MEMORANDUM TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT

PROPOSED MOKALA MANGENESE MINE TO BE LOCATED NEAR HOTAZEL (ROAD R380) IN THE KGALAGADI DISTRICT, NORTHERN CAPE PROVINCE



MARCH 2015

<u>Prepared for:</u> SLR Consulting (Africa) (Pty) Ltd P O Box 1596 Cramerview 2060

SLR Reference: 720.09012.00001



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Declaration of Independence

I, Leon Roets hereby declare that Siyazi Gauteng (Pty) Ltd, an independent consulting firm, has no interest or personal gains in this project whatsoever, except receiving fair payment for rendering an independent professional service.

Consultant name: Leon Roets



Signature:

Date:

31 July 2015

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LIST OF ASSUMTIONS

PAGE 9, SECTION 2.1.1: BACKGROUND TRAFFIC GROWTH PER ANNUM

NEMA Regs (2014) - Appendix 6	Relevant section in report
Details of the specialist who prepared the report	Cover Page.
The expertise of that person to compile a specialist report including a curriculum vitae	Appendix F.
A declaration that the person is independent in a form as may be specified by the competent authority	Page II.
An indication of the scope of, and the purpose for which, the report was prepared	Section 1 of report.
The date and season of the site investigation and the relevance of the season to the outcome of the assessment	Site visit and date of data collection, 14 November. Summer with dry conditions. No relevance to season.
A description of the methodology adopted in preparing the report or carrying out the specialised process	Section 2 of report. Each section provides a description of relevant data collected or analyses conducted.
The specific identified sensitivity of the site related to the activity and its associated structures and infrastructure	Refer to Section 2 of report, Figure 2.2.
An identification of any areas to be avoided, including buffers	No areas to be avoided by mine related vehicular traffic.
A map superimposing the activity including the associated structures and infrastructure on the environmental sensitivities of the site including areas to be avoided, including buffers;	Refer to Section 2 of report, Figure 2.2.
A description of any assumptions made and any uncertainties or gaps in knowledge;	Page V of report.
A description of the findings and potential implications of such findings on the impact of the proposed activity, including identified alternatives, on the environment	Refer to section 3 of report which includes all findings and recommendations.
Any mitigation measures for inclusion in the EMPr	Refer to section 3 of report which includes all findings and recommendations.
Any conditions for inclusion in the environmental authorisation	Refer to section 3 of report which includes all findings and recommendations.
Any monitoring requirements for inclusion in the EMPr or environmental authorisation	Refer to section 3 of report which includes all findings and recommendations.
A reasoned opinion as to whether the proposed activity or portions thereof should be authorised and	Refer to Item 3.2.3 of section 3 of report which includes all findings and recommendations.
If the opinion is that the proposed activity or portions thereof should be authorised, any avoidance, management and mitigation measures that should be included in the EMPr, and where applicable, the closure plan	Refer to section 3 of report which includes all findings and recommendations.
A description of any consultation process that was undertaken during the course of carrying out the study	Consultation was conducted by
A summary and copies if any comments that were received during any consultation process	SLR Consulting (Africa) (Pty) Ltd held a Public Participation session. Table 2.10 provides comments received and replies.
Any other information requested by the competent authority.	No information requested.

Section 1

INTRODUCTION

Siyazi Transportation Services Gauteng (Pty) Ltd was appointed by SLR Consulting (Africa) (Pty) Ltd during November 2014 to conduct a Traffic Impact Assessment (TIA) for the proposed Mokala Manganese Mine to be situated near Hotazel (Road R380) within the Kgalagadi District, Northern Cape Province.

In broad terms, the Proposed Mining Development will comprise the following main components:

- a) Primary crusher station;
- b) Secondary crushing station;
- c) Screening station;
- d) Radial product stacker and product stockpiles;
- e) Run of Mine stockpile;
- f) Material handling conveyors;
- g) Electricity supply from generators;
- h) Water reticulation;
- i) Potable water system;
- j) Ablution facilities (drain to package treatment plant);
- k) Access roads; and
- I) Storm water management systems;
- m) The diversion of Road R380 as the relevant section of this road currently traverses the project site; and
- n) Upgrading the intersection of the Gloria Mine along Road R380;
- o) Realignment of the proposed Ga-Mogara River within the existing channel.

Vehicle access from and to the Proposed Mining Development will be obtained from Road R380 (MR887-2) at the existing intersection where the Gloria Mine currently gains access from Road R380 (MR887-2).

Figure 1.1 provides a graphical presentation of the locality of the Proposed Mining Development in relation to other activities in the vicinity including the location of the intersections under investigation while **Figure 1.2** provides the concept site layout as produced by Aecom (Pty) Ltd.





Table 1.1 contains a summary of the extent of the Proposed Mining Development for project phases.

The purpose of this study is to undertake an assessment of the implications of the vehicle traffic that could potentially be generated at the Proposed Mining Development:

- a) The Traffic impact that the change in land use would have on road- and transport-related infrastructure;
- b) Whether it is possible to accommodate the Proposed Mining Development within acceptable norms from a traffic engineering point of view; and
- c) The mitigating measures required to accommodate the Proposed Mining Development within acceptable Traffic Engineering norms.

The Northern Cape Department of Roads and Public Works is currently the relevant Road Authority related to the adjacent road network to the Proposed Mining Development.

The following scenarios were investigated as part of the Traffic Impact Assessment:

- a) **Scenario 1:** 2015 peak hour traffic without background traffic growth, without the Proposed Mining Development;
- b) **Scenario 2:** 2015 peak hour traffic without background traffic growth, with the Proposed Mining Development (Construction Phase);
- c) **Scenario 3:** 2017 peak hour traffic with background traffic growth, without the Proposed Mining Development;
- d) **Scenario 4:** 2017 peak hour traffic with background traffic growth, with the Proposed Mining Development;
- e) **Scenario 5:** 2025 peak hour traffic with background traffic growth, without the Proposed Mining Development;
- f) **Scenario 6:** 2025 peak hour traffic with background traffic growth, with the Proposed Mining Development;

TABLE 1.1: SUMMAR	RY OF THE EXTENT OF THE	PROPOSED MINING DEVE	ELOPMENT FOR THE RESPI	ECTIVE PHASES
DESCRIPTION		PH	ASE	
DESCRIPTION	CONSTRUCTION	OPERATIONAL	DECOMMISSIONING	CLOSURE
Production (Tonnes of product for export)	Not relevant.	Max 1 300 000 tonnes per annum (Approximately 5179 tonnes per day)	Not relevant. Some overspill production (product remaining from the construction phase that is sold during the decommissioning phase) could take place, although it will be less than the operational phase. (Activities include the demolition of all infrastructures and the rehabilitation of the site)	Not relevant. (All activities on the site, although limited, are planned to be completed and the mining company will leave the site)
Soil moving for construction	As part of the construction of the Proposed Mining Development, soil is proposed to be moved via haul trucks. The haul trucks will be crossing Road R380 (MR887-2) east of Point A. Refer to Point 2.1 of Table 2.10 for detail.	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
Duration	± 329 days (1 year)	± 15 years	± 1 year	Ongoing process for the duration of the closure phase
Relevant time frame	2016 to 2017	2017 to 2032	2033 to 2034	2034 to undetermined
Number of construction workers	± 230 temporary workers (1 shift per day)	Not relevant	Less than construction phase	Negligible (Maintenance and Aftercare)

TABLE 1.1: SUMMAR	RY OF THE EXTENT OF THE	PROPOSED MINING DEVE	LOPMENT FOR THE RESPI	ECTIVE PHASES
DESCRIPTION		PH	ASE	
DESCRIPTION	CONSTRUCTION	OPERATIONAL	DECOMMISSIONING	CLOSURE
Assumed maximum % of construction workers transport that will occur during the AM or PM peaks respectively	Worst case scenario is 100%	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
Location from where workers are	30% from and to Ho	tazel. (Based on base-year vehic	cle traffic distribution)	Not relevant
phases	70% from and (Based	Not relevant		
Number of dayshift workers (Admin and management staff)	Not relevant.	±150 per day (1 shift per day, 08h00 to 17h00)	Not relevant.	
Number of mine workers (3 shifts per day)	Not relevant.	±210 per day, ±70 per shift, 3 shifts per day. (06h00 to 14h00, 14h00 to 22h00 and 22h00 to 06h00)	Not relevant.	Not relevant.
Expected number of heavy vehicles delivering consumables and construction material per day	Construction material: 15 Consumables: 10	4	Limited, occasionally.	Limited, occasionally.
Assumed maximum % of heavy vehicles during AM or PM peak respectively	20%	20%	Limited, occasionally.	Limited, occasionally.
Heavy vehicle distribution	See Figure B-3 of Appendix B	See Figure B-3 of Appendix B	Same as for operational phase.	Same as for operational phase.
Heavy vehicles per day exporting processed product (40 tonne trucks)	Not relevant.	130	Not relevant. Some overspill production might take place.	Not relevant.
Abnormal vehicles delivering large components related to the proposed mining development	Once-off events.	Once-off events.	Once-off events.	Once-off events.

TABLE 1.1: SUMMAR	TABLE 1.1: SUMMARY OF THE EXTENT OF THE PROPOSED MINING DEVELOPMENT FOR THE RESPECTIVE PHASES													
DESCRIPTION	PHASE													
DESCRIPTION	CONSTRUCTION	OPERATIONAL	DECOMMISSIONING	CLOSURE										
Access road	Access via the existing intersection of Road R380 (MR887-2) and the Gloria Mine Access.	Same as for construction phase.	Same as for construction phase.	Same as for construction phase.										
Calculated total number of vehicle trips (In and Out) to be generated per AM or PM peak hours	AM – 45 PM – 45 (See Table 2.6 of Section 2)	AM – 113 PM – 113 (See Tables 2.7 to 2.8 of Section 2)	Less than construction and operational phases.	Negligible (Maintenance and Aftercare).										

Source: SLR Consulting Project Team, assumptions and calculations.

Section 2

DETAILED INFORMATION RELATED DATA COLLECTED AND INVESTIGATIONS

The purpose of **Section 2** is to provide the detailed information related to the data that was collected and the relevant investigations that were conducted in terms of vehicular traffic:

2.1 STATUS QUO OF LAND USE, AS WELL AS ROAD CHARACTERISTICS

2.1.1 EXISTING LAND USE INFORMATION

The relevant property of the proposed mining development is currently zoned for Agricultural purposes. For the purpose of this TIA, the following assumptions are made:

- a) That the anticipated average rate of growth in the area under investigation that is not relevant to this proposed development will be included as background traffic for the respective road sections at 4% per annum.
- b) That the vehicle traffic absorption rate (Rate at which existing developments attract vehicular traffic) by all other types of completed developments will maintain the same status for the next ten years.

2.1.2 EXISTING ROAD CHARACTERISTICS AND MODAL DISTRIBUTION

The following are relevant as part of this section:

- a) **Table 2.1** contains information related to the existing intersections under investigation.
- b) **Figure 2.1** provides the existing road layout for the area under investigation.
- c) **Table 2.2** provides information concerning the relevant road sections under investigation.

Tables 2.3 and **2.4** provides a copy of the Guidelines (COTO TRH26 "South African Road Classification and Access Management Manual, Version 1.0, August 2012" Rural areas) of typical road characteristics and access management requirements.

TABLE 2.1: SUMMARY OF INTERSECTION CONTROL AT EXISTING INTERSECTION												
			FIGATION									
POINT	DESCRIPTION	INTERSECTION	PEDESTRIAN	INTERSECTION								
POINT	DESCRIPTION	CONTROL	ACTIVITIES	РНОТО								
	Road R380											
	(MR887-2),											
	Gloria Mine	Free-flow on	Pedestrians	No. of the second								
Α	Access Road	Road R380	loaded and									
	and Proposed	(MR887-2)	off-loaded									
	Mine Access											
	Road											
	Road R380											
	(MR887-2),											
	Hotazel	Free-flow on	Pedestrians	La della se al a								
В	Western Access	Road R380	loaded and									
	Road and	(MR887-2)	off-loaded									
	Airfield Access			1								
	Road											
	Road R380											
	(MR887-2),											
	Hotazel Eastern	Free-flow on	Pedestrians	Martin and Martin								
С	Access Road	Road R380	loaded and									
	and Kudumane	(MR887-2)	off-loaded									
	Mine Access			and the second								
	Road											



		TABLE 2.2	: SUMM	IARY OF	ROAD CHARACT	FERIST	CS								
RELEVANT ROAD SECTION	PICTURE OF ROAD SECTION	EXIS CLASS C	ting)f road)	POSSIBLE CLASS OF	FUTURE F ROAD	E	Road Authority	Road Reserve	Number of Lanes	Lane Width	Type Of Surface	Median	Anticipated Traffic Growth Per Annum	Speed Limit
Road Section 1		Primary F Mob	Function: pility		Proposed F Mobil	Dep		ç	3.7 m				8		
(MR887-2)		Class	Class No.	Route No.	Class	Class No.	Route No.	North artmer Publ		ıe lane	n wide,	A	-		0km/h
Road link		Main Road	R3	MR887- 2	Main Road	R3	MR88 7-2	iern Ca nt of Ro ic Wor		per di	1.3m	sphalt	lone.	4%	to 100
Rock and		<mark>Descri</mark> Minor A	ption: Arterial	I	<u>Descrip</u> Minor Ar	rterial		ape bads ai ks		rectior	should				km/h
Kuruman		Access spacing	g: 600m ±	20%	Access spacing:	nd			ler						
Road Section 2 Access to		<u>Primary F</u> Activity ar	Function: nd Access		Proposed F Activity and	Nort R		_							
Kudumane Mine		Class Class Route No. No.		Class	Class No.	Route No.	hern C oads a		ω	One la	ω				
Describer		Collector Road		R4	None	Collector Road R4 None		None	ape nd F	З	ne p	5.7m	Asp	No	4
to mining	and the second second	<u>Descri</u> Colle	ector		Description: Collector			Depa Public)m	er dire	wide	ohalt	one.	%	(m/h
from and to Road R380 (MR887-2)		Access spacing: In 500	ntersectior)m.	ns 200 to	Access spacing: Inte 500r	rtment of Works		ction							
Road Section 3 Hotazel Eastern		<u>Primary F</u> Activity ar	Function: nd Access		Proposed F Activity and	unction:		Nort of R		0					
Access Road		Class	Class No.	Route No.	Class	Class No.	Route No.	hern C oads a		ne lane	ω.	Þ			6
Provides eastern		Collector Road	R4	None	Collector Road	R4	None	ape nd F	30n	e pe	7 m v	۱sph	Non	4%	0km
access from and		<u>Descri</u> Colle	ption: ector	I	Description: Collector			Depart ³ ublic V		r direct	vide	alt	ĊD		1/h
(MR887-2)		Access spacing: Intersections 200 to 500m.			Access spacing: Intersections 200 to 500m.			tment Vorks		ion					

		TABLE 2.2	: SUMM	ARY OF	ROAD CHARACT	FERISTI	CS																								
RELEVANT ROAD SECTION	PICTURE OF ROAD SECTION	EXIS CLASS C	ting of Road	POSSIBLE CLASS OF	Road Authority	Road Reserve	Number of Lanes	Lane Width	Type Of Surface	Median	Anticipated Traffic Growth Per Annum	Speed Limit																			
Road Section 4 Hotazel		<u>Primary F</u> Activity an	unction:		Proposed F Activity and	P No																									
Western Access Road		Class	Class No.	Route No.	Class	Class No.	Route No.	rthern C Roads a		One la	ω																				
																		Collector Road	R4	None	Collector Road	R4	None	ind	ω	ne p	5.7m	Asp	N	4	60
part of Hotazel		<u>Descri</u> Colle	ption: ector		Description: Collector			t Depa Public	Dm	oer dire	ı wide	ohalt	one.	%	km/h																
to Road R380 (MR887-2)		Access spacing: In 500	tersectior)m.	ns 200 to	Access spacing: Inte 500n	200 to	artment of Works		ection																						

	TABLE 2.3: RURAL FUNCTIONAL ROAD CLASIFICATION (COTO TRH26 - SOUTH AFRICAN ROAD CLASIFICATION AND ACCESS MANAGEMENT MANUAL VERISON 1.0 AUGUST 2012)													
	FUNCTIO	DN	DESC	RIPTION			MOBILITY			INTERSECTION SPACING				
BASIC FUNCTION	ALTERNATE FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION	DETERMINING FUNCTION	CLASS NO (R)	CLASS NAME	ORIGIN / DESTINATION	THROUGH TRAFFIC COMPONANT	REACH OF CONNECTIVITY	% OF BUILT KM	AADT (AVERAGE ANNUAL DAILY TRAFFIC)	MINIMUM SPACING REQUIREMENTS FOR RURAL ROADS				
	Vohiolo priority		R 1	Principal Arterial*	Metro areas, large cities, large border posts, join national routes.	Exclusively	> 50km	2 4%	1 000 - 100 000+	8.0 km				
Mobility	vehicle only, long distance, through, high order, high speed, numbered, commercial,	Movement is dominant, through traffic is dominant, the majority of traffic does not originate or terminate in the immediate vicinity; the	R 2	Major Arterial*	Cities and large towns, transport nodes (harbour and international airports), smaller border posts, join major routes.	Exclusively	> 25km	Classes 1 and 2	500 - 25 000+	5.0 km				
	strategic; route, arterial road or highway	carry high volumes of traffic between urban areas.	R 3 Minor Arterial*		Towns, villages and rural settlements, tourist destinations, transport nodes (railway sidings, seaports, landing strips), small border posts, other routes.	Predominant	> 10km	6 - 12% Classes1, 2 and 3	100 - 2 000+	1.6 km				
Access /	Access, mixed pedestrian and vehicle traffic, short distance low order	Access, turning and crossing movements are allowed, the majority of traffic has an origin or destination in the district,	R 4	Collector Road	Connect farming districts, rural settlements, tourist areas, national and private parks and mines to mobility routes.	Minimal	< 10km	20 - 25%	< 1 000	600 – 800 m				
Activity	lower speed, community / farm,	destination in the district, the function of the road is to provide a safe environment for vehicles	R 5	Local Road	Farm or property access, connection to other routes.	Nil Discontinued	< 5km	65 - 75%	< 500	450 – 600 m				
		and pedestrians using access points.	R 6	Walkway (Path or Track)	Settlements, farms, transport nodes, water points.	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	450 – 600 m				

* I rural areas, the term distributor may be preferred to arterial.

TABLE 2.4: RURAL ACCESS MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS AND FEATURES															
	DEOO		(CC	DTO TRH2	6 - SOUTH AF	RICAN ROAI	D CLASIFI	CATION AND ACC	ESS MANAGEM	ENT MANUA	L VERISON	1.0 AUGUST 201.	2)		
BASIC FUNCTION	CLASS NO (R_)	CLASS NAME	DESIGN TOPOLOGY	ROUTE NO,	ACCESS TO PROPERTY	PARKING	SPEED km/h	INTERSECTION CONTROL	TYPICAL FEATU TYPICAL CROSS SECTION	RES (Use app ROADWAY / LANE WIDTH	ROAD RESERVE WIDTH	PUBLIC TRANSPORT & PEDESTRIAN CROSSINGS	PEDESTRIAN FOOTWAYS (CONSTRUCTED)	CYCLE LANES	ANIMAL DRAWN VEHICLES
	R 1	Principal arterial	Expressway	Yes (N)	Not allowed*	No (off road rest stops allowed)	120	Grade separated or priority to through	2/3/4 lane, surfaced shoulders, climbing lanes	3.5 - 3.7m 60 - 80m (62m)		No	No	No	No
Mobility	R 2	Major arterial	Highway	Yes (R: 2 or 3-digit; or N)	Not allowed */**	No (off road rest stops allowed)	120	Priority or grade separated	2/3 lane, surfaced shoulders, climbing lanes	3.5 - 3.7m 40-70m (48m)		As required	Isolated	Recreational on shoulder	No
	R 3	Minor arterial	Main road	Yes (R: 3 or 2-digit)	Not allowed */**	No (off road rest stops allowed)	100 - 120	Priority, roundabout	2 lane surfaced, gravel shoulders	4.0m	30-50m (30m)	As required	Isolated	Recreational widen roadway both sides	Widen shoulder
	R 4	Collector road	Collector	Allowed, T (tourist) or D (district)	Yes	No (off road edge or in lay byes / viewpoints)	80 - 100	Priority	2 lane surfaced or gravel, gravel shoulders	3.5m	25m	As required	Rare, isolated	Widen roadway	Widen shoulder
Access / Activity	R 5	Local road	Farm road	Allowed, T (tourist) or L (local)	Yes	No (on verge or shoulder)	60 - 80	Priority	1/2 lane gravel, 600mm concrete strips in environmental areas		20m	As required	Rare	Use roadway	Use roadway
	R 6	Walkway	Track or pathway	No	Yes	n/a							Not constructed, formed by use		

* Access to properties sufficiently large to warrant a private intersection / interchange can be considered if access spacing requirements met and there is no future need for public road.

** Low volume farm gate and tourist access (less than 10 vehicles per day) can be considered if no alternative exists.

2.1.3 TRAFFIC COUNTS AS BASIS FOR MAKING TRAFFIC ENGINEERING CALCULATIONS

In order to gain a better understanding of the existing traffic patterns and movements adjacent to the Proposed Mining Development, 14-hour manual traffic counts were conducted at intersections that would potentially be affected by the Proposed Mining Development.

It is standard traffic engineering practice to conduct at least a12-hour manual traffic count but based on the clients requirements a 14-hour count was done at all intersections that could potentially be affected by a proposed mining development, as close as possible to a month-end Friday when traffic movement is expected to be at its highest. Due to a time constraint on the project timeline, the relevant traffic counts were conducted mid-month. It is anticipated that due to the location of the project, a mid-month traffic count would yield the same results as a month-end. From the 14-hour manual traffic counts, the AM and PM peak hours are determined respectively, and used for any further calculations.

The relevant 14-hour manual traffic counts were conducted on Friday 14 November 2014 at the following intersections under investigation:

- a) **Point A**: Intersection of Road R380 (MR887-2), Gloria Mine Access Road and Proposed Mining Development Access Road;
- b) **Point B:** Intersection of Road R380 (MR877-2), Hotazel Western Access Road and Airfield Access Road; and
- c) <u>Point C</u>: Intersection of Road R380 (MR877-2), Hotazel Eastern Access Road and Kudumane Mine Access Road.

The combined hourly totals of all the vehicle types for the traffic survey conducted on Friday 14 November 2014 between 04:00 and 18:00 are indicated in **Tables A-1 to A-3** of **Appendix A** of this report. The description of the relevant vehicle movements at the relevant intersections appears in **Figure A-1** of **Appendix A**.

The respective peak-hour flows for the traffic counts at the relevant intersections were identified as indicated in **Table 2.5** below.

TABLE 2.5: PEAK HOUR PERIODS AT THE RELEVANT INTERSECTION													
		AM F	PEAK	PM PEAK									
POINT	INTERSECTION	TIME INTERVAL	NUMBER OF VEHICLES	TIME INTERVAL	NUMBER OF VEHICLES								
A	Road R380 (MR887-2), Gloria Mine Access Road and Proposed Mine Access Road	05:30 – 06:30	438	13:00 – 14:00	299								
В	Road R380 (MR887-2), Hotazel Western Access Road and Airfield Access Road	05:30 – 06:30	429	13:00 – 14:00	350								
С	Road R380 (MR887-2), Hotazel Eastern Access Road and Kudumane Mine Access Road	05:30 – 06:30	470	13:00 – 14:00	375								

Figure 2.1 indicates the hourly traffic pattern, per 15-minute interval, for all modes of vehicles at the relevant intersections between 04:00 and 18:00 on Friday 14 November 2014.





2.2 DETERMINATION OF FUTURE LAND USE AND ROAD CHARACTERISTICS

2.2.1 LAND USE INFORMATION, INCLUDING POSSIBLE FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS IN THE AREA

Several mining developments are in the process of being developed within the area relevant to the Proposed Mining Development along Road R380 (MR 887-2). In order to evaluate the potential impact due to growth in vehicle traffic volumes along Road R380 (MR887-2) due to latent mining developments, the assumed latent mining development traffic were included by applying a growth factor of 4% per annum to background traffic.

2.2.2 INFORMATION ABOUT THE EXPECTED FUTURE MODAL DISTRIBUTION

Figures B-3 and **B-4 of Appendix B** indicate, in percentages, the expected vehicle trips distribution, respectively, of delivery vehicles, light vehicles and heavy vehicles transporting processed product for the AM and PM peak periods for the relevant scenarios.

2.2.3 DETERMINATION OF VEHICLE TRIPS EXPECTED TO BE GENERATED BY THE PROPOSED MINING DEVELOPMENT

Tables 2.6 to 2.8 indicate the trip generation rates, the number of vehicle trips which are expected to be generated by the Proposed Mining Development and the distribution of the vehicle trips to and from the respective areas of the Proposed Mining Development respectively for the construction and operational phases. The trip generation rates are based on the *South African Trip Generation Rates*, Second Edition, 1995, information provided by the project team and assumptions made based on professional experience where information was not available.

With reference to **Tables 2.7** and **2.8**, it is important to take note that it is proposed by the Proposed Mining Development that Mining Workers will work **three** shifts per day during the operational phase.

	TABLE 2.6: TRIP GENERATION RATES, EXPECTED NUMBER OF VEHICLE TRIPS TO BE GENERATED BY THE PROPOSED MINING																		
					DE	VELOPM	ENT AND	THE DIS	TRIBUTION OF VEHICLE	TRIPS (CO	NSTRUCT	ION PHAS	E)						
				Numbor				Accumed			Trip Ge	neration Calc	ulations for I	Peak Hour		Final Er	Trip Inform ngineering	ation for T Calculatior	raffic 1s
ltem	Component	Number o Workers	f % Workers active	Workers	Number of Trucks Per	% Trucks active	Number of Trucks active during Peak Hour	average number	erage imber Comments rsons Comments per phicle	lf Inward	Num Veh	If Outward	Number of	Total number of vehicle	Calculated Trip	Trip D	Dist. %	Trip Gen	neration
		per Day	Peak Hour	Peak Hour	Day	Peak Hour		per Vehicle		Movement is relevant Value = 1	Trips for Inwards Direction	Movement is relevant Value = 1	Trips for Outwards Direction	Trips Generated during Peak Hour (In & Out)	Rate per vehicle during Peak Hour	In	Out	In	Out
									AM Peak Hour										
1. Construction workers (Making use of private transport - 20%) 46 100% 46 3.0 Trips per Work (3 Persons per Ver Construction workers)										1	15	0	0	15	0.33	100%	0%	15	0
2.	Construction workers (Transported via 50 seater busses - 50%)	115	100%	115				50.0	50 persons per bus (Bus deliver workers and leave site empty)	1	3	1	3	6	0.05	50%	50%	3	3
3.	Construction workers (Making use of public transport (Taxis) - 30%)	69	100%	69				10.0	10 persons per taxi (Taxi delivers workers and leave site empty)	1	7	1	7	14	0.20	50%	50%	7	7
4.	Delivery vehicles (Construction materials)				15	20%	3	1.0	20% of delivery vehicles expected during peak periods	1	3	1	3	6	2.00	50%	50%	3	3
5.	Heavy vehicles delivering consumables				10	20%	2	1.0	20% of delivery vehicles expected during peak periods	1	2	1	2	4	2.00	50%	50%	2	2
									Т <u>е</u>				TOTAL	45				30	15
	[]			T	1		1		PM Peak Hour	l	1	1	1	1			1		
1.	Construction workers (Making use of private transport - 20%)	46	100%	46				3.0	Trips per Worker (3 Persons per Vehicle)	0	0	1	15	15	0.33	0%	100%	0	15
2.	Construction workers (Transported via 50 seater busses - 50%)	115	100%	115				50.0	50 persons per bus (Bus deliver workers and leave site empty)	1	3	1	3	6	0.05	50%	50%	3	3
3.	Construction workers (Making use of public transport (Taxis) - 30%)	69	100%	69				10.0	10 persons per taxi (Taxi delivers workers and leave site empty)	1	7	1	7	14	0.20	50%	50%	7	7
4.	Delivery vehicles (Construction materials)				15	20%	3	1.0	20% of delivery vehicles expected during peak periods	1	3	1	3	6	2.00	50%	50%	3	3
5.	Heavy vehicles delivering consumables				10	20%	2	1.0	20% of delivery vehicles expected during peak periods	1	2	1	2	4	2.00	50%	50%	2	2
									*				TOTAL	45	İ			15	30

Notes: 1) Total number of staff is 230 per day and not 230 per peak period.

	TABLE 2.7: AM PEAK TRIP GENERATION RATES, EXPECTED NUMBER OF VEHICLE TRIPS TO BE GENERATED BY THE PROPOSED MINING DEVELOPMENT AND THE DISTRIBUTION OF VEHICLE TRIPS (OPERATIONAL PHASE)																			
						f % Trucks active r during Peak Hour	Number of Trucks active during Peak Hour	Assumed average number	Comments	Trip Generation Calculations for Peak Hour							Final Trip Information for Traffic Engineering Calculations			
ltem	n Component	Number of Workers	Workers active	Number of Workers	Number of Trucks Per					If Inward	Num Veh	If Outward	Number of	Total number of vehicle	Calculated Trip	Trip Dist. %		Trip Generation		
		per Day Peak Ho	Peak Hour	Peak Hour	Day			per Vehicle		Movement is relevant Value = 1	Trips for Inwards Direction	is relevant Value = 1	Trips for Outwards Direction	Trips Generated during Peak Hour (In & Out)	Rate per vehicle during Peak Hour	In	Out	In	Out	
	AM Peak Hour																			
1.	Administrative and Management personnel (Making use of private transport - 30%) DAY SHIFT	45	100%	45				3.0	Trips per Worker (3 Persons per Vehicle)	1	15	0	0	15	0.33	100%	0%	15	0	
2.	Administrative and Management personnel (Making use of public transport (Taxis - 70%) DAY SHIFT	105	100%	105				10.0	10 persons per taxi (Taxi delivers workers and leave site empty)	1	11	1	11	21	0.20	50%	50%	11	11	
3.	Mining personnel (Making use of private transport - 30%) (FORMS PART OF THE OVERALL 3 SHIFTS PER DAY)	63	33%	21				3.0	Trips per Worker (3 Persons per Vehicle)	1	7	1	7	14	0.67	50%	50%	7	7	
4.	Mining personnel (Making use of public transport (Taxis - 70%) (FORMS PART OF THE OVERALL 3 SHIFTS PER DAY)	147	33%	49				10.0	10 persons per taxi (Taxi delivers workers and leave site empty)	1	5	1	5	10	0.20	50%	50%	5	5	
5.	Heavy vehicles transporting processed product				130	20%	26	1.0	20% of heavy vehicles expected during peak periods	1	26	1	26	52	2.00	50%	50%	26	26	
6.	Heavy vehicles delivering consumables				4	20%	1	1.0	20% of heavy vehicles expected during peak periods	1	1	1	1	2	2.00	50%	50%	1	1	
													TOTAL	113				64	49	

Note: 1) Vehicle Trip Generation related to **Table 2.7** is applicable to Alternatives 1 and 2.

2) Total number of staff per day is 360 per day and not 360 per peak period.

	TABLE 2.8: PM PEAK TRIP GENERATION RATES, EXPECTED NUMBER OF VEHICLE TRIPS TO BE GENERATED BY THE PROPOSED MINING DEVELOPMENT AND THE DISTRIBUTION OF VEHICLE TRIPS (OPERATIONAL PHASE)																		
		Trip Gene		neration Calc	Final Trip Information for Engineering Calculati			raffic ns											
ltem	n Component	Number of Workers	Workers active during	Number of Workers Active per	Number of Trucks Per	% Trucks active during Peak Hour	Number of Trucks active during Peak Hour	Assumed average number	Comments	If Inward	Num Veh	If Outward	Number of vehicle Trips for Outwards Direction	Total number of vehicle Trips Generated during Peak Hour (In & Out)	Calculated Trip Generation Rate per vehicle during Peak Hour	Trip C	Dist. %	Trip Generation	
		per Day Pe	Peak Hour	Peak Hou	Day			per Vehicle		Movement is relevant Value = 1	Trips for Inwards Direction	is relevant Value = 1				In	Out	In	Out
	PM Peak Hour																		
1.	Administrative and Management personnel (Making use of private transport - 30%) DAY SHIFT	45	100%	45				3.0	Trips per Worker (3 Persons per Vehicle)	0	0	1	15	15	0.33	0%	100%	0	15
2.	Administrative and Management personnel (Making use of public transport (Taxis - 70%) DAY SHIFT	105	100%	105				10.0	10 persons per taxi (Taxi delivers workers and leave site empty)	1	11	1	11	21	0.20	50%	50%	11	11
3.	Mining personnel (Making use of private transport - 30%) (FORMS PART OF THE OVERALL 3 SHIFTS PER DAY)	63	33%	21				3.0	Trips per Worker (3 Persons per Vehicle)	1	7	1	7	14	0.67	50%	50%	7	7
4.	Mining personnel (Making use of public transport (Taxis - 70%) (FORMS PART OF THE OVERALL 3 SHIFTS PER DAY)	147	33%	49				10.0	10 persons per taxi (Taxi delivers workers and leave site empty)	1	5	1	5	10	0.20	50%	50%	5	5
5.	Heavy vehicles transporting processed product				130	20%	26	1.0	20% of heavy vehicles expected during peak periods	1	26	1	26	52	2.00	50%	50%	26	26
6.	Heavy vehicles delivering consumables				4	20%	1	1.0	20% of heavy vehicles expected during peak periods	1	1	1	1	2	2.00	50%	50%	1	1
	1					1	-u	1	1	1			TOTAL	113			İ	49	64

Note: 1) Vehicle Trip Generation related to Table 2.8 is applicable to Alternatives 1 and 2.

2) Number of staff per day is 360 per day and not 360 per peak period.

2.2.4 DETERMINATION OF THE TOTAL TRAFFIC EXPECTED TO BE GENERATED AT THE RELEVANT INTERSECTIONS

The detailed traffic-related investigation was conducted for the construction and operational phases of the project. The following figures are relevant:

- a) **Figure B-1:** Base year, 2014, peak hour traffic without the Proposed Mining Development;
- b) **Figure B-2:** Projected 2015 peak hour traffic without background traffic growth, without the Proposed Mining Development **(Scenario 1)**;
- c) **Figure B-3:** Projected vehicle trip distribution for the Proposed Mining Development (Delivery and Heavy vehicles);
- d) **Figure B-4:** Projected vehicle trip distribution for the Proposed Mining Development (Light vehicles);
- e) **Figure B-5:** Projected vehicle trips generated by the Proposed Mining Development (Construction Phase);
- f) **Figure B-6:** Projected vehicle trips generated by the Proposed Mining Development (Operational Phase);
- a) **Figure B-7:** Projected 2015 peak hour traffic without background traffic growth, with the Proposed Mining Development (Construction Phase) **(Scenario 2)**;
- b) **Figure B-8:** Projected 2017 peak hour traffic with background traffic growth without the Proposed Mining Development **(Scenario 3)**;
- c) **Figure B-9:** Projected 2017 peak hour traffic with background traffic growth, with the Proposed Mining Development (Operational Phase) **(Scenario 4)**;
- d) **Figure B-10:** Projected 2025 peak hour traffic with background traffic growth, without the Proposed Mining Development **(Scenario 5)**;
- e) **Figure B-11:** Projected 2025 peak hour traffic with background traffic growth, with the Proposed Mining Development (Operational Phase) **(Scenario 6)**;

2.3 DETERMINATION OF THE LEVELS OF SERVICE AT THE RELEVANT INTERSECTIONS

The *"SIDRA Intersection"* software was used as an aid for the design and evaluation of the relevant intersections. The following intersections were evaluated for levels of service:

- a) <u>**Point A</u>**: Intersection of Road R380 (MR887-2), Gloria Mine Access Road and Proposed Mining Development Access Road;</u>
- b) **Point B:** Intersection of Road R380 (MR877-2), Hotazel Western Access Road and Airfield Access Road; and
- c) **Point C**: Intersection of Road R380 (MR877-2), Hotazel Eastern Access Road and Kudumane Mine Access Road.

In Appendix C, Tables C-1 to C-6 indicates the levels of service and the degree of saturation calculated for the relevant intersections for the respective scenarios:

- a) Table C-1: Levels of Service for various approaches for the year 2015, without background traffic growth without the Proposed Mining Development (Scenario 1);
 b) Table C-2: Levels of Service for various approaches for the year 2017, with background traffic growth without the proposed Mining Development (Scenario 1);
- b) Table C-2. Levels of Service for various approaches for the year 2017, with background traffic growth, without the Proposed Mining Development (Scenario 3);
- c) **Table C-3:** Levels of Service for various approaches for the year 2025, with background traffic growth, without the Proposed Mining Development **(Scenario 5)**;
- d) Table C-4: Levels of Service for various approaches for the year 2015, with background traffic growth, with the Proposed Mining Development (Construction Phase) (Scenario 2);
- e) **Table C-5:** Levels of Service for various approaches for the year 2017, with background traffic growth, with the Proposed Mining Development (Operational Phase) **(Scenario 4)**;
- f) Table C-6: Levels of Service for various approaches for the year 2025, with background traffic growth, with the Proposed Mining Development (Operational Phase) (Scenario 6);

From Tables C-1 to C-6 it is possible to note:

- a) That no additional road infrastructure is required from a traffic capacity point of view at the relevant intersections under investigation, although intersection upgrading is recommended in terms of Road Safety. Refer to **Section 3** for recommended intersection upgrading; and
- b) That the relevant intersections under investigation will operate at acceptable levels of services for the relevant time frame in which the Traffic Impact Assessment was prepared with the recommended intersection upgrading implemented from a safety perspective.

Refer to Table D-1 and D-2 of Appendix D for Level of Service criteria.

See Figures 3.1 and **3.2** for more detailed information concerning the specific Proposed Mine Access Road Intersection Layout (Point A), which would be based on road safety and intersection functionality requirements.

Table 2.9 provides a summary of the available reserve capacity on the various sections of roads that had been investigated. The assumed free-flow capacity of individual lanes is relevant provided that the relevant intersections have reserve capacity available for the relevant lanes of the intersections.

	TABLE 2.9: AVAILABLE RESERVE CAPACITY FOR RELEVANT ROAD SECTION																
	-	<i>m</i> o P		o –	0		Actu	al Numbe	er of Veh	icles			Rese	rve Capa	city Avai	lable	
Point	ntersecti on)irection of Road Section	capacity ber Lane	Number of lanes	Total Sapacity	2015 Construction AM PM		2017 Operational AM PM		2025 Operational AM PM		2015 Construction AM PM		2017 Operational AM PM		2025 Operationa AM PN	
	Road R380 (MR887-2),	North (Gloria Mine Access Road)		Not Applicable. Access Road.													
	Gloria Mine	East (Road R380)	1100	1	1100	52	245	89	297	105	383	1054	855	1011	803	995	717
A	Access Road and Proposed	South (Proposed Mine Access Road)		Not Applicable. Access Road.													
	Mine Access Road	West (Road R380)	1100	1	1100	339	75	367	82	502	112	761	1025	733	1018	598	988
	Road R380 (MR887-2), Hotazel	North (Hotazel Western Access Road)	600	1	600	18	90	22	97	29	129	682	510	575	503	571	471
	Western	East (Road R380)	1100	1	1100	70	240	106	288	129	374	1030	860	994	812	971	726
В	Access Road and	Access South (Airfield Road and Access Road)		Not Applicable. Access Road.													
	Airfield Access Road	West (Road R380)	1100	1	1100	403	78	467	117	615	143	697	1022	633	983	485	957
	Road R380	North (Road R380)	1100	1	1100	318	74	373	111	490	135	782	1026	727	989	610	965
	(MR887-2), Hotazel Eastern	East (Hotazel Eastern Access Road)	600	1	400	42	38	47	41	64	54	358	362	353	359	336	346
С	Access Road and	South (Road R380)	1100	1	1100	82	291	118	344	147	452	1018	809	982	756	953	648
	Kudumane Mine Access Road	West (Kudumane Mine Access Road)	600	1	600	84	24	90	27	125	37	516	576	510	573	475	563

2.4 SENSATIVE AREAS RELATED TO THE PROPOSED MINING DEVELOPMENT

Sensitive areas related to the Proposed Mining Development in terms of Vehicular Traffic include the following:

- a) Roads where mine related heavy vehicles and light vehicles would operate;
- b) Intersections where mine related traffic would make turning movements;
- c) Roads with high volumes of vehicular traffic;
- d) Road conditions, speeds and profiles.

From a Traffic Engineering point of view, no areas identified that should be avoided by the mine related vehicular traffic. **Figure 2.2** provides a graphical presentation of the sensitive areas related to the Proposed Mining Development from a traffic point of view.

2.5 INFORMATION REQUESTED BY COMPITENT AUTHORITY

No information was requested by any competent Authority.

2.6 CONSULTATION WITH INTERESTED AND AFFECTED PARTIES (IAP)

SLR Consulting (Africa) (Pty) Ltd held a Public Participation session with interested and affected parties as part of the Proposed Mining Development. Table 2.10 provides comments received and replies.

	TABLE 2.10: COMMENTS BY IAP											
INTERESTED AND AFFECTED PARTIES	DATE COMMENTS RECEIVED	ISSUES RAISED	REPLIES									
Comment raised by Ryno van Schalkwyk,	01 March 2015 during the social scan	I am concerned about the impact that the proposed project will have on existing transport networks.	Mitigating measures will be put in place by the Proposed Mining Development to mitigate the potential impact.									
Comment raised by Jurie Kriek	15 April 2015 at the public scoping meeting	If Mokala is intending on mining approximately 1.3 million tonnes of ore per year this means that approximately 300 trucks will be leaving the mine every day. That will require a highway. The existing roads cannot accommodate that number of trucks.	The existing roads network will be able to accommodate additional vehicular traffic.									
Comment raised by Gert Theart Comment raised	15 April 2015 at	What is Mokala's intention regarding the transportation of ore?.	The options are being finalised. Rail or Road or both.									
by Eben Anthonissen	the public scoping meeting	We would prefer if Mokala made use of rail to transport ore as opposed to road.	This option is being considered.									

2.7 OTHER TRAFFIC-RELATED ISSUES

Table 2.11 provides a summary of the following:

- a) Proposed permanent diversion of Road R380 (MR887-2) due to the proposed mining activities;
- b) Soil moving during the construction phase;
- c) Access-related issues in terms of Road R380 (MR887-2) from and to the Proposed Mining Development;
- d) Upgrading the intersection to the Gloria Mine along Road R380 in terms of Road Safety;
- e) Road safety;
- f) Available sight distances;
- g) Non-motorised transport; and
- h) Public transport.



	TABLE 2.11: SUMMARY OF OTHER TRAFFIC-RELATED ISSUES											
Item	Description of Element	General Comments	Specific Issues	Actions Required								
1.	PROPOSED PERMANENT RO	DAD DIVERSION DUE TO PROPOSED MINING ACTIVITIES										
1.1	Permanent diversion of a section of Road R380 (MR877-2).	 a) A portion of the Proposed Mining Development is intended to be located over a section of the existing Road R380 (MR887-2). The Proposed Mining Development therefore intends to divert the relevant section of Road R380 (MR887-2). Refer to Figures 1.1 and 1.2 for a graphical presentation. 	 a) Based on observations and surveys it is not envisaged that any vehicle movements will be effected by the proposed permanent diversion; and b) Horizontal Alignment would be affected. 	 a) The speed limit of the relevant section proposed to be diverted should be determined as part of the detail design phase; b) Speed limit at intersections should be limited to at least 80km/h; c) Necessary road traffic warning signs should be provided to inform road users of the relevant bends in the road; and d) The horizontal radius to be used for road alignment should be based on SANRAL Geometric Design Guide. 								
2.	SOIL MOVING DURING THE											
2.1	Moving of soil across Road R380 (MR887-2) as part of the construction phase.	a) As part of the construction phase of the proposed mining development, it is intended to move soil across Road R380 (MR887-2) that is intended to be utilised for the construction of the proposed road diversion and other mine related infrastructure. At the point in time that this study was conducted, the exact location of the crossing was not determined and will be done as part of the detail design phase.	 a) Temporary at-grade heavy vehicle crossing with Road R380 (MR887-2) needs to be created; b) Flow of traffic on main road will be affected; c) Spillage of materials on main road surface; d) Intersection and stopping sight distances for crossing should be taken into consideration; and e) Main road surface edges could be damaged. 	 a) Road traffic information and control signs should be provided on Road R380 (MR887-2) well in advance of the proposed heavy vehicle crossing to inform other road users of the possibility of encountering heavy vehicles crossing the roadway; b) The speed limit for the relevant section of Road R380 (MR887-2) where heavy vehicles will be crossing Road R380 (MR887-2) should be reduced to at least 60km/h. Rumble strips should also be considered to ensure speed reduction; c) Drivers of the heavy vehicles should be provided with adequate training in road safety; d) Spillage on the main road surface should be avoided as far as practically possible and a maintenance management plan should be implemented as part of the process; e) Edges of the main road where heavy vehicles will cross Road R380 (MR887-2) should be repaired and maintained on a continuous basis. Alternatively it is recommended that concrete beams should be constructed on the road edges prior to use of the crossing; f) Should consider stop and go control if necessary; g) Area should be well lit with overhead lighting; h) Sufficient intersection and stopping sight distances should be available; and i) Soil moving is recommended to be scheduled during vehicle traffic off-peak times. 								
3.	ACCESS RELATED ISSUES											
3.1	Intersection Spacing.	 a) Intersections A, B and C are existing intersections and deemed to meet the relevant intersection spacing requirements. 	a) None.	a) None.								

		TABLE 2.11: SUMMARY C	THER TRAFFIC-RELATED ISSUES	5							
ltem	Description of Element	General Comments		Specific Issues	Actions Required						
3.2	Proposed Mine Access Road from Road R380 (MR877-2).	 a) Safe and reliable access could be provided from Road R380 (MR887-2) to the Proposed Mining Development perpendicular to the existing access to the Gloria Mine. Refer to Figures 3.1 and 3.2 for the recommended intersection layout of the intersection of Road R380 (MR887-2) and the Proposed Mine Access Road (Point A) from a 	a) b)	Vehicles waiting to turn right in the Gloria Mine will block the vehicle through movement; Vehicles turning left into the Proposed Mining Development will reduce speed resulting in blocking the vehicle through movement.	a) b) c)	Provide dedicated right-turn lanes; Provide dedicated left-turn lanes to allow for safe deceleration; Provide acceleration lanes to allow vehicles to gain speed before entering the main vehicle traffic flow.					
		Road Safety perspective.	c)	Acceleration from side roads would occur in							
1	URGRADING OF THE EXISTU		^ MI								
4.1	Upgrading of the existing intersection of Road R380 (MR887-2), the Gloria Mine Access Road and the Proposed Mining Development Access Road	 a) It is the intention of the Proposed Mining Development to upgrade the intersection of Road R380 (MR887-2) and the Gloria Mine Access (Point A) where the Proposed Mining Development proposes to gain access. b) A concept intersection geometric layout plan was prepare by the Proposed Mining Development. 	a) b)	Special attention should be given to the lane lengths of the acceleration, deceleration and dedicated right-turn lanes. Geometric upgrading would be required in terms of road safety.	a)	Refer to Figures 3.1 and 3.2 for recommended intersection geometric layout and other required road network improvements.					
5.	ROAD SAFETY ISSUES		1		1						
5.1	General Road Safety.	 The following are typical elements related to the road network, which cause road safety problems in rural areas and which need to be addressed on a continuous basis: a) Intersection layout, with specific reference to dedicated right turn lanes, where there is heavy vehicle movement; b) Pedestrian movements (road crossings); c) Intersection alignment, such as staggered intersections; d) Insufficient public transport facilities; e) Access control for vehicle movement; f) Fencing to control animal movement; g) Lack of or deterioration of reflective road studs for visibility during the night at strategic points; h) Lack of pedestrian walkways to separate pedestrian and vehicle movements at strategic points; i) Lack of provision and quality of road markings; j) Lack of provision and quality of road signs; and k) Improper road safety training for workers as well as adjacent communities. 	a) b) c)	Lack of reflective road studs; Road markings are fading; and Lack of relevant road traffic signs.	In (safe a) b) c) d) e) f) g)	general the report was compiled so as to address the road ety issues as far as practically possible. Refer to Table 3.2 and Figures 3.1 and 3.2 for the recommended layout of the intersection of Road R380 (MR887-2), Gloria Mine Access and Proposed Mine Access (Point A); Collaborate with relevant road authority to set up a road maintenance plan to maintain the relevant road network on which heavy vehicle movement is anticipated; Provide proper reflective road studs (LED if possible) to ensure the safe operation of the relevant intersections under investigation at night time; Provide required road traffic signs for the relevant intersections; Provide proper road markings at relevant intersections under investigation (highway paint recommended); Provide mine and contractor workers with training on road safety; and Road safety and awareness campaigns should be run at the mine.					
		TABLE 2.11: SUMMARY (OF OTHER TRAFFIC-RELATED ISSUES								
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Item	Description of Element	General Comments	Specific Issues	Actions Required							
6.	AVAILABLE SIGHT DISTANC	ES	·								
6.1	Available Sight Distances.	 a) Sight distances were confirmed visually and were found to be acceptable at all relevant existing intersections under investigation; and b) The required sight distance for a single unit and trailer type of heavy vehicle is 305 metres for a speed of 80 km/h. 	a) None.	a) None.							
7.	NON-MOTORISED TRANSPO	RT									
7.1	Non-motorised Transport.	 a) There are currently a moderate volume of non- motorised transport movements in the vicinity of the relevant intersections under investigation. 	 a) Workers and local residents are loaded and off-loaded at the relevant intersections under investigation; b) Mining workers could be expected to be off-loaded at the intersection of Road R380 (MR887-2), Gloria Mine Access and Proposed Mine Access; and c) No pedestrian crossings or proper road warning signs informing motorists of the potential occurrence of pedestrians are currently provided at Points A and B. 	 a) Mining workers and contractors should be made aware of pedestrians that could be encountered along Road R380 (MR887-2); b) Proper pedestrian crossings should be provided at Points A; c) Sufficient road traffic warning signs should be provided to warn motorists of the possibility of pedestrians; and d) Reflective clothing can be provided to workers. 							
8.	PUBLIC TRANSPORT		·								
8.1	Public Transport.	 a) Three types of public transport commuters are relevant: i) Firstly, workers who will travel to and from the Proposed Mining Development during all phases; ii) Secondly, visitors to the Proposed Mining Development during all phases; and iii) Thirdly, residents of nearby villages. b) Currently Road R380 is the main public transport corridor; and c) Proper loading and off loading facilities are currently provided at the intersection of Road R380 (MR887-2), Hotazel Eastern Access and Kudumane Mine Access. 	 a) It is anticipated that the majority of workers will be transported via taxi and bus to and from the Proposed Mining Development; and b) Visitors and workers could possibly be loaded and off loaded at the intersection of Road R380 (MR887-2), Gloria Mine access and Proposed Mine Access (Point A). 	 a) It is recommended that a dedicated loading and off-loading area should be provided for public transport close to the operational area of the proposed mine where workers can be loaded and off-loaded in a safe environment as part of the all phases; and b) Loading and off-loading bays should be provided at the intersection of Road R380 (MR887-2), Gloria Mine access and Proposed Mine Access (Point A) where workers and visitors can be loaded and off-loaded should public transport not enter the Proposed Mine Access Road. 							

Section 3

FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on a site inspection of the existing road network adjacent to the site under investigation, traffic surveys, calculations and reference to the relevant Traffic Impact Assessment guideline documents, the following findings and recommendations were made:

3.1 FINDINGS

3.1.1 TRAFFIC IMPACT DURING THE RESPECTIVE PHASES

The capacity calculations for the Traffic Impact Assessment were conducted for the years 2015, 2017 and 2025 respectively. The last mentioned time frame is in line with traffic engineering guidelines and practice and determined by the expected number of vehicle trips that could potentially be generated during any specific peak hour by a specific development. However, the expected lifespan of the Proposed Mining Development will be at least until the year 2032.

Furthermore, owing to the type and nature of the proposed mining activities, it is expected that the proposed activities will have a manageable impact on traffic during the construction, operational, decommissioning and closure phases, provided that road infrastructure improvements are implemented as indicated in **Table 3.2** and **Figure 3.2** to mitigate the impact of the proposed land development area.

Table 3.1 provides a summary of the impact ratings for the construction, operational, decommissioning and closure phases respectively without mitigating measures implemented. **Table 3.1** was derived from **Table E-1 of Appendix E** of the report that provides the criteria used in terms of the assessments process. Based on **Table 3.1** it is possible to note that the construction and operational phases have the highest impact.

3.1.2 UPGRADING OF THE EXISTING INTERSECTION OF ROAD R380 (MR 887-2), THE GLORIA MINE ACCESS AND THE PROPOSED MINING DEVELOPMENT ACCESS

Mokala is intending on upgrading the intersection along Road R380 (MR887-2) which leads to the Gloria Mine. The proposed upgrade would ensure a properly functioning intersection from a Traffic Engineering point of view in terms of intersection performance and road safety. The following should be given attention as part of the proposed upgrading during the detail design phase:

- a) Lengths of the acceleration, deceleration and dedicated right-turn lanes;
- b) General Road Safety; and
- c) Intersection geometric layout as proposed as part of Figures 3.1 and 3.2.

					TAE	BLE :	3.1: I	MPA	CT R		NG F	OR T	HE F	RESP	PECT	IVE	PHASES
									CO	NSTI	RUC'	TION	PHA	SE			
					E	BEFO	REN	IITIG		N		AFTE	ER MI	TIGA	TION		
RECEPTOR		ACTIVITY		IMPACT	Severity	Duration	Spatial Scale	Consequence	Probability	Significance	Severity	Duration	Spatial Scale	Consequence	Probability	Significance	Comments and Mitigation Measures
		Road C	1.	Relevant Road Sections (Reconstructing/repairing of Roads)	М	М	М	Med	М	Med	М	М	М	Med	М	Med	See Section 2.3 of the report, Table 2.9 (<i>Capacity is no problem</i>)
		apacity	2.	Relevant Intersections (Need for Additional Lanes)	М	М	М	Med	М	Med	М	М	М	Med	М	Med	See Section 2.3 of the report and Appendix C of the report. (No additional lanes required at relevant intersections from a road capacity point of view)
			3.	Intersection (Access) Spacing	L	М	М	Low	L	Low	L	М	М	Low	L	Low	See Section 3.1 of the report and Table 2.10. All intersections under investigation are existing intersections.
Ro	Construc		4.	Vertical Road Alignment	М	М	М	Med	М	Med	H+	М	М	Med+	М	Med+	See Item 1.1 of Table 2.10. Reduction of speed limit and the provision of road traffic sign.
ad and	ction of i	Ro	5.	Available Sight Distance at Intersection	L	М	М	Low	L	Low	L	М	М	Low	L	Low	See Item 6.1 of Table 2.10 . All intersections under investigation are existing intersections. Sight distances were confirmed visually.
Traffic	nfrastru	ad Safety	6.	Speed Limit at Proposed Access Points	н	М	М	Med	М	Med	H+	М	М	Med+	М	Med+	See Item 4.1 of Table 2.10. Speed limit should be reduced to at least 80km/h at access intersections.
	y ssues	7.	Relevant Intersections (Need for dedicated left- and right-turn lanes, Point A)	н	М	М	Med	М	Med	H+	М	М	Med+	М	Med+	See Item 4.1 of Table 2.10 , Table 3.2 and Figure 3.1 . Dedicated right-turn lanes are highly recommended in terms of road safety.	
			8.	Pedestrian Movements (With reference to access roads and intersections)	н	М	М	Med	М	Med	H+	М	М	Med+	М	Med+	See Item 7.1 of Table 2.10. Pedestrian crossings should be provided at all relevant intersections to create a safe space for pedestrians to cross the roadway.
			9.	Public Transport Loading and Off-Loading	н	М	М	Med	М	Med	H+	М	М	Med+	М	Med+	See Item 8.1 of Table 2.10 . Lack of proper public transport loading and off-loading bays will result in public transport stopping in roadways that could lead to fatal accidents.

					TAE	BLE 3	3.1: I	MPA	CT F	RATI	NG F	OR T	HE F	RESP	PECT		PHASES
					-				OF	PERA		NAL	PHA	SE			
					E	BEFO	RE N	IITIG		N		AFTE	ER MI	TIGA			
RECEPTOR		ACTIVITY		IMPACT	Severity	Duration	Spatial Scale	Consequence	Probability	Significance	Severity	Duration	Spatial Scale	Consequence	Probability	Significance	Comments and Mitigation Measures
		Road C	1.	Relevant Road Sections (Reconstructing/repairing of Roads)	М	М	М	Med	М	Med	М	М	М	Med	М	Med	See Section 2.3 of the report, Table 2.9 (Capacity is no problem)
		apacity	2.	Relevant Intersections (Need for Additional Lanes)	М	М	М	Med	М	Med	М	М	М	Med	М	Med	See Section 2.3 of the report and Appendix C of the report. (No additional lanes required at relevant intersections from a road capacity point of view)
			3.	Intersection (Access) Spacing	L	М	М	Low	L	Low	L	М	М	Low	L	Low	See Section 3.1 of the report and Table 2.10. All intersections under investigation are existing intersections.
Roa	Min		4.	Vertical Road Alignment	М	М	М	Med	М	Med	H+	М	М	Med+	М	Med+	See Item 1.1 of Table 2.10. Reduction of speed limit and the provision of road traffic sign.
id and T	ing Acti	Roa	5.	Available Sight Distance at Intersection	L	М	М	Low	L	Low	L	М	М	Low	L	Low	See Item 6.1 of Table 2.10. All intersections under investigation are existing intersections. Sight distances were confirmed visually.
raffic	vities	ıd Safety I	6.	Speed Limit at Proposed Access Points	Н	М	М	Med	М	Med	H+	М	М	Med+	М	Med+	See Item 4.1 of Table 2.10. Speed limit should be reduced to at least 80km/h at access intersections.
		Issues	7.	Relevant Intersections (Need for dedicated left- and right-turn lanes)	н	М	М	Med	М	Med	H+	М	М	M A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A		See Item 4.1 of Table 2.10 , Table 3.2 and Figure 3.1 . Dedicated right-turn lanes are highly recommended in terms of road safety.	
			8.	Pedestrian Movements (With reference to access roads and intersections)	Н	М	М	Med	М	Med	H+	М	М	Med+	М	Med+	See Item 7.1 of Table 2.10. Pedestrian crossings should be provided at all relevant intersections to create a safe space for pedestrians to cross the roadway.
			9.	Public Transport Loading and Off- Loading	Н	М	М	Med	М	Med	H+	М	М	Med+	М	Med+	See Item 8.1 of Table 2.10 . Lack of proper public transport loading and off-loading bays will result in public transport stopping in roadways that could lead to fatal accidents.

					TAE	BLE 3	3.1: I	MPA	CT R	ATIN	IG F	OR T	HE F	RESP	ECT	IVE	PHASES
								[DECO	DMM	ISSIC	ONIN	G PH	IASE			
					E	BEFO	REN	IITIG		N		AFTE	ER MI	TIGA	TION	I	
RECEPTOR		ACTIVITY		IMPACT	Severity	Duration	Spatial Scale	Consequence	Probability	Significance	Severity	Duration	Spatial Scale	Consequence	Probability	Significance	Comments and Mitigation Measures
	De	Road (1.	Relevant Road Sections (Need for Additional Lanes)	м	м	м	Med	М	Med	М	м	м	Med	М	Med	See Section 2.3 of the report, Table 2.9 (<i>Capacity is no problem</i>)
	emolition a	Capacity	2.	Relevant Intersections (Need for Additional Lanes)	М	М	М	Med	М	Med	М	М	М	Med	М	Med	See Section 2.3 of the report and Appendix C of the report. (No additional lanes required at relevant intersections from a road capacity point of view)
	and rem		3.	Intersection (Access) Spacing	L	М	М	Low	L	Low	L	М	М	Low	L	Low	See Section 3.1 of the report and Table 2.10. All intersections under investigation are existing intersections.
Ro	ioval of al		4.	Vertical Road Alignment	М	М	М	Med	М	Med	H+	М	М	Med+	М	Med+	See Item 1.1 of Table 2.10. Reduction of speed limit and the provision of road traffic sign.
ad and	l infrastru	Ro	5.	Available Sight Distance at Intersection	L	М	М	Low	L	Low	L	М	М	Low	L	Low	See Item 6.1 of Table 2.10. All intersections under investigation are existing intersections. Sight distances were confirmed visually.
Traffic	icture and	ad Safety	6.	Speed Limit at Proposed Access Points	н	М	М	Med	М	Med	H+	М	М	Med+	М	Med+	See Item 4.1 of Table 2.10. Speed limit should be reduced to at least 80km/h at access intersections.
	d rehabilit	Issues	7.	Relevant Intersections (Need for dedicated left- and right-turn lanes)	н	М	М	Med	М	Med	H+	М	М	Med+	М	Med+	See Item 4.1 of Table 2.10 , Table 3.2 and Figure 3.1 . Dedicated right-turn lanes are highly recommended in terms of road safety.
	ate mining s		8.	Pedestrian Movements	н	М	М	Med	М	Med	H+	М	М	Med+	М	Med+	See Item 7.1 of Table 2.10. Pedestrian crossings should be provided at all relevant intersections to create a safe space for pedestrians to cross the roadway.
	ite		9.	Public Transport Loading and Off-loading	н	М	М	Med	М	Med	H+	М	М	Med+	М	Med+	See Item 8.1 of Table 2.10. Lack of proper public transport loading and off-loading bays will result in public transport stopping in roadways that could lead to fatal accidents.

					TAE	BLE 3	3.1: II	MPA	CT R		IG F	OR T	HE R	RESP	PECT	IVE	PHASES
										CLO	SUR	E PH	ASE				
					E	BEFO	REN	IITIG	ΑΤΙΟΙ	N		AFTE	er Mi	TIGA		I	
RECEPTOR		ACTIVITY		IMPACT	Severity	Duration	Spatial Scale	Consequence	Probability	Significance	Severity	Duration	Spatial Scale	Consequence	Probability	Significance	Comments and Mitigation Measures
		Road C	1.	Relevant Road Sections (Need for Additional Lanes)	L	н	М	Med	н	Med	L	Н	М	Med	н	Med	See Section 2.3 of the report, Table 2.9 (Capacity is no problem)
		Capacity	2.	Relevant Intersections (Need for Additional Lanes)	L	н	М	Med	н	Med	L	Н	М	Med	н	Med	See Section 2.3 of the report and Appendix C of the report. (No additional lanes required at relevant intersections from a road capacity point of view)
	_		3.	Intersection (Access) Spacing	L	н	М	Med	н	Med	L	н	М	Med	н	Med	See Section 2.4 of the report and Table 2.10 . Should be determined as part of the detail design phase.
Ro	_eave the		4.	Vertical Road Alignment	L	н	М	Med	н	Med	L	Н	М	Med	н	Med	See Item 1.1 of Table 2.10 .
ad and .	mining si	Roa	5.	Available Sight Distance at Intersection	L	н	М	Med	н	Med	L	Н	М	Med	н	Med	See Item 5.1 of Table 2.10. Sight distances should be determined during detail design phase.
Traffic	ite comple	ad Safety	6.	Speed Limit at Proposed Access Points	L	н	М	Med	н	Med	L	Н	М	Med	н	Med	See Item 4.1 of Table 2.10 . Speed should be reduced to at least 80km/h at access intersections.
	etely	7. Rele (Neu right		Relevant Intersections (Need for dedicated left- and right-turn lanes)	L	н	М	Med	н	Med	L	Н	М	Med	н	Med	See Item 3.2 of Table 2.10 , Table 3.2 and Figure 3.1. Dedicated right-turn lanes are highly recommended in terms of safety.
			8.	Pedestrian Movements	L	н	М	Med	н	Med	L	Н	М	Med	н	Med	See Item 6.1 of Table 2.10 . Pedestrian crossings should be provided at all relevant intersections to create a safe space for pedestrians to cross the roadway.
			9.	Public Transport Loading and Off-loading	L	н	М	Med	н	Med	L	Н	М	Med	н	Med	See Item 7.1 of Table 2.10 . Lack of proper public transport loading and off-loading bays will result in public transport stopping in roadways that could lead to fatal accidents.

3.1.3 TRAFFIC IMPACT FOR THE RELEVANT PROJECT ALTERNATIVES

The following could be concluded from the relevant investigations as part of the Traffic Impact Assessment:

a) That it could be concluded from the relevant calculations and intersection performance evaluations that the recommended intersection geometric upgrading of the intersection of Road R380 (MR887-2), Gloria Mine Access and the Proposed Mining Development Access (Point A), the recommended provision and maintenance of road markings, reflective road studs, road traffic signs and overhead lighting are all recommended in terms of road safety and intersection functionality.

3.1.4 SITE ACCESSIBILITY

It is proposed that access to the Proposed Mining Development could be gained from Road R380 (MR887-2) at the existing intersection of Road R380 (MR887-2) and Gloria Mine Access Road.

The last mentioned intersection will provide safe and reliable access to the Proposed Mining Development.

In terms of upgrading / improvement requirements for the relevant intersections under investigation, the following is recommended to be provided and maintained:

- a) Provide proper road markings (highway quality paint);
- b) Provide reflective road studs (LED if possible); and
- c) Provide the necessary road traffic signs.

3.1.5 PROPOSED PERMANENT DIVERSION OF A SECTION OF ROAD R380 (MR887-2)

A portion of the Proposed Mining Development is intended to be located over a section of the existing Road R380 (MR887-2). Mokala is proposing to divert a section of Road R380 (MR887-2). It is not envisaged that any vehicle movements will be effected by the proposed permanent diversion based on observations and surveys. The proposed road diversion would although result in new horizontal alignment for the road which would have an effect on the speed limit, depending on the design criteria that will be used.

3.2 RECOMMENDATIONS

The following are discussed in terms of the recommendations:

- a) Need for improvements (mitigation measures)
- b) Institutional arrangements.

3.2.1 NEED FOR IMPROVEMENTS (MITIGATION MEASURES)

It is recommended that the following improvements should be made in terms of Road Safety:

- a) The improvements as indicated by **Table 3.2** should be provided at the relevant intersections under investigation;
- b) The layout as indicated by Figure 3.1 should be provided at the intersection of Road R380 (MR877-2), Gloria Mine Access Road and the Proposed Mining Development Access Road (Point A) to ensure that the relevant functions in a safe and acceptable manner;
- c) In terms of workers and visitors, a dedicated loading and off-loading area need to be provided on the property of the Proposed Mining Development; and
- d) Proper road markings, reflective road studs (LED), road signs, overhead lighting and proper pedestrian crossings should be provided and maintained at the proposed mine access intersection (Point A) to ensure visibility during night time, proper visibility of intersection lane geometry and sufficient information to road users.

The expected lifespan of the Proposed Mining Development will be at least until the year 2032. It is therefore required that the Proposed Mining Development should evaluate the relevant intersections and road sections on a regular basis as part of a risk and safety management process.

The traffic impact assessment does not comment on pavement layer attributes in terms of the relevant road section. The last mentioned need to be based on recommendations to be made by pavement design specialist.

3.2.2 INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS

The following recommendations are made in terms of the detailed design phase of roads for the proposed project:

- a) Detailed investigations should be conducted in conjunction with the relevant Road Authority in terms of the existing quality and potential life span of the existing road surface layers of the roads where processed product, consumables and workers will be transported (Road R380 (MR887-2); and
- b) A road maintenance plan needs to be prepared in conjunction with the relevant road authority on public roads where trucks will operate (Road R380 (MR887-2)) in order to ensure that the processed product, consumables and workers can be transported at all times.

3.2.3 REASONED OPINION FOR AUTHORISATION

In conclusion of the findings as part of the investigations, Siyazi Gauteng (Pty) Ltd is of the opinion that the proposed mining development would have a manageable impact on the relevant roads network as long as the mitigating measures are implemented as recommended as part of **Section 3** of this report and should thus be granted authorisation.

It is also recommended that the Northern Cape Department of Roads and Public Works should approve the Traffic Impact Assessment based on the recommendations of this report.

					TAE	BLE 3.2:	RECO	OMMENDE	D ROA	AD NETWO	ork imp	PROVEM	IENTS RELEVA	NT TO AL	L PHA	SES			
									-	MPROVEM	ENTS RE	сомме	NDED	1	r	1	1	1	
POINT	INTERSECTION	APPROACH	Appr Free-Flow	Stop	Roundabout	Traffic Light System	Left-Turn Tape	Left-Turn Deceleration Lane	Acceleration	Acceleration Lane in Middle	Dedicated Righ	Number of Extr Through Lanes	Improvements On Required from a Road Safety Perspective	Reflective Road Studs required at Intersection	Road Markings Required	Road Signs Required	Public Transport Loading and Off- Loading	Pedestrian Walkways	GEOMETRY DETERMINED BY MEANS OF SIDRA
		Northern (Gloria Mine)	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- ۳	Yes		Yes	Yes	-	Yes	GLORIA MINE ACCESS (NORTH APP)
		Eastern (Road R380)	Yes	-	-	-	-	Yes, 120m with slip lane	Yes, 60m	-	Yes, 60m	-	Yes	Ves	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	ROAD R3B
	Road R380 (MR887-2), Gloria	Southern (Proposed Access)	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	- 165	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	
A	Mine Access Road and the Proposed	Western (Road R380)	Yes	-	-	-	-	Yes, 60m with slip lane	Yes, 60m	-	Yes, 60m	-	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	T MOKALA MINE ACCESS (SOUTH APP)
and the Proposed (Road R380) ite ite <td< td=""><td></td></td<>																			
в	Road R380 (MR887-2), Airfield Access Road and Hotazel Western Access Road	Northern (Hotazel West) Eastern (Road R380) Southern (Airfield) Western (Road R380)	No ge structi g) h) i) j) k)	ometrie ural ma Refle Road Road Road Fenci Road	c upgrad aintenan ective Ro I surface I markin I traffic s ing alon I safety	ding req nee of th bad Stud e mainte gs (High signs; ng public training	uired. e road ds to e nance way p way p roads to wor	It is recom s by provic nsure visib ; aint recom to control kers and lo	mende ling the ility at r mende animal ocal cor	d that all m following night time; d); movemen mmunities.	hining de where ne t; and	velopme ot availat	nts within the vio	cinity and t ating:	he rele	vant roa	ads depar	tment s	hould collaborate in terms of the
с	Road R380 (MR887-2), Hotazel Eastern Access Road and Kudumane Mine Access Road	Northern (Road R380) Eastern (Hotazel East) Southern (Road R380) Western (Kudumane Mine)	No ge structi a) b) c) d) e)	ometrio ural ma Refle Road Road Fenci Road	c upgrad aintenan ective Ro I surface I markin ing alon I safety	ding req ace of th bad Stud e mainte gs (High g public training	uired. e road ds to e enance way p roads to wor	It is recom s by provic nsure visib ; aint recom to control kers and lo	mende ling the ility at r mende animal ocal cor	d that all m following night time; d; movemen mmunities.	nining de where no t; and	evelopme ot availat	nts within the vio	cinity and t ating:	he rele	vant roa	ads depar	tment s	hould collaborate in terms of the

Note: Recommended improvements are in terms of road safety.





FIGURE 3.2: RECOMMENDED LAYOUT FOR THE INTERSECTION OF ROAD R380 (MR887-2), GLORIA MINE ACCESS ROAD AND PROPOSED MINING DEVELOPMENT ACCESS ROAD (POINT A)

APPENDIX A

INFORMATION RELATED TO STATUS QUO



TABLE A-1: HOURLY TRAFFIC COUNTS FOR ALL VEHICLES SIMULTANEOUSLY AT THEINTERSECTION OF ROAD R380 (MR887-2), GLORIA MINE ACCESS ROAD AND PROPOSEDMINING DEVELOPMENT ACCESS ROAD, POINT A (14th OF NOVEMBER 2014)

TIME						N	OVEME	NTS					·
INTERVALS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOTAL
04:00-05:00	0	0	0	0	10	4	0	0	0	0	35	0	49
04:15-05:15	0	0	0	0	13	5	0	0	2	0	31	2	53
04:30-05:30	0	0	0	0	42	8	0	0	3	0	20	3	76
04:45-05:45	0	0	0	0	103	25	0	0	9	0	17	9	163
05:00-06:00	0	0	0	0	186	34	0	0	15	0	12	15	262
05:15-06:15	0	0	0	0	261	45	0	0	18	0	22	18	364
05:30-06:30	0	0	0	0	305	53	1	0	21	2	35	21	438
05:45-06:45	0	0	0	0	289	45	2	0	21	2	38	21	418
06:00-07:00	0	0	0	0	243	35	2	0	17	2	57	17	373
06:15-07:15	0	0	0	1	186	23	3	0	15	3	64	15	310
06:30-07:30	0	0	0	1	133	13	2	0	15	1	77	15	257
06:45-07:45	0	0	0	1	114	6	2	0	15	2	72	15	227
07:00-08:00	0	0	0	3	95	6	2	0	16	2	81	16	221
07:15-08:15	0	0	0	2	84	6	2	0	16	2	87	16	215
07:30-08:30	0	0	1	2	78	6	2	0	14	2	65	14	184
07:45-08:45	0	0	1	2	67	4	3	0	10	3	78	10	178
08:00-09:00	0	0	1	2	59	3	4	0	7	4	61	7	148
08:15-09:15	0	0	3	2	57	3	6	0	14	6	47	14	152
08:30-09:30	0	0	4	3	51	2	6	0	12	6	46	12	142
08:45-09:45	0	0	4	4	49	3	4	0	15	4	58	14	155
09:00-10:00	1	0	4	2	45	3	5	0	19	5	54	18	156
09:15-10:15	1	0	3	2	43	2	3	0	12	2	61	11	140
09:30-10:30	1	0	2	3	49	2	5	0	13	4	79	12	170
09:45-10:45	1	0	2	2	47	5	7	0	10	6	67	10	157
10:00-11:00	0	0	2	2	50	6	6	0	8	5	75	8	162
10:15-11:15	0	0	1	2	52	7	7	0	8	7	67	8	159
10:30-11:30	0	0	0	0	46	7	7	0	8	7	74	8	157
10:45-11:45	0	0	0	0	52	3	8	0	13	8	73	13	170
11:00-12:00	0	0	0	2	55	1	9	0	11	9	73	11	1/1
11:15-12:15	0	0	0	3	60	0	11	0	11	11	91	11	198
11:30-12:30	0	0	0	3	64	0	10	0	10	10	07	10	190
11:45-12:45	0	0	0	4	62	1	21	0	13	21	00	13	222
12:00-13:00	0	0	0	2	52	2	24	0	23	24	135	23	204
12:10-13:10	0	0	0	1	54	2	24	0	24	24	168	24	327
12:45-13:45	0	0	1	0	53	1	12	0	19	12	194	19	311
13:00-14:00	0	0	1	0	61	0	8	0	10	8	198	10	299
13:15-14:15	0	0	1	0	70	1	6	0	10	6	173	9	276
13:30-14:30	0	0	1	0	66	1	5	0	10	5	160	9	257
13:45-14:45	0	0	0	1	62	2	4	0	9	4	143	8	233
14:00-15:00	0	0	0	1	56	5	4	0	9	4	140	10	229
14:15-15:15	0	0	1	1	59	4	2	0	7	2	130	8	214
14:30-15:30	0	0	1	1	64	4	1	0	6	1	106	7	191
14:45-15:45	0	0	1	0	79	5	2	0	9	2	106	10	214
15:00-16:00	0	0	1	0	75	3	3	0	10	3	79	10	184
15:15-16:15	0	0	0	2	64	3	4	0	11	4	78	11	177
15:30-16:30	0	0	1	2	74	3	5	0	11	5	85	11	197
15:45-16:45	0	0	1	2	81	1	5	0	8	5	88	8	199
16:00-17:00	0	0	3	2	81	0	6	0	5	6	104	5	212
16:15-17:15	0	0	6	0	107	0	12	0	7	7	109	7	255
16:30-17:30	0	0	5	0	118	1	17	0	7	12	100	7	267
16:45-17:45	0	0	5	1	116	1	19	0	9	14	88	9	262
17:00-18:00	0	0	4	1	121	5	18	0	10	13	82	10	264

TABLE A-2: HOURLY TRAFFIC COUNTS FOR ALL VEHICLES SIMULTANEOUSLY AT THEINTERSECTION OF ROAD R380 (MR887-2), HOTAZEL WEST ACCESS ROAD ANDAIRFIELD ACCESS ROAD, POINT B (14th OF NOVEMBER 2014)

TIME						N	OVEME	NTS					
INTERVALS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOTAL
04:00-05:00	0	0	0	0	14	1	5	0	0	15	20	0	55
04:15-05:15	0	0	0	0	14	2	6	0	4	14	17	0	57
04:30-05:30	0	0	0	0	41	1	6	0	9	8	12	0	77
04:45-05:45	0	0	0	0	103	2	6	0	25	9	8	0	153
05:00-06:00	0	0	0	0	165	4	13	0	55	3	9	0	249
05:15-06:15	0	0	0	0	233	6	20	0	73	5	17	0	354
05:30-06:30	0	0	0	0	271	10	25	0	87	6	30	0	429
05:45-06:45	0	0	0	0	253	13	35	0	81	6	34	0	422
06:00-07:00	0	0	0	0	205	23	42	0	73	18	41	0	402
06:15-07:15	0	0	0	0	144	37	42	0	66	25	42	0	356
06:30-07:30	0	0	0	0	86	42	47	0	61	44	35	0	315
06:45-07:45	0	0	0	0	54	42	48	0	67	46	28	0	285
07:00-08:00	0	0	0	0	44	34	40	0	60	49	34	0	261
07:15-08:15	0	0	0	0	40	20	34	0	52	49	40	0	235
07:30-08:30	0	0	0	0	44	15	27	0	42	29	39	0	196
07:45-08:45	0	0	0	0	46	17	19	0	27	31	51	0	191
08:00-09:00	0	0	0	0	43	19	10	0	21	2 I 15	45	0	107
08:30-09:30	0	0	0	0	40	21 10	19	0	10	15	41	0	150
08:45-09:45	0	0	0	0	35	15	20	0	21	15	51	0	157
09:00-10:00	0	0	0	0	36	18	16	0	14	12	51	0	147
09:15-10:15	0	0	0	0	30	17	20	0	17	18	49	0	151
09:30-10:30	0	0	0	0	30	21	18	0	24	31	55	0	179
09:45-10:45	0	0	0	0	32	29	23	0	22	36	40	0	182
10:00-11:00	0	0	0	0	31	21	24	0	27	36	47	0	186
10:15-11:15	0	0	0	0	36	25	29	2	25	34	41	0	192
10:30-11:30	0	0	0	0	34	25	30	2	19	32	49	0	191
10:45-11:45	0	0	0	0	37	17	28	2	18	29	52	0	183
11:00-12:00	0	0	0	0	44	19	33	3	14	29	53	0	195
11:15-12:15	0	0	0	0	50	12	29	2	13	28	74	0	208
11:30-12:30	0	0	0	0	54	13	30	3	13	22	75	0	210
11:45-12:45	0	0	0	0	51	16	28	3	15	24	85	0	222
12:00-13:00	0	0	0	0	49	17	24	2	17	33	95	0	237
12:15-13:15	0	2	0	0	39	23	24	1	16	39	120	0	264
12:30-13:30	0	2	0	0	38	17	31	0	19	45	148	0	300
12:45-13:45	0	3	0	0	32	23	42	1	22	50	157	0	330
13:15-14:00	0	3	0	0	29	30	40 53	1	32	49 50	130	0	330
13:30-14:30	0	1	0	0	33	40	 	3	34	56	110	0	326
13:45-14:45	0	1	0	0	37	39	38	2	28	49	97	0 1	292
14:00-15:00	0	2	0	0	38	36	42	3	24	51	92	1	289
14:15-15:15	0	2	0	0	37	32	34	3	27	41	91	1	268
14:30-15:30	0	4	0	0	43	29	32	1	26	30	77	1	243
14:45-15:45	0	3	0	0	56	22	32	1	28	33	76	0	251
15:00-16:00	0	2	0	0	57	31	24	0	21	28	55	0	218
15:15-16:15	0	2	0	0	47	32	23	0	22	29	53	0	208
15:30-16:30	0	0	0	0	60	39	25	0	19	32	59	0	234
15:45-16:45	0	0	0	0	51	44	22	0	33	33	61	0	244
16:00-17:00	0	0	0	0	54	36	21	0	29	33	80	0	253
16:15-17:15	0	0	0	1	58	41	27	0	49	51	76	0	303
16:30-17:30	0	0	0	2	54	32	32	0	65	47	75	0	307
16:45-17:45	0	0	0	2	67	33	33	0	51	40	72	0	298
17:00-18:00	0	0	0	2	75	36	35	0	52	39	65	0	304

TABLE A-3: HOURLY TRAFFIC COUNTS FOR ALL VEHICLES SIMULTANEOUSLY AT THE INTERSECTION OF ROAD R380 (MR887-2), HOTAZEL EAST ACCESS ROAD AND KUDUMANE MINE ACCESS ROAD, POINT C (14th OF NOVEMBER 2014)

TIME						N	OVEME	NTS				-	
INTERVALS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOTAL
04:00-05:00	0	11	2	7	3	3	2	23	0	1	0	1	53
04:15-05:15	2	13	4	10	3	2	2	21	0	1	0	1	59
04:30-05:30	8	40	8	9	4	1	0	17	1	1	0	4	93
04:45-05:45	33	104	16	10	1	0	0	13	1	1	1	4	184
05:00-06:00	47	169	20	9	2	0	0	21	1	0	1	6	276
05:15-06:15	61	239	26	10	2	0	1	34	2	0	2	7	384
05:30-06:30	74	279	33	12	4	0	5	47	3	2	2	9	470
05:45-06:45	66	262	34	16	6	0	6	56	7	4	1	13	471
06:00-07:00	83	220	32	18	7	0	9	64	10	8	2	14	467
06:15-07:15	78	172	40	14	7	0	9	63	12	9	4	16	424
06:30-07:30	65	117	33	10	4	0	5	64	13	11	5	11	338
06:45-07:45	59	83	26	9	3	1	4	60	12	12	7	6	282
07:00-08:00	33	67	23	9	2	2	1	62	11	9	7	5	231
07:15-08:15	29	49	9	11	3	2	0	61	13	9	4	4	194
07:30-08:30	29	48	6	14	4	4	0	53	13	7	5	8	191
07:45-08:45	22	54	6	17	4	4	0	58	12	5	6	12	200
08:00-09:00	21	50	7	22	4	4	0	50	13	8	7	16	202
08:15-09:15	21	55	7	21	3	4	1	48	11	8	7	17	203
08:30-09:30	23	51	11	20	2	2	1	51	8	8	5	16	198
08:45-09:45	27	40	10	17	2	1	3	60	8	9	3	17	197
09:00-10:00	24	45	11	14	2	1	3	59	5	8	2	15	189
09:15-10:15	21	36	16	16	3	2	2	61	6	9	3	18	193
09:30-10:30	16	39	16	20	5	3	3	62	8	9	4	24	209
09:45-10:45	15	43	20	22	5	7	1	54	8	11	4	22	212
10:00-11:00	14	34	19	21	4	/	2	57	12	11	10	27	218
10:15-11:15	10	43	10	10	4	0	3	53	14	10	11	20	220
10:30-11:30	10	39	14	19	4	10	5	62	14	10	10	21	217
11:00-12:00	7	30 44	12	22	4	5	5	70	13	10	8	27	214
11:15-12:15	11	41	21	28	8	6	5	89	9	15	9	22	266
11:30-12:30	11	45	26	33	10	5	6	90	9	17	8	30	290
11:45-12:45	9	45	24	33	11	5	6	97	10	17	10	26	293
12:00-13:00	9	49	20	40	8	5	6	103	10	12	9	26	297
12:15-13:15	9	43	15	42	6	4	5	131	8	15	9	23	310
12:30-13:30	8	41	14	43	3	2	3	167	9	12	14	24	340
12:45-13:45	8	44	15	41	3	2	4	188	7	9	14	34	369
13:00-14:00	9	44	17	27	7	4	3	195	8	11	13	37	375
13:15-14:15	8	57	19	23	8	6	4	172	7	8	13	41	366
13:30-14:30	7	57	15	21	9	6	4	149	6	10	12	36	332
13:45-14:45	8	57	14	29	7	6	1	128	6	13	10	26	305
14:00-15:00	7	58	13	38	5	4	1	129	4	12	12	25	308
14:15-15:15	11	52	15	44	5	0	1	120	4	17	16	29	314
14:30-15:30	16	55	15	49	6	0	3	103	3	17	15	29	311
14:45-15:45	17	61	16	42	8	2	4	97	7	15	14	31	314
15:00-16:00	19	71	13	37	9	3	5	68	6	14	18	33	296
15:15-16:15	16	66	8	32	9	3	5	63	8	10	18	30	268
15:30-16:30	12	83	7	27	6	3	3	72	9	13	16	31	282
15:45-16:45	9	76	4	28	6	4	2	76	5	15	16	29	270
16:00-17:00	7	68	7	28	3	6	2	93	6	16	15	25	276
16:15-17:15	6	70	7	22	4	10	1	99	3	20	14	18	274
16:30-17:30	5	51	8	20	11	11	1	103	3	26	17	12	268
16:45-17:45	14	58	17	20	11	14	1	101	3	30	18	8	295
17:00-18:00	15	71	20	18	11	12	0	97	3	30	17	6	300

APPENDIX B

TRIP INFORMATION RELATED TO THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT























APPENDIX C

SIDRA CALCULATION RESULTS

DEGREE OF SATURATION DEFINITION

In traffic engineering, the **degree of saturation** of an intersection (typically under traffic signal control) or road is a measure of how much demand it is experiencing compared to its total capacity.

The degree of saturation (%) is a ratio of demand to capacity on each approach to the junction, with a value of 100% meaning that demand and capacity are equal and no further traffic is able to progress through the junction. Values over 85% are typically regarded as suffering from traffic congestion, with queues of vehicles beginning to form.

Reference: Wikipedia Encyclopaedia

TABLE C-1: LEVELS OF SERVICE FOR VARIOUS APPROACHES FOR THE YEAR 2015WITHOUT BACKGROUND TRAFFIC GROWTH, WITHOUT THE PROPOSED MININGDEVELOPMENT (SCENARIO 1)

<u>Point A</u>: INTERSECTION OF ROAD R380 (MR887-2), GLORIA MINE ACCESS ROAD AND PROPOSED MINING DEVELOPMENT ACCESS ROAD

Type of intersection control: Free-flow on Road R380

		FRIDAY (AM))		FRIDAY (PM)	
APPROACH	Delay	Level of Service	Degree of Saturation	Delay	Level of Service	Degree of Saturation
North (Gloria Mine)	12.8	В	0.050	10.2	В	0.029
East (Road R380)	1.0	A	0.221	1.0	A	0.042
South (Proposed Mine)	10.1	В	0.003	8.9	A	0.002
West (Road R380)	3.8	A	0.045	0.7	A	0.135
Intersection	2.0	A	0.221	1.4	Α	0.135

<u>Point B</u>: INTERSECTION OF ROAD R380 (MR877-2), HOTAZEL WEST ACCESS ROAD AND AIRFIELD ACCESS ROAD

I	ype of inters	section contr	oi: Free-flow	on Road R38	50	
		FRIDAY (AM)		FRIDAY (PM)	
APPROACH	Dolay	Level of	Degree of	Delay	Level of	Degree of
	Delay	Service	Saturation	Delay	Service	Saturation
North (Hotazel West)	10.1	В	0.177	9.2	A	0.092
East (Road R380)	0.3	A	0.176	3.6	A	0.042
South (Airfield)	9.3	A	0.001	8.1	A	0.001
West (Road R380)	0.9	A	0.025	1.3	A	0.123
Intersection	2.9	A	0.177	3.5	Α	0.123

	Type of inters	section contr	ol: Free-flow	on Road R38	80	
		FRIDAY (AM)		FRIDAY (PM))
APPROACH	Dolay	Level of	Degree of	Dolay	Level of	Degree of
	Delay	Service	Saturation	Delay	Service	Saturation
North (Road R380)	1.0	A	0.029	0.3	A	0.117
East (Hotazel East)	11.0	В	0.028	11.0	В	0.067
South (Road R380)	1.6	A	0.171	2.5	A	0.029
West (Kudumane)	15.9	С	0.044	14.0	В	0.167
Intersection	2.2	Α	0.171	4.0	Α	0.167
		•				

TABLE C-2: LEVELS OF SERVICE FOR VARIOUS APPROACHES FOR THE YEAR 2017, WITHOUT BACKGROUND TRAFFIC GROWTH, WITHOUT THE PROPOSED MINING DEVELOPMENT (SCENARIO 3)

<u>Point A</u>: INTERSECTION OF ROAD R380 (MR887-2), GLORIA MINE ACCESS ROAD AND PROPOSED MINING DEVELOPMENT ACCESS ROAD

Type of intersection control: Free-flow on Road R380

	FRIDAY (AM)			FRIDAY (PM)			
APPROACH	Delay	Level of Service	Degree of Saturation	Delay	Level of Service	Degree of Saturation	
North (Gloria Mine)	13.4	В	0.058	10.4	В	0.033	
East (Road R380)	1.0	A	0.240	1.0	A	0.046	
South (Proposed Mine)	10.4	В	0.003	9.0	A	0.002	
West (Road R380)	4.0	A	0.050	0.8	A	0.147	
Intersection	2.1	A	0.240	1.5	Α	0.147	

<u>Point B</u>: INTERSECTION OF ROAD R380 (MR877-2), HOTAZEL WEST ACCESS ROAD AND AIRFIELD ACCESS ROAD

Type of Intersection control: Free-flow on Road R380								
		FRIDAY (AM)	FRIDAY (PM)				
APPROACH	Delay Level of Degree of Saturation Delay	Level of	Degree of	Deley	Level of	Degree of		
		Service	Saturation					
North (Hotazel West)	10.4	В	0.200	9.3	A	0.102		
East (Road R380)	0.4	A	0.190	3.6	A	0.046		
South (Airfield)	9.4	A	0.001	8.1	A	0.001		
West (Road R380)	0.9	A	0.027	1.3	A	0.133		
Intersection	3.0	A	0.200	3.6	Α	0.133		

Type of intersection control: Free-flow on Road R380								
		FRIDAY (AM)	FRIDAY (PM)				
APPROACH	Dolay	Level of	Degree of	Delay	Level of	Degree of		
	Delay	Service	Saturation		Service	Saturation		
North (Road R380)	1.0	A	0.032	0.3	A	0.127		
East (Hotazel East)	11.8	В	0.038	11.3	В	0.075		
South (Road R380)	1.6	A	0.185	2.6	A	0.031		
West (Kudumane)	17.1	С	0.052	14.8	В	0.194		
Intersection	2.3	A	0.185	4.2	A	0.194		

TABLE C-3: LEVELS OF SERVICE FOR VARIOUS APPROACHES FOR THE YEAR 2025,WITH BACKGROUND TRAFFIC GROWTH, WITHOUT THE PROPOSED MININGDEVELOPMENT (SCENARIO 5)

<u>Point A</u>: INTERSECTION OF ROAD R380 (MR887-2), GLORIA MINE ACCESS ROAD AND PROPOSED MINING DEVELOPMENT ACCESS ROAD

Type of intersection control: Free-flow on Road R380

	FRIDAY (AM)			FRIDAY (PM)			
APPROACH	Delay	Level of Service	Degree of Saturation	Delay	Level of Service	Degree of Saturation	
North (Gloria Mine)	17.1	С	0.111	11.6	В	0.054	
East (Road R380)	1.2	A	0.329	1.4	A	0.062	
South (Proposed Mine)	12.2	В	0.004	10.1	В	0.005	
West (Road R380)	5.0	A	0.075	0.9	A	0.201	
Intersection	2.5	Α	0.329	1.8	Α	0.201	

<u>Point B</u>: INTERSECTION OF ROAD R380 (MR877-2), HOTAZEL WEST ACCESS ROAD AND AIRFIELD ACCESS ROAD

Type of Intersection control: Free-flow on Road R380								
		FRIDAY (AM)	FRIDAY (PM)				
APPROACH	Delay Level Servie	Level of	Degree of	Delay	Level of	Degree of		
		Service	Saturation		Service	Saturation		
North (Hotazel West)	13.0	В	0.336	10.1	В	0.157		
East (Road R380)	0.5	A	0.260	4.0	A	0.066		
South (Airfield)	10.2	В	0.001	8.2	A	0.001		
West (Road R380)	0.9	A	0.037	1.3	A	0.182		
Intersection	3.8	A	0.336	3.8	A	0.182		

Type of intersection control: Free-flow on Road R380								
		FRIDAY (AM)	FRIDAY (PM)				
APPROACH	Dolay	Level of	Degree of	Delay	Level of	Degree of		
	Delay	Service	Saturation		Service	Saturation		
North (Road R380)	1.2	A	0.043	0.3	A	0.174		
East (Hotazel East)	12.9	В	0.054	13.3	В	0.132		
South (Road R380)	1.6	A	0.253	2.8	A	0.046		
West (Kudumane)	24.9	С	0.116	21.2	С	0.355		
Intersection	2.6	Α	0.253	5.5	Α	0.355		

TABLE C-4: LEVELS OF SERVICE FOR VARIOUS APPROACHES FOR THE YEAR 2015, WITHOUT BACKGROUND TRAFFIC GROWTH, WITH THE PROPOSED MINING DEVELOPMENT (CONSTRUCTION PHASE) (SCENARIO 2)

<u>Point A</u>: INTERSECTION OF ROAD R380 (MR887-2), GLORIA MINE ACCESS ROAD AND PROPOSED MINING DEVELOPMENT ACCESS ROAD (WITH GEOMETRIC UPGRADE)

Type of intersection control: Free-flow on Road R380								
	FRIDAY (AM)			FRIDAY (PM)				
APPROACH	Delay	Level of	Degree of Delaw	Level of	Degree of			
		Service	Saturation	Delay	Service	Saturation		
North (Gloria Mine)	19.5	С	0.093	12.3	В	0.042		
East (Road R380)	1.2	A	0.178	1.2	A	0.038		
South (Proposed Mine)	16.5	С	0.055	12.9	В	0.080		
West (Road R380)	3.4	A	0.039	0.5	A	0.116		
Intersection	2.8	Α	0.178	2.4	А	0.116		

<u>Point B</u>: INTERSECTION OF ROAD R380 (MR877-2), HOTAZEL WEST ACCESS ROAD AND AIRFIELD ACCESS ROAD

Type of Intersection control: Free-flow on Road R380							
		FRIDAY (AM))	FRIDAY (PM)			
APPROACH	Delay	Level of	Degree of Delay	Dolay	Level of	Degree of	
	Delay	Service	Saturation	Delay	Service	Saturation	
North (Hotazel West)	10.5	В	0.199	9.4	A	0.099	
East (Road R380)	0.4	A	0.191	3.2	A	0.051	
South (Airfield)	9.4	A	0.001	8.2	A	0.001	
West (Road R380)	0.9	A	0.035	1.3	A	0.141	
Intersection	3.0	Α	0.199	3.4	Α	0.141	

Type of intersection control: Free-flow on Road R380								
	FRIDAY (AM)			FRIDAY (PM)				
APPROACH	Delay	Level of	Degree of	Dolay	Level of	Degree of		
		Service	Saturation	Delay	Service	Saturation		
North (Road R380)	0.9	A	0.036	0.4	A	0.130		
East (Hotazel East)	12.0	В	0.038	11.7	В	0.076		
South (Road R380)	1.5	A	0.184	2.2	A	0.037		
West (Kudumane)	17.0	С	0.048	15.0	В	0.181		
Intersection	2.2	A	0.184	4.0	Α	0.181		
					•			

TABLE C-5: LEVELS OF SERVICE FOR VARIOUS APPROACHES FOR THE YEAR 2017, WITH BACKGROUND TRAFFIC GROWTH, WITH THE PROPOSED MINING DEVELOPMENT (OPERATIONAL PHASE) (SCENARIO 4)

<u>Point A</u>: INTERSECTION OF ROAD R380 (MR887-2), GLORIA MINE ACCESS ROAD AND PROPOSED MINING DEVELOPMENT ACCESS ROAD (WITH GEOMETRIC UPGRADE)

Type of intersection control: Free-now on Road R380							
	FRIDAY (AM)			FRIDAY (PM)			
APPROACH	Delay	Level of	Degree of	Delay	Level of	Degree of	
		Service	Saturation		Service	Saturation	
North (Gloria Mine)	21.2	С	0.111	12.7	В	0.049	
East (Road R380)	1.6	A	0.193	2.4	A	0.054	
South (Proposed Mine)	19.8	С	0.201	14.5	В	0.183	
West (Road R380)	3.5	A	0.045	0.5	A	0.126	
Intersection	4.1	Α	0.201	3.6	Α	0.183	

<u>Point B</u>: INTERSECTION OF ROAD R380 (MR877-2), HOTAZEL WEST ACCESS ROAD AND AIRFIELD ACCESS ROAD

Type of intersection control: Free-flow on Road R380								
		FRIDAY (AM)	FRIDAY (PM)				
APPROACH	Delay	Level of	Degree of	Delay	Level of	Degree of		
	Delay	Service	Saturation		Service	Saturation		
North (Hotazel West)	11.9	В	0.251	10.0	В	0.122		
East (Road R380)	0.6	A	0.225	2.9	A	0.077		
South (Airfield)	9.8	A	0.001	8.3	A	0.001		
West (Road R380)	0.7	A	0.060	1.2	A	0.170		
Intersection	3.1	A	0.251	3.2	Α	0.170		

Type of intersection control: Free-flow on Road R380								
	FRIDAY (AM)			FRIDAY (PM)				
APPROACH	Delay	Level of	Degree of	Dolay	Level of	Degree of		
		Service	Saturation	Delay	Service	Saturation		
North (Road R380)	0.8	A	0.057	0.4	A	0.157		
East (Hotazel East)	13.5	В	0.050	13.6	В	0.106		
South (Road R380)	1.5	A	0.216	1.8	A	0.059		
West (Kudumane)	20.7	С	0.066	18.3	С	0.244		
Intersection	2.2	A	0.216	2.2	Α	0.216		

TABLE C-6: LEVELS OF SERVICE FOR VARIOUS APPROACHES FOR THE YEAR 2025, WITH BACKGROUND TRAFFIC GROWTH, WITH THE PROPOSED MINING DEVELOPMENT (OPERATIONAL PHASE) (SCENARIO 6)

<u>Point A</u>: INTERSECTION OF ROAD R380 (MR887-2), GLORIA MINE ACCESS ROAD AND PROPOSED MINING DEVELOPMENT ACCESS ROAD (WITH GEOMETRIC UPGRADE)

Type of intersection control: Free-flow on Road R380

	FRIDAY (AM)			FRIDAY (PM)		
APPROACH	Delay	Level of Service	Degree of Saturation	Delay	Level of Service	Degree of Saturation
North (Gloria Mine)	33.6	D	0.243	15.3	С	0.084
East (Road R380)	1.4	A	0.264	2.0	A	0.057
South (Proposed Mine)	31.6	D	0.316	18.6	С	0.237
West (Road R380)	4.2	A	0.076	0.5	A	0.172
Intersection	5.0	Α	0.316	3.8	Α	0.237

<u>Point B</u>: INTERSECTION OF ROAD R380 (MR877-2), HOTAZEL WEST ACCESS ROAD AND AIRFIELD ACCESS ROAD

Type of mersection control. Free-now on Road R360							
APPROACH	FRIDAY (AM)			FRIDAY (PM)			
	Delay	Level of	Degree of	Delay	Level of	Degree of	
		Service	Saturation		Service	Saturation	
North (Hotazel West)	15.9	С	0.425	10.9	В	0.188	
East (Road R380)	0.7	A	0.295	3.6	A	0.099	
South (Airfield)	10.7	В	0.001	8.4	A	0.001	
West (Road R380)	0.7	A	0.070	1.2	A	0.219	
Intersection	4.3	A	0.425	3.7	Α	0.219	
	•	•	•		•	•	

<u>Point C</u>: INTERSECTION OF ROAD R380 (MR877-2), HOTAZEL EAST ACCESS ROAD AND KUDUMANE MINE ACCESS ROAD

Type of intersection control: Free-flow on Road R380

	FRIDAY (AM)			FRIDAY (PM)			
APPROACH	Delay	Level of Service	Degree of Saturation	Delay	Level of Service	Degree of Saturation	
North (Road R380)	0.9	A	0.069	0.4	A	0.204	
East (Hotazel East)	16.6	С	0.090	16.0	С	0.178	
South (Road R380)	1.5	A	0.284	2.1	A	0.070	
West (Kudumane)	31.1	D	0.152	28.4	D	0.456	
Intersection	2.7	A	0.284	6.0	Α	0.456	
APPENDIX D

LEVEL OF SERVICE CRITERIA

TABLE D-1: LEVEL OF SERVICE CRITERIA FOR UNSIGNALISED INTERSECTIONS				
LEVEL OF SERVICE	AVERAGE TOTAL DELAY (SEC/VEH)	PERFORMANCE EVALUATION		
A	<u><</u> 5	Excellent		
В	> 5 and <u><</u> 10	Very Good		
С	>10 and <u><</u> 20	Good		
D	>20 and <u><</u> 30	Average		
E	>30 and <u><</u> 45	Poor		
F	>45	Fail		

TABLE D-2: LEVEL OF SERVICE CRITERIA FOR SIGNALISED INTERSECTIONS				
LEVEL OF SERVICE	AVERAGE TOTAL DELAY (SEC/VEH)	PERFORMANCE EVALUATION		
A	<u><</u> 5	Excellent		
В	> 5 and <u><</u> 15	Very Good		
С	> 15 and <u><</u> 25	Good		
D	> 25 and <u><</u> 40	Average		
E	> 40 and <u><</u> 60	Poor		
F	> 60	Fail		

Level of Service criteria obtained from The Highway Capacity Manual (Special Report 2009)

APPENDIX E

IMPACT RATINGS CRITERIA

TABLE E-1: CRITERIA USED IN THE ASSESSMENT OF IMPACTS					
PARTA: DEFINITION AND CRITERIA*					
Definition	Consequence is a function of severity spatial extent and			al avtant and	
Definition of CONSEQUENCE		duration	iction of seventy, spati	ai extent and	
		н	Substantial deterioration (death, illness or injury). Recommended level will often be violated. Vigorous community action		
		м	Moderate/ measurable deterioration (discomfort). Recommended		
			level will occasionally be violated. Widespread complaints		
Criteria for r	anking of the	L	measurable/ will remain in the current range. Recommended level will never be violated. Sporadic complaints.		
imp	pacts	L+	Minor improvement. Change not measurable/ will remain in the current range. Recommended level will never be violated. Sporadic complains.		
		M+	Moderate improvement	ts. Will be within or bette	r than the
			Substantial improveme	nt Will be within or bette	er than the
		H+	recommended level. Favourable publicity.		
Critoria for	ranking the	L	Quickly revisable. Less	than the project life. She	ort term
	I of impacts	Μ	Revisable over time. Life of the project. Medium term		
DORATION	or impacts	Н	Permanent. Beyond closure. Long term		
Critorio for reaking the		L	Localized – Within the site boundaries		
	I F of impacts	Μ	Fairly widespread – Beyond the site boundary. Local		
		Н	Widespread – Far beyond site boundary. Regional/ national.		
PART B: DETERMINING CONCEQUENCES					
	1		SEVERITY = L		
	Long term	Н	Medium	Medium	Medium
DURATION	Medium term	IVI	Low	Low	Medium
	Short term	L		LOW	Mealum
	Long torm	Ц		High	High
	Medium term	M	Medium	Medium	High
Donanon	Short term	1		Medium	Medium
		_	SEVERITY = H		
	Long term	н	High	Hiah	High
DURATION	Medium term	М	Medium	Medium	High
	Short term	L	Medium	Medium	High
L	I	1	L	M	Н
			Localized within site boundaries	Fairly widespread beyond site boundary local	Widespread Far beyond site boundary Regional/ national
				SPATIAL SCALE	

PART C: DETERMINING SIGNIFICANCE						
	Definite/ Continues		4	Medium	Medium	High
(of exposure	Possible/ Frequent		Λ	Medium	Medium	High
	Unlikely/ Seldom		-	Low	Low	Medium
				L	М	Н
		CONSEQUENCE				
		PART D: INTERPRETATION OF SIGNIFICANCE				
Significa	nce	Decision guideline				
High	HighIt would influence the decision regardless of any possible mitigation.			ole mitigation.		
Mediur	n	It should have an influence on the decision unless it is mitigated.				
Low		It will not have an influence on the decision.				

APPENDIX F

PROFESSIONAL REGISTRATION AND CIRICULAM VITAE

Suid-Afrikaanse Raad vir Ingenieurswese





Mr Roets is a transport and traffic engineer with wide experience in **transportation planning and modelling as well as data processing**. He has also gained considerable experience in determining traffic impact, undertaking parking studies, analysing and designing intersections and evaluating trafficcontrol measures. His experience in the development of transport plans and strategies is a great asset to the company. Recently, Mr Roets was highly successful in building bridges between various role players to facilitate and establish passenger transport forums in the Limpopo Province. His excellent relationships with the respective role players in the Limpopo Province are extremely useful. Mr Roets is locally based in Polokwane.

1. PERSONAL PARTICULARS

Name		Roets, Leon
Date of birth	1	14 October 1965
Identity number	:	6510145135085
Marital status	:	Married
Nationality	:	South African
Current position	:	Director, SIYAZI (Northern Province)
Prof Registration	:	960547

2. ACADEMIC QUALIFICATIONS

B.Eng. (Civil Eng. University of Pretoria, 1988)

3. EMPLOYMENT RECORD

07/2002 - currently	Director, SIYAZI LIMPOPO
07/1996 - currently	Director, SIYAZI Transportation & Services
01/1996 – 01/1997	Co-ordinator of SAACE Transport Division, Northern Province Branch
11/1994 – 06/1996	Representative of Africon Transportation in Northern Province, working from Pietersburg
02/1995 – 12/1997	Member of SAICE Management Committee, Northern Province Branch
08/1992 - 10/1994	Africon Transport Planning Division in Pretoria
01/1989 - 07/1990	Military Service, Lieutenant in Genie Corps

4. PROFESSIONAL MEMBERSHIP

Registered as Professional Engineer (Registration No. 960547).

5. LANGUAGE PROFICIENCY

Afrikaans	1	Fluent (Read, write, speak)
English	:	Fluent (Read, write, speak)

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6. COMPUTER SKILLS

Proficient in using the following software:

- a) MS Office (Excel, Word, Powerpoint and Access)
- b) Sidra (Traffic Simulation Program)
- c) Transcad
- d) HCM
- e) Transyt f) SPSS
- f) SPSSg) Autocad
- h) Visual Basics for Excell.

7. AWARDS

In 1998, SIYAZI Transportation and Services (Pty) Ltd received a **CERTIFICATE OF APPRECIATION** for the outstanding contribution towards the promotion of the services rendered by the **Department of Protection Services** of the Pietersburg-Polokwane TLC, currently known as the Polokwane Municipality.

In 1999, SIYAZI Transportation and Services (Pty) Ltd received **an SAACE 1999 BRANCH AWARD FOR EXCELLENCE OF CIVIL ENGINEERING** in the Pietersburg-Polokwane Passenger Transport System.

L Roets was the project leader for both the above-mentioned awards.

8. PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

The following specific projects had been conducted in terms of Travel Demand Modelling:

- a) Burgersfort Central Business District transport network (Transcad)
- b) Relocation of Road N11 in the Mogalakwena Local Municipality Area (Transcad)
- c) Road R37 from Burgersfort to Polokwane (Transcad)
- N1- Bypass in Polokwane to determine whether eastern or western by pass should be constructed (Transcad)
- e) Polokwane CBD (Transcad)
- f) Determination of By-Pass Routes for Rustenburg as employee of Africon (Emme/2)
- g) Traffic Calming in Tzaneen employee of Africon (Emme/2)
- h) N17 Toll Strategy employee of Africon (Emme/2)

As Project Manager following typical projects were also conducted.

TRANSPORT & PUBLIC TRANSPORT
Polokwane PTP & ITP
Polokwane Taxi Holding Area
Public Transport related work for Steelpoort Producers Forum
Public Transport related work for the Mogalakwena Economic Development Forum
Tzaneen Crossing Shopping, Taxi Facilities
2010- Priority Statements for the Limpopo Province (2005 & 2006)
Bus Terminal in Tzaneen
Elim Shopping Centre
Polokwane Taxi Rank: Inputs
Branding of Taxi Rank: Inputs
Capacity building of the Northern Province Taxi Co-ops
Design & Contract: Documentation: Bawhaduba Bus Service: Community Meeting

TRANSPORT & PUBLIC TRANSPORT
Detail design of Pietersburg-Polokwane Rank
Traffic Impact Study for Pietersburg Polokwane Taxi Holding Area
Colour Coding for taxis in Pietersburg-Polokwane
Pietersburg-Polokwane Transportation Study
Development of Business Plan for Taxi Recapitalisation Program for the Limpopo Province
Taxi Route Colour coding Framework for the Limpopo Province
Planning of Multi-modal system for Burgersfort
Transport of workers at Modikwa Mine
Input for transportation of workers (Dilokong corridor)
Development of transport hub in Polokwane
Develop and maintain transport related infrastructure (Dilokong Corridor)
Road Agency Investigation for new route alignment - Pietersburg Western Bypass Ext of projects
Input into the transport of workers along the Dilokong Corridor (To stimulate and promote government subsidized publi transport for workers)
Vhembe District Municipality CPTR in Joint Venture with Batlagae Community Projects
Greater Tubatse Integrated Transport Plan (CPTR, OLS, PTP and ITP)
Capricorn District Municipality CPTR in Joint Venture with Batlagae Community Projects
Limpopo in Motion (Transport Strategy) Passengers Transport Inputs

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING
Transport related work for Steelpoort Producers Forum
Transport related work for the Mogalakwena Economic Development Forum
Traffic inputs for Motor City
Traffic input for Filling station on the remainder of Erf 890 and portion 2 of 890, Polokwane
Traffic related input for development of ERF 1697, Pietersburg Extension 3
Traffic inputs at Koppiesfontein 30 and 31, Polokwane
Traffic related inputs at Bendor Extension 70, Polokwane
Traffic related inputs at Bendor Extension 79, Polokwane
Traffic Related inputs at Bendor Extension 77, Polokwane
Southgate Lodge Vulstasie
Parking inputs: 7 Eleven Pietersburg
Traffic Inputs for Pietersburg Entrance Road to Ext 44
Majebaskraal Filling Station Development
New Service Station - Intersection of Witklip & Railway Streets
Traffic Inputs - Boom Street at grade railway intersection
Traffic related input, Woodlands residential development, Farm Tweefontein, Polokwane
Proposed filling station at Roedtan
Traffic Inputs - Proposed Township Bendor X69
Traffic impact study: Proposed filling station at intersection of Veldspaat at Munnik Street
New Kopantsho private hospital, Polokwane, Traffic related input
Roads Agency Investigation for New routes alignment Pietersburg Western Bypass
Traffic-related input for Road R37
Entrance application Penina Park Filling Station
Traffic Impact Study for Erf 5787, Polokwane Pietersburg
Proposed filling station on Route P3/158/Dikgale
Siyazi Transportation & Services (Pty) Ltd. (Sealy warehouse and office block, traffic light installation)
Traffic Impact Study for proposed new Standard Bank Building In Polokwane
Camble Str Pietersburg: Modelling inputs
Traffic analysis for filling station at Rooipoort on N1
Traffic analysis – Pietersburg – Laubser & Smith

Curriculum Vitae – L. Roets

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING
Pietersburg Erf 7589, Traffic Impact Study
Transport & Industrial Survey: Pietersburg CBD
Traffic Engineering Input, Bendor Ext 30
Bendor Ext 30 Public Transport Inputs
Marketing Strategy for Metropolitan Centre, Pietersburg Phase 2
Filling Station Agatha & Circle Str, Tzaneen
Traffic Impact Assessment: Longdale X2 Erven 41 - Sealy
Bok en Dahl Street Special Traffic Inputs
Filling Station: Intersection of Grobler & Voortrekker Streets, Pietersburg
Biccard Street – Traffic Inputs
Technikon Pretoria Pietersburg Campus Traffic inputs
Traffic Impact Study: Filling Station - Intersection of Dorp and Marshall St
Traffic Impact Study: Messina Shopping Centre
Traffic Impact Study: Ivypark Ext 9
New Service Station Development: Portion of Stand 19, Gateway Industria Park
Pietersburg-Polokwane: Vulstasie in Potgieterstraat
Filling Station at intersection of Genl. Viljoen & Genl Maritz Streets, Pietersburg
Traffic Impact Study: Tzaneen Intersection of Agatha & Circle Streets
Traffic Impact Study: Hans van Rensburg St., Pietersburg

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COMMUNITY- AND TRAFFIC SAFETY
Provide input into traffic safety along Road R37 (Burgersfort)
Greater Tubatse Transport Forum
Polokwane Transport Forum
Fetakgomo Transport Forum
Temporary measures to promote road safety in the Greater Tubatse Area
Traffic-related surveys for Road R37 (To monitor the growth of traffic on Road R37 as well as to identify problem areas)
Pietersburg Polokwane Taxi Forum

DATA SURVEYS
12-Hour manual traffic counts for the Limpopo Province
12 Hour traffic counts at Fetakgomo and Atok
Traffic counts for proposed filling station on the part of the farm Syferkuil 921 L S
12 hour Traffic counts – Soekmekaar
Traffic Counts at Bushbuckridge
Penina Park: Trips generated
Road P84-1: 12-Hour Traffic counts
12 Hour Traffic Count Dendron Road
Taxi counts on op P1/6 & N1
Traffic counts in Witklip Street
12-Hour Traffic Counts: Industria Street Pietersburg
Seven day Traffic Count - Roads P43-1 & P17-1
Pietersburg/Polokwane - Cordon Survey Detail Calculations
Traffic counts for Filling station in Tzaneen
TRAINING
Road Safety Training at the Greater Tubatse Local Municipality, Burgersfort

Transport Training, Burgersfort

9. LIST OF PUBLICATIONS

- ROETS L, DILOKONG TRANSPORT FACILITIES, Limpopo Transport Summit, 7 November 2003.
- b) OOSTHUIZEN S and ROETS L: TRANSPORT ASPECT OF MINIBUS-TAXI SERVICES IN THE RURAL ENVIRONMENT: S A Transport Conference, CSIR Conference Centre, Pretoria, 2003
- c) OOSTHUIZEN S and ROETS L, CITY IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS AS A COST-EFFECTIVE ALTERNATIVE FOR CRIME AND DEGRADING OF CBD, Local Authority Security Association of SA Seminar, Loskopdam Aventura Resort, 1999.
- ROETS L, MULTI-DISCIPLINARY APPROACH IN MANAGING A SAFER ENVIRONMENT, MANAGING TAXI RANKS, Institute for municipal law enforcement of Southern Africa (IMLE) Conference 25 August 2000.
- e) ROETS L, PIETERSBURG-POLOKWANE TRANSPORT STRATEGY PLAN, AMT ANNUAL CONFERENCE, integration of land-use and transport 18 August 2000.
- f) ROETS L, PRESENTATION AT THE NORTHERN PROVINCE PROVINCIAL TRANSPORT
- g) CONFERENCE, Pietersburg-Polokwane Integrated Transport System, 22 October 1999.