
		report						accordance
								with Section
								5.18 of this
								report

# 5.30 Cabling and Stringing

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of stringing.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Residual solid waste (off cuts etc.) shall be recycled	Contractor	Undertake	During the	ECO	Monthly	Undertake	
or disposed of in accordance with <b>Section 6.8</b> :		recycling or	Construction			recycling or	
Solid waste and hazardous Management;		disposal of solid	Phase			disposal of	
<b>3</b>		waste as per the				solid waste as	
		requirements of				per the	
		section 6.8				requirements	
						of section 6.8	
- Management of equipment used for installation	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	Monthly	Managemen	
shall be conducted in accordance with <b>Section</b>		management of	Construction			t of	
5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and		equipment as per	Phase			equipment is	
storage;						undertaken in	

		the requirements of section 5.18					line with the requirements of section 5.18
<ul> <li>Management hazardous substances and any associated spills shall be conducted in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Undertake the management of hazardous substances as per the requirements of section 5.17	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Monthly	Managemen t of equipment is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.17

# 5.31 Testing and Commissioning (all equipment testing, earthing system, system integration)

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of Testing and Commissioning.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
<ul> <li>Residual solid waste must be recycled or disposed</li> </ul>	Contractor	Undertake	During the	ECO	Monthly	Undertake	
of in accordance with <b>Section 5.8: Solid waste and</b>		recycling or	Construction			recycling or	
hazardous management.		disposal of solid	Phase			disposal of	
		waste as per the				solid waste as	
		requirements of				per the	
		section 5.8				requirements	
						of section 5.8	

### 5.32 Socio-economic

Impact management outcome: enhanced socio-economic development.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on			Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method implementation	of n	Timeframe for implementation	•	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
Develop and implement communication strategies to facilitate public participation;	dEO / cEO	communication with the communities through	or ne	Pre-construction Construction	& ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of constructio n and monthly during the constructio n	Communicati on is undertaken as per the identified strategies and no complaints are submitted regarding communicati on	
Develop and implement a collaborative and constructive approach to conflict resolution as part of the external stakeholder engagement process;	Contractor	community nee	a ch ne ds es or	Pre-construction Construction	& ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of constructio n and monthly during the constructio n phase	Conflict resolution is undertaken in line with the requirements of the Grievance Mechanism. No complaints on conflict resolution is submitted by the community	

- Sustain continuous communication and liaison with	Contractor	Development and	Pre-construction &	ECO	Once, prior	Communicati
neighboring owners and residents		implement and	Construction		to the	on / liaison
Holgridolling official and foliating		Grievance			commence	with
		Mechanism			ment of	neighbouring
		provides			constructio	landowners
		procedures for			n and	and residents
		communication /			monthly	are
		liaison with			during the	undertaken in
		neighbouring			constructio	line with the
		landowners and			n phase	requirements
		residents				of the
						Grievance
						Mechanism.
						No
						complaints
						on
						communicati
						on with
						neighbouring
						landowners
						and residents
						is submitted
- Create work and training opportunities for local	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction &	ECO	Once, prior	The "locals
stakeholders; and		implement a	Construction		to the	first" policy is
		"locals first" policy			commence	considered in
		for the provision of			ment of	terms of the
		employment			constructio	employment
		opportunities			n and	and training
					monthly	opportunities
					during the	
					constructio	
Miles of Consider the Constant of the United States	Contractor	Enguro no martire	Construction	ECO	n phase	No water
– Where feasible, no workers, with the exception of	Contractor	Ensure no workers	Construction		Throughout	No workers
security personnel, must be permitted to stay over-		are permitted to			constructio	remaining on
					n	site over night

farmers. the site		

# 5.33 Temporary closure of site

Impact management outcome: Minimise the risk of environmental impact during periods of site closure greater than five days.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of		or Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementatio	•		compliance	
– Bunds must be emptied (where applicable) and	Contractor	Regular emptying	During t	ne ECO	Prior to site	Bunds are	
need to be undertaken in accordance with the		of the bunds must	Construction		closure for	emptied as	
impact management actions included in sections		be undertaken.	Phase		more than	per the	
5.17: Hazardous substances and 5.18: Workshop,		This must be			05 days	requirements	
equipment maintenance and storage;		undertaken as per				listed under	
equipment maintenance and storage,		the requirements				sections 5.17	
		listed in sections				and 5.18	
		5.17 and 5.18					
<ul> <li>Hazardous storage areas must be well ventilated;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Install appropriate	During t	ne ECO	Prior to site	Effective	
		ventilation in all	construction		closure for	ventilation is	
		hazardous storage	phase		more than	installed in	
		areas			05 days	hazardous	
						storage areas	
- Fire extinguishers must be serviced and accessible.	Contractor /	Ensure fire	During t	ne ECO	Prior to site	Signage	
Service records to be filed and audited at last	cEO	extinguishers are	Construction		closure for	placed	
service:		serviced, as	Phase		more than	indicating	
36111667		required and are			05 days	location of	
		easily accessible				fire	
		with appropriate				extinguishers	
		signage indicating					

- Emergency and contact details displayed must be displayed;	Contractor / cEO	location. Ensure service records and kept up to date and filed Place emergency and contact details which are readily available and easily accessible	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	end service records  Photographic proof of contact details on display
Security personnel must be briefed and have the facilities to contact or be contacted by relevant management and emergency personnel;	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Hold a workshop with all security personnel to provide a brief of the project and security requirements.  Provide facilities in order to contact management and emergency personnel	Pre-construction & construction	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of the workshop held must be kept on file by the contractor.
<ul> <li>Night hazards such as reflectors, lighting, traffic signage etc. must have been checked;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Regular checks of night hazards must be undertaken	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of checks of night hazards must be provided by the contractor
<ul> <li>Fire hazards identified and the local authority must have been notified of any potential threats e.g. large brush stockpiles, fuels etc.;</li> </ul>	CEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Identify any potential fire hazards and notify the relevant local authority	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of notification of the fire hazards to the local authority

- Structures vulnerable to high winds must be	Contractor	Ensure structures	During	the	ECO	Prior to site	must be provided by the Contractor Structures
secured;		vulnerable to wind are secure prior to site closure	Construction Phase			closure for more than 05 days	vulnerable to wind are secured prior to site closure
Wind and dust mitigation must be implemented;	Contractor	Implement wind and dust mitigation prior to site closure	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Wind and dust mitigation is implemented prior to site closure
<ul> <li>Cement and materials stores must have been secured;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure cement and material stores are secured prior to site closure	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Cement and material stores are secured prior to site closure
<ul> <li>Toilets must have been emptied and secured;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closure
Refuse bins must have been emptied and secured;	Contractor	Ensure refuse bins are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	refuse bins are emptied and secured prior to site closure
Drip trays must have been emptied and secured.	Contractor	Ensure drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site closure

# 5.34 Dismantling of old equipment

**Impact management outcome:** Impact to the environment to be minimised during the dismantling, storage and disposal of old equipment commissioning.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
<ul> <li>All old equipment removed during the project must be stored in such a way as to prevent pollution of the environment</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure old equipment secured and where required, stored in contained areas where no spillage or pollution may result	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site closure	
<ul> <li>Oil containing equipment must be stored to prevent leaking or be stored on drip trays;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure old equipment secured and where required, stored in contained areas where no spillage or pollution may result	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site closure	
<ul> <li>All scrap steel must be stacked neatly and any disused and broken insulators must be stored in containers;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Store defunct insulators in containers and scrap steel in one single place, neatly secured	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Where needed, insulators observed to be stored in containers	

<ul> <li>Once material has been scrapped and the contract has been placed for removal, the</li> </ul>	Contractor , cEO	Ensure dismantling and packaging of scrapped material	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Monthly	and scrap stored neatly as determined by the ECO Where needed, insulators
disposal Contractor must ensure that any equipment containing pollution causing substances is dismantled and transported in such a way as to prevent spillage and pollution of the environment;		is transported in such a way as to prevent spillage and pollution of the environment;	THOSE				observed to be stored in containers and scrap stored neatly as determined by the ECO
The Contractor must also be equipped to contain and clean up any pollution causing spills; and	cEO and Contractor	Provide training on the use of spill kits to the relevant employees	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Monthly	Proof of training to be provided by the contractor
Disposal of unusable material must be at a licensed waste disposal site.	cEO and Contractor	Ensure a registered waste disposal site is utilized and keep disposal slips and record in the site environmental file	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Monthly	Visual inspection of disposal record documentati on and registration of the waste disposal site utilised.

# 5.35 Landscaping and rehabilitation

Impact management outcome: Areas disturbed during the development phase are returned to a state that approximates the original condition.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
All areas disturbed by construction activities must be subject to landscaping and rehabilitation; All spoil and waste must be disposed of to a registered waste site;	Contractor	Develop and implement a rehabilitation plan for the rehabilitation of all disturbed areas.  Dispose of all spoil and waste at a licensed waste disposal facility	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas is undertaken as per the rehabilitation plan. All certificates of waste disposal at licensed facilities are available.
<ul> <li>All slopes must be assessed for contouring, and to contour only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983</li> </ul>	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Assess all slopes and determine whether contouring is required	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	All slopes are assessed and contoured as required
<ul> <li>All slopes must be assessed for terracing, and to terrace only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983;</li> </ul>	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Assess all slopes and determine whether terracing is required	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	All slopes are assessed and terraced as required
Berms that have been created must have a slope of 1:4 and be replanted with indigenous species	Contractor	Ensure all berms have a slope of 1:4 and is replanted	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	All berms have a slope of 1:4 and is

and grasses that approximates the original condition;		with indigenous species and grasses				replanted with indigenous species and grasses
<ul> <li>Where new access roads have crossed cultivated farmlands, that lands must be rehabilitated by ripping which must be agreed to by the holder of the EA and the landowners;</li> </ul>	Not applicable					
<ul> <li>Rehabilitation of access roads outside of farmland;</li> </ul>	Not applicable					
<ul> <li>Indigenous species must be used for with species and/grasses to where it compliments or approximates the original condition;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Make use of indigenous species for rehabilitation	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	Indigenous species are used for rehabilitation
<ul> <li>Stockpiled topsoil must be used for rehabilitation (refer to Section 5.24: Stockpiling and stockpiled areas);</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure stockpiled topsoil is used as per the requirements listed under section 5.24	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	Stockpiled topsoil is used as per the requirements listed under section 5.24
<ul> <li>Stockpiled topsoil must be evenly spread so as to facilitate seeding and minimise loss of soil due to erosion;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure that topsoil is spread evenly	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	Topsoil is spread evenly
<ul> <li>Before placing topsoil, all visible weeds from the placement area and from the topsoil must be removed;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Remove all visible weeds from placement area and topsoil before spreading the topsoil	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	No weeds are visible in the placement area or the topsoil
Subsoil must be ripped before topsoil is placed;	Contractor	Undertake the ripping of subsoil prior to the	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	Subsoil is ripped before topsoil is placed

		spreading of topsoil				
The rehabilitation must be timed so that rehabilitation can take place at the optimal time for vegetation establishment;	Contractor	Plan the timeframe for rehabilitation in order to undertake vegetation planting during the optimal time for vegetation establishment	Rehabilitation	ECO	At the start of rehabilitatio n to confirm correct timeframe	Rehabilitation is undertaken during the optimal time
<ul> <li>Where impacted through construction related activity, all sloped areas must be stabilised to ensure proper rehabilitation is effected and erosion is controlled;</li> </ul>	Contractor	All disturbed slope areas must be stabilised	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	Disturbed slopes are stabilised sufficiently
<ul> <li>Sloped areas stabilised using design structures or vegetation as specified in the design to prevent erosion of embankments. The contract design specifications must be adhered to and implemented strictly;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Stabilise slopes as per the design specifications	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	Slopes are stabilised as per the design specifications
Spoil can be used for backfilling or landscaping as long as it is covered by a minimum of 150 mm of topsoil.	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor
<ul> <li>Where required, re-vegetation including hydro- seeding can be enhanced using a vegetation seed mixture as described below. A mixture of seed can be used provided the mixture is carefully selected to ensure the following:</li> </ul>	Contractor in consultation with a suitably qualified specialist	Make use of a suitable vegetation seed mixture should enhancement be required	Rehabilitation	ECO	As and when required	Use of a suitable vegetation seed mixture if required

a) Annual and perennial plants are chosen;			
b) Pioneer species are included;			
c) Species chosen must be indigenous to the area			
with the seeds used coming from the area;			
d) Root systems must have a binding effect on the			
soil;			
e) The final product must not cause an ecological			
imbalance in the area			

### 6 ACCESS TO THE GENERIC EMPr

Once completed and signed, to allow the public access to the generic EMPr, the holder of the EA must make the EMPr available to the public in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 26(h) of the EIA Regulations.

#### PART B: SECTION 2

#### 7 SITE SPECIFIC INFORMATION AND DECLARATION

### 7.1 Sub-section 1: contact details and description of the project

### 7.1.1 Details of the applicant:

Name of applicant: Great Karoo Wind Farm (Pty) Ltd

Tel No: 021 670 1423

Fax No: Not supplied

Postal Address: PO Box 23101, Claremont,

Physical Address: Fernwood House, 2nd Floor, The Oval, 1 Oakdale Road, Newlands,

Western Cape, 7700, Cape Town.

### 7.1.2 Details and expertise of the EAP:

Name of EAP: Jo-Anne Thomas

Tel No: 011-656-3237 Fax No: 086-684-0547

E-mail address: joanne@savannahsa.com

Expertise of the EAP (Curriculum Vitae included): Refer to Appendix 2 of this EMPr for

a CV of the EAP

**7.1.3 Project name:** Grid connection infrastructure, including 132kV Overhead Powerline, Switching Station and ancillaries, for the Great Karoo Wind Farm, Northern Cape.

### 7.1.4 Description of the project:

Great Karoo Wind Farm (Pty) Ltd proposes the development of specific grid connection infrastructure required to connect and evacuate the generated power of the authorised Great Karoo Wind Farm (DEFF Ref: 12/12/20/2370/3) to the national electricity grid. Following consultation with Eskom, it has been confirmed that the Great Karoo Wind Farm must connect to the Hidden Valley substation located at the Karusa Wind Farm (currently under construction) to the west of Great Karoo Wind Farm. Therefore, Great Karoo Wind Farm (Pty) Ltd is proposing the development of grid connection infrastructure from the authorised onsite substation to the Hidden Valley substation in order to connect and evacuate the generated power of the authorised Great Karoo Wind Farm to the national electricity grid. The project is located ~44km south of Sutherland and ~50km north of Matjiesfontein within the Northern Cape Province and falls within the Namakwa District Municipality and the Karoo Hoogland Local Municipality.

The grid connection infrastructure includes a switching station (up to 100m x 100m) to be developed adjacent to the authorised Great Karoo Wind Farm substation and a 132kV double- or single-circuit overhead power line, with a length of up to 14km. The pylon structures of the power line will be up to 32m high and the power line will be developed within a servitude of up to 40m wide. A corridor of 300m wide has been identified for the power line, widening to ~750m wide in the eastern section of the power line. In addition, a 500m assessment area around the wind farm substation has been considered for the placement of the switching station. Collectively, this assessment area is referred to as the grid connection corridor. The proposed grid connection infrastructure will be located within the grid connection corridor based on environmental sensitivities and technical constraints. Is it important to note that the entire grid connection corridor is being proposed for approval, and not the exact layout of the grid connection infrastructure therein. This is due to the need to determine the associated Great Karoo Wind Farm layout first, before exact determination of the technical routing may be possible. As such, the entire corridor is proposed for development with the understanding that all environmentally sensitive features will be avoided.

The entire extent of the corridor is located within the Komsberg Renewable Energy Development Zone (REDZ) and within the central corridor of the Strategic Transmission Corridors. Access to the grid connection corridor is possible via numerous existing smaller farm roads in close proximity to the corridor, primarily off the Regional 354 (R354) tarred road running between the towns of Matjiesfontein and Sutherland. During construction, a service track along the length of the power line servitude of up to 6m wide will be established to allow for large crane movement. This track will be rehabilitated following the construction phase to a typical 'jeep' track (i.e. off-road track) for use during operation. Formal roads will therefore not be constructed underneath the power line for maintenance purposes. However, where the power line traverses drainage lines, road crossing infrastructure (e.g. culverts) may be developed within the drainage line. The switching station will be accessed via the already authorised access road to the Great Karoo Wind Farm substation. Other associated infrastructure includes temporary laydown area/s that will be rehabilitated upon completion of the construction phase.

#### 7.1.5 Project location:

The grid connection corridor (with both alternatives and switching station contained therein) is located within the Karoo Hoogland Local Municipality and the Namakwa District Municipality (DC6) and traverses the following three (3) affected properties:

- Farm Kentucky 206;
- RE Portion 1 of the Farm Orange Fontein No. 203; and
- Farm De Hoop 202.

NO	FARM NAME( if applicable)	FARM NUMBER (if applicable)	PORTION NAME	PORTION NUMBER	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE
1	Kentucky	206	0	0	32°49'7.88"S	20°43'27.99"E
2	Orange Fontein	203	RE of portion 1	RE of portion 1	32°48'10.35"\$	20°41'27.12"E

3	De Ноор	202	0	0	32°48'35.92"S	20°37'23.64"E

#### 7.2 Sub-section 2: Development footprint site map

This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout. The sensitivity map must be prepared from the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at: <a href="https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool">https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool</a>. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features within 50 m from the development footprint.

### Site sensitivity

Combined sensitivity maps for the grid connection corridor is provided below. This has been compiled based on the specialist sensitivities determined from their respective studies, and therefore aims to represent the entirety of the site and the combined sensitivities. Please note, to improve display and clarity of the various features, two maps have been produced, one showing the avifaunal mitigation priority areas and the biodiversity sensitivity (refer Figure 2), and one showing the land capability sensitivity and heritage features present within the corridor (refer 3). The following explanatory notes are applicable to the sensitivities depicted below:

- Avifaunal mitigation priority areas: The fine-scale avifauna habitats that were delineated within the avifaunal specialist assessment were assigned a mitigation priority category based on the characteristics of the avifauna assemblage within each one. The priority categories range from 'Low' to 'Very High', with 'Very High' areas requiring stringent mitigation measures and 'Low" areas not of concern or requiring minimum mitigation measures. Generally, lowland areas and rocky slopes were assigned a 'Moderate' category as they were typically dominated by small passerine species. However, where threatened or priority species occurred or displayed breeding behaviour, these areas were categorised as a 'Very High' mitigation priority. Drainage lines are likely to be used as flyways, especially by heavy-bodied waterfowl, and therefore were assigned a 'High' priority category. It is important to note that the avifaunal mitigation priority areas are not considered by the specialist to be no-go areas, but rather areas where stringent mitigation must be applied, as detailed in the avifaunal impact assessment section above and the specialist assessment report (refer to Appendix D - G). No-go zones are however determined from an avifaunal perspective, which are detailed further in section 6.8 below, and depicted in the sensitivity maps below.
- » Biodiversity Sensitivity: Four different habitat types were delineated within the assessment and allocated a sensitivity category based on the criteria determined by the specialist. Ridges and Rocky Slope spatially varied in their sensitivity. Ridges were allocated a 'high' sensitivity as they were the source points for drainage lines as well as their uniqueness within the landscape. Rocky slopes were generally assigned a 'moderate' sensitivity, except where they formed the source point of drainage lines

- and were accordingly assigned a 'high' sensitivity. Please note, the specialist report indicates that areas of high sensitivity are not regarded as no-go's or exclusion zones, and therefore provided the mitigation measures supplied are applied by the proponent, development may proceed within these regions.
- » Heritage: one heritage feature was found on site for the Soetwater OHL corridor, which is shared partially by this proposed development. A no-go buffer of 35m (detailed further below) is shown along with the location of the feature within the grid connection corridor, is shown on Figure 6.2. No other heritage features were located within the grid connection corridor and so no other sensitivities are assigned.
- » Land use capability: The agricultural compliance statement confirmed the regional sensitivity moderate sensitivity, as per the DEA screening tool results, however concluded that the proposed development will have a negligible impact on the agricultural production of the land. The moderate sensitivity confirmed by the specialist is shown in Figure 6.2 below.

#### <u>Buffer zones, no-go zones or exclusion zones</u>

One heritage feature was found on site for the Soetwater OHL corridor, which is shared partially by this proposed development (the proposed Great Karoo powerline will run parallel to the Soetwater OHL along the north-south section of the line). This feature is shown on Figure 3. Recent comment by SAHRA related to the Soetwater project indicated that the feature (a 'stone packed feature') must be surrounded by a fence with 5m clearance from the feature itself, and that no development is allowed within 30m of the fence surrounding the site (i.e. a no-go zone of 35m around the feature itself is to be established). The heritage specialist has indicated that the measures required by SAHRA for the feature relating to Soetwater should also apply to that of this project, and therefore a 35m conservation buffer, deemed as a no-go for any project related infrastructure, is deemed appropriate for this heritage feature. Please refer to Figure 2 for the location of the feature along the grid connection corridor and as well as the 35m no-go buffer.

In addition, the avifaunal specialist found a pair of *Bubo africanus* (Spotted-Eagle Owl) nesting within the drainage line parallel to the OHL adjacent to the Hidden Valley (Karusa) Substation. The species forms life-long pair bonds and tends to re-use nesting sites. The avifaunal specialist therefore recommended that construction and installation within this portion of the OHL be undertaken in late August to avoid disturbance. Where this is not possible due to the construction timelines, the specialist suggested a 50 m buffer around the nest site be maintained to ensure no construction activity occurs within the buffer. Although, the risk of collision for owls tend to be minimal due to their eyesight, the species is at risk of electrocution (Prinsen et al, 2011). The specialist further indicated that no pylons are to be erected within 100 m of the nest site to reduce the risk of electrocution. Where technically feasible, the distance between the nest and the nearest pylons should be increased to 200m. These exclusions areas have been depicted in the sensitivity maps above (refer Figure 2 and Figure 3).

The biodiversity specialist concluded that development of infrastructure can occur within any area of the corridor footprint, but pylons and the switching station are not be located in drainage lines. Formal crossings must be developed for the road to traverse these drainage lines. The location of the proposed infrastructure is not to exceed the boundary of the corridor.

No other exclusion zones, buffer zones or no-go zones were determined for the proposed development.

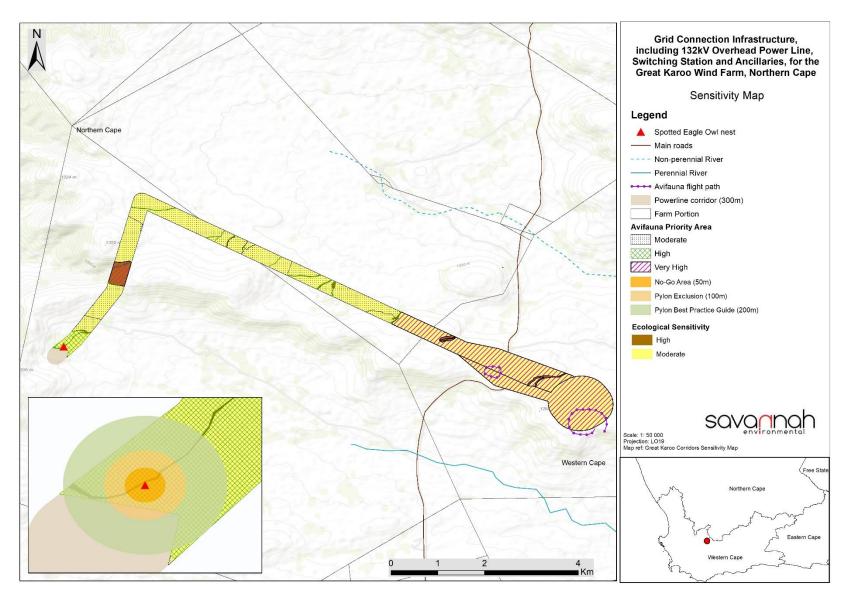


Figure 2: Biodiversity sensitivity map and avifaunal mitigation priority areas for the grid connection corridor.

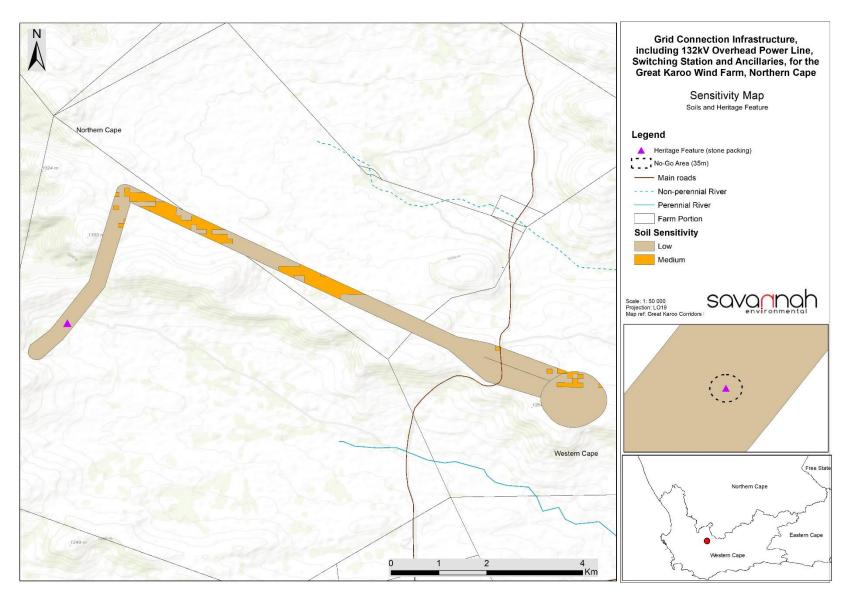


Figure 3: Land capability sensitivity map and heritage feature within the grid connection corridor.



Figure 4: Map of relative agriculture theme sensitivity.

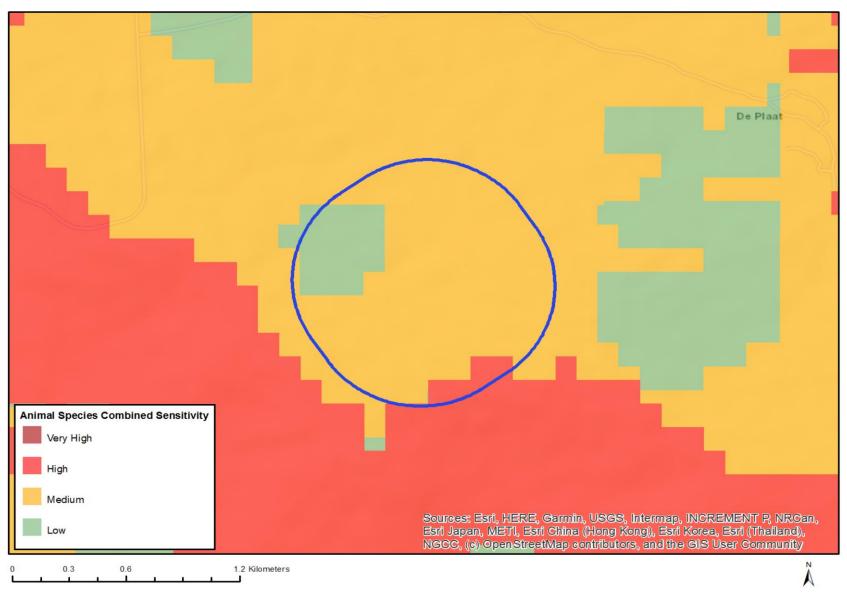


Figure 5: Map of relative animal species theme sensitivity.

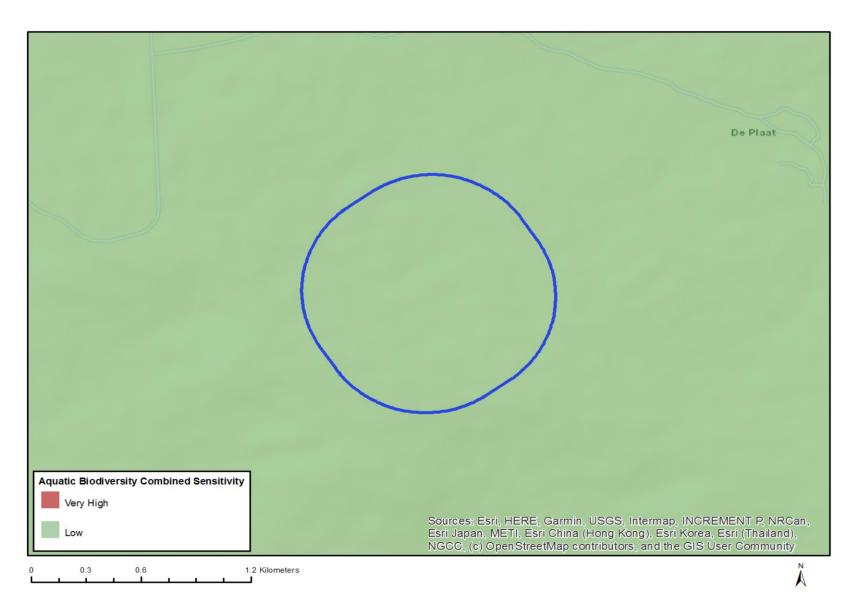


Figure 6: Map of relative aquatic biodiversity theme sensitivity

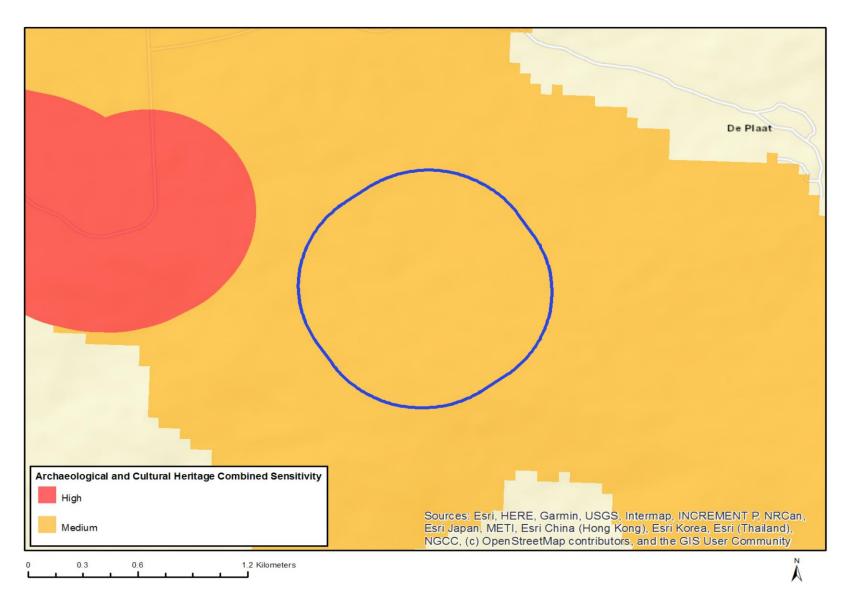


Figure 7: Map of relative archaeological and cultural heritage theme sensitivity.



Figure 8: Map of relative civil aviation theme sensitivity



Figure 9: Map of relative palaeontology theme sensitivity



Figure 10: Map of relative plant species theme sensitivity

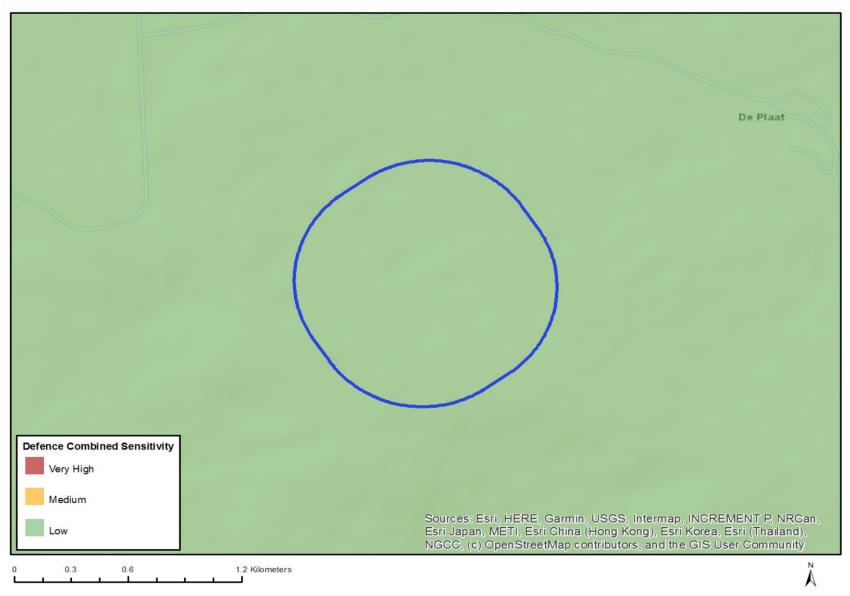


Figure 11: Map of relative defence theme sensitivity

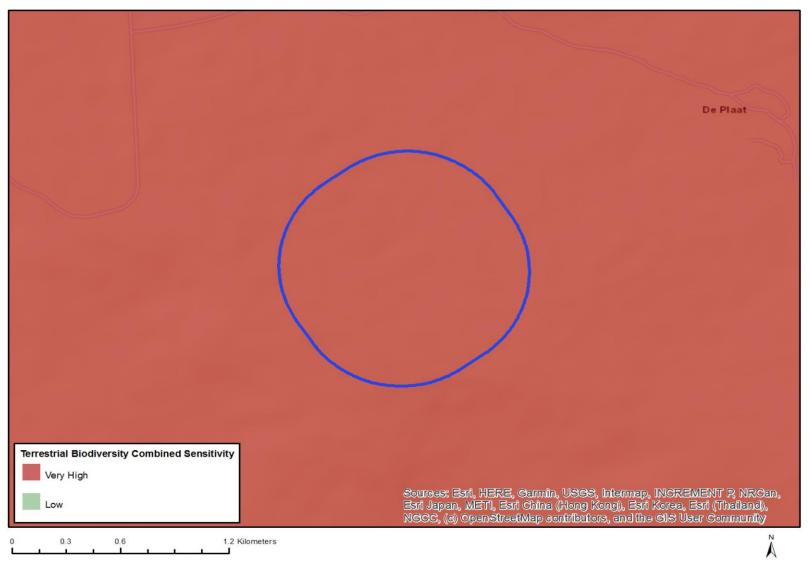


Figure 12: Map of relative terrestrial biodiversity theme sensitivity

#### 7.3 Sub-section 3: Declaration

The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will abide and comply with the prescribed impact management outcomes and impact management actions as stipulated in part B: section 1 of the generic EMPr and have the understanding that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding. The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will provide written notice to the CA 14 day prior to the date on which the activity will commence of commencement of construction to facilitate compliance inspections.

Signature Proponent/applicant/ holder of EA	Date:

<u>This declaration will be signed by the proponent/applicant/holder of the EA once the contractor is appointed and has provided inputs to this Generic EMPr as per the requirements of this template.</u>

<u>The contractor would be required to develop the following plans in accordance with the specialist recommendation contained in Section C of this EMPr:</u>

- » <u>Invasive Alien Plant Management Plan</u>
- » Stormwater Management Plan
- » Rehabilitation Management Plan
- » Pest control plan
- » Fire management plan
- » A site plan (layout plan)
- » Action plans for management and response to events of sewage spills, leaks and hazardous chemical spills to the surrounding environment.

#### 7.4 Sub-section 4: amendments to site specific information (Part B; section 2)

Should the EA be transferred to a new holder, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new holder and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of Regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted for an amendment to an environmental authorisation will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

#### 8 SITE SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

If any specific environmental sensitivities/attributes are present on the site which require more specific impact management outcomes and actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr template, to manage impacts, those impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific management controls must be referenced spatially, and must include impact management outcomes and impact management actions. The management controls including impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the preapproved generic EMPr template. This applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary.

If <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the development as authorised in the EA, it is required to be submitted to the CA together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP and the name and expertise of the EAP, including the curriculum vitae are to be included. Once approved, <u>Part C</u> forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.

This section will **not be required** should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes.

#### **CONSTRUCTION PHASE OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS**

## Ecological

Impact management outcome: CONSTRUCTION: Minimise loss of vegetation with the clearance of the development footprint

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Pre-construction walk-through of the final layout and corridor in order to locate species of conservation concern that can be translocated.	dEO, specialist	Visual inspection of the layout and corridor with walk-through report produced	Prior to construction	cEO, ECO	Once, prior to commenceme nt of construction	Walk-through report produced and kept on file during construction
Vegetation clearing to commence only after walk-through has been conducted and necessary permits obtained.	Contractor	Submit and obtain necessary permits prior to clearance and keep on file	Prior to construction	cEO, ECO	Once, prior to commenceme nt of construction	Necessary permits obtained prior to clearance and keep on file during construction
Environmental Officer (EO) to provide supervision and oversight of vegetation clearing activities within sensitive areas such as in/near the drainage lines.	CEO	Visual inspection of the vegetation clearing within sensitive areas	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of degradation of sensitive areas caused by clearing conducted within sensitive areas, as observed during audits
Pre-construction environmental induction for all construction staff on site to ensure that basic	CEO	Requirement for induction of all staff prior to entry, as well as the	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Induction roster of all staff completed, maintained and

Impact Manager	nent Actions		Implementation			Monitoring		
			Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
			person		implementation	person		
environmental	principles	are		development and application of				available on site,
adhered to.				an induction programme				induction programme
								material observed and
								on file on site during
								audits

Impact management outcome: CONSTRUCTION: Minimise loss of surrounding natural habitat including CBAs and NPAES areas

Impact Management Actions	Implementation				Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe fo	or	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	n	person		
Pre-construction environmental induction and awareness training for all construction staff on site to ensure that basic environmental principles are adhered to. This includes awareness of no littering, appropriate handling of pollution and chemical spills, avoiding fire hazards, remaining within demarcated construction areas etc.	CEO	Requirement for induction of all staff prior to entry, as well as the development and application of an induction programme	Duration construction phase	of	ECO	Monthly	Induction roster of all staff completed, maintained and available on site, induction programme material observed and on file on site during audits
All construction activity and roads to be within the clearly defined and demarcated areas.	CEO	Visual inspection of the construction clearing activities and if they remain within defined and demarcated areas	Duration construction phase	of	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of clearing conducted outside of defined or demarcated areas as observed during audits
Temporary laydown areas should be located within areas that have been	Contractor, cEO	Identification of low sensitivity areas, along with planning and	Prior to construction	to	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of laydown areas within

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
	person		implementation	person			
identified as being of moderate		implementation of laydown	commencing			sensitive areas other	
ecological sensitivity. These areas		areas only within these regions	and for the			than low ecological	
should be rehabilitated after use.			duration of			sensitivity as observed	
			construction			during audits	
			phase				
Appropriate dust control measures	Contractor	Identification of suitable dust	For the duration	ECO	Monthly	Dust control measures	
to be implemented.		control measures, and	of construction			evident or observed	
		implementation of these	phase			during audit	
		measures					
Suitable sanitary facilities to be	Contractor	Sufficient supply of temporary,	Prior to	ECO	Monthly	Sufficient number of	
provided for construction staff.		portable sanitary facilities	construction			sanitary facilities, placed	
		(portable toilets) provided and	commencing			at appropriate locations	
		placed at strategic location on	and for the			observed during audit,	
		site, with consideration of the	duration of			with no complaints	
		number of construction staff	construction phase			received towards	
		likely to be present on site	priase			insufficient number or	
						evidence of ablutions	
						outside of provided	
						sanitary facilities	
Access roads and crossings (if	DPM,	Designs of roads to include the	Prior to the	ECO	Once prior to	Evidence of run-off	
applicable) should have run-off	contractor	requirement for run-off control	commencemen		the commence	control measures in	
control features which redirect water		features, and construction of the	t of		of construction	designs observed in the	
flow and dissipate any energy in the		roads to be in accordance with	construction, and for the		to observe run-	site file, and visual	
water which may pose an erosion		approved designs	duration of		off measures in	evidence of run-off	
risk.			construction		designs, and	control measures	
			CONSTRUCTION		monthly during	constructed for the	
					the	access roads on site.	
					construction		
					phase (for		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
					implementation	
					)	
Prior to construction activity an	dEO, specialist	Visual inspection of the layout	Prior to	cEO, ECO	Once, prior to	Walk-through report
ecological walk-through survey must		and corridor with walk-through	construction		commenceme	produced and kept on
be undertaken to tag/mark flora		report produced			nt of	file during construction
species to be relocated.					construction	
Appropriate permits must be						
obtained prior to relocation of the						
identified species.						
Staff should be educated about the	cEO	Requirement for induction of all	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Induction roster of all
sensitivity of faunal species and		staff prior to entry, as well as the	construction			staff completed,
measures should be put in place to		development and application of	phase			maintained and
deal with any species that are		an induction programme.				available on site,
encountered during the		Prohibit harming animals on site.				induction programme
construction process. The intentional						material observed and
killing of any animals including						on file on site during
snakes, lizards, birds or other animals						audits. No incidents of
should be strictly prohibited.						animals being harmed
						determined on site.
Appropriate measures must be	Contractor,	Restrict construction activities	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of
implemented to prevent excessive	cEO	near drainage lines to daylight	construction			construction activities
noise and vibration. No construction		hours to avoid amphibian	phase			near drainage lines after
is to occur at night to avoid		disturbance				hours
disturbance to amphibians.						
Effective and sustainable stormwater	DPM,	Designs of roads to include the	Prior to the	ECO	Once prior to	Evidence of stormwater
designs must be incorporated into	contractor	requirement for run-off control	commencemen		the commence	control measures in
the road design – as appropriate - to		features, and construction of the	t of		of construction	designs observed in the
prevent excessive runoff into the		roads to be in accordance with	construction,		to observe	site file, and visual
surrounding natural environment		approved designs	and for the		stormwater	evidence of run-off
and thereby, causing erosion.					measures in	control measures

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
			duration of		designs, and	constructed for the
			construction		monthly during	access roads on site.
					the	
					construction	
					phase (for	
					implementation	
					)	
A fire management plan must be in		Compile and implement a fire	Prior to the	ECO	Once prior to	Fire management plan
place for the areas surrounding the	cEO, specialist	management plan	commencemen		the commence	in the site file, and visual
project area to restrict the impact			t of		of construction	evidence of the
from fire on the natural flora and			construction,		to observe plan,	implementation thereof
fauna communities. A fire expert			and for the duration of		and monthly	(as per the requirements
should be consulted for suitable			construction		during the	of the plan) observed on
guidelines for the area and project			CONSTRUCTION		construction	site
requirements.					phase (for	
					implementation	
It should be made an offence for	cEO,	Prohibit plants or animals to be	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	No records of plant or
any staff to bring or plant any plant	Contractor	brought onto site by staff unless	construction		Wichinity	animals having been
species into any portion of the	Cormación	specifically required as per the	phase			introduced to the site by
project area, unless undertaken in		rehabilitation plan.	P.1.6.66			staff unless required as
line with the required/approved		Torradillation plan.				per the rehabilitation
rehabilitation. No plant species						plan.
whether indigenous (unless						p. 6
undertaken in line with the						
required/approved rehabilitation) or						
exotic should be brought into the						
project area, to prevent the spread						
of exotic or invasive species.						

Impact Management Actions	t Management Actions Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible Frequency		Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
An extensive alien plant management plan must be compiled to remove the alien vegetation from within the project footprint. The use of herbicides needs to be monitored and only be used by a qualified person.	cEO, specialist	Invasive Alien Plant species plant developed for the construction phase of the project, detailing monitoring required, control methods and frequency.	Prior to commencemen t of construction (for plan development), and for the duration of the construction and operation phases (for implementation of plan)	ECO	Once prior to construction and monthly for the duration of construction and operation	IAP management plan observed in the site file, along with monitoring records and control efforts evidence during the audit. Further evidence includes negligible or low levels of encroachment as observed and determined by the ECO.
Areas of indigenous vegetation, even secondary communities, should under no circumstances be fragmented or disturbed further or used as an area for dumping of waste.	cEO	Visual inspection of the construction clearing activities and if they remain within defined and demarcated areas	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of clearing conducted outside of defined or demarcated areas as observed during audits
A site plan of the area must be made available onsite for all contractors and personnel indicating parking & storage areas, site offices and placement of ablution facilities	cEO	Develop site plan and make the plan available in hard copy on site	Prior to commencemen t of construction (for plan development), and for the duration of the construction and operation phases (for implementation of plan)	ECO	Monthly	Plan evident on site in hard copy format during inspections

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
	person		implementation	person				
The Contractor should inform all site	Contractor,	Ensure adequate ablution	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Sufficient supply of		
staff to the use of supplied ablution	cEO	supplied on site and placed	construction			ablution facilities well		
facilities and under no		strategically throughout	phase			placed throughout the		
circumstances shall indiscriminate	1	construction for staff use, as per				construction site, as		
excretion and urinating be allowed	1	the requirements of health and				determined by the ECO		
other than in supplied facilities.		safety legislation						
Toilets must be provided as per the	1							
relevant Health & Safety legislation.								
The Contractor should supply	Contractor,	Ensure adequate domestic	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Sufficient supply of		
sealable and properly marked	cEO	waste collection bins available	construction			domestic waste facilities		
domestic waste collection bins and		and placed strategically	phase			well placed throughout		
all solid waste collected shall be	1	throughout construction for staff				the construction site, as		
disposed of at a licensed recycling	1	use. Dispose of all solid waste at				determined by the ECO		
or disposal facility.		an appropriately licenced						
		facility.						
Where a registered disposal facility is	Contractor,	Prohibit waste burning on site	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of disposal at		
not available close to the site, the	cEO	and dispose of all domestic	construction			a registered facility		
Contractor shall provide a method		waste in accordance with an	phase			(slips) or an approved		
statement with regard to waste		approved method statement or				method statement		
management. Under no		at an appropriately licenced				being implemented		
circumstances may domestic waste		site.				during site visits		
be burned on site. Temporary	1							
storage of domestic waste shall be in								
covered waste skips.								
Any topsoil that is removed during	Contractor,	Store topsoil as per national and	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of appropriate		
construction must be appropriately	cEO	provincial guidelines.	construction			topsoil storage on site as		
removed and stored according to	1		phase			per the national and		
the national and provincial	1					provincial guidelines.		
guidelines. This includes on-going	1							
maintenance of such topsoil piles so	1							

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
that they can be utilised during						
decommissioning phases and re-						
vegetation.						
All livestock must always be kept out	Contractor,	Demarcate regions that must be	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Areas for rehabilitation
of the project area during	cEO	rehabilitated and fence off using	construction			appropriately
construction and rehabilitation,		temporary fencing to ensure no	phase			demarcated and
especially areas that have been		livestock hamper rehabilitation				fenced off during
recently re-planted		efforts				rehabilitation efforts
Dust-reducing mitigation measures	Contractor,	Apply recognised dust control	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Dust control measures
must be put in place and must be	cEO	measures during construction,	construction			implemented in regions
strictly adhered to, for all roads and		where excessive dust is likely to	phase			where excessive dust is
dumps especially. This includes		occur				likely to occur, as
wetting of exposed soft soil surfaces						determined by ECO
and not conducting activities on						
windy days which will increase the						
likelihood of dust being generated.						
Stockpiles must be protected from	Contractor,	Employ recognised measures to	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Erosion control measures
erosion, stored on flat areas where	cEO	minimise stockpile erosion	construction			implemented where
run-off will be minimised and be		(coverings, revegetation, etc).	phase			evidence of stockpile
surrounded by bunds, if necessary to						erosion is evident
prevent loss of soil material through						
erosion						
Have action plans on site, and	Contractor,	Draft actions plans or method	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Action plans or method
training for contactors and	cEO, specialist	statements for implementation	construction			statement evident and
employees in the event of sewage		of sewage spills, leaks and	phase			induction material
spills, leaks and hazardous chemical		hazardous chemical spills to the				includes these plans.
spills to the surrounding environment.		environment. Ensure all staff				Records kept of
A specialist Contractor shall be used		made aware of the content of				inductions
for the bio-remediation of		these plans during induction.				
contaminated soil where the						

Impact Management Actions	Implementation A			Monitoring		
	Responsible	esponsible Method of implementation Timeframe for R			Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
required remediation material and						
expertise is not available on site.						

Impact management outcome: CONSTRUCTION: Reduce direct mortality or disturbance of fauna

Impact Management Actions	Implementation				Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe	for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementati	on	person		
All personnel should undergo	cEO	Requirement for induction of all	Duration	of	ECO	Monthly	Induction roster of all staff
environmental induction with		staff prior to entry, as well as the	construction				completed, maintained
regards to fauna and awareness		development and application of	phase				and available on site,
about not harming or collecting		an induction programme					induction programme
species, especially tortoises and							material observed and on
snakes.							file on site during audits
Prior to commencing work each	Contractor,	Visual inspection of work area	Duration	of	ECO	Monthly	Note evidence of fauna
day, two individuals should traverse	cEO	daily prior to commencement of	construction				requiring relocation or
the working area in order to disturb		work with any notes taken of	phase				negligible (very
(flush out) any fauna so they have a		fauna requiring relocation or					infrequent) evidence of
chance to vacate.		further action					any harmed fauna due to
							construction activities, as
							determined by ECO
Any fauna threatened by the	Contractor,	Physical relocation of threatened	Duration	of	ECO	Monthly	Written evidence of fauna
construction activities should be	cEO, ECO,	fauna prior to construction	construction				requiring relocation
removed safely by an appropriately	specialist	activities in the vicinity of the	phase				observed on site and
qualified environmental officer or		fauna, along with written record					negligible (very
removal specialist.		of actions taken (including					infrequent) evidence of
		persons involved, date and time,					any harmed fauna due to
		end result and status of fauna					construction activities, as
		after release)					determined by ECO

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
All construction vehicles should	Contractor,	Install speed signature	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Minimal instances of
adhere to a speed limit of maximum	cEO	throughout site, include speed	construction			speeding as observed on
40 km/h to avoid collisions.		limit into induction and ensure all	phase			site during audits and as
		staff entering site is aware of the				evidenced in the written
		requirement to implement speed				log of warnings and fines
		limits. Institute verbal and written				issued for contraventions
		warnings for violations and				
		appropriate fines for repeat				
		contraventions. Written log of				
		fines and warning issued kept on				
		site				
All hazardous materials should be	Contractor	Suitable bunding and	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Effective bunding and
stored in the appropriate manner to		containment, demarcation and	construction			containment of
prevent contamination of the site.		access control measures	phase			hazardous materials as
Any accidental chemical, fuel and		implemented for hazardous				evidenced on site, along
oil spills that occur at the site should		materials at on site stores. Spill				with suitable access
be cleaned up in the appropriate		prevention plan developed and				control and demarcation
manner.		spill kits made available, as well as				provided at hazardous
		all staff inducted with spill				materials stores. Written
		response procedure and a log of				log of spills and clean up
		inductions kept on file. Written				actions implemented
		record of spills and clean up				observed and kept on file
		actions kept on site				at site.
If holes or trenches need to be dug	Contractor,	Trenches or holes required for	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	No unused trenches or
for pylons or electrical cabling, these	cEO, specialist	construction closed up	construction			holes observed on site
should not be left open for extended		immediately once they are no	phase			during audit, and the
periods of time as fauna may fall in		longer in use. Period inspections				written log kept and
and become trapped in them. Holes		to ensure no trapped fauna is				observed on site
should only be dug when they are		observed and if so to be rescued				containing all instances of
required and should be used and		by specialist (if required) or				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
	person		implementation	person			
filled shortly thereafter. Alternately,		construction staff. Written log of				trapped and relocated	
open excavations must be		trapped fauna and relocation				fauna.	
monitored daily to release any fauna		efforts kept on file					
that become trapped.							

## Avifaunal

Impact management outcome: CONSTRUCTION: Minimise habitat loss and degradation

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
Construction activity to only be	cEO	Visual inspection of the	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of clearing
within the project footprint and the		vegetation clearing to ensure	construction			conducted outside of
area is to be well demarcated.		these remain within demarcated	phase			demarcated areas as
		areas				observed during site audit
Areas where vegetation has been	Contractor,	Indigenous plant species seedling	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of revegetation
cleared must be re-vegetated within	cEO, specialist	or seed obtained and	construction			observed, where
local indigenous plant species.		planted/seeded as per the	phase			required, on site during
		specialist instructions within				audits.
		cleared regions that are to be				
		rehabilitated				
The affected area must be	Contractor,	Visual inspection of working areas	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of invasive
monitored for invasive plant	cEO	to determine if erosion has	construction			species control actions or
encroachment and erosion and		occurred or is likely to occur.	phase			negligible invasive species
must be controlled.		Visual inspection of construction				encroachment observed
		areas for signs of invasive plant				on site.
		encroachment and where				

Impact Management Actions Implementation				Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
	person		implementation	person			
		evident, control actions of these					
		invasive plants					
Unnecessary damage to important habitats such as drainage lines and cliffs must not occur. Appropriate crossings must be constructed where the access road traverses drainage lines.	cEO	Visual inspection of the vegetation clearing to ensure these remain within demarcated areas	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of clearing conducted outside of demarcated areas as observed during site audit, where such clearing has caused unnecessary	
						damage to these important habitats	
The use of laydown areas within the footprint of the development should be used where feasible, to avoid habitat loss and disturbance to adjoining areas.	Contractor, cEO	Identification of suitable areas, along with planning and implementation of laydown areas only within these regions	Prior to construction commencing and for the duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of laydown areas within sensitive areas other than low ecological sensitivity as observed during audits	
Prior to construction activity a walk- through survey must be undertaken to tag/mark flora species to be relocated.	Contractor, cEO, specialist	Visual inspection of the construction area prior to commencement of construction by the specialist, with a report produced and communicated to the contractor with regards to where the diverters must be placed and areas to be avoided	Once prior to construction commencing, and for the duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Specialist walk-through report produced and observed on file on site indicating resources observed (if any) as well as communications made to the contractor and corrective actions taken, if any.	
The design of the proposed power line must be of a type or similar structure as endorsed by the Eskom-EWT Strategic Partnership on Birds	DPM, contractor	Designs of facility to include consideration of the guidelines recommended by Birdlife South Africa and the Eskom-EWT	Prior to the commenceme nt of construction,	ECO	Once prior to the commence of construction to observe	Designs have adequately considered the best practice guidelines towards minimising	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
	person		implementation	person				
and Energy, considering the		Strategic Partnership on Birds and	and for the		designs, and	avifaunal impact, as		
mitigation guidelines recommended		Energy	duration of		monthly during	observed by the ECO		
by Birdlife South Africa.			construction		the			
					construction			
					phase (for			
					implementation			
					)			
A pest control plan must be put in	Contractor,	Development and implement a	Prior to	ECO	Monthly	Pest control plan evident		
place and implemented. It is	cEO	pest control plan, which does not	construction			in site file and		
imperative that poisons not be used.		employ poisons, for	commencing			implementation thereof		
		implementation during the	and for the			observed on site		
		construction phase	duration of					
			construction					
			phase					
Construction activities and vehicles	Contractor,	Written logs of maintenance to	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Written logs of		
could cause spillages of lubricants,	cEO	be kept on file and Construction	construction		,	maintenance to be kept		
fuels and waste material potentially		vehicles and equipment must be	phase			on file and Construction		
negatively affecting the functioning		inspected daily for signs of				vehicles and equipment		
of the ecosystem. All vehicles and		leakages. Repair/ maintenance				must be inspected daily		
equipment must be maintained, and		of vehicles and equipment to				for signs of leakages, as		
all re-fuelling and servicing of		take place within a demarcated				observed during audits		
equipment is to take place in		area. Repairs may only take						
demarcated areas outside of the		place within the project area in						
project area.		emergencies, or if the vehicle/						
		equipment to be repaired						
		cannot be removed to the						
		demarcated maintenance area						
		for practical reasons. In such						
		instances appropriate						
		impermeable ground covering or						

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
	person		implementation	person			
		drip trays must be used to prevent contamination					
Where possible, work should be	Contractor,	Plan and implement construction	Prior to	ECO	Once-off	Evidence of work	
restricted to one area at a time. This	cEO	work in a systematic manner	construction			scheduling observed on	
will give the birds a chance to			commencing			site	
vacate the area. Alternately, prior to			and for the				
commencing work each day, two			duration of				
individuals should traverse the			construction				
working area in order to disturb (flush			phase				
out) any fauna so they have a							
chance to vacate.							

Impact management outcome: CONSTRUCTION: Limit direct avifaunal mortality

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	mplementation /			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
	person		implementation	person			
All personnel should undergo	cEO	Requirement for induction of all	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Induction roster of all staff	
environmental induction and		staff prior to entry, as well as the	construction			completed, maintained	
awareness training with regards to		development and application of	phase			and available on site,	
avifauna and in particular		an induction programme and an				induction & awareness	
awareness about not harming,		environmental awareness				programme material	
collecting or hunting terrestrial		training programme				observed and on file on	
species (e.g. bustards, korhaans,						site during audits	
francolin), and owls, which are often							
persecuted out of superstition.							

Impact Management Actions	Implementation				Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe	for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementat	ion	person		
All construction vehicles should	cEO	Visual inspection of the	Duration	of	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of vehicle
adhere to clearly defined and		construction activities and if they	construction				outside of outside of
demarcated roads. No off-road		remain within defined and	phase				defined or demarcated
driving to be allowed outside of the		demarcated areas					areas as observed during
construction area.							audits
All vehicles (construction or other)	Contractor,	Install speed signature	Duration	of	ECO	Monthly	Minimal instances of
accessing the site should adhere to	cEO	throughout site, include speed	construction				speeding as observed on
a low speed limit on site (40 km/h		limit into induction and ensure all	phase				site during audits and as
max) to avoid collisions with		staff entering site is aware of the					evidenced in the written
susceptible avifauna, such as		requirement to implement speed					log of warnings and fines
nocturnal and crepuscular species		limits. Institute verbal and written					issued for contraventions
(e.g. nightjars and owls) which		warnings for violations and					
sometimes forage or rest on roads,		appropriate fines for repeat					
especially at night.		contraventions. Written log of					
		fines and warning issued kept on					
		site					
The power line should be marked	Contractor	Bird flight diverters installed as per	Duration	of	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of bird flight
with bird diverters along all high-		the avifaunal pre-construction	construction				diverters installed as per
priority sections in order to make the		walk through report results	phase				the pre-construction
lines as visible as possible to collision-							walkthrough
susceptible species. Recommended							requirements, where
bird diverters such as brightly							these were determined
coloured 'aviation' balls, thickened							necessary
wire spirals and flapping devices that							
increase the visibility of the lines							
should be fitted where considered							
necessary (collision hot-spots). These							
should be identified during the							
preconstruction walk-through.							

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	mplementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
	person		implementation	person			
Bird Strike Indicators may be installed	Contractor	Install of bird strike indicators on	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of bird strike	
to assist in monitoring collisions,		power line as required by pre-	construction			indicators installed and	
however this is an optional measure		construction avifaunal	and operation			maintained during	
and is not a requirement.		walkthrough	phase			construction and	
						operation	

## Soils

Impact management outcome: CONSTRUCTION: Conservation of soil resources

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
In cases of erosion, erosion berms	Contractor,	Visual inspection of working areas	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Negligible evidence of
must be implemented to minimise	cEO	to determine if erosion has	construction phase			erosion observed on site,
any further erosion;		occurred or is likely to occur.				or where evident that
						measures for control have
						been implemented.
Compacted areas are to be ripped	Contractor	Ripping, where required, of	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of ripped soil
to loosen the soil structure.		compacted soils due to the	construction			where compaction was
		construction activities	phase			evident, or evidence of no
						ripping required as no
						compacted soils are
						prevalent.
Existing roads should be used as	Contractor,	Induct staff to be aware that off-	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Negligible evidence of
much as possible during construction	cEO	road driving is not permitted	construction			erosion observed on site,
		unless unavoidable for	phase			or where evident that
		construction work				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
						measures for control have
						been implemented.
All laydown yards must be	Contractor,	Identification of these areas	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Laydown areas placed
constructed within the Glenrosa,	cEO	suitable for laydown prior to	construction			within demarcated areas
Mispah or Bare Rock areas due to		construction commencing, and	phase			suitable for laydown
the fact that this soil form is		visual inspection of the				based on the soil type,
characterised by a lower land		construction laydown areas and				and no evidence of
capability and land potential than		specific instruction to contractors				laydown areas outside of
the other soil forms;		to remain within defined and				these areas as observed
		demarcated areas				on site
A stormwater management plan	Contractor,	Develop and implement a	Prior to	ECO	Monthly	Stormwater plan evident
must be compiled for the proposed	cEO	stormwater management plan	construction			within the onsite
switching station, focussing on		for the facility, which specifically	commencing,			environmental file prior to
stormwater and considering erosion		includes consideration	and for the			construction
that might be caused as a result			duration of			commencing, and
thereof;			construction			evidence of stormwater
			and operation			measures implanted as
			phase			observed on site during
						audit
Prevent any spills from occurring.	Contractor,	Implement drip trays under	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Spills kits observed and
Machines must be parked within	cEO	stationary vehicles (overnight)	construction			implemented on site for
hard park areas or dedicated		and a maintenance schedule for	phase			overnight stationary
storage areas and must be checked		all vehicles on site. Written logs of				vehicles, as well as written
daily for fluid leaks.		maintenance to be kept on file				log observed of
		and daily inspections for signs of				maintenance on vehicles.
		leakages				

# Heritage (Archaeology & Palaeontology)

Impact management outcome: CONSTRUCTION: Limit impacts to archaeological, built environment and palaeontological heritage resources

Impact Management Actions	Implementation		Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
A stone packed feature was	Contractor,	Fence the stone packed features	Prior to	ECO	Once prior to	Fencing around the stone
identified along the Soetwater OHL	cEO	prior to construction activities	construction		the commence	packed feature evident in
corridor during the walkdown for		along the north-south length of	commencing		of construction	accordance with the
that project, and in response SAHRA		the powerline.				heritage impact
issued certain recommendations for						assessment requirements
the Soetwater OHL project (SAHRA						
Case ID: 15452 dated 23 September						
2020). Given that the Great Karoo						
OHL corridor runs parallel to the						
Soetwater OHL, the						
recommendations made by SAHRA						
in respect of the stone-packed						
feature should be noted and						
applied as relevant to the						
construction of the Great Karoo OHL:						
The stone packed feature (possible						
grave) should be fenced with an						
entry gate and clearly demarcated						
prior to the construction activities						
along the north-south length of the						
powerline.						
SAHRA's previous recommendations	Contractor,	Fence the stone packed features	Prior to	ECO	Monthly	Fencing around the stone
(26 May 2014) stipulate that the	cEO	prior to construction activities	construction			packed feature evident in
fence be placed 5 meters away		along the north-south length of	commencing,			accordance with the
from the perimeter of the graves and		the powerline. Place the fence	and for the duration of the			heritage impact
that no development is allowed		5m from the stone packed	construction			assessment requirements
within 30 meters of the fence line		feature, and restrict all	phase			(5m from feature) and no

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
	person		implementation	person			
surrounding the graves. This must be		construction activities or project				infrastructure or	
implemented for the entirety of the		infrastructure within 30m of the				construction activities	
construction phase.		fence				within 30m of the fence, as observed on site	
General fencing materials may be						as observed on site	
used, mesh fencing approximately							
1.2 m in height, and treated wooden							
droppers as the corner posts,							
approximately 5 cm in width, or							
similar alternative materials.							
The environmental control officers	Contractor,	ECO to obtain advice on the	Prior to	ECO	Monthly	Fencing around the stone	
(ECOs) must liaise with the	cEO, ECO	fencing material to be employed	construction			packed feature evident in	
archaeologist regarding the fencing		and fencing type to be informed	commencing, and for the			accordance with the	
materials being used for the erection		by the advice	duration of the			heritage impact	
of the fence, the planned area for			construction			assessment requirements	
the establishment of the fence,			phase				
during the erection and completion							
of the fence, as well as during the							
construction of pylons in the vicinity							
of the fenced-in feature.							
At this point it is not necessary for the							
archaeologist to be on-site during							
the construction of the fence and							
pylon if the ECO keeps in contact							
with the archaeologist, as in							
recommendation 3.							
No material may be deposited on	Contractor,	Fence the stone packed features	Prior to	ECO	Monthly	Fencing around the stone	
the stone feature during the	cEO	prior to construction activities	construction commencing,			packed feature evident in	
		along the north-south length of	and for the			accordance with the	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation		Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
construction i.e. material from		the powerline. Place the fence	duration of the construction			heritage impact
excavation for pylon foundation.		5m from the stone packed	phase			assessment requirements
		feature, and restrict all	priase			(5m from feature) and no
		construction activities or project				infrastructure or
		infrastructure within 30m of the				construction activities
		fence				within 30m of the fence,
						as observed on site
Care must be taken during the lifting	Contractor,	Fence the stone packed features	Prior to	ECO	Monthly	Fencing around the stone
of the pylon and stringing of the line	cEO	prior to construction activities	construction			packed feature evident in
in the vicinity of the stone feature.		along the north-south length of	ne north-south length of commencing, and for the			accordance with the
		the powerline. Place the fence	duration of the			heritage impact
		5m from the stone packed	construction			assessment requirements
		feature, and restrict all	phase			(5m from feature) and no
		construction activities or project				infrastructure or
		infrastructure within 30m of the				construction activities
		fence				within 30m of the fence,
						as observed on site
A monitoring report must be	Contractor,	Take pictures of the fencing, the	Prior to	ECO	Monthly	Fencing around the stone
submitted to the SAHRIS Case	cEO, specialists	stone feature and the	construction			packed feature evident in
Application once the construction	(if required)	surrounding area as proof of	commencing, and for the			accordance with the
phase of the pylon in question has		preservation of the stone feature.	duration of the			heritage impact
been concluded. This monitoring		Compile a monitoring report and	construction			assessment requirements,
report must include before and after		submit to SAHRIS case once	phase, and			photograph record and
photographs of the feature, the		construction has been	following			monitoring report
fence and the surrounding area.		completed.	completion of construction			produced following
			works within the			construction completed
			vicinity of the			in the vicinity of the stone
			stone feature			feature
An archaeological walk-down of the	Contractor,	Visual inspection of the	Once prior to	ECO	Monthly	Specialist walk-through
proposed OHL and switching station	cEO, specialist	construction area prior to	construction commencing,			report produced and

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
area is required prior to construction.		commencement of construction	and for the			observed on file on site
This must be conducted by a		by the specialist, with a heritage	duration of			indicating resources
qualified archaeologist to ensure		report produced and	construction phase			observed (if any) as well
that no heritage resources are to be		communicated to the SAHRA	priase			as communications made
impacted by the development. If		case officer in the event of a				to the authorities and
heritage resources are identified at		heritage resource being				corrective actions taken,
or near any proposed infrastructure,		identified within the construction				if any.
an assessment of the significance of		footprint				
the heritage resources and the						
impact to the identified heritage						
resource must be completed. A						
report detailing the results of the						
survey must be submitted to SAHRA						
before construction commences.						
This walkthrough does not affect the						
layout, but is rather intended to						
inform whether any additional						
mitigation measures (e.g. sampling)						
may be required before construction						
commences.						
Construction managers/foremen	cEO	Requirement for induction of all	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Induction roster of all staff
should be informed before		staff prior to entry, as well as the	construction			completed, maintained
construction starts on the possible		development and application of	phase			and available on site,
types of heritage sites and cultural		an induction programme which				induction programme
material they may encounter and		specifically included the				material observed and on
the procedures to follow when they		potential heritage features that				file on site during audits,
find sites.		may be encountered, as well as				which must specifically
		the procedure/protocol for finds				include the potential
						heritage features that
						may be encountered, as

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
	person		implementation	person			
						well as the	
						procedure/protocol for	
						finds	
If concentrations of archaeological	Contractor,	If concentrations of	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of	
heritage material and human	cEO, specialist	archaeological heritage material	construction		,	communication with	
remains are uncovered during	(if required)	and human remains are	phase			SAHRA where	
construction, all work must cease	, , ,	uncovered during construction,				archaeological heritage	
immediately in the vicinity of the		all work must cease immediately				material and human	
finds and be reported to the		and be reported to SAHRA				remains are uncovered.	
Albany Museum (046 622 2312)							
and/or the South African Heritage							
Resources Agency (SAHRA) (021 642							
4502) so that systematic and							
professional investigation/							
excavation can be							
undertaken							
Construction managers/foremen	cEO	Requirement for induction of all	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Induction roster of all staff	
should be informed before		staff prior to entry, as well as the	construction			completed, maintained	
construction starts on the possible		development and application of	phase			and available on site,	
types of palaeontological material		an induction programme which				induction programme	
they may encounter and the		specifically included the				material observed and on	
procedures to follow when they		potential palaeontological				file on site during audits,	
find sites.		material that may be encountered, as well as the				which must specifically include the potential	
		· ·				· ·	
		procedure/protocol for finds				palaeontological material that may be	
						encountered, as well as	
						enconnered, as well as	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation		Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
						the procedure/protocol
						for finds
A map of the identified	cEO, specialist	Specialist to produce the	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of the map
palaeontological resources relative		required map and communicate	construction			produced and
to the layout of the proposed		to the SAHRA case officer prior to	phase			communicated to SAHRA
development must be emailed to		commencement of construction.				prior to construction
the SAHRA case officer and the EO		Frequent, visual inspection of the				observed in the site file
must monitor all excavations		construction excavations for signs				and reports or records of
associated with the OHL and		of palaeontological resources.				palaeontological
switching station						resources (if any found)
						kept on file, along with
						any corrective action
						taken.
If concentrations of	Contractor,	If concentrations of	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of
palaeontological material are	cEO, specialist	palaeontological material are	construction			communication with
uncovered during construction, all	(if required)	uncovered during construction,	phase			SAHRA where
work must cease immediately and		all work must cease immediately				palaeontological material
be reported to the Albany Museum		and be reported to the Albany				was uncovered.
(046 622 2312) and/or the South		Museum				
African Heritage Resources Agency						
(SAHRA) (021 642 4502) so that						
systematic and professional						
investigation/ excavation can be						
undertaken.			5 11	500		
A Palaeontological Chance Finds	Contractor,	Develop and implement a	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Chance find procedure
Procedure must be implemented for	cEO, specialist	chance find procedure for the	construction			developed and
all excavation activities.	(if required)	duration of excavation activities	phase			implemented for the
						duration of the
						construction phase.

#### **OPERATION PHASE OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS**

## Ecological

Impact management outcome: OPERATION: Reduce habitat degradation

Impact Management Actions	Implementation		Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
A rehabilitation plan must be written for the development area and ensured that it be adhered to.	DPM, specialist	Specialist to produce rehabilitation plan for implementation at areas which require rehabilitation	Prior to the commenceme nt of operation, and for the duration of operation thereafter	ECO	Once prior to the commence of operation and monthly for the duration of operation thereafter	Rehabilitation plan evidenced within the site file and rehabilitation efforts observed in accordance with the rehabilitation plan, where required during operation
Access roads and crossings (if applicable) should have run-off control features which redirect water flow and dissipate any energy in the water which may pose an erosion risk.	DPM, contractor	Designs of roads to include the requirement for run-off control features, and construction of the roads to be in accordance with approved designs	Prior to the commenceme nt of construction, and for the duration of construction	ECO	Once prior to the commence of construction to observe runoff measures in designs, and monthly during the construction phase (for implementation)	Evidence of run-off control measures in designs observed in the site file, and visual evidence of run-off control measures constructed for the access roads on site.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
	person		implementation	person			
All erosion observed should be rectified as soon as possible, using the appropriate erosion control structures and revegetation techniques.  There should be follow-up rehabilitation and re-vegetation of any remaining denuded areas with local indigenous perennial shrubs	Contractor, cEO  Contractor, cEO, specialist	Visual inspection of infrastructure to determine if erosion has occurred or is likely to occur.  Indigenous plant species seedling or seed obtained and planted/seeded as per the specialist instructions within	Duration of operation phase  Duration of operation phase		Monthly	Negligible erosion observed on site, or where observed clear evidence of control measures put in place  Evidence of revegetation observed, where required, on site during audits.	
and succulents from the area.		denuded areas that require follow up rehabilitation					
An IAP management plan must be written and implemented for the development during operation.	dEO, specialist	Invasive Alien Plant species plant developed for the operational phase of the project, detailing monitoring required, control methods and frequency.	Prior to commenceme nt of construction (for plan development), and for the duration of the construction and operation phases (for implementation of plan)	ECO	Once prior to construction and monthly for the duration of construction and operation	IAP management plan observed in the site file, along with monitoring records and control efforts evidence during the audit. Further evidence includes negligible or low levels of encroachment as observed and determined by the ECO.	
Regular monitoring for IAP encroachment during the operation phase to ensure that no alien invasion problems have developed as result of the disturbance. This should be every 6 months during the	Contractor, cEO	Visual inspection of infrastructure for signs of invasive species encroachment and to inform control efforts required. Implementation of control actions against established	Every 3 months during the first two years of the operation phase, and annually	ECO	Monthly	Negligible evidence of invasive alien species observed on site or clear evidence of control actions implemented, in addition to evidence of	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
	person		implementation	person			
first two years of the operation phase		populations identified during	thereafter for			the written IAP	
and annually for the life of the		monitoring.	the life of the			management plan in the	
project.			project			site file.	
			thereafter				
'	Contractor, cEO	Control methods employed to be guided by the IAP management programme and the methods provided for	Duration of operation phase	ECO	Monthly	Control measures implemented in accordance with the IAP management programme development plan, as determined by the ECO	

Impact management outcome: OPERATION: Limit disturbance or persecution of fauna

Impact Management Actions	Implementation				Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe	for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
	person		implementa	lion	person			
Any fauna threatened by the maintenance and operational activities should be allowed to passively vacate the area or be removed to a safe location by an appropriate individual.	ECO, cEO	Physical removal of fauna in accordance with recognised methods or specialist advice to a safe location. Written record of relocations kept on file with detail of how and where fauna moved to	operation phase	of	ECO	Monthly	Written record of relocations observed on site and negligible incidents of fauna being harmed	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
All hazardous materials should be	Contractor	Suitable bunding and	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Effective bunding and
stored in the appropriate manner to		containment, demarcation and	operation			containment of
prevent contamination of the site.		access control measures	phase			hazardous materials as
Any accidental chemical, fuel and		implemented for hazardous				evidenced on site, along
oil spills that occur at the site should		materials at onsite stores. Spill				with suitable access
be cleaned up in the appropriate		prevention plan developed and				control and demarcation
manner.		spill kits made available, as well				provided at hazardous
		as all staff inducted with spill				materials stores. Written
		response procedure and a log of				log of spills and clean up
		inductions kept on file. Written				actions implemented
		record of spills and clean up				observed and kept on file
		actions kept on site				at site.
All vehicles accessing the site should	Contractor,	Install speed signature	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Minimal instances of
adhere to a max 40 km/h max to	cEO	throughout site, include speed	operation			speeding as observed on
avoid collisions.		limit into induction and ensure all	phase			site during audits and as
		staff entering site is aware of the				evidenced in the written
		requirement to implement speed				log of warnings and fines
		limits. Institute verbal and written				issued for contraventions
		warnings for violations and				
		appropriate fines for repeat				
		contraventions. Written log of				
		fines and warning issued kept on				
		site				
If any holes or trenches are to be dug	Contractor,	Trenches or holes required for	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	No unused trenches or
these must not be left open for more	cEO, specialist	construction closed up	operation			holes observed on site
than a few hours and must be filled		immediately once they are no	phase			during audit or daily
at night. Alternately, open		longer in use or daily inspections				inspections for trapped
excavations must be monitored daily		implemented. Written log of				fauna evident, and the
and any entrapped fauna must be		trapped fauna and relocation				written log kept and
freed.		efforts kept on file				observed on site

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	esponsible Method of implementation Timeframe for Responsible		Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
						containing all instances of
						trapped and relocated
						fauna.

# Avifaunal

Impact management outcome: OPERATION: Reduce avifaunal powerline collisions and electrocution

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
Infrastructure should be consolidated where possible in order to minimise the amount of ground and air space used. This would involve using existing/approved pylons and associated infrastructure for different lines.	DMP	Consider optimisation of infrastructure in design so as to minimise ground and air space required	Prior to construction commencing	ECO	Once prior to construction commencing	Designs informed by environmental sensitivies determined for the site and best practice towards reducing the amount of air and ground space required, as determined by ECO and
						observed in the onsite environmental file.
If lights are to be used at night for ensuring that infrastructure on site is lit, this should be done with downward-directed low-UV type lights (such as most HPS or LPS bulbs), which do not attract insects and their avian predators., so as to	Contractor	Install only low-UV types lights where outdoor night lighting is required	Duration of construction and operation phase	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of low-UV type lights installed during site audit

Impact Management Actions	Implementation				Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe	for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementa	tion	person		
minimise disturbance to birds flying							
over the site at night.							
Ensure that monitoring is sufficiently frequent to detect collisions reliably and that any areas where regular collisions occur are fitted with flight diverters.	Specialist, cEO	Avifaunal monitoring conducted as per the latest BirdLife SA guidelines on operational monitoring	Duration operation phase	of	ECO	Monthly	Avifaunal monitoring reports produced as per the frequency determined in the latest BirdLife SA guidelines on operational monitoring
During the first year of operation quarterly reports, summarising interim findings should be complied and submitted to BirdLife South Africa. If the findings indicate that collisions have not occurred or are minimal with no red-listed species, an annual report can be submitted.	Specialist, cEO	Avifaunal monitoring reports submitted to BirdLife South Africa quarterly during the first year, and annually thereafter	Duration operation phase	of	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of avifaunal monitoring reports communicated to BirdLife South Africa quarterly for the first year, as observed in onsite environmental file, and annually thereafter
Ensure that monitoring is sufficiently frequent to detect electrocutions reliably and that any areas where regular collisions occur are fitted with flight diverters.	Specialist, cEO	Avifaunal monitoring to consider electrocution frequency and recommendations to the need for (and location of) bird flight diverters as determined by operational avifaunal monitoring programme	Duration operation phase	of	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of avifaunal monitoring reports including consideration of bird flight diverters and where they are to be placed (if at all). Further evidence of installation of these features in accordance with the monitoring report results as observed during the audit and determined by the ECO

Impact management outcome: OPERATION: Reduce direct avifaunal mortality during maintenance procedures

Impact Management Actions	Implementation				Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe	for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementat	ion	person		
All personnel should undergo	cEO	Requirement for induction of all	Duration	of	ECO	Monthly	Induction roster of all staff
environmental induction and		staff prior to entry, as well as the	operation				completed, maintained
awareness training with regards to		development and application of	phase				and available on site,
avifauna and in particular		an induction programme. This					induction programme
awareness about not harming,		programme must include					material observed and on
collecting or hunting terrestrial		consideration of avifaunal					file on site during audits, to
species (e.g. bustards, korhaans,		species and protocols for					specifically also include
francolin), and owls, which are often		avoiding/handling of these					avifaunal measures
persecuted out of superstition		species					
All vehicles should adhere to clearly	cEO	Visual inspection of the operation	Duration	of	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of vehicle
defined and demarcated roads. No		activities and if they remain within	operation				outside of outside of
off-road driving to be allowed.		defined and demarcated areas	phase				defined or demarcated
							areas as observed during
							audits
All vehicles accessing the site should	Contractor,	Install speed signature	Duration	of	ECO	Monthly	Minimal instances of
adhere to a low speed limit on site	cEO	throughout site, include speed	operation				speeding as observed on
(40 km/h max) to avoid collisions with		limit into induction and ensure all	phase				site during audits and as
susceptible avifauna, such as		staff entering site is aware of the					evidenced in the written
nocturnal and crepuscular species		requirement to implement speed					log of warnings and fines
(e.g. nightjars and owls) which		limits. Institute verbal and written					issued for contraventions
sometimes forage or rest on roads,		warnings for violations and					
especially at night.		appropriate fines for repeat					
		contraventions. Written log of					
		fines and warning issued kept on					
		site					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
Monitoring of the OHL route must be	Specialist,	Conduct carcass searches along	Monthly for the	ECO	Monthly	Monitoring log kept of all
undertaken to detect bird	Contractor	project infrastructure monthly for	first year of			monthly monitoring results
carcasses, to enable the		the first year of operation, and	operation			and included in site
identification of any potential areas		ensure a log if kept of the results				environmental file
of high impact to be marked with						
bird flappers if not already done so.						
Monitoring should be undertaken at						
least once a month for the first year						
of operation.						
Appropriate induction of workers	cEO	Requirement for induction of all	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Induction roster of all staff
and/or appropriate speed reducing		staff prior to entry, as well as the	operational			completed, maintained
measures, such as speed bumps		development and application of	phase			and available on site,
and/or speed limit signs (40 km/h),		an induction programme which				induction programme
should be incorporated into the road		includes the speed limit allowed				material observed and on
design to reduce the chance of		on site				file on site during audits
road-kills on site.						

# **DECOMMISSIONING PHASE OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS**

# **Ecological**

Impact management outcome: DECOMMISSIONING: Limit continued habitat degradation

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
Rehabilitation in accordance with the Rehabilitation Plan for the development must be undertaken in areas disturbed during the decommissioning phase	Contractor, cEO	Implement rehabilitation measures as determined by the rehabilitation plan at areas requiring rehabilitation	Duration of decommissionin g phase	ECO	Monthly	Rehabilitation measures implemented as as determined by the rehabilitation plan at areas requiring rehabilitation, as evidenced on site during audit
Monitoring of the rehabilitated area must be undertaken for a minimum of 3 years after the decommissioning phase.	Contractor, cEO	Monitoring reports produced in accordance with the frequency determined in the rehabilitation plan, for a period of three years after the decommissioning phase, and kept on file for inspection upon request	Duration of decommissionin g phase and for three years thereafter	ECO	Annually	Monitoring reports produced in accordance with the frequency determined in the rehabilitation plan, for a period of three years after the decommissioning phase, and as observed in monitoring reporting provided on request

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
	person		implementation	person			
All erosion problems observed should	Contractor,	Visual inspection of remaining	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Negligible erosion	
be rectified as soon as possible, using	cEO	infrastructure and	decommissionin			observed on site, or where	
the appropriate erosion control		decommissioned areas to	g phase			observed clear evidence	
structures and revegetation		determine if erosion has occurred				of control measures put in	
techniques.		or is likely to occur.				place	
There should be follow-up	Contractor,	Indigenous plant species seedling	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of revegetation	
rehabilitation and revegetation of	cEO, specialist	or seed obtained and	decommissionin			observed, where	
any remaining bare areas with		planted/seeded as per the	g phase			required, on site during	
indigenous flora.		specialist instructions within				audits.	
		denuded areas that require					
		follow up rehabilitation					
IAP management must occur	Contractor,	Visual inspection of	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of invasive	
annually for at least 2 years after	cEO	decommissioning areas for signs	decommissionin			species control actions or	
decommissioning. A further 1-3 years		of invasive plant encroachment	g phase			negligible invasive species	
of monitoring and control may be		and where evident, control				encroachment observed	
required, depending on the		actions of these invasive plants				on site.	
condition of the site at the end of							
year 2. Woody aliens should be							
controlled using the appropriate							
alien control techniques as							
determined by the species present.							
This might include use of herbicides							
where no practical manual means							
are feasible.							

# Avifaunal

Impact management outcome: DECOMMISSIONING: Limit avifaunal disturbance and direct mortality

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
All personnel should undergo	cEO	Requirement for induction of all	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Induction roster of all staff
environmental induction and		staff prior to entry, as well as the	operation			completed, maintained
awareness training with regards to		development and application of	phase			and available on site,
avifauna and in particular		an induction programme. This				induction programme
awareness about not harming,		programme must include				material observed and on
collecting or hunting terrestrial		consideration of avifaunal				file on site during audits, to
species (e.g. bustards, korhaans,		species and protocols for				specifically also include
francolin), and owls, which are often		avoiding/handling of these				avifaunal measures
persecuted out of superstition.		species				
All construction vehicles should	cEO	Visual inspection of the	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of vehicle
adhere to clearly defined and		decommissioning activities and if	decommissionin			outside of outside of
demarcated roads. No off-road		they remain within defined and	g phase			defined or demarcated
driving to be allowed outside of the		demarcated areas				areas as observed during
construction area.						audits
All vehicles (construction or other)	Contractor,	Install speed signature	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Minimal instances of
accessing the site should adhere to	cEO	throughout site, include speed	decommissionin			speeding as observed on
a low speed limit on site (40 km/h		limit into induction and ensure all	g phase			site during audits and as
max) to avoid collisions with		staff entering site is aware of the				evidenced in the written
susceptible avifauna, such as		requirement to implement speed				log of warnings and fines
nocturnal and crepuscular species		limits. Institute verbal and written				issued for contraventions
(e.g. nightjars and owls) which		warnings for violations and				
sometimes forage or rest on roads,		appropriate fines for repeat				
especially at night.		contraventions. Written log of				
		fines and warning issued kept on				
		site				

Impact management outcome: DECOMMISSIONING: Limit avifaunal habitat degradation

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
Rehabilitation in accordance with the Rehabilitation Plan for the development must be undertaken in areas disturbed during the decommissioning phase.	Contractor, cEO	Implement rehabilitation measures as determined by the rehabilitation plan at areas requiring rehabilitation	Duration of decommissionin g phase	ECO	Monthly	Rehabilitation measures implemented as as determined by the rehabilitation plan at areas requiring rehabilitation, as evidenced on site during audit
Monitoring of the rehabilitated area must be undertaken for a minimum of 3 years after the decommissioning phase	Contractor, cEO	Monitoring reports produced in accordance with the frequency determined in the rehabilitation plan, for a period of three years after the decommissioning phase, and kept on file for inspection upon request	Duration of decommissionin g phase and for three years thereafter	ECO	Annually	Monitoring reports produced in accordance with the frequency determined in the rehabilitation plan, for a period of three years after the decommissioning phase, and as observed in monitoring reporting provided on request
All erosion problems observed should be rectified as soon as possible, using the appropriate erosion control structures and revegetation techniques.  There should be follow-up rehabilitation and revegetation of any remaining bare areas with	Contractor, cEO  Contractor, cEO, specialist	Visual inspection of remaining infrastructure and decommissioned areas to determine if erosion has occurred or is likely to occur.  Indigenous plant species seedling or seed obtained and planted/seeded as per the	Duration of decommissionin g phase  Duration of decommissionin g phase	ECO	Monthly	Negligible erosion observed on site, or where observed clear evidence of control measures put in place Evidence of revegetation observed, where required, on site during
indigenous flora.		specialist instructions within denuded areas that require follow up rehabilitation				audits.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
	person		implementation	person			
IAP management must occur	Contractor,	Visual inspection of	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of invasive	
annually for at least 2 years after	cEO	decommissioning areas for signs	decommissionin			species control actions or	
decommissioning. A further 1-3 years		of invasive plant encroachment	g phase			negligible invasive species	
of monitoring and control may be		and where evident, control				encroachment observed	
required, depending on the		actions of these invasive plants as				on site.	
condition of the site at the end of		per the frequency specified					
year 2. Woody aliens should be							
controlled using the appropriate							
alien control techniques as							
determined by the species present.							
This might include use of herbicides							
where no practical manual means							
are feasible.							

# Soils

Impact management outcome: DECOMMISSIONING: Conservation of soil resources

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	mplementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
	person		implementation	person			
Compacted areas are to be ripped to loosen the soil structure;	Contractor	Compacted areas are to be ripped to loosen the soil structure utilising recognised methods	Duration of decommissionin g phase	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of compacted areas having been ripped, where required	
Temporarily cleared areas should be revegetated with indigenous species after the construction phase	Contractor, cEO, specialist	Indigenous plant species seedling or seed obtained and planted/seeded as per the specialist instructions within	Duration of decommissionin g phase	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of revegetation observed, where required, on site during audits.	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation Timeframe for R		Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
	person		implementation	person			
		denuded areas that require follow up rehabilitation					

# **CUMULATIVE OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS**

# **Ecological**

Impact management outcome: CUMULATIVE: Limit cumulative habitat loss

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation Timeframe		Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
	person		implementation	person			
Ensure that sensitive habitats such as drainage lines, pans and quartz patches are not within the development footprint. Where crossings of drainage lines are unavoidable, the disturbance footprint must be minimized and formal crossings be developed.		Identification of areas unsuitable for development prior to construction commencing, and visual inspection of the construction areas and specific instruction to contractors to remain within defined and demarcated areas	Prior to commenceme nt of construction and for the duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Design responds to identified environmental sensitivities as per the approved layout.	
Ensure that a rehabilitation plan and IAP management plan be compiled for each development and are effectively implemented.	Contractor, cEO	Implement rehabilitation measures and invasive alien plant control as determined by the rehabilitation and invasive alien management plan at areas requiring rehabilitation and control actions	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Rehabilitation measures implemented as determined by the rehabilitation plan at areas requiring rehabilitation, as evidenced on site during audit. Evidence of invasive species control actions or negligible invasive species	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation Timeframe for R		r Responsible Frequency		Evidence of compliance	
	person		implementation	person			
						encroachment observed	
						on site.	

# Avifaunal

**Impact management outcome:** CUMULATIVE: Limit cumulative avifaunal impacts

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
	person		implementation	person			
The design of the proposed power facilities must be congruent with best-practice guidelines as indicated by the Endangered Wildlife Trust and BirdLife South Africa.	DPM, contractor	Designs of facility to include consideration of the guidelines recommended by Birdlife South Africa and the Eskom-EWT Strategic Partnership on Birds and Energy	Prior to the commenceme nt of construction, and for the duration of construction	ECO	Once prior to the commence of construction to observe designs, and monthly during the construction phase (for implementation)	Designs have adequately considered the best practice guidelines towards minimising avifaunal impact, as observed by the ECO	
Ensure that monitoring is sufficiently frequent to detect fatalities reliably and that any areas where regular electrocutions or collisions occur are fitted with the appropriate mitigation measures. Reports should be	Specialist, cEO	Avifaunal monitoring conducted as per the latest BirdLife SA guidelines on operational monitoring, and reported to BirdLife South Africa.	Duration of operation phase	ECO	Monthly	Avifaunal monitoring reports produced as per the frequency determined in the latest BirdLife SA guidelines on operational monitoring	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation		Monitoring				
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
	person		implementation	person			
complied and submitted to BirdLife							
South Africa.							
			5 11	500			
Rehabilitation of disturbed areas	Contractor,	Implement rehabilitation	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Rehabilitation measures	
must occur throughout the	cEO	measures as determined by the	decommissionin			implemented as	
landscape to mitigate against		rehabilitation plan at areas	g phase			determined by the	
habitat degradation within the		requiring rehabilitation				rehabilitation plan at	
broader southern Roggeveld area.						areas requiring	
						rehabilitation, as	
						evidenced on site during	
						audit	

## **APPENDIX 1: METHOD STATEMENTS**

To	be	prepared	d by	the	contractor	prior	to	commencement	of	the	activity.	The	method
sta	tem	nents are <b>r</b>	not re	quir	<b>ed</b> to be sub	omitte	ed t	o the CA.					



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### **CURRICULUM VITAE OF JO-ANNE THOMAS**

Profession: Environmental Management and Compliance Consultant; Environmental Assessment

Practitioner

Specialisation: Environmental Management; Strategic environmental advice; Environmental compliance

advice & monitoring; Environmental Impact Assessments; Policy, strategy & guideline

formulation; Project Management; General Ecology

Work experience: Twenty one (21) years in the environmental field

#### **VOCATIONAL EXPERIENCE**

Provide technical input for projects in the environmental management field, specialising in Strategic Environmental Advice, Environmental Impact Assessment studies, environmental auditing and monitoring, environmental permitting, public participation, Environmental Management Plans and Programmes, environmental policy, strategy and guideline formulation, and integrated environmental management. Key focus on integration of the specialist environmental studies and findings into larger engineering-based projects, strategic assessment, and providing practical and achievable environmental management solutions and mitigation measures. Responsibilities for environmental studies include project management (including client and authority liaison and management of specialist teams); review and manipulation of data; identification and assessment of potential negative environmental impacts and benefits; review of specialist studies; and the identification of mitigation measures. Compilation of the reports for environmental studies is in accordance with all relevant environmental legislation.

Undertaking of numerous environmental management studies has resulted in a good working knowledge of environmental legislation and policy requirements. Recent projects have been undertaken for both the public- and private-sector, including compliance advice and monitoring, electricity generation and transmission projects, various types of linear developments (such as National Road, local roads and power lines), waste management projects (landfills), mining rights and permits, policy, strategy and guideline development, as well as general environmental planning, development and management.

#### **SKILLS BASE AND CORE COMPETENCIES**

- Project management for a range of projects
- Identification and assessment of potential negative environmental impacts and benefits through the review and manipulation of data and specialist studies
- Identification of practical and achievable mitigation and management measures and the development of appropriate management plans
- Compilation of environmental reports in accordance with relevant environmental legislative requirements
- External and peer review of environmental reports & compliance advice and monitoring
- Formulation of environmental policies, strategies and guidelines
- Strategic and regional assessments; pre-feasibility & site selection
- Public participation processes for a variety of projects
- Strategic environmental advice to a wide variety of clients both in the public and private sectors
- Working knowledge of environmental planning processes, policies, regulatory frameworks and legislation

### **EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL STATUS**

#### Degrees:

- B.Sc Earth Sciences, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg (1993)
- B.Sc Honours in Botany, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg (1994)
- M.Sc in Botany, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg (1996)

#### **Short Courses:**

- Environmental Impact Assessment, Potchefstroom University (1998)
- Environmental Law, Morgan University (2001)
- Environmental Legislation, IMBEWU (2017)
- Mining Legislation, Cameron Cross & Associates (2013)
- Environmental and Social Risk Management (ESRM), International Finance Corporation (2018)

#### **Professional Society Affiliations:**

- Registered with the South African Council for Natural Scientific Professions as a Professional Natural Scientist: Environmental Scientist (400024/00)
- Registered with the International Associated for Impact Assessment South Africa (IAIAsa): 5601
- Member of the South African Wind Energy Association (SAWEA)

### **EMPLOYMENT**

Date	Company	Roles and Responsibilities
January 2006 - Current	Savannah Environmental (Pty) Ltd	Director
		Project manager
		Independent specialist environmental consultant,
		Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP) and
		advisor.
1997 – 2005	Bohlweki Environmental (Pty) Ltd	Senior Environmental Scientist at. Environmental
		Management and Project Management
January – July 1997	Sutherland High School, Pretoria	Junior Science Teacher

### **PROJECT EXPERIENCE**

Project experience includes large infrastructure projects, including electricity generation and transmission, wastewater treatment facilities, mining and prospecting activities, property development, and national roads, as well as strategy and guidelines development.

#### RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS: PHOTOVOLTAIC SOLAR ENERGY FACILITIES

## **Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Christiana PV 2 SEF, North West	Solar Reserve South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
De Aar PV facility, Northern Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Everest SEF near Hennenman, Free State	FRV Energy South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Graafwater PV SEF, Western Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Grootkop SEF near Allanridge, Free State	FRV Energy South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Hertzogville PV 2 SEF with 2 phases, Free State	SunCorp / Solar Reserve	Project Manager & EAP
Karoshoek CPV facility on site 2 as part of the larger	FG Emvelo	Project Manager & EAP
Karoshoek Solar Valley Development East of		
Upington, Northern Cape		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Kgabalatsane SEF North-East for Brits, North West	Built Environment African	Project Manager & EAP
	Energy Services	
Kleinbegin PV SEF West of Groblershoop, Northern	MedEnergy Global	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Lethabo Power Station PV Installation, Free State	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Majuba Power Station PV Installation, Mpumalanga	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Merapi PV SEF Phase 1 – 4 South-East of Excelsior,	SolaireDirect Southern Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Free State		
Sannaspos Solar Park, Free State	SolaireDirect Southern Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Ofir-Zx PV Plant near Keimoes, Northern Cape	S28 Degrees Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Oryx SEF near Virginia, Free State	FRV Energy South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Project Blue SEF North of Kleinsee, Northern Cape	WWK Development	Project Manager & EAP
S-Kol PV Plant near Keimoes, Northern Cape	S28 Degrees Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Sonnenberg PV Plant near Keimoes, Northern Cape	S28 Degrees Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Tutuka Power Station PV Installation, Mpumalanga	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Two PV sites within the Northern Cape	MedEnergy Global	Project Manager & EAP
Two PV sites within the Western & Northern Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Upington PV SEF, Northern Cape	MedEnergy Global	Project Manager & EAP
Vredendal PV facility, Western Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Waterberg PV plant, Limpopo	Thupela Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Watershed Phase I & II SEF near Litchtenburg, North	FRV Energy South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
West		
Alldays PV & CPV SEF Phase 1, Limpopo	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Hyperion PV Solar Development 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 & 6	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP

## **Basic Assessments**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Aberdeen PV SEF, Eastern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Christiana PV 1 SEF on Hartebeestpan Farm, North-	Solar Reserve South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
West		
Heuningspruit PV1 & PV 2 facilities near Koppies,	Sun Mechanics	Project Manager & EAP
Free State		
Kakamas PV Facility, Northern Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Kakamas II PV Facility, Northern Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Machadodorp 1 PV SEF, Mpumalanga	Solar To Benefit Africa	Project Manager & EAP
PV site within the Northern Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
PV sites within 4 ACSA airports within South Africa,	Airports Company South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
National	(ACSA)	
RustMo1 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
RustMo2 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
RustMo3 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
RustMo4 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Sannaspos PV SEF Phase 2 near Bloemfontein, Free	SolaireDirect Southern Africa	Project Manager & EAP
State		
Solar Park Expansion within the Rooiwal Power	AFRKO Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Station, Gauteng		
Steynsrus SEF, Free State	SunCorp	Project Manager & EAP

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Sirius Solar PV Project Three and Sirius Solar PV	SOLA Future Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Project Four (BA in terms of REDZ regulations),		
Northern Cape		

# **Screening Studies**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Allemans Fontein SEF near Noupoort, Northern Cape	Fusion Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Amandel SEF near Thabazimbi, Limpopo	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Arola/Doornplaat SEF near Ventersdorp, North West	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Bloemfontein Airport PV Installation, Free State	The Power Company	Project Manager & EAP
Brakspruit SEF near Klerksorp, North West	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Carolus Poort SEF near Noupoort, Northern Cape	Fusion Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Damfontein SEF near Noupoort, Northern Cape	Fusion Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Everest SEF near Welkom, Free State	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Gillmer SEF near Noupoort, Northern Cape	Fusion Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Grootkop SEF near Allansridge, Free State	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Heuningspruit PV1 & PV 2 near Koppies, Free State	Cronimat	Project Manager & EAP
Kimberley Airport PV Installation, Northern Cape	The Power Company	Project Manager & EAP
Kolonnade Mall Rooftop PV Installation in Tshwane,	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Gauteng		
Loskop SEF near Groblersdal, Limpopo	S&P Power Unit	Project Manager & EAP
Marble SEF near Marble Hall, Limpopo	S&P Power Unit	Project Manager & EAP
Morgenson PV1 SEF South-West of Windsorton,	Solar Reserve South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
OR Tambo Airport PV Installation, Gauteng	The Power Company	Project Manager & EAP
Oryx SEF near Virginia, Free State	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Rhino SEF near Vaalwater, Limpopo	S&P Power Unit	Project Manager & EAP
Rustmo2 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Spitskop SEF near Northam, Limpopo	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Steynsrus PV, Free State	Suncorp	Project Manager & EAP
Tabor SEF near Polokwane, Limpopo	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
UpingtonAirport PV Installation, Northern Cape	The Power Company	Project Manager & EAP
Valeria SEF near Hartebeestpoort Dam, North West	Solar to Benefit Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Watershed SEF near Lichtenburg, North West	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Witkop SEF near Polokwane, Limpopo	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Woodmead Retail Park Rooftop PV Installation,	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Gauteng		

# Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO and bi-monthly auditing for the construction of	Enel Green Power	Project Manager
the Adams Solar PV Project Two South of Hotazel,		
Northern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the Kathu PV Facility,	REISA	Project Manager
Northern Cape		
ECO and bi-monthly auditing for the construction of	Enel Green Power	Project Manager
the Pulida PV Facility, Free State		
ECO for the construction of the RustMo1 SEF, North	Momentous Energy	Project Manager
West		
ECO for the construction of the Sishen SEF, Northern	Windfall 59 Properties	Project Manager

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Cape		
ECO for the construction of the Upington Airport PV	Sublanary Trading	Project Manager
Facility, Northern Cape		
Quarterly compliance monitoring of compliance	REISA	Project Manager
with all environmental licenses for the operation		
activities at the Kathu PV facility, Northern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the Konkoonsies II PV SEF and associated infrastructure, Northern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager
ECO for the construction of the Aggeneys PV SEF	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager
and associated infrastructure, Northern Cape		

## Compliance Advice and ESAP Reporting

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Aggeneys Solar Farm, Northern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Airies II PV Facility SW of Kenhardt, Northern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Kalahari SEF Phase II in Kathu, Northern Cape	Engie	Environmental Advisor
Kathu PV Facility, Northern Cape	Building Energy	Environmental Advisor
Kenhardt PV Facility, Northern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Kleinbegin PV SEF West of Groblershoop, Northern	MedEnergy	Environmental Advisor
Cape		
Konkoonises II SEF near Pofadder, Northern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Konkoonsies Solar Farm, Northern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Lephalale SEF, Limpopo	Exxaro	Environmental Advisor
Pixley ka Seme PV Park, South-East of De Aar,	African Clean Energy	Environmental Advisor
Northern Cape	Developments (ACED)	
RustMo1 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West	Momentous Energy	Environmental Advisor
Scuitdrift 1 SEF & Scuitdrift 2 SEF, Limpopo	Building Energy	Environmental Advisor
Sirius PV Plants, Northern Cape	Aurora Power Solutions	Environmental Advisor
Upington Airport PV Power Project, Northern Cape	Sublunary Trading	Environmental Advisor
Upington SEF, Northern Cape	Abengoa Solar	Environmental Advisor
Ofir-ZX PV SEF near Keimoes, Northern Cape	Networx \$28 Energy	Environmental Advisor
Steynsrus PV1 & PV2 SEF's, Northern Cape	Cronimet Power Solutions	Environmental Advisor
Heuningspruit PV SEF, Northern Cape	Cronimet Power Solutions	Environmental Advisor

## **Due Diligence Reporting**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
5 PV SEF projects in Lephalale, Limpopo	iNca Energy	Environmental Advisor
Prieska PV Plant, Northern Cape	SunEdison Energy India	Environmental Advisor
Sirius Phase One PV Facility near Upington, Northern	Aurora Power Solutions	Environmental Advisor
Cape		

# Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Environmental Termining, 350, Water 53e Electice (Wolf), Waste Management Electice (Will) & Office Applications		
Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Biodiversity Permit & WULA for the Aggeneys SEF	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
near Aggeneys, Northern Cape		
Biodiversity Permit for the Konkoonises II SEF near	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Pofadder, Northern Cape		
Biodiversity Permitting for the Lephalale SEF,	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Limpopo		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Environmental Permitting for the Kleinbegin PV SEF	MedEnergy	Project Manager & EAP
West of Groblershoop, Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Upington SEF,	Abengoa Solar	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Kathu PV Facility,	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Konkoonsies Solar	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Farm, Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Lephalale SEF,	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Limpopo		
Environmental Permitting for the Scuitdrift 1 SEF & Scuitdrift 2 SEF, Limpopo	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Environmental Permitting for the Sirius PV Plant,	Aurora Power Solutions	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape	, torera rewer coloners	Trojoci Mariagor a 27 ii
Environmental Permitting for the Steynsrus PV1 & PV2	Cronimet Power Solutions	Project Manager & EAP
SEF's, Northern Cape		,
Environmental Permitting for the Heuningspruit PV	Cronimet Power Solutions	Project Manager & EAP
SEF, Northern Cape		
Permits for the Kleinbegin and UAP PV Plants,	MedEnergy Global	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
S53 Application for Arriesfontein Solar Park Phase 1 –	Solar Reserve / SunCorp	Project Manager & EAP
3 near Danielskuil, Northern Cape		
S53 Application for Hertzogville PV1 & PV 2 SEFs, Free	Solar Reserve / SunCorp	Project Manager & EAP
State		
S53 Application for the Bloemfontein Airport PV	Sublunary Trading	Project Manager & EAP
Facility, Free State		
\$53 Application for the Kimberley Airport PV Facility,	Sublunary Trading	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
S53 Application for the Project Blue SEF, Northern	WWK Developments	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
S53 Application for the Upington Airport PV Facility,	Sublunary Trading	Project Manager & EAP
Free State		
WULA for the Kalahari SEF Phase II in Kathu, Northern	Engie	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Steynsrus PV1 & PV2	Cronimet Power Solutions	Project Manager & EAP
SEF's, Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Heuningspruit PV	Cronimet Power Solutions	Project Manager & EAP
SEF, Northern Cape		

## RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS: CONCENTRATED SOLAR FACILITIES (CSP)

# **Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
llanga CSP 2, 3, 4, 5, 7 & 9 Facilities near Upington,	Emvelo Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
llanga CSP near Upington, Northern Cape	llangethu Energy	Project Manager & EAP
llanga Tower 1 Facility near Upington, Northern	Emvelo Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Karoshoek CPVPD 1-4 facilities on site 2 as part of	FG Emvelo	Project Manager & EAP
the larger Karoshoek Solar Valley Development East		
of Upington, Northern Cape		
Karoshoek CSP facilities on sites 1.4; 4 & 5 as part of	FG Emvelo	Project Manager & EAP
the larger Karoshoek Solar Valley Development East		
of Upington, Northern Cape		
Karoshoek Linear Fresnel 1 Facility on site 1.1 as part	FG Emvelo	Project Manager & EAP
of the larger Karoshoek Solar Valley Development		
East of Upington, Northern Cape		

## **Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO for the construction of the !Khi CSP Facility,	Abengoa Solar	Project Manager
Northern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the Ilanga CSP 1 Facility	Karoshoek Solar One	Project Manager
near Upington, Northern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the folar Park, Northern	Kathu Solar	Project Manager
Cape		
ECO for the construction of the KaXu! CSP Facility,	Abengoa Solar	Project Manager
Northern Cape		
Internal audit of compliance with the conditions of	Karoshoek Solar One	Project Manager
the IWUL issued to the Karoshoek Solar One CSP		
Facility, Northern Cape		

## **Screening Studies**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Upington CSP (Tower) Plant near Kanoneiland,	iNca Energy and FRV	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		

## Compliance Advice and ESAP reporting

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Ilanga CSP Facility near Upington, Northern Cape	llangethu Energy	Environmental Advisor
llangalethu CSP 2, Northern Cape	FG Emvelo	Environmental Advisor
Kathu CSP Facility, Northern Cape	GDF Suez	Environmental Advisor
Lephalale SEF, Limpopo	Cennergi	Environmental Advisor
Solis I CSP Facility, Northern Cape	Brightsource	Environmental Advisor

## Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Environmental Permitting for the Ilanga CSP Facility	llangethu Energy	Project Manager & EAP
near Upington, Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Kathu CSP, Northern	GDF Suez	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
WULA for the Solis I CSP Facility, Northern Cape	Brightsource	Project Manager & EAP

## RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS: WIND ENERGY FACILITIES

## **Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Sere WEF, Western Cape	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	EAP

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Aberdeen WEF, Eastern Cape	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Amakhala Emoyeni WEF, Eastern Cape	Windlab Developments	Project Manager & EAP
EXXARO West Coast WEF, Western Cape	EXXARO Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Goereesoe Wind Farm near Swellendam, Western	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Hartneest WEF, Western Cape	Juwi Renewable Energies	Project Manager & EAP
Hopefield WEF, Western Cape	Umoya Energy	EAP
Kleinsee WEF, Northern Cape	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Klipheuwel/Dassiesfontein WEF within the Overberg	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
area, Western Cape		
Moorreesburg WEF, Western Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Oyster Bay WEF, Eastern Cape	Renewable Energy Resources	Project Manager & EAP
	Southern Africa	
Project Blue WEF, Northern Cape	Windy World	Project Manager & EAP
Rheboksfontein WEF, Western Cape	Moyeng Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Spitskop East WEF near Riebeeck East, Eastern Cape	Renewable Energy Resources	Project Manager & EAP
	Southern Africa	
Suurplaat WEF, Western Cape	Moyeng Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Swellendam WEF, Western Cape	IE Swellendam	Project Manager & EAP
Tsitsikamma WEF, Eastern Cape	Exxarro	Project Manager & EAP
West Coast One WEF, Western Cape	Moyeng Energy	Project Manager & EAP

## **Basic Assessments**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Amakhala Emoyeni Wind Monitoring Masts, Eastern	Windlab Developments	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Beaufort West Wind Monitoring Masts, Western Cape	Umoya Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Hopefield Community Wind Farm near Hopefield,	Umoya Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Western Cape		
Koekenaap Wind Monitoring Masts, Western Cape	EXXARO Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Koingnaas WEF, Northern Cape	Just Palm Tree Power	Project Manager & EAP
Laingsburg Area Wind Monitoring Masts, Western	Umoya Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Overberg Area Wind Monitoring Masts, Western	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Oyster Bay Wind Monitoring Masts, Eastern Cape	Renewable Energy Systems	Project Manager & EAP
	Southern Africa (RES)	

## **Screening Studies**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Albertinia WEF, Western Cape	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Koingnaas WEF, Northern Cape	Just Pal Tree Power	Project Manager & EAP
Napier Region WEF Developments, Western Cape	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Tsitsikamma WEF, Eastern Cape	Exxarro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Various WEFs within an identified area in the	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Overberg area, Western Cape		
Various WEFs within an identified area on the West	Investec Bank Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Coast, Western Cape		
Various WEFs within an identified area on the West	Eskom Holdings Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Coast, Western Cape		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Various WEFs within the Western Cape	Western Cape Department of	Project Manager & EAP
	Environmental Affairs and	
	Development Planning	
Velddrift WEF, Western Cape	VentuSA Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Wind 1000 Project	Thabo Consulting on behalf of	Project Manager & EAP
	Eskom Holdings	
Wittekleibosch, Snylip & Doriskraal WEFs, Eastern	Exxarro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		

# Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO for the construction of the West Coast One	Aurora Wind Power	Project Manager
WEF, Western Cape		
ECO for the construction of the Gouda WEF,	Blue Falcon	Project Manager
Western Cape		
EO for the Dassiesklip Wind Energy Facility, Western	Group 5	Project Manager
Cape		
Quarterly compliance monitoring of compliance	Blue Falcon	Project Manager
with all environmental licenses for the operation		
activities at the Gouda Wind Energy facility near		
Gouda, Western Cape		
Annual auditing of compliance with all	Aurora Wind Power	Project Manager
environmental licenses for the operation activities at		
the West Coast One Wind Energy facility near		
Vredenburg, Western Cape		
External environmental and social audit for the	Cennergi	Project Manager
Amakhala Wind Farm, Eastern Cape		
External environmental and social audit for the	Cennergi	Project Manager
Tsitsikamma Wind Farm, Eastern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the Excelsior Wind Farm	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager
and associated infrastructure, Northern Cape		
External compliance audit of the Dassiesklip Wind	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager
Energy Facility, Western Cape		

# **Compliance Advice**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Amakhala Phase 1 WEF, Eastern Cape	Cennergi	Environmental Advisor
Dassiesfontein WEF within the Overberg area,	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Western Cape		
Excelsior Wind Farm, Western Cape	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Great Karoo Wind Farm, Northern Cape	African Clean Energy	Environmental Advisor
	Developments (ACED)	
Hopefield Community WEF, Western Cape	African Clean Energy	Environmental Advisor
	Developments (ACED)	
Rheboksfontein WEF, Western Cape	Moyeng Energy	Environmental Advisor
Tiqua WEF, Western Cape	Cennergi	Environmental Advisor
Tsitsikamma WEF, Eastern Cape	Cennergi	Environmental Advisor
West Coast One WEF, Western Cape	Moyeng Energy	Environmental Advisor

# Due Diligence Reporting

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Witteberg WEF, Western Cape	EDPR Renewables	Environmental Advisor
IPD Vredenburg WEF within the Saldanha Bay area,	IL&FS Energy Development	Environmental Advisor
Western Cape	Company	

## Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Biodiversity Permitting for the Power Line between	Cennergi	Project Manager & EAP
the Tsitikamma Community WEF & the Diep River		
Substation, Eastern Cape		
Biodiversity Permitting for the West Coast One WEF,	Aurora Wind Power	Project Manager & EAP
Western Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Excelsior WEF,	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Western Cape		
Plant Permits & WULA for the Tsitsikamma	Cennergi	Project Manager & EAP
Community WEF, Eastern Cape		
S24G and WULA for the Rectification for the	Hossam Soror	Project Manager & EAP
commencement of unlawful activities on Ruimsig AH		
in Honeydew, Gauteng		
S24G Application for the Rheboksfontein WEF,	Ormonde - Theo Basson	Project Manager & EAP
Western Cape		
S53 Application & WULA for Suurplaat and Gemini	Engie	Project Manager & EAP
WEFs, Northern Cape		
S53 Application for the Hopefield Community Wind	Umoya Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Farm near Hopefield, Western Cape		
S53 Application for the Project Blue WEF, Northern	WWK Developments	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
S53 for the Oyster Bay WEF, Eastern Cape	RES	Project Manager & EAP
WULA for the Great Karoo Wind Farm, Northern	African Clean Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Cape	Developments (ACED)	

## **CONVENTIONAL POWER GENERATION PROJECTS (COAL)**

## **Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Mutsho Power Station near Makhado, Limpopo	Mutsho Consortium	Project Manager & EAP
Coal-fired Power Station near Ogies, Mpumalanga	Ruukki SA	Project Manager & EAP
Thabametsi IPP Coal-fired Power Station, near	Axia	Project Manager & EAP
Lephalale, Limpopo		
Transalloys Coal-fired Power Station, Mpumalanga	Transalloys	Project Manager & EAP
Tshivasho IPP Coal-fired Power Station (with WML),	Cennergi	Project Manager & EAP
near Lephalale, Limpopo		
Umbani Coal-fired Power Station, near Kriel,	ISS Global Mining	Project Manager & EAP
Mpumalanga		
Waterberg IPP Coal-Fired Power Station near	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Lephalale, Limpopo		/

### **Basic Assessments**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Coal Stockyard on Medupi Ash Dump Site, Limpopo	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Biomass Co-Firing Demonstration Facility at Arnot	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Power Station East of Middleburg, Mpumlanaga		

## **Screening Studies**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Baseload Power Station near Lephalale, Limpopo	Cennergi	Project Manager & EAP
Coal-Fired Power Plant near Delmas, Mpumalanga	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Makhado Power Station, Limpopo	Mutsho Consortium, Limpopo	Project Manager & EAP

## **Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO for the Camden Power Station, Mpumalanga	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager

## **Compliance Advice**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Thabametsi IPP Coal-fired Power Station, near	Axia	Environmental Advisor
Lephalale, Limpopo		

## Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Permit application for the Thabametsi Bulk Water	Axia	Project Manager & EAP
Pipeline, near Lephalale, Limpopo		
S53 & WULA for the Waterberg IPP Coal-Fired Power	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Station near Lephalale, Limpopo		
S53 Application for the Tshivasho Coal-fired Power	Cennergi	Project Manager & EAP
Station near Lephalale, Limpopo		

## **CONVENTIONAL POWER GENERATION PROJECTS (GAS)**

## **Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Ankerlig OCGT to CCGT Conversion project &400 kV	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
transmission power line between Ankerlig and the		
Omega Substation, Western Cape		
Gourikwa OCGT to CCGT Conversion project & 400	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
kV transmission power line between Gourikwa &		
Proteus Substation, Western Cape		
Richards Bay Gas to Power Combined Cycle Power	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Station, KwaZulu-Natal		
Richards Bay Gas to Power Plant, KwaZulu-Natal	Richards Bay Gas	Project Manager & EAP
Decommissioning & Recommissioning of 3 Gas	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Turbine Units at Acacia Power Station & 1 Gas		
Turbine Unit at Port Rex Power Station to the existing		
Ankerlig Power Station in Atlantis Industria, Western		
Cape		
Two 132kV Chickadee Lines to the new Zonnebloem	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Switching Station, Mpumalanga		

## **Screening Studies**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Fatal Flaw Analysis for 3 area identified for the	Globeleq Advisors Limited	Project Manager & EAP
establishment of a 500MW CCGT Power Station		
Richards Bay Gas to Power Combined Cycle Power	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Station, KwaZulu-Natal		

## **GRID INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS**

## **Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Aggeneis-Oranjemond Transmission Line &	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Substation Upgrade, Northern Cape		
Ankerlig-Omega Transmission Power Lines, Western	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Karoshoek Grid Integration project as part of the	FG Emvelo	Project Manager & EAP
Karoshoek Solar Valley Development East of		
Upington, Northern Cape		
Koeberg-Omega Transmission Power Lines,, Western	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Koeberg-Stikland Transmission Power Lines, Western	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Kyalami Strengthening Project, Gauteng	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Mokopane Integration Project, Limpopo	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Saldanha Bay Strengthening Project, Western Cape	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Steelpoort Integration Project, Limpopo	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Transmission Lines from the Koeberg-2 Nuclear	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Power Station site, Western Cape		
Tshwane Strengthening Project, Phase 1, Gauteng	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP

## **Basic Assessments**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Dassenberg-Koeberg Power Line Deviation from the	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Koeberg to the Ankerlig Power Station, Western		
Cape		
Golden Valley II WEF Power Line & Substation near	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Cookhouse, Eastern Cape		
Golden Valley WEF Power Line near Cookhouse,	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Eastern Cape		
Karoshoek Grid Integration project as part of the	FG Emvelo	Project Manager & EAP
Karoshoek Solar Valley Development East of		
Upington, Northern Cape		
Konkoonsies II PV SEF Power Line to the Paulputs	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Substation near Pofadder, Northern Cape		
Perdekraal West WEF Powerline to the Eskom Kappa	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Substation, Westnern Cape		
Rheboksfontein WEF Powerline to the Aurora	Moyeng Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Substation, Western Cape		
Soetwater Switching Station near Sutherland,	African Clean Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape	Developments (ACED)	

Solis Power I Power Line & Switchyard Station near	Brightsource	Project Manager & EAP
Upington, Northern Cape		
Stormwater Canal System for the Ilanga CSP near	Karoshoek Solar One	Project Manager & EAP
Upington, Northern Cape		
Tsitsikamma Community WEF Powerline to the Diep	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
River Substation, Eastern Cape		

## **Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO for the construction of the Ferrum-Mookodi	Trans-Africa Projects on behalf	Project Manager
Transmission Line, Northern Cape and North West	of Eskom	
EO for the construction of the Gamma-Kappa	Trans-Africa Projects on behalf	Project Manager
Section A Transmission Line, Western Cape	of Eskom	
EO for the construction of the Gamma-Kappa	Trans-Africa Projects on behalf	Project Manager
Section B Transmission Line, Western Cape	of Eskom	
EO for the construction of the Hydra IPP Integration	Trans-Africa Projects on behalf	Project Manager
project, Northern Cape	of Eskom	
EO for the construction of the Kappa-Sterrekus	Trans-Africa Projects on behalf	Project Manager
Section C Transmission Line, Western Cape	of Eskom	
EO for the construction of the Namaqualand	Trans-Africa Projects on behalf	Project Manager
Strengthening project in Port Nolloth, Western Cape	of Eskom	
ECO for the construction of the Neptune Substation	Eskom	Project Manager
Soil Erosion Mitigation Project, Eastern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the Ilanga-Gordonia	Karoshoek Solar One	Project Manager
132kV power line, Northern Cape		

# Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Environmental Permitting and WULA for the	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Rockdale B Substation & Loop in Power Lines,		
Environmental Permitting and WULA for the	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Steelpoort Integration project, Limpopo		
Environmental Permitting for Solis CSP near Upington,	Brightsource	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		

## **MINING SECTOR PROJECTS**

# **Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Elitheni Coal Mine near Indwe, Eastern Cape	Elitheni Coal	Project Manager & EAP
Groot Letaba River Development Project Borrow Pits	liso	Project Manager & EAP
Grootegeluk Coal Mine for coal transportation	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
infrastructure between the mine and Medupi Power		
Station (EMPr amendment) , Limpopo		
Waterberg Coal Mine (EMPr amendment), Limpopo	Seskoko Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Aluminium Plant WML & AEL, Gauteng	GfE-MIR Alloys & Minerals	Project Manager & EAP

## **Basic Assessments**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Rare Earth Separation Plant in Vredendal, Western	Rareco	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		

Decommissioning and Demolition of Kilns 5 & 6 at	PPC	Project Manager & EAP
the Slurry Plant, Kwa-Zulu Natal		

## **Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO for the construction of the Duhva Mine Water	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager
Recovery Project, Mpumalanga		
External compliance audit of Palesa Coal Mine's	HCI Coal	Project Manager
Integrated Water Use License (IWUL), near		
KwaMhlanga, Mpumalanga		
External compliance audit of Palesa Coal Mine's	HCI Coal	Project Manager
Waste Management License (WML) and EMP, near		
KwaMhlanga, Mpumalanga		
External compliance audit of Mbali Coal Mine's	HCI Coal	Project Manager
Integrated Water Use License (IWUL), near Ogies,		
Mpumalanga		
Independent External Compliance Audit of Water	Tronox Namakwa Sands	Project Manager
Use License (WUL) for the Tronox Namakwa Sands		
(TNS) Mining Operations (Brand se Baai), Western		
Cape		
Independent External Compliance Audit of Water	Tronox Namakwa Sands	Project Manager
Use License (WUL) for the Tronox Namakwa Sands		
(TNS) Mineral Separation Plant (MSP), Western Cape		
Independent External Compliance Audit of Water	Tronox Namakwa Sands	Project Manager
Use License (WUL) for the Tronox Namakwa Sands		
(TNS) Smelter Operations (Saldanha), Western Cape		
Compliance Auditing of the Waste Management	PetroSA	Project Manager
Licence for the PetroSA Landfill Site at the GTL		
Refinery, Western Cape		

## Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Waste Licence Application for the Rare Earth	Rareco	Project Manager & EAP
Separation Plant in Vredendal, Western Cape		
WULA for the Expansion of the Landfill site at Exxaro's	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Namakwa Sands Mineral Separation Plant, Western		
Cape		
S24G & WML for an Aluminium Plant, Gauteng	GfE-MIR Alloys & Minerals	Project Manager & EAP

## INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS (BRIDGES, PIPELINES, ROADS, WATER RESOURCES, STORAGE, ETC)

### **Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Bridge across the Ngotwane River, on the border of	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
South Africa and Botswana		
Chemical Storage Tanks, Metallurgical Plant	Goldfields	Project Manager & EAP
Upgrade & Backfill Plant upgrade at South Deep		
Gold Mine, near Westornaria, Gauteng		
Expansion of the existing Welgedacht Water Care	ERWAT	Project Manager & EAP
Works, Gauteng		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Golden Valley WEF Access Road near Cookhouse,	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Eastern Cape		
Great Fish River Wind Farm Access Roads and	African Clean Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Watercourse Crossings near Cookhouse, Eastern	Developments (ACED)	
Cape		
llanga CSP Facility Watercourse Crossings near	Karoshoek Solar one	Project Manager & EAP
Upington, Northern Cape		
Modification of the existing Hartebeestfontein Water	ERWAT	Project Manager & EAP
Care Works, Gautng		
N10 Road Realignment for the llanga CSP Facility,	SANRAL	Project Manager & EAP
East of Upington, Northern Cape		
Nxuba (Bedford) Wind Farm Watercourse Crossings	African Clean Energy	Project Manager & EAP
near Cookhouse, Eastern Cape	Developments (ACED)	
Pollution Control Dams at the Medupi Power Station	Eskom	Project Manager & EAP
Ash Dump & Coal Stockyard, Limpopo		
Qoboshane borrow pits (EMPr only), Eastern Cape	Emalahleni Local Municipality	Project Manager & EAP
Tsitsikamma Community WEF Watercourse Crossings,	Cennergi	Project Manager & EAP
Eastern Cape		
Clayville Central Steam Plant, Gauteng	Bellmall Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Msenge Emoyeni Wind Farm Watercourse Crossings	Windlab	Project Manager & EAP
and Roads, Eastern Cape		

## **Basic Assessments**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Harmony Gold WWTW at Doornkop Mine, Gauteng	Harmony Doornkop Plant	Project Manager & EAP
Ofir-ZX Watercourse Crossing for the Solar PV Facility,	Networx \$28 Energy	Project Manager & EAP
near Keimoes, Northern Cape		
Qoboshane bridge & access roads, Eastern Cape	Emalahleni Local Municipality	Project Manager & EAP
Relocation of the Assay Laboratory near	Sibanye Gold	Project Manager & EAP
Carletonville, Gauteng		
Richards Bay Harbour Staging Area, KwaZulu-Natal	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
S-Kol Watercourse Crossing for the Solar PV Facility,	Networx \$28 Energy	Project Manager & EAP
East of Keimoes, Northern Cape		
Sonnenberg Watercourse Crossing for the Solar PV	Networx \$28 Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Facility, West Keimoes, Northern Cape		
Kruisvallei Hydroelectric Power Generation Scheme,	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Free State		
Masetjaba Water Reservoir, Pump Station and Bulk	Naidu Consulting Engineers	Project Manager & EAP
Supply Pipeline near Nigel, Gauteng		
Access Road for the Dwarsug Wind Farm, Northern	South Africa Mainsteam	Project Manager & EAP
Cape Province	Renewable Power	
Upgrade of the Cooling Water Treatment Facility at	Eskom	Project Manager & EAP
the Kriel Power Station, Mpumalanga		

# **Screening Studies**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Roodepoort Open Space Optimisation Programme	TIMAC Engineering Projects	Project Manager & EAP
(OSOP) Precinct, Gauteng		
Vegetable Oil Plant and Associated Pipeline, Kwa-	Wilmar Oils and Fats Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Zulu Natal		

## Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO and bi-monthly auditing for the construction of	Department of Water and	Project Manager
the Olifants River Water Resources Development	Sanitation	Auditor
Project (ORWRDP) Phase 2A: De Hoop Dam, R555		
realignment and housing infrastructure		
ECO for the Rehabilitation of the Blaaupan & Storm	Airports Company of South	Project Manager
Water Channel, Gauteng	Africa (ACSA)	
Due Diligence reporting for the Better Fuel Pyrolysis	Better Fuels	Project Manager
Facility, Gauteng		
ECO for the Construction of the Water Pipeline from	Transnet	Project Manager
Kendal Power Station to Kendal Pump Station,		
Mpumalanga		
ECO for the Replacement of Low-Level Bridge,	South African National	Project Manager
Demolition and Removal of Artificial Pong, and	Biodiversity Institute (SANBI)	
Reinforcement the Banks of the Crocodile River at		
the Construction at Walter Sisulu National Botanical		
Gardens, Gauteng Province		
External Compliance Audit of the Air Emission	PetroSA	Project Manager
Licence (AEL) for a depot in Bloemfontein, Free		
State Province and in Tzaneen, Mpumalanga		
Province		

## Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
WULA for the Izubulo Private Nature Reserve,	Kjell Bismeyer, Jann Bader,	Project Manager & EAP
Limpopo	Laurence Saad	
WULA for the Masodini Private Game Lode, Limpopo	Masodini Private Game Lodge	Environmental Advisor
WULA for the Ezulwini Private Nature Reserve,	Ezulwini Investments	Project Manager & EAP
Limpopo		
WULA for the Masodini Private Game Lode, Limpopo	Masodini Private Game Lodge	Project Manager & EAP
WULA for the N10 Realignment at the Ilanga SEF,	Karoshoek Solar One	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
WULA for the Kruisvallei Hydroelectric Power	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Generation Scheme, Free State		
\$24G and WULA for the Ilegal construction of	Sorror Language Services	Project Manager & EAP
structures within a watercourse on EFF 24 Ruimsig		
Agricultural Holdings, Gauteng		

## **HOUSING AND URBAN PROJECTS**

## **Basic Assessments**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Postmasburg Housing Development, Northern Cape	Transnet	Project Manager & EAP

## **Compliance Advice and reporting**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Kampi ya Thude at the Olifants West Game Reserve,	Nick Elliot	Environmental Advisor
Limpopo		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
External Compliance Audit of WUL for the	Johannesburg Country Club	Project Manager
Johannesburg Country Club, Gauteng		

## **Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Due Diligence Audit for the Due Diligence Audit	Delta BEC (on behalf of	Project Manager
Report, Gauteng	Johannesburg Development	
	Agency (JDA))	

## **ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT TOOLS**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Development of the 3rd Edition Environmental	Gauteng Department of	Project Manager & EAP
Implementation Plan (EIP)	Agriculture and Rural	
	Development (GDARD)	
Development of Provincial Guidelines on 4x4 routes,	Western Cape Department of	EAP
Western Cape	Environmental Affairs and	
	Development Planning	
Compilation of Construction and Operation EMP for	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
the Braamhoek Transmission Integration Project,		
Kwazulu-Natal		
Compilation of EMP for the Wholesale Trade of	Munaca Technologies	Project Manager & EAP
Petroleum Products, Gauteng		
Operational Environmental Management	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Programme (OEMP) for Medupi Power Station,		
Limpopo		
Operational Environmental Management	Dube TradePort Corporation	Project Manager & EAP
Programme (OEMP) for the Dube TradePort Site		
Wide Precinct		
Operational Environmental Management	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Programme (OEMP) for the Kusile Power Station,		
Mpumalanga		
Review of Basic Assessment Process for the	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Wittekleibosch Wind Monitoring Mast, Eastern Cape		
Revision of the EMPr for the Sirius Solar PV	Aurora Power Solutions	Project Manager & EAP
State of the Environment (SoE) for Emalahleni Local	Simo Consulting on behalf of	Project Manager & EAP
Municipality, Mpumalanga	Emalahleni Local Municipality	
Aspects and Impacts Register for Salberg Concrete	Salberg Concrete Products	EAP
Products operations		
First State of Waste Report for South Africa	Golder on behalf of the	Project Manager & EAP
	Department of Environmental	
	Affairs	
Responsibilities Matrix and Gap Analysis for the	Building Energy	Project Manager
Kruisvallei Hydroelectric Power Generation Scheme,		
Free State Province		
Responsibilities Matrix and Gap Analysis for the	Building Energy	Project Manager
Roggeveld Wind Farm, Northern & Western Cape		
Provinces		

# PROJECTS OUTSIDE OF SOUTH AFRICA

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Advisory Services for the Zizabona Transmission	PHD Capital	Advisor
Project, Zambia, Zimbabwe, Botswana & Namibia		
EIA for the Semonkong WEF, Lesotho	MOSCET	Project Manager & EAP
EMP for the Kuvaninga Energia Gas Fired Power	ADC (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager & EAP
Project, Mozambique		
Environmental Screening Report for the SEF near	Building Energy	EAP
Thabana Morena, Lesotho		
EPBs for the Kawambwa, Mansa, Mwense and	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Nchelenge SEFs in Luapula Province, Zambia		
ESG Due Diligence for the Hilton Garden Inn	Vatange Capital	Project Manager
Development in Windhoek, Namibia		
Mandahill Mall Rooftop PV SEF EPB, Lusaka, Zambia	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Monthly ECO for the PV Power Plant for the Mocuba	Scatec	Project Manager
Power Station		



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### **CURRICULUM VITAE OF LISA OPPERMAN**

**Profession:** Environmental Assessment Practitioner and GIS Consultant

**Specialisation:** Environmental Impact Assessments, Basic Assessments, Site Screening and Site Selection

reporting, compilation of maps through the use of ArcGIS, Social Impact Assessments

Work Experience: 4 years and 10 months of experience in the environmental management and GIS field

#### **VOCATIONAL EXPERIENCE**

Lisa Opperman has four years and 10 months of experience in the environmental field. She has worked on a variety of EIA processes including renewable energy projects, as well as industrial developments. She has also been involved in the undertaking of public participation for projects located in South Africa which has included the undertaking of public meetings, focus group meetings and key stakeholder meetings in both Afrikaans and English. She also has experience in working with ArcGIS 10 for the compilation of maps, the manipulation of data and screening for environmental sensitivities within areas with the potential for development.

### **SKILLS BASE AND CORE COMPETENCIES**

- GIS Mapping
- EIA Report Writing
- Social Impact Assessments
- Conducting of public involvement processes
- Administrative tasks
- Analysis and manipulation of geographical information and technical experience with the use of ArcGIS

### **EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL STATUS**

#### Degrees:

- B.Sc. (Hons) Environmental Management (2014), North-West University, Potchefstroom
- B.A Psychology, Geography and Environmental Studies (2013), North-West University, Potchefstroom

#### Courses:

• Environmental Legal Compliance and Auditing (2017), Janice Tooley at the Protea Hotel OR Thambo, Johannesburg

## **EMPLOYMENT**

Date	Company	Roles and Responsibilities	
February 2015 – current	Savannah Environmental (Pty) Ltd	Environmental Assessment Practitioner and GIS	
		Consultant	
		Tasks include: Compilation of Environmental	
		Scoping Reports, Plan of Study, Environmental	
		Impact Assessment Reports, Basic Assessments	
		and Environmental management programmes;	
		Environmental Screening Reports; Specialist	
		management; project proposals and tenders;	
		Client liaison and Marketing; Process EIA	
		Applications, GIS Mapping, spatial data analysis	
		and manipulation; Compilation of Social Impact	
		Assessments	

## PROJECT EXPERIENCE

## Renewable Power Generation Projects: Solar Energy Facilities

## **Screening Studies**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Pre-feasibility Desktop Screening and Fatal Flaw	ABO Wind AG	EAP and GIS Consultant
Scan for a Solar PV Project near Lichtenburg, North		
West Province		
Pre-feasibility Desktop Screening and Fatal Flaw	ABO Wind AG	EAP and GIS Consultant
Scan for a Solar PV Project neat Aggeneys, Northern		
Cape Province		

## **Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Buffels PV 1 & Buffels PV 2 Solar Energy Facilities near	Kabi Solar	EAP and GIS Consultant
Orkney, North West		
Woodhouse Solar 1 & Woodhouse Solar 2 PV	Genesis Eco-Energy	EAP and GIS Consultant
Facilities near Vryburg, North West	Developments	
Orkney Solar Farm, North West	Genesis Eco-Energy	EAP and GIS Consultant
	Developments	
Tewa Isitha Solar 1 & Tewa Isitha Solar 2 PV facilities	AfriCoast Energy	EAP and GIS Consultant
near Upington, Northern Cape		
Lichtenburg 1, Lichtenburg 2 and Lichtenburg 3 PV	ABO Wind AG	EAP and GIS Consultant
Facilities, near Lichtenburg, North West Province		
(EIA Phase)		

## **Basic Assessments**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Harmony Gold 3x PV Facilities, Welkom, Free State	BBEntropie	EAP and GIS Consultant
Khunab Solar Development, consisting of Klip Punt	Atlantic Energy Partners and	Project management,
PV1, McTaggarts PV1, McTaggarts PV2,	Abengoa	Social Impact Assessment
McTaggarts PV3 and the Khunab solar Grid		

Connection near Upington, Northern Cape		Specialist and GIS
Province		Consultant
Sirius Solar PV3 and PV4, near Upington, Northern	Solal	Co-author to Social Impact
Cape Province		Assessments

## Renewable power generation projects: Wind Energy Facilities

## **Screening Studies**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Juno Wind Farm Screening Assessment Report near	AMDA Developments	EAP and GIS Consultant
Lamberts Bay, Western Cape Province		
Lamberts Bay Wind Farm Screening Assessment	Windy World	EAP and GIS Consultant
Report near Lamberts Bay, Western Cape Province		
Pre-feasibility Desktop Screening and Fatal Flaw	ABO Wind AG	EAP and GIS Consultant
Scan for the Kudusberg and Rondekop Wind Energy		
Facilities, Northern Cape and Western Cape		
Provinces		
Pre-feasibility Desktop Screening and Fatal Flaw	ABO Wind AG	EAP and GIS Consultant
Scan for Wind Projects near Touws River, Western		
Cape Province		

## **Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Boulders Wind Farm, Western Cape Province	Vredenburg Windfarm	EAP and GIS Consultant
Namas Wind Farm, Northern Cape Province	Genesis Namas Wind (Pty) Ltd	EAP and GIS Consultant
Zonnequa Wind Farm, Northern Cape Province	Genesis Zonnequa Wind (Pty)	EAP and GIS Consultant
	Ltd	

## **Grid Infrastructure Projects**

### **Basic Assessments**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
132/11kV Olifantshoek Substation and Power Line,	Eskom	EAP and GIS Consultant
Northern Cape		
Grid connection infrastructure for the Namas Wind	Genesis Namas Wind (Pty) Ltd	EAP and GIS Consultant
Farm, Northern Cape Province		
Grid connection infrastructure for the Zonnequa	Genesis Zonnequa Wind (Pty)	EAP and GIS Consultant
Wind Farm , Northern Cape Province	Ltd	
Khunab Solar Grid Connection, near Upington,	Atlantic Energy Partners and	Project management,
Northern Cape Province	Abengoa	Social Impact Assessment
		Specialist and GIS
		Consultant

## **Gas Projects**

## **Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Richards Bay Combined Cycle Power Plant (CCPP)	Eskom	EAP (assistance) and GIS
power plant, KwaZulu-Natal (Scoping Phase)		Consultant

## **Basic Assessments**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Neopak Combined Heat and Power (CHP) Plant,	Neopak	EAP, Public Participation
Rosslyn, Gauteng		and GIS Consultant

## **Screening Studies**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Richards Bay Combined Cycle Power Plant (CCPP)	Eskom	EAP and GIS Consultant
power plant, near Richards Bay, KwaZulu-Natal		

## Infrastructure Development Projects (bridges, pipelines, roads, etc)

#### **Basic Assessments**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Water Treatment Plant at the Neopak Facility,	Neopak	EAP, Public Participation
Rosslyn, Gauteng		and GIS Consultant

## **Housing and Urban Projects**

## **Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Metals Industrial Cluster near Kuruman, Northern	Northern Cape Department	EAP and GIS Consultant
Cape	of Economic Development	
	and Tourism	

## **Environmental Management Tools**

## **Environmental Management Programmes**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Environmental Management Programme (EMPr) for	ACED	EAP
the Nxuba Wind Farm, Eastern Cape		
Operation Environmental Management	Cennergi	EAP
Programme (EMPr) for Phase 1 of the Amakhala		
Emoyeni Wind Energy Facility, Eastern Cape		
Operation Environmental Management	Cennergi	EAP
Programme (EMPr) for the Tsitsikamma Community		
Wind Energy Facility, Eastern Cape Province		
Environmental Management Programme (EMPr) for	Building Energy South Africa	EAP and GIS Consultant
the Skuitdrift 1 Solar PV Energy Facility near		
Augrabies, Northern Cape Province		
Environmental Management Programme (EMPr) for	Building Energy South Africa	EAP and GIS Consultant
the Skuitdrift 2 Solar PV Energy Facility near		
Augrabies, Northern Cape Province		

## Environmental and Social Management System (ESMS)

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Preparation of Policies and Plans for the Kruisvallei	Building Energy South Africa	EAP assistance
Hydro Scheme, Free State Province		/



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## **CURRICULUM VITAE OF GIDEON RAATH**

**Profession:** Environmental and Permitting Consultant

**Specialisation:** Environmental Impact Assessments, Water Use Licencing, Waste Licencing, Environmental

Compliance Officer, Ecological Specialist, Wetland Specialist, GIS, MPRDA permitting

Work Experience: 4.5 years' experience in environmental management, National Water Act, Mineral and

Petroleum Resources Development Act, ECO and compliance auditing, wetland and

ecological specialist reporting

#### **VOCATIONAL EXPERIENCE**

Gideon holds an MSc (Geography and Environmental Management; SU), a BSc Honours (Ecology and Environmental Studies - Cum laude; Wits) and a BSc (Geography and Environmental Management; UJ). His MSc thesis focused on the hydrological impact on the spatial distribution of invasive Eucalyptus trees along the Breede River, while his honours thesis evaluated ethnobotanical relationships around the Rio Tinto copper mine in Phalaborwa. Most recently he has worked as an Environmental Consultant at EOH Coastal and Environmental Services (EOH CES), conducting environmental authorisations applications (NWA, NEMA, MPRDA), Public Participation Processes, GIS specialisation as well as Ecological and Wetland specialist studies. Previously, Gideon worked as the Monitoring & Evaluation Project Manager for the City of Cape Town's invasive species unit (Environmental Resources Management Department).

Gideon's GIS background includes the management of the City of Cape Town invasive species GIS database, involving the storage, management, recall and quality control off all sightings, clearance visits and known infestations. Further experience include mapping for various consulting projects, boundary verification through ground-truthing and the spatial mapping and delineation component of this MSc research. Gideon has further attended public participation workshops, and has been involved with IAP identification, translation, public meetings and engagement for a variety of projects, mainly within the Afrikaans speaking Northern Cape. Gideon is interested in invasion ecology, treatment of groundwater pollution through phytoremediation, botanical and wetland specialist studies, GIS application for ecology and environmental management, and the EIA processes in general.

### **SKILLS BASE AND CORE COMPETENCIES**

- Environmental Management
- GIS data manipulation, storage, management and mapping
- EIA Impact Assessments and Basic Assessment
- Environmental Management Programmes
- Environmental Compliance Monitoring
- Mining Rights, Mining Permits, Prospecting Rights (and renewal) applications (MPRDA & NEMA)
- Public and Stakeholder Engagement (NEMA)
- Ecological/Botanical Specialist Studies

- Wetland Delineation, Functional and Impact Assessment studies
- Water Use Licence Applications (NWA)
- General Authorisations (NWA)

### **EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL STATUS**

### Degrees:

- M.Sc. Geography and Environmental Science (2014), Stellenbosch University (2014)
- B.Sc. (Hons) Ecology, Environment and Conservation (Cum Laude), University of the Witwatersrand (2011)
- B.Sc. Life and Environmental Sciences, University of Johannesburg (2010)

#### **Short Courses:**

- GroundTruth SASS5 competency course, GroundTruth Aquatic Consulting (2017)
- DWS 21C&I GA training workshop, Department of Water and Sanitation (2016)
- IAIAsa Public Participation Process Workshop, IAIA South Africa (2016)
- EIA Theory and application, EOH Coastal and Environmental Services (2015)
- Water Safety Training, City of Cape Town Environmental Resources Department (2014)
- Herbicide safety and application for weed control, City of Cape Town Environmental Resources Department (2014)
- Snake awareness training, City of Cape Town Environmental Resources Department (2014)
- Habitable Planet Workshop, Applied Centre for Climate & Earth Systems Science, Cape Town (2011)

#### **Professional Society Affiliations:**

- Golden Key International Honour Society University of the Witwatersrand Chapter
- South African Council for Scientific Natural Professionals (SACNASP): Certified Natural Scientist Pr.Sci.Nat. (Membership No.: 117178)
- IAIAsa (Membership No.: 3619)

#### Other Relevant Skills:

GPS use, spatial data capturing and ground truthing

## **EMPLOYMENT**

Date	Company	Roles and Responsibilities
October 2018 - Current:	Savannah Environmental (Pty) Ltd	Environmental and Permitting Consultant
		Tasks include: Undertaking environmental impact assessments, basic assessments, environmental management programmes (EMPrs), environmental amendments, water use license applications, general authorisations, wetland assessments, botanical/ecological assessments, mining rights and permit applications, prospecting rights applications, environmental compliance officer audits and reporting, Ensuring environmental compliance on permitting processes, client liaison and relationship management.

Date	Company	Roles and Responsibilities
February 2015 –	EOH Coastal and Environmental	Senior Environmental Consultant
September 2018	Services (Pty) Ltd	Tasks included: Undertaking environmental impact assessments, basic assessments, environmental management programmes (EMPrs), environmental amendments, water use license applications, general authorisations,
		wetland assessments, botanical/ecological assessments, mining rights and permit applications, prospecting rights applications, environmental compliance officer audits and reporting, Ensuring environmental compliance on permitting processes, client liaison and relationship management, public participation processes for environmental authorisations.
March 2014 – February	Invasive Species Unit (ISU),	Professional Officer
2015	Environmental Resources Management Department (ERMD), City of Cape Town	Tasks included: Managed the Monitoring & Evaluation project portfolio, entailing the establishment of an invasive species monitoring & evaluation system for the ISU, as well as GIS database management, quality assurance and reporting thereof. Position required managing a
		small staff compliment (dealing directly with GIS database management), managing time and budgets for the monitoring division, conducting monitoring trials and research, writing species management plans as well as handling the GIS database, quality control, verification and integrity for the ISU.
January 2012 – March 2014	University of Stellenbosch	Departmental Assistant
		Tasks included: Technical editing of academic reports. Formatting of PhD and MSc reports on a weekly basis, with short turnaround time and good quality feedback.
January 2011 – January 2012	University of the Witwatersrand	Departmental Assistant
		<u>Tasks included:</u> Responsible for practical tutorials and marking of 1st year medical students. Included zoology and botany.
January 2006 – November 2010 (part time)	Codeon Networking CC	Co-founder and web developer  Tasks included: Small business owner, responsible for all facets of the business. Self-taught HTML, CSS, PHP and MySQL. Won and produced two medium
		enterprise websites serving the gaming community. Websites required user profiles & permissions, CMS system and automated payment options as functionality. Development

Date	Company	Roles and Responsibilities	
		and maintenance of a user database and	
		account management system.	

#### **PROJECT EXPERIENCE**

Project experience includes project management, EIA, BA and EMPr documentation development, integrated water use license applications, general authorisations, specialist botanical and ecological impact assessments, specialist wetland delineation and impact assessments, GIS applications and mapping, compliance auditing and monitoring, vegetation rehabilitation and monitoring plans, integrated waste management plans and waste licencing, mining right & permits, as well as prospecting rights applications.

Industry experience includes the waste sector (IWMP's and waste licencing), road and rail infrastructure (BAR, S&EIR, WUL/GA, Waste Licence), ports and harbours (management plans), private sector clients across varying industries (various permits), mining sector (BAR, S&EIR, mining permits and rights, prospecting rights), conservation sector (biodiversity plans), renewable energy industry (BAR, S&EIR) as well as the gas and oil industry (biodiversity reports).

### **RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS: SOLAR ENERGY FACILITIES**

#### **Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Enel Paleisheuwel Solar compliance auditing,	Enel Green Power RSA (EGP	Environmental consultant
Paleisheuwel, Northern Cape	RSA)	

#### **RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS: WIND ENERGY FACILITIES**

#### **Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
G7 Brandvalley S&EIR, Matjiesfontein, Northern Cape	G7 Renewable Energy (Pty) Ltd	Environmental consultant
G7 Rietkloof S&EIR, Matjiesfontein, Northern Cape	G7 Renewable Energy (Pty) Ltd	Environmental consultant

#### **Basic Assessments**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
G7 Renewable Energy 132kV BAR & EMPr,	G7 Renewable Energy (Pty)	Project Manager,
Matjiesfontein, Northern Cape	Ltd	Environmental consultant, Public Participation

### Compliance Advice and ESAP reporting

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Biotherm Energy Golden Valley Wind Energy Facility	Biotherm Energy Pty Ltd	Environmental consultant
ESAP, Bedford, Eastern Cape		

#### **Amendments**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role

Mosselbay Energy EA Amendment, Mosselbay,	Mosselbay Energy IPP (Pty)	Environmental consultant
Western Cape	Ltd	

## **GAS PROJECTS**

## **Screening Studies**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
iGas integrated biodiversity screening, Saldanha,	Central Energy Fund - iGas	Environmental consultant,
Western Cape	(subsidiary)	Faunal specialist (assistant)

## MINING SECTOR PROJECTS

## **Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Triton Minerals Limited Ancuabe and Nicanda Hills	Triton Minerals Ltd	Environmental consultant
EPDA, Ancuabe, Cabo Del Gado Province,		
Mozambique		
Ancuabe graphite mine Environmental and Social	Grafex Limitada Mozambique	Environmental consultant
Impact Assessment (ESIA), Cabo Del Gado Province,		
Mozambique		

### **Basic Assessments**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
SANRAL material sourcing BAR (DMR), Hendrina,	SANRAL SOC Ltd & Leo	Project Manager,
Mpumalanga Province	consulting engineers	Environmental consultant,
		Public Participation
SANRAL Bierspruit R510 Borrow Pit authorisation,	SANRAL SOC Ltd & Royal	Project Manager,
Thabazimbi, Limpopo Province	HaskoningDHV South Africa	Environmental consultant,
		Ecological specialist, Public
		Participation
Almenar tin prospecting BAR, Carnarvon, Northern	Almenar Property Investments	Environmental consultant
Cape	(Pty) Ltd	

## **Rehabilitation Studies**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Ancuabe baseline vegetation monitoring	Grafex Limitada Mozambique	Botanical specialist
assessment and programme, Ancuabe, Cabo Del		
Gado Province, Mozambique		
Prospecting pit rehabilitation programme, Ancuabe,	Grafex Limitada Mozambique	Botanical specialist,
Cabo Del Gado Province, Mozambique		Environmental consultant
Mayfield Quarry rehabilitation plan, Grahamstown,	Mayfield Quarry	Environmental consultant
Eastern Cape		

## **Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Construction monitoring and DMR environmental	SANRAL SOC Ltd & Leo	Project Manager, ECO,
authorisation, Hendrina, Mpumalanga Province	consulting engineers	
SANRAL Caledon N2 Section 3 road upgrade ECO	JG Afrika Engineering	Project Manager, ECO
Audits and Reporting, Caledon, Western Cape		
Province		

## Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
VMC Mining permit renewal application, Rust De	Vergenoeg Mining Company	Environmental consultant
Winter, Gauteng	(Pty) Ltd	
Zirco Resources Kamiesberg heavy mineral sand	Zirco Roode Heuwel (Pty) Ltd	Environmental consultant
mine water use licence, Kamiesberg, Northern Cape		

## INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS (BRIDGES, PIPELINES, ROADS, WATER RESOURCES, STORAGE, ETC)

## **Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
S&EIR authorisation for the SANRAL Zandkraal-	SANRAL SOC Ltd & SMEC	Project Manager,
Windburg N1 road upgrade, Windburg, Free State	Consulting Engineers	Environmental consultant,
Province		Public Participation
Thabazimbi Local Municipality Integrated Waste	Thabazimbi Local	Environmental consultant,
Management Plan, Thabazimbi, Limpopo Province	Municipality & Anglo	Public Participation
	American Plc	

#### **Basic Assessments**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
SANRAL Masekwaspoort N1 Road Upgrade BA, Louis	SANRAL SOC Ltd & Knight	Project Manager,
Trichardt, Limpopo Province	Piésold Consulting	Environmental consultant,
		Public Participation
SANRAL Polokwane N1 Ring Road Upgrade Basic	SANRAL SOC Ltd & KBK	Environmental consultant
Assessment, Polokwane, Limpopo Province	Engineers	
Boshoek Loop Rail Upgrade BAR, Rustenburg, North-	Transnet SOC Ltd	Project Manager,
West Province		Environmental consultant,
		Wetland specialist, Public
		Participation
Heysterkrand Loop Rail Upgrade BAR, Rustenburg,	Transnet SOC Ltd	Project Manager,
North-West Province		Environmental consultant,
		Public Participation
SANRAL Bierspruit R510 road upgrade Basic	SANRAL SOC Ltd & Royal	Project Manager,
Assessment, Thabazimbi, Limpopo Province	HaskoningDHV South Africa	Environmental consultant,
		Ecological specialist, Public
		Participation
Barberton IAPS Waste Water Treatment Works	Umjindi Local Municipality	Project Manager,
development BAR, Barberton, Mpumalanga	and Rhodes University	Environmental consultant,
Province		Public Participation
SANRAL Caledon N2 Section 3 road upgrade project	JG Afrika Engineering	Project Manager,
Basic Assessment, Caledon, Western Cape Province		Environmental consultant,
		Ecological specialist, ECO

## **Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO**

Client Name	Role
SANRAL SOC Ltd & Leo	Project Manager,
consulting engineers	Environmental consultant,
3/	ANRAL SOC Ltd & Leo

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Water use licence for the SANRAL Zandkraal-	SANRAL SOC Ltd & SMEC	Project Manager,
Windburg N1 road upgrade and quarrying,	Consulting Engineers	Environmental consultant,
Windburg, Free State Province		Public Participation
SANRAL Masekwaspoort N1 road upgrade water use	SANRAL SOC Ltd & Knight	Project Manager,
licence application, Louis Trichardt, Limpopo	Piésold Consulting	Environmental consultant,
Province		Public Participation
Boshoek Loop Rail Upgrade water use licence	Transnet SOC Ltd	Project Manager,
application, Rustenburg, North-West Province		Environmental consultant,
		Wetland specialist, Public
		Participation
SANRAL Bierspruit R510 road water use licence,	SANRAL SOC Ltd & Royal	Project Manager,
Thabazimbi, Limpopo Province	HaskoningDHV South Africa	Environmental consultant,
		Ecological specialist, Public
		Participation
Barberton IAPS Waste Water Treatment Works water	Umjindi Local Municipality	Project Manager,
use licence and SASS 5 assessment, Barberton,	and Rhodes University	Environmental consultant,
Mpumalanga Province		Aquatic specialist, Public
		Participation
SANRAL Caledon N2 Section 3 road upgrade water	JG Afrika Engineering	Project Manager,
use licence and specialist reports, Caledon, Western		Environmental consultant,
Cape Province		Ecological specialist, Public
		Participation

## **HOUSING AND URBAN PROJECTS**

# **Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Scoping and EIR authorisation, Water Use Licence,	Frances Baard Local	Project Manager,
for the Ganspan tourism facility development, Jan	Municipality	Environmental consultant,
Kempdorp, Northern Cape		Public Participation

## **Basic Assessments**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Basic Assessment for the office complex	South African National	Project Manager,
development within the Pretoria National Botanical	Biodiversity Institute (SANBI)	Environmental consultant,
Gardens, Pretoria, Gauteng		Public Participation, ECO
Corner Berg and Drooge Street township	Ramotshere Moiloa Local	Project Manager,
development BAR, Zeerust, North-West Province	Municipality	Environmental consultant,
		Public Participation
Corner Kort and Bree Street township development	Ramotshere Moiloa Local	Project Manager,
BAR, Zeerust, North-West Province	Municipality	Environmental consultant,
		Public Participation
Hope Village township development BAR,	Door of Hope Charity	Project Manager,
Johannesburg, Gauteng	Organisation	Environmental consultant,
		Public Participation
ACSA Jones Road Filling Station Basic Assessment,	Airports Company South	Project Manager,
Johannesburg, Gauteng	Africa SOC Ltd	Environmental consultant,
		Public Participation

## **Screening Studies**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Kibler Park Church Development ecological	Riverside Community Church	Project Manager,
assessment, Johannesburg, Gauteng		Ecological specialist
DEA Quoin Point dune specialist assessments,	Department of Environmental	Project Manager,
Gansbaai, Western Cape	Affairs (national)	Environmental consultant

# Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Transnet Depot and Siding compliance auditing	Transnet SOC Ltd	ECO
programme, Johannesburg, Gauteng & Rustenburg,		
North-West Province		
Environmental compliance monitoring for the office	South African National	Project Manager,
complex development within the Pretoria National	Biodiversity Institute (SANBI)	Environmental consultant,
Botanical Gardens, Pretoria, Gauteng		Public Participation, ECO

## Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Atmospheric Emissions Licence, Section 24G for the	ER Galvanizers Pty Ltd	Project Manager,
ER Galvanizing plant and operations, Johannesburg,		Environmental consultant,
Gauteng		Public Participation
City of Johannesburg nature reserve proclamation	City of Johannesburg SOC	Project Manager,
(Phase II), Johannesburg, Gauteng	Ltd	Environmental consultant,
		Public Participation,
		Botanical specialist
Hope Village township development water use	Door of Hope Charity	Project Manager,
licence, Johannesburg, Gauteng	Organisation	Environmental consultant,
		Public Participation
Diamond Park Township Development Section 24G,	Sol Plaatje Local Municipality	Project Manager,
Kimberley, Northern Cape		Environmental consultant,
		Public Participation
Boschendal Wine Estate hydro-electric power station	Boschendal Wine Estate	Environmental consultant
Water Use Licence and S24G application,		
Stellenbosch, Western Cape		
City of Johannesburg nature reserve proclamation	City of Johannesburg SOC	Environmental consultant
boundary verification (Phase I), Johannesburg,	Ltd	
Gauteng		
PRDW Cape Town harbour breakwater rehabilitation	PRDW Engineering	Project Manager,
EMPr, Cape Town, Western Cape		Environmental consultant
PRDW Bushman's Estuary dune encroachment	PRDW Engineering	Environmental consultant
project management, Kenton-on-sea, Eastern Cape		
Corner Berg and Drooge Street township	Ramotshere Moiloa Local	Project Manager,
development water use licence application,	Municipality	Environmental consultant
Zeerust, North-West Province		
Corner Kort and Bree Street township development	Ramotshere Moiloa Local	Project Manager,
water use licence, Zeerust, North-West Province	Municipality	Environmental consultant
Bloekombos (Kraaifontein) hospital water use	Western Cape Provincial	Project Manager,
licence application, Cape Town, Western Cape	Government (PGWC)	Environmental consultant,
		Botanical specialist,
		Wetland specialist

## **SPECIALIST STUDIES**

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Boshoek Loop Rail Upgrade BAR and Water Use	Transnet SOC Ltd	Wetland specialist
Licence, Rustenburg, North-West Province		
City of Johannesburg nature reserve proclamation	City of Johannesburg SOC	Botanical specialist
(Phase II), Johannesburg, Gauteng	Ltd	
SANRAL Bierspruit R510 road upgrade Water Use	SANRAL SOC Ltd & Royal	Ecological specialist
Licence, Basic Assessment, Thabazimbi, Limpopo	HaskoningDHV South Africa	
Province		
Kibler Park Church Development Ecological	Riverside Community Church	Ecological specialist
Assessment, Johannesburg, Gauteng		
Barberton IAPS Waste Water Treatment Works	Umjindi Local Municipality	Aquatic specialist
development BAR, water use licence and SASS 5	and Rhodes University	
assessment, Barberton, Mpumalanga Province		
Wijnberg Trust Dam 2 expansion Aquatic Impact	Wijnberg Trust	Aquatic specialist
Assessment		
SANRAL Caledon N2 Section 3 road upgrade project	JG Afrika Engineering	Ecological specialist
Basic Assessment, Water Use Licence and Specialist		
reports, Caledon, Western Cape Province		
City of Johannesburg nature reserve proclamation	City of Johannesburg SOC	GIS specialist
boundary verification (Phase I), Johannesburg,	Ltd	
Gauteng		
iGas integrated biodiversity screening, Saldanha,	Central Energy Fund - iGas	Faunal specialist (assistant)
Western Cape	(subsidiary)	
Bloekombos (Kraaifontein) botanical baseline and	Western Cape Provincial	Wetland specialist
impact assessment, Cape Town, Western Cape	Government (PGWC)	Botanical specialist