GENERIC ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) FOR THE DEVELOPMENT AND EXPANSION OF SUBSTATION INFRASTRUCTURE FOR THE TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION OF ELECTRICITY









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INTRODUCTION

1. Background

The National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998) (NEMA) requires that an environmental management programme (EMPr) be submitted where an environmental impact assessment (EIA) has been identified as the environmental instrument to be utilised as the basis for a decision on an application for environmental authorisation (EA). The content of an EMPr must either contain the information set out in Appendix 4 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014, as amended (EIA Regulations) or must be a generic EMPr relevant to an application as identified and gazetted by the Minister in a government notice. Once the Minister has identified, through a government notice that a generic EMPr is relevant to an application for EA, that generic EMPr must be applied by all parties involved in the EA process, including but not limited to the applicant and the competent authority (CA).

2. Purpose

This document constitutes a generic EMPr relevant to applications for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, and all listed and specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

3. Objective

The objective of this generic EMPr is to prescribe and pre-approve generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions, which can commonly and repeatedly be used for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity. The use of a generic EMPr is intended to reduce the need to prepare and review individual EMPrs for applications of a similar nature.

4. Scope

The scope of this generic EMPr applies to the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity requiring EA in terms of NEMA. This generic EMPr applies to activities requiring EA, mainly activity 11 and 47 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 1 of 2014, as amended, and activity 9 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 2 of 2014, as amended, and all associated listed or specified activities necessary for the realization of such infrastructure.

5. Structure of this document

This document is structured in three parts with an Appendix as indicated in the table below:

Part	Section	Heading	Content
53			
Α		Provides general guidance	Definitions, acronyms, roles & responsibilities and
		and information and is not	documentation and reporting.
		legally binding	
В	1	Pre-approved generic EMPr template	Contains generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions required for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, which are presented in the form of a template that has been preapproved.
			The template in this section is to be completed by the contractor, with each completed page signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity.
			Where an impact management outcome is not relevant, the words "not applicable" can be inserted in the template under the "responsible persons" column.
			Once completed and signed, the template represents the EMPr for the activity approved by the CA and is legally binding. The template is not required to be submitted to the CA as once the generic EMPr is gazetted for implementation, it has been approved by the CA.
			To allow interested and affected parties access to the pre-approved EMPr template for consideration through the decision-making process, the EAP on behalf of the applicant /proponent must make the hard copy of this EMPr available at a public location and where the applicant has a website, the EMPr should also be made available on such publicly accessible website.
	2	Site specific information	Contains preliminary infrastructure layout and a declaration that the applicant/holder of the EA

Heading	Content
	will comply with the pre-approved generic EMPr template contained in <u>Part B: Section 1</u> , and understands that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding . The preliminary infrastructure layout must be finalized to inform the final EMPr that is to be submitted with the basic assessment report (BAR) or environmental impact assessment report (EIAR), ensuring that all impact management outcomes and impact management actions have been either preapproved or approved in terms of <u>Part C</u> .
	This section must be submitted to the CA together with the final BAR or EIAR. The information submitted to the CA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, this Section forms part of the EMPr for the development and is legally binding.
Site specific sensitivities/attributes	If any specific environmental sensitivities/ attributes are present on the site which require site specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr, to manage impacts, these specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific environmental attributes must be referenced spatially and impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be provided. These specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the preapproved EMPr template (Part B: section 1) This section will not be required should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes. However, if Part C is applicable to the site, it is required to be submitted together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by
	Site specific sensitivities/

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			approved, Part C forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.
			This section applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the specific development or expansion and which are not already included in <u>Part B: section 1</u> .
Appendix 1			Contains the method statements to be prepared prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are not required to be submitted to the competent authority.

6. Completion of part B: section 1: the pre-approved generic EMPr template

The template is to be completed prior to commencement of the activity, by providing the following information for each environmental impact management action:

- For implementation
 - a 'responsible person',
 - a method for implementation,
 - a timeframe for implementation
- For monitoring
 - a responsible person
 - frequency
 - evidence of compliance.

The completed template must be signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as <u>Appendix 1</u>. Each method statement must be signed and dated on each page by the holder of the EA. This template once signed and dated is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

7. Amendments of the impact management outcomes and impact management actions

Once the activity has commenced, a holder of an EA may make amendments to the impact management outcomes and impact management actions in the following manner:

- Amendment of the impact management outcomes: in line with the process contemplated in Regulation 37 of the EIA Regulations; and
- Amendment of the impact management actions: in line with the process contemplated in Regulation 36 of the EIA Regulations.

8. Documents to be submitted as part of part B: section 2 site specific information and declaration

<u>Part B: Section 2</u> has three distinct sub-sections. The first and third sub-sections are in a template format. Sub-section two requires a map to be produced.

<u>Sub-section 1</u> contains the project name, the applicant's name and contact details, the site information, which includes coordinates of the property or farm in which the proposed substation infrastructure is proposed as well as the 21-digit Surveyor General code of each cadastral land parcel and, where available, the farm name.

<u>Sub-section 2</u> is to be prepared by an EAP and must contain his/her name and expertise including a curriculum vitae. This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout using the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at: https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features and within 50 m from the development footprint.

<u>Sub-section 3</u> is the declaration that the applicant (s)/proponent (s) or holder of the EA in the case of a change of ownership must complete which confirms that the applicant/EA holder will comply with the pre-approved 'generic EMPr' template in <u>Section 1</u> and understands that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding.

(a) Amendments to Part B: Section 2 – site specific information and declaration

Should the EA be transferred, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new applicant/proponent and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted as part of such an application for an amendment to an EA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

PART A - GENERAL INFORMATION

1. **DEFINITIONS**

In this EMPr any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the NEMA or EIA Regulations has that meaning, and unless the context requires otherwise –

"clearing" means the clearing and removal of vegetation, whether partially or in whole, including trees and shrubs, as specified;

"construction camp" is the area designated for key construction infrastructure and services, including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;

"contractor" - The Contractor has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract, are in line with the Environmental Management Programme and that Method Statements are implemented as described.

"hazardous substance" is a substance governed by the Hazardous Substances Act, 1973 (Act No. 15 of 1973) as well as the Hazardous Chemical and Substances Regulations, 1995;

"method statement" means a written submission by the Contractor to the Project Manager in response to this EMPr or a request by the Project Manager and ECO. The method statement must set out the equipment, materials, labour and method(s) the Contractor proposes using to carry out an activity identified by the Project Manager when requesting the Method Statement. This must be done in such detail that the Project Manager and ECO is able to assess whether the Contractor's proposal is in accordance with this specification and/or will produce results in accordance with this specification;

The method statement must cover as a minimum applicable details with regard to:

- (i) Construction procedures;
- (ii) Plant, materials and equipment to be used;
- (iii) Transporting the equipment to and from site;
- (iv) How the plant/ material/ equipment will be moved while on site;
- (v) How and where the plant/ material/ equipment will be stored;
- (vi) The containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- (vii) Timing and location of activities;
- (viii) Compliance/ non-compliance; and
- (ix) Any other information deemed necessary by the Project Manager.

"slope" means the inclination of a surface expressed as one unit of rise or fall for so many horizontal units;

"solid waste" means all solid waste, including construction debris, hazardous waste, excess cement/ concrete, wrapping materials, timber, cans, drums, wire, nails, food and domestic waste (e.g. plastic packets and wrappers);

"spoil" means excavated material which is unsuitable for use as material in the construction works or is material which is surplus to the requirements of the construction works;

"topsoil" means a varying depth (up to 300 mm) of the soil profile irrespective of the fertility, appearance, structure, agricultural potential, fertility and composition of the soil;

"works" means the works to be executed in terms of the Contract

2. ACRONYMS and ABBREVIATIONS

CA	Competent Authority
cEO	Contractors Environmental Officer
dEO	Developer Environmental Officer
DPM	Developer Project Manager
DSS	Developer Site Supervisor
EAR	Environmental Audit Report
ECA	Environmental Conservation Act No. 73 of 1989
ECO	Environmental Control Officer
EA	Environmental Authorisation
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
ERAP	Emergency Response Action Plan
EMPr	Environmental Management Programme
	Report
EAP	Environmental Assessment Practitioner
FPA	Fire Protection Agency
HCS	Hazardous chemical Substance
NEMA	National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998)
NEMBA	National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act ,2004 (Act No. 10 of 2004)
NEMWA	National Environmental Management:
	Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008)
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet
RI&AP's	Registered Interested and affected parties

3. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) IMPLEMENTATION

The effective implementation of this generic EMPr is dependent on established and clear roles, responsibilities and reporting lines within an institutional framework. This section of the EMPr gives guidance to the various environmental roles and reporting lines, however, project specific requirements will ultimately determine the need for the appointment of specific person(s) to undertake specific roles and or responsibilities. As such, it must be noted that in the event that no specific person, for example, an environmental control officer (ECO) is appointed, the holder of the EA remains responsible for ensuring that the duties indicated in this document for action by the ECO are undertaken.

Table 1: Guide to roles and responsibilities for implementation of an EMPr

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer's Project Manager (DPM)	Role The Project Developer is accountable for ensuring compliance with the EMPr and any conditions of approval from the competent authority (CA). Where required, an environmental control officer (ECO) must be contracted by the Project Developer to objectively monitor the implementation of the EMPr according to relevant environmental legislation, and the conditions of the environmental authorisation (EA). The Project Developer is further responsible for providing and giving mandate to enable the ECO to perform responsibilities, and he must ensure that the ECO is integrated as part of the project team while remaining independent. Responsibilities - Be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA; - Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Developer and its Contractor(s); - Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; - Monitor the implementation of the EMPr throughout the project by means of site inspections and meetings. Overall management of the project and EMPr implementation; and - Ensure that periodic environmental performance audits are undertaken on the project implementation.

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer Site Supervisor (DSS)	Role The DSS reports directly to the DPM, oversees site works, liaises with the contractor(s) and the ECO. The DSS is responsible for the day to day implementation of the EMPr and for ensuring the compliance of all contractors with the conditions and requirements stipulated in the EMPr.
	Responsibilities - Ensure that all contractors identify a contractor's Environmental Officer (cEO); - Must be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA. Oversees site works, liaison with Contractor, DPM and ECO;
	 Must ensure that all landowners have the relevant contact details of the site staff, ECO and cEO; Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; Will issue all non-compliances to contractors; and Ratify the Monthly Environmental Report.
Environmental Control Officer (ECO)	Role The ECO should have appropriate training and experience in the implementation of environmental management specifications. The primary role of the ECO is to act as an independent quality controller and monitoring agent regarding all environmental concerns and associated environmental impacts. In this respect, the ECO is to conduct periodic site inspections, attend regular site meetings, pre-empt problems and suggest mitigation and be available to advise on incidental issues that arise. The ECO is also required to conduct compliance audits, verifying the monitoring reports submitted by the cEO. The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager regarding all environmental matters. The Contractor, cEO and dEO are answerable to the Environmental Control Officer for non-compliance with the Performance Specifications as set out in the EA and EMPr.
	The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager, who in turn reports back to the Contractor and potential and Registered Interested &Affected Parties' (RI&AP's), as required. Issues of non-compliance raised by the ECO must be taken up by the Project Manager, and resolved with the Contractor as per the conditions of his contract. Decisions regarding environmental procedures, specifications and requirements which have a cost implication (i.e. those that are deemed to be a variation, not allowed for in the

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	Performance Specification) must be endorsed by the Project Manager. The ECO must also, as specified by the EA, report to the relevant CA as and when required.
	Responsibilities The responsibilities of the ECO will include the following: - Be aware of the findings and conclusions of all EA related to the development; - Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr; - Be conversant with relevant environmental legislation, policies and procedures, and ensure compliance with them; - Undertake regular and comprehensive site inspections / audits of the construction site according to the generic EMPr and applicable licenses in order to monitor compliance as required; - Educate the construction team about the management measures contained in the EMPr and environmental licenses; - Compilation and administration of an environmental monitoring plan to ensure that the environmental management measures are implemented and are effective; - Monitoring the performance of the Contractors and ensuring compliance with the EMPr and associated Method Statements; - In consultation with the Developer Site Supervisor order the removal of person(s) and/or equipment which are in contravention of the specifications of the EMPr and/or environmental licenses; - Liaison between the DPM, Contractors, authorities and other lead stakeholders on all environmental concerns; - Compile a regular environmental audit report highlighting any non-compliance issues as well as satisfactory or exceptional compliance with the EMPr; - Validating the regular site inspection reports, which are to be prepared by the contractor Environmental Officer (cEO); - Checking the cEO's record of environmental incidents (spills, impacts, legal transgressions etc.) as well as corrective and preventive actions taken; - Checking the cEO's public complaints register in which all complaints are recorded, as well as action taken;

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	 Assisting in the resolution of conflicts; Facilitate training for all personnel on the site – this may range from carrying out the training, to reviewing the training programmes of the Contractor; In case of non-compliances, the ECO must first communicate this to the Senior Site Supervisor, who has the power to ensure this matter is addressed. Should no action or insufficient action be taken, the ECO may report this matter to the authorities as non-compliance; Maintenance, update and review of the EMPr; Communication of all modifications to the EMPr to the relevant stakeholders.
developer Environmental Officer (dEO)	Role The dEOs will report to the Project Manager and are responsible for implementation of the EMPr, environmental monitoring and reporting, providing environmental input to the Project Manager and Contractor's Manager, liaising with contractors and the landowners as well as a range of environmental coordination responsibilities.
	 Responsibilities Be fully conversant with the EMPr; Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr, and implement these measures; Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Employees, Contractor(s); Confine the development site to the demarcated area; Conduct environmental internal audits with regards to EMPr and authorisation compliance (on cEO); Assist the contractors in addressing environmental challenges on site; Assist in incident management: Reporting environmental incidents to developer and ensuring that corrective action is taken, and lessons learnt shared; Assist the contractor in investigating environmental incidents and compile investigation reports; Follow-up on pre-warnings, defects, non-conformance reports;

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	 Measure and communicate environmental performance to the Contractor; Conduct environmental awareness training on site together with ECO and cEO; Ensure that the necessary legal permits and / or licenses are in place and up to date; Acting as Developer's Environmental Representative on site and work together with the ECO and contractor;
Contractor	Role The Contractor appoints the cEO and has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract are in line with the EMPr and that Method Statements are implemented as described. External contractors must ensure compliance with this EMPr while performing the onsite activities as per their contract with the Project Developer. The contractors are required, where specified, to provide Method Statements setting out in detail how the impact management actions contained in the EMPr will be implemented during the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity activities. Responsibilities - project delivery and quality control for the development services as per appointment; - employ a suitably qualified person to monitor and report to the Project Developer's appointed person
	 on the daily activities on-site during the construction period; ensure that safe, environmentally acceptable working methods and practices are implemented and that equipment is properly operated and maintained, to facilitate proper access and enable any operation to be carried out safely; attend on site meeting(s) prior to the commencement of activities to confirm the procedure and designated activity zones; ensure that contractors' staff repair, at their own cost, any environmental damage as a result of a contravention of the specifications contained in EMPr, to the satisfaction of the ECO.

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
contractor Environmental Officer (cEO)	Role Each Contractor affected by the EMPr should appoint a cEO, who is responsible for the on-site implementation of the EMPr (or relevant sections of the EMPr). The Contractor's representative can be the site agent; site engineer; a dedicated environmental officer; or an independent consultant. The Contractor must ensure that the Contractor's Representative is suitably qualified to perform the necessary tasks and is appointed at a level such that she/he can interact effectively with other site Contractors, labourers, the Environmental Control Officer and the public. As a minimum the cEO shall meet the following criteria:
	 Responsibilities Be on site throughout the duration of the project and be dedicated to the project; Ensure all their staff are aware of the environmental requirements, conditions and constraints with respect to all of their activities on site; Implementing the environmental conditions, guidelines and requirements as stipulated within the EA, EMPr and Method Statements; Attend the Environmental Site Meeting; Undertaking corrective actions where non-compliances are registered within the stipulated timeframes; Report back formally on the completion of corrective actions; Assist the ECO in maintaining all the site documentation; Prepare the site inspection reports and corrective action reports for submission to the ECO; Assist the ECO with the preparing of the monthly report; and Where more than one Contractor is undertaking work on site, each company appointed as a Contractor will appoint a cEO representing that company.

4. ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE

To ensure accountable and demonstrated implementation of the EMPr, a number of reporting systems, documentation controls and compliance mechanisms must be in place for all substation infrastructure projects as a minimum requirement.

4.1 Document control/Filing system

The holder of the EA is solely responsible for the upkeep and management of the EMPr file. As a minimum, all documentation detailed below will be stored in the EMPr file. A hard copy of all documentation shall be filed, while an electronic copy may be kept where relevant. A duplicate file will be maintained in the office of the DSS (where applicable). This duplicate file must remain current and up-to-date. The filing system must be updated and relevant documents added as required. The EMPr file must be made available at all times on request by the CA or other relevant authorities. The EMPr file will form part of any environmental audits undertaken as prescribed in the EIA Regulations.

4.2 Documentation to be available

At the outset of the project the following preliminary list of documents shall be placed in the filing system and be accessible at all times:

- Full copy of the signed EA from the CA in terms of NEMA, granting approval for the development or expansion;
- Copy of the generic and site specific EMPr as well as any amendments thereof;
- Copy of declaration of implementing generic EMPr and subsequent approval of site specific EMPr and amendments thereof;
- All method statements;
- Completed environmental checklists;
- Minutes and attendance register of environmental site meetings;
- An up-to-date environmental incident log;
- A copy of all instructions or directives issued;
- A copy of all corrective actions signed off. The corrective actions must be filed in such a way that a clear reference is made to the non-compliance record;
- Complaints register.

4.3 Weekly Environmental Checklist

The ECOs are required to complete a Weekly Environmental Checklist, the format of which is to be agreed prior to commencement of the activity. The ECOs are required to sign and date the checklist, retain a copy in the EMPr file and submit a copy of the completed checklist to the DSS on a weekly basis.

The checklists will form the basis for the Monthly Environmental Reports. Copies of all completed checklists will be attached as Annexures to the Environmental Audit Report as required in terms of the EIA Regulations.

4.4 Environmental site meetings

Minutes of the environmental site meetings shall be kept. The minutes must include an attendance register and will be attached to the Monthly Report that is distributed to attendees. Each set of minutes must clearly record "Matters for Attention" that will be reviewed at the next meeting.

4.5 Required Method Statements

The method statement will be done in such detail that the ECOs are enabled to assess whether the contractor's proposal is in accordance with the EMPr.

The method statement must cover applicable details with regard to:

- development procedures;
- materials and equipment to be used;
- getting the equipment to and from site;
- how the equipment/ material will be moved while on site;
- how and where material will be stored;
- the containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- timing and location of activities;
- compliance/ non-compliance with the EMPr; and
- any other information deemed necessary by the ECOs.

Unless indicated otherwise by the Project Manager, the Contractor shall provide the following method statements to the Project Manager no less than 14 days prior to the commencement date of the activity:

- Site establishment Camps, Lay-down or storage areas, satellite camps, infrastructure;
- Batch plants;
- Workshop or plant servicing;
- Handling, transport and storage of Hazardous Chemical Substance's;
- Vegetation management Protected, clearing, aliens, felling;
- Access management Roads, gates, crossings etc.;
- Fire plan;
- Waste management transport, storage, segregation, classification, disposal (all waste streams);
- Social interaction complaints management, compensation claims, access to properties etc.;
- Water use (source, abstraction and disposal), access and all related information, crossings and mitigation;
- Emergency preparedness Spills, training, other environmental emergencies;
- Dust and noise management methodologies;
- Fauna interaction and risk management only if the risk was identified wildlife interaction especially on game farms; and
- Heritage and palaeontology management.

The ECOs shall monitor and ensure that the contractors perform in accordance with these method statements. Completed and agreed method statements between the holder of the EA and the contractor shall be captured in Appendix 1.

4.6 Environmental Incident Log (Diary)

The ECOs are required to maintain an up-to-date and current Environmental Incident Log (environmental diary). The Environmental Incident Log is a means to record all environmental incidents and/or all non-compliance notice would not be issued. An environmental incident is defined as:

- Any deviation from the listed impact management actions (listed in this EMPr) that
 may be addressed immediately by the ECOs. (For example a contractor's staff
 member littering or a drip tray that has not been emptied);
- Any environmental impact resulting from an action or activity by a contractor in contravention of the environmental stipulations and guidelines listed in the EMPr which as a single event would have a minor impact but which if cumulative and continuous would have a significant effect (for example no toilet paper available in the ablutions for an afternoon); and
- General environmental information such as road kills or injured wildlife.

The ECOs are to record all environmental incidents in the Environmental Incident Log. All incidents regardless of severity must be reported to the Developer. The Log is to be kept in the EMPr file and at a minimum the following will be recorded for each environmental incident:

- The date and time of the incident;
- Description of the incident;
- The name of the Contractor responsible;
- The incident must be listed as significant or minor;
- If the incident is listed as significant, a non-compliance notice must be issued, and recorded in the log;
- Remedial or corrective action taken to mitigate the incident; and
- Record of repeat minor offences by the same contractor or staff member.

The Environmental Incident Log will be captured in the EAR.

4.7 Non-compliance

A non-compliance notice will be issued to the responsible contractor by the ECOs via the DSS or Project Manager. The non-compliance notice will be issued in writing; a copy filed in the EMPr file and will at a minimum include the following:

- Time and date of the non-compliance;
- Name of the contractor responsible;
- Nature and description of the non-compliance;
- Recommended / required corrective action; and
- Date by which the corrective action to be completed.
- The contractors shall act immediately when a notice of non-compliance is received and correct whatever is the cause for the issuing of the notice. Complaints received regarding activities on the development site pertaining to the environment shall be

recorded in a dedicated register and the response noted with the date and action taken. The ECO should be made aware of any complaints. Any non-compliance with the agreed procedures of the EMPr is a transgression of the various statutes and laws that define the manner by which the environment is managed. Failure to redress the cause shall be reported to the relevant CA for them to deal with the transgression, as it deems fit. The contractor is deemed not to have complied with the EMPr if, inter alia, There is a deviation from the environmental conditions, impact management outcomes and impact management actions activities, as approved in generic and site specific EMPr as relevant as set out in the EMPr, which deviation has, or may cause, an environmental impact.

4.8 Corrective action records

For each non-compliance notice issued, a documented corrective action must be recorded. On receiving a non-compliance notice from the DSS, the contractor's cEO will ensure that the corrective actions required take place within the stipulated timeframe. On completion of the corrective action the cEO is to issue a Corrective Action Report in writing to the ECOs. If satisfied that the corrective action has been completed, the ECOs are to sign-off on the Corrective Action Report, and attach the report to the non-compliance notice in the EMPr file. A corrective action is considered complete once the report has signed off by the ECOs.

4.9 Photographic record

A digital photographic record will be kept. The photographic record will be used to show before, during and post rehabilitation evidence of the project as well used in cases of damages claims if they arise. Each image must be dated and a brief description note attached.

The Contractor shall:

1. Allow the ECOs access to take photographs of all areas, activities and actions.

The ECOs shall keep an electronic database of photographic records which will include:

- 1. Pictures of all areas designated as work areas, camp areas, development sites and storage areas taken before these areas are set up;
- 2. All bunding and fencing;
- 3. Road conditions and road verges;
- 4. Condition of all farm fences;
- 5. Topsoil storage areas;
- 6. All areas to be cordoned off during construction;
- 7. Waste management sites;
- 8. Ablution facilities (inside and out);
- 9. Any non-conformances deemed to be "significant";
- 10. All completed corrective actions for non-compliances;
- 11. All required signage;
- 12. Photographic recordings of incidents;
- 13. All areas before, during and post rehabilitation; and
- 14. Include relevant photographs in the Final Environmental Audit Report.

4.10 Complaints register

The ECOs shall keep a current and up-to-date complaints register. The complaints register is to be a record of all complaints received from communities, stakeholders and individuals. The Complaints Record shall:

- 1. Record the name and contact details of the complainant;
- 2. Record the time and date of the complaint;
- 3. Contain a detailed description of the complaint;
- 4. Where relevant and appropriate, contain photographic evidence of the complaint or damage (ECOs to take relevant photographs); and
- 5. Contain a copy of the ECOs written response to each complaint received and keep a record of any further correspondence with the complainant. The ECO's written response will include a description of any corrective action to be taken and must be signed by the Contractor, ECO and affected party. Where a damage claim is issued by the complainant, the ECOs shall respond as described in (section 4.11) below.

4.11 Claims for damages

In the event that a Claim for Damages is submitted by a community, landowner or individual, the ECOs shall:

- 1. Record the full detail of the complaint as described in (section 4.10) above;
- 2. The DPM will evaluate the claim and associated damage and submit the evaluation to the Senior Site Representative for approval;
- 3. Following consideration by the DPM, the claim is to be resolved and settled immediately, or the reason for not accepting the claim communicated in writing to the claimant. Should the claimant not accept this, the ECO shall, in writing report the incident to the Developer's negotiator and legal department; and
- 4. A formal record of the response by the ECOs to the claimant as well as the rectification of the method of making payments not amount will be recorded in the EMPr file.

4.12 Interactions with affected parties

Open, transparent and good relations with affected landowners, communities and regional staff are an essential aspect to the successful management and mitigation of environmental impacts.

The ECOs shall:

- 1. Ensure that all queries, complaints and claims are dealt within an agreed timeframe;
- 2. Ensure that any or all agreements are documented, signed by all parties and a record of the agreement kept in the EMPr file;
- 3. Ensure that a complaints telephone numbers are made available to all landowners and affected parties; and
- 4. Ensure that contact with affected parties is courteous at all times;

4.13 Environmental audits

Internal environmental audits of the activity and implementation of the EMPr must be undertaken. The findings and outcomes included in the EMPr file and submitted to the CA at intervals as indicated in the EA.

The ECOs must prepare a monthly EAR. The report will be tabled as the key point on the agenda of the Environmental Site Meeting. The Report is submitted for acceptance at the meeting and the final report will be circulated to the Project Manager and filed in the EMPr file. At a frequency determined by the EA, the ECOs shall submit the monthly reports to the CA. At a minimum the monthly report is to cover the following:

- Weekly Environmental Checklists;
- Deviations and non-compliances with the checklists;
- Non-compliances issued;
- Completed and reported corrective actions;
- Environmental Monitoring;
- General environmental findings and actions; and
- Minutes of the Bi-monthly Environmental Site Meetings.

4.14 Final environmental audits

On final completion of the rehabilitation and/or requirements of the EA a final EAR is to be prepared and submitted to the CA. The EAR must comply with Appendix 7 of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 1: Pre-approved generic EMPr template

5. IMPACT MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES AND IMPACT MANAGEMENT ACTIONS

This section provides a pre-approved generic EMPr template with aspects that are common to the development of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity. There is a list of aspects identified for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, and for each aspect a set of prescribed impact management outcomes and associated impact management actions have been identified. Holders of EAs are responsible to ensure the implementation of these outcomes and actions for all projects as a minimum requirement, in order to mitigate the impact of such aspects identified for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity.

The template provided below is to be completed by providing the information under each heading for each environmental impact management action.

The completed template must be signed and dated on each page by both the contractor and the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as Appendix 1. Each method statement must also be duly signed and dated on each page by the contactor and the holder of the EA. This template, once signed and dated, is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

5.1 Environmental awareness training

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
- All staff must receive environmental	ECO/cEO/d	Environmental awareness	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly and	Attendance
awareness training prior to	EO	training workshops must be	Construction, and		as required.	register and
commencement of the activities;		held.	construction phase			proof of
			(for new personnel)			training
						materials.
- The Contractor must allow for sufficient	Contractor	Training sessions must be	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly and	Attendance
sessions to train all personnel with no		arranged to align with the	Construction, and		as required.	register.
more than 20 personnel attending		construction programmes.	construction phase			
each course;			(for new personnel			
- Refresher environmental awareness	cEO / dEO in	Refresher awareness training	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly and	Attendance
training is available as and when	consultation	sessions must be held.			as required.	register and
required;	with the					proof of
	ECO					training
						materials.
- All staff are aware of the conditions	cEO / dEO	Training workshops to be	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly and	Attendance
and controls linked to the EA and		held with staff to inform staff			as required.	register and
within the EMPr and made aware of		of the conditions and				proof of
their individual roles and responsibilities		controls linked to the EA and				training
in achieving compliance with the EA		EMPr, and to make staff				materials.
and EMPr;		aware of their individual				
		roles and responsibilities in				
		achieving compliance with				

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
		the EA and EMPr. The EMPr &				
		EA must be made available				
		to all staff.				
- The Contractor must erect and	Contractor	Produce posters and place	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
maintain information posters at key		them at appropriate, well-				record within
locations on site, and the posters must		trafficked locations.				the ECO
include the following information as a minimum:						Report.
a)Safety notifications; and						
b) No littering.						
Environmental awareness training must	ECO	Environmental awareness	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to	Proof of training
include as a minimum the following:	cEO / dEO	training must be developed	and throughout		commence	materials.
a) Description of significant		with sufficient,	construction.		-ment of the	
environmental impacts,		understandable content and			Environ-	
actual or potential, related to		presented and distributed			mental	
their work activities;		accordingly.			training.	
b) Mitigation measures to						
be implemented when						
carrying out specific						
activities;						
c) Emergency						
preparedness and response						
procedures;						
d) Emergency procedures;						

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
e) Procedures to be followed when working near or within sensitive areas; f) Wastewater management procedures; g) Water usage and conservation; h) Solid waste management procedures; i) Sanitation procedures; j)Fire prevention; and k) Disease prevention.						
A record of all environmental awareness training courses undertaken as part of the EMPr must be available;	ECO / dEO / cEO	All training materials used and proof of training (attendance registers) must be filed and kept on site.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Filing system with all materials and proof of training.
 Educate workers on the dangers of open and/or unattended fires; 	cEO / dEO / ECO	This must form part of the content of the Environmental Awareness training.	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Monthly	Attendance register must be signed at the training.
A staff attendance register of all staff to have received environmental	cEO / dEO / ECO	Attendance registers must be filed.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Filing system of all attendees registers.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
awareness training must be available.							
 Course material must be available and presented in appropriate languages that all staff can understand. 	cEO / dEO / ECO	Training material must be made available on site and all material must be in an appropriate language for all staff.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Awareness training materials must be available on site. The attendance register must indicate the language used during the training.	

5.2 Site Establishment development

Impact management outcome: Impacts on the environment are minimised during site establishment and the development footprint are kept to demarcated development area.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	Implementation				
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
– A method statement must be	Contractor	Compile an appropriate	Pre-construction &	ECO	Monthly	Copy of
provided by the contractor prior to		method statement.	Construction			method
any onsite activity that includes the						statement
layout of the construction camp in the						available on
form of a plan showing the location of						site, and
key infrastructure and services (where						submitted to
applicable), including but not limited						ECO.
to offices, overnight vehicle parking						
areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile						
and lay down areas, hazardous						
materials storage areas (including						
fuels), the batching plant (if one is						
located at the construction camp),						
designated access routes, equipment						
cleaning areas and the placement of						
staff accommodation, cooking and						
ablution facilities, waste and						
wastewater management;						
– Location of camps must be within	DPM &	Placement of the camps	Pre-construction &	ECO	Monthly	Site layout
approved area to ensure that the site	Contractor	must be outside of sensitive	Construction			indicating
does not impact on sensitive areas		areas identified during the				location of
						camps outside

Impact management outcome: Impacts on the environment are minimised during site establishment and the development footprint are kept to demarcated development area.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
identified in the environmental		Environmental Authorisation				of sensitive	
assessment or site walk through;		process.				areas.	
	DPM	Sites must be placed on	Pre-construction &	ECO	Monthly	Site layout	
- Sites must be located where possible		previously disturbed areas	Construction			plan, and	
on previously disturbed areas;		as far as possible.				environmental	
						sensitivity map.	
- The camp must be fenced in	DPM &	Fencing aspects must be as	Pre-construction &	ECO	Monthly	Camp fenced	
accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing	Contractor	per Section 5.5: Fencing and	Construction			in line with	
and gate installation; and		gate installation.				Section 5.5:	
						Fencing and	
						gate	
						installation.	
						Photographic	
						record.	
- The use of existing accommodation for	Not Applicab	le. No existing accommodation	n is located on the site	and no new c	ıccommodatio	n facilities would	
contractor staff, where possible, is	be required. S	Staff would stay within the town	of De Aar or Philipstov	vn town, situate	ed close to the	proposed site.	
encouraged.							

5.3 Access restricted areas

Impact management outcome: Access to restricted areas prevented.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
 Identification of access restricted 	dEO/	Identify and document	Pre-construction	cEO	Once-off,	Restricted
areas is to be informed by the	cEO in	access restricted areas or			prior to	areas are
environmental assessment, site walk	consultation	specific requirements of			construction	identified using
through and any additional areas	with ECO	affected landowners, if any.		ECO	Monthly, or	the
identified during development;					when	Environmental
					required	Application
						and Report to
						identify these
						areas.
 Erect, demarcate and maintain a 	DSS/	Demarcate restricted	Pre-construction &	ECO	Monthly, or	Clear
temporary barrier with clear signage	Contractor/	access areas with a	construction		as required.	demarcation
around the perimeter of any access	cEO	temporary barrier and				and signage
restricted area, colour coding could		maintain the demarcation				around areas
be used if appropriate; and		and signage for the				of restricted
		construction phase.				access.
						Photographic
						evidence.
- Unauthorised access and	Contrator/	Demarcate restricted	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly or	Compliance
development related activity inside	dEO/ cEO	access areas with a			as required.	with the
access restricted areas is prohibited.		temporary barrier and				restricted

Impact management outcome: Access to restricted areas prevented.							
Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
		maintain the demarcation				access areas	
		and signage for the				must be	
		construction phase.				reported on in	
						the	
						Environmental	
						Compliance	
						Reporting.	

5.4 Access roads

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment through the planned and restricted movement of vehicles on site.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	Implementation I			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
- An access agreement must be	DPM	Access agreements to be	Pre-construction	cEO & ECO	Once-off,	Signed	
formalised and signed by the DPM,	Contractor	compiled. Access			prior to	agreements	
Contractor and landowner before		agreements to be signed by			construction	with affected	
commencing with the activities;		affected landowners before				landowners.	
		commencement of					
		construction.					

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 All private roads used for access to the servitude must be maintained and upon completion of the works, be left in at least the original condition 	Contractor	Maintain road conditions, when and where required.	Continuously throughout all phases.	cEO ECO	On-going Monthly	Photographic evidence of road conditions throughout all phases.	
All contractors must be made aware of all these access routes.	dEO / cEO	Contractors must be provided with a map of all access roads.	Pre-construction Construction Operation	ECO	As required i.e. when new contactors come to site.	Access roads map must be readily available.	
 Any access route deviation from that in the written agreement must be closed and re-vegetated immediately, at the contractor's expense; 	Contractor	Deviations from the access routes must be closed and re-vegetated immediately.	Construction Operation (when required)	cEO & ECO	Ongoing Monthly (or as required)	Photographic evidence of before and after rehabilitation must be obtained and filed.	
Maximum use of both existing servitudes and existing roads must be made to minimize further disturbance through the development of new roads;	Contractor	Deviating from the access roads must be limited as far as possible.	Construction Operation	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Any deviations recorded with photographs. Rectification photographs must also be taken.	

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 In circumstances where private roads must be used, the condition of the said roads must be recorded in accordance with section 4.9: photographic record; prior to use and the condition thereof agreed by the landowner, the DPM, and the contractor; 	DPM/ Contractor dEO / cEO	Photographic record (in accordance with section 4.9: photographic record) of private roads, before and after use. Condition of private road agreed by landowner, the DPM and Contractor, prior to use.	Pre-Construction & Construction phase	cEO ECO	Ongoing Prior to road use and after road use.	Photographic record of the roads before and after use. Proof of agreement by the landowner, DMP & Contractor on road condition.
Access roads in flattish areas must follow fence lines and tree belts to avoid fragmentation of vegetated areas or croplands	DPM & Contractor	Design access road routes to follow fence lines and tree belts, where possible.	Pre-construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Once-off (prior to construction)	Map of access roads following fence lines and tree belts where possible.
 Access roads must only be developed on a pre-planned and approved roads. 	DPM & Contractor	Construction of access roads on pre-planned and approved routes only.	Pre-construction & Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Implementatio n of the approved layout.

5.5 Fencing and Gate installation

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and gates where required.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
Use existing gates provided to gain	Contractor	Identify and notify staff of the	Pre-construction	cEO	Ongoing	Existing gates
access to all parts of the area		gates to be used to access	Construction	ECO	Monthly	used where
authorised for development, where possible;		the site.				possible.
– Existing and new gates to be	dEO &	Existing and new gates must	Construction Phase	cEO	Ongoing	Photographic
recorded and documented in	Contactor	be recorded and		ECO	Monthly.	record (as per
accordance with section 4.9 :		documented as per the				section 4.9.) to
photographic record;		requirements of section 4.9.				be kept of the
						existing and
All gates must be fitted with locks	Contractor	All gates to be fitted with	Construction phase	cEO	Ongoing	new gates.
and be kept locked at all times	Confidence	locks and kept locked at all	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	All gates to be locked and no
during the development phase,		times.		LCO	Monning	complaints
unless otherwise agreed with the						from
landowner;						landowners
						received
						regarding
						locking of
						gates.
– At points where the line crosses a	DPM/ dEO	Obtain approval for new	Pre-construction	cEO	Once-off	Gate installed
fence in which there is no suitable		gate(s) required, from	Construction phase		before	at a position
gate within the extent of the line		affected landowners. New			construction	agreed to by
servitude, on the instruction of the		gate to be installed as per			and as	the landowner.
DPM, a gate must be installed at the		approval of the affected landowner.		ECO	required	
approval of the landowner;		idiidowiiei.		ECO		

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and gates where required.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
					during construction Monthly	
 Care must be taken that the gates must be so erected that there is a gap of no more than 100 mm between the bottom of the gate and the ground; 	Contractor	The bottom of the installed gate must be no more than 100 mm from the ground.	Construction Phase	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Bottom of gate must be no more than 100 mm from the ground. Photographic evidence
 Where gates are installed in jackal proof fencing, a suitable reinforced concrete sill must be provided beneath the gate; 	Contractor	Where required, a reinforced concrete sill must be installed beneath the gate.	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Reinforced concrete sill installed beneath the gate when necessary. Photographic evidence
 Original tension must be maintained in the fence wires; 	Contractor	Original tension must be maintained in the fence wire.	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	The tension of the fence wires must be maintained at the same tension.

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and gates where required.

Impact Management Actions	Implementa	tion		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All gates installed in fencing must be re-electring 		Gates installed within electric fencing must be reelectrified.	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Gates installed in electrified fencing reelectrified.
All demarcation fence barriers must be maintained working order for the dependent overhead transmission distribution electricity infredevelopment activities;	ed in good uration of n and	Demarcation fencing ad barriers must be assessed and maintained accordingly.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	A photographic record of the fencing and barriers in good condition must be obtained.
 Fencing must be erected the camp, batching hazardous storage areast designated access restriction where appropriate and cause harm to the sensitive 	plants, cEO s, and all ted areas, would not	Fencing must be installed around the site camp, including batching plants, hazardous storage areas and all 'No-Go' areas.	Early in the construction phase.	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of appropriate fencing must be kept.
Any temporary fencing to movement of life-stock multiple erected with the permiss land owner.	ust only be dEO / cEO	Obtain permission from the landowner before restricting movement of livestock.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of the landowner agreement must be kept of record, if applicable.

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and gates where required.

Impact Management Actions		Implementati	on		Monitoring		
		Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
-	All fencing must be developed of high quality material bearing the SABS mark;	Contractor	Fencing must be developed using high quality material, approved by SABS.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Fencing materials used must bear the SABS mark and/or documentary proof.
_	The use of razor wire as fencing must be avoided;	Contractor	No razor wire must be used for fencing.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No razor wire must be used for fencing.
_	Fenced areas with gate access must remain locked after hours, during weekends and on holidays if staff is away from site. Site security will be required at all times;	Contractor	Fenced areas with gate access must be locked after hours, on weekends and during public holidays. Security company to provide site security services appointed and providing services at required times.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Fenced areas with gate access locked after hours, on weekends and during public holidays. Security company appointed and servicing site, as required.
-	On completion of the development phase all temporary fences are to be removed;	Contractor	All temporary fencing removed.	Construction phase	ECO	At end of construction phase.	No temporary fences remain after construction

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and gates where required.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence o
	person		implementation	person		compliance
						has been
						completed. Photographic evidence.
The contractor must ensure that all fence uprights are appropriately		All fence uprights must be removed in their entirety.	Construction phase	ECO	At the end of the	
removed, ensuring that no uprights are cut at ground level but rather removed completely.					construction period.	site.

5.6 Water Supply Management

Impact management outcome: Undertake responsible water usage.								
Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring				
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence (of	
	person		implementation	person		compliance		
 All abstraction points or bore holes 	DPM /							
must be registered with the DWS and	Contractor /							
suitable water meters installed to	dEO / cEO							
ensure that the abstracted volumes	and ECO.							
are measured on a daily basis;								
- The Contractor must ensure the	Not applicab	le. No water will be abstracted	from rivers or streams	as part of the p	roposed devel	opment.		
following:								
a. The vehicle abstracting water								
from a river does not enter or cross it								

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence o	
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
and does not operate from within the river; b. No damage occurs to the river bed or banks and that the abstraction of water does not entail stream diversion activities; and c. All reasonable measures to limit pollution or sedimentation of the downstream watercourse are implemented.							
 Ensure water conservation is being practiced by: a. Minimising water use during cleaning of equipment; b. Undertaking regular audits of water systems; and c. Including a discussion on water usage and conservation during environmental awareness training. d. The use of grey water is encouraged. 	Contractor / cEO dEO	Ensure that the specified water conservation practices are being undertaken on site.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Verification or site; Proof o audits of water systems and/o water usage; Proof o environmental awareness materials	

5.7 Storm and waste water management

Impact management outcome: Impacts to	the environm	ent caused by storm water and	d wastewater discharg	es during cons	truction are av	oided.
Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
- Runoff from the cement/ concrete batching areas must be strictly controlled, and contaminated water must be collected, stored and either treated or disposed of off-site, at a location approved by the project manager;	Contractor	Implement strict control mechanisms for runoff of contaminated water and an appropriate system to dispose of contaminated water (as per an approved Method Statement).	Construction phase	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	No evidence of contaminated water mismanageme nt. Hazardous waste removal slips, where required. Photographic evidence
 All spillage of oil onto concrete surfaces must be controlled by the use of an approved absorbent material and the used absorbent material disposed of at an appropriate waste disposal facility; 	Contractor and cEO	Appropriate absorbent material must be used to soak up oil spills on concrete surfaces and the material must be disposed of appropriately (at a licensed waste disposal facility).	Construction phase	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Absorbent material available on site. No evidence of oil spills that have not been managed appropriately Proof of disposal at licensed waste disposal site

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
						(e.g. disposa
						slips)
 Natural storm water runoff not 	DPM &	The DPM and ECO must	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly (or	Proof o
contaminated during the	Contractor	determine whether clean			as required)	discussions
development and clean water	in	water can be discharged				between the
can be discharged directly to	consultation	directly into watercourses.				DPM & ECO.
watercourses and water bodies,	with ECO					
subject to the Project Manager's						
approval and support by the ECO;						
 Water that has been contaminated 	DPM, in	The DPM and ECO must	Construction phase	ECO	As required	Proof of
with suspended solids, such as soils	consultation	determine whether settled				discussions
and silt, may be released into	with ECO	water can be released into				between the
watercourses or water bodies only		the waterbody. If so, water				DPM & ECO
once all suspended solids have		must be freed of all				and
been removed from the water by		sedimentation through a				photographic
settling out these solids in settlement		settlement pond, before				evidence of
ponds. The release of settled water		release into the				the settlement
back into the environment must be		watercourse.				ponds.
subject to the Project Manager's						•
approval and support by the ECO.						

5.8 Solid and hazardous waste management

Impact management outcome: Wastes are appropriately stored, handled and safely disposed of at a recognised waste facility.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
All measures regarding waste management must be undertaken using an integrated waste management approach;	Contractor	Waste management must be undertaken with an integrated waste management approach (as per an approved Method Statement).	Construction phase	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Implementatio n of waste management plan and disposal receipts of responsible disposable.
 Sufficient, covered waste collection bins (scavenger and weatherproof) must be provided; 	Contractor	Covered waste collection bins (scavenger and weatherproof) must be provided on site.	Construction phase	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Covered waste collection bins (scavenger and weatherproof) evident on site.
 A suitably positioned and clearly demarcated waste collection site must be identified and provided; 	DPM & Contractor	A site suitable for a waste collection site e.g. away from environmental sensitivities must be identified and clearly demarcated. Signage must also be installed at the identified site.	Construction phase	ECO	Once-off (prior to the commence ment of construction)	A well-positioned waste collection point clearly demarcated. Photographic evidence.
The waste collection site must be maintained in a clean and orderly manner;	Contractor	Waste collection site must be maintained and kept clean and orderly.	Construction phase	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	A tidy, orderly waste collection site. No evidence of litter or waste on site.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Marks and be a second of the	person	From the control of t		person	0	·
- Waste must be segregated into		Each waste type must be	Construction phase	cEO	Ongoing	Separate
separate bins and clearly marked	cEO	disposed of separately. To		ECO	Monthly	waste bins on
for each waste type for recycling		assist with this, bins must be				site and no
and safe disposal;		clearly labelled (including				evidence of
		images) to assist with this.				mixing waste
						types in bins.
– Staff must be trained in waste	cEO / dEO	Waste segregation must be	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly and	Documentary
segregation;		included in the	Construction		as required.	evidence that
		environmental awareness				training
		training.				materials
						include waste
						segregation.
 Bins must be emptied regularly; 	Contractor	Waste bins must be emptied	Construction	cEO	Ongoing	Bins must not
	cEO	on a regular basis, and not		ECO	Monthly	be overflowing
		be allowed to overflow.				with waste.
- General waste produced onsite	Contractor	General waste must be	Construction	cEO	Ongoing	Disposal
must be disposed of at registered	cEO	disposed of at a registered		ECO	Monthly	receipts from
waste disposal sites/ recycling		waste disposal site /				registered
company;		recycling company.				waste disposal
						sites must be
						kept on record.
 Hazardous waste must be disposed 	Contractor	Hazardous waste must be	Construction	cEO	Ongoing	Disposal
of at a registered waste disposal site;	cEO	disposed of at a registered		ECO	Monthly	receipts from
		waste disposal site.				registered
						waste disposal
						sites must be
						obtained and
						kept on record.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
- Certificates of safe disposal for	Contractor	Certificates / receipts of safe	Construction	cEO	Ongoing	Certificates /
general, hazardous and recycled	cEO	disposal of general,		ECO	Monthly	receipts of safe
waste must be maintained.		hazardous and recycled				disposal of
		waste must obtained and				various wastes.
		kept on record.				

5.9 Protection of watercourses and estuaries

Impact management outcome: Pollution and contamination of the watercourse environment and or estuary erosion are prevented.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
 All watercourses must be protected 	Contractor	No construction activities	Construction phase	cEO	Ongoing	No spillage of	
from direct or indirect spills of	cEO	(and therefore no risk of		ECO	Monthly	pollutants into	
pollutants such as solid waste,		direct and indirect spills of				watercourses	
sewage, cement, oils, fuels,		pollutants) are to be				reported on	
chemicals, aggregate tailings,		undertaken close to water				site, and no	
wash and contaminated water or		bodies. The freshwater				evidence of	
organic material resulting from the		specialist's buffers around				any spills.	
Contractor's activities;		the freshwater features must					
		be adhered to.					
 In the event of a spill, prompt action 	Contractor	If a spill occurs, the polluted	Construction phase	cEO	Ongoing	Information	
must be taken to clear the polluted	cEO	or affected area must be		ECO	Monthly	and feedback	
or affected areas;		cleared up immediately.				with respect to	
						how the spill	
						was cleaned	

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						up must be documented and kept on file. Photographic evidence.
Where possible, no development equipment must traverse any seasonal or permanent wetland	Contractor cEO	No equipment may be permitted to traverse any seasonal or permanent wetlands.	Construction phase	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	No evidence of equipment traversing any seasonal or permanent wetland on site.
 No return flow into the estuaries must be allowed and no disturbance of the Estuarine Functional Zone should occur; 		Not applicable	– no estuaries occur in	ı the project ar	ea.	
 Development of permanent watercourse or estuary crossing must only be undertaken where no alternative access to tower position is available; 	Contractor and cEO	Only authorized access roads must be used and/or developed.	Construction phase	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Only authorized access road routes used and/or developed.
 Existing crossing points must be favored over the creation of new crossings (including temporary access) 	Contractor / cEO	Existing crossing points over watercourses must be used as far as possible.	Construction phase	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	No evidence of unnecessary new tracks, when an

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
						existing track is nearby.
There must not be any impact on the	DPM	The powerline must not have	Construction phase	cEO	Ongoing	No impact
long term morphological dynamics	Contractor	any impacts which change		ECO	Monthly	incidents on
of watercourses or estuaries;	cEO	the long-term				the
		morphological dynamics of				watercourses
		watercourses or estuaries.				reported.
– When working in or near any	Contractor	When working in or near any	Construction phase	cEO	Ongoing	No evidence of
watercourse or estuary, the	cEO	watercourse or estuary, the		ECO	Monthly	degradation to
following environmental controls		specified environmental				the waterbody
and consideration must be taken:		controls and considerations				and no
a) Water levels during the period of		must be accommodated.				incidents of
construction;						damage to the
No altering of the bed, banks,						waterbodies.
course or characteristics of a						
watercourse						
b) During the execution of the						
works, appropriate measures to						
prevent pollution and						
contamination of the riparian						
environment must be implemented						
e.g. including ensuring that						
construction equipment is well						
maintained;						
c) Where earthwork is being						
undertaken in close proximity to any						
watercourse, slopes must be						
stabilised using suitable materials,						

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
i.e. sandbags or geotextile fabric, to						
prevent sand and rock from						
entering the channel; and						
d) Appropriate rehabilitation and						
re-vegetation measures for the						
watercourse banks must be						
implemented timeously. In this						
regard, the banks should be						
appropriately and incrementally						
stabilised as soon as development						
allows.						

5.10 Vegetation clearing

Impact management outcome: Vegetation clearing is restricted to the authorised development footprint of the proposed infrastructure.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	mplementation				Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of impl	ementation	Timeframe fo	r Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of	
	person			implementation	person		compliance)	
General:	Contractor	Areas of	indigenous	Pre-construction	cEO	Ongoing	Areas	of	
	and cEO	vegetation to	be avoided	Construction	ECO	Monthly	indigenous		
 Indigenous vegetation which does not interfere with the development 		must be demar		Operation			vegetation demarcated		
must be left undisturbed;		Cledialice is off	ideliakeli.				demarcaled	A	

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
						and
Ducks steel on an demonstrated are seize	Cambranatan	Augus a contribuir a contrata de	Due construction	-50	0	undisturbed.
- Protected or endangered species		Areas containing protected	Pre-construction	cEO	Ongoing	A No protected
may occur on or near the	cEO	or endangered species to	Construction	ECO	Monthly	or endangered
development site. Special care should be taken not to damage		be demarcated, to be avoided by construction				species have
such species;		activities, prior to vegetation				been damaged
socit species,		clearance				and/or
		Ciculatice				removed,
						unless
						absolutely
						necessary
						(and only if the
						necessary
						permits have
						been
						obtained).
 Search, rescue and replanting of all 	DPM and	Search and rescue must be	Pre- construction	ECO	Monthly	Implementatio
protected and endangered species	contractor	undertaken by a suitably				n of Plant
likely to be damaged during project	in	qualified relevant specialist,				Search and
development must be identified by	consultation	and replanting of the				Rescue Plan/
the relevant specialist and	with the	removed species must take				Method
completed prior to any	relevant	place. A Plant Search and				Statement.
development or clearing;	specialist.	Rescue Plan/ Method				Photographic
		Statement must be compiled				evidence
		to detail this process.				and/or notes of
						the search and
						rescue must be

Impact Management Actions	Implementat	ion		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						taken and kept on record.
 Permits for removal must be obtained from the Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries prior to the cutting or clearing of the affected species, and they must be filed; 	DPM dEO	If required, the relevant permits must be applied for and obtained from the relevant authority and kept on file.	Pre-construction (Prior to Search and Rescue).	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Permits must be kept on filed.
- The Environmental Audit Report must confirm that all identified species have been rescued and replanted and that the location of replanting is compliant with conditions of approvals;	ECO	Include details pertaining to the rescue and replanting of identified species in the Environmental Audit Report.	During the construction phase and at the completion of the construction phase.	ECO	As required.	The Environmental Audit Report contains details pertaining to the rescue and replanting of identified species.
 Trees felled due to construction must be documented and form part of the Environmental Audit Report; 	ECO	The Audit Report must contain details of trees felled.	Construction Phase	ECO	As required.	The Audit Report must contain details of trees felled.
 Rivers and watercourses must be kept clear of felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris; 	Contractor cEO	Felled trees,, vegetation cuttings and debris must be disposed of appropriately and must not be placed	Construction Phase	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Rivers and watercourses must not have felled trees, vegetation

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
		within watercourses and rivers.				cuttings or debris.
 Only a registered pest control operator may apply herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial application must be carried out under the supervision of a registered pest control operator, supervision of a registered pest control operator or is appropriately trained; 	DPM, dEO Contractor Maintenanc e Staff	Only a qualified pest control operator must be appointed.	Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO dEO	Monthly/ as when use of herbicides is required	Proof of details of appointed registered pest control operator to be kept on file for audit purposes.
A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage;	Contractor cEO	A daily register of all herbicide usage must be kept on site.	Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO	Monthly	The register must be available for viewing on site.
 No herbicides must be used in estuaries; 		Not applicable –	there are no estuaries	in the project o	area.	
 All protected species and sensitive vegetation not removed must be clearly marked and such areas fenced off in accordance to Section 5.3: Access restricted areas. Alien invasive vegetation must be removed and disposed of at a licensed waste management facility. 	Contractor	Protected species and sensitive vegetation must be clearly demarcated in accordance with Section 5.3.	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Protected species and sensitive vegetation clearly demarcated in accordance with Section 5.3 Photographic evidence

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
Servitude:	DPM,	Identify vegetation that	Construction	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of	
 Vegetation that does not grow high 	Contractor,	needs to be trimmed.	Operation	Operations		unnecessary	
enough to cause interference with	cEO			&		cutting or	
overhead transmission and	Operations			Maintenanc		trimming of	
distribution infrastructures, or cause	&			e Team		vegetation.	
a fire hazard to any plantation, must	Maintenanc					Photographic	
not be cut or trimmed unless it is	e team					evidence	
growing in the road access area,							
and then only at the discretion of the							
Project Manager;							
- Where clearing for access purposes is essential, the maximum width to be cleared within the servitude must be in accordance to distance as agreed between the land owner and the EA holder	DPM Contractor, Operations & Maintenanc e Team	Width to be cleared must be in accordance with an agreement between the landowner and EA holder.	Construction Operation	ECO	As required.	Proof of agreement of width to be cleared must be kept on file. Proof must be provided that only agreed upon areas have been cleared.	
 Alien invasive vegetation must be removed according to a plan (in line 	Contractor cEO	Alien invasive vegetation must be removed in	Construction Operation	ECO Operations	Monthly and as required.	Proof of removal of	
with relevant municipal and	CLO	accordance with an Alien	Operation	&	as required.	invasive alien	
provincial procedures, guidelines		Invasive Management Plan.		Maintenanc		vegetation as	
and recommendations) and		The vegetation must be		e Team		per alien	
and recommendations) and		ine regelation intost be		e redin		per dileti	

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
disposed of at a recognised waste		disposed of at a recognized				management
disposal facility;		waste disposal facility.				plan.
						Receipts of
						disposal from a registered
						waste disposal
						facility must be
						obtained and
						kept on record.
 Vegetation must be trimmed where 	Contractor	Where vegetation is likely to	Construction	ECO	Monthly,	Photographic/
it is likely to intrude on the minimum	Operations	intrude on the MVCD before	Operation	Operations	and/or as	documentary
vegetation clearance distance	&	the next scheduled		&	required.	evidence
(MVCD) or will intrude on this	1	clearance, the vegetation		Maintenanc		
distance before the next scheduled	e Team	must be trimmed.		e Team		
clearance. MVCD is determined from SANS 10280;						
Debris resulting from clearing and	Contractor	Consult with the landowner	Construction	ECO	As required.	Proof (receipts)
pruning must be disposed of at a	cEO	whether they would like to	Operation	Operations		must be
recognised waste disposal facility,	Operations	retain the cut vegetation. If		&		obtained that
unless the landowners wish to retain	&	not, it must be disposed of at		Maintenanc		the debris was
the cut vegetation;	Maintenanc	a recognised waste disposal		e Team		disposed of at
	e Team	facility.				a recognized
						waste disposal
						facility or was
						kept by the
						landowner.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
In the case of the development of new	Contractor	Develop a procedure for the	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior	Proof of the
overhead transmission and distribution	cEO	clearing of vegetation and	Construction		to the	procedure
infrastructures, a one metre "trace-line"	Operations	the stringing process which			commence	used for
must be cut through the vegetation for	&	limits the impact to the			ment of	clearing
stringing purposes only and no vehicle	Maintenanc	environment.			construction	vegetation and
access must be cleared along the "trace-	e Team				•	stringing must
line". Alternative methods of stringing						be obtained.
which limit impact to the environment						
must always be considered.						

5.11 Protection of fauna

Impact management outcome: Disturbance to fauna is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
 No interference with livestock must 	dEO/cEO	Avoid interfering with or	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Written consent
occur without the landowner's	Contractor	disturbing livestock, where	Phase0			by the
written consent and with the		possible.				landowner or a
landowner or a person		The landowner, or				representative
representing the landowner being		representative of the				of the
present;		landowner must give written				landowner.
		consent to interfere with				
		livestock, if such				
		interference is unavoidable.				

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
- The breeding sites of raptors and	DPM	Breeding sites identified by	Pre-construction	ECO	Once-off,	The develop-
other wild birds species must be	dEO/cEO	the avifaunal specialist must			(at	ment
taken into consideration during the	Contractor	be taken into consideration			commence	programme
planning of the development		when compiling the			ment of	takes
programme;		development programme.			construction	cognizance of
).	bird breeding
						sites.
 Breeding sites must be kept intact 	dEO/cEO	Breeding sites must be	Construction	cEO	Ongoing	Photographic
and disturbance to breeding birds	Contractor	clearly indicated on a map	Operation	ECO	Monthly	evidence of
must be avoided. Special care must	Operations	of the site and all staff must		Operations	Monthly	intact breeding
be taken where nestlings or	&	be made aware of these		&	during	sites.
fledglings are present;	Maintenanc	areas.		Maintenanc	operation	
	e Team			e Team		
– Special recommendations of the	dEO/cEO	The Basic Assessment Report	Pre-construction	cEO	Ongoing	Photographic/
avian specialist must be adhered to	Contractor	and any other relevant	Construction	ECO	Monthly	documentary
at all times to prevent unnecessary	Operations	information must be	Operation	Operations		evidence of
disturbance of birds;	&	reviewed for any		&		complying with
	Maintenanc	recommendations from the		Maintenanc		the specialist's
	e Team	avian specialist to limit		e Team		recommendati
		unnecessary disturbance of				ons must be
		birds.				provided.
- No poaching must be tolerated	Contractor	Any animal dens that could	Construction phase	cEO	Ongoing	No incidence
under any circumstances. All animal	dEO / cEO	be impacted by the	Operation	ECO	Monthly	of poaching
dens in close proximity to the works		development must be		Operations		evident or
areas must be marked as Access		marked as "No-Go" areas.		&		reported.
restricted areas;		Poaching must not be		Maintenanc		
		tolerated at a;		e Team		

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
No deliberate or intentional killing of fauna is allowed;	dEO/cEO Contractor	This must be included in the environmental awareness training and it must be ensured that all staff fully understand this.	Construction Operation	ECO	Monthly	No incidents of deliberate or intentional killing of fauna evident and/or reported.
 In areas where snakes are abundant, snake deterrents to be deployed on the pylons to prevent snakes climbing up, being electrocuted and causing power outages; and 	dEO / cEO Contractor	Where necessary, snake deterrents must be applied to the pylons of the powerline to prevent snakes moving up the pylons.	Pre-construction/ design Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic/ documentary evidence of snake deterrents on pylons.
No Threatened or Protected species (ToPs) and/or protected fauna as listed according NEMBA (Act No. 10 of 2004) and relevant provincial ordinances may be removed and/or relocated without appropriate authorisations/permits.	DPM & dEO	Permits must be obtained from relevant authorities for the removal and/or relocation of any Threatened or Protected species and/or protected fauna as listed according to NEMBA (Act No. 10 of 2004) and relevant provincial ordinances.	Pre-construction and construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Permits from the relevant authority/ie readily available, on file.

5.12 Protection of heritage resources

Impact management outcome: Impact to heritage resources is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
 Identify, demarcate and prevent impact to all known sensitive heritage features on site in accordance with the No-Go procedure in Section 5.3: Access restricted areas; 	DPM dEO/ cEO Contractor	Identify, demarcate and prevent impact to known sensitive heritage features in accordance with Section 5.3.	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Avoidance of sensitive heritage features and photographic evidence of such.
Carry out general monitoring of excavations for potential fossils, artefacts and material of heritage importance;	cEO/ dEO/ Contractor	Construction staff to be educated (as part of the environmental awareness training) of the potential for archaeological and palaeontological finds in excavations, and what to do in the evident of heritage resources being encountered/uncovered.	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Documentary/ photographic evidence.
 All work must cease immediately, if any human remains and/or other archaeological, palaeontological and historical material are uncovered. Such material, if exposed, must be reported to the nearest museum, archaeologist/palaeontologist (or the South African Police Services), so that a systematic and professional investigation can be undertaken. 	cEO / dEO Contractor	All works must stop immediately if any human remains and/or other archaeological, palaeontological and historical material are uncovered.	Construction Phase	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Proof of work ceasing and appropriate procedure being followed.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring				
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
Sufficient time must be allowed to							
remove/collect such material							
before development							
recommences.							

5.13 Safety of the public

Impact management outcome: All precautions are taken to minimise the risk of injury, harm or complaints.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
 Identify fire hazards, demarcate and 	Contractor	Assess the site for any	Construction	ECO	Monthly,	Dangerous
restrict public access to these areas		potential dangers to the			and as	areas clearly
as well as notify the local authority of		public. Demarcate and			required.	demarcated,
any potential threats e.g. large		restrict access to these areas				with restricted
brush stockpiles, fuels etc.;		and where necessary,				access.
		contact the local authority.				
 All unattended open excavations 	Contractor	Fence or demarcate open,	Construction Phase	cEO	Ongoing	Photographic
must be adequately fenced or		unattended excavations.		ECO	Monthly	evidence
demarcated;						
 Adequate protective measures 	Contractor	The areas with partly	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	On site
must be implemented to prevent		constructed towers and / or				verification
unauthorised access to and		scaffolding must have				Photographic
climbing of partly constructed		restricted access.				evidence.
towers and protective scaffolding;						

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
 Ensure structures vulnerable to high 	Contractor	Structures vulnerable to high	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	No incidence
winds are secured;		winds must be secured				of unstable
		appropriately.				structures due
						to high winds
						evident or
						reported.
– Maintain an incidents and	Contractor	Compile and maintain a	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	The incidents
complaints register in which all	DPM	public incidents and				and
incidents or complaints involving the		complaints register, and				complaints
public are logged.		update, as required.				register must
						be up to date,
						and available
						on site.

5.14 Sanitation

Impact management outcome: Clean and well maintained toilet facilities are available to all staff in an effort to minimise the risk of disease and impact to the environment.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
 Mobile chemical toilets are installed 	Contractor	If no ablution facilities are	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
onsite if no other ablution facilities		available on site, mobile				evidence
are available;		chemical toilets must be				

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
		utilized and placed outside				Record of
		of environmentally sensitive				chemical toilet
		areas.				service
						provider.
The use of ablution facilities and or	Contractor /	This must be included in the	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Content of
mobile toilets must be used at all	cEO	environmental awareness				environmental
times and no indiscriminate use of		training.				awareness
the veld for the purposes of ablutions						training
must be permitted under any						materials. No
circumstances;						evidence of
						non-
						compliance.
- Where mobile chemical toilets are	Contractor /	All specified requirements,	Construction Phase	cEO	Ongoing	Inspections of
required, the following must be	cEO	as per the Impact		ECO	Monthly	the toilets must
ensured:		Management Actions, must				be made to
a) Toilets are located no closer than		be met.				ensure all
100 m to any watercourse or water						requirements
body;						are being met.
b) Toilets are secured to the						
ground to prevent them from						
toppling due to wind or any other						
cause;						
c) No spillage occurs when the						
toilets are cleaned or emptied and						
the contents are managed in						
accordance with the EMPr;						
d) Toilets have an external closing						
mechanism and are closed and						

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
secured from the outside when not in use to prevent toilet paper from being blown out; e) Toilets are emptied before long weekends and workers holidays, and must be locked after working hours; f) Toilets are serviced regularly and the ECO must inspect toilets to ensure compliance to health standards;						
A copy of the waste disposal certificates must be maintained.	Contractor	Obtain a certificate / receipt from the waste disposal service provide when waste has been collected and disposed of.	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Copies of waste certificates / receipts must be kept on file at site.

5.15 Prevention of disease

Impact Management outcome: All necessary precautions linked to the spread of disease are taken.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Undertake environmentally-friendly pest control in the camp area;	Contractor	If necessary, pest control must be undertaken in an environmentally-friendly manner.	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of pest control methods to be documented and kept on site by Contactor. Photographic evidence.
Ensure that the workforce is sensitised to the effects of sexually transmitted diseases, especially HIV AIDS;	Contractor	This must be included in the environmental awareness training/ Contractors "Tool Box" talks.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Environmental Awareness training materials/ evidence of content of Tool Box talk
 The Contractor must ensure that information posters on AIDS are displayed in the Contractor Camp area; 	Contractor	Placement of information posters on AIDS must be displayed in the Contractor Camp area.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic evidence
 Information and education relating to sexually transmitted diseases to be made available to both construction workers and local community, where applicable; 	Contractor	The relevant information must be included in the environmental awareness training/ Contractors "Tool Box" talks, and must be made available at the site camp	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Information and education relating to sexually transmitted diseases must be contained within the

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
						training material.	
Free condoms must be made available to all staff on site at central points;	Contractor	Free condoms must be made available to all staff at appropriate places on the site, e.g. toilets, site camp.	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Free condoms must be available at suitable locations on the site, e.g. toilets, or site camp.	
Medical support must be made available;	Contractor	Personnel trained in First Aid must always be on site and First Aid Kits must be located in strategic areas.	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	First Aid personnel must always be present on an active site. Upto-date, full, First Aid kits must be available at various locations on site.	
 Provide access to Voluntary HIV Testing and Counselling Services. 	Contractor	HIV testing scheduling must be made available to all staff. Counselling must also be made available as an option.	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Check there is an HIV testing schedule on site and that counselling is made	

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
						available by
						the contractor.

5.16 Emergency procedures

Impact management outcome: Emergency procedures are in place to enable a rapid and effective response to all types of environmental emergencies.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Compile an Emergency Response Action Plan (ERAP) prior to the commencement of the proposed project; 	Contractor	Compile an Emergency Response Action Plan (ERAP)	Pre-construction	ECO	Once-off, at the commence ment of construction	ERAP compiled and available on site.	
The Emergency Plan must deal with accidents, potential spillages and fires in line with relevant legislation;	Contractor	Emergency Plan must contain the relevant detail.	Pre-construction	ECO	Once-off, at the commence ment of construction	ERAP must contain the specified details.	
All staff must be made aware of emergency procedures as part of environmental awareness training;	Contractor	The ERAP must be covered in the environmental awareness training.	Construction phase	ECO	Once-off, at the commence ment of construction	The ERAP must be covered in the environmental awareness training.	

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
The relevant local authority must be made aware of a fire as soon as it starts;	Contractor	The procedure to be followed in the event of a fire must be detailed within the ERAP, which must include making the relevant authority aware of the fire as soon as it has started.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of the local authority being informed according to the ERAP.	
 In the event of emergency necessary mitigation measures to contain the spill or leak must be implemented (see Hazardous Substances section 5.17). 	Contractor	During an emergency, mitigation measures must be implemented as per Section 5.17.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	The mitigation measures as per Section 5.17 have been adhered to.	

5.17 Hazardous substances

Impact management outcome: Safe storage, handling, use and disposal of hazardous substances.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
- The use and storage of hazardous	Contractor	Use and storage of	Construction	cEO	Ongoing	There must be
substances to be minimised and		hazardous materials must		ECO	Monthly	a record of
non-hazardous and non-toxic		not be used unless				hazardous
		absolutely necessary.				

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
alternatives substituted where possible;						substances used.
 All hazardous substances must be stored in suitable containers as defined in the Method Statement; 	Contractor	Develop a method statement for the storage of hazardous substances.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Storage must be carried out as per the Method Statement.
 Containers must be clearly marked to indicate contents, quantities and safety requirements; 	Contractor	Containers with hazardous materials must be clearly marked.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Photographic evidence
 All storage areas must be bunded. The bunded area must be of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers; 	Contractor	All storage areas must be bunded and with a sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the container.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Photographic evidence
Bunded areas to be suitably lined with a SABS approved liner;	Contractor	Bunded areas must be suitably lined with SABS approved liner.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographs of bunded storage areas.
 An Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance (HCS) control sheet must be drawn up and kept up to date on a continuous basis; 	Contractor	Compile and maintain an alphabetically-listed Hazardous Chemical Substance control sheet.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	The HCS must be available on site.
 All hazardous chemicals that will be used on site must have Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS); 	Contractor	Each hazardous chemical that will be used on site must have a Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	There must be a Material Safety Data Sheet for each hazardous

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						chemical on site.
 All employees working with HCS must be trained in the safe use of the substance and according to the safety data sheet; 	Contractor	Provide training to employees working with HCS. Employees must sign a training register.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	A training register must be available on site.
 Employees handling hazardous substances / materials must be aware of the potential impacts and follow appropriate safety measures. Appropriate personal protective equipment must be made available; 	Contractor	Environmental training must be provided to these employees and the employees must be provided with personal protective equipment.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	The training register must be available on site and contain a list of all those who received the training.
The Contractor must ensure that diesel and other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid is stored in appropriate storage tanks or in bowsers;	Contractor	Any dangerous fuel must be stored appropriately in storage tanks or in a bowser.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Storage tanks for this purpose must be present on site and all fuel in site to be stored in these tanks. Photographic evidence
The tanks/ bowsers must be situated on a smooth impermeable surface (concrete) with a permanent bund. The impermeable lining must extend	Contractor	Construct/install the appropriate bund design for tanks / bowsers on site.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Bunds must be as described (correct capacity and

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
to the crest of the bund and the volume inside the bund must be 130% of the total capacity of all the storage tanks/ bowsers (110% statutory requirement plus an allowance for rainfall);						lined appropriately. Photographic evidence.	
The floor of the bund must be sloped, draining to an oil separator;	Contractor	Ensure the bund floor is sloped, towards an oil separator.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Bund floor must be sloped to an oil separator. Photographic evidence.	
 Provision must be made for refueling at the storage area by protecting the soil with an impermeable groundcover. Where dispensing equipment is used, a drip tray must be used to ensure small spills are contained; 	Contractor	An impermeable groundcover must be used where the storage area is refueled, and dispensing equipment must contain a drip tray in the appropriate position to catch potential spills/ drips.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Photographic evidence. No evidence of spills.	
All empty externally dirty drums must be stored on a drip tray or within a bunded area;	Contractor	Empty, externally dirty drums/ containers must be stored within a bund or on a drip tray.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Externally dirty drums /containers stored within a bund or on a drip tray. Photographic evidence	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						No evidence of non-compliance
No unauthorised access into the hazardous substances storage areas must be permitted;	Contractor	Develop a procedure/ Method Statement, detailing how access into the hazardous substances storage area will be controlled. Access to the area with hazardous substances must be restricted and carefully monitored.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Documentary evidence of a procedure/ method statement for controlling access to hazardous substances storage area.
No smoking must be allowed within the vicinity of the hazardous storage areas;	Contractor	Smoking must not be permitted within the vicinity of the hazardous storage areas. Signs must be erected near the area to remind staff of this. This must also be included in the environmental awareness training.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Photographic evidence. This content must also be evident within the awareness training material.
 Adequate fire-fighting equipment must be made available at all hazardous storage areas; 	Contractor	Adequate fire fighting equipment must be available at all hazardous storage areas.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Photographic evidence
 Where refueling away from the dedicated refueling station is 	Contractor	Appropriate ground protection must be	Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	There must be no evidence of

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring			
1	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
required, a mobile refueling unit		positioned in such a way to				non-	
must be used. Appropriate ground		avoid any spills onto the				compliance	
protection such as drip trays must be		bare ground.				i.e. spills on the	
used;						bare ground.	
						Photographic	
						evidence	
 An appropriately sized spill kit kept 		A spill kit must be kept on site	Construction	cEO	Ongoing	An	
onsite relevant to the scale of the	cEO	and must be of the size		ECO	Monthly	appropriately	
activity/s involving the use of		relevant to the activities				sized spill kit	
hazardous substance must be		involving the use of				must be on site.	
available at all times;		hazardous substances.				Photographic	
						evidence	
The responsible operator must have	Contractor	Training to use the spill kits	Construction	cEO	Ongoing	Proof the	
the required training to make use of	cEO	must be provided to the		ECO	Monthly	responsible 	
the spill kit in emergency situations;		responsible operator.				operators have	
						received the	
						necessary	
An experiente propier et seill lite	Cambrastan	Smill like moved by mysilable	Camalmualian	cEO	Ongoing	training	
 An appropriate number of spill kits must be available and must be 	Contractor cEO	Spill kits must be available and positioned in all areas	Construction	ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Appropriate numbers of spill	
located in all areas where activities	CEO			ECO	Monning	kits present on	
		were activities with hazardous materials are				site.	
are being undertaken;		being undertaken.				Photographic	
		being underlaken.				evidence.	
 In the event of a spill, contaminated 	Contractor	Contaminated soil must be	Construction	cEO	Ongoing	Photographic	
soil must be collected in containers	Commución	collected in containers and	Constituction	ECO	Monthly	evidence	
and stored in a central location and		stored in a suitable location			Monning	Receipts from	
		sicied iii d sollable localion		I		veceibis IOIII	

Impact Management Actions	Implementat	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
National Environmento	I	per the procedures				waste disposal	
Management: Waste Act 59 of 2008		described in Section 5.7 or				service	
Refer to Section 5.7 for procedure	5	Section 5.8.				provider.	
concerning storm and waste wate	r						
management and 5.8 for solid and	1						
hazardous waste management.							

5.18 Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage

Impact management outcome: Soil, surface water and groundwater contamination is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person		implementation	person		compliance		
- Where possible and practical all	Contractor	All maintenance of vehicles	Construction	cEO	Ongoing	Verification on		
maintenance of vehicles and		and equipment must take		ECO	Monthly	site.		
equipment must take place in the		place in the workshop area,				No evidence of		
workshop area;		as far as possible.				non-		
						compliance		
 During servicing of vehicles or 	Contractor	A drip tray must be placed	Construction	cEO	Ongoing	Evidence of the		
equipment, especially where		in a position to prevent		ECO	Monthly	appropriate		
emergency repairs are effected		contamination of the ground				procedure		
outside the workshop area, a		when repairs or				followed.		
suitable drip tray must be used to		maintenance has to take						
prevent spills onto the soil.		place outside of the						
		workshop.						

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Leaking equipment must be repaired immediately or be removed from site to facilitate repair;	Contractor	Leaking equipment must be removed from site, or repaired immediately.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Evidence of leaking equipment repaired or removed from site.
Workshop areas must be monitored for oil and fuel spills;	Contractor	Workshop inspections must be undertaken, for oil or fuel spills.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Photographic evidence.
 Appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the scale of the activity taking place must be available; 	Contractor cEO	A spill kit must be kept on site and must be of the size relevant to the activities involving the use of fuel and oil.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	An appropriately sized spill kit on site. Photographic evidence
- The workshop area must have a bunded concrete slab that is sloped to facilitate runoff into a collection sump or suitable oil / water separator where maintenance work on vehicles and equipment can be performed;	Contractor	Ensure there is a sloped bunded concrete slab to accommodate run-off from maintenance of vehicles in the workshop.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Photographic evidence
Water drainage from the workshop must be contained and managed in accordance Section 5.7: storm and waste water management.	Contractor	Ensure that water draining from the workshop is contained and managed in accordance with Section 5.7.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Water drainage from the workshop conducted inline with Section 5.7.

5.19 Batching plants

Impact management outcome: Minimise spillages and contamination of soil, surface water and groundwater.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
Concrete mixing must be carried out on an impermeable surface;	Contractor	Ensure all mixing of concrete is done on an impermeable surface. This must be covered well in the awareness training.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	No evidence of non-compliance. i.e. no concrete on the bare ground.	
 Batching plants areas must be fitted with a containment facility for the collection of cement laden water. 	Contractor	Ensure batching plant areas are fitted with a containment facility to ensure cement laden water is collected.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Photographic evidence	
 Dirty water from the batching plant must be contained to prevent soil and groundwater contamination 	Contractor	Ensure dirty water from the batching plant is contained to avoid contamination of the groundwater.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	No dirty water must be evident outside of the batching plant containment area.	
 Bagged cement must be stored in an appropriate facility and at least 10 m away from any water courses, gullies and drains; 	Contractor	A designated area for bagged cement must be allocated as per the specifications (not close to watercourses).	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Photographic evidence	

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 A washout facility must be provided for washing of concrete associated equipment. Water used for washing must be restricted; 	Contractor	Ensure there is a 'washout' facility. Water used at this facility must be limited.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Washout facility in use and evidence of minimal water use.	
- Hardened concrete from the washout facility or concrete mixer can either be reused or disposed of at an appropriate licenced disposal facility;	Contractor	Hardened concrete from the washout facility must be reused or disposed off via the appropriate disposal stream for hazardous waste.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	No build-up of hardened concrete at the washout facility. Receipts from a licensed disposal facility.	
 Empty cement bags must be secured with adequate binding material if these will be temporarily stored on site; 	Contractor	If empty cement bags are stored on site, they must be securely closed with binding material and stored in an appropriate area.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Photographic evidence.	
 Sand and aggregates containing cement must be kept damp to prevent the generation of dust (Refer to Section 5.20: Dust emissions) 	Contractor	Sand and aggregates containing cement must be prevented from emitting dust by dampening or by another means.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Photographic/ documentary proof.	
Any excess sand, stone and cement must be removed or reused from site on completion of construction	Contractor	All excess sand, stone and cement must be removed from site at the end of the construction period.	Construction phase.	ECO	Once-off, at construction site closure.	No excess sand, stone or cement	

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
period and disposed at a registered disposal facility;						remaining in site. Disposal certificate/receipt from waste disposal facility.
Temporary fencing must be erected around batching plants in accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing and gate installation.	Contractor	Ensure temporary fencing is installed around batching plants in line with Section 5.5.	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic proof

5.20 Dust emissions

Impact management outcome: Dust prevention measures are applied to minimise the generation of dust.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
- Take all reasonable measures to	Contractor	Investigate the best means	Construction	cEO	Ongoing	Evidence of
minimise the generation of dust as a		of suppressing dust		ECO	Monthly	effective dust
result of project development		generation. In consultation				suppression.
activities to the satisfaction of the		with the ECO, implement a				
ECO;		preferred method.				

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Removal of vegetation must be avoided until such time as soil stripping is required and similarly exposed surfaces must be re- vegetated or stabilised as soon as is practically possible; 	Contractor	Planning must be carried out for vegetation removal, as well as re-vegetation and stabilization.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of plan to be provided.
 Excavation, handling and transport of erodible materials must be avoided under high wind conditions or when a visible dust plume is present; 	Contractor	Ensure that working with erodible materials is not undertaken during times of high winds or when a visible dust plume is present.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	No evidence of non-compliance. No complaints submitted in this regard.
 During high wind conditions, the ECO must evaluate the situation and make recommendations as to whether dust-damping measures are adequate, or whether working will cease altogether until the wind speed drops to an acceptable level; 	ECO	ECO to provide suitable recommendations.	Construction	ECO	N/A	N/A
Where possible, soil stockpiles must be located in sheltered areas where they are not exposed to the erosive effects of the wind;	Contractor	Ensure stockpiles are located in sheltered areas or are covered appropriately to prevent being exposed to the wind.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Soil stockpiles not exposed to erosive effects of the wind. Photographic evidence.
Where erosion of stockpiles becomes a problem, erosion control	Contractor ECO	Implement erosion control measures as required by the ECO.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Erosion control measures have been

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
measures must be implemented at the discretion of the ECO;						implemented, as required by the ECO.
Vehicle speeds must not exceed 40 km/h along dust roads or 20 km/h when traversing unconsolidated and non-vegetated areas;	Contractor Operations & Maintenanc e Team	Inform drivers of speed limits and place speed limit signs along roads, if required.	Construction	ECO Operations & Maintenanc e Team	Monthly	No public complaints relating to speeding.
Straw stabilisation must be applied at a rate of one bale/10 m² and harrowed into the top 100 mm of top material, for all completed earthworks;	Contractor	Straw stabilization, as specified must be undertaken.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic evidence.
 For significant areas of excavation or exposed ground, dust suppression measures must be used to minimise the spread of dust. 	Contractor	Implement dust suppression measures for large areas of excavation.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic evidence. No public complaints relating to dust.

5.21 Blasting

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment is minimised through a safe blasting practice.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
 Any blasting activity must be conducted by a suitably licensed blasting contractor; and 	Contractor	A licensed blasting contractor must be appointed for any blasting activities.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	professional registration of the appointed blaster.
 Notification of surrounding landowners, emergency services site personnel of blasting activity 24 hours prior to such activity taking place on Site. 	Contractor	Notify surrounding landowners, emergency services and site personnel of blasting activity 24 hours prior to the blasting activity.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Proof of notification of surrounding landowners, emergency services and site personner of blasting activity.

5.22 Noise

Impact Management outcome: Prevent unnecessary noise to the environment by ensuring that noise from development activity is mitigated.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
The Contractor must keep noise level within acceptable limits, Restrict the use of sound amplification equipment for communication and emergency only;	Contractor	Ensure noise levels are maintained at an acceptable level and limit use of sound amplification.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	No noise complaints on record.
All vehicles and machinery must be fitted with appropriate silencing technology and must be properly maintained;	Contractor	Ensure vehicles and machinery are fitted with appropriate silencing technology and maintained accordingly.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	No noise complaints on record and vehicles and machinery fitted with appropriate silencing technology.
 Any complaints received by the Contractor regarding noise must be recorded and communicated. Where possible or applicable, provide transport to and from the site on a daily basis for construction workers; 	Contractor cEO	Ensure a public complaints register is kept on site. Provide transport to and from site on a daily basis for construction workers.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Public complaints register kept on site. Proof of transport of construction workers.
 Develop a Code of Conduct for the construction phase in terms of behaviour of construction staff. Operating hours as determined by the environmental authorisation are adhered to during the development 	Contractor	Develop a Code of Conduct for construction staff. Appropriate working hours must be determined for the site.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	A copy of the Code of Conduct must be present on site.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
phase. Where not defined, it must be ensured that development						No complaints regarding staff
activities must still meet the impact management outcome related to noise management.						behavior in complaints
Traise management						register.

5.23 Fire prevention

Impact management outcome: Prevention of uncontrollable fires.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
 Designate smoking areas where the fire hazard could be regarded as insignificant; 	Contractor	Identify and demarcate smoking areas. Staff to informed of these areas during the environmental awareness training.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic evidence
Firefighting equipment must be available on all vehicles located on site;	Contractor	Provide all site vehicles with firefighting equipment.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic evidence
The local Fire Protection Agency (FPA) must be informed of construction activities;	Contractor	Inform the local FPA of construction activities	Construction	ECO	Once-off, at the commence	Documentary evidence.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
					ment of		
					construction		
					•		
Contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services must be communicated in environmental awareness training and displayed at a central location on site;	Contractor	Ensure the contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services are contained within the environmental awareness training.	Construction	ECO	Once-off, at commence ment of construction .	Awareness training material must contain contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services.	
Two way swop of contact details between ECO and FPA.	ECO	ECO and FPA to swop contact details.	Construction (at commencement of construction)	N/A	N/A	N/A	

5.24 Stockpiling and stockpile areas

Impact management outcome: Reduce erosion and sedimentation as a result of stockpiling.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
 All material that is excavated during 	Contractor	Identify and demarcate	Pre-construction &	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
the project development phase		areas suitable for storing	Construction			evidence. No
(either during piling (if required) or		excavated materials. Ensure				evidence of
earthworks) must be stored						sensitive areas

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
appropriately on site in order to minimise impacts to watercourses and water bodies;		these areas are used and maintained appropriately.		·		used for storing excavation material.	
 All stockpiled material must be maintained and kept clear of weeds and alien vegetation growth by undertaking regular weeding and control methods; 	Contractor	Monitoring stockpiled material for weeds and alien vegetation growth.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	No weeds or alien vegetation growth within the stockpiled materials.	
Topsoil stockpiles must not exceed 2 m in height;	Contractor	Ensure stockpiles do not exceed 2 m in height.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Stockpiles must not exceed 2 m in height.	
 During periods of strong winds and heavy rain, the stockpiles must be covered with appropriate material (e.g. cloth, tarpaulin etc.); 	Contractor	During strong winds and heavy rain, stockpiles must be covered by an appropriate material.	Construction	cEO ECO	Ongoing Monthly	Photographic evidence	
 Where possible, sandbags (or similar) must be placed at the bases of the stockpiled material in order to prevent erosion of the material. 	Contractor	Ensure sandbags are placed at the base of stockpiles to prevent erosion of the material.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic evidence	

5.25 Civil works

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment minimised during civil works to create the substation terrace.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
 Where terracing is required, topsoil 	Contractor	During terracing, topsoil	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Topsoil from
must be collected and retained for		must be collected and				terracing
the purpose of re-use later to		stored appropriately for use				activities
rehabilitate disturbed areas not		during the rehabilitation				retained and
covered by yard stone;		process.				used for
						rehabilitation
						purposes.
- Areas to be rehabilitated include	Contractor	Identify terrace	Post -construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
terrace embankments and areas		embankments and areas	Rehabilitation			evidence
outside the high voltage yards;		outside high voltage yards to				
		be rehabilitated. Implement				
		rehabilitation accordingly.	D 1 1 11	500		5:11
- Where required, all sloped areas	Contractor	Where slopes have been	Post-construction	ECO	Weekly	Disturbed
must be stabilised to ensure proper		impacted by construction	Rehabilitation			slopes
rehabilitation is effected and erosion is controlled;		activities, they must be rehabilitated to prevent				rehabilitated appropriately.
is connolled,		erosion.				appropriately.
These areas can be stabilised using	Contractor	Affected slopes must be	Post-construction	ECO	Weekly	Sloped areas
design structures or vegetation as	Commución	stabilised according to the	Rehabilitation		Weekly	stabilized
specified in the design to prevent		contract design and	Renabilianon			according to
erosion of embankments. The		implemented effectively.				the contract
contract design specifications must		implement encouvery.				design.
be adhered to and implemented						
strictly;						
Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas	Contractor	Rehabilitation of disturbed	Post-construction	ECO	Weekly	Rehabilitation
must be managed in accordance		areas must be managed in	Rehabilitation		,	undertaken
with Section 5.35: Landscaping and		accordance with Section				according to
rehabilitation;		5.35				Section 5.35.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
All excess spoil generated during terracing activities must be disposed of in an appropriate manner and at a recognised landfill site; and	Contractor	Ensure excess spoil is disposed of at a recognized disposal site.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Receipt of disposal from a registered disposal facility.	
 Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes and must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for rehabilitation purposes. 	Contractor	Where required, spoil must be used for landscaping purposes which must be undertaken according to the specifications.	Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	Use of spoil for landscaping purposes.	

5.26 Excavation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage systems

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of excavation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage systems.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring			
	Responsible	Responsible Method of implementation Timeframe for F			Frequency	Evidence of	
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
 All excess spoil generated during 	Contractor	Ensure excess spoil is	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Receipt of	
foundation excavation must be		disposed of at a recognized				disposal from a	
disposed of in an appropriate		disposal site or is used for				registered	
manner and at a licensed landfill		backfilling purposes.				disposal	
site, if not used for backfilling						facility.	
purposes;							

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
						No evidence of
						non-
						compliance.
- Spoil can however be used for	Contractor	Use of spoil for landscaping	Construction and	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
landscaping purposes and must be		purposes as per the	Rehabilitation			evidence.
covered with a layer of 150 mm		described requirements.				
topsoil for rehabilitation purposes;						
- Management of equipment for	Contractor	Ensure the requirements of	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
excavation purposes must be		Section 5.18 are met when				evidence
undertaken in accordance with		managing equipment for				
Section 5.18: Workshop, equipment		excavation purposed.				
maintenance and storage; and						
– Hazardous substances spills from	Contractor /	Ensure spills of hazardous	Construction	ECO	Monthly,	Photographic
equipment must be managed in	cEO	substances are managed			and as	evidence
accordance with Section 5.17 :		according to Section 5.17.			required.	
Hazardous substances.						

5.27 Installation of foundations, cable trenching and drainage systems

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs during the installation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage system.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
- Batching of cement to be	Contractor	Ensure cement batching is	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
undertaken in accordance with		undertaken in accordance				evidence
Section 5.19: Batching plants; and		with Section 5.19				
- Residual solid waste must be	Contractor	Ensure left-over cement is	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of
disposed of in accordance with		disposed of as per the				residual
Section 5.8: Solid waste and		specifications in Section 5.8.				cement being
hazardous management.						disposed of in
						accordance
						with Section
						5.8.

5.28 Installation of equipment (circuit breakers, current Transformers, Isolators, Insulators, surge arresters, voltage transformers, earth switches)

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of installation of equipment.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
- Management of dust must be	Contractor	Ensure dust management is	Construction	ECO	Weekly	Photographic	
conducted in accordance with		conducted in accordance				evidence.	
Section 5. 20: Dust emissions;		with Section 5.20.					
 Management of equipment used 	Contractor	Ensure management of	Construction	ECO	Weekly	Management	
for installation must be conducted in		equipment used for				of equipment	
accordance with Section 5.18:		installation is conducted in				used for	
						installation	

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
Workshop, equipment maintenance		accordance with Section				conducted in	
and storage;		5.18.				line with the	
						requirement of	
						Section 5.18.	
– Management hazardous	Contractor	Ensure management of	Construction	ECO	Weekly	Photographic	
substances and any associated spills	cEO	hazardous substances (and				evidence	
must be conducted in accordance		associated spills) are					
with Section 5.17: Hazardous		conducted in accordance					
substances; and		with Section 5.17.					
– Residual solid waste must be	Contractor	Ensure solid waste is	Construction	ECO	Weekly	Photographic	
recycled or disposed of in		recycled or disposed of in				evidence	
accordance with Section 5.8: Solid		accordance with Section					
waste and hazardous management.		5.8.					

5.29 Steelwork Assembly and Erection

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of steelwork assembly and erection.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring				
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
- During assembly, care must be	Contractor	Unused or left-over materials	Construction	ECO	Weekly	No unused	or
taken to ensure that no		must not be left on site during				left-over	
wasted/unused materials are left on		steelwork assembly.				materials	left
site e.g. bolts and nuts						on site.	

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
- Emergency repairs due to	Contractor	Ensure that emergency	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
breakages of equipment must be		repairs are managed in				evidence
managed in accordance with		accordance with Section				
Section 5. 18: Workshop, equipment		5.18.				
maintenance and storage and						
Section 5.16: Emergency						
procedures.						

5.30 Cabling and Stringing

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of stringing.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
 Residual solid waste (off cuts etc.) 	Contractor	Ensure that solid waste is	Construction	ECO	Ongoing	Disposal /	
shall be recycled or disposed of in		recycled /disposed of in			Weekly	recycling of	
accordance with Section 6.8: Solid		accordance with Section				solid waste in	
waste and hazardous Management;		6.8.				accordance	
						with Section	
						6.8	
 Management of equipment used 	Contractor	Equipment used for	Construction	ECO	Ongoing	Equipment	
for installation shall be conducted in		installation must be				used for	
accordance with Section 5.18 :		managed in accordance				installation	
		with Section 5.18.				managed	

	Workshop, equipment main	tenance							according to
	and storage;								Section 5.18.
_	Management ho	azardous Contract	Ensure	that	hazardous	Construction	ECO	Ongoing	Hazardous
	substances and any associo	ated spills	substa	inces and	d associated				substances
	shall be conducted in acc	ordance	spills	are	managed				and spills
	with Section 5.17: Ho	azardous	acco	ding to Se	ection 5.17.				managed in
	substances.								accordance
									with Section
									5.17.

5.31 Testing and Commissioning (all equipment testing, earthing system, system integration)

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of Testing and Commissioning.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	Implementation I			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
 Residual solid waste must be recycled or disposed of in accordance with Section 5.8: Solid waste and hazardous management. 	Contractor	Ensure that solid waste is recycled /disposed of in accordance with Section 6.8.	Construction	ECO	Ongoing	Disposal / recycling of solid waste in accordance with Section 6.8	

5.32 Socio-economic

Impact management outcome: enhanced socio-economic development.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Develop and implement communication strategies to facilitate public participation;	Contractor/ dEO / cEO	Identify, develop and implement communication strategies to encourage communication from the public.	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of communication strategies being used for communication with the public.
Develop and implement a collaborative and constructive approach to conflict resolution as part of the external stakeholder engagement process;	Contractor/ dEO / cEO	Develop and implement Grievance Mechanism to allow for a collaborative and constructive approach to conflict resolution during external stakeholder engagement.	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Monthly	A Grievance Mechanism must be in place on site. There must be no complaints of poorly managed conflict.
Sustain continuous communication and liaison with neighboring owners and residents	dEO, cEO / Contractor	Ensure that there is continuous communication and liaison with neighbouring owners and residents.	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Monthly	Proof of communication with neighboring owners and residents.
Create work and training opportunities for local stakeholders; and	DPM/ Contractor and dEO	Ensure work and training opportunities are created for local stakeholders i.e. employ local stakeholders, and provide up-skilling	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Monthly	Record of local stakeholders employed and training sessions provided.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
		opportunities, wherever possible.				
 Where feasible, no workers, with the exception of security personnel, must be permitted to stay overnight on the site. This would reduce the risk to local farmers. 	DPM, Contractor	Ensure that no staff (except security staff) stay over-night on the site.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	No staff staying over-night on site.

5.33 Temporary closure of site

Impact management outcome: Minimise the risk of environmental impact during periods of site closure greater than five days.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
 Bunds must be emptied (where 	Contractor	Ensure that bunds are	Construction	cEO & ECO	At	Photographs of	
applicable) and need to be		emptied according to the			temporary	bunds emptied	
undertaken in accordance with the		impact management			closure of	according to	
impact management actions		actions included in Sections			site	Sections 5.17	
included in sections 5.17 :		5.17 and 5.18.				and 5.18.	
management of hazardous							
substances and 5.18 workshop,							
equipment maintenance and							
storage;							

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Hazardous storage areas must be well ventilated;	Contractor	Areas containing hazardous materials must be well ventilated.	Construction	cEO & ECO	At temporary closure of site	Observation/ Photographic evidence
Fire extinguishers must be serviced and accessible. Service records to be filed and audited at last service;	Contractor / cEO	Ensure that all fire extinguishers have been serviced and are easily accessible. Service records must be filed and audited at the last service.	Construction	cEO & ECO	At temporary closure of site	Easily accessible fire extinguishers and service records available.
Emergency and contact details must be displayed;	Contractor / cEO	Ensure that all emergency contact details are clearly displayed.	Construction	cEO & ECO	At temporary closure of site	Photographs of the clearly displayed contact details.
Security personnel must be briefed and have the facilities to contact or be contacted by relevant management and emergency personnel;	Contractor	Discuss the temporary closure period with the security personnel and ensure they have a means i.e. a phone of contacting and /or be contacted by relevant management or emergency personnel.	Construction	cEO & ECO	At temporary closure of site	Proof of the discussion with the security personnel.
 Night hazards such as reflectors, lighting, traffic signage etc. must have been checked; 	Contractor	Undertake a thorough check of all potential night hazardous.	Construction	cEO & ECO	At temporary closure of site	Proof of checking all potential night hazards.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
- Fire hazards identified and the local authority must have been notified of any potential threats e.g. large brush stockpiles, fuels etc.;	cEO /Contractor	Identify potential fire hazards on site and notify the local authority.	Construction	cEO & ECO	At temporary closure of site	Proof of notifying the local authority of potential fire hazards on site.	
Structures vulnerable to high winds must be secured;	Contractor	Identify and secure any high structures vulnerable to high winds.	Construction	cEO & ECO	At temporary closure of site	Photographs of secured structures.	
Wind and dust mitigation must be implemented;	Contractor	Implement dust and wind mitigation.	Construction	cEO & ECO	At temporary closure of site	Wind and dust mitigation implemented prior to site closure.	
Cement and materials stores must have been secured;	Contractor	Ensure that cement and other material stores are secured.	Construction	cEO & ECO	At temporary closure of site	Cement and materials stored securely before site closure.	
Toilets must have been emptied and secured;	Contractor	Toilets must be emptied and secured.	Construction	cEO & ECO	At temporary closure of site	Empty and secured toilets.	

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
– Refuse bins must have been	Contractor	Empty refuse bins and	Construction	cEO & ECO	At	Empty and
emptied and secured;		secure them.			temporary	secured refuse
					closure of	bins.
					site	
 Drip trays must have been emptied 	Contractor	Empty all drip trays and	Construction	cEO & ECO	At	Empty and
and secured.		secure them.			temporary	secured drip
					closure of	trays.
					site	

5.34 Dismantling of old equipment

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment to be minimised during the dismantling, storage and disposal of old equipment commissioning.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
 All old equipment removed during 	Contractor	Equipment removed during	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic	
the project must be stored in such a		the project stored in a	Construction			evidence	
way as to prevent pollution of the environment;		responsible manner.					
- Oil containing equipment must be	Contractor	Oil containers stored on drip	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic	
stored to prevent leaking or be		trays or another appropriate				evidence	
stored on drip trays;		way.					
- All scrap steel must be stacked	Contractor	Scrap steel stacked neatly.	Construction	ECO	Ongoing	Photographic	
neatly and any disused and broken		Disused and broken				evidence.	

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
insulators must be stored in containers;		insulators stored in containers.				
 Once material has been scrapped and the contract has been placed for removal, the disposal Contractor must ensure that any equipment containing pollution causing substances is dismantled and transported in such a way as to prevent spillage and pollution of the environment; 	Disposal contractor	Equipment containing pollutants dismantled and transported in a manner that prevents spillage and pollution of the environment.	Construction	ECO	When required i.e. when material is being prepped for removal.	Photographic evidence
The Contractor must also be equipped to contain and clean up any pollution causing spills; and	Disposal contractor	A spill kit readily available (within disposal vehicle) for use.	Construction	ECO	When required i.e., before removal of material commence s.	Complete spill kit in the disposal vehicle.
Disposal of unusable material must be at a licensed waste disposal site.	Contractor	Unusable material disposed of at a licensed waste disposal site.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Disposal receipts on site from a licensed waste disposal site.

5.35 Landscaping and rehabilitation

Impact management outcome: Areas disturbed during the development phase are returned to a state that approximates the original condition.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementation	person		compliance
All areas disturbed by construction activities must be subject to landscaping and rehabilitation; All spoil and waste must be disposed to a registered waste site and certificates of disposal provided	Contractor	Ensure that all areas that have been disturbed by construction activities must receive landscaping and rehabilitation. All waste and spoil must be disposed of at registered waste facility and receipts of disposal obtained.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	All areas affected by the construction process have been landscaped and rehabilitated Waste disposal receipts available on file.
 All slopes must be assessed for contouring, and to contour only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983 	Contractor	Assess all slopes on site and identify those that require contouring in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	All slopes assessed and contoured where deemed necessary.
 All slopes must be assessed for terracing, and to terrace only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983; 	Contractor	Assess all slopes on site and identify those that require terracing in accordance with the Conservation of	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	All slopes assessed and terraced where deemed necessary.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983.				
Berms that have been created must have a slope of 1:4 and be replanted with indigenous species and grasses that approximates the original condition;	Contractor	All berms created must have a slope of 1:4 and must be replanted with indigenous plants from the area.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Berms to have a slope of 1:4 and must be planted with indigenous plants from the area.
 Where new access roads have crossed cultivated farmlands, that lands must be rehabilitated by ripping which must be agreed to by the holder of the EA and the landowners; 	Contractor	When required, consult with the EA holder and the landowner whether the access roads across farmlands can be rehabilitated by ripping.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of consultation with the EA holder and landowner.
Rehabilitation of access roads outside of farmland;	Contractor	Ensure that the tower sites and access roads outside of farmlands are rehabilitated.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Before and after photographs of rehabilitation of tower sites and access roads.
 Indigenous species must be used for with species and/grasses to where it compliments or approximates the original condition; 	Contractor	Indigenous species, common to the area must be used in the rehabilitation process.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Use of indigenous species for rehabilitation.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Stockpiled topsoil must be used for rehabilitation (refer to Section 5.24: Stockpiling and stockpiled areas); 	Contractor	Stockpiled topsoil must be used for rehabilitation.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic evidence
 Stockpiled topsoil must be evenly spread so as to facilitate seeding and minimise loss of soil due to erosion; 	Contractor	Topsoil must be evenly spread when used in rehabilitation processes.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Topsoil evenly spread out.
 Before placing topsoil, all visible weeds from the placement area and from the topsoil must be removed; 	Contractor	Ensure that all weeds are removed from the topsoil and the area where the topsoil is to be placed, before applying the topsoil.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No visible weeds in the topsoil or in the area where the topsoil is to be placed.
Subsoil must be ripped before topsoil is placed;	Contractor	Rip the subsoil before topsoil is placed.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Observation and/or photographic evidence.
The rehabilitation must be timed so that rehabilitation can take place at the optimal time for vegetation establishment;	Contractor	Rehabilitation must be planned for the optimal time for vegetation establishment.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly.	Rehabilitation undertaken during optimal time.
 Where impacted through construction related activity, all sloped areas must be stabilised to ensure proper rehabilitation is effected and erosion is controlled; 	Contractor	Where slopes have been impacted by construction activities, they must be rehabilitated to prevent erosion.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disturbed slopes rehabilitated appropriately.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Sloped areas stabilised using design structures or vegetation as specified in the design to prevent erosion of embankments. The contract design specifications must be adhered to and implemented strictly; 	Contractor	Affected slopes must be stabilised according to the contract design and implemented effectively.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Sloped areas stabilized according to the contract design.
Spoil can be used for backfilling or landscaping as long as it is covered by a minimum of 150 mm of topsoil.	Contractor	Spoil can be used for backfilling processes provided that it is covered with 150 mm of topsoil.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	If spoil has been used for backfilling, it must be covered by 150 mm topsoil.
 Where required, re-vegetation including hydro-seeding can be enhanced using a vegetation seed mixture as described below. A mixture of seed can be used provided the mixture is carefully selected to ensure the following: a) Annual and perennial plants are chosen; b) Pioneer species are included; c) Species chosen must be indigenous to the area with the seeds used coming from the area; d) Root systems must have a binding effect on the soil; 	Contractor	Where required, hydroseeding may be used for re-vegetating. The hydroseeding must be carried out as per the mixture specifications.	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Hydroseeding conducted in accordance with the mixture specifications.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe fo	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence c
	person		implementation	person		compliance
e) The final product must not cause						
an ecological imbalance in the						
area						

6 ACCESS TO THE GENERIC EMPr

Once completed and signed, to allow the public access to the generic EMPr, the holder of the EA must make the EMPr available to the public in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 26(h) of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 2

7 SITE SPECIFIC INFORMATION AND DECLARATION

7.1 Sub-section 1: contact details and description of the project

7.1.1 Details of the applicant:

Applicant name:	Mulilo De Aar 2 South (Pty) Ltd
Contact person:	Mr John Hamilton Cullum
Physical address:	Top Floor, Golf Park 4, Raapenberg Rd, Mowbray, Cape Town, 7700
Postal address:	PostNet Suite #53 Private Bag X21 Howard Place 7405
Email:	johnny@mulilo.com / andrew@mulilo.com
Telephone:	(021) 685 3240

7.1.2 Details and expertise of the EAP (that compiled the updated EMPr):

EAP name:	Nicole Holland
EAP qualifications:	BSc (Hons) Environmental and Geographical Science
Professional affiliation/ registration:	Registered with the South African Council for Natural Scientific Professions (SACNASP) (Reg No.: 400306/06).
	Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP) - Registered with the Environmental Assessment Practitioners Association of South Africa (EAPASA) (Reg No.: 2020/493)
	Member of the IAIAsa (International Association for Impact Assessment (Western Cape Branch)).
	(Refer to Appendix 2 for Curriculum Vitae)
Physical address:	Unit 201A, Tokai Village, Vans Road, Tokai, Cape Town, 7945
Postal address:	PostNet Suite #108, Private Bag X12, Tokai, Cape Town
Email:	nicole@hollandandassociates.net
Telephone:	083 464 5246

7.1.3 Project name:

Establishment of a Wind Energy Facility situated on the eastern plateau (south) near De Aar, in the Northern Cape Province

7.1.4 Description of the project:

Mulilo Renewable Energy (Pty) Ltd (later updated to Mulilo De Aar 2 South (Pty) Ltd) applied for Environmental Authorisation from the Department of Environmental Affairs (DEA) in 2011 to establish a Wind Energy Facility (WEF) and associated infrastructure on the eastern plateau of De Aar (approximately 20 km to the east of the town). The EIA process for the proposed project was undertaken by Aurecon South Africa (Pty) Ltd in 2012 and Environmental Authorisation for the proposed project was granted by DEA on 1 March 2013.

The original EA for the project authorised 103 wind turbines with a potential capacity of 155 – 258MW and associated infrastructure. Amendments to the DEA (now DFFE) EA have been applied for by the Applicant, and granted by DFFE, in 2013, 2014, 2016, 2018, 2019, 2020 and 2021 respectively, including a change in the name of the holder of the EA, extensions of the EA validity period, amendments to Conditions of the EA, amendments to the project description and amendments to the turbine specifications.

The proposed final layout of the WEF consists of up to 26 Wind Turbine Generators (WTGs) and associated infrastructure. The power generated by the project will be transmitted via internal 33 kV reticulation lines to the on site 132 kV collector sub station (i.e. the IPP substation) and then to the national grid via an authorised on-site Eskom Switching Station.

7.1.5 Project location:

Province:	Northern Cape
District	Pixley ka Seme District Municipality
Municipalit	
y:	
Local	Emthanjeni Municipality (substation) (Note: the entire WEF falls within
Municipalit	Emthanjeni and Renosterberg Local Municipalities.)
y:	
Ward	Ward 6 of Emthanjeni Municipality
number:	
Affected	The substation would be located on Remainder of Portion 2 of Farm 2,
properties:	Slingers Hoek;
SG 21 Digit	
Codes:	
	C 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 2
	1 2 3 4 5
Nearest	De Aar
town:	

7.2 Sub-section 2: Development footprint site map

This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout. The sensitivity map must be prepared from the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at: https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features within 50 m from the development footprint.



Agricultural Sensitivity





Figure 1: Agricultural site sensitivity map of the substation (DFFE Screening Tool)



Animal Species Sensitivity



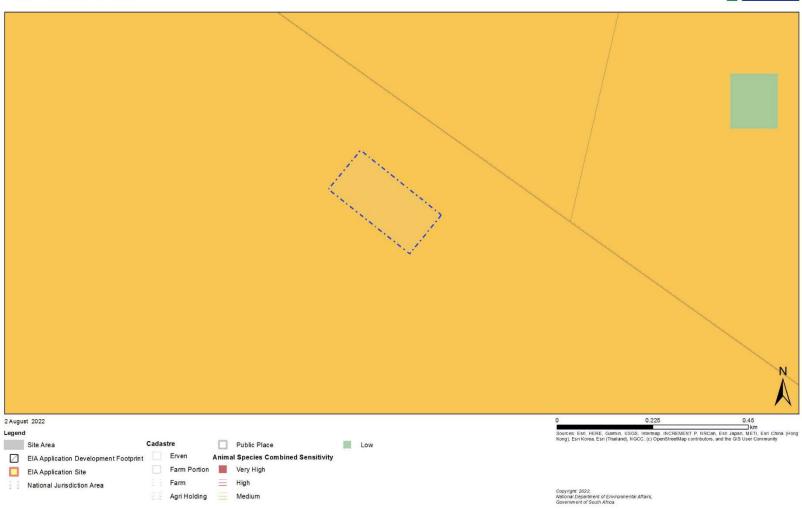


Figure 2: Animal species site sensitivity map of the substation (DFFE Screening Tool).



Aquatic Biodiversity Sensitivity





Figure 3: Aquatic Biodiversity site sensitivity map of the substation (DFFE Screening Tool).



Archaeological & Cultural Heritage Sensitivity





Figure 4: Archaeological and Cultural Heritage site sensitivity map of the substation (DFFE Screening Tool)



Civil Aviation





Figure 5: Civil Aviation site sensitivity map of the substation (DFFE Screening Tool).



Defence Sensitivity





Figure 6: Defence site sensitivity map of the substation (DFFE Screening Tool).



Palaeontology Sensitivity



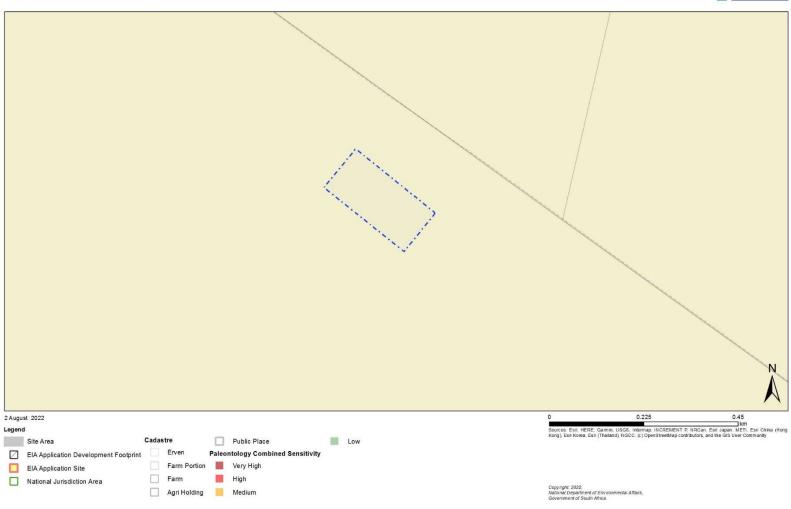


Figure 7: Palaeontology site sensitivity map of the substation (DFFE Screening Tool).



Plant Species Sensitivity





Figure 8: Plant species site sensitivity map of the substation (DFFE Screening Tool).



Terrestrial Biodiversity Sensitivity





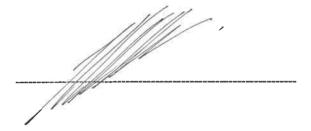
Figure 9: Terrestrial Biodiversity site sensitivity map of the substation (DFFE Screening Tool).

7.3 Sub-section 3: Declaration

The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will abide and comply with the prescribed impact management outcomes and impact management actions as stipulated in part B: section 1 of the generic EMPr and have the understanding that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding. The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will provide written notice to the CA 14 day prior to the date on which the activity will commence of commencement of construction to facilitate compliance inspections.

Signature Proponent/applicant/ holder of EA

Date:



16 MARCH 2023

7.4 Sub-section 4: amendments to site specific information (Part B; section 2)

Should the EA be transferred to a new holder, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new holder and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of Regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted for an amendment to an environmental authorisation will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

8 SITE SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

If any specific environmental sensitivities/attributes are present on the site which require more specific impact management outcomes and actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr template, to manage impacts, those impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific management controls must be referenced spatially, and must include impact management outcomes and impact management actions. The management controls including impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the preapproved generic EMPr template. This applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary.

If <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the development as authorised in the EA, it is required to be submitted to the CA together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP and the name and expertise of the EAP, including the curriculum vitae are to be included. Once approved, <u>Part C</u> forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.

This section will **not be required** should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes.

8.1 Aquatic Impacts

Impact managem	ent outcome:	Potential impact on freshwa	ter ecology as a re	sult of the prop	oosed infrastructure		
Impact	Implementation			Monitoring			
Management							
Actions	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person		implementation	person		compliance	
Pre-Construction, C	Construction & Dec	commissioning Phase					
Limit the	Project	Ensure final location of	Preconstruction	ECO	Before	Records	of
disturbance of	Manager/ECO	substation avoids	phase		commencement	monitoring	and
aquatic habitat.		watercourses and			and during	adherence	to
		recommended buffers;			construction	implementation	ns
		utilisation should be made of			phase	methods	and
		existing disturbed areas				mitigation mea	sures
		where possible;					
		No stockpiling or dumping of					
		rubble or waste associated					
		with the construction works					
		should take place within the					
		aquatic features or the					
		recommended buffers;					
		Water consumption					
		requirements for the site for					
		the construction and					
		operation of the site if not					
		obtained from an authorised					
		water user within the area,					
		must be authorised by the					
		DWS; and					
		No liquid waste should be					
		discharged into any of the					

Impact	Implementatio	n	Monitoring			
Management	Danamailala	Moth and of impulations and other	Time of round of the r	Deeperation	Tro ou to not	- Friday as
Actions	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence
	person	aquatic features within the site without the approval of the DWS. Wastewater should be properly contained on-site and removed to a licensed wastewater treatment facility	implementation	person		compliance
Minimise potential to modify surface water runoff and increase the potential for erosion.	Project Manager/ Project engineer	that is able to treat the wastewater. A stormwater management plan should be compiled for the compacted surfaces within the substation site by the project engineer. Where necessary measures to dissipate flow intensity or protect erosion must be included in the plan. The plan must also mitigate any contaminated runoff from the construction and operation activities from being discharged into any of the aquatic features;	Pre- construction, construction	ECO	Before commencement and during construction phase	Records monitoring of adherence implementations methods of mitigation measures.

Impact management outcome:		Potential impact on freshwater ecology as a result of the proposed infrastructure						
Impact	Implementatio	n		Monitoring				
Management								
Actions	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of	
	person		implementation	person		compliance		
		Adequate erosion mitigation measures must be incorporated into design and implemented during construction.						

8.2 Heritage impacts

Impact management outcom	e: Minimise	potential impact on archaed	logy and graves of	the proposed	infrastructure			
Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation			Monitoring			
7.0	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
Construction Phase								
In the event of significant archaeological sites or material being encountered, the project archaeologist and SAHRA must be informed immediately so that mitigatory action can be determined and implemented, if necessary	Project Manager/ECO	Carry out general monitoring of excavations for artefacts and material of heritage importance. In the event of significant archaeological sites or material being encountered, inform the project archaeologist and SAHRA immediately, and implement any recommended mitigatory actions.	Construction phase	ECO	During construction phase	Records of monitoring and adherence to mitigation measures		
In the event that human remains are encountered, the project archaeologist and SAHRA must be informed immediately so that mitigatory action can be determined and implemented, if necessary	Project Manager/ECO	Should human remains be encountered, work in the vicinity of the find must cease, and the remains must be left in situ but made secure until the appropriate mitigatory action has been determined.	Construction phase	ECO	During construction phase	Records of monitoring and adherence to mitigation measures		

8.3. Bat impacts

Impact management	outcome:	Potential impact on bats	of the proposed infra	structure		
Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	on		Monitoring		
Actions	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Pre-Construction, Cons	struction & Oper	ational Phase				
Ensure that stormwater runoff from the substation does not create artificial wetlands and open water sources in the turbine zones (less than 282.5m from any turbine base), as this will increase insect and bat activity around turbines.	Project Manager / ECO / Stormwater engineer	The storm water drainage plan must avoid creations of artificial ponds/open water sources or wetlands in turbine zones (less than 282.5m from any turbine base).	Planning and construction phases. Evidence of compliance during the operational phase.	ECO / Wind farm operations manager / Bat specialist doing the operational monitoring	Once after 1 year of operation.	It should be observed after one year of operation if the stormwater is creating any significant artificial open water sources or wetlands in turbine zones.
Operational Phase						
Reduce light pollution at the substation, which can lead to increased insect activity and therefore increased bat activity on the wind farm. Which in turn can increase likelihood of bat mortalities.	Project Manager / ECO / Wind farm operations manager	1) Use lights with low sensitivity motion sensors that switch off automatically when no persons are nearby, to prevent the creation of regular insect gathering pools, where practically possible without	Operational phase	ECO / Wind farm operations manager / Bat specialist doing the operational monitoring	Annually, ongoing for the lifetime of the facility.	Annual visits to the substation at night must be conducted for the operational lifetime of the facility by operational staff of the facility, to assess the lighting setup and whether the passive motion sensors are functioning correctly.

compromising security	Т	he bat s	pecialist
requirements.		onducting	the
0) 51		perational bat 1	mortality
2) Floodlights should be down-hooded and	r	nonitoring must	conduct
where possible, lights		it least one vis	
with a colour (lighting		ubstation	during
temperature) that	r	ighttime to as	sess the
attract less insects	F	lacement and	setup of
should be used.		utside lights.	When
		ghts are replac	ed and
	r	naintenance on	lights is
		onducted,	this
		locument mu	ıst be
		onsulted.	

8.4. Noise impacts

Impact management outcome:	Potential no	oise impact on surrounding	community			
Impact Management Actions	Implementat	ion	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Construction & Operational Phase						
Should a reasonable and valid	Developer	Investigate the noise	Construction &	ECO / Wind	Monthly after	No further
noise complaint be registered, the		complaint as per the	operation	farm	the noise	noise
Developer must investigate the		guidelines in sub-		operations	complaint	complaints.
noise complaint as per the guidelines in sub-section 12.1 and		section 12.1. and 12.2 of the Noise Impact		manager	has been received.	
12.2. These guidelines must be used		Assessment (September				
as a rough guideline as site-		2022)				
specific conditions may require		,				
that the monitoring locations,						
frequency or procedure be adapted.						

8.5 Visual /Landscape impacts

Impact Management	Implementati	on		Monitoring			
Actions	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
Pre-Construction, Constructi	on & Decomm	issioning Phase					
Substation infrastructure,	Project	Preconstruction	Preconstruction	ECO	Before	Adherence to visual	
construction camps,	manager /	identification of	phase.		commencement	impact assessment	
batching plants and	ECO	suitable sites,			of construction	(VIA)	
stockpiles to be located in		checked against			phase.	recommendations	
visually unobtrusive areas,		visual sensitivity				and mitigation	
such as low-lying positions		mapping.				measures and EMPr.	
in the landscape, and							
prominent landforms or							
landscape features							
avoided.							
Substation infrastructure,	Project	Preconstruction	Preconstruction	ECO	Before	Adherence to visual	
construction camps,	manager /	identification of	phase.		commencement	impact assessment	
batching plants and	ECO	suitable sites,	p		of construction	(VIA) recommended	
stockpilesto be located		checked against			phase.	mitigation measures	
away from major arterial		visual sensitivity			pacc.	and EMPr.	
routes, district roads and		mapping.				4.1.4. 2.11.1.	
passenger railway lines.							
Appropriate visual buffers							
or visual screening to be							
implemented.							
·							
<u>Note:</u> berms are not							
favoured in arid areas							

Impact management outcome: Minimise potential impacts of the proposed infrastructure on scenic resources and sensitive receptors (visual).

Impact Management	Implementati	ion		Monitoring		
Actions	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
because of the potential increase in disturbed area and difficulty of rehabilitation.						
Security and other outdoor lighting to be restricted to only that which is essential for the safe operation of the substation and construction activities. Lighting to be fixed to buildings where possible and fitted with reflectors directed downwards, to conceal the light source.	Project manager / ECO	Outdoor lighting plan to be agreed.	Preconstruction phase.	ECO	Before commencement of construction phase.	Adherence to visual impact assessment (VIA) recommended mitigation measures and EMPr.
On-site signage and construction signage to be restricted to that which is essential and to be visually discrete. Billboards and excessive trade signage to be prohibited, especially along arterial or scenic routes.	Project manager / ECO	Contract documentation / specification	Preconstruction phase.	ECO	Before commencement of construction phase.	Adherence to visual impact assessment (VIA) recommended mitigation measures and EMPr.

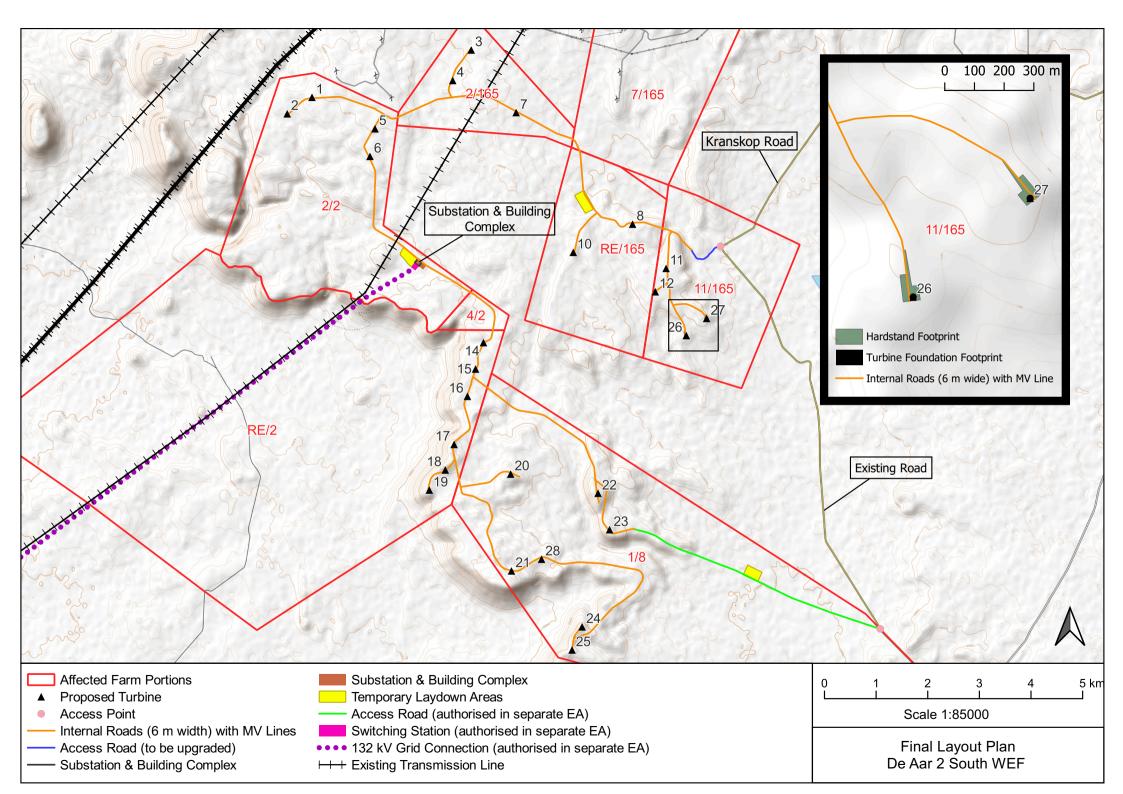
Impact Management	Implementati	on		Monitoring			
Actions							
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
Signage to be fixed as low							
as possible, preferably							
gainst a backdrop, such							
is a building, wall or fence							
minimise the visual							
clutter of free-standing							
ooles, especially when							
hese are visible on the							
skyline.							

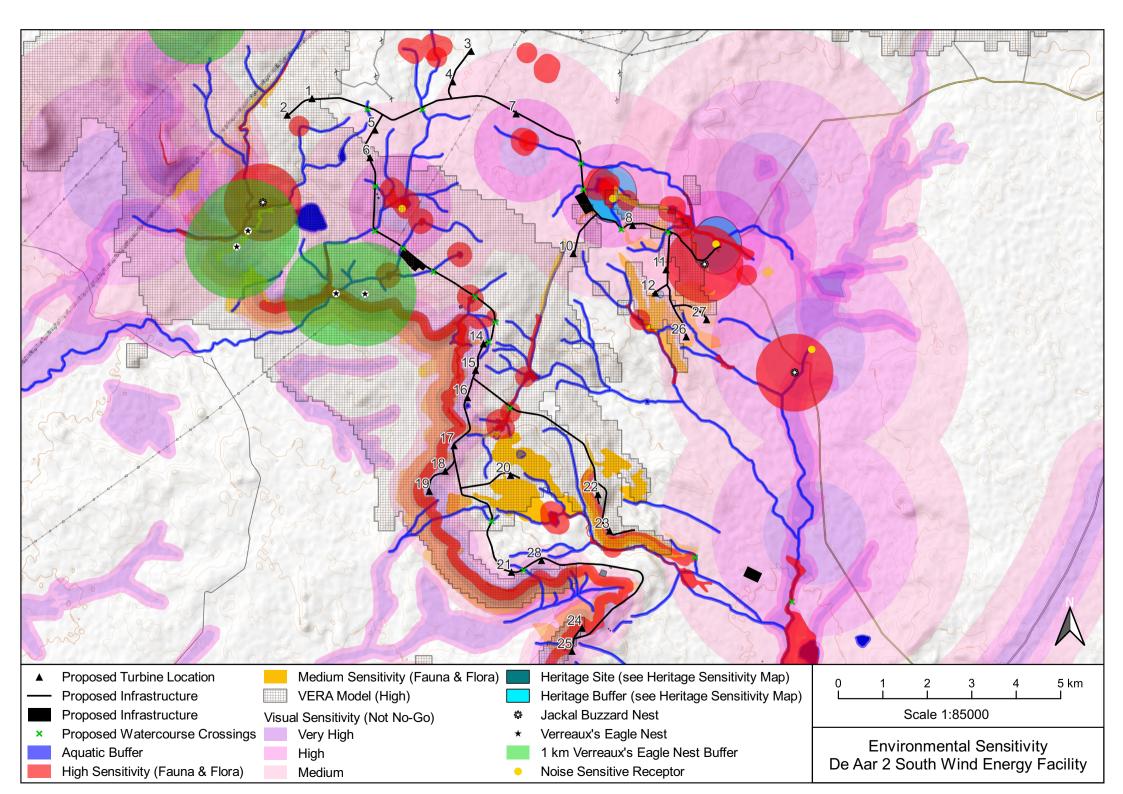
8.6 Terrestrial Biodiversity Impacts

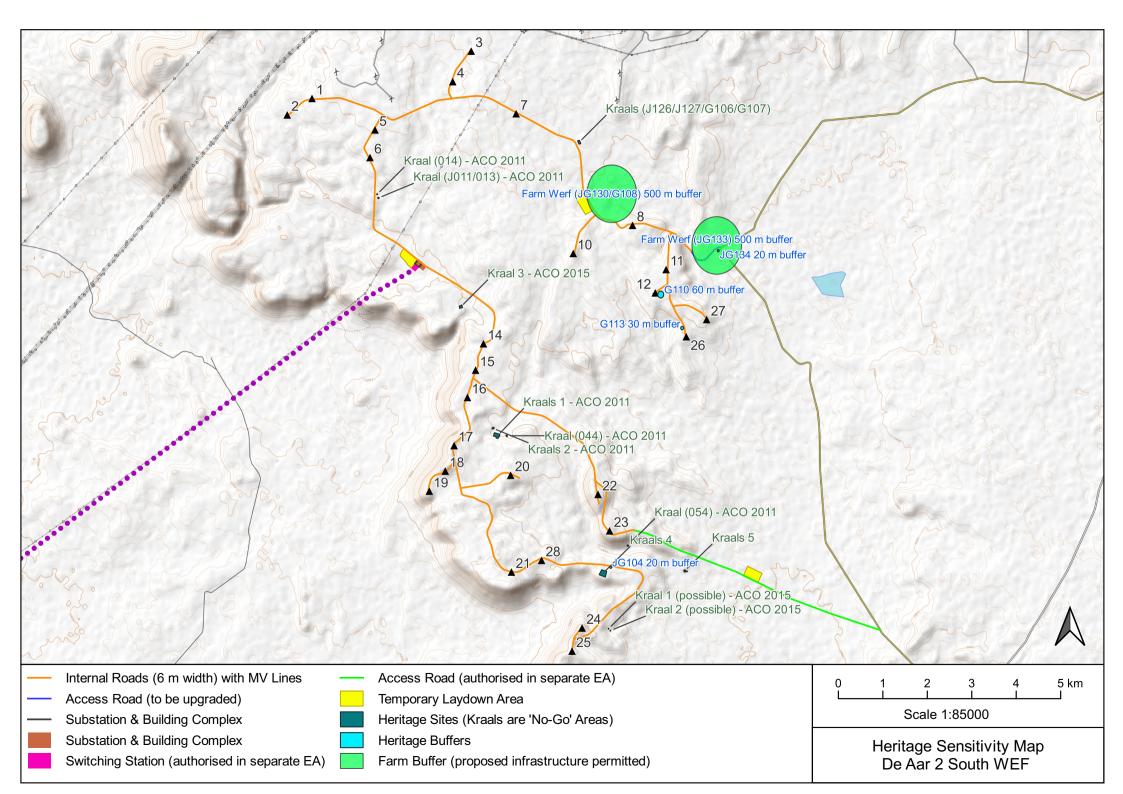
Impact	Implementation			Monitoring		
Management Actions	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Minimise vegetation clearing for access roads and other infrastructure to reduce impact on vegetation and protected plant species	Project Manager/ECO	1) Pre-construction walk-though of the authorised footprint area to microsite infrastructure such as access roads and to ensure that sensitive habitats and species are avoided, where possible. (Note: The Ecological Preconstruction Walkthrough Survey has been undertaken, and informed the finalisation of the Layout Plan, and is included in the EMPr for the project). 2) Demarcate all areas to be cleared with construction tape or other appropriate and effective means. However, caution should be exercised to avoid using material that might entangle fauna.	Preconstruction phase	ECO	Before commencement and during construction phase	Records of monitoring and adherence to implementation methods and mitigation measures

Impact	Implementation			Monitoring			
Management Actions	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
Restore disturbed areas outside of infrastructure footprint to functional condition	Project Manager/ECO	Rehabilitate disturbed areas according to the Revegetation and Habitat Rehabilitation Management Plan	Construction & operation	ECO	During and after construction phase	Records rehabilitation monitoring	0
Minimise impacts on protected plant species	Project Manager/ECO	1) Rescue protected plant species according to the Revegetation and Habitat Rehabilitation Management Plan 2) Obtain permits for plants that will be destroyed.	Construction & operation	ECO	During and after construction phase	Records monitoring rescued plant	of of ts
Minimise impacts on surrounding vegetation due to secondary impacts from invasive species	Project Manager/ECO	Control alien invasive plant species according to the Alien Invasive Management Plan	Operation & decommissioning	ECO	After construction phase and during operational phase	Records monitoring of clearing invasive plant	of of ts

Impact	Implementation			Monitoring		
Management Actions	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Restore disturbed areas outside of infrastructure footprint to functional condition	Project Manager/ECO	Rehabilitate disturbed areas according to the Revegetation and Habitat Rehabilitation Management Plan	Construction & operation	ECO	During and after construction phase	Records rehabilitation monitoring
Minimise impacts on surrounding vegetation due to secondary impacts from invasive species	Project Manager/ECO	Control alien invasive plant species according to the Alien Invasive Management Plan	Operation & decommissioning	ECO	After construction phase and during operational phase	Records monitoring ar clearing invasive plants







APPENDIX 1: METHOD STATEMENTS

To be prepared by the contractor prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are **not required** to be submitted to the CA.

APPENDIX 2: CURRICULUM VITAE OF EAP

NL HOLLAND

CURRICULUM VITAE

Name : Nicole Holland (née Zimmermann)
Profession : Environmental Assessment Practitioner

Year of Birth : 1976

Nationality : South African

Contact Details : P.O. Box 31108, Tokai, 7966

Cell: 083 4645246

Fax: 086 762 612 (SA Only)

Email: nicole@hollandandassociates.net

Professional Registrations/ affiliations/ Memberships:

 Professional Environmental Scientist: South African Council for Natural Scientific Professions (Registration Number: 400306/06) (Environmental Scientist)

- Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP): Registered with the Environmental Assessment Practitioners Association of South Africa (EAPASA) (Registration Number: 2020/493)
- Member: South African affiliate of the International Association for Impact Assessment (IAIAsa)

Key Qualifications:

Nicole Holland has a Bachelor of Science (Hons) in Environmental and Geographical Science (UCT), specializing in Environmental Management. She has twenty years of experience in the environmental management field and has compiled and managed numerous environmental investigations including Environmental Impact Assessments, Environmental Management Plans/Programmes (EMP), waste management license application processes, as well as applications for amendments of Environmental Authorisations. Nicole has extensive experience in managing environmental authorisation processes including, amongst others, agricultural projects, water supply schemes and dams, renewable energy facilities, wastewater treatment works, housing and resort developments, cemeteries, road upgrades, pipelines, waste sites, and a cement manufacturing plant. Nicole has also undertaken the independent review of a number of Basic Assessment and Scoping and Environmental Impact Assessment Reports and has been involved in a broad spectrum of other environmental work including Environmental Auditing, the drafting of Environmental Management Programmes, and Environmental Control Officer work.

Summary of Relevant Project Experience:

EA Amendment Applications/ Amendment of EMPr's for renewable energy projects:

- Wind Energy Facility on the Eastern Plateau (South) near De Aar, Northern Cape Province
- Springbok Wind Energy Facility, near Springbok, Northern Cape Province
- Longyuan Mulilo Maanhaarberg Wind Energy Facility near De Aar, Northern Cape Province
- Longyuan Mulilo De Aar 2 North Wind Energy Facility near De Aar, Northern Cape Province
- Namies Wind Energy Facility, near Aggenery, Northern Cape Province
- Overhead Transmission Line (Kronos) for the Kronos Photovoltaic Development near Copperton,
 Northern Cape Province
- Overhead Transmission Line (Caprum) for the Kronos Photovoltaic Development near Copperton,
 Northern Cape Province
- 10MW Augrabies PV Solar Energy Facility, Northern Cape Province
- 132kV Transmission line from De Aar 1 WEF to Hydra Substation, Northern Cape Province
- 132kV transmission line from the De Aar 2 North WEF to the Hydra Substation, Northern Cape Province
- 100MW De Aar PV3 (Badenhorst Dam), Northern Cape Province
- De Aar PV4 (19.9MW) facility, Northern Cape Province
- Proposed 75 150MW De Aar PV2 (Paarde Valley) facility, Northern Cape Province

Environmental Management Programmes, Environmental Compliance Monitoring &/or Auditing

- Amendment of the approved EMPr for the Wind Energy Facility on the Eastern Plateau (North) near De Aar, Northern Cape Province
- Amendment of the approved EMPr for the Longyuan Mulilo Maanhaarberg Wind Energy Facility near De Aar, Western Cape Province
- Proposed cultivation of virgin soil, construction of a dam and associated infrastructure on Portion 27 and Portion 17 of Farm No. 466, Scherpenheuwel, Western Cape Province
- Proposed raising of Ou Brakfontein Dam near Citrusdal, Western Cape Province
- Proposed upgrade of a low level bridge over the Olifants River, near Citrusdal, Western Cape Province
- Proposed raising of Ruimsig Dam and expansion of agricultural areas, on Remainder of Portion 56 and Portion 93 of the Farm De la Haye No. 92, Near De Doorns, Western Cape
- Proposed Kleinberg Dam Scheme, Hex Valley, Western Cape, South Africa:
- Proposed raising of Osplaas Dam, Hex Valley, Western Cape
- Proposed cultivation of virgin soil on Remainder of Farm Monte Vista No. 43, Hex Valley, Western Cape
- Proposed upgrading of a road leading to the Mossgas Quay, Port of Saldanha, Western Cape
- Upgrading and extension of the Ben Schoeman Dock at Cape Town Harbour, Western Cape, South Africa
- Phase 1B expansion of the iron ore facility at the Port of Saldanha, Saldanha Bay, Western Cape,
 South Africa
- Upgrading of the Darling Wastewater Treatment Works, Darling, Western Cape, South Africa
- Proposed Upgrading of the Bonnievale Wastewater Treatment Works, Bonnievale
- Upgrading of the Hex River Valley Weirs, Hex River Valley, Western Cape, South Africa
- Proposed Construction of an Effluent Pipeline between the New Town Pump Station in Wellington and the Paarl Wastewater Treatment Works, Paarl, Western Cape, South Africa

Academic Qualifications:

- BSc (Hons) (Environmental and Geographical Science), University of Cape Town, South Africa, 2000.
- BSc (Environmental and Geographical Science), University of Cape Town, South Africa, 1996.
- EIA and Management Course, University of Stellenbosch, South Africa, June 2002.

Processional Experience:

2017 – present	Director, Holland Group (Pty) Ltd, trading as Holland & Associates Environmental Consultants, Cape Town, South Africa
2011 - 2017	Self employed, trading as Holland & Associates Environmental Consultants
2004 to 2011	Senior Environmental Practitioner, Aurecon South Africa (Pty) Ltd (previously known as Ninham Shand), Cape Town, South Africa
2002 - 2004	Environmental Scientist, Withers Environmental Consultants, Stellenbosch, South Africa
2001 - 2002	Senior Applications Analyst, Geosense Limited, Cape Town, South Africa
2000	Honours student, Department of Environmental and Geographical Science, University of
	Cape Town, Cape Town, South Africa
1998 - 1999	Junior Project Accountant, Warburg Dillon Read, Union Bank of Switzerland, London,
	United Kingdom