FOR THE 100MWac RONDAVEL PHOTOVOLTAIC SOLAR ENERGY FACILITY (SEF), LOCATED NEAR KROONSTAD, FREE STATE PROVINCE

Environmental Management Programme for the overhead power line associated with the Rondavel Solar Energy Facility

August 2021

APPENDIX 1
GENERIC ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) FOR THE
DEVELOPMENT AND EXPANSION FOR OVERHEAD ELECTRICITY
TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION INFRASTRUCTURE

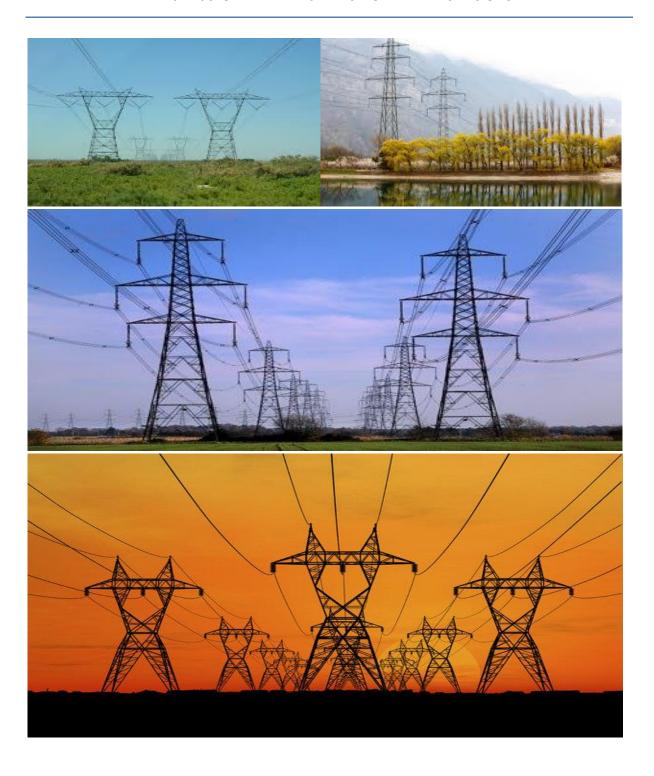




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INTRODUCTION

1. Background

The National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998) (NEMA) requires that an environmental management programme (EMPr) be submitted where an environmental impact assessment (EIA) has been identified as the environmental instrument to be utilised as the basis for a decision on an application for environmental authorisation (EA). The content of an EMPr must either contain the information set out in Appendix 4 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014, as amended, (EIA Regulations) or must be a generic EMPr relevant to an application as identified and gazetted by the Minister in a government notice. Once the Minister has identified, through a government notice, that a generic EMPr is relevant to an application for EA, that generic EMPr must be applied by all parties involved in the EA process, including, but not limited to, the applicant and the competent authority (CA).

2. Purpose

This document constitutes a generic EMPr relevant to applications for the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure, and all listed and specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

3. Objective

The objective of this generic EMPr is to prescribe and pre-approve generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions, which can commonly and repeatedly be used for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure. The use of a generic EMPr is intended to reduce the need to prepare and review individual EMPrs for applications of a similar nature.

4. Scope

The scope of this generic EMPr applies to the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure requiring EA in terms of NEMA, i.e. with a capacity of 33 kilovolts or more. This generic EMPr applies to activities requiring EA, mainly activity 11 and 47 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 1 of 2014, as amended, and activity 9 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 2 of 2014, as amended, and all associated listed or specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

5. Structure of this document

This document is structured in three parts with an Appendix as indicated in the table below:

| Part | Section | Heading | Content |
|------|---------|---|---|
| ran | Section | nedding | Comeni |
| A | | Provides general guidance and information and is not legally binding | Definitions, acronyms, roles & responsibilities and documentation and reporting. |
| В | 1 | Pre-approved generic EMPr template | Contains generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions required for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure, which are presented in the form of a template that has been pre-approved. The template in this section is to be completed by the contractor, with each completed page signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. Where an impact management outcome is not relevant, the words "not applicable" can be inserted in the template under the "responsible persons" column. Once completed and signed, the template represents the EMPr for the activity approved by |
| | | | the CA and is legally binding. The template is not required to be submitted to the CA as once the generic EMPr is gazetted for implementation, it has been approved by the CA. To allow interested and affected parties access to the pre-approved EMPr template for consideration through the decision-making process, the EAP on behalf of the applicant /proponent must make the hard copy of this EMPr available at a public location and where |
| | 2 | Site specific information | the applicant has a website, the EMPr should also be made available on such publicly accessible website. Contains preliminary infrastructure layout and a |
| | _ | and appearing information | declaration that the applicant/holder of the EA |

| Part | Section | Heading | Content |
|------|---------|--|---|
| | | | will comply with the pre-approved generic EMPr template contained in Part B: Section 1, and understands that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding. The preliminary infrastructure layout must be finalized to inform the final EMPr that is to be submitted with the basic assessment report (BAR) or environmental impact assessment report (EIAR), ensuring that all impact management outcomes and actions have been either pre-approved or approved in terms of Part C. |
| | | | This section must be submitted to the CA together with the final BAR or EIAR. The information submitted to the CA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, this Section forms part of the EMPr for the development and is legally binding. |
| С | | Site specific sensitivities/ attributes | If any specific environmental sensitivities/ attributes are present on the site which require site specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr, to manage impacts, these specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific environmental attributes must be referenced spatially and impact management outcomes and impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be provided. These specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the preapproved EMPr template (Part B: section 1) |
| | | | This section will not be required should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes. However, if <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the site, it is required to be submitted together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP, and must contain his/her name and |

| Part | Section | Heading | Content |
|------|---------|---------|---|
| | | | expertise including a curriculum vitae. Once approved, Part C forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding. |
| | | | This section applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the specific development or expansion and which are not already included in <u>Part B: section 1</u> . |
| Appe | endix 1 | | Contains the method statements to be prepared prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are not required to be |
| | | | submitted to the competent authority. |

6. Completion of part B: section 1: the pre-approved generic EMPr template

The template is to be completed prior to commencement of the activity, by providing the following information for each environmental impact management action:

- For implementation
 - a 'responsible person',
 - a method for implementation,
 - a timeframe for implementation
- For monitoring
 - a responsible person
 - frequency
 - evidence of compliance.

The completed template must be signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as <u>Appendix 1</u>. Each method statement must be signed and dated on each page by the holder of the EA. This template, once signed and dated, is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

7. Amendments of the impact management outcomes and impact management actions

Once the activity has commenced, a holder of an EA may make amendments to the impact management outcomes and impact management actions in the following manner:

- Amendment of the impact management outcomes: in line with the process contemplated in regulation 37 of the EIA Regulations; and
- Amendment of the impact management actions: in line with the process contemplated in regulation 36 of the EIA Regulations.

8. Documents to be submitted as part of part B: section 2 site specific information and declaration

<u>Part B: Section 2</u> has three distinct sub-sections. The first and third sub-sections are in a template format. Sub-section two requires a map to be produced.

<u>Sub-section 1</u> contains the project name, the applicant's name and contact details, the site information, which includes coordinates of the corridor in which the proposed overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure is proposed as well as the 21-digit Surveyor General code of each cadastral land parcel and, where available, the farm name.

Sub-section 2 is to be prepared by an EAP and must contain his/her name and expertise including a curriculum vitae. This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout using the national web based environmental tool, when available for screening compulsory https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. raptor nest, threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps must identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features in the surrounding landscape within 50m from the development footprint. The overhead transmission and distribution profile must be illustrated at an appropriate resolution to enable fine scale interrogation. It is recommended that <20 km of overhead transmission and distribution length is illustrated per page in A3 landscape format. Where considered appropriate, photographs of sensitive features in the context of tower positions must be used.

<u>Sub-section 3</u> is the declaration that the applicant/proponent or holder of the EA in the case of a change of ownership must complete, which confirms that the applicant/EA holder will comply with the pre-approved generic EMPr template in <u>Section 1</u> and understands that the impact management outcomes and actions are legally binding.

(a) Amendments to Part B: Section 2 – site specific information and declaration

Should the EA be transferred, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new applicant/proponent and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of Regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted as part of such an application for an amendment to an EA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

PART A - GENERAL INFORMATION

1. **DEFINITIONS**

In this EMPr any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the NEMA or EIA Regulations has that meaning, and unless the context requires otherwise –

"clearing" means the clearing and removal of vegetation, whether partially or in whole, including trees and shrubs, as specified;

"construction camp" is the area designated for key construction infrastructure and services, including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;

"contractor" - The Contractor has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract, are in line with the Environmental Management Programme and that Method Statements are implemented as described.

"hazardous substance" is a substance governed by the Hazardous Substances Act, 1973 (Act No. 15 of 1973) as well as the Hazardous Chemical and Substances Regulations, 1995;

"method statement" means a written submission by the Contractor to the Project Manager in response to this EMPr or a request by the Project Manager and ECO. The method statement must set out the equipment, materials, labour and method(s) the Contractor proposes using to carry out an activity identified by the Project Manager when requesting the Method Statement. This must be done in such detail that the Project Manager and ECO is able to assess whether the Contractor's proposal is in accordance with this specification and/or will produce results in accordance with this specification;

The method statement must cover applicable details with regard to:

- (i) Construction procedures;
- (ii) Plant, materials and equipment to be used;
- (iii) Transporting the equipment to and from site;
- (iv) How the plant/material/equipment will be moved while on site;
- (v) How and where the plant/ material/ equipment will be stored;
- (vi) The containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- (vii) Timing and location of activities;
- (viii) Compliance/ non-compliance; and
- (ix) Any other information deemed necessary by the Project Manager.

"slope" means the inclination of a surface expressed as one unit of rise or fall for so many horizontal units;

"solid waste" means all solid waste, including construction debris, hazardous waste, excess cement/ concrete, wrapping materials, timber, cans, drums, wire, nails, food and domestic waste (e.g. plastic packets and wrappers);

"spoil" means excavated material which is unsuitable for use as material in the construction works or is material which is surplus to the requirements of the construction works;

"topsoil" means a varying depth (up to 300 mm) of the soil profile irrespective of the fertility, appearance, structure, agricultural potential, fertility and composition of the soil; and

2. ACRONYMS and ABBREVIATIONS

| CA | Competent Authority |
|--------|---|
| cEO | Contractors Environmental Officer |
| dEO | Developer Environmental Officer |
| DPM | Developer Project Manager |
| DSS | Developer Site Supervisor |
| EAR | Environmental Audit Report |
| ECA | Environment Conservation Act No. 73 of 1989 |
| ECO | Environmental Control Officer |
| EA | Environmental Authorisation |
| EIA | Environmental Impact Assessment |
| ERAP | Emergency Response Action Plan |
| EMPr | Environmental Management Programme Report |
| EAP | Environmental Assessment Practitioner |
| FPA | Fire Protection Agency |
| HCS | Hazardous chemical Substance |
| NEMA | National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998) |
| NEMBA | National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act ,2004 (Act No. 10 |
| | of 2004) |
| NEMWA | National Environmental Management: Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008) |
| | |
| MSDS | Material Safety Data Sheet |
| RI&APs | Registered interested and affected parties |

[&]quot;works" means the works to be executed in terms of the Contract

3. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) IMPLEMENTATION

The effective implementation of this generic EMPr is dependent on established and clear roles, responsibilities and reporting lines within an institutional framework. This section of the EMPr gives guidance to the various environmental roles and reporting lines, however, project specific requirements will ultimately determine the need for the appointment of specific person(s) to undertake specific roles and or responsibilities. As such, it must be noted that in the event that no specific person, for example, an environmental control officer (ECO) is appointed, the holder of the EA remains responsible for ensuring that the duties indicated in this document for action by the ECO are undertaken.

Table 1: Guide to roles and responsibilities for implementation of an EMPr

| Responsible Person (s) | Role and Responsibilities |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Developer's Project Manager | Role |
| (DPM) | The Project Developer is accountable for ensuring compliance with the EMPr and any conditions of approval from the competent authority (CA). Where required, an environmental control officer (ECO) must be contracted by the Project Developer to objectively monitor the implementation of the EMPr according to relevant environmental legislation, and the conditions of the environmental authorisation (EA). The Project Developer is further responsible for providing and giving mandate to enable the ECO to perform responsibilities, and he must ensure that the ECO is integrated as part of the project team while remaining independent. |
| | Responsibilities Be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA; Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Developer and its Contractor(s); Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; Monitor the implementation of the EMPr throughout the project by means of site inspections and meetings. Overall management of the project and EMPr implementation; and Ensure that periodic environmental performance audits are undertaken on the project implementation. |

| Responsible Person (s) | Role and Responsibilities |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Developer Site Supervisor (DSS) | <u>Role</u> |
| | The DSS reports directly to the DPM, oversees site works, liaises with the contractor(s) and the ECO. The |
| | DSS is responsible for the day to day implementation of the EMPr and for ensuring the compliance of |
| | all contractors with the conditions and requirements stipulated in the EMPr. |
| | <u>Responsibilities</u> |
| | - Ensure that all contractors identify a contractor's Environmental Officer (cEO); |
| | - Must be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA. Oversees site works, liaison with Contractor, |
| | DPM and ECO; |
| | - Must ensure that all landowners have the relevant contact details of the site staff, ECO and cEO; |
| | - Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; |
| | - Will issue all non-compliances to contractors; and |
| | - Ratify the Monthly Environmental Report. |
| Environmental Control Officer (ECO) | Role |
| | The ECO should have appropriate training and experience in the implementation of environmental |
| | management specifications. The primary role of the ECO is to act as an independent quality |
| | controller and monitoring agent regarding all environmental concerns and associated |
| | environmental impacts. In this respect, the ECO is to conduct periodic site inspections, attend |
| | regular site meetings, pre-empt problems and suggest mitigation and be available to advise on |
| | incidental issues that arise. The ECO is also required to conduct compliance audits, verifying the |
| | monitoring reports submitted by the cEO and dEO. The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project |
| | Manager regarding all environmental matters. The Contractor, cEO and dEO are answerable to the |
| | Environmental Control Officer for non-compliance with the Performance Specifications as set out in |
| | the EA and EMPr. |
| | The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager, who in turn reports back to the |
| | Contractor and potential and Registered Interested &Affected Parties (RI&APs), as required. Issues of |
| | non-compliance raised by the ECO must be taken up by the Project Manager, and resolved with the |
| | Contractor as per the conditions of his contract. Decisions regarding environmental procedures, |
| | specifications and requirements which have a cost implication (i.e. those that are deemed to be a |

| Responsible Person (s) | Role and Responsibilities |
|------------------------|---|
| Responsible Person (s) | variation, not allowed for in the Performance Specification) must be endorsed by the Project Manager. The ECO must also, as specified by the EA, report to the relevant CA as and when required. Responsibilities The responsibilities of the ECO will include the following: Be aware of the findings and conclusions of all EA related to the development; Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr; Be conversant with relevant environmental legislation, policies and procedures, and ensure compliance with them; Undertake regular and comprehensive site inspections / audits of the construction site according to the generic EMPr and applicable licenses in order to monitor compliance as required; Educate the construction team about the management measures contained in the EMPr and environmental licenses; Compilation and administration of an environmental monitoring plan to ensure that the environmental management measures are implemented and are effective; Monitoring the performance of the Contractors and ensuring compliance with the EMPr and associated Method Statements; In consultation with the Developer Site Supervisor order the removal of person(s) and/or equipment which are in contravention of the specifications of the EMPr and/or environmental licenses; Liaison between the DPM, Contractors, authorities and other lead stakeholders on all environmental concerns; |
| | In consultation with the Developer Site Supervisor order the removal of person(s) and/or equipment which are in contravention of the specifications of the EMPr and/or environmental licenses; Liaison between the DPM, Contractors, authorities and other lead stakeholders on all environmental concerns; |

| Responsible Person (s) | Role and Responsibilities |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Responsible Leison (s) | Checking the cEO's public complaints register in which all complaints are recorded, as well as action taken; Assisting in the resolution of conflicts; Facilitate training for all personnel on the site – this may range from carrying out the training, to reviewing the training programmes of the Contractor; In case of non-compliances, the ECO must first communicate this to the Senior Site Supervisor, who has the power to ensure this matter is addressed. Should no action or insufficient action be taken, the ECO may report this matter to the authorities as non-compliance; Maintenance, update and review of the EMPr; |
| | - Communication of all modifications to the EMPr to the relevant stakeholders. |
| developer Environmental Officer (dEO) | Role The dEOs will report to the Project Manager and are responsible for implementation of the EMPr, environmental monitoring and reporting, providing environmental input to the Project Manager and Contractor's Manager, liaising with contractors and the landowners as well as a range of environmental coordination responsibilities. |
| | Responsibilities Be fully conversant with the EMPr; Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr, and implement these measures; Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Employees, Contractor(s); Confine the development site to the demarcated area; Conduct environmental internal audits with regards to EMPr and authorisation compliance (on cEO); Assist the contractors in addressing environmental challenges on site; Assist in incident management: Reporting environmental incidents to developer and ensuring that corrective action is taken, and lessons learnt shared; |

| Responsible Person (s) | Role and Responsibilities |
|------------------------|--|
| | - Assist the contractor in investigating environmental incidents and compile investigation reports; |
| | Follow-up on pre-warnings, defects, non-conformance reports; |
| | Measure and communicate environmental performance to the Contractor; |
| | Conduct environmental awareness training on site together with ECO and cEO; |
| | Ensure that the necessary legal permits and / or licenses are in place and up to date; |
| | - Acting as Developer's Environmental Representative on site and work together with the ECO |
| | and contractor; |
| Contractor | <u>Role</u> |
| | The Contractor appoints the cEO and has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract are in line with the EMPr and that Method Statements are implemented as described. External contractors must ensure compliance with this EMPr while performing the onsite activities as per their contract with the Project Developer. The contractors are required, where specified, to provide Method Statements setting out in detail how the impact management actions contained in the EMPr will be implemented during the development or expansion for overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure activities. |
| | <u>Responsibilities</u> |
| | - project delivery and quality control for the development services as per appointment; |
| | - employ a suitably qualified person to monitor and report to the Project Developer's appointed |
| | person on the daily activities on-site during the construction period; |
| | - ensure that safe, environmentally acceptable working methods and practices are |
| | implemented and that equipment is properly operated and maintained, to facilitate proper |
| | access and enable any operation to be carried out safely; |
| | attend on site meeting(s) prior to the commencement of activities to confirm the procedure and designated activity zones; |
| | - ensure that contractors' staff repair, at their own cost, any environmental damage as a result |
| | of a contravention of the specifications contained in EMPr, to the satisfaction of the ECO. |

| Responsible Person (s) | Role and Responsibilities |
|----------------------------------|--|
| contractor Environmental Officer | <u>Role</u> |
| (cEO) | Each Contractor affected by the EMPr should appoint a cEO, who is responsible for the on-site |
| | implementation of the EMPr (or relevant sections of the EMPr). The Contractor's representative can be |
| | the site agent; site engineer; a dedicated environmental officer; or an independent consultant. The |
| | Contractor must ensure that the Contractor's Representative is suitably qualified to perform the |
| | necessary tasks and is appointed at a level such that she/he can interact effectively with other site |
| | Contractors, labourers, the Environmental Control Officer and the public. As a minimum the cEO shall |
| | meet the following criteria: |
| | |
| | <u>Responsibilities</u> |
| | - Be on site throughout the duration of the project and be dedicated to the project; |
| | - Ensure all their staff are aware of the environmental requirements, conditions and constraints |
| | with respect to all of their activities on site; |
| | - Implementing the environmental conditions, guidelines and requirements as stipulated within |
| | the EA, EMPr and Method Statements; |
| | - Attend the Environmental Site Meeting; |
| | - Undertaking corrective actions where non-compliances are registered within the stipulated |
| | timeframes; |
| | Report back formally on the completion of corrective actions; |
| | Assist the ECO in maintaining all the site documentation; |
| | Prepare the site inspection reports and corrective action reports for submission to the ECO; |
| | Assist the ECO with the preparing of the monthly report; and |
| | - Where more than one Contractor is undertaking work on site, each company appointed as a |
| | Contractor will appoint a cEO representing that company. |

4. ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE

To ensure accountable and demonstrated implementation of the EMPr, a number of reporting systems, documentation controls and compliance mechanisms must be in place for all overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure projects as a minimum requirement.

4.1 Document control/Filing system

The holder of the EA is solely responsible for the upkeep and management of the EMPr file. At a minimum, all documentation detailed below will be stored in the EMPr file. A hard copy of all documentation shall be filed, while an electronic copy may be kept where relevant. A duplicate file will be maintained in the office of the DSS (where applicable). This duplicate file must remain current and up-to-date. The filing system must be updated and relevant documents added as required. The EMPr file must be made available at all times on request by the CA or other relevant authorities. The EMPr file will form part of any environmental audits undertaken as prescribed in the EIA Regulations.

4.2 Documentation to be available

At the outset of the project the following preliminary list of documents shall be placed in the filing system and be accessible at all times:

- Full copy of the signed EA from the CA in terms of NEMA, granting approval for the development or expansion;
- Copy of the generic and site specific EMPr as well as any amendments thereof;
- Copy of declaration of implementing generic EMPr and subsequent approval of site specific EMPr and amendments thereof;
- All method statements:
- Completed environmental checklists;
- Minutes and attendance register of environmental site meetings;
- An up-to-date environmental incident log;
- A copy of all instructions or directives issued;
- A copy of all corrective actions signed off. The corrective actions must be filed in such a way that a clear reference is made to the non-compliance record;
- Complaints register.

4.3 Weekly Environmental Checklist

The ECOs are required to complete a Weekly Environmental Checklist, the format of which is to be agreed prior to commencement of the activity. The ECOs are required to sign and date the checklist, retain a copy in the EMPr file and submit a copy of the completed checklist to the DSS on a weekly basis.

The checklists will form the basis for the Monthly Environmental Reports. Copies of all completed checklists will be attached as Annexures to the Environmental Audit Report as required in terms of the EIA Regulations.

4.4 Environmental site meetings

Minutes of the environmental site meetings shall be kept. The minutes must include an attendance register and will be attached to the Monthly Report that is distributed to attendees. Each set of minutes must clearly record "Matters for Attention" that will be reviewed at the next meeting.

4.5 Required Method Statements

The method statement will be done in such detail that the ECOs are enabled to assess whether the contractor's proposal is in accordance with the EMPr.

The method statement must cover applicable details with regard to:

- development procedures;
- materials and equipment to be used;
- getting the equipment to and from site;
- how the equipment/ material will be moved while on site;
- how and where material will be stored;
- the containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- timing and location of activities;
- compliance/ non-compliance with the EMPr; and
- any other information deemed necessary by the ECOs.

Unless indicated otherwise by the Project Manager, the Contractor shall provide the following method statements to the Project Manager no less than 14 days prior to the commencement date of the activity:

- Site establishment Camps, Lay-down or storage areas, satellite camps, infrastructure;
- Batch plants;
- Workshop or plant servicing;
- Handling, transport and storage of Hazardous Chemical Substances;
- Vegetation management Protected, clearing, aliens, felling;
- Access management Roads, gates, crossings etc.;
- Fire plan;
- Waste management transport, storage, segregation, classification, disposal (all waste streams);
- Social interaction complaints management, compensation claims, access to properties etc.;
- Water use (source, abstraction and disposal), access and all related information, crossings and mitigation;
- Emergency preparedness Spills, training, other environmental emergencies;
- Dust and noise management methodologies;
- Fauna interaction and risk management only if the risk was identified wildlife interaction especially on game farms; and
- Heritage and palaeontology management.

The ECOs shall monitor and ensure that the contractors perform in accordance with these method statements. Completed and agreed method statements between the holder of the EA and the contractor shall be captured in Appendix 1.

4.6 Environmental Incident Log (Diary)

The ECOs are required to maintain an up-to-date and current Environmental Incident Log (environmental diary). The Environmental Incident Log is a means to record all environmental incidents and/or all non-compliance notice would not be issued. An environmental incident is defined as:

- Any deviation from the listed impact management actions (listed in this EMPr) that
 may be addressed immediately by the ECOs. (For example a contractor's staff
 member littering or a drip tray that has not been emptied);
- Any environmental impact resulting from an action or activity by a contractor in contravention of the environmental stipulations and guidelines listed in the EMPr which as a single event would have a minor impact but which if cumulative and continuous would have a significant effect (for example no toilet paper available in the ablutions for an afternoon); and
- General environmental information such as road kills or injured wildlife.

The ECOs are to record all environmental incidents in the Environmental Incident Log. All incidents regardless of severity must be reported to the Developer. The Log is to be kept in the EMPr file and at a minimum the following will be recorded for each environmental incident:

- The date and time of the incident;
- Description of the incident;
- The name of the Contractor responsible;
- The incident must be listed as significant or minor;
- If the incident is listed as significant, a non-compliance notice must be issued, and recorded in the log;
- Remedial or corrective action taken to mitigate the incident; and
- Record of repeat minor offences by the same contractor or staff member.

The Environmental Incident Log will be captured in the EAR.

4.7 Non-compliance

A non-compliance notice will be issued to the responsible contractor by the ECOs via the DSS or Project Manager. The non-compliance notice will be issued in writing; a copy filed in the EMPr file and will at a minimum include the following:

- Time and date of the non-compliance;
- Name of the contractor responsible;
- Nature and description of the non-compliance;
- Recommended / required corrective action; and
- Date by which the corrective action to be completed.

The contractors shall act immediately when a notice of non-compliance is received and correct whatever is the cause for the issuing of the notice. Complaints received regarding activities on the development site pertaining to the environment shall be recorded in a dedicated register and the response noted with the date and action taken. The ECO should be made aware of any complaints. Any non-compliance with the agreed procedures of the EMPr is a transgression of the various statutes and laws that define the manner by which the environment is managed. Failure to redress the cause shall be reported to the relevant CA for them to deal with the transgression, as it deems fit. The contractor is deemed not to have complied with the EMPr if, inter alia, There is a deviation from the environmental conditions, impact management outcomes and impact management actions, as approved in generic and site specific EMPr as relevant as set out in the EMPr, which deviation has, or may cause, an environmental impact.

4.8 Corrective action records

For each non-compliance notice issued, a documented corrective action must be recorded. On receiving a non-compliance notice from the DSS, the contractor's cEO will ensure that the corrective actions required take place within the stipulated timeframe. On completion of the corrective action the cEO is to issue a Corrective Action Report in writing to the ECOs. If satisfied that the corrective action has been completed, the ECOs are to sign-off on the Corrective Action Report, and attach the report to the non-compliance notice in the EMPr file. A corrective action is considered complete once the report has signed off by the ECOs.

4.9 Photographic record

A digital photographic record will be kept. The photographic record will be used to show before, during and post rehabilitation evidence of the project as well used in cases of damages claims if they arise. Each image must be dated and a brief description note attached.

The Contractor shall:

1. Allow the ECOs access to take photographs of all areas, activities and actions.

The ECOs shall keep an electronic database of photographic records which will include:

- 1. Pictures of all areas designated as work areas, camp areas, development sites and storage areas taken before these areas are set up;
- 2. All bunding and fencing;
- 3. Road conditions and road verges;
- 4. Condition of all farm fences;
- 5. Topsoil storage areas;
- 6. All areas to be cordoned off during construction;
- 7. Waste management sites;
- 8. Ablution facilities (inside and out);
- 9. Any non-conformances deemed to be "significant";
- 10. All completed corrective actions for non-compliances;
- 11. All required signage;

- 12. Photographic recordings of incidents;
- 13. All areas before, during and post rehabilitation; and
- 14. Include relevant photographs in the Final Environmental Audit Report.

4.10 Complaints register

The ECOs shall keep a current and up-to-date complaints register. The complaints register is to be a record of all complaints received from communities, stakeholders and individuals. The Complaints Record shall:

- 1. Record the name and contact details of the complainant;
- 2. Record the time and date of the complaint;
- 3. Contain a detailed description of the complaint;
- 4. Where relevant and appropriate, contain photographic evidence of the complaint or damage (ECOs to take relevant photographs); and
- 5. Contain a copy of the ECOs written response to each complaint received and keep a record of any further correspondence with the complainant. The ECO's written response will include a description of any corrective action to be taken and must be signed by the Contractor, ECO and affected party. Where a damage claim is issued by the complainant, the ECOs shall respond as described in (section 4.11) below.

4.11 Claims for damages

In the event that a Claim for Damages is submitted by a community, landowner or individual, the ECOs shall:

- 1. Record the full detail of the complaint as described in (section 4.10) above;
- 2. The DPM will evaluate the claim and associated damage and submit the evaluation to the Senior Site Representative for approval;
- 3. Following consideration by the DPM, the claim is to be resolved and settled immediately, or the reason for not accepting the claim communicated in writing to the claimant. Should the claimant not accept this, the ECO shall, in writing report the incident to the Developer's negotiator and legal department; and
- 4. A formal record of the response by the ECOs to the claimant as well as the rectification of the method of making payments not amount will be recorded in the EMPr file.

4.12 Interactions with affected parties

Open, transparent and good relations with affected landowners, communities and regional staff are an essential aspect to the successful management and mitigation of environmental impacts.

The ECOs shall:

1. Ensure that all queries, complaints and claims are dealt within an agreed timeframe;

- 2. Ensure that any or all agreements are documented, signed by all parties and a record of the agreement kept in the EMPr file;
- 3. Ensure that a complaints telephone numbers are made available to all landowners and affected parties; and
- 4. Ensure that contact with affected parties is courteous at all times;

4.13 Environmental audits

Internal environmental audits of the activity and implementation of the EMPr must be undertaken. The findings and outcomes must be included in the EMPr file and be submitted to the CA at intervals as indicated in the EA.

An Environmental Audit Report must be prepared monthly. The report will be tabled as the key point on the agenda of the Environmental Site Meeting. The Report is submitted for acceptance at the meeting and the final report will be circulated to the Project Manager and filed in the EMPr file. At a frequency determined by the EA, the ECOs shall submit the monthly reports to the CA. At a minimum the monthly report is to cover the following:

- Weekly Environmental Checklists;
- Deviations and non-compliances with the checklists;
- Non-compliances issued;
- Completed and reported corrective actions;
- Environmental Monitoring;
- General environmental findings and actions; and
- Minutes of the Bi-monthly Environmental Site Meetings.

4.14 Final environmental audits

On final completion of the rehabilitation and/or requirements of the EA a final EAR is to be prepared and submitted to the CA. The EAR must comply with Appendix 7 of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 1: Pre-approved generic EMPr template

5. IMPACT MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES AND IMPACT MANAGEMENT ACTIONS

This section provides a pre-approved generic EMPr template with aspects that are common to the development of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure. There is a list of aspects identified for the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure, and for each aspect a set of prescribed impact management outcomes and associated impact management actions have been identified. Holders of EAs are responsible to ensure the implementation of these outcomes and actions for all projects as a minimum requirement, in order to mitigate the impact of such aspects identified for the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure.

The template provided below is to be completed by providing the information under each heading for each environmental impact management action.

The completed template must be signed and dated on each page by both the contractor and the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as Appendix 1. Each method statement must also be duly signed and dated on each page by the contactor and the holder of the EA. This template, once signed and dated, is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

5.1 Environmental awareness training

Impact management outcome: All onsite staff are aware and understand the individual responsibilities in terms of this EMPr.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| All staff must receive environmental awareness training | ECO/cEO/dEO | Hold | Pre-construction | ECO | Monthly and as | Attendance |
| prior to commencement of the activities; | | environmental | Construction | dEO | and when | register and |
| | | awareness | and Operations | | required | training minutes |
| | | training | | | | / notes for the |
| | | workshops | | | | record |
| The Contractor must allow for sufficient sessions to train | Contractor | Scheduling of | Pre-construction | ECO | Monthly and as | Attendance |
| all personnel with no more than 20 personnel attending | | sufficient | Construction | dEO | and when | register and |
| each course; | | sessions through | | | required | training minutes |
| | | consultation with | | | | / notes for the |
| | | the ECO / cEO / | | | | record |
| | | dEO | | | | |
| - Refresher environmental awareness training is | cEO / dEO in | Hold refresher | During the | ECO | Monthly and as | Attendance |
| available as and when required; | consultation with | environmental | construction | dEO | and when | register and |
| | the ECO | awareness | phase | | required | training minutes |
| | | training | | | | / notes for the |
| | | workshops | | | | record |
| All staff are aware of the conditions and controls linked | cEO / dEO | Hold training | During the | ECO | Monthly and as | Attendance |
| to the EA and within the EMPr and made aware of their | | workshops and | construction | dEO | and when | register and |
| individual roles and responsibilities in achieving | | ensure that the | phase | | required | training minutes |
| compliance with the EA and EMPr; | | EA and EMPr is | | | | / notes for the |
| | | readily available | | | | record |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| - The Contractor must erect and maintain information | Contractor | Develop and | Pre-construction | ECO | Monthly | Photographic |
| posters at key locations on site, and the posters must | | place | Construction | dEO | | record |
| include the following information as a minimum: | | appropriate | | cEO | | |
| a) Safety notifications; and | | posters at key | | | | |
| b) No littering. | | locations | | | | |
| - Environmental awareness training must include as a | cEO / dEO in | Develop | Pre-construction | ECO | Prior to the | Environmental |
| minimum the following: | consultation with | environmental | Construction | dEO | commencemen | awareness |
| a) Description of significant environmental | the ECO | awareness | | | t of the | training material |
| impacts, actual or potential, related to their | | training material | | | environmental | requirements |
| work activities; | | which covers the | | | awareness | checklist |
| b) Mitigation measures to be implemented | | minimum | | | training | |
| when carrying out specific activities; | | requirements | | | | |
| c) Emergency preparedness and response | | | | | | |
| procedures; | | | | | | |
| d) Emergency procedures; | | | | | | |
| e) Procedures to be followed when working | | | | | | |
| near or within sensitive areas; | | | | | | |
| f) Wastewater management procedures; | | | | | | |
| g) Water usage and conservation; | | | | | | |
| h) Solid waste management procedures; | | | | | | |
| i) Sanitation procedures; | | | | | | |
| j) Fire prevention; and | | | | | | |
| k) Disease prevention. | | | | | | |
| A record of all environmental awareness training | ECO/cEO/dEO | Filing system | During the | ECO | Monthly | Completed and |
| courses undertaken as part of the EMPr must be | 100,010,010 | including all | construction | dEO | , | up to date filing |
| available; | | proof of training | phase | 0.20 | | system with |
| | | (i.e. attendance | 12.1300 | | | proof of training |
| | | register and | | | | |
| | | training minutes | | | | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| | | / notes for the | | | | |
| | | record) | | | | |
| - Educate workers on the dangers of open and/or | cEO / dEO in | Develop | Pre-construction | ECO | Prior to the | Environmental |
| unattended fires; | consultation with | environmental | Construction | dEO | commencemen | awareness |
| | the ECO | awareness | | | t of the | training material |
| | | training material | | | environmental | requirements |
| | | which covers the | | | awareness | checklist |
| | | dangers of open | | | training | |
| | | and/or | | | | |
| | | unattended fire | | | | |
| A staff attendance register of all staff to have received | ECO/cEO/dEO | Filing system | During the | ECO | Monthly | Completed and |
| environmental awareness training must be available. | | including all | construction | dEO | | up to date filing |
| | | proof of training | phase | | | system inclusive |
| | | (i.e. attendance | | | | of all |
| | | register) | | | | attendance |
| | | | | | | registers |
| - Course material must be available and presented in | ECO/cEO/dEO | Develop | During the | ECO | Monthly | Environmental |
| appropriate languages that all staff can understand. | | environmental | construction | dEO | | awareness |
| | | awareness | phase | | | training material |
| | | training material | | | | requirements |
| | | in the required | | | | checklist and |
| | | languages. | | | | the training |
| | | Training material | | | | register which |
| | | must by readily | | | | must indicate |
| | | available to all | | | | the language of |
| | | staff | | | | the training |

5.2 Site Establishment development

Impact management outcome: Impacts on the environment are minimised during site establishment and the development footprint are kept to demarcated development area.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|----------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|---|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| - A method statement must be provided by the | Contractor | Development of | Pre-construction | ECO | Once, prior to | Availability of |
| contractor prior to any onsite activity that includes the | | an appropriate | | dEO | construction | the method |
| layout of the construction camp in the form of a plan | | method | | | | statement which |
| showing the location of key infrastructure and services (where applicable), including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous materials storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management; | | statement | | | | complies with the minimum requirements listed |
| Location of construction camps must be within approved area to ensure that the site does not impact | DPM | Place construction | Pre-construction Construction | ECO dEO | Once, prior to construction | Availability of a layout and |
| on sensitive areas identified in the environmental | | camps outside | Construction | dlo | CONSTRUCTION | sensitivity map |
| assessment or site walk through; | | of sensitive | | | | indicating |
| | | areas identified | | | | avoidance of |
| | | in the Basic | | | | sensitive areas |
| | | Assessment | | | | |
| | 55.4 | Report | | 500 | <u> </u> | |
| - Sites must be located where possible on previously | DPM | Place site | Pre-construction | ECO | Once, prior to | Availability of a |
| disturbed areas; | | outside of | | dEO | construction | layout and |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|--------------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------|---|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| | | sensitive areas and within previously disturbed areas identified in the BA Report | | | | sensitivity map indicating avoidance of sensitive areas and placement within disturbed areas |
| - The camp must be fenced in accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing and gate installation; and | DPM | Design and implementation of fencing as per the requirements of Section 5.5 of this EMPr | Pre-construction & Construction | ECO dEO | Once, prior to construction and once during the construction of the fencing | The camp is fenced in accordance with Section 5.5 of this EMPr |
| The use of existing accommodation for contractor staff, where possible, is encouraged. | Contractor | Identify existing accommodation for staff | Pre-construction & construction | ECO dEO | Construction | Existing accommodatio n used for staff as far as possible |

5.3 Access restricted areas

Impact management outcome: Access to restricted areas prevented.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------|-----------------|------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| - Identification of access restricted areas is to be | dEO / cEO in | Spatially | Pre-construction | ECO | Once, prior to | Access |
| informed by the environmental assessment, site walk | consultation with | demarcate | | | construction | restricted areas |
| through and any additional areas identified during | the ECO | access restricted | | | | are identified |
| development; | | areas informed | | | | and provided in |
| | | by the BA Report | | | | a spatial format |
| - Erect, demarcate and maintain a temporary barrier | dEO / cEO in | Erect | At the | ECO | Monthly | Access |
| with clear signage around the perimeter of any access | consultation with | appropriate | commencement | | | restricted areas |
| restricted area, colour coding could be used if | the ECO | temporary | and for the | | | are closed-off |
| appropriate; and | | barriers around | duration of the | | | through |
| | | access restricted | construction | | | temporary |
| | | areas | phase | | | barriers and |
| | | | | | | barriers are |
| | | | | | | maintained to a |
| | | | | | | sufficient |
| | | | | | | standard |
| - Unauthorised access and development related | Contractor / | Erect | During the | ECO | Monthly, and as | Photographic |
| activity inside access restricted areas is prohibited. | dEO / cEO | appropriate | construction | | and when | evidence and |
| | | temporary | phase | | required | notes of |
| | | barriers around | | | | compliance that |
| | | access restricted | | | | no unauthorised |
| | | areas and | | | | access or |
| | | provide clear | | | | activities has |
| | | signage of | | | | taken place |
| | | restricted status | | | | within the |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation I | | | Monitoring | | |
|---------------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|-------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| | | | | | | access restricted |
| | | | | | | areas |

5.4 Access roads

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment through the planned and restricted movement of vehicles on site.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|----------------|------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|--------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| - Access to the servitude and tower positions must be | DPM | Undertake | Pre-construction | dEO | Ongoing | Proof of |
| negotiated with the relevant landowner and must fall | | negotiations for | Construction | | throughout | negotiations |
| within the assessed and authorised area; | | access to the | Operation | | construction | with affected |
| | | servitude and | | | and operation | landowners and |
| | | tower positions | | | | requirements for |
| | | with landowners | | | | access to the |
| | | affected by the | | | | servitude and |
| | | power line | | | | tower positions in |
| | | | | | | the form of |
| | | | | | | written and |
| | | | | | | signed |
| | | | | | | agreements |
| - An access agreement must be formalised and signed | DPM | Develop access | Pre-construction | dEO | Once, prior to | Availability of |
| by the DPM, Contractor and landowner before | Contractor | agreements with | | ECO | construction | approved and |
| commencing with the activities; | | the affected | | | | signed |
| | | landowners. | | | | negotiations |
| | | Ensure that | | | | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|----------------|------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| | | agreements are | | | | |
| | | approved and | | | | |
| | | signed | | | | |
| - The access roads to tower positions must be | Contractor | Develop and | Pre-construction | cEO / ECO | Once, prior to | Photographic |
| signposted after access has been negotiated and | | install signs to | | | construction | record of |
| before the commencement of the activities; | | indicate access | | | | signposted |
| | | | | | | access roads |
| | | | | | | and GPS co- |
| | | | | | | ordinates of |
| | | | | | | where these are |
| | | | | | | placed |
| All private roads used for access to the servitude must | Contractor | Undertake | During the | cEO / ECO | Weekly | Photographic |
| be maintained and upon completion of the works, be | | maintenance | construction | | | record of the |
| left in at least the original condition | | activities on | phase | | | pre-construction |
| | | private roads | | | | condition and |
| | | used for | | | | degradation of |
| | | construction as | | | | roads, and |
| | | degradation | | | | records of the |
| | | takes place | | | | implementation |
| | | | | | | and |
| | | | | | | effectiveness of |
| | | | | | | maintenance |
| | | | | | | activities |
| All contractors must be made aware of all the access | dEO / cEO | Develop a map | Pre-construction | ECO | Once, prior to | Access routes |
| routes. | | illustrating all | Construction | | construction | map readily |
| | | access routes | | | | available |
| | | associated with | | | | |
| | | the project and | | | | |
| | | present and | | | | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|----------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| | | provide the map | | | | |
| | | to all contractors | | | | |
| - Any access route deviation from that in the written | Contractor | All access routes | Construction | cEO ECO | Bi-weekly (every | Photographic |
| agreement must be closed and re-vegetated | | developed that | and | | two weeks) | record of the |
| immediately, at the contractor's expense; | | are not in-line | Rehabilitation | | | closure of |
| | | with the access | | | | access roads |
| | | route | | | | and re- |
| | | agreements | | | | vegetation |
| | | must be closed | | | | |
| | | and re- | | | | |
| | | habilitated to | | | | |
| | | the pre- | | | | |
| | | disturbance | | | | |
| | | state | | | | |
| Maximum use of both existing servitudes and existing | Contractor | Existing access | Construction | cEO | Weekly | Implementation |
| roads must be made to minimise further disturbance | | routes to be | and operation | Operation and | | of the approved |
| through the development of new roads; | | used must be | | maintenance | | layout |
| | | specified and | | team | | |
| | | the | | | | |
| | | development of | | | | |
| | | new roads must | | | | |
| | | be avoided as | | | | |
| | | far as possible | | | | |
| – In circumstances where private roads must be used, | dEO / cEO | Record the | During the | ECO | Prior to the use of | Photographic |
| the condition of the said roads must be recorded in | | conditions of | construction | | private roads | record and |
| accordance with section 4.9: photographic record; | | private roads to | phase | | | proof of the road |
| prior to use and the condition thereof agreed by the | | be used (prior to | | | | conditions |
| landowner, the DPM, and the contractor; | | use) as per the | | | | agreed upon |
| | | requirements of | | | | with the relevant |
| | | section 4.9 and | | | | parties |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | Implementation | | | | |
|--|----------------|--------------------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|------------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of implementation | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| | person | • | implementation | person | | compliance |
| | | agree on the | | | | |
| | | required | | | | |
| | | condition of the | | | | |
| | | roads with the | | | | |
| | | landowner, DPM | | | | |
| | | and contractor | | | | |
| - Access roads in flattish areas must follow fence lines | DPM and | Design access | Pre-construction | ECO | Once during the | Implementation |
| and tree belts to avoid fragmentation of vegetated | Contractor | roads to follow | | | design and | of the approved |
| areas or croplands; | | fence lines and | | | once prior to | layout |
| | | avoid | | | construction | |
| | | vegetated areas | | | | |
| Access roads must only be developed on pre-planned | Contractor | Construction of | During the | ECO once | Once during the | Implementation |
| and approved roads. | | access roads | construction | during the | design and | of the approved |
| | | only on pre- | phase | design | weekly during | layout |
| | | planned and | | dEO | the construction | |
| | | approved | | | of access roads | |
| | | access roads | | | | |

5.5 Fencing and Gate installation

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and gates where required.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|--------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|--|---|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| Use existing gates provided to gain access to all parts of the area authorised for development, where possible; | Contractor | Identify and inform all relevant staff of the existing gates to be used | Pre-construction & Construction | dEO | Monthly | Existing gates are utilised on a frequent basis and only limited new access gates are developed |
| Existing and new gates to be recorded and documented in accordance with section 4.9: photographic record; | ECO | Existing and new gates will be recorded and documented as per the requirements of section 4.9 | During the construction phase | ECO | Once, when the construction of all new gates have been completed | Photographic record of the existing and new gates as per the requirements of section 4.9 |
| All gates must be fitted with locks and be kept locked at all times during the development phase, unless otherwise agreed with the landowner; | Contractor | Ensure all relevant gates are fitted with locks and are always locked | Construction and Operation | ECO monthly, Operation and maintenance team and cEO | Bi-weekly (every second week) | All gates are locked and no complaints from landowners are received in this regard |
| At points where the line crosses an existing fence in which there is no suitable gate within the extent of the | dEO | Install new gates where required with the | During the construction phase | ECO | Once, prior to construction and during the | New gates are installed where |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|--------------------|--|-------------------------------|--------------------|--|---|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| line servitude, on the instruction of the DPM, a gate must be installed at the approval of the landowner; | | approval of the affected landowner | | | construction phase, as and when required | the power line crosses fences |
| Care must be taken that the gates must be so erected that there is a gap of no more than 100 mm between the bottom of the gate and the ground; | Contractor | Install gates in a manner so that there is a gap of no more than 100mm between the bottom of the gate and the ground | During the construction phase | cEO | Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase | New gates installed as per the requirement |
| Where gates are installed in jackal proof fencing, a suitable reinforced concrete sill must be provided beneath the gate; | Contractor | Implement a reinforced concrete sill beneath gates installed for jackal proofing | During the construction phase | cEO | Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase | New gates installed as per the requirement |
| Original tension must be maintained in the fence wires; | Contractor | Maintain original tension of fences through required activities | During the construction phase | ECO | Monthly | No tension reduction on fence wires |
| All gates installed in electrified fencing must be re- electrified; | Contractor | Electrify gates installed in electrified fencing | During the construction phase | ECO | Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase | Gates installed in electrified fencing is electrified |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|------------------------|--|-------------------------------|-------------|---|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| All demarcation fencing and barriers must be maintained in good working order for the duration of overhead transmission and distribution electricity infrastructure development activities; | Contractor | Undertake maintenance activities on fences and barriers | During the construction phase | ECO | Monthly | Photographic record of maintained fences and barriers |
| Fencing must be erected around the camp, batching plants, hazardous storage areas, and all designated access restricted areas, where appropriate and would not cause harm to the sensitive flora; | Contractor | Fence construction camps, batching plants, hazardous storage areas and access restricted areas. Avoid sensitive flora | During the construction phase | ECO | Once during the erection of fencing | |
| Any temporary fencing to restrict the movement of livestock must only be erected with the permission of the landowner. | dEO/ cEO Contractor | Obtain written approval from the relevant landowner where temporary fencing is required to restrict livestock movement | During the construction phase | ECO | To be monitored as temporary fencing is required | Written approval to be provided by the dEO |
| All fencing must be developed of high quality material bearing the SABS mark; | Contractor | Make use of high quality materials approved by SABS | During the construction phase | cEO | To be monitored as fencing is erected during the construction phase | Use of high quality materials for fencing approved by SABS |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|----------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------|------------------|------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| - The use of razor wire as fencing must be avoided as far | Contractor | Razor wire must | During the | ECO | To be monitored | Fences erected |
| as possible; | | not be sourced | construction | | as fencing is | do not make use |
| | | or used for the | phase | | erected during | of razor wire |
| | | erection of | | | the construction | |
| | | fencing | | | phase | |
| - Fenced areas with gate access must remain locked | DSS and | Ensure fenced | During the | DPM and | DPM and | Fences are |
| after hours, during weekends and on holidays if staff is | Contractor | areas are locked | construction | Contractor | Contractor | locked and no |
| away from site. Site security will be required at all times; | | as required | phase | | | complaints from |
| | | through the | | | | landowners are |
| | | implementation | | | | received. A |
| | | of a formalised | | | | security |
| | | process. | | | | company is |
| | | Appoint a | | | | appointed |
| | | security | | | | |
| | | company | | | | |
| – On completion of the development phase all | Contractor | Removal of all | At the end of the | ECO | Once, following | No temporary |
| temporary fences are to be removed; | | temporary | Construction | dEO | the completion | fences |
| | | fences | Phase | | of the | associated with |
| | | | | | construction | the project is |
| | | | | | phase | present |
| | | | | | | following the |
| | | | | | | completion of |
| | | | | | | the construction |
| | | | | | | phase |
| The contractor must ensure that all fence uprights are | Contractor | Appropriate | At the end of the | ECO | Once, following | No fence |
| appropriately removed, ensuring that no uprights are | | removal of all | Construction | dEO | the completion | uprights |
| cut at ground level but rather removed completely. | | fence uprights | Phase | | of the | associated with |
| | | | | | construction | the project is |
| | | | | | phase | present |
| | | | | | | following the |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| | | | | | | completion of |
| | | | | | | the construction |
| | | | | | | phase |

5.6 Water Supply Management

Impact management outcome: Undertake responsible water usage.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| All abstraction points or bore holes must be registered | DPM and | Obtaining | Pre-construction | cEO | To be monitored | Use of high |
| with the DWS and suitable water meters installed to | Contractor | relevant | | | with the | quality water |
| ensure that the abstracted volumes are measured on | | registrations from | | | installation of | meters |
| a daily basis; | | DWS and | | | water meters | |
| | | installation of | | | and daily during | |
| | | water meters | | | construction | |
| | | | | | and operation | |
| The Contractor must ensure the following: | Not applicable - V | Vater will not be ab | stracted from a rive | r. Water tankers will | bring water to site. | |
| a. The vehicle abstracting water from a river does not | | | | | | |
| enter or cross it and does not operate from within the | | | | | | |
| river; | | | | | | |
| b. No damage occurs to the river bed or banks and | | | | | | |
| that the abstraction of water does not entail stream | | | | | | |
| diversion activities; and | | | | | | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------|----------------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| c. All reasonable measures to limit pollution or | | | | | | | |
| sedimentation of the downstream watercourse are | | | | | | | |
| implemented. | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Ensure water conservation is being practiced by: | Contractor / | Implement the | During the | ECO | Monthly, and as | Successful | |
| a. Minimising water use during cleaning of equipment; | dEO / cEO in | required water | construction | | and when | implementation | |
| b. Undertaking regular audits of water systems; and | consultation with | conservation | phase | | required | of water | |
| c. Including a discussion on water usage and | the ECO | measures | | | | conservation | |
| conservation during environmental awareness | | throughout on- | | | | | |
| training. | | site construction | | | | | |
| d. The use of grey water is encouraged. | 1 | processes | | | | | |

5.7 Storm and wastewater management

Impact management outcome: Impacts to the environment caused by stormwater and wastewater discharges during construction are avoided.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| - Runoff from the cement/ concrete batching areas | Contractor | Implement | During the | cEO | Weekly | No | |
| must be strictly controlled, and contaminated water | | measures for the | construction | | | mismanagement | |
| must be collected, stored and either treated or | | control and | phase | | | of runoff or | |
| disposed of off-site, at a location approved by the | | management of | | | | contaminated | |
| project manager; | | runoff | | | | water due to the | |
| | | | | | | temporary | |
| | | | | | | concrete | |
| | | | | | | batching plant | |
| - All spillage of oil onto concrete surfaces must be | Contractor and | Obtain | During the | ECO | Monthly | Availability of | |
| controlled by the use of an approved absorbent | cEO | approved | Construction | | | approved | |
| material and the used absorbent material disposed of | | absorbent | Phase | | | absorbent | |
| at an appropriate waste disposal facility; | | material and | | | | material at the | |
| | | make use of | | | | construction site | |
| | | licensed waste | | | | and proof of | |
| | | disposal facilities | | | | disposal of oil at | |
| | | for disposal of oil | | | | licensed disposal | |
| | | | | | | facilities | |
| - Natural stormwater runoff not contaminated during | DPM in | Consultation | During the | ECO | As and when | Proof of | |
| the development and clean water can be discharged | consultation with | between the | construction | | the need arises | consultation | |
| directly to watercourses and water bodies, subject to | the ECO | DPM and the | phase | | to discharge | between the DPM | |
| the Project Manager's approval and support by the | | ECO to | | | natural | and ECO and the | |
| ECO; | | determine if | | | stormwater | outcomes thereof | |
| | | water can be | | | runoff and | to be provided. | |
| | | discharged | | | clean water | Proof of water | |
| | | directly into | | | | | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---------------------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|----------------------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| | | water bodies | | | | quality testing and | |
| | | (where present). | | | | the results thereof. | |
| | | The necessary | | | | | |
| | | water quality | | | | | |
| | | testing must be | | | | | |
| | | undertaken prior | | | | | |
| | | to discharge | | | | | |

5.8 Solid and hazardous waste management

Impact management outcome: Waste is appropriately stored, handled and safely disposed of at a recognised waste facility.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| All measures regarding waste management must be | Contractor | Develop and | During the | ECO | Monthly | Implementation |
| undertaken using an integrated waste management | | implement a | construction | | | of the waste |
| approach; | | waste | phase | | | management |
| | | management | | | | plan and proof |
| | | plan | | | | of waste |
| | | | | | | management |
| | | | | | | through proof of |
| | | | | | | responsible |
| | | | | | | disposal |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|-----------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------|--|---|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance | |
| Sufficient, covered waste collection bins (scavenger and weatherproof) must be provided; | Contractor | Provision of appropriate waste collection bins strategically placed throughout the site | During the construction phase | CEO | Weekly | Appropriate waste collection bins are available throughout the site | |
| A suitably positioned and clearly demarcated waste collection site must be identified and provided; | DPM and Contractor | Identify an appropriate location for the waste collection site which must be clearly demarcated through signage and temporary fencing | Design and Construction Phase | ECO | Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction | A waste collection site is appropriately placed and demarcated | |
| The waste collection site must be maintained in a clean and orderly manner; | Contractor | Regular collection of waste and maintenance of the area must be undertaken as per the waste requirements for the project during construction | During the Construction Phase | cEO | Weekly | The waste collection site is maintained and clean | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|--|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| - Waste must be segregated into separate bins and | Contractor | Provide | During the | cEO | Weekly | Separate waste | |
| clearly marked for each waste type for recycling and | | separate and | Construction | | | bins are | |
| safe disposal; | | marked bins for | Phase | | | available on site | |
| | | the different | | | | and waste | |
| | | waste types | | | | generated is | |
| | | associated with | | | | separated into | |
| | | the construction | | | | the relevant bins | |
| Class and the basis and in constant and the same and the s | -FO / -IFO :- | phase | Due e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e | 500 | A 4 a sabla le constant a sa | Far in a manage to the | |
| Staff must be trained in waste segregation; | cEO / dEO in | Include waste | Pre-construction | ECO | Monthly, and as | Environmental | |
| | consultation with | segregation as | Construction | | and when | awareness | |
| | the ECO | part of the | | | required | training material | |
| | | environmental | | | | requirements checklist | |
| | | awareness training material. | | | | CHECKIISI | |
| Bins must be emptied regularly; | Contractor | Bins must be | During the | ECO | Monthly | No | |
| - biris most be emplied regoldiny, | Cornidcioi | emptied before | construction | LCO | MOTITILY | mismanagemen | |
| | | reaching total | phase | | | t of bins. | |
| | | capacity and on | рпазо | | | 1 01 01113. | |
| | | a regular basis as | | | | | |
| | | required for the | | | | | |
| | | project | | | | | |
| General waste produced onsite must be disposed of | Contractor | Disposal of | During the | ECO | Monthly | Disposal | |
| at registered waste disposal sites/recycling company; | | general waste at | construction | | , | certificates of | |
| | | licensed waste | phase | | | disposal at | |
| | | disposal facilities | • | | | licensed facilities | |
| | | must be | | | | to be provided | |
| | | undertaken as | | | | | |
| | | per the waste | | | | | |
| | | management | | | | | |
| | | plan | | | | | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | Monitoring | | | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance | | |
| | • | • | - | | A 4 = -= H= I; . | | | |
| Hazardous waste must be disposed of at a registered | Contractor | Disposal of | During the | ECO | Monthly | Disposal | | |
| waste disposal site; | | hazardous waste | construction | | | certificates of | | |
| | | at licensed | phase | | | disposal at | | |
| | | waste disposal | | | | licensed facilities | | |
| | | facilities must be | | | | to be provided | | |
| | | undertaken as | | | | | | |
| | | per the waste | | | | | | |
| | | management | | | | | | |
| | | plan | | | | | | |
| - Certificates of safe disposal for general, hazardous | Contractor | Obtain | During the | ECO | Monthly | Disposal | | |
| and recycled waste must be maintained. | | certificates for | construction | | | certificates of | | |
| | | safe disposal of | phase | | | disposal at | | |
| | | waste | | | | licensed facilities | | |
| | | | | | | to be provided | | |
| | | | | | | and filed as part | | |
| | | | | | | of the filing | | |
| | | | | | | system | | |

5.9 Protection of watercourses

Impact management outcome: Pollution and contamination of the watercourse environment and erosion are prevented.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| All waters arress paret by protected from director | | • | - | • | Ma aldu | • |
| - All watercourses must be protected from direct or | Contractor | Contractor to | During the | cEO | Weekly | No incidents |
| indirect spills of pollutants such as sewage, cement, | | undertake | construction | | | reported of |
| oils, fuels, chemicals, aggregate tailings, wash and | | activities which | phase | | | spillage of |
| contaminated water or organic material resulting from | | can cause spills | | | | pollutants into |
| the Contractor's activities; | | of pollutants | | | | watercourses |
| | | outside of | | | | |
| | | watercourses | | | | |
| In the event of a spill, prompt action must be taken to | Contractor and | Develop a | During the | cEO | Weekly | Feedback must |
| clear the polluted or affected areas; | cEO | management | construction | | | be provided by |
| | | plan or process | phase | | | the contractor in |
| | | for | | | | terms of how the |
| | | implementation | | | | spill was handled |
| | | should a spill | | | | and |
| | | take place | | | | photographic |
| | | Take place | | | | evidence of the |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | feedback must |
| | | | | | | be provided and |
| | | | | | | kept on record |
| - Where possible, no development equipment must | cEO and | Ensure layout | Construction | ECO | Once off review | Confirm no |
| traverse any seasonal or permanent wetland | Contractor | has been | Phase | | that the layout | development |
| | | informed by the | | | used is the | equipment |
| | | environmental | | | approved one | traverses any |
| | | sensitivities as | | | | seasonal or |
| | | determined by | | | | permanent |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|-----------------|--------------------|----------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| | | the basic | | | | wetland as per |
| | | assessment and | | | | the authorised |
| | | specialist studies | | | | layout by |
| | | | | | | reviewing the as- |
| | | | | | | built designs |
| | | | | | | (once-off |
| | | | | | | confirmation). |
| - Development of permanent watercourse crossing | cEO, Contractor | Ensure that | During the | cEO | Weekly | Ensure that |
| must only be undertaken where no alternative access | | permanent | construction | | | permanent |
| to tower position is available; | | crossings | phase | | | crossings are |
| | | (access roads) | | | | developed if |
| | | are provided for | | | | there is no |
| | | access to the | | | | alternative. |
| | | power line if no | | | | |
| | | alternative | | | | |
| | | crossing is | | | | |
| | | available. | | | | |
| - There must not be any impact on the long-term | DPM, cEO | Develop a | During the | ECO, dEO | For all phases of | No incidents |
| morphological dynamics of watercourses; | | management | construction | | the project life | reported of |
| | | plan or process | and operation | | cycle (i.e. | spillage of |
| | | for | phase | | construction, | pollutants into |
| | | implementation | | | operation, | watercourses |
| | | should a spill | | | decommissionin | |
| | | take place | | | g) | |
| | | within a | | | | |
| | | watercourse | | | | |
| | | and ensure | | | | |
| | | continuous | | | | |
| | | monitoring | | | | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| Upgrading of Existing crossing points must be favoured | DPM, cEO | Develop a | During the pre- | ECO, dEO | During the | Existing crossing |
| over the creation of new crossings (including | | management | construction | | construction | points utilised as |
| temporary access)" | | plan or process | and | | phase of the | opposed to new |
| | | for | construction | | project. | ones created |
| | | implementation | phase | | | and no incidents |
| | | should a spill | | | | reported of |
| | | take place | | | | spillage of |
| | | within a | | | | pollutants into |
| | | watercourse | | | | watercourses |
| | | and ensure | | | | |
| | | continually | | | | |
| | | monitoring | | | | |
| - When working in or near any watercourse, the | Contractor | Activities | During the | ECO | Monthly, and as | No degradation |
| following environmental controls and consideration | | undertaken near | construction | | and when | of the |
| must be taken: | | watercourses | phase | | required | watercourses |
| a) Water levels during the period of construction; | | must be in-line | | | | and no incidents |
| b) Unless authorised, there should be no altering of | | with and | | | | of destruction |
| the bed, banks, course or characteristics of a | | consider the | | | | reported |
| watercourse. | | specified | | | | |
| c) During the execution of the works, appropriate | | environmental | | | | |
| measures to prevent pollution and contamination | | controls | | | | |
| of the riparian environment must be implemented | | | | | | |
| e.g. including ensuring that construction | | | | | | |
| equipment is well maintained; | | | | | | |
| d) Where earthwork is being undertaken in close | | | | | | |
| proximity to any watercourse, slopes must be | | | | | | |
| stabilised using suitable materials, i.e. sandbags or | | | | | | |
| geotextile fabric, to prevent sand and rock from | | | | | | |
| entering the channel; and | | | | | | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|---------------------|----|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence compliance | of |
| e) Appropriate rehabilitation and re-vegetation measures for the watercourse banks must be implemented timeously. In this regard, the banks should be appropriately and incrementally stabilised as soon as development allows. | | препению | implementation | person | | Compilance | |

5.10 Vegetation clearing

Impact management outcome: Vegetation clearing is restricted to the authorised development footprint of the proposed infrastructure.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementa | Implementation | | | | Monitoring | | | | | |
|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|------|--------------|------------|---------------|----------|--------|------------|--------|
| | Responsible | | Method | of | Timeframe | for | Responsible | Frequenc | y | Evidence | of |
| | person | | implementati | on | implement | ation | person | | | complianc | :e |
| General: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - Indigenous vegetation which does not interfere with | cEO | and | Demarcate | | Construction | n | ECO monthly, | Weekly, | and as | No unnec | essary |
| the development must be left undisturbed; | contractor | | areas | of | and ope | ration | Operation and | and | when | clearance | of |
| | | | indigenous | | (i.e. | for | maintenance | required | | indigenous | |
| | | | vegetation to | be | maintenan | се | team weekly | | | vegetation | is is |
| | | | avoided be | fore | purposes) | | | | | undertakei | n |
| | | | clearance | is | | | | | | | |
| | | | undertaken | | | | | | | | |
| - Protected or endangered species may occur on or | Contractor | | Demarcate | | During | the | ECO monthly | Weekly, | and as | No clearar | nce of |
| near the development site. Special care should be | | | areas contair | ning | Construction | n | and Operation | and | when | protected | or |
| taken not to damage such species; | | | protected | or | Phase | | and | required | | endangere | ed |
| | | | endangered | | | | | | | species | other |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|-------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| | | species to be | | maintenance | | than those |
| | | avoided by | | team weekly | | permitted to be |
| | | construction | | | | removed |
| | | activities | | | | |
| - Search, rescue and replanting of all protected and | Relevant | Develop and | Pre-construction | cEO | Weekly, and as | Implementation |
| endangered species likely to be damaged during | specialist in | implement a | & Construction | | and when | of the Plant |
| project development must be identified by the | consultation with | Plant Search and | | | required | Search and |
| relevant specialist and completed prior to any | the Contractor | Rescue Plan | | | | Rescue Plan and |
| development or clearing; | | | | | | photographic |
| | | | | | | evidence and |
| | | | | | | notes of the |
| | | | | | | implementation |
| | | | | | | of the plan |
| - Permits for removal must be obtained from the | DPM | Undertake the | Pre-construction | ECO | Once, prior to | DFFE permits on |
| Department of Forestry, Fisheries and the Environment | | permitting | | | the | file |
| (DFFE) prior to the cutting or clearing of the affected | | process in order | | | commencement | |
| species, and they must be filed; and from the | | to obtain the | | | of the | |
| Department of Agriculture, Environmental Affairs, Rural | | relevant permits | | | construction | |
| Development and Land Reform for protected plants | | for the removal | | | phase and | |
| | | of protected | | | removal of the | |
| | | species. Permits | | | protected | |
| | | must be kept on | | | species | |
| | 500 | file | | 500 | | 500 " |
| - The Environmental Audit Report must confirm that all | ECO | Ensure that the | During the | ECO | Once off or as | ECO confirmed |
| identified species have been rescued and replanted | | audit report | Construction | | and when | rescued and |
| and that the location of replanting is compliant with | | indicates all | Phase and | | required | replanted |
| conditions of approvals; | | species rescued | following the | | | programme |
| | | and replanted | completion of | | | implemented |
| | | and provides | the Construction | | | correctly. |
| | | feedback in | Phase | | | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|-----------------------|---|---|-------------|---|---|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| - Trees felled due to construction must be documented and form part of the Environmental Audit Report; | ECO | terms of compliance with the conditions of permits for replanting Ensure that the audit report documents the details of trees felled | During the Construction Phase and following the completion of | ECO | Once off or as and when required | ECO confirms documentation of trees felled |
| Rivers and watercourses must be kept clear of felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris; | Contractor | Felled trees, vegetation cuttings and | the Construction Phase During the Construction Phase | ECO | Monthly | No felled trees, vegetation cuttings and |
| | | debris must be disposed of at a licensed waste disposal facility | | | | debris are dumped in inappropriate locations and disposal certificates are available as proof of responsible disposal |
| Only a registered pest control operator may apply herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial application must be carried out under the supervision of a registered pest control operator that is appropriately trained; | DPM and Contractor | A suitably qualified pest control operator must be appointed | Construction and Operation | ECO | As and when the use of herbicides is required | Only registered pest control operators must be appointed, and proof of |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|---|--|-------------------------------|---|--|---|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| | | | | | | their registration must be provided |
| A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; | Contractor | Develop a daily register for the documentation of the details of herbicide usage | During the construction phase | ECO | Monthly | Daily register provided by the pest control operator |
| All protected species and sensitive vegetation not removed must be clearly marked and such areas fenced off in accordance to Section 5.3: Access restricted areas. | Contractor in consultation with the cEO | Spatially demarcate protected species and sensitive vegetation and implement appropriate fencing where required as per section 5.3 | During the construction phase | ECO | Once, during the undertaking of the demarcation of the areas and the erection of the fencing | Demarcation and fencing is undertaken inline with the requirements of section 5.3 |
| Servitude: | | | | <u>l</u> | | <u> </u> |
| Vegetation that does not grow high enough to cause interference with overhead transmission and distribution infrastructures, or cause a fire hazard to any plantation, must not be cut or trimmed unless it is growing in the road access area, and then only at the discretion of the Project Manager; | Contractor in consultation with the DPM | Identify areas of vegetation not to be trimmed. | Construction and Operation | ECO Operation and maintenance team | Monthly | An indication of the areas where vegetation has not been trimmed or where vegetation has been removed from access |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | Implementation | | | |
|--|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| | | | | | | roads must be provided. |
| Where clearing for access purposes is essential, the maximum width to be cleared within the servitude must be in accordance to distance as agreed between the landowner and the EA holder; | Contractor | Clearing for access must be undertaken as per the requirements provided by the landowner and the EA holder | During the construction phase | ECO | Monthly, and as and when required | Proof must be provided that only agreed upon areas have been cleared |
| Alien invasive vegetation must be removed according to a plan (in line with relevant municipal and provincial procedures, guidelines and recommendations) and disposed of at a recognised waste disposal facility; | Contractor | Undertake removal of alien invasive vegetation in accordance with the relevant guideline relevant and ensure the vegetation is disposed of at a licensed waste disposal facility | Construction and Operation | ECO Operation and maintenance team | Monthly, and as and when required | Proof must be provided that alien invasive vegetation has been cleared in accordance to the relevant guideline and that the vegetation was disposed of at a licensed waste disposal facility |
| Vegetation must be trimmed where it is likely to intrude on the minimum vegetation clearance distance (MVCD) or will intrude on this distance before the next scheduled clearance. MVCD is determined from SANS 10280; | Contractor | Develop a procedure for the trimming of vegetation in terms of the | Construction and operation | ECO Operation and maintenance team | Monthly, and as and when required | Proof must be provided that vegetation is trimmed in accordance |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|--------------------|--|------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| | | listed requirements | | | | with the listed requirements |
| Debris resulting from clearing and pruning must be disposed of at a recognised waste disposal facility, unless the landowners wish to retain the cut vegetation; | Contractor | Dispose of the debris in accordance with the waste management plan | Construction and operation | ECO Operation and maintenance team | Monthly, and as and when required | Proof must be provided that the debris has been disposed of at a licensed waste disposal facility |
| In the case of the development of new overhead transmission and distribution infrastructures, a one metre "trace-line" must be cut through the vegetation for stringing purposes only and no vehicle access must be cleared along the "trace-line". Alternative methods of stringing that limit impact to the environment must always be considered. | | Develop a procedure for the cutting of vegetation for stringing purposes | Pre-construction & Construction | ECO | Once, prior to the commencement of construction | Proof of implementation of the procedure for the cutting of vegetation for stringing purposes |

5.11 Protection of fauna

Impact management outcome: Minimise disturbance to fauna and avifauna.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------|-------------------|--------------------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| - No interference with livestock must occur without the | dEO / cEO | Develop a | Pre-construction | ECO | Once, prior to | Written consent | |
| landowner's written consent and with the landowner | Contractor | procedure for | and during the | | the | provided by the | |
| or a person representing the landowner being present; | | dealing with | construction | | commencemen | landowner and | |
| | | livestock within | phase | | t of construction | proof of | |
| | | the affected | | | and as and | representation | |
| | | properties | | | when required | of the | |
| | | | | | during the | landowner | |
| | | | | | construction | during | |
| | | | | | phase | interference | |
| - The breeding sites of raptors and other wild bird | dEO / cEO in | Ensure that the | Pre-construction | ECO | Once, prior to | The planning | |
| species must be taken into consideration during the | consultation with | planning and | & Construction | | the | and | |
| planning of the development programme; | the Contractor | development | | | commencemen | development | |
| | | programme | | | t of construction | programme | |
| | | considers | | | and as and | includes the | |
| | | breeding sites for | | | when required | consideration of | |
| | | wild bird species | | | | breeding sites for | |
| | | | | | | wild bird species | |
| Breeding sites must be kept intact and disturbance to | dEO / cEO in | Avoid breeding | During the | ECO monthly, | Weekly, and as | Photographic | |
| breeding birds must be avoided. Special care must be | consultation with | sites and ensure | Construction | cEO and | an when | record of intact | |
| taken where nestlings or fledglings are present; | the Contractor | that special care | Phase | Operation and | required during | breeding sites | |
| | | is taken in the | Operation Phase | maintenance | the construction. | | |
| | | presence of | | team weekly | Monthly, and as | | |
| | | nestlings and | | | and when | | |
| | | fledglings | | | | | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| | | | | | required during | |
| | | | | | operation | |
| - Nesting sites on existing parallel lines must be | dEO / cEO in | Walk-downs of | During the | ECO | Quarterly, and | Details of walk- |
| documented; | consultation with | the existing lines | Construction | Operation and | as and when | downs |
| | the ECO | located parallel | Phase | maintenance | required | undertaken must |
| | | to the project | Operation Phase | team | | be noted and |
| | | must be | | | | kept on file and |
| | | undertaken and | | | | photographic |
| | | nests and the | | | | records of |
| | | details thereof | | | | nesting sites must |
| | | documented | | | | be kept |
| Special recommendations of the avian specialist must | dEO / cEO in | All mitigation | During the | ECO | Monthly during | Photographic |
| be adhered to at all times to prevent unnecessary | consultation with | measures | Construction | Operation and | construction | record of |
| disturbance of birds; | the Contractor | recommended | Phase | maintenance | and monthly | compliance and |
| | | by the avifauna | Operation Phase | team | during operation | successful |
| | | specialist must | | | | implementation |
| | | be implemented | | | | of the |
| | | | | | | recommended |
| | | | | | | measures |
| Bird guards and diverters must be installed on the new | dEO / cEO in | Recommendati | During the | ECO | Monthly, and as | Photographic |
| line as per the recommendations of the specialist; | consultation with | ons made by the | Construction | Operation and | and when | record of |
| | the Contractor | specialist for the | Phase | maintenance | required | implementation |
| | | installation of | Operation Phase | team | | and |
| | | bird guards and | | | | maintenance of |
| | | diverters must be | | | | bird guards and |
| | | adhered to and | | | | diverters |
| | | implemented as | | | | |
| | | appropriate. | | | | |
| | | Bird guards and | | | | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|-------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| | | diverters must be | | | | |
| | | maintained | | | | |
| No. 10 to 10 | 150 / 50 : | All off or all | D 1 | 500 | A A collection of the | No. 1 contract of |
| - No poaching must be tolerated under any | dEO / cEO in | All site staff must | During the | ECO | Monthly, and as | No instances of |
| circumstances. All animal dens in close proximity to the | consultation with | be informed of | Construction | | and when | poaching is |
| works areas must be marked as Access restricted | the Contractor | this requirement | Phase | | required | reported |
| areas; | | during the Environmental | | | | |
| | | Awareness | | | | |
| | | Training and the | | | | |
| | | consequences | | | | |
| | | of not adhering | | | | |
| | | to the | | | | |
| | | requirement. | | | | |
| | | These areas must | | | | |
| | | be demarcated | | | | |
| | | as Access | | | | |
| | | Restricted Areas | | | | |
| No deliberate or intentional killing of fauna is allowed; | dEO / cEO in | All site staff must | During the | ECO | Monthly, and as | No instances of |
| | consultation with | be informed of | Construction | | and when | deliberate or |
| | the Contractor | this requirement | Phase | | required | intentional killing |
| | | during the | | | | is reported |
| | | Environmental | | | | |
| | | Awareness | | | | |
| | | Training and the | | | | |
| | | consequences | | | | |
| | | of not adhering | | | | |
| | | to the | | | | |
| | | requirement. | | | | |
| | | These areas must | | | | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|--|-------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| | | be demarcated | | | | | |
| | | as Access | | | | | |
| | | Restricted Areas | | | | | |
| In areas where snakes are abundant, snake deterrents | dEO / cEO in | Implement and | During the | ECO | Once, during the | Photographic | |
| are to be deployed on the pylons to prevent snakes | consultation with | maintain snake | Construction | Operation and | construction of | record of the | |
| climbing up, being electrocuted, and causing power | the Contractor | deterrents on | Phase | maintenance | the pylons and | implementation | |
| outages; and | | pylons in areas | Operation Phase | team | as and when | and | |
| | | where snakes | | | required. | maintenance of | |
| | | are abundant | | | Monthly during | snake deterrents | |
| | | | | | operation | | |
| - No Threatened or Protected species (ToPs) and/or | DPM in | Undertake a | Pre-construction | ECO | Once, prior to | Permits for | |
| protected fauna as listed according NEMBA (Act No. | consultation with | permitting | | | the | removal | |
| 10 of 2004) and relevant provincial ordinances may be | the dEO | process to | | | commencemen | and/relocation | |
| removed and/or relocated without appropriate | | obtain the | | | t of construction | must be kept on | |
| authorisations/permits. | | required permits | | | and as and | file and be | |
| | | | | | when required | readily available | |

5.12 Protection of heritage resources

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to heritage resources.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|--|--|-------------------------------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| Identify, demarcate and prevent impact to all known sensitive heritage features on site in accordance with the No-Go procedure in Section 5.3: Access restricted areas; | DPM and a suitably qualified specialist dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor and ECO | Spatially identify and demarcate areas of heritage significance as | Pre-construction | ECO | Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction | Proof of avoidance of sensitive heritage features through details of avoidance and photographic records | |
| Carry out general monitoring of excavations for potential fossils, artefacts and material of heritage importance; | dEO (in consultation with specialists if/as required). | section 5.3 Ensure construction staff are adequately informed (via environmental awareness training) to carry out monitoring of excavations | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Monthly, or as required | Environmental awareness training includes measures relating to monitoring for chance finds | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|-------------------|------------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|----------------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| | | for fossils, | | | | | |
| | | artefacts and | | | | | |
| | | important | | | | | |
| | | heritage | | | | | |
| | | material | | | | | |
| - All work must cease immediately, if any human | dEO / cEO in | Develop and | During the | ECO | As and when | Proof of work | |
| remains and/or other archaeological, | consultation with | implement | Construction | | required | ceased and the | |
| palaeontological and historical material are | the Contractor | procedures for | Phase | | | required | |
| uncovered. Such material, if exposed, must be | and ECO | situations where | | | | procedures | |
| reported to the nearest museum, archaeologist/ | | human remains, | | | | followed in | |
| palaeontologist (or the South African Police Services), | | archaeological, | | | | cases where | |
| so that a systematic and professional investigation can | | palaeontologic | | | | material is | |
| be undertaken. Sufficient time must be allowed to | | al or historical | | | | discovered. | |
| remove/collect such material before development | | material are | | | | | |
| recommences. | | uncovered | | | | | |

5.13 Safety of the public

Impact management outcome: All precautions are taken to minimise the risk of injury, harm or complaints.

| Impact Management | Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-------|---------------|-----|-------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----|
| | | Responsible | Method | of | Timeframe | for | Responsible | Frequenc | су | Evidence | of |
| | | person | implement | ation | implementati | on | person | | | compliance | • |
| Identify fire hazard | ds, demarcate and restrict public | cEO in | Develop | an | Pre-construct | ion | cEO | Once, | prior to | Compliance |) |
| access to these | areas as well as notify the local | consultation with | Emergenc | У | Construction | | | the | | with | the |
| authority of any | potential threats e.g. large brush | the Contractor | Preparedn | ess, | | | | commer | ncemen | Emergency | |
| stockpiles, fuels etc | .; | | Response | and | | | | t of cons | struction | Preparednes | SS, |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|----------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| | | Fire | | | and weekly | Response and |
| | | Management | | | during the | Fire |
| | | Plan specific to | | | construction | Management |
| | | the project | | | phase | Plan |
| - All unattended open excavations must be adequately | Contractor | Ensure that all | During the | cEO | Weekly | Excavations are |
| fenced or demarcated; | | excavations | Construction | | | fenced where |
| | | undertaken is | Phase | | | required and |
| | | fenced and | | | | photographic |
| | | demarcated | | | | proof can be |
| | | within a | | | | provided |
| | | reasonable | | | | |
| | | timeframe and | | | | |
| | | in instances | | | | |
| | | where | | | | |
| | | excavations will | | | | |
| | | be open for | | | | |
| | | long-periods of | | | | |
| | | time | | | | |
| - Adequate protective measures must be implemented | Contractor | All staff must be | During the | ECO | Monthly, and as | No incidents of |
| to prevent unauthorised access to and climbing of | | easily | construction | | and when | unauthorised |
| partly constructed towers and protective scaffolding; | | identifiable and | phase | | required | climbing is |
| | | the climbing of | | | | reported |
| | | towers and | | | | |
| | | scaffolding must | | | | |
| | | only be | | | | |
| | | undertaken by | | | | |
| | | authorised | | | | |
| | | personnel as | | | | |
| | | managed by | | | | |
| | | the Contractor | | | | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|----------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| Ensure structures vulnerable to high winds are secured; | Contractor | Ensure that | During the | cEO | Weekly, and as | No incidents of |
| | | sufficient | construction | | and when | unstable |
| | | stabilisation | phase | | required | structures due to |
| | | measures are | | | | high winds is |
| | | implemented to | | | | reported |
| | | secure structures | | | | |
| | | vulnerable to | | | | |
| | | high winds | | | | |
| Maintain an incidents and complaints register in which | cEO | Compile and | During the | ECO | Monthly, and as | The incidents |
| all incidents or complaints involving the public are | | regularly update | construction | | and when | and complaints |
| logged. | | as incidents and | phase | | required | register is |
| | | complaints are | | | | complete and |
| | | submitted from | | | | provides all the |
| | | the public and | | | | required details |
| | | indicate the | | | | |
| | | actions taken to | | | | |
| | | resolve the | | | | |
| | | complaint | | | | |

5.14 Sanitation

Impact management outcome: Clean and well-maintained toilet facilities are available to all staff in an effort to minimise the risk of disease and impact to the environment.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|---|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance | |
| Mobile chemical toilets are installed onsite if no other ablution facilities are available; | Contractor | Mobile chemical toilets must be placed appropriately and in areas that avoid environmental sensitivities | During the Construction Phase | cEO | Weekly | Mobile toilets are installed and avoid environmental sensitivities | |
| The use of ablution facilities and or mobile toilets must be used at all times and no indiscriminate use of the veld for the purposes of ablutions must be permitted under any circumstances; | Contractor in consultation with the cEO | All site staff must be informed of this requirement during the Environmental Awareness Training and the consequences of not adhering to the requirement. | Pe-construction & Construction | ECO | Monthly, and as and when required | No evidence of non-compliance identified | |
| Where mobile chemical toilets are required, the following must be ensured: a) Toilets are located no closer than 100 m to any watercourse or water body; | Contractor in consultation with the cEO | The installation of the toilets by the Contractor must be as per | During the Construction Phase | cEO | Weekly | No evidence of non-compliance identified | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|--------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance | | |
| b) Toilets are secured to the ground to prevent them from toppling due to wind or any other cause; c) No spillage occurs when the toilets are cleaned or emptied and the contents are managed in accordance with the EMPr; d) Toilets have an external closing mechanism and are closed and secured from the outside when not in use to prevent toilet paper from being blown out; e) Toilets are emptied before long weekends and workers holidays, and must be locked after working hours; f) Toilets are serviced regularly and the ECO must inspect toilets to ensure compliance to health standards; | | the listed requirements | | | | | | |
| A copy of the waste disposal certificates must be maintained. | Contractor | Certificates obtained from the licensed waste disposal facility with the emptying of the toilets must be kept on file | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Monthly, and as and when required | Certificates for waste disposal facility available on site | | |

5.15 Prevention of disease

Impact Management outcome: All necessary precautions linked to the spread of disease are taken.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|-------------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| - Undertake environmentally friendly pest control in the | Contractor | Only | During the | ECO | As and when | Contractor to |
| camp area; | | environmentally | Construction | | pest control is | provide proof of |
| | | friendly pest | Phase | | required for the | pest control |
| | | control must be | | | project | used being |
| | | used, when | | | | environmentally |
| | | required | | | | friendly |
| - Ensure that the workforce is sensitised to the effects of | cEO / | The effects of | Pre-construction | ECO | Once, prior to | Environmental |
| sexually transmitted diseases, especially HIV/ AIDS; | Contractor in | sexually | & Construction | | the | awareness |
| | consultation with | transmitted | | | commencemen | training material |
| | the ECO | diseases and | | | t of construction | requirements |
| | | HIV/ AIDS must | | | and monthly | checklist |
| | | be covered in | | | during | |
| | | the | | | construction | |
| | | Environmental | | | | |
| | | Awareness | | | | |
| | | Training | | | | |
| - The Contractor must ensure that information posters on | Contractor | Develop and | During the | cEO | Weekly | Photographic |
| HIV/ AIDS are displayed in the Contractor Camp area; | | place | Construction | | | evidence of |
| | | information | Phase | | | poster |
| | | posters on HIV/ | | | | placement |
| | | AIDS | | | | |
| - Information and education relating to sexually | cEO / | Information and | Pre-construction | ECO | Monthly | Environmental |
| transmitted diseases to be made available to both | Contractor in | education of | & Construction | | | awareness |
| | | sexually | | | | training material |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|---|--|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| construction workers and local community, where applicable; | consultation with the ECO | transmitted diseases must be covered in the | | | | requirements checklist | |
| | | Environmental Awareness Training. | | | | | |
| Free condoms must be made available to all staff on site at central points; | Contractor | Placement of free condoms in mobile toilets and at the construction camps | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Monthly | Proof of placement of free condoms by the contractor to be provided | |
| Medical support must be made available; | dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor | Ensure that designated personnel with first aid training are available on site and that first aid kits to provide medical support is readily available | Construction and Operations | ECO | Monthly | Check the availability of first aid trained personnel and medical kits (including if these are complete in terms of supplies) | |
| Provide access to Voluntary HIV Testing and Counselling Services. | Contractor | Compile a HIV testing schedule and provide counselling services where required | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Quarterly, and as and when required | Voluntary testing schedules and proof of counselling (where undertaken) | |

5.16 Emergency procedures

Impact management outcome: Emergency procedures are in place to enable a rapid and effective response to all types of environmental emergencies.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|--|--|------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| Compile an Emergency Response Action Plan (ERAP) prior to the commencement of the proposed project; The Engage and River and the dead with a social action. | Contractor | Develop an Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan specific to the project | Pre-construction | ECO | Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction | Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan compiled |
| The Emergency Plan must deal with accidents, potential spillages and fires in line with relevant legislation; | Contractor | Develop an Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan specific to the project which covers accidents, potential spillages and fires | Pre-construction | ECO | Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction | Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan includes required specifications |
| All staff must be made aware of emergency procedures as part of environmental awareness training; | cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO | Develop environmental awareness | Pre-construction | ECO | Prior to the commencemen t of the | Environmental awareness training material |

| Impact Management Actions | gement Actions Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|--|---|---|--------------------------------|--------------------|--|---|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance | |
| | | training material which covers the relevant emergency procedures | | | environmental awareness training | requirements checklist | |
| The relevant local authority must be made aware of a fire as soon as it starts; | Contractor in consultation with the ECO | Develop and include a procedure in the Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan for the event of a fire and the procedure to be followed for informing the local authority | Construction | ECO | As and when a fire occurs | The local authority was informed as per the relevant procedure set out in the Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan | |
| In the event of emergency, necessary mitigation measures to contain the spill or leak must be implemented (see Hazardous Substances section 5.17). | Contractor | Implement the required mitigation measures in the event of a spill or leak as per the requirements of Section 5.17. | Construction and Operations | ECO | As and when a spill or leak occurs | The mitigation measures included under Section 5.17 have been adhered to | |

5.17 Hazardous substances

Impact management outcome: Safe storage, handling, use and disposal of hazardous substances.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|-------------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| - The use and storage of hazardous substances to be | cEO in | Develop a | Pre-construction | ECO | Once, prior to | Contractor to | |
| minimised and non-hazardous and non-toxic | consultation with | strategy of how | & Construction | | the | provide | |
| alternatives substituted where possible; | the Contractor | hazardous | | | commencemen | evidence of | |
| | | substances can | | | t of construction | substances used | |
| | | be and should | | | and monthly | for proof of | |
| | | be minimised | | | during the | compliance | |
| | | | | | construction | | |
| | | | | | phase | | |
| - All hazardous substances must be stored in suitable | Contractor | Develop a | Pre-construction | ECO | Once, prior to | Photographic | |
| containers as defined in the Method Statement; | | Method | & Construction | | the | proof that | |
| | | Statement for | | | commencemen | hazardous | |
| | | the storage of | | | t of construction | substances are | |
| | | hazardous | | | and monthly | stored in suitable | |
| | | substances in | | | during the | containers as | |
| | | suitable | | | construction | per the | |
| | | containers | | | phase | requirements of | |
| | | | | | | the relevant | |
| | | | | | | Method | |
| | | | | | | Statements | |
| - Containers must be clearly marked to indicate | Contractor | Where | During the | ECO | Monthly | Photographic | |
| contents, quantities and safety requirements; | | hazardous waste | Construction | | | proof that | |
| | | is stored these | Phase | | | containers are | |
| | | must be clearly | | | | marked as per | |
| | | marked | | | | the requirements | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|--|----------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------|------------------|-------------------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| | | indicating the | | | | | |
| | | required details | | | | | |
| | | of the contents | | | | | |
| - All storage areas must be bunded. The bunded area | Contractor | Ensure that | During the | ECO | Monthly during | Photographic | |
| must be of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak | | storage areas | Construction | | the Construction | proof that | |
| from the stored containers; | | are sufficiently | Phase | | Phase | storage areas | |
| | | bunded which | | | | are bunded and | |
| | | are of sufficient | | | | proof that the | |
| | | capacity to | | | | bund areas are | |
| | | contain a spill / | | | | of sufficient | |
| | | leak from the | | | | capacity to | |
| | | stored | | | | contain a spill / | |
| | | containers | | | | leak from the | |
| | | | | | | stored | |
| | | | | | | containers | |
| - Bunded areas to be suitably lined with a SABS | Contractor | Ensure that | During the | ECO | Once, during the | Photographic | |
| approved liner; | | bunded storage | Construction | | Construction | proof that | |
| | | areas are | Phase | | Phase | bunded storage | |
| | | suitably lined | | | | areas are | |
| | | | | | | suitably lined | |
| – An Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance | cEO / | Compile and | During the | ECO | Monthly, and as | Complete and | |
| (HCS) control sheet must be drawn up and kept up to | Contractor | update an | Construction | | and when | up to date | |
| date on a continuous basis; | | Alphabetical | Phase | | required | control sheet | |
| | | Hazardous | | | | provided by the | |
| | | Chemical | | | | Contractor | |
| | | Substance (HCS) | | | | | |
| | | control sheet | | | | | |
| | | specific to the | | | | | |
| | | project | | | | | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|----------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| - All hazardous chemicals that will be used on site must | cEO / | Keep a record of | During the | ECO | Monthly, and as | Record of |
| have Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS); | Contractor | all hazardous | Construction | | and when | hazardous |
| | | chemicals and | Phase | | required | chemicals and |
| | | the respective | | | | the respective |
| | | MSDS | | | | MSDS |
| All employees working with HCS must be trained in the | cEO / | Provide training | Pre-construction | ECO | Once, prior to | Record of |
| safe use of the substance and according to the safety | Contractor | for personnel | | | the | training |
| data sheet; | | working with | | | commencemen | provided to |
| | | HCS | | | t of construction | personnel |
| | | | | | and as and | working with |
| | | | | | when required | HCS |
| Employees handling hazardous substances / materials | cEO / | Develop | Pre-construction | ECO | Prior to the | Environmental |
| must be aware of the potential impacts and follow | Contractor | environmental | & Construction | | commencemen | awareness |
| appropriate safety measures. Appropriate personal | | awareness | | | t of the | training material |
| protective equipment must be made available; | | training material | | | environmental | requirements |
| | | which covers the | | | awareness | checklist and all |
| | | relevant impacts | | | training and | relevant |
| | | and safety | | | monthly during | personnel have |
| | | measures. | | | the construction | undergone |
| | | | | | phase for | appropriate |
| | | Provide | | | personal | training and |
| | | appropriate | | | protective | have access to |
| | | training and | | | equipment | personal |
| | | personal | | | | protective |
| | | protective | | | | equipment |
| | | equipment for | | | | |
| | | the relevant | | | | |
| | | personnel | | | | |
| | | handling | | | | |
| | | hazardous | | | | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|--------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------|---|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| | | substances and materials | | | | |
| The Contractor must ensure that diesel and other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid is stored in appropriate storage tanks or in bowsers; | Contractor | Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed or obtained for the storing of diesel, other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Monthly, and as and when required | Storage tanks for the project are appropriate and no incidents are reported in this regard |
| The tanks/ bowsers must be situated on a smooth impermeable surface (concrete) with a permanent bund. The impermeable lining must extend to the crest of the bund and the volume inside the bund must be 130% of the total capacity of all the storage tanks/ bowsers (110% statutory requirement plus an allowance for rainfall); | Contractor | Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed or obtained for tanks as per the requirements listed | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Monthly, and as and when required | Storage areas for the tanks/ bowsers for the project are appropriate and no incidents are reported in this regard |
| The floor of the bund must be sloped, draining to an oil separator; | Contractor | Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed as per the requirements listed | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Once, during construction | Bunded storage areas are constructed according to the requirements |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|----------------|--|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|---|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| Provision must be made for refuelling at the storage area by protecting the soil with an impermeable groundcover. Where dispensing equipment is used, a drip tray must be used to ensure small spills are contained; | Contractor | Appropriately constructed refuelling facility must be developed as per the requirements. Drip trays must | During the Construction Phase | ECO cEO | Monthly Weekly | Soils at the refuelling facility are protected as required and drip trays are provided and used |
| | | be provided for use | | | | |
| All empty externally dirty drums must be stored on a drip tray or within a bunded area; | Contractor | Ensure that empty dirty drums are stored appropriately as per the requirements | During the Construction Phase | ECO cEO | Monthly Weekly | Drip trays or bunded areas are used for the storage of dirty drums |
| No unauthorised access into the hazardous substances' storage areas must be permitted; | Contractor | Ensure through the implementation of procedures that no unauthorised access is undertaken into the storage areas | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Monthly | Proof of the implementation of the relevant procedure must be provided by the contractor |
| No smoking must be allowed within the vicinity of the hazardous storage areas; | Contractor | Inform all employees of the requirement and develop | During the Construction Phase | ECO cEO | Monthly Weekly | Photographic record of the signage placed |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|-----------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------|--|---|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| | | and place relevant signage in the relevant areas | | | | must be provided |
| Adequate fire-fighting equipment must be made available at all hazardous storage areas; | Contractor | Hazardous storage areas must be fitted with adequate fire-fighting equipment | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Monthly | Adequate fire- fighting equipment is available and has been serviced |
| Where refuelling away from the dedicated refuelling station is required, a mobile refuelling unit must be used. Appropriate ground protection such as drip trays must be used; | Contractor | Provide a mobile refuelling unit as well as suitable ground protection, where required | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Monthly, and as and when required | A mobile refuelling unit and suitable ground protection is available for use |
| An appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the scale of the activity/s involving the use of hazardous substance must be available at all times; | Contractor | Provide an appropriate spill kit for the project for the use of hazardous substances | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Monthly, and as and when required | Appropriate spill kits are available for use |
| The responsible operator must have the required training to make use of the spill kit in emergency situations; | cEO and Contractor | Provide training on the use of spill kits to the relevant employees | Pre-construction | ECO | Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction | Proof of training to be provided by the contractor |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | | Monitoring | | | | |
|---|----------------|----|---|-----|---------------------------------|-----|-------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | Responsible | | Method | of | Timeframe | for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | | implementat | | implementat | | person | | compliance |
| An appropriate number of spill kits must be available and must be located in all areas where activities are being undertaken; | cEO all | nd | Provide appropriate number of kits in relev areas | | During Construction Phase | the | ECO | Monthly | Proof of appropriate number of spill kits in appropriate areas to be |
| | | | | | | | | | provided by the contractor |
| | -50 | | Ctanana | l | Di.a.a. | 41 | 500 | A 4 a va blade ve avva al eva | |
| - In the event of a spill, contaminated soil must be | | nd | · · | and | During | the | ECO | Monthly, and as | Proof of storage |
| collected in containers and stored in a central location | Contractor | | disposal | of | Construction | | | and when | and disposal in |
| and disposed of according to the National | | | contaminate | - | Phase | | | required | terms of the |
| Environmental Management: Waste Act 59 of 2008. | | | soil must be | | | | | | National |
| Refer to Section 5.7 for procedures concerning storm | | | accordance | | | | | | Environmental |
| and wastewater management and 5.8 for solid and | | | with the Natio | - | | | | | Management: |
| hazardous waste management. | | | Environment | | | | | | Waste Act must |
| | | | Managemer | | | | | | be provided. |
| | | | Waste Act | - | | | | | |
| | | | sections 5.7 | | | | | | Certificates of |
| | | | 5.8 of this EM | Pr | | | | | disposal at |
| | | | | | | | | | licensed waste |
| | | | | | | | | | disposal facilities |
| | | | | | | | | | must be |
| | | | | | | | | | provided |

5.18 Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage

Impact management outcome: Soil, surface water and groundwater contamination is minimised.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|--------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| Where possible and practical all maintenance of vehicles and equipment must take place in the workshop area; | Contractor | Demarcate specific areas for the maintenance of vehicles and equipment | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Monthly | A dedicated area for the maintenance of vehicles and machinery is used. |
| During servicing of vehicles or equipment, especially where emergency repairs are affected outside the workshop area, a suitable drip tray must be used to prevent spills onto the soil. | Contractor | Ensure that a drip tray is available for an emergency repairs required | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Monthly | Contractor to provide evidence of drip tray use for emergency repairs |
| Leaking equipment must be repaired immediately or be removed from site to facilitate repair; | Contractor | Ensure that where leaking equipment is identified it is repaired immediately or removed from site for repairs | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Monthly | Contractor to provide details of equipment repaired or removed from site |
| Workshop areas must be monitored for oil and fuel spills; | cEO | Undertake regular inspections of the workshop | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Monthly | Register of inspection |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| | • | areas for oil and | | | | |
| | | fuel spills and | | | | |
| | | keep an | | | | |
| | | updated register | | | | |
| | | of inspection on | | | | |
| | | site | | | | |
| Appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the | Contractor | Provide an | During the | ECO | Monthly, and as | Appropriate spill |
| scale of the activity taking place must be available; | | appropriate spill | Construction | | and when | kits are available |
| | | kit for the project | Phase | | required | for use |
| The workshop area must have a bunded concrete slab | Contractor | Ensure that the | During the | ECO | Once, during the | Workshop area is |
| that is sloped to facilitate runoff into a collection sump | | workshop area is | Construction | | Construction | bunded in |
| or suitable oil / water separator where maintenance | | sufficiently | Phase | | Phase and as | accordance |
| work on vehicles and equipment can be performed; | | bunded in | | | and when | with the required |
| | | accordance | | | required | specification |
| | | with the required | | | | |
| | | specification | | | | |
| Water drainage from the workshop must be contained | Contractor | Ensure that | During the | ECO | Monthly | Workshop |
| and managed in accordance with Section 5.7: storm | | water drainage | Construction | | | drainage is |
| and wastewater management. | | from workshop | Phase | | | managed in |
| | | area is | | | | accordance |
| | | managed as per | | | | with the |
| | | the requirements | | | | requirements |
| | | of section 5.7 | | | | |

5.19 Batching plants (if relevant)

Impact management outcome: Minimise spillages and contamination of soil, surface water and groundwater.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|--------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| Concrete mixing must be carried out on an impermeable surface; | Contractor | Provide impermeable surface for the mixing of concrete | During the Construction Phase | cEO | Weekly | No concrete mixing is undertaken on open ground |
| Batching plants areas must be fitted with a containment facility for the collection of cement laden water. | Contractor | Implement measures for the control and management of cement laden water | During the construction phase | cEO | Weekly | No mismanagement of laden water due to the temporary concrete batching plant |
| Dirty water from the batching plant must be contained to prevent soil and groundwater contamination | Contractor | Implement measures for the control and management of dirty water to prevent soil and groundwater contamination | During the construction phase | cEO | Weekly | No mismanagement of dirty water due to the temporary concrete batching plant and no/minimal soil and groundwater contamination |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|--------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| Bagged cement must be stored in an appropriate facility and at least 10 m away from any water courses, gullies and drains; | Contractor | Demarcate and provide a storage area for bagged cement in-line with the listed requirements | During the Construction Phase | CEO | Weekly | Photographic proof of bagged cement stored within the demarcated area |
| A washout facility must be provided for washing of concrete associated equipment. Water used for washing must be restricted; | Contractor | Provide a washout facility for the washing of associated equipment. Enforce limitations on water use for washing of equipment | During the Construction Phase | CEO | Weekly | No cement laden water is released into the environment. Only minimal water is used for washing |
| Hardened concrete from the washout facility or concrete mixer can either be reused or disposed of at an appropriate licensed disposal facility; | Contractor | Make use of hardened concrete where possible or dispose of concrete in a suitable manner | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Monthly | Certificates of disposal of concrete at licensed waste disposal facility |
| Empty cement bags must be secured with adequate binding material if these will be temporarily stored on site; | Contractor | Bind empty cement bags and temporarily store it in an appropriate area on site | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Monthly | Proof of binding of empty cement bags and storage in an appropriate are on site to be |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|--------------------|---|---|--------------------|---|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| | | | | | | provided by the Contractor |
| Sand and aggregates containing cement must be kept damp to prevent the generation of dust (Refer to Section 5.20: Dust emissions) | Contractor | Ensure that sand and aggregates are kept damp or otherwise protected from dust generation | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Monthly | Proof of damping (or alternative dust suppression) of sand and aggregates must be provided by the Contractor |
| Any excess sand, stone and cement must be removed or reused from site on completion of construction period and disposed at a registered disposal facility; | Contractor | Ensure that all excess sand, stone and cement is removed or reused | At the completion of the Construction Phase | ECO | Once, with the completion of construction | Certificates for the disposal of sand, stone and cement at licensed waste disposal facilities or proof of reuse must be provided |
| Temporary fencing must be erected around batching plants in accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing and gate installation. | Contractor | Erect Temporary fencing | During the construction phase | cEO | Weekly | Temporary fencing around batching plants |

5.20 Dust emissions

Impact management outcome: Dust prevention measures are applied to minimise the generation of dust.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|--------------------|---|---|--------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| Take all reasonable measures to minimise the generation of dust as a result of project development activities to the satisfaction of the ECO; | Contractor | Apply appropriate dust suppressant | During the Construction Phase | CEO | Weekly | Contractor to provide proof of use of appropriate dust suppressants |
| Removal of vegetation must be avoided until such time as soil stripping is required and similarly exposed surfaces must be re-vegetated or stabilised as soon as is practically possible; | Contractor | Proper planning for vegetation removal must be undertaken as well as for the associated rehabilitation | During the Construction Phase and Rehabilitation | CEO | Weekly | Plan for implementation must be provided by the Contractor |
| Excavation, handling and transport of erodible materials must be avoided under high wind conditions or when a visible dust plume is present; | Contractor | Ensure that specific limitations are placed on the transport and handling of erodible materials during high wind conditions or when a visible | During the Construction Phase | cEO | Bi-weekly (every second week) | No complaints submitted in this regard |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| | | dust plume is present | | | | |
| During high wind conditions, the ECO must evaluate the situation and make recommendations as to whether dust-damping measures are adequate, or whether working will cease altogether until the wind speed drops to an acceptable level; | ECO | ECO to provide adequate recommendations | During the Construction Phase | Not Applicable | | |
| Where possible, soil stockpiles must be located in sheltered areas where they are not exposed to the erosive effects of the wind; | Contractor | Place soil stockpiles in areas less affected by wind | During the Construction Phase | cEO and | Bi-weekly (every second week) Monthly | Soil stockpiles are not exposed to wind and have not been eroded |
| Where erosion of stockpiles becomes a problem, erosion control measures must be implemented at the discretion of the ECO; | Contractor in consultation with the ECO | Contractor to implement erosion control measures as recommended and agreed with the ECO | During the Construction Phase | cEO | Weekly, until erosion is no longer a problem | Recommendati ons made by the ECO have been implemented by the Contractor |
| Vehicle speeds must not exceed 40 km/h along dust roads or 20 km/h when traversing unconsolidated and non-vegetated areas; | cEO / dEO / contractor | Inform all drivers of speed limits and place appropriate signage along the relevant roads | During the Construction Phase Operation Phase | ECO Operation and Maintenance team | Monthly | No complaints from community members are submitted |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|--|----------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------|------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | | |
| - Straw stabilisation must be applied at a rate of one | Contractor | Ensure that straw | During the | ECO | Monthly | Photographic | | |
| bale/10 m² and harrowed into the top 100 mm of top | | stabilisation is | Construction | | | record of all | | |
| material, for all completed earthworks; | | undertaken as | Phase | | | straw | | |
| | | per the listed | | | | stabilisation | | |
| | | requirements | | | | undertaken | | |
| For significant areas of excavation or exposed ground, | Contractor | Appropriate dust | During the | cEO | Weekly | Photographic | | |
| dust suppression measures must be used to minimise | | suppressant | Construction | | | record of | | |
| the spread of dust. | | measures are | Phase | | | measures being | | |
| | | implemented | | | | implemented | | |
| | | | | | | and the results | | |
| | | | | | | thereof | | |

5.21 Blasting (if required)

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment is minimised through a safe blasting practice.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|----------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| Any blasting activity must be conducted by a suitably | cEO / dEO / | Ensure the | Pre-Construction | ECO/EO | Once off, before | ECO/EO to | |
| licensed blasting contractor; and | contractor | contractor is | Phase | | blasting | check all valid | |
| | | suitably licensed | | | activities | credentials and | |
| | | with all | | | commence. | certifications on | |
| | | necessary | | | | hand. | |
| | | credentials and | | | | | |
| | | certifications | | | | | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|----------------|------------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|----------------|
| | | | | | | |
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| Notification of surrounding landowners, emergency | cEO / dEO / | Ensure all | Pre-Construction | ECO/EO | Once off, before | ECO/EO to |
| services site personnel of blasting activity 24 hours prior | contractor | responsible | Phase | | blasting | confirm all |
| to such activity taking place on Site. | | personnel have | | | activities | necessary |
| | | been notified of | | | commence. | personnel have |
| | | blasting | | | | been notified. |
| | | activities 24 | | | | Notification |
| | | hours in | | | | records to be |
| | | advance and | | | | provided. |
| | | keep records of | | | | |
| | | notifications. | | | | |

5.22 Noise

Impact Management outcome: Unnecessary noise is prevented by ensuring that noise from construction activities is mitigated.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|----------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| - The Contractor must keep noise level within | Contractor | Ensure that noise | During the | ECO | Monthly, and as | No complaints |
| acceptable limits. Restrict the use of sound | | limits do not | Construction | | and when | registered in this |
| amplification equipment for communication and | | exceed | Phase | | required | regard. No |
| emergency only; | | acceptable | | | | amplification |
| | | limits and avoid | | | | equipment is |
| | | the use of | | | | used. |
| | | amplification | | | | |
| | | communication | | | | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|--------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------|---|---|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| All vehicles and machinery must be fitted with appropriate silencing technology and must be properly maintained; | Contractor | Provide and implement silencing technology | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Monthly, and as and when required | No complaints registered in this regard. Silencing technology is utilised. |
| Any complaints received by the Contractor regarding noise must be recorded and communicated. Where possible or applicable, provide transport to and from the site on a daily basis for construction workers; | cEO | Update complaints register. Provide daily transport to and from site for employees | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Monthly, and as and when required | Complaints register provided by the cEO and proof of transportation services provided |
| Develop a Code of Conduct for the construction phase in terms of behaviour of construction staff. Operating hours as determined by the environmental authorisation are adhered to during the development phase. Where not defined, it must be ensured that development activities must still meet the impact management outcome related to noise management. | consultation with | Compile a Code of Conduct for staff. Appropriate operating hours must be identified for the project. | Pre-construction and Construction | ECO | Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction | No complaints registered in this regard. |

5.23 Fire prevention

Impact management outcome: Prevention of uncontrollable fires.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|---|---|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|---|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| Designate smoking areas where the fire hazard could be regarded as insignificant; | С | Identify and demarcate through signage designated smoking areas | Pre-construction & Construction | ECO | Monthly | Photographic record of designated smoking area |
| Firefighting equipment must be available on all vehicles located on site; | cEO / dEO in consultation with the Contractor | Provide all vehicles with firefighting equipment | Construction | ECO | Monthly | All vehicles are fitted with firefighting equipment and the details thereof are provided by the CEO |
| The local Fire Protection Agency (FPA) must be informed of construction activities; | cEO in consultation with the ECO | Undertake formal consultation to inform the local FPA of the associated construction activities | Pre-construction | ECO | Once, during the commencemen t of the Construction Phase | Proof of consultation with the FPA |
| Contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services must be communicated in environmental awareness training and displayed at a central location on site; | dEO / cEO / Contractor in | Develop environmental awareness | Pre-construction & Construction | ECO | Prior to the commencemen t of the | Environmental awareness training material |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | Monitoring | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|--|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | | |
| | consultation with | training material | | | environmental | requirements | | |
| | the ECO | which covers the | | | awareness | checklist and | | |
| | | contact | | | training and | photographic | | |
| | | numbers for the | | | once during the | record of | | |
| | | FPA and | | | construction | contact | | |
| | | emergency | | | phase | numbers on | | |
| | | services. | | | | display | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | Place the | | | | | | |
| | | contact | | | | | | |
| | | numbers for the | | | | | | |
| | | FPA and | | | | | | |
| | | emergency | | | | | | |
| | | services at a | | | | | | |
| | | visible and | | | | | | |
| | | central location | | | | | | |
| - Two-way swop of contact details between ECO and | ECO | Consultation | Pre-construction | Not Applicable | | | | |
| FPA. | | between the | | | | | | |
| | | ECO and FPA to | | | | | | |
| | | exchange | | | | | | |
| | | contact details | | | | | | |

5.24 Stockpiling and stockpile areas

Impact management outcome: Erosion and sedimentation as a result of stockpiling are reduced.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|--|----------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|---------------------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| - All material that is excavated during the project | Contractor | Identify and | Pre-construction | ECO | Monthly | Excavated | |
| development phase (either during piling (if required) or | | demarcate an | & Construction | | | material is not | |
| earthworks) must be stored appropriately on site in | | appropriate | | | | stored within | |
| order to minimise impacts to watercourses, wetlands | | location for the | | | | sensitive | |
| and water bodies; | | storage of | | | | environmental | |
| | | excavated | | | | areas | |
| | | materials | | | | | |
| All stockpiled material must be maintained and kept | Contractor | Implement | During the | cEO | Bi-weekly (every | Stockpiled | |
| clear of weeds and alien vegetation growth by | | appropriate and | Construction | | second month) | material is | |
| undertaking regular weeding and control methods; | | sufficient | Phase | | | maintained | |
| | | maintenance on | | ECO | Monthly | sufficiently and is | |
| | | stockpiled | | | | clear of weeds | |
| | | material | | | | and alien | |
| | | regularly | | | | vegetation | |
| Topsoil stockpiles must not exceed 2 m in height; | Contractor | Enforce | During the | cEO | Bi-weekly (every | Topsoil stockpiles | |
| | | limitations for the | Construction | | second month) | do not exceed | |
| | | height of topsoil | Phase | | | 2m in height | |
| | | stockpiles | | ECO | Monthly | | |
| - During periods of strong winds and heavy rain, the | Contractor | Appropriate | During the | ECO | Monthly | Contractor to | |
| stockpiles must be covered with appropriate material | | material must be | Construction | | | provide proof of | |
| (e.g. cloth, tarpaulin etc.); | | provided in | Phase | | | availability of | |
| | | order to cover | | | | appropriate | |
| | | stockpiles when | | | | material to | |
| | | required | | | | | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|--|----------------|------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|------------------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| | | | | | | cover stockpiles | |
| | | | | | | when required | |
| - Where possible, sandbags (or similar) must be placed | Contractor | Sandbags must | During the | ECO | Monthly | Contractor to | |
| at the bases of the stockpiled material in order to | | be provided in | Construction | | | provide proof of | |
| prevent erosion of the material. | | order to prevent | Phase | | | availability of | |
| | | erosion of | | | | sandbags to | |
| | | stockpiled | | | | prevent erosion | |
| | | materials | | | | of stockpiled | |
| | | | | | | materials | |

5.25 Finalising tower positions

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of the survey and pegging operations.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|----------------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| No vegetation clearing must occur during survey and | Contractor | Implement | Pre- | cEO | Weekly | Contractor to | |
| pegging operations; | | restrictions in | construction | | | provide | |
| | | terms of | | | | photographic | |
| | | vegetation | | | | proof that no | |
| | | clearing during | | | | vegetation has | |
| | | the survey and | | | | been cleared | |
| | | pegging | | | | | |
| | | operations | | | | | |
| No new access roads must be developed to facilitate | Contractor | Restrict the | Pre- | cEO | Weekly | Contractor to | |
| access for survey and pegging purposes; | | development of | construction | | | provide | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|--|-------------------|--------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| | | new access | | | | photographic | |
| | | roads for survey | | | | proof that no | |
| | | and pegging | | | | new roads have | |
| | | purposes | | | | been | |
| | | | | | | developed | |
| Project manager, botanical specialist and contractor | DPM, Suitably | Undertake | Pre- | ECO | Once the final | Provision of final | |
| to agree on final tower positions based on survey within | Qualified | consultation | construction | | tower positions | tower positions | |
| assessed and approved areas; | Specialist and | between the | | | have been | to the ECO | |
| | Contractor | relevant | | | finalised and | | |
| | | responsible | | | agreed upon | | |
| | | people and | | | | | |
| | | finalise the tower | | | | | |
| | | positions for the | | | | | |
| | | power line | | | | | |
| - The surveyor is to demarcate (peg) access | Surveyor in | Undertake | Pre- | cEO | Weekly | Consultation | |
| roads/tracks in consultation with ECO. No deviations | consultation with | consultation | construction | | | with the ECO | |
| will be allowed without the prior written consent from | the ECO | between the | | | | regarding the | |
| the ECO. | | surveyor and the | | | | distribution of | |
| | | ECO | | | | pegs. | |

5.26 Excavation and Installation of foundations

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of excavation or installation of foundations.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|----------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|-------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| - All excess spoil generated during foundation | Contractor | Use a licensed | During the | ECO | Monthly | Certificates |
| excavation must be disposed of in an appropriate | | waste disposal | Construction | | | obtained for the |
| manner and at a recognised disposal site, if not used | | facility for the | Phase | | | disposal of |
| for backfilling purposes; | | disposal of | | | | excess spoil at a |
| | | excess spoil | | | | licensed waste |
| | | | | | | disposal facility |
| Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes | Contractor | Spoil used for | Construction | ECO | Monthly | Photographic |
| and must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for | | landscaping | and | | | record of spoil |
| rehabilitation purposes; | | must be applied | Rehabilitation | | | used for |
| | | as per the listed | | | | landscaping |
| | | requirements | | | | purposes as well |
| | | | | | | as feedback |
| ı | | | | | | from the |
| | | | | | | contractor |
| Management of equipment for excavation purposes | Contractor | Undertake the | During the | ECO | Monthly | Management of |
| must be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.18: | | management of | Construction | | | equipment is |
| Workshop equipment maintenance and storage; and | | equipment for | Phase | | | undertaken in |
| | | excavation as | | | | line with the |
| | | per the | | | | requirements of |
| | | requirements of | | | | section 5.18 |
| | | section 5.18 | | | | |
| - Hazardous substances spills from equipment must be | Contractor | Undertake the | During the | ECO | Monthly | Management of |
| managed in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous | | management of | Construction | | | hazardous |
| substances. | | hazardous | Phase | | | substances spills |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|----------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|-------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| | | substances spills | | | | from equipment |
| | | from equipment | | | | is undertaken in |
| | | as per the | | | | line with the |
| | | requirements of | | | | requirements of |
| | | section 5.17 | | | | section 5.17 |
| Batching of cement to be undertaken in accordance | Contractor | Ensure correct | During the | cEO | Weekly | Measures in |
| with Section 5.19: Batching plants; | | batching of | construction | | | place to ensure |
| | | cement | phase | | | the batching of |
| | | | | | | cement is done |
| | | | | | | in accordance |
| | | | | | | with Section |
| | | | | | | 5.19: Batching |
| | | | | | | plants |
| - Residual cement must be disposed of in accordance | Contractor | Undertake the | During the | ECO | Monthly | The disposal of |
| with Section 5.8: Solid and hazardous waste | | disposal of | Construction | | | residual cement |
| management. | | residual cement | Phase | | | is undertaken in |
| | | as per the | | | | line with section |
| | | requirements of | | | | 5.8. |
| | | section 5.8 | | | | |

5.27 Assembly and erecting towers

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of assembly and erecting of towers.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|---|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| Prior to erection, assembled towers and tower sections must be stored on elevated surfaces (suggest wooden blocks) to minimise damage to the underlying vegetation; | Contractor | Provide the necessary materials for the elevated surface, where towers are to be placed on indigenous vegetation | During the Construction Phase | CEO | Weekly | Implementation of elevated surface and photographic record thereof |
| In sensitive areas, tower assembly must take place off- site or away from sensitive positions; | Contractor in consultation with the cEO and the ECO | Identify sensitive areas to be avoided by tower assembly and ensure that the areas are not infringed upon | Pre-construction & Construction | сЕО | Weekly | Tower assembly is undertaken outside of sensitive areas |
| The crane used for tower assembly must be operated in a manner which minimises impact to the environment; | Contractor in consultation with the cEO and the ECO | Ensure that no impact to the environment is imposed during the operation of the crane | Pre-construction & Construction | CEO | Weekly | No environmental damages incurred as a result of the crane. |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | Implementation | | | | |
|--|---|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|---|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| The number of crane trips to each site must be minimised; | Contractor in consultation with the cEO and the ECO | Ensure that the utilisation of the crane is maximised when on site. | Pre-construction & Construction | CEO | Weekly | Few crane trips to each site observed. |
| Wheeled cranes must be utilised in preference to tracked cranes. However, Rocky terrain may require tracked cranes in the project site. | Contractor | Ensure wheeled cranes are utilised, where practical. | Pre-construction & Construction | cEO | Weekly | Wheeled cranes observed on site. |
| Consideration must be given to erecting towers by helicopter or by hand where it is warranted to limit the extent of environmental impact; | Contractor | Contractor to undertake erecting of towers in an environmentally acceptable manner | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Monthly | No unacceptable environmental impacts occur with the erecting of the towers |
| Access to tower positions to be undertaken in accordance with access requirements specified in Section 5.4: Access Roads; | Contractor | Undertake access to tower positions as per the requirements of section 5.4 | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Monthly | Access to tower positions are undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.4 |
| Vegetation clearance to be undertaken in accordance with general vegetation clearance requirements specified in Section 5.10: Vegetation clearing; | Contractor | Undertake vegetation clearance as per the requirements of section 5.10 | During the Construction Phase | CEO | Weekly | Vegetation clearance is undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.10 |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|--|-------------------|------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| - No levelling at tower sites must be permitted unless | Contractor in | Written | During the | ECO | Monthly, and as | Written | |
| approved by the Development Project Manager or | consultation with | permission for | Construction | | and when | permission from | |
| Developer Site Supervisor; | the DPM and | levelling at | Phase | | required | the DPM and | |
| | DSS | tower sites, if | | | | DSS provided to | |
| | | required, must | | | | the Contractor | |
| | | be obtained | | | | | |
| | | from the DPM | | | | | |
| | | and DSS prior to | | | | | |
| | | the undertaking | | | | | |
| | | of any levelling | | | | | |
| | | activities | | | | | |
| - Topsoil must be removed separately from subsoil | Contractor | Implement | Construction | cEO | Weekly, and as | Proof of | |
| material and stored for later use during rehabilitation | | appropriate | and | | and when | appropriate | |
| of such tower sites; | | measures to | Rehabilitation | | required | measures | |
| | | ensure that | | | | implemented | |
| | | topsoil is | | | | must be | |
| | | removed from | | | | provided by the | |
| | | subsoil material | | | | Contractor | |
| - Topsoil must be stored in heaps not higher than 2m to | Contractor | Implement the | During the | cEO | Weekly | Topsoil is stored | |
| prevent destruction of the seed bank within the topsoil; | | listed | Construction | | | as per the listed | |
| | | requirements for | Phase | | | requirements | |
| | | the storage of | | | | | |
| | | topsoil | | | | | |
| - Excavated slopes must be no greater that 1:3, but | Contractor | Implement the | During the | cEO | Weekly | Excavation of | |
| where this is unavoidable, appropriate measures must | | listed | Construction | | | slopes is | |
| be undertaken to stabilise the slopes; | | requirements for | Phase | | | undertaken as | |
| · | | the excavation | | | | per the listed | |
| | | of slopes | | | | requirements | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|---|---|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|---|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| Fly rock from blasting activity must be minimised and any pieces greater than 150 mm falling beyond the Working Area, must be collected and removed; | cEO / dEO / contractor | Ensure all pieces greater than 150 mm falling beyond the Working Area, are collected and removed and implement measures to try and minimise fly rock from blasting activity | Pre-Construction Phase | ECO/EO | During blasting activities | ECO/EO to confirm necessary measures have been undertaken to minimise fly rock from blasting activity and that no pieces greater than 150 mm are beyond the working area. |
| Only existing disturbed areas are utilised as spoil areas; | Contractor in consultation with the ECO | Identify, demarcate and use existing disturbed areas for spoil areas | Pre-construction & Construction | cEO | Weekly | Only identified disturbed areas are used as spoil areas |
| Drainage is provided to control groundwater exit gradient with the spill areas such that migration of fines is kept to a minimum; | Not Applicable | | | | | |
| Surface water runoff is appropriately channelled through or around spoil areas; | DPM and Contractor | Design and implement appropriate surface runoff measures for spoil areas | Pre-construction & Construction | ECO | Once, during the construction of the surface runoff measures | Implementation of surface runoff measures through and/or around spoil areas |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|----------------|--|------------------------------------|-------------|-----------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| During backfilling operations, care must be taken not to dump the topsoil at the bottom of the foundation and then put spoil on top of that; | Contractor | Develop and implement backfilling procedures which ensures that topsoil is not placed at the bottom of | Pre-construction & Construction | CEO | Weekly | Backfilling operations are undertaken as per the procedures developed |
| The surface of the spoil is appropriately rehabilitated in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 5.29: Landscaping and rehabilitation; | Contractor | foundations. Rehabilitation of the surface spoil must be undertaken in accordance with the requirements of section 5.29 | Rehabilitation | cEO | Weekly | Rehabilitation of the surface spoil is undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.29 |
| - The retained topsoil must be spread evenly over areas to be rehabilitated and suitably compacted to effect re-vegetation of such areas to prevent erosion as soon as construction activities on the site is complete. Spreading of topsoil must not be undertaken, where possible, at the beginning of the dry season. | Contractor | Ensure that topsoil is spread evenly and compacted appropriately. This must be undertaken outside of the start of the dry season, where possible | Rehabilitation | CEO | Weekly | Proof that topsoil has been spread evenly and compacted correctly must be provided by the Contractor/ cEO. Proof that the activities were undertaken outside of the start of the dry |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| | | | | | | season (or |
| | | | | | | motivation as to |
| | | | | | | why this was not |
| | | | | | | possible) must |
| | | | | | | be provided by |
| | | | | | | the Contractor |

5.28 Stringing

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of stringing.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| - Where possible, previously disturbed areas must be | Contractor in | Identify and | Pre-construction | cEO | Weekly | Winch and | |
| used for the siting of winch and tensioner stations. In all | consultation with | demarcate | & Construction | | | tensioner | |
| other instances, the siting of the winch and tensioner | the ECO | areas | | | | stations are | |
| must avoid Access restricted areas and other sensitive | | appropriate for | | | | located are | |
| areas; | | the siting of | | | | located outside | |
| | | winch and | | | | of identified | |
| | | tensioner | | | | sensitive areas | |
| | | stations which | | | | | |
| | | does not infringe | | | | | |
| | | on access | | | | | |
| | | restricted areas | | | | | |
| | | or | | | | | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|----------------|---------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| | | environmentally | | | | |
| | | sensitive areas | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| - The winch and tensioner station must be equipped | Contractor | Provide sufficient | During the | cEO | Weekly | Sufficient drip |
| with drip trays in order to contain any fuel, hydraulic | | drip trays | Construction | | | trays are |
| fuel or oil spills and leaks; | | | Phase | | | available for the winch and |
| | | | | | | tensioner |
| | | | | | | stations and no |
| | | | | | | spills occur |
| Refuelling of the winch and tensioner stations must be | Contractor | The refuelling of | During the | ECO | Monthly | The refuelling of |
| undertaken in accordance with Section 5.17 : | | winch and | Construction | | | winch and |
| Hazardous substances; | | tensioner | Phase | | | tensioner |
| | | stations must be | | | | stations is |
| | | undertaken as | | | | undertaken as |
| | | per the | | | | per the |
| | | requirements of | | | | requirements of |
| - In the case of the development of overhead | Contractor | section 5.17 Develop and | Pre-construction | ECO and cEO | Once, prior to | section 5.17 Implementation |
| transmission and distribution infrastructure, a one metre | Cornidation | implement | & Construction | weekly during | the | of the |
| "trace-line" may be cut through the vegetation for | | procedures for | & CONSTRUCTION | stringing | commencemen | procedures put |
| stringing purposes only and no vehicle access must be | | implementation | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | t of construction | in place and |
| cleared along "trace-lines". Vegetation clearing must | | for vegetation | | | and weekly | proof thereof |
| be undertaken by hand, using chainsaws and | | clearing during | | | during stringing | from the |
| handheld implements, with vegetation being cut off at | | stringing in line | | | | Contractor |
| ground level. No tracked or wheeled mechanised | | with the | | | | |
| equipment must be used; | | specification. | | | | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| - Alternative methods of stringing which limit impact to | Contractor | Identify and | During the | cEO | Weekly | Implementation |
| the environment must always be considered e.g. by | | implement the | Construction | | | of identified |
| hand or by using a helicopter; | | stringing method | Phase | | | method of |
| | | with the least | | | | stringing with the |
| | | environmental | | | | least |
| | | impact | | | | environmental |
| | | | | | | impact |
| - Where the stringing operation crosses a public or | Contractor | Identify prior to | Pre-construction | ECO | Monthly, and as | Proof of |
| private road or railway line, the necessary scaffolding/ | | construction | & Construction | | and when | implementation |
| protection measures must be installed to facilitate | | areas where | | | required | of protection |
| access. If, for any reason, such access has to be closed | | protection | | | | measures and |
| for any period(s) during development, the persons | | measures will be | | | | proof of written |
| affected must be given reasonable notice, in writing; | | required during | | | | notice to |
| | | stringing. Where | | | | affected parties |
| | | access is to be | | | | must be |
| | | restricted | | | | provided by the |
| | | timeous written | | | | Contractor |
| | | notice must be | | | | |
| | | provided to the | | | | |
| | | affected parties | | | | |
| - No services (electrical distribution lines, telephone | Contractor in | Avoid the | During the | ECO | Monthly, and as | No disruption of |
| lines, roads, railways lines, pipelines, fences etc.) must | consultation with | damaging or | Construction | | and when | services occurs. |
| be damaged because of stringing operations. Where | the cEO, DPM | disturbance of | Phase | | required | Where disruption |
| disruption to services is unavoidable, persons affected | and dEO | existing services. | | | | occurs proof of |
| must be given reasonable notice, in writing; | | Where services | | | | written notice to |
| | | will be disrupted | | | | affected parties |
| | | timeous notice | | | | must be |
| | | must be | | | | provided by the |
| | | provided to the | | | | Contractor |
| | | affected parties | | | | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|---------------|------------|-------------|-----------|------------|----|
| | Responsible | Method of | | for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence | of |
| | person | implementation | implementatio | n | person | | compliance | |
| - Where stringing operations cross cultivated land, | Not Applicable | | | | | | | |
| damage to crops is restricted to the minimum required | | | | | | | | |
| to conduct stringing operations, and reasonable | | | | | | | | |
| notice (10 workdays minimum), in writing, must be | | | | | | | | |
| provided to the landowner; | | | | | | | | |
| Necessary scaffolding protection measures must be | Not Applicable | | | | | | | |
| installed to prevent damage to the structures | | | | | | | | |
| supporting certain high value agricultural areas such | | | | | | | | |
| as vineyards, orchards, nurseries. | | | | | | | | |

5.29 Socio-economic

Impact management outcome: Socio-economic development is enhanced.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|----------------|------------------|------------------|-------------|-------------------|------------------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| Develop and implement communication strategies to | dEO / cEO | Identify and | Pre-construction | ECO | Once, prior to | Communication | |
| facilitate public participation; | | implement | & Construction | | the | is undertaken as | |
| | | appropriate | | | commencemen | per the | |
| | | strategies for | | | t of construction | identified | |
| | | communication | | | and monthly | strategies and | |
| | | with the | | | during the | no complaints | |
| | | communities | | | construction | are submitted | |
| | | through | | | | regarding | |
| | | consideration of | | | | communication | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|----------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------|-------------------|------------------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| | | the community | | | | | |
| | | needs | | | | | |
| - Develop and implement a collaborative and | Contractor | Develop and | Pre-construction | ECO | Once, prior to | Conflict | |
| constructive approach to conflict resolution as part of | | implement a | & Construction | | the | resolution is | |
| the external stakeholder engagement process; | | Grievance | | | commencemen | undertaken in | |
| | | Mechanism | | | t of construction | line with the | |
| | | which considers | | | and monthly | requirements of | |
| | | the community | | | during the | the Grievance | |
| | | needs and | | | construction | Mechanism. No | |
| | | provides | | | phase | complaints on | |
| | | procedures for | | | | conflict | |
| | | conflict | | | | resolution is | |
| | | resolution | | | | submitted by the | |
| | | | | | | community | |
| - Sustain continuous communication and liaison with | Contractor | Develop and | Pre-construction | ECO | Once, prior to | Communication | |
| neighbouring owners and residents | | implement a | & Construction | | the | / liaison with | |
| | | Grievance | | | commencemen | neighbouring | |
| | | Mechanism that | | | t of construction | landowners and | |
| | | provides | | | and monthly | residents are | |
| | | procedures for | | | during the | undertaken in | |
| | | communication | | | construction | line with the | |
| | | / liaison with | | | phase | requirements of | |
| | | neighbouring | | | | the Grievance | |
| | | landowners and | | | | Mechanism. No | |
| | | residents | | | | complaints on | |
| | | | | | | communication | |
| | | | | | | with | |
| | | | | | | neighbouring | |
| | | | | | | landowners and | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|--|----------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| | | | | | | residents is | |
| | | | | | | submitted | |
| - Create work and training opportunities for local | Contractor | Develop and | Pre-construction | ECO | Once, prior to | The "locals first" | |
| stakeholders; and | | implement a | & Construction | | the | policy is | |
| | | "locals first" | | | commencemen | considered in | |
| | | policy for the | | | t of construction | terms of the | |
| | | provision of | | | and monthly | employment | |
| | | employment | | | during the | and training | |
| | | opportunities | | | construction | opportunities | |
| | | | | | phase | | |
| - Where feasible, no workers, with the exception of | Contractor | Ensure no | Construction | ECO | Throughout | No workers | |
| security personnel, must be permitted to stay over- | | workers are | | | construction | remaining on site | |
| night on the site. This would reduce the risk to local | | permitted to stay | | | | over night | |
| farmers. | | overnight on the | | | | | |
| | | site | | | | | |

5.30 Temporary closure of site

Impact management outcome: Minimise the risk of environmental impact during periods of site closure greater than five days.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|----------------|------------------|----------------|-------------|------------------|------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| - Bunds must be emptied (where applicable) and need | Contractor | Regular | During the | ECO | Prior to site | Bunds are |
| to be undertaken in accordance with the impact | | emptying of the | Construction | | closure for more | emptied as per |
| management actions included in sections 5.17: | | bunds must be | Phase | | than 05 days | the requirements |
| | | undertaken. This | | | | listed under |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|--|----------------|--------------------|----------------|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| management of hazardous substances and 5.18 | | must be | | | | sections 5.17 | |
| workshop, equipment maintenance and storage; | | undertaken as | | | | and 5.18 | |
| | | per the | | | | | |
| | | requirements | | | | | |
| | | listed in sections | | | | | |
| | | 5.17 and 5.18 | | | | | |
| Hazardous storage areas must be well ventilated; | Contractor | Install | During the | ECO | Prior to site | Effective | |
| | | appropriate | construction | | closure for more | ventilation is | |
| | | ventilation in all | phase | | than 05 days | installed in | |
| | | hazardous | | | | hazardous | |
| | | storage areas | | | | storage areas | |
| - Fire extinguishers must be serviced and accessible. | Contractor / | Ensure fire | During the | ECO | Prior to site | Signage placed | |
| Service records to be filed and audited at last service; | cEO | extinguishers are | Construction | | closure for more | indicating | |
| | | serviced, as | Phase | | than 05 days | location of fire | |
| | | required and are | | | | extinguishers | |
| | | easily accessible | | | | and service | |
| | | with appropriate | | | | records | |
| | | signage | | | | | |
| | | indicating | | | | | |
| | | location. Ensure | | | | | |
| | | service records | | | | | |
| | | are kept up to | | | | | |
| | | date and filed | | | | | |
| Emergency and contact details must be displayed; | Contractor / | Place | During the | ECO | Prior to site | Photographic | |
| | cEO | emergency and | Construction | | closure for more | proof of contact | |
| | | contact details | Phase | | than 05 days | details on | |
| | | which are | | | | display | |
| | | readily available | | | | | |
| | | and easily | | | | | |
| | | accessible | | | | | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|--|---|-------------------------------------|-------------|---|---|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| Security personnel must be briefed and have the facilities to contact or be contacted by relevant management and emergency personnel; | Contractor in consultation with the ECO | Hold a workshop with all security personnel to provide a brief of the project and security requirements. Provide facilities in order to contact management and emergency personnel | Pre-construction & construction | ECO | Prior to site closure for more than 05 days | Proof of the workshop held must be kept on file by the contractor. |
| Night hazards such as reflectors, lighting, traffic signage etc. must have been checked; | Contractor | Regular checks of night hazards must be undertaken | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Prior to site closure for more than 05 days | Proof of checks of night hazards must be provided by the contractor |
| Fire hazards identified and the local authority must have been notified of any potential threats e.g. large brush stockpiles, fuels etc.; | CEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO | Identify any potential fire hazards and notify the relevant local authority | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Prior to site closure for more than 05 days | Proof of notification of the fire hazards to the local authority must be provided by the Contractor |
| Structures vulnerable to high winds must be secured; | Contractor | Ensure structures vulnerable to wind are secure prior to site closure | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Prior to site closure for more than 05 days | Structures vulnerable to wind are secured prior to site closure |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|----------------|--------------------|----------------|-------------|------------------|-------------------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| Wind and dust mitigation must be implemented; | Contractor | Implement wind | During the | ECO | Prior to site | Wind and dust | |
| | | and dust | Construction | | closure for more | mitigation is | |
| | | mitigation prior | Phase | | than 05 days | implemented | |
| | | to site closure | | | | prior to site | |
| | | | | | | closure | |
| Cement and materials stores must have been secured; | Contractor | Ensure cement | During the | ECO | Prior to site | Cement and | |
| | | and material | Construction | | closure for more | material stores | |
| | | stores are | Phase | | than 05 days | are secured prior | |
| | | secured prior to | | | | to site closure | |
| | | site closure | | | | | |
| Toilets must have been emptied and secured; | Contractor | Ensure toilets are | During the | ECO | Prior to site | Toilets are | |
| | | emptied and | Construction | | closure for more | emptied and | |
| | | secured prior to | Phase | | than 05 days | secured prior to | |
| | | site closure | | | | site closure | |
| Refuse bins must have been emptied and secured; | Contractor | Ensure refuse | During the | ECO | Prior to site | refuse bins are | |
| | | bins are emptied | Construction | | closure for more | emptied and | |
| | | and secured | Phase | | than 05 days | secured prior to | |
| | | prior to site | | | | site closure | |
| | | closure | | | | | |
| Drip trays must have been emptied and secured. | Contractor | Ensure drip trays | During the | ECO | Prior to site | Drip trays are | |
| | | are emptied | Construction | | closure for more | emptied and | |
| | | and secured | Phase | | than 05 days | secured prior to | |
| | | prior to site | | | | site closure | |
| | | closure | | | | | |

5.31 Landscaping and rehabilitation

Impact management outcome: Areas disturbed during the development phase are returned to a state that approximates the original condition.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|--|---|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|--|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance | |
| All areas disturbed by construction activities must be subject to landscaping and rehabilitation; All spoil and waste must be disposed to a registered waste site and certificates of disposal provided; | Contractor | Develop and implement a rehabilitation plan for the rehabilitation of all disturbed areas. Dispose of all spoil and waste at a licensed waste disposal facility | Pre-construction & Rehabilitation | cEO | Weekly | Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas is undertaken as per the rehabilitation plan. All certificates of waste disposal at licensed facilities are available. | |
| All slopes must be assessed for contouring, and to contour only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983 | Contractor in consultation with the ECO | Assess all slopes and determine whether contouring is required | Rehabilitation | cEO | Weekly | All slopes are assessed and contoured as required | |
| All slopes must be assessed for terracing, and to terrace only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983; | Contractor in consultation with the ECO | Assess all slopes and determine whether terracing is required | Rehabilitation | cEO | Weekly | All slopes are assessed and terraced as required | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|--------------------|---|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| Berms that have been created must have a slope of 1:4 and be replanted with indigenous species and grasses that approximates the original condition; | Contractor | Ensure all berms have a slope of 1:4 and is replanted with indigenous species and grasses | Rehabilitation | CEO | Weekly | All berms have a slope of 1:4 and is replanted with indigenous species and grasses |
| Where new access roads have crossed cultivated farmlands, that lands must be rehabilitated by ripping which must be agreed to by the holder of the EA and the landowners; | Not applicable | | | | | · |
| Rehabilitation of tower sites and access roads outside of farmland; | Contractor | Implement appropriate rehabilitation measures | Rehabilitation | cEO | Weekly | Appropriate rehabilitation undertaken at tower sites and along access roads |
| Indigenous species must be used for with species and/grasses to where it compliments or approximates the original condition; | Contractor | Make use of indigenous species for rehabilitation | Rehabilitation | CEO | Weekly | Indigenous species are used for rehabilitation |
| Stockpiled topsoil must be used for rehabilitation (refer to Section 5.24: Stockpiling and stockpiled areas); | Contractor | Ensure stockpiled topsoil is used as per the requirements listed under section 5.24 | Rehabilitation | CEO | Weekly | Stockpiled topsoil is used as per the requirements listed under section 5.24 |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|--------------------|--|------------------------------|--------------------|---|---|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| Stockpiled topsoil must be evenly spread so as to facilitate seeding and minimise loss of soil due to erosion; | Contractor | Ensure that topsoil is spread evenly | Rehabilitation | cEO | Weekly | Topsoil is spread evenly |
| Before placing topsoil, all visible weeds from the placement area and from the topsoil must be removed; | Contractor | Remove all visible weeds from placement area and topsoil before spreading the topsoil | Rehabilitation | CEO | Weekly | No weeds are visible in the placement area or the topsoil |
| Subsoil must be ripped before topsoil is placed; | Contractor | Undertake the ripping of subsoil prior to the spreading of topsoil | Rehabilitation | cEO | Weekly | Subsoil is ripped before topsoil is placed |
| The rehabilitation must be timed so that rehabilitation can take place at the optimal time for vegetation establishment; | Contractor | Plan the timeframe for rehabilitation in order to undertake vegetation planting during the optimal time for vegetation establishment | Rehabilitation | ECO | At the start of rehabilitation to confirm correct timeframe | Rehabilitation is undertaken during the optimal time |
| Where impacted through construction related activity, all sloped areas must be stabilised to ensure proper rehabilitation is affected and erosion is controlled; | Contractor | All disturbed slope areas must be stabilised | Rehabilitation | cEO | Weekly | Disturbed slopes are stabilised sufficiently |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| Sloped areas stabilised using design structures or vegetation as specified in the design to prevent erosion of embankments. The contract design specifications must be adhered to and implemented strictly; | Contractor | Stabilise slopes as per the design specifications | Pre-construction & Rehabilitation | CEO | Weekly | Slopes are stabilised as per the design specifications |
| Spoil can be used for backfilling or landscaping as long as it is covered by a minimum of 150 mm of topsoil. | Contractor | Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements | Rehabilitation | CEO | Weekly | Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor |
| Where required, re-vegetation including hydroseeding can be enhanced using a vegetation seed mixture as described below. A mixture of seed can be used provided the mixture is carefully selected to ensure the following: a) Annual and perennial plants are chosen; b) Pioneer species are included; c) Species chosen must be indigenous to the area with the seeds used coming from the area; d) Root systems must have a binding effect on the soil; e) The final product must not cause an ecological imbalance in the area | Contractor in consultation with a suitably qualified specialist | Make use of a suitable vegetation seed mixture should enhancement be required | Rehabilitation | ECO | As and when required | Use of a suitable vegetation seed mixture if required |

6 ACCESS TO THE GENERIC EMPr

Once completed and signed, to allow the public access to the generic EMPr, the holder of the EA must make the EMPr available to the public in accordance with the requirements of regulation 26(h) of the EIA Regulations.

7 SITE SPECIFIC INFORMATION AND DECLARATION

7.1 Sub-section 1: contact details and description of the project

7.1.1. Details of the applicant

| Applicant Name | South Africa Mainstream Renewable Power Developments (Pty) Ltd |
|------------------|--|
| Contact Person | Eugene Marais |
| Physical Address | 4 th Floor Mariendahl House Newlands on Main, Cnr Main and Campground Road Claremont Cape Town 7708 |
| Postal Address | PO Box 45063 Claremont 7735 |
| Telephone | 021 657 4052 |
| Fax | 021 671 5665 |
| Cell | 073 871 5781 |
| Email Address | eugene.marais@mainstreamrp.com |

7.1.2 Details and expertise of the Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP)

| EAP Name | Jo-Anne Thomas |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| EAP Qualifications | M.Sc. Botany |
| Professional Affiliation/Registration | Registered Professional Natural Scientist with the South African Council for Natural Scientific Professions (SACNASP) Registered EAP with the Environmental Assessment Practitioners Association of South Africa (EAPASA) |
| Physical Address | First Floor, Block 2 5 Woodlands Drive Office Park Cnr Woodlands Drive & Western Service Road Woodmead 2191 |
| Telephone | 011 656 3237 |
| Fax | 086 684 0547 |
| Cell | 082 775 5628 |
| Email Address | joanne@savannahsa.com |

7.1.3. Project Details

Project Name: Electric Grid Infrastructure (EGI) for the 100MWac Rondavel Photovoltaic (PV) Solar Energy Facility and associated infrastructure, near Kroonstad, Free State Province

7.1.4. Project Description

South Africa Mainstream Renewable Power Developments (Pty) Ltd is proposing the development of Electrical Grid Infrastructure (EGI) for the Rondavel Photovoltaic (PV) Solar Energy Facility (SEF) ~7km south-west of Kroonstad, Free State Province, in order to connect the proposed Rondavel PV SEF to the national electricity grid.

Three (3) alternative corridors, with varying widths of up to 320m and two (2) alternative substation locations are assessed as part of this BA process. Regardless of which alternative corridor is approved, a 4-6m wide servitude service road under the power line is also required. The EGI corridor alternatives vary in length from ~2.33km (Alternative 1 - Preferred), to ~6.11km (Alternative 2) and ~3.68km (Alternative 3).

The Electrical Grid Infrastructure required includes a 132kV double- or single-circuit overhead power line and an on-site 33/132kV substation and will connect to the national grid via either a loop-in loop-out connection into the existing Kroonstad Municipality – Kroonstad Switching Station 1 132kV power line near the site, or a direct connection to the existing Kroonstad Municipality 132kV/66kV substation, depending on which alternative is approved.

A summary of the details and dimensions of the proposed EGI is provided in Table 1.

Table 1: Details of the proposed EGI for the Rondavel SEF

| Infrastructure | Footprint, dimensions, and details |
|--|--|
| Corridor width (for assessment purposes) | Three grid connection alternative corridors have been identified for the assessment and placement of the grid connection infrastructure. The grid connection corridors have varying widths of up to 320m in width to allow for avoidance of environmental sensitivities, and suitable placement within the corridor. |
| Power line capacity | 132kV (single- or double-circuit) |
| Tower height | Up to 32m |
| Power line servitude width | Up to 40m |
| Length of the proposed power line/s | Alternative 1 : On-site substation directly connecting into the existing Kroonstad Municipality – Kroonstad Switching Station 1 132kV power line. This route is ~2.33km long [PREFERRED]. |
| | Alternative 2: On-site substation directly connecting to the existing Kroonstad Municipality 132kV/66kV substation. This route is ~6.11km long. |
| | Alternative 3 : On-site substation directly connecting into the existing Kroonstad Municipality – Kroonstad Switching Station 1 132kV power line. This route is ~3.68km long. |

| Infrastructure | Footprint, dimensions, and details |
|------------------------------------|--|
| A description and coordinates of | The EGI proposed for authorisation, including all infrastructure |
| the corridor in which the proposed | associated with the project, will be contained within the |
| activity or activities is to be | coordinates provided for in Appendix Q of the BA Report |
| undertaken | |
| | |

7.1.5 Project location:

The Rondavel EGI is located ~7km south-west of Kroonstad in the Free State Province within the Fezile Dabi District, in the Moghaka Local Municipality, on the following affected properties:

- » Farm Rondavel No. 627 (Remaining Extent, Portion 1 and Portion 0);
- » Farm Boschplaat No. 330 (Remaining Extent);
- » Farm Salie No. 1837 (Remaining Extent);
- » Farm Rondavel-Noord No. 1475 (Remaining Extent);
- » Farm Naseby Thorns No. 288 (Portion 1);
- » Farm Leeuwkrantz No. 1384 (Portion 0);
- » Farm Dorp Gronden Van Kroonstadt No. 460 (Remaining Extent, Portion 225 and Portion 226); and
- » Farm Waterloo No. 1383 (Remaining Extent).

It should be noted that Eskom requirements for work in or near Eskom servitudes will be adhered to, and all applicable Eskom standards shall be applied.

7.2 Sub-section 2: Development footprint site map

This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout. The sensitivity map must be prepared from the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g., raptor nest, threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features in the surrounding landscape. The overhead transmission and distribution profile shall be illustrated at an appropriate resolution to enable fine scale interrogation. It is recommended that <20 km of overhead transmission and distribution length is illustrated per page in A3 landscape format. Where considered appropriate, photographs of sensitive features in the context of tower positions shall be used.

<u>The national web-based environmental screening tool was utilised for this project and the grid connection corridor sensitivity maps can be seen in Figures 3 to 14. The site-specific environmental sensitivity map included in the BA Report is included as Figure 2.</u>

Site Sensitivity

» Ecological features:

* All wetland features were deemed very high ecological sensitivity and a 30m no-go buffer around them is recommended.

* Dolerite outcrops and Acacia karroo – Asparagus laricinus Shrub-Grassland were considered to be of medium sensitivity.

» Freshwater features:

* All wetland features are deemed high sensitivity and a 30m no-go buffer around them is recommended. These are considered no-go regions.

» Avifaunal features:

High sensitivity – Mark with Bird Flight Diverters: Flight paths associated with surface water.

* Rivers and drainage lines are used by birds as flight paths, particularly waterbirds that commute up and down channels. Dams are also a large attraction for waterbirds, and birds commuting between dams may be at risk of collisions.

» Palaeontological features:

* Although no palaeontological resources were identified within the development area, the palaeontological sensitivity of the study area is rated as high to very high for all corridor and substation alternatives. It is therefore recommended that palaeontological monitoring of excavations takes place during the construction phase of the grid connection infrastructure.

» Heritage features:

* A heritage resource with a grading of IIIA (RDW002) was identified within the development area for the Rondavel SEF and on-site substation. It is recommended that a no-go buffer of 100m be implemented around these identified stone piles.

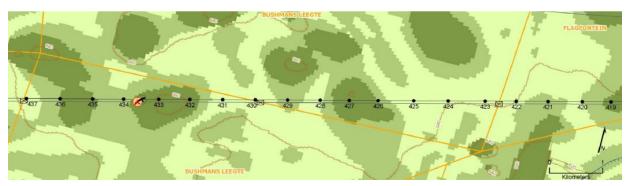


Figure 1: Example of an environmental sensitivity map in the context of a final overhead transmission and distribution profile

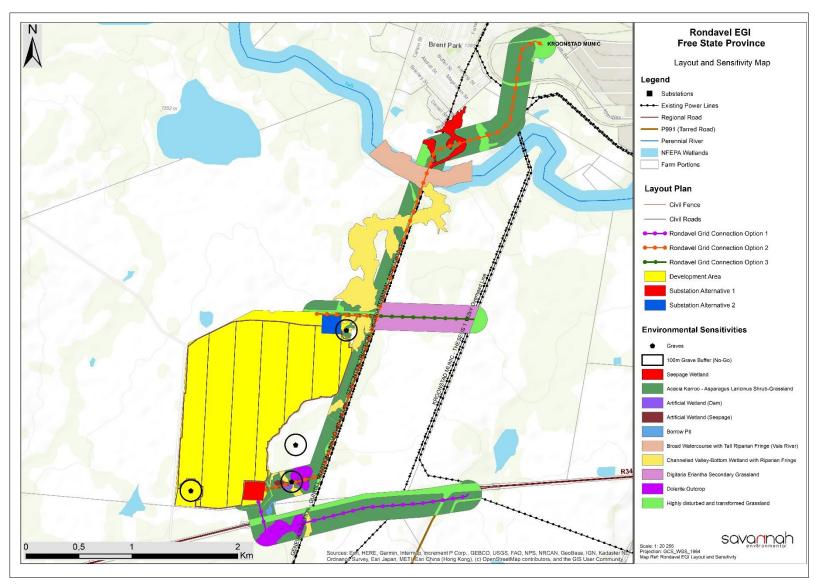


Figure 1: Environmental sensitivity map of the power line corridors.

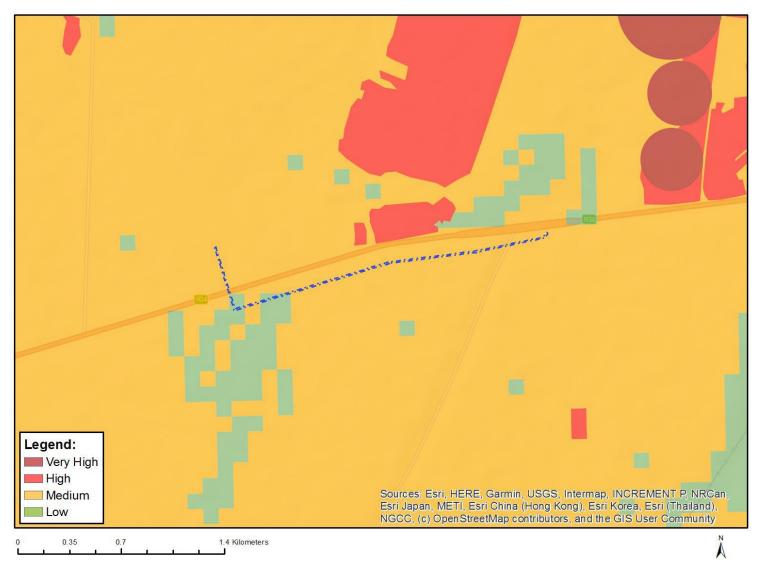


Figure 3: Map of relative agriculture theme sensitivity – Option 1

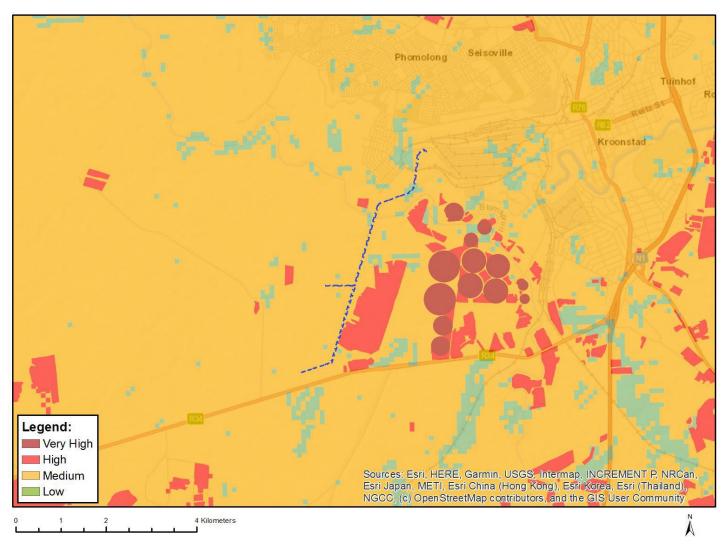


Figure 4: Map of relative agriculture theme sensitivity – Option 2

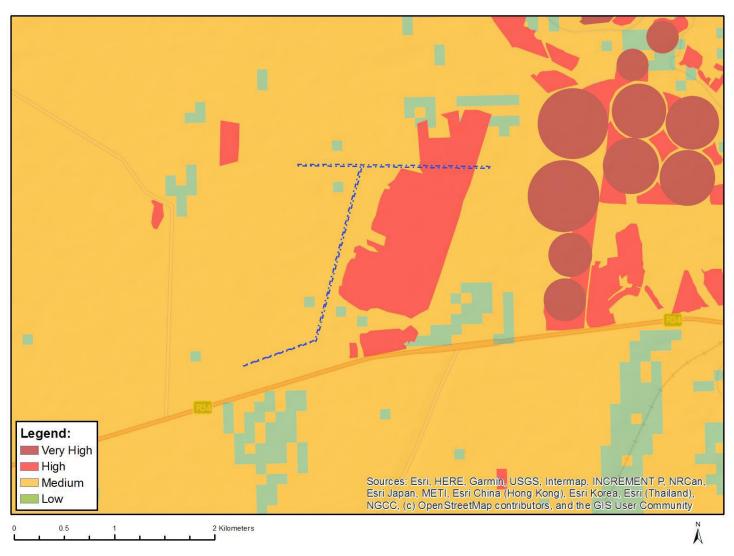


Figure 5: Map of relative agriculture theme sensitivity – Option 3

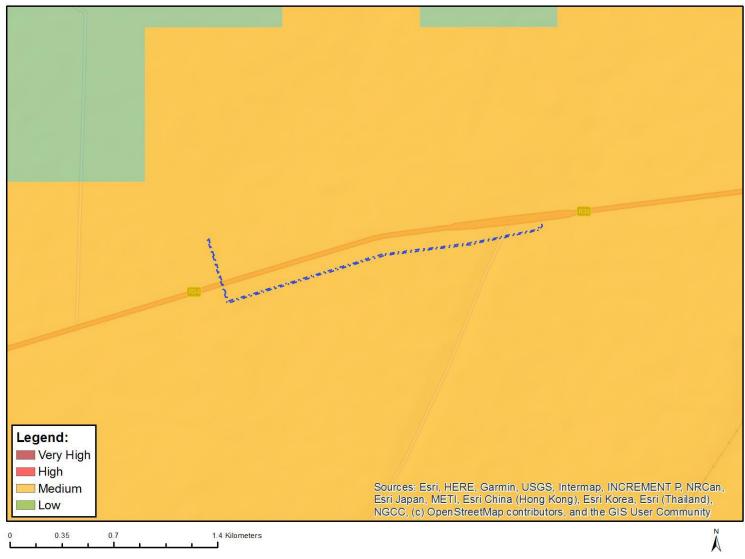


Figure 6: Map of relative animal species theme sensitivity – Option 1

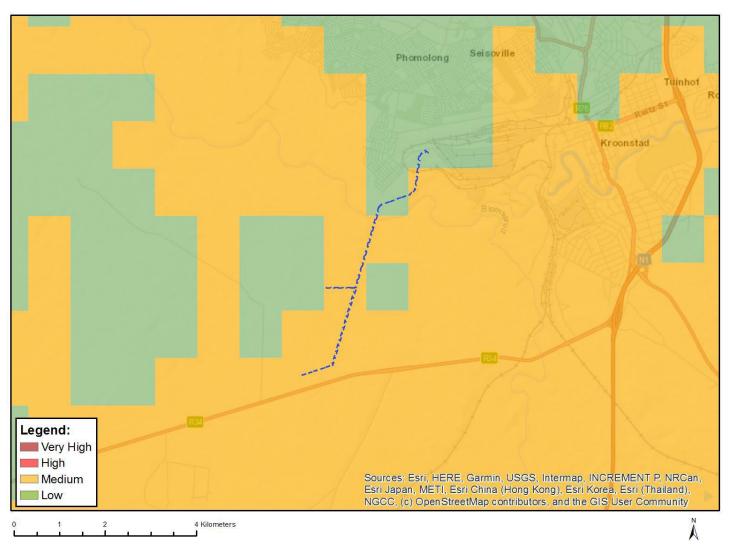


Figure 7: Map of relative animal species theme sensitivity – Option 2

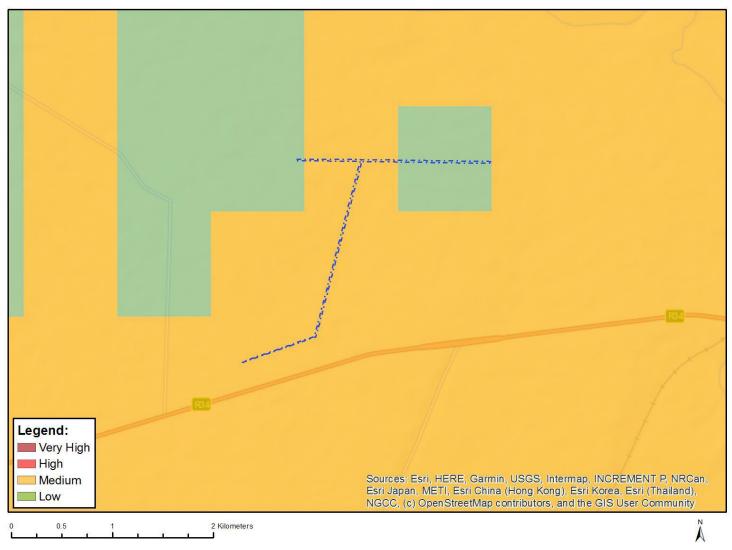


Figure 8: Map of relative animal species theme sensitivity – Option 3

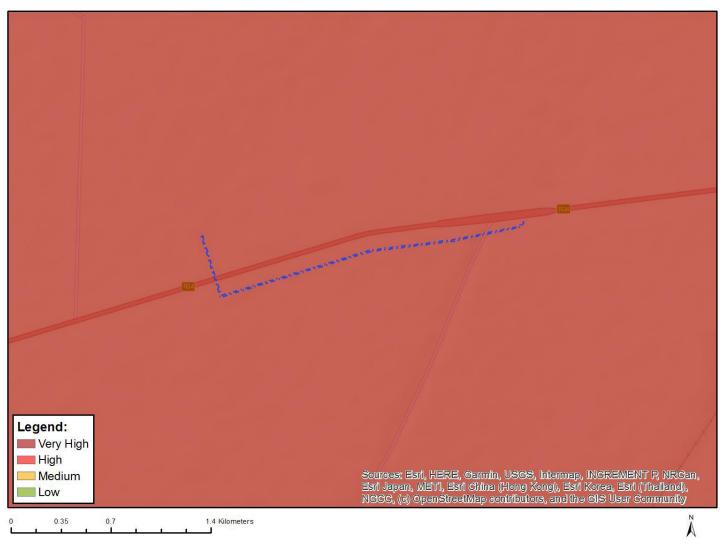


Figure 9: Map of relative aquatic biodiversity theme sensitivity – Option 1

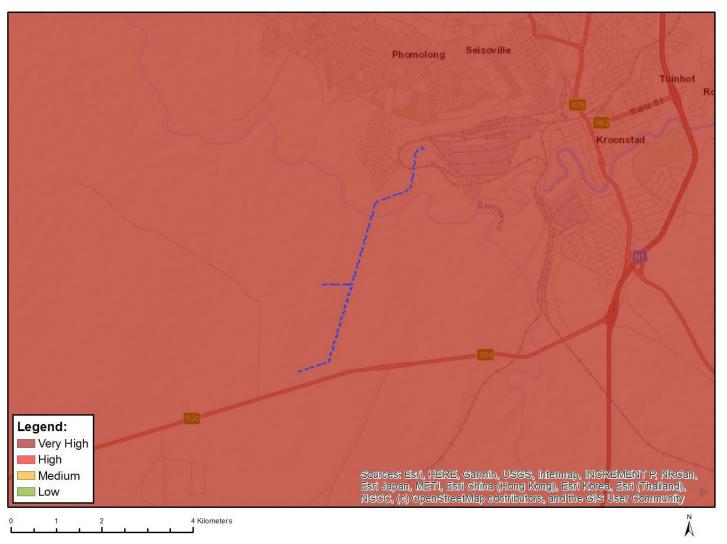


Figure 10: Map of relative aquatic biodiversity theme sensitivity – Option 2

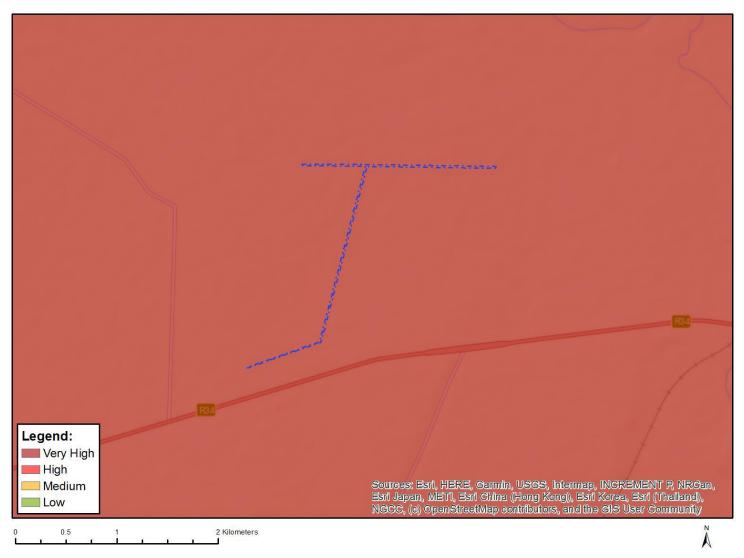


Figure 11: Map of relative aquatic biodiversity theme sensitivity – Option 3



Figure 12: Map of relative archaeological and cultural heritage theme sensitivity - Option 1

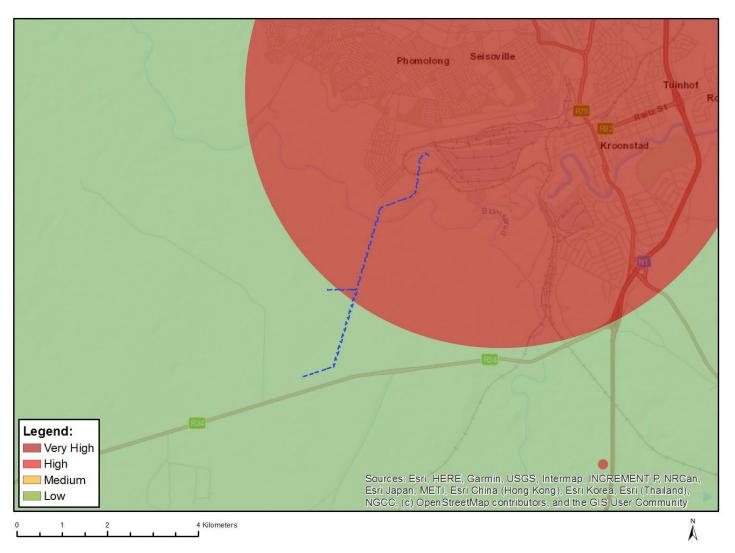


Figure 13: Map of relative archaeological and cultural heritage theme sensitivity – Option 2

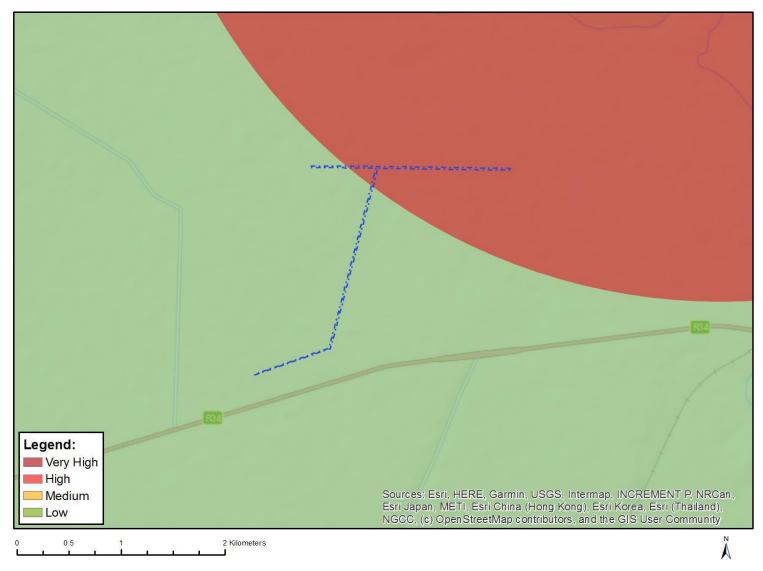


Figure 14: Map of relative archaeological and cultural heritage theme sensitivity – Option 3

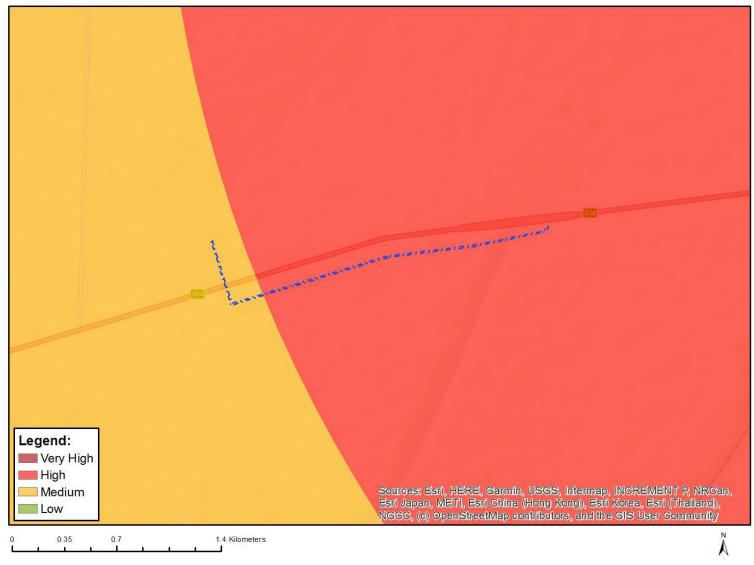


Figure 15: Map of relative civil aviation theme sensitivity – Option 1

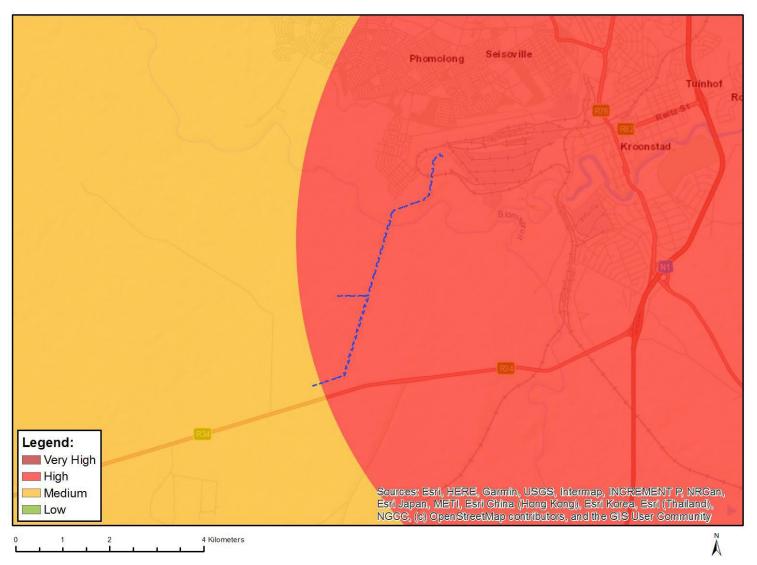


Figure 16: Map of relative civil aviation theme sensitivity – Option 2

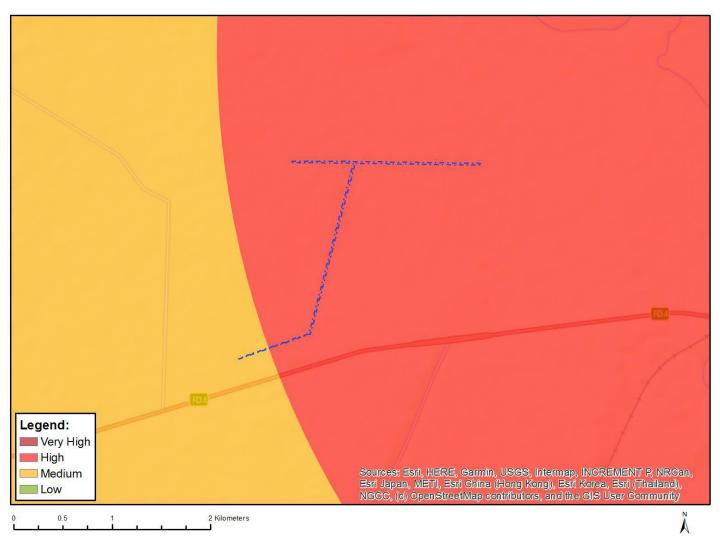


Figure 17: Map of relative civil aviation theme sensitivity – Option 3



Figure 18: Map of relative defence theme sensitivity – Option 1

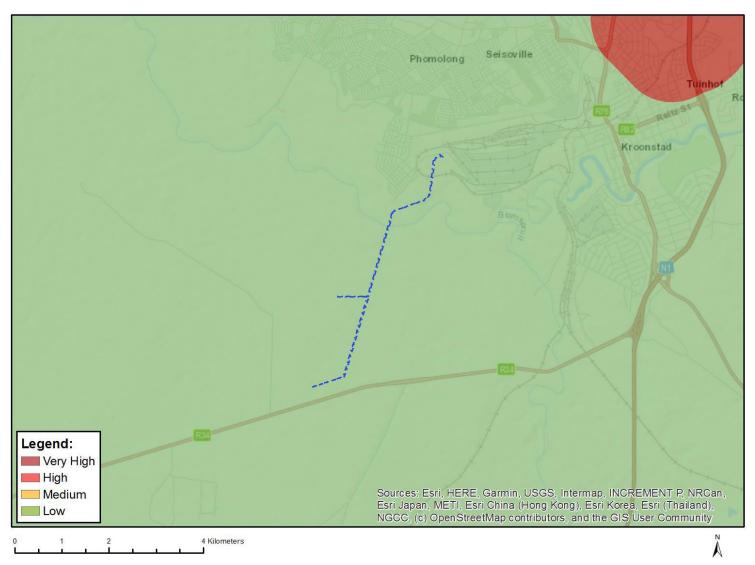


Figure 19: Map of relative defence theme sensitivity – Option 2

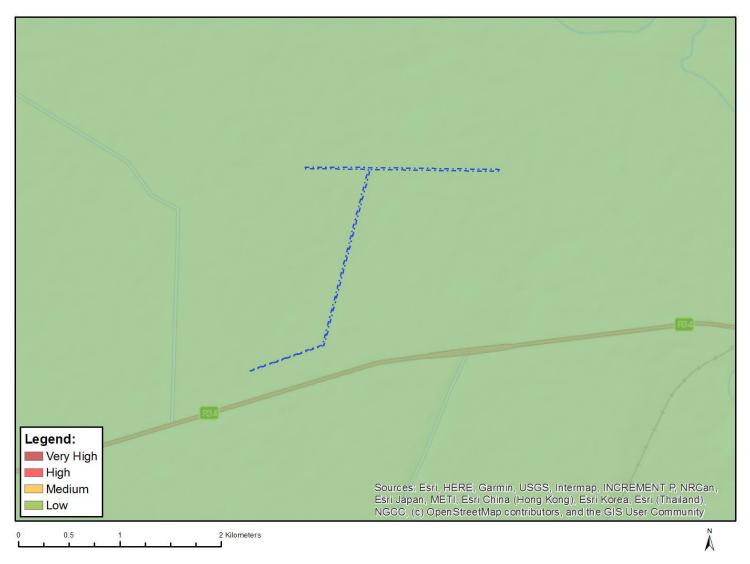


Figure 20: Map of relative defence theme sensitivity – Option 3

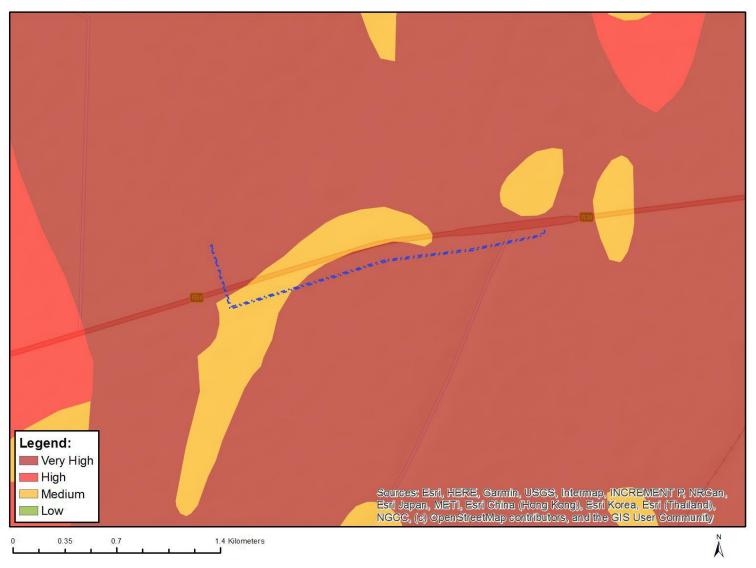


Figure 21: Map of relative palaeontology theme sensitivity – Option 1

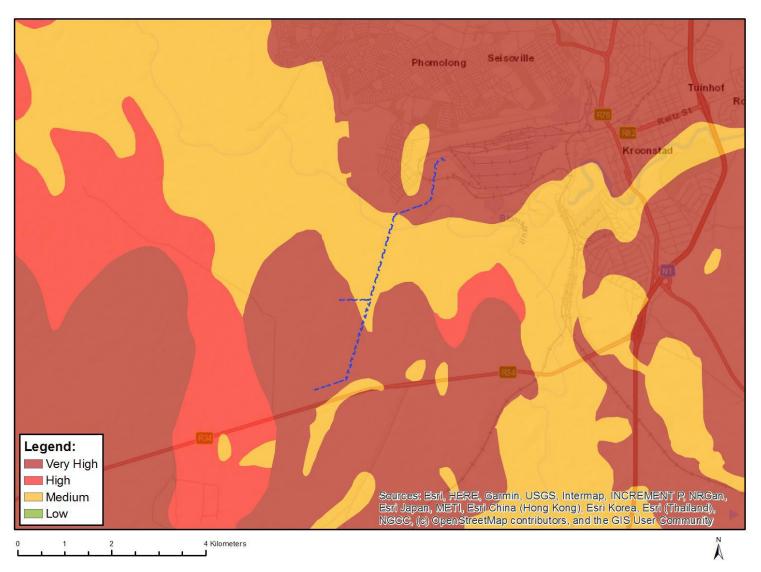


Figure 22: Map of relative palaeontology theme sensitivity – Option 2

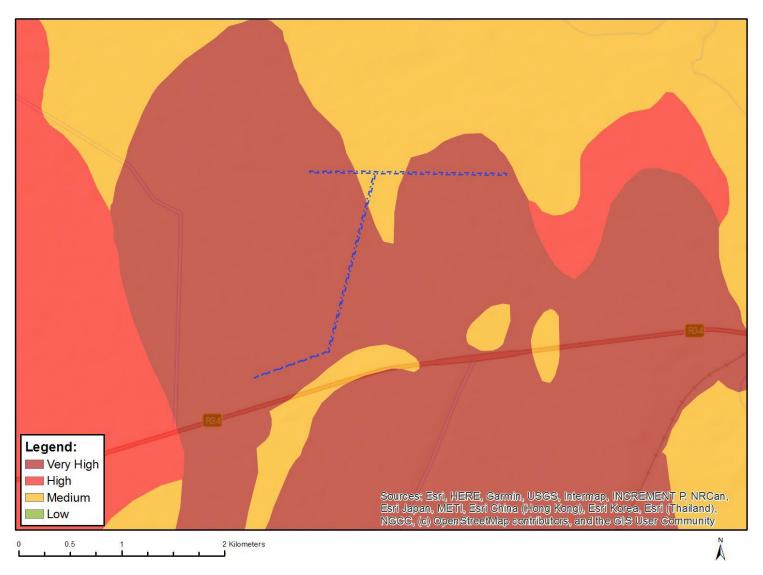


Figure 23: Map of relative palaeontology theme sensitivity – Option 3

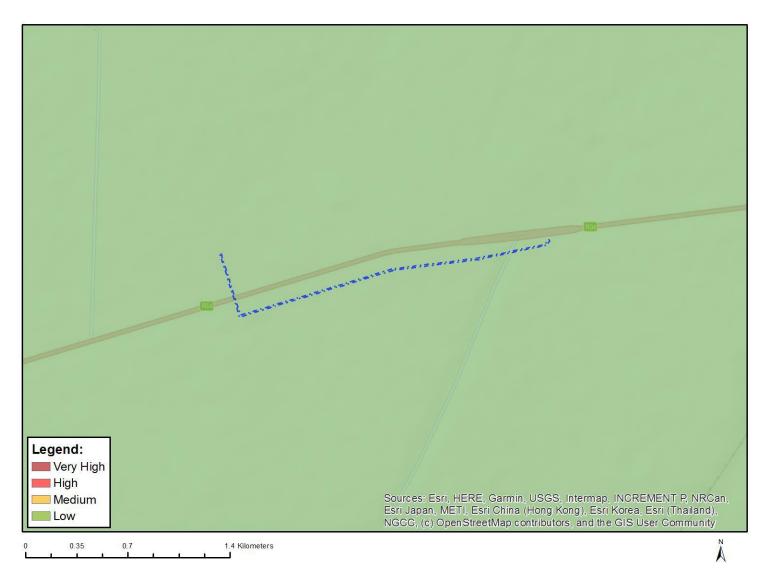


Figure 24: Map of relative plant species theme sensitivity - Option 1

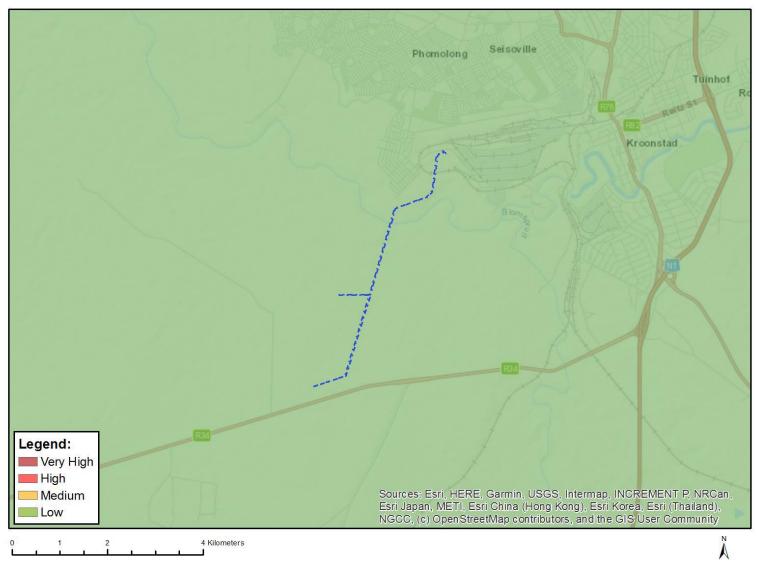


Figure 25: Map of relative plant species theme sensitivity – Option 2

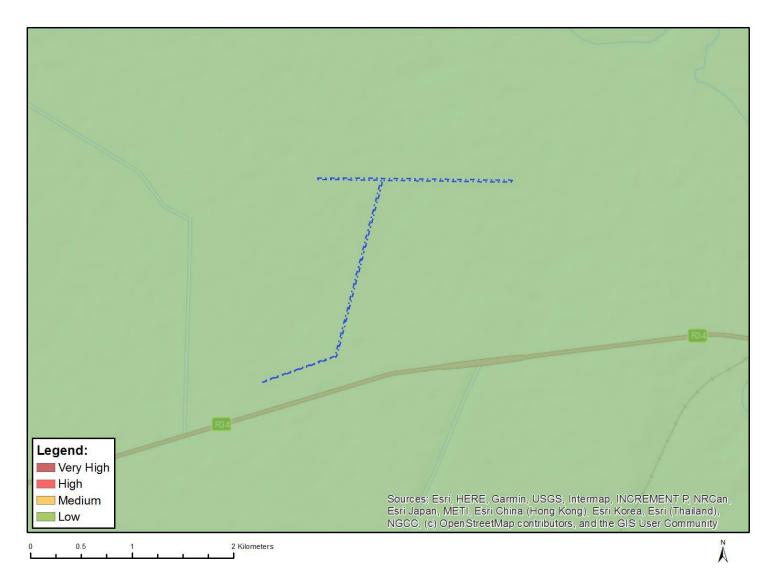


Figure 26: Map of relative plant species theme sensitivity – Option 3

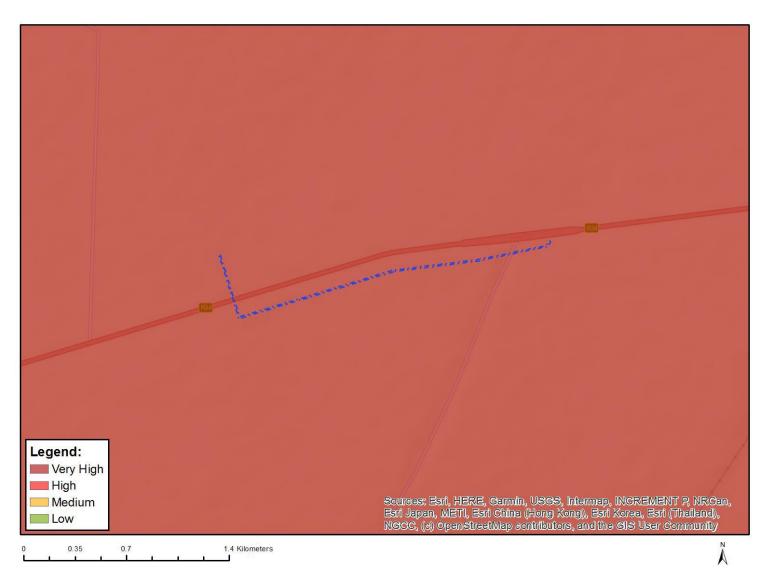


Figure 27: Map of relative terrestrial biodiversity theme sensitivity – Option 1

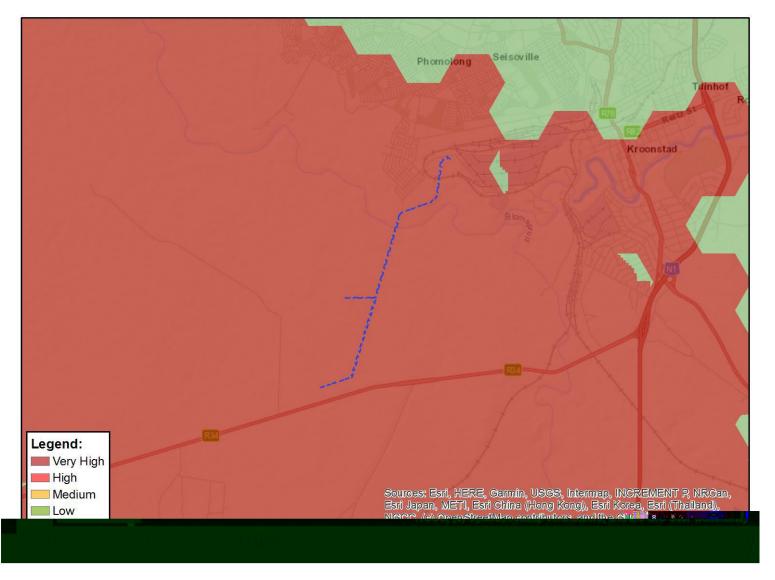


Figure 28: Map of relative terrestrial biodiversity theme sensitivity – Option 2

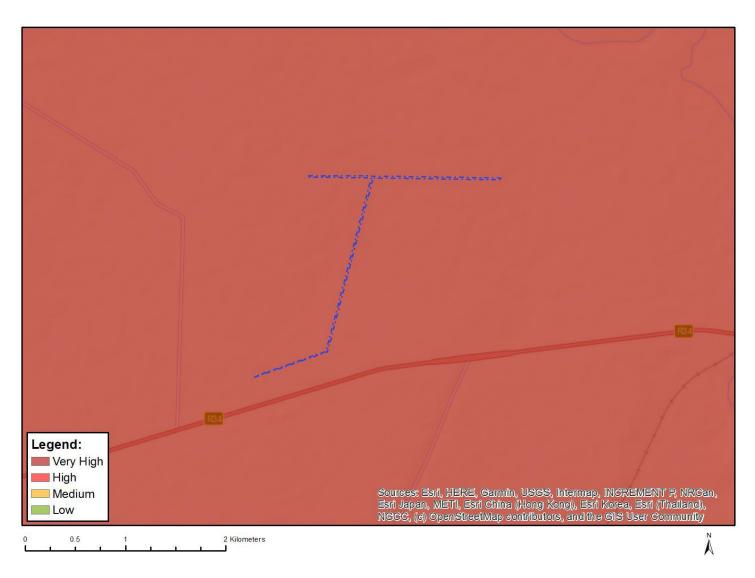


Figure 29: Map of relative terrestrial biodiversity theme sensitivity – Option 3

7.3 Sub-section 3: Declaration

The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will abide and comply with the prescribed impact management outcomes and impact management actions as stipulated in <u>part B: section 1</u> of the generic EMPr and have the understanding that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding. The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will provide written notice to the CA 14 days prior to the date on which the activity will commence of commencement of construction to facilitate compliance inspections.

| Signature Proponent/applicant/ holder of EA | Date: |
|---|-------|
| | |
| | |
| | |

This declaration will be signed by the proponent/applicant/holder of the EA once the contractor is appointed and has provided inputs to this Generic EMPr as per the requirements of this template.

The contractor would be required to develop the following site-specific plans in accordance with the specialist recommendation contained in Section C of this EMPr:

- » Alien Invasive Plant Eradication and Management Plan
- » Open Space Management Plan
- » Storm Water Management Plan
- » Erosion Control Management Plan
- » <u>Waste Management Plan</u>
- » Rehabilitation Plan

7.4 Sub-section 4: amendments to site specific information (Part B; section 2)

Should the EA be transferred to a new holder, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new holder and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of Regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted for an amendment to an environmental authorisation will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

8 SITE SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

If any specific environmental sensitivities/attributes are present on the site which require more specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr template, to manage impacts, those impact management outcomes and actions must be included in this section. These specific management controls must be referenced spatially and must include impact management outcomes and impact management actions. The management controls including impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the pre-approved generic EMPr template. This applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary.

If <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the development as authorised in the EA, it is required to be submitted to the CA together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP and the name and expertise of the EAP, including the curriculum vitae are to be included. Once approved, <u>Part C</u> forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.

This section will **not be required** should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes.

CONSTRUCTION PHASE OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS

7.1. Avifauna

Impact management outcome: Minimise the displacement of priority species due to disturbance associated with construction of the Rondavel Electrical Grid Infrastructure (EGI).

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|--------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| Construction activity should be restricted to the immediate footprint of the infrastructure. | cEO, Contractor | Visual inspection of the construction activities to observe whether they remain within the defined footprint area | Duration of construction phase | ECO | Monthly | No evidence of construction activity outside the immediate footprint of the infrastructure |
| Access to the remainder of the site should be strictly controlled to prevent unnecessary disturbance of priority species. | cEO, Contractor | Demarcate sensitive areas to restrict access to these areas | Duration of construction phase | ECO | Monthly | Sensitive areas appropriately demarcated and fenced off for the duration of the construction phase |
| Measures to control noise and dust should be applied according to current best practice in the industry. | Contractor | Ensure that noise limits do not exceed acceptable limits and identify and | Duration of construction phase | ECO | Monthly | Dust and noise control measures evident during audit. No noise or dust related |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|-----------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| | | implement | | | | complaints |
| | | suitable dust | | | | received |
| | | control | | | | |
| | | measures | | | | |
| Maximum use should be made of existing access roads | Contractor, cEO | Visual inspection | Duration of | ECO | Monthly | No evidence of |
| and the construction of new roads should be kept to a | | of the | construction | | | several new |
| minimum. | | construction | phase | | | access roads on |
| | | activities and if | | | | site |
| | | the use of | | | | |
| | | existing access | | | | |
| | | roads over the | | | | |
| | | construction of | | | | |
| | | new roads is | | | | |
| | | favoured | | | | |

7.2. Ecology

Impact management outcome: Direct loss of vegetation, including listed and protected species is reduced.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation / | | | agement Actions Implementation Monitoring | | | |
|--|------------------|-------------------|----------------|---|-----------|------------------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| - Pre-construction environmental induction for all | cEO | Requirement for | Duration of | ECO | Monthly | Induction roster | |
| construction staff on site to ensure that basic | | induction of all | construction | | | of all staff | |
| environmental principles are adhered to. This includes | | staff prior to | phase | | | completed, | |
| awareness to no littering, appropriate handling of | | entry, as well as | | | | maintained and | |
| pollution and chemical spills, avoiding fire hazards, | | the | | | | available on | |
| minimising wildlife interactions, remaining within | | development | | | | site, induction | |
| demarcated construction areas etc. | | and application | | | | programme | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|--------------------------|---|---|--------------------|--|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| | | of an induction programme | | | | material observed and on file on site during audits |
| Demarcate all areas to be cleared with construction tape or similar material where practical. However, caution should be exercised to avoid using material that might entangle fauna. | Contractor | Visual inspection of the development area and whether all areas to be cleared have be demarcated with fauna-friendly material | Prior to construction | ECO | Duration of the construction phase | Areas to be cleared appropriately demarcated |
| Contractor's EO to provide supervision and oversight of vegetation clearing activities and other activities which may cause damage to the environment, especially at the initiation of the project, when the majority of vegetation clearing is taking place. | cEO | Visual inspection of vegetation clearing within the development footprint | Duration of construction phase | ECO | Weekly | No evidence of unnecessary vegetation clearing or damage to the environment |
| Vegetation clearing to be kept to a minimum. No unnecessary vegetation to be cleared. | cEO | Visual inspection of vegetation clearing within the development footprint | Duration of construction phase | ECO | Weekly | No evidence of unnecessary vegetation clearing during audit |
| Ensure that laydown areas, construction camps and other temporary use areas are located in areas of low and medium sensitivity and are properly fenced or demarcated as appropriate and practically possible. | Developer Contractor CEO | Ensure that final layout avoids areas of high and very high sensitivity areas, | During the planning phase and prior to construction | ECO | Once off review of final layout and Monthly monitoring of fencing around | Final layout avoids areas of high and very high sensitivity. Evidence of |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|--------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------|---|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| | | and that construction areas, camps and temporary use areas are demarcated during the construction phase. | | | laydown areas, construction camps and temporary use areas | fencing around laydown areas, construction camps and temporary use areas |
| All vehicles to remain within demarcated construction areas and no unnecessary driving in the veld outside these areas should be allowed. | cEO | Visual inspection of vehicle movement within the development area, and whether all vehicles vehicle movement is restricted to demarcated construction area | Duration of construction phase | ECO | Monthly | No evidence of vehicles driving in the veld outside the demarcated construction area |
| Existing tracks should be used for access wherever possible. | Contractor, cEO | Visual inspection of the construction activities and if the use of existing access roads over the construction of | Duration of construction phase | ECO | Monthly | No evidence of several new access roads on site |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--------------------|-----------|---|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| | | new roads is favoured | | | | |
| No fires should be allowed on-site. | cEO | Placement of signs around the site indicating that fires are prohibited on site | Duration of construction and operational phases | ECO | Monthly | Signage prohibiting fire on site observed during audit |

Impact management outcome: Disturbance to fauna is minimised.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation I | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| - Site access should be controlled, and no unauthorised | DSS, dEO | Demarcate the | Duration of the | | Not Applicable | |
| persons should be allowed onto the site. | | project site and | project | | | |
| | | place a security | | | | |
| | | guard and | | | | |
| | | register at the | | | | |
| | | main gate | | | | |
| - Any fauna directly threatened by the associated | cEO, Specialist | Develop a | Prior to | ECO | Monthly | Necessary |
| activities should be removed to a safe location by a | | search and | construction | | | permits |
| suitably qualified person. | | relocation plan | | | | obtained prior |
| | | for threatened | | | | to the removal |
| | | fauna species | | | | of threatened |
| | | and obtain the | | | | fauna species, |
| | | relevant permits | | | | and copies of |
| | | | | | | permits |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | Implementation | | | | |
|--|----------------|---|-------------------------|-------------|-----------|---|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| | | for the removal | | | | observed during |
| | | of these species | | | | audit |
| The collection, hunting or harvesting of any plants or animals at the site should be strictly forbidden. Personnel should not be allowed to wander off the demarcated site. | cEO | Requirement for induction of all staff prior to entry, in particular about the collection, hunting or harvesting of plant and animals | Duration of the project | ECO | Monthly | No evidence of fauna and plant mortality, and inducting roster of all stuff completed, maintained and available on site |
| All hazardous materials should be stored in the appropriate manner to prevent contamination of the site. Any accidental chemical, fuel and oil spills that occur at the site should be cleaned up in the appropriate manner as related to the nature of the spill. | Contractor | Suitable bunding and containment, demarcation and access control measures implemented for hazardous materials at onsite stores. Spill prevention and response plan developed and spill kits made available, as well as all staff inducted | Duration of the project | ECO | Monthly | Effective bunding and containment of hazardous materials as evidenced on site, along with suitable access control and demarcation provided at hazardous materials stores. Written log of spills and clean up actions implemented observed and |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|--------------------|--|-------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|---|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| | | with spill response procedure and a log of inductions kept on file. Written record of spills and clean up actions kept on site | | | | kept on file at site |
| All construction vehicles should adhere to a low-speed limit (30km/h) to avoid collisions with susceptible species such as snakes and tortoises. | Contractor, cEO | Install speed signature throughout site, include speed limit into induction and ensure all staff entering site is aware of the requirement to implement speed limits. Institute verbal and written warnings for violations and appropriate fines for repeat contraventions. Written log of fines and | During the construction phase | ECO | Monthly | Minimal instances of speeding as observed on site during audits and as evidenced in the written log of warnings and fines issued for contraventions |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|--------------------|---|--|--------------------|-----------|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| | | warning issued kept on site | | | | |
| Construction vehicles limited to a minimal footprint on site (no movement outside of the earmarked footprint). | Contractor, cEO | Install signage throughout the site instructing all construction vehicles to remain within the designated footprint | During the construction phase | ECO | Monthly | Minimal to no instances of construction vehicle movement outside the earmarked footprint |
| – Fires should not be allowed on site. | CEO | Placement of signs around the site indicating that fires are prohibited on site | Duration of construction and operational phases | ECO | Monthly | Signage prohibiting fire on site observed during audit |
| All personnel should undergo environmental induction with regards to fauna and in particular awareness about not harming or collecting species such as snakes, tortoises which are often persecuted out of superstition, or Giant Girdled Lizards/Ouvolk which is traded illegally. | CEO | Requirement for induction of all staff prior to entry, as well as the development and application of an induction programme | Duration of construction phase | ECO | Monthly | Induction roster of all staff completed, maintained and available on site, induction programme material observed and on file on site during audits |

Impact management outcome: No increase in erosion risk as a result of site activities.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | on | | Monitoring | | |
|--|--------------------|--|-------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| Topsoil must be removed and stored separately from subsoil. Topsoil must be reapplied where appropriate as soon as possible in order to encourage and facilitate rapid regeneration of the natural vegetation on cleared areas. | Contractor | Enforce proper storage of topsoil and subsoil, and visual inspection to determine that topsoil is reapplied to disturbed areas during rehabilitation | During the construction phase | ECO | Monthly | Topsoil stored separately from subsoil and evidence of rehabilitation with topsoil where appropriate |
| Any erosion problems observed to be associated with the servitude service road and/or hardened/engineered surfaces should be rectified as soon as possible and monitored thereafter to ensure that they do not re-occur. | Contractor, cEO | Visual inspection of remaining infrastructure and decommissioned areas to determine if erosion has occurred or is likely to occur. | During the construction phase | ECO | Monthly | Negligible erosion observed on site, or where observed clear evidence of control measures put in place |
| All bare areas due to the project activities should be re-vegetated with locally occurring species, to bind the soil and limit erosion potential where applicable. | Contractor, cEO | Visual inspection of infrastructure and decommissioned areas to determine if all bare areas have been revegetated | During the construction phase | ECO | Monthly | No evidence of bare areas affected by development and negligible erosion observed |
| An erosion control management plan should be utilised to prevent erosion. | Contractor | Develop an erosion control management plan for implementation | During the construction phase | ECO | Monthly | Copy of erosion control management plan provided during audit |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|--------------------|--|-------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|---|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| | | during the construction phase | | | | and evidence of erosion prevention observed on site |
| There should be reduced activity at the site after large rainfall events when the soils are wet. No driving off of hardened roads should occur immediately following large rainfall events until soils have dried out and the risk of bogging down has decreased. | DPM Contractor cEO | Add condition that there should be reduced activity at the site after large rainfall events in contractor's pack | During the construction phase | ECO | Monthly | Limited activity on site after large rainfall events |
| Any stormwater within the site must be handled in a suitable manner, i.e., trap sediments, and reduce flow velocities. | Contractor | Ensure that appropriate stormwater management infrastructure is installed on site | During the construction phase | ECO | Monthly | Stormwater management infrastructure installed on site |
| Construction of gabions and other stabilisation features to prevent erosion, if deemed necessary. | Contractor | Ensure that appropriate stormwater management infrastructure is installed on site | During the construction phase | ECO | Monthly | Stormwater management infrastructure installed on site |

Impact management outcome: Minimal alien plant invasion during the construction phase.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|--------------------|--|---|--------------------|-----------|--|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance | |
| A site-specific eradication and management programme for alien invasive plants must be implemented during construction. | Specialist | Invasive Alien Plant species eradication and management programme developed for the construction phase of the project, detailing monitoring required, control methods and frequency. | Prior to the commencement of construction | ECO | Monthly | Evidence of Invasive Alien Plant species eradication and management programme during audit | |
| Clearing methods must aim to keep disturbance to a minimum. | Contractor | Visual inspection of vegetation clearing activities on site | Duration of the construction phase | ECO | Weekly | No evidence of unnecessary vegetation clearing | |

7.3. Wetlands

Impact management outcome: Loss/disturbance of wetlands, watercourses and/or riparian systems is reduced.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|----------------|------------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|-----------------|
| | | | | | | |
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| - No pylons must be placed within the delineated | Developer | Design OHL to | Design | dEO | Prior to | Design responds |
| wetland/riparian habitats; however, the pylon may | | ensure no pylons | | | construction | to mitigation |
| span these features. | Design | are placed | | | | measures |
| | contractor | within | | | | recommended |
| | | watercourses | | | | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|--|------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|---|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance | |
| | | | | | | in specialist studies | |
| Use as far as possible the existing roads. | Contractor, cEO | Visual inspection of the construction activities and if the use of existing access roads over the construction of new roads is favoured | Duration of construction phase | ECO | Monthly | No evidence of several new access roads on site | |
| Where watercourse crossings are required, the engineering team must provide an effective means to minimise the potential upstream and downstream effects of sedimentation and erosion (erosion protection) as well minimise the loss of riparian vegetation (small footprint). | Developer Design contractor | Design watercourse crossings to provide an effective means to minimise the potential upstream and downstream effects of sedimentation and erosion (erosion protection) as well minimise the loss of riparian | Design | dEO | Monthly | Design responds to mitigation measures recommended in specialist studies | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|---|---|---|--------------------|-----------|---|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation vegetation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance | |
| | | (small footprint). | | | | | |
| No vehicles must refuel within watercourses/ riparian vegetation. | Contractor | Implement designated refuelling areas outside of watercourses/ riparian vegetation | Duration of construction | ECO | Monthly | Designated refuelling areas located outside of watercourses/ riparian vegetation | |
| Any activities within the wetlands apart from the spanning of the powerline should be avoided and the wetland features should, for all other activities be regarded as no-go areas. | Design contractor Contractor, cEO | Design layout such that the only activity within the wetlands is the spanning of the powerline. Inform contractors (during induction training) that wetlands features are regarded as nogo areas. | Prior to construction and during the construction phase | ECO | Weekly | No evidence of activities, apart from the spanning of the powerline, observed with wetland features and their associated buffers. | |

Impact management outcome: Impacts on localised surface water quality are reduced.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|--------------------|--|---------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance | |
| Implement appropriate measures to ensure strict use and management of all hazardous materials used on site. | Contractor | Develop a plan for the management and handling of hazardous materials for implementation during the construction phase | During the construction phase | ECO | Monthly | Copy of plan for management and handling of hazardous materials provided during audit | |
| Implement appropriate measures to ensure strict management of potential sources of pollutants (e.g., litter hydrocarbons from vehicles and machinery, cement during construction, etc.) | Contractor | Develop a plan for the management and handling of hazardous substances for implementation during the construction phase | During the construction phase | ECO | Monthly | Copy of plan for management and handling of hazardous substances provided during audit | |
| Implement appropriate measures to ensure the containment of all contaminated water through careful run-off management on the development site. | Contractor | Ensure that storage areas for hazardous substances include bunding to contain contaminated water | During the construction phase | ECO | Monthly | No evidence of contaminated water running off into the environment | |
| Implement appropriate measures to ensure strict control over the behaviour of construction workers. | Developer | Develop a code of conduct for construction workers. The code of conduct must prohibit contamination of | Prior to the construction phase | ECO | Once of, at the commencement of construction | Copy of code of conduct provided during audit | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|------------------------|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance | |
| | | water resources by the contractors | | | | | |

Impact management outcome: Sedimentation and erosion reduced.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|--|--------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|--|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance | |
| Topsoil should be removed and stored separately and should be re-applied where appropriate as soon as possible, to encourage and facilitate the rapid regeneration of the natural vegetation on cleared areas. | | Enforce proper storage of topsoil and subsoil, and visual inspection to determine that topsoil is reapplied to disturbed areas during rehabilitation | During the construction phase | ECO | Monthly | Topsoil stored separately from subsoil and evidence of rehabilitation with topsoil where appropriate | |
| Where practical, phased development and vegetation clearing should be applied so that cleared | Contractor | Develop and implementation a vegetation | Prior to construction and during the | ECO | Weekly | Evidence of phased development | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|--|----------------|----------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|---------------------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| areas are not left un-vegetated and vulnerable to | | clearance method | construction | | | and vegetation | |
| erosion for extended periods. | | statement | phase | | | clearing | |
| | | | | | | observed during | |
| | | | | | | audit | |
| - Construction of gabions and other stabilisation features | Contractor | Ensure that | During the | ECO | Monthly | Stormwater | |
| to prevent erosion if deemed necessary. | | appropriate | construction | | | management | |
| | cEO | stormwater | phase | | | infrastructure | |
| | | management | | | | installed on site | |
| | | infrastructure is | | | | | |
| | | installed on site | | | | | |
| - Silt traps should be used where there is a danger of | Contractor | Silt traps used for | Duration of | ECO | Monthly | Silt traps used for | |
| topsoil or material stockpiles eroding and entering | | sedimentation | construction | | | sedimentation | |
| streams and other sensitive areas. | | control | | | | control | |
| There should be reduced activity at the site after large | DPM | Add condition that | During the | ECO | Monthly | Limited activity | |
| rainfall events when the soils are wet. No driving off of | | there should be | construction | | | on site after | |
| hardened roads should occur immediately following | Contractor | reduced activity at | phase | | | large rainfall | |
| large rainfall events until soils have dried out and the | | the site after large | | | | events | |
| risk of bogging down has decreased. | cEO | rainfall events in | | | | | |
| | | contractor's pack | | | | | |
| - All bare areas due to the development should be re- | Contractor, | Visual inspection of | During the | dEO | Monthly | No evidence of | |
| vegetated with locally occurring species, to bind the | cEO | infrastructure and | construction | | | bare areas | |
| soil and limit erosion potential where applicable. | | decommissioned | phase | cEO | | affected by | |
| | | areas to determine | | | | development | |
| | | if all bare areas | | | | and negligible | |
| | | have been re- | | | | erosion | |
| | | vegetated | | | | observed | |

7.4. Heritage

Impact management outcome: Minimal to no impacts on buried archaeological and palaeontological resources.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementatio | n | | Monitoring | | |
|--|---------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| - A no-go buffer of 50m must be implemented around | DPM and a | Spatially identify | Pre-construction | ECO | Once, prior to | Proof of avoidance |
| RDW001 and RDW004. | suitably | and demarcate | | | the | of sensitive heritage |
| | qualified | areas of heritage | | | commencemen | features through |
| | specialist | significance as per | | | t of construction | details of |
| | | the Heritage | | | | avoidance and |
| | dEO / cEO in | Impact Assessment | | | | photographic |
| | consultation | and the Heritage | | | | records |
| | with the | Walk-through | | | | |
| | Contractor | Report and as per | | | | |
| | and ECO | the requirements of | | | | |
| | | section 5.3 | | | | |
| - All excavations into bedrock must be monitored by a | dEO / cEO in | Develop and | During the | ECO | As and when | Proof of work |
| suitably qualified palaeontologist and a report on the | consultation | implement | Construction | | required | ceased, and the |
| outcomes of the monitoring activities must be | with the | procedures for | Phase | | | required |
| submitted to SAHRA on completion of the | Contractor | situations where | | | | procedures |
| development of the EGI. | and ECO | human remains, | | | | followed in cases |
| | | archaeological, | | | | where material is |
| | | palaeontolgoical | | | | discovered. |
| | | or historical | | | | |
| | | material are | | | | |
| | | uncovered. | | | | |

7.5. Social

Impact management outcome: Enhanced socio-economic development and reduction in potential negative social impacts.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementatio | on | | Monitoring | | |
|---|--------------------|---|------------------------------|--------------------|---|---|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| Where reasonable and practical, the proponent should appoint local contractors and implement a 'locals first' policy, especially for semi and low-skilled job categories. However, due to the low skills levels in the area, the majority of skilled posts are likely to be filled by people from outside the area. | Developer | Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of employment opportunities | Prior to construction | ECO | Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase | The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of the employment and training opportunities |
| Where feasible, efforts should be made to employ local contactors that are compliant with Broad Based Black Economic Empowerment (BBBEE) criteria. | Developer | Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of employment opportunities that states that first preference will be given to contractors that are compliant with BBBEE criteria | Prior to construction | ECO | Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the | The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of the employment and gives first preference to contractors that are compliant with BBBEE criteria |
| Before the construction phase commences the proponent should meet with representatives from the MLM to establish the existence of a skills database for the area. If such as database exists it should be made available to the contractors appointed for the construction phase. | Developer | Identify and implement appropriate strategies for communication with | Prior to construction | ECO | Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction | Communication is undertaken as per the identified strategies and evidence of the meeting with the |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|--------------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------|---|--|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance | |
| | | representatives from the MLM | | | | MLM (meeting minutes) is provided during the audit | |
| - The local authorities, community representatives, and organisations on the interested and affected party database should be informed of the final decision regarding the project and the potential job opportunities for locals and the employment procedures that the proponent intends following for the construction phase of the project. | Developer | Identify and implement appropriate strategies to communicate the availability of job opportunities to interested and affected parties and ensure that all interested and affected parties are aware of the job opportunities associated with the project | Prior to construction | ECO | Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction | Evidence indicating that interested and affected parties were informed of the job opportunities is provided during the audit | |
| Where feasible, training and skills development programmes for locals should be initiated prior to the initiation of the construction phase. | · | Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of employment opportunities | Pre-construction & Construction | ECO | Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase | The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of the employment and training opportunities | |
| The recruitment selection process should seek to promote gender equality and the employment of women wherever possible. | Developer | Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of | Pre-construction & Construction | ECO | Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly | The "locals first" policy, which promotes gender equality and | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|--------------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------|---|---|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| | | employment opportunities and ensure that the policy promotes gender equality and women empowerment | | | during the construction phase | women empowerment is considered in terms of the employment |
| The proponent should liaise with the MLM with regards the establishment of a database of local companies, specifically BBBEE companies, which qualify as potential service providers (e.g., construction companies, catering companies, waste collection companies, security companies etc.) prior to the commencement of the tender process for construction contractors. These companies should be notified of the tender process and invited to bid for project-related work. | Developer | Establish communication channels with the MLM | Pre-construction & Construction | ECO | Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase | Documentary evidence indicating liaison between the developer and the MLM |
| Where possible, the proponent should assist local BBBEE companies to complete and submit the required tender forms and associated information. | Developer | Develop and implement a programme for the provision of assistance in completing and submitting tender forms | Prior to construction | Not Applicable | | |
| The MLM, in conjunction with the local business sector and representatives from the local hospitality industry, should identify strategies aimed at maximising the potential benefits associated with the project. | Developer | Identify and implement appropriate strategies for communication with | Prior to construction | ECO | Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction | Communication is undertaken as per the identified strategies and evidence of the meeting with the |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|--|--|--|--------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| | | representatives from the MLM | | | | MLM (meeting minutes) is provided during the audit |
| The proponent and the contractor(s) should, in consultation with representatives from the MF, develop a code of conduct for the construction phase. The code should identify which types of behaviour and activities are not acceptable. Construction workers in breach of the code should be dismissed. All dismissals must comply with the South African labour legislation. | Developer, in consultation with the Monitoring Forum | Develop and implement code of conduction for the construction phase | Prior to construction and during the construction phase | ECO | Monthly | Code of conduct evident during audit |
| The construction area should be fenced off prior to the commencement of the construction phase. The movement of construction workers on the site should be confined to the fenced off area. | Contractor | Ensure that the construction area is fenced off prior to the commencement of construction Observe construction workers to determine whether their movement is confined to the fenced off area | Prior to construction and for the duration of the construction phase | ECO | Weekly | Construction area fenced off No movement of construction workers outside the fenced off area observed during audit |
| It is recommended that no construction workers, with the exception of security personnel, should be permitted to stay over-night on the site. | Not Applicable staff. | e - no on-site housing is | envisaged with dail | y commute to | and from site expec | ted of construction |
| The proponent should enter into an agreement with the local farmers in the area whereby damages to | DPM Contractor | Develop agreements for | Pre-construction | dEO ECO | Once, prior to construction | Availability of approved and |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|--|---------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance | |
| farm property etc. during the construction phase will be compensated for. The agreement should be signed before the construction phase commences. | | compensation for the damage of farm property etc. with the affected landowners. Ensure that agreements are approved and signed | | | | signed agreements | |
| Traffic and activities should be strictly contained within designated areas. | Contractor, cEO | Ensure that traffic and activities are contained within designated areas | During the construction phase | ECO | Weekly | Traffic and activities are contained within designated areas | |
| Strict traffic speed limits must be enforced on the farm. | cEO / dEO / Contractor | Inform all drivers of speed limits and place appropriate signage along the relevant roads | During the construction and operation phase | ECO Operation and Maintenan ce team | Monthly | No complaints regarding speeding on site are received | |
| All farm gates must be closed after passing through. | DSS and Contractor | Ensure farm gates are closed after passing through as required through the implementation of a formalised process | During the construction phase | cEO | Weekly and as and when required | Farm gates are closed after passing through and no complaints from landowners are received. | |
| Contractors appointed by the proponent should provide daily transport for low and semi-skilled workers to and from the site. This would reduce the potential risk of trespassing on the remainder of the farm and adjacent properties. | cEO | Provide daily transport to and from site for employees | During the construction phase | ECO | Monthly, and as and when required | Proof of transportation services provided during audit | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|--|--|---|---|--------------------|---|--|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance | |
| The proponent should hold contractors liable for compensating farmers and communities in full for any stock losses and/or damage to farm infrastructure that can be linked to construction workers. This should be contained in the Code of Conduct to be signed between the proponent, the contractors' and neighbouring landowners. The agreement should also cover loses and costs associated with fires caused by construction workers or construction related activities. | • | Develop agreements with the contractors regarding their liability for compensating farmers and communities in full for any stock losses and/or damage to farm infrastructure that can be linked to construction workers. Ensure that agreements are approved and signed | Pre-construction | dEO ECO | Once, prior to construction | Availability of approved and signed agreement | |
| The Environmental Management Plan (EMP) must outline procedures for managing and storing waste on site, specifically plastic waste that poses a threat to livestock if ingested. | | Ensure that the EMP contains measures for managing and storing waste on site | Pre-construction and during the construction and operation phase | dEO, ECO, cEO | Once, at the onset of the construction phase, and again on the onset of the operation phase | Measures for managing and storing waste included in the EMP and the implementation thereof observed during audit | |
| Contractors appointed by the proponent must ensure that all workers are informed at the outset of the construction phase of the conditions contained on the Code of Conduct, specifically consequences of stock theft and trespassing on adjacent farms. | cEO and Contractor in consultation with the ECO | Compile a Code of Conduct for staff. Ensure that the conditions of the Code of Conduct are communicated | Pre-construction | ECO | Once, prior to the commencement of construction | No complaints registered in this regard | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|--------------------|---|--|--------------------|--|---|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance | |
| | | staff at the outset of construction | | | | | |
| Contractors appointed by the proponent must ensure that construction workers who are found guilty of stealing livestock and/or damaging farm infrastructure are dismissed and charged. This should be contained in the Code of Conduct. All dismissals must be in accordance with South African labour legislation. | Developer | Compile a Code of Conduct for staff. Ensure that any dismissals are done in accordance with South African labour legislation | During the construction phase | ECO | As and when necessary | No complaints from dismissed staff Code of Conduct observed during audit | |
| The option of establishing a fire-break around the perimeter of the site prior to the commencement of the construction phase should be investigated. | Contractor | Ensure that the option of establishing a fire-break around the perimeter of the site is properly investigated and that the decision is informed by the site sensitivities | Prior to construction | ECO | Once | Documentation indicating that discussions around establishing firebreaks have been undertaken | |
| Contractor should ensure that open fires on the site for cooking or heating are not allowed except in designated areas. | ECO / cEO / dEO | Hold environmental awareness training workshops. Training material should include the fact that open fires for cooking or heating are prohibited, in designated areas | Pre-construction construction and operations | ECO dEO | Monthly and as and when required | Attendance register and training minutes / notes for the record | |
| Smoking on site should be confined to designated areas. | | Erect signage indicating designated | Construction and operations | ECO dEO cEO | Monthly, and as and when required | Photographic evidence of signage indicating | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|---------------------------|---|---|--------------------|---|--|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance | |
| | | smoking areas, and ensure that smoking is only confined to these areas | | | | designated smoking areas | |
| - Contractor to ensure that construction related activities that pose a potential fire risk, such as welding, are effectively managed and are confined to areas where the risk of fires has been reduced. Measures to reduce the risk of fires include avoiding working in high wind conditions when the risk of fires is greater. In this regard special care should be taken during the high risk dry, windy winter months. | dEO / cEO / Contractor | Ensure that construction related activities that pose a potential fire risk, such as welding, are effectively managed and are confined to areas where the risk of fires has been reduced Develop environmental awareness training material which covers conditions under which work should not be undertaken to reduce the risk of fires | Pre-construction, construction and operations | ECO | Prior to the commencement of the environmental awareness training, once during the construction phase and once during the operation phase | No fire outbreaks occurred Environmental awareness training material observed | |
| Contractor should provide adequate fire-fighting equipment on-site, including a fire fighting vehicle. | Contractor | The site must be fitted with | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Monthly | Adequate fire- fighting equipment is | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementatio | n | | Monitoring | | |
|---|-----------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------|---|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| | | adequate fire- fighting equipment | | | | available and has been serviced |
| Contractor to provide fire-fighting training to selected construction staff. | cEO and Contractor | Provide training on the use of fire- fighting equipment to the relevant employees | Pre-construction | ECO | Once, prior to the commencement of construction | Proof of training to be provided by the contractor |
| No construction staff, with the exception of security staff, to be accommodated on site overnight. | Not Applicable staff. | e - no on-site housing is | envisaged with dail | y commute to | and from site expect | ed of construction |
| As per the conditions of the Code of Conduct, in the event of a fire being caused by construction workers and or construction activities, the appointed contractors must compensate farmers for any damage caused to their farms. The contractor should also compensate the fire-fighting costs borne by farmers and local authorities. | DPM Contractor | Develop agreements with the contractors regarding their liability for damage as a result of fires caused by construction workers and or construction activities. Ensure that agreements are approved and signed | Pre-construction | dEO ECO | Once, prior to construction | Availability of approved and signed agreement |
| The movement of heavy vehicles associated with the construction phase should be timed to avoid times of the week, such as weekends, when the volume of traffic travelling along the R34 may be higher. | Contractor | Ensure that movement of heavy vehicles is managed accordingly | During construction | ECO, dEO | Monthly | No complaints regarding traffic caused by the construction activities received |
| Construction operations should be planned to minimise the total area cleared at any given time. | Contractor | Develop and implementation a vegetation | Prior to construction and during the | ECO | Monthly | Evidence of phased development and |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|---------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|------------|---|--|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance | | |
| | | clearance method statement | construction phase | | | vegetation clearing observed during audit | | |
| Cleared areas should be rehabilitated once the construction phase has been completed. | Contractor | Develop and implementation a vegetation clearance method statement | After the construction phase | ECO | Weekly | Evidence of phased development and vegetation clearing observed during audit | | |
| Dust suppression measures must be implemented on un-surfaced roads, such as wetting on a regular basis and ensuring that vehicles used to transport sand and building materials are fitted with tarpaulins or covers. | Contractor | Appropriate dust suppression measures are implemented | During the construction phase | cEO, ECO | Weekly | Photographic record of measures being implemented and the results thereof | | |
| All vehicles must be road-worthy, and drivers must be qualified and made aware of the potential road safety issues and need for strict speed limits. | cEO / dEO / Contractor | Regular inspection of vehicles Inform all drivers of speed limits and place appropriate signage along the relevant roads | During construction and operations | ECO Operation and Maintenan ce team | Monthly | No complaints from community members are submitted Vehicle inspection checklists available | | |

7.6. Visual

Impact management outcome: Minimal visual impacts resulting from the proposed Rondavel Electrical Grid Infrastructure (EGI)

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|---|--------------------|----------------|---|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance | |
| Retain and maintain natural vegetation immediately adjacent to the development footprint/servitude. | Project proponent/ design consultant | Visual inspection of the layout to ensure that vegetation immediately adjacent to the development footprint will not be disturbed Ensure that natural vegetation immediately adjacent to the development footprint/servitude is retained and maintained | Prior to construction and during construction | ECO | Monthly | Onsite evidence that natural vegetation immediately adjacent to the development footprint/servitu de is retained and maintained | |
| Ensure that vegetation is not unnecessarily removed during the construction period; | Contractor | Visual inspection of development footprint to determine if unnecessary clearing of vegetation is being undertaken | Duration of the construction phase | ECO | Daily - Weekly | No evidence of unnecessary vegetation clearance | |
| Plan the placement of lay-down areas and temporary construction equipment camps in order to minimise vegetation clearing (i.e. in already disturbed areas) wherever possible. | cEO, Specialist, Contractor | Laydown areas to be defined during planning of construction activities | Duration of construction phase | ECO | Weekly | Laydown areas located within previously transformed | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|--------------------|--|--|--------------------|-----------|---|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| | | | | | | areas or areas of low sensitivity |
| Restrict the activities and movement of construction workers and vehicles to the immediate construction area and existing access roads. | Contractor | Ensure that the construction area is fenced off prior to the commencement of construction Observe construction workers to determine whether their movement is confined to the fenced off area | Prior to construction and for the duration of the construction phase | ECO | Weekly | Construction area fenced off No movement of construction workers outside the fenced off area observed during audit |
| Ensure that rubble, litter, and disused construction materials are appropriately stored (if not removed daily) and then disposed of regularly at licensed waste facilities. | Contractor | Disposal of waste at licensed waste disposal facilities must be undertaken as per the waste management plan | Duration of the construction phase | ECO | Monthly | Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided |
| Reduce and control construction dust using appropriate and effective dust suppression techniques as and when required (i.e., whenever dust becomes apparent). | Contractor | Apply appropriate dust suppressant | During the Construction Phase | ECO | Weekly | Contractor to provide proof of use of appropriate dust suppressants |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|--------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|---|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance | |
| Restrict construction activities to daylight hours whenever possible in order to reduce lighting impacts. | Developer DPM | Set and implement working hours for construction workers, and ensure that the hours are restricted to daylight | During the construction phase | ECO | Daily | No evidence of construction activities taking place after the prior to or after the set working hours, or at night-time | |
| Rehabilitate all disturbed areas immediately after the completion of construction works. | Contractor, cEO | Rehabilitation plan implemented | Duration of construction phase | ECO | Monthly | No evidence of disturbed areas affected by development and negligible erosion observed | |

OPERATIONAL PHASE OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS

7.7. Avifauna

Impact management outcome: Minimise the displacement of priority species due to disturbance associated with construction of the Rondavel Electrical Grid Infrastructure (EGI).

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|--|---|---|------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance | |
| Vegetation clearance should be limited to what is absolutely necessary. | Contractor | Visual inspection of development footprint to determine if unnecessary clearing of vegetation is being undertaken | Duration of the construction phase | ECO | Daily – Weekly | No evidence of unnecessary vegetation clearance | |
| The mitigation measures proposed by the vegetation specialist must be strictly enforced. | dEO / cEO in consultation with the vegetation specialist | All mitigation measures recommended by the vegetation specialist must be implemented | During the Construction Phase Operation Phase | ECO Operation and maintenance team | Monthly during construction and monthly during operation | Photographic record of compliance and successful implementation of the recommended measures | |
| The avifaunal specialist must conduct a walk-through prior to implementation to demarcate sections of powerline that need to be marked with Eskom approved bird flight diverters. The bird flight diverters should be installed on the full span length on the earthwire (according to Eskom guidelines - five metres apart). Light and dark colour devices must be alternated to provide contrast against both dark and light backgrounds respectively. These devices must be installed as soon as the conductors are strung. | dEO, Specialist | Visual inspection of the corridor, with walk- through report produced | Prior to construction | ECO | Once prior to commencement of construction | Walk-through report produced and kept on file during construction | |

7.8. Ecology

Impact management outcome: Reduced erosion during the operational phase.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|--|----------------|----------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|------------------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| - Regular monitoring of the site (minimum of twice | Contractor, | Visual inspection of | During the | cEO/dEO | Monthly | Negligible | |
| annually) to identify possible areas of erosion is | cEO | infrastructure for | operational | | | evidence of | |
| recommended, particularly after large summer | | signs of invasive | phase | | | invasive alien | |
| thunderstorms have been experienced. | | species | | | | species | |
| | | encroachment | | | | observed on site | |
| | | and to inform | | | | or clear | |
| | | control efforts | | | | evidence of | |
| | | required. | | | | control actions | |
| | | Implementation of | | | | implemented, in | |
| | | control actions | | | | addition to | |
| | | against established | | | | evidence of the | |
| | | populations | | | | written invasive | |
| | | identified during | | | | alien | |
| | | monitoring. | | | | management | |
| | | | | | | plan in the site | |
| | | | | | | file. | |
| - All bare areas due to the project activities should be | Contractor, | Visual inspection of | During the | dEO | Monthly | No evidence of | |
| re-vegetated with locally occurring species, to bind | cEO | infrastructure and | operational | | | bare areas | |
| the soil and limit erosion potential where applicable. | | decommissioned | phase | cEO | | affected by | |
| | | areas to determine | | | | development | |
| | | if all bare areas | | | | and negligible | |
| | | have been re- | | | | erosion | |
| | | vegetated | | | | observed | |
| Soil surfaces where no revegetation seems possible will | Contractor, | Ensure that soil | During the | dEO | Quarterly | Soils surfaces | |
| have to be covered with gravel or small rock fragments | cEO | surfaces where no | operational | | | where no | |
| to increase porosity of the soil surface, slow down runoff | | revegetation | phase | cEO | | revegetation | |
| and prevent wind- and water erosion. | | seems possible are | | | | seems possible | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|--------------------|---|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| | | covered with gravel or small rock fragments | | | | are covered with gravel or small rock fragments |
| Any erosion problems observed should be rectified as soon as possible and monitored thereafter to ensure that they do not re-occur. | Contractor, cEO | Develop an erosion management plan for implementation during the operational phase | During the operational phase | dEO cEO | Monthly | Minimal to no evidence of erosion problems on site |
| Roads and other disturbed areas should be regularly monitored for erosion problems and problem areas should receive follow-up monitoring to assess the success of the remediation. | Contractor | Development and implement rehabilitation monitoring plan. Monitoring reports to be kept on file | During the operational phase | dEO cEO | Annually | Monitoring reports produced in accordance with the frequency determined in the rehabilitation monitoring plan. |

Impact management outcome: Minimal alien plant invasion during the operational phase.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|--------------------|--|---|--------------------|-----------|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| Regular monitoring by the operation and maintenance team for alien plants within the power line servitude must occur and could be conducted simultaneously with erosion monitoring. | Contractor, cEO | Visual inspection of infrastructure for signs of invasive species encroachment and to inform control efforts required. Implementation of control actions against established populations identified during monitoring. | Every 3 months during the first two years of the operation phase, and annually thereafter for the life of the project thereafter | CEO | Monthly | Negligible evidence of invasive alien species observed on site or clear evidence of control actions implemented, in addition to evidence of the written invasive alien management plan in the site file. |
| When alien plants are detected, these must be controlled and cleared using the recommended control measures for each species to ensure that the problem is not exacerbated or does not re-occur and increase to problematic levels. | Contractor, cEO | Control methods employed to be guided by the invasive alien plant management programme and the methods provided for | Duration of the operation phase | cEO | Monthly | Control measures implemented in accordance with the IAP management programme development plan, as determined by the ECO |

7.9. Social

Impact management outcome: Enhanced socio-economic development and reduction in potential negative social impacts.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | on | | Monitoring | | |
|---|-----------------------|---|------------------------------|--------------------|--|---|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| Implement a skills development and training programme aimed at maximising the number of employment opportunities for local community members. | Developer | Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of employment and training opportunities | During the operation phase | dEO | Once prior to the commencement of operation and monthly during the operation phase | The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of the employment and training opportunities |
| Maximise opportunities for local content, procurement, and community shareholding. | Developer | Develop and implement a "locals first" policy in the procurement process | During the operation phase | dEO | Once prior to the commencement of operation and monthly during the operation phase | The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of procuring goods and services |
| Affected property owners should be notified in advance of the timing and duration of maintenance activities. | | | | | | |
| Maintenance teams must ensure that all farm gates must be closed after passing through. | DSS and Contractor | Ensure farm gates are closed after passing through as required through the implementation of a formalised process | During the operational phase | cEO | Weekly and as and when required | Farm gates are closed after passing through and no complaints from landowners are received. |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementatio | on | | Monitoring | | |
|---|---------------------------|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| Property owners should be compensated for damage to farm property and or loss of livestock or game associated maintenance related activities. | DPM Contractor | Ensure all property owners have been notified of maintenance related activities 24 hours in advance and keep records of notifications. | During the operational phase | dEO ECO | Weekly and as and when required | Availability of approved and signed agreements |
| Movement of traffic and maintenance related activities should be strictly contained within designated areas associated with transmission lines and substations. | CEO | Visual inspection of vehicle movement maintenance related activities within the development area, and whether all vehicles vehicle movement is restricted to demarcated construction area | Duration of operational phase | ECO | Monthly | No evidence of vehicles driving in the veld outside the demarcated construction area |
| Strict traffic speed limits must be enforced on the farm. | cEO / dEO / contractor | Inform all drivers of speed limits and place appropriate signage along the relevant roads | During the Construction Phase Operation Phase | ECO Operation and Maintenance team | Monthly | No complaints from community members are submitted |
| No maintenance workers should be allowed to stay over-night on the affected properties. | Not Applicable staff. | e - no on-site housing is | envisaged with dail | y commute to a | nd from site expect | ed of construction |

7.10. Visual

Impact management outcome: Minimal visual impacts resulting from the proposed Rondavel Electrical Grid Infrastructure (EGI)

| Impact Management Actions | Implementatio | n | | Monitoring | | |
|--|---------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------------|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| - Retain and maintain natural vegetation immediately | Project | Visual inspection of | Prior to | ECO | Monthly | Onsite evidence |
| adjacent to the development footprint/servitude. | proponent/ | the layout to | construction and | | | that natural |
| | design | ensure that | during | | | vegetation |
| | consultant | vegetation | construction | | | immediately |
| | | immediately | | | | adjacent to the |
| | | adjacent to the | | | | development |
| | | development | | | | footprint/servitu |
| | | footprint will not be | | | | de is retained |
| | | disturbed | | | | and maintained |
| | | | | | | |
| | | Ensure that natural | | | | |
| | | vegetation | | | | |
| | | immediately | | | | |
| | | adjacent to the | | | | |
| | | development | | | | |
| | | footprint/servitude | | | | |
| | | is retained and | | | | |
| | | maintained | | | | |
| Maintain the general appearance of the infrastructure. | dEO / cEO in | Maintain | At the | ECO | Monthly | Infrastructure is |
| | consultation | infrastructure on a | commencement | | | to be |
| | with the ECO | regular basis. | and for the | | | maintained to a |
| | | | duration of the | | | sufficient |
| | | | construction | | | standard |
| | | | phase | | | |

DECOMMISSIONING PHASE OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS

7.11. Ecology

Impact management outcome: No increase in erosion risk as a result of site activities.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------|-----------------|--|
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| Any erosion problems observed to be associated with | Contractor, | Visual inspection of | During the | ECO | Monthly | Negligible | |
| the project infrastructure should be rectified as soon as | cEO | remaining | decommissioning | | | erosion | |
| possible and monitored thereafter to ensure that they | | infrastructure and | phase | | | observed on | |
| do not re-occur. | | decommissioned | | | | site, or where | |
| | | areas to determine | | | | observed clear | |
| | | if erosion has | | | | evidence of | |
| | | occurred or is likely | | | | control | |
| | | to occur. | | | | measures put in | |
| | | | | | | place | |
| - All bare areas due to the project activities should be | Contractor, | Visual inspection of | During the | ECO | Monthly | No evidence of | |
| re-vegetated with locally occurring species, to bind | cEO | infrastructure and | decommissioning | | | bare areas | |
| the soil and limit erosion potential where applicable. | | decommissioned | phase | | | affected by | |
| | | areas to determine | | | | development | |
| | | if all bare areas | | | | and negligible | |
| | | have been re- | | | | erosion | |
| | | vegetated | | | | observed | |
| - An erosion control management plan should be | Contractor | Develop an erosion | During the | ECO | Monthly | Copy of erosion | |
| utilised to prevent erosion. | | control | decommissioning | | | control | |
| | cEO | management plan | phase | | | management | |
| | | for implementation | | | | plan provided | |
| | | | | | | during audit | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|--------------------|--|---|--------------------|-----------|---|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| | | during the construction phase | | | | and evidence of erosion prevention observed on site |
| There should be reduced activity at the site after large rainfall events when the soils are wet. No driving off of hardened roads should occur immediately following large rainfall events until soils have dried out and the risk of bogging down has decreased. | DPM Contractor cEO | Add condition that there should be reduced activity at the site after large rainfall events in contractor's pack | During the decommissioning phase | ECO | Monthly | Limited activity on site after large rainfall events |
| Any stormwater within the site must be handled in a suitable manner, i.e., trap sediments, and reduce flow velocities. | Contractor | Ensure that appropriate stormwater management infrastructure is installed on site | During the decommissioning phase | ECO | Monthly | Stormwater management infrastructure installed on site |
| Construction of gabions and other stabilisation features to prevent erosion, if deemed necessary. | Contractor | Ensure that appropriate stormwater management infrastructure is installed on site | During the decommissioning phase | ECO | Monthly | Stormwater management infrastructure installed on site |
| Re-instate as much of the eroded area to its pre- disturbed, "natural" geometry (no change in elevation and any banks not to be steepened) where possible. | Contractor | Visual inspection of the site to determine the success of re- instatement | Duration of decommissioning phase | ECO | Monthly | Eroded areas re- instated successfully |
| Roads and other disturbed areas should be regularly monitored for erosion problems and problem areas should receive follow-up monitoring by the EO to assess the success of the remediation. | Contractor | Development and implement rehabilitation monitoring plan. | Duration of decommissioning and for three years thereafter | ECO | Annually | Monitoring reports produced in accordance |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | on | | Monitoring | Monitoring | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|--|------------------------------|--------------------|------------|--|--|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance | | |
| | | Monitoring reports to be kept on file | | | | with the frequency determined in the rehabilitation monitoring plan, for a period of three years after the decommissionin g phase, and as observed in monitoring reporting provided on request | | |

Impact management outcome: Reduced alien plant invasion during decommissioning phase.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|--|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------|-------------------|
| | | | | | | |
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance |
| No planting or importing any listed invasive alien plant | Contractor | Visual inspection of | Duration of | ECO | Monthly | No evidence of |
| species (all Category 1a, 1b and 2 invasive species) to | | the site to | decommissioning | | | increased |
| the site for landscaping, rehabilitation or any other | | determine that no | phase | | | encroachment |
| purpose must be undertaken. | | listed invasive alien | | | | by invasive alien |
| | | plant species are | | | | plants |
| | | used for | | | | |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|------------------------|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| | | rehabilitation purposes | | | | |

7.12. Wetlands

Impact management outcome: Sedimentation and erosion reduced.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementation | | | Monitoring | | |
|---|--------------------|---|----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|---|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| There should be reduced activity at the site after large rainfall events when the soils are wet. No driving off of hardened roads should occur immediately following large rainfall events until soils have dried out and the risk of bogging down has decreased. | • | Add condition that there should be reduced activity at the site after large rainfall events in contractor's pack | During the decommissioning phase | dEO cEO | Monthly | Limited activity on site after large rainfall events |
| All bare areas due to the development should be revegetated with locally occurring species, to bind the soil and limit erosion potential where applicable. | Contractor, cEO | Visual inspection of infrastructure and decommissioned areas to determine if all bare areas have been revegetated | During the decommissioning phase | dEO cEO | Monthly | No evidence of bare areas affected by development and negligible erosion observed |

7.13. Avifauna

Impact management outcome: Minimal to no soil erosion observed on site.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementatio | n | | Monitoring | | |
|--|--|---|---|--|-----------|--|
| | Responsible person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |
| Decommissioning activity should be restricted to the immediate footprint of the infrastructure as far as possible. | Contractor | Visual inspection of the construction activities to observe whether they remain within the defined footprint area | Duration of decommissioning phase | ECO | Monthly | No evidence of construction activity outside the immediate footprint of the infrastructure |
| Access to the remainder of the site should be strictly controlled to prevent unnecessary disturbance of priority species | cEO, Contractor | Demarcate sensitive areas to restrict access to these areas | Duration of decommissioning phase | ECO | Monthly | Sensitive areas appropriately demarcated and fenced off for the duration of the construction phase |
| Measures to control noise and dust should be applied according to current best practice in the industry. | Contractor | Ensure that noise limits do not exceed acceptable limits and identify and implement suitable dust control measures | Duration of decommissioning phase | ECO | Monthly | Dust and noise control measures evident during audit. No noise or dust related complaints received |
| Maximum used should be made of existing access roads and the construction of new roads should be kept to a minimum. | Contractor (and Eskom maintenance staff where | Existing access routes to be used must be specified and the development of | Duration of decommissioning phase | cEO Operation and maintenance team | Weekly | Implementation of the approved layout |

| Impact Management Actions | Implementatio | n | | Monitoring | | | |
|---|---------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|--|
| | | | | | | | |
| | Responsible | Method of | Timeframe for | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of | |
| | person | implementation | implementation | person | | compliance | |
| | relevant to | new roads must be | | | | | |
| | operation) | avoided as far as | | | | | |
| | | possible | | | | | |
| - The existing transmission lines must be inspected for | dEO / cEO in | Ensure that the | Duration of | ECO | Once, prior to | The planning and | |
| active raptor nests prior to the commencement of the | consultation | planning and | decommissioning | | the | development | |
| decommissioning activities. Should any active nests be | with the | development | phase | | commencemen | programme which | |
| present, decommissioning activities during the | Contractor | programme | | | t of construction | includes the | |
| breeding season should be avoided if possible | | considers breeding | | | and as and | consideration of | |
| | | sites for wild bird | | | when required | breeding sites for | |
| | | species | | | | wild bird species | |

7.14. Visual

Impact management outcome: Minimal to no soil erosion observed on site. **Impact Management Actions Implementation** Monitoring Method of Responsible Evidence of Responsible Timeframe for Frequency implementation compliance person implementation person Remove infrastructure not required for the post-At the end of the ECO Once, following No temporary Contractor Removal of all the completion decommissioning use infrastructure not Construction dEO infrastructure required for associated with Phase of the decommissioning construction the project is present following phase the completion of the construction phase Rehabilitate all affected areas. Consult an ecologist ECO Contractor, Rehabilitation plan Duration of Monthly No evidence of regarding rehabilitation specifications. construction disturbed areas cEO implemented affected by phase

| | | | development and |
|--|--|--|--------------------|
| | | | negligible erosion |
| | | | observed |
| | | | 1 |

APPENDIX 1: METHOD STATEMENTS

| ENDIX 1. METHOD STATEMENTS | | | | | |
|--|----|-----|-----------|-----|--------|
| To be prepared by the contractor prior to commencement statements are not required to be submitted to the CA. | of | the | activity. | The | method |
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APPENDIX 2: CV OF THE EAP



1st Floor, Block 2, 5 Woodlands Drive Office Park Woodlands Drive, Woodmead Johannesburg, South Africa

> Email: joanne@savannahsa.com Tel: +27 (11) 656 3237

CURRICULUM VITAE OF JO-ANNE THOMAS

Profession: Environmental Management and Compliance Consultant; Environmental Assessment

Practitioner

Specialisation: Environmental Management; Strategic environmental advice; Environmental compliance

advice & monitoring; Environmental Impact Assessments; Policy, strategy & guideline

formulation; Project Management; General Ecology

Work experience: Twenty three (23) years in the environmental field

VOCATIONAL EXPERIENCE

Provide technical input for projects in the environmental management field, specialising in Strategic Environmental Advice, Environmental Impact Assessment studies, environmental auditing and monitoring, environmental permitting, public participation, Environmental Management Plans and Programmes, environmental policy, strategy and guideline formulation, and integrated environmental management. Key focus on integration of the specialist environmental studies and findings into larger engineering-based projects, strategic assessment, and providing practical and achievable environmental management solutions and mitigation measures. Responsibilities for environmental studies include project management (including client and authority liaison and management of specialist teams); review and manipulation of data; identification and assessment of potential negative environmental impacts and benefits; review of specialist studies; and the identification of mitigation measures. Compilation of the reports for environmental studies is in accordance with all relevant environmental legislation.

Undertaking of numerous environmental management studies has resulted in a good working knowledge of environmental legislation and policy requirements. Recent projects have been undertaken for both the public- and private-sector, including compliance advice and monitoring, electricity generation and transmission projects, various types of linear developments (such as National Road, local roads and power lines), waste management projects (landfills), mining rights and permits, policy, strategy and guideline development, as well as general environmental planning, development and management.

SKILLS BASE AND CORE COMPETENCIES

- Project management for a range of projects
- Identification and assessment of potential negative environmental impacts and benefits through the review and manipulation of data and specialist studies
- Identification of practical and achievable mitigation and management measures and the development of appropriate management plans
- Compilation of environmental reports in accordance with relevant environmental legislative requirements
- External and peer review of environmental reports & compliance advice and monitoring
- Formulation of environmental policies, strategies and guidelines
- Strategic and regional assessments; pre-feasibility & site selection
- Public participation processes for a variety of projects
- Strategic environmental advice to a wide variety of clients both in the public and private sectors
- Working knowledge of environmental planning processes, policies, regulatory frameworks and legislation

EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL STATUS

Degrees:

- B.Sc Earth Sciences, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg (1993)
- B.Sc Honours in Botany, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg (1994)
- M.Sc in Botany, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg (1996)

Short Courses:

- Environmental Impact Assessment, Potchefstroom University (1998)
- Environmental Law, Morgan University (2001)
- Environmental Legislation, IMBEWU (2017)
- Mining Legislation, Cameron Cross & Associates (2013)
- Environmental and Social Risk Management (ESRM), International Finance Corporation (2018)

Professional Society Affiliations:

- Registered with the South African Council for Natural Scientific Professions as a Professional Natural Scientist: Environmental Scientist (400024/00)
- Registered with the International Associated for Impact Assessment South Africa (IAIAsa): 5601
- Member of the South African Wind Energy Association (SAWEA)

EMPLOYMENT

| Date | Company | Roles and Responsibilities |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| January 2006 - Current | Savannah Environmental (Pty) Ltd | Director |
| | | Project manager |
| | | Independent specialist environmental consultant, |
| | | Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP) and |
| | | advisor. |
| 1997 – 2005 | Bohlweki Environmental (Pty) Ltd | Senior Environmental Scientist at. Environmental |
| | | Management and Project Management |
| January – July 1997 | Sutherland High School, Pretoria | Junior Science Teacher |

PROJECT EXPERIENCE

Project experience includes large infrastructure projects, including electricity generation and transmission, wastewater treatment facilities, mining and prospecting activities, property development, and national roads, as well as strategy and guidelines development.

RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS: PHOTOVOLTAIC SOLAR ENERGY FACILITIES

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Christiana PV 2 SEF, North West | Solar Reserve South Africa | Project Manager & EAP |
| De Aar PV facility, Northern Cape | iNca Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Everest SEF near Hennenman, Free State | FRV Energy South Africa | Project Manager & EAP |
| Graafwater PV SEF, Western Cape | iNca Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Grootkop SEF near Allanridge, Free State | FRV Energy South Africa | Project Manager & EAP |
| Hertzogville PV 2 SEF with 2 phases, Free State | SunCorp / Solar Reserve | Project Manager & EAP |
| Karoshoek CPV facility on site 2 as part of the larger | FG Emvelo | Project Manager & EAP |
| Karoshoek Solar Valley Development East of | | |
| Upington, Northern Cape | | |

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Kgabalatsane SEF North-East for Brits, North West | Built Environment African | Project Manager & EAP |
| | Energy Services | |
| Kleinbegin PV SEF West of Groblershoop, Northern | MedEnergy Global | Project Manager & EAP |
| Cape | | |
| Lethabo Power Station PV Installation, Free State | Eskom Holdings SoC Limited | Project Manager & EAP |
| Majuba Power Station PV Installation, Mpumalanga | Eskom Holdings SoC Limited | Project Manager & EAP |
| Merapi PV SEF Phase 1 – 4 South-East of Excelsior, | SolaireDirect Southern Africa | Project Manager & EAP |
| Free State | | |
| Sannaspos Solar Park, Free State | SolaireDirect Southern Africa | Project Manager & EAP |
| Ofir-Zx PV Plant near Keimoes, Northern Cape | S28 Degrees Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Oryx SEF near Virginia, Free State | FRV Energy South Africa | Project Manager & EAP |
| Project Blue SEF North of Kleinsee, Northern Cape | WWK Development | Project Manager & EAP |
| S-Kol PV Plant near Keimoes, Northern Cape | S28 Degrees Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Sonnenberg PV Plant near Keimoes, Northern Cape | S28 Degrees Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Tutuka Power Station PV Installation, Mpumalanga | Eskom Transmission | Project Manager & EAP |
| Two PV sites within the Northern Cape | MedEnergy Global | Project Manager & EAP |
| Two PV sites within the Western & Northern Cape | iNca Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Upington PV SEF, Northern Cape | MedEnergy Global | Project Manager & EAP |
| Vredendal PV facility, Western Cape | iNca Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Waterberg PV plant, Limpopo | Thupela Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Watershed Phase I & II SEF near Litchtenburg, North | FRV Energy South Africa | Project Manager & EAP |
| West | | |
| Alldays PV & CPV SEF Phase 1, Limpopo | BioTherm Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Hyperion PV Solar Development 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 & 6 | Building Energy | Project Manager & EAP |

Basic Assessments

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Aberdeen PV SEF, Eastern Cape | BioTherm Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Christiana PV 1 SEF on Hartebeestpan Farm, North- | Solar Reserve South Africa | Project Manager & EAP |
| West | | |
| Heuningspruit PV1 & PV 2 facilities near Koppies, | Sun Mechanics | Project Manager & EAP |
| Free State | | |
| Kakamas PV Facility, Northern Cape | iNca Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Kakamas II PV Facility, Northern Cape | iNca Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Machadodorp 1 PV SEF, Mpumalanga | Solar To Benefit Africa | Project Manager & EAP |
| PV site within the Northern Cape | iNca Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| PV sites within 4 ACSA airports within South Africa, | Airports Company South Africa | Project Manager & EAP |
| National | (ACSA) | |
| RustMo1 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West | Momentous Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| RustMo2 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West | Momentous Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| RustMo3 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West | Momentous Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| RustMo4 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West | Momentous Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Sannaspos PV SEF Phase 2 near Bloemfontein, Free | SolaireDirect Southern Africa | Project Manager & EAP |
| State | | |
| Solar Park Expansion within the Rooiwal Power | AFRKO Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Station, Gauteng | | |
| Steynsrus SEF, Free State | SunCorp | Project Manager & EAP |

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Sirius Solar PV Project Three and Sirius Solar PV | SOLA Future Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Project Four (BA in terms of REDZ regulations), | | |
| Northern Cape | | |

Screening Studies

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Allemans Fontein SEF near Noupoort, Northern Cape | Fusion Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Amandel SEF near Thabazimbi, Limpopo | iNca Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Arola/Doornplaat SEF near Ventersdorp, North West | FRV & iNca Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Bloemfontein Airport PV Installation, Free State | The Power Company | Project Manager & EAP |
| Brakspruit SEF near Klerksorp, North West | FRV & iNca Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Carolus Poort SEF near Noupoort, Northern Cape | Fusion Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Damfontein SEF near Noupoort, Northern Cape | Fusion Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Everest SEF near Welkom, Free State | FRV & iNca Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Gillmer SEF near Noupoort, Northern Cape | Fusion Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Grootkop SEF near Allansridge, Free State | FRV & iNca Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Heuningspruit PV1 & PV 2 near Koppies, Free State | Cronimat | Project Manager & EAP |
| Kimberley Airport PV Installation, Northern Cape | The Power Company | Project Manager & EAP |
| Kolonnade Mall Rooftop PV Installation in Tshwane, | Momentous Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Gauteng | | |
| Loskop SEF near Groblersdal, Limpopo | S&P Power Unit | Project Manager & EAP |
| Marble SEF near Marble Hall, Limpopo | S&P Power Unit | Project Manager & EAP |
| Morgenson PV1 SEF South-West of Windsorton, | Solar Reserve South Africa | Project Manager & EAP |
| Northern Cape | | |
| OR Tambo Airport PV Installation, Gauteng | The Power Company | Project Manager & EAP |
| Oryx SEF near Virginia, Free State | FRV & iNca Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Rhino SEF near Vaalwater, Limpopo | S&P Power Unit | Project Manager & EAP |
| Rustmo2 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West | Momentous Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Spitskop SEF near Northam, Limpopo | FRV & iNca Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Steynsrus PV, Free State | Suncorp | Project Manager & EAP |
| Tabor SEF near Polokwane, Limpopo | FRV & iNca Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| UpingtonAirport PV Installation, Northern Cape | The Power Company | Project Manager & EAP |
| Valeria SEF near Hartebeestpoort Dam, North West | Solar to Benefit Africa | Project Manager & EAP |
| Watershed SEF near Lichtenburg, North West | FRV & iNca Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Witkop SEF near Polokwane, Limpopo | FRV & iNca Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Woodmead Retail Park Rooftop PV Installation, Gauteng | Momentous Energy | Project Manager & EAP |

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|------------------------|-----------------|
| ECO and bi-monthly auditing for the construction of | Enel Green Power | Project Manager |
| the Adams Solar PV Project Two South of Hotazel, | | |
| Northern Cape | | |
| ECO for the construction of the Kathu PV Facility, | REISA | Project Manager |
| Northern Cape | | / |
| ECO and bi-monthly auditing for the construction of | Enel Green Power | Project Manager |
| the Pulida PV Facility, Free State | | |
| ECO for the construction of the RustMo1 SEF, North | Momentous Energy | Project Manager |
| West | | |
| ECO for the construction of the Sishen SEF, Northern | Windfall 59 Properties | Project Manager |

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|-------------------|-----------------|
| Cape | | |
| ECO for the construction of the Upington Airport PV | Sublanary Trading | Project Manager |
| Facility, Northern Cape | | |
| Quarterly compliance monitoring of compliance | REISA | Project Manager |
| with all environmental licenses for the operation | | |
| activities at the Kathu PV facility, Northern Cape | | |
| ECO for the construction of the Konkoonsies II PV SEF | BioTherm Energy | Project Manager |
| and associated infrastructure, Northern Cape | | |
| ECO for the construction of the Aggeneys PV SEF | BioTherm Energy | Project Manager |
| and associated infrastructure, Northern Cape | | |

Compliance Advice and ESAP Reporting

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| Aggeneys Solar Farm, Northern Cape | BioTherm Energy | Environmental Advisor |
| Airies II PV Facility SW of Kenhardt, Northern Cape | BioTherm Energy | Environmental Advisor |
| Kalahari SEF Phase II in Kathu, Northern Cape | Engie | Environmental Advisor |
| Kathu PV Facility, Northern Cape | Building Energy | Environmental Advisor |
| Kenhardt PV Facility, Northern Cape | BioTherm Energy | Environmental Advisor |
| Kleinbegin PV SEF West of Groblershoop, Northern | MedEnergy | Environmental Advisor |
| Cape | | |
| Konkoonises II SEF near Pofadder, Northern Cape | BioTherm Energy | Environmental Advisor |
| Konkoonsies Solar Farm, Northern Cape | BioTherm Energy | Environmental Advisor |
| Lephalale SEF, Limpopo | Exxaro | Environmental Advisor |
| Pixley ka Seme PV Park, South-East of De Aar, | African Clean Energy | Environmental Advisor |
| Northern Cape | Developments (ACED) | |
| RustMo1 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West | Momentous Energy | Environmental Advisor |
| Scuitdrift 1 SEF & Scuitdrift 2 SEF, Limpopo | Building Energy | Environmental Advisor |
| Sirius PV Plants, Northern Cape | Aurora Power Solutions | Environmental Advisor |
| Upington Airport PV Power Project, Northern Cape | Sublunary Trading | Environmental Advisor |
| Upington SEF, Northern Cape | Abengoa Solar | Environmental Advisor |
| Ofir-ZX PV SEF near Keimoes, Northern Cape | Networx \$28 Energy | Environmental Advisor |
| Steynsrus PV1 & PV2 SEF's, Northern Cape | Cronimet Power Solutions | Environmental Advisor |
| Heuningspruit PV SEF, Northern Cape | Cronimet Power Solutions | Environmental Advisor |

Due Diligence Reporting

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|------------------------|-----------------------|
| 5 PV SEF projects in Lephalale, Limpopo | iNca Energy | Environmental Advisor |
| Prieska PV Plant, Northern Cape | SunEdison Energy India | Environmental Advisor |
| Sirius Phase One PV Facility near Upington, Northern | Aurora Power Solutions | Environmental Advisor |
| Cape | | |

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

| 3, 111, 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 | | | |
|---|------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role | |
| Biodiversity Permit & WULA for the Aggeneys SEF | BioTherm Energy | Project Manager & EAP | |
| near Aggeneys, Northern Cape | | / | |
| Biodiversity Permit for the Konkoonises II SEF near | BioTherm Energy | Project Manager & EAP | |
| Pofadder, Northern Cape | | | |
| Biodiversity Permitting for the Lephalale SEF, | Exxaro Resources | Project Manager & EAP | |
| Limpopo | | | |

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| Environmental Permitting for the Kleinbegin PV SEF | MedEnergy | Project Manager & EAP |
| West of Groblershoop, Northern Cape | | |
| Environmental Permitting for the Upington SEF, | Abengoa Solar | Project Manager & EAP |
| Northern Cape | | |
| Environmental Permitting for the Kathu PV Facility, | Building Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Northern Cape | | |
| Environmental Permitting for the Konkoonsies Solar | BioTherm Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Farm, Northern Cape | | |
| Environmental Permitting for the Lephalale SEF, | Exxaro Resources | Project Manager & EAP |
| Limpopo | | |
| Environmental Permitting for the Scuitdrift 1 SEF & | Building Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Scuitdrift 2 SEF, Limpopo | | |
| Environmental Permitting for the Sirius PV Plant, | Aurora Power Solutions | Project Manager & EAP |
| Northern Cape | | |
| Environmental Permitting for the Steynsrus PV1 & PV2 | Cronimet Power Solutions | Project Manager & EAP |
| SEF's, Northern Cape | | |
| Environmental Permitting for the Heuningspruit PV | Cronimet Power Solutions | Project Manager & EAP |
| SEF, Northern Cape | | |
| Permits for the Kleinbegin and UAP PV Plants, | MedEnergy Global | Project Manager & EAP |
| Northern Cape | | |
| S53 Application for Arriesfontein Solar Park Phase 1 – | Solar Reserve / SunCorp | Project Manager & EAP |
| 3 near Danielskuil, Northern Cape | | |
| \$53 Application for Hertzogville PV1 & PV 2 SEFs, Free | Solar Reserve / SunCorp | Project Manager & EAP |
| State | | |
| S53 Application for the Bloemfontein Airport PV | Sublunary Trading | Project Manager & EAP |
| Facility, Free State | | |
| \$53 Application for the Kimberley Airport PV Facility, | Sublunary Trading | Project Manager & EAP |
| Northern Cape | | |
| S53 Application for the Project Blue SEF, Northern | WWK Developments | Project Manager & EAP |
| Cape | | |
| \$53 Application for the Upington Airport PV Facility, | Sublunary Trading | Project Manager & EAP |
| Free State | | |
| WULA for the Kalahari SEF Phase II in Kathu, Northern | Engie | Project Manager & EAP |
| Cape | | |
| Environmental Permitting for the Steynsrus PV1 & PV2 | Cronimet Power Solutions | Project Manager & EAP |
| SEF's, Northern Cape | | |
| Environmental Permitting for the Heuningspruit PV | Cronimet Power Solutions | Project Manager & EAP |
| SEF, Northern Cape | | |

RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS: CONCENTRATED SOLAR FACILITIES (CSP)

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|------------------|-----------------------|
| llanga CSP 2, 3, 4, 5, 7 & 9 Facilities near Upington, | Emvelo Holdings | Project Manager & EAP |
| Northern Cape | | / |
| llanga CSP near Upington, Northern Cape | llangethu Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| llanga Tower 1 Facility near Upington, Northern | Emvelo Holdings | Project Manager & EAP |
| Cape | | 100 |

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|-------------|-----------------------|
| Karoshoek CPVPD 1-4 facilities on site 2 as part of | FG Emvelo | Project Manager & EAP |
| the larger Karoshoek Solar Valley Development East | | |
| of Upington, Northern Cape | | |
| Karoshoek CSP facilities on sites 1.4; 4 & 5 as part of | FG Emvelo | Project Manager & EAP |
| the larger Karoshoek Solar Valley Development East | | |
| of Upington, Northern Cape | | |
| Karoshoek Linear Fresnel 1 Facility on site 1.1 as part | FG Emvelo | Project Manager & EAP |
| of the larger Karoshoek Solar Valley Development | | |
| East of Upington, Northern Cape | | |

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|---------------------|-----------------|
| ECO for the construction of the !Khi CSP Facility, | Abengoa Solar | Project Manager |
| Northern Cape | | |
| ECO for the construction of the llanga CSP 1 Facility | Karoshoek Solar One | Project Manager |
| near Upington, Northern Cape | | |
| ECO for the construction of the folar Park, Northern | Kathu Solar | Project Manager |
| Cape | | |
| ECO for the construction of the KaXu! CSP Facility, | Abengoa Solar | Project Manager |
| Northern Cape | | |
| Internal audit of compliance with the conditions of | Karoshoek Solar One | Project Manager |
| the IWUL issued to the Karoshoek Solar One CSP | | |
| Facility, Northern Cape | | |

Screening Studies

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Upington CSP (Tower) Plant near Kanoneiland, | iNca Energy and FRV | Project Manager & EAP |
| Northern Cape | | |

Compliance Advice and ESAP reporting

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|------------------|-----------------------|
| Ilanga CSP Facility near Upington, Northern Cape | llangethu Energy | Environmental Advisor |
| llangalethu CSP 2, Northern Cape | FG Emvelo | Environmental Advisor |
| Kathu CSP Facility, Northern Cape | GDF Suez | Environmental Advisor |
| Lephalale SEF, Limpopo | Cennergi | Environmental Advisor |
| Solis I CSP Facility, Northern Cape | Brightsource | Environmental Advisor |

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|------------------|-----------------------|
| Environmental Permitting for the Ilanga CSP Facility | llangethu Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| near Upington, Northern Cape | | |
| Environmental Permitting for the Kathu CSP, Northern | GDF Suez | Project Manager & EAP |
| Cape | | |
| WULA for the Solis I CSP Facility, Northern Cape | Brightsource | Project Manager & EAP |

RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS: WIND ENERGY FACILITIES

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|------|
| Sere WEF, Western Cape | Eskom Holdings SoC Limited | EAP |

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Aberdeen WEF, Eastern Cape | Eskom Holdings SoC Limited | Project Manager & EAP |
| Amakhala Emoyeni WEF, Eastern Cape | Windlab Developments | Project Manager & EAP |
| EXXARO West Coast WEF, Western Cape | EXXARO Resources | Project Manager & EAP |
| Goereesoe Wind Farm near Swellendam, Western | iNca Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Cape | | |
| Hartneest WEF, Western Cape | Juwi Renewable Energies | Project Manager & EAP |
| Hopefield WEF, Western Cape | Umoya Energy | EAP |
| Kleinsee WEF, Northern Cape | Eskom Holdings SoC Limited | Project Manager & EAP |
| Klipheuwel/Dassiesfontein WEF within the Overberg | BioTherm Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| area, Western Cape | | |
| Moorreesburg WEF, Western Cape | iNca Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Oyster Bay WEF, Eastern Cape | Renewable Energy Resources | Project Manager & EAP |
| | Southern Africa | |
| Project Blue WEF, Northern Cape | Windy World | Project Manager & EAP |
| Rheboksfontein WEF, Western Cape | Moyeng Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Spitskop East WEF near Riebeeck East, Eastern Cape | Renewable Energy Resources | Project Manager & EAP |
| | Southern Africa | |
| Suurplaat WEF, Western Cape | Moyeng Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Swellendam WEF, Western Cape | IE Swellendam | Project Manager & EAP |
| Tsitsikamma WEF, Eastern Cape | Exxarro | Project Manager & EAP |
| West Coast One WEF, Western Cape | Moyeng Energy | Project Manager & EAP |

Basic Assessments

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| Amakhala Emoyeni Wind Monitoring Masts, Eastern | Windlab Developments | Project Manager & EAP |
| Cape | | |
| Beaufort West Wind Monitoring Masts, Western Cape | Umoya Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Hopefield Community Wind Farm near Hopefield, | Umoya Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Western Cape | | |
| Koekenaap Wind Monitoring Masts, Western Cape | EXXARO Resources | Project Manager & EAP |
| Koingnaas WEF, Northern Cape | Just Palm Tree Power | Project Manager & EAP |
| Laingsburg Area Wind Monitoring Masts, Western | Umoya Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Cape | | |
| Overberg Area Wind Monitoring Masts, Western | BioTherm Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Cape | | |
| Oyster Bay Wind Monitoring Masts, Eastern Cape | Renewable Energy Systems | Project Manager & EAP |
| | Southern Africa (RES) | |

Screening Studies

| D. t. I.M | OP IN | |
|--|------------------------|-----------------------|
| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
| Albertinia WEF, Western Cape | BioTherm Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Koingnaas WEF, Northern Cape | Just Pal Tree Power | Project Manager & EAP |
| Napier Region WEF Developments, Western Cape | BioTherm Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Tsitsikamma WEF, Eastern Cape | Exxarro Resources | Project Manager & EAP |
| Various WEFs within an identified area in the | BioTherm Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Overberg area, Western Cape | | |
| Various WEFs within an identified area on the West | Investec Bank Limited | Project Manager & EAP |
| Coast, Western Cape | | |
| Various WEFs within an identified area on the West | Eskom Holdings Limited | Project Manager & EAP |
| Coast, Western Cape | | |

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Various WEFs within the Western Cape | Western Cape Department of | Project Manager & EAP |
| | Environmental Affairs and | |
| | Development Planning | |
| Velddrift WEF, Western Cape | VentuSA Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Wind 1000 Project | Thabo Consulting on behalf of | Project Manager & EAP |
| | Eskom Holdings | |
| Wittekleibosch, Snylip & Doriskraal WEFs, Eastern | Exxarro Resources | Project Manager & EAP |
| Cape | | |

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|-------------------|-----------------|
| ECO for the construction of the West Coast One | Aurora Wind Power | Project Manager |
| WEF, Western Cape | | |
| ECO for the construction of the Gouda WEF, | Blue Falcon | Project Manager |
| Western Cape | | |
| EO for the Dassiesklip Wind Energy Facility, Western | Group 5 | Project Manager |
| Cape | | |
| Quarterly compliance monitoring of compliance | Blue Falcon | Project Manager |
| with all environmental licenses for the operation | | |
| activities at the Gouda Wind Energy facility near | | |
| Gouda, Western Cape | | |
| Annual auditing of compliance with all | Aurora Wind Power | Project Manager |
| environmental licenses for the operation activities at | | |
| the West Coast One Wind Energy facility near | | |
| Vredenburg, Western Cape | | |
| External environmental and social audit for the | Cennergi | Project Manager |
| Amakhala Wind Farm, Eastern Cape | | |
| External environmental and social audit for the | Cennergi | Project Manager |
| Tsitsikamma Wind Farm, Eastern Cape | | |
| ECO for the construction of the Excelsior Wind Farm | BioTherm Energy | Project Manager |
| and associated infrastructure, Northern Cape | | |
| External compliance audit of the Dassiesklip Wind | BioTherm Energy | Project Manager |
| Energy Facility, Western Cape | | |

Compliance Advice

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Amakhala Phase 1 WEF, Eastern Cape | Cennergi | Environmental Advisor |
| Dassiesfontein WEF within the Overberg area, | BioTherm Energy | Environmental Advisor |
| Western Cape | | |
| Excelsior Wind Farm, Western Cape | BioTherm Energy | Environmental Advisor |
| Great Karoo Wind Farm, Northern Cape | African Clean Energy | Environmental Advisor |
| | Developments (ACED) | |
| Hopefield Community WEF, Western Cape | African Clean Energy | Environmental Advisor |
| | Developments (ACED) | |
| Rheboksfontein WEF, Western Cape | Moyeng Energy | Environmental Advisor |
| Tiqua WEF, Western Cape | Cennergi | Environmental Advisor |
| Tsitsikamma WEF, Eastern Cape | Cennergi | Environmental Advisor |
| West Coast One WEF, Western Cape | Moyeng Energy | Environmental Advisor |

Due Diligence Reporting

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| Witteberg WEF, Western Cape | EDPR Renewables | Environmental Advisor |
| IPD Vredenburg WEF within the Saldanha Bay area, | IL&FS Energy Development | Environmental Advisor |
| Western Cape | Company | |

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Biodiversity Permitting for the Power Line between | Cennergi | Project Manager & EAP |
| the Tsitikamma Community WEF & the Diep River | | |
| Substation, Eastern Cape | | |
| Biodiversity Permitting for the West Coast One WEF, | Aurora Wind Power | Project Manager & EAP |
| Western Cape | | |
| Environmental Permitting for the Excelsior WEF, | BioTherm Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Western Cape | | |
| Plant Permits & WULA for the Tsitsikamma | Cennergi | Project Manager & EAP |
| Community WEF, Eastern Cape | | |
| S24G and WULA for the Rectification for the | Hossam Soror | Project Manager & EAP |
| commencement of unlawful activities on Ruimsig AH | | |
| in Honeydew, Gauteng | | |
| S24G Application for the Rheboksfontein WEF, | Ormonde - Theo Basson | Project Manager & EAP |
| Western Cape | | |
| \$53 Application & WULA for Suurplaat and Gemini | Engie | Project Manager & EAP |
| WEFs, Northern Cape | | |
| \$53 Application for the Hopefield Community Wind | Umoya Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Farm near Hopefield, Western Cape | | |
| \$53 Application for the Project Blue WEF, Northern | WWK Developments | Project Manager & EAP |
| Cape | | |
| S53 for the Oyster Bay WEF, Eastern Cape | RES | Project Manager & EAP |
| WULA for the Great Karoo Wind Farm, Northern | African Clean Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Cape | Developments (ACED) | |

CONVENTIONAL POWER GENERATION PROJECTS (COAL)

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Mutsho Power Station near Makhado, Limpopo | Mutsho Consortium | Project Manager & EAP |
| Coal-fired Power Station near Ogies, Mpumalanga | Ruukki SA | Project Manager & EAP |
| Thabametsi IPP Coal-fired Power Station, near | Axia | Project Manager & EAP |
| Lephalale, Limpopo | | |
| Transalloys Coal-fired Power Station, Mpumalanga | Transalloys | Project Manager & EAP |
| Tshivasho IPP Coal-fired Power Station (with WML), | Cennergi | Project Manager & EAP |
| near Lephalale, Limpopo | | |
| Umbani Coal-fired Power Station, near Kriel, | ISS Global Mining | Project Manager & EAP |
| Mpumalanga | | / |
| Waterberg IPP Coal-Fired Power Station near | Exxaro Resources | Project Manager & EAP |
| Lephalale, Limpopo | | |

Basic Assessments

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|----------------|-----------------------|
| Coal Stockyard on Medupi Ash Dump Site, Limpopo | Eskom Holdings | Project Manager & EAP |
| Biomass Co-Firing Demonstration Facility at Arnot | Eskom Holdings | Project Manager & EAP |
| Power Station East of Middleburg, Mpumlanaga | | |

Screening Studies

| • | | |
|--|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
| Baseload Power Station near Lephalale, Limpopo | Cennergi | Project Manager & EAP |
| Coal-Fired Power Plant near Delmas, Mpumalanga | Exxaro Resources | Project Manager & EAP |
| Makhado Power Station, Limpopo | Mutsho Consortium, Limpopo | Project Manager & EAP |

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|----------------|-----------------|
| ECO for the Camden Power Station, Mpumalanga | Eskom Holdings | Project Manager |

Compliance Advice

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|-------------|-----------------------|
| Thabametsi IPP Coal-fired Power Station, near | Axia | Environmental Advisor |
| Lephalale, Limpopo | | |

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|------------------|-----------------------|
| Permit application for the Thabametsi Bulk Water | Axia | Project Manager & EAP |
| Pipeline, near Lephalale, Limpopo | | |
| S53 & WULA for the Waterberg IPP Coal-Fired Power | Exxaro Resources | Project Manager & EAP |
| Station near Lephalale, Limpopo | | |
| S53 Application for the Tshivasho Coal-fired Power | Cennergi | Project Manager & EAP |
| Station near Lephalale, Limpopo | | |

CONVENTIONAL POWER GENERATION PROJECTS (GAS)

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 450MW gas to power project and associated 132kV | Phinda Power Producers | Project Manager & EAP |
| power line, Richards bay, KwaZulu-Natal | | |
| 4000MW gas to power project and associated | Phinda Power Producers | Project Manager & EAP |
| 400kV power lines, Richards bay, KwaZulu-Natal | | |
| Ankerlig OCGT to CCGT Conversion project &400 kV | Eskom Holdings SoC Limited | Project Manager & EAP |
| transmission power line between Ankerlig and the | | |
| Omega Substation, Western Cape | | |
| Gourikwa OCGT to CCGT Conversion project & | Eskom Holdings SoC Limited | Project Manager & EAP |
| 400kV transmission power line between Gourikwa & | | |
| Proteus Substation, Western Cape | | |
| Richards Bay Gas to Power Combined Cycle Power | Eskom Holdings SoC Limited | Project Manager & EAP |
| Station, KwaZulu-Natal | | / |
| Richards Bay Gas to Power Plant, KwaZulu-Natal | Richards Bay Gas 2 Power | Project Manager & EAP |
| Decommissioning & Recommissioning of 3 Gas | Eskom Holdings | Project Manager & EAP |
| Turbine Units at Acacia Power Station & 1 Gas | | - 100 |
| Turbine Unit at Port Rex Power Station to the existing | | |

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|----------------|-----------------------|
| Ankerlig Power Station in Atlantis Industria, Western | | |
| Cape | | |
| Two 132kV Chickadee Lines to the new Zonnebloem Switching Station, Mpumalanga | Eskom Holdings | Project Manager & EAP |

Screening Studies

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Fatal Flaw Analysis for 3 area identified for the | Globeleq Advisors Limited | Project Manager & EAP |
| establishment of a 500MW CCGT Power Station | | |
| Richards Bay Gas to Power Combined Cycle Power | Eskom Holdings SoC Limited | Project Manager & EAP |
| Station, KwaZulu-Natal | | |

GRID INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Aggeneis-Oranjemond Transmission Line & | Eskom Transmission | Project Manager & EAP |
| Substation Upgrade, Northern Cape | | |
| Ankerlig-Omega Transmission Power Lines, Western | Eskom Transmission | Project Manager & EAP |
| Cape | | |
| Karoshoek Grid Integration project as part of the | FG Emvelo | Project Manager & EAP |
| Karoshoek Solar Valley Development East of | | |
| Upington, Northern Cape | | |
| Koeberg-Omega Transmission Power Lines,, Western | Eskom Transmission | Project Manager & EAP |
| Cape | | |
| Koeberg-Stikland Transmission Power Lines, Western | Eskom Transmission | Project Manager & EAP |
| Cape | | |
| Kyalami Strengthening Project, Gauteng | Eskom Transmission | Project Manager & EAP |
| Mokopane Integration Project, Limpopo | Eskom Transmission | Project Manager & EAP |
| Saldanha Bay Strengthening Project, Western Cape | Eskom Transmission | Project Manager & EAP |
| Steelpoort Integration Project, Limpopo | Eskom Transmission | Project Manager & EAP |
| Transmission Lines from the Koeberg-2 Nuclear | Eskom Transmission | Project Manager & EAP |
| Power Station site, Western Cape | | |
| Tshwane Strengthening Project, Phase 1, Gauteng | Eskom Transmission | Project Manager & EAP |

Basic Assessments

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------|
| Olifantshoek Power line, Northern Cape | Eskom Holdings | Project Manager & EAP |
| Dassenberg-Koeberg Power Line Deviation from the | Eskom Holdings | Project Manager & EAP |
| Koeberg to the Ankerlig Power Station, Western | | |
| Cape | | |
| Golden Valley II WEF Power Line & Substation near | BioTherm Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Cookhouse, Eastern Cape | | |
| Golden Valley WEF Power Line near Cookhouse, | BioTherm Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Eastern Cape | | / |
| Karoshoek Grid Integration project as part of the | FG Emvelo | Project Manager & EAP |
| Karoshoek Solar Valley Development East of | | |
| Upington, Northern Cape | | - 128 |
| Konkoonsies II PV SEF Power Line to the Paulputs | BioTherm Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Substation near Pofadder, Northern Cape | | |

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Perdekraal West WEF Powerline to the Eskom Kappa | BioTherm Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Substation, Westnern Cape | | |
| Rheboksfontein WEF Powerline to the Aurora | Moyeng Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Substation, Western Cape | | |
| Soetwater Switching Station near Sutherland, | African Clean Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Northern Cape | Developments (ACED) | |
| Solis Power I Power Line & Switchyard Station near | Brightsource | Project Manager & EAP |
| Upington, Northern Cape | | |
| Stormwater Canal System for the Ilanga CSP near | Karoshoek Solar One | Project Manager & EAP |
| Upington, Northern Cape | | |
| Tsitsikamma Community WEF Powerline to the Diep | Eskom Holdings | Project Manager & EAP |
| River Substation, Eastern Cape | | |

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| ECO for the construction of the Ferrum-Mookodi | Trans-Africa Projects on behalf | Project Manager |
| Transmission Line, Northern Cape and North West | of Eskom | |
| EO for the construction of the Gamma-Kappa | Trans-Africa Projects on behalf | Project Manager |
| Section A Transmission Line, Western Cape | of Eskom | |
| EO for the construction of the Gamma-Kappa | Trans-Africa Projects on behalf | Project Manager |
| Section B Transmission Line, Western Cape | of Eskom | |
| EO for the construction of the Hydra IPP Integration | Trans-Africa Projects on behalf | Project Manager |
| project, Northern Cape | of Eskom | |
| EO for the construction of the Kappa-Sterrekus | Trans-Africa Projects on behalf | Project Manager |
| Section C Transmission Line, Western Cape | of Eskom | |
| EO for the construction of the Namaqualand | Trans-Africa Projects on behalf | Project Manager |
| Strengthening project in Port Nolloth, Western Cape | of Eskom | |
| ECO for the construction of the Neptune Substation | Eskom | Project Manager |
| Soil Erosion Mitigation Project, Eastern Cape | | |
| ECO for the construction of the llanga-Gordonia | Karoshoek Solar One | Project Manager |
| 132kV power line, Northern Cape | | |

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|----------------|-----------------------|
| Environmental Permitting and WULA for the | Eskom Holdings | Project Manager & EAP |
| Rockdale B Substation & Loop in Power Lines, | | |
| Environmental Permitting and WULA for the | Eskom Holdings | Project Manager & EAP |
| Steelpoort Integration project, Limpopo | | |
| Environmental Permitting for Solis CSP near Upington, | Brightsource | Project Manager & EAP |
| Northern Cape | | |

MINING SECTOR PROJECTS

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|----------------|-----------------------|
| Elitheni Coal Mine near Indwe, Eastern Cape | Elitheni Coal | Project Manager & EAP |
| Groot Letaba River Development Project Borrow Pits | liso | Project Manager & EAP |
| Grootegeluk Coal Mine for coal transportation | Eskom Holdings | Project Manager & EAP |
| infrastructure between the mine and Medupi Power | | |
| Station (EMPr amendment) , Limpopo | | |

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| Waterberg Coal Mine (EMPr amendment), Limpopo | Seskoko Resources | Project Manager & EAP |
| Aluminium Plant WML & AEL, Gauteng | GfE-MIR Alloys & Minerals | Project Manager & EAP |
| Zero Waste Recovery Plant at Highveld Steel, | Anglo African Metal | Project Manager & EAP |
| Mpumalanga | | |

Basic Assessments

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|-------------|-----------------------|
| Rare Earth Separation Plant in Vredendal, Western | Rareco | Project Manager & EAP |
| Cape | | |
| Decommissioning and Demolition of Kilns 5 & 6 at | PPC | Project Manager & EAP |
| the Slurry Plant, Kwa-Zulu Natal | | |

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|----------------------------|-----------------|
| ECO for the construction of the Duhva Mine Water | Eskom Holdings SoC Limited | Project Manager |
| Recovery Project, Mpumalanga | | |
| External compliance audit of Palesa Coal Mine's | HCI Coal | Project Manager |
| Integrated Water Use License (IWUL), near | | |
| KwaMhlanga, Mpumalanga | | |
| External compliance audit of Palesa Coal Mine's | HCI Coal | Project Manager |
| Waste Management License (WML) and EMP, near | | |
| KwaMhlanga, Mpumalanga | | |
| External compliance audit of Mbali Coal Mine's | HCI Coal | Project Manager |
| Integrated Water Use License (IWUL), near Ogies, | | |
| Mpumalanga | | |
| Independent External Compliance Audit of Water | Tronox Namakwa Sands | Project Manager |
| Use License (WUL) for the Tronox Namakwa Sands | | |
| (TNS) Mining Operations (Brand se Baai), Western | | |
| Cape | | |
| Independent External Compliance Audit of Water | Tronox Namakwa Sands | Project Manager |
| Use License (WUL) for the Tronox Namakwa Sands | | |
| (TNS) Mineral Separation Plant (MSP), Western Cape | | |
| Independent External Compliance Audit of Water | Tronox Namakwa Sands | Project Manager |
| Use License (WUL) for the Tronox Namakwa Sands | | |
| (TNS) Smelter Operations (Saldanha), Western Cape | | |
| Compliance Auditing of the Waste Management | PetroSA | Project Manager |
| Licence for the PetroSA Landfill Site at the GTL | | |
| Refinery, Western Cape | | |

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| Waste Licence Application for the Rare Earth | Rareco | Project Manager & EAP |
| Separation Plant in Vredendal, Western Cape | | |
| WULA for the Expansion of the Landfill site at Exxaro's | Exxaro Resources | Project Manager & EAP |
| Namakwa Sands Mineral Separation Plant, Western | | |
| Cape | | / |
| S24G & WML for an Aluminium Plant, Gauteng | GfE-MIR Alloys & Minerals | Project Manager & EAP |

INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS (BRIDGES, PIPELINES, ROADS, WATER RESOURCES, STORAGE, ETC.)

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Bridge across the Ngotwane River, on the border of | Eskom Holdings | Project Manager & EAP |
| South Africa and Botswana | | |
| Chemical Storage Tanks, Metallurgical Plant | Goldfields | Project Manager & EAP |
| Upgrade & Backfill Plant upgrade at South Deep | | |
| Gold Mine, near Westornaria, Gauteng | | |
| Expansion of the existing Welgedacht Water Care | ERWAT | Project Manager & EAP |
| Works, Gauteng | | |
| Golden Valley WEF Access Road near Cookhouse, | BioTherm Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Eastern Cape | | |
| Great Fish River Wind Farm Access Roads and | African Clean Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Watercourse Crossings near Cookhouse, Eastern | Developments (ACED) | |
| Cape | | |
| llanga CSP Facility Watercourse Crossings near | Karoshoek Solar one | Project Manager & EAP |
| Upington, Northern Cape | | |
| Modification of the existing Hartebeestfontein Water | ERWAT | Project Manager & EAP |
| Care Works, Gautng | | |
| N10 Road Realignment for the Ilanga CSP Facility, | SANRAL | Project Manager & EAP |
| East of Upington, Northern Cape | | |
| Nxuba (Bedford) Wind Farm Watercourse Crossings | African Clean Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| near Cookhouse, Eastern Cape | Developments (ACED) | |
| Pollution Control Dams at the Medupi Power Station | Eskom | Project Manager & EAP |
| Ash Dump & Coal Stockyard, Limpopo | | |
| Qoboshane borrow pits (EMPr only), Eastern Cape | Emalahleni Local Municipality | Project Manager & EAP |
| Tsitsikamma Community WEF Watercourse Crossings, | Cennergi | Project Manager & EAP |
| Eastern Cape | | |
| Clayville Central Steam Plant, Gauteng | Bellmall Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Msenge Emoyeni Wind Farm Watercourse Crossings | Windlab | Project Manager & EAP |
| and Roads, Eastern Cape | | |

Basic Assessments

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Harmony Gold WWTW at Doornkop Mine, Gauteng | Harmony Doornkop Plant | Project Manager & EAP |
| Ofir-ZX Watercourse Crossing for the Solar PV Facility, near Keimoes, Northern Cape | Networx \$28 Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Qoboshane bridge & access roads, Eastern Cape | Emalahleni Local Municipality | Project Manager & EAP |
| Relocation of the Assay Laboratory near Carletonville, Gauteng | Sibanye Gold | Project Manager & EAP |
| Richards Bay Harbour Staging Area, KwaZulu-Natal | Eskom Holdings | Project Manager & EAP |
| S-Kol Watercourse Crossing for the Solar PV Facility, East of Keimoes, Northern Cape | Networx \$28 Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Sonnenberg Watercourse Crossing for the Solar PV Facility, West Keimoes, Northern Cape | Networx \$28 Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Kruisvallei Hydroelectric Power Generation Scheme, Free State | Building Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Masetjaba Water Reservoir, Pump Station and Bulk Supply Pipeline near Nigel, Gauteng | Naidu Consulting Engineers | Project Manager & EAP |

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|------------------------|-----------------------|
| Access Road for the Dwarsug Wind Farm, Northern | South Africa Mainsteam | Project Manager & EAP |
| Cape Province | Renewable Power | |
| Upgrade of the Cooling Water Treatment Facility at | Eskom | Project Manager & EAP |
| the Kriel Power Station, Mpumalanga | | |
| Decommissioning of the Asbestos Landfill at Kriel | Eskom | Project Manager & EAP |
| Power Station, Mpumalanga | | |
| Decommissioning and demolition of Kilns 3 & 4 at | PPC | Project Manager & EAP |
| PPC Slurry Plant, North West | | |

Screening Studies

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Roodepoort Open Space Optimisation Programme | TIMAC Engineering Projects | Project Manager & EAP |
| (OSOP) Precinct, Gauteng | | |
| Vegetable Oil Plant and Associated Pipeline, Kwa- | Wilmar Oils and Fats Africa | Project Manager & EAP |
| Zulu Natal | | |

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| ECO and bi-monthly auditing for the construction of | Department of Water and | Project Manager |
| the Olifants River Water Resources Development | Sanitation | Auditor |
| Project (ORWRDP) Phase 2A: De Hoop Dam, R555 | | |
| realignment and housing infrastructure | | |
| ECO for the Rehabilitation of the Blaaupan & Storm | Airports Company of South | Project Manager |
| Water Channel, Gauteng | Africa (ACSA) | |
| Due Diligence reporting for the Better Fuel Pyrolysis | Better Fuels | Project Manager |
| Facility, Gauteng | | |
| ECO for the Construction of the Water Pipeline from | Transnet | Project Manager |
| Kendal Power Station to Kendal Pump Station, | | |
| Mpumalanga | | |
| ECO for the Replacement of Low-Level Bridge, | South African National | Project Manager |
| Demolition and Removal of Artificial Pong, and | Biodiversity Institute (SANBI) | |
| Reinforcement the Banks of the Crocodile River at | | |
| the Construction at Walter Sisulu National Botanical | | |
| Gardens, Gauteng Province | | |
| External Compliance Audit of the Air Emission | PetroSA | Project Manager |
| Licence (AEL) for a depot in Bloemfontein, Free | | |
| State Province and in Tzaneen, Mpumalanga | | |
| Province | | |

Environmental Permitting, S53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| WULA for the Izubulo Private Nature Reserve, | Kjell Bismeyer, Jann Bader, | Project Manager & EAP |
| Limpopo | Laurence Saad | |
| WULA for the Masodini Private Game Lode, Limpopo | Masodini Private Game Lodge | Environmental Advisor |
| WULA for the Ezulwini Private Nature Reserve, | Ezulwini Investments | Project Manager & EAP |
| Limpopo | | / |
| WULA for the Masodini Private Game Lode, Limpopo | Masodini Private Game Lodge | Project Manager & EAP |
| WULA for the N10 Realignment at the llanga SEF, | Karoshoek Solar One | Project Manager & EAP |
| Northern Cape | | |

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| WULA for the Kruisvallei Hydroelectric Power | Building Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Generation Scheme, Free State | | |
| S24G and WULA for the llegal construction of | Sorror Language Services | Project Manager & EAP |
| structures within a watercourse on EFF 24 Ruimsig | | |
| Agricultural Holdings, Gauteng | | |

HOUSING AND URBAN PROJECTS

Basic Assessments

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|-------------|-----------------------|
| Postmasburg Housing Development, Northern Cape | Transnet | Project Manager & EAP |

Compliance Advice and reporting

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| Kampi ya Thude at the Olifants West Game Reserve, | Nick Elliot | Environmental Advisor |
| Limpopo | | |
| External Compliance Audit of WUL for the | Johannesburg Country Club | Project Manager |
| Johannesburg Country Club, Gauteng | | |

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------|
| Due Diligence Audit for the Due Diligence Audit | Delta BEC (on behalf of | Project Manager |
| Report, Gauteng | Johannesburg Development | |
| | Agency (JDA)) | |

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT TOOLS

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Development of the 3rd Edition Environmental | Gauteng Department of | Project Manager & EAP |
| Implementation Plan (EIP) | Agriculture and Rural | |
| | Development (GDARD) | |
| Development of Provincial Guidelines on 4x4 routes, | Western Cape Department of | EAP |
| Western Cape | Environmental Affairs and | |
| | Development Planning | |
| Compilation of Construction and Operation EMP for | Eskom Holdings | Project Manager & EAP |
| the Braamhoek Transmission Integration Project, | | |
| Kwazulu-Natal | | |
| Compilation of EMP for the Wholesale Trade of | Munaca Technologies | Project Manager & EAP |
| Petroleum Products, Gauteng | | |
| Operational Environmental Management | Eskom Holdings | Project Manager & EAP |
| Programme (OEMP) for Medupi Power Station, | | |
| Limpopo | | |
| Operational Environmental Management | Dube TradePort Corporation | Project Manager & EAP |
| Programme (OEMP) for the Dube TradePort Site | | |
| Wide Precinct | | |
| Operational Environmental Management | Eskom Holdings | Project Manager & EAP |
| Programme (OEMP) for the Kusile Power Station, | | |
| Mpumalanga | | |
| Review of Basic Assessment Process for the | Exxaro Resources | Project Manager & EAP |
| Wittekleibosch Wind Monitoring Mast, Eastern Cape | | ((()) |

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Revision of the EMPr for the Sirius Solar PV | Aurora Power Solutions | Project Manager & EAP |
| State of the Environment (SoE) for Emalahleni Local | Simo Consulting on behalf of | Project Manager & EAP |
| Municipality, Mpumalanga | Emalahleni Local Municipality | |
| Aspects and Impacts Register for Salberg Concrete | Salberg Concrete Products | EAP |
| Products operations | | |
| First State of Waste Report for South Africa | Golder on behalf of the | Project Manager & EAP |
| | Department of Environmental | |
| | Affairs | |
| Responsibilities Matrix and Gap Analysis for the | Building Energy | Project Manager |
| Kruisvallei Hydroelectric Power Generation Scheme, | | |
| Free State Province | | |
| Responsibilities Matrix and Gap Analysis for the | Building Energy | Project Manager |
| Roggeveld Wind Farm, Northern & Western Cape | | |
| Provinces | | |

PROJECTS OUTSIDE OF SOUTH AFRICA

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------|
| Advisory Services for the Zizabona Transmission | PHD Capital | Advisor |
| Project, Zambia, Zimbabwe, Botswana & Namibia | | |
| EIA for the Semonkong WEF, Lesotho | MOSCET | Project Manager & EAP |
| EMP for the Kuvaninga Energia Gas Fired Power | ADC (Pty) Ltd | Project Manager & EAP |
| Project, Mozambique | | |
| Environmental Screening Report for the SEF near | Building Energy | EAP |
| Thabana Morena, Lesotho | | |
| EPBs for the Kawambwa, Mansa, Mwense and | Building Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Nchelenge SEFs in Luapula Province, Zambia | | |
| ESG Due Diligence for the Hilton Garden Inn | Vatange Capital | Project Manager |
| Development in Windhoek, Namibia | | |
| Mandahill Mall Rooftop PV SEF EPB, Lusaka, Zambia | Building Energy | Project Manager & EAP |
| Monthly ECO for the PV Power Plant for the Mocuba | Scatec | Project Manager |
| Power Station | | |



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CURRICULUM VITAE OF NICOLENE VENTER

Profession: Public Participation and Social Consultant

Specialisation: Public participation process; stakeholder engagement; facilitation (workshops, focus

group and public meetings; public open days; steering committees); monitoring and

evaluation of public participation and stakeholder engagement processes

Work Experience: 21 years' experience as a Public Participation Practitioner and Stakeholder Consultant

VOCATIONAL EXPERIENCE

Over the past 21 years Nicolene established herself as an experienced and well recognised public participation practitioner, facilitator and strategic reviewer of public participation processes. She has experience in managing public participation projects and awareness creation programmes. Her experience includes designing and managing countrywide public participation and awareness creation projects, managing multi-project schedules, budgets and achieving project goals. She has successfully undertaken several public participation processes for EIA, BA and WULA projects. The EIA and BA process include linear projects such as the NMPP, Eskom Transmission and Distribution power lines as well as site specific developments such as renewable energy projects i.e. solar, photo voltaic and wind farms. She also successfully managed stakeholder engagement projects which were required to be in line with the Equator Principles.

SKILLS BASE AND CORE COMPETENCIES

- Project Management
- Public Participation, Stakeholder Engagement and Awareness Creation
- Public Speaking and Presentation Skills
- Facilitation (workshops, focus group meetings, public meetings, public open days, working groups and committees)
- Social Assessments (Stakeholder Analysis / Stakeholder Mapping)
- Monitoring and Evaluation of Public Participation and Stakeholder Engagement Processes
- Community Liaison
- IFC Performance Standards
- Equator Principles
- Minute taking, issues mapping, report writing and quality control

EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL STATUS

Degrees:

• Higher Secretarial Certificate, Pretoria Technicon (1970)

Short Courses:

- Techniques for Effective Public Participation, International Association for Public Participation, IAP2 (2008)
- Foundations of Public Participation (Planning and Communication for Effective Public Participation, IAP2 (2009)
- Certificate in Public Relations, Public Relation Institute of South Africa, Damelin Management School (1989)

Professional Society Affiliations:

Board Member of International Association for Public Participation (IAP2): Southern Africa

EMPLOYMENT

| Date | Company | Roles and Responsibilities |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| November 2018 – | Savannah Environmental (Pty) Ltd | Public Participation and Social Consultant |
| current | | |
| | | Tasks include: |
| | | Tasks include: Drafting of a Public Participation Plan with key deliverable dates and methodology to be followed, Background Information Document, Letters to Stakeholders and Interested and/or Affected Parties (I&APs) inclusive of key project deliverables and responses to questions / concerns raised; Stakeholder identification; facilitating stakeholder workshops, focus group and public meetings; conduct one-on-one consultation with Community Leaders, Tribal Chiefs, affected landowners, etc. |
| | | Managing interaction between Stakeholders and Team Members, liaising with National, Provincial and Local Authorities, managing community consultation and communications in project affected areas, attend to the level of technical information communicated to and consultation with all level of stakeholders involved. |
| 2016 – October 2018 | Imaginative Africa (Pty) Ltd | Independent Consultant |
| | (company owned by Nicolene Venter) | Consulting to various Environmental Assessment Practitioners for Public Participation and Stakeholder Engagements: |
| | | <u>Tasks include:</u> |
| | | Tasks include: Drafting of a Public Participation Plan with key deliverable dates and methodology to be followed, Background Information Document, Letters to Stakeholders and Interested and/or Affected Parties (I&APs) inclusive of key project deliverables and responses to questions / concerns raised; Stakeholder identification; facilitating stakeholder workshops, focus group and public meetings; conduct one-on-one consultation with Community Leaders, Tribal Chiefs, affected landowners, etc. |
| | | Managing interaction between Stakeholders and Team Members, liaising with National, Provincial and Local Authorities, managing community consultation and communications in project |

| | | affected areas, attend to the level of technical |
|-------------|----------------------------------|--|
| | | information communicated to and consultation |
| | | with all level of stakeholders involved |
| | | <u>Clients</u> : |
| | | SiVEST Environmental, Savannah Environmental, |
| | | Baagi Environmental; Royal Haskoning DHV |
| | | (previously SSI) |
| 2013 - 2016 | Zitholele Consulting | Senior Public Participation Practitioner and |
| | | Project Manager |
| | Contact person: Dr Mathys Vosloo | |
| | Contact number: 011 207 2060 | Tasks included: |
| | | Project managed public participation process for |
| | | EIA/BA/WULA/EAL projects. Manages two Public |
| | | Participation Administrators. Public Participation |
| | | tasks as outlined as above and including financial management of public participation processes. |
| 2011 - 2013 | Imaginative Africa (Pty) Ltd | Independent Consultant |
| 2011 2010 | (company owned by Nicolene | Consulting to various Environmental Assessment |
| | Venter) | Practitioners for Public Participation and |
| | , | Stakeholder Engagements |
| | | |
| | | Tasks included: |
| | | Drafting of a Public Participation Plan with key |
| | | deliverable dates and methodology to be |
| | | followed, Background Information Document, |
| | | Letters to Stakeholders and Interested and/or |
| | | Affected Parties (I&APs) inclusive of key project deliverables and responses to questions / |
| | | concerns raised; Stakeholder identification; |
| | | facilitating stakeholder workshops, focus group |
| | | and public meetings; conduct one-on-one |
| | | consultation with Community Leaders, Tribal |
| | | Chiefs, affected landowners, etc. |
| | | Managing interaction between Stakeholders and |
| | | Team Members, liaising with National, Provincial |
| | | and Local Authorities, managing community |
| | | consultation and communications in project |
| | | affected areas, attend to the level of technical |
| | | information communicated to and consultation |
| | | with all level of stakeholders involved |
| | | <u>Clients</u> : |
| | | Bohlweki Environmental, Bembani Sustainability |
| | | (Pty) Ltd; Naledzi Environmental |
| 2007 – 2011 | SiVEST SA (Pty) Ltd | Unit Manager: Public Participation Practitioner |
| | | |
| | Contact person: Andrea Gibb | Tasks included: |
| | Contact number: 011 798 0600 | Project managed public participation process for |
| | | EIA/BA projects. Manages two Junior Public |
| | | Participation Practitioners. Public Participation |

| | | tasks as outlined as above and including financial |
|-------------|---|--|
| 2005 – 2006 | Imaginative Africa (Pty) Ltd (company owned by Nicolene Venter) | management of public participation processes. Independent Consultant Public Participation and Stakeholder Engagement Practitioner |
| | | Tasks included: Drafting of a Public Participation Plan with key deliverable dates and methodology to be followed, Background Information Document, Letters to Stakeholders and Interested and/or Affected Parties (I&APs) inclusive of key project deliverables and responses to questions / concerns raised; Stakeholder identification; facilitating stakeholder workshops, focus group and public meetings; conduct one-on-one consultation with Community Leaders, Tribal Chiefs, affected landowners, etc. |
| | | Managing interaction between Stakeholders and Team Members, liaising with National, Provincial and Local Authorities, managing community consultation and communications in project affected areas, attend to the level of technical information communicated to and consultation with all level of stakeholders involved. |
| | | Clients: Manyaka-Greyling-Meiring (previously Greyling Liaison and currently Golder Associates) |
| 1997 - 2004 | Imaginative Africa (Pty) Ltd (company owned by Nicolene Venter) | Independent Consultant: Public Participation Practitioner. |
| | | Tasks included: Drafting of a Public Participation Plan with key deliverable dates and methodology to be followed, Background Information Document, Letters to Stakeholders and Interested and/or Affected Parties (I&APs) inclusive of key project deliverables and responses to questions / concerns raised; Stakeholder identification; facilitating stakeholder workshops, focus group and public meetings; conduct one-on-one consultation with Community Leaders, affected landowners, etc. |
| | | Managing interaction between Stakeholders and Team Members, liaising with National, Provincial Local Authorities, managing community consultation and communications in project affected areas, attend to the level of technical |

| | information communicated to and consultation with all level of stakeholders involved. | |
|--|--|--|
| | <u>Clients:</u> Greyling Liaison (currently Golder Associates); Bembani Sustainability (Pty) Ltd; Lidwala Environmental; Naledzi Environmental | |

PROJECT EXPERIENCE

RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS: PHOTOVOLTAIC SOLAR ENERGY FACILITIES

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Lichtenburg PVs (3 PVs) & Power Lines (grid | Atlantic Energy Partners | Project Manage the Public |
| connection), Lichtenburg, North West Province | EAP: Savannah Environmental | Participation Process |
| | | Facilitate all meetings |
| Allepad PVs 4 PVs) & Power Lines (grid | IL Energy | Consultation with |
| connection), Upington, Northern Cape Province | EAP: Savannah Environmental | Government Officials, Key |
| | | Stakeholders, Landowners & |
| Hyperion Solar PV Developments (4 PVs) and | Building Energy | Community Leaders |
| Associated Infrastructures, Kathu, Northern Cape | EAP: Savannah Environmental | · |
| Province | | |
| Aggeneys Solar PV Developments (2 PVs) and | Atlantic Energy Partners and | |
| Associated Infrastructures, Aggeneys, Northern | ABO Wind | |
| Cape Province | EAP: Savannah Environmental | |

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| Tlisitseng PV, including Substations & Power Lines, | BioTherm Energy | Public Participation, |
| Lichtenburg, North West Province | EAP: SIVEST | Landowner and Community |
| Sendawo PVs, including Substations & Power Lines, | 7 | Consultation |
| Vryburg, North West Province | | |
| Helena Solar 1, 2 and 3 PVs, Copperton, Northern | 7 | |
| Cape Province | | |
| Farm Spes Bona 23552 Solar PV Plants, | Surya Power | Public Participation, |
| Bloemfontein, Free State Province | EAP: SIVEST | Landowner and Community |
| | | Consultation |
| De Aar Solar Energy Facility, De Aar, Northern | South Africa Mainstream | Public Participation, |
| Cape Province | Renewable Power | Landowner and Community |
| Droogfontein Solar Energy Facility, Kimberley, | Developments | Consultation |
| Northern Cape Province | EAP: SIVEST | |
| Kaalspruit Solar Energy Facility, Loeriesfontein, | | |
| Northern Cape Province | | |
| Platsjambok East PV, Prieska, Northern Cape | 7 | |
| Province | | |
| Renosterburg PV, De Aar, Northern Cape Province | Renosterberg Wind Energy | Public Participation, |
| | Company | Landowner and Community |
| | EAP: SIVEST | Consultation |

| 19MW Solar Power Plant on Farm 198 (Slypklip), | Solar Reserve South Africa | Public Participation, |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Danielskuil, Northern Cape Province | EAP: SIVEST | Landowner and Community |
| | | Consultation |

Basic Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes – Located within the Renewable Energy Development Zones (REDZ)

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|---|----------------------------|
| Moeding Solar PV Solar Energy Facility, Vryburg, | Kabi Solar | Project Manage the Public |
| North West Province | EAP: Savannah Environmental | Participation Process |
| | | Facilitate all meetings |
| , , , | n, SOLA Future Energy EAP: Savannah Environmental | Consultation with |
| Northern Cape Province | | Government Officials, Key |
| | | Stakeholders, Landowners & |
| | | Community Leaders |

RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS: WIND ENERGY FACILITIES

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Aletta Wind Farm, Copperton, Northern Cape | BioTherm Energy | Public Participation |
| Province | EAP: SIVEST | |
| Eureka Wind Farm, Copperton, Northern Cape | | |
| Province | | |
| Loeriesfontein Wind Farm, Loeriesfontein, Northern | South Africa Mainstream | Public Participation |
| Cape Province | Renewable Power | |
| Droogfontein Wind Farm, Loeriesfontein, Northern | Developments | |
| Cape Province | EAP: SIVEST | |
| Four Leeuwberg Wind Farms, Loeriesfontein, | | |
| Northern Cape Province | | |
| Noupoort Wind Farm, Noupoort, Northern Cape | | |
| Province | | |
| Mierdam PV & Wind Farm, Prieska, Northern Cape | | |
| Province | | |
| Platsjambok West Wind Farm & PV, Prieska, | | |
| Northern Cape Province | | |

Basic Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes – Located within the Renewable Energy Development Zones (REDZ)

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Nama Wind Energy Facility, Northern Cape | Genesis ECO | Project Manage the Public |
| Province | EAP: Savannah Environmental | Participation Process |
| | | Facilitate all meetings |
| | | Consultation with |
| | | Government Officials, Key |
| Zonnequa Wind Energy Facility, Northern Cape | | Stakeholders, Landowners |
| Province | | & Community Leaders |

Environmental Authorisation Amendments

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|-------------------------|-------------|------|
|-------------------------|-------------|------|

| Beaufort West 280MW Wind Farm into two 140MW | South Africa Mainstream | Public Participation |
|--|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Trakas and Beaufort West Wind Farms, Western | Renewable Power | |
| Cape | Developments | |
| | EAP: SIVEST | |

RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS: CONCENTRATED SOLAR FACILITIES (CSP)

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Upington Concentrating Solar Plant and | Eskom Holdings | Public Participation |
| associated Infrastructures, Northern Cape | EAP: Bohlweki Environmental | |
| Provionce | | |

GRID INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Pluto-Mahikeng Main Transmission Substation and | Eskom Holdings | |
| 400kV Power Line (Carletonville to Mahikeng), | EAP: Baagi Environmental | |
| Gauteng and North West Provinces | | |
| Thyspunt Transmission Lines Integration Project, | Eskom Holdings | Public Participation, |
| Eastern Cape Province | EAP: SIVEST | Landowner and Community |
| | | Consultation |
| Westrand Strengthening Project, Gauteng Province | | |
| Mookodi Integration Project, North-West Province | | Public Participation, |
| Transnet Coallink, Mpumalanga and KwaZulu-Natal | | Toblic Famcipation, |
| Provinces | | |
| Delarey-Kopela-Phahameng Distribution power line | | |
| and newly proposed Substations, North-West | | Public Participation, |
| Province | | Landowner and Community |
| Invubu-Theta 400kV Eskom Transmission Power Line, | Eskom Holding | Consultation |
| KwaZulu-Natal Province | EAP: Bembani Environmental | |

<u>Facilitation</u>

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Meeting Type |
|---|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Bloemfontein Strengthening Project, Free State | Eskom Holdings | Public Meetings |
| Province | EAP: Baagi Environmental | |
| Mooidraai-Smitkloof 132kV Power Line and | Eskom Holdings | Focus Group Meetings |
| Substation, Northern Cape Province | EAP: SSI | |
| Aggeneis-Oranjemond 400kV Eskom Transmission | Eskom Holdings | Focus Group Meetings & |
| Power Line, Northern Cape Province | EAP: Savannah Environmental | Public Meetings |
| Ariadne-Eros 400kV/132kV Multi-Circuit Transmission | Eskom Holdings | Public Meetings |
| Power Line (Public Meetings) | EAP: ACER Africa | |
| Majuba-Venus 765kV Transmission Power Lines, | | Public Meetings |
| Mpumlanaga Province | | |

Basic Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|-------------------------|-------------|------|

| Melkhout-Kudu-Grassridge 132kV Power Line | Eskom Holdings | Public Participation, |
|---|----------------|-------------------------|
| Project (project not submitted to DEA), Eastern | EAP: SIVEST | Landowner and Community |
| Cape Province | | Consultation |
| Tweespruit-Welroux-Driedorp-Wepener 132Kv | 7 | Public Participation, |
| Power Line, Free State Province | | Landowner and Community |
| | | Consultation |
| Kuruman 132Kv Power Line Upgrade, Northern | Eskom Holdings | Public Participation, |
| Cape Province | EAP: Zitholele | Landowner and Community |
| | | Consultation |
| Vaalbank 132Kv Power Line, Free State Province | 7 | Public Participation, |
| | | Landowner and Community |
| | | Consultation |
| Pongola-Candover-Golela 132kV Power Line | 7 | Public Participation, |
| (Impact Phase), KwaZulu-Natal Province | | Landowner and Community |
| | | Consultation |
| Ndumo-Geziza 132kV Power Line, KwaZulu-Natal | | Public Participation, |
| Province | | Landowner and Community |
| | | Consultation |

Screening Studies

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|
| Potential Power Line Alternatives from Humansdorp | Nelson Mandela Bay | Social Assessment |
| to Port Elizabeth, Eastern Cape Province | Municipality | |
| | EAP: SIVEST | |

CONVENTIONAL POWER GENERATION PROJECTS (COAL, GAS AND ASSOCIATED INFRASTRUCTURE)

Stakeholder Engagement

| 3 3 | | |
|---|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
| Determination, Review and Implementation of the | Department of Water and | Secretarial Services |
| Reserve in the Olifants/Letaba System | Sanitation | |
| Orange River Bulk Water Supply System | Golder Associates | |
| Levuvu-Letaba Resources Quality Objectives | | |

Facilitation

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Meeting Type |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Thabametsi IPP Power Station, Limpopo Province | Thabametsi Power Company | Focus Group Meeting & |
| | EAP: Savannah Environmental | Public Meeting |

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Richards Bay Combined Cycle Power Plant, | Eskom Holdings | Public Participation |
| Richards Bay, Kwa-Zulu Natal Province (Impact | EAP: Savannah Environmental | |
| Phase) | | |
| Medupi Flue Gas Desulphurisation Project (up to | Eskom Holdings SOC Ltd | Public Participation, |
| completion of Scoping Phase), Limpopo Province | EAP: Zitholele Consulting | Landowner and Community |
| Kendal 30-year Ash Disposal Facility, Mpumalanga | | Consultation |
| Province | | |
| Kusile 60-year Ash Disposal Facility, Mpumalanga | | |
| Province | | |

| Camden Power Station Ash Disposal Facility, | | |
|---|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Mpumalanga Province | | |
| Tutuka Fabric Filter Retrofit and Dust Handling Plant | Eskom Holdings SOC Ltd | Public Participation, |
| Projects, Mpumalanga Province | EAP: Lidwala Environmental | Landowner and Community |
| | | Consultation |
| Eskom's Majuba and Tutuka Ash Dump Expansion, | | Public Participation, |
| Mpumalanga Province | | Landowner and Community |
| | | Consultation |
| Hendrina Ash Dam Expansion, Mpumalanga | | Public Participation, |
| Province | | Landowner and Community |
| | | Consultation |

INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS (BRIDGES, PIPELINES, RAILWAY LINES, ROADS, WATER RESOURCES, STORAGE FACILITIES, ETC)

Facilitation

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Meeting Type |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Determination, Review and Implementation of the | Department of Water and | Secretarial Services |
| Reserve in the Olifants/Letaba System | Sanitation | |
| | Golder Associates | |
| Orange River Bulk Water Supply System | Department of Water and | Secretarial Services |
| | Sanitation | |
| | Golder Associates | |
| Levuvu-Letaba Resources Quality Objectives | Department of Water and | Secretarial Services |
| | Sanitation | |
| | Golder Associates | |
| SmancorCR Chemical Plant (Public Meeting), | Samancor Chrome (Pty) Ltd | Public Meeting |
| Gauteng Province | EAP: Environment al Science | |
| | Associates | |
| SANRAL N4 Toll Highway Project (2 nd Phase), | Department of Transport | Public Meetings |
| Gauteng & North West Provinces | EAP: | |

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

| • | | |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
| Transnet's New Multi-Products Pipeline traversing | Transnet | Public Participation |
| Kwa-Zulu Natal, Free State and Gauteng Provinces | EAP: Bohlweki Environmental | |

Basic Assessments

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|------------------------------|----------------------|
| Realignment of the Bulshoek Dam Weir near Klawer | Dept of Water and Sanitation | Public Participation |
| and the Doring River Weir near Clanwilliam, | EAP: Zitholele | |
| Western Cape Province | | |

MINING SECTOR

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Zero Waste Recovery Plant at highveld Steel, | Anglo African Metals | Public Participation |
| Mpumalanga Province | EAP: Savannah Environmental | |
| Koffiefontein Slimes Dam, Free State Province | Petra Diamond Mines | Public Participation |
| | EAP: Zitholele | |

| Baobab Project: Ethenol Plant, Chimbanje, Middle | Applicant: Green Fuel | Public Participation & |
|--|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Sabie, Zimbabwe | EAP: SIVEST | Community Consultation |
| BHP Billiton Energy Coal SA's Middelburg Water | BHP Billiton Group | Public Participation |
| Treatment Plant, Mpumalanaa | EAP: Jones & Wagener | |

CURRICULUM VITAE OF MMAKOENA MMOLA

Profession: Environmental Consultant

Specialisation: Environmental Permitting, Environmental Assessments, and Compliance

Work Experience: 3.5 years

VOCATIONAL EXPERIENCE

Mmakoena is an Environmental Consultant with 3 years of experience in the environmental field. She holds a B.Sc. (Hons) in Geochemistry from the University of the Witwatersrand, and is currently completing her B.Sc. (Hons) in Environmental Management with the University of South Africa.

Mmakoena's experience includes undertaking basic assessments (BAs), providing assistance on local environmental impact assessments (ElAs), environmental authorisation applications (EAs), water use licence applications (WULAs), public participation, environmental compliance auditing and providing environmental control officer (ECO) services. Mmakoena has a well-developed knowledge of environmental legislation (National Environmental Management Act, National Water Act, etc.), and has successfully managed a number of basic assessments from the application phase through to receipt of environmental authorisation. She also has experience in preparing proposal documents and budgets in response to requests for quotations/proposals and tenders.

SKILLS BASE AND CORE COMPETENCIES

- Well-developed communication and report writing skills
- Adaptability and ability to handle pressure
- Organisational skills
- Ability to build and maintain client relationships
- Loyalty, dedication and dependability
- Ability to coordinate and synthesize environmental information
- Ability to work to tight deadlines and on multiple projects
- Thorough knowledge of environmental legislation and the environmental impact assessment
- process
- Quality focus and attention to detail
- Ability to deliver high quality work to agreed budgets
- MS Office Package (Word, PowerPoint and Excel)
- Adobe Acrobat
- Google Earth
- ArcGIS

EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL STATUS

Degrees:

- Bachelor of Science (Hons) Environmental Management, in progress, University of South Africa
- Bachelor of Science (Hons) Geochemistry, 2016, University of the Witwatersrand
- Bachelor of Science Geology, 2015, University of the Witwatersrand

Short Courses:

- Environmental Management and Regulations, 2018, Kuvimbika
- Research Methodology and Report Writing, 2017, Imsimbi Training

Professional Society Affiliations:

Candidate Natural Scientist, Environmental Science, South African Council for Natural and Scientific Professions
 Registration Number: 126748

EMPLOYMENT

| Date | Company | Roles and Responsibilities | |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|---|--|
| 2021 - Current: | Savannah Environmental (Pty) Ltd | Environmental Consultant Tasks include: | |
| | | Environmental permitting and Environmental Authorisation applications Environmental Authorisation amendment applications Liaison with clients and competent authorities Public participation process Preparation of proposals and budgets Report writing (Environmental Impact Assessment reports, Basic Assessment report, motivation reports and Environmental Management Programmes) Project Management Management of sub-consultants | |
| 2019 - 2020 | Golder Associates Africa (Pty) Ltd | Junior Environmental Consultant Tasks included: Water use license applications Environmental compliance and water use license audits Environmental control officer services Annual integrated water and waste management plan updates Assist with wetland assessments Assist with mine closure and rehabilitation plans Liaise with clients and competent authorities Provide assistance on local environmental and | |
| | | social impact assessments Undertake site visits Compile environmental reports Generate environmental screening reports | |

| Date | Company | Roles and Responsibilities | |
|-------------|------------------|---|--|
| | | Undertake administrative tasks | |
| 2017 - 2019 | Shango Solutions | Junior Consultant | |
| | | <u>Tasks included:</u> | |
| | | Conduct environmental compliance and | |
| | | financial provision audits for prospecting sites as per the MPRDA | |
| | | Environmental authorisation applications | |
| | | Prospecting right and mining permit applications | |
| | | Basic assessment reports | |
| | | Environmental management programmes/plans | |
| | | Execute the public participation process | |
| | | Section 102 amendment applications as per the MPRDA | |
| | | Prepare maps | |
| | | Liaise with sub-consultants/specialists | |
| | | Undertake administrative tasks | |

PROJECT EXPERIENCE

Project experience includes environmental impact assessments and permitting for mining, exploration and prospecting projects.

GAS PROJECTS

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Kroonstad Gas Exploration Right and Environmental | Western Allen Ridge Gold | Assistant EAP and Public |
| Authorisation, Free State Province | Mines (Pty) Ltd | Participation Consultant |

MINING SECTOR PROJECTS

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Pure Source Mine Mining Right Application, Free | Monte Cristo Commercial | Assistant EAP and Public |
| State Province | Park (Pty) Ltd | Participation Consultant |

Basic Assessments

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------|
| Basic Assessment for Western Margin Gap West | White Rivers Exploration (Pty) | Assistant EAP |
| Prospecting Right, Free State Province | Ltd | |
| Basic Assessment for Ventersburg Consolidated | White Rivers Exploration (Pty) | Assistant EAP |
| Prospecting Right, Free State Province | Ltd | |
| Basic Assessment for Nkunzana Prospecting Right, | WRE Base Metals (Pty) Ltd | Junior EAP |
| KwaZulu-Natal Province | | |
| Basic Assessment for Kroonstad North Prospecting | White Rivers Exploration (Pty) | Junior EAP |
| Right, Free State Province | Ltd | |
| Basic Assessment for Vredefort West Extension | White Rivers Exploration (Pty) | Junior EAP |
| Prospecting Right, Free State Province | Ltd | |

| Basic Assessment for Beisa North Prospecting Right, | Sunshine Mineral Reserves | EAP |
|---|---------------------------|---------------|
| Free State Province | (Pty) Ltd | |
| Basic Assessment for Palmietfontein Mining Permit, | Palm Chrome (Py) Ltd | Assistant EAP |
| North West Province | | |

Specialist Studies

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------|
| New Largo Mine Closure and Rehabilitation Plan, | Seriti Coal | Junior Environmental |
| Mpumalanga Province | | Consultant |
| Smarty Minerals Integrated Environmental | Smarty Minerals Investment | Junior Environmental |
| Authorisation: Wetland Impact Assessment Report, | (Pty) Ltd | Consultant |
| Limpopo Province | | |
| Glencore Water Treatment Plant Pipeline: Wetland | Glencore | Junior Environmental |
| Monitoring, Mpumalanga Province | | Consultant |

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|---------------------------------|---------|
| Glencore Merafe Wonderkop Smelter, Regulation 34 | Glencore | Auditor |
| Audit, North West Province | | |
| Tshipi Borwa Mine Water Use Licence Audit, Northern | Tshipi Borwa Mine | Auditor |
| Cape Province | | |
| | | |
| Samancor Middelburg Ferrochrome: Construction of | Samancor Middelburg | ECO |
| ore dryer, Mpumalanga Province | Ferrochrome | |
| Various Annual Financial Provision and | White River's Exploration (Pty) | Auditor |
| Environmental Compliance Audits for prospecting | Ltd | |
| sites as per the MPRDA, Free State and KwaZulu- | | |
| Natal Province | | |
| Impala Platinum Limited – Springs annual external | Impala Platinum Limited | Auditor |
| Water Use Licence Audit, Gauteng Province | | |
| | | |
| Grootegeluk Water Use Licence Audits, Limpopo | Exxarro | Auditor |
| Province | | |

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|-------------|-----------------------|
| Turvflakte Water Use Licence Application, Limpopo | Exxarro | Junior Environmental |
| Province | | Consultant (providing |
| | | assistance) |

INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS (BRIDGES, PIPELINES, ROADS, WATER RESOURCES, STORAGE, ETC)

Specialist Studies

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|---|-------------------|----------------------|
| Closure cost model estimate and closure cost report | AngloGold Ashanti | Junior Environmental |
| for Proposed Surface Pipeline and Associated | | Consultant |
| Infrastructure, Gauteng Province | | |

| Wetland Impact Assessment report for Proposed | AngloGold Ashanti | Junior Environmental |
|---|-------------------|----------------------|
| Surface Pipeline and Associated Infrastructure, | | Consultant |
| Gauteng Province | | |

AGRICULTURE PROJECTS

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

| Project Name & Location | Client Name | Role |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Dew Crisp Water Use Licence Application, Gauteng | Dew Crisp(Pty) Ltd | Junior Environmental |
| Province | | Consultant (providing |
| | | assistance) |