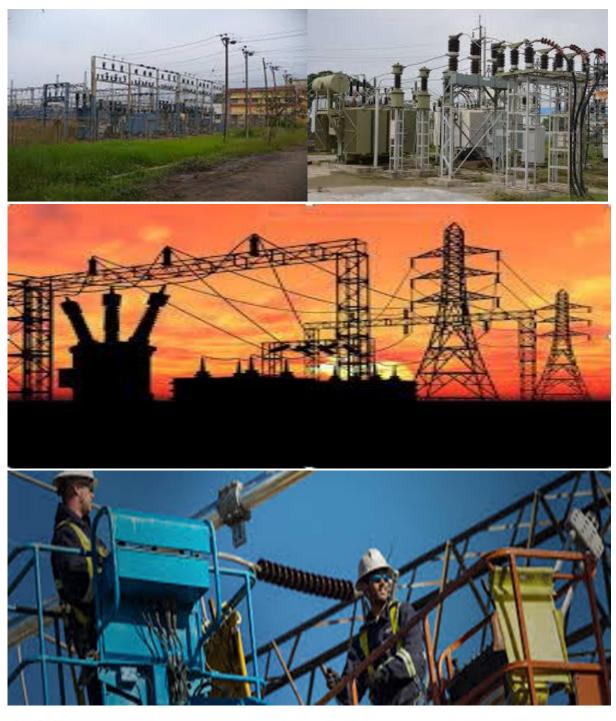
GENERIC ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) FOR THE DEVELOPMENT AND EXPANSION OF SUBSTATION INFRASTRUCTURE FOR THE TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION OF ELECTRICITY





environmental affairs

Department: Environmental Affairs REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

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## INTRODUCTION

#### 1. Background

The National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998) (NEMA) requires that an environmental management programme (EMPr) be submitted where an environmental impact assessment (EIA) has been identified as the environmental instrument to be utilised as the basis for a decision on an application for environmental authorisation (EA). The content of an EMPr must either contain the information set out in Appendix 4 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014, as amended (EIA Regulations) or must be a generic EMPr relevant to an application as identified and gazetted by the Minister in a government notice. Once the Minister has identified, through a government notice that a generic EMPr is relevant to an application for EA, that generic EMPr must be applied by all parties involved in the EA process, including but not limited to the applicant and the competent authority (CA).

#### 2. Purpose

This document constitutes a generic EMPr relevant to applications for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, and all listed and specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

#### 3. Objective

The objective of this generic EMPr is to prescribe and pre-approve generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions, which can commonly and repeatedly be used for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity. The use of a generic EMPr is intended to reduce the need to prepare and review individual EMPrs for applications of a similar nature.

#### 4. Scope

The scope of this generic EMPr applies to the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity requiring EA in terms of NEMA. This generic EMPr applies to activities requiring EA, mainly activity 11 and 47 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 1 of 2014, as amended, and activity 9 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 2 of 2014, as amended, and all associated listed or specified activities necessary for the realization of such infrastructure.

# 5. Structure of this document

Part	Section	Heading	Content
A		Provides general guidance and information and is <b>not</b> <b>legally binding</b>	Definitions, acronyms, roles & responsibilities and documentation and reporting.
В	1	Pre-approved generic EMPr template	Contains generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions required for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, which are presented in the form of a template that has been pre- approved.
			The template in this section is to be completed by the contractor, with each completed page signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity.
			Where an impact management outcome is not relevant, the words "not applicable" can be inserted in the template under the "responsible persons" column.
			Once completed and signed, the template represents the EMPr for the activity approved by the CA and is legally binding. The template <b>is</b> <b>not required</b> to be submitted to the CA as once the generic EMPr is gazetted for implementation, it has been approved by the CA.
			To allow interested and affected parties access to the pre-approved EMPr template for consideration through the decision-making process, the EAP on behalf of the applicant /proponent must make the hard copy of this EMPr available at a public location and where the applicant has a website, the EMPr should also be made available on such publicly accessible website.
	2	Site specific information	Contains preliminary infrastructure layout and a declaration that the applicant/holder of the EA

This document is structured in three parts with an Appendix as indicated in the table below:

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			will comply with the pre-approved generic EMPr template contained in <u>Part B: Section 1</u> , and understands that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are <b>legally binding</b> . The preliminary infrastructure layout must be finalized to inform the final EMPr that is to be submitted with the basic assessment report (BAR) or environmental impact assessment report (EIAR), ensuring that all impact management outcomes and impact management actions have been either pre- approved or approved in terms of <u>Part C</u> . This section <b>must be</b> submitted to the CA together with the final BAR or EIAR. The information submitted to the CA
			information submitted to the CA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, this Section forms part of the EMPr for the development and is legally binding.
С		Site specific sensitivities/ attributes	If any specific environmental sensitivities/ attributes are present on the site which require site specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr, to manage impacts, these specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific environmental attributes must be referenced spatially and impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be provided. These specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the pre- approved EMPr template (Part B: section 1) This section will not be required should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or
			contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes. However, if <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the site, it <b>is required</b> to be submitted together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP and must contain his/her name and expertise including a curriculum vitae. E USOnce

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			approved, Part C forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.
			This section applies only <b>to additional</b> impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the specific development or expansion and which are not already included in <u>Part B: section 1</u> .
Арре	endix 1	L	Contains the method statements to be prepared prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are <b>not</b> <b>required</b> to be submitted to the competent authority.

# 6. Completion of part B: section 1: the pre-approved generic EMPr template

The template is to be completed prior to commencement of the activity, by providing the following information for each environmental impact management action:

- For implementation
  - a 'responsible person',
  - a method for implementation,
  - a timeframe for implementation
- For monitoring
  - a responsible person
  - frequency
  - evidence of compliance.

The completed template must be signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as <u>Appendix 1</u>. Each method statement must be signed and dated on each page by the holder of the EA. This template once signed and dated is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

#### 7. Amendments of the impact management outcomes and impact management actions

Once the activity has commenced, a holder of an EA may make amendments to the impact management outcomes and impact management actions in the following manner:

- Amendment of the impact management outcomes: in line with the process contemplated in Regulation 37 of the EIA Regulations; and
- Amendment of the impact management actions: in line with the process contemplated in Regulation 36 of the EIA Regulations.

# 8. Documents to be submitted as part of part B: section 2 site specific information and declaration

<u>Part B: Section 2</u> has three distinct sub-sections. The first and third sub-sections are in a template format. Sub-section two requires a map to be produced.

<u>Sub-section 1</u> contains the project name, the applicant's name and contact details, the site information, which includes coordinates of the property or farm in which the proposed substation infrastructure is proposed as well as the 21-digit Surveyor General code of each cadastral land parcel and, where available, the farm name.

<u>Sub-section 2</u> is to be prepared by an EAP and must contain his/her name and expertise including a curriculum vitae. This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout using the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at: <u>https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool.</u> The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features and within 50 m from the development footprint.

<u>Sub-section 3</u> is the declaration that the applicant (s)/proponent (s) or holder of the EA in the case of a change of ownership must complete which confirms that the applicant/EA holder will comply with the pre-approved 'generic EMPr' template in <u>Section 1</u> and understands that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding.

## (a) Amendments to Part B: Section 2 – site specific information and declaration

Should the EA be transferred, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new applicant/proponent and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted as part of such an application for an amendment to an EA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

# PART A – GENERAL INFORMATION

## 1. **DEFINITIONS**

In this EMPr any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the NEMA or EIA Regulations has that meaning, and unless the context requires otherwise –

"clearing" means the clearing and removal of vegetation, whether partially or in whole, including trees and shrubs, as specified;

"construction camp" is the area designated for key construction infrastructure and services, including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;

"**contractor**" - The Contractor has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract, are in line with the Environmental Management Programme and that Method Statements are implemented as described.

"hazardous substance" is a substance governed by the Hazardous Substances Act, 1973 (Act No. 15 of 1973) as well as the Hazardous Chemical and Substances Regulations, 1995;

"method statement" means a written submission by the Contractor to the Project Manager in response to this EMPr or a request by the Project Manager and ECO. The method statement must set out the equipment, materials, labour and method(s) the Contractor proposes using to carry out an activity identified by the Project Manager when requesting the Method Statement. This must be done in such detail that the Project Manager and ECO is able to assess whether the Contractor's proposal is in accordance with this specification and/or will produce results in accordance with this specification;

The method statement must cover as a minimum applicable details with regard to:

- (i) Construction procedures;
- (ii) Plant, materials and equipment to be used;
- (iii) Transporting the equipment to and from site;
- (iv) How the plant/ material/ equipment will be moved while on site;
- (v) How and where the plant/ material/ equipment will be stored;
- (vi) The containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- (vii) Timing and location of activities;
- (viii) Compliance/ non-compliance; and
- (ix) Any other information deemed necessary by the Project Manager.

**"slope"** means the inclination of a surface expressed as one unit of rise or fall for so many horizontal units;

"solid waste" means all solid waste, including construction debris, hazardous waste, excess cement/ concrete, wrapping materials, timber, cans, drums, wire, nails, food and domestic waste (e.g. plastic packets and wrappers);

**"spoil"** means excavated material which is unsuitable for use as material in the construction works or is material which is surplus to the requirements of the construction works;

**"topsoil"** means a varying depth (up to 300 mm) of the soil profile irrespective of the fertility, appearance, structure, agricultural potential, fertility and composition of the soil;

"works" means the works to be executed in terms of the Contract

#### 2. ACRONYMS and ABBREVIATIONS

CA	Competent Authority
cEO	Contractors Environmental Officer
dEO	Developer Environmental Officer
DPM	Developer Project Manager
DSS	Developer Site Supervisor
EAR	Environmental Audit Report
ECA	Environmental Conservation Act No. 73 of 1989
ECO	Environmental Control Officer
EA	Environmental Authorisation
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
ERAP	Emergency Response Action Plan
EMPr	Environmental Management Programme
	Report
EAP	Environmental Assessment Practitioner
FPA	Fire Protection Agency
HCS	Hazardous chemical Substance
NEMA	National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998)
NEMBA	National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act ,2004 (Act No. 10 of 2004)
NEMWA	National Environmental Management:
	Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008)
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet
RI&AP's	Registered Interested and affected parties

# 3. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) IMPLEMENTATION

The effective implementation of this generic EMPr is dependent on established and clear roles, responsibilities and reporting lines within an institutional framework. This section of the EMPr gives guidance to the various environmental roles and reporting lines, however, project specific requirements will ultimately determine the need for the appointment of specific person(s) to undertake specific roles and or responsibilities. As such, it must be noted that in the event that no specific person, for example, an environmental control officer (ECO) is appointed, the holder of the EA remains responsible for ensuring that the duties indicated in this document for action by the ECO are undertaken.

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer's Project Manager (DPM)	Role         The Project Developer is accountable for ensuring compliance with the EMPr and any conditions of approval from the competent authority (CA). Where required, an environmental control officer (ECO) must be contracted by the Project Developer to objectively monitor the implementation of the EMPr according to relevant environmental legislation, and the conditions of the environmental authorisation (EA). The Project Developer is further responsible for providing and giving mandate to enable the ECO to perform responsibilities, and he must ensure that the ECO is integrated as part of the project team while remaining independent.         Responsibilities       - Be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA;         - Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Developer and its Contractor(s);         - Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required;         - Monitor the implementation of the EMPr throughout the project by means of site inspections and meetings. Overall management of the project and EMPr implementation; and         - Ensure that periodic environmental performance audits are undertaken on the project implementation.

**Table 1:** Guide to roles and responsibilities for implementation of an EMPr

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer Site Supervisor (DSS)	Role The DSS reports directly to the DPM, oversees site works, liaises with the contractor(s) and the ECO. The DSS is responsible for the day to day implementation of the EMPr and for ensuring the compliance of all contractors with the conditions and requirements stipulated in the EMPr.
	<ul> <li><u>Responsibilities</u></li> <li>Ensure that all contractors identify a contractor's Environmental Officer (cEO);</li> <li>Must be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA. Oversees site works, liaison with Contractor, DPM and ECO;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Must ensure that all landowners have the relevant contact details of the site staff, ECO and cEO;</li> <li>Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required;</li> <li>Will issue all non-compliances to contractors; and</li> <li>Ratify the Monthly Environmental Report.</li> </ul>
Environmental Control Officer (ECO)	Role The ECO should have appropriate training and experience in the implementation of environmental management specifications. The primary role of the ECO is to act as an independent quality controller and monitoring agent regarding all environmental concerns and associated environmental impacts. In this respect, the ECO is to conduct periodic site inspections, attend regular site meetings, pre-empt problems and suggest mitigation and be available to advise on incidental issues that arise. The ECO is also required to conduct compliance audits, verifying the monitoring reports submitted by the cEO. The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager regarding all environmental matters. The Contractor, cEO and dEO are answerable to the Environmental Control Officer for non-compliance with the Performance Specifications as set out in the EA and EMPr.
	The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager, who in turn reports back to the Contractor and potential and Registered Interested &Affected Parties' (RI&AP's), as required. Issues of non-compliance raised by the ECO must be taken up by the Project Manager, and resolved with the Contractor as per the conditions of his contract. Decisions regarding environmental procedures, specifications and requirements which have a cost implication (i.e. those that are deemed to be a variation, not allowed for in the

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
Responsible Person(s)	Performance Specification) must be endorsed by the Project Manager. The ECO must also, as specified by the EA, report to the relevant CA as and when required.         Responsibilities         The responsibilities of the ECO will include the following:         Be aware of the findings and conclusions of all EA related to the development;         Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr;         Be conversant with relevant environmental legislation, policies and procedures, and ensure compliance with them;         Undertake regular and comprehensive site inspections / audits of the construction site according to the generic EMPr and applicable licenses in order to monitor compliance as required;         Educate the construction team about the management measures contained in the EMPr and environmental licenses;         Compilation and administration of an environmental monitoring plan to ensure that the environmental management measures are implemented and are effective;
	<ul> <li>Monitoring the performance of the Contractors and ensuring compliance with the EMPr and associated Method Statements;</li> <li>In consultation with the Developer Site Supervisor order the removal of person(s) and/or equipment which are in contravention of the specifications of the EMPr and/or environmental licenses;</li> <li>Liaison between the DPM, Contractors, authorities and other lead stakeholders on all environmental concerns;</li> <li>Compile a regular environmental audit report highlighting any non-compliance issues as well as</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>satisfactory or exceptional compliance with the EMPr;</li> <li>Validating the regular site inspection reports, which are to be prepared by the contractor Environmental Officer (cEO);</li> <li>Checking the cEO's record of environmental incidents (spills, impacts, legal transgressions etc.) as well as corrective and preventive actions taken;</li> <li>Checking the cEO's public complaints register in which all complaints are recorded, as well as action taken;</li> </ul>

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	<ul> <li>Assisting in the resolution of conflicts;</li> <li>Facilitate training for all personnel on the site – this may range from carrying out the training, to reviewing the training programmes of the Contractor;</li> <li>In case of non-compliances, the ECO must first communicate this to the Senior Site Supervisor, who has the power to ensure this matter is addressed. Should no action or insufficient action be taken, the ECO may report this matter to the authorities as non-compliance;</li> <li>Maintenance, update and review of the EMPr;</li> <li>Communication of all modifications to the EMPr to the relevant stakeholders.</li> </ul>
developer Environmental Officer (dEO)	Role         The dEOs will report to the Project Manager and are responsible for implementation of the EMPr, environmental monitoring and reporting, providing environmental input to the Project Manager and Contractor's Manager, liaising with contractors and the landowners as well as a range of environmental coordination responsibilities.
	<ul> <li>Responsibilities</li> <li>Be fully conversant with the EMPr;</li> <li>Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr, and implement these measures;</li> <li>Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Employees, Contractor(s);</li> <li>Confine the development site to the demarcated area;</li> <li>Conduct environmental internal audits with regards to EMPr and authorisation compliance (on cEO);</li> <li>Assist the contractors in addressing environmental challenges on site;</li> <li>Assist in incident management:</li> <li>Reporting environmental incidents to developer and ensuring that corrective action is taken, and lessons learnt shared;</li> <li>Assist the contractor in investigating environmental incidents and compile investigation reports;</li> <li>Follow-up on pre-warnings, defects, non-conformance reports;</li> </ul>

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	<ul> <li>Measure and communicate environmental performance to the Contractor;</li> <li>Conduct environmental awareness training on site together with ECO and cEO;</li> <li>Ensure that the necessary legal permits and / or licenses are in place and up to date;</li> <li>Acting as Developer's Environmental Representative on site and work together with the ECO and contractor;</li> </ul>
Contractor	Role The Contractor appoints the cEO and has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract are in line with the EMPr and that Method Statements are implemented as described. External contractors must ensure compliance with this EMPr while performing the onsite activities as per their contract with the Project Developer. The contractors are required, where specified, to provide Method Statements setting out in detail how the impact management actions contained in the EMPr will be implemented during the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity activities.
	<ul> <li>Responsibilities</li> <li>project delivery and quality control for the development services as per appointment;</li> <li>employ a suitably qualified person to monitor and report to the Project Developer's appointed person on the daily activities on-site during the construction period;</li> <li>ensure that safe, environmentally acceptable working methods and practices are implemented and that equipment is properly operated and maintained, to facilitate proper access and enable any operation to be carried out safely;</li> <li>attend on site meeting(s) prior to the commencement of activities to confirm the procedure and designated activity zones;</li> <li>ensure that contractors' staff repair, at their own cost, any environmental damage as a result of a contravention of the specifications contained in EMPr, to the satisfaction of the ECO.</li> </ul>

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
contractor Environmental Officer (cEO)	Role Each Contractor affected by the EMPr should appoint a cEO, who is responsible for the on-site implementation of the EMPr (or relevant sections of the EMPr). The Contractor's representative can be the site agent; site engineer; a dedicated environmental officer; or an independent consultant. The Contractor must ensure that the Contractor's Representative is suitably qualified to perform the necessary tasks and is appointed at a level such that she/he can interact effectively with other site Contractors, labourers, the Environmental Control Officer and the public. As a minimum the cEO shall meet the following criteria:
	<ul> <li><u>Responsibilities</u></li> <li>Be on site throughout the duration of the project and be dedicated to the project;</li> <li>Ensure all their staff are aware of the environmental requirements, conditions and constraints with respect to all of their activities on site;</li> <li>Implementing the environmental conditions, guidelines and requirements as stipulated within the EA, EMPr and Method Statements;</li> <li>Attend the Environmental Site Meeting;</li> <li>Undertaking corrective actions where non-compliances are registered within the stipulated timeframes;</li> <li>Report back formally on the completion of corrective actions;</li> <li>Assist the ECO in maintaining all the site documentation;</li> <li>Prepare the site inspection reports and corrective action reports for submission to the ECO;</li> <li>Assist the ECO with the preparing of the monthly report; and</li> <li>Where more than one Contractor is undertaking work on site, each company appointed as a Contractor will appoint a cEO representing that company.</li> </ul>

## 4. ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE

To ensure accountable and demonstrated implementation of the EMPr, a number of reporting systems, documentation controls and compliance mechanisms must be in place for all substation infrastructure projects as a minimum requirement.

4.1 Document control/Filing system

The holder of the EA is solely responsible for the upkeep and management of the EMPr file. As a minimum, all documentation detailed below will be stored in the EMPr file. A hard copy of all documentation shall be filed, while an electronic copy may be kept where relevant. A duplicate file will be maintained in the office of the DSS (where applicable). This duplicate file must remain current and up-to-date. The filing system must be updated and relevant documents added as required. The EMPr file must be made available at all times on request by the CA or other relevant authorities. The EMPr file will form part of any environmental audits undertaken as prescribed in the EIA Regulations.

4.2 Documentation to be available

At the outset of the project the following preliminary list of documents shall be placed in the filing system and be accessible at all times:

- Full copy of the signed EA from the CA in terms of NEMA, granting approval for the development or expansion;
- Copy of the generic and site specific EMPr as well as any amendments thereof;
- Copy of declaration of implementing generic EMPr and subsequent approval of site specific EMPr and amendments thereof;
- All method statements;
- Completed environmental checklists;
- Minutes and attendance register of environmental site meetings;
- An up-to-date environmental incident log;
- A copy of all instructions or directives issued;
- A copy of all corrective actions signed off. The corrective actions must be filed in such a way that a clear reference is made to the non-compliance record;
- Complaints register.

#### 4.3 Weekly Environmental Checklist

The ECOs are required to complete a Weekly Environmental Checklist, the format of which is to be agreed prior to commencement of the activity. The ECOs are required to sign and date the checklist, retain a copy in the EMPr file and submit a copy of the completed checklist to the DSS on a weekly basis.

The checklists will form the basis for the Monthly Environmental Reports. Copies of all completed checklists will be attached as Annexures to the Environmental Audit Report as required in terms of the EIA Regulations.

#### 4.4 Environmental site meetings

Minutes of the environmental site meetings shall be kept. The minutes must include an attendance register and will be attached to the Monthly Report that is distributed to attendees. Each set of minutes must clearly record "Matters for Attention" that will be reviewed at the next meeting.

4.5 Required Method Statements

The method statement will be done in such detail that the ECOs are enabled to assess whether the contractor's proposal is in accordance with the EMPr.

The method statement must cover applicable details with regard to:

- development procedures;
- materials and equipment to be used;
- getting the equipment to and from site;
- how the equipment/ material will be moved while on site;
- how and where material will be stored;
- the containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- timing and location of activities;
- compliance/ non-compliance with the EMPr; and
- any other information deemed necessary by the ECOs.

Unless indicated otherwise by the Project Manager, the Contractor shall provide the following method statements to the Project Manager no less than 14 days prior to the commencement date of the activity:

- Site establishment Camps, Lay-down or storage areas, satellite camps, infrastructure;
- Batch plants;
- Workshop or plant servicing;
- Handling, transport and storage of Hazardous Chemical Substance's;
- Vegetation management Protected, clearing, aliens, felling;
- Access management Roads, gates, crossings etc.;
- Fire plan;
- Waste management transport, storage, segregation, classification, disposal (all waste streams);
- Social interaction complaints management, compensation claims, access to properties etc.;
- Water use (source, abstraction and disposal), access and all related information, crossings and mitigation;
- Emergency preparedness Spills, training, other environmental emergencies;
- Dust and noise management methodologies;
- Fauna interaction and risk management only if the risk was identified wildlife interaction especially on game farms; and
- Heritage and palaeontology management.

The ECOs shall monitor and ensure that the contractors perform in accordance with these method statements. Completed and agreed method statements between the holder of the EA and the contractor shall be captured in Appendix 1.

4.6 Environmental Incident Log (Diary)

The ECOs are required to maintain an up-to-date and current Environmental Incident Log (environmental diary). The Environmental Incident Log is a means to record all environmental incidents and/or all non-compliance notice would not be issued. An environmental incident is defined as:

- Any deviation from the listed impact management actions (listed in this EMPr) that may be addressed immediately by the ECOs. (For example a contractor's staff member littering or a drip tray that has not been emptied);
- Any environmental impact resulting from an action or activity by a contractor in contravention of the environmental stipulations and guidelines listed in the EMPr which as a single event would have a minor impact but which if cumulative and continuous would have a significant effect (for example no toilet paper available in the ablutions for an afternoon); and
- General environmental information such as road kills or injured wildlife.

The ECOs are to record all environmental incidents in the Environmental Incident Log. All incidents regardless of severity must be reported to the Developer. The Log is to be kept in the EMPr file and at a minimum the following will be recorded for each environmental incident:

- The date and time of the incident;
- Description of the incident;
- The name of the Contractor responsible;
- The incident must be listed as significant or minor;
- If the incident is listed as significant, a non-compliance notice must be issued, and recorded in the log;
- Remedial or corrective action taken to mitigate the incident; and
- Record of repeat minor offences by the same contractor or staff member.

The Environmental Incident Log will be captured in the EAR.

4.7 Non-compliance

A non-compliance notice will be issued to the responsible contractor by the ECOs via the DSS or Project Manager. The non-compliance notice will be issued in writing; a copy filed in the EMPr file and will at a minimum include the following:

- Time and date of the non-compliance;
- Name of the contractor responsible;
- Nature and description of the non-compliance;
- Recommended / required corrective action; and
- Date by which the corrective action to be completed.
- The contractors shall act immediately when a notice of non-compliance is received and correct whatever is the cause for the issuing of the notice. Complaints received regarding activities on the development site pertaining to the environment shall be

recorded in a dedicated register and the response noted with the date and action taken. The ECO should be made aware of any complaints. Any non-compliance with the agreed procedures of the EMPr is a transgression of the various statutes and laws that define the manner by which the environment is managed. Failure to redress the cause shall be reported to the relevant CA for them to deal with the transgression, as it deems fit. The contractor is deemed not to have complied with the EMPr if, inter alia, There is a deviation from the environmental conditions, impact management outcomes and impact management actions activities, as approved in generic and site specific EMPr as relevant as set out in the EMPr, which deviation has, or may cause, an environmental impact.

#### 4.8 Corrective action records

For each non-compliance notice issued, a documented corrective action must be recorded. On receiving a non-compliance notice from the DSS, the contractor's cEO will ensure that the corrective actions required take place within the stipulated timeframe. On completion of the corrective action the cEO is to issue a Corrective Action Report in writing to the ECOs. If satisfied that the corrective action has been completed, the ECOs are to sign-off on the Corrective Action Report, and attach the report to the non-compliance notice in the EMPr file. A corrective action is considered complete once the report has signed off by the ECOs.

#### 4.9 Photographic record

A digital photographic record will be kept. The photographic record will be used to show before, during and post rehabilitation evidence of the project as well used in cases of damages claims if they arise. Each image must be dated and a brief description note attached.

The Contractor shall:

1. Allow the ECOs access to take photographs of all areas, activities and actions.

The ECOs shall keep an electronic database of photographic records which will include:

- 1. Pictures of all areas designated as work areas, camp areas, development sites and storage areas taken before these areas are set up;
- 2. All bunding and fencing;
- 3. Road conditions and road verges;
- 4. Condition of all farm fences;
- 5. Topsoil storage areas;
- 6. All areas to be cordoned off during construction;
- 7. Waste management sites;
- 8. Ablution facilities (inside and out);
- 9. Any non-conformances deemed to be "significant";
- 10. All completed corrective actions for non-compliances;
- 11. All required signage;
- 12. Photographic recordings of incidents;
- 13. All areas before, during and post rehabilitation; and
- 14. Include relevant photographs in the Final Environmental Audit Report.

## 4.10 Complaints register

The ECOs shall keep a current and up-to-date complaints register. The complaints register is to be a record of all complaints received from communities, stakeholders and individuals. The Complaints Record shall:

- 1. Record the name and contact details of the complainant;
- 2. Record the time and date of the complaint;
- 3. Contain a detailed description of the complaint;
- 4. Where relevant and appropriate, contain photographic evidence of the complaint or damage (ECOs to take relevant photographs); and
- 5. Contain a copy of the ECOs written response to each complaint received and keep a record of any further correspondence with the complainant. The ECO's written response will include a description of any corrective action to be taken and must be signed by the Contractor, ECO and affected party. Where a damage claim is issued by the complainant, the ECOs shall respond as described in (section 4.11) below.
- 4.11 Claims for damages

In the event that a Claim for Damages is submitted by a community, landowner or individual, the ECOs shall:

- 1. Record the full detail of the complaint as described in (section 4.10) above;
- 2. The DPM will evaluate the claim and associated damage and submit the evaluation to the Senior Site Representative for approval;
- 3. Following consideration by the DPM, the claim is to be resolved and settled immediately, or the reason for not accepting the claim communicated in writing to the claimant. Should the claimant not accept this, the ECO shall, in writing report the incident to the Developer's negotiator and legal department; and
- 4. A formal record of the response by the ECOs to the claimant as well as the rectification of the method of making payments not amount will be recorded in the EMPr file.
- 4.12 Interactions with affected parties

Open, transparent and good relations with affected landowners, communities and regional staff are an essential aspect to the successful management and mitigation of environmental impacts.

The ECOs shall:

- 1. Ensure that all queries, complaints and claims are dealt within an agreed timeframe;
- 2. Ensure that any or all agreements are documented, signed by all parties and a record of the agreement kept in the EMPr file;
- 3. Ensure that a complaints telephone numbers are made available to all landowners and affected parties; and
- 4. Ensure that contact with affected parties is courteous at all times;

#### 4.13 Environmental audits

Internal environmental audits of the activity and implementation of the EMPr must be undertaken. The findings and outcomes included in the EMPr file and submitted to the CA at intervals as indicated in the EA.

The ECOs must prepare a monthly EAR. The report will be tabled as the key point on the agenda of the Environmental Site Meeting. The Report is submitted for acceptance at the meeting and the final report will be circulated to the Project Manager and filed in the EMPr file. At a frequency determined by the EA, the ECOs shall submit the monthly reports to the CA. At a minimum the monthly report is to cover the following:

- Weekly Environmental Checklists;
- Deviations and non-compliances with the checklists;
- Non-compliances issued;
- Completed and reported corrective actions;
- Environmental Monitoring;
- General environmental findings and actions; and
- Minutes of the Bi-monthly Environmental Site Meetings.

#### 4.14 Final environmental audits

On final completion of the rehabilitation and/or requirements of the EA a final EAR is to be prepared and submitted to the CA. The EAR must comply with Appendix 7 of the EIA Regulations.

## PART B: SECTION 1: Pre-approved generic EMPr template

#### 5. IMPACT MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES AND IMPACT MANAGEMENT ACTIONS

This section provides a pre-approved generic EMPr template with aspects that are common to the development of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity. There is a list of aspects identified for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, and for each aspect a set of prescribed impact management outcomes and associated impact management actions have been identified. Holders of EAs are responsible to ensure the implementation of these outcomes and actions for all projects as a minimum requirement, in order to mitigate the impact of such aspects identified for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity.

The template provided below is to be completed by providing the information under each heading for each environmental impact management action.

The completed template must be signed and dated on each page by both the contractor and the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as Appendix 1. Each method statement must also be duly signed and dated on each page by the contactor and the holder of the EA. This template, once signed and dated, is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

# 5.1 Environmental awareness training

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence d	
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
- All staff must receive environmental	ECO/cEO/d	Environmental awareness	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly and	Attendance	
awareness training prior to	EO	training workshops must be	Construction, and		as required.	register an	
commencement of the activities;		held.	construction phase			proof c	
			(for new personnel)			training	
						materials.	
- The Contractor must allow for sufficient	Contractor	Training sessions must be	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly and	Attendance	
sessions to train all personnel with no		arranged to align with the	Construction, and		as required.	register.	
more than 20 personnel attending		construction programmes.	construction phase				
each course;			(for new personnel				
– Refresher environmental awareness	cEO / dEO in	Refresher awareness training	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly and	Attendance	
training is available as and when	consultation	sessions must be held.			as required.	register an	
required;	with the					proof c	
	ECO					training	
						materials.	
- All staff are aware of the conditions	cEO / dEO	Training workshops to be	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly and	Attendance	
and controls linked to the EA and		held with staff to inform staff			as required.	register an	
within the EMPr and made aware of		of the conditions and				proof c	
their individual roles and responsibilities		controls linked to the EA and				training	
in achieving compliance with the EA		EMPr, and to make staff				materials.	
and EMPr;		aware of their individual					
		roles and responsibilities in					
		achieving compliance with					

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
		the EA and EMPr. The EMPr & EA must be made available to all staff.				
<ul> <li>The Contractor must erect and maintain information posters at key locations on site, and the posters must include the following information as a minimum:         <ul> <li>a)Safety notifications; and</li> <li>b) No littering.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Contractor	Produce posters and place them at appropriate, well- trafficked locations.	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record within the ECO Report.
<ul> <li>Environmental awareness training must include as a minimum the following:         <ul> <li>a) Description of significant environmental impacts, actual or potential, related to their work activities;</li> <li>b) Mitigation measures to be implemented when carrying out specific activities;</li> <li>c) Emergency preparedness and response procedures;</li> <li>d) Emergency procedures;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	ECO cEO / dEO	Environmental awareness training must be developed with sufficient, understandable content and presented and distributed accordingly.	Pre-construction and throughout construction.	ECO	Prior to commence -ment of the Environ- mental training.	Proof of training materials.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
<ul> <li>e) Procedures to be followed when working near or within sensitive areas;</li> <li>f) Wastewater management procedures;</li> <li>g) Water usage and conservation;</li> <li>h) Solid waste management procedures;</li> <li>i) Sanitation procedures;</li> <li>j)Fire prevention; and</li> <li>k) Disease prevention.</li> </ul>							
<ul> <li>A record of all environmental awareness training courses undertaken as part of the EMPr must be available;</li> </ul>		All training materials used and proof of training (attendance registers) must be filed and kept on site.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Filing system with a materials and proof c training.	
<ul> <li>Educate workers on the dangers of open and/or unattended fires;</li> </ul>	cEO / dEO / ECO	This must form part of the content of the Environmental Awareness training.		ECO	Monthly	Attendance register mus be signed a the training.	
<ul> <li>A staff attendance register of all staff to have received environmental</li> </ul>	cEO / dEO / ECO	Attendance registers must be filed.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Filing system o all attendee registers.	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence c compliance
awareness training must be available.						
<ul> <li>Course material must be available and presented in appropriate languages that all staff can understand.</li> </ul>		Training material must be made available on site and all material must be in an appropriate language for all staff.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Awareness training materials mus be availabl on site. Th attendance register mus indicate th language use during th training.

## 5.2 Site Establishment development

Impact management outcome: Impacts on the environment are minimised during site establishment and the development footprint are kept to demarcated development area.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
A method statement must be provided by the contractor prior to any onsite activity that includes the layout of the construction camp in the form of a plan showing the location of key infrastructure and services (where applicable), including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous materials storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;	Contractor	Compile an appropriate method statement.	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly	Copy of method statement available on site, and submitted to ECO.
<ul> <li>Location of camps must be within approved area to ensure that the site does not impact on sensitive areas</li> </ul>	DPM & Contractor	Placement of the camps must be outside of sensitive areas identified during the	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly	Site layout indicating location of camps outside

**Impact management outcome:** Impacts on the environment are minimised during site establishment and the development footprint are kept to demarcated development area.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe fo	r Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
identified in the environmental		Environmental Authorisation				of sensitive
assessment or site walk through;		process.				areas.
	DPM	Sites must be placed on	Pre-construction 8	ECO	Monthly	Site layout
- Sites must be located where possible		previously disturbed areas	Construction			plan, and
on previously disturbed areas;		as far as possible.				environmental
						sensitivity map.
- The camp must be fenced in	DPM &	Fencing aspects must be as	Pre-construction 8	ECO	Monthly	Camp fenced
accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing	Contractor	per Section 5.5: Fencing and	Construction			in line with
and gate installation; and		gate installation.				Section 5.5:
						Fencing and
						gate
						installation.
						Photographic
						record.
- The use of existing accommodation for		le. No existing accommodation				
contractor staff, where possible, is	be required.	Staff would stay within the town	ot De Aar or Philipsto	own town, situate	ed close to the	proposed site.
encouraged.						

### 5.3 Access restricted areas

Impact management outcome: Access to restricted areas prevented.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
<ul> <li>Identification of access restricted</li> </ul>	dEO/	Identify and document	Pre-construction	cEO	Once-off,	Restricted
areas is to be informed by the environmental assessment, site walk through and any additional areas identified during development;	cEO in consultation with ECO	access restricted areas or specific requirements of affected landowners, if any.		ECO	prior to construction Monthly, or when required	areas are identified using the Environmental Application and Report to identify these areas.
<ul> <li>Erect, demarcate and maintain a temporary barrier with clear signage around the perimeter of any access restricted area, colour coding could be used if appropriate; and</li> </ul>	DSS/ Contractor/ cEO	Demarcate restricted access areas with a temporary barrier and maintain the demarcation and signage for the construction phase.	Pre-construction & construction	ECO	Monthly, or as required.	Clear demarcation and signage around areas of restricted access. Photographic evidence.
<ul> <li>Unauthorised access and development related activity inside access restricted areas is prohibited.</li> </ul>	Contrator/ dEO/ cEO	Demarcate restricted access areas with a temporary barrier and	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly or as required.	Compliance with the restricted

Impact management outcome: Access to restricted areas prevented.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	Implementation /			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
		maintain the demarcation				access areas	
		and signage for the				must be	
		construction phase.				reported on in	
						the	
						Environmental	
						Compliance	
						Reporting.	

#### 5.4 Access roads

**Impact management outcome:** Minimise impact to the environment through the planned and restricted movement of vehicles on site.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
– An access agreement must be	DPM	Access agreements to be	Pre-construction	cEO & ECO	Once-off,	Signed
formalised and signed by the DPM,	Contractor	compiled. Access			prior to	agreements
Contractor and landowner before		agreements to be signed by			construction	with affected
commencing with the activities;		affected landowners before				landowners.
		commencement of				
		construction.				

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>All private roads used for access to the servitude must be maintained and upon completion of the works, be left in at least the original condition</li> </ul>	Contractor	Maintain road conditions, when and where required.	Continuously throughout all phases.	cEO ECO	On-going Monthly	Photographic evidence of road conditions throughout all phases.
<ul> <li>All contractors must be made aware of all these access routes.</li> </ul>	dEO / cEO	Contractors must be provided with a map of all access roads.	Pre-construction Construction Operation	ECO	As required i.e. when new contactors come to site.	Access roads map must be readily available.
<ul> <li>Any access route deviation from that in the written agreement must be closed and re-vegetated immediately, at the contractor's expense;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Deviations from the access routes must be closed and re-vegetated immediately.	Construction Operation (when required)	cEO & ECO	Ongoing Monthly (or as required)	Photographic evidence of before and after rehabilitation must be obtained and filed.
<ul> <li>Maximum use of both existing servitudes and existing roads must be made to minimize further disturbance through the development of new roads;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Deviating from the access roads must be limited as far as possible.	Construction Operation	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Any deviations recorded with photographs. Rectification photographs must also be taken.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>In circumstances where private roads must be used, the condition of the said roads must be recorded in accordance with section 4.9: photographic record; prior to use and the condition thereof agreed by the landowner, the DPM, and the contractor;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Photographic record (in accordance with section 4.9: photographic record) of private roads, before and after use. Condition of private road agreed by landowner, the DPM and Contractor, prior to use.	Pre-Construction & Construction phase	cEO ECO	Ongoing Prior to road use and after road use.	Photographic record of the roads before and after use. Proof of agreement by the landowner, DMP & Contractor on road condition.
<ul> <li>Access roads in flattish areas must follow fence lines and tree belts to avoid fragmentation of vegetated areas or croplands</li> </ul>		Design access road routes to follow fence lines and tree belts, where possible.	Pre-construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Once-off (prior to construction )	Map of access roads following fence lines and tree belts where possible.
<ul> <li>Access roads must only be developed on a pre-planned and approved roads.</li> </ul>		Construction of access roads on pre-planned and approved routes only.	Pre-construction & Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Implementatio n of the approved layout.

# 5.5 Fencing and Gate installation

**Impact management outcome:** Minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and gates where required.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>Use existing gates provided to gain access to all parts of the area authorised for development, where possible;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Identify and notify staff of the gates to be used to access the site.	Pre-construction Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Existing gates used where possible.
<ul> <li>Existing and new gates to be recorded and documented in accordance with section 4.9: photographic record;</li> </ul>	dEO & Contactor	Existing and new gates must be recorded and documented as per the requirements of section 4.9.	Construction Phase	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly.	Photographic record (as per section 4.9.) to be kept of the existing and new gates.
<ul> <li>All gates must be fitted with locks and be kept locked at all times during the development phase, unless otherwise agreed with the landowner;</li> </ul>	Contractor	All gates to be fitted with locks and kept locked at all times.	Construction phase	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	All gates to be locked and no complaints from landowners received regarding locking of gates.
<ul> <li>At points where the line crosses a fence in which there is no suitable gate within the extent of the line servitude, on the instruction of the DPM, a gate must be installed at the approval of the landowner;</li> </ul>	DPM/ dEO	Obtain approval for new gate(s) required, from affected landowners. New gate to be installed as per approval of the affected landowner.	Pre-construction Construction phase	cEO ECO	Once-off before construction and as required	Gate installed at a position agreed to by the landowner.

**Impact management outcome:** Minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and gates where required.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
					during construction Monthly		
<ul> <li>Care must be taken that the gates must be so erected that there is a gap of no more than 100 mm between the bottom of the gate and the ground;</li> </ul>	Contractor	The bottom of the installed gate must be no more than 100 mm from the ground.	Construction Phase	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Bottom of gate must be no more than 100 mm from the ground. Photographic evidence	
<ul> <li>Where gates are installed in jackal proof fencing, a suitable reinforced concrete sill must be provided beneath the gate;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Where required, a reinforced concrete sill must be installed beneath the gate.	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Reinforced concrete sill installed beneath the gate when necessary. Photographic evidence	
<ul> <li>Original tension must be maintained in the fence wires;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Original tension must be maintained in the fence wire.	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	The tension of the fence wires must be maintained at the same tension.	

**Impact management outcome:** Minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and gates where required.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>All gates installed in electrified fencing must be re-electrified;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Gates installed within electric fencing must be re- electrified.	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Gates installed in electrified fencing re- electrified.
<ul> <li>All demarcation fencing and barriers must be maintained in good working order for the duration of overhead transmission and distribution electricity infrastructure development activities;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Demarcation fencing ad barriers must be assessed and maintained accordingly.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	A photographic record of the fencing and barriers in good condition must be obtained.
<ul> <li>Fencing must be erected around the camp, batching plants, hazardous storage areas, and all designated access restricted areas, where appropriate and would not cause harm to the sensitive flora;</li> </ul>		Fencing must be installed around the site camp, including batching plants, hazardous storage areas and all 'No-Go' areas.	Early in the construction phase.	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of appropriate fencing must be kept.
<ul> <li>Any temporary fencing to restrict the movement of life-stock must only be erected with the permission of the land owner.</li> </ul>	Contractor dEO / cEO	Obtain permission from the landowner before restricting movement of livestock.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of the landowner agreement must be kept of record, if applicable.

**Impact management outcome:** Minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and gates where required.

Imp	act Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring		
		Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	All fencing must be developed of high quality material bearing the SABS mark;	Contractor	Fencing must be developed using high quality material, approved by SABS.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Fencing materials used must bear the SABS mark and/or documentary proof.
_	The use of razor wire as fencing must be avoided;	Contractor	No razor wire must be used for fencing.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No razor wire must be used for fencing.
_	Fenced areas with gate access must remain locked after hours, during weekends and on holidays if staff is away from site. Site security will be required at all times;	Contractor	Fenced areas with gate access must be locked after hours, on weekends and during public holidays. Security company to provide site security services appointed and providing services at required times.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Fenced areas with gate access locked after hours, on weekends and during public holidays. Security company appointed and servicing site, as required.
-	On completion of the development phase all temporary fences are to be removed;	Contractor	All temporary fencing removed.	Construction phase	ECO	At end of construction phase.	No temporary fences remain after construction

**Impact management outcome:** Minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and aates where required.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
						has been completed. Photographic evidence.	
<ul> <li>The contractor must ensure that all fence uprights are appropriately removed, ensuring that no uprights are cut at ground level but rather removed completely.</li> </ul>		All fence uprights must be removed in their entirety.	Construction phase	ECO	At the end of the construction period.	uprights left on	

# 5.6 Water Supply Management

Impact management outcome: Undertake	Impact management outcome: Undertake responsible water usage.									
Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring	Monitoring					
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of			
	person	Memod of implementation	implementation	person	riequency	compliance				
- All abstraction points or bore holes	DPM /									
must be registered with the DWS and	Contractor /									
suitable water meters installed to	dEO / cEO									
ensure that the abstracted volumes	and ECO.									
are measured on a daily basis;										
- The Contractor must ensure the	Not applicab	le. No water will be abstracted	from rivers or streams	as part of the p	proposed deve	lopment.				
following:										
a. The vehicle abstracting water										
from a river does not enter or cross it										

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
and does not operate from within the river; b. No damage occurs to the river bed or banks and that the abstraction of water does not entail stream diversion activities; and c. All reasonable measures to limit pollution or sedimentation of the downstream watercourse are implemented.						
<ul> <li>Ensure water conservation is being practiced by:</li> <li>a. Minimising water use during cleaning of equipment;</li> <li>b. Undertaking regular audits of water systems; and</li> <li>c. Including a discussion on water usage and conservation during environmental awareness training.</li> <li>d. The use of grey water is encouraged.</li> </ul>	cEO dEO	Ensure that the specified water conservation practices are being undertaken on site.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Verification on site; Proof of audits of water systems and/or water usage; Proof of environmental awareness materials

# 5.7 Storm and waste water management

Impact management outcome: Impacts to	o the environm	ent caused by storm water and	d wastewater discharg	les during cons	truction are a	voided.
Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
<ul> <li>Runoff from the cement/ concrete batching areas must be strictly controlled, and contaminated water must be collected, stored and either treated or disposed of off-site, at a location approved by the project manager;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Implement strict control mechanisms for runoff of contaminated water and an appropriate system to dispose of contaminated water (as per an approved Method Statement).	implementation Construction phase	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	complianceNo evidence of contaminated watermismanageme nt.Hazardous waste removal slips, where required.Photographic evidence
<ul> <li>All spillage of oil onto concrete surfaces must be controlled by the use of an approved absorbent material and the used absorbent material disposed of at an appropriate waste disposal facility;</li> </ul>	Contractor and cEO	Appropriate absorbent material must be used to soak up oil spills on concrete surfaces and the material must be disposed of appropriately (at a licensed waste disposal facility).	Construction phase	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Absorbent material available on site. No evidence of oil spills that have not been managed appropriately Proof of disposal at licensed waste disposal site

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
						(e.g. disposal slips)
- Natural storm water runoff not	DPM &	The DPM and ECO must	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly (or	Proof of
contaminated during the	Contractor	determine whether clean			as required)	discussions
development and clean water	in	water can be discharged				between the
can be discharged directly to	consultation	directly into watercourses.				DPM & ECO.
watercourses and water bodies,	with ECO					
subject to the Project Manager's						
approval and support by the ECO;						
- Water that has been contaminated	DPM, in	The DPM and ECO must	Construction phase	ECO	As required	Proof of
with suspended solids, such as soils	consultation	determine whether settled				discussions
and silt, may be released into	with ECO	water can be released into				between the
watercourses or water bodies only		the waterbody. If so, water				DPM & ECO,
once all suspended solids have		must be freed of all				and
been removed from the water by		sedimentation through a				photographic
settling out these solids in settlement		settlement pond, before				evidence of
ponds. The release of settled water		release into the				the settlement
back into the environment must be		watercourse.				ponds.
subject to the Project Manager's						
approval and support by the ECO.						

# 5.8 Solid and hazardous waste management

Impact management outcome: Wastes are appropriately stored, handled and safely disposed of at a recognised waste facility.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>All measures regarding waste management must be undertaken using an integrated waste management approach;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Waste management must be undertaken with an integrated waste management approach (as per an approved Method Statement).	Construction phase	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Implementatio n of waste management plan and disposal receipts of responsible disposable.
<ul> <li>Sufficient, covered waste collection bins (scavenger and weatherproof) must be provided;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Covered waste collection bins (scavenger and weatherproof) must be provided on site.	Construction phase	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Covered waste collection bins (scavenger and weatherproof) evident on site.
<ul> <li>A suitably positioned and clearly demarcated waste collection site must be identified and provided;</li> </ul>		A site suitable for a waste collection site e.g. away from environmental sensitivities must be identified and clearly demarcated. Signage must also be installed at the identified site.	Construction phase	ECO	Once-off (prior to the commence ment of construction )	A well- positioned waste collection point clearly demarcated. Photographic evidence.
<ul> <li>The waste collection site must be maintained in a clean and orderly manner;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Waste collection site must be maintained and kept clean and orderly.	Construction phase	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	A tidy, orderly waste collection site. No evidence of litter or waste on site.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
– Waste must be segregated into	Contractor /	Each waste type must be	Construction phase	cEO	Ongoing	Separate
separate bins and clearly marked	cEO	disposed of separately. To		ECO	Monthly	waste bins on
for each waste type for recycling		assist with this, bins must be				site and no
and safe disposal;		clearly labelled (including				evidence of
		images) to assist with this.				mixing waste
						types in bins.
– Staff must be trained in waste	cEO / dEO	Waste segregation must be	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly and	Documentary
segregation;		included in the	Construction		as required.	evidence that
		environmental awareness				training
		training.				materials
						include waste 
						segregation.
<ul> <li>Bins must be emptied regularly;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Waste bins must be emptied	Construction	cEO	Ongoing	Bins must not
	cEO	on a regular basis, and not be allowed to overflow.		ECO	Monthly	be overflowing with waste.
– General waste produced onsite	Contractor	General waste must be	Construction	cEO	Ongoing	Disposal
must be disposed of at registered	cEO	disposed of at a registered	Construction	ECO	Monthly	receipts from
waste disposal sites/ recycling		waste disposal site /		100	Monniy	registered
company;		recycling company.				waste disposal
company,		recycling company.				sites must be
						kept on record.
<ul> <li>Hazardous waste must be disposed</li> </ul>	Contractor	Hazardous waste must be	Construction	cEO	Ongoing	Disposal
of at a registered waste disposal site;	cEO	disposed of at a registered		ECO	Monthly	receipts from
		waste disposal site.			,	registered
						waste disposal
						sites must be
						obtained and
						kept on record.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
- Certificates of safe disposal for	Contractor	Certificates / receipts of safe	Construction	cEO	Ongoing	Certificates /
general, hazardous and recycled	cEO	disposal of general,		ECO	Monthly	receipts of safe
waste must be maintained.		hazardous and recycled				disposal of
		waste must obtained and				various wastes.
		kept on record.				

#### 5.9 Protection of watercourses and estuaries

Impact management outcome: Pollution and contamination of the watercourse environment and or estuary erosion are prevented.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person		implementation	person		compliance		
- All watercourses must be protected	Contractor	No construction activities	Construction phase	cEO	Ongoing	No spillage of		
from direct or indirect spills of	cEO	(and therefore no risk of		ECO	Monthly	pollutants into		
pollutants such as solid waste,		direct and indirect spills of				watercourses		
sewage, cement, oils, fuels,		pollutants) are to be				reported on		
chemicals, aggregate tailings,		undertaken close to water				site, and no		
wash and contaminated water or		bodies. The freshwater				evidence of		
organic material resulting from the		specialist's buffers around				any spills.		
Contractor's activities;		the freshwater features must						
		be adhered to.						
- In the event of a spill, prompt action	Contractor	If a spill occurs, the polluted	Construction phase	cEO	Ongoing	Information		
must be taken to clear the polluted	cEO	or affected area must be		ECO	Monthly	and feedback		
or affected areas;		cleared up immediately.				with respect to		
						how the spill		
						was cleaned		

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						up must be documented and kept on file. Photographic evidence.
<ul> <li>Where possible, no development equipment must traverse any seasonal or permanent wetland</li> </ul>		No equipment may be permitted to traverse any seasonal or permanent wetlands.	Construction phase	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	No evidence of equipment traversing any seasonal or permanent wetland on site.
<ul> <li>No return flow into the estuaries must be allowed and no disturbance of the Estuarine Functional Zone should occur;</li> </ul>		Not applicable	– no estuaries occur ir	the project ar	ea.	
<ul> <li>Development of permanent watercourse or estuary crossing must only be undertaken where no alternative access to tower position is available;</li> </ul>	and cEO	Only authorized access roads must be used and/or developed.	Construction phase	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Only authorized access road routes used and/or developed.
<ul> <li>Existing crossing points must be favored over the creation of new crossings (including temporary access)</li> </ul>	Contractor / cEO	Existing crossing points over watercourses must be used as far as possible.	Construction phase	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	No evidence of unnecessary new tracks, when an

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
						existing track is nearby.
- There must not be any impact on the	DPM	The powerline must not have	Construction phase	cEO	Ongoing	No impact
long term morphological dynamics	Contractor	any impacts which change		ECO	Monthly	incidents on
of watercourses or estuaries;	cEO	the long-term				the
		morphological dynamics of				watercourses
		watercourses or estuaries.				reported.
– When working in or near any	Contractor	When working in or near any	Construction phase	cEO	Ongoing	No evidence of
watercourse or estuary, the	cEO	watercourse or estuary, the		ECO	Monthly	degradation to
following environmental controls		specified environmental				the waterbody
and consideration must be taken:		controls and considerations				and no
a) Water levels during the period of		must be accommodated.				incidents of
construction;						damage to the
No altering of the bed, banks,						waterbodies.
course or characteristics of a						
watercourse						
b) During the execution of the						
works, appropriate measures to						
prevent pollution and						
contamination of the riparian						
environment must be implemented						
e.g. including ensuring that						
construction equipment is well						
maintained;						
c) Where earthwork is being						
undertaken in close proximity to any						
watercourse, slopes must be						
stabilised using suitable materials,						

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
i.e. sandbags or geotextile fabric, to							
prevent sand and rock from							
entering the channel; and							
d) Appropriate rehabilitation and							
re-vegetation measures for the							
watercourse banks must be							
implemented timeously. In this							
regard, the banks should be							
appropriately and incrementally							
stabilised as soon as development							
allows.							

### 5.10 Vegetation clearing

Impact management outcome: Vegetation clearing is restricted to the authorised development footprint of the proposed infrastructure.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	plementation					Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	of imp	lementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of	
	person				implementation	person		compliance	е	
General:	Contractor	Areas	of	indigenous	Pre-construction	cEO	Ongoing	Areas	of	
	and cEO	vegetatio	on to	be avoided	Construction	ECO	Monthly	indigenous		
- Indigenous vegetation which does		must be o	dema	rcated before	Operation			vegetation	are	
not interfere with the development		clearanc	e is ur	ndertaken.				demarcate	d	
must be left undisturbed;										

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	·	implementation	person		compliance
						and undisturbed.
- Protected or endangered species	Contractor,	Areas containing protected	Pre-construction	cEO	Ongoing	A No protected
may occur on or near the	cEO	or endangered species to	Construction	ECO	Monthly	or endangered
development site. Special care		be demarcated, to be				species have
should be taken not to damage		avoided by construction				been
such species;		activities, prior to vegetation				damaged
		clearance				and/or
						removed,
						unless
						absolutely
						necessary
						(and only if the
						necessary
						permits have
						been
						obtained).
<ul> <li>Search, rescue and replanting of all</li> </ul>	DPM and	Search and rescue must be	Pre- construction	ECO	Monthly	Implementatio
protected and endangered species	contractor	undertaken by a suitably				n of Plant
likely to be damaged during project		qualified relevant specialist,				Search and
development must be identified by	consultation	and replanting of the				Rescue Plan/
the relevant specialist and	with the	removed species must take				Method
completed prior to any	relevant	place. A Plant Search and				Statement.
development or clearing;	specialist.	Rescue Plan/ Method				Photographic
		Statement must be compiled				evidence
		to detail this process.				and/or notes of
						the search and
						rescue must be

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						taken and kept on record.
<ul> <li>Permits for removal must be obtained from the Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries prior to the cutting or clearing of the affected species, and they must be filed;</li> </ul>	DPM dEO	If required, the relevant permits must be applied for and obtained from the relevant authority and kept on file.	Pre-construction (Prior to Search and Rescue).	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Permits must be kept on filed.
<ul> <li>The Environmental Audit Report must confirm that all identified species have been rescued and replanted and that the location of replanting is compliant with conditions of approvals;</li> </ul>	ECO	Include details pertaining to the rescue and replanting of identified species in the Environmental Audit Report.	During the construction phase and at the completion of the construction phase.	ECO	As required.	The Environmental Audit Report contains details pertaining to the rescue and replanting of identified species.
<ul> <li>Trees felled due to construction must be documented and form part of the Environmental Audit Report;</li> </ul>	ECO	The Audit Report must contain details of trees felled.	Construction Phase	ECO	As required.	The Audit Report must contain details of trees felled.
<ul> <li>Rivers and watercourses must be kept clear of felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris;</li> </ul>	Contractor cEO	Felled trees,, vegetation cuttings and debris must be disposed of appropriately and must not be placed	Construction Phase	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Rivers and watercourses must not have felled trees, vegetation

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
		within watercourses and rivers.				cuttings or debris.
<ul> <li>Only a registered pest control operator may apply herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial application must be carried out under the supervision of a registered pest control operator, supervision of a registered pest control operator or is appropriately trained;</li> </ul>	DPM, dEO Contractor Maintenanc e Staff	Only a qualified pest control operator must be appointed.	Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO dEO	Monthly/ as when use of herbicides is required	Proof of details of appointed registered pest control operator to be kept on file for audit purposes.
<ul> <li>A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage;</li> </ul>	Contractor cEO	A daily register of all herbicide usage must be kept on site.	Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO	Monthly	The register must be available for viewing on site.
<ul> <li>No herbicides must be used in estuaries;</li> </ul>		Not applicable –	there are no estuaries	in the project o	area.	
<ul> <li>All protected species and sensitive vegetation not removed must be clearly marked and such areas fenced off in accordance to Section 5.3: Access restricted areas. Alien invasive vegetation must be removed and disposed of at a licensed waste management facility.</li> </ul>	Contractor cEO	Protected species and sensitive vegetation must be clearly demarcated in accordance with Section 5.3.	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Protected species and sensitive vegetation clearly demarcated in accordance with Section 5.3 Photographic evidence

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
Servitude:	DPM,	Identify vegetation that	Construction	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of
<ul> <li>Vegetation that does not grow high enough to cause interference with overhead transmission and distribution infrastructures, or cause a fire hazard to any plantation, must not be cut or trimmed unless it is growing in the road access area, and then only at the discretion of the</li> </ul>	Contractor, cEO Operations & Maintenanc e team	needs to be trimmed.	Operation	Operations & Maintenanc e Team		unnecessary cutting or trimming of vegetation. Photographic evidence
<ul> <li>Project Manager;</li> <li>Where clearing for access purposes is essential, the maximum width to be cleared within the servitude must be in accordance to distance as agreed between the land owner and the EA holder</li> </ul>	DPM Contractor, Operations & Maintenanc e Team	Width to be cleared must be in accordance with an agreement between the landowner and EA holder.	Construction Operation	ECO	As required.	Proof of agreement of width to be cleared must be kept on file. Proof must be provided that only agreed upon areas have been cleared.
<ul> <li>Alien invasive vegetation must be removed according to a plan (in line with relevant municipal and provincial procedures, guidelines and recommendations) and</li> </ul>	Contractor cEO	Alien invasive vegetation must be removed in accordance with an Alien Invasive Management Plan. The vegetation must be	Construction Operation	ECO Operations & Maintenanc e Team	Monthly and as required.	Proof of removal of invasive alien vegetation as per alien invasive

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
disposed of at a recognised waste disposal facility;		disposed of at a recognized waste disposal facility.				management plan. Receipts of disposal from a registered waste disposal facility must be obtained and kept on record.
<ul> <li>Vegetation must be trimmed where it is likely to intrude on the minimum vegetation clearance distance (MVCD) or will intrude on this distance before the next scheduled clearance. MVCD is determined from SANS 10280;</li> </ul>	Operations	Where vegetation is likely to intrude on the MVCD before the next scheduled clearance, the vegetation must be trimmed.	Construction Operation	ECO Operations & Maintenanc e Team	Monthly, and/or as required.	Photographic/ documentary evidence
<ul> <li>Debris resulting from clearing and pruning must be disposed of at a recognised waste disposal facility, unless the landowners wish to retain the cut vegetation;</li> </ul>	cEO Operations	Consult with the landowner whether they would like to retain the cut vegetation. If not, it must be disposed of at a recognised waste disposal facility.	Construction Operation	ECO Operations & Maintenanc e Team	As required.	Proof (receipts) must be obtained that the debris was disposed of at a recognized waste disposal facility or was kept by the landowner.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
In the case of the development of new	Contractor	Develop a procedure for the	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior	Proof of the
overhead transmission and distribution	cEO	clearing of vegetation and	Construction		to the	procedure
infrastructures, a one metre "trace-line"	Operations	the stringing process which			commence	used for
must be cut through the vegetation for	&	limits the impact to the			ment of	clearing
stringing purposes only and no vehicle	Maintenanc	environment.			construction	vegetation and
access must be cleared along the "trace-	e Team				•	stringing must
line". Alternative methods of stringing						be obtained.
which limit impact to the environment						
must always be considered.						

### 5.11 Protection of fauna

Impact management outcome: Disturbance to fauna is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
– No interference with livestock must	dEO/cEO	Avoid interfering with or	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Written consent
occur without the landowner's	Contractor	disturbing livestock, where	Phase0			by the
written consent and with the		possible.				landowner or a
landowner or a person		The landowner, or				representative
representing the landowner being		representative of the				of the
present;		landowner must give written				landowner.
		consent to interfere with				
		livestock, if such				
		interference is unavoidable.				

Impo	act Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
		Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
		person	·	implementation	person		compliance
-	The breeding sites of raptors and	DPM	Breeding sites identified by	Pre-construction	ECO	Once-off,	The develop-
	other wild birds species must be	dEO/cEO	the avifaunal specialist must			(at	ment
	taken into consideration during the	Contractor	be taken into consideration			commence	programme
	planning of the development		when compiling the			ment of	takes
	programme;		development programme.			construction	cognizance of
						).	bird breeding
							sites.
-	Breeding sites must be kept intact	dEO/cEO	Breeding sites must be	Construction	cEO	Ongoing	Photographic
	and disturbance to breeding birds	Contractor	clearly indicated on a map	Operation	ECO	Monthly	evidence of
	must be avoided. Special care must	Operations	of the site and all staff must		Operations	Monthly	intact breeding
	be taken where nestlings or	&	be made aware of these		&	during	sites.
	fledglings are present;	Maintenanc	areas.		Maintenanc	operation	
		e Team			e Team		
—	Special recommendations of the	dEO/cEO	The Basic Assessment Report	Pre-construction	cEO	Ongoing	Photographic/
	avian specialist must be adhered to	Contractor	and any other relevant	Construction	ECO	Monthly	documentary
	at all times to prevent unnecessary	Operations	information must be	Operation	Operations		evidence of
	disturbance of birds;	&	reviewed for any		&		complying with
		Maintenanc	recommendations from the		Maintenanc		the specialist's
		e Team	avian specialist to limit		e Team		recommendati
			unnecessary disturbance of				ons must be
			birds.				provided.
-	No poaching must be tolerated	Contractor	Any animal dens that could	Construction phase	cEO	Ongoing	No incidence
	under any circumstances. All animal	dEO / cEO	be impacted by the	Operation	ECO	Monthly	of poaching
	dens in close proximity to the works		development must be		Operations		evident or
	areas must be marked as Access		marked as "No-Go" areas.		&		reported.
	restricted areas;		Poaching must not be		Maintenanc		
			tolerated at a;		e Team		

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
<ul> <li>No deliberate or intentional killing of fauna is allowed;</li> </ul>	dEO/cEO Contractor	This must be included in the environmental awareness training and it must be ensured that all staff fully understand this.	Construction Operation	ECO	Monthly	No incidents of deliberate or intentional killing of fauna evident and/or reported.	
<ul> <li>In areas where snakes are abundant, snake deterrents to be deployed on the pylons to prevent snakes climbing up, being electrocuted and causing power outages; and</li> </ul>	dEO / cEO Contractor	Where necessary, snake deterrents must be applied to the pylons of the powerline to prevent snakes moving up the pylons.	Pre-construction/ design Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic/ documentary evidence of snake deterrents on pylons.	
<ul> <li>No Threatened or Protected species (ToPs) and/or protected fauna as listed according NEMBA (Act No. 10 of 2004) and relevant provincial ordinances may be removed and/or relocated without appropriate authorisations/permits.</li> </ul>	DPM & dEO	Permits must be obtained from relevant authorities for the removal and/or relocation of any Threatened or Protected species and/or protected fauna as listed according to NEMBA (Act No. 10 of 2004) and relevant provincial ordinances.	Pre-construction and construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Permits from the relevant authority/ie readily available, on file.	

# 5.12 Protection of heritage resources

Impact management outcome: Impact to heritage resources is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>Identify, demarcate and prevent impact to all known sensitive heritage features on site in accordance with the No-Go procedure in Section 5.3: Access restricted areas;</li> </ul>	DPM dEO/ cEO Contractor	Identify, demarcate and prevent impact to known sensitive heritage features in accordance with Section 5.3.	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Avoidance of sensitive heritage features and photographic evidence of such.
<ul> <li>Carry out general monitoring of excavations for potential fossils, artefacts and material of heritage importance;</li> </ul>	cEO/ dEO/ Contractor	Construction staff to be educated (as part of the environmental awareness training) of the potential for archaeological and palaeontological finds in excavations, and what to do in the evident of heritage resources being encountered/uncovered.	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Documentary/ photographic evidence.
<ul> <li>All work must cease immediately, if any human remains and/or other archaeological, palaeontological and historical material are uncovered. Such material, if exposed, must be reported to the nearest museum, archaeologist/ palaeontologist (or the South African Police Services), so that a systematic and professional investigation can be undertaken.</li> </ul>	cEO / dEO Contractor	All works must stop immediately if any human remains and/or other archaeological, palaeontological and historical material are uncovered.	Construction Phase	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Proof of work ceasing and appropriate procedure being followed.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
Sufficient time must be allowed to						
remove/collect such material						
before development						
recommences.						

### 5.13 Safety of the public

Impact management outcome: All precautions are taken to minimise the risk of injury, harm or complaints.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
- Identify fire hazards, demarcate and	Contractor	Assess the site for any	Construction	ECO	Monthly,	Dangerous
restrict public access to these areas		potential dangers to the			and as	areas clearly
as well as notify the local authority of		public. Demarcate and			required.	demarcated,
any potential threats e.g. large		restrict access to these areas				with restricted
brush stockpiles, fuels etc.;		and where necessary,				access.
		contact the local authority.				
- All unattended open excavations	Contractor	Fence or demarcate open,	<b>Construction Phase</b>	cEO	Ongoing	Photographic
must be adequately fenced or		unattended excavations.		ECO	Monthly	evidence
demarcated;						
- Adequate protective measures	Contractor	The areas with partly	<b>Construction Phase</b>	ECO	Monthly	On site
must be implemented to prevent		constructed towers and / or				verification
unauthorised access to and		scaffolding must have				Photographic
climbing of partly constructed		restricted access.				evidence.
towers and protective scaffolding;						

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
<ul> <li>Ensure structures vulnerable to high winds are secured;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Structures vulnerable to high winds must be secured appropriately.	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	No incidence of unstable structures due to high winds evident or reported.
<ul> <li>Maintain an incidents and complaints register in which all incidents or complaints involving the public are logged.</li> </ul>	Contractor DPM	Compile and maintain a public incidents and complaints register, and update, as required.	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	The incidents and complaints register must be up to date, and available on site.

#### 5.14 Sanitation

**Impact management outcome:** Clean and well maintained toilet facilities are available to all staff in an effort to minimise the risk of disease and impact to the environment.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
- Mobile chemical toilets are installed	Contractor	If no ablution facilities are	<b>Construction Phase</b>	ECO	Monthly	Photographic	
onsite if no other ablution facilities		available on site, mobile				evidence	
are available;		chemical toilets must be					

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
		utilized and placed outside				Record of
		of environmentally sensitive				chemical toilet
		areas.				service
						provider.
- The use of ablution facilities and or	Contractor /	This must be included in the	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Content of
mobile toilets must be used at all	cEO	environmental awareness				environmental
times and no indiscriminate use of		training.				awareness
the veld for the purposes of ablutions						training
must be permitted under any						materials. No
circumstances;						evidence of
						non- compliance.
- Where mobile chemical toilets are	Contractor /	All specified requirements,	Construction Phase	cEO	Ongoing	Inspections of
required, the following must be	-	as per the Impact		ECO	Monthly	the toilets must
ensured:		Management Actions, must			,	be made to
a) Toilets are located no closer than		be met.				ensure all
100 m to any watercourse or water						requirements
body;						are being met.
b) Toilets are secured to the						
ground to prevent them from						
toppling due to wind or any other						
cause;						
c) No spillage occurs when the						
toilets are cleaned or emptied and						
the contents are managed in						
accordance with the EMPr;						
d) Toilets have an external closing						
mechanism and are closed and						

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
secured from the outside when not in use to prevent toilet paper from being blown out; e) Toilets are emptied before long weekends and workers holidays, and must be locked after working hours; f) Toilets are serviced regularly and the ECO must inspect toilets to ensure compliance to health standards;						
<ul> <li>A copy of the waste disposal certificates must be maintained.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Obtain a certificate / receipt from the waste disposal service provide when waste has been collected and disposed of.	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Copies of waste certificates / receipts must be kept on file at site.

# 5.15 Prevention of disease

Impact Management outcome: All necessary precautions linked to the spread of disease are taken.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>Undertake environmentally-friendly pest control in the camp area;</li> </ul>	Contractor	If necessary, pest control must be undertaken in an environmentally-friendly manner.	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of pest control methods to be documented and kept on site by Contactor. Photographic evidence.
<ul> <li>Ensure that the workforce is sensitised to the effects of sexually transmitted diseases, especially HIV AIDS;</li> </ul>	Contractor	This must be included in the environmental awareness training/ Contractors "Tool Box" talks.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Environmental Awareness training materials/ evidence of content of Tool Box talk
<ul> <li>The Contractor must ensure that information posters on AIDS are displayed in the Contractor Camp area;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Placement of information posters on AIDS must be displayed in the Contractor Camp area.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic evidence
<ul> <li>Information and education relating to sexually transmitted diseases to be made available to both construction workers and local community, where applicable;</li> </ul>	Contractor	The relevant information must be included in the environmental awareness training/ Contractors "Tool Box" talks, and must be made available at the site camp	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Information and education relating to sexually transmitted diseases must be contained within the

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						training material.
<ul> <li>Free condoms must be made available to all staff on site at central points;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Free condoms must be made available to all staff at appropriate places on the site, e.g. toilets, site camp.	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Free condoms must be available at suitable locations on the site, e.g. toilets, or site camp.
– Medical support must be made available;	Contractor	Personnel trained in First Aid must always be on site and First Aid Kits must be located in strategic areas.	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	FirstAidpersonnel mustalwaysbepresent on anactive site.Up-to-date,full,FirstAidkitsmustmustbeavailableatvariouslocationslocationsonsite.
<ul> <li>Provide access to Voluntary HIV Testing and Counselling Services.</li> </ul>	Contractor	HIV testing scheduling must be made available to all staff. Counselling must also be made available as an option.	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Check there is an HIV testing schedule on site and that counselling is made

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring				
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person		implementation	person		compliance	e
						available	by
						the contrac	:tor.

### 5.16 Emergency procedures

Impact management outcome: Emergency procedures are in place to enable a rapid and effective response to all types of environmental emergencies.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
<ul> <li>Compile an Emergency Response Action Plan (ERAP) prior to the commencement of the proposed project;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Compile an Emergency Response Action Plan (ERAP)	Pre-construction	ECO	Once-off, at the commence ment of construction	ERAP compiled and available on site.	
<ul> <li>The Emergency Plan must deal with accidents, potential spillages and fires in line with relevant legislation;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Emergency Plan must contain the relevant detail.	Pre-construction	ECO	Once-off, at the commence ment of construction	ERAP must contain the specified details.	
<ul> <li>All staff must be made aware of emergency procedures as part of environmental awareness training;</li> </ul>	Contractor	The ERAP must be covered in the environmental awareness training.	Construction phase	ECO	Once-off, at the commence ment of construction	The ERAP must be covered in the environmental awareness training.	

Impact Management Actions	Implementat	ion		Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
<ul> <li>The relevant local authority must be made aware of a fire as soon as it starts;</li> </ul>	Contractor	The procedure to be followed in the event of a fire must be detailed within the ERAP, which must include making the relevant authority aware of the fire as soon as it has started.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of the local authority being informed according to the ERAP.	
<ul> <li>In the event of emergency necessary mitigation measures to contain the spill or leak must be implemented (see Hazardous Substances section 5.17).</li> </ul>	Contractor	During an emergency, mitigation measures must be implemented as per Section 5.17.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	The mitigation measures as per Section 5.17 have been adhered to.	

### 5.17 Hazardous substances

Impact management outcome: Safe storage, handling, use and disposal of hazardous substances.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
- The use and storage of hazardous	Contractor	Use and storage of	Construction	cEO	Ongoing	There must be
substances to be minimised and		hazardous materials must		ECO	Monthly	a record of
non-hazardous and non-toxic		not be used unless				hazardous
		absolutely necessary.				

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
alternatives substituted where possible;						substances used.
<ul> <li>All hazardous substances must be stored in suitable containers as defined in the Method Statement;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Develop a method statement for the storage of hazardous substances.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Storage must be carried out as per the Method Statement.
<ul> <li>Containers must be clearly marked to indicate contents, quantities and safety requirements;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Containers with hazardous materials must be clearly marked.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Photographic evidence
<ul> <li>All storage areas must be bunded.</li> <li>The bunded area must be of sufficient capacity to contain a spill</li> <li>/ leak from the stored containers;</li> </ul>	Contractor	All storage areas must be bunded and with a sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the container.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Photographic evidence
<ul> <li>Bunded areas to be suitably lined with a SABS approved liner;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Bunded areas must be suitably lined with SABS approved liner.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographs of bunded storage areas.
<ul> <li>An Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance (HCS) control sheet must be drawn up and kept up to date on a continuous basis;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Compile and maintain an alphabetically-listed Hazardous Chemical Substance control sheet.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	The HCS must be available on site.
<ul> <li>All hazardous chemicals that will be used on site must have Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS);</li> </ul>	Contractor	Each hazardous chemical that will be used on site must have a Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	There must be a Material Safety Data Sheet for each hazardous

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						chemical on site.
<ul> <li>All employees working with HCS must be trained in the safe use of the substance and according to the safety data sheet;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Provide training to employees working with HCS. Employees must sign a training register.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	A training register must be available on site.
<ul> <li>Employees handling hazardous substances / materials must be aware of the potential impacts and follow appropriate safety measures. Appropriate personal protective equipment must be made available;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Environmental training must be provided to these employees and the employees must be provided with personal protective equipment.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	The training register must be available on site and contain a list of all those who received the training.
<ul> <li>The Contractor must ensure that diesel and other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid is stored in appropriate storage tanks or in bowsers;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Any dangerous fuel must be stored appropriately in storage tanks or in a bowser.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Storage tanks for this purpose must be present on site and all fuel in site to be stored in these tanks. Photographic evidence
<ul> <li>The tanks/ bowsers must be situated on a smooth impermeable surface (concrete) with a permanent bund. The impermeable lining must extend</li> </ul>	Contractor	Construct/install the appropriate bund design for tanks / bowsers on site.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Bunds must be as described (correct capacity and

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
to the crest of the bund and the volume inside the bund must be 130% of the total capacity of all the storage tanks/ bowsers (110% statutory requirement plus an allowance for rainfall);						lined appropriately. Photographic evidence.
<ul> <li>The floor of the bund must be sloped, draining to an oil separator;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure the bund floor is sloped, towards an oil separator.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Bund floor must be sloped to an oil separator. Photographic evidence.
<ul> <li>Provision must be made for refueling at the storage area by protecting the soil with an impermeable groundcover. Where dispensing equipment is used, a drip tray must be used to ensure small spills are contained;</li> </ul>		An impermeable groundcover must be used where the storage area is refueled, and dispensing equipment must contain a drip tray in the appropriate position to catch potential spills/ drips.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Photographic evidence. No evidence of spills.
<ul> <li>All empty externally dirty drums must be stored on a drip tray or within a bunded area;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Empty, externally dirty drums/ containers must be stored within a bund or on a drip tray.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Externally dirty drums /containers stored within a bund or on a drip tray. Photographic evidence

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						No evidence of non- compliance
<ul> <li>No unauthorised access into the hazardous substances storage areas must be permitted;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Develop a procedure/ Method Statement, detailing how access into the hazardous substances storage area will be controlled. Access to the area with hazardous substances must be restricted and carefully monitored.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Documentary evidence of a procedure/ method statement for controlling access to hazardous substances storage area.
<ul> <li>No smoking must be allowed within the vicinity of the hazardous storage areas;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Smoking must not be permitted within the vicinity of the hazardous storage areas. Signs must be erected near the area to remind staff of this. This must also be included in the environmental awareness training.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Photographic evidence. This content must also be evident within the awareness training material.
<ul> <li>Adequate fire-fighting equipment must be made available at all hazardous storage areas;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Adequate fire fighting equipment must be available at all hazardous storage areas.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Photographic evidence
<ul> <li>Where refueling away from the dedicated refueling station is</li> </ul>	Contractor	Appropriate ground protection must be	Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	There must be no evidence of

Impact Management Actions	Implementat	ion	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
required, a mobile refueling unit must be used. Appropriate ground protection such as drip trays must be used;		positioned in such a way to avoid any spills onto the bare ground.				non- compliance i.e. spills on the bare ground. Photographic evidence
<ul> <li>An appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the scale of the activity/s involving the use of hazardous substance must be available at all times;</li> </ul>	Contractor cEO	A spill kit must be kept on site and must be of the size relevant to the activities involving the use of hazardous substances.	Construction	CEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	An appropriately sized spill kit must be on site. Photographic evidence
<ul> <li>The responsible operator must have the required training to make use of the spill kit in emergency situations;</li> </ul>	Contractor cEO	Training to use the spill kits must be provided to the responsible operator.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Proof the responsible operators have received the necessary training
<ul> <li>An appropriate number of spill kits must be available and must be located in all areas where activities are being undertaken;</li> </ul>	Contractor cEO	Spill kits must be available and positioned in all areas were activities with hazardous materials are being undertaken.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Appropriate numbers of spill kits present on site. Photographic evidence.
<ul> <li>In the event of a spill, contaminated soil must be collected in containers and stored in a central location and disposed of according to the</li> </ul>	Contractor	Contaminated soil must be collected in containers and stored in a suitable location before being disposed of as	Construction	CEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Photographic evidence Receipts from registered

Impact Management A	Actions	Implementation				Monitoring				
		Responsible	Method of	of imp	olementation	Timeframe	for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
		person				implementation		person		compliance
National	Environmental		per t	he	procedures					waste disposal
Management: Wo	aste Act 59 of 2008.		describe	d in	Section 5.7 or					service
Refer to Section	5.7 for procedures		Section 5	.8.						provider.
concerning <b>storm</b>	n and waste water									
management and	d 5.8 for solid and									
hazardous waste	management.									

# 5.18 Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage

Impact management outcome: Soil, surface water and groundwater contamination is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
- Where possible and practical all	Contractor	All maintenance of vehicles	Construction	cEO	Ongoing	Verification on
maintenance of vehicles and		and equipment must take		ECO	Monthly	site.
equipment must take place in the		place in the workshop area,				No evidence of
workshop area;		as far as possible.				non-
						compliance
– During servicing of vehicles or	Contractor	A drip tray must be placed	Construction	cEO	Ongoing	Evidence of the
equipment, especially where		in a position to prevent		ECO	Monthly	appropriate
emergency repairs are effected		contamination of the ground				procedure
outside the workshop area, a		when repairs or				followed.
suitable drip tray must be used to		maintenance has to take				
prevent spills onto the soil.		place outside of the				
		workshop.				

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
<ul> <li>Leaking equipment must be repaired immediately or be removed from site to facilitate repair;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Leaking equipment must be removed from site, or repaired immediately.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Evidence of leaking equipment repaired or removed from site.	
<ul> <li>Workshop areas must be monitored for oil and fuel spills;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Workshop inspections must be undertaken, for oil or fuel spills.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Phołographic evidence.	
<ul> <li>Appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the scale of the activity taking place must be available;</li> </ul>	Contractor cEO	A spill kit must be kept on site and must be of the size relevant to the activities involving the use of fuel and oil.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	An appropriately sized spill kit on site. Photographic evidence	
<ul> <li>The workshop area must have a bunded concrete slab that is sloped to facilitate runoff into a collection sump or suitable oil / water separator where maintenance work on vehicles and equipment can be performed;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure there is a sloped bunded concrete slab to accommodate run-off from maintenance of vehicles in the workshop.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Photographic evidence	
<ul> <li>Water drainage from the workshop must be contained and managed in accordance Section 5.7: storm and waste water management.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure that water draining from the workshop is contained and managed in accordance with Section 5.7.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Water drainage from the workshop conducted inline with Section 5.7.	

## 5.19 Batching plants

Impact management outcome: Minimise spillages and contamination of soil, surface water and groundwater.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>Concrete mixing must be carried out on an impermeable surface;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure all mixing of concrete is done on an impermeable surface. This must be covered well in the awareness training.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	No evidence of non- compliance. i.e. no concrete on the bare ground.
<ul> <li>Batching plants areas must be fitted with a containment facility for the collection of cement laden water.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure batching plant areas are fitted with a containment facility to ensure cement laden water is collected.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Photographic evidence
<ul> <li>Dirty water from the batching plant must be contained to prevent soil and groundwater contamination</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure dirty water from the batching plant is contained to avoid contamination of the groundwater.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	No dirty water must be evident outside of the batching plant containment area.
<ul> <li>Bagged cement must be stored in an appropriate facility and at least 10 m away from any water courses, gullies and drains;</li> </ul>	Contractor	A designated area for bagged cement must be allocated as per the specifications (not close to watercourses).	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Photographic evidence

Impact Management Actions	Implementa	lion		Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe fo implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
<ul> <li>A washout facility must be for washing of concrete as equipment. Water used for must be restricted;</li> </ul>	ssociated	Ensure there is a 'washout' facility. Water used at this facility must be limited.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Washout facility in use and evidence of minimal water use.	
<ul> <li>Hardened concrete from washout facility or concrect can either be reused or distant an appropriate licenced facility;</li> </ul>	sposed of	Hardened concrete from the washout facility must be reused or disposed off via the appropriate disposal stream for hazardous waste.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	No build-up of hardened concrete at the washout facility. Receipts from a licensed disposal facility.	
<ul> <li>Empty cement bags r secured with adequate material if these will be te stored on site;</li> </ul>	binding	If empty cement bags are stored on site, they must be securely closed with binding material and stored in an appropriate area.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Photographic evidence.	
<ul> <li>Sand and aggregates can be cement must be kept of prevent the generation (Refer to Section 5.2 emissions)</li> </ul>	damp to of dust	Sand and aggregates containing cement must be prevented from emitting dust by dampening or by another means.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Photographic/ documentary proof.	
<ul> <li>Any excess sand, stone and must be removed or reused on completion of cor</li> </ul>	d from site	All excess sand, stone and cement must be removed from site at the end of the construction period.	Construction phase.	ECO	Once-off, at construction site closure.	No excess sand, stone or cement	

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
period and disposed at a registered						remaining in
disposal facility;						site.
						Disposal
						certificate/
						receipt from
						waste disposal
						facility.
- Temporary fencing must be erected	Contractor	Ensure temporary fencing is	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
around batching plants in		installed around batching				proof
accordance with Section 5.5:		plants in line with Section 5.5.				
Fencing and gate installation.						

#### 5.20 Dust emissions

**Impact management outcome:** Dust prevention measures are applied to minimise the generation of dust.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
- Take all reasonable measures to	Contractor	Investigate the best means	Construction	cEO	Ongoing	Evidence of	
minimise the generation of dust as a		of suppressing dust		ECO	Monthly	effective dust	
result of project development		generation. In consultation				suppression.	
activities to the satisfaction of the		with the ECO, implement a					
ECO;		preferred method.					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>Removal of vegetation must be avoided until such time as soil stripping is required and similarly exposed surfaces must be re- vegetated or stabilised as soon as is practically possible;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Planning must be carried out for vegetation removal, as well as re-vegetation and stabilization.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of plan to be provided.
<ul> <li>Excavation, handling and transport of erodible materials must be avoided under high wind conditions or when a visible dust plume is present;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure that working with erodible materials is not undertaken during times of high winds or when a visible dust plume is present.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	No evidence of non- compliance. No complaints submitted in this regard.
<ul> <li>During high wind conditions, the ECO must evaluate the situation and make recommendations as to whether dust-damping measures are adequate, or whether working will cease altogether until the wind speed drops to an acceptable level;</li> </ul>	ECO	ECO to provide suitable recommendations.	Construction	ECO	N/A	N/A
<ul> <li>Where possible, soil stockpiles must be located in sheltered areas where they are not exposed to the erosive effects of the wind;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure stockpiles are located in sheltered areas or are covered appropriately to prevent being exposed to the wind.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Soil stockpiles not exposed to erosive effects of the wind. Photographic evidence.
<ul> <li>Where erosion of stockpiles becomes a problem, erosion control</li> </ul>	Contractor ECO	Implement erosion control measures as required by the ECO.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Erosion control measures have been

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
measures must be implemented at the discretion of the ECO;	person		implementation	person		compliance implemented, as required by the ECO.
<ul> <li>Vehicle speeds must not exceed 40 km/h along dust roads or 20 km/h when traversing unconsolidated and non-vegetated areas;</li> </ul>	Operations	Inform drivers of speed limits and place speed limit signs along roads, if required.	Construction	ECO Operations & Maintenanc e Team	Monthly	No public complaints relating to speeding.
<ul> <li>Straw stabilisation must be applied at a rate of one bale/10 m<sup>2</sup> and harrowed into the top 100 mm of top material, for all completed earthworks;</li> </ul>		Straw stabilization, as specified must be undertaken.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic evidence.
<ul> <li>For significant areas of excavation or exposed ground, dust suppression measures must be used to minimise the spread of dust.</li> </ul>		Implement dust suppression measures for large areas of excavation.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic evidence. No public complaints relating to dust.

**Impact management outcome:** Impact to the environment is minimised through a safe blasting practice.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
<ul> <li>Any blasting activity must be conducted by a suitably licensed blasting contractor; and</li> </ul>	Contractor	A licensed blasting contractor must be appointed for any blasting activities.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Evidence of professional registration of the appointed
<ul> <li>Notification of surrounding landowners, emergency services site personnel of blasting activity 24 hours prior to such activity taking place on Site.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Notify surrounding landowners, emergency services and site personnel of blasting activity 24 hours prior to the blasting activity.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	blaster. Proof of notification of surrounding landowners, emergency services and site personnel of blasting activity.

5.22 Noise

Impact Management outcome: Prevent unnecessary noise to the environment by ensuring that noise from development activity is mitigated.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
<ul> <li>The Contractor must keep noise level within acceptable limits, Restrict the use of sound amplification equipment for communication and emergency only;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure noise levels are maintained at an acceptable level and limit use of sound amplification.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	No noise complaints on record.	
<ul> <li>All vehicles and machinery must be fitted with appropriate silencing technology and must be properly maintained;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure vehicles and machinery are fitted with appropriate silencing technology and maintained accordingly.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	No noise complaints on record and vehicles and machinery fitted with appropriate silencing technology.	
<ul> <li>Any complaints received by the Contractor regarding noise must be recorded and communicated. Where possible or applicable, provide transport to and from the site on a daily basis for construction workers;</li> </ul>	Contractor cEO	Ensure a public complaints register is kept on site. Provide transport to and from site on a daily basis for construction workers.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Public complaints register kept on site. Proof of transport of construction workers.	
<ul> <li>Develop a Code of Conduct for the construction phase in terms of behaviour of construction staff. Operating hours as determined by the environmental authorisation are adhered to during the development</li> </ul>	Contractor	Develop a Code of Conduct for construction staff. Appropriate working hours must be determined for the site.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	A copy of the Code of Conduct must be present on site.	

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
phase. Where not defined, it must be ensured that development activities must still meet the impact management outcome related to noise management.						No complaints regarding staff behavior in complaints register.

# 5.23 Fire prevention

Impact management outcome: Prevention of uncontrollable fires.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
<ul> <li>Designate smoking areas where the fire hazard could be regarded as insignificant;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Identify and demarcate smoking areas. Staff to informed of these areas during the environmental awareness training.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic evidence
<ul> <li>Firefighting equipment must be available on all vehicles located on site;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Provide all site vehicles with firefighting equipment.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic evidence
<ul> <li>The local Fire Protection Agency (FPA) must be informed of construction activities;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Inform the local FPA of construction activities	Construction	ECO	Once-off, at the commence	Documentary evidence.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
					ment of construction	
<ul> <li>Contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services must be communicated in environmental awareness training and displayed at a central location on site;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure the contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services are contained within the environmental awareness training.	Construction	ECO	Once-off, at commence ment of construction	Awareness training material must contain contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services.
<ul> <li>Two way swop of contact details between ECO and FPA.</li> </ul>	ECO	ECO and FPA to swop contact details.	Construction (at commencement of construction)	N/A	N/A	N/A

## 5.24 Stockpiling and stockpile areas

Impact management outcome: Reduce erosion and sedimentation as a result of stockpiling.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
- All material that is excavated during	Contractor	Identify and demarcate	Pre-construction &	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
the project development phase		areas suitable for storing	Construction			evidence. No
(either during piling (if required) or		excavated materials. Ensure				evidence of
earthworks) must be stored						sensitive areas

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
appropriately on site in order to minimise impacts to watercourses and water bodies;		these areas are used and maintained appropriately.				used for storing excavation material.
<ul> <li>All stockpiled material must be maintained and kept clear of weeds and alien vegetation growth by undertaking regular weeding and control methods;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Monitoring stockpiled material for weeds and alien vegetation growth.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	No weeds or alien vegetation growth within the stockpiled materials.
<ul> <li>Topsoil stockpiles must not exceed 2 m in height;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure stockpiles do not exceed 2 m in height.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Stockpiles must not exceed 2 m in height.
<ul> <li>During periods of strong winds and heavy rain, the stockpiles must be covered with appropriate material (e.g. cloth, tarpaulin etc.);</li> </ul>	Contractor	During strong winds and heavy rain, stockpiles must be covered by an appropriate material.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Photographic evidence
<ul> <li>Where possible, sandbags (or similar) must be placed at the bases of the stockpiled material in order to prevent erosion of the material.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure sandbags are placed at the base of stockpiles to prevent erosion of the material.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic evidence

# 5.25 Civil works

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment minimised during civil works to create the substation terrace.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>Where terracing is required, topsoil must be collected and retained for the purpose of re-use later to rehabilitate disturbed areas not covered by yard stone;</li> </ul>		During terracing, topsoil must be collected and stored appropriately for use during the rehabilitation process.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Topsoilfromterracingactivitiesretainedusedforrehabilitationpurposes.
<ul> <li>Areas to be rehabilitated include terrace embankments and areas outside the high voltage yards;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Identify terrace embankments and areas outside high voltage yards to be rehabilitated. Implement rehabilitation accordingly.	Post -construction Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	Photographic evidence
<ul> <li>Where required, all sloped areas must be stabilised to ensure proper rehabilitation is effected and erosion is controlled;</li> </ul>		Where slopes have been impacted by construction activities, they must be rehabilitated to prevent erosion.	Post-construction Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Disturbed slopes rehabilitated appropriately.
<ul> <li>These areas can be stabilised using design structures or vegetation as specified in the design to prevent erosion of embankments. The contract design specifications must be adhered to and implemented strictly;</li> </ul>		Affected slopes must be stabilised according to the contract design and implemented effectively.	Post-construction Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Sloped areas stabilized according to the contract design.
<ul> <li>Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas must be managed in accordance with Section 5.35: Landscaping and rehabilitation;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Rehabilitation of disturbed areas must be managed in accordance with Section 5.35	Post-construction Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Rehabilitation undertaken according to Section 5.35.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
<ul> <li>All excess spoil generated during terracing activities must be disposed of in an appropriate manner and at a recognised landfill site; and</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure excess spoil is disposed of at a recognized disposal site.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Receipt of disposal from a registered disposal facility.
<ul> <li>Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes and must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for rehabilitation purposes.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Where required, spoil must be used for landscaping purposes which must be undertaken according to the specifications.	Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	Use of spoil for landscaping purposes.

## 5.26 Excavation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage systems

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of excavation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage systems.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
<ul> <li>All excess spoil generated during foundation excavation must be disposed of in an appropriate manner and at a licensed landfill site, if not used for backfilling purposes;</li> </ul>		Ensure excess spoil is disposed of at a recognized disposal site or is used for backfilling purposes.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Receipt of disposal from a registered disposal facility.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
						No evidence of
						non-
						compliance.
– Spoil can however be used for	Contractor	Use of spoil for landscaping	Construction and	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
landscaping purposes and must be		purposes as per the	Rehabilitation			evidence.
covered with a layer of 150 mm		described requirements.				
topsoil for rehabilitation purposes;						
- Management of equipment for	Contractor	Ensure the requirements of	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
excavation purposes must be		Section 5.18 are met when				evidence
undertaken in accordance with		managing equipment for				
Section 5.18: Workshop, equipment		excavation purposed.				
maintenance and storage; and						
– Hazardous substances spills from	Contractor /	Ensure spills of hazardous	Construction	ECO	Monthly,	Photographic
equipment must be managed in	cEO	substances are managed			and as	evidence
accordance with <b>Section 5.17</b> :		according to Section 5.17.			required.	
Hazardous substances.						

## 5.27 Installation of foundations, cable trenching and drainage systems

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs during the installation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage system.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	nplementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person		implementation	person		compliance		
– Batching of cement to be	Contractor	Ensure cement batching is	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic		
undertaken in accordance with		undertaken in accordance				evidence		
Section 5.19: Batching plants; and		with Section 5.19						
– Residual solid waste must be	Contractor	Ensure left-over cement is	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of		
disposed of in accordance with		disposed of as per the				residual		
Section 5.8: Solid waste and		specifications in Section 5.8.				cement being		
hazardous management.						disposed of in		
						accordance		
						with Section		
						5.8.		

#### 5.28 Installation of equipment (circuit breakers, current Transformers, Isolators, Insulators, surge arresters, voltage transformers, earth switches)

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of installation of equipment.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
– Management of dust must be	Contractor	Ensure dust management is	Construction	ECO	Weekly	Photographic
conducted in accordance with		conducted in accordance				evidence.
Section 5. 20: Dust emissions;		with Section 5.20.				
- Management of equipment used	Contractor	Ensure management of	Construction	ECO	Weekly	Management
for installation must be conducted in		equipment used for				of equipment
accordance with Section 5.18:		installation is conducted in				used for
						installation

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
Workshop, equipment maintenance		accordance with Section				conducted in
and storage;		5.18.				line with the
						requirement of
						Section 5.18.
– Management hazardous	Contractor	Ensure management of	Construction	ECO	Weekly	Photographic
substances and any associated spills	cEO	hazardous substances ( and				evidence
must be conducted in accordance		associated spills) are				
with Section 5.17: Hazardous		conducted in accordance				
substances; and		with Section 5.17.				
– Residual solid waste must be	Contractor	Ensure solid waste is	Construction	ECO	Weekly	Photographic
recycled or disposed of in		recycled or disposed of in				evidence
accordance with Section 5.8: Solid		accordance with Section				
waste and hazardous management.		5.8.				

# 5.29 Steelwork Assembly and Erection

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of steelwork assembly and erection.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
– During assembly, care must be	Contractor	Unused or left-over materials	Construction	ECO	Weekly	No unused or
taken to ensure that no		must not be left on site during				left-over
wasted/unused materials are left on		steelwork assembly.				materials left
site e.g. bolts and nuts						on site.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
– Emergency repairs due to	Contractor	Ensure that emergency	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
breakages of equipment must be		repairs are managed in				evidence
managed in accordance with		accordance with Section				
Section 5. 18: Workshop, equipment		5.18.				
maintenance and storage and						
Section 5.16: Emergency procedures.						

# 5.30 Cabling and Stringing

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of stringing.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
- Residual solid waste (off cuts etc.)	Contractor	Ensure that solid waste is	Construction	ECO	Ongoing	Disposal /
shall be recycled or disposed of in accordance with <b>Section 6.8: Solid</b>		recycled /disposed of in accordance with Section			Weekly	recycling of solid waste in
waste and hazardous Management;		6.8.				accordance with Section 6.8
<ul> <li>Management of equipment used for installation shall be conducted in accordance with Section 5.18:</li> </ul>		Equipment used for installation must be managed in accordance with Section 5.18.	Construction	ECO	Ongoing	Equipment used for installation managed

	Workshop, equipment maintena	ice						according to
	and storage;							Section 5.18.
-	Management hazard	ous Contractor	Ensure th	hat hazardous	Construction	ECO	Ongoing	Hazardous
	substances and any associated	oills	substances	and associated				substances
	shall be conducted in accorda	nce	spills	are managed				and spills
	with Section 5.17: Hazard	ous	according	to Section 5.17.				managed in
	substances.							accordance
								with Section
								5.17.

#### 5.31 Testing and Commissioning (all equipment testing, earthing system, system integration)

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of Testing and Commissioning.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	Implementation /			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person		implementation	person		compliance		
<ul> <li>Residual solid waste must be recycled or disposed of in accordance with Section 5.8: Solid waste and hazardous management.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure that solid waste is recycled /disposed of in accordance with Section 6.8.	Construction	ECO	Ongoing	Disposal / recycling of solid waste in accordance with Section 6.8		

#### 5.32 Socio-economic

Impact management outcome: enhanced socio-economic development.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>Develop and implement communication strategies to facilitate public participation;</li> </ul>	Contractor/ dEO / cEO	Identify, develop and implement communication strategies to encourage communication from the public.	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of communicatio n strategies being used for communicatio n with the public.
<ul> <li>Develop and implement a collaborative and constructive approach to conflict resolution as part of the external stakeholder engagement process;</li> </ul>	Contractor/ dEO / cEO	Develop and implement Grievance Mechanism to allow for a collaborative and constructive approach to conflict resolution during external stakeholder engagement.	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Monthly	A Grievance Mechanism must be in place on site. There must be no complaints of poorly managed conflict.
<ul> <li>Sustain continuous communication and liaison with neighboring owners and residents</li> </ul>	dEO, cEO / Contractor	Ensure that there is continuous communication and liaison with neighbouring owners and residents.	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Monthly	Proof of communicatio n with neighboring owners and residents.
<ul> <li>Create work and training opportunities for local stakeholders; and</li> </ul>	DPM/ Contractor and dEO	Ensure work and training opportunities are created for local stakeholders i.e. employ local stakeholders, and provide up-skilling	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Monthly	Record of local stakeholders employed and training sessions provided.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
		opportunities, wherever possible.				
<ul> <li>Where feasible, no workers, with the exception of security personnel, must be permitted to stay over- night on the site. This would reduce the risk to local farmers.</li> </ul>	DPM, Contractor	Ensure that no staff (except security staff) stay over-night on the site.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	No staff staying over-night on site.

## 5.33 Temporary closure of site

Impact management outcome: Minimise the risk of environmental impact during periods of site closure greater than five days.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
– Bunds must be emptied (where	Contractor	Ensure that bunds are	Construction	cEO & ECO	At	Photographs of
applicable) and need to be		emptied according to the			temporary	bunds emptied
undertaken in accordance with the		impact management			closure of	according to
impact management actions		actions included in Sections			site	Sections 5.17
included in sections 5.17:		5.17 and 5.18.				and 5.18.
management of hazardous						
substances and 5.18 workshop,						
equipment maintenance and						
storage;						

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
<ul> <li>Hazardous storage areas must be well ventilated;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Areas containing hazardous materials must be well ventilated.	Construction	CEO & ECO	At temporary closure of site	Observation/ Photographic evidence
<ul> <li>Fire extinguishers must be serviced and accessible. Service records to be filed and audited at last service;</li> </ul>	Contractor / cEO	Ensure that all fire extinguishers have been serviced and are easily accessible. Service records must be filed and audited at the last service.	Construction	CEO & ECO	At temporary closure of site	Easily accessible fire extinguishers and service records available.
<ul> <li>Emergency and contact details must be displayed;</li> </ul>	Contractor / cEO	Ensure that all emergency contact details are clearly displayed.	Construction	CEO & ECO	At temporary closure of site	Photographs of the clearly displayed contact details.
<ul> <li>Security personnel must be briefed and have the facilities to contact or be contacted by relevant management and emergency personnel;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Discuss the temporary closure period with the security personnel and ensure they have a means i.e. a phone of contacting and /or be contacted by relevant management or emergency personnel.	Construction	CEO & ECO	At temporary closure of site	Proof of the discussion with the security personnel.
<ul> <li>Night hazards such as reflectors, lighting, traffic signage etc. must have been checked;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Undertake a thorough check of all potential night hazardous.	Construction	cEO & ECO	At temporary closure of site	Proof of checking all potential night hazards.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>Fire hazards identified and the local authority must have been notified of any potential threats e.g. large brush stockpiles, fuels etc.;</li> </ul>	cEO /Contractor	Identify potential fire hazards on site and notify the local authority.	Construction	CEO & ECO	At temporary closure of site	Proof of notifying the local authority of potential fire hazards on site.
<ul> <li>Structures vulnerable to high winds must be secured;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Identify and secure any high structures vulnerable to high winds.	Construction	CEO & ECO	At temporary closure of site	Photographs of secured structures.
<ul> <li>Wind and dust mitigation must be implemented;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Implement dust and wind mitigation.	Construction	CEO & ECO	At temporary closure of site	Wind and dust mitigation implemented prior to site closure.
<ul> <li>Cement and materials stores must have been secured;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure that cement and other material stores are secured.	Construction	CEO & ECO	At temporary closure of site	Cement and materials stored securely before site closure.
<ul> <li>Toilets must have been emptied and secured;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Toilets must be emptied and secured.	Construction	CEO & ECO	At temporary closure of site	Empty and secured toilets.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
– Refuse bins must have been	Contractor	Empty refuse bins and	Construction	cEO & ECO	At	Empty and
emptied and secured;		secure them.			temporary	secured refuse
					closure of	bins.
					site	
- Drip trays must have been emptied	Contractor	Empty all drip trays and	Construction	cEO & ECO	At	Empty and
and secured.		secure them.			temporary	secured drip
					closure of	trays.
					site	

## 5.34 Dismantling of old equipment

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment to be minimised during the dismantling, storage and disposal of old equipment commissioning.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
- All old equipment removed during	Contractor	Equipment removed during	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
the project must be stored in such a		the project stored in a	Construction			evidence
way as to prevent pollution of the		responsible manner.				
environment;						
- Oil containing equipment must be	Contractor	Oil containers stored on drip	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
stored to prevent leaking or be		trays or another appropriate				evidence
stored on drip trays;		way.				
- All scrap steel must be stacked	Contractor	Scrap steel stacked neatly.	Construction	ECO	Ongoing	Photographic
neatly and any disused and broken		Disused and broken				evidence.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
insulators must be stored in containers;		insulators stored in containers.				
<ul> <li>Once material has been scrapped and the contract has been placed for removal, the disposal Contractor must ensure that any equipment containing pollution causing substances is dismantled and transported in such a way as to prevent spillage and pollution of the environment;</li> </ul>	Disposal contractor	Equipment containing pollutants dismantled and transported in a manner that prevents spillage and pollution of the environment.	Construction	ECO	When required i.e. when material is being prepped for removal.	Photographic evidence
<ul> <li>The Contractor must also be equipped to contain and clean up any pollution causing spills; and</li> </ul>	Disposal contractor	A spill kit readily available (within disposal vehicle) for use.	Construction	ECO	When required i.e., before removal of material commence s.	Complete spill kit in the disposal vehicle.
<ul> <li>Disposal of unusable material must be at a licensed waste disposal site.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Unusable material disposed of at a licensed waste disposal site.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Disposal receipts on site from a licensed waste disposal site.

## 5.35 Landscaping and rehabilitation

Impact management outcome: Areas disturbed during the development phase are returned to a state that approximates the original condition.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
<ul> <li>All areas disturbed by construction activities must be subject to landscaping and rehabilitation; All spoil and waste must be disposed to a registered waste site and certificates of disposal provided</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure that all areas that have been disturbed by construction activities must receive landscaping and rehabilitation. All waste and spoil must be disposed of at registered waste facility and receipts of disposal obtained.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	All areas affected by the construction process have been landscaped and rehabilitated Waste disposal receipts available on file.	
<ul> <li>All slopes must be assessed for contouring, and to contour only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983</li> </ul>	Contractor	Assess all slopes on site and identify those that require contouring in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	All slopes assessed and contoured where deemed necessary.	
<ul> <li>All slopes must be assessed for terracing, and to terrace only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Assess all slopes on site and identify those that require terracing in accordance with the Conservation of	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	All slopes assessed and terraced where deemed necessary.	

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983.				
<ul> <li>Berms that have been created must have a slope of 1:4 and be replanted with indigenous species and grasses that approximates the original condition;</li> </ul>	Contractor	All berms created must have a slope of 1:4 and must be replanted with indigenous plants from the area.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Berms to have a slope of 1:4 and must be planted with indigenous plants from the area.
<ul> <li>Where new access roads have crossed cultivated farmlands, that lands must be rehabilitated by ripping which must be agreed to by the holder of the EA and the landowners;</li> </ul>	Contractor	When required, consult with the EA holder and the landowner whether the access roads across farmlands can be rehabilitated by ripping.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of consultation with the EA holder and landowner.
<ul> <li>Rehabilitation of access roads outside of farmland;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure that the tower sites and access roads outside of farmlands are rehabilitated.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Before and after photographs of rehabilitation of tower sites and access roads.
<ul> <li>Indigenous species must be used for with species and/grasses to where it compliments or approximates the original condition;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Indigenous species, common to the area must be used in the rehabilitation process.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Use of indigenous species for rehabilitation.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>Stockpiled topsoil must be used for rehabilitation (refer to Section 5.24:</li> <li>Stockpiling and stockpiled areas);</li> </ul>	Contractor	Stockpiled topsoil must be used for rehabilitation.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic evidence
<ul> <li>Stockpiled topsoil must be evenly spread so as to facilitate seeding and minimise loss of soil due to erosion;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Topsoil must be evenly spread when used in rehabilitation processes.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Topsoil evenly spread out.
<ul> <li>Before placing topsoil, all visible weeds from the placement area and from the topsoil must be removed;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Ensure that all weeds are removed from the topsoil and the area where the topsoil is to be placed, before applying the topsoil.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No visible weeds in the topsoil or in the area where the topsoil is to be placed.
<ul> <li>Subsoil must be ripped before topsoil is placed;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Rip the subsoil before topsoil is placed.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Observation and/or photographic evidence.
<ul> <li>The rehabilitation must be timed so that rehabilitation can take place at the optimal time for vegetation establishment;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Rehabilitation must be planned for the optimal time for vegetation establishment.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly.	Rehabilitation undertaken during optimal time.
<ul> <li>Where impacted through construction related activity, all sloped areas must be stabilised to ensure proper rehabilitation is effected and erosion is controlled;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Where slopes have been impacted by construction activities, they must be rehabilitated to prevent erosion.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disturbed slopes rehabilitated appropriately.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul> <li>Sloped areas stabilised using design structures or vegetation as specified in the design to prevent erosion of embankments. The contract design specifications must be adhered to and implemented strictly;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Affected slopes must be stabilised according to the contract design and implemented effectively.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Sloped areas stabilized according to the contract design.
<ul> <li>Spoil can be used for backfilling or landscaping as long as it is covered by a minimum of 150 mm of topsoil.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Spoil can be used for backfilling processes provided that it is covered with 150 mm of topsoil.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	If spoil has been used for backfilling, it must be covered by 150 mm topsoil.
<ul> <li>Where required, re-vegetation including hydro-seeding can be enhanced using a vegetation seed mixture as described below. A mixture of seed can be used provided the mixture is carefully selected to ensure the following:</li> <li>a) Annual and perennial plants are chosen;</li> <li>b) Pioneer species are included;</li> <li>c) Species chosen must be indigenous to the area with the seeds used coming from the area;</li> <li>d) Root systems must have a binding effect on the soil;</li> </ul>	Contractor	Where required, hydroseeding may be used for re-vegetating. The hydroseeding must be carried out as per the mixture specifications.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Hydroseeding conducted in accordance with the mixture specifications.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
e) The final product must not cause						
an ecological imbalance in the						
area						

#### 6 ACCESS TO THE GENERIC EMPr

Once completed and signed, to allow the public access to the generic EMPr, the holder of the EA must make the EMPr available to the public in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 26(h) of the EIA Regulations.

#### PART B: SECTION 2

## 7 SITE SPECIFIC INFORMATION AND DECLARATION

#### 7.1 Sub-section 1: contact details and description of the project

7.1.1 Details of the applicant:

Applicant name:	Mulilo De Aar 2 South (Pty) Ltd
Contact person:	Mr John Hamilton Cullum
Physical address:	Top Floor, Golf Park 4, Raapenberg Rd, Mowbray, Cape Town, 7700
Postal address:	PostNet Suite #53 Private Bag X21 Howard Place 7405
Email:	johnny@mulilo.com / andrew@mulilo.com
Telephone:	(021) 685 3240

# 7.1.2 Details and expertise of the EAP (that compiled the updated EMPr):

EAP name:	Nicole Holland
EAP qualifications:	BSc (Hons) Environmental and Geographical Science
Professional affiliation/ registration:	Registered with the South African Council for Natural Scientific Professions (SACNASP) (Reg No.: 400306/06).
	Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP) - Registered with the Environmental Assessment Practitioners Association of South Africa (EAPASA) (Reg No.: 2020/493)
	Member of the IAIAsa (International Association for Impact Assessment (Western Cape Branch)).
	(Curriculum Vitae included)
Physical address:	Unit B3C, Tokai Village, Vans Road, Tokai, Cape Town, 7945
Postal address:	P.O. Box 31108, Tokai, Cape Town
Email:	nicole@hollandandassociates.net
Telephone:	083 464 5246

7.1.3 Project name:

Establishment of a Wind Energy Facility situated on the eastern plateau (south) near De Aar, in the Northern Cape Province

7.1.4 Description of the project:

Mulilo Renewable Energy (Pty) Ltd (later updated to Mulilo De Aar 2 South (Pty) Ltd) applied for Environmental Authorisation from the Department of Environmental Affairs (DEA) in 2011 to establish a Wind Energy Facility (WEF) and associated infrastructure on the eastern plateau of De Aar (approximately 20 km to the east of the town). The EIA process for the proposed project was undertaken by Aurecon South Africa (Pty) Ltd in 2012 and Environmental Authorisation for the proposed project was granted by DEA on 1 March 2013.

The original EA for the project authorised 103 wind turbines with a potential capacity of 155 – 258MW and associated infrastructure. Amendments to the DEA (now DFFE) EA have been applied for by the Applicant, and granted by DFFE, in 2013, 2014, 2016, 2018, 2019, 2020 and 2021 respectively, including a change in the name of the holder of the EA, extensions of the EA validity period, amendments to Conditions of the EA, amendments to the project description and amendments to the turbine specifications.

The proposed final turbine layout for the project consists of up to 28 Wind Turbine Generator (WTG) positions (of which up to 26 would be developed) with a total capacity of 140 MW. The power generated by the project will be transmitted via internal 33 kV reticulation lines to the on site 132 kV collector sub station (I.e. the IPP substation) and then to the national grid via a proposed on-site Eskom Switching Station.

Province:	Northern Cape
District	Pixley ka Seme District Municipality
Municipalit	
y:	
Local	Emthanjeni Municipality (substation) (Note: the entire WEF falls within
Municipalit	Emthanjeni and Renosterberg Local Municipalities.)
y:	
Ward	Ward 6 of Emthanjeni Municipality
number:	
Affected	The substation would be located on Remainder of Portion 2 of Farm 2,
properties:	Slingers Hoek;
SG 21 Digit	
Codes:	
	C       0       3       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       2       0       0       0       2
	1 2 3 4 5
Nearest	De Aar
town:	

7.1.5 Project location:

## 7.2 Sub-section 2: Development footprint site map

This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout. The sensitivity map must be prepared from the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at: <a href="https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool">https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool</a>. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features within 50 m from the development footprint.

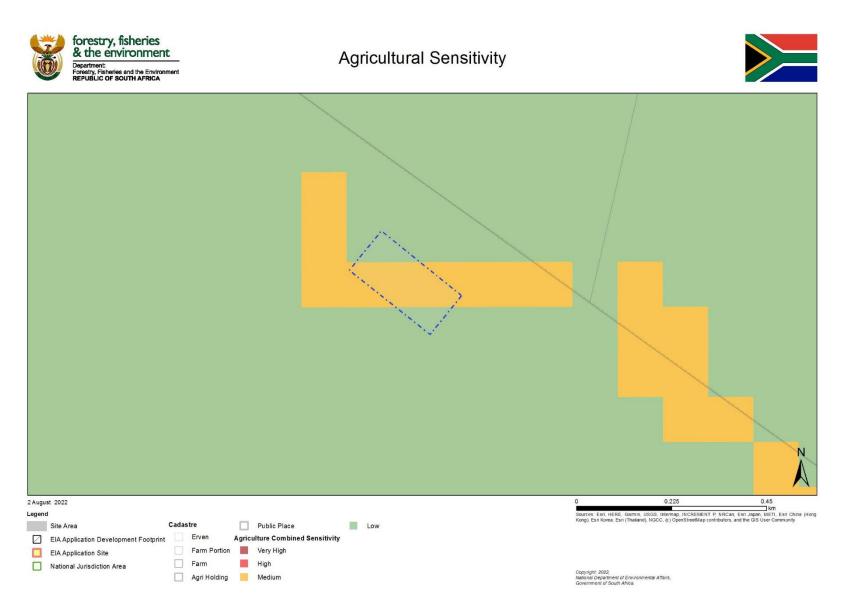


Figure 1: Agricultural site sensitivity map of the substation (DFFE Screening Tool)

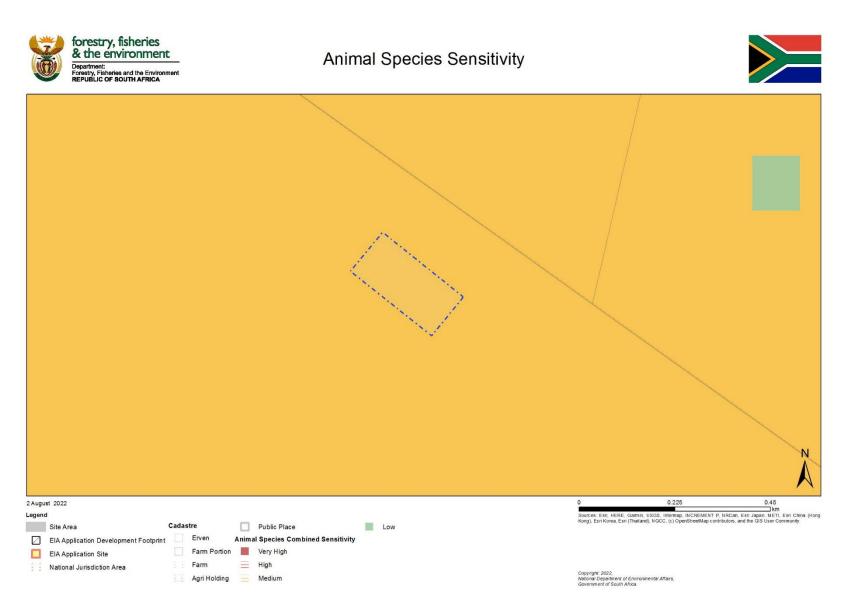


Figure 2: Animal species site sensitivity map of the substation (DFFE Screening Tool).



# Aquatic Biodiversity Sensitivity





*Figure 3*: Aquatic Biodiversity site sensitivity map of the substation (DFFE Screening Tool).

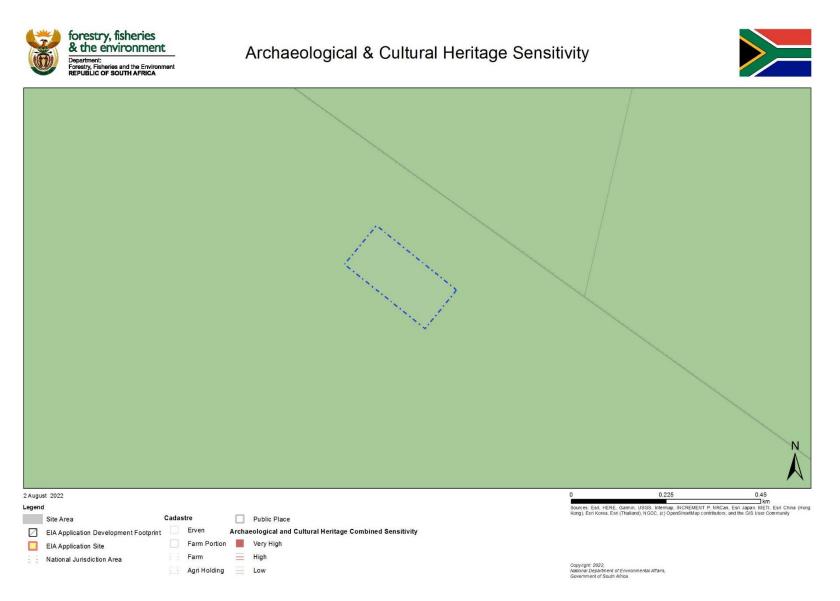
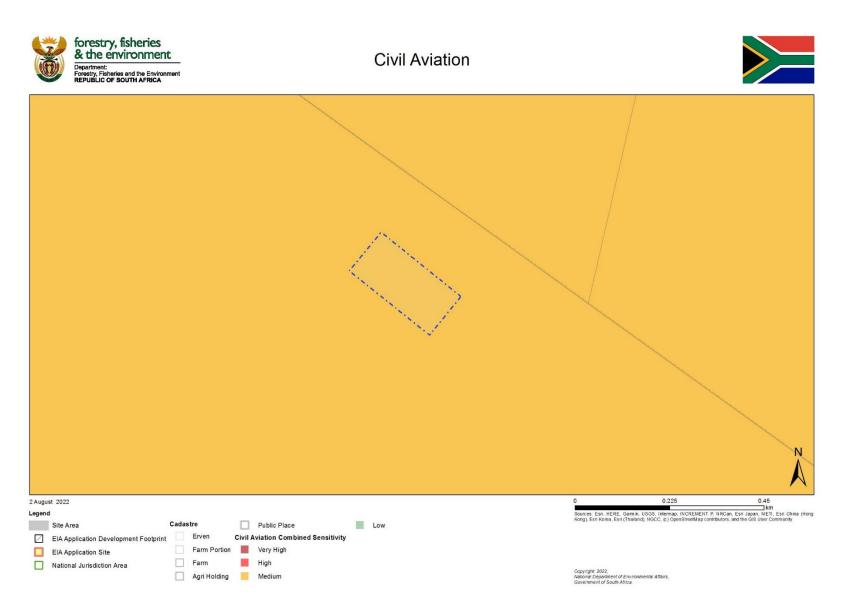
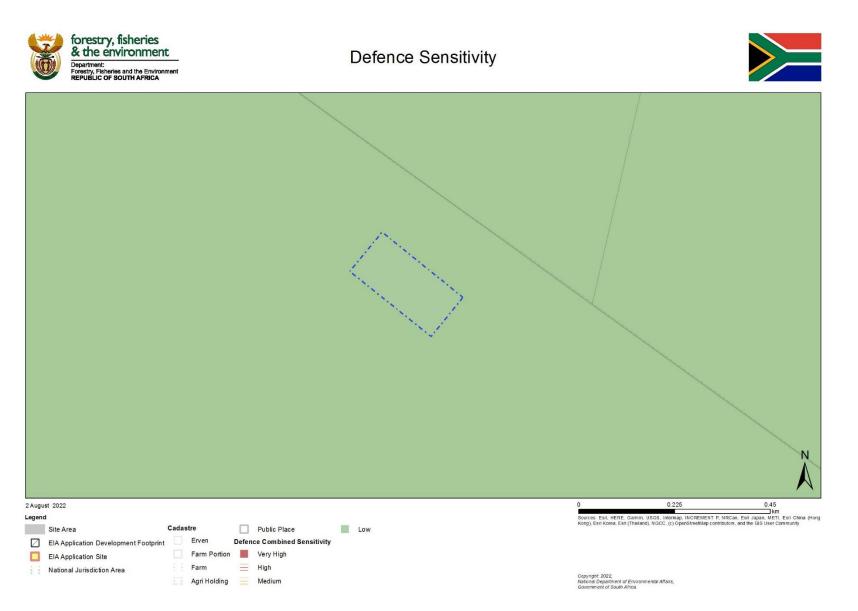


Figure 4: Archaeological and Cultural Heritage site sensitivity map of the substation (DFFE Screening Tool)



*Figure 5*: Civil Aviation site sensitivity map of the substation (DFFE Screening Tool).



*Figure 6:* Defence site sensitivity map of the substation (DFFE Screening Tool).

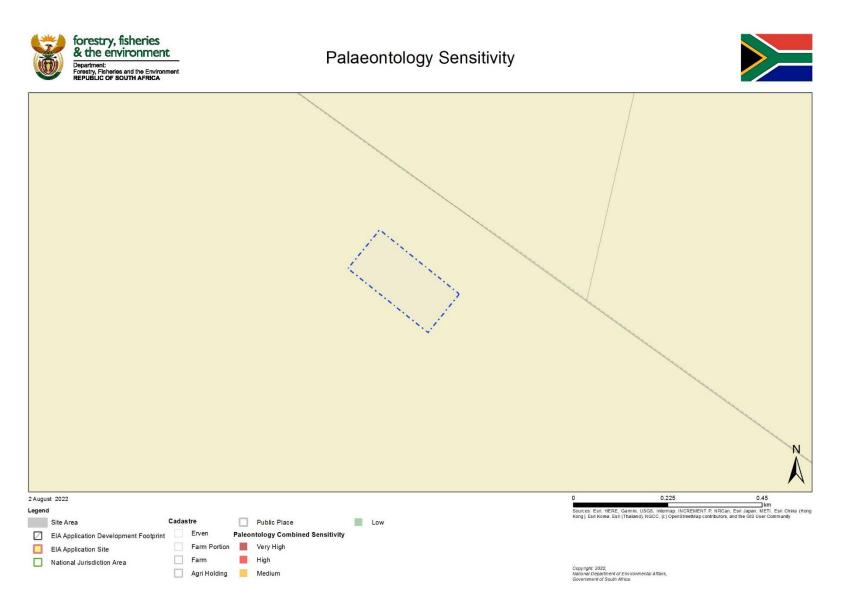


Figure 7: Palaeontology site sensitivity map of the substation (DFFE Screening Tool).



# Plant Species Sensitivity





Figure 8: Plant species site sensitivity map of the substation (DFFE Screening Tool).



# Terrestrial Biodiversity Sensitivity





*Figure 9:* Terrestrial Biodiversity site sensitivity map of the substation (DFFE Screening Tool).

### 7.3 Sub-section 3: Declaration

The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will abide and comply with the prescribed impact management outcomes and impact management actions as stipulated in part B: section 1 of the generic EMPr and have the understanding that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding. The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will provide written notice to the CA 14 day prior to the date on which the activity will commence of commencement of construction to facilitate compliance inspections.

Signature Proponent/applicant/ holder of EA

Date:

12/11/2022

### 7.4 Sub-section 4: amendments to site specific information (Part B; section 2)

Should the EA be transferred to a new holder, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new holder and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of Regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted for an amendment to an environmental authorisation will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

### PART C

#### 8 SITE SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

If any specific environmental sensitivities/attributes are present on the site which require more specific impact management outcomes and actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr template, to manage impacts, those impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific management controls must be referenced spatially, and must include impact management outcomes and impact management actions. The management controls including impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the preapproved generic EMPr template. This applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary.

If <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the development as authorised in the EA, it is required to be submitted to the CA together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP and the name and expertise of the EAP, including the curriculum vitae are to be included. Once approved, <u>Part C</u> forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.

This section will **not be required** should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes.

# 8.1 Aquatic Impacts

Impact managem	ient outcome:	Potential impact on freshwat	ter ecology as a re	sult of the prop	oosed infrastructure		
Impact	Implementation			Monitoring			
Management							
Actions	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
Pre-Construction, C	Construction & Dec	commissioning Phase					
Limit the	Project	Ensure final location of	Preconstruction	ECO	Before	Records	of
disturbance of	Manager/ECO	substation avoids	phase		commencement	monitoring	and
aquatic habitat.		watercourses and			and during	adherence	to
		recommended buffers as far			construction	implementatio	ns
		as possible; utilisation should			phase	methods	and
		be made of existing disturbed				mitigation mea	isures
		areas where possible;					
		No stockpiling or dumping of					
		rubble or waste associated					
		with the construction works					
		should take place within the					
		aquatic features or the					
		recommended buffers;					
		Water consumption					
		requirements for the site for					
		the construction and					
		operation of the site if not					
		obtained from an authorised					
		water user within the area,					
		must be authorised by the					
		DWS; and					
		No liquid waste should be					
		discharged into any of the					

Impact managen	nent outcome:	Potential impact on freshwa	ter ecology as a re	sult of the prop	oosed infrastructure		
Impact Management	Implementatio	n	Monitoring				
Actions	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence compliance	of
Minimise potential to modify surface water runoff and increase the potential for erosion.	Project Manager/ Project engineer	aquatic features within the site without the approval of the DWS. Wastewater should be properly contained on-site and removed to a licensed wastewater treatment facility that is able to treat the wastewater. A stormwater management plan should be compiled for the compacted surfaces within the substation site by the project engineer. Where necessary measures to dissipate flow intensity or protect erosion should be included in the plan. The plan should also mitigate any contaminated runoff from the construction and operation activities from being discharged into any of the aquatic features;	Pre- construction, construction	ECO	Before commencement and during construction phase	Records monitoring adherence implementatior methods mitigation mea	and

Impact manage	ment outcome:	Potential impact on freshwat	Potential impact on freshwater ecology as a result of the proposed infrastructure					
Impact Management	Implementation	1	Monitoring					
Actions	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence compliance	of	
		Adequate and erosion mitigation measures should be incorporated into design and implemented during construction.						

# 8.2 Heritage impacts

Impact management outcom	e: Minimise	e potential impact on archaeo	logy and graves of	the proposed	infrastructure	
Impact Management Actions	Implementation		Monitoring			
Actions	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Construction Phase						
In the event of significant archaeological sites or material being encountered, the project archaeologist and SAHRA must be informed immediately so that mitigatory action can be determined and implemented, if necessary	Project Manager/ECO	Carry out general monitoring of excavations for artefacts and material of heritage importance. In the event of significant archaeological sites or material being encountered, inform the project archaeologist and SAHRA immediately, and implement any recommended mitigatory actions.	Construction phase	ECO	During construction phase	Records of monitoring and adherence to mitigation measures
In the event that human remains are encountered, the project archaeologist and SAHRA must be informed immediately so that mitigatory action can be determined and implemented, if necessary	Project Manager/ECO	Should human remains be encountered, work in the vicinity of the find must cease, and the remains must be left in situ but made secure until the appropriate mitigatory action has been determined.	Construction phase	ECO	During construction phase	Records of monitoring and adherence to mitigation measures

# 8.3. Bat impacts

Impact management	outcome:	Potential impact on bats of the proposed infrastructure					
Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	'n		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
Pre-Construction, Cons	struction & Oper	ational Phase					
Ensure that stormwater runoff	Project Manager /	The storm water drainage plan must	Planning and construction	ECO / Wind farm	Once after 1 year of	It should be observed after one year of	
from the substation does not create artificial wetlands and open water sources in the turbine zones (less than 282.5m from any turbine base), as this will increase insect and bat activity around turbines.	ECO / Stormwater engineer	avoid creations of artificial ponds/open water sources or wetlands in turbine zones (less than 282.5m from any turbine base).	phases. Evidence of compliance during the operational phase.	operations manager / Bat specialist doing the operational monitoring	operation.	operation if the stormwater is creating any significant artificial open water sources or wetlands in turbine zones.	
Operational PhaseReducelightpollutionatthesubstation, which canleadtoinsectactivityandthereforeinsectactivityadthereforebatactivityonthewindfarm.Which inturnturncanincreaselikelihoodofbatmortalities.	Project Manager / ECO / Wind farm operations manager	1) Use lights with low sensitivity motion sensors that switch off automatically when no persons are nearby, to prevent the creation of regular insect gathering pools, where practically possible	Operational phase	ECO / Wind farm operations manager / Bat specialist doing the operational monitoring	Annually, ongoing for the lifetime of the facility.	Annual visits to the substation at night must be conducted for the operational lifetime of the facility by operational staff of the facility, to assess the lighting setup and whether the passive motion sensors are functioning correctly.	

without compromising	The bat specialist
security requirements. 2) Floodlights should be down-hooded and where possible, lights with a colour (lighting temperature) that	conducting the operational bat mortality monitoring must conduct at least one visit to the substation during nighttime to assess the
attract less insects should be used.	placement and setup of outside lights. When lights are replaced and maintenance on lights is conducted, this document must be consulted.

# 8.4. Noise impacts

Impact management outcome:	Potential no	pise impact on surrounding	community			
Impact Management Actions	Implementat	ion		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<b>Construction &amp; Operational Phase</b>						
Should a reasonable and valid	Developer	Investigate the noise	Construction &	ECO / Wind	Monthly after	No further
noise complaint be registered, the		complaint as per the	operation	farm	the noise	noise
Developer should investigate the		guidelines in sub-		operations	complaint	complaints.
noise complaint as per the guidelines in sub-section 12.1 and 12.2. These guidelines should be used as a rough guideline as site- specific conditions may require		section 12.1. and 12.2 of the Noise Impact Assessment (September 2022)		manager	has been received	
that the monitoring locations, frequency or procedure be adapted.						

# 8.5 Visual /Landscape impacts

Impact Management	Implementati	on		Monitoring			
Actions	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
Pre-Construction, Construction	on & Decomm	ssioning Phase					
Substationinfrastructure,constructioncamps,	Project manager /	Preconstruction identification of	Preconstruction phase.	ECO	Before commencement	Adherence to visual impact assessment	
batching plants and stockpiles to be located in visually unobtrusive areas, such as low-lying positions in the landscape, and prominent landforms or landscape features avoided.	ECO	suitable sites, checked against visual sensitivity mapping.			of construction phase.	(VIA) recommendations and mitigation measures and EMPr.	
Substation infrastructure, construction camps, batching plants and stockpilesto be located away from major arterial routes, district roads and passenger railway lines, Appropriate visual buffers or visual screening to be implemented. <u>Note:</u> berms are not fayoured in arid areas	Project manager / ECO	Preconstruction identification of suitable sites, checked against visual sensitivity mapping.	Preconstruction phase.	ECO	Before commencement of construction phase.	Adherence to visual impact assessment (VIA) recommended mitigation measures and EMPr.	

Impact Management	Implementati	ion		Monitoring			
Actions	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
because of the potential increase in disturbed area and difficulty of rehabilitation.							
Security and other outdoor lighting to be restricted to only that which is essential for the safe operation of the substation and construction activities. Lighting to be fixed to buildings where possible and fitted with reflectors directed downwards, to conceal the light source.	Project manager / ECO	Outdoor lighting plan to be agreed.	Preconstruction phase.	ECO	Before commencement of construction phase.	Adherence to visual impact assessment (VIA) recommended mitigation measures and EMPr.	
On-site signage and construction signage to be restricted to that which is essential and to be visually discrete. Billboards and excessive trade signage to be prohibited, especially along arterial or scenic routes.	Project manager / ECO	Contract documentation / specification	Preconstruction phase.	ECO	Before commencement of construction phase.	Adherence to visual impact assessment (VIA) recommended mitigation measures and EMPr.	

Impact Management	Implementati	Implementation				
Actions					1	
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
Signage to be fixed as low						
as possible, preferably						
against a backdrop, such						
as a building, wall or fence						
to minimise the visual						
clutter of free-standing						
poles, especially when						
these are visible on the						
skyline.						

# 8.6 Terrestrial Biodiversity Impacts

Impact	Implementation	1		Monitoring		
Management Actions	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Minimise vegetation clearing for access roads and other infrastructure to reduce impact on vegetation and protected plant species	Project Manager/ECO	<ol> <li>Pre-construction walk- though of the authorised footprint area to microsite infrastructure such as access roads and to ensure that sensitive habitats and species are avoided, where possible. (Note: The Ecological Pre- construction Walkthrough Survey has been undertaken, and informed the finalisation of the Layout Plan, and is included in the EMPr for the project).</li> <li>Demarcate all areas to be cleared with construction tape or other appropriate and effective means. However, caution should be exercised to avoid using material that might entangle fauna.</li> </ol>	Preconstruction phase	ECO	Before commencement and during construction phase	Records or monitoring and adherence to implementation methods and mitigation measures

Impact Management	Implementation	I	Monitoring			
Actions	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Restore disturbed areas outside of infrastructure footprint to functional condition	Project Manager/ECO	1) Rehabilitate disturbed areas according to the Revegetation and Habitat Rehabilitation Management Plan	Construction & operation	ECO	During and after construction phase	Records c rehabilitation monitoring
Minimise impacts on protected plant species	Project Manager/ECO	<ol> <li>Rescue protected plant species according to the Revegetation and Habitat Rehabilitation Management Plan</li> <li>Obtain permits for plants that will be destroyed.</li> </ol>	Construction & operation	ECO	During and after construction phase	Records c monitoring c rescued plants
Minimise impacts on surrounding vegetation due to secondary impacts from invasive species	Project Manager/ECO	1) Control alien invasive plant species according to the Alien Invasive Management Plan	Operation & decommissioning	ECO	After construction phase and during operational phase	Records c monitoring an clearing c invasive plants

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Restore disturbed areas outside of infrastructure footprint to functional condition	Project Manager/ECO	<ol> <li>Rehabilitate disturbed areas according to the Revegetation and Habitat Rehabilitation Management Plan</li> </ol>	Construction & operation	ECO	During and after construction phase	Records rehabilitation monitoring
Minimise impacts on surrounding vegetation due to secondary impacts from invasive species	Project Manager/ECO	1) Control alien invasive plant species according to the Alien Invasive Management Plan	Operation & decommissioning	ECO	After construction phase and during operational phase	Records o monitoring an clearing o invasive plants

### **APPENDIX 1: METHOD STATEMENTS**

To be prepared by the contractor prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are **not required** to be submitted to the CA.

# APPENDIX 2: EMPR REQUIREMENTS (APPENDIX 4 OF THE 2014 EIA REGULATIONS, AS AMENDED)

# Appendix 4

# Content of environmental management programme (EMPr)

- 1. (1) An EMPr must comply with section 24N of the Act and include—
  - (a) details of-
    - (i) the EAP who prepared the EMPr; and
    - (ii) the expertise of that EAP to prepare an EMPr;
  - (b) a detailed description of the aspects of the activity that are covered by the EMPr as identified by the project description;
  - (c) a description of the impact management objectives, including management statements, identifying the impacts that need to be avoided, managed and/or mitigated as identified through the environmental impact assessment process for all phases of the development including—
    - (i) planning and design;
    - (ii) pre-construction activities;
    - (iii) construction activities;
    - (iii) where relevant operation activities; and
    - (iv) rehabilitation of the environment after construction and where applicable post closure;
  - (d) a description of impact management outcomes, identifying the standard of impact management required for the aspects contemplated in paragraph (c);
  - (e) a description of impact management actions, identifying the manner in which the impact management objectives and outcomes contemplated in paragraphs (c) and (d) will be achieved, and may include actions to —
    - modify, remedy, control or stop any action, activity or process which causes pollution or environmental degradation;
    - (ii) remedy the cause of pollution or degradation and migration of pollutants;

- (iii) comply with any prescribed environmental management standards or practices;
- (iv) comply with any applicable provisions of the Act regarding closure, where applicable;
- (v) comply with any provisions of the Act regarding financial provisions for rehabilitation, where applicable;
- (f) the method of monitoring the implementation of the impact management actions contemplated in paragraph (e);
- (g) the frequency of monitoring the implementation of the impact management actions contemplated in paragraph (e);
- (h) an indication of the persons who will be responsible for the implementation of the impact management actions;
- the time periods within which the impact management actions contemplated in paragraph (e) must be implemented;
- the mechanism for monitoring compliance with the impact management actions contemplated in paragraph (e);
- (k) a program for reporting on compliance, taking into account the requirements as prescribed by these Regulations; and
- (I) an environmental awareness plan describing the manner in which-
  - the applicant intends to inform his or her employees of any environmental risk which may result from their work; and
  - (ii) risks must be dealt with in order to avoid pollution or the degradation of the environment.

(2) Where a proposed development and the geographical area within which it is located has been subjected to a pre-assessment using a spatial development tool, and the output of the pre-assessment in the form of a site specific development protocol has been adopted in the prescribed manner, the content of a EMPr may be determined by the adopted site specific development protocol applicable to the specific proposed development in the specific geographical area it is proposed in.

### APPENDIX 3: CURRICULUM VITAE OF EAP

### N L HOLLAND

#### CURRICULUM VITAE

Name Profession Year of Birth Nationality Contact Details	::	Nicole Holland (née Zimmermann) Environmental Assessment Practitioner 1976 South African P.O. Box 31108, Tokai, 7966 Cell: 083 4645246 Fax: 086 762 612 (SA Only) Email: nicole@hollandandassociates.net
		Email: nicole@hollandandassociates.net

#### Professional Registrations/ affiliations/ Memberships:

- Professional Environmental Scientist: South African Council for Natural Scientific Professions (Registration Number: 400306/06) (Environmental Scientist)
- Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP): Registered with the Environmental Assessment Practitioners Association of South Africa (EAPASA) (Registration Number: 2020/493)
- Member: South African affiliate of the International Association for Impact Assessment (IAIAsa)

#### **Key Qualifications:**

Nicole Holland has a Bachelor of Science (Hons) in Environmental and Geographical Science (UCT), specializing in Environmental Management. She has twenty years of experience in the environmental management field and has compiled and managed numerous environmental investigations including Environmental Impact Assessments, Environmental Management Plans/Programmes (EMP), waste management license application processes, as well as applications for amendments of Environmental Authorisations. Nicole has extensive experience in managing environmental authorisation processes including, amongst others, agricultural projects, water supply schemes and dams, renewable energy facilities, waste water treatment works, housing and resort developments, cemeteries, road upgrades, pipelines, waste sites, and a cement manufacturing plant. Nicole has also undertaken the independent review of a number of Basic Assessment and Scoping and Environmental Impact Assessment Reports and has been involved in a broad spectrum of other environmental work including Environmental Auditing, the drafting of Environmental Management Programmes, and Environmental Control Officer work.

#### Summary of Relevant Project Experience:

#### EA Amendment Applications/ Amendment of EMPr's for renewable energy projects:

- Wind Energy Facility on the Eastern Plateau (South) near De Aar, Northern Cape Province
- Springbok Wind Energy Facility, near Springbok, Northern Cape Province
- Longyuan Mulilo Maanhaarberg Wind Energy Facility near De Aar, Northern Cape Province
- Longyuan Mulilo De Aar 2 North Wind Energy Facility near De Aar, Northern Cape Province
- Namies Wind Energy Facility, near Aggenery, Northern Cape Province
- Overhead Transmission Line (Kronos) for the Kronos Photovoltaic Development near Copperton, Northern Cape Province
- Overhead Transmission Line (Caprum) for the Kronos Photovoltaic Development near Copperton, Northern Cape Province
- 10MW Augrabies PV Solar Energy Facility, Northern Cape Province
- 132kV Transmission line from De Aar 1 WEF to Hydra Substation, Northern Cape Province
- 132kV transmission line from the De Aar 2 North WEF to the Hydra Substation, Northern Cape Province
- 100MW De Aar PV3 (Badenhorst Dam), Northern Cape Province
- De Aar PV4 (19.9MW) facility, Northern Cape Province
- Proposed 75 150MW De Aar PV2 (Paarde Valley) facility, Northern Cape Province

#### Environmental Management Programmes, Environmental Compliance Monitoring &/or Auditing

- Amendment of the approved EMPr for the Wind Energy Facility on the Eastern Plateau (North) near De Aar, Northern Cape Province
- Amendment of the approved EMPr for the Longyuan Mulilo Maanhaarberg Wind Energy Facility near De Aar, Western Cape Province
- Proposed cultivation of virgin soil, construction of a dam and associated infrastructure on Portion 27 and Portion 17 of Farm No. 466, Scherpenheuwel, Western Cape Province
- Proposed raising of Ou Brakfontein Dam near Citrusdal, Western Cape Province
- Proposed upgrade of a low level bridge over the Olifants River, near Citrusdal, Western Cape Province
- Proposed raising of Ruimsig Dam and expansion of agricultural areas, on Remainder of Portion 56 and Portion 93 of the Farm De la Haye No. 92, Near De Doorns, Western Cape
- Proposed Kleinberg Dam Scheme, Hex Valley, Western Cape, South Africa:
- Proposed raising of Osplaas Dam, Hex Valley, Western Cape
- Proposed cultivation of virgin soil on Remainder of Farm Monte Vista No. 43, Hex Valley, Western Cape
- Proposed upgrading of a road leading to the Mossgas Quay, Port of Saldanha, Western Cape
- Upgrading and extension of the Ben Schoeman Dock at Cape Town Harbour, Western Cape, South Africa
- Phase 1B expansion of the iron ore facility at the Port of Saldanha, Saldanha Bay, Western Cape, South Africa
- Upgrading of the Darling Wastewater Treatment Works, Darling, Western Cape, South Africa
- Proposed Upgrading of the Bonnievale Wastewater Treatment Works, Bonnievale
- Upgrading of the Hex River Valley Weirs, Hex River Valley, Western Cape, South Africa
- Proposed Construction of an Effluent Pipeline between the New Town Pump Station in Wellington and the Paarl Wastewater Treatment Works, Paarl, Western Cape, South Africa

#### Academic Qualifications:

- BSc (Hons) (Environmental and Geographical Science), University of Cape Town, South Africa, 2000.
- BSc (Environmental and Geographical Science), University of Cape Town, South Africa, 1996.
- EIA and Management Course, University of Stellenbosch, South Africa, June 2002.

#### **Processional Experience:**

2017 – present	Director, Holland Group (Pty) Ltd, trading as Holland & Associates Environmental Consultants, Cape Town, South Africa
2011 - 2017	Self employed, trading as Holland & Associates Environmental Consultants
2004 to 2011	Senior Environmental Practitioner, Aurecon South Africa (Pty) Ltd (previously known as Ninham Shand), Cape Town, South Africa
2002 - 2004	Environmental Scientist, Withers Environmental Consultants, Stellenbosch, South Africa
2001 - 2002	Senior Applications Analyst, Geosense Limited, Cape Town, South Africa
2000	Honours student, Department of Environmental and Geographical Science, University of
	Cape Town, Cape Town, South Africa
1998 - 1999	Junior Project Accountant, Warburg Dillon Read, Union Bank of Switzerland, London,
	United Kingdom