ELECTRICAL GRID INFRASTRUCTURE (ÉGI) FOR THE 100MWac RONDAVEL PHOTOVOLTAIC SOLAR ENERGY FACILITY (SEF), LOCATED NEAR KROONSTAD, FREE STATE PROVINCE

Environmental Management Programme for the overhead power line associated with the Rondavel Solar Energy Facility

September 2021



APPENDIX 1
GENERIC ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) FOR THE
DEVELOPMENT AND EXPANSION FOR OVERHEAD ELECTRICITY
TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION INFRASTRUCTURE

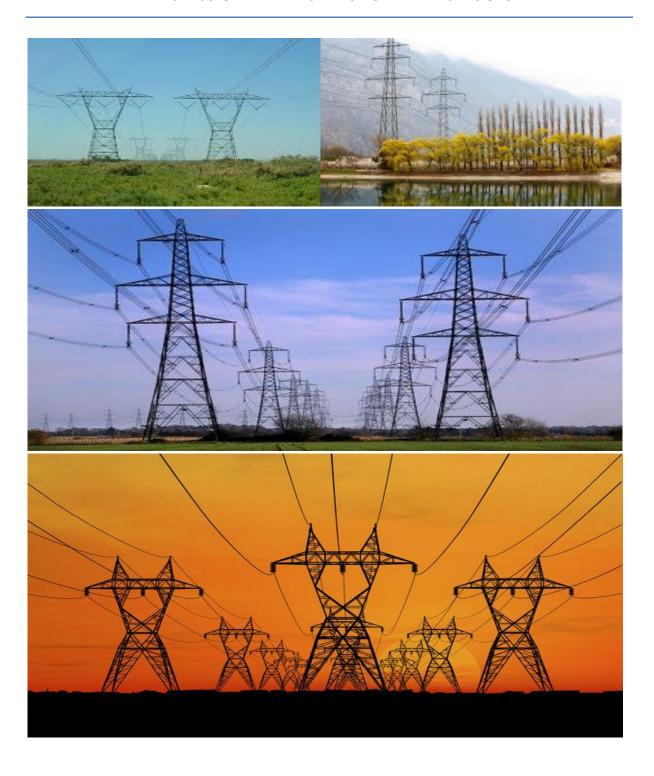




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INTRODUCTION

1. Background

The National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998) (NEMA) requires that an environmental management programme (EMPr) be submitted where an environmental impact assessment (EIA) has been identified as the environmental instrument to be utilised as the basis for a decision on an application for environmental authorisation (EA). The content of an EMPr must either contain the information set out in Appendix 4 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014, as amended, (EIA Regulations) or must be a generic EMPr relevant to an application as identified and gazetted by the Minister in a government notice. Once the Minister has identified, through a government notice, that a generic EMPr is relevant to an application for EA, that generic EMPr must be applied by all parties involved in the EA process, including, but not limited to, the applicant and the competent authority (CA).

2. Purpose

This document constitutes a generic EMPr relevant to applications for the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure, and all listed and specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

3. Objective

The objective of this generic EMPr is to prescribe and pre-approve generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions, which can commonly and repeatedly be used for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure. The use of a generic EMPr is intended to reduce the need to prepare and review individual EMPrs for applications of a similar nature.

4. Scope

The scope of this generic EMPr applies to the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure requiring EA in terms of NEMA, i.e. with a capacity of 33 kilovolts or more. This generic EMPr applies to activities requiring EA, mainly activity 11 and 47 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 1 of 2014, as amended, and activity 9 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 2 of 2014, as amended, and all associated listed or specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

5. Structure of this document

This document is structured in three parts with an Appendix as indicated in the table below:

Part	Section	Heading	Content
run	Section	nedding	Comem
A		Provides general guidance and information and is not legally binding	Definitions, acronyms, roles & responsibilities and documentation and reporting.
В	1	Pre-approved generic EMPr template	Contains generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions required for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure, which are presented in the form of a template that has been pre-approved. The template in this section is to be completed by the contractor, with each completed page signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. Where an impact management outcome is not relevant, the words "not applicable" can be inserted in the template under the "responsible persons" column. Once completed and signed, the template represents the EMPr for the activity approved by
			the CA and is legally binding. The template is not required to be submitted to the CA as once the generic EMPr is gazetted for implementation, it has been approved by the CA. To allow interested and affected parties access to the pre-approved EMPr template for consideration through the decision-making process, the EAP on behalf of the applicant /proponent must make the hard copy of this
	2	Site specific information	EMPr available at a public location and where the applicant has a website, the EMPr should also be made available on such publicly accessible website. Contains preliminary infrastructure layout and a
		,	declaration that the applicant/holder of the EA

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			will comply with the pre-approved generic EMPr template contained in <u>Part B: Section 1</u> , and understands that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding . The preliminary infrastructure layout must be finalized to inform the final EMPr that is to be submitted with the basic assessment report (BAR) or environmental impact assessment report (EIAR), ensuring that all impact management outcomes and actions have been either pre-approved or approved in terms of <u>Part C.</u>
			This section must be submitted to the CA together with the final BAR or EIAR. The information submitted to the CA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, this Section forms part of the EMPr for the development and is legally binding.
С		Site specific sensitivities/ attributes	If any specific environmental sensitivities/ attributes are present on the site which require site specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr, to manage impacts, these specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific environmental attributes must be referenced spatially and impact management outcomes and impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be provided. These specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the preapproved EMPr template (Part B: section 1)
			This section will not be required should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes. However, if <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the site, it is required to be submitted together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP, and must contain his/her name and

	Heading	Content
		expertise including a curriculum vitae. Once approved, Part C forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.
		This section applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the specific development or expansion and which are not already included in <u>Part B: section 1</u> .
Appendix 1		Contains the method statements to be prepared prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are not required to be submitted to the competent authority.
	ndix 1	ndix 1

6. Completion of part B: section 1: the pre-approved generic EMPr template

The template is to be completed prior to commencement of the activity, by providing the following information for each environmental impact management action:

- For implementation
 - a 'responsible person',
 - a method for implementation,
 - a timeframe for implementation
- For monitoring
 - a responsible person
 - frequency
 - evidence of compliance.

The completed template must be signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as <u>Appendix 1</u>. Each method statement must be signed and dated on each page by the holder of the EA. This template, once signed and dated, is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

7. Amendments of the impact management outcomes and impact management actions

Once the activity has commenced, a holder of an EA may make amendments to the impact management outcomes and impact management actions in the following manner:

- Amendment of the impact management outcomes: in line with the process contemplated in regulation 37 of the EIA Regulations; and
- Amendment of the impact management actions: in line with the process contemplated in regulation 36 of the EIA Regulations.

8. Documents to be submitted as part of part B: section 2 site specific information and declaration

<u>Part B: Section 2</u> has three distinct sub-sections. The first and third sub-sections are in a template format. Sub-section two requires a map to be produced.

<u>Sub-section 1</u> contains the project name, the applicant's name and contact details, the site information, which includes coordinates of the corridor in which the proposed overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure is proposed as well as the 21-digit Surveyor General code of each cadastral land parcel and, where available, the farm name.

Sub-section 2 is to be prepared by an EAP and must contain his/her name and expertise including a curriculum vitae. This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout using the national web based environmental tool, when available for screening compulsory https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. raptor nest, threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps must identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features in the surrounding landscape within 50m from the development footprint. The overhead transmission and distribution profile must be illustrated at an appropriate resolution to enable fine scale interrogation. It is recommended that <20 km of overhead transmission and distribution length is illustrated per page in A3 landscape format. Where considered appropriate, photographs of sensitive features in the context of tower positions must be used.

<u>Sub-section 3</u> is the declaration that the applicant/proponent or holder of the EA in the case of a change of ownership must complete, which confirms that the applicant/EA holder will comply with the pre-approved generic EMPr template in <u>Section 1</u> and understands that the impact management outcomes and actions are legally binding.

(a) Amendments to Part B: Section 2 – site specific information and declaration

Should the EA be transferred, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new applicant/proponent and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of Regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted as part of such an application for an amendment to an EA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

PART A - GENERAL INFORMATION

1. **DEFINITIONS**

In this EMPr any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the NEMA or EIA Regulations has that meaning, and unless the context requires otherwise –

"clearing" means the clearing and removal of vegetation, whether partially or in whole, including trees and shrubs, as specified;

"construction camp" is the area designated for key construction infrastructure and services, including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;

"contractor" - The Contractor has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract, are in line with the Environmental Management Programme and that Method Statements are implemented as described.

"hazardous substance" is a substance governed by the Hazardous Substances Act, 1973 (Act No. 15 of 1973) as well as the Hazardous Chemical and Substances Regulations, 1995;

"method statement" means a written submission by the Contractor to the Project Manager in response to this EMPr or a request by the Project Manager and ECO. The method statement must set out the equipment, materials, labour and method(s) the Contractor proposes using to carry out an activity identified by the Project Manager when requesting the Method Statement. This must be done in such detail that the Project Manager and ECO is able to assess whether the Contractor's proposal is in accordance with this specification and/or will produce results in accordance with this specification;

The method statement must cover applicable details with regard to:

- (i) Construction procedures;
- (ii) Plant, materials and equipment to be used;
- (iii) Transporting the equipment to and from site;
- (iv) How the plant/material/equipment will be moved while on site;
- (v) How and where the plant/ material/ equipment will be stored;
- (vi) The containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- (vii) Timing and location of activities;
- (viii) Compliance/ non-compliance; and
- (ix) Any other information deemed necessary by the Project Manager.

"slope" means the inclination of a surface expressed as one unit of rise or fall for so many horizontal units;

"solid waste" means all solid waste, including construction debris, hazardous waste, excess cement/ concrete, wrapping materials, timber, cans, drums, wire, nails, food and domestic waste (e.g. plastic packets and wrappers);

"spoil" means excavated material which is unsuitable for use as material in the construction works or is material which is surplus to the requirements of the construction works;

"topsoil" means a varying depth (up to 300 mm) of the soil profile irrespective of the fertility, appearance, structure, agricultural potential, fertility and composition of the soil; and

2. ACRONYMS and ABBREVIATIONS

CA	Competent Authority
cEO	Contractors Environmental Officer
dEO	Developer Environmental Officer
DPM	Developer Project Manager
DSS	Developer Site Supervisor
EAR	Environmental Audit Report
ECA	Environment Conservation Act No. 73 of 1989
ECO	Environmental Control Officer
EA	Environmental Authorisation
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
ERAP	Emergency Response Action Plan
EMPr	Environmental Management Programme Report
EAP	Environmental Assessment Practitioner
FPA	Fire Protection Agency
HCS	Hazardous chemical Substance
NEMA	National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998)
NEMBA	National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act ,2004 (Act No. 10
	of 2004)
NEMWA	National Environmental Management: Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008)
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet
RI&APs	Registered interested and affected parties

[&]quot;works" means the works to be executed in terms of the Contract

3. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) IMPLEMENTATION

The effective implementation of this generic EMPr is dependent on established and clear roles, responsibilities and reporting lines within an institutional framework. This section of the EMPr gives guidance to the various environmental roles and reporting lines, however, project specific requirements will ultimately determine the need for the appointment of specific person(s) to undertake specific roles and or responsibilities. As such, it must be noted that in the event that no specific person, for example, an environmental control officer (ECO) is appointed, the holder of the EA remains responsible for ensuring that the duties indicated in this document for action by the ECO are undertaken.

Table 1: Guide to roles and responsibilities for implementation of an EMPr

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer's Project Manager	Role
(DPM)	The Project Developer is accountable for ensuring compliance with the EMPr and any conditions of approval from the competent authority (CA). Where required, an environmental control officer (ECO) must be contracted by the Project Developer to objectively monitor the implementation of the EMPr according to relevant environmental legislation, and the conditions of the environmental authorisation (EA). The Project Developer is further responsible for providing and giving mandate to enable the ECO to perform responsibilities, and he must ensure that the ECO is integrated as part of the project team while remaining independent.
	 Responsibilities Be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA; Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Developer and its Contractor(s); Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; Monitor the implementation of the EMPr throughout the project by means of site inspections and meetings. Overall management of the project and EMPr implementation; and Ensure that periodic environmental performance audits are undertaken on the project implementation.

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer Site Supervisor (DSS)	<u>Role</u>
	The DSS reports directly to the DPM, oversees site works, liaises with the contractor(s) and the ECO. The
	DSS is responsible for the day to day implementation of the EMPr and for ensuring the compliance of
	all contractors with the conditions and requirements stipulated in the EMPr.
	<u>Responsibilities</u>
	- Ensure that all contractors identify a contractor's Environmental Officer (cEO);
	- Must be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA. Oversees site works, liaison with Contractor,
	DPM and ECO;
	- Must ensure that all landowners have the relevant contact details of the site staff, ECO and cEO;
	- Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required;
	- Will issue all non-compliances to contractors; and
	- Ratify the Monthly Environmental Report.
Environmental Control Officer (ECO)	Role
	The ECO should have appropriate training and experience in the implementation of environmental
	management specifications. The primary role of the ECO is to act as an independent quality
	controller and monitoring agent regarding all environmental concerns and associated
	environmental impacts. In this respect, the ECO is to conduct periodic site inspections, attend
	regular site meetings, pre-empt problems and suggest mitigation and be available to advise on
	incidental issues that arise. The ECO is also required to conduct compliance audits, verifying the
	monitoring reports submitted by the cEO and dEO. The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project
	Manager regarding all environmental matters. The Contractor, cEO and dEO are answerable to the
	Environmental Control Officer for non-compliance with the Performance Specifications as set out in
	the EA and EMPr.
	The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager, who in turn reports back to the
	Contractor and potential and Registered Interested &Affected Parties (RI&APs), as required. Issues of
	non-compliance raised by the ECO must be taken up by the Project Manager, and resolved with the
	Contractor as per the conditions of his contract. Decisions regarding environmental procedures,
	specifications and requirements which have a cost implication (i.e. those that are deemed to be a

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
Responsible Person (s)	variation, not allowed for in the Performance Specification) must be endorsed by the Project Manager. The ECO must also, as specified by the EA, report to the relevant CA as and when required. Responsibilities The responsibilities of the ECO will include the following: Be aware of the findings and conclusions of all EA related to the development; Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr; Be conversant with relevant environmental legislation, policies and procedures, and ensure compliance with them; Undertake regular and comprehensive site inspections / audits of the construction site according to the generic EMPr and applicable licenses in order to monitor compliance as required; Educate the construction team about the management measures contained in the EMPr and environmental licenses; Compilation and administration of an environmental monitoring plan to ensure that the environmental management measures are implemented and are effective; Monitoring the performance of the Contractors and ensuring compliance with the EMPr and associated Method Statements; In consultation with the Developer Site Supervisor order the removal of person(s) and/or equipment which are in contravention of the specifications of the EMPr and/or environmental licenses; Liaison between the DPM, Contractors, authorities and other lead stakeholders on all environmental concerns;
	 In consultation with the Developer Site Supervisor order the removal of person(s) and/or equipment which are in contravention of the specifications of the EMPr and/or environmental licenses; Liaison between the DPM, Contractors, authorities and other lead stakeholders on all environmental concerns;

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities	
Responsible Leison (s)	 Checking the cEO's public complaints register in which all complaints are recorded, as well as action taken; Assisting in the resolution of conflicts; Facilitate training for all personnel on the site – this may range from carrying out the training, to reviewing the training programmes of the Contractor; In case of non-compliances, the ECO must first communicate this to the Senior Site Supervisor, who has the power to ensure this matter is addressed. Should no action or insufficient action be taken, the ECO may report this matter to the authorities as non-compliance; Maintenance, update and review of the EMPr; 	
	- Communication of all modifications to the EMPr to the relevant stakeholders.	
developer Environmental Officer (dEO)	Role The dEOs will report to the Project Manager and are responsible for implementation of the EMPr, environmental monitoring and reporting, providing environmental input to the Project Manager and Contractor's Manager, liaising with contractors and the landowners as well as a range of environmental coordination responsibilities.	
	 Responsibilities Be fully conversant with the EMPr; Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr, and implement these measures; Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Employees, Contractor(s); Confine the development site to the demarcated area; Conduct environmental internal audits with regards to EMPr and authorisation compliance (on cEO); Assist the contractors in addressing environmental challenges on site; Assist in incident management: Reporting environmental incidents to developer and ensuring that corrective action is taken, and lessons learnt shared; 	

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
	- Assist the contractor in investigating environmental incidents and compile investigation reports;
	 Follow-up on pre-warnings, defects, non-conformance reports;
	 Measure and communicate environmental performance to the Contractor;
	 Conduct environmental awareness training on site together with ECO and cEO;
	 Ensure that the necessary legal permits and / or licenses are in place and up to date;
	- Acting as Developer's Environmental Representative on site and work together with the ECO
	and contractor;
Contractor	<u>Role</u>
	The Contractor appoints the cEO and has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract are in line with the EMPr and that Method Statements are implemented as described. External contractors must ensure compliance with this EMPr while performing the onsite activities as per their contract with the Project Developer. The contractors are required, where specified, to provide Method Statements setting out in detail how the impact management actions contained in the EMPr will be implemented during the development or expansion for overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure activities.
	<u>Responsibilities</u>
	- project delivery and quality control for the development services as per appointment;
	- employ a suitably qualified person to monitor and report to the Project Developer's appointed
	person on the daily activities on-site during the construction period;
	- ensure that safe, environmentally acceptable working methods and practices are
	implemented and that equipment is properly operated and maintained, to facilitate proper
	access and enable any operation to be carried out safely;
	 attend on site meeting(s) prior to the commencement of activities to confirm the procedure and designated activity zones;
	- ensure that contractors' staff repair, at their own cost, any environmental damage as a result
	of a contravention of the specifications contained in EMPr, to the satisfaction of the ECO.

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
contractor Environmental Officer	<u>Role</u>
(cEO)	Each Contractor affected by the EMPr should appoint a cEO, who is responsible for the on-site
	implementation of the EMPr (or relevant sections of the EMPr). The Contractor's representative can be
	the site agent; site engineer; a dedicated environmental officer; or an independent consultant. The
	Contractor must ensure that the Contractor's Representative is suitably qualified to perform the
	necessary tasks and is appointed at a level such that she/he can interact effectively with other site
	Contractors, labourers, the Environmental Control Officer and the public. As a minimum the cEO shall
	meet the following criteria:
	<u>Responsibilities</u>
	- Be on site throughout the duration of the project and be dedicated to the project;
	- Ensure all their staff are aware of the environmental requirements, conditions and constraints
	with respect to all of their activities on site;
	- Implementing the environmental conditions, guidelines and requirements as stipulated within
	the EA, EMPr and Method Statements;
	- Attend the Environmental Site Meeting;
	- Undertaking corrective actions where non-compliances are registered within the stipulated
	timeframes;
	 Report back formally on the completion of corrective actions;
	 Assist the ECO in maintaining all the site documentation;
	 Prepare the site inspection reports and corrective action reports for submission to the ECO;
	 Assist the ECO with the preparing of the monthly report; and
	- Where more than one Contractor is undertaking work on site, each company appointed as a
	Contractor will appoint a cEO representing that company.

4. ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE

To ensure accountable and demonstrated implementation of the EMPr, a number of reporting systems, documentation controls and compliance mechanisms must be in place for all overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure projects as a minimum requirement.

4.1 Document control/Filing system

The holder of the EA is solely responsible for the upkeep and management of the EMPr file. At a minimum, all documentation detailed below will be stored in the EMPr file. A hard copy of all documentation shall be filed, while an electronic copy may be kept where relevant. A duplicate file will be maintained in the office of the DSS (where applicable). This duplicate file must remain current and up-to-date. The filing system must be updated and relevant documents added as required. The EMPr file must be made available at all times on request by the CA or other relevant authorities. The EMPr file will form part of any environmental audits undertaken as prescribed in the EIA Regulations.

4.2 Documentation to be available

At the outset of the project the following preliminary list of documents shall be placed in the filing system and be accessible at all times:

- Full copy of the signed EA from the CA in terms of NEMA, granting approval for the development or expansion;
- Copy of the generic and site specific EMPr as well as any amendments thereof;
- Copy of declaration of implementing generic EMPr and subsequent approval of site specific EMPr and amendments thereof;
- All method statements:
- Completed environmental checklists;
- Minutes and attendance register of environmental site meetings;
- An up-to-date environmental incident log;
- A copy of all instructions or directives issued;
- A copy of all corrective actions signed off. The corrective actions must be filed in such a way that a clear reference is made to the non-compliance record;
- Complaints register.

4.3 Weekly Environmental Checklist

The ECOs are required to complete a Weekly Environmental Checklist, the format of which is to be agreed prior to commencement of the activity. The ECOs are required to sign and date the checklist, retain a copy in the EMPr file and submit a copy of the completed checklist to the DSS on a weekly basis.

The checklists will form the basis for the Monthly Environmental Reports. Copies of all completed checklists will be attached as Annexures to the Environmental Audit Report as required in terms of the EIA Regulations.

4.4 Environmental site meetings

Minutes of the environmental site meetings shall be kept. The minutes must include an attendance register and will be attached to the Monthly Report that is distributed to attendees. Each set of minutes must clearly record "Matters for Attention" that will be reviewed at the next meeting.

4.5 Required Method Statements

The method statement will be done in such detail that the ECOs are enabled to assess whether the contractor's proposal is in accordance with the EMPr.

The method statement must cover applicable details with regard to:

- development procedures;
- materials and equipment to be used;
- getting the equipment to and from site;
- how the equipment/ material will be moved while on site;
- how and where material will be stored:
- the containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- timing and location of activities;
- compliance/ non-compliance with the EMPr; and
- any other information deemed necessary by the ECOs.

Unless indicated otherwise by the Project Manager, the Contractor shall provide the following method statements to the Project Manager no less than 14 days prior to the commencement date of the activity:

- Site establishment Camps, Lay-down or storage areas, satellite camps, infrastructure;
- Batch plants;
- Workshop or plant servicing;
- Handling, transport and storage of Hazardous Chemical Substances;
- Vegetation management Protected, clearing, aliens, felling;
- Access management Roads, gates, crossings etc.;
- Fire plan;
- Waste management transport, storage, segregation, classification, disposal (all waste streams);
- Social interaction complaints management, compensation claims, access to properties etc.;
- Water use (source, abstraction and disposal), access and all related information, crossings and mitigation;
- Emergency preparedness Spills, training, other environmental emergencies;
- Dust and noise management methodologies;
- Fauna interaction and risk management only if the risk was identified wildlife interaction especially on game farms; and
- Heritage and palaeontology management.

The ECOs shall monitor and ensure that the contractors perform in accordance with these method statements. Completed and agreed method statements between the holder of the EA and the contractor shall be captured in Appendix 1.

4.6 Environmental Incident Log (Diary)

The ECOs are required to maintain an up-to-date and current Environmental Incident Log (environmental diary). The Environmental Incident Log is a means to record all environmental incidents and/or all non-compliance notice would not be issued. An environmental incident is defined as:

- Any deviation from the listed impact management actions (listed in this EMPr) that
 may be addressed immediately by the ECOs. (For example a contractor's staff
 member littering or a drip tray that has not been emptied);
- Any environmental impact resulting from an action or activity by a contractor in contravention of the environmental stipulations and guidelines listed in the EMPr which as a single event would have a minor impact but which if cumulative and continuous would have a significant effect (for example no toilet paper available in the ablutions for an afternoon); and
- General environmental information such as road kills or injured wildlife.

The ECOs are to record all environmental incidents in the Environmental Incident Log. All incidents regardless of severity must be reported to the Developer. The Log is to be kept in the EMPr file and at a minimum the following will be recorded for each environmental incident:

- The date and time of the incident;
- Description of the incident;
- The name of the Contractor responsible;
- The incident must be listed as significant or minor;
- If the incident is listed as significant, a non-compliance notice must be issued, and recorded in the log;
- Remedial or corrective action taken to mitigate the incident; and
- Record of repeat minor offences by the same contractor or staff member.

The Environmental Incident Log will be captured in the EAR.

4.7 Non-compliance

A non-compliance notice will be issued to the responsible contractor by the ECOs via the DSS or Project Manager. The non-compliance notice will be issued in writing; a copy filed in the EMPr file and will at a minimum include the following:

- Time and date of the non-compliance;
- Name of the contractor responsible;
- Nature and description of the non-compliance;
- Recommended / required corrective action; and
- Date by which the corrective action to be completed.

The contractors shall act immediately when a notice of non-compliance is received and correct whatever is the cause for the issuing of the notice. Complaints received regarding activities on the development site pertaining to the environment shall be recorded in a dedicated register and the response noted with the date and action taken. The ECO should be made aware of any complaints. Any non-compliance with the agreed procedures of the EMPr is a transgression of the various statutes and laws that define the manner by which the environment is managed. Failure to redress the cause shall be reported to the relevant CA for them to deal with the transgression, as it deems fit. The contractor is deemed not to have complied with the EMPr if, inter alia, There is a deviation from the environmental conditions, impact management outcomes and impact management actions, as approved in generic and site specific EMPr as relevant as set out in the EMPr, which deviation has, or may cause, an environmental impact.

4.8 Corrective action records

For each non-compliance notice issued, a documented corrective action must be recorded. On receiving a non-compliance notice from the DSS, the contractor's cEO will ensure that the corrective actions required take place within the stipulated timeframe. On completion of the corrective action the cEO is to issue a Corrective Action Report in writing to the ECOs. If satisfied that the corrective action has been completed, the ECOs are to sign-off on the Corrective Action Report, and attach the report to the non-compliance notice in the EMPr file. A corrective action is considered complete once the report has signed off by the ECOs.

4.9 Photographic record

A digital photographic record will be kept. The photographic record will be used to show before, during and post rehabilitation evidence of the project as well used in cases of damages claims if they arise. Each image must be dated and a brief description note attached.

The Contractor shall:

1. Allow the ECOs access to take photographs of all areas, activities and actions.

The ECOs shall keep an electronic database of photographic records which will include:

- 1. Pictures of all areas designated as work areas, camp areas, development sites and storage areas taken before these areas are set up;
- 2. All bunding and fencing;
- 3. Road conditions and road verges;
- 4. Condition of all farm fences;
- 5. Topsoil storage areas;
- 6. All areas to be cordoned off during construction;
- 7. Waste management sites;
- 8. Ablution facilities (inside and out);
- 9. Any non-conformances deemed to be "significant";
- 10. All completed corrective actions for non-compliances;
- 11. All required signage;

- 12. Photographic recordings of incidents;
- 13. All areas before, during and post rehabilitation; and
- 14. Include relevant photographs in the Final Environmental Audit Report.

4.10 Complaints register

The ECOs shall keep a current and up-to-date complaints register. The complaints register is to be a record of all complaints received from communities, stakeholders and individuals. The Complaints Record shall:

- 1. Record the name and contact details of the complainant;
- 2. Record the time and date of the complaint;
- 3. Contain a detailed description of the complaint;
- 4. Where relevant and appropriate, contain photographic evidence of the complaint or damage (ECOs to take relevant photographs); and
- 5. Contain a copy of the ECOs written response to each complaint received and keep a record of any further correspondence with the complainant. The ECO's written response will include a description of any corrective action to be taken and must be signed by the Contractor, ECO and affected party. Where a damage claim is issued by the complainant, the ECOs shall respond as described in (section 4.11) below.

4.11 Claims for damages

In the event that a Claim for Damages is submitted by a community, landowner or individual, the ECOs shall:

- 1. Record the full detail of the complaint as described in (section 4.10) above;
- 2. The DPM will evaluate the claim and associated damage and submit the evaluation to the Senior Site Representative for approval;
- 3. Following consideration by the DPM, the claim is to be resolved and settled immediately, or the reason for not accepting the claim communicated in writing to the claimant. Should the claimant not accept this, the ECO shall, in writing report the incident to the Developer's negotiator and legal department; and
- 4. A formal record of the response by the ECOs to the claimant as well as the rectification of the method of making payments not amount will be recorded in the EMPr file.

4.12 Interactions with affected parties

Open, transparent and good relations with affected landowners, communities and regional staff are an essential aspect to the successful management and mitigation of environmental impacts.

The ECOs shall:

1. Ensure that all queries, complaints and claims are dealt within an agreed timeframe;

- 2. Ensure that any or all agreements are documented, signed by all parties and a record of the agreement kept in the EMPr file;
- 3. Ensure that a complaints telephone numbers are made available to all landowners and affected parties; and
- 4. Ensure that contact with affected parties is courteous at all times;

4.13 Environmental audits

Internal environmental audits of the activity and implementation of the EMPr must be undertaken. The findings and outcomes must be included in the EMPr file and be submitted to the CA at intervals as indicated in the EA.

An Environmental Audit Report must be prepared monthly. The report will be tabled as the key point on the agenda of the Environmental Site Meeting. The Report is submitted for acceptance at the meeting and the final report will be circulated to the Project Manager and filed in the EMPr file. At a frequency determined by the EA, the ECOs shall submit the monthly reports to the CA. At a minimum the monthly report is to cover the following:

- Weekly Environmental Checklists;
- Deviations and non-compliances with the checklists;
- Non-compliances issued;
- Completed and reported corrective actions;
- Environmental Monitoring;
- General environmental findings and actions; and
- Minutes of the Bi-monthly Environmental Site Meetings.

4.14 Final environmental audits

On final completion of the rehabilitation and/or requirements of the EA a final EAR is to be prepared and submitted to the CA. The EAR must comply with Appendix 7 of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 1: Pre-approved generic EMPr template

5. IMPACT MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES AND IMPACT MANAGEMENT ACTIONS

This section provides a pre-approved generic EMPr template with aspects that are common to the development of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure. There is a list of aspects identified for the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure, and for each aspect a set of prescribed impact management outcomes and associated impact management actions have been identified. Holders of EAs are responsible to ensure the implementation of these outcomes and actions for all projects as a minimum requirement, in order to mitigate the impact of such aspects identified for the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure.

The template provided below is to be completed by providing the information under each heading for each environmental impact management action.

The completed template must be signed and dated on each page by both the contractor and the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as Appendix 1. Each method statement must also be duly signed and dated on each page by the contactor and the holder of the EA. This template, once signed and dated, is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

5.1 Environmental awareness training

Impact management outcome: All onsite staff are aware and understand the individual responsibilities in terms of this EMPr.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
All staff must receive environmental awareness training	ECO/cEO/dEO	Hold	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
prior to commencement of the activities;		environmental	Construction	dEO	and when	register and
		awareness	and Operations		required	training minutes
		training				/ notes for the
		workshops				record
The Contractor must allow for sufficient sessions to train	Contractor	Scheduling of	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
all personnel with no more than 20 personnel attending		sufficient	Construction	dEO	and when	register and
each course;		sessions through			required	training minutes
		consultation with				/ notes for the
		the ECO / cEO /				record
		dEO				
- Refresher environmental awareness training is	cEO / dEO in	Hold refresher	During the	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
available as and when required;	consultation with	environmental	construction	dEO	and when	register and
	the ECO	awareness	phase		required	training minutes
		training				/ notes for the
		workshops				record
All staff are aware of the conditions and controls linked	cEO / dEO	Hold training	During the	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
to the EA and within the EMPr and made aware of their		workshops and	construction	dEO	and when	register and
individual roles and responsibilities in achieving		ensure that the	phase		required	training minutes
compliance with the EA and EMPr;		EA and EMPr is				/ notes for the
		readily available				record

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- The Contractor must erect and maintain information	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
posters at key locations on site, and the posters must		place	Construction	dEO		record
include the following information as a minimum:		appropriate		cEO		
a) Safety notifications; and		posters at key				
b) No littering.		locations				
- Environmental awareness training must include as a	cEO / dEO in	Develop	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the	Environmental
minimum the following:	consultation with	environmental	Construction	dEO	commencemen	awareness
a) Description of significant environmental	the ECO	awareness			t of the	training material
impacts, actual or potential, related to their		training material			environmental	requirements
work activities;		which covers the			awareness	checklist
b) Mitigation measures to be implemented		minimum			training	
when carrying out specific activities;		requirements				
c) Emergency preparedness and response						
procedures;						
d) Emergency procedures;						
e) Procedures to be followed when working						
near or within sensitive areas;						
f) Wastewater management procedures;						
g) Water usage and conservation;						
h) Solid waste management procedures;						
i) Sanitation procedures;						
j) Fire prevention; and						
k) Disease prevention.						
A record of all environmental awareness training	ECO/cEO/dEO	Filing system	During the	ECO	Monthly	Completed and
courses undertaken as part of the EMPr must be	100,010,010	including all	construction	dEO	,	up to date filing
available;		proof of training	phase	0.20		system with
		(i.e. attendance	12.1300			proof of training
		register and				
		training minutes				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		/ notes for the				
		record)				
- Educate workers on the dangers of open and/or	cEO / dEO in	Develop	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the	Environmental
unattended fires;	consultation with	environmental	Construction	dEO	commencemen	awareness
	the ECO	awareness			t of the	training material
		training material			environmental	requirements
		which covers the			awareness	checklist
		dangers of open			training	
		and/or				
		unattended fire				
A staff attendance register of all staff to have received	ECO/cEO/dEO	Filing system	During the	ECO	Monthly	Completed and
environmental awareness training must be available.		including all	construction	dEO		up to date filing
		proof of training	phase			system inclusive
		(i.e. attendance				of all
		register)				attendance
						registers
- Course material must be available and presented in	ECO/cEO/dEO	Develop	During the	ECO	Monthly	Environmental
appropriate languages that all staff can understand.		environmental	construction	dEO		awareness
		awareness	phase			training material
		training material				requirements
		in the required				checklist and
		languages.				the training
		Training material				register which
		must by readily				must indicate
		available to all				the language of
		staff				the training

5.2 Site Establishment development

Impact management outcome: Impacts on the environment are minimised during site establishment and the development footprint are kept to demarcated development area.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 A method statement must be provided by the 	Contractor	Development of	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Availability of
contractor prior to any onsite activity that includes the		an appropriate		dEO	construction	the method
layout of the construction camp in the form of a plan		method				statement which
showing the location of key infrastructure and services (where applicable), including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous materials storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;		statement				complies with the minimum requirements listed
 Location of construction camps must be within approved area to ensure that the site does not impact 	DPM	Place construction	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of a layout and
on sensitive areas identified in the environmental		camps outside	Construction	dlo	CONSTRUCTION	sensitivity map
assessment or site walk through;		of sensitive				indicating
		areas identified				avoidance of
		in the Basic				sensitive areas
		Assessment				
	55.4	Report		500	<u> </u>	
- Sites must be located where possible on previously	DPM	Place site	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Availability of a
disturbed areas;		outside of		dEO	construction	layout and

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		sensitive areas and within previously disturbed areas identified in the BA Report				sensitivity map indicating avoidance of sensitive areas and placement within disturbed areas
- The camp must be fenced in accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing and gate installation; and	DPM	Design and implementation of fencing as per the requirements of Section 5.5 of this EMPr	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction and once during the construction of the fencing	The camp is fenced in accordance with Section 5.5 of this EMPr
The use of existing accommodation for contractor staff, where possible, is encouraged.	Contractor	Identify existing accommodation for staff	Pre-construction & construction	ECO dEO	Construction	Existing accommodatio n used for staff as far as possible

5.3 Access restricted areas

Impact management outcome: Access to restricted areas prevented.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Identification of access restricted areas is to be	dEO / cEO in	Spatially	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Access
informed by the environmental assessment, site walk	consultation with	demarcate			construction	restricted areas
through and any additional areas identified during	the ECO	access restricted				are identified
development;		areas informed				and provided in
		by the BA Report				a spatial format
- Erect, demarcate and maintain a temporary barrier	dEO / cEO in	Erect	At the	ECO	Monthly	Access
with clear signage around the perimeter of any access	consultation with	appropriate	commencement			restricted areas
restricted area, colour coding could be used if	the ECO	temporary	and for the			are closed-off
appropriate; and		barriers around	duration of the			through
		access restricted	construction			temporary
		areas	phase			barriers and
						barriers are
						maintained to a
						sufficient
						standard
- Unauthorised access and development related	Contractor /	Erect	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Photographic
activity inside access restricted areas is prohibited.	dEO / cEO	appropriate	construction		and when	evidence and
		temporary	phase		required	notes of
		barriers around				compliance that
		access restricted				no unauthorised
		areas and				access or
		provide clear				activities has
		signage of				taken place
		restricted status				within the

Impact Management Actions	Implementation I			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
						access restricted
						areas

5.4 Access roads

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment through the planned and restricted movement of vehicles on site.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Access to the servitude and tower positions must be	DPM	Undertake	Pre-construction	dEO	Ongoing	Proof of
negotiated with the relevant landowner and must fall		negotiations for	Construction		throughout	negotiations
within the assessed and authorised area;		access to the	Operation		construction	with affected
		servitude and			and operation	landowners and
		tower positions				requirements for
		with landowners				access to the
		affected by the				servitude and
		power line				tower positions in
						the form of
						written and
						signed
						agreements
- An access agreement must be formalised and signed	DPM	Develop access	Pre-construction	dEO	Once, prior to	Availability of
by the DPM, Contractor and landowner before	Contractor	agreements with		ECO	construction	approved and
commencing with the activities;		the affected				signed
		landowners.				negotiations
		Ensure that				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		agreements are				
		approved and				
		signed				
- The access roads to tower positions must be	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction	cEO / ECO	Once, prior to	Photographic
signposted after access has been negotiated and		install signs to			construction	record of
before the commencement of the activities;		indicate access				signposted
						access roads
						and GPS co-
						ordinates of
						where these are
						placed
 All private roads used for access to the servitude must 	Contractor	Undertake	During the	cEO / ECO	Weekly	Photographic
be maintained and upon completion of the works, be		maintenance	construction			record of the
left in at least the original condition		activities on	phase			pre-construction
		private roads				condition and
		used for				degradation of
		construction as				roads, and
		degradation				records of the
		takes place				implementation
						and
						effectiveness of
						maintenance
						activities
All contractors must be made aware of all the access	dEO / cEO	Develop a map	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Access routes
routes.		illustrating all	Construction		construction	map readily
		access routes				available
		associated with				
		the project and				
		present and				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		provide the map				
		to all contractors				
- Any access route deviation from that in the written	Contractor	All access routes	Construction	cEO ECO	Bi-weekly (every	Photographic
agreement must be closed and re-vegetated		developed that	and		two weeks)	record of the
immediately, at the contractor's expense;		are not in-line	Rehabilitation			closure of
		with the access				access roads
		route				and re-
		agreements				vegetation
		must be closed				
		and re-				
		habilitated to				
		the pre-				
		disturbance				
		state				
Maximum use of both existing servitudes and existing	Contractor	Existing access	Construction	cEO	Weekly	Implementation
roads must be made to minimise further disturbance		routes to be	and operation	Operation and		of the approved
through the development of new roads;		used must be		maintenance		layout
		specified and		team		
		the				
		development of				
		new roads must				
		be avoided as				
		far as possible				
– In circumstances where private roads must be used,	dEO / cEO	Record the	During the	ECO	Prior to the use of	Photographic
the condition of the said roads must be recorded in		conditions of	construction		private roads	record and
accordance with section 4.9: photographic record;		private roads to	phase			proof of the road
prior to use and the condition thereof agreed by the		be used (prior to				conditions
landowner, the DPM, and the contractor;		use) as per the				agreed upon
		requirements of				with the relevant
		section 4.9 and				parties

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation				
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person	•	implementation	person		compliance
		agree on the				
		required				
		condition of the				
		roads with the				
		landowner, DPM				
		and contractor				
- Access roads in flattish areas must follow fence lines	DPM and	Design access	Pre-construction	ECO	Once during the	Implementation
and tree belts to avoid fragmentation of vegetated	Contractor	roads to follow			design and	of the approved
areas or croplands;		fence lines and			once prior to	layout
		avoid			construction	
		vegetated areas				
Access roads must only be developed on pre-planned	Contractor	Construction of	During the	ECO once	Once during the	Implementation
and approved roads.		access roads	construction	during the	design and	of the approved
		only on pre-	phase	design	weekly during	layout
		planned and		dEO	the construction	
		approved			of access roads	
		access roads				

5.5 Fencing and Gate installation

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and gates where required.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Use existing gates provided to gain access to all parts of the area authorised for development, where possible;	Contractor	Identify and inform all relevant staff of the existing gates to be used	Pre-construction & Construction	dEO	Monthly	Existing gates are utilised on a frequent basis and only limited new access gates are developed
 Existing and new gates to be recorded and documented in accordance with section 4.9: photographic record; 	ECO	Existing and new gates will be recorded and documented as per the requirements of section 4.9	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, when the construction of all new gates have been completed	Photographic record of the existing and new gates as per the requirements of section 4.9
All gates must be fitted with locks and be kept locked at all times during the development phase, unless otherwise agreed with the landowner;	Contractor	Ensure all relevant gates are fitted with locks and are always locked	Construction and Operation	ECO monthly, Operation and maintenance team and cEO	Bi-weekly (every second week)	All gates are locked and no complaints from landowners are received in this regard
 At points where the line crosses an existing fence in which there is no suitable gate within the extent of the 	dEO	Install new gates where required with the	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, prior to construction and during the	New gates are installed where

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
line servitude, on the instruction of the DPM, a gate must be installed at the approval of the landowner;		approval of the affected landowner			construction phase, as and when required	the power line crosses fences
 Care must be taken that the gates must be so erected that there is a gap of no more than 100 mm between the bottom of the gate and the ground; 	Contractor	Install gates in a manner so that there is a gap of no more than 100mm between the bottom of the gate and the ground	During the construction phase	cEO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase	New gates installed as per the requirement
Where gates are installed in jackal proof fencing, a suitable reinforced concrete sill must be provided beneath the gate;	Contractor	Implement a reinforced concrete sill beneath gates installed for jackal proofing	During the construction phase	cEO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase	New gates installed as per the requirement
Original tension must be maintained in the fence wires;	Contractor	Maintain original tension of fences through required activities	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No tension reduction on fence wires
 All gates installed in electrified fencing must be re- electrified; 	Contractor	Electrify gates installed in electrified fencing	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase	Gates installed in electrified fencing is electrified

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 All demarcation fencing and barriers must be maintained in good working order for the duration of overhead transmission and distribution electricity infrastructure development activities; 	Contractor	Undertake maintenance activities on fences and barriers	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of maintained fences and barriers
Fencing must be erected around the camp, batching plants, hazardous storage areas, and all designated access restricted areas, where appropriate and would not cause harm to the sensitive flora;	Contractor	Fence construction camps, batching plants, hazardous storage areas and access restricted areas. Avoid sensitive flora	During the construction phase	ECO	Once during the erection of fencing	
 Any temporary fencing to restrict the movement of livestock must only be erected with the permission of the landowner. 	dEO/ cEO Contractor	Obtain written approval from the relevant landowner where temporary fencing is required to restrict livestock movement	During the construction phase	ECO	To be monitored as temporary fencing is required	Written approval to be provided by the dEO
All fencing must be developed of high quality material bearing the SABS mark;	Contractor	Make use of high quality materials approved by SABS	During the construction phase	cEO	To be monitored as fencing is erected during the construction phase	Use of high quality materials for fencing approved by SABS

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- The use of razor wire as fencing must be avoided as far	Contractor	Razor wire must	During the	ECO	To be monitored	Fences erected
as possible;		not be sourced	construction		as fencing is	do not make use
		or used for the	phase		erected during	of razor wire
		erection of			the construction	
		fencing			phase	
- Fenced areas with gate access must remain locked	DSS and	Ensure fenced	During the	DPM and	DPM and	Fences are
after hours, during weekends and on holidays if staff is	Contractor	areas are locked	construction	Contractor	Contractor	locked and no
away from site. Site security will be required at all times;		as required	phase			complaints from
		through the				landowners are
		implementation				received. A
		of a formalised				security
		process.				company is
		Appoint a				appointed
		security				
		company				
– On completion of the development phase all	Contractor	Removal of all	At the end of the	ECO	Once, following	No temporary
temporary fences are to be removed;		temporary	Construction	dEO	the completion	fences
		fences	Phase		of the	associated with
					construction	the project is
					phase	present
						following the
						completion of
						the construction
						phase
The contractor must ensure that all fence uprights are	Contractor	Appropriate	At the end of the	ECO	Once, following	No fence
appropriately removed, ensuring that no uprights are		removal of all	Construction	dEO	the completion	uprights
cut at ground level but rather removed completely.		fence uprights	Phase		of the	associated with
					construction	the project is
					phase	present
						following the

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
						completion of
						the construction
						phase

5.6 Water Supply Management

Impact management outcome: Undertake responsible water usage.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 All abstraction points or bore holes must be registered 	DPM and	Obtaining	Pre-construction	cEO	To be monitored	Use of high
with the DWS and suitable water meters installed to	Contractor	relevant			with the	quality water
ensure that the abstracted volumes are measured on		registrations from			installation of	meters
a daily basis;		DWS and			water meters	
		installation of			and daily during	
		water meters			construction	
					and operation	
 The Contractor must ensure the following: 	Not applicable - V	Vater will not be ab	stracted from a rive	r. Water tankers will	bring water to site.	
a. The vehicle abstracting water from a river does not						
enter or cross it and does not operate from within the						
river;						
b. No damage occurs to the river bed or banks and						
that the abstraction of water does not entail stream						
diversion activities; and						

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
c. All reasonable measures to limit pollution or							
sedimentation of the downstream watercourse are							
implemented.							
Ensure water conservation is being practiced by:	Contractor /	Implement the	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Successful	
a. Minimising water use during cleaning of equipment;	dEO / cEO in	required water	construction		and when	implementation	
b. Undertaking regular audits of water systems; and	consultation with	conservation	phase		required	of water	
c. Including a discussion on water usage and	the ECO	measures				conservation	
conservation during environmental awareness		throughout on-					
training.		site construction					
d. The use of grey water is encouraged.	1	processes					

5.7 Storm and wastewater management

Impact management outcome: Impacts to the environment caused by stormwater and wastewater discharges during construction are avoided.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Runoff from the cement/ concrete batching areas	Contractor	Implement	During the	cEO	Weekly	No	
must be strictly controlled, and contaminated water		measures for the	construction			mismanagement	
must be collected, stored and either treated or		control and	phase			of runoff or	
disposed of off-site, at a location approved by the		management of				contaminated	
project manager;		runoff				water due to the	
						temporary	
						concrete	
						batching plant	
- All spillage of oil onto concrete surfaces must be	Contractor and	Obtain	During the	ECO	Monthly	Availability of	
controlled by the use of an approved absorbent	cEO	approved	Construction			approved	
material and the used absorbent material disposed of		absorbent	Phase			absorbent	
at an appropriate waste disposal facility;		material and				material at the	
		make use of				construction site	
		licensed waste				and proof of	
		disposal facilities				disposal of oil at	
		for disposal of oil				licensed disposal	
						facilities	
- Natural stormwater runoff not contaminated during	DPM in	Consultation	During the	ECO	As and when	Proof of	
the development and clean water can be discharged	consultation with	between the	construction		the need arises	consultation	
directly to watercourses and water bodies, subject to	the ECO	DPM and the	phase		to discharge	between the DPM	
the Project Manager's approval and support by the		ECO to			natural	and ECO and the	
ECO;		determine if			stormwater	outcomes thereof	
		water can be			runoff and	to be provided.	
		discharged			clean water	Proof of water	
		directly into					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		water bodies				quality testing and	
		(where present).				the results thereof.	
		The necessary					
		water quality					
		testing must be					
		undertaken prior					
		to discharge					

5.8 Solid and hazardous waste management

Impact management outcome: Waste is appropriately stored, handled and safely disposed of at a recognised waste facility.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 All measures regarding waste management must be 	Contractor	Develop and	During the	ECO	Monthly	Implementation
undertaken using an integrated waste management		implement a	construction			of the waste
approach;		waste	phase			management
		management				plan and proof
		plan				of waste
						management
						through proof of
						responsible
						disposal

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
Sufficient, covered waste collection bins (scavenger and weatherproof) must be provided;	Contractor	Provision of appropriate waste collection bins strategically placed throughout the site	During the construction phase	CEO	Weekly	Appropriate waste collection bins are available throughout the site	
A suitably positioned and clearly demarcated waste collection site must be identified and provided;	DPM and Contractor	Identify an appropriate location for the waste collection site which must be clearly demarcated through signage and temporary fencing	Design and Construction Phase	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	A waste collection site is appropriately placed and demarcated	
The waste collection site must be maintained in a clean and orderly manner;	Contractor	Regular collection of waste and maintenance of the area must be undertaken as per the waste requirements for the project during construction	During the Construction Phase	cEO	Weekly	The waste collection site is maintained and clean	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Waste must be segregated into separate bins and	Contractor	Provide	During the	cEO	Weekly	Separate waste	
clearly marked for each waste type for recycling and		separate and	Construction			bins are	
safe disposal;		marked bins for	Phase			available on site	
		the different				and waste	
		waste types				generated is	
		associated with				separated into	
		the construction				the relevant bins	
Class and the basis and in constant and the same and the s	-FO / -IFO :-	phase	Due e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	500	A 4 a sabla le constant a sa	Far in a manage to the	
 Staff must be trained in waste segregation; 	cEO / dEO in	Include waste	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly, and as	Environmental	
	consultation with	segregation as	Construction		and when	awareness	
	the ECO	part of the			required	training material	
		environmental				requirements checklist	
		awareness training material.				CHECKIISI	
Bins must be emptied regularly;	Contractor	Bins must be	During the	ECO	Monthly	No	
- biris most be emplied regoldiny,	Cornidcioi	emptied before	construction	LCO	MOTITILY	mismanagemen	
		reaching total	phase			t of bins.	
		capacity and on	рпазо			1 01 01113.	
		a regular basis as					
		required for the					
		project					
General waste produced onsite must be disposed of	Contractor	Disposal of	During the	ECO	Monthly	Disposal	
at registered waste disposal sites/recycling company;		general waste at	construction		,	certificates of	
		licensed waste	phase			disposal at	
		disposal facilities	•			licensed facilities	
		must be				to be provided	
		undertaken as					
		per the waste					
		management					
		plan					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
	•	•	-		A 4 = -= H= I; .			
Hazardous waste must be disposed of at a registered	Contractor	Disposal of	During the	ECO	Monthly	Disposal		
waste disposal site;		hazardous waste	construction			certificates of		
		at licensed	phase			disposal at		
		waste disposal				licensed facilities		
		facilities must be				to be provided		
		undertaken as						
		per the waste						
		management						
		plan						
- Certificates of safe disposal for general, hazardous	Contractor	Obtain	During the	ECO	Monthly	Disposal		
and recycled waste must be maintained.		certificates for	construction			certificates of		
		safe disposal of	phase			disposal at		
		waste				licensed facilities		
						to be provided		
						and filed as part		
						of the filing		
						system		

5.9 Protection of watercourses

Impact management outcome: Pollution and contamination of the watercourse environment and erosion are prevented.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
All waters arress paret by protected from director		•	-	•	Ma aldu	•
- All watercourses must be protected from direct or	Contractor	Contractor to	During the	cEO	Weekly	No incidents
indirect spills of pollutants such as sewage, cement,		undertake	construction			reported of
oils, fuels, chemicals, aggregate tailings, wash and		activities which	phase			spillage of
contaminated water or organic material resulting from		can cause spills				pollutants into
the Contractor's activities;		of pollutants				watercourses
		outside of				
		watercourses				
 In the event of a spill, prompt action must be taken to 	Contractor and	Develop a	During the	cEO	Weekly	Feedback must
clear the polluted or affected areas;	cEO	management	construction			be provided by
		plan or process	phase			the contractor in
		for				terms of how the
		implementation				spill was handled
		should a spill				and
		take place				photographic
		Take place				evidence of the
						feedback must
						be provided and
						kept on record
- Where possible, no development equipment must	cEO and	Ensure layout	Construction	ECO	Once off review	Confirm no
traverse any seasonal or permanent wetland	Contractor	has been	Phase		that the layout	development
		informed by the			used is the	equipment
		environmental			approved one	traverses any
		sensitivities as				seasonal or
		determined by				permanent

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		the basic				wetland as per
		assessment and				the authorised
		specialist studies				layout by
						reviewing the as-
						built designs
						(once-off
						confirmation).
- Development of permanent watercourse crossing	cEO, Contractor	Ensure that	During the	cEO	Weekly	Ensure that
must only be undertaken where no alternative access		permanent	construction			permanent
to tower position is available;		crossings	phase			crossings are
		(access roads)				developed if
		are provided for				there is no
		access to the				alternative.
		power line if no				
		alternative				
		crossing is				
		available.				
- There must not be any impact on the long-term	DPM, cEO	Develop a	During the	ECO, dEO	For all phases of	No incidents
morphological dynamics of watercourses;		management	construction		the project life	reported of
		plan or process	and operation		cycle (i.e.	spillage of
		for	phase		construction,	pollutants into
		implementation			operation,	watercourses
		should a spill			decommissionin	
		take place			g)	
		within a				
		watercourse				
		and ensure				
		continuous				
		monitoring				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
Upgrading of Existing crossing points must be favoured	DPM, cEO	Develop a	During the pre-	ECO, dEO	During the	Existing crossing
over the creation of new crossings (including		management	construction		construction	points utilised as
temporary access)"		plan or process	and		phase of the	opposed to new
		for	construction		project.	ones created
		implementation	phase			and no incidents
		should a spill				reported of
		take place				spillage of
		within a				pollutants into
		watercourse				watercourses
		and ensure				
		continually				
		monitoring				
- When working in or near any watercourse, the	Contractor	Activities	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No degradation
following environmental controls and consideration		undertaken near	construction		and when	of the
must be taken:		watercourses	phase		required	watercourses
a) Water levels during the period of construction;		must be in-line				and no incidents
b) Unless authorised, there should be no altering of		with and				of destruction
the bed, banks, course or characteristics of a		consider the				reported
watercourse.		specified				
c) During the execution of the works, appropriate		environmental				
measures to prevent pollution and contamination		controls				
of the riparian environment must be implemented						
e.g. including ensuring that construction						
equipment is well maintained;						
d) Where earthwork is being undertaken in close						
proximity to any watercourse, slopes must be						
stabilised using suitable materials, i.e. sandbags or						
geotextile fabric, to prevent sand and rock from						
entering the channel; and						

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence compliance	of
e) Appropriate rehabilitation and re-vegetation measures for the watercourse banks must be implemented timeously. In this regard, the banks should be appropriately and incrementally stabilised as soon as development allows.		препению	implementation	person		Compilance	

5.10 Vegetation clearing

Impact management outcome: Vegetation clearing is restricted to the authorised development footprint of the proposed infrastructure.

Impact Management Actions	Implementa	Implementation				Monitoring					
	Responsible		Method	of	Timeframe	for	Responsible	Frequenc	y	Evidence	of
	person		implementati	on	implement	ation	person			complianc	:e
General:											
- Indigenous vegetation which does not interfere with	cEO	and	Demarcate		Construction	n	ECO monthly,	Weekly,	and as	No unnec	essary
the development must be left undisturbed;	contractor		areas	of	and ope	ration	Operation and	and	when	clearance	of
			indigenous		(i.e.	for	maintenance	required		indigenous	
			vegetation to	be	maintenan	се	team weekly			vegetation	is is
			avoided be	fore	purposes)					undertakei	n
			clearance	is							
			undertaken								
- Protected or endangered species may occur on or	Contractor		Demarcate		During	the	ECO monthly	Weekly,	and as	No clearar	nce of
near the development site. Special care should be			areas contair	ning	Construction	n	and Operation	and	when	protected	or
taken not to damage such species;			protected	or	Phase		and	required		endangere	ed
			endangered							species	other

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		species to be		maintenance		than those
		avoided by		team weekly		permitted to be
		construction				removed
		activities				
- Search, rescue and replanting of all protected and	Relevant	Develop and	Pre-construction	cEO	Weekly, and as	Implementation
endangered species likely to be damaged during	specialist in	implement a	& Construction		and when	of the Plant
project development must be identified by the	consultation with	Plant Search and			required	Search and
relevant specialist and completed prior to any	the Contractor	Rescue Plan				Rescue Plan and
development or clearing;						photographic
						evidence and
						notes of the
						implementation
						of the plan
- Permits for removal must be obtained from the	DPM	Undertake the	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	DFFE permits on
Department of Forestry, Fisheries and the Environment		permitting			the	file
(DFFE) prior to the cutting or clearing of the affected		process in order			commencement	
species, and they must be filed; and from the		to obtain the			of the	
Department of Agriculture, Environmental Affairs, Rural		relevant permits			construction	
Development and Land Reform for protected plants		for the removal			phase and	
		of protected			removal of the	
		species. Permits			protected	
		must be kept on			species	
	500	file		500		500 "
- The Environmental Audit Report must confirm that all	ECO	Ensure that the	During the	ECO	Once off or as	ECO confirmed
identified species have been rescued and replanted		audit report	Construction		and when	rescued and
and that the location of replanting is compliant with		indicates all	Phase and		required	replanted
conditions of approvals;		species rescued	following the			programme
		and replanted	completion of			implemented
		and provides	the Construction			correctly.
		feedback in	Phase			

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Trees felled due to construction must be documented and form part of the Environmental Audit Report;	ECO	terms of compliance with the conditions of permits for replanting Ensure that the audit report documents the details of trees felled	During the Construction Phase and following the completion of	ECO	Once off or as and when required	ECO confirms documentation of trees felled
Rivers and watercourses must be kept clear of felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris;	Contractor	Felled trees, vegetation cuttings and	the Construction Phase During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	No felled trees, vegetation cuttings and
		debris must be disposed of at a licensed waste disposal facility				debris are dumped in inappropriate locations and disposal certificates are available as proof of responsible disposal
 Only a registered pest control operator may apply herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial application must be carried out under the supervision of a registered pest control operator that is appropriately trained; 	DPM and Contractor	A suitably qualified pest control operator must be appointed	Construction and Operation	ECO	As and when the use of herbicides is required	Only registered pest control operators must be appointed, and proof of

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						their registration must be provided
A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage;	Contractor	Develop a daily register for the documentation of the details of herbicide usage	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Daily register provided by the pest control operator
 All protected species and sensitive vegetation not removed must be clearly marked and such areas fenced off in accordance to Section 5.3: Access restricted areas. 	Contractor in consultation with the cEO	Spatially demarcate protected species and sensitive vegetation and implement appropriate fencing where required as per section 5.3	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, during the undertaking of the demarcation of the areas and the erection of the fencing	Demarcation and fencing is undertaken inline with the requirements of section 5.3
Servitude:				<u>l</u>		<u> </u>
 Vegetation that does not grow high enough to cause interference with overhead transmission and distribution infrastructures, or cause a fire hazard to any plantation, must not be cut or trimmed unless it is growing in the road access area, and then only at the discretion of the Project Manager; 	Contractor in consultation with the DPM	Identify areas of vegetation not to be trimmed.	Construction and Operation	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Monthly	An indication of the areas where vegetation has not been trimmed or where vegetation has been removed from access

Impact Management Actions	Implementation		Implementation			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
						roads must be provided.
Where clearing for access purposes is essential, the maximum width to be cleared within the servitude must be in accordance to distance as agreed between the landowner and the EA holder;	Contractor	Clearing for access must be undertaken as per the requirements provided by the landowner and the EA holder	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof must be provided that only agreed upon areas have been cleared
Alien invasive vegetation must be removed according to a plan (in line with relevant municipal and provincial procedures, guidelines and recommendations) and disposed of at a recognised waste disposal facility;	Contractor	Undertake removal of alien invasive vegetation in accordance with the relevant guideline relevant and ensure the vegetation is disposed of at a licensed waste disposal facility	Construction and Operation	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof must be provided that alien invasive vegetation has been cleared in accordance to the relevant guideline and that the vegetation was disposed of at a licensed waste disposal facility
 Vegetation must be trimmed where it is likely to intrude on the minimum vegetation clearance distance (MVCD) or will intrude on this distance before the next scheduled clearance. MVCD is determined from SANS 10280; 	Contractor	Develop a procedure for the trimming of vegetation in terms of the	Construction and operation	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof must be provided that vegetation is trimmed in accordance

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		listed requirements				with the listed requirements
Debris resulting from clearing and pruning must be disposed of at a recognised waste disposal facility, unless the landowners wish to retain the cut vegetation;	Contractor	Dispose of the debris in accordance with the waste management plan	Construction and operation	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof must be provided that the debris has been disposed of at a licensed waste disposal facility
 In the case of the development of new overhead transmission and distribution infrastructures, a one metre "trace-line" must be cut through the vegetation for stringing purposes only and no vehicle access must be cleared along the "trace-line". Alternative methods of stringing that limit impact to the environment must always be considered. 		Develop a procedure for the cutting of vegetation for stringing purposes	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction	Proof of implementation of the procedure for the cutting of vegetation for stringing purposes

5.11 Protection of fauna

Impact management outcome: Minimise disturbance to fauna and avifauna.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- No interference with livestock must occur without the	dEO / cEO	Develop a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Written consent	
landowner's written consent and with the landowner	Contractor	procedure for	and during the		the	provided by the	
or a person representing the landowner being present;		dealing with	construction		commencemen	landowner and	
		livestock within	phase		t of construction	proof of	
		the affected			and as and	representation	
		properties			when required	of the	
					during the	landowner	
					construction	during	
					phase	interference	
- The breeding sites of raptors and other wild bird	dEO / cEO in	Ensure that the	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	The planning	
species must be taken into consideration during the	consultation with	planning and	& Construction		the	and	
planning of the development programme;	the Contractor	development			commencemen	development	
		programme			t of construction	programme	
		considers			and as and	includes the	
		breeding sites for			when required	consideration of	
		wild bird species				breeding sites for	
						wild bird species	
 Breeding sites must be kept intact and disturbance to 	dEO / cEO in	Avoid breeding	During the	ECO monthly,	Weekly, and as	Photographic	
breeding birds must be avoided. Special care must be	consultation with	sites and ensure	Construction	cEO and	an when	record of intact	
taken where nestlings or fledglings are present;	the Contractor	that special care	Phase	Operation and	required during	breeding sites	
		is taken in the	Operation Phase	maintenance	the construction.		
		presence of		team weekly	Monthly, and as		
		nestlings and			and when		
		fledglings					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
					required during	
					operation	
- Nesting sites on existing parallel lines must be	dEO / cEO in	Walk-downs of	During the	ECO	Quarterly, and	Details of walk-
documented;	consultation with	the existing lines	Construction	Operation and	as and when	downs
	the ECO	located parallel	Phase	maintenance	required	undertaken must
		to the project	Operation Phase	team		be noted and
		must be				kept on file and
		undertaken and				photographic
		nests and the				records of
		details thereof				nesting sites must
		documented				be kept
Special recommendations of the avian specialist must	dEO / cEO in	All mitigation	During the	ECO	Monthly during	Photographic
be adhered to at all times to prevent unnecessary	consultation with	measures	Construction	Operation and	construction	record of
disturbance of birds;	the Contractor	recommended	Phase	maintenance	and monthly	compliance and
		by the avifauna	Operation Phase	team	during operation	successful
		specialist must				implementation
		be implemented				of the
						recommended
						measures
Bird guards and diverters must be installed on the new	dEO / cEO in	Recommendati	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Photographic
line as per the recommendations of the specialist;	consultation with	ons made by the	Construction	Operation and	and when	record of
	the Contractor	specialist for the	Phase	maintenance	required	implementation
		installation of	Operation Phase	team		and
		bird guards and				maintenance of
		diverters must be				bird guards and
		adhered to and				diverters
		implemented as				
		appropriate.				
		Bird guards and				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		diverters must be				
		maintained				
No. 10 to 10	150 / 50 :	All off or all	D 1	500	A A collection of the	No. 1 contract of
- No poaching must be tolerated under any	dEO / cEO in	All site staff must	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No instances of
circumstances. All animal dens in close proximity to the	consultation with	be informed of	Construction		and when	poaching is
works areas must be marked as Access restricted	the Contractor	this requirement	Phase		required	reported
areas;		during the Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training and the				
		consequences				
		of not adhering				
		to the				
		requirement.				
		These areas must				
		be demarcated				
		as Access				
		Restricted Areas				
 No deliberate or intentional killing of fauna is allowed; 	dEO / cEO in	All site staff must	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No instances of
	consultation with	be informed of	Construction		and when	deliberate or
	the Contractor	this requirement	Phase		required	intentional killing
		during the				is reported
		Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training and the				
		consequences				
		of not adhering				
		to the				
		requirement.				
		These areas must				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		be demarcated					
		as Access					
		Restricted Areas					
 In areas where snakes are abundant, snake deterrents 	dEO / cEO in	Implement and	During the	ECO	Once, during the	Photographic	
are to be deployed on the pylons to prevent snakes	consultation with	maintain snake	Construction	Operation and	construction of	record of the	
climbing up, being electrocuted, and causing power	the Contractor	deterrents on	Phase	maintenance	the pylons and	implementation	
outages; and		pylons in areas	Operation Phase	team	as and when	and	
		where snakes			required.	maintenance of	
		are abundant			Monthly during	snake deterrents	
					operation		
- No Threatened or Protected species (ToPs) and/or	DPM in	Undertake a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Permits for	
protected fauna as listed according NEMBA (Act No.	consultation with	permitting			the	removal	
10 of 2004) and relevant provincial ordinances may be	the dEO	process to			commencemen	and/relocation	
removed and/or relocated without appropriate		obtain the			t of construction	must be kept on	
authorisations/permits.		required permits			and as and	file and be	
					when required	readily available	

5.12 Protection of heritage resources

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to heritage resources.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
Identify, demarcate and prevent impact to all known sensitive heritage features on site in accordance with the No-Go procedure in Section 5.3: Access restricted areas;	DPM and a suitably qualified specialist dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor and ECO	Spatially identify and demarcate areas of heritage significance as	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Proof of avoidance of sensitive heritage features through details of avoidance and photographic records	
Carry out general monitoring of excavations for potential fossils, artefacts and material of heritage importance;	dEO (in consultation with specialists if/as required).	section 5.3 Ensure construction staff are adequately informed (via environmental awareness training) to carry out monitoring of excavations	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, or as required	Environmental awareness training includes measures relating to monitoring for chance finds	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		for fossils,					
		artefacts and					
		important					
		heritage					
		material					
- All work must cease immediately, if any human	dEO / cEO in	Develop and	During the	ECO	As and when	Proof of work	
remains and/or other archaeological,	consultation with	implement	Construction		required	ceased and the	
palaeontological and historical material are	the Contractor	procedures for	Phase			required	
uncovered. Such material, if exposed, must be	and ECO	situations where				procedures	
reported to the nearest museum, archaeologist/		human remains,				followed in	
palaeontologist (or the South African Police Services),		archaeological,				cases where	
so that a systematic and professional investigation can		palaeontologic				material is	
be undertaken. Sufficient time must be allowed to		al or historical				discovered.	
remove/collect such material before development		material are					
recommences.		uncovered					

5.13 Safety of the public

Impact management outcome: All precautions are taken to minimise the risk of injury, harm or complaints.

Impact Management	Actions	Implementation			Monitoring						
		Responsible	Method	of	Timeframe	for	Responsible	Frequenc	су	Evidence	of
		person	implement	ation	implementati	on	person			compliance	•
 Identify fire hazard 	ds, demarcate and restrict public	cEO in	Develop	an	Pre-construct	ion	cEO	Once,	prior to	Compliance)
access to these	areas as well as notify the local	consultation with	Emergenc	У	Construction			the		with	the
authority of any	potential threats e.g. large brush	the Contractor	Preparedn	ess,				commer	ncemen	Emergency	
stockpiles, fuels etc	.;		Response	and				t of cons	struction	Preparednes	SS,

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		Fire			and weekly	Response and
		Management			during the	Fire
		Plan specific to			construction	Management
		the project			phase	Plan
- All unattended open excavations must be adequately	Contractor	Ensure that all	During the	cEO	Weekly	Excavations are
fenced or demarcated;		excavations	Construction			fenced where
		undertaken is	Phase			required and
		fenced and				photographic
		demarcated				proof can be
		within a				provided
		reasonable				
		timeframe and				
		in instances				
		where				
		excavations will				
		be open for				
		long-periods of				
		time				
- Adequate protective measures must be implemented	Contractor	All staff must be	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No incidents of
to prevent unauthorised access to and climbing of		easily	construction		and when	unauthorised
partly constructed towers and protective scaffolding;		identifiable and	phase		required	climbing is
		the climbing of				reported
		towers and				
		scaffolding must				
		only be				
		undertaken by				
		authorised				
		personnel as				
		managed by				
		the Contractor				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Ensure structures vulnerable to high winds are secured; 	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	cEO	Weekly, and as	No incidents of
		sufficient	construction		and when	unstable
		stabilisation	phase		required	structures due to
		measures are				high winds is
		implemented to				reported
		secure structures				
		vulnerable to				
		high winds				
Maintain an incidents and complaints register in which	cEO	Compile and	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	The incidents
all incidents or complaints involving the public are		regularly update	construction		and when	and complaints
logged.		as incidents and	phase		required	register is
		complaints are				complete and
		submitted from				provides all the
		the public and				required details
		indicate the				
		actions taken to				
		resolve the				
		complaint				

5.14 Sanitation

Impact management outcome: Clean and well-maintained toilet facilities are available to all staff in an effort to minimise the risk of disease and impact to the environment.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
Mobile chemical toilets are installed onsite if no other ablution facilities are available;	Contractor	Mobile chemical toilets must be placed appropriately and in areas that avoid environmental sensitivities	During the Construction Phase	cEO	Weekly	Mobile toilets are installed and avoid environmental sensitivities	
The use of ablution facilities and or mobile toilets must be used at all times and no indiscriminate use of the veld for the purposes of ablutions must be permitted under any circumstances;	Contractor in consultation with the cEO	All site staff must be informed of this requirement during the Environmental Awareness Training and the consequences of not adhering to the requirement.	Pe-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No evidence of non-compliance identified	
 Where mobile chemical toilets are required, the following must be ensured: a) Toilets are located no closer than 100 m to any watercourse or water body; 	Contractor in consultation with the cEO	The installation of the toilets by the Contractor must be as per	During the Construction Phase	cEO	Weekly	No evidence of non-compliance identified	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
 b) Toilets are secured to the ground to prevent them from toppling due to wind or any other cause; c) No spillage occurs when the toilets are cleaned or emptied and the contents are managed in accordance with the EMPr; d) Toilets have an external closing mechanism and are closed and secured from the outside when not in use to prevent toilet paper from being blown out; e) Toilets are emptied before long weekends and workers holidays, and must be locked after working hours; f) Toilets are serviced regularly and the ECO must inspect toilets to ensure compliance to health standards; 		the listed requirements						
A copy of the waste disposal certificates must be maintained.	Contractor	Certificates obtained from the licensed waste disposal facility with the emptying of the toilets must be kept on file	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Certificates for waste disposal facility available on site		

5.15 Prevention of disease

Impact Management outcome: All necessary precautions linked to the spread of disease are taken.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Undertake environmentally friendly pest control in the	Contractor	Only	During the	ECO	As and when	Contractor to
camp area;		environmentally	Construction		pest control is	provide proof of
		friendly pest	Phase		required for the	pest control
		control must be			project	used being
		used, when				environmentally
		required				friendly
- Ensure that the workforce is sensitised to the effects of	cEO /	The effects of	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Environmental
sexually transmitted diseases, especially HIV/ AIDS;	Contractor in	sexually	& Construction		the	awareness
	consultation with	transmitted			commencemen	training material
	the ECO	diseases and			t of construction	requirements
		HIV/ AIDS must			and monthly	checklist
		be covered in			during	
		the			construction	
		Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training				
- The Contractor must ensure that information posters on	Contractor	Develop and	During the	cEO	Weekly	Photographic
HIV/ AIDS are displayed in the Contractor Camp area;		place	Construction			evidence of
		information	Phase			poster
		posters on HIV/				placement
		AIDS				
- Information and education relating to sexually	cEO /	Information and	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Environmental
transmitted diseases to be made available to both	Contractor in	education of	& Construction			awareness
		sexually				training material

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
construction workers and local community, where applicable;	consultation with the ECO	transmitted diseases must be covered in the				requirements checklist	
		Environmental Awareness Training.					
Free condoms must be made available to all staff on site at central points;	Contractor	Placement of free condoms in mobile toilets and at the construction camps	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of placement of free condoms by the contractor to be provided	
Medical support must be made available;	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Ensure that designated personnel with first aid training are available on site and that first aid kits to provide medical support is readily available	Construction and Operations	ECO	Monthly	Check the availability of first aid trained personnel and medical kits (including if these are complete in terms of supplies)	
 Provide access to Voluntary HIV Testing and Counselling Services. 	Contractor	Compile a HIV testing schedule and provide counselling services where required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Quarterly, and as and when required	Voluntary testing schedules and proof of counselling (where undertaken)	

5.16 Emergency procedures

Impact management outcome: Emergency procedures are in place to enable a rapid and effective response to all types of environmental emergencies.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Compile an Emergency Response Action Plan (ERAP) prior to the commencement of the proposed project; The Engage and River and the dead with a social action.	Contractor	Develop an Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan specific to the project	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan compiled
The Emergency Plan must deal with accidents, potential spillages and fires in line with relevant legislation;	Contractor	Develop an Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan specific to the project which covers accidents, potential spillages and fires	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan includes required specifications
 All staff must be made aware of emergency procedures as part of environmental awareness training; 	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Develop environmental awareness	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the commencemen t of the	Environmental awareness training material

Impact Management Actions	gement Actions Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		training material which covers the relevant emergency procedures			environmental awareness training	requirements checklist	
The relevant local authority must be made aware of a fire as soon as it starts;	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Develop and include a procedure in the Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan for the event of a fire and the procedure to be followed for informing the local authority	Construction	ECO	As and when a fire occurs	The local authority was informed as per the relevant procedure set out in the Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan	
 In the event of emergency, necessary mitigation measures to contain the spill or leak must be implemented (see Hazardous Substances section 5.17). 	Contractor	Implement the required mitigation measures in the event of a spill or leak as per the requirements of Section 5.17.	Construction and Operations	ECO	As and when a spill or leak occurs	The mitigation measures included under Section 5.17 have been adhered to	

5.17 Hazardous substances

Impact management outcome: Safe storage, handling, use and disposal of hazardous substances.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- The use and storage of hazardous substances to be	cEO in	Develop a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Contractor to	
minimised and non-hazardous and non-toxic	consultation with	strategy of how	& Construction		the	provide	
alternatives substituted where possible;	the Contractor	hazardous			commencemen	evidence of	
		substances can			t of construction	substances used	
		be and should			and monthly	for proof of	
		be minimised			during the	compliance	
					construction		
					phase		
- All hazardous substances must be stored in suitable	Contractor	Develop a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Photographic	
containers as defined in the Method Statement;		Method	& Construction		the	proof that	
		Statement for			commencemen	hazardous	
		the storage of			t of construction	substances are	
		hazardous			and monthly	stored in suitable	
		substances in			during the	containers as	
		suitable			construction	per the	
		containers			phase	requirements of	
						the relevant	
						Method	
						Statements	
- Containers must be clearly marked to indicate	Contractor	Where	During the	ECO	Monthly	Photographic	
contents, quantities and safety requirements;		hazardous waste	Construction			proof that	
		is stored these	Phase			containers are	
		must be clearly				marked as per	
		marked				the requirements	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		indicating the					
		required details					
		of the contents					
- All storage areas must be bunded. The bunded area	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Monthly during	Photographic	
must be of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak		storage areas	Construction		the Construction	proof that	
from the stored containers;		are sufficiently	Phase		Phase	storage areas	
		bunded which				are bunded and	
		are of sufficient				proof that the	
		capacity to				bund areas are	
		contain a spill /				of sufficient	
		leak from the				capacity to	
		stored				contain a spill /	
		containers				leak from the	
						stored	
						containers	
- Bunded areas to be suitably lined with a SABS	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Once, during the	Photographic	
approved liner;		bunded storage	Construction		Construction	proof that	
		areas are	Phase		Phase	bunded storage	
		suitably lined				areas are	
						suitably lined	
– An Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance	cEO /	Compile and	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Complete and	
(HCS) control sheet must be drawn up and kept up to	Contractor	update an	Construction		and when	up to date	
date on a continuous basis;		Alphabetical	Phase		required	control sheet	
		Hazardous				provided by the	
		Chemical				Contractor	
		Substance (HCS)					
		control sheet					
		specific to the					
		project					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- All hazardous chemicals that will be used on site must	cEO /	Keep a record of	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Record of
have Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS);	Contractor	all hazardous	Construction		and when	hazardous
		chemicals and	Phase		required	chemicals and
		the respective				the respective
		MSDS				MSDS
 All employees working with HCS must be trained in the 	cEO /	Provide training	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Record of
safe use of the substance and according to the safety	Contractor	for personnel			the	training
data sheet;		working with			commencemen	provided to
		HCS			t of construction	personnel
					and as and	working with
					when required	HCS
 Employees handling hazardous substances / materials 	cEO /	Develop	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the	Environmental
must be aware of the potential impacts and follow	Contractor	environmental	& Construction		commencemen	awareness
appropriate safety measures. Appropriate personal		awareness			t of the	training material
protective equipment must be made available;		training material			environmental	requirements
		which covers the			awareness	checklist and all
		relevant impacts			training and	relevant
		and safety			monthly during	personnel have
		measures.			the construction	undergone
					phase for	appropriate
		Provide			personal	training and
		appropriate			protective	have access to
		training and			equipment	personal
		personal				protective
		protective				equipment
		equipment for				
		the relevant				
		personnel				
		handling				
		hazardous				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		substances and materials				
The Contractor must ensure that diesel and other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid is stored in appropriate storage tanks or in bowsers;	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed or obtained for the storing of diesel, other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Storage tanks for the project are appropriate and no incidents are reported in this regard
 The tanks/ bowsers must be situated on a smooth impermeable surface (concrete) with a permanent bund. The impermeable lining must extend to the crest of the bund and the volume inside the bund must be 130% of the total capacity of all the storage tanks/ bowsers (110% statutory requirement plus an allowance for rainfall); 	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed or obtained for tanks as per the requirements listed	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Storage areas for the tanks/ bowsers for the project are appropriate and no incidents are reported in this regard
The floor of the bund must be sloped, draining to an oil separator;	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed as per the requirements listed	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, during construction	Bunded storage areas are constructed according to the requirements

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Provision must be made for refuelling at the storage area by protecting the soil with an impermeable groundcover. Where dispensing equipment is used, a drip tray must be used to ensure small spills are contained; 	Contractor	Appropriately constructed refuelling facility must be developed as per the requirements. Drip trays must	During the Construction Phase	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Soils at the refuelling facility are protected as required and drip trays are provided and used
		be provided for use				
 All empty externally dirty drums must be stored on a drip tray or within a bunded area; 	Contractor	Ensure that empty dirty drums are stored appropriately as per the requirements	During the Construction Phase	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Drip trays or bunded areas are used for the storage of dirty drums
No unauthorised access into the hazardous substances' storage areas must be permitted;	Contractor	Ensure through the implementation of procedures that no unauthorised access is undertaken into the storage areas	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of the implementation of the relevant procedure must be provided by the contractor
 No smoking must be allowed within the vicinity of the hazardous storage areas; 	Contractor	Inform all employees of the requirement and develop	During the Construction Phase	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Photographic record of the signage placed

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		and place relevant signage in the relevant areas				must be provided
Adequate fire-fighting equipment must be made available at all hazardous storage areas;	Contractor	Hazardous storage areas must be fitted with adequate fire-fighting equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Adequate fire- fighting equipment is available and has been serviced
 Where refuelling away from the dedicated refuelling station is required, a mobile refuelling unit must be used. Appropriate ground protection such as drip trays must be used; 	Contractor	Provide a mobile refuelling unit as well as suitable ground protection, where required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	A mobile refuelling unit and suitable ground protection is available for use
 An appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the scale of the activity/s involving the use of hazardous substance must be available at all times; 	Contractor	Provide an appropriate spill kit for the project for the use of hazardous substances	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Appropriate spill kits are available for use
 The responsible operator must have the required training to make use of the spill kit in emergency situations; 	cEO and Contractor	Provide training on the use of spill kits to the relevant employees	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Proof of training to be provided by the contractor

Impact Management Actions	Implementation				Monitoring				
	Responsible		Method	of	Timeframe	for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person		implementat		implementat		person		compliance
 An appropriate number of spill kits must be available and must be located in all areas where activities are being undertaken; 	cEO all	nd	Provide appropriate number of kits in relev areas		During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Monthly	Proof of appropriate number of spill kits in appropriate areas to be
									provided by the contractor
	-50		Ctanana	l	Di.a.a.	41	500	A 4 a va blade ve avva al eva	
- In the event of a spill, contaminated soil must be		nd	· ·	and	During	the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Proof of storage
collected in containers and stored in a central location	Contractor		disposal	of	Construction			and when	and disposal in
and disposed of according to the National			contaminate	-	Phase			required	terms of the
Environmental Management: Waste Act 59 of 2008.			soil must be						National
Refer to Section 5.7 for procedures concerning storm			accordance						Environmental
and wastewater management and 5.8 for solid and			with the Natio	-					Management:
hazardous waste management.			Environment						Waste Act must
			Managemer						be provided.
			Waste Act	-					
			sections 5.7						Certificates of
			5.8 of this EM	Pr					disposal at
									licensed waste
									disposal facilities
									must be
									provided

5.18 Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage

Impact management outcome: Soil, surface water and groundwater contamination is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Where possible and practical all maintenance of vehicles and equipment must take place in the workshop area; 	Contractor	Demarcate specific areas for the maintenance of vehicles and equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	A dedicated area for the maintenance of vehicles and machinery is used.
 During servicing of vehicles or equipment, especially where emergency repairs are affected outside the workshop area, a suitable drip tray must be used to prevent spills onto the soil. 	Contractor	Ensure that a drip tray is available for an emergency repairs required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide evidence of drip tray use for emergency repairs
Leaking equipment must be repaired immediately or be removed from site to facilitate repair;	Contractor	Ensure that where leaking equipment is identified it is repaired immediately or removed from site for repairs	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide details of equipment repaired or removed from site
Workshop areas must be monitored for oil and fuel spills;	cEO	Undertake regular inspections of the workshop	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Register of inspection

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	•	areas for oil and				
		fuel spills and				
		keep an				
		updated register				
		of inspection on				
		site				
 Appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the 	Contractor	Provide an	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Appropriate spill
scale of the activity taking place must be available;		appropriate spill	Construction		and when	kits are available
		kit for the project	Phase		required	for use
The workshop area must have a bunded concrete slab	Contractor	Ensure that the	During the	ECO	Once, during the	Workshop area is
that is sloped to facilitate runoff into a collection sump		workshop area is	Construction		Construction	bunded in
or suitable oil / water separator where maintenance		sufficiently	Phase		Phase and as	accordance
work on vehicles and equipment can be performed;		bunded in			and when	with the required
		accordance			required	specification
		with the required				
		specification				
Water drainage from the workshop must be contained	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Monthly	Workshop
and managed in accordance with Section 5.7: storm		water drainage	Construction			drainage is
and wastewater management.		from workshop	Phase			managed in
		area is				accordance
		managed as per				with the
		the requirements				requirements
		of section 5.7				

5.19 Batching plants (if relevant)

Impact management outcome: Minimise spillages and contamination of soil, surface water and groundwater.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Concrete mixing must be carried out on an impermeable surface; 	Contractor	Provide impermeable surface for the mixing of concrete	During the Construction Phase	cEO	Weekly	No concrete mixing is undertaken on open ground
Batching plants areas must be fitted with a containment facility for the collection of cement laden water.	Contractor	Implement measures for the control and management of cement laden water	During the construction phase	cEO	Weekly	No mismanagement of laden water due to the temporary concrete batching plant
Dirty water from the batching plant must be contained to prevent soil and groundwater contamination	Contractor	Implement measures for the control and management of dirty water to prevent soil and groundwater contamination	During the construction phase	cEO	Weekly	No mismanagement of dirty water due to the temporary concrete batching plant and no/minimal soil and groundwater contamination

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Bagged cement must be stored in an appropriate facility and at least 10 m away from any water courses, gullies and drains;	Contractor	Demarcate and provide a storage area for bagged cement in-line with the listed requirements	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	Photographic proof of bagged cement stored within the demarcated area
A washout facility must be provided for washing of concrete associated equipment. Water used for washing must be restricted;	Contractor	Provide a washout facility for the washing of associated equipment. Enforce limitations on water use for washing of equipment	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	No cement laden water is released into the environment. Only minimal water is used for washing
Hardened concrete from the washout facility or concrete mixer can either be reused or disposed of at an appropriate licensed disposal facility;	Contractor	Make use of hardened concrete where possible or dispose of concrete in a suitable manner	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Certificates of disposal of concrete at licensed waste disposal facility
Empty cement bags must be secured with adequate binding material if these will be temporarily stored on site;	Contractor	Bind empty cement bags and temporarily store it in an appropriate area on site	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of binding of empty cement bags and storage in an appropriate are on site to be

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						provided by the Contractor
 Sand and aggregates containing cement must be kept damp to prevent the generation of dust (Refer to Section 5.20: Dust emissions) 	Contractor	Ensure that sand and aggregates are kept damp or otherwise protected from dust generation	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of damping (or alternative dust suppression) of sand and aggregates must be provided by the Contractor
 Any excess sand, stone and cement must be removed or reused from site on completion of construction period and disposed at a registered disposal facility; 	Contractor	Ensure that all excess sand, stone and cement is removed or reused	At the completion of the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, with the completion of construction	Certificates for the disposal of sand, stone and cement at licensed waste disposal facilities or proof of reuse must be provided
 Temporary fencing must be erected around batching plants in accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing and gate installation. 	Contractor	Erect Temporary fencing	During the construction phase	cEO	Weekly	Temporary fencing around batching plants

5.20 Dust emissions

Impact management outcome: Dust prevention measures are applied to minimise the generation of dust.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Take all reasonable measures to minimise the generation of dust as a result of project development activities to the satisfaction of the ECO; 	Contractor	Apply appropriate dust suppressant	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	Contractor to provide proof of use of appropriate dust suppressants
 Removal of vegetation must be avoided until such time as soil stripping is required and similarly exposed surfaces must be re-vegetated or stabilised as soon as is practically possible; 	Contractor	Proper planning for vegetation removal must be undertaken as well as for the associated rehabilitation	During the Construction Phase and Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	Plan for implementation must be provided by the Contractor
Excavation, handling and transport of erodible materials must be avoided under high wind conditions or when a visible dust plume is present;	Contractor	Ensure that specific limitations are placed on the transport and handling of erodible materials during high wind conditions or when a visible	During the Construction Phase	cEO	Bi-weekly (every second week)	No complaints submitted in this regard

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		dust plume is present				
 During high wind conditions, the ECO must evaluate the situation and make recommendations as to whether dust-damping measures are adequate, or whether working will cease altogether until the wind speed drops to an acceptable level; 	ECO	ECO to provide adequate recommendations	During the Construction Phase	Not Applicable		
Where possible, soil stockpiles must be located in sheltered areas where they are not exposed to the erosive effects of the wind;	Contractor	Place soil stockpiles in areas less affected by wind	During the Construction Phase	cEO and	Bi-weekly (every second week) Monthly	Soil stockpiles are not exposed to wind and have not been eroded
Where erosion of stockpiles becomes a problem, erosion control measures must be implemented at the discretion of the ECO;	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Contractor to implement erosion control measures as recommended and agreed with the ECO	During the Construction Phase	cEO	Weekly, until erosion is no longer a problem	Recommendati ons made by the ECO have been implemented by the Contractor
Vehicle speeds must not exceed 40 km/h along dust roads or 20 km/h when traversing unconsolidated and non-vegetated areas;	cEO / dEO / contractor	Inform all drivers of speed limits and place appropriate signage along the relevant roads	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and Maintenance team	Monthly	No complaints from community members are submitted

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
- Straw stabilisation must be applied at a rate of one	Contractor	Ensure that straw	During the	ECO	Monthly	Photographic		
bale/10 m² and harrowed into the top 100 mm of top		stabilisation is	Construction			record of all		
material, for all completed earthworks;		undertaken as	Phase			straw		
		per the listed				stabilisation		
		requirements				undertaken		
 For significant areas of excavation or exposed ground, 	Contractor	Appropriate dust	During the	cEO	Weekly	Photographic		
dust suppression measures must be used to minimise		suppressant	Construction			record of		
the spread of dust.		measures are	Phase			measures being		
		implemented				implemented		
						and the results		
						thereof		

5.21 Blasting (if required)

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment is minimised through a safe blasting practice.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
 Any blasting activity must be conducted by a suitably 	cEO / dEO /	Ensure the	Pre-Construction	ECO/EO	Once off, before	ECO/EO to	
licensed blasting contractor; and	contractor	contractor is	Phase		blasting	check all valid	
		suitably licensed			activities	credentials and	
		with all			commence.	certifications on	
		necessary				hand.	
		credentials and					
		certifications					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Notification of surrounding landowners, emergency 	cEO / dEO /	Ensure all	Pre-Construction	ECO/EO	Once off, before	ECO/EO to
services site personnel of blasting activity 24 hours prior	contractor	responsible	Phase		blasting	confirm all
to such activity taking place on Site.		personnel have			activities	necessary
		been notified of			commence.	personnel have
		blasting				been notified.
		activities 24				Notification
		hours in				records to be
		advance and				provided.
		keep records of				
		notifications.				

5.22 Noise

Impact Management outcome: Unnecessary noise is prevented by ensuring that noise from construction activities is mitigated.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- The Contractor must keep noise level within	Contractor	Ensure that noise	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No complaints
acceptable limits. Restrict the use of sound		limits do not	Construction		and when	registered in this
amplification equipment for communication and		exceed	Phase		required	regard. No
emergency only;		acceptable				amplification
		limits and avoid				equipment is
		the use of				used.
		amplification				
		communication				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All vehicles and machinery must be fitted with appropriate silencing technology and must be properly maintained; 	Contractor	Provide and implement silencing technology	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No complaints registered in this regard. Silencing technology is utilised.
 Any complaints received by the Contractor regarding noise must be recorded and communicated. Where possible or applicable, provide transport to and from the site on a daily basis for construction workers; 	cEO	Update complaints register. Provide daily transport to and from site for employees	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Complaints register provided by the cEO and proof of transportation services provided
 Develop a Code of Conduct for the construction phase in terms of behaviour of construction staff. Operating hours as determined by the environmental authorisation are adhered to during the development phase. Where not defined, it must be ensured that development activities must still meet the impact management outcome related to noise management. 	consultation with	Compile a Code of Conduct for staff. Appropriate operating hours must be identified for the project.	Pre-construction and Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	No complaints registered in this regard.

5.23 Fire prevention

Impact management outcome: Prevention of uncontrollable fires.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Designate smoking areas where the fire hazard could be regarded as insignificant;	С	Identify and demarcate through signage designated smoking areas	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of designated smoking area
Firefighting equipment must be available on all vehicles located on site;	cEO / dEO in consultation with the Contractor	Provide all vehicles with firefighting equipment	Construction	ECO	Monthly	All vehicles are fitted with firefighting equipment and the details thereof are provided by the CEO
The local Fire Protection Agency (FPA) must be informed of construction activities;	cEO in consultation with the ECO	Undertake formal consultation to inform the local FPA of the associated construction activities	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, during the commencemen t of the Construction Phase	Proof of consultation with the FPA
 Contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services must be communicated in environmental awareness training and displayed at a central location on site; 	dEO / cEO / Contractor in	Develop environmental awareness	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Prior to the commencemen t of the	Environmental awareness training material

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
	consultation with	training material			environmental	requirements		
	the ECO	which covers the			awareness	checklist and		
		contact			training and	photographic		
		numbers for the			once during the	record of		
		FPA and			construction	contact		
		emergency			phase	numbers on		
		services.				display		
		Place the						
		contact						
		numbers for the						
		FPA and						
		emergency						
		services at a						
		visible and						
		central location						
- Two-way swop of contact details between ECO and	ECO	Consultation	Pre-construction	Not Applicable				
FPA.		between the						
		ECO and FPA to						
		exchange						
		contact details						

5.24 Stockpiling and stockpile areas

Impact management outcome: Erosion and sedimentation as a result of stockpiling are reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- All material that is excavated during the project	Contractor	Identify and	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Excavated	
development phase (either during piling (if required) or		demarcate an	& Construction			material is not	
earthworks) must be stored appropriately on site in		appropriate				stored within	
order to minimise impacts to watercourses, wetlands		location for the				sensitive	
and water bodies;		storage of				environmental	
		excavated				areas	
		materials					
All stockpiled material must be maintained and kept	Contractor	Implement	During the	cEO	Bi-weekly (every	Stockpiled	
clear of weeds and alien vegetation growth by		appropriate and	Construction		second month)	material is	
undertaking regular weeding and control methods;		sufficient	Phase			maintained	
		maintenance on		ECO	Monthly	sufficiently and is	
		stockpiled				clear of weeds	
		material				and alien	
		regularly				vegetation	
Topsoil stockpiles must not exceed 2 m in height;	Contractor	Enforce	During the	cEO	Bi-weekly (every	Topsoil stockpiles	
		limitations for the	Construction		second month)	do not exceed	
		height of topsoil	Phase			2m in height	
		stockpiles		ECO	Monthly		
- During periods of strong winds and heavy rain, the	Contractor	Appropriate	During the	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to	
stockpiles must be covered with appropriate material		material must be	Construction			provide proof of	
(e.g. cloth, tarpaulin etc.);		provided in	Phase			availability of	
		order to cover				appropriate	
		stockpiles when				material to	
		required					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
						cover stockpiles	
						when required	
- Where possible, sandbags (or similar) must be placed	Contractor	Sandbags must	During the	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to	
at the bases of the stockpiled material in order to		be provided in	Construction			provide proof of	
prevent erosion of the material.		order to prevent	Phase			availability of	
		erosion of				sandbags to	
		stockpiled				prevent erosion	
		materials				of stockpiled	
						materials	

5.25 Finalising tower positions

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of the survey and pegging operations.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
 No vegetation clearing must occur during survey and 	Contractor	Implement	Pre-	cEO	Weekly	Contractor to	
pegging operations;		restrictions in	construction			provide	
		terms of				photographic	
		vegetation				proof that no	
		clearing during				vegetation has	
		the survey and				been cleared	
		pegging					
		operations					
 No new access roads must be developed to facilitate 	Contractor	Restrict the	Pre-	cEO	Weekly	Contractor to	
access for survey and pegging purposes;		development of	construction			provide	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		new access				photographic	
		roads for survey				proof that no	
		and pegging				new roads have	
		purposes				been	
						developed	
 Project manager, botanical specialist and contractor 	DPM, Suitably	Undertake	Pre-	ECO	Once the final	Provision of final	
to agree on final tower positions based on survey within	Qualified	consultation	construction		tower positions	tower positions	
assessed and approved areas;	Specialist and	between the			have been	to the ECO	
	Contractor	relevant			finalised and		
		responsible			agreed upon		
		people and					
		finalise the tower					
		positions for the					
		power line					
- The surveyor is to demarcate (peg) access	Surveyor in	Undertake	Pre-	cEO	Weekly	Consultation	
roads/tracks in consultation with ECO. No deviations	consultation with	consultation	construction			with the ECO	
will be allowed without the prior written consent from	the ECO	between the				regarding the	
the ECO.		surveyor and the				distribution of	
		ECO				pegs.	

5.26 Excavation and Installation of foundations

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of excavation or installation of foundations.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of		Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- All excess spoil generated during foundation	Contractor	Use a licensed	During the	ECO	Monthly	Certificates
excavation must be disposed of in an appropriate		waste disposal	Construction			obtained for the
manner and at a recognised disposal site, if not used		facility for the	Phase			disposal of
for backfilling purposes;		disposal of				excess spoil at a
		excess spoil				licensed waste
						disposal facility
 Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes 	Contractor	Spoil used for	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
and must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for		landscaping	and			record of spoil
rehabilitation purposes;		must be applied	Rehabilitation			used for
		as per the listed				landscaping
		requirements				purposes as well
						as feedback
ı						from the
						contractor
 Management of equipment for excavation purposes 	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	Monthly	Management of
must be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.18:		management of	Construction			equipment is
Workshop equipment maintenance and storage; and		equipment for	Phase			undertaken in
		excavation as				line with the
		per the				requirements of
		requirements of				section 5.18
		section 5.18				
- Hazardous substances spills from equipment must be	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	Monthly	Management of
managed in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous		management of	Construction			hazardous
substances.		hazardous	Phase			substances spills

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		substances spills				from equipment
		from equipment				is undertaken in
		as per the				line with the
		requirements of				requirements of
		section 5.17				section 5.17
Batching of cement to be undertaken in accordance	Contractor	Ensure correct	During the	cEO	Weekly	Measures in
with Section 5.19: Batching plants;		batching of	construction			place to ensure
		cement	phase			the batching of
						cement is done
						in accordance
						with Section
						5.19: Batching
						plants
- Residual cement must be disposed of in accordance	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	Monthly	The disposal of
with Section 5.8: Solid and hazardous waste		disposal of	Construction			residual cement
management.		residual cement	Phase			is undertaken in
		as per the				line with section
		requirements of				5.8.
		section 5.8				

5.27 Assembly and erecting towers

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of assembly and erecting of towers.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Prior to erection, assembled towers and tower sections must be stored on elevated surfaces (suggest wooden blocks) to minimise damage to the underlying vegetation; 	Contractor	Provide the necessary materials for the elevated surface, where towers are to be placed on indigenous vegetation	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	Implementation of elevated surface and photographic record thereof
 In sensitive areas, tower assembly must take place off- site or away from sensitive positions; 	Contractor in consultation with the cEO and the ECO	Identify sensitive areas to be avoided by tower assembly and ensure that the areas are not infringed upon	Pre-construction & Construction	сЕО	Weekly	Tower assembly is undertaken outside of sensitive areas
The crane used for tower assembly must be operated in a manner which minimises impact to the environment;	Contractor in consultation with the cEO and the ECO	Ensure that no impact to the environment is imposed during the operation of the crane	Pre-construction & Construction	CEO	Weekly	No environmental damages incurred as a result of the crane.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation				
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
The number of crane trips to each site must be minimised;	Contractor in consultation with the cEO and the ECO	Ensure that the utilisation of the crane is maximised when on site.	Pre-construction & Construction	CEO	Weekly	Few crane trips to each site observed.
 Wheeled cranes must be utilised in preference to tracked cranes. However, Rocky terrain may require tracked cranes in the project site. 	Contractor	Ensure wheeled cranes are utilised, where practical.	Pre-construction & Construction	cEO	Weekly	Wheeled cranes observed on site.
 Consideration must be given to erecting towers by helicopter or by hand where it is warranted to limit the extent of environmental impact; 	Contractor	Contractor to undertake erecting of towers in an environmentally acceptable manner	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	No unacceptable environmental impacts occur with the erecting of the towers
 Access to tower positions to be undertaken in accordance with access requirements specified in Section 5.4: Access Roads; 	Contractor	Undertake access to tower positions as per the requirements of section 5.4	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Access to tower positions are undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.4
 Vegetation clearance to be undertaken in accordance with general vegetation clearance requirements specified in Section 5.10: Vegetation clearing; 	Contractor	Undertake vegetation clearance as per the requirements of section 5.10	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	Vegetation clearance is undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.10

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- No levelling at tower sites must be permitted unless	Contractor in	Written	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Written	
approved by the Development Project Manager or	consultation with	permission for	Construction		and when	permission from	
Developer Site Supervisor;	the DPM and	levelling at	Phase		required	the DPM and	
	DSS	tower sites, if				DSS provided to	
		required, must				the Contractor	
		be obtained					
		from the DPM					
		and DSS prior to					
		the undertaking					
		of any levelling					
		activities					
- Topsoil must be removed separately from subsoil	Contractor	Implement	Construction	cEO	Weekly, and as	Proof of	
material and stored for later use during rehabilitation		appropriate	and		and when	appropriate	
of such tower sites;		measures to	Rehabilitation		required	measures	
		ensure that				implemented	
		topsoil is				must be	
		removed from				provided by the	
		subsoil material				Contractor	
- Topsoil must be stored in heaps not higher than 2m to	Contractor	Implement the	During the	cEO	Weekly	Topsoil is stored	
prevent destruction of the seed bank within the topsoil;		listed	Construction			as per the listed	
		requirements for	Phase			requirements	
		the storage of					
		topsoil					
- Excavated slopes must be no greater that 1:3, but	Contractor	Implement the	During the	cEO	Weekly	Excavation of	
where this is unavoidable, appropriate measures must		listed	Construction			slopes is	
be undertaken to stabilise the slopes;		requirements for	Phase			undertaken as	
·		the excavation				per the listed	
		of slopes				requirements	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Fly rock from blasting activity must be minimised and any pieces greater than 150 mm falling beyond the Working Area, must be collected and removed;	cEO / dEO / contractor	Ensure all pieces greater than 150 mm falling beyond the Working Area, are collected and removed and implement measures to try and minimise fly rock from blasting activity	Pre-Construction Phase	ECO/EO	During blasting activities	ECO/EO to confirm necessary measures have been undertaken to minimise fly rock from blasting activity and that no pieces greater than 150 mm are beyond the working area.
Only existing disturbed areas are utilised as spoil areas;	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Identify, demarcate and use existing disturbed areas for spoil areas	Pre-construction & Construction	cEO	Weekly	Only identified disturbed areas are used as spoil areas
 Drainage is provided to control groundwater exit gradient with the spill areas such that migration of fines is kept to a minimum; 	Not Applicable					
Surface water runoff is appropriately channelled through or around spoil areas;	DPM and Contractor	Design and implement appropriate surface runoff measures for spoil areas	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, during the construction of the surface runoff measures	Implementation of surface runoff measures through and/or around spoil areas

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
During backfilling operations, care must be taken not to dump the topsoil at the bottom of the foundation and then put spoil on top of that;	Contractor	Develop and implement backfilling procedures which ensures that topsoil is not placed at the bottom of	Pre-construction & Construction	CEO	Weekly	Backfilling operations are undertaken as per the procedures developed
The surface of the spoil is appropriately rehabilitated in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 5.29: Landscaping and rehabilitation;	Contractor	foundations. Rehabilitation of the surface spoil must be undertaken in accordance with the requirements of section 5.29	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of the surface spoil is undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.29
- The retained topsoil must be spread evenly over areas to be rehabilitated and suitably compacted to effect re-vegetation of such areas to prevent erosion as soon as construction activities on the site is complete. Spreading of topsoil must not be undertaken, where possible, at the beginning of the dry season.	Contractor	Ensure that topsoil is spread evenly and compacted appropriately. This must be undertaken outside of the start of the dry season, where possible	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	Proof that topsoil has been spread evenly and compacted correctly must be provided by the Contractor/ cEO. Proof that the activities were undertaken outside of the start of the dry

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
						season (or
						motivation as to
						why this was not
						possible) must
						be provided by
						the Contractor

5.28 Stringing

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of stringing.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Where possible, previously disturbed areas must be	Contractor in	Identify and	Pre-construction	cEO	Weekly	Winch and	
used for the siting of winch and tensioner stations. In all	consultation with	demarcate	& Construction			tensioner	
other instances, the siting of the winch and tensioner	the ECO	areas				stations are	
must avoid Access restricted areas and other sensitive		appropriate for				located are	
areas;		the siting of				located outside	
		winch and				of identified	
		tensioner				sensitive areas	
		stations which					
		does not infringe					
		on access					
		restricted areas					
		or					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		environmentally				
		sensitive areas				
- The winch and tensioner station must be equipped	Contractor	Provide sufficient	During the	cEO	Weekly	Sufficient drip
with drip trays in order to contain any fuel, hydraulic		drip trays	Construction			trays are
fuel or oil spills and leaks;			Phase			available for the winch and
						tensioner
						stations and no
						spills occur
Refuelling of the winch and tensioner stations must be	Contractor	The refuelling of	During the	ECO	Monthly	The refuelling of
undertaken in accordance with Section 5.17 :		winch and	Construction			winch and
Hazardous substances;		tensioner	Phase			tensioner
		stations must be				stations is
		undertaken as				undertaken as
		per the				per the
		requirements of				requirements of
- In the case of the development of overhead	Contractor	section 5.17 Develop and	Pre-construction	ECO and cEO	Once, prior to	section 5.17 Implementation
transmission and distribution infrastructure, a one metre	Cornidation	implement	& Construction	weekly during	the	of the
"trace-line" may be cut through the vegetation for		procedures for	& CONSTRUCTION	stringing	commencemen	procedures put
stringing purposes only and no vehicle access must be		implementation		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	t of construction	in place and
cleared along "trace-lines". Vegetation clearing must		for vegetation			and weekly	proof thereof
be undertaken by hand, using chainsaws and		clearing during			during stringing	from the
handheld implements, with vegetation being cut off at		stringing in line				Contractor
ground level. No tracked or wheeled mechanised		with the				
equipment must be used;		specification.				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Alternative methods of stringing which limit impact to	Contractor	Identify and	During the	cEO	Weekly	Implementation
the environment must always be considered e.g. by		implement the	Construction			of identified
hand or by using a helicopter;		stringing method	Phase			method of
		with the least				stringing with the
		environmental				least
		impact				environmental
						impact
- Where the stringing operation crosses a public or	Contractor	Identify prior to	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly, and as	Proof of
private road or railway line, the necessary scaffolding/		construction	& Construction		and when	implementation
protection measures must be installed to facilitate		areas where			required	of protection
access. If, for any reason, such access has to be closed		protection				measures and
for any period(s) during development, the persons		measures will be				proof of written
affected must be given reasonable notice, in writing;		required during				notice to
		stringing. Where				affected parties
		access is to be				must be
		restricted				provided by the
		timeous written				Contractor
		notice must be				
		provided to the				
		affected parties				
- No services (electrical distribution lines, telephone	Contractor in	Avoid the	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No disruption of
lines, roads, railways lines, pipelines, fences etc.) must	consultation with	damaging or	Construction		and when	services occurs.
be damaged because of stringing operations. Where	the cEO, DPM	disturbance of	Phase		required	Where disruption
disruption to services is unavoidable, persons affected	and dEO	existing services.				occurs proof of
must be given reasonable notice, in writing;		Where services				written notice to
		will be disrupted				affected parties
		timeous notice				must be
		must be				provided by the
		provided to the				Contractor
		affected parties				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring				
	Responsible	Method of		for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person	implementation	implementatio	n	person		compliance	
- Where stringing operations cross cultivated land,	Not Applicable							
damage to crops is restricted to the minimum required								
to conduct stringing operations, and reasonable								
notice (10 workdays minimum), in writing, must be								
provided to the landowner;								
 Necessary scaffolding protection measures must be 	Not Applicable							
installed to prevent damage to the structures								
supporting certain high value agricultural areas such								
as vineyards, orchards, nurseries.								

5.29 Socio-economic

Impact management outcome: Socio-economic development is enhanced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
 Develop and implement communication strategies to 	dEO / cEO	Identify and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Communication	
facilitate public participation;		implement	& Construction		the	is undertaken as	
		appropriate			commencemen	per the	
		strategies for			t of construction	identified	
		communication			and monthly	strategies and	
		with the			during the	no complaints	
		communities			construction	are submitted	
		through				regarding	
		consideration of				communication	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		the community					
		needs					
- Develop and implement a collaborative and	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Conflict	
constructive approach to conflict resolution as part of		implement a	& Construction		the	resolution is	
the external stakeholder engagement process;		Grievance			commencemen	undertaken in	
		Mechanism			t of construction	line with the	
		which considers			and monthly	requirements of	
		the community			during the	the Grievance	
		needs and			construction	Mechanism. No	
		provides			phase	complaints on	
		procedures for				conflict	
		conflict				resolution is	
		resolution				submitted by the	
						community	
- Sustain continuous communication and liaison with	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Communication	
neighbouring owners and residents		implement a	& Construction		the	/ liaison with	
		Grievance			commencemen	neighbouring	
		Mechanism that			t of construction	landowners and	
		provides			and monthly	residents are	
		procedures for			during the	undertaken in	
		communication			construction	line with the	
		/ liaison with			phase	requirements of	
		neighbouring				the Grievance	
		landowners and				Mechanism. No	
		residents				complaints on	
						communication	
						with	
						neighbouring	
						landowners and	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
						residents is	
						submitted	
- Create work and training opportunities for local	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	The "locals first"	
stakeholders; and		implement a	& Construction		the	policy is	
		"locals first"			commencemen	considered in	
		policy for the			t of construction	terms of the	
		provision of			and monthly	employment	
		employment			during the	and training	
		opportunities			construction	opportunities	
					phase		
- Where feasible, no workers, with the exception of	Contractor	Ensure no	Construction	ECO	Throughout	No workers	
security personnel, must be permitted to stay over-		workers are			construction	remaining on site	
night on the site. This would reduce the risk to local		permitted to stay				over night	
farmers.		overnight on the					
		site					

5.30 Temporary closure of site

Impact management outcome: Minimise the risk of environmental impact during periods of site closure greater than five days.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Bunds must be emptied (where applicable) and need	Contractor	Regular	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Bunds are
to be undertaken in accordance with the impact		emptying of the	Construction		closure for more	emptied as per
management actions included in sections 5.17:		bunds must be	Phase		than 05 days	the requirements
		undertaken. This				listed under

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
management of hazardous substances and 5.18		must be				sections 5.17	
workshop, equipment maintenance and storage;		undertaken as				and 5.18	
		per the					
		requirements					
		listed in sections					
		5.17 and 5.18					
 Hazardous storage areas must be well ventilated; 	Contractor	Install	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Effective	
		appropriate	construction		closure for more	ventilation is	
		ventilation in all	phase		than 05 days	installed in	
		hazardous				hazardous	
		storage areas				storage areas	
- Fire extinguishers must be serviced and accessible.	Contractor /	Ensure fire	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Signage placed	
Service records to be filed and audited at last service;	cEO	extinguishers are	Construction		closure for more	indicating	
		serviced, as	Phase		than 05 days	location of fire	
		required and are				extinguishers	
		easily accessible				and service	
		with appropriate				records	
		signage					
		indicating					
		location. Ensure					
		service records					
		are kept up to					
		date and filed					
Emergency and contact details must be displayed;	Contractor /	Place	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Photographic	
	cEO	emergency and	Construction		closure for more	proof of contact	
		contact details	Phase		than 05 days	details on	
		which are				display	
		readily available					
		and easily					
		accessible					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
Security personnel must be briefed and have the facilities to contact or be contacted by relevant management and emergency personnel;	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Hold a workshop with all security personnel to provide a brief of the project and security requirements. Provide facilities in order to contact management and emergency personnel	Pre-construction & construction	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of the workshop held must be kept on file by the contractor.
 Night hazards such as reflectors, lighting, traffic signage etc. must have been checked; 	Contractor	Regular checks of night hazards must be undertaken	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of checks of night hazards must be provided by the contractor
Fire hazards identified and the local authority must have been notified of any potential threats e.g. large brush stockpiles, fuels etc.;	CEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Identify any potential fire hazards and notify the relevant local authority	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of notification of the fire hazards to the local authority must be provided by the Contractor
Structures vulnerable to high winds must be secured;	Contractor	Ensure structures vulnerable to wind are secure prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Structures vulnerable to wind are secured prior to site closure

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
 Wind and dust mitigation must be implemented; 	Contractor	Implement wind	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Wind and dust	
		and dust	Construction		closure for more	mitigation is	
		mitigation prior	Phase		than 05 days	implemented	
		to site closure				prior to site	
						closure	
 Cement and materials stores must have been secured; 	Contractor	Ensure cement	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Cement and	
		and material	Construction		closure for more	material stores	
		stores are	Phase		than 05 days	are secured prior	
		secured prior to				to site closure	
		site closure					
 Toilets must have been emptied and secured; 	Contractor	Ensure toilets are	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Toilets are	
		emptied and	Construction		closure for more	emptied and	
		secured prior to	Phase		than 05 days	secured prior to	
		site closure				site closure	
 Refuse bins must have been emptied and secured; 	Contractor	Ensure refuse	During the	ECO	Prior to site	refuse bins are	
		bins are emptied	Construction		closure for more	emptied and	
		and secured	Phase		than 05 days	secured prior to	
		prior to site				site closure	
		closure					
 Drip trays must have been emptied and secured. 	Contractor	Ensure drip trays	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Drip trays are	
		are emptied	Construction		closure for more	emptied and	
		and secured	Phase		than 05 days	secured prior to	
		prior to site				site closure	
		closure					

5.31 Landscaping and rehabilitation

Impact management outcome: Areas disturbed during the development phase are returned to a state that approximates the original condition.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
All areas disturbed by construction activities must be subject to landscaping and rehabilitation; All spoil and waste must be disposed to a registered waste site and certificates of disposal provided;	Contractor	Develop and implement a rehabilitation plan for the rehabilitation of all disturbed areas. Dispose of all spoil and waste at a licensed waste disposal facility	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas is undertaken as per the rehabilitation plan. All certificates of waste disposal at licensed facilities are available.	
 All slopes must be assessed for contouring, and to contour only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983 	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Assess all slopes and determine whether contouring is required	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	All slopes are assessed and contoured as required	
 All slopes must be assessed for terracing, and to terrace only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983; 	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Assess all slopes and determine whether terracing is required	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	All slopes are assessed and terraced as required	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Berms that have been created must have a slope of 1:4 and be replanted with indigenous species and grasses that approximates the original condition;	Contractor	Ensure all berms have a slope of 1:4 and is replanted with indigenous species and grasses	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	All berms have a slope of 1:4 and is replanted with indigenous species and grasses
 Where new access roads have crossed cultivated farmlands, that lands must be rehabilitated by ripping which must be agreed to by the holder of the EA and the landowners; 	Not applicable					·
Rehabilitation of tower sites and access roads outside of farmland;	Contractor	Implement appropriate rehabilitation measures	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	Appropriate rehabilitation undertaken at tower sites and along access roads
 Indigenous species must be used for with species and/grasses to where it compliments or approximates the original condition; 	Contractor	Make use of indigenous species for rehabilitation	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	Indigenous species are used for rehabilitation
Stockpiled topsoil must be used for rehabilitation (refer to Section 5.24: Stockpiling and stockpiled areas);	Contractor	Ensure stockpiled topsoil is used as per the requirements listed under section 5.24	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	Stockpiled topsoil is used as per the requirements listed under section 5.24

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Stockpiled topsoil must be evenly spread so as to facilitate seeding and minimise loss of soil due to erosion; 	Contractor	Ensure that topsoil is spread evenly	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	Topsoil is spread evenly
 Before placing topsoil, all visible weeds from the placement area and from the topsoil must be removed; 	Contractor	Remove all visible weeds from placement area and topsoil before spreading the topsoil	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	No weeds are visible in the placement area or the topsoil
Subsoil must be ripped before topsoil is placed;	Contractor	Undertake the ripping of subsoil prior to the spreading of topsoil	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	Subsoil is ripped before topsoil is placed
The rehabilitation must be timed so that rehabilitation can take place at the optimal time for vegetation establishment;	Contractor	Plan the timeframe for rehabilitation in order to undertake vegetation planting during the optimal time for vegetation establishment	Rehabilitation	ECO	At the start of rehabilitation to confirm correct timeframe	Rehabilitation is undertaken during the optimal time
Where impacted through construction related activity, all sloped areas must be stabilised to ensure proper rehabilitation is affected and erosion is controlled;	Contractor	All disturbed slope areas must be stabilised	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	Disturbed slopes are stabilised sufficiently

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Sloped areas stabilised using design structures or vegetation as specified in the design to prevent erosion of embankments. The contract design specifications must be adhered to and implemented strictly; 	Contractor	Stabilise slopes as per the design specifications	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	Slopes are stabilised as per the design specifications
 Spoil can be used for backfilling or landscaping as long as it is covered by a minimum of 150 mm of topsoil. 	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor
 Where required, re-vegetation including hydroseeding can be enhanced using a vegetation seed mixture as described below. A mixture of seed can be used provided the mixture is carefully selected to ensure the following: a) Annual and perennial plants are chosen; b) Pioneer species are included; c) Species chosen must be indigenous to the area with the seeds used coming from the area; d) Root systems must have a binding effect on the soil; e) The final product must not cause an ecological imbalance in the area 	Contractor in consultation with a suitably qualified specialist	Make use of a suitable vegetation seed mixture should enhancement be required	Rehabilitation	ECO	As and when required	Use of a suitable vegetation seed mixture if required

6 ACCESS TO THE GENERIC EMPr

Once completed and signed, to allow the public access to the generic EMPr, the holder of the EA must make the EMPr available to the public in accordance with the requirements of regulation 26(h) of the EIA Regulations.

7 SITE SPECIFIC INFORMATION AND DECLARATION

7.1 Sub-section 1: contact details and description of the project

7.1.1. Details of the applicant

Applicant Name	South Africa Mainstream Renewable Power Developments (Pty) Ltd
Contact Person	Eugene Marais
Physical Address	4 th Floor Mariendahl House Newlands on Main, Cnr Main and Campground Road Claremont Cape Town 7708
Postal Address	PO Box 45063 Claremont 7735
Telephone	021 657 4052
Fax	021 671 5665
Cell	073 871 5781
Email Address	eugene.marais@mainstreamrp.com

7.1.2 Details and expertise of the Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP)

EAP Name	Jo-Anne Thomas
EAP Qualifications	M.Sc. Botany
Professional Affiliation/Registration	Registered Professional Natural Scientist with the South African Council for Natural Scientific Professions (SACNASP) Registered EAP with the Environmental Assessment Practitioners Association of South Africa (EAPASA)
Physical Address	First Floor, Block 2 5 Woodlands Drive Office Park Cnr Woodlands Drive & Western Service Road Woodmead 2191
Telephone	011 656 3237
Fax	086 684 0547
Cell	082 775 5628
Email Address	joanne@savannahsa.com

7.1.3. Project Details

Project Name: Electric Grid Infrastructure (EGI) for the 100MWac Rondavel Photovoltaic (PV) Solar Energy Facility and associated infrastructure, near Kroonstad, Free State Province

7.1.4. Project Description

South Africa Mainstream Renewable Power Developments (Pty) Ltd is proposing the development of Electrical Grid Infrastructure (EGI) for the Rondavel Photovoltaic (PV) Solar Energy Facility (SEF), ~7km south-west of Kroonstad, Free State Province, in order to connect the proposed Rondavel PV SEF to the national electricity grid.

Three (3) alternative corridors, with varying widths of up to 320m and two (2) alternative substation locations are assessed as part of this BA process. Regardless of which alternative corridor is approved, a 4-6m wide servitude service road under the power line is also required. The EGI corridor alternatives vary in length from ~2.33km (Alternative 1 - Preferred), to ~6.11km (Alternative 2) and ~3.68km (Alternative 3).

The Electrical Grid Infrastructure required includes a 132kV double- or single-circuit overhead power line and an on-site 33/132kV substation and will connect to the national grid via a loop-in loop-out connection into the existing Kroonstad Municipality – Kroonstad Switching Station 1 132kV power line near the site, or a direct connection to the existing Kroonstad Municipality 132kV/66kV substation, depending on which alternative is implemented.

A summary of the details and dimensions of the proposed EGI is provided in Table 1.

Table 1: Details of the proposed EGI for the Rondavel SEF

Infrastructure	Footprint, dimensions, and details
Corridor width (for assessment purposes)	Three grid connection alternative corridors have been identified for the assessment and placement of the grid connection infrastructure. The grid connection corridors have varying widths of up to 320m in width to allow for avoidance of environmental sensitivities, and suitable placement within the corridor.
Power line capacity	132kV (single- or double-circuit)
Tower height	Up to 32m
Power line servitude width	Up to 40m
Length of the proposed power line/s	Alternative 1 : On-site substation directly connecting into the existing Kroonstad Municipality – Kroonstad Switching Station 1 132kV power line. This route is ~2.33km long [PREFERRED].
	Alternative 2: On-site substation directly connecting to the existing Kroonstad Municipality 132kV/66kV substation. This route is ~6.11km long.
	Alternative 3 : On-site substation directly connecting into the existing Kroonstad Municipality – Kroonstad Switching Station 1 132kV power line. This route is ~3.68km long.

Infrastructure	Footprint, dimensions, and details
A description and coordinates of	The EGI proposed for authorisation, including all infrastructure
the corridor in which the proposed	associated with the project, will be contained within the
activity or activities is to be	coordinates provided for in Appendix Q of the BA Report
undertaken	

7.1.5 Project location:

The Rondavel EGI is located ~7km south-west of Kroonstad in the Free State Province within the Fezile Dabi District, in the Moghaka Local Municipality, on the following affected properties:

- » Farm Rondavel No. 627 (Remaining Extent, Portion 1 and Portion 0);
- » Farm Boschplaat No. 330 (Remaining Extent);
- » Farm Salie No. 1837 (Remaining Extent);
- » Farm Rondavel-Noord No. 1475 (Remaining Extent);
- » Farm Naseby Thorns No. 288 (Portion 1);
- » Farm Leeuwkrantz No. 1384 (Portion 0);
- » Farm Dorp Gronden Van Kroonstadt No. 460 (Remaining Extent, Portion 225 and Portion 226); and
- » Farm Waterloo No. 1383 (Remaining Extent).

It should be noted that Eskom requirements for work in or near Eskom servitudes will be adhered to, and all applicable Eskom standards shall be applied.

7.2 Sub-section 2: Development footprint site map

This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout. The sensitivity map must be prepared from the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g., raptor nest, threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features in the surrounding landscape. The overhead transmission and distribution profile shall be illustrated at an appropriate resolution to enable fine scale interrogation. It is recommended that <20 km of overhead transmission and distribution length is illustrated per page in A3 landscape format. Where considered appropriate, photographs of sensitive features in the context of tower positions shall be used.

<u>The national web-based environmental screening tool was utilised for this project and the grid connection corridor sensitivity maps can be seen in Figures 3 to 14. The site-specific environmental sensitivity map included in the BA Report is included as Figure 2.</u>

Site Sensitivity

» Ecological features:

* All wetland features were deemed very high ecological sensitivity and a 30m no-go buffer around them is recommended.

* Dolerite outcrops and Acacia karroo – Asparagus laricinus Shrub-Grassland were considered to be of medium sensitivity.

» Freshwater features:

* All wetland features are deemed high sensitivity and a 30m no-go buffer around them is recommended. These are considered no-go regions.

» Avifaunal features:

High sensitivity – Mark with Bird Flight Diverters: Flight paths associated with surface water.

* Rivers and drainage lines are used by birds as flight paths, particularly waterbirds that commute up and down channels. Dams are also a large attraction for waterbirds, and birds commuting between dams may be at risk of collisions.

» Palaeontological features:

* Although no palaeontological resources were identified within the development area, the palaeontological sensitivity of the study area is rated as high to very high for all corridor and substation alternatives. It is therefore recommended that palaeontological monitoring of excavations takes place during the construction phase of the grid connection infrastructure.

» Heritage features:

* A heritage resource with a grading of IIIA (RDW002) was identified within the development area for the Rondavel SEF and on-site substation. It is recommended that a no-go buffer of 100m be implemented around these identified stone piles.

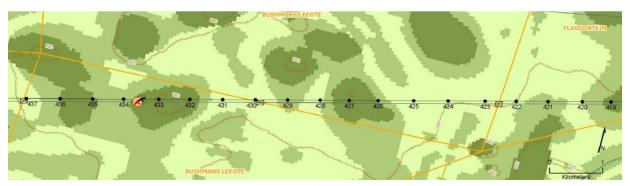


Figure 1: Example of an environmental sensitivity map in the context of a final overhead transmission and distribution profile

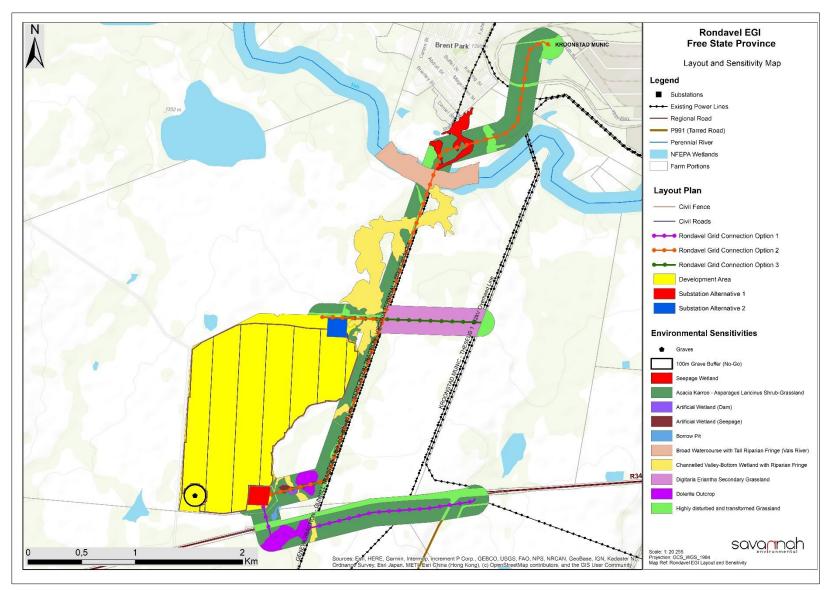


Figure 1: Environmental sensitivity map of the power line corridors.

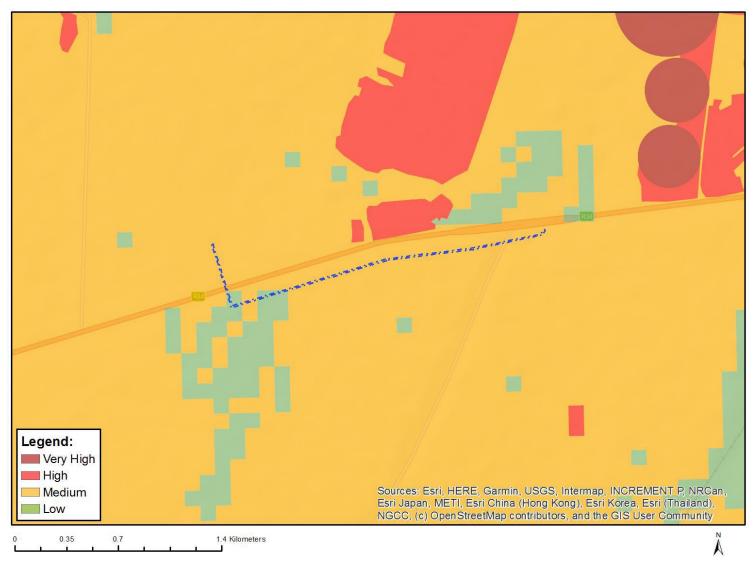


Figure 3: Map of relative agriculture theme sensitivity – Option 1

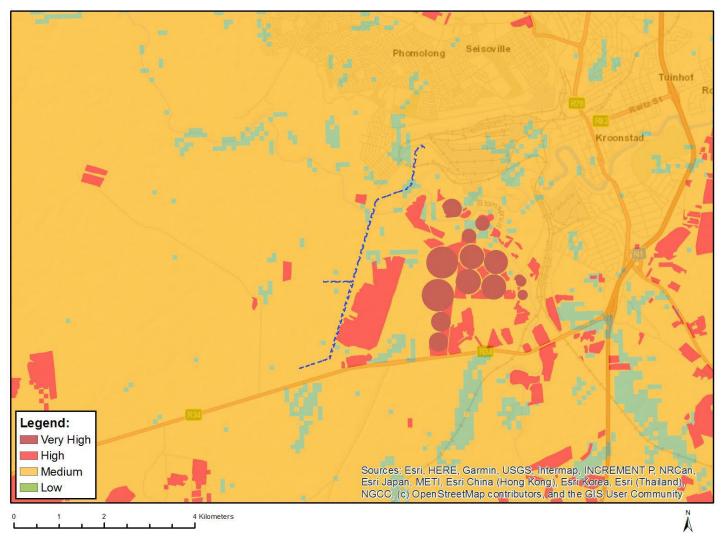


Figure 4: Map of relative agriculture theme sensitivity – Option 2



Figure 5: Map of relative agriculture theme sensitivity – Option 3

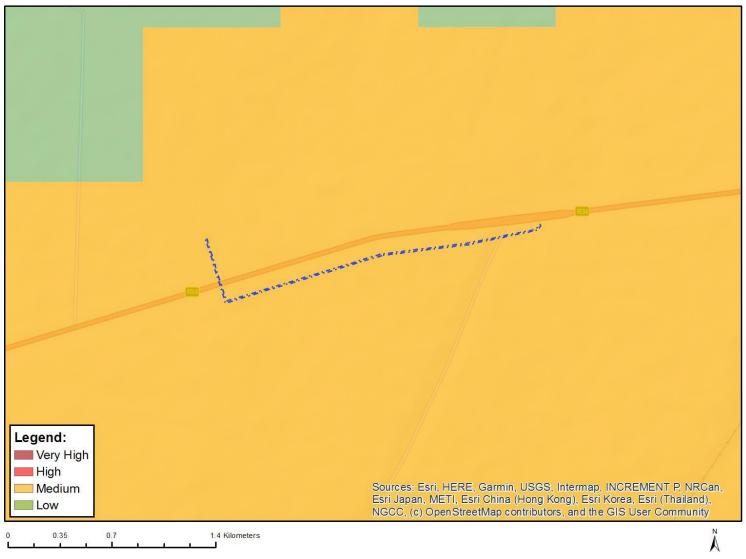


Figure 6: Map of relative animal species theme sensitivity – Option 1

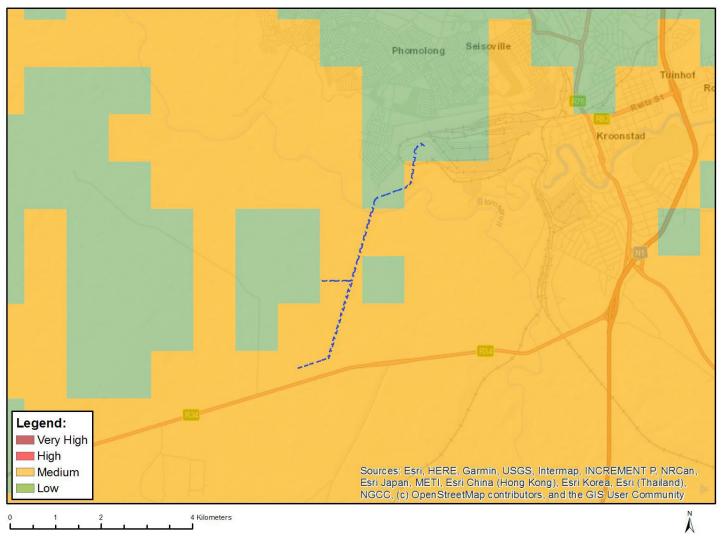


Figure 7: Map of relative animal species theme sensitivity – Option 2

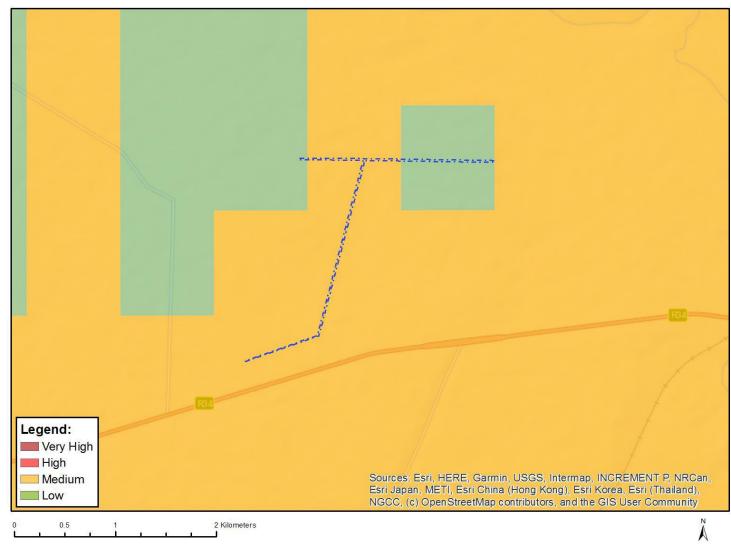


Figure 8: Map of relative animal species theme sensitivity – Option 3

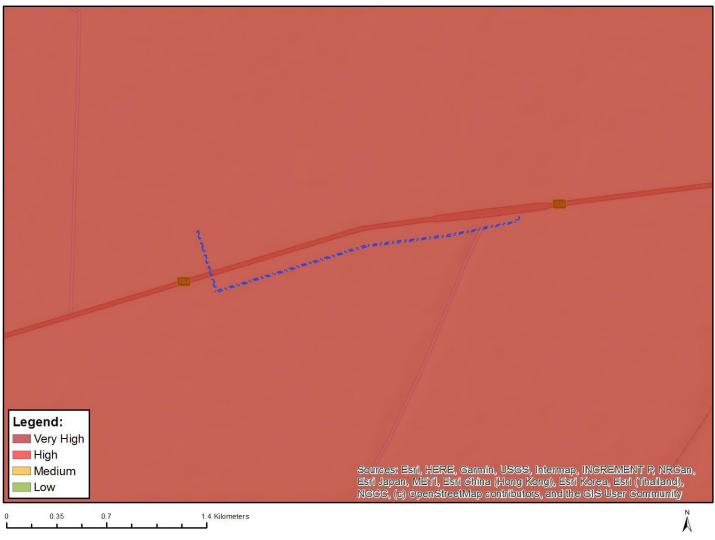


Figure 9: Map of relative aquatic biodiversity theme sensitivity – Option 1

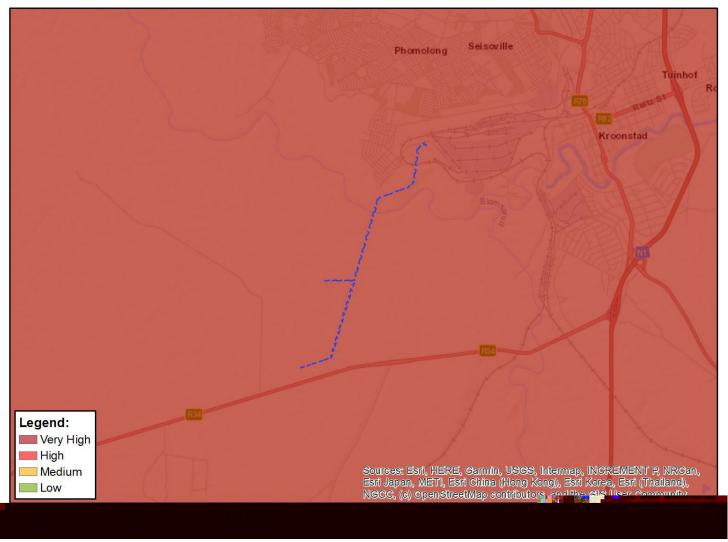


Figure 10: Map of relative aquatic biodiversity theme sensitivity – Option 2

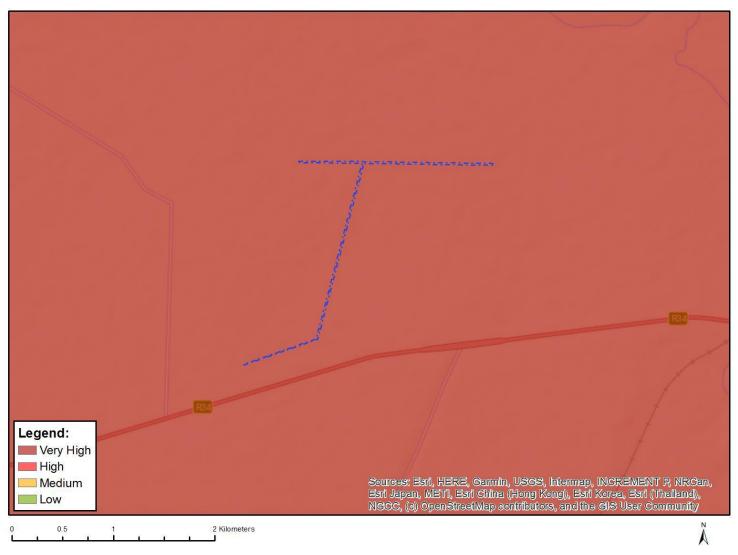


Figure 11: Map of relative aquatic biodiversity theme sensitivity – Option 3



Figure 12: Map of relative archaeological and cultural heritage theme sensitivity - Option 1

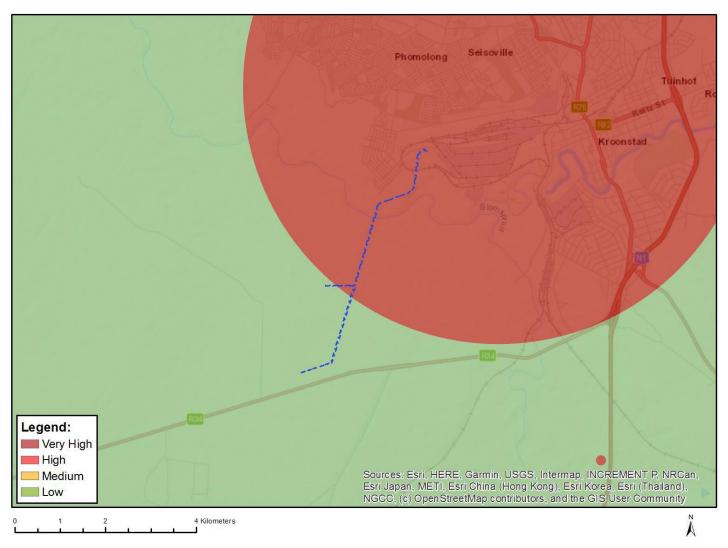


Figure 13: Map of relative archaeological and cultural heritage theme sensitivity – Option 2

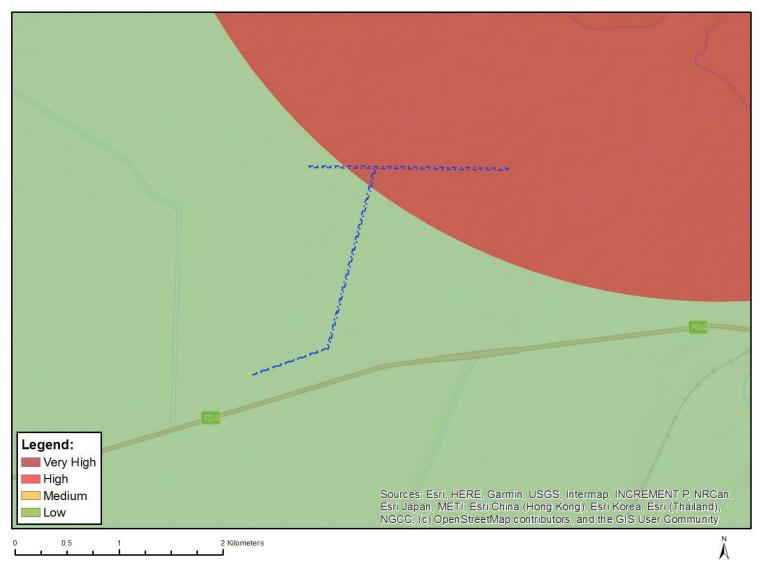


Figure 14: Map of relative archaeological and cultural heritage theme sensitivity – Option 3

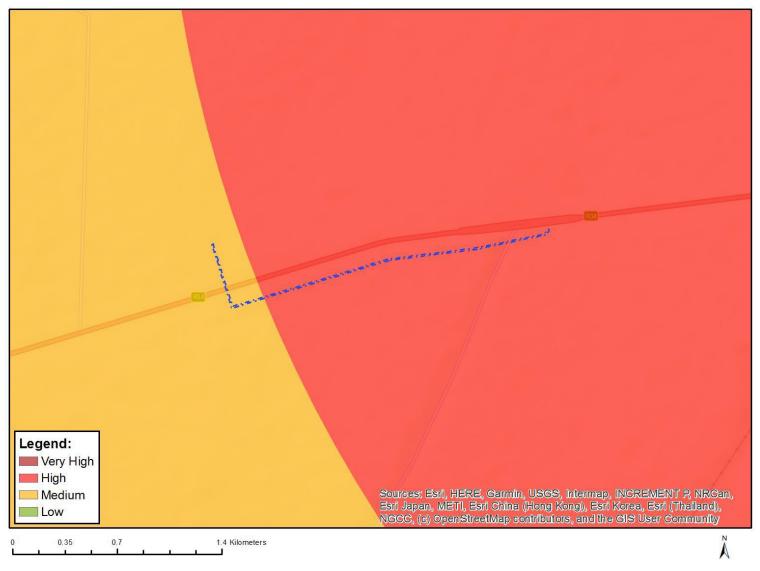


Figure 15: Map of relative civil aviation theme sensitivity – Option 1

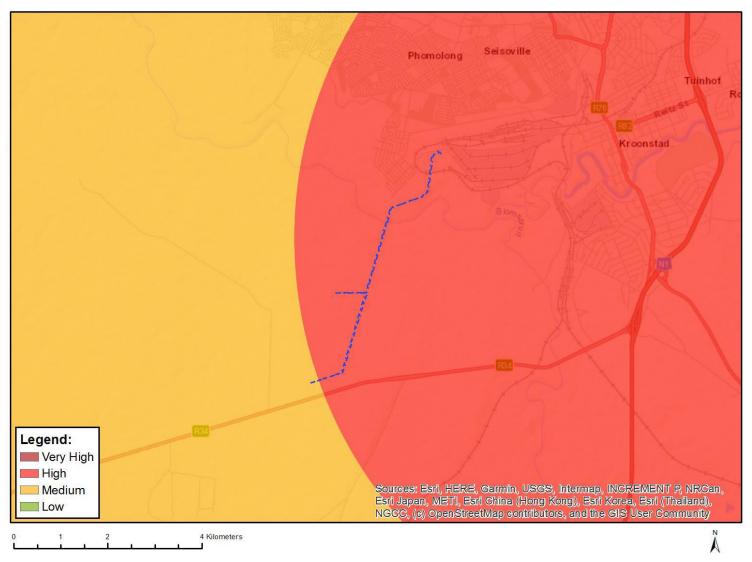


Figure 16: Map of relative civil aviation theme sensitivity – Option 2

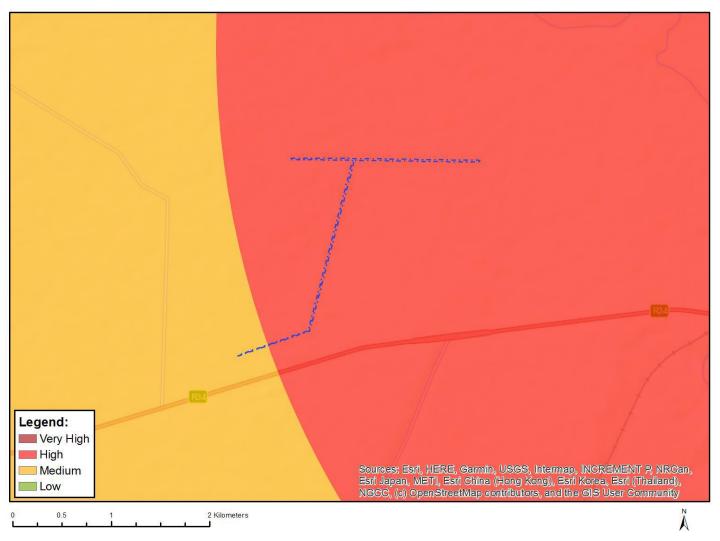


Figure 17: Map of relative civil aviation theme sensitivity – Option 3



Figure 18: Map of relative defence theme sensitivity – Option 1

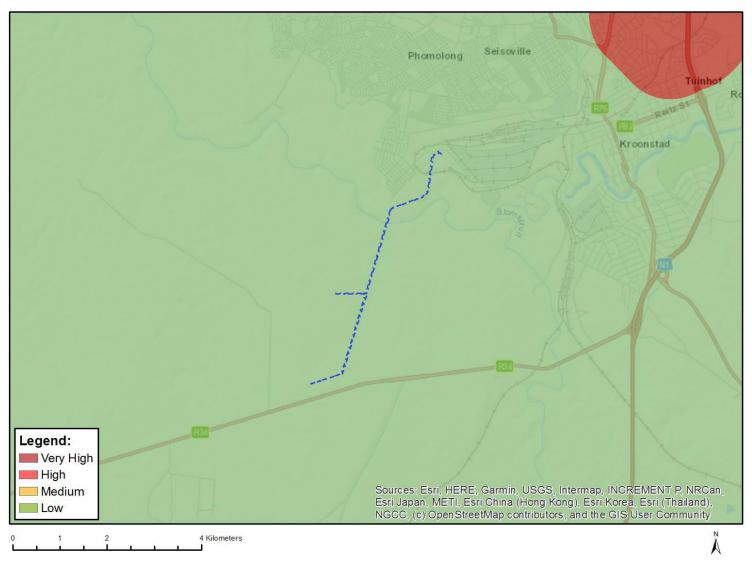


Figure 19: Map of relative defence theme sensitivity – Option 2

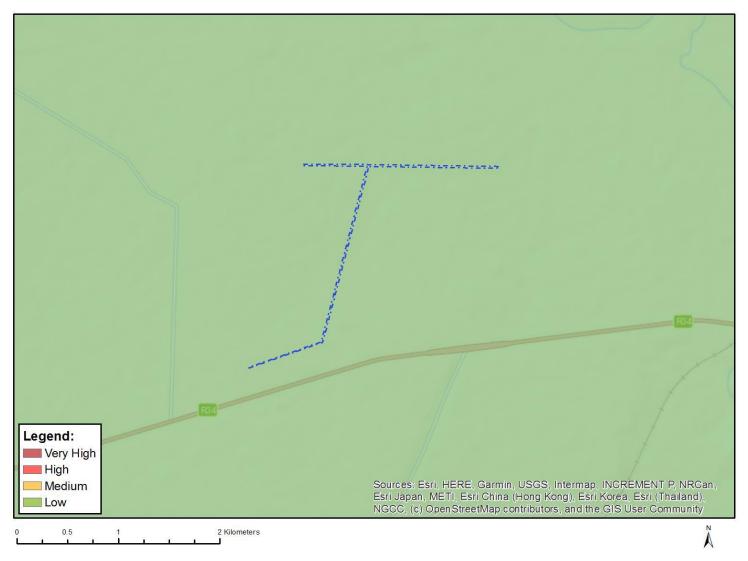


Figure 20: Map of relative defence theme sensitivity – Option 3



Figure 21: Map of relative palaeontology theme sensitivity – Option 1

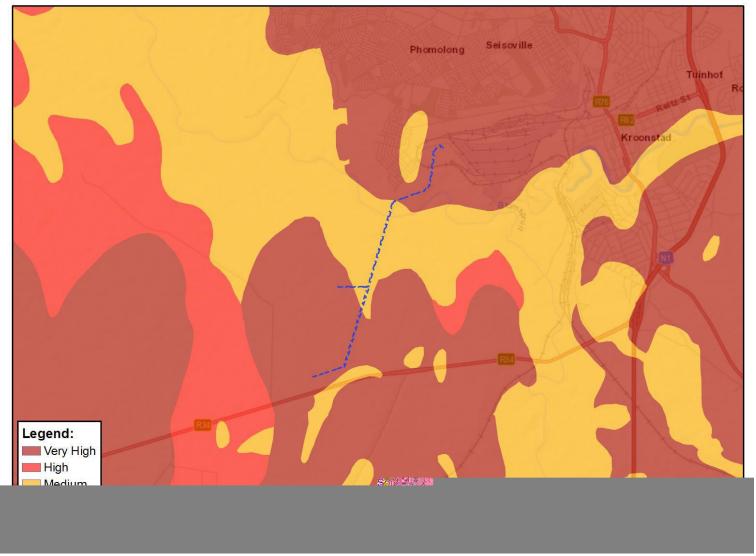


Figure 22: Map of relative palaeontology theme sensitivity – Option 2

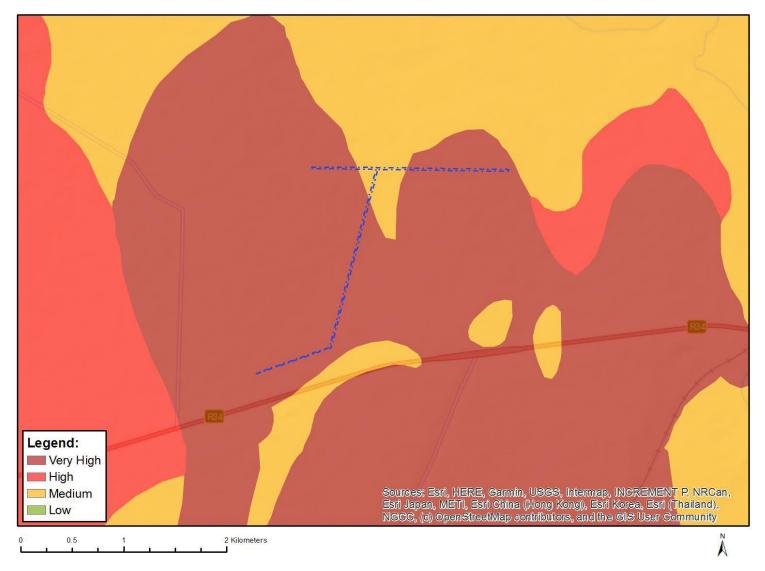


Figure 23: Map of relative palaeontology theme sensitivity – Option 3



Figure 24: Map of relative plant species theme sensitivity – Option 1



Figure 25: Map of relative plant species theme sensitivity – Option 2

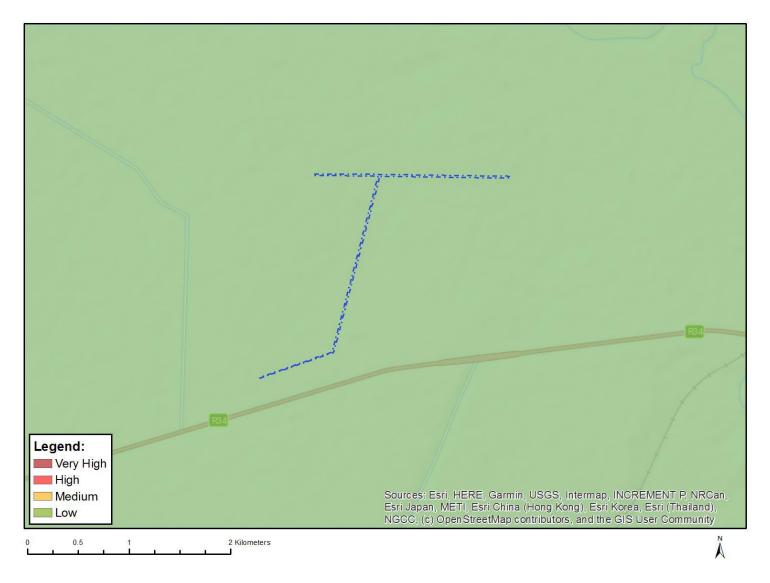


Figure 26: Map of relative plant species theme sensitivity – Option 3

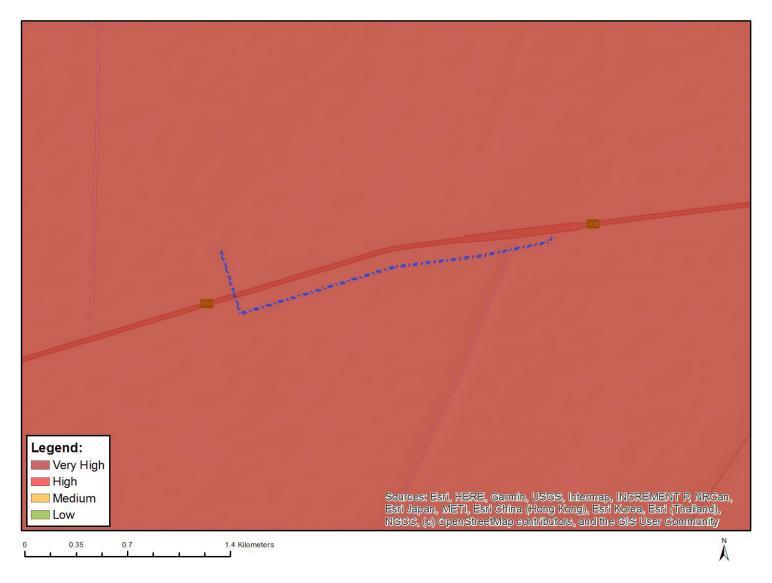


Figure 27: Map of relative terrestrial biodiversity theme sensitivity – Option 1

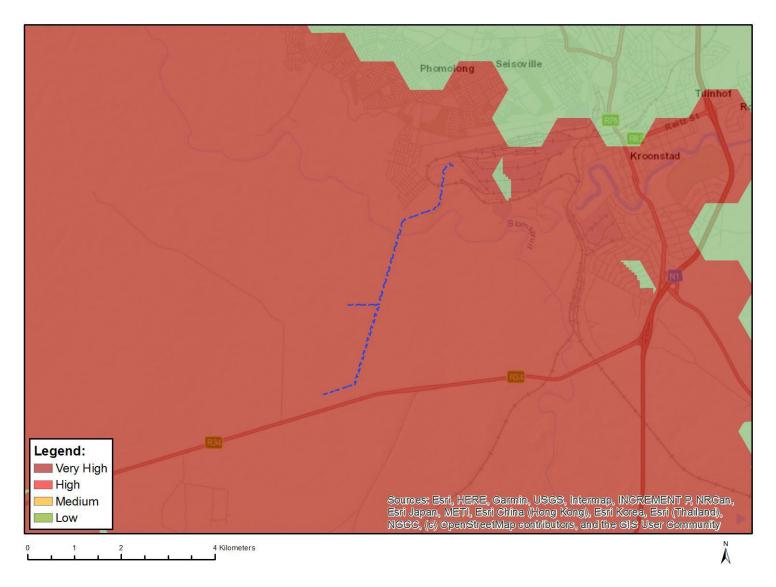


Figure 28: Map of relative terrestrial biodiversity theme sensitivity – Option 2

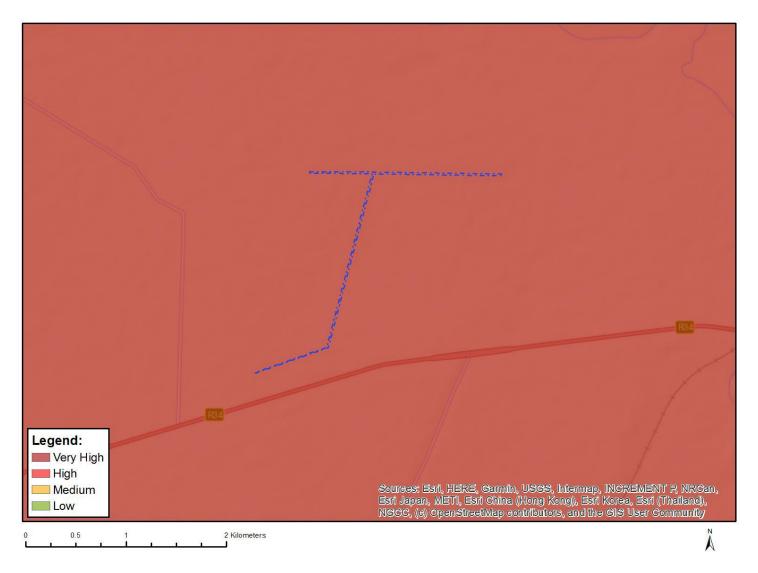


Figure 29: Map of relative terrestrial biodiversity theme sensitivity – Option 3

7.3 Sub-section 3: Declaration

The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will abide and comply with the prescribed impact management outcomes and impact management actions as stipulated in <u>part B: section 1</u> of the generic EMPr and have the understanding that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding. The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will provide written notice to the CA 14 days prior to the date on which the activity will commence of commencement of construction to facilitate compliance inspections.

orginatore i reperform, applicarm, mercer et 2, c	Baio.
Signature Proponent/applicant/ holder of EA	Date:

This declaration will be signed by the proponent/applicant/holder of the EA once the contractor is appointed and has provided inputs to this Generic EMPr as per the requirements of this template.

The contractor would be required to develop the following site-specific plans in accordance with the specialist recommendation contained in Section C of this EMPr:

- » Alien Invasive Plant Eradication and Management Plan
- » Open Space Management Plan
- » Storm Water Management Plan
- » Erosion Control Management Plan
- » <u>Waste Management Plan</u>
- » Rehabilitation Plan

7.4 Sub-section 4: amendments to site specific information (Part B; section 2)

Should the EA be transferred to a new holder, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new holder and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of Regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted for an amendment to an environmental authorisation will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

8 SITE SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

If any specific environmental sensitivities/attributes are present on the site which require more specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr template, to manage impacts, those impact management outcomes and actions must be included in this section. These specific management controls must be referenced spatially and must include impact management outcomes and impact management actions. The management controls including impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the pre-approved generic EMPr template. This applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary.

If <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the development as authorised in the EA, it is required to be submitted to the CA together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP and the name and expertise of the EAP, including the curriculum vitae are to be included. Once approved, <u>Part C</u> forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.

This section will **not be required** should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes.

CONSTRUCTION PHASE OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS

7.1. Avifauna

Impact management outcome: Minimise the displacement of priority species due to disturbance associated with construction of the Rondavel Electrical Grid Infrastructure (EGI).

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Construction activity should be restricted to the immediate footprint of the infrastructure. 	cEO, Contractor	Visual inspection of the construction activities to observe whether they remain within the defined footprint area	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of construction activity outside the immediate footprint of the infrastructure
Access to the remainder of the site should be strictly controlled to prevent unnecessary disturbance of priority species.	cEO, Contractor	Demarcate sensitive areas to restrict access to these areas	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Sensitive areas appropriately demarcated and fenced off for the duration of the construction phase
Measures to control noise and dust should be applied according to current best practice in the industry.	Contractor	Ensure that noise limits do not exceed acceptable limits and identify and implement	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Dust and noise control measures evident during audit. No noise or dust related

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
			1				
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		suitable dust				complaints	
		control				received	
		measures					
 Maximum use should be made of existing access roads 	Contractor, cEO	Visual inspection	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of	
and the construction of new roads should be kept to a		of the	construction			several new	
minimum.		construction	phase			access roads on	
		activities and if				site	
		the use of					
		existing access					
		roads over the					
		construction of					
		new roads is					
		favoured					

7.2. Ecology

Impact management outcome: Direct loss of vegetation, including listed and protected species is reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Pre-construction environmental induction for all construction staff on site to ensure that basic environmental principles are adhered to. This includes awareness to no littering, appropriate handling of pollution and chemical spills, avoiding fire hazards, minimising wildlife interactions, remaining within demarcated construction areas etc. 		Requirement for induction of all staff prior to entry, as well as the development and application of an induction programme	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Induction roster of all staff completed, maintained and available on site, induction programme material observed and	

Implementation			Monitoring		
Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
					on file on site during audits
Contractor	Visual inspection of the development area and whether all areas to be cleared have be demarcated with fauna-friendly material	Prior to construction	ECO	Duration of the construction phase	Areas to be cleared appropriately demarcated
cEO	Visual inspection of vegetation clearing within the development footprint	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Weekly	No evidence of unnecessary vegetation clearing or damage to the environment
cEO	Visual inspection of vegetation clearing within the development footprint	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Weekly	No evidence of unnecessary vegetation clearing during audit
Developer Contractor cEO	Ensure that final layout avoids areas of high and very high sensitivity areas, and that	During the planning phase and prior to construction	ECO	Once off review of final layout and Monthly monitoring of fencing around laydown areas,	Final layout avoids areas of high and very high sensitivity. Evidence of fencing around
	Responsible person Contractor CEO CEO Developer Contractor	Contractor Contractor Visual inspection of the development area and whether all areas to be cleared have be demarcated with faunafriendly material CEO Visual inspection of vegetation clearing within the development footprint CEO Visual inspection of vegetation clearing within the development footprint CEO CEO CEO Visual inspection of vegetation clearing within the development footprint CEO CEO CEO CEO CEO CEO CEO CE	Responsible person implementation implementation Contractor Visual inspection of the development area and whether all areas to be cleared have be demarcated with fauna-friendly material CEO Visual inspection of vegetation clearing within the development footprint CEO Visual inspection of construction phase CEO Description of construction of construction phase CEO To sum inspection of construction of construction CEO To sum inspection inspection of construction CEO To sum inspection of construction CEO To sum inspection inspection of construction CEO To sum inspection of construction CEO To sum inspection inspec	Responsible person Method of implementation Method of implementation Timeframe for implementation Prior to construction of the development area and whether all areas to be cleared have be demarcated with faunafriendly material CEO Visual inspection of vegetation clearing within the development footprint CEO Visual inspection of vegetation clearing within the development footprint CEO Timeframe for implementation Prior to construction Duration of construction Duration of construction phase ECO ECO ECO Duration of construction phase ECO Secontractor Duration of construction phase ECO Construction During the planning phase and prior to construction secontractor areas of high and very high sensitivity areas,	Responsible person Method of implementation Contractor Visual inspection of the development area and whether all areas to be cleared have be demarcated with faunaffiendly material CEO Visual inspection of vegetation clearing within the development footprint CEO Visual inspection of vegetation clearing within the development footprint Developer Ensure that final layout avoids arreas of high and very high cEO Seconstruction Timeframe for implementation Responsible person Frequency Froat and Frequency Froat and Frequ

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
		areas, camps and temporary use areas are demarcated during the construction phase.			camps and temporary use areas	construction camps and temporary use areas		
All vehicles to remain within demarcated construction areas and no unnecessary driving in the veld outside these areas should be allowed.	CEO	Visual inspection of vehicle movement within the development area, and whether all vehicles vehicle movement is restricted to demarcated construction area	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of vehicles driving in the veld outside the demarcated construction area		
Existing tracks should be used for access wherever possible.	Contractor, cEO	Visual inspection of the construction activities and if the use of existing access roads over the construction of new roads is favoured	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of several new access roads on site		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
No fires should be allowed on-site.	cEO	Placement of signs around the site indicating that fires are prohibited on site	Duration of construction and operational phases	ECO	Monthly	Signage prohibiting fire on site observed during audit

Impact management outcome: Disturbance to fauna is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Site access should be controlled, and no unauthorised	DSS, dEO	Demarcate the	Duration of the		Not Applicable		
persons should be allowed onto the site.		project site and	project				
		place a security					
		guard and					
		register at the					
		main gate					
- Any fauna directly threatened by the associated	cEO, Specialist	Develop a	Prior to	ECO	Monthly	Necessary	
activities should be removed to a safe location by a		search and	construction			permits	
suitably qualified person.		relocation plan				obtained prior	
		for threatened				to the removal	
		fauna species				of threatened	
		and obtain the				fauna species,	
		relevant permits				and copies of	
		for the removal				permits	
		of these species				observed during	
						audit	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person	1104001107	compliance
- The collection, hunting or harvesting of any plants or	cEO	Requirement for	Duration of the	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of
animals at the site should be strictly forbidden.		induction of all	project			fauna and plant
Personnel should not be allowed to wander off the		staff prior to				mortality, and
demarcated site.		entry, in				inducting roster
		particular about				of all stuff
		the collection,				completed,
		hunting or				maintained and
		harvesting of				available on site
		plant and				
		animals				
- All hazardous materials should be stored in the	Contractor	Suitable	Duration of the	ECO	Monthly	Effective
appropriate manner to prevent contamination of the		bunding and	project			bunding and
site. Any accidental chemical, fuel and oil spills that		containment,				containment of
occur at the site should be cleaned up in the		demarcation				hazardous
appropriate manner as related to the nature of the		and access				materials as
spill.		control				evidenced on
		measures				site, along with
		implemented for				suitable access
		hazardous				control and
		materials at				demarcation
		onsite stores.				provided at
		Spill prevention				hazardous
		and response				materials stores.
		plan developed				Written log of
		and spill kits				spills and clean
		made available,				up actions
		as well as all				implemented
		staff inducted				observed and
		with spill				kept on file at
		response				site
		procedure and				
		a log of				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		inductions kept on file. Written record of spills and clean up actions kept on site					
 All construction vehicles should adhere to a low-speed limit (30km/h) to avoid collisions with susceptible species such as snakes and tortoises. 	Contractor, cEO	Install speed signature throughout site, include speed limit into induction and ensure all staff entering site is aware of the requirement to implement speed limits. Institute verbal and written warnings for violations and appropriate fines for repeat contraventions. Written log of fines and warning issued kept on site	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Minimal instances of speeding as observed on site during audits and as evidenced in the written log of warnings and fines issued for contraventions	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
Construction vehicles limited to a minimal footprint on site (no movement outside of the earmarked footprint).	Contractor, cEO	Install signage throughout the site instructing all construction vehicles to remain within the designated footprint	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Minimal to no instances of construction vehicle movement outside the earmarked footprint	
Fires should not be allowed on site.	cEO	Placement of signs around the site indicating that fires are prohibited on site	Duration of construction and operational phases	ECO	Monthly	Signage prohibiting fire on site observed during audit	
 All personnel should undergo environmental induction with regards to fauna and in particular awareness about not harming or collecting species such as snakes, tortoises which are often persecuted out of superstition, or Giant Girdled Lizards/Ouvolk which is traded illegally. 	cEO	Requirement for induction of all staff prior to entry, as well as the development and application of an induction programme	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Induction roster of all staff completed, maintained and available on site, induction programme material observed and on file on site during audits	

Impact management outcome: No increase in erosion risk as a result of site activities.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Topsoil must be removed and stored separately from subsoil. Topsoil must be reapplied where appropriate as soon as possible in order to encourage and facilitate rapid regeneration of the natural vegetation on cleared areas. 	Contractor	Enforce proper storage of topsoil and subsoil, and visual inspection to determine that topsoil is reapplied to disturbed areas during rehabilitation	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Topsoil stored separately from subsoil and evidence of rehabilitation with topsoil where appropriate
 Any erosion problems observed to be associated with the servitude service road and/or hardened/engineered surfaces should be rectified as soon as possible and monitored thereafter to ensure that they do not re-occur. 	Contractor, cEO	Visual inspection of remaining infrastructure and decommissioned areas to determine if erosion has occurred or is likely to occur.	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Negligible erosion observed on site, or where observed clear evidence of control measures put in place
All bare areas due to the project activities should be re-vegetated with locally occurring species, to bind the soil and limit erosion potential where applicable.	Contractor, cEO	Visual inspection of infrastructure and decommissioned areas to determine if all bare areas have been revegetated	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of bare areas affected by development and negligible erosion observed
An erosion control management plan should be utilised to prevent erosion.	Contractor	Develop an erosion control management plan for implementation	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Copy of erosion control management plan provided

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		during the construction phase				during audit and evidence of erosion prevention observed on site
 There should be reduced activity at the site after large rainfall events when the soils are wet. No driving off of hardened roads should occur immediately following large rainfall events until soils have dried out and the risk of bogging down has decreased. 	DPM Contractor cEO	Add condition that there should be reduced activity at the site after large rainfall events in contractor's pack	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Limited activity on site after large rainfall events
 Any stormwater within the site must be handled in a suitable manner, i.e., trap sediments, and reduce flow velocities. 	cEO	Ensure that appropriate stormwater management infrastructure is installed on site	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Stormwater management infrastructure installed on site
 Construction of gabions and other stabilisation features to prevent erosion, if deemed necessary. 	Contractor	Ensure that appropriate stormwater management infrastructure is installed on site	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Stormwater management infrastructure installed on site

Impact management outcome: Minimal alien plant invasion during the construction phase.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 A site-specific eradication and management programme for alien invasive plants must be implemented during construction. 	Specialist	Invasive Alien Plant species eradication and management programme developed for the construction phase of the project, detailing monitoring required, control methods and frequency.	Prior to the commencement of construction	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of Invasive Alien Plant species eradication and management programme during audit	
Clearing methods must aim to keep disturbance to a minimum.	Contractor	Visual inspection of vegetation clearing activities on site	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	No evidence of unnecessary vegetation clearing	

7.3. Wetlands

Impact management outcome: Loss/disturbance of wetlands, watercourses and/or riparian systems is reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 No pylons must be placed within the delineated wetland/riparian habitats; however, the pylon may span these features. 	· ·	Design OHL to ensure no pylons are placed	Design	dEO	Prior to construction	Design responds to mitigation measures

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	Design contractor	within watercourses				recommended in specialist studies
Use as far as possible the existing roads.	Contractor, cEO	Visual inspection of the construction activities and if the use of existing access roads over the construction of new roads is favoured	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of several new access roads on site
Where watercourse crossings are required, the engineering team must provide an effective means to minimise the potential upstream and downstream effects of sedimentation and erosion (erosion protection) as well minimise the loss of riparian vegetation (small footprint).	Developer Design contractor	Design watercourse crossings to provide an effective means to minimise the potential upstream and downstream effects of sedimentation and erosion (erosion protection) as well minimise the loss of riparian	Design	dEO	Monthly	Design responds to mitigation measures recommended in specialist studies

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation vegetation (small footprint).	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
No vehicles must refuel within watercourses/ riparian vegetation.	Contractor	Implement designated refuelling areas outside of watercourses/ riparian vegetation	Duration of construction	ECO	Monthly	Designated refuelling areas located outside of watercourses/ riparian vegetation	
Any activities within the wetlands apart from the spanning of the powerline should be avoided and the wetland features should, for all other activities be regarded as no-go areas.	Design contractor Contractor, cEO	Design layout such that the only activity within the wetlands is the spanning of the powerline. Inform contractors (during induction training) that wetlands features are regarded as nogo areas.	Prior to construction and during the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	No evidence of activities, apart from the spanning of the powerline, observed with wetland features and their associated buffers.	

Impact management outcome: Impacts on localised surface water quality are reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Implement appropriate measures to ensure strict use and management of all hazardous materials used on site. 	Contractor	Develop a plan for the management and handling of hazardous materials for implementation during the construction phase	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Copy of plan for management and handling of hazardous materials provided during audit	
 Implement appropriate measures to ensure strict management of potential sources of pollutants (e.g., litter hydrocarbons from vehicles and machinery, cement during construction, etc.) 		Develop a plan for the management and handling of hazardous substances for implementation during the construction phase	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Copy of plan for management and handling of hazardous substances provided during audit	
 Implement appropriate measures to ensure the containment of all contaminated water through careful run-off management on the development site. 	Contractor	Ensure that storage areas for hazardous substances include bunding to contain contaminated water	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of contaminated water running off into the environment	
Implement appropriate measures to ensure strict control over the behaviour of construction workers.	Developer	Develop a code of conduct for construction workers. The code of conduct must prohibit	Prior to the construction phase	ECO	Once of, at the commencement of construction	Copy of code of conduct provided during audit	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		contamination of				
		water resources by				
		the contractors				

Impact management outcome: Sedimentation and erosion reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Topsoil should be removed and stored separately and 	Contractor	Enforce proper	During the	ECO	Monthly	Topsoil stored
should be re-applied where appropriate as soon as		storage of topsoil	construction			separately from
possible, to encourage and facilitate the rapid		and subsoil, and	phase			subsoil and
regeneration of the natural vegetation on cleared		visual inspection to				evidence of
areas.		determine that				rehabilitation
		topsoil is reapplied				with topsoil
		to disturbed areas				where
		during				appropriate
		rehabilitation				
– Where practical, phased development and	Contractor	Develop and	Prior to	ECO	Weekly	Evidence of
vegetation clearing should be applied so that cleared		implementation a	construction and			phased
areas are not left un-vegetated and vulnerable to		vegetation	during the			development
erosion for extended periods.		clearance method	construction			and vegetation
		statement	phase			clearing
						observed during
						audit
Construction of gabions and other stabilisation features	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Monthly	Stormwater
to prevent erosion if deemed necessary.		appropriate	construction			management
	cEO	stormwater	phase			infrastructure
		management				installed on site

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		infrastructure is installed on site	, , , , , ,			
 Silt traps should be used where there is a danger of topsoil or material stockpiles eroding and entering streams and other sensitive areas. 		Silt traps used for sedimentation control	Duration of construction	ECO	Monthly	Silt traps used for sedimentation control
 There should be reduced activity at the site after large rainfall events when the soils are wet. No driving off of hardened roads should occur immediately following large rainfall events until soils have dried out and the risk of bogging down has decreased. 	Contractor	Add condition that there should be reduced activity at the site after large rainfall events in contractor's pack	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Limited activity on site after large rainfall events
All bare areas due to the development should be revegetated with locally occurring species, to bind the soil and limit erosion potential where applicable.		Visual inspection of infrastructure and decommissioned areas to determine if all bare areas have been revegetated	During the construction phase	dEO cEO	Monthly	No evidence of bare areas affected by development and negligible erosion observed

7.4. Heritage

Impact management outcome: Minimal to no impacts on buried archaeological and palaeontological resources.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- A no-go buffer of 50m must be implemented around	DPM and a	Spatially identify	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Proof of avoidance
RDW001 and RDW004.	suitably	and demarcate			the	of sensitive heritage
	qualified	areas of heritage			commencemen	features through
	specialist	significance as per			t of construction	details of

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		the Heritage				avoidance and
	dEO / cEO in	Impact Assessment				photographic
	consultation	and the Heritage				records
	with the	Walk-through				
	Contractor	Report and as per				
	and ECO	the requirements of				
		section 5.3				
- All excavations into bedrock must be monitored by a	dEO / cEO in	Develop and	During the	ECO	As and when	Proof of work
suitably qualified palaeontologist and a report on the	consultation	implement	Construction		required	ceased, and the
outcomes of the monitoring activities must be	with the	procedures for	Phase			required
submitted to SAHRA on completion of the	Contractor	situations where				procedures
development of the EGI.	and ECO	human remains,				followed in cases
		archaeological,				where material is
		palaeontolgoical				discovered.
		or historical				
		material are				
		uncovered.				
- If any evidence of archaeological sites or remains	Contractor,	If any evidence of	<u>Duration of</u>	ECO, cEO	Ongoing (cEO),	Evidence of
(e.g., remnants of stone-made structures, indigenous	cEO,	<u>unrecorded</u>	<u>Construction</u>		Monthly (ECO)	<u>communication</u>
ceramics, bones, stone artefacts, ostrich eggshell	<u>Specialist (if</u>	<u>archaeological</u>	<u>Phase</u>			with SAHRA where
fragments, charcoal and ash concentrations), fossils or	<u>required)</u>	<u>resources is</u>				any evidence of
other categories of heritage resources are found		observed during				<u>unrecorded</u>
during the proposed development, SAHRA APM Unit		the course of				<u>archaeological</u>
must be altered as per section 35(3) of the NHRA. Non-		<u>construction</u>				resources or
compliance with this section of the NHRA is an offense		activities, all work				possible burials is
in terms of section 51(1)e of the NHRA and item 5 of the		<u>must cease</u>				<u>found</u>
<u>Schedule.</u>		immediately within				
		the vicinity of the				
		find and the find				
		must be reported				
		to the SAHRA.				

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- A monitoring report by a palaeontologist must be	<u>Developer</u>	Appoint a	<u>Duration of the</u>	<u>ECO</u>	Once off, at the	<u>Letter of</u>
submitted upon completion of the construction phase		palaeontologist to	<u>Construction</u>		conclusion of	appointment of
that includes site clearance and excavations.	<u>Specialist</u>	prior to the	<u>Phase</u>		the construction	<u>palaeontologist</u>
		commencement of			<u>phase</u>	
		the construction				<u>Palaeontological</u>
		phase to				monitoring report
		<u>undertake</u>				<u>available on</u>
		monitoring during				<u>request</u>
		the construction				
		<u>phase</u>				
- <u>If unmarked human burials are uncovered, the SAHRA</u>	Contractor,	If any evidence of	<u>Duration of</u>	ECO, cEO	Ongoing (cEO),	Evidence of
Burial Grounds and Graves Unit must be alerted	cEO,	<u>unmarked human</u>	<u>Construction</u>		Monthly (ECO)	<u>communication</u>
immediately as per section 36(6) of the NHRA. Non-	<u>Specialist (if</u>	<u>burials is observed</u>	<u>Phase</u>			with SAHRA where
compliance with this section of the NHRA is an offense	required)	during the course				any evidence of
in terms of section 51(1)e of the NHRA and item 5 of the		of construction				<u>unmarked human</u>
<u>Schedule.</u>		activities, all work				<u>burials is found</u>
		<u>must cease</u>				
		immediately within				
		the vicinity of the				
		find and the find				
		must be reported				
		to the SAHRA.				
- <u>If heritage resources are uncovered during the course</u>	<u>Developer</u>	If an evidence of	<u>Duration of the</u>	<u>ECO</u>	Ongoing (cEO),	<u>Letter of</u>
of the development, a professional archaeologist or		<u>heritage resources</u>	<u>Construction</u>		Monthly (ECO)	appointment of
palaeontologist, depending on the nature of the finds,	<u>Specialist</u>	<u>is uncovered</u>	<u>Phase</u>			<u>archaeologist or</u>
must be contracted as soon as possible to inspect the		during the				<u>palaeontologist</u>
heritage resource. If the newly discovered heritage		<u>construction</u>				
resources prove to be of archaeological or		phase, a				
palaeontological significance, a Phase 2 rescue		<u>professional</u>				
operation may be required subject to permits issued by		<u>archaeologist or</u>				
<u>SAHRA.</u>		<u>palaeontologist</u>				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		<u>must be</u>				
		<u>contracted</u>				

7.5. Social

Impact management outcome: Enhanced socio-economic development and reduction in potential negative social impacts.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
 Where reasonable and practical, the proponent should appoint local contractors and implement a 'locals first' policy, especially for semi and low-skilled job categories. However, due to the low skills levels in the area, the majority of skilled posts are likely to be filled by people from outside the area. 	Developer	Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of employment opportunities	Prior to construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of the employment and training opportunities		
Where feasible, efforts should be made to employ local contactors that are compliant with Broad Based Black Economic Empowerment (BBBEE) criteria.	Developer	Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of employment opportunities that states that first preference will be given to contractors that are compliant with BBBEE criteria	Prior to construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the	The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of the employment and gives first preference to contractors that are compliant with BBBEE criteria		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
Before the construction phase commences the proponent should meet with representatives from the MLM to establish the existence of a skills database for the area. If such as database exists it should be made available to the contractors appointed for the construction phase.	Developer	Identify and implement appropriate strategies for communication with representatives from the MLM	Prior to construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction	Communication is undertaken as per the identified strategies and evidence of the meeting with the MLM (meeting minutes) is provided during the audit	
- The local authorities, community representatives, and organisations on the interested and affected party database should be informed of the final decision regarding the project and the potential job opportunities for locals and the employment procedures that the proponent intends following for the construction phase of the project.		Identify and implement appropriate strategies to communicate the availability of job opportunities to interested and affected parties and ensure that all interested and affected parties are aware of the job opportunities associated with the project	Prior to construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction	Evidence indicating that interested and affected parties were informed of the job opportunities is provided during the audit	
 Where feasible, training and skills development programmes for locals should be initiated prior to the initiation of the construction phase. 	Developer	Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the	The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of the employment and	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		employment opportunities			construction phase	training opportunities	
The recruitment selection process should seek to promote gender equality and the employment of women wherever possible.	Developer	Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of employment opportunities and ensure that the policy promotes gender equality and women empowerment	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	The "locals first" policy, which promotes gender equality and women empowerment is considered in terms of the employment	
 The proponent should liaise with the MLM with regards the establishment of a database of local companies, specifically BBBEE companies, which qualify as potential service providers (e.g., construction companies, catering companies, waste collection companies, security companies etc.) prior to the commencement of the tender process for construction contractors. These companies should be notified of the tender process and invited to bid for project-related work. 	Developer	Establish communication channels with the MLM	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Documentary evidence indicating liaison between the developer and the MLM	
Where possible, the proponent should assist local BBBEE companies to complete and submit the required tender forms and associated information.	Developer	Develop and implement a programme for the provision of assistance in completing and	Prior to construction		Not Applicable	e	

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation submitting tender forms	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
The MLM, in conjunction with the local business sector and representatives from the local hospitality industry, should identify strategies aimed at maximising the potential benefits associated with the project.	Developer	Identify and implement appropriate strategies for communication with representatives from the MLM	Prior to construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction	Communication is undertaken as per the identified strategies and evidence of the meeting with the MLM (meeting minutes) is provided during the audit
The proponent and the contractor(s) should, in consultation with representatives from the MF, develop a code of conduct for the construction phase. The code should identify which types of behaviour and activities are not acceptable. Construction workers in breach of the code should be dismissed. All dismissals must comply with the South African labour legislation.	Developer, in consultation with the Monitoring Forum	Develop and implement code of conduction for the construction phase	Prior to construction and during the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Code of conduct evident during audit
The construction area should be fenced off prior to the commencement of the construction phase. The movement of construction workers on the site should be confined to the fenced off area.	Contractor	Ensure that the construction area is fenced off prior to the commencement of construction Observe construction workers to determine whether	Prior to construction and for the duration of the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Construction area fenced off No movement of construction workers outside the fenced off area observed during audit

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation their movement is confined to the fenced off area	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
It is recommended that no construction workers, with the exception of security personnel, should be permitted to stay over-night on the site.	Not Applicable - no on-site housing is envisaged with daily commute to and from site expected of construction staff.					
The proponent should enter into an agreement with the local farmers in the area whereby damages to farm property etc. during the construction phase will be compensated for. The agreement should be signed before the construction phase commences.	DPM Contractor	Develop agreements for compensation for the damage of farm property etc. with the affected landowners. Ensure that agreements are approved and signed	Pre-construction	dEO ECO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of approved and signed agreements
Traffic and activities should be strictly contained within designated areas.	Contractor, cEO	Ensure that traffic and activities are contained within designated areas	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Traffic and activities are contained within designated areas
Strict traffic speed limits must be enforced on the farm.	cEO / dEO / Contractor	Inform all drivers of speed limits and place appropriate signage along the relevant roads	During the construction and operation phase	ECO Operation and Maintenan ce team	Monthly	No complaints regarding speeding on site are received
All farm gates must be closed after passing through.	DSS and Contractor	Ensure farm gates are closed after passing through as required through the	During the construction phase	cEO	Weekly and as and when required	Farm gates are closed after passing through and no complaints from

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		implementation of a formalised process				landowners are received.
 Contractors appointed by the proponent should provide daily transport for low and semi-skilled workers to and from the site. This would reduce the potential risk of trespassing on the remainder of the farm and adjacent properties. 	cEO	Provide daily transport to and from site for employees	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof of transportation services provided during audit
The proponent should hold contractors liable for compensating farmers and communities in full for any stock losses and/or damage to farm infrastructure that can be linked to construction workers. This should be contained in the Code of Conduct to be signed between the proponent, the contractors' and neighbouring landowners. The agreement should also cover loses and costs associated with fires caused by construction workers or construction related activities.	DPM Contractor	Develop agreements with the contractors regarding their liability for compensating farmers and communities in full for any stock losses and/or damage to farm infrastructure that can be linked to construction workers. Ensure that agreements are approved and signed	Pre-construction	dEO ECO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of approved and signed agreement
 The Environmental Management Plan (EMP) must outline procedures for managing and storing waste on site, specifically plastic waste that poses a threat to livestock if ingested. 	cEO	Ensure that the EMP contains measures for managing and storing waste on site	Pre-construction and during the construction and operation phase	dEO, ECO, cEO	Once, at the onset of the construction phase, and again on the onset of	Measures for managing and storing waste included in the EMP and the implementation

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
					the operation phase	thereof observed during audit	
 Contractors appointed by the proponent must ensure that all workers are informed at the outset of the construction phase of the conditions contained on the Code of Conduct, specifically consequences of stock theft and trespassing on adjacent farms. 	cEO and Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Compile a Code of Conduct for staff. Ensure that the conditions of the Code of Conduct are communicated staff at the outset of construction	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction	No complaints registered in this regard	
 Contractors appointed by the proponent must ensure that construction workers who are found guilty of stealing livestock and/or damaging farm infrastructure are dismissed and charged. This should be contained in the Code of Conduct. All dismissals must be in accordance with South African labour legislation. 	Developer	Compile a Code of Conduct for staff. Ensure that any dismissals are done in accordance with South African labour legislation	During the construction phase	ECO	As and when necessary	No complaints from dismissed staff Code of Conduct observed during audit	
The option of establishing a firebreak around the perimeter of the site prior to the commencement of the construction phase should be investigated.	Contractor	Ensure that the option of establishing a firebreak around the perimeter of the site is properly investigated and that the decision is informed by the site sensitivities	Prior to construction	ECO	Once	Documentation indicating that discussions around establishing firebreaks have been undertaken	
 Contractor should ensure that open fires on the site for cooking or heating are not allowed except in designated areas. 		Hold environmental awareness training workshops. Training material should	Pre-construction construction and operations	ECO dEO	Monthly and as and when required	Attendance registers and training minutes /	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		include the fact that open fires for cooking or heating are prohibited, in designated areas				notes for the record	
Smoking on site should be confined to designated areas.		Erect signage indicating designated smoking areas, and ensure that smoking is only confined to these areas	Construction and operations	ECO dEO cEO	Monthly, and as and when required	Photographic evidence of signage indicating designated smoking areas	
 Contractor to ensure that construction related activities that pose a potential fire risk, such as welding, are effectively managed and are confined to areas where the risk of fires has been reduced. Measures to reduce the risk of fires include avoiding working in high wind conditions when the risk of fires is greater. In this regard special care should be taken during the high risk dry, windy winter months. 	dEO / cEO / Contractor	Ensure that construction related activities that pose a potential fire risk, such as welding, are effectively managed and are confined to areas where the risk of fires has been reduced Develop environmental awareness training material which covers conditions	Pre-construction, construction and operations	ECO	Prior to the commencement of the environmental awareness training, once during the construction phase and once during the operation phase	No fire outbreaks occurred Environmental awareness training material observed	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		under which work					
		should not be					
		undertaken to					
		reduce the risk of					
 Contractor should provide adequate fire-fighting 	Contractor	fires The site must be	During the	ECO	Monthly	Adequate fire-	
equipment on-site, including a fire fighting vehicle.	Confidence	fitted with	Construction	ECO	MOHHI	fighting	
equipment off-site, incloding a file lighting vehicle.		adequate fire-	Phase			equipment is	
		fighting equipment	riuse			available and has	
		Ingrilling equipment				been serviced	
Contractor to provide fire-fighting training to selected	cEO and	Provide training on	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the	Proof of training to	
construction staff.	Contractor	the use of fire-			commencement	be provided by	
		fighting equipment			of construction	the contractor	
		to the relevant					
		employees					
- No construction staff, with the exception of security	Not Applicable	e - no on-site housing is	envisaged with dai	y commute to	and from site expect	ed of construction	
staff, to be accommodated on site overnight.	staff.						
 As per the conditions of the Code of Conduct, in the 	DPM	Develop	Pre-construction	dEO	Once, prior to	Availability of	
event of a fire being caused by construction workers	Contractor	agreements with		ECO	construction	approved and	
and or construction activities, the appointed		the contractors				signed agreement	
contractors must compensate farmers for any damage		regarding their					
caused to their farms. The contractor should also		liability for damage					
compensate the fire-fighting costs borne by farmers		as a result of fires					
and local authorities.		caused by					
		construction					
		workers and or					
		construction					
		activities. Ensure					
		that agreements					
		are approved and					
	<u> </u>	signed					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- The movement of heavy vehicles associated with the	Contractor	Ensure that	During	ECO, dEO	Monthly	No complaints
construction phase should be timed to avoid times of		movement of	construction			regarding traffic
the week, such as weekends, when the volume of		heavy vehicles is				caused by the
traffic travelling along the R34 may be higher.		managed				construction
		accordingly				activities received
- Construction operations should be planned to minimise	Contractor	Develop and	Prior to	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of
the total area cleared at any given time.		implementation a	construction and			phased
		vegetation	during the			development and
		clearance method	construction			vegetation
		statement	phase			clearing observed
			'			during audit
Cleared areas should be rehabilitated once the	Contractor	Develop and	After the	ECO	Weekly	Evidence of
construction phase has been completed.		implementation a	construction			phased
		vegetation	phase			development and
		clearance method				vegetation
		statement				clearing observed
						during audit
- Dust suppression measures must be implemented on	Contractor	Appropriate dust	During the	cEO, ECO	Weekly	Photographic
un-surfaced roads, such as wetting on a regular basis		suppression	construction			record of
and ensuring that vehicles used to transport sand and		measures are	phase			measures being
building materials are fitted with tarpaulins or covers.		implemented				implemented and
						the results thereof
 All vehicles must be road-worthy, and drivers must be 	cEO / dEO /	Regular inspection	During	ECO	Monthly	No complaints
qualified and made aware of the potential road safety	Contractor	of vehicles	construction and			from community
issues and need for strict speed limits.			operations	Operation		members are
		Inform all drivers of		and		submitted
		speed limits and		Maintenan		
		place appropriate		ce team		Vehicle inspection
		signage along the				checklists
		relevant roads				available

7.6. Visual

Impact management outcome: Minimal visual impacts resulting from the proposed Rondavel Electrical Grid Infrastructure (EGI)

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Retain and maintain natural vegetation immediately	Project	Visual inspection of	Prior to	ECO	Monthly	Onsite evidence	
adjacent to the development footprint/servitude.	proponent/	the layout to	construction and			that natural	
	design	ensure that	during			vegetation	
	consultant	vegetation	construction			immediately	
		immediately				adjacent to the	
		adjacent to the				development	
		development				footprint/servitu	
		footprint will not be				de is retained	
		disturbed				and maintained	
		Ensure that natural					
		vegetation					
		immediately					
		adjacent to the					
		development					
		footprint/servitude					
		is retained and					
		maintained					
- Ensure that vegetation is not unnecessarily removed	Contractor	Visual inspection of	Duration of the	ECO	Daily – Weekly	No evidence of	
during the construction period;		development	construction			unnecessary	
		footprint to	phase			vegetation	
		determine if				clearance	
		unnecessary					
		clearing of					
		vegetation is being					
		undertaken					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Plan the placement of lay-down areas and temporary	cEO,	Laydown areas to	Duration of	ECO	Weekly	Laydown areas
construction equipment camps in order to minimise	Specialist,	be defined during	construction			located within
vegetation clearing (i.e., in already disturbed areas)	Contractor	planning of	phase			previously
wherever possible.		construction				transformed
		activities				areas or areas of
						low sensitivity
- Restrict the activities and movement of construction	Contractor	Ensure that the	Prior to	ECO	Weekly	Construction
workers and vehicles to the immediate construction		construction area is	construction and			area fenced off
area and existing access roads.		fenced off prior to	for the duration			
		the	of the			No movement
		commencement of	construction			of construction
		construction	phase			workers outside
						the fenced off
		Observe				area observed
		construction				during audit
		workers to				
		determine whether				
		their movement is				
		confined to the				
		fenced off area				
- Ensure that rubble, litter, and disused construction	Contractor	Disposal of waste	Duration of the	ECO	Monthly	Disposal
materials are appropriately stored (if not removed		at licensed waste	construction			certificates of
daily) and then disposed of regularly at licensed waste		disposal facilities	phase			disposal at
facilities.		must be				licensed facilities
		undertaken as per				to be provided
		the waste				
		management plan				
– Reduce and control construction dust using	Contractor	Apply appropriate	During the	ECO	Weekly	Contractor to
appropriate and effective dust suppression techniques		dust suppressant	Construction			provide proof of
as and when required (i.e., whenever dust becomes apparent).			Phase			use of

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						appropriate dust suppressants
Restrict construction activities to daylight hours whenever possible in order to reduce lighting impacts.	Developer DPM	Set and implement working hours for construction workers, and ensure that the hours are restricted to daylight	During the construction phase	ECO	Daily	No evidence of construction activities taking place after the prior to or after the set working hours, or at night-time
Rehabilitate all disturbed areas immediately after the completion of construction works.	Contractor, cEO	Rehabilitation plan implemented	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of disturbed areas affected by development and negligible erosion observed

OPERATIONAL PHASE OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS

7.7. Avifauna

Impact management outcome: Minimise the displacement of priority species due to disturbance associated with construction of the Rondavel Electrical Grid Infrastructure (EGI).

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
Vegetation clearance should be limited to what is absolutely necessary.	Contractor	Visual inspection of development footprint to determine if unnecessary clearing of vegetation is being undertaken	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Daily – Weekly	No evidence of unnecessary vegetation clearance	
The mitigation measures proposed by the vegetation specialist must be strictly enforced.	dEO / cEO in consultation with the vegetation specialist	All mitigation measures recommended by the vegetation specialist must be implemented	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Monthly during construction and monthly during operation	Photographic record of compliance and successful implementation of the recommended measures	
The avifaunal specialist must conduct a walk-through prior to implementation to demarcate sections of powerline that need to be marked with Eskom approved bird flight diverters. The bird flight diverters should be installed on the full span length on the earthwire (according to Eskom guidelines - five metres apart). Light and dark colour devices must be	dEO, Specialist	Visual inspection of the corridor, with walk- through report produced	Prior to construction	ECO	Once prior to commencement of construction	Walk-through report produced and kept on file during construction	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
alternated to provide contrast against both dark and light backgrounds respectively. These devices must be installed as soon as the conductors are strung.						

7.8. Ecology

Impact management outcome: Reduced erosion during the operational phase.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Regular monitoring of the site (minimum of twice	Contractor,	Visual inspection of	During the	cEO/dEO	Monthly	Negligible	
annually) to identify possible areas of erosion is	cEO	infrastructure for	operational			evidence of	
recommended, particularly after large summer		signs of invasive	phase			invasive alien	
thunderstorms have been experienced.		species				species	
		encroachment				observed on site	
		and to inform				or clear	
		control efforts				evidence of	
		required.				control actions	
		Implementation of				implemented, in	
		control actions				addition to	
		against established				evidence of the	
		populations				written invasive	
		identified during				alien	
		monitoring.				management	
						plan in the site	
						file.	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All bare areas due to the project activities should be re-vegetated with locally occurring species, to bind the soil and limit erosion potential where applicable. 		Visual inspection of infrastructure and decommissioned areas to determine if all bare areas have been revegetated	During the operational phase	dEO cEO	Monthly	No evidence of bare areas affected by development and negligible erosion observed
Soil surfaces where no revegetation seems possible will have to be covered with gravel or small rock fragments to increase porosity of the soil surface, slow down runoff and prevent wind- and water erosion.		Ensure that soil surfaces where no revegetation seems possible are covered with gravel or small rock fragments	During the operational phase	dEO cEO	Quarterly	Soils surfaces where no revegetation seems possible are covered with gravel or small rock fragments
 Any erosion problems observed should be rectified as soon as possible and monitored thereafter to ensure that they do not re-occur. 		Develop an erosion management plan for implementation during the operational phase	During the operational phase	dEO cEO	Monthly	Minimal to no evidence of erosion problems on site
 Roads and other disturbed areas should be regularly monitored for erosion problems and problem areas should receive follow-up monitoring to assess the success of the remediation. 		Development and implement rehabilitation monitoring plan. Monitoring reports to be kept on file	During the operational phase	dEO cEO	Annually	Monitoring reports produced in accordance with the frequency determined in the rehabilitation monitoring plan.

Impact management outcome: Minimal alien plant invasion during the operational phase.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
Regular monitoring by the operation and maintenance team for alien plants within the power line servitude must occur and could be conducted simultaneously with erosion monitoring.		Visual inspection of infrastructure for signs of invasive species encroachment and to inform control efforts required. Implementation of control actions against established populations identified during monitoring.	Every 3 months during the first two years of the operation phase, and annually thereafter for the life of the project thereafter	cEO	Monthly	Negligible evidence of invasive alien species observed on site or clear evidence of control actions implemented, in addition to evidence of the written invasive alien management plan in the site file.	
 When alien plants are detected, these must be controlled and cleared using the recommended control measures for each species to ensure that the problem is not exacerbated or does not re-occur and increase to problematic levels. 		Control methods employed to be guided by the invasive alien plant management programme and the methods provided for	Duration of the operation phase	cEO	Monthly	Control measures implemented in accordance with the IAP management programme development plan, as determined by the ECO	

7.9. Social

Impact management outcome: Enhanced socio-economic development and reduction in potential negative social impacts.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Implement a skills development and training programme aimed at maximising the number of employment opportunities for local community members. 	Developer	Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of employment and training opportunities	During the operation phase	dEO	Once prior to the commencement of operation and monthly during the operation phase	The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of the employment and training opportunities
Maximise opportunities for local content, procurement, and community shareholding.	Developer	Develop and implement a "locals first" policy in the procurement process	During the operation phase	dEO	Once prior to the commencement of operation and monthly during the operation phase	The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of procuring goods and services
 Affected property owners should be notified in advance of the timing and duration of maintenance activities. 						
Maintenance teams must ensure that all farm gates must be closed after passing through.	DSS and Contractor	Ensure farm gates are closed after passing through as required through the implementation of a formalised process	During the operational phase	cEO	Weekly and as and when required	Farm gates are closed after passing through and no complaints from landowners are received.
 Property owners should be compensated for damage to farm property and or loss of livestock or game associated maintenance related activities. 	DPM Contractor	Ensure all property owners have been notified of	During the operational phase	dEO ECO	Weekly and as and when required	Availability of approved and

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		maintenance related activities 24 hours in advance and keep records of notifications.				signed agreements
Movement of traffic and maintenance related activities should be strictly contained within designated areas associated with transmission lines and substations.	CEO	Visual inspection of vehicle movement maintenance related activities within the development area, and whether all vehicles vehicle movement is restricted to demarcated construction area	Duration of operational phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of vehicles driving in the veld outside the demarcated construction area
Strict traffic speed limits must be enforced on the farm.	cEO / dEO / contractor	Inform all drivers of speed limits and place appropriate signage along the relevant roads	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and Maintenance team	Monthly	No complaints from community members are submitted
 No maintenance workers should be allowed to stay over-night on the affected properties. 	Not Applicable staff.	e - no on-site housing is	envisaged with dail	y commute to a	nd from site expect	ed of construction

7.10. Visual

Impact management outcome: Minimal visual impacts resulting from the proposed Rondavel Electrical Grid Infrastructure (EGI)

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Retain and maintain natural vegetation immediately adjacent to the development footprint/servitude.	Project proponent/ design consultant	Visual inspection of the layout to ensure that vegetation immediately adjacent to the development footprint will not be disturbed Ensure that natural vegetation immediately adjacent to the development footprint/servitude is retained and maintained	Prior to construction and during construction	ECO	Monthly	Onsite evidence that natural vegetation immediately adjacent to the development footprint/servitu de is retained and maintained
Maintain the general appearance of the infrastructure.	dEO / cEO in consultation with the ECO	Maintain infrastructure on a regular basis.	At the commencement and for the duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Infrastructure is to be maintained to a sufficient standard

DECOMMISSIONING PHASE OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS

7.11. Ecology

Impact management outcome: No increase in erosion risk as a result of site activities.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Any erosion problems observed to be associated with 	Contractor,	Visual inspection of	During the	ECO	Monthly	Negligible
the project infrastructure should be rectified as soon as	cEO	remaining	decommissioning			erosion
possible and monitored thereafter to ensure that they		infrastructure and	phase			observed on
do not re-occur.		decommissioned				site, or where
		areas to determine				observed clear
		if erosion has				evidence of
		occurred or is likely				control
		to occur.				measures put in
						place
- All bare areas due to the project activities should be	Contractor,	Visual inspection of	During the	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of
re-vegetated with locally occurring species, to bind	cEO	infrastructure and	decommissioning			bare areas
the soil and limit erosion potential where applicable.		decommissioned	phase			affected by
		areas to determine				development
		if all bare areas				and negligible
		have been re-				erosion
		vegetated				observed
- An erosion control management plan should be	Contractor	Develop an erosion	During the	ECO	Monthly	Copy of erosion
utilised to prevent erosion.		control	decommissioning			control
	cEO	management plan	phase			management
		for implementation				plan provided
		during the				during audit
		construction phase				and evidence
						of erosion

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						prevention observed on site
There should be reduced activity at the site after large rainfall events when the soils are wet. No driving off of hardened roads should occur immediately following large rainfall events until soils have dried out and the risk of bogging down has decreased.	DPM Contractor cEO	Add condition that there should be reduced activity at the site after large rainfall events in contractor's pack	During the decommissioning phase	ECO	Monthly	Limited activity on site after large rainfall events
Any stormwater within the site must be handled in a suitable manner, i.e., trap sediments, and reduce flow velocities.	Contractor	Ensure that appropriate stormwater management infrastructure is installed on site	During the decommissioning phase	ECO	Monthly	Stormwater management infrastructure installed on site
Construction of gabions and other stabilisation features to prevent erosion, if deemed necessary.	Contractor	Ensure that appropriate stormwater management infrastructure is installed on site	During the decommissioning phase	ECO	Monthly	Stormwater management infrastructure installed on site
Re-instate as much of the eroded area to its pre- disturbed, "natural" geometry (no change in elevation and any banks not to be steepened) where possible.	Contractor	Visual inspection of the site to determine the success of re- instatement	Duration of decommissioning phase	ECO	Monthly	Eroded areas re- instated successfully
 Roads and other disturbed areas should be regularly monitored for erosion problems and problem areas should receive follow-up monitoring by the EO to assess the success of the remediation. 	Contractor	Development and implement rehabilitation monitoring plan.	Duration of decommissioning and for three years thereafter	ECO	Annually	Monitoring reports produced in accordance with the

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
		Monitoring reports				frequency		
		to be kept on file				determined in		
						the		
						rehabilitation		
						monitoring plan,		
						for a period of		
						three years after		
						the		
						decommissionin		
						g phase, and as		
						observed in		
						monitoring		
						reporting		
						provided on		
						request		

Impact management outcome: Reduced alien plant invasion during decommissioning phase.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 No planting or importing any listed invasive alien plant species (all Category 1a, 1b and 2 invasive species) to the site for landscaping, rehabilitation or any other purpose must be undertaken. 		Visual inspection of the site to determine that no listed invasive alien plant species are used for rehabilitation purposes	Duration of decommissioning phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of increased encroachment by invasive alien plants

7.12. Wetlands

Impact management outcome: Sedimentation and erosion reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person	, ,	compliance
- There should be reduced activity at the site after large	DPM	Add condition that	During the	dEO	Monthly	Limited activity
rainfall events when the soils are wet. No driving off of		there should be	decommissioning			on site after
hardened roads should occur immediately following	Contractor	reduced activity at	phase	cEO		large rainfall
large rainfall events until soils have dried out and the		the site after large				events
risk of bogging down has decreased.	cEO	rainfall events in				
		contractor's pack				
- All bare areas due to the development should be re-	Contractor,	Visual inspection of	During the	dEO	Monthly	No evidence of
vegetated with locally occurring species, to bind the	cEO	infrastructure and	decommissioning			bare areas
soil and limit erosion potential where applicable.		decommissioned	phase	cEO		affected by
		areas to determine				development
		if all bare areas				and negligible
		have been re-				erosion
		vegetated				observed

7.13. Avifauna

Impact management outcome: Minimal to no soil erosion observed on site.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Decommissioning activity should be restricted to the	cEO,	Visual inspection of	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of
immediate footprint of the infrastructure as far as	Contractor	the construction	decommissioning			construction
possible.		activities to	phase			activity outside
		observe whether				the immediate

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation they remain within the defined	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance footprint of the infrastructure	
Access to the remainder of the site should be strictly controlled to prevent unnecessary disturbance of priority species	cEO, Contractor	Demarcate sensitive areas to restrict access to these areas	Duration of decommissioning phase	ECO	Monthly	Sensitive areas appropriately demarcated and fenced off for the duration of the construction phase	
Measures to control noise and dust should be applied according to current best practice in the industry.	Contractor	Ensure that noise limits do not exceed acceptable limits and identify and implement suitable dust control measures	Duration of decommissioning phase	ECO	Monthly	Dust and noise control measures evident during audit. No noise or dust related complaints received	
Maximum used should be made of existing access roads and the construction of new roads should be kept to a minimum.	Contractor (and Eskom maintenance staff where relevant to operation)	Existing access routes to be used must be specified and the development of new roads must be avoided as far as possible	Duration of decommissioning phase	cEO Operation and maintenance team	Weekly	Implementation of the approved layout	
 The existing transmission lines must be inspected for active raptor nests prior to the commencement of the decommissioning activities. Should any active nests be present, decommissioning activities during the breeding season should be avoided if possible 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Ensure that the planning and development programme considers breeding	Duration of decommissioning phase	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	The planning and development programme which includes the consideration of	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	p =	sites for wild bird species		, c.c.	and as and when required	breeding sites for wild bird species
		112.2.2.2.2				

7.14. Visual

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Remove infrastructure not required for the post- decommissioning use 	Contractor	Removal of all infrastructure not required for decommissioning	At the end of the Construction Phase	ECO dEO	Once, following the completion of the construction phase	No temporary infrastructure associated with the project is present following the completion of the construction phase
 Rehabilitate all affected areas. Consult an ecologist regarding rehabilitation specifications. 	Contractor, cEO	Rehabilitation plan implemented	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of disturbed areas affected by development and negligible erosion observed

APPENDIX 1: METHOD STATEMENTS

ENDIX 1. METHOD STATEMENTS					
To be prepared by the contractor prior to commencement statements are not required to be submitted to the CA.	of	the	activity.	The	method

APPENDIX 2: CV OF THE EAP





Email: karen@savannahsa.com Tel: +27 (11) 656 3237

CURRICULUM VITAE OF MMAKOENA MMOLA

Profession: Environmental Assessment Practitioner

Specialisation: Environmental Permitting, Environmental Assessments, and Compliance

Work Experience: 3.5 years

VOCATIONAL EXPERIENCE

Mmakoena is an Environmental Consultant with 3.5 years of experience in the environmental field. She holds a B.Sc. (Hons) in Geochemistry from the University of the Witwatersrand and is currently completing her B.Sc. (Hons) in Environmental Management with the University of South Africa.

Mmakoena's experience includes undertaking environmental permitting and environmental authorisation applications, compiling basic assessment reports, scoping and environmental impact assessment reports and environmental management programmes, executing the public participation process, undertaking environmental compliance audits, providing environmental control officer services, conducting environmental screening assessments, managing subconsultants, project management and preparing proposals and budgets in response to requests for quotations.

SKILLS BASE AND CORE COMPETENCIES

- Well-developed communication and report writing skills
- Adaptability and ability to handle pressure
- Organisational skills
- Ability to build and maintain client relationships
- Loyalty, dedication and dependability
- Ability to coordinate and synthesize environmental information
- Ability to work to tight deadlines and on multiple projects
- Thorough knowledge of environmental legislation and the environmental impact assessment
- process
- Quality focus and attention to detail
- Ability to deliver high quality work to agreed budgets
- MS Office Package (Word, PowerPoint and Excel)
- Adobe Acrobat
- Google Earth
- ArcGIS

EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL STATUS

Degrees:

- Bachelor of Science (Hons) Environmental Management, in progress, University of South Africa
- Bachelor of Science (Hons) Geochemistry, 2016, University of the Witwatersrand
- Bachelor of Science Geology, 2015, University of the Witwatersrand

Short Courses:

- Environmental Management and Regulations, 2018, Kuvimbika
- Research Methodology and Report Writing, 2017, Imsimbi Training

Professional Society Affiliations:

- Candidate Natural Scientist, Environmental Science, South African Council for Natural and Scientific Professions
 - Registration Number: 126748

EMPLOYMENT

Date	Company	Roles and Responsibilities		
2021 - Current:	Savannah Environmental (Pty) Ltd	Environmental Consultant		
		<u>Tasks include</u> :		
		 Iasks include: Undertake environmental permitting, environmental authorisation applications, and compliance advice and assurance. Efficient and quality report writing to execute and manage the delivery of environmental impact assessment (EIA) reports and Environmental Management Programmes in line with the requirements of the National Environmental Management Act and EIA Regulations. Liaison with relevant environmental authorities, site visits and execution of public participation. Professional client liaison. Manage third parties or sub-consultants to which functions have been outsourced. Preparation of proposals and budgets. 		
		 Undertake the public participation process. 		
2019 - 2020	Golder Associates Africa (Pty) Ltd	Junior Environmental Consultant Tasks included: Water use license applications Environmental compliance and water use license audits Environmental control officer services Annual integrated water and waste management plan updates Assist with wetland assessments Assist with mine closure and rehabilitation plans Liaise with clients and competent authorities		

Date	Company	Roles and Responsibilities
		 Provide assistance on local environmental and social impact assessments Undertake site visits Compile environmental reports Generate environmental screening reports Undertake administrative tasks
2017 - 2019	Shango Solutions	Junior Consultant Tasks included: Conduct environmental compliance and financial provision audits for prospecting sites as per the MPRDA Environmental authorisation applications Prospecting right and mining permit applications Basic assessment reports Environmental management programmes/plans Execute the public participation process Section 102 amendment applications as per the MPRDA Prepare maps Liaise with sub-consultants/specialists

PROJECT EXPERIENCE

RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS: SOLAR ENERGY FACILITIES AND WIND ENERGY FACILITIES

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
700MW (7x 100MW) Mutsho Solar PV, Limpopo	CRI Eagle	EAP
Province (project in progress)		
Angora Wind Energy Facility, Northern Cape	Great Karoo Renewable	EAP
Province (project in progress)	Energy (Pty) Ltd	
Merino Wind Energy Facility, Northern Cape	Great Karoo Renewable	EAP
Province (project in progress)	Energy (Pty) Ltd	
Vrede and Rondavel Solar PV Facilities, Free State	Mainstream Renewable	Assistant EAP
Province	Energy Developments (Pty)	
	Ltd	

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Northam Solar Photovoltaic (PV) Facility, Limpopo	Northam Platinum Limited	EAP
Province		
Hamlett Wind Energy Facility, Eastern Cape Province	Hamlett (Pty) Ltd	EAP
(project in progress)		/

Screening Studies

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Environmental Screening for the Proposed Secunda	The SOLA Group	EAP
and Sasolburg Solar PV Facilities, Free State Province		
and Mpumalanga Province		

Environmental Permitting, S53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Biodiversity Permitting and General Authorisation	Nyala Photovoltaic (Pty) Ltd	EAP
Applications for the Harmony Tshepong, Nyala and	Tshepong Photovoltaic (Pty)	
Eland Solar PV Facilities, Free State Province	Ltd	
	Eland Photovoltaic (Pty) Ltd	
General Authorisation Application for the Northam	Northam Platinum Limited	EAP
Solar PV Facility, Limpopo Province		

Environmental Authorisation Amendment Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Part I Amendment: Proposed 75MW Sannaspos PV	ENGIE BU Africa	EAP
Plant (Phase 1) and its associated infrastructure, Free		
State Province		
Part I Amendment: Construction of the 140MW Korana	Mainstream Renewable	EAP
Wind Energy Facility, Northern Cape Province	Energy Developments (Pty)	
	Ltd	
Part I Amendment: Construction of the 75MW Korana	Mainstream Renewable	EAP
Solar Energy Facility, Northern Cape Province	Energy Developments (Pty)	
	Ltd	
Part I Amendment: Construction of the 140MW Khai-	Mainstream Renewable	EAP
Ma Wind Energy Facility, Northern Cape Province	Energy Developments (Pty)	
	Ltd	

GRID INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Electrical Grid Infrastructure for the Kolkies and	Mainstream Renewable	EAP
Sadawa PV clusters, Western Cape Province	Energy Developments (Pty)	
	Ltd	
Electrical Grid Infrastructure for the Vrede and	Mainstream Renewable	EAP
Rondavel Solar PV Facilities, Free State Province	Energy Developments (Pty)	
	Ltd	
Sadawa Collector Substation, Western Cape	Mainstream Renewable	EAP
Province	Energy Developments (Pty)	
	Ltd	
Main Transmission Substation (MTS) associated with	Wind Relic (Pty) Ltd	EAP
the Choje Wind Farm cluster, Eastern Cape Province		
(project in progress)		

Environmental Authorisation Amendment Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Part I Amendment: Construction of a 132kV power	Mainstream Renewable	EAP
lines associated with the Poortjies Wind Energy Facility,	Energy Developments (Pty)	
Northern Cape Province	Ltd	/
Part I Amendment: Construction of a 132kV power	Mainstream Renewable	EAP
lines associated with the Khai-Ma Wind Energy Facility,	Energy Developments (Pty)	
Northern Cape Province	Ltd	

GAS EXPLORATION PROJECTS

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Kroonstad Gas Exploration Right and Environmental	Western Allen Ridge Gold	Assistant EAP and Public
Authorisation, Free State Province	Mines (Pty) Ltd	Participation Consultant

MINING PROJECTS

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Pure Source Mine Mining Right Application, Free	Monte Cristo Commercial	Assistant EAP and Public
State Province	Park (Pty) Ltd	Participation Consultant

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Basic Assessment for the Western Margin Gap West	White Rivers Exploration (Pty)	Assistant EAP
Prospecting Right, Free State Province	Ltd	
Basic Assessment for the Ventersburg Consolidated	White Rivers Exploration (Pty)	Assistant EAP
Prospecting Right, Free State Province	Ltd	
Basic Assessment for the Nkunzana Prospecting	WRE Base Metals (Pty) Ltd	Junior EAP
Right, KwaZulu-Natal Province		
Basic Assessment for the Kroonstad North	White Rivers Exploration (Pty)	Junior EAP
Prospecting Right, Free State Province	Ltd	
Basic Assessment for the Vredefort West Extension	White Rivers Exploration (Pty)	Junior EAP
Prospecting Right, Free State Province	Ltd	
Basic Assessment for the Beisa North Prospecting	Sunshine Mineral Reserves	EAP
Right, Free State Province	(Pty) Ltd	
Basic Assessment for the Palmietfontein Mining	Palm Chrome (Py) Ltd	Assistant EAP
Permit, North-West Province		

Specialist Studies

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
New Largo Mine Closure and Rehabilitation Plan,	Seriti Coal	Junior Environmental
Mpumalanga Province		Consultant
Smarty Minerals Integrated Environmental	Smarty Minerals Investment	Junior Environmental
Authorisation: Wetland Impact Assessment Report,	(Pty) Ltd	Consultant
Limpopo Province		
Glencore Water Treatment Plant Pipeline: Wetland	Glencore	Junior Environmental
Monitoring, Mpumalanga Province		Consultant

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Glencore Merafe Wonderkop Smelter, Regulation 34	Glencore	Auditor
Audit, North West Province		
Tshipi Borwa Mine Water Use Licence Audit, Northern	Tshipi Borwa Mine	Auditor
Cape Province		
Samancor Middelburg Ferrochrome: Construction of	Samancor Middelburg	ECO
ore dryer, Mpumalanga Province	Ferrochrome	
Various Annual Financial Provision and	White River's Exploration (Pty)	Auditor
Environmental Compliance Audits for prospecting	Ltd	

sites as per the MPRDA, Free State and KwaZulu-		
Natal Province		
Impala Platinum Limited – Springs annual external	Impala Platinum Limited	Auditor
Water Use Licence Audit, Gauteng Province		

INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS (BRIDGES, PIPELINES, ROADS, WATER RESOURCES, STORAGE, ETC)

Specialist Studies

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Closure cost model estimate and closure cost report	AngloGold Ashanti	Junior Environmental
for the Proposed Surface Pipeline and Associated		Consultant
Infrastructure, Gauteng Province		
Wetland Impact Assessment report for Proposed	AngloGold Ashanti	Junior Environmental
Surface Pipeline and Associated Infrastructure,		Consultant
Gauteng Province		

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
MWCAP-2A Environmental Management Audit,	Nexia SAB&T	Auditor
Limpopo Province		

AGRICULTURE PROJECTS

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Dew Crisp Water Use Licence Application, Gauteng	Dew Crisp (Pty) Ltd	Junior Environmental
Province		Consultant (providing
		assistance)

OTHER

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Anglo African Metals Zero Waste Recovery Solution,	Anglo African Metals (Pty) Ltd	EAP
Mpumalanga Province		
Eskom Majuba Landfill, Mpumalanga Province	Eskom	EAP
(project in progress)		





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CURRICULUM VITAE OF JO-ANNE THOMAS

Profession: Environmental Management and Compliance Consultant; Environmental Assessment

Practitioner

Specialisation: Environmental Management; Strategic environmental advice; Environmental compliance

advice & monitoring; Environmental Impact Assessments; Policy, strategy & guideline

formulation; Project Management; General Ecology

Work experience: Twenty one (21) years in the environmental field

VOCATIONAL EXPERIENCE

Provide technical input for projects in the environmental management field, specialising in Strategic Environmental Advice, Environmental Impact Assessment studies, environmental auditing and monitoring, environmental permitting, public participation, Environmental Management Plans and Programmes, environmental policy, strategy and guideline formulation, and integrated environmental management. Key focus on integration of the specialist environmental studies and findings into larger engineering-based projects, strategic assessment, and providing practical and achievable environmental management solutions and mitigation measures. Responsibilities for environmental studies include project management (including client and authority liaison and management of specialist teams); review and manipulation of data; identification and assessment of potential negative environmental impacts and benefits; review of specialist studies; and the identification of mitigation measures. Compilation of the reports for environmental studies is in accordance with all relevant environmental legislation.

Undertaking of numerous environmental management studies has resulted in a good working knowledge of environmental legislation and policy requirements. Recent projects have been undertaken for both the public- and private-sector, including compliance advice and monitoring, electricity generation and transmission projects, various types of linear developments (such as National Road, local roads and power lines), waste management projects (landfills), mining rights and permits, policy, strategy and guideline development, as well as general environmental planning, development and management.

SKILLS BASE AND CORE COMPETENCIES

- Project management for a range of projects
- Identification and assessment of potential negative environmental impacts and benefits through the review and manipulation of data and specialist studies
- Identification of practical and achievable mitigation and management measures and the development of appropriate management plans
- Compilation of environmental reports in accordance with relevant environmental legislative requirements
- External and peer review of environmental reports & compliance advice and monitoring
- Formulation of environmental policies, strategies and guidelines
- Strategic and regional assessments; pre-feasibility & site selection
- Public participation processes for a variety of projects
- Strategic environmental advice to a wide variety of clients both in the public and private sectors
- Working knowledge of environmental planning processes, policies, regulatory frameworks and legislation

EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL STATUS

Degrees:

- B.Sc Earth Sciences, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg (1993)
- B.Sc Honours in Botany, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg (1994)
- M.Sc in Botany, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg (1996)

Short Courses:

- Environmental Impact Assessment, Potchefstroom University (1998)
- Environmental Law, Morgan University (2001)
- Environmental Legislation, IMBEWU (2017)
- Mining Legislation, Cameron Cross & Associates (2013)
- Environmental and Social Risk Management (ESRM), International Finance Corporation (2018)

Professional Society Affiliations:

- Registered with the South African Council for Natural Scientific Professions as a Professional Natural Scientist:
 Environmental Scientist (400024/00)
- Registered with the International Associated for Impact Assessment South Africa (IAIAsa): 5601
- Member of the South African Wind Energy Association (SAWEA)

EMPLOYMENT

Date	Company	Roles and Responsibilities
January 2006 - Current:	Savannah Environmental (Pty) Ltd	Director
		Project manager
		Independent specialist environmental consultant,
		Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP) and
		advisor.
1997 – 2005:	Bohlweki Environmental (Pty) Ltd	Senior Environmental Scientist at. Environmental
		Management and Project Management
January – July 1997:	Sutherland High School, Pretoria	Junior Science Teacher

PROJECT EXPERIENCE

Project experience includes large infrastructure projects, including electricity generation and transmission, wastewater treatment facilities, mining and prospecting activities, property development, and national roads, as well as strategy and guidelines development.

RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS: PHOTOVOLTAIC SOLAR ENERGY FACILITIES

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Christiana PV 2 SEF, North West	Solar Reserve South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
De Aar PV facility, Northern Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Everest SEF near Hennenman, Free State	FRV Energy South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Graafwater PV SEF, Western Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Grootkop SEF near Allanridge, Free State	FRV Energy South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Hertzogville PV 2 SEF with 2 phases, Free State	SunCorp / Solar Reserve	Project Manager & EAP
Karoshoek CPV facility on site 2 as part of the larger	FG Emvelo	Project Manager & EAP
Karoshoek Solar Valley Development East of		
Upington, Northern Cape		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Kgabalatsane SEF North-East for Brits, North West	Built Environment African	Project Manager & EAP
	Energy Services	
Kleinbegin PV SEF West of Groblershoop, Northern	MedEnergy Global	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Lethabo Power Station PV Installation, Free State	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Majuba Power Station PV Installation, Mpumalanga	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Merapi PV SEF Phase 1 – 4 South-East of Excelsior,	SolaireDirect Southern Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Free State		
Sannaspos Solar Park, Free State	SolaireDirect Southern Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Ofir-Zx PV Plant near Keimoes, Northern Cape	S28 Degrees Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Oryx SEF near Virginia, Free State	FRV Energy South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Project Blue SEF North of Kleinsee, Northern Cape	WWK Development	Project Manager & EAP
S-Kol PV Plant near Keimoes, Northern Cape	S28 Degrees Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Sonnenberg PV Plant near Keimoes, Northern Cape	S28 Degrees Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Tutuka Power Station PV Installation, Mpumalanga	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Two PV sites within the Northern Cape	MedEnergy Global	Project Manager & EAP
Two PV sites within the Western & Northern Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Upington PV SEF, Northern Cape	MedEnergy Global	Project Manager & EAP
Vredendal PV facility, Western Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Waterberg PV plant, Limpopo	Thupela Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Watershed Phase I & II SEF near Litchtenburg, North	FRV Energy South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
West		
Alldays PV & CPV SEF Phase 1, Limpopo	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Hyperion PV Solar Development 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 & 6	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Aberdeen PV SEF, Eastern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Christiana PV 1 SEF on Hartebeestpan Farm, North-	Solar Reserve South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
West		
Heuningspruit PV1 & PV 2 facilities near Koppies,	Sun Mechanics	Project Manager & EAP
Free State		
Kakamas PV Facility, Northern Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Kakamas II PV Facility, Northern Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Machadodorp 1 PV SEF, Mpumalanga	Solar To Benefit Africa	Project Manager & EAP
PV site within the Northern Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
PV sites within 4 ACSA airports within South Africa,	Airports Company South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
National	(ACSA)	
RustMo1 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
RustMo2 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
RustMo3 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
RustMo4 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Sannaspos PV SEF Phase 2 near Bloemfontein, Free	SolaireDirect Southern Africa	Project Manager & EAP
State		
Solar Park Expansion within the Rooiwal Power	AFRKO Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Station, Gauteng		
Steynsrus SEF, Free State	SunCorp	Project Manager & EAP

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Sirius Solar PV Project Three and Sirius Solar PV	SOLA Future Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Project Four (BA in terms of REDZ regulations),		
Northern Cape		

Screening Studies

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Allemans Fontein SEF near Noupoort, Northern Cape	Fusion Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Amandel SEF near Thabazimbi, Limpopo	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Arola/Doornplaat SEF near Ventersdorp, North West	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Bloemfontein Airport PV Installation, Free State	The Power Company	Project Manager & EAP
Brakspruit SEF near Klerksorp, North West	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Carolus Poort SEF near Noupoort, Northern Cape	Fusion Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Damfontein SEF near Noupoort, Northern Cape	Fusion Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Everest SEF near Welkom, Free State	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Gillmer SEF near Noupoort, Northern Cape	Fusion Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Grootkop SEF near Allansridge, Free State	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Heuningspruit PV1 & PV 2 near Koppies, Free State	Cronimat	Project Manager & EAP
Kimberley Airport PV Installation, Northern Cape	The Power Company	Project Manager & EAP
Kolonnade Mall Rooftop PV Installation in Tshwane,	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Gauteng		
Loskop SEF near Groblersdal, Limpopo	S&P Power Unit	Project Manager & EAP
Marble SEF near Marble Hall, Limpopo	S&P Power Unit	Project Manager & EAP
Morgenson PV1 SEF South-West of Windsorton,	Solar Reserve South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
OR Tambo Airport PV Installation, Gauteng	The Power Company	Project Manager & EAP
Oryx SEF near Virginia, Free State	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Rhino SEF near Vaalwater, Limpopo	S&P Power Unit	Project Manager & EAP
Rustmo2 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Spitskop SEF near Northam, Limpopo	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Steynsrus PV, Free State	Suncorp	Project Manager & EAP
Tabor SEF near Polokwane, Limpopo	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
UpingtonAirport PV Installation, Northern Cape	The Power Company	Project Manager & EAP
Valeria SEF near Hartebeestpoort Dam, North West	Solar to Benefit Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Watershed SEF near Lichtenburg, North West	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Witkop SEF near Polokwane, Limpopo	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Woodmead Retail Park Rooftop PV Installation,	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Gauteng		

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Environmental Compilance, Additing and ECO		
Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO and bi-monthly auditing for the construction of	Enel Green Power	Project Manager
the Adams Solar PV Project Two South of Hotazel,		
Northern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the Kathu PV Facility,	REISA	Project Manager
Northern Cape		/
ECO and bi-monthly auditing for the construction of	Enel Green Power	Project Manager
the Pulida PV Facility, Free State		
ECO for the construction of the RustMo1 SEF, North	Momentous Energy	Project Manager
West		
ECO for the construction of the Sishen SEF, Northern	Windfall 59 Properties	Project Manager

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Cape		
ECO for the construction of the Upington Airport PV	Sublanary Trading	Project Manager
Facility, Northern Cape		
Quarterly compliance monitoring of compliance	REISA	Project Manager
with all environmental licenses for the operation		
activities at the Kathu PV facility, Northern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the Konkoonsies II PV SEF	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager
and associated infrastructure, Northern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the Aggeneys PV SEF	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager
and associated infrastructure, Northern Cape		

Compliance Advice and ESAP Reporting

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Aggeneys Solar Farm, Northern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Airies II PV Facility SW of Kenhardt, Northern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Kalahari SEF Phase II in Kathu, Northern Cape	Engie	Environmental Advisor
Kathu PV Facility, Northern Cape	Building Energy	Environmental Advisor
Kenhardt PV Facility, Northern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Kleinbegin PV SEF West of Groblershoop, Northern	MedEnergy	Environmental Advisor
Cape		
Konkoonises II SEF near Pofadder, Northern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Konkoonsies Solar Farm, Northern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Lephalale SEF, Limpopo	Exxaro	Environmental Advisor
Pixley ka Seme PV Park, South-East of De Aar,	African Clean Energy	Environmental Advisor
Northern Cape	Developments (ACED)	
RustMo1 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West	Momentous Energy	Environmental Advisor
Scuitdrift 1 SEF & Scuitdrift 2 SEF, Limpopo	Building Energy	Environmental Advisor
Sirius PV Plants, Northern Cape	Aurora Power Solutions	Environmental Advisor
Upington Airport PV Power Project, Northern Cape	Sublunary Trading	Environmental Advisor
Upington SEF, Northern Cape	Abengoa Solar	Environmental Advisor
Ofir-ZX PV SEF near Keimoes, Northern Cape	Networx \$28 Energy	Environmental Advisor
Environmental Permitting for the Steynsrus PV1 & PV2	Cronimet Power Solutions	Environmental Advisor
SEF's, Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Heuningspruit PV	Cronimet Power Solutions	Environmental Advisor
SEF, Northern Cape		

Due Diligence Reporting

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
5 PV SEF projects in Lephalale, Limpopo	iNca Energy	Environmental Advisor
Prieska PV Plant, Northern Cape	SunEdison Energy India	Environmental Advisor
Sirius Phase One PV Facility near Upington, Northern	Aurora Power Solutions	Environmental Advisor
Cape		

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Biodiversity Permit & WULA for the Aggeneys SEF	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
near Aggeneys, Northern Cape		
Biodiversity Permit for the Konkoonises II SEF near	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Pofadder, Northern Cape		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Biodiversity Permitting for the Lephalale SEF,	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Limpopo		
Environmental Permitting for the Kleinbegin PV SEF	MedEnergy	Project Manager & EAP
West of Groblershoop, Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Upington SEF,	Abengoa Solar	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Kathu PV Facility,	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Konkoonsies Solar	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Farm, Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Lephalale SEF,	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Limpopo		
Environmental Permitting for the Scuitdrift 1 SEF &	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Scuitdrift 2 SEF, Limpopo		
Environmental Permitting for the Sirius PV Plant,	Aurora Power Solutions	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Steynsrus PV1 & PV2	Cronimet Power Solutions	Project Manager & EAP
SEF's, Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Heuningspruit PV	Cronimet Power Solutions	Project Manager & EAP
SEF, Northern Cape		
Permits for the Kleinbegin and UAP PV Plants,	MedEnergy Global	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
S53 Application for Arriesfontein Solar Park Phase 1 –	Solar Reserve / SunCorp	Project Manager & EAP
3 near Danielskuil, Northern Cape		
S53 Application for Hertzogville PV1 & PV 2 SEFs, Free	Solar Reserve / SunCorp	Project Manager & EAP
State		
S53 Application for the Bloemfontein Airport PV	Sublunary Trading	Project Manager & EAP
Facility, Free State		
S53 Application for the Kimberley Airport PV Facility,	Sublunary Trading	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
S53 Application for the Project Blue SEF, Northern	WWK Developments	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
S53 Application for the Upington Airport PV Facility,	Sublunary Trading	Project Manager & EAP
Free State		
WULA for the Kalahari SEF Phase II in Kathu, Northern	Engie	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		

RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS: CONCENTRATED SOLAR FACILITIES (CSP)

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
llanga CSP 2, 3, 4, 5, 7 & 9 Facilities near Upington,	Emvelo Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
llanga CSP near Upington, Northern Cape	llangethu Energy	Project Manager & EAP
llanga Tower 1 Facility near Upington, Northern	Emvelo Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Karoshoek CPVPD 1-4 facilities on site 2 as part of	FG Emvelo	Project Manager & EAP
the larger Karoshoek Solar Valley Development East		
of Upinaton, Northern Cape		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Karoshoek CSP facilities on sites 1.4; 4 & 5 as part of	FG Emvelo	Project Manager & EAP
the larger Karoshoek Solar Valley Development East		
of Upington, Northern Cape		
Karoshoek Linear Fresnel 1 Facility on site 1.1 as part	FG Emvelo	Project Manager & EAP
of the larger Karoshoek Solar Valley Development		
East of Upington, Northern Cape		

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO for the construction of the !Khi CSP Facility,	Abengoa Solar	Project Manager
Northern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the llanga CSP 1 Facility	Karoshoek Solar One	Project Manager
near Upington, Northern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the folar Park, Northern	Kathu Solar	Project Manager
Cape		
ECO for the construction of the KaXu! CSP Facility,	Abengoa Solar	Project Manager
Northern Cape		
Internal audit of compliance with the conditions of	Karoshoek Solar One	Project Manager
the IWUL issued to the Karoshoek Solar One CSP		
Facility, Northern Cape		

Screening Studies

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Upington CSP (Tower) Plant near Kanoneiland,	iNca Energy and FRV	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		

Compliance Advice and ESAP reporting

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
llanga CSP Facility near Upington, Northern Cape	llangethu Energy	Environmental Advisor
llangalethu CSP 2, Northern Cape	FG Emvelo	Environmental Advisor
Kathu CSP Facility, Northern Cape	GDF Suez	Environmental Advisor
Lephalale SEF, Limpopo	Cennergi	Environmental Advisor
Solis I CSP Facility, Northern Cape	Brightsource	Environmental Advisor

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Environmental Permitting for the Ilanga CSP Facility	llangethu Energy	Project Manager & EAP
near Upington, Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Kathu CSP, Northern	GDF Suez	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
WULA for the Solis I CSP Facility, Northern Cape	Brightsource	Project Manager & EAP

RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS: WIND ENERGY FACILITIES

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Sere WEF, Western Cape	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	EAP
Aberdeen WEF, Eastern Cape	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Amakhala Emoyeni WEF, Eastern Cape	Windlab Developments	Project Manager & EAP
EXXARO West Coast WEF, Western Cape	EXXARO Resources	Project Manager & EAP

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Goereesoe Wind Farm near Swellendam, Western	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Hartneest WEF, Western Cape	Juwi Renewable Energies	Project Manager & EAP
Hopefield WEF, Western Cape	Umoya Energy	EAP
Kleinsee WEF, Northern Cape	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Klipheuwel/Dassiesfontein WEF within the Overberg	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
area, Western Cape		
Moorreesburg WEF, Western Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Oyster Bay WEF, Eastern Cape	Renewable Energy Resources	Project Manager & EAP
	Southern Africa	
Project Blue WEF, Northern Cape	Windy World	Project Manager & EAP
Rheboksfontein WEF, Western Cape	Moyeng Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Spitskop East WEF near Riebeeck East, Eastern Cape	Renewable Energy Resources	Project Manager & EAP
	Southern Africa	
Suurplaat WEF, Western Cape	Moyeng Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Swellendam WEF, Western Cape	IE Swellendam	Project Manager & EAP
Tsitsikamma WEF, Eastern Cape	Exxarro	Project Manager & EAP
West Coast One WEF, Western Cape	Moyeng Energy	Project Manager & EAP

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Amakhala Emoyeni Wind Monitoring Masts, Eastern	Windlab Developments	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Beaufort West Wind Monitoring Masts, Western Cape	Umoya Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Hopefield Community Wind Farm near Hopefield,	Umoya Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Western Cape		
Koekenaap Wind Monitoring Masts, Western Cape	EXXARO Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Koingnaas WEF, Northern Cape	Just Palm Tree Power	Project Manager & EAP
Laingsburg Area Wind Monitoring Masts, Western	Umoya Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Overberg Area Wind Monitoring Masts, Western	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Oyster Bay Wind Monitoring Masts, Eastern Cape	Renewable Energy Systems	Project Manager & EAP
	Southern Africa (RES)	

Screening Studies

screening studies		
Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Albertinia WEF, Western Cape	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Koingnaas WEF, Northern Cape	Just Pal Tree Power	Project Manager & EAP
Napier Region WEF Developments, Western Cape	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Tsitsikamma WEF, Eastern Cape	Exxarro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Various WEFs within an identified area in the	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Overberg area, Western Cape		
Various WEFs within an identified area on the West	Investec Bank Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Coast, Western Cape		
Various WEFs within an identified area on the West	Eskom Holdings Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Coast, Western Cape		
Various WEFs within the Western Cape	Western Cape Department of	Project Manager & EAP
	Environmental Affairs and	
	Development Planning	

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Velddrift WEF, Western Cape	VentuSA Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Wind 1000 Project	Thabo Consulting on behalf of	Project Manager & EAP
	Eskom Holdings	
Wittekleibosch, Snylip & Doriskraal WEFs, Eastern	Exxarro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO for the construction of the West Coast One	Aurora Wind Power	Project Manager
WEF, Western Cape		
ECO for the construction of the Gouda WEF,	Blue Falcon	Project Manager
Western Cape		
EO for the Dassiesklip Wind Energy Facility, Western	Group 5	Project Manager
Cape		
Quarterly compliance monitoring of compliance	Blue Falcon	Project Manager
with all environmental licenses for the operation		
activities at the Gouda Wind Energy facility near		
Gouda, Western Cape		
Annual auditing of compliance with all	Aurora Wind Power	Project Manager
environmental licenses for the operation activities at		
the West Coast One Wind Energy facility near		
Vredenburg, Western Cape		
External environmental and social audit for the	Cennergi	Project Manager
Amakhala Wind Farm, Eastern Cape		
External environmental and social audit for the	Cennergi	Project Manager
Tsitsikamma Wind Farm, Eastern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the Excelsior Wind Farm	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager
and associated infrastructure, Northern Cape		
External compliance audit of the Dassiesklip Wind	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager
Energy Facility, Western Cape		

Compliance Advice

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Amakhala Phase 1 WEF, Eastern Cape	Cennergi	Environmental Advisor
Dassiesfontein WEF within the Overberg area,	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Western Cape		
Excelsior Wind Farm, Western Cape	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Great Karoo Wind Farm, Northern Cape	African Clean Energy	Environmental Advisor
	Developments (ACED)	
Hopefield Community WEF, Western Cape	African Clean Energy	Environmental Advisor
	Developments (ACED)	
Rheboksfontein WEF, Western Cape	Moyeng Energy	Environmental Advisor
Tiqua WEF, Western Cape	Cennergi	Environmental Advisor
Tsitsikamma WEF, Eastern Cape	Cennergi	Environmental Advisor
West Coast One WEF, Western Cape	Moyeng Energy	Environmental Advisor

Due Diligence Reporting

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Witteberg WEF, Western Cape	EDPR Renewables	Environmental Advisor

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
IPD Vredenburg WEF within the Saldanha Bay area,	IL&FS Energy Development	Environmental Advisor
Western Cape	Company	

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Biodiversity Permitting for the Power Line between	Cennergi	Project Manager & EAP
the Tsitikamma Community WEF & the Diep River		
Substation, Eastern Cape		
Biodiversity Permitting for the West Coast One WEF,	Aurora Wind Power	Project Manager & EAP
Western Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Excelsior WEF,	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Western Cape		
Plant Permits & WULA for the Tsitsikamma	Cennergi	Project Manager & EAP
Community WEF, Eastern Cape		
S24G and WULA for the Rectification for the	Hossam Soror	Project Manager & EAP
commencement of unlawful activities on Ruimsig AH		
in Honeydew, Gauteng		
S24G Application for the Rheboksfontein WEF,	Ormonde - Theo Basson	Project Manager & EAP
Western Cape		
S53 Application & WULA for Suurplaat and Gemini	Engie	Project Manager & EAP
WEFs, Northern Cape		
S53 Application for the Hopefield Community Wind	Umoya Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Farm near Hopefield, Western Cape		
S53 Application for the Project Blue WEF, Northern	WWK Developments	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
S53 for the Oyster Bay WEF, Eastern Cape	RES	Project Manager & EAP
WULA for the Great Karoo Wind Farm, Northern	African Clean Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Cape	Developments (ACED)	

CONVENTIONAL POWER GENERATION PROJECTS (COAL)

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Mutsho Power Station near Makhado, Limpopo	Mutsho Consortium	Project Manager & EAP
Coal-fired Power Station near Ogies, Mpumalanga	Ruukki SA	Project Manager & EAP
Thabametsi IPP Coal-fired Power Station, near	Axia	Project Manager & EAP
Lephalale, Limpopo		
Transalloys Coal-fired Power Station, Mpumalanga	Transalloys	Project Manager & EAP
Tshivasho IPP Coal-fired Power Station (with WML),	Cennergi	Project Manager & EAP
near Lephalale, Limpopo		
Umbani Coal-fired Power Station, near Kriel,	ISS Global Mining	Project Manager & EAP
Mpumalanga		
Waterberg IPP Coal-Fired Power Station near	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Lephalale, Limpopo		/

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Coal Stockyard on Medupi Ash Dump Site, Limpopo	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Biomass Co-Firing Demonstration Facility at Arnot	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Power Station East of Middleburg, Mpumlanaga		

Screening Studies

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Baseload Power Station near Lephalale, Limpopo	Cennergi	Project Manager & EAP
Coal-Fired Power Plant near Delmas, Mpumalanga	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Makhado Power Station, Limpopo	Mutsho Consortium, Limpopo	Project Manager & EAP

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO for the Camden Power Station, Mpumalanga	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager

Compliance Advice

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Thabametsi IPP Coal-fired Power Station, near	Axia	Environmental Advisor
Lephalale, Limpopo		

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Permit application for the Thabametsi Bulk Water	Axia	Project Manager & EAP
Pipeline, near Lephalale, Limpopo		
S53 & WULA for the Waterberg IPP Coal-Fired Power	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Station near Lephalale, Limpopo		
S53 Application for the Tshivasho Coal-fired Power	Cennergi	Project Manager & EAP
Station near Lephalale, Limpopo		

CONVENTIONAL POWER GENERATION PROJECTS (GAS)

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Ankerlig OCGT to CCGT Conversion project &400 kV	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
transmission power line between Ankerlig and the		
Omega Substation, Western Cape		
Gourikwa OCGT to CCGT Conversion project & 400	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
kV transmission power line between Gourikwa &		
Proteus Substation, Western Cape		
Richards Bay Gas to Power Combined Cycle Power	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Station, KwaZulu-Natal		
Richards Bay Gas to Power Plant, KwaZulu-Natal	Richards Bay Gas	Project Manager & EAP
Decommissioning & Recommissioning of 3 Gas	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Turbine Units at Acacia Power Station & 1 Gas		
Turbine Unit at Port Rex Power Station to the existing		
Ankerlig Power Station in Atlantis Industria, Western		
Cape		
Two 132kV Chickadee Lines to the new Zonnebloem	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Switching Station, Mpumalanga		
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Screening Studies

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Fatal Flaw Analysis for 3 area identified for the	Globeleq Advisors Limited	Project Manager & EAP
establishment of a 500MW CCGT Power Station		
Richards Bay Gas to Power Combined Cycle Power	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Station, KwaZulu-Natal		

GRID INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Aggeneis-Oranjemond Transmission Line &	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Substation Upgrade, Northern Cape		
Ankerlig-Omega Transmission Power Lines, Western	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Karoshoek Grid Integration project as part of the	FG Emvelo	Project Manager & EAP
Karoshoek Solar Valley Development East of		
Upington, Northern Cape		
Koeberg-Omega Transmission Power Lines,, Western	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Koeberg-Stikland Transmission Power Lines, Western	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Kyalami Strengthening Project, Gauteng	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Mokopane Integration Project, Limpopo	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Saldanha Bay Strengthening Project, Western Cape	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Steelpoort Integration Project, Limpopo	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Transmission Lines from the Koeberg-2 Nuclear	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Power Station site, Western Cape		
Tshwane Strengthening Project, Phase 1, Gauteng	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Dassenberg-Koeberg Power Line Deviation from the	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Koeberg to the Ankerlig Power Station, Western		
Cape		
Golden Valley II WEF Power Line & Substation near	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Cookhouse, Eastern Cape		
Golden Valley WEF Power Line near Cookhouse,	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Eastern Cape		
Karoshoek Grid Integration project as part of the	FG Emvelo	Project Manager & EAP
Karoshoek Solar Valley Development East of		
Upington, Northern Cape		
Konkoonsies II PV SEF Power Line to the Paulputs	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Substation near Pofadder, Northern Cape		
Perdekraal West WEF Powerline to the Eskom Kappa	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Substation, Westnern Cape		
Rheboksfontein WEF Powerline to the Aurora	Moyeng Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Substation, Western Cape		
Soetwater Switching Station near Sutherland,	African Clean Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape	Developments (ACED)	

Solis Power I Power Line & Switchyard Station near	Brightsource	Project Manager & EAP
Upington, Northern Cape		
Stormwater Canal System for the Ilanga CSP near	Karoshoek Solar One	Project Manager & EAP
Upington, Northern Cape		
Tsitsikamma Community WEF Powerline to the Diep	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
River Substation, Eastern Cape		

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO for the construction of the Ferrum-Mookodi	Trans-Africa Projects on behalf	Project Manager
Transmission Line, Northern Cape and North West	of Eskom	
EO for the construction of the Gamma-Kappa	Trans-Africa Projects on behalf	Project Manager
Section A Transmission Line, Western Cape	of Eskom	
EO for the construction of the Gamma-Kappa	Trans-Africa Projects on behalf	Project Manager
Section B Transmission Line, Western Cape	of Eskom	
EO for the construction of the Hydra IPP Integration	Trans-Africa Projects on behalf	Project Manager
project, Northern Cape	of Eskom	
EO for the construction of the Kappa-Sterrekus	Trans-Africa Projects on behalf	Project Manager
Section C Transmission Line, Western Cape	of Eskom	
EO for the construction of the Namaqualand	Trans-Africa Projects on behalf	Project Manager
Strengthening project in Port Nolloth, Western Cape	of Eskom	
ECO for the construction of the Neptune Substation	Eskom	Project Manager
Soil Erosion Mitigation Project, Eastern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the llanga-Gordonia	Karoshoek Solar One	Project Manager
132kV power line, Northern Cape		

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Environmental Permitting and WULA for the	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Rockdale B Substation & Loop in Power Lines,		
Environmental Permitting and WULA for the	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Steelpoort Integration project, Limpopo		
Environmental Permitting for Solis CSP near Upington,	Brightsource	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		

MINING SECTOR PROJECTS

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Elitheni Coal Mine near Indwe, Eastern Cape	Elitheni Coal	Project Manager & EAP
Groot Letaba River Development Project Borrow Pits	liso	Project Manager & EAP
Grootegeluk Coal Mine for coal transportation	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
infrastructure between the mine and Medupi Power		
Station (EMPr amendment) , Limpopo		
Waterberg Coal Mine (EMPr amendment), Limpopo	Seskoko Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Aluminium Plant WML & AEL, Gauteng	GfE-MIR Alloys & Minerals	Project Manager & EAP

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Rare Earth Separation Plant in Vredendal, Western	Rareco	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		

Decommissioning and Demolition of Kilns 5 & 6 at	PPC	Project Manager & EAP
the Slurry Plant, Kwa-Zulu Natal		

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO for the construction of the Duhva Mine Water	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager
Recovery Project, Mpumalanga		
External compliance audit of Palesa Coal Mine's	HCI Coal	Project Manager
Integrated Water Use License (IWUL), near		
KwaMhlanga, Mpumalanga		
External compliance audit of Palesa Coal Mine's	HCI Coal	Project Manager
Waste Management License (WML) and EMP, near		
KwaMhlanga, Mpumalanga		
External compliance audit of Mbali Coal Mine's	HCI Coal	Project Manager
Integrated Water Use License (IWUL), near Ogies,		
Mpumalanga		
Independent External Compliance Audit of Water	Tronox Namakwa Sands	Project Manager
Use License (WUL) for the Tronox Namakwa Sands		
(TNS) Mining Operations (Brand se Baai), Western		
Cape		
Independent External Compliance Audit of Water	Tronox Namakwa Sands	Project Manager
Use License (WUL) for the Tronox Namakwa Sands		
(TNS) Mineral Separation Plant (MSP), Western Cape		
Independent External Compliance Audit of Water	Tronox Namakwa Sands	Project Manager
Use License (WUL) for the Tronox Namakwa Sands		
(TNS) Smelter Operations (Saldanha), Western Cape		
Compliance Auditing of the Waste Management	PetroSA	Project Manager
Licence for the PetroSA Landfill Site at the GTL		
Refinery, Western Cape		

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

g,,		
Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Waste Licence Application for the Rare Earth	Rareco	Project Manager & EAP
Separation Plant in Vredendal, Western Cape		
WULA for the Expansion of the Landfill site at Exxaro's	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Namakwa Sands Mineral Separation Plant, Western		
Cape		
S24G & WML for an Aluminium Plant, Gauteng	GfE-MIR Alloys & Minerals	Project Manager & EAP

INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS (BRIDGES, PIPELINES, ROADS, WATER RESOURCES, STORAGE, ETC)

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

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Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Bridge across the Ngotwane River, on the border of	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
South Africa and Botswana		
Chemical Storage Tanks, Metallurgical Plant	Goldfields	Project Manager & EAP
Upgrade & Backfill Plant upgrade at South Deep		
Gold Mine, near Westornaria, Gauteng		
Expansion of the existing Welgedacht Water Care	ERWAT	Project Manager & EAP
Works, Gauteng		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Golden Valley WEF Access Road near Cookhouse,	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Eastern Cape		
Great Fish River Wind Farm Access Roads and	African Clean Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Watercourse Crossings near Cookhouse, Eastern	Developments (ACED)	
Cape		
llanga CSP Facility Watercourse Crossings near	Karoshoek Solar one	Project Manager & EAP
Upington, Northern Cape		
Modification of the existing Hartebeestfontein Water	ERWAT	Project Manager & EAP
Care Works, Gautng		
N10 Road Realignment for the Ilanga CSP Facility,	SANRAL	Project Manager & EAP
East of Upington, Northern Cape		
Nxuba (Bedford) Wind Farm Watercourse Crossings	African Clean Energy	Project Manager & EAP
near Cookhouse, Eastern Cape	Developments (ACED)	
Pollution Control Dams at the Medupi Power Station	Eskom	Project Manager & EAP
Ash Dump & Coal Stockyard, Limpopo		
Qoboshane borrow pits (EMPr only), Eastern Cape	Emalahleni Local Municipality	Project Manager & EAP
Tsitsikamma Community WEF Watercourse Crossings,	Cennergi	Project Manager & EAP
Eastern Cape		
Clayville Central Steam Plant, Gauteng	Bellmall Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Msenge Emoyeni Wind Farm Watercourse Crossings	Windlab	Project Manager & EAP
and Roads, Eastern Cape		

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Harmony Gold WWTW at Doornkop Mine, Gauteng	Harmony Doornkop Plant	Project Manager & EAP
Ofir-ZX Watercourse Crossing for the Solar PV Facility,	Networx \$28 Energy	Project Manager & EAP
near Keimoes, Northern Cape		
Qoboshane bridge & access roads, Eastern Cape	Emalahleni Local Municipality	Project Manager & EAP
Relocation of the Assay Laboratory near	Sibanye Gold	Project Manager & EAP
Carletonville, Gauteng		
Richards Bay Harbour Staging Area, KwaZulu-Natal	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
S-Kol Watercourse Crossing for the Solar PV Facility,	Networx \$28 Energy	Project Manager & EAP
East of Keimoes, Northern Cape		
Sonnenberg Watercourse Crossing for the Solar PV	Networx \$28 Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Facility, West Keimoes, Northern Cape		
Kruisvallei Hydroelectric Power Generation Scheme,	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Free State		
Masetjaba Water Reservoir, Pump Station and Bulk	Naidu Consulting Engineers	Project Manager & EAP
Supply Pipeline near Nigel, Gauteng		
Access Road for the Dwarsug Wind Farm, Northern	South Africa Mainsteam	Project Manager & EAP
Cape Province	Renewable Power	

Screening Studies

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Roodepoort Open Space Optimisation Programme	TIMAC Engineering Projects	Project Manager & EAP
(OSOP) Precinct, Gauteng		/
Vegetable Oil Plant and Associated Pipeline, Kwa-	Wilmar Oils and Fats Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Zulu Natal		

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO and bi-monthly auditing for the construction of	Department of Water and	Project Manager
the Olifants River Water Resources Development	Sanitation	Auditor
Project (ORWRDP) Phase 2A: De Hoop Dam, R555		
realignment and housing infrastructure		
ECO for the Rehabilitation of the Blaaupan & Storm	Airports Company of South	Project Manager
Water Channel, Gauteng	Africa (ACSA)	
Due Diligence reporting for the Better Fuel Pyrolysis	Better Fuels	Project Manager
Facility, Gauteng		
ECO for the Construction of the Water Pipeline from	Transnet	Project Manager
Kendal Power Station to Kendal Pump Station,		
Mpumalanga		
ECO for the Replacement of Low-Level Bridge,	South African National	Project Manager
Demolition and Removal of Artificial Pong, and	Biodiversity Institute (SANBI)	
Reinforcement the Banks of the Crocodile River at		
the Construction at Walter Sisulu National Botanical		
Gardens, Gauteng Province		
External Compliance Audit of the Air Emission	PetroSA	Project Manager
Licence (AEL) for a depot in Bloemfontein, Free		
State Province and in Tzaneen, Mpumalanga		
Province		

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
WULA for the Izubulo Private Nature Reserve,	Kjell Bismeyer, Jann Bader,	Project Manager & EAP
Limpopo	Laurence Saad	
WULA for the Masodini Private Game Lode, Limpopo	Masodini Private Game Lodge	Environmental Advisor
WULA for the Ezulwini Private Nature Reserve,	Ezulwini Investments	Project Manager & EAP
Limpopo		
WULA for the Masodini Private Game Lode, Limpopo	Masodini Private Game Lodge	Project Manager & EAP
WULA for the N10 Realignment at the llanga SEF,	Karoshoek Solar One	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
WULA for the Kruisvallei Hydroelectric Power	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Generation Scheme, Free State		
S24G and WULA for the Ilegal construction of	Sorror Language Services	Project Manager & EAP
structures within a watercourse on EFF 24 Ruimsig		
Agricultural Holdings, Gauteng		

HOUSING AND URBAN PROJECTS

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Postmasburg Housing Development, Northern Cape	Transnet	Project Manager & EAP

Compliance Advice and reporting

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Kampi ya Thude at the Olifants West Game Reserve,	Nick Elliot	Environmental Advisor
Limpopo		
External Compliance Audit of WUL for the	Johannesburg Country Club	Project Manager
Johannesburg Country Club, Gauteng		

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Due Diligence Audit for the Due Diligence Audit	Delta BEC (on behalf of	Project Manager
Report, Gauteng	Johannesburg Development	
	Agency (JDA))	

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT TOOLS

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Development of the 3rd Edition Environmental Implementation Plan (EIP)	Gauteng Department of Agriculture and Rural Development (GDARD)	Project Manager & EAP
Development of Provincial Guidelines on 4x4 routes, Western Cape	Western Cape Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning	EAP
Compilation of Construction and Operation EMP for the Braamhoek Transmission Integration Project, Kwazulu-Natal	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Compilation of EMP for the Wholesale Trade of Petroleum Products, Gauteng	Munaca Technologies	Project Manager & EAP
Operational Environmental Management Programme (OEMP) for Medupi Power Station, Limpopo	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Operational Environmental Management Programme (OEMP) for the Dube TradePort Site Wide Precinct	Dube TradePort Corporation	Project Manager & EAP
Operational Environmental Management Programme (OEMP) for the Kusile Power Station, Mpumalanga	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Review of Basic Assessment Process for the Wittekleibosch Wind Monitoring Mast, Eastern Cape	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Revision of the EMPr for the Sirius Solar PV	Aurora Power Solutions	Project Manager & EAP
State of the Environment (SoE) for Emalahleni Local Municipality, Mpumalanga	Simo Consulting on behalf of Emalahleni Local Municipality	Project Manager & EAP
Aspects and Impacts Register for Salberg Concrete Products operations	Salberg Concrete Products	EAP
First State of Waste Report for South Africa	Golder on behalf of the Department of Environmental Affairs	Project Manager & EAP
Responsibilities Matrix and Gap Analysis for the Kruisvallei Hydroelectric Power Generation Scheme, Free State Province	Building Energy	Project Manager
Responsibilities Matrix and Gap Analysis for the Roggeveld Wind Farm, Northern & Western Cape Provinces	Building Energy	Project Manager

PROJECTS OUTSIDE OF SOUTH AFRICA

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Advisory Services for the Zizabona Transmission	PHD Capital	Advisor
Project, Zambia, Zimbabwe, Botswana & Namibia		
EIA for the Semonkong WEF, Lesotho	MOSCET	Project Manager & EAP
EMP for the Kuvaninga Energia Gas Fired Power	ADC (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager & EAP
Project, Mozambique		
Environmental Screening Report for the SEF near	Building Energy	EAP
Thabana Morena, Lesotho		
EPBs for the Kawambwa, Mansa, Mwense and	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Nchelenge SEFs in Luapula Province, Zambia		
ESG Due Diligence for the Hilton Garden Inn	Vatange Capital	Project Manager
Development in Windhoek, Namibia		
Mandahill Mall Rooftop PV SEF EPB, Lusaka, Zambia	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Monthly ECO for the PV Power Plant for the Mocuba	Scatec	Project Manager
Power Station		

Certification:

I, the undersigned, certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief, these data correctly describe me, my qualifications, and my experience.

Date: 16 October 2020

Signature of staff member or authorised official from the firm

Full name of staff member: Jo-Anne Thomas

Signed:





Email: nicolene@savannahsa.com Tel: +27 (11) 656 3237

CURRICULUM VITAE OF NICOLENE VENTER

Profession: Public Participation and Social Consultant

Specialisation: Public participation process; stakeholder engagement; facilitation (workshops,

focus group and public meetings; public open days; steering committees); monitoring and evaluation of public participation and stakeholder engagement

processes

Work Experience: 23 years' experience as a Public Participation Practitioner and Stakeholder

Consultant

VOCATIONAL EXPERIENCE

Over the past 23 years Nicolene established herself as an experienced and well recognised public participation practitioner, facilitator and strategic reviewer of public participation processes. She has experience in managing public participation and stakeholder engagement projects and awareness creation programmes. Her experience includes designing and managing countrywide public participation and stakeholder engagement projects and awareness creation projects, managing multiproject schedules, budgets and achieving project goals. She has successfully undertaken several public participation processes for EIA, BA and WULA projects. The EIA and BA process include linear projects such as the NMPP, Eskom Transmission and Distribution power lines as well as site specific developments such as renewable energy projects i.e. solar, photo voltaic and wind farms. She also successfully managed stakeholder engagement projects which were required to be in line with the Equator Principles, locally and in neighbouring countries.

SKILLS BASE AND CORE COMPETENCIES

- Project Management
- Public Participation, Stakeholder Engagement and Awareness Creation
- Public Speaking and Presentation Skills
- Facilitation (workshops, focus group meetings, public meetings, public open days, working groups and committees)
- Social Assessments (Stakeholder Analysis / Stakeholder Mapping)
- Monitoring and Evaluation of Public Participation and Stakeholder Engagement Processes
- Community Liaison
- IFC Performance Standards
- Equator Principles
- Minute taking, issues mapping, report writing and quality control

EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL STATUS

Degrees / Diplomas / Certificates:

• Higher Secretarial Certificate, Pretoria Technicon (1970)

Short Courses:

- Techniques for Effective Public Participation, International Association for Public Participation, IAP2 (2008)
- Foundations of Public Participation (Planning and Communication for Effective Public Participation), IAP2 (2009)
- Certificate in Public Participation IAP2SA Modules 1, 2 and 3 (2013)

Certificate in Public Relations, Public Relation Institute of South Africa, Damelin Management School (1989)

Professional Society Affiliations:

• Member of International Association for Public Participation (IAP2): Southern Africa

EMPLOYMENT

Date	Company	Roles and Responsibilities
November 2018 – current	Savannah Environmental (Pty) Ltd	Public Participation and Social Consultant
Conem		<u>Tasks include:</u>
		Tasks include: Drafting of a Public Participation Plan with key deliverable dates and methodology to be followed, Background Information Document, Letters to Stakeholders and Interested and/or Affected Parties (I&APs) inclusive of key project deliverables and responses to questions / concerns raised; Stakeholder identification; facilitating stakeholder workshops, focus group and public meetings; conduct one-on-one consultation with Community Leaders, Tribal Chiefs, affected landowners, etc.
		Managing interaction between Stakeholders and Team Members, liaising with National, Provincial and Local Authorities, managing community consultation and communications in project affected areas, attend to the level of technical information communicated to and consultation with all level of stakeholders involved.

Date	Company	Roles and Responsibilities	
2016 – October 2018	Imaginative Africa (Pty) Ltd	Independent Consultant	
	(Director of Imaginative Africa)	Consulting to various Environmental Assessment Practitioners for Public Participation and Stakeholder Engagements:	
		<u>Tasks include:</u>	
		Tasks include: Drafting of a Public Participation Plan with key deliverable dates and methodology to be followed, Background Information Document, Letters to Stakeholders and Interested and/or Affected Parties (I&APs) inclusive of key project deliverables and responses to questions / concerns raised; Stakeholder identification; facilitating stakeholder workshops, focus group and public meetings; conduct one-on-one consultation with Community Leaders, Tribal Chiefs, affected landowners, etc.	
		Managing interaction between Stakeholders and Team Members, liaising with National, Provincial and Local Authorities, managing community consultation and communications in project affected areas, attend to the level of technical information communicated to and consultation with all level of stakeholders involved	
		<u>Clients</u> :	
		SiVEST Environmental Savannah Environmental Baagi Environmental Royal Haskoning DHV (previously SSI)	
2013 - 2016	Zitholele Consulting	Senior Public Participation Practitioner and Project Manager	
	Contact person: Dr Mathys Vosloo Contact number: 011 207 2060	Tasks included: Project managed public participation process for EIA/BA/WULA/EAL projects. Manages two Public	
		Participation Administrators. Public Participation tasks as outlined as above and including financial management of public participation processes.	
2011 - 2013	Imaginative Africa (Pty) Ltd	Independent Consultant	
	(company owned by Nicolene Venter)	Consulting to various Environmental Assessment Practitioners for Public Participation and Stakeholder Engagements	
		<u>Tasks included:</u>	
		Drafting of a Public Participation Plan with key deliverable dates and methodology to be followed, Background Information Document,	

		Letters to Stakeholders and Interested and/or Affected Parties (I&APs) inclusive of key project deliverables and responses to questions / concerns raised; Stakeholder identification; facilitating stakeholder workshops, focus group and public meetings; conduct one-on-one consultation with Community Leaders, Tribal Chiefs, affected landowners, etc. Managing interaction between Stakeholders and Team Members, liaising with National, Provincial and Local Authorities, managing community consultation and communications in project affected areas, attend to the level of technical information communicated to and consultation with all level of stakeholders involved
		<u>Clients:</u> Bohlweki Environmental Bembani Sustainability (Pty) Ltd Naledzi Environmental
2007 – 2011	SiVEST SA (Pty) Ltd	Unit Manager: Public Participation Practitioner
	Contact person: Andrea Gibb	<u>Tasks included:</u>
	Contact number: 011 798 0600	Project managed public participation process for EIA/BA projects. Manages two Junior Public Participation Practitioners. Public Participation tasks as outlined as above and including financial management of public participation processes.
2005 – 2006	Imaginative Africa (Pty) Ltd	Independent Consultant
	(company owned by Nicolene Venter)	Public Participation and Stakeholder Engagement Practitioner
		<u>Tasks included:</u>
		Drafting of a Public Participation Plan with key deliverable dates and methodology to be followed, Background Information Document, Letters to Stakeholders and Interested and/or Affected Parties (I&APs) inclusive of key project deliverables and responses to questions / concerns raised; Stakeholder identification; facilitating stakeholder workshops, focus group and public meetings; conduct one-on-one consultation with Community Leaders, Tribal Chiefs, affected landowners, etc.
		Managing interaction between Stakeholders and Team Members, liaising with National, Provincial and Local Authorities, managing community consultation and communications in project affected areas, attend to the level of technical

	information communicated to and consultation with all level of stakeholders involved. Clients: Manyaka-Greyling-Meiring (previously Greyling Liaison and currently Golder Associates)
Imaginative Africa (Pty) Ltd (company owned by Nicolene Venter)	Independent Consultant: Public Participation Practitioner. Tasks included: Drafting of a Public Participation Plan with key deliverable dates and methodology to be followed, Background Information Document, Letters to Stakeholders and Interested and/or Affected Parties (I&APs) inclusive of key project deliverables and responses to questions / concerns raised; Stakeholder identification; facilitating stakeholder workshops, focus group and public meetings; conduct one-on-one consultation with Community Leaders, affected landowners, etc. Managing interaction between Stakeholders and Team Members, liaising with National, Provincial Local Authorities, managing community consultation and communications in project affected areas, attend to the level of technical information communicated to and consultation with all level of stakeholders involved. Clients: Greyling Liaison (currently Golder Associates); Bembani Sustainability (Pty) Ltd; Lidwala Environmental; Naledzi Environmental

PROJECT EXPERIENCE

RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS

PHOTOVOLTAIC SOLAR ENERGY FACILITIES

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Lichtenburg PVs (3 PVs) & Power Lines (grid	Atlantic Energy Partners	Project Manage the Public
connection), Lichtenburg, North West Province	EAP: Savannah Environmental	Participation Process
Allepad PVs 4 PVs) & Power Lines (grid	IL Energy	Facilitate all meetings
connection), Upington, Northern Cape Province	EAP: Savannah Environmental	Consultation with
		Government Officials, Key
Hyperion Solar PV Developments (4 PVs) and	Building Energy	Stakeholders, Landowners &
Associated Infrastructures, Kathu, Northern Cape	EAP: Savannah Environmental	Community Leaders
Province		
Aggeneys Solar PV Developments (2 PVs) and	Atlantic Energy Partners and	1
Associated Infrastructures, Aggeneys, Northern	ABO Wind	
Cape Province	EAP: Savannah Environmental	
Upilanga Solar Park, Northern Cape (350MW CSP	Emvelo Capital Projects (Pty)	1
Tower)	Ltd	
Khunab Solar Development, consisting of Klip Punt	Atlantic Energy Partners and	1
PV1, McTaggarts PV1, McTaggarts PV2,	Abengoa	
McTaggarts PV3 and the Khunab solar Grid		
Connection near Upington, Northern Cape		
Province		
Sirius Solar PV3 and PV4, near Upington, Northern	Solal	1
Cape Province		
Geelstert PV 1 and PV2 solar energy facilities, near	ABO Wind	1
Aggeneys, Northern Cape		
Naledi PV and Ngwedi PV solar energy facilities,	Atlantic Energy Partners and	1
near Upington, Northern Cape	Abengoa	
Kotulo Tsatsi PV1, Kotulo Tsatsi PV3 and Kotulo Tsatsi	Kotulo Tsatsi Energy	1
PV4 solar energy facilities, near Kenhardt, Northern		
Cape		
Tlisitseng PV, including Substations & Power Lines,	BioTherm Energy	Public Participation,
Lichtenburg, North West Province	EAP: SIVEST	Landowner and Community
Sendawo PVs, including Substations & Power Lines,	7	Consultation
Vryburg, North West Province		
Helena Solar 1, 2 and 3 PVs, Copperton, Northern	7	
Cape Province		
Farm Spes Bona 23552 Solar PV Plants,	Surya Power	Public Participation,
Bloemfontein, Free State Province	EAP: SIVEST	Landowner and Community
		Consultation
De Aar Solar Energy Facility, De Aar, Northern	South Africa Mainstream	Public Participation,
Cape Province	Renewable Power	Landowner and Community
Droogfontein Solar Energy Facility, Kimberley,	Developments	Consultation
Northern Cape Province	EAP: SIVEST	
Kaalspruit Solar Energy Facility, Loeriesfontein,		
Northern Cape Province		

Platsjambok East PV, Prieska, Northern Cape		
Province		
Renosterburg PV, De Aar, Northern Cape Province	Renosterberg Wind Energy	Public Participation,
	Company	Landowner and Community
	EAP: SIVEST	Consultation
19MW Solar Power Plant on Farm 198 (Slypklip),	Solar Reserve South Africa	Public Participation,
Danielskuil, Northern Cape Province	EAP: SIVEST	Landowner and Community
		Consultation

Basic Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Upilanga Solar Park, Northern Cape (x6 100MW PV's	Emvelo Capital Projects (Pty)	Project Manage the Public
and x3 350MW PV Basic Assessments)	Ltd	Participation Process
		Facilitate all meetings
Sirius Solar PV Solar Energy Facility, Upington,	SOLA Future Energy	Consultation with
Northern Cape Province		Government Officials, Key
Khunab Solar Development, consisting of Klip Punt	Atlantic Energy Partners and	Stakeholders, Landowners &
PV1, McTaggarts PV1, McTaggarts PV2, McTaggarts	Abengoa	Community Leaders
PV3 and the Khunab solar Grid Connection near		
Upington, Northern Cape Province		

WIND ENERGY FACILITIES

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Aletta Wind Farm, Copperton, Northern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Public Participation
Province	EAP: SIVEST	
Eureka Wind Farm, Copperton, Northern Cape		
Province		
Loeriesfontein Wind Farm, Loeriesfontein, Northern	South Africa Mainstream	Public Participation
Cape Province	Renewable Power	
Droogfontein Wind Farm, Loeriesfontein, Northern	Developments	
Cape Province	EAP: SIVEST	
Four Leeuwberg Wind Farms, Loeriesfontein,		
Northern Cape Province		
Noupoort Wind Farm, Noupoort, Northern Cape		
Province		
Mierdam PV & Wind Farm, Prieska, Northern Cape		
Province		
Platsjambok West Wind Farm & PV, Prieska,]	
Northern Cape Province		

Basic Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location		Client Name	Role
Cluster of Renewable Energy Developments,		Wind Relic	
Eastern Cape Province			

Nama Wind Energy Facility, Northern Cape	Genesis ECO	Project Manage the Public
Province	EAP: Savannah Environmental	Participation Process
		Facilitate all meetings
		Consultation with
Zonnequa Wind Energy Facility, Northern Cape		Government Officials, Key
Province		Stakeholders, Landowners
		& Community Leaders

CONCENTRATED SOLAR FACILITIES (CSP)

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

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Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Upington Concentrating Solar Plant and associated	Eskom Holdings	Project Manage the Public
Infrastructures, Northern Cape Province	EAP: Bohlweki Environmental	Participation Process
		Facilitate all meetings
		Consultation with
		Government Officials, Key
		Stakeholders, Landowners
		& Community Leaders

CONVENTIONAL POWER GENERATION PROJECTS (GAS)

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
450MW gas to power project and associated 132kV	Phinda Power Producers	Project Manage the Public
power line, Richards bay, KwaZulu-Natal		Participation Process
4000MW gas to power project and associated 400kV	Phinda Power Producers	Facilitate all meetings
power lines, Richards bay, KwaZulu-Natal		Consultation with
Richards Bay Gas to Power Combined Cycle Power	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Government Officials, Key
Station, KwaZulu-Natal		Stakeholders & Landowners

GRID INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
132/11kV Olifantshoek Substation and Power Line,	Eskom	Project Manage the Public
Northern Cape		Participation Process
Grid connection infrastructure for the Namas Wind	Genesis Namas Wind (Pty) Ltd	Facilitate all meetings
Farm, Northern Cape Province		Consultation with
Grid connection infrastructure for the Zonnequa	Genesis Zonnequa Wind (Pty)	Government Officials, Key
Wind Farm, Northern Cape Province	Ltd	Stakeholders, Landowners
Khunab Solar Grid Connection, near Upington,	Atlantic Energy Partners and	& Community Leaders
Northern Cape Province	Abengoa	
Pluto-Mahikeng Main Transmission Substation and	Eskom Holdings	
400kV Power Line (Carletonville to Mahikeng),	EAP: Baagi Environmental	
Gauteng and North West Provinces		
Thyspunt Transmission Lines Integration Project,	Eskom Holdings	Public Participation,
Eastern Cape Province	EAP: SIVEST	Landowner and
		Community Consultation
Westrand Strengthening Project, Gauteng Province		Public Participation,

Mookodi Integration Project, North-West Province		
Transnet Coallink, Mpumalanga and KwaZulu-Natal		
Provinces		
Delarey-Kopela-Phahameng Distribution power line		
and newly proposed Substations, North-West		Public Participation,
Province		Landowner and
Invubu-Theta 400kV Eskom Transmission Power Line,	Eskom Holding	Community Consultation
KwaZulu-Natal Province	EAP: Bembani Environmental	
Melkhout-Kudu-Grassridge 132kV Power Line	Eskom Holdings	Public Participation,
Project (project not submitted to DEA), Eastern	EAP: SIVEST	Landowner and
Cape Province		Community Consultation
Tweespruit-Welroux-Driedorp-Wepener 132Kv		
Power Line, Free State Province		
Kuruman 132Kv Power Line Upgrade, Northern	Eskom Holdings	
Cape Province	EAP: Zitholele	
Vaalbank 132Kv Power Line, Free State Province		
Pongola-Candover-Golela 132kV Power Line		
(Impact Phase), KwaZulu-Natal Province		

PART 2 AMENDMENTS

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Transalloys Coal-Fired Power Station near	Transalloys (Pty) Ltd	Project Manage the Public
Emalahleni, Mpumalanga Province		Participation Process
Zen Wind Energy Facility, Western Cape	Energy Team (Pty) Ltd	
Hartebeest Wind Energy Facility, Western Cape	juwi Renewable Energies (Pty)	
	Ltd	
Khai-Ma and Korana Wind Energy Facilities	Mainstream Renewable	
	Power (Pty) Ltd	

FACILITATION

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Meeting Type
Bloemfontein Strengthening Project, Free State	Eskom Holdings	Public Meetings
Province	EAP: Baagi Environmental	
Mooidraai-Smitkloof 132kV Power Line and	Eskom Holdings	Focus Group Meetings
Substation, Northern Cape Province	EAP: SSI	
Aggeneis-Oranjemond 400kV Eskom Transmission	Eskom Holdings	Focus Group Meetings &
Power Line, Northern Cape Province	EAP: Savannah Environmental	Public Meetings
Ariadne-Eros 400kV/132kV Multi-Circuit Transmission	Eskom Holdings	Public Meetings
Power Line (Public Meetings)	EAP: ACER Africa	
Majuba-Venus 765kV Transmission Power Lines,		
Mpumlanaga Province		
Thabametsi IPP Power Station, Limpopo Province	Thabametsi Power Company	Focus Group Meeting &
	EAP: Savannah Environmental	Public Meeting
Aggeneis-Oranjemond Transmission Line &	Eskom Transmission	Focus Group Meetings &
Substation Upgrade, Northern Cape		Public Meetings

SCREENING STUDIES

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Potential Power Line Alternatives from Humansdorp	Nelson Mandela Bay	Social Assessment
to Port Elizabeth, Eastern Cape Province	Municipality	
	EAP: SIVEST	

ASH DISPOSAL FACILITIES

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Medupi Flue Gas Desulphurisation Project (up to	Eskom Holdings SOC Ltd	Public Participation,
completion of Scoping Phase), Limpopo Province	EAP: Zitholele Consulting	Landowner and Community
Kendal 30-year Ash Disposal Facility, Mpumalanga		Consultation
Province		
Kusile 60-year Ash Disposal Facility, Mpumalanga		
Province		
Camden Power Station Ash Disposal Facility,		
Mpumalanga Province		
Tutuka Fabric Filter Retrofit and Dust Handling Plant	Eskom Holdings SOC Ltd	
Projects, Mpumalanga Province	EAP: Lidwala Environmental	
Eskom's Majuba and Tutuka Ash Dump Expansion,		
Mpumalanga Province		
Hendrina Ash Dam Expansion, Mpumalanga		
Province		

INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS (BRIDGES, PIPELINES, ROADS, WATER RESOURCES, STORAGE, ETC)

Basic Assessments

<u>Project Name & Location</u>	<u>Client Name</u>	<u>Role</u>
Expansion of LOX and Diesel Storage at the Air Products Facility in Coega, Eastern Cape Transnet's New Multi-Products Pipeline traversing Kwa-Zulu Natal, Free State and Gauteng Provinces	Air Products South Africa (Pty) Ltd Transnet EAP: Bohlweki Environmental	Project Manage the Public Participation Process Facilitate all meetings Consultation with Government Officials, Key Stakeholders & Landowners
Realignment of the Bulshoek Dam Weir near Klawer and the Doring River Weir near Clanwilliam, Western Cape Province	Dept of Water and Sanitation EAP: Zitholele	Public Participation

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Socio-Economic Impact Study for the shutdown	Urban-Econ	Project Management for the
and repurposing of Eskom Power Stations: Komati		stakeholder engagement
Power Station, Hendrina Power Station & Grootvlei		with Community
Power Station		

		Representatives in the
		primary data capture area
First State of Waste Report for South Africa	Golder Associates on behalf	Secretarial Services
	of the Department of	
	Environmental Affairs	
Determination, Review and Implementation of the	Golder Associates on behalf	
Reserve in the Olifants/Letaba System	of the Department of Water	
Orange River Bulk Water Supply System	and Sanitation	
Levuvu-Letaba Resources Quality Objectives		

FACILITATION

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Meeting Type
Determination, Review and Implementation of the	Department of Water and	Secretarial Services
Reserve in the Olifants/Letaba System	Sanitation	
Orange River Bulk Water Supply System	Golder Associates	Secretarial Services
Levuvu-Letaba Resources Quality Objectives		Secretarial Services
SmancorCR Chemical Plant (Public Meeting),	Samancor Chrome (Pty) Ltd	Public Meeting
Gauteng Province	EAP: Environment al Science	
	Associates	
SANRAL N4 Toll Highway Project (2 nd Phase),	Department of Transport	Public Meetings
Gauteng & North West Provinces	EAP: Bohlweki Environmental	

MINING SECTOR

Environmental Impact Assessment and Environmental Management Programme

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Zero Waste Recovery Plant at highveld Steel,	Anglo African Metals	Public Participation
Mpumalanga Province	EAP: Savannah Environmental	
Koffiefontein Slimes Dam, Free State Province	Petra Diamond Mines	Public Participation
	EAP: Zitholele	
Baobab Project: Ethenol Plant, Chimbanje, Middle	Applicant: Green Fuel	Public Participation &
Sabie, Zimbabwe	EAP: SIVEST	Community Consultation
BHP Billiton Energy Coal SA's Middelburg Water	BHP Billiton Group	Public Participation
Treatment Plant, Mpumalanga	EAP: Jones & Wagener	

ENVIRONMENTAL AUTHORISATION AMENDMENTS

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Transalloys Coal-Fired Power Station near	Transalloys (Pty) Ltd	Public Participation
Emalahleni, Mpumalanga Province		
Zen Wind Energy Facility, Western Cape	Energy Team (Pty) Ltd	
Hartebeest Wind Energy Facility, Western Cape	juwi Renewable Energies (Pty)	
	Ltd	
Khai-Ma and Korana Wind Energy Facilities	Mainstream Renewable	
	Power (Pty) Ltd	
Beaufort West 280MW Wind Farm into two 140MW	South Africa Mainstream	
Trakas and Beaufort West Wind Farms, Western	Renewable Power	
Cape	Developments	
	EAP: SIVEST	

SECTION 54 AUDITS

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Mulilo 20MW PV Facility, Prieska, Northern Cape	Mulilo (Pty) Ltd	Public Participation:
Mulilo 10MW PV Facility, De Aar, Northern Cape	Mulilo (Pty) Ltd	I&AP Notification process
Karoshoek CSP 1 Facility/ Solar One, Upington,	Karoshoek Solar One (Pty) Ltd	
Northern Cape		