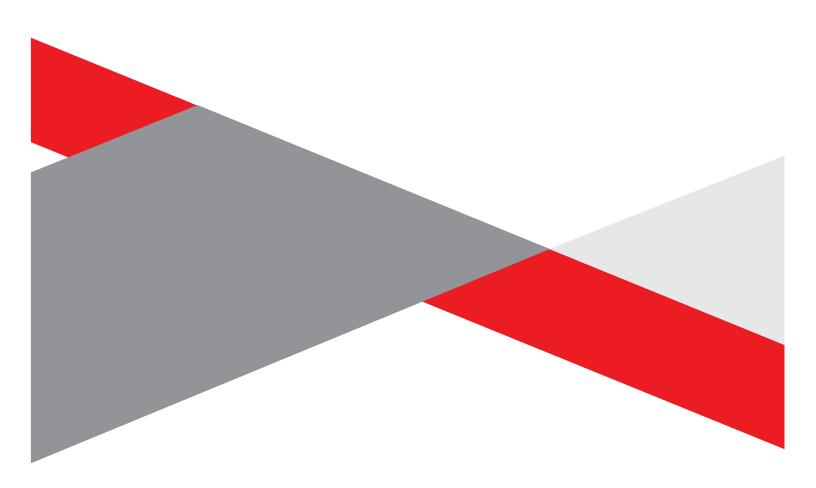
APPENDIX H6 COMMENTS AND RESPONSE REPORT



PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION OF THE 55.5MW SPRINGBOK WIND POWER GENERATION FACILITY NEAR SPRINGBOK, NORTHERN CAPE PPROVINCE (DFFE Ref. No.: 12/12/20/1721/AM9)

COMMENTS AND RESPONSES REPORT

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The Amendment process for the 55.5MW Springbok Wind Power Generation Facility was initiated on **Thursday**, **13 April 2023**. The advertisement published, and a notification letter served to invite Interested and Affected Parties (I&APs) to register their interest in the project and to submit any comments / queries that they might have.

The Motivation Report was made available for a 30-day review and comment period from **Thursday**, **13 April 2023** to **Tuesday**, **16 May 2023**, and all written comments have been included in the table below and included in Appendix **H6** of the EIA Report.

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS / ACRONYMS

CRR	Comments and Response Report	I&AP	Interested and Affected Parties
DFFE	Department of Forestry, Fisheries and the	MW	Megawatt
	Environment		

1. COMMENTS SUBMITTED DURING THE AMENDMENT PROCESS (30-DAY REVIEW PERIOD)

1.1. Organs of State

No.	Commen	t	Raised by	Response
1	The Enviro	onmental Authorisation (EA) for the above-mentioned project dated	Sabelo Malaza	Savannah Environmental
	27 July 20	011, the amendments dated 24 October 2011, 27 June 2014, 2 July		
	2015, 18	May 2016, 25 June 2018, 03 August, 08 July 2019, 28 June 2021, the	Chief Director: Integrated	(a) <u>Public participation</u>
	application	on for amendment of the EA and the amended draft amendment	Environmental	
	report red	ceived by the Department on 13 April 2023, refer.	Authorisations Department	A public participation process has been
			of Forestry, Fisheries and	conducted in support of the Application to
	The Dep	artment has the following comments on the abovementioned	the Environment	amend the Environmental Authorisation (Ref:
	amendm	ent application:		12/12/20/1721) issued for the proposed
				construction of the 55.5MW Springbok Wind
	(a) <u>Public</u>	<u>participation</u>		Power Generation Facility and Associated
				Infrastructure. The Public Participation has been
	(i)	Please ensure that comments from all relevant stakeholders are		undertaken in accordance with the requirement
		submitted to the Department with the final report.		of Chapter 6 of the EIA Regulations of December
	(ii)	A Comments and Response trail report (C&R) must be submitted		2014, as amended. The following key public
		with the final report. The C&R report must incorporate all		participation tasks have been undertaken:
		comments for this application. The C&R report must be a separate		» The database/register of I&APs has been
		document from the main report and the format must be in the		updated and maintained.
		table format. Please refrain from summarising comments made by		» Placement of site notices at the site during
		I&APs. All comments from I&APs must be copied verbatim and		March 2023 (refer to Appendix H2 of final
		responded to clearly. Please note that a response such as "noted"		Amendment Motivation Report).
		is not regarded as an adequate response to I&AP's comments.		» Written notifications to registered I&APs as
	(iii)	Please ensure that all issues raised, and comments received during		well as Organs of State regarding the
		the circulation of the draft report from registered I&APs and organs		availability of the draft Motivation Report
		of state which have jurisdiction in respect of the proposed activity		were distributed on 13 April 2023 (refer to
		are adequately addressed in the final report. Proof of		Appendix H4 and Appendix H5).
		correspondence with the various stakeholders must be included in		» Placement of an advertisement in the
		the final report. Should you be unable to obtain comments, proof		Gemsbok newspaper on Friday 14th April
		should be submitted to the Department of the attempts that were		2023 announcing the availability of the
		made to obtain comments. The Public Participation Process must		

No.	Comment	Raised by	Response
	be conducted in terms of Regulation 39, 40, 41, 42, 43 & 44 of t	he	Motivation Report for a 30-day review and
	EIA Regulations 2014 as amended.		comment period.
	(iv) The final report must also indicate that this draft report has be	en	» The Motivation Report has been made
	subjected to a public participation process.		available for the 30-day review and
			comment period from
	(b) <u>Specialist assessments</u>		Thursday 13 April 2023 to Monday 15 May
			2023.
	(i) Please make sure that all the specialist studies undertaken have:		
	- A review of all specialist studies undertaken, and a detailed assessme		Comments received during the 30-day review
	including a site verification report providing an indication of the status of t	he	and comment period are included as Appendix
	receiving environment (by the relative specialist, if applicable).		H6 in the final submission of the Motivation Report
			to the DFFE for consideration in the decision-
	- The terms of reference for the specialist reports and declaration of interest	of	making process. Comments are included and
	each specialist must be provided.		responded to in a Comments and Responses
			Report, to be included as Appendix H5 of the
	(c) <u>General</u>		Final Motivation Report. Proof of attempts made
			to obtain comments from relevant Organs of
	(i) Please ensure that all mitigation recommendations are in line w	ith	State and key stakeholders are also be included
	applicable and most recent guidelines.		in Appendix H6 of the Final Motivation Report.
			(b) Specialist Assessments
			The following specialist studies have been
			completed as part of this EA amendment
			process:
			Appendix A: Fcological Specialist
			Appendix A: Ecological Specialist Appendix B: Bat Specialist Appendix C: Heritage Specialist Appendix D: Visual Specialist Appendix E: Noise Specialist Appendix F: Avifauna Specialist Appendix G: Socio-Economic Specialist

No.	Comment	Raised by	Response
			The above studies all include the terms of reference for the specialist reports and declaration of interest of each specialist.
			(c) General All mitigation measures recommended in specialist reports are in line with applicable and most recent guidelines and will be included within the final EMPr for the project.

1.2. Key Stakeholders and I&APs

No.	Comment	Raised by	Response
1.	I hereby inform you that Openserve approves the proposed work indicated on	Stefan Geldenhuys	This correspondence has been shared with Holder of
	your drawing in principle. This approval is valid for 06 MONTHS ONLY, after which	General Manager	the EA - Mulilo Springbok Wind Power (Pty) Ltd, who
	reapplication must be made if the work has not been completed.	Openserve	have acknowledged receipt and have stated that they
2.	Any changes or deviations from the original planning during or prior to		will meet all necessary requirements.
	construction must immediately be communicated to this office	Date 02/05/2023	
3.	Approval is granted, subject to the following conditions.		Mulilo Springbok Wind Power (Pty) Ltd have stated that
			they will meet all necessary requirements.
	As per the drawing supplied, Openserve infrastructure WILL BE AFFECTED , consequently the conditions below and on the attached legend will apply. At points of crossing, the overhead power lines should cross above the overhead communication lines in accordance with, and clearances stipulated in the Occupational Health and Safety Act no 85 of 1993, Electrical Machinery Regulations 20 - Crossings, and Electrical Machinery Regulations 15 - Clearances of Power Lines. If the specifications could not be met, all deviation costs will be for the applicant's account.		
	We also refer to Section 25 of the Electronic Communication Act 36 of 2005.		

No.	Comment	Raised by	Response
	In case where an underground power cable will run parallel with an existing or projected underground communication cable, a separation as great as possible should be maintained with a minimum separation of 600mm. Should the separation be less than 600mm and the power cable are not enclosed in a suitable pipe, a concrete slab must be provided immediately above the power cable for the length of the parallelism. If the separation is less than 300mm, additional protection is required by placing concrete slabs between the Openserve cables/pipes and the power cables.		
	At points where this Company's existing or proposed underground communications cable will be crossed by an underground cable, the latter should be laid at a depth of at least 300mm below the communication cable – normally laid at a depth of 600mm. If the power cable is not enclosed in a suitable pipe, protection in the form of a concrete slab should be provided immediately above the power cable for a minimum of 2 (two) meters on either side of the crossing.		
	Please notify this office within 21 working days from this letter of acceptance and if any alternative proposal is available or if a recoverable work should commence.		
	It would be appreciated if this office can be notified within 30 days of completion of the construction work. Confirmation is required on completion of construction as per agreed requirements.		
	Should Openserve infrastructure be damaged while work is undertaken, kindly contact our representative immediately.		
	All Openserve rights remain reserved.		
	This wayleave, Reference Number WWIP-WSKN1507_23 valid for 06 months from date here of and is subjected to the following condition:		

No.	Comment	Raised by	Response
	 No mechanical plant or vibrator type compactors may be used within three metres of any Openserve plant (I.E. any Telecommunication equipment above or below ground level) The position of our plant affected by the proposal is indicated as approximate and Marius Makier /021 981 3399/ 081 348 2317/ Mariusm1@openserve.co.za must be contacted at least 48hours prior to commencement of the work, upon which the actual location of Openserve Plant will be indicated on site. A written request must be submitted to Openserve for consideration should the applicant require our plant to be relocated. The cost of such relocation will be recoverable from the applicant. It is the responsibility of the applicant to verify the existence of the indicated plant and to notify Openserve immediately should the applicant locate any Openserve plant which is not indicated on the plans. Should the applicant expose any Openserve plant, the safeguard thereof will be the applicant's full responsibility. Failing to comply with the above conditions or any special conditions addendum hereto will be regarded as gross negligence and the applicant will be held responsible for the damage or loss as a result thereof. 		
1.	Wilderness Foundation Africa (WFA), through its Northern Cape Land Project, is focussed on the continued and improved protection of ecosystems at a landscape level. With the support of the Leslie Hill Succulent Karoo Trust and WWF South Africa, WFA assists both National and Provincial conservation bodies with the implementation of the National Protected Area Expansion Strategy (NPAES) in the Succulent Karoo. To ensure the continued persistence of ecosystems and that national conservation targets in the Northern Cape will be achieved, it is essential that impacts on sensitive and highly localised habitats are minimized or avoided altogether.	Cape Land Project	Background to Wilderness Foundation Africa is acknowledged. In accordance with Regulation 12 of the 2014 EIA Regulations (GNR 326), the applicant, Mulilo Springbok Wind Power (Pty) Ltd has appointed Savannah Environmental (Pty) Ltd as the independent environmental consultant responsible for managing the Application for Amendment; inclusive of the required independent specialist studies and public participation process as required by the Department of Forestry, Fisheries and the Environment.

No.	Comment	Raised by	Response
2.	WFA as an Interested and Affected Party (I&AP) hereby formally raises its		WFA's concerns and comments are noted and have
	concerns with the proposed amendment of the Environmental Authorisation		been responded to below.
	(EA) for the Springbok Wind Power Generation Facility.		
3.	The above request is informed and supported by the following key pieces of		The comment is notes. Specific responses are provided
	legislation:		below.
	Constitution of the Republic of South Africa Act, 1996 (Act No. 108 of 1996).		
	National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998) (as		
	amended).		
	NEMA Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014 (as amended)		
	• The Minerals and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act No. 28 of		
	2002) (as amended).		
	Promotion of Administrative Justice Act, 2000 (Act No. 3 of 2000)		
	Promotion of Access to Information Act, 2000 (Act No. 2 Of 2000)		
4.	Wilderness Foundation Africa hereby wishes, as a registered Interested and		WFA's objection to the amendment application has
	Affected Party (IAP) to object to the amendment of the Environmental		been noted. Specific comments have been responded
	Authorisation (EA) application for the Springbok Wind Power Generation		to below.
	Facility and Associated Infrastructure (DFFE Reference: 12/12/20/1721) based		
	on (but not limited to) the following		
5.	Environmental Reports and Conditions of Authorisation no longer applicable		In terms of the EIA Regulations, an applicant can
	Environmental reports submitted in terms of this application can by no means		request an amendment of an existing Environmental
	be seen as relevant anymore as numerous factors have changed in the		Authorisation (EA), including extension of the validity of
	landscape over a twelve-year period. Since 2010, tenure and land use has		that EA. As detailed in the Motivation Report, an
	changed across the area while information and understanding of the ecology		application for amendment in this regard for the
	and biodiversity of the region has since improved which would almost certainly		Springbok Wind Power Generation Facility and
	affect the contents of any environmental reports and subsequent conditions of		Associated Infrastructure was submitted to the
	authorisation. While specialist assessments were done during the initial		Department of Forestry, Fisheries and the Environment
	application in 2010, the specialist inputs included as part of the EA amendment		(DFFE). Additional information was requested (in terms
	application do not justify or fulfil the need for complete review of the Basic		of Regulation 30(1)(a) of the EIA Regulations, 2014 as
	Assessment Process. Since initial completion of the Basic Assessment Report,		amended) for the Department to be able to process
	and accompanying specialist studies, numerous conservation planning and		the application for amendment. This included specialist
	biodiversity baseline data sets have either been revised or become available		confirmation that the environment within which the
	in addition to amendments in relevant legislation. This includes among others: -		project is proposed has not changed and that the

No.	Comment	Raised by	Response
	Northern Cape Critical Biodiversity Areas (2016) - South African National		potential impacts associated with the project remain as
	Vegetation Types (2018) - National Biodiversity Assessment (2018) - Northern		predicted in the EIA Report.
	Cape Protected Area Expansion Strategy (2017) - National Environmental		
	Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998) (as amended since 2014) - EIA		Specialist studies undertaken as part of the amendment
	Regulations (as amended) - EIA Screening Tool Regulations GN 960 of 2019 Any		application process included site verification and the
	motivation for the amendment of EA should thus be supported by the most		compilation of motivation reports to inform the
	recent ecological data available. The current 2010 Basic Assessment Report		conclusion and recommendations (refer to Appendix A
	should be seen as inapplicable as it has been twelve years since the EA was		to G of Final Motivation report).
	issued and some information on which these applications were based are now		
	outdated and extraneous.		According to the 9 specialist studies conducted for the
			amendment application – the environment and
			impacts associated with the development have not
			changed, all specialists have concluded that there is no
			objection to the approval of the proposed
			amendment.
			Ecological Specialist Response:
			The updated ecological datasets are acknowledged;
			however the Part 1 (Ecological) Amendment does
			make reference to the Environmental Screening Tool
			which has assigned the associated sensitivity should
			some of these datasets be relevant. The Project Area
			was identified with the Environmental Screening Tool as
			possessing a Very High sensitivity within a Terrestrial
			Biodiversity Theme. This is due to overlap with Critical
			Biodiversity Areas, Ecological Support Areas and
			Protected Areas Expansion Strategy Focus Areas. The
			Site Ecological Importance (SEI) as provided by the
			Species Environmental Assessment Guidelines (SANBI,
			2020) was determined for the Project Area, with a
			mosaic of Very Low to Very High habitats.

No.	Comment	Raised by	Response
			The respective specialists conducted site visits during
			April 2023 and confirmed the current conditions on site.
			It is the opinion of the specialist that based on the
			observations made during the field survey, the
			ecological importance of the site has not decreased
			considerably, although there is evidence of
			degradation through livestock.
6.	Site turbine and other infrastructure placement impacts sensitive ecological		Turbine locations have not been finalised. A final layout
	areas. In addition to the above, the site layout plan differs between specialist		design considering all identified sensitivities and no-go
	inputs and the Basic Assessment Report. This is likely the result of the various		areas is still to be drafted and submitted for approval. It
	amendments already requested since 2010, while it remains clear that the		is likely that only 13 turbines will be constructed.
	current layout will still impact on areas with a high ecological sensitivity. This is		
	also reflected in the Ecological Specialist Input (The Biodiversity Company)		In addition to the EA amendment process, processes
	dated 05 April 2023, where the presence of important ecological areas		are underway to finalise the EMPr. The processes
	classified 'High' and 'Very High' is confirmed. WFA is of the opinion that the		require a number of tasks, including, for example, site
	mitigation measures listed in the Ecological Specialist Input is insufficient, and in		visits and site walk- through surveys with certain
	certain instances completely irrelevant and impractical. Mitigation measures		specialists (including micro-siting), and plant search
	that are listed in the report are poorly explained while the rehabilitation strategy		and rescue. Additional bird and bat monitoring is also
	is generic and in no way adapted to suit the area within with which the		underway and has been undertaken to ensure the
	application is situated. For example, there is minimal evidence or research that		facility layout minimises impacts on birds and bats.
	supports the notion that activities such as "revegetation" will be successful an		All office the control of the FIA has
	arid vegetation type such as the Namaqualand Klipkoppe Shrubland, while it		All mitigation measures recommended in the EIA have
	is widely known that such activities are generally only successful in regions with		been included in the project EMPr. Any additional
	a high annual rainfall. Furthermore, the development will impact on species of		mitigation measures recommended through the
	special conservation concern, many of which are already subject to increased		amendment application process and the additional
	pressures from the illegal succulent plant trade. Further pressures on these		specialist work referred to above will be included within
	populations are unacceptable and the proposed mitigation strategies in these		the final EMPr for the project. These measures as well as
	reports such as "ensure relocation and destruction permits for protected		all no-go areas are clearly documented in the
	species" are not deemed adequate at all. Localities with species of special		respective specialist reports. The final layout of the development will be designed taking highlighted
	conservation concern should completely be avoided.		sensitive areas into consideration.
			sensinve areas into consideration.

No.	Comment	Raised by	Response
7.	CONCLUSION In view of the concerns and conclusions provided above, WFA is		The specialist studies undertaken as part of the
	of the opinion that the information provided the BAR and accompanying		amendment application process conducted during
	specialist inputs is insufficient to determine significant impacts on, and risks to		2023 have been completed in accordance with the
	biodiversity and/ or ecosystem services associated with the proposed activity.		requirements of the DFFE and included site verification.
	WFA thus requests that that an updated and revised Basic Assessment Report		These specialist studies concluded that the
	be submitted along with in depth ecological specialist reports considering all		environment and impacts associated with the
	relevant and most recent conservation, ecological and biodiversity data sets		development have not changed considerably since
			2010. All specialists have concluded that the conditions
	It is furthermore requested that the above be implemented before the		on site have not changed and that there are no fatal
	extension of Environmental Authorization is granted.		flaws associated with the project. All respective
			specialists support the amendment.
	We duly request concise and detailed responses to the concerns we raised		
	and request to information. WFA is willing to engage in open discussions with		
	both the Consultant and Applicant to have our concerns adequately		
	understood.		