ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR

DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES

Unique Identifier:

240-72597722

Revision:

Page:

18 of 70

### Annex B - Distribution Environmental Screening Document (DESD) (Informative)

### Reticulation Powerlines and Ancillary Services

Ratified and accepted by Environmental Practitioner Environmental Specialist	Gg,	MOTLA	EKGO.	51 15/10/19
Head of Engineering Survey	,	^	_	, ,
(one signature please)	SHEGO	$M_{iO}$		
Accepted by Land Owners/Osers		·····'Ł		
		<u>M</u> .o		
M. 1/2 2 4	\ssessor/s	444		
Form completed by Mandlan Petros s	Signature:	uw		
MOHLATA NV S	Signature: 🔼	JUHLATLA N	<u>.V</u>	
in consultation with .	OF TAN	24		
CAPACITY (e.g. land owner, specialist):	A	4	****************	.,,
DATE COMPLETED: 09/10/2019				
				-

### Instructions

- Fill the report in as neatly and completely as possible.
- Where the question / statement is not applicable mark N/A.
- Indicate sensitive areas on a map and/or spanning plans.
- When in doubt, consult the Environmental Practitioner in your region.

The purpose of this DESD is to:

- Determine whether or not the project should be subject to R543-7, published in terms of the National Environmental management Act 107 of 1998.
- Identify and mitigate the negative impact of Eskom's activities to a minimum in line with both Legislation and Eskom's Environmental Policies.
- This report is a guide to Route Selection, Construction and Field Services.

NOTE Complete the report before the survey!!!

This is not an office exercise.

Extra sheets of paper may be added and referenced if insufficient space has been provided.

PRIVATE DAG X 404 ACCT (11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
2019 -10- <b>09</b>
TEL: 013 777 7002

### ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES

Unique Identifier:

240-72597722

Revision:

1

Page:

19 of 70

### Annex B (continued)

1	Pro	ject	des	crit	otion
---	-----	------	-----	------	-------

**Environmental Management Programme.** 

Project name/Su	rvey		
Request		Area	*******
Project number		File number	
Rural scheme/			
Feeder		Voltage	******
Supply from			***************************************
(scheme name, p	pole numbers for tee-off)		
Supply to			
(Farm name, etc.			
2 Properties	traversed		
•••••			
Farm name	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		***************
Registration num	ber and Division		
	berLine le		
•			
Registration num	ber and Division	Sub-division	************
•	berLine le		
•		,	
			- Company of the Comp
3 Brief descr	iption of the surrounding are	a	
11	a residential	0.50	***************************************
	a residential	SUICES.	
***************************************			***********
	,		************
***************************************			*********
***************************************			
Could the propos aspects?	sed project have an impact on or b	e constrained by any of the foll	lowing environmental
Encircle the appr possible negative	opriate aspect, giving a description impact. Note that mitigating mea	of the present state as well as sures for these impacts are to	s an indication of the be included in the

## ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES

Unique Identifier:

240-72597722

Revision:

1

Page:

20 of 70

# Annex B (continued)

4 I	Physical	environi	ment							
4.1	Water:	streams	rivers	dams	wetlands	springs	floodplai	ns C	THER .!	<b>\//</b>
Pre	sent condit	tion:	•••••						*************	*****
			-							
4.2	Soit:	sand	dy		cky	claye			ER	
Pres	sent condit	ion: It		clai	ješ a	nol	lou	sga.	ef	
Pote	ential impac Topograp	ct (e.g. of e	rosion) ntains ı	ridges	hills valley	mpal s davines	dongas	ОТ	HER <i></i>	[/ <del>/</del> )
Pres	ent conditi									••••
Pote	ntial impa				**************					
Com		igating mea								
						*******				
	***************************************	* *************************************					•••••		•••••	

**ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR** 

**DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES** 

Unique Identifier:

240-72597722

Revision:

1

Page:

21 of 70

## Annex B (continued)

5 Natural env	ironment					n/10
5.1 Flora:	indigenous	protec	ted e	exotic	OTHE	R
Brief description a	and conservation					
Potential impact (						
5.2 Fauna:	mamn		birds		OTHER	A / /27 '
Brief description a e.g. rare, protecte			ınts, eagles, vul	tures, etc., r	nention mig	ratory paths)
Potential impact (e	e.g. threat of el	ectrocution, colli	sion, etc)			
Comments/mitigat						measur
i.1 Restricted	nature/game reserves	hiking trails	tourism rout	es pa		recreational areas
Residential- reas	green belts	sacred/holy grounds	OTHER			
Brief description	Inter	-16 1	sa r	31de	ha/	ara,

## ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES

Unique Identifier:

240-72597722

Revision:

1

Page:

22 of 70

Potential impact e.g	. threat of encroac	continued) hment, etc	' 1/0	imfalt
3.2 Visual aesthet	cs: easily seen	hidder	1	partially
<u> </u>				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Brief description .	rt cau	be easi	Jy Veei	
Potential impact	NO 1n	mark		
5.3 Natural heritag	e: cultural significance	archaeological objects	monuments	pałaeontological objects
	graves	meteorites	ruins	OTHER
he SAHRA. <b>If line</b> (	or access road ler The OSC be Careful measures Hu	ngth exceeds 300m	SAHRA shall be	Shall be followed by notifying notified.  Inc Poute: Quel execu
.1 Land use:	crops	orchards	grazing	crop spraying r→
	game farming	forestry areas	mining	OTHER PA
rief description				

## ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES

Unique Identifier:

240-72597722

Revision:

1

Page:

23 of 70

# Annex B (continued)

Potential impact	***************************************			
7.1.1 Commercial:	factories		shops	OTHER
Potential impact				
	ninelines	sewage	OTHER	power lines air fields
Brief description:	The is	ou	existing	powerline.
Potential impact	0 (mp	act	<i>V</i>	
Comments/mitigating				

Document Classification: Controlled Disclosure

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES

Annex B (continued)

What impact will this project have on elements 4 to 7?

What impact will this project have on elements 4 to 7?

1. Physical

No impact (0) Medium impact (2) High impact (4)

2. Natural

No impact (0) Medium impact (2) High impact (4)

3. Social

No impact (0) Medium impact (2) High impact (4)

Overall impact:

This section addresses the overall environmental impact of the project. The impacts as assessed in the above three spheres (physical, natural and social) need to be considered to determine the overall impact

0 2 4

No impact Medium impact High impact

If the overall impact is between 2 and 4, contact the Environmental Management Officer or the Environmental Senior Superintendent.

#### **Alternatives**

Have alternative routes been discussed with the relevant land owner/s or users?

Yes No

### Detailed study

Is an environmental assessment required in terms of Regulation R543?

Yes No

Should a permit application be made to DWA?

Yes No

Should the SAHRA be notified?

Yes \_\_\_\_\_

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES

Unique Identifier:

240-72597722

Revision:

1

Page:

25 of 70

### Annex C - Environmental Management Plan

(Normative)

#### 1 General conditions

- 1.1 The Eskom project manager or co-ordinator shall be responsible for ensuring that the land owners have been informed before any work is carried out on site. Contractors shall find out if the landowners have been informed before moving onto site.
- 1.2 No fences, gates or locks shall be damaged to obtain access onto a line route. Arrangements shall be made in advance to obtain permission for access.
- 1.3 Use of private roads shall be arranged in advance. Any damage to private roads shall be repaired at the contractor's expense and to the satisfaction of the landowner. This shall be the responsibility of the project manager or co-ordinator.
- Gates shall be left as they are found, i.e. closed gates shall be kept closed and open gates shall be left open. Gates to adjacent properties or onto public roads shall be closed at all times. Any Eskom gates installed on the line route shall be kept closed and locked except while stringing is taking place. Open gates shall be guarded to prevent animals straying and unauthorised persons and vehicles entering into adjacent camps or properties.
- 1.5 Permission shall be obtained from landowners before any water is used.
- No fires shall be lit on private property. If fires are lit on Eskom's property or in the construction camp, provision shall be made that no accidental fires are started. No firewood shall be collected in the veld.
- 1.7 If activities that can cause a fire are carried out, fire extinguishers shall be available on site and in the construction camp.
- 1.8 No property may be accessed after normal working hours except with the permission of the landowner. Privacy shall be respected at all times.
- 1.9 Eskom, Eskom's contractors and their employees shall at all times be courteous towards landowners, tenants and the local community.
- 1.10 Eskom, Eskom's contractors and their employees shall not cause damage to property, crops or animals. Activities that may cause conflict with landowners, tenants, the local work force or the local community shall be avoided. Should conflict arise it shall be immediately reported to the Eskom project manager or co-ordiator.
- 1.11 Vehicles shall be driven at a moderate speed on private roads and stay within the statutory speed limit on public roads.
- 1.12 All movement of vehicles shall take place on the established Eskom servitude road or on private roads as agreed in advance. Keep to existing tracks. No movement shall take place through the veld. Special care shall be taken to prevent excess damage during wet weather.

### ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES

Unique Identifier:

240-72597722

Revision:

1

Page:

26 of 70

### Annex C (continued)

- 1.13 If any vehicle should get stuck, the damage shall be repaired immediately so that no deep ruts remain.
- 1.14 Any damage to private property shall immediately be reported to Eskom and the owner. The damage shall be rectified immediately if possible and/or appropriate compensation shall be paid to the owner at the discretion of the project manager/co-ordinator in consultation with the property owner. A record of damages and rectifying action shall be kept. The landowner's satisfaction with the outcome of rectifying action shall be obtained in writing.
- 1.15 A proper system of waste management shall be instituted in the construction camp. This entails that sufficient waste bins are available on site and in the construction camp. The waste shall be dumped at an approved waste disposal site. No containers, scrap metal, conductor etc. shall be left on site.
  - All scrap shall be removed and taken to an appropriate disposal site. No oil, diesel or other chemicals shall be spilled or discarded anywhere. If an accidental spill occurs, it shall be reported immediately and cleaned to the satisfaction of Eskom and the landowner. No waste shall be left in the veld or on the line route.
- 1.16 Washing and toilet facilities shall be provided on site and in the construction camp. The facilities shall comply with Eskom standards and shall have the approval of the landowner.
- 1.17 No human excrement shall be left in the veld. If no toilet facilities are available such waste shall be buried *immediately*.
- 1.18 Herbicides shall only be applied with Eskom's permission and in accordance with the Eskom Policy on Herbicides ESKPBAAD4.
- 1.19 Camp and office sites shall be dismantled and removed after completion of the construction phase of the project. The site shall be rehabilitated to as close as possible to its original condition to the satisfaction of the landowner, which shall be in writing.
- 1.20 All excavations shall be enclosed to prevent animals or people from accidentally falling into excavations.
- 1.21 No trees shall be cut or removed without prior permission from the landowner. Permits shall be obtained for the cutting and removal protected trees (protected trees shall be dealt with in 2, Special conditions).
- 1.22 Should any natural heritage object be found, or exposed during excavations, all work shall be terminated immediately and the finding reported to the Project Manager who shall inform the Eskom Environmental Practitioner and the SAHRA.

### ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES

Unique Identifier:

240-72597722

Revision:

1

Page:

27 of 70

### Annex C (continued)

2 Special of	onditions							
(Specific issurprotected trees	s. etc.).							
***************************************								
		 ******	••••••	 	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	 	 

### TYPICAL MITIGATION MEASURES

ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERNS	MITIGATION MEASURES
AGRICULTURE	
Loss of standing crop due to access road and tower work site.	<ul> <li>limit width of access and size of tower site.</li> <li>avoidance of crop areas.</li> <li>monetary compensation for crop loss.</li> <li>time construction to avoid growing season.</li> </ul>
Soil Compaction	<ul> <li>scheduling activities to times of the year when soils are least susceptible to compaction.</li> <li>stop activities when ground conditions are poor.</li> <li>use of equipment with low bearing capacity.</li> <li>chisel ploughing.</li> </ul>
Construction of new lines	- locate access roads along existing traffic routs.
Topsoil – subsoil mixing/soil rutting	<ul> <li>scheduling activities.</li> <li>stop activity when ground conditions are poor.</li> <li>use of equipment with low bearing capacity.</li> <li>use of gravel roads.</li> <li>addition of manures to offset fertility loss.</li> <li>compensation for reduced soil pEAuctivity.</li> <li>removal of spoil and/or bentonite from foundation operations.</li> <li>Segregation of topsoil and subsoil.</li> </ul>
Disturbance to farm operations	<ul> <li>maintain contact with landowner/tenant regarding preferences.</li> </ul>
Loss of livestock	<ul> <li>employ noise control measures near sensitive livestock.</li> <li>Construction of farm gates.</li> <li>Securing farm gates.</li> <li>Clean-up construction materials which could be ingested.</li> <li>Compensation for lost, injured livestock.</li> </ul>
SOCIAL IMPACTS	
Mud and Dust	<ul> <li>wetting down dry soils.</li> <li>chemical control of dust.</li> <li>cleaning roads to remove mud.</li> <li>temporary planting of grasses.</li> </ul>

## ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES

Unique Identifier:

240-72597722

Revision:

1

Page:

28 of 70

### Annex C (continued)

	(continued)
Aesthetics	<ul> <li>screen with natural of planted vegetation restoration.</li> </ul>
	- avoid linear access down the right-of-way.
	- addition of topsoil to gravel access roads.
	- hoarding construction sites.
	- installation of landscaping in advance of site
	completion.
Inconvenience	- select route and method of installation to suit
	landowners' conditions.
Horitage recovered	- select timing of activity.
Heritage resources	- avoidance/isolation.
	- design measures to make facility less obtrusive.
	- screening.
	- alternate methods of equipment.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	protection by use of enclosures, barrier fencing, covering.
	- salvage in conjunction with SAHRA.
	- relocation in conjunction with SAHRA.
Tourism and recreation resources	design measures to make facility less obtrusive of
Tourish and recreation resources	disruptive.
	- screening and restoration.
	- minimise noise and dust.
	- safety precautions to protect the public.
	- scheduling to avoid peak use periods.
WATER QUALITY	Confedering to divold peak disc periods.
Sedimentation of streams due to	- minimise use of slopes adjacent to streams during soils
erosion from the right-of way.	testing, construction and maintenance.
The state of the s	- maintain a cover crop.
	- retain buffers.
Stream bank erosion.	- mechanical erosion control.
	- retain shrubby stream bank vegetation and selectively
	cut or prune trees during line clearing/maintenance.
	- selective spraying of herbicides.
	- Mechanical erosion control.
Impedance of natural flow	- use and maintenance of appropriate stream crossing
streams/others surface waters.	device.
Ponding or channelization of surface	- timing activities to stable ground conditions.
waters due to rutting.	- use of gravel roads.
Contamination of surface or ground	- spill control material and procedures readily available.
waters through spills or leaks of toxic	- site selection where possible.
substances.	one concent where possible.
Soil compaction/topsoil-subsoil mixing.	- avoidance of rutting by vehicles where possible.
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	- construction timing.
	- use of gravel roads.
	- use of vehicles with low bearing pressures.
	- stop activities when ground conditions are poor.
Wind/water erosion.	- avoidance of areas with high erosion potential.
	- timing activities to the most stable ground conditions.
II II	- slope stabilisation.
	- mechanical erosion control.
	<ul><li>mechanical erosion control.</li><li>vegetation erosion control.</li></ul>
	- mechanical erosion control.

## ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES

Unique Identifier:

240-72597722

Revision:

1

Page:

29 of 70

## Annex C (continued)

Contamination by petrochemicals.	- spill control material and procedures made readily available.
	<ul> <li>restoration methods investigated.</li> </ul>
FAUNA & FLORA	
Loss of habitat, breeding and/or food source	- environmental mapping to identify sensitive areas.
for terrestrial wildlife.	- avoidance of areas containing rare/endangered
	species.
	- construction and maintenance activities to be
	timed where possible to avoid peak breeding
	periods.
	- the creation of "edge" (may be considered a
	positive impact.)
	<ul> <li>promotion of wildlife habitat through vegetation</li> </ul>
	control.
	- avoid the filling of small wetlands.
	- use design with low risk to wildlife electrocution or
	collision
	- fit bird flight divertors to powerlines in bird
Changes in securities 6	migration areas.
Changes in composition of vegetation as a result of disturbance.	- construction timing to minimise soil disturbance.
Removal or burial of stream bottom habitat	- restoration of soils to a stable condition.
and increased turbidity due to sedimentation.	- minimise erosion from the right-of-way by
and moreased turbidity due to sedimentation.	maintaining a cover crop.
	modifical dissisting difficil
	I minimize atteam particeresion by retaining stilluppy I
	bank vegetation and selective cutting, pruning of trees near watercourses.
	- installation of sediment traps when necessary.
Possible loss of wildlife/fish migration/travel	- avoid filling small wetlands servings as staging
routes.	areas for waterfowl migration.
	- Installation and maintenance of a proper stream
	crossing device.
	time construction activities to avoid disturbance to
į	migrating fish and wildlife or during breeding.
	- Follow Eskom standards for the application of
	herbicides near watercourses.
	- Preserve and/or augment existing natural corridor
	crossings; investigate tower placement to optimise
	clearances to preserve existing vegetation.
IntEAuction of exotic plant species resulting	- use of native species for erosion control.
from vegetative erosion control.	
Vegetation stress due to nutrient loss as a	- erosion control measures.
result of soil deterioration.	
Changes in vegetation due to soil	<ul> <li>time construction/clearing to take advantage of</li> </ul>
disturbance (topsoil-subsoil mixing).	stable soil conditions.