		the noise levels.	generated. Noisy vehicles or machinery will be repaired immediately to dampen noise levels on site.		
	Visual Aspects:	There is no visual impact as the mining site is not visible from any roads.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
Vegetating:	Geology:	Vegetating will not impact geology.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
	Topography:	Vegetating will not impact topography.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
a .	Soil:	Positive impact - vegetating the disturbed areas will prevent soil erosion.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
	Flora:	Positive impact - vegetating the disturbed areas with endemic species will create a new altered habitat for fauna.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
	Fauna:	Positive impact - vegetating the disturbed areas with endemic species will create a new altered habitat for fauna.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
	Surface Hydrology:	The newly established vegetation will result in a higher Tc (time of concentration), resulting in lower flood peaks and reduced risk of erosion and flood damage downstream. The subsequent slower surface water flow will change the runoff.	The regulations promulgated in Government Notice No 704 of 4 June 1999, in terms of the NWA (the National Water Act, (Act No. 36 of 1998)) shall apply to the water management and pollution control at the mine. The mine will make use of beams and other structures surrounding the mine areas to ensure that clean and dirty water are separated. At any time if it is identified that soil erosion is the result of storm water run-off, the mine will rectify the erosion and implement measures to ensure that erosion does not re-occur.	R0-00	R0-00
	Groundwater:	Groundwater will not be impacted.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
	Air Quality:	Positive impact – air quality will dramatically improve as re-vegetation	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00

		commences.			
	Noise:	Noise levels will not be impacted.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
	Visual Aspects:	Positive impact – will dramatically improve as re-vegetation commences.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
Dust Suppression:	Geology:	Geology will not be impacted.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
	Topography:	Topography will not be impacted.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
	Soil:	Soil will not be impacted.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
	Flora:	All Flora has already been removed.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
*	Fauna:	All Fauna has already vacated the site in the previous phase.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
	Surface Hydrology:	Surface hydrology will not be impacted.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
	Groundwater:	Water spayed on the roads or disturbed areas may seep into the groundwater system.	Water will be obtained from the said holding dam on the existing mine. The mine will make sure to optimise the water usage and not to contaminate any groundwater.	R0-00	R0-00
	Air Quality:	Positive impact - water sprayed on the roads or disturbed areas will reduce dust pollution of moving vehicles.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
	Noise:	The movement of vehicles will increase the noise levels.	Frequent maintenance of vehicles required - refer to above.	R0-00 Already catered for above.	R0-00 Already catered for above.
	Visual Aspects:	Visual aspects will not be impacted.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00

Table 3.4.3 Possible Closure Phase Impacts

	Closure Phase:				
Activity:	Environmental Aspect:	Impact	Mitigation Measures	Annual Cost	Final Cost
Final Backfilling and Sloping:	Geology:	Partially restores geology although to an altered state.	The backfilling of overburden restores the geological material, but with an altered geological structure.	R0-00 Already catered for.	R0-00 Already catered for.
	Topography:	Partially restores topography although to an altered state.	The void left by excavating is partially backfilled using overburden, thus minimising the initial negative impact. The topography however remains altered when compared with the natural topography.	R0-00 Already catered for.	R0-00 Already catered for.
	Soil:	Partially restores topography although to an altered state.	Sloping will result in a new, altered soil structures.	R0-00 Already catered for.	R0-00 Already catered for.
	Flora:	Final backfilling and sloping will have no impact on flora, other than preparing the ground for replacing of topsoil and vegetating.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00 Already catered for.	R0-00 Already catered for.
	Fauna:	Final backfilling and sloping will have no impact on fauna.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00 Already catered for.	R0-00 Already catered for.
	Surface Hydrology:	Change in surface water runoff patterns.	Backfilling will alter the topography and cause a change in surface water runoff patterns.	R0-00 Already catered for.	R0-00 Already catered for.
	Groundwater:	Final backfilling and sloping will have no impact on groundwater.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00 Already catered for.	R0-00 Already catered for.
	Air Quality:	Movement of vehicles and machinery will increase dust levels.	Mitigation already catered for in previous phase.	R0-00 Already catered for.	R0-00 Already catered for.
	Noise:	Movement of vehicles and machinery will increase noise levels.	Mitigation already catered for in previous phase.	R0-00 Already catered for.	R0-00 Already catered for.
	Visual Aspects:	There is no visual impact as the mining site is not visible from any roads.	Mitigation already catered for in previous phase.	R0-00 Already catered for.	R0-00 Already catered for.

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Final Replacing of Topsoil:	Geology: Topography:	The backfilling of overburden restores the geological material, but with an altered geological structure. The void left by excavating is partially backfilled using overburden, thus minimising the initial	Backfilling is taken from the overburden stockpiled referred to above as to prepare the site for replacing of topsoil. Backfilling with overburden.	R0-00 Cost already catered for in the excavating phase. R0-00	R0-00 Cost already catered for in the excavation phase. R0-00
		minimising the initial negative impact. The topography however remains altered when compared with the natural topography.	- 8 m - 2 m	s	
	Soil:	Topsoil replacement.	The topsoil stockpiled for rehabilitation purposes referred to above are placed on top of the overburden.	R0-00 Cost already catered for in the excavation phase.	R0-00 Cost already catered for in the excavation phase.
	Flora:	Re-vegetation of site.	This mitigation measure has already been catered for in the topsoil removal phase.	R0-00	R0-00
	Fauna:	Impact already exists.	As vegetation re-establishes itself on the site the natural Fauna will gradually return.	R0-00	R0-00
	Surface Hydrology:	The replacing of topsoil over the partially backfilled pit or excavation areas will have the final alteration on the topography and changed runoff patterns.	The regulations promulgated in Government Notice No 704 of 4 June 1999, in terms of the NWA (the National Water Act, (Act No. 36 of 1998)) shall apply to the water management and pollution control at the mine. The mine will make use of beams and other structures surrounding the mine areas to ensure that clean and dirty water are separated. At any time if it is identified that soil erosion is the result of storm water run-off, the mine will rectify the erosion and implement measures to ensure that erosion does not re-occur.	Cost already included in	R0-00 Cost already included in previous phase.

	Groundwater:	Groundwater will not be impacted.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
	Air Quality:	Movement of vehicles and machinery will increase the dust levels.	The following steps will be taken: • A sprinkler system will be used. Water will be drawn from the holding dam on the existing mining area. The said holding dam is fed by water drawn form the Amanzi farm dam. The water will from there be pumped into the sprinkler system. • Periodic watering of the	R0-00 Cost already included in previous phase.	R0-00 Cost already included in previous phase.
			 Periodic watering of the access roads will be conducted if and when required, especially in August and September before the raining season commence. Speed limits will be instated within the boundaries of the site to minimize the dust impact as a result of heavy trucks. If dust levels on site are significantly impacted on and the dust level rise above 10mg/m³ dust masks must be made available to workers. 		
	Noise:	Movement of vehicles and machinery will increase the noise levels.	All machinery will be kept in good working order, to ensure that no unwanted noise is generated. Noisy vehicles or machinery will be repaired immediately to dampen noise levels on site.	R0-00	R0-00
	Visual Aspects:	There is no visual impact as the mining site is not visible from any roads	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
Vegetating:	Geology:	Vegetating will not impact geology.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
	Topography:	Vegetating will not impact topography.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00

Soil:	Positive impact - vegetating the disturbed areas will prevent soil erosion.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
Flora:	Positive impact - vegetating the disturbed areas with endemic species will create a new altered habitat for fauna.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
Fauna:	Positive impact - vegetating the disturbed areas with endemic species will create a new altered habitat for fauna.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
Surface Hydrology:	The newly established vegetation will result in a higher Tc (time of concentration), resulting in lower flood peaks and reduced risk of erosion and flood damage downstream. The subsequent slower surface water flow will change the runoff.	The regulations promulgated in Government Notice No 704 of 4 June 1999, in terms of the NWA (the National Water Act, (Act No. 36 of 1998)) shall apply to the water management and pollution control at the mine. The mine will make use of beams and other structures surrounding the mine areas to ensure that clean and dirty water are separated. At any time if it is identified that soil erosion is the result of storm water run-off, the mine will rectify the erosion and implement measures to ensure that erosion does not re-occur.	R0-00	R0-00
Groundwater:	Groundwater will not be impacted.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
Air Quality:	Positive impact – air quality will dramatically improve as re-vegetation commences.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
Noise:	Noise levels will not be impacted.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
Visual Aspects:	Positive impact – will dramatically improve as re-vegetation commences.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
Geology:	Geology will not be	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00

Dust Suppression: Geology: COMPILED BY FUTURE MINING CONSULTANTS ©

	impacted.			
Topography:	Topography will not be impacted.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
Soil:	Soil will not be impacted.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
Flora:	Flora will not be impacted.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
Fauna:	Fauna will not be impacted.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
Surface Hydrology:	Surface hydrology will not be impacted.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
 Groundwater:	Water spayed on the roads or disturbed areas may seep into the groundwater system.	Water will be obtained from said holding dam on the existing. The mine will make sure to optimise the water usage and not to contaminate any groundwater.	R0-00	R0-00
Air Quality:	Positive impact - water sprayed on the roads or disturbed areas will reduce dust pollution of moving vehicles.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
Noise:	The movement of vehicles will increase the noise levels.	The second secon	R0-00 Already catered for above.	R0-00 Already catered for above.
Visual Aspects:	Visual aspects will not be impacted.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00

Table 3.4.4 Possible Post-closure Phase Impacts

Activity:	Environmental	Impact	Mitigation Measures	Annual Cost	Final Cost
	Aspect:				
Erosion Control:	Geology:	Erosion control will have no impact on geology.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
	Topography:	Only impacted in severe cases.	Erosion control and monitoring will limit erosion and disturbance of the rehabilitated surfaces by means of stone packing and 20mm wire mesh.	R10,000-00	R300,000-00
	Soil:	Definite impact.	Erosion control and monitoring will limit erosion and disturbance of the rehabilitated surfaces by means of stone packing and 20mm wire mesh.	R0-00 Already catered for under topography.	R0-00 Already catered for under topography.
	Flora:	Erosion control and monitoring will limit erosion and protect the growth medium.	Erosion control and monitoring will limit erosion and disturbance of the rehabilitated surfaces by means of stone packing and 20mm wire mesh.	R0-00 Already catered for under topography.	R0-00 Already catered for under topography.
	Fauna:	Erosion control will not have an impact on fauna.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
	Surface Hydrology:	Definite impact.	Erosion control will maintain the newly formed, changed runoff patterns.	R0-00 Already catered for under topography.	R0-00 Already catered for under topography.
	Groundwater:	Possible impact.	Erosion control and monitoring will limit erosion and disturbance of the rehabilitated surfaces by means of stone packing and 20mm wire mesh.	R0-00 Already catered for under topography.	R0-00 Already catered for under topography.
	Air Quality:	Erosion control will not have an impact on air quality.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
	Noise:	Erosion control will not have an impact on noise.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
	Visual Aspects:	Erosion control will not have an impact on visual aspects.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
Dust Suppression:	Geology:	Geology will not be impacted.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
	Topography:	Topography will not be impacted.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00

Soil:	Soil will not be impacted.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
Flora:	Flora will not be impacted.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
Fauna:	Fauna will not be impacted.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
Surface Hydrology:	Surface hydrology will not be impacted.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
Groundwater:	Water spayed on the roads or disturbed areas may seep into the groundwater system.	Water will be obtained from the said holding dam on the existing mine. The mine will make sure to optimise the water usage and not to contaminate any groundwater.	R0-00	R0-00
Air Quality:	Positive impact - water sprayed on the roads or disturbed areas will reduce dust pollution of moving vehicles.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00
Noise:	The movement of vehicles will increase the noise levels.	Frequent maintenance of vehicles required - refer to above.	R0-00 Already catered for above.	R0-00 Already catered for above.
Visual Aspects:	Visual aspects will not be impacted.	No mitigation measures required.	R0-00	R0-00

3.5 Assessment of Potential Impacts

Impacts in this section are considered by the following criteria:

Extent, Duration, Intensity (processes) and Probability, with a value awarded to each of the aspects considered.

The extent of each impact if described as either:

*	Local:	on the property	(1)
**	Regional:	within municipal boundaries	(2)
*	Provincial:	within provincial boundaries	(3)
*	National:	within national boundaries	(4)
*	International:	crossing national boundaries	(5)

The duration of each impact is described as either:

**	Short term	less than a month	(1)
*	Medium term:	a month or more	(2)
*	Long term:	until the end of the life of the mine	(3)
*	Permanent:	after mining activities ceased	(4)

The intensity is described as either:

**	Undisturbed:	natural processes continue undisturbed	(1)
*	Changed:	natural processes continue, but are altered	(2)
*	Stop:	natural processes stop	(3)

The probability is described as either:

**	Impossible:	the impact will not take place	(0)
*	Unlikely:	the impact may occur occasionally (up to 30%)	(1)
*	Likely:	the impact may occur regularly (up to 60%)	(2)
*	Definite:	the impact will definitely occur (up to 100%)	(3)

The awarded values are used to determine the significance rating in the following way:

Rating = (Extent + Duration + Intensity) x Probability

The significance of each impact is then awarded according to the following scale:

RATING:	SIGNIFICANCE:
0	No impact
3 -14	Low impact
15 – 26	Medium impact
27 – 36	High impact

Table 3.5.1 Impact Scale

The following table shows the possible impacts during the construction phase:

Table 3.5.2 Construction Phase Impact Assessment

			Co	nstruction	Phase:			
Activity	Environmental Aspect	Impact	Extent	Duration	Processes	Probability	Rating	Significance
	Due to the fact t	hat this is	an extensi	ion of an exi	sting mine, no	construction w	vill take pla	ace.

The following table shows the possible impacts during the operational phase:

Table 3.5.3 Operational Phase Impact Assessment

	La caratronomes de la caración de la		THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO	ational Phase:				0::6
Activity	Environmental Aspect	Impact	Extent (A)	Duration (B)	Processes (C)	Probability (D)	Rating(E) (A+B+C)xD=E	Significance
opsoil	Geology:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
Removal	Topography	Lowered	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact
	Soil:	Removed	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Stop (3)	Definite (3)	21	Medium Impact
	Flora:	Removed	Local(1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact
	Fauna:	Temporarily vacate	Local(1)	Short Term (1)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	12	Low Impact
	Surface Hydrology:	Changed runoff	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact
	Groundwater:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Air Quality:	Increased dust level	Regional (2)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	14	Low Impact
	Noise:	Increased noise level	Regional (2)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	14	Low Impact
	Visual Aspects:	Increase visual level	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact
Excavating	Geology:	Removed	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Stop (3)	Definite (3)	24	Medium Impact
	Topography	Lowered	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Stop (3)	Definite (3)	24	Medium Impact
	Soil:	Removed	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact
	Flora:	Removed	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact
	Fauna:	Temporarily vacate	Local (1)	Short Term (1)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	12	Low Impact
	Surface Hydrology:	Changed runoff	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact
	Groundwater:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Air Quality:	Increased dust level	Regional (2)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	14	Low Impact
	Noise:	Increased noise level	Regional (2)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	14	Low Impact
	Visual Aspects:	Increase visual level	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact
Hauling:	Geology:	Removed	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Stop (3)	Definite (3)	24	Medium Impact
1-1-1111-131	Topography	Lowered	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Stop(3)	Definite (3)	24	Medium Impact
	Soil:	Removed	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact
	Flora:	Removed	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact
	Fauna:	Temporarily vacate	Local (1)	Short Term (1)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	12	Low Impact
			Oper	ational Phase:				
Activity	Environmental Aspect	Impact	Extent	Duration	Processes	Probability	Rating	Significance
	Surface Hydrology:	Changed runoff	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact
	Groundwater:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Air Quality:	Increased dust level	Regional (2)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	14	Low Impact
	Noise:	Increased noise level	Regional (2)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	14	Low Impact
	Visual Aspects:	Increase visual level	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impac
Backfilling:	Geology:	Changed geological structure	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	21	Medium Impact

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	Topography	Altered topography	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	21	Medium Impact
	Soil:	Overburden replaced	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	21	Medium Impact
	Flora:	Removed	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact
	Fauna:	Temporarily vacate	Local (1)	Short Term (1)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	12	Low Impact
	Surface Hydrology:	Changed runoff	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact
	Groundwater:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Air Quality:	Increased dust level	Regional (2)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	14	Low Impact
	Noise:	Increased noise level	Regional (2)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	14	Low Impact
	Visual Aspects:	Increase visual level	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact
Loading:	Geology:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Topography	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Soil:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Flora:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Fauna:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Surface Hydrology:	No Impact			•	Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Groundwater:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Air Quality:	Increased dust level	Regional (2)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	14	Low Impact
	Noise:	Increased noise level	Regional (2)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	14	Low Impact
	Visual Aspects:	Increased visual level	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Undisturbed (1)	Likely (2)	10	Low Impact
Transport:	Geology:	No Impact (off site)				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
. ranoporti	Topography	No Impact (off site)				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Soil:	No Impact (off site)				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Flora:	No Impact (off site)				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Fauna:	No Impact (off site)				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Surface Hydrology:	No Impact (off site)				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Groundwater:	No Impact (off site)				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Air Quality:	Increased dust level	Regional (2)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	14	Low Impact
	Noise:	Increased noise level	Regional (2)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	14	Low Impact
	Visual Aspects:	Increased traffic	Regional (2)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Unlikely (1)	7	Low Impact
Replacing Topsoil:	Geology:	Changed geological structure	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	21	Medium Impact
горзоп.	Topography	Altered topography	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	21	Medium Impact
				ational Phase:				
Activity	Environmental Aspect	Impact	Extent	Duration	Processes	Probability	Rating	Significance
	Soil:	Altered soil structure	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	21	Medium Impact
	Flora:	Removed	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact
	Fauna:	Temporarily vacate	Local (1)	Short Term (1)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	12	Low Impact
	Surface Hydrology:	Changed runoff	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact
	Groundwater:	No Impact		(J)	- (-)	Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Air Quality:	Increased dust level	Regional (2)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Unlikely (1)	7	Low Impact
	Noise:	Increased noise level	Regional (2)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	14	Low Impact
	140156.	moreaseu noise lever	regional (2)	Long Tom (5)	Gridinged (2)		* I - V V	Lott impact

	Visual Aspects:	Increase visual level	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact
Vegetating:	Geology:	Changed geological structure	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	21	Medium Impact
	Topography	Altered topography	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	21	Medium Impact
	Soil:	Prevent erosion (Positive Impact)	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	14	Low Impact
	Flora:	Re-vegetating (Positive Impact)	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	21	Medium Impact
	Fauna:	New Habitat (Positive Impact)	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	21	Medium Impact
	Surface Hydrology:	Changed runoff (Positive Impact)	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	14	Low Impact
	Groundwater:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Air Quality:	Positive Impact – back to natural state	Regional (2)	Permanent (4)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	24	Medium Impact
	Noise:	Positive Impact	Regional (2)	Permanent (4)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	24	Medium Impact
	Visual Aspects:	Increase visual level - Positive Impact	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact
Dust	Geology:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
Suppression:	Topography	No Impact			Marine and the second	Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Soil:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Flora:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Fauna:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Surface Hydrology:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Groundwater:	Groundwater recharge (Positive Impact)	Local (1)	Short Term (1)	Changed (2)	Unlikely (1)	4	Low Impact
	Air Quality:	Reduced dust levels (Positive Impact)	Regional (2)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	14	Low Impact
	Noise:	Increased noise level	Regional (2)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	14	Low Impact
	Visual Aspects:	Increase visual level	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact

The following table shows the possible impacts during the closure phase:

Table 3.5.4 Closure Phase Impact Assessment

			Closu	ire Phase:				
Activity	Environmental Aspect	Impact	Extent	Duration	Processes	Probability	Rating	Significance
Final Backfilling	Geology:	Changed geological structure	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	21	Medium Impact
And Sloping:	Topography	Altered topography	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	21	Medium Impact
, ,	Soil:	Altered soil structure	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	21	Medium Impact
	Flora:	Removed	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact
	Fauna:	Temporarily vacate	Local (1)	Short Term (1)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	12	Low Impact
	Surface Hydrology:	Changed runoff	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact
	Groundwater:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Air Quality:	Increased dust levels	Regional (2)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	14	Low Impact
	Noise:	Increased noise levels	Regional (2)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	14	Low Impact
	Visual Aspects:	Increase visual level	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact
Final	Geology:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
Replacing of	Topography	Altered topography	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	21	Medium Impact
Topsoil:	Soil:	Altered soil structure	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	21	Medium Impact
торзоп.	Flora:	Restore growth medium (Positive Impact)	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	21	Medium Impact
	Fauna:	Temporarily vacate	Local (1)	Short Term (1)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	12	Low Impact
	Surface Hydrology:	Changed runoff	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	21	Medium Impact
	Groundwater:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Air Quality:	Increased dust levels	Regional (2)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	14	Low Impact
	Noise:	Increased noise levels	Regional (2)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	14	Low Impact
	Visual Aspects:	Increase visual level	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact
Final	Geology:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
Vegetating:	Topography	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
, ogotamig	Soil:	Prevent Erosion (Positive Impact)	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	12	Low Impact
	Flora:	Re-vegetating (Positive Impact)	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	21	Medium Impact
	Fauna:	New Habitat (Positive Impact)	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	21	Medium Impact
	Surface Hydrology:	Changed runoff (Positive Impact)	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	21	Medium Impact
	Groundwater:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Air Quality:	No Impact		Jan Bray W. Harrist		Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Noise:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Visual Aspects:	Increase visual level	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact
Activity	Environmental Aspect	Impact	Extent	Duration	Processes	Probability	Rating	Significance

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Dust	Geology:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
Suppression:	Topography	No Impact	- Marie Mari			Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
CONTROL OF THE STATE OF THE STA	Soil:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Flora:	Removed	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact
	Fauna	Temporarily vacate	Local (1)	Short Term (1)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	12	Low Impact
	Surface Hydrology:	Changed runoff	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact
	Groundwater:	Groundwater recharge (Positive Impact)	Local (1)	Short Term (1)	Changed (2)	Unlikely (1)	4	Low Impact
	Air Quality:	Reduced dust levels (Positive Impact)	Regional (2)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	14	Low Impact
	Noise:	Increased noise levels	Regional (2)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	14	Low Impact
	Visual Aspects:	Increase visual level	Local (1	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact

The following table shows the possible impacts during the post-closure phase:

Table 3.5.5 Post-Closure Phase Impact Assessment

	A CASE OF STREET		Post-C	losure Phase:				
Activity	Environmental Aspect	Impact	Extent	Duration	Processes	Probability	Rating	Significance
Erosion	Geology:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
Control:	Typography	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Soil:	Limit erosion (Positive Impact)	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	12	Low Impact
	Flora:	Protect growth medium (Positive Impact)	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	12	Low Impact
2	Fauna:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Surface Hydrology:	Changed runoff (Positive Impact)	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	12	Low Impact
	Groundwater:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Air Quality:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Noise:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Visual Aspects:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
Vegetation	Geology:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
Monitoring:	Typography	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Soil:	No Impact		III V		Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Flora:	Re-vegetating (Positive Impact)	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	12	Low Impact
	Fauna:	No Impact		and the second		Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Surface Hydrology:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Groundwater:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Air Quality:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Noise:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Visual Aspects:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Air Quality:	No Impact			Mariani Surrain	Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Noise:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact
	Visual Aspects:	No Impact				Impossible (0)	0	No Impact

3.6 Assessment of Potential Cumulative Impacts:

The following table indicates the assessment of possible cumulative impacts as a result of mining activities during all mining phases:

Table 3.6 Cumulative Impacts Assessment

		Pos	t-Closure P	hase:				
Environmental Aspect	Impact	Activities	Extent	Duration	Processes	Probability	Rating	Significance
Air Quality:	Increased dust levels	Topsoil Removal, Excavating, Hauling, Backfilling, Loading, Transport, Replacing Topsoil, Final Backfilling and Sloping And Final Replacing of Topsoil.	Regional (2)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	14	Low Impact
Flora:	Removed	Topsoil Removal and Stockpiling	Local (1)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	18	Medium Impact
Noise:	Increased noise levels	Topsoil Removal, Excavating, Hauling, Backfilling, Loading, Transport, Replacing Topsoil, Dust Suppression, Final Backfilling and Sloping And Final Replacing of Topsoil.	Regional (2)	Long Term (3)	Changed (2)	Likely (2)	14	Low Impact
Surface Hydrology:	Changed runoff	Topsoil removal, Excavating and Stockpiling.	Local (1)	Permanent (4)	Changed (2)	Definite (3)	21	Medium Impact

3.7 Knowledge Gaps

Due to the fact that this is an extension of an existing operation, the possible impacts were known at the onset of the compilation of this document.

Chapter 4 – Socio-economic Impact Assessment:

MPRDA Regulation 39 (3) (b)(ii) MPRDA Regulation 50 (c) MPRDA Regulation 50 (g)

4.1 Engagement Process with I&AP's:

See Subsection 3.1 above for the engagement process in progress.

4.2 Potential Impacts Identified by affected parties:

None please refer to subsection 3.2 above.

4.3 Potential Impacts Identified by State Departments:

No such impacts are as yet identified by State Departments.

4.4 Assessment of Potential Impacts Identified:

N/A, no impacts.

4.5 Comparative Land Use Assessment:

Due to the fact that this is an extension of an extension of an existing operation, no comparative land use and / or development alternatives were considered.

Chapter 5 – Heritage Impact Assessment:

MPRDA Regulation 39 (3) (b)(ii) MPRDA Regulation 50 (c) MPRDA Regulation 50 (g)

5.1 Engagement Process with affected parties:

See Subsection 3.1 above for the engagement process in progress.

5.2 Potential Impacts Identified by affected parties.

None, please refer to subsection 3.2 above.

5.3 Potential Impacts Identified by State Departments:

No such impacts are as yet identified by State Departments.

6.4 Assessment of Potential Impacts identified:

No impacts were indicated by any affected parties or State Departments.

6.5 Knowledge Gaps:

Due to the fact that this is an extension of an extension no known sites of historical or cultural value occur on the area, the potential possible impacts were known at the onset of the compilation of this document.

Chapter 6 - Environmental Awareness Plan:

MPRDA Section 39 (3) (c) MPRDA Regulation 51 (b) (vi)

6.1 Environmental Awareness Plan:

Inzulu Mining Co (Pty) Ltd recognises the importance of environmental training and is committed to training its employees. Through environmental awareness training the mine is aiming to reduce the frequency of environmental incidents and ultimately improve environmental management of the mine.

The mine recognises the importance of making all employees aware of the potential environmental impact that could result from conducting their jobs and how this potential can be minimised through effective training.

6.2 Green Area Meetings:

Green area meetings are 10 to 15 minute interactive sessions between all mine personnel and are an ideal opportunity to facilitate awareness of job specific environmental dangers and to educate employees on how they can live a more sustainable lifestyle away from the workplace. The mine undertakes to have green area meetings on a quarterly base. The method and medium of communication during the green area meetings is limited by the facilities available at the mine. As there are no meeting rooms or formal presentation facilities, the meetings will be held as discussions between the appointed responsible person for the meeting and the group. The tropics discussed in each of the environmental green area meetings will be recorded in a logbook, with all employees present signing and attendance register.

6.3 Discussion Topics:

Environmental topics selected for discussion can be general topics that are applicable to the entire operation, activity specific topics as identified in the impact assessment of the EMPR, or topics that can be "taken home" and implemented off-site.

6.3.1 General Topics:

General topics include, but are not limited to those impacts identified in the previous section and have been listed below:

- Dust generation and related impacts (particularly health related).
- Noise generation and related impacts (particularly health related).
- > Vehicle emissions and related impacts (particularly health related).
- Waste management and the impacts related to incorrect disposal.
- Practical training regarding the clean-up of a major and minor hydrocarbon spills.

6.3.2 Specific Topics:

Some activities may have environmental impacts that are unique to that activity. These must be addressed in the green area meetings at least one curing the year. Activity specific topics include, but are not limited to, those impacts, which are ranked as having a negative "medium" to "high significance" as determined in the impact assessment. Some of these topics may be a repeat of those covered under general and will therefore not need to be covered again the same year, unless the appointed responsible person feels that is necessary.

- The importance of topsoil and the seed bank contained therein.
- > Alien vegetation identification and removal, and the importance of indigenous vegetation.
- > Dust generation from vehicles and materials handling, and the related impacts (particularly health related).
- Noise generation from vehicles and machinery, and the related impacts (particularly health related).
- Vehicle emissions and related impacts (particularly health related).
- > Practical training regarding the clean-up of hydrocarbon spills.
- > Waste management and the impacts related to incorrect disposal.

6.3.3 Take-home Topic:

Environmental awareness should not stop at the work place. Many of the concepts learned at work can be applied to employees' life styles at home. Topics that can be covered under "take home topics" include, but are not limited to:

- > Water consumption and conservation.
- > Energy consumption and conservation.
- Waste minimization and recycling.

6.3.4 Type and Frequency of Meetings

The mine will hold one green area meeting every three months to discuss job-specific and/or off-site (take home) environmental concerns and ways of minimizing the potential for pollution generation. The topics of discussion will be determined by the appointed responsible person (as described above). If an environmental incident occurred during the previous month, this aspect must be the topic for the next quarterly green area meeting. During this meeting, the following topics will be discussed (this is not an exhaustive list):

- How and why the incident occurred?
- ➤ How the incident was cleaned up? (if applicable)
- > Evaluation of the clean-up or response by staff.
- > Can the clean-up or response be improved?
- What preventative measures should be implemented?
- What can be done to reduce the likelihood of the incident recurring?

6.4 Induction Training:

All new employees will undergo induction training when they are employed by the mine and all employees will undergo a repeat induction course annually. Environmental awareness will form part of this induction training. The outcome of the environmental component is to educate all employees of the concepts of sustainability and how this applies to the mine a well as the individual.

The following syllabus of environmental training will be included within the induction training:

6.4.1 Ecological Environment:

Personnel will be trained in the interaction between different environmental aspects and the effect of mining activities thereon. It is important to note that the aim is to inform employees of the implications of their actins on the environment, and to promote an understanding that the responsibility for preservation of the environment is a universal one rather than the sole responsibility of either government or the mining industry.

6.4.2 Socio-economic Environment:

Personnel will be informed of the interaction between different economic activities and the contribution of responsible mining towards sustainable economic development. It is important for employees to understand the balance that must exist between development and preservation of the environment.

6.4.3 Mining Activities:

Relate mining activities that will be undertaken by the staff members to the effects that they can have on their health, the health of those living close to the mine and the activities taking place on neighbouring properties. It is preferable to ensure that these issues are linked to the environmental goals and objectives in order for personnel to understand what the mine is trying to achieve. It is important to note that if goals change the induction course must be updated accordingly.

Topics to be covered should include, but are not limited to the following:

Rehabilitation using indigenous vegetation:

Objective: To encourage the establishment of indigenous vegetation, thereby reducing the spread of alien vegetation and ensuring the ground can be used after mining.

Goal: Rehabilitate plant and mined-out areas using indigenous vegetation contained in the seed bank of the topsoil.

Benefits:

- > The site can be utilized for grazing after mining, providing food and or income for the landowners and their staff.
- Many alien vegetation species use large quantities of ground water (more than indigenous vegetation) and often fuel veldt fires.
- > Stabilizing the soil through use of indigenous vegetation reduces erosion and allows continued use of the site.
- > Stabilizing the soil also reduces the potential for wind blown dust generation, keeping the air cleaner (health benefits).

Waste minimisation:

Objective: Ensure no staff member discards litter on-site.

Goal: Keep the site free of litter.

Benefits:

> Reduces the potential for livestock ingesting litter and dying.

> Some waste products can be re-used or recycled by someone else, providing them with an income.

6.4.4 Sustainable lifestyle

Concepts surrounding the living of a sustainable lifestyle, that can be implemented both at work and at home, should be discussed. These could include, but are not limited to the following:

Save water

- Turn the tap off when not using water, e.g. while brushing your teeth.
- Only water subsistence crops when necessary and not during the heat of the day (between 10am and 3pm).
- Use grey water for watering crops.

Waste - Reduce Reuse and Recycling.

- Recycle where possible.
- Collect used oil for recycling.

6.4.5 Preventative and Corrective Actions:

Employees will be trained in the various relevant preventative and corrective measures that may apply to possible impacts of mining activities and their actions. It is important that employees be informed of the differences between preventative and corrective measures, and the fact that preventative actions are preferred over corrective actions.

6.4.6 Question / Comments:

Employees are afforded an opportunity to comment on previous training sessions and ask questions regarding any unclear points of discussion.

Chapter 7 – Mitigatory Measures for Significant Impacts:

MPRDA Section 39 (3) (d)

MPRDA Regulation 50 (e)

MPRDA Regulation 50 (f)

MPRDA Regulation 50 (i)

MPRDA Regulation 50 (b) (i)

MPRDA Regulation 50 (b) (ii)

MPRDA Regulation 50 (b) (iii)

7.1 Mitigation Measures for Impacts Identified in Chapter 3:

The following table summarise the mitigation measures for potential impacts during the construction phase:

Table 7.1.1 Construction Phase Mitigation Measures

		Construction F	Phase:	
Activity	Environmental Aspect:	Impact:	Significance:	Mitigation Measures:
Due	to the fact that this is an exte	ension of an existing	mine, no construction phase	will take place.

The following table summarise the mitigation measures for potential impacts during the operational phase:

Table 7.1.2 Operational Phase Mitigation Measures:

		0	perational Phase	ə:
Activity	Environmental Aspect:	Impact:	Significance:	Mitigation Measures:
Topsoil Removal	Geology:	No Impact	No Impact	No Mitigation required
	Typography	Lowered	Medium Impact	The negative impact on the topography of the mining site will be addressed during backfilling and sloping of all excavated and disturbed areas.
	Soil:	Removed	Medium Impact	The following design parameters will be taken into account when designing the topsoil stockpiles: Topsoil will be removed up to a depth of 300mm or the available depth. The stockpiles must be constructed on the most gradual slope possible and limited to a height of no more than 2m. The slope of the stockpile material must be kept as low as possible to avoid extensive erosion of the natural resource. The stockpiles must be vegetated when stored for a period longer than six months. If erosion does occur the stockpiles can be stabilized through re-vegetation with pioneering grass species. Species include Eragrostis curvula and Melinis repens. Soil fertility need to be assessed and ameliorated where necessary prior to revegetation in order to ensure optimal growth.
	Flora:	Removed	Medium Imapact	Spreading topsoil over the disturbed areas during the closure phase and then seeding the areas with an endemic seed mixture address the impact on vegetation. It is recommended that six monthly monitoring sessions be undertaken

	To Think			after the topsoil was restored to assess the success of the re-vegetation. During these
				monitoring sessions additional measures such as fertilisation can be implemented if necessary.
	Fauna:	Removed	Low Impact	After the rehabilitation of the mining area and successful re-vegetation, the displaced animal life will return in the time to come. It is however recommended that the mine manager must inform all labourers that they are not allowed to hunt or trap the local fauna.
	Surface Hydrology:	Changed runoff	Medium Impact	The regulations promulgated in Government Notice No 704 of 4 June 1999, in terms of the NWA (the National Water Act, (Act No. 36 of 1998)) shall apply to the water management and pollution control at the mine. The mine will make use of beams and other structures surrounding the mine areas to ensure that clean and dirty water are separated. At any time if it is identified that soil erosion is the result of storm water runoff, the mine will rectify the erosion and implement measures to ensure that erosion does not re-occur.
	Groundwater:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Air Quality:	Increased noise levels	Low Impact	 The following steps will be taken: A sprinkler system will be used. Water will be drawn from the holding dam on the existing mining area. The said holding dam is fed by water drawn form the Amanzi farm dam. The water will from there be pumped into the sprinkler system. Periodic watering of the access roads will be conducted if and when required, especially in August and September before the raining season commence. Speed limits will be instated within the boundaries of the site to minimize the dust impact as a result of heavy trucks. If dust levels on site are significantly impacted on and the dust level rise above 10mg/m³ dust masks must be made available to workers.
T	Noise:	Increased	Low Impact	All machinery will be kept in good working order,
		noise levels		to ensure that no unwanted noise is generated. Noisy vehicles or machinery will be repaired immediately to dampen noise levels on site.
	Visual Aspects:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
Excavating	Geology:	Removed	Medium Impact	The mine will be committed to optimise the use of the mined mineral in order to ensure no resources are wasted. No other management measures will be possible.
	Typography	Lowered	Medium Impact	The negative impact on the topography of the mining site will be addressed during backfilling and sloping of all excavated and disturbed areas.
	Soil:	Removed	Medium Impact	The impacts of excavating on soil will be addressed during the Replacing Topsoil activities. Overburden will be stockpiled according to the measure described above under the soil utilisation guide.
	Flora:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Fauna:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Surface Hydrology:	Changed runoff	Medium Impact	The regulations promulgated in Government Notice No 704 of 4 June 1999, in terms of the

				NWA (the National Water Act, (Act No. 36 of 1998)) shall apply to the water management and pollution control at the mine. The mine will make use of beams and other structures surrounding the mine areas to ensure that clean and dirty water are separated. At any time if it is identified that soil erosion is the result of storm water runoff, the mine will rectify the erosion and implement measures to ensure that erosion does not re-occur.
	Groundwater:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Air Quality:	Increased dust levels	Low Impact	 The following steps will be taken: A sprinkler system will be used. Water will be drawn from the holding dam on the existing mining area. The said holding dam is fed by water drawn form the Amanzi farm dam. The water will from there be pumped into the sprinkler system. Periodic watering of the access roads will be conducted if and when required, especially in August and September before the raining season commence. Speed limits will be instated within the boundaries of the site to minimize the dust impact as a result of heavy trucks. If dust levels on site are significantly impacted on and the dust level rise above 10mg/m³ dust masks must be
	Noise:	Increased noise levels	Low Impact	made available to workers. All machinery will be kept in good working order, to ensure that no unwanted noise is generated. Noisy vehicles or machinery will be repaired immediately to dampen noise levels on site
	Visual Aspects:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
Backfilling:	Geology:	Changed geological structure	Medium Impact	The mine will be committed to optimise the use of the mined mineral in order to ensure no resources are wasted. No other management measures will be possible.
	Typography	Altered topography	Medium Impact	The negative impact on the topography of the mining site will be addressed during backfilling. All the sidewalls of the mined out quarry will be sloped to 20°, after which the topsoil stored during the mining operation will be spread evenly over the disturbed areas to facilitate revegetation.
	Soil:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Flora:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Fauna: Surface Hydrology:	No Impact Changed runoff	No Impact Medium Impact	No mitigation required. The regulations promulgated in Government Notice No 704 of 4 June 1999, in terms of the NWA (the National Water Act, (Act No. 36 of 1998)) shall apply to the water management and pollution control at the mine. The mine will make use of beams and other structures surrounding the mine areas to ensure that clean and dirty water are separated. At any time if it is identified that soil erosion is the result of storm water runoff, the mine will rectify the erosion and implement measures to ensure that erosion does not re-occur.
	Groundwater:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Air Quality:	Increased dust levels	Low Impact	The following steps will be taken: • A sprinkler system will be used. Water will be drawn from the holding dam on the existing mining area. The said

		~		holding dam is fed by water drawn form the Amanzi farm dam. The water will from there be pumped into the sprinkler system. Periodic watering of the access roads will be conducted if and when required, especially in August and September before the raining season commence. Speed limits will be instated within the boundaries of the site to minimize the dust impact as a result of heavy trucks. If dust levels on site are significantly impacted on and the dust level rise
				above 10mg/m³ dust masks must be made available to workers.
	Noise:	Increased noise levels	Low Impact	All machinery will be kept in good working order, to ensure that no unwanted noise is generated. Noisy vehicles or machinery will be repaired immediately to dampen noise levels on site.
	Visual Aspects:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
Loading:	Geology:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
Louding.	Typography	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Soil:	Compacting of soil structure	Low Impact	The impacts of stockpiling on the soil structure will be addressed when topsoil is returned to these areas during the closure phase. If the topsoil is compacted (where it was not removed), it will be ripped before vegetation is introduced.
	Flora:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Fauna:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Surface Hydrology:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Groundwater:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Noise:	Increased dust levels	Low Impact	 A sprinkler system will be used. Water will be drawn from the holding dam on the existing mining area. The said holding dam is fed by water drawn form the Amanzi farm dam. The water will from there be pumped into the sprinkler system. Periodic watering of the access roads will be conducted if and when required, especially in August and September before the raining season commence. Speed limits will be instated within the boundaries of the site to minimize the dust impact as a result of heavy trucks. If dust levels on site are significantly impacted on and the dust level rise above 10mg/m³ dust masks must be made available to workers. All machinery will be kept in good working order,
	Service de la constant de la constan	noise levels		to ensure that no unwanted noise is generated. Noisy vehicles or machinery will be repaired immediately to dampen noise levels on site.
Transport	Visual Aspects:	No Impact	No Impact No Impact	No mitigation required. No mitigation required.
Transport	Geology: Typography	No Impact No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required. No mitigation required.
	Soil:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Flora:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Fauna:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Surface Hydrology:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Groundwater:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
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	Air Quality:	Increased dust levels	Low Impact	 A sprinkler system will be used. Water will be drawn from the holding dam on the existing mining area. The said holding dam is fed by water drawn form the Amanzi farm dam. The water will from there be pumped into the sprinkler system. Periodic watering of the access roads will be conducted if and when required, especially in August and September before the raining season commence. Speed limits will be instated within the boundaries of the site to minimize the dust impact as a result of heavy trucks. If dust levels on site are significantly impacted on and the dust level rise above 10mg/m³ dust masks must be made available to workers.
	Noise:	Increased noise levels	Low Impact	All machinery will be kept in good working order, to ensure that no unwanted noise is generated. Noisy vehicles or machinery will be repaired immediately to dampen noise levels on site.
	Visual Aspects:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
Replacing	Geology:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
Topsoil:	Typography	Altered	Medium Impact	The negative impact on the topography of the
, 5,555	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	topography		mining site will be negated once all the stockpiled material is removed to the processing plants or backfilling into the quarry pit.
	Soil:	Altered soil structure	Medium Impact	No mitigation of the soil structure is possible. The growth medium is however returned to facilitate the establishment of vegetation.
	Flora:	Restore growth medium (Positive impact)	No impact	No mitigation required
	Fauna:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Surface Hydrology:	Changed runoff	Medium Impact	The regulations promulgated in Government Notice No 704 of 4 June 1999, in terms of the NWA (the National Water Act, (Act No. 36 of 1998)) shall apply to the water management and pollution control at the mine. The mine will make use of beams and other structures surrounding the mine areas to ensure that clean and dirty water are separated. At any time if it is identified that soil erosion is the result of storm water runoff, the mine will rectify the erosion and implement measures to ensure that erosion does not re-occur.
	Groundwater:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Air Quality:	Increased dust levels	Low Impact	 A sprinkler system will be used. Water will be drawn from the holding dam on the existing mining area. The said holding dam is fed by water drawn form the Amanzi farm dam. The water will from there be pumped into the sprinkler system. Periodic watering of the access roads will be conducted if and when required, especially in August and September before the raining season commence. Speed limits will be instated within the boundaries of the site to minimize the

				 dust impact as a result of heavy trucks. If dust levels on site are significantly impacted on and the dust level rise above 10mg/m³ dust masks must be made available to workers.
	Noise:	Increased noise levels	Low Impact	All machinery will be kept in good working order, to ensure that no unwanted noise is generated. Noisy vehicles or machinery will be repaired immediately to dampen noise levels on site.
	Visual Aspects:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
Vegetating:	Geology:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Typography	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Soil:	Prevent erosion (Positive Impact)	Low Impact	No mitigation required.
	Flora:	Re-vegetating (Positive Impact)	Medium Impact	No mitigation required.
	Fauna:	New Habitat (Positive Impact)	Medium Impact	No mitigation required.
	Surface Hydrology:	Changed runoff (Positive Impact)	Medium Impact	No mitigation required.
	Groundwater:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Air Quality:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Noise:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Visual Aspects:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
Dust	Geology:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
Suppression:	Typography	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Soil:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Flora:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Fauna:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Surface Hydrology:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.
	Groundwater:	Groundwater recharge (Positive Impact)	Low Impact	No mitigation required.
	Air Quality:	Reduced dust levels (Positive Impact)	Low Impact	No mitigation required.
	Noise:	Increased noise levels.	Low Impact	All machinery will be kept in good working order, to ensure that no unwanted noise is generated. Noisy vehicles or machinery will be repaired immediately to dampen noise levels on site.
	Visual Aspects:	No Impact	No Impact	No mitigation required.

7.2 Mitigation Measures for Impacts Identified by affected parties:

N/A, no impacts were identified.

7.3 Mitigation Measures for Impact Identified by State Departments:

No impacts were identified by any State Departments.

7.4 Mitigation measures for Cumulative Impacts:

The following table indicates the mitigation measures for cumulative impacts:

Table 7.4 Mitigation Measures for Cumulative Impacts

Environmental	Impact:	Activities:	Significance	Mitigation Measures:
Aspect: Air Quality	Increased dust levels	Topsoil Removal, Excavating, Hauling, Backfilling, Loading, Transport, Replacing Topsoil, Final Backfilling and Sloping, and Final Replacing of Topsoil.	Low impact	 A sprinkler system will be used. Water will be drawn from the holding dam on the existing mining area. The said holding dam is fed by water drawn form the Amanzi farm dam. The water will from there be pumped into the sprinkler system. Periodic watering of the access roads will be conducted if and when required, especially in August and September before the raining season commence. Speed limits will be instated within the boundaries of the site to minimize the dust impact as a result of heavy trucks. If dust levels on site are significantly impacted on and the dust level rise above 10mg/m³ dust masks must be made available to workers.
Flora:	Removed	Topsoil Removal and Stockpiling.	Medium Impact	Spreading topsoil over the disturbed areas during the closure phase and then seeding the areas with an endemic seed mixture address the impact on vegetation. It is recommended that six monthly monitoring sessions be undertaken after the topsoil was restored to assess the success of the re-vegetation. During these monitoring sessions additional measures such as fertilisation can be implemented if necessary.
Noise:	Increased noise levels	Topsoil Removal, Excavating, Hauling, Stockpiling, Backfilling, Loading, Transport, Replacing Topsoil, Dust Suppression, Final Backfilling and Sloping and Final Replacing of Topsoil.	Low Impact	All machinery will be kept in good working order, to ensure that no unwanted noise is generated. Noisy vehicles or machinery will be repaired immediately to dampen noise levels on site.
Surface Hydrology:	Changed runoff	Topsoil Removal, Excavating.	Medium Impact	The regulations promulgated in Government Notice No 704 of 4 June 1999, in terms of the NWA (the National Water Act, (Act No. 36 of 1998)) shall apply to the water management and pollution control at the mine. The mine will make use of beams and other structures surrounding the mine areas to ensure that clean and dirty water are separated. At any time if it is identified that soil erosion is the result of storm water run-off, the mine will rectify the erosion and implement measures to ensure that erosion does not re-occur.

7.5 Mitigation Measures for Socio-economic Impacts:

Due to the lack of impacts in this regard, no mitigation measures are proposed.

7.6 Mitigation Measures for Cultural Impacts:

Due to the lack of impacts in this regard, no mitigation measures are proposed.

7.7 Frequency of Mitigation Measures:

No mitigation measures are required during the construction phase. The following table summarise the mitigation measures for potential impacts during the operational phase:

Table 7.7 Frequencies of Mitigation Measures

Topography: Medium Impact The negative impact on the topography of the mining site will be addressed during sloping. Medium Impact Medium Impact The following design parameters will be taken into account when designing the topsoil stockpiles: Topogoli will be removed up to a depth of 300mm or the available depth. The slockpiles must be constructed on the most gradual slope possible and limited to a height of no more than 2m. The slope of the stockpile material must be kept as low as possible to avoid extensive erosion of the natural resource. The stockpiles must be vegetated when stored for a period longer than six months. If erosion does occur the stockpiles can be stabilized through re-vegetation with pioneering grass species. Species include Eragrostis curvula and Melinis repens. Soil fertility need to assessed and ameliorated where necessary prior to revegetation in order to ensure optimal growth. Flora: Medium Impact Flora: Medium Impact Medium Impact Spreading topsoil over the disturbed areas during the closure phase, and endemic seed mixture address the impact on vegetation. It is recommended that six monthly monitoring sessions be undertaken after the topsoil was restored to assess the success of the revegetation. During these monitoring sessions additional measures such a fertilisation can be implemented if necessary.	Activity:	Environmental Aspect:	Impact	Mitigation Measures:	Frequency:
Soil: Medium Impact Medium Impact Medium Impact Medium Impact The following design parameters will be taken into account when designing the topsoil stockpiles: • Topsoil will be removed up to a depth of 300mm or the available depth. • The stockpiles must be constructed on the most gradual slope possible and limited to a height of no more than 2m. • The slope of the stockpile material must be kept as low as possible to avoid extensive erosion of the natural resource. • The stockpiles must be vegetated when stored for a period longer than six months. • If erosion does occur the stockpiles can be stabilized through re-vegetation with pioneering grass species. Species include Ergrostis curvula and Melinis repens. • Soil effility need to be assessed and ameliorated where necessary prior to revegetation in order to ensure optimal growth. Flora: Medium Impact Medium Impact Flora: Medium Impact Spreading topsoil over the disturbed areas during the closure phase, and then seeding the areas with an endemic seed mixture address the impact on vegetation. It is recommended that six monthly monitoring sessions be undertaken after the topsoil was restored to assess the success of the revegetation. During these monitoring sessions additional measures such as fertilisation can be implemented if necessary.		m (skin) ka min sa ma ka min ka min	Significance:		Condition of
Soil: Medium Impact The following design parameters will be taken into account when designing the topsoil stockpiles: • Topsoil will be removed up to a depth of 300mm or the available depth. • The stockpiles must be constructed on the most gradual slope possible and limited to a height of no more than 2m. • The slope of the stockpile material must be kept as low as possible to avoid extensive erosion of the natural resource. • The stockpiles must be vegetated when stored for a period longer than six months. • If erosion does occur the stockpiles can be stabilized through re-vegetation with pioneering grass species. Species include Eragrostis curvula and Melinis repens. • Soil fertility need to be assessed and ameliorated where necessary prior to revegetation in order to ensure optimal growth. Flora: Medium Impact Medium Impact Medium Impact Medium Impact Spreading topsoil over the disturbed areas during the closure phase, and then seeding the areas with an endemic seed mixture address the impact on vegetation. It is recommended that six monthly monitoring sessions be undertaken after the topsoil was restored to assess the success of the revegetation. During these monitoring sessions additional measures such as fertilisation can be implemented if necessary.		Topography:	Medium Impact	topography of the mining site will	Continues
areas during the closure phase, and then seeding the areas with an endemic seed mixture address the impact on vegetation. It is recommended that six monthly monitoring sessions be undertaken after the topsoil was restored to assess the success of the revegetation. During these monitoring sessions additional measures such as fertilisation can be implemented if necessary.		Soil:	Medium Impact	The following design parameters will be taken into account when designing the topsoil stockpiles: Topsoil will be removed up to a depth of 300mm or the available depth. The stockpiles must be constructed on the most gradual slope possible and limited to a height of no more than 2m. The slope of the stockpile material must be kept as low as possible to avoid extensive erosion of the natural resource. The stockpiles must be vegetated when stored for a period longer than six months. If erosion does occur the stockpiles can be stabilized through re-vegetation with pioneering grass species. Species include Eragrostis curvula and Melinis repens. Soil fertility need to be assessed and ameliorated where necessary prior to revegetation in order to ensure optimal growth.	required
necessary.		Piora:	Medium impact	areas during the closure phase, and then seeding the areas with an endemic seed mixture address the impact on vegetation. It is recommended that six monthly monitoring sessions be undertaken after the topsoil was restored to assess the success of the revegetation. During these monitoring sessions additional measures such	required.
Fauna: Low Impact After the rehabilitation of the mining Continue			Low Impact		Continues

			area and successful re-vegetation, the displaced animal life will return in the time to come. It is however	
			recommended that the mine manager needs to make it clear to labourers not to hunt or trap the local fauna especially the smaller mammals.	
	Surface Hydrology:	Medium Impact	The regulations promulgated in Government Notice No 704 of 4 June 1999, in terms of the NWA (the National Water Act, (Act No. 36 of 1998)) shall apply to the water management and pollution control at the mine. The mine will make use of berms and other structures surrounding the mine areas to ensure that clean and dirty water are separated. At any time if it is identified that soil erosion is the result of storm water run-off, the mine will rectify the erosion and implement measures to ensure that erosion does not re-occur.	Continues
	Air Quality:	Low Impact	The following steps will be taken: • A sprinkler system will be used. Water will be drawn from the holding dam on the existing mining area. The	Daily
			said holding dam is fed by water drawn form the Amanzi farm dam. The water will from there be pumped into the sprinkler system.	
			 Periodic watering of the access roads will be conducted if and when required, especially in August and September before the raining season 	
			commence. • Speed limits will be instated within the boundaries of the site to minimize the dust impact as a result of heavy trucks.	
			If dust levels on site are significantly impacted on and the dust level rise above 10mg/m³ dust masks must be made available to workers.	
	Noise:	Low Impact	All machinery will be kept in good working order, to ensure that no unwanted noise is generated. Noisy vehicles or machinery will be repaired immediately to dampen noise levels on site.	Quarterly
Excavating:	Geology:	Medium Impact	The mine will be committed to optimise the use of the mined mineral in order to ensure no resources are wasted. No other management measures will be possible.	Continuous
			The negative impact on the	Continuous

			topography of the mining site will be addressed during sloping.	
	Soil:	Medium Impact	The impacts of excavating soil will be addressed during the Replacing Topsoil activities.	When required
	Surface Hydrology:	Medium Impact	The regulations promulgated in Government Notice No 704 of 4 June 1999, in terms of the NWA (the National Water Act, (Act No. 36 of 1998)) shall apply to the water management and pollution control at the mine. The mine will make use of berms and other structures surrounding the mine areas to ensure that clean and dirty water are separated. At any time if it is identified that soil erosion is the result of storm water run-off, the mine will rectify the erosion and implement measures to ensure that erosion does not re-occur.	Continues
	Air Quality:	Low Impact	 A sprinkler system will be used. Water will be drawn from the holding dam on the existing mining area. The said holding dam is fed by water drawn form the Amanzi farm dam. The water will from there be pumped into the sprinkler system. Periodic watering of the access roads will be conducted if and when required, especially in August and September before the raining season commence. Speed limits will be instated within the boundaries of the site to minimize the dust impact as a result of heavy trucks. If dust levels on site are significantly impacted on and the dust level rise above 10mg/m³ dust masks must be made available to workers. 	Daily
	Noise:	Low Impact	All machinery will be kept in good working order, to ensure that no unwanted noise is generated. Noisy vehicles or machinery will be repaired immediately to dampen noise levels on site.	Quarterly
Hauling:	Air Quality:	Low Impact	The following steps will be taken: • A sprinkler system will be used. Water will be drawn from the holding dam on the existing mining area. The said holding dam is fed by water drawn form the Amanzi farm dam. The	Daily

			water will from there be pumped into the sprinkler system.	
			Periodic watering of the	
			access roads will be	
			conducted if and when	
			required, especially in	
			August and September	
			before the raining season	
			commence.	
			Speed limits will be instated	
			within the boundaries of the	
			site to minimize the dust	
			impact as a result of heavy	
			trucks.	
			If dust levels on site are significantly imposted on	
			significantly impacted on and the dust level rise	
			above 10mg/m³ dust masks	
			must be made available to	
			workers.	
kan a sa	Noise:	Low Impact	All machinery will be kept in good	Quarterly
r	Noise.	2017 IIIIpuot	working order, to ensure that no	
			unwanted noise is generated. Noisy	
			vehicles or machinery will be	
			repaired immediately to dampen noise levels on site.	
Backfilling	Geology:	Medium Impact	The mine will be committed to	Continuous
Dackinning	Cology.	modium impact	optimise the use of the mined	
			mineral in order to ensure no	
			resources are wasted. No other	
			management measures will be	
			possible.	
	Topography:	Medium Impact	The negative impact on the	Continuous
			topography of the mining site will be	
			addressed during backfilling. All the sidewalls of the mined out quarry will	
			be sloped to 20°, after which the	
			topsoil stored during the mining	
			operation will be spread evenly over	
			the disturbed areas to facilitate re-	
			vegetation.	
	Surface Hydrology:	Medium Impact	The regulations promulgated in	Continues
			Government Notice No 704 of 4 June	
			1999, in terms of the NWA (the National Water Act, (Act No. 36 of	
			1998)) shall apply to the water	
			management and pollution control at	
			the mine. The mine will make use of	
	1		beams and other structures	
			surrounding the mine areas to ensure that clean and dirty water are	
			separated. At any time if it is	
			identified that soil erosion is the	
			result of storm water run-off, the	
			mine will rectify the erosion and	
			implement measures to ensure that erosion does not re-occur.	
	Air Quality:	Low Impact	The following steps will be taken:	Daily
	All Quality.	LOW III pact	A sprinkler system will be	_ u.i.j
			used. Water will be drawn	
			from the holding dam on the	
			existing mining area. The	
		-		

			said holding dam is fed by water drawn form the Amanzi farm dam. The water will from there be pumped into the sprinkler system. • Periodic watering of the access roads will be conducted if and when required, especially in August and September before the raining season commence.	
			 Speed limits will be instated within the boundaries of the site to minimize the dust impact as a result of heavy trucks. If dust levels on site are significantly impacted on and the dust level rise above 10mg/m³ dust masks must be made available to workers. 	Quartach
	Noise:	Low Impact	All machinery will be kept in good working order, to ensure that no unwanted noise is generated. Noisy vehicles or machinery will be repaired immediately to dampen noise levels on site.	Quarterly
Loading:	Soil:	Low Impact	All machinery will be kept in good working order, to ensure that no unwanted noise is generated. Noisy vehicles or machinery will be repaired immediately to dampen noise levels on site.	During closure phase
	Air Quality:	Low Impact	 A sprinkler system will be used. Water will be drawn from the holding dam on the existing mining area. The said holding dam is fed by water drawn form the Amanzi farm dam. The water will from there be pumped into the sprinkler system. Periodic watering of the access roads will be conducted if and when required, especially in August and September before the raining season commence. Speed limits will be instated within the boundaries of the site to minimize the dust impact as a result of heavy trucks. If dust levels on site are significantly impacted on and the dust level rise above 10mg/m³ dust masks 	Daily

			must be made available to workers.	
	Noise:	Low Impact	All machinery will be kept in good working order, to ensure that no unwanted noise is generated. Noisy vehicles or machinery will be repaired immediately to dampen noise levels on site.	Quarterly
Transport:	Air Quality:	Low Impact	The following steps will be taken: A sprinkler system will be used. Water will be drawn from the holding dam on the existing mining area. The said holding dam is fed by water drawn form the Amanzi farm dam. The water will from there be pumped into the sprinkler system. Periodic watering of the access roads will be conducted if and when required, especially in August and September before the raining season commence. Speed limits will be instated within the boundaries of the site to minimize the dust impact as a result of heavy trucks. If dust levels on site are significantly impacted on and the dust level rise above 10mg/m³ dust masks must be made available to workers.	Daily
	Noise:	Low Impact	All machinery will be kept in good working order, to ensure that no unwanted noise is generated. Noisy vehicles or machinery will be repaired immediately to dampen noise levels on site.	Quarterly
Replacing Topsoil:	Topography:	Medium Impact	The negative impact on the topography of the mining site will be negated once all the stockpiled material is removed to the processing plants or backfilling into the quarry pit.	During closure phase
	Surface Hydrology:	Medium Impact	The regulations promulgated in Government Notice No 704 of 4 June 1999, in terms of the NWA (the National Water Act, (Act No. 36 of 1998)) shall apply to the water management and pollution control at the mine. The mine will make use of beams and other structures surrounding the mine areas to ensure that clean and dirty water are separated. At any time if it is identified that soil erosion is the result of storm water run-off, the mine will rectify the erosion and	Continues

			implement measures to ensure that erosion does not re-occur.	
	Air Quality:	Low Impact	The following steps will be taken: A sprinkler system will be used. Water will be drawn from the holding dam on the existing mining area. The said holding dam is fed by water drawn form the Amanzi farm dam. The water will from there be pumped into the sprinkler system. Periodic watering of the access roads will be conducted if and when required, especially in August and September before the raining season commence. Speed limits will be instated within the boundaries of the site to minimize the dust impact as a result of heavy trucks. If dust levels on site are significantly impacted on and the dust level rise above 10mg/m³ dust masks must be made available to workers.	Daily
	Noise:	Low Impact	All machinery will be kept in good working order, to ensure that no unwanted noise is generated. Noisy vehicles or machinery will be repaired immediately to dampen noise levels on site.	Quarterly
Dust Suppression	Noise:	Low Impact	All machinery will be kept in good working order, to ensure that no unwanted noise is generated. Noisy vehicles or machinery will be repaired immediately to dampen noise levels on site.	Quarterly

7.8 Action Plan and Time Schedule:

The mitigation Measures indicated in **Table 7.1.2** (Operational Phase **Mitigation Measures**) will be implemented immediately upon approval of this document. The time schedule as indicated in **Table 7.7** (Frequency of **Mitigation Measures**) will apply.

7.9 Procedures for Environmental Emergency Incidences:

The following procedures must be made known to all employees:

7.9.1 Hydrocarbon spills:

The leakage of hydrocarbons from vehicles, containers etc. can cause the pollution of soil, groundwater and surface water. In the event of a hydrocarbon spill, the following steps must be taken:

- a) Management must be notified immediately.
- b) The responsible person must immediately assess the extent of the spill.
- c) If possible, the contaminated soil must be treated in situ.
- d) If in situ treatment is not possible, all contaminated soil must be removed and disposed of at an approved disposal facility in an appropriate manner

7.9.2 Slope failure:

In the event of slope failure on stockpiles or in the quarry pit, the following steps must be taken:

- a) Management must be notified immediately.
- b) The responsible person must immediately assess the risk to personnel.
- c) If needed, all mining activities in proximity to the incident must be ceased.
- d) A suitably competent person must be appointed to take the necessary steps to ensure the safety of personnel.
- e) The failed area must be repaired if needed.
- f) If the area is declared safe, mining activities can continue.

7.10 Monitoring and Environmental Performance Assessments:

The following monitoring procedures will be implemented at the mine in order to ensure compliance with this document, as well as relevant legislation. The monitoring procedures are implemented to ensure that the mitigation measures implemented are successful.

7.10.1 Dust Level Monitoring:

The dust levels on site as well as at the potential dust impact sites must be monitored on an annual basis by means of dust fallout sampling or any other appropriate measure. This will ensure that current management strategies are sufficient, or need to be upgraded.

7.10.2 Noise Level Monitoring:

The monitoring of noise levels on-site as well as at the potential noise impact sites during the annual monitoring and auditing session is recommended.

7.10.3 Storm Water Monitoring:

The effectiveness of the storm water control measures over the whole mine will be audited annually. If any shortfalls are identified they will be rectified with the appropriate physical and management measures. At any time if it is identified that soil erosion is the result of storm water run-off, the mine will rectify the erosion and implement measures to ensure that erosion does not re-occur.

STORM WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

- Diversion beams must be secured around the quarry face to ensure that no storm water runs into the workings.
- Where any cut operation is practised or where soil is exposed for long periods, appropriate storm water control measures will be implemented.
- In the rehabilitation phase, topsoil should be replaced along the contours wherever possible. This will assist in storm water control by reducing water flow down slope and increasing water storage. Topsoil should be replaced and vegetated as soon as possible after construction has been completed.
- Plan for the worst case scenario, that is for heavy rainfall and runoff events, or high winds.
- Appropriate storm water control measures must be implemented around the access tracks and construction areas and a monitoring programme established to ensure that no erosion is taking place. At the first sign of erosion the necessary remedial action must be taken.
- Care must be taken to ensure that runoff is well dispersed so as to limit erosion caused by storm water.
- All disturbed sites should be re-vegetated and rehabilitated immediately after construction so as to limit the exposure of the disturbed areas to wind and water erosion.

7.10.4 Water Quality Monitoring:

The surface water in the pit will be analysed twice a year to ensure that the groundwater quality does not deteriorate. Should deteriorating water quality levels be revealed, further appropriate mitigation measures will be implemented.

7.10.5 Vegetation Monitoring:

It is recommended that six monthly monitoring sessions be undertaken on disturbed areas where topsoil was restored and re-vegetated. This monitoring is to assess the success of the re-vegetation. During these monitoring sessions additional measures such as invader control, fertilisation and erosion control can be implemented if necessary.

7.10.6 Performance Assessment of EMPR:

An annual performance assessment will be conducted to determine the mine's compliance with the approved EMPR. Any management measures found to be inadequate will be re-evaluated and amended to ensure effective environmental management. The following aspects will specifically be assessed:

- a) Compliance with current legislation.
- b) Compliance wit mitigation measures as indicated in the approved EMPR.
- c) Compliance with monitoring measures as indicated in the approved EMPR
- d) Review of the financial provision for rehabilitation.
- e) The occurrence and spread of invader plant species will be assessed, mapped and an eradication programme will be proposed.

This Environmental Performance Assessment Report will be submitted to the DME.

7.11 General Mitigation and Management Measures:

The following general management measures will be put in place and communicated to all personnel.

 Visual inspection on the stability of all slopes must be done on a weekly basis.

PART 2

Chapter 8 – Financial Provision for Rehabilitation:

MPRDA Section 39 (4) (a) (ii) MPRDA Section 41 (1)

8.1 Existing Financial Provision:

As this is a new application, there is no existing financial provision. An initial amount for financial provision of approximately R150, 000.00 is proposed for the first year as indicated in **Section 8.3** below.

8.2 Rehabilitation Plan:

The site will most probably be rehabilitated towards agricultural grazing land. At the expected production rates and the estimated reserves, the expected life of the mine is more than 30 years. Therefore, a final rehabilitation plan for the rehabilitation of the mine will be submitted to the DME when the mine reaches its final mining phase. This is to ensure that the rehabilitation of the mine will be in line with the future needs of the surrounding area.

8.3 Quantum Calculation:

The following costs may be incurred to comply with the requirements of section 39.

An initial amount for Financial provision of approximately R150, 000.00 is proposed for the first year. The following table indicated the calculation of the amount required for financial provision, should closure be at the end of the life of mine, and no rehabilitation takes place. The following table indicated the quantum calculations for rehabilitation for immediate closure: