

The assessment of impacts will largely be based on the Department of Environmental Affairs and Tourism's (1998) Guideline Document: Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations. The assessment will consider impacts arising from the proposed decommissioning activities of the project both before and after the implementation of appropriate mitigation measures.

The impacts will be assessed according to the criteria outlined in this section. Each issue is ranked according to extent, duration, magnitude (intensity) and probability. From these criteria, a significance rating is obtained, the method and formula is described below. Where possible, mitigation recommendations have been made and are presented in tabular form.

The criteria given in the tables below will be used to conduct the evaluation. The nature of each impact was to be assessed and described in relation to the extent, duration, intensity, significance and probability of occurrence attached to it.

Table 1: Methodology Used in determining the significance of potential environmental impacts

Status of Impact

The impacts are assessed as either having a: negative effect (i.e. at a `cost' to the environment), positive effect (i.e. a `benefit' to the environment), or Neutral effect on the environment.

Extent of the Impact

- (1) Site (site only),
- (2) Local (site boundary and immediate surrounds),
- (3) Regional (within the City of Johannesburg),
- (4) National, or
- (5) International.

Duration of the Impact

The length that the impact will last for is described as either:

(1) immediate (<1 year)

(2) short term (1-5 years),



(3) medium term (5-15 years),

- (4) long term (ceases after the operational life span of the project),
- (5) Permanent.

Magnitude of the Impact

The intensity or severity of the impacts is indicated as either:

- (**0**) none,
- (2) Minor,
- (**4**) Low,
- (6) Moderate (environmental functions altered but continue),
- (8) High (environmental functions temporarily cease), or
- (10) Very high / Unsure (environmental functions permanently cease).

Probability of Occurrence

The likelihood of the impact actually occurring is indicated as either:

- (0) None (the impact will not occur),
- (1) improbable (probability very low due to design or experience)
- (2) low probability (unlikely to occur),
- (3) medium probability (distinct probability that the impact will occur),
- (4) high probability (most likely to occur), or
- (5) Definite.

Significance of the Impact

Based on the information contained in the points above, the potential impacts are assigned a significance rating (S). This rating is formulated by adding the sum of the numbers assigned to extent (E), duration (D) and magnitude (M) and multiplying this sum by the probability (P) of the impact.

S=(E+D+M)P

The significance ratings are given below

(<30) low (i.e. where this impact would not have a direct influence on the decision to develop in the area),

(**30-60**) medium (i.e. where the impact could influence the decision to develop in the area unless it is effectively mitigated),

(>60) high (i.e. where the impact must have an influence on the decision process to develop in the area).



The impacts of the proposed project are assessed and rated as follows:

IMPACTS THAT MAY RESULT FROM THE PLANNING AND DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATIONAL, DECOMMISSIONING AND CLOSURE PHASES AS WELL AS PROPOSED MANAGEMENT OF IDENTIFIED IMPACTS AND PROPOSED MITIGATION MEASURES

Impacts Resulting from the Planning and Design Phase

Direct Impacts:

Employment Creation

The planning and design of the proposed development requires input from various individuals, resulting in the employment opportunities for such persons. This employment would include both direct (e.g. Environmental Consultants, Engineers, Project Managers, Planners, etc.) and indirect (e.g. reviewing and commenting authorities such as the local authority planning authorities and the environmental authorities). The significance of this impact is medium and is typically restricted to a limited number of professionals. The No-go Alternative would differ in that this impact would not occur.

Issue	Corrective	Impact rat	ting criteria		Significance					
	measures	Nature	Extent	Duration	Magnitude	Probability	olgrinoarioo			
Employment	No	Positive	4	2	8	4	56 = Medium			
Creation	Yes	N/A	I/A N/A N/A N/A N/A							
Corrective Actions	• No	No mitigation measures have been identified.								

Indirect Impacts:

None Identified.

Cumulative Impacts:



No cumulative impacts were identified.

Alternative 1

Impacts Resulting from the Construction Phase

Direct Impacts:

Fauna and Avifauna

The construction phase will result in habitat destruction which will impact on the faunal communities including avifauna. The impacts identified include the following:

- The destruction of fauna/avifauna habitat, disturbance of livestock, electrocution of birds and collision with powerline, destruction of bird habitat – likely to affect Red List species and grassland habitat specialists, such as Melodious Lark, Whitebellied Korhaan and others.
- Electrocution likely to affect large raptors, and species such as storks, and herons.
- Collision with powerline likely to affect water birds, korhaans, storks and possible Secretary bird.
- Disturbance of birds likely to affect breeding birds in particular.

This impact is of medium significance considering the sensitivity of the area that the line will traverse (wetland etc.).

	Corrective	Impact rati	Impact rating criteria						
Issue	measures	Nature	Extent	Duration	Magnitude	Probability	Significance		
Fauna and	No	Negative	3	4	8	4	60 = High		
avifauna	Yes	Negative	3	4	4	3	33 = Medium		
Corrective Actions	 An Esko bird fried used in fried In addit provide 	 An Eskom approved bird friendly pole design must be used. An E bird friendly pole design must be used. The Distribution Technical used in this regard. In addition, if a monopole structure is used, a Bird Perch must provide safe perching substrate for birds well above the dangerous here. 							



	• Do not disturb nests, breeding sites or young ones. Do not attempt to kill or capture
	snakes unless directly threatening the safety of employees.
	• No animals should be intentionally killed or destroyed and poaching and hunting
	must not be permitted.
	Fires should only be allowed in designated areas.

<u>Visual Impact</u>

The results of the Visual Impact Assessment for the proposed Juno-Gromis powerline consequently found that the overall visual impact is summarised as being of a medium to high negative significance. Should the recommendations and mitigation measures be implemented, as proposed below, the expected impact could be reduced to medium to low negative significance.

The visual impact on tourists who are considered visual receptors of high sensitivity will be medium, whilst the impact on motorist and sparsely populated population in the small towns will be low during the operational phase.

	Corrective	Impact ratir						
Issue	measures	Nature	Extent	Duration	Magnitude	Probability	Significance	
Visual	No	Negative	2	4	6	4	48 = Medium	
Impact	Yes	Negative	2	4	4	3	30 = Medium	
Corrective Actions	 Keep disturbed areas to a minimum. No clearing of land to take place outside the demarcated footprints. The contractor should maintain good housekeeping on site to avoid litter. The steel components should not be painted but be galvanised and allowed to oxidise naturally over time. The grey colour produced in this process will help to reduce the visual impact. New road construction must be kept to a minimum. Utilise existing roads and tracks to 							
	the exten	t possible.						



	•	All	contractors	to	adhere	to	а	construction	phase	Environmental	Management
		Pro	gramme.								

Impact on Heritage Resources

The proposed deviation was comprehensively assessed from a heritage perspective on a tower to tower specific basis. There were no obvious site of heritage significance noted along the proposed deviations; however, isolated stone tools have been identified along the route.

Issue	Corrective	Impact ratir					
	measures	Nature	Extent	Duration	Magnitude	Probability	Significance
Heritage	No	Negative	2	5	6	3	36 = Medium
Resources	Yes	Negative	1	5	2	3	24 = Low
Corrective Actions	 Isolated any mat It is reco impacts Vehicles may not Where I should b 	stone tools erial is allowe ommended th on the sceni s must be res create new t burial sites a be demarcate	were obs ed. at the tra c N7 route stricted to racks in t are accide ed as no g	erved on si nsmission li e. drive only o he veld duri entally distu jo areas.	te therefore, in ne route stay on the existing ng construction where the the the the the the the the the th	no stone robb as far west as track and ap on of the new to construction,	ing or removal of s possible to avoid proved tracks and transmission line. the affected area

Impact on Agriculture

The proposed deviation does not impact on any active agricultural lands, therefore the impact significance of this activity on agriculture is considered low.

Impacts expected particularly on grazing and dry land production areas will include loss of grazing capacity and potential arable land. This is expected mostly around the proposed deviations 2 and 3. This impact is reversible; short term in duration and will have low significance provided mitigation measures are in place.



Issue	Corrective measures	Impact ratir	Impact rating criteria						
		Nature	Extent	Duration	Magnitude	Probability	Significance		
Agriculture	No	Negative	2	4	6	4	48 = Medium		
Agriculture	Yes	Negative	2	2	4	3	24 = Low		
Corrective Actions	 Approved roads must be utilised. Construction activities will only be undertaken on authorised areas. No waste will be buried on site. 								

Impact on Traffic

The proposed deviation will move the line farther away from the primary access roads. Subsequently there will be an increased use of local and private dirt roads that are more prone to erosion as well as posing a higher safety risk.

The proposed deviation will not have a significant impact on the N7, more so because the alignment is more to remote areas, thus increasing traffic on secondary access roads as well as private farm roads. This impact is expected to be of medium significance with and without mitigation

Issue	Corrective	Impact ratir	Impact rating criteria						
	measures	Nature	Extent	Duration	Magnitude	Probability	Significance		
Traffic	No	Negative	3	2	8	4	52 = Medium		
Tranic	Yes	Negative	2	2	6	3	30 = Medium		
	The deliv	ery of constr	ruction ma	aterial and o	equipment sho	ould be limited	d to hours outside		
Corrective	peak traf	fic times (incl	uding we	ekends) pre	vailing on the	surrounding r	oads.		
Actions	Access roads must be clearly marked.								
	Delivery	vehicles mus	t comply	with all traffi	c laws and by	laws.			



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A speed limit of 30km per hour must be maintained on farm/dirt roads.

Impact on Flora

The proposed deviation will definitely impact on the vegetation during construction of new access roads as well as at the footprint of the towers. Vegetation clearance will be required to accommodate the foundations of the two optic fibre repeater stations which will be built along the powerline (approximately 15m² each).

The alignment will traverse both terrestrial and aquatic CBA.

The anticipated impact will not significantly differ from that of the approved route. However, this assessment was more tower specific and mitigation measures have been made for each tower. The general impact on vegetation is expected to be definite, negative, long term, local but of national importance and high in significance.

	Corrective	Impact rati	ng criteria				
Issue	measures	asures Nature Extent Duration M		Magnitude	Probability	Significance	
Flora	No	Negative	Negative 3 5 8		8	4	64 = High
	Yes	Negative	3	4	6	3	39 = Medium
Corrective Actions	 Search It is rec applicat The nat possible Only flo approve Sensitiv especia areas sl The se 	and rescue commended ions made t ural vegetat e. ra within the ed Method si re features lly, the Hol, nould be min ctions of line	must be of that sea o DAFF fo ion encou e construct tatement along the Groen, (nimised a e on dee	done by a S rch and res or removal a untered on s ction footprir in line with I e power lir Groot Goera s much as p p sandy soi	pecialist in cor cue be done and relocation. site is to be co nt must be clea Eskom policies and moedv possible. Is, especially a	nsultation with on the affecte onserved and ared. Clearand s. include the r erloor rivers. along Deviatio	the ECO. ed towers and permit left intact as much as ce must be as per the major drainage lines, Disturbance in these



wind erosion and the footprint of the power line should be kept as low as possible within
these areas.
• Apart from the drainage lines, there are few features of significance along the deviations
and no specific habitats of concern that would need to be avoided were observed.
• Search and rescue must be done by a Specialist in consultation with the ECO.
• No laydown areas may be located within identified areas of high ecological sensitivity.
• Creation of new access tracks should be minimised in all areas of natural vegetation.
• Point out and/or demarcate all ecologically "sensitive" areas to the construction team (e.g.
red data habitats & species, water courses, sensitive soils, sand dunes, steep slopes and
areas susceptible to erosion).
No person shall:
\circ Uproot the plant in the process of picking the flower or any flora;
 Without a permit pick any endangered or protected flora, or pick any flora on a public road or on the land on either side of such road within a distance of ninety metres from the centre of the road;
 Pick any protected or indigenous unprotected flora on land of which he or she is not the owner, without the permission of the owner of such land or of any person authorised by such owner to grant permission.
 If the above-mentioned activities will be involved in project, an application for permit must be lodged with CapeNature.
• Where applicable, the location of fire beaks should be indicated and these fire breaks may be considered part of the development footprint.
• Fire-breaks must be brush-cut and vegetation must not be completely removed.
Brush cutting under power lines must occur as infrequently as possible as brush cutting
will lead to loss of species diversity over time.
• A fire risk can help inform an appropriate layout for developments adjacent to fire-prone vegetation.

Waste generation

During the construction phase there will be a variety of waste material produced. The contractors must adhere to all proposed measures and provide adequate waste skips and bins around the site. This impact will last the duration of the construction and operational phases and the impact will be low in significance.

Issue	Corrective	Impact rating criteria	Significance	



	measures	Nature	Extent	Duration	Magnitude	Probability	
Waste	No	Negative	2	2	8	4	48 = Medium
generation	Yes	Negative	1	2	6	3	27 = Low
Corrective Actions	 Waste r organic An ade construct waste s All wast and disp kept on The Co burning Waste b overfill. The Co work sit 	nust be sepa waste and h quate numb ction site an treams. e must be t posed of at a site. ntactor may or burying. bins must b ntractor sha es and the c	arated at a arated at a ber of sc d must b ransporte a licensed y not dis be emptie all mainta onstructio	source (e.g. swaste). avenger pro- e clearly lai d in an app d waste disp pose of an d regularly in 'good ho on camp is k	containers for oof refuse bir belled (genera ropriate mann oosal facility. P by waste and (minimum we busekeeping' p sept tidy and lif	glass, paper, ns must be p al or hazardou er (e.g. plasti roof of safe d / or construc eekly) such th practices and tter free.	metals, plastic, provided at the us) according to c rubbish bags) isposal must be ction debris by nat they do not ensure that all

Socio-cultural Impact

During the negotiation phase of the approved corridor, landowners along the approve alignment recommended the proposed deviations for various reasons. Subsequently in an effort to ensure that the possible socio-cultural impacts are managed, the deviation is proposed. During the construction phase socio-cultural issues must be taken into consideration.

, c	Corrective	Impact rati	ng criteria	a			o
Issue	measures	Nature	Extent	Duration	Magnitude	Probability	Significance
	No	Negative	2	2	8	4	48 Medium
Socio-cultural	Yes	Negative	2	2	6	3	30 Medium



	 Property owners or occupiers must be treated with respect and courtesy at all times; The culture and lifestyles of the communities living in close proximity to the proposed transmission line must be respected;
Corrective	 Removal of agricultural products is prohibited. Receipts must be obtained for any merchandise purchased or received from landowners;
Actions	• Tribal graves, archaeological sites and sites of historical interest are to be treated with respect and protected.
	• No firewood is to be collected except with the written consent of the landowner; and
	A register must be maintained of all complaints or queries received as well as action taken
	เสหยา.

Soil Erosion

The loss of topsoil in South Africa is a national concern and thus erosion control should be taken seriously ineffective storm water management systems can result in soil erosion. The proposed development is located on an arid area prone to wind erosion. During the assessment some towers will be located on Aeolian material and sand dunes that are highly erodible particularly deviation 2 and 3.

Soil erosion is expected during the construction of the proposed project and adequate measures must be implemented to prevent undue soil erosion. It must be noted that the expected negative impact on erosion along the deviation will not be any more significant than that of the approved corridor as the geology remains the same. The impact will have medium significance without mitigation and reduced to low with mitigation.

	Corrective	Impact rati	ng criteria	a			0
Issue	measures	Nature	Extent	Duration	Magnitude	Probability	Significance
Soil erosion	No	Negative	2	2	8	4	48 = Medium
	Yes	Negative	1	2	6	3	27 = Low
Corrective Actions	During installing	construction necessary	, the Co tempora	ntractor will ry and / or p	protect area	is susceptible ainage and by	to erosion by taking suitable



l separately from
ner so as to retain
l as the final soil
ed for a period of
rol, waste or any
tation and micro-
ch as possible to
d with a suitable
be imported onto
antial run-off and
be constructed to

Surface and groundwater pollution

During construction there is a risk that construction material may pollute the surface and/or ground water on site. The closest water source includes non-perennial streams and depression wetlands. Substances such as cement residue, bio fuels, and paints must be adequately controlled. Impacts on wetlands may include changing the quantity and fluctuation as well as the amount of sediment entering the water resource and associated change in turbidity. In addition exposed surfaces during construction would provide a source of sediments to be taken up by storm water and resulting in down-stream sedimentation of water resources. This impact is of medium

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negative significance and can be reduced to a low significance.

	Corrective	Impact rati	ng criteria	a			
Issue	measures	Nature	Extent	Duration	Magnitude	Probability	Significance
Surface and ground	No	Negative	3	2	6	4	44 = Medium
water pollution	Yes	Negative	2	2	4	3	24 = Low
Corrective Actions	 No activing reater Care minimay defined Fuel minimay defined	vities should without appr ust be take trimentally a ust be taken te measure water bodies rater	I occur w roval from n during ffect wate to avoid s must b s. I in bunde ances. I in bunde ances. il in case s place du uce the o channels vals along	vithin a 100 in DWS. construction er quality (es destruction be put in pl ed areas in a must be pla of spillages uring the rai pportunities alongside a g the road.	n or within a to prevent le pecially fuels of water cours ace to preven accordance with ced under the ny season, sto of constructio ccess roads a	1:100 year flo eaks and spill and chemicals es. Int runoff of c th the legal red e equipment c orm water will n debris being nd divert storm	age of materials that age of materials that b). onstruction debris to quirements of storage or vehicles to prevent have to be managed washed off. hwater in the natural

Noise pollution

An increase in noise is expected due to construction, which might have a minor impact. The proposed deviations is far removed from receptors such as communities/towns, therefore the impact should be expected to have low significance.



	Corrective	Impact rati	Impact rating criteria						
Issue	measures	Nature	Extent	Duration	Magnitude	Probability	Significance		
N	No	Negative	2	2	6	3	30 = Medium		
Noise pollution	Yes	Negative	1	2	2	2	10 = Low		
	It m prop	 It must be ensured that all vehicles and equipment used during co properly maintained. 							
Corrective	Sele	ecting equipr	ment with	lower soun	d power levels	s which is in a	ccordance with		
Actions	the	Health and S	Safety Re	gulations.					
ACIONS	 Surr 	ounding res	idents sh	ould be noti	fied of constru	ction schedule	es in advance.		
	Wor	king hours r	nust be re	estricted to o	daytime only (7am – 5pm).			

Fire hazards

Onsite storage of fuel and other flammable solvents, during construction may increase the risk of fire. Uncontrolled fires on site could cause damage to infrastructure and the biophysical environment and impact on the social environment as well. With mitigation measures implemented, the significance of the impact will low.

Corrective	Impact ratin	0						
measures	Nature	Extent	Duration	Magnitude	Probability	Significance		
No	Negative	2	2	6	3	30 = Medium		
Yes	Negative	1	2	4	2	14 = Low		
 The Cont beaters e 	 The Contractor must ensure that fire-fighting equipment (e.g. fire-ended beaters etc.) is available at all times, on site. 							
 Areas we (highly fla such area 	Areas were flammable substances are kept must have proper warning signs on display (highly flammable, No smoking etc.) to warn personnel on site of risk associated with such areas							
No burnin Contractiv	ig of waste o	r cooking	will be allow	wed on site.	levant evictin	a fire and safety		
	Corrective neasures No Yes The Cont beaters e Areas we (highly fla such area No burnin Contractio	Corrective Impact ratin neasures Nature No Negative Yes Negative Yes Negative The Contractor must beaters etc.) is available Areas were flammable (highly flammable, No such areas. No burning of waste o Contracting personne	Impact rating criteria neasures Nature Extent No Negative 2 Yes Negative 1 • The Contractor must ensure to beaters etc.) is available at all to beaters etc.) is available at all to Areas were flammable substant (highly flammable, No smoking such areas. • No burning of waste or cooking • Contracting personnel must be	Impact rating criteria neasures Nature Extent Duration No Negative 2 2 Yes Negative 1 2 Yes Negative 1 2 The Contractor must ensure that fire-fight beaters etc.) is available at all times, on site Areas were flammable substances are kept (highly flammable, No smoking etc.) to was such areas. No burning of waste or cooking will be allow Contracting personnel must be well verse	Impact rating criteria neasures Nature Extent Duration Magnitude No Negative 2 2 6 Yes Negative 1 2 4 The Contractor must ensure that fire-fighting equipments beaters etc.) is available at all times, on site. Areas were flammable substances are kept must have provide the provide	Impact rating criteria neasures Nature Extent Duration Magnitude Probability No Negative 2 2 6 3 Yes Negative 1 2 4 2 The Contractor must ensure that fire-fighting equipment (e.g. fire-tipeaters etc.) is available at all times, on site. Areas were flammable substances are kept must have proper warning (highly flammable, No smoking etc.) to warn personnel on site of ris such areas. No burning of waste or cooking will be allowed on site. Contracting personnel must be well versed in the relevant existing		

	management procedures and activities on site.
	Implement fire hazard sensitive on- and offloading procedures.
	Designate a site safety official and ensure that personnel are adequately trained regarding fire hazards and procedures

Socio-Economic Impact

This phase will result in a positive socio-economic impact as the demand for equipment, building material and labour will increase. Secondary service provision such as food supply, toilet hire, equipment maintenance etc. would also stimulate the local economy during the construction phase. This is a positive impact of a short duration.

	Corrective	Impact ratir	ng criteria					
Issue	measures	Nature	Extent	Duration	Magnitude	Probabilit	Significance	
	medodreo	Mature	LAGHI	Duration	Magrittade	у		
Socio-	No	Positive	3	2	8	5	65 High	
economic	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
	Cont	ractors shou	ld by all	means prac	ctise the local	isation matrix	while seeking	
Corrective	for co	onstruction e	quipment	or building	materials.			
Actions	• For r	• For minimal jobs, the appointed contractor should by all means consider the						
	local	residents for	[·] jobs that	do not nee	d any skill trar	nsfer.		

Indirect Impacts

Safety and Security

The presence of the construction workforce in the area is a potential risk to the surrounding landowners in terms of safety, crime and security. The significance of the potential impacts without the corrective actions (adequate safety measures in dangerous areas) is considered to be of low significance. The implementation of corrective actions could reduce the impacts to a lower level of significance.

Issue	Corrective	Impact rating criteria	Significance
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	measures	Nature	Extent	Duration	Magnitude	Probabilit y		
Safety and	No	Positive	3	2	8	5	65 = High	
Security	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Corrective Actions	 Liaise Acce Warr No-g Land prope Healt 	on with lando ss to the con ing signs sho o area shoul owners mus erties; th and Safety	owners pr istruction ould be p d be clea st be ke / standard	ior to enterin site should laced on site rly demarca ept abreast ds and guide	ng their prope be controlled; e to make peo ted, marked a with moven elines must be	rties; ople aware of and visible; nents in and e implemente	the dangers; d around their d.	

Cumulative impacts:

Habitat Destruction

Although each tower position probably affects a relatively small proportion of the landscape, there are several existing power lines at some areas along the proposed route; additional lines will not significantly increase the cumulative impact.

	Corrective	Impact rat	0				
Issue	measures	Nature	Extent	Duration	Magnitude	Probability	Significance
Habitat	No	Negative	2	2	8	4	48 = Medium
destruction	Yes	Negative	1	2	6	3	27 = Low
	The pro	ject activitie	s must be	e undertake	n within the au	uthorised area	as;
Corrective	The nor	mal suite of	environn	nental good	practices sho	uld be applied	d, such as ensuring
strict control of staff, vehicles and machinery on site and limiting the crea							he creation of new
ACTIONS	roads as	s far as pos	sible.				
-	•						



Alien Species Invasion

Alien vegetation spreads easily on disturbed soil and is likely to occur on the proposed development.

	Corrective	Impact rat	ing criteri	а			Cianificance				
Issue	measures	Nature	Extent	Duration	Magnitude	Probability	Significance				
Alien	No	Negative	2	2	8	4	48 = Medium				
Species Invasion	Yes	Negative	1	2	6	3	27 = Low				
Corrective Actions	 The devaluation access Follow-underse have not occurrent 	 The development footprint should be kept to a minimum, especially with regards to access roads created during construction. Follow-up checks should be conducted on an annual basis to ensure that alien species have not invaded the disturbed areas and no other forms of degradation have occurred 									

Fauna and Avifauna

Construction of the powerline in close proximity to the existing line will reduce the cumulative impact of the proposed development. This area already has several existing distribution power lines.

lssue	Corrective measures	Impact rat	ing criteri	а			01.15			
		Nature	Extent	Duration	Magnitude	Probability	Significance			
Fauna /	No	Negative	2	4	6	3	36 = Medium			
Avifauna	Yes	Negative	2	4	4	2	20 = Low			
Corrective	• Efforts should be made to ensure that the new power line is built bird friendly and									
Actions	results i	n no additio	nal impac	ct on birds in	n the area.					



	•	Mark sections of line in high sensitivity areas with anti-collision marking devices to	
		increase the visibility of the power line and reduce likelihood of collisions.	
	•	The boundaries of the development footprint areas are to be clearly demarcated and it	
		must be ensured that all activities remain within the demarcated footprint area.	

Socio-Economic Impact

This phase will result in a positive socio-economic impact as the demand for equipment, building material and labour will increase. Secondary service provision such as food supply, toilet hire, equipment maintenance etc. would also stimulate the local economy during the construction phase. This is a positive impact of a short duration.

	Corrective	Impact ratir	ng criteria	l						
Issue	measures	Nature	Extent	Duration	Magnitude	Probabilit	Significance			
	modouroo	Nature	Extorit	Duration	Magrillade	у				
Socioecon	No	Positive	3	2	8	5	65 = High			
omic	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				
	Cont	ractors shou	ld by all	means prac	tise the local	isation matrix	while seeking			
Corrective	for co	for construction equipment or building materials.								
Actions	• For r	• For minimal jobs, the appointed contractor should by all means consider the								
	local	residents for	jobs that	do not nee	d any skill trar	nsfer.				



No go Alternative

Direct Impacts:

Socio-economic

Should the proposed project not proceed, there will not be sufficient electricity provision in the future given the industrial and residential developments that are taking place in the area.

The identified job opportunities will not be realised.

Issue	Corrective	Impact rati	mpact rating criteria								
	measures	Nature	Extent	Duration	Magnitude	Probability	olgrinioanoo				
Socio-	No	Negative	3	2	8	4	52 = Medium				
economic	Yes	Positive	3	2	8	5	65 = High				
Corrective Actions	The propose must be adh	The proposed project must proceed and all recommendations and mitigation measures must be adhered to.									

Physical Environment

Positive impact – The area will remain intact as it will not be disturbed by the proposed development i.e. all negative impacts identified will not occur.

Issue	Corrective	Impact rati	ng criteria	a			Significance
	measures	Nature	Extent	Duration	Magnitude	Probability	Olgrinicanoc
Physical	No	Positive	3	5	8	4	64 = High
environment	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Corrective Actions	The potentia project must to.	l impact on proceed an	the physi d all reco	ical environ	ment is minin n and mitigati	nal and there on measures	fore the proposed must be adhered

Indirect Impacts:

Business/Employment Opportunities

Local suppliers and Contractor will not benefit from the business opportunities and job creation relating to



	Corrective	Impact rati	mpact rating criteria							
15500	measures	Nature	Extent	Duration	Magnitude	Probability	olgrinicarioc			
Business/	No	Negative	3	2	8	4	52 = Medium			
Employment	Yes	Positive	3	2	8	5	65 = High			
Corrective Actions	The propose must be adhe	The proposed project must proceed and all recommendations and mitigation measures must be adhered.								

Cumulative Impacts:

The cumulative impacts of not constructing the proposed transmission line are significant particularly given the current electricity challenges

	Corrective	Impact rati	Impact rating criteria							
13500	measures	Nature	Extent	Duration	Magnitude	Probability	olgrinicarice			
Cumulative	No	Neutral	4	2	8	4	56 = Medium			
Guindiative	Yes	Neutral	4	2	10	5	80 = High			
Corrective Actions	The propose must be adhe	The proposed project must proceed and all recommendations and mitigation measures nust be adhered.								

IMPACTS ASSOCIATED WITH THE OPERATIONAL PHASE

Alternative 1

 Impacts Associated with the Operational Phase

 Direct Impacts:

 Socio-economic



The operational phase of the proposed project will have significant long term positive socioeconomic impacts.

		Impost ratio	Impact rating criteria							
	Corrective	impact ratii								
Issue						Probabilit	Significance			
	measures	Nature	Extent	Duration	Magnitude		Ū			
						У				
Socioecon	No	Positive	3	4	8	5	75 = High			
omic										
	Regular	maintenance	e of the	facility sh	ould be dor	ne continuou	sly to ensure			
Corrective	uninterru	atad ayaaby a	foreray							
Actions	uninterru	pied supply c	bi energy.							

Employment creation

The employment opportunities during the operational phase will arise as a result of the maintenance work required to keep the facility running. The significance of this impact is anticipated to be positive and medium in significance.

Issue	Corrective measures	Impact ratio	ng criteria	l			
		Nature	Extent	Duration	Magnitude	Proba	Significance
		INALUIC	LAGII			bility	
Employme	No	Positive	3	4	6	4	52= Medium
nt creation	N/A						
Corrective	No mitiga	ation					
Actions							

Indirect Impacts: None identified.

Cumulative Impacts: None identified.

Alternative 2:

Impacts Associated with the Operational Phase



Impacts Associated with the Operational Phase

IMPACTS ASSOCIATED WITH THE DECOMMISSIONING PHASE

At present it is not anticipated that the proposed infrastructure will be decommissioned. On-going maintenance and upgrades, where necessary will be carried out. In the unlikely event that decommissioning is necessary it is recommended that the potential impacts identified below are reviewed and a detailed decommissioning strategy and rehabilitation plan is prepared and implemented.

Impacts Associated with the Decommissioning Phase

Direct Impacts

<u>Waste</u>

The decommissioning of the proposed project will contribute to large amounts of waste material that will be produced. The decommissioning will contribute to portions of bare soil being exposed to erosion if not rehabilitated properly. This waste material should be disposed of in an appropriate manner.

	Corrective	Impact ratir	ig criteria								
Issue	measures	Natura	Extent	Duration	Magnitude	Probab	Significance				
	measures	Nature		Duration		ility					
Waste	No	Negative	3	2	8	4	52 = Medium				
waste	Yes	Negative	3	1	6	3	30 = Low				
	Disposal	of waste at a	registered	waste dispo	osal site.						
Corrective	• Non-hazardous material should be recycled and utilised in other construction processes.										
Actions	An appropriate rehabilitation plan should be in place.										





Dust generation

Decommissioning of the facility and other infrastructure may lead to an increased amount of airborne particles in the local atmosphere as the infrastructure is dismantled and transported to the disposal site. The significance of this impact will be of low negative significance.

Issue	Corrective	Impact ratin	Cignificance				
	measures	Nature	Extent	Duration	Magnitude	Probability	olgrinicarioc
Dust	No	Negative	3	1	6	4	40 = Medium
Generation	Yes	Negative	2	1	4	3	21 = Low
Corrective Actions	Use of dust s	uppression te	chniques t	o reduce the	dust.		

Indirect Impacts: None Identified.

Cumulative Impacts: None identified.

No-go alternative

Direct Impacts: None of the impacts identified for the proposed activity will occur. If the proposed infrastructure is not to be decommissioned, it will require continuous maintenance and the measures identified for the operational phase must be continued. Efforts for continual improvement must be encouraged.

Indirect Impacts: None identified

Cumulative Impacts: None identified

