ELECTRICAL GRID INFRASTRUCTURE (EGI) FOR THE 100MWac VREDE PHOTOVOLTAIC SOLAR ENERGY FACILITY (SEF), LOCATED NEAR KROONSTAD, FREE STATE PROVINCE

Environmental Management Programme for the onsite substation associated with the Vrede Solar Energy Facility

September 2021









GENERIC ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) FOR THE DEVELOPMENT AND EXPANSION OF SUBSTATION INFRASTRUCTURE FOR THE TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION OF ELECTRICITY











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INTRODUCTION

1. Background

The National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998) (NEMA) requires that an environmental management programme (EMPr) be submitted where an environmental impact assessment (EIA) has been identified as the environmental instrument to be utilised as the basis for a decision on an application for environmental authorisation (EA). The content of an EMPr must either contain the information set out in Appendix 4 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014, as amended (EIA Regulations) or must be a generic EMPr relevant to an application as identified and gazetted by the Minister in a government notice. Once the Minister has identified, through a government notice that a generic EMPr is relevant to an application for EA, that generic EMPr must be applied by all parties involved in the EA process, including but not limited to the applicant and the competent authority (CA).

2. Purpose

This document constitutes a generic EMPr relevant to applications for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, and all listed and specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

3. Objective

The objective of this generic EMPr is to prescribe and pre-approve generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions, which can commonly and repeatedly be used for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity. The use of a generic EMPr is intended to reduce the need to prepare and review individual EMPrs for applications of a similar nature.

4. Scope

The scope of this generic EMPr applies to the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity requiring EA in terms of NEMA. This generic EMPr applies to activities requiring EA, mainly activity 11 and 47 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 1 of 2014, as amended, and activity 9 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 2 of 2014, as amended, and all associated listed or specified activities necessary for the realization of such infrastructure.

5. Structure of this document

This document is structured in three parts with an Appendix as indicated in the table below:

Part	Section	Heading	Content
A		Provides general guidance and information and is not legally binding	Definitions, acronyms, roles & responsibilities and documentation and reporting.
В	1	Pre-approved generic EMPr template	Contains generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions required for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, which are presented in the form of a template that has been preapproved.
			The template in this section is to be completed by the contractor, with each completed page signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity.
			Where an impact management outcome is not relevant, the words "not applicable" can be inserted in the template under the "responsible persons" column.
			Once completed and signed, the template represents the EMPr for the activity approved by the CA and is legally binding. The template is not required to be submitted to the CA as once the generic EMPr is gazetted for implementation, it has been approved by the CA.
			To allow interested and affected parties access to the pre-approved EMPr template for consideration through the decision-making process, the EAP on behalf of the applicant /proponent must make the hard copy of this EMPr available at a public location and where the applicant has a website, the EMPr should also be made available on such publicly accessible website.
	2	Site specific information	Contains preliminary infrastructure layout and a declaration that the applicant/holder of the EA

oly with the pre-approved generic EMPr contained in Part B: Section 1, and and that the impact management is and impact management actions gally binding. The preliminary ture layout must be finalized to inform EMPr that is to be submitted with the essment report (BAR) or environmental assessment report (EIAR), ensuring that the management outcomes and impact ment actions have been either pre-
d or approved in terms of <u>Part C</u> .
ion must be submitted to the CA with the final BAR or EIAR. The on submitted to the CA will be ed to be incomplete should a signed tart B: section 2 not be submitted. Once d, this Section forms part of the EMPr for lopment and is legally binding.
specific environmental sensitivities/s are present on the site which require diffic impact management outcomes act management actions, not included e-approved generic EMPr, to manage these specific impact management actions included in this section. These specific dental attributes must be referenced and impact management outcomes act management actions must be act management actions must be and impact management actions presented in the format of the predemental management actions presented in the format of the predemental management actions presented in the format of the predemental management actions presented in the format of the predemental management actions presented in the format of the predemental management actions presented in the format of the predemental management actions presented in the format of the predemental management actions presented in the format of the predemental management actions presented in the format of the predemental management actions presented in the format of the predemental management actions presented to be required should the site and specific environmental sensitivities or actions. However, if Part C is applicable to the required to be submitted together with

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			approved, Part C forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.
			This section applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the specific development or expansion and which are not already included in <u>Part B: section 1</u> .
Арре	endix 1		Contains the method statements to be prepared prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are not required to be submitted to the competent authority.

6. Completion of part B: section 1: the pre-approved generic EMPr template

The template is to be completed prior to commencement of the activity, by providing the following information for each environmental impact management action:

- For implementation
 - a 'responsible person',
 - a method for implementation,
 - a timeframe for implementation
- For monitoring
 - a responsible person
 - frequency
 - evidence of compliance.

The completed template must be signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as <u>Appendix 1</u>. Each method statement must be signed and dated on each page by the holder of the EA. This template once signed and dated is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

7. Amendments of the impact management outcomes and impact management actions

Once the activity has commenced, a holder of an EA may make amendments to the impact management outcomes and impact management actions in the following manner:

- Amendment of the impact management outcomes: in line with the process contemplated in Regulation 37 of the EIA Regulations; and
- Amendment of the impact management actions: in line with the process contemplated in Regulation 36 of the EIA Regulations.

8. Documents to be submitted as part of part B: section 2 site specific information and declaration

<u>Part B: Section 2</u> has three distinct sub-sections. The first and third sub-sections are in a template format. Sub-section two requires a map to be produced.

<u>Sub-section 1</u> contains the project name, the applicant's name and contact details, the site information, which includes coordinates of the property or farm in which the proposed substation infrastructure is proposed as well as the 21-digit Surveyor General code of each cadastral land parcel and, where available, the farm name.

<u>Sub-section 2</u> is to be prepared by an EAP and must contain his/her name and expertise including a curriculum vitae. This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout using the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at: https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features and within 50 m from the development footprint.

<u>Sub-section 3</u> is the declaration that the applicant (s)/proponent (s) or holder of the EA in the case of a change of ownership must complete which confirms that the applicant/EA holder will comply with the pre-approved 'generic EMPr' template in <u>Section 1</u> and understands that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding.

(a) Amendments to Part B: Section 2 – site specific information and declaration

Should the EA be transferred, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new applicant/proponent and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted as part of such an application for an amendment to an EA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

PART A - GENERAL INFORMATION

1. **DEFINITIONS**

In this EMPr any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the NEMA or EIA Regulations has that meaning, and unless the context requires otherwise –

"clearing" means the clearing and removal of vegetation, whether partially or in whole, including trees and shrubs, as specified;

"construction camp" is the area designated for key construction infrastructure and services, including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;

"contractor" - The Contractor has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract, are in line with the Environmental Management Programme and that Method Statements are implemented as described.

"hazardous substance" is a substance governed by the Hazardous Substances Act, 1973 (Act No. 15 of 1973) as well as the Hazardous Chemical and Substances Regulations, 1995;

"method statement" means a written submission by the Contractor to the Project Manager in response to this EMPr or a request by the Project Manager and ECO. The method statement must set out the equipment, materials, labour and method(s) the Contractor proposes using to carry out an activity identified by the Project Manager when requesting the Method Statement. This must be done in such detail that the Project Manager and ECO is able to assess whether the Contractor's proposal is in accordance with this specification and/or will produce results in accordance with this specification;

The method statement must cover as a minimum applicable details with regard to:

- (i) Construction procedures;
- (ii) Plant, materials and equipment to be used;
- (iii) Transporting the equipment to and from site;
- (iv) How the plant/ material/ equipment will be moved while on site;
- (v) How and where the plant/ material/ equipment will be stored;
- (vi) The containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- (vii) Timing and location of activities;
- (viii) Compliance/ non-compliance; and
- (ix) Any other information deemed necessary by the Project Manager.

"slope" means the inclination of a surface expressed as one unit of rise or fall for so many horizontal units;

"solid waste" means all solid waste, including construction debris, hazardous waste, excess cement/concrete, wrapping materials, timber, cans, drums, wire, nails, food and domestic waste (e.g. plastic packets and wrappers);

"spoil" means excavated material which is unsuitable for use as material in the construction works or is material which is surplus to the requirements of the construction works;

"topsoil" means a varying depth (up to 300 mm) of the soil profile irrespective of the fertility, appearance, structure, agricultural potential, fertility and composition of the soil;

"works" means the works to be executed in terms of the Contract

2. ACRONYMS and ABBREVIATIONS

Competent Authority
Contractors Environmental Officer
Developer Environmental Officer
Developer Project Manager
Developer Site Supervisor
Environmental Audit Report
Environment Conservation Act No. 73 of 1989
Environmental Control Officer
Environmental Authorisation
Environmental Impact Assessment
Emergency Response Action Plan
Environmental Management Programme
Report
Environmental Assessment Practitioner
Fire Protection Agency
Hazardous chemical Substance
National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998)
National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act ,2004 (Act No. 10 of 2004)
National Environmental Management:
Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008)
Material Safety Data Sheet
Registered Interested and affected parties

3. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) IMPLEMENTATION

The effective implementation of this generic EMPr is dependent on established and clear roles, responsibilities and reporting lines within an institutional framework. This section of the EMPr gives guidance to the various environmental roles and reporting lines, however, project specific requirements will ultimately determine the need for the appointment of specific person(s) to undertake specific roles and or responsibilities. As such, it must be noted that in the event that no specific person, for example, an environmental control officer (ECO) is appointed, the holder of the EA remains responsible for ensuring that the duties indicated in this document for action by the ECO are undertaken.

Table 1: Guide to roles and responsibilities for implementation of an EMPr

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer's Project Manager (DPM)	Role The Project Developer is accountable for ensuring compliance with the EMPr and any conditions of approval from the competent authority (CA). Where required, an environmental control officer (ECO) must be contracted by the Project Developer to objectively monitor the implementation of the EMPr according to relevant environmental legislation, and the conditions of the environmental authorisation (EA). The Project Developer is further responsible for providing and giving mandate to enable the ECO to perform responsibilities, and he must ensure that the ECO is integrated as part of the project team while remaining independent.
	 Responsibilities Be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA; Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Developer and its Contractor(s); Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; Monitor the implementation of the EMPr throughout the project by means of site inspections and meetings. Overall management of the project and EMPr implementation; and Ensure that periodic environmental performance audits are undertaken on the project implementation.

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer Site Supervisor (DSS)	Role The DSS reports directly to the DPM, oversees site works, liaises with the contractor(s) and the ECO. The DSS is responsible for the day to day implementation of the EMPr and for ensuring the compliance of all contractors with the conditions and requirements stipulated in the EMPr.
	Responsibilities - Ensure that all contractors identify a contractor's Environmental Officer (cEO); - Must be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA. Oversees site works, liaison with Contractor, DPM and ECO;
	 Must ensure that all landowners have the relevant contact details of the site staff, ECO and cEO; Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; Will issue all non-compliances to contractors; and Ratify the Monthly Environmental Report.
Environmental Control Officer (ECO)	Role The ECO should have appropriate training and experience in the implementation of environmental management specifications. The primary role of the ECO is to act as an independent quality controller and monitoring agent regarding all environmental concerns and associated environmental impacts. In this respect, the ECO is to conduct periodic site inspections, attend regular site meetings, pre-empt problems and suggest mitigation and be available to advise on incidental issues that arise. The ECO is also required to conduct compliance audits, verifying the monitoring reports submitted by the cEO. The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager regarding all environmental matters. The Contractor, cEO and dEO are answerable to the Environmental Control Officer for non-compliance with the Performance Specifications as set out in the EA and EMPr.
	The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager, who in turn reports back to the Contractor and potential and Registered Interested &Affected Parties (RI&APs), as required. Issues of non-compliance raised by the ECO must be taken up by the Project Manager, and resolved with the Contractor as per the conditions of his contract. Decisions regarding environmental procedures, specifications and requirements which have a cost implication (i.e. those that are deemed to be a variation, not allowed for in the

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	Performance Specification) must be endorsed by the Project Manager. The ECO must also, as specified by the EA, report to the relevant CA as and when required.
	Responsibilities The responsibilities of the ECO will include the following: - Be aware of the findings and conclusions of all EA related to the development; - Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr; - Be conversant with relevant environmental legislation, policies and procedures, and ensure compliance with them; - Undertake regular and comprehensive site inspections / audits of the construction site according to
	 the generic EMPr and applicable licenses in order to monitor compliance as required; Educate the construction team about the management measures contained in the EMPr and environmental licenses; Compilation and administration of an environmental monitoring plan to ensure that the environmental management measures are implemented and are effective; Monitoring the performance of the Contractors and ensuring compliance with the EMPr and associated Method Statements;
	 In consultation with the Developer Site Supervisor order the removal of person(s) and/or equipment which are in contravention of the specifications of the EMPr and/or environmental licenses; Liaison between the DPM, Contractors, authorities and other lead stakeholders on all environmental concerns;
	 Compile a regular environmental audit report highlighting any non-compliance issues as well as satisfactory or exceptional compliance with the EMPr; Validating the regular site inspection reports, which are to be prepared by the contractor Environmental Officer (cEO);
	 Checking the cEO's record of environmental incidents (spills, impacts, legal transgressions etc.) as well as corrective and preventive actions taken; Checking the cEO's public complaints register in which all complaints are recorded, as well as action taken;

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	 Assisting in the resolution of conflicts; Facilitate training for all personnel on the site – this may range from carrying out the training, to reviewing the training programmes of the Contractor; In case of non-compliances, the ECO must first communicate this to the Senior Site Supervisor, who has the power to ensure this matter is addressed. Should no action or insufficient action be taken, the ECO may report this matter to the authorities as non-compliance; Maintenance, update and review of the EMPr; Communication of all modifications to the EMPr to the relevant stakeholders.
developer Environmental Officer (dEO)	Role The dEOs will report to the Project Manager and are responsible for implementation of the EMPr, environmental monitoring and reporting, providing environmental input to the Project Manager and Contractor's Manager, liaising with contractors and the landowners as well as a range of environmental coordination responsibilities.
	 Responsibilities Be fully conversant with the EMPr; Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr, and implement these measures; Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Employees, Contractor(s); Confine the development site to the demarcated area; Conduct environmental internal audits with regards to EMPr and authorisation compliance (on cEO); Assist the contractors in addressing environmental challenges on site; Assist in incident management: Reporting environmental incidents to developer and ensuring that corrective action is taken, and lessons learnt sharea; Assist the contractor in investigating environmental incidents and compile investigation reports; Follow-up on pre-warnings, defects, non-conformance reports; Measure and communicate environmental performance to the Contractor;

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities	
	 Conduct environmental awareness training on site together with ECO and cEO; Ensure that the necessary legal permits and / or licenses are in place and up to date; Acting as Developer's Environmental Representative on site and work together with the ECO and contractor; 	
Contractor	Role The Contractor appoints the cEO and has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract are in line with the EMPr and that Method Statements are implemented as described. External contractors must ensure compliance with this EMPr while performing the onsite activities as per their contract with the Project Developer. The contractors are required, where specified, to provide Method Statements setting out in detail how the impact management actions contained in the EMPr will be implemented during the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity activities.	
	 Responsibilities project delivery and quality control for the development services as per appointment; employ a suitably qualified person to monitor and report to the Project Developer's appointed person on the daily activities on-site during the construction period; ensure that safe, environmentally acceptable working methods and practices are implemented and that equipment is properly operated and maintained, to facilitate proper access and enable any operation to be carried out safely; attend on site meeting(s) prior to the commencement of activities to confirm the procedure and designated activity zones; ensure that contractors' staff repair, at their own cost, any environmental damage as a result of a contravention of the specifications contained in EMPr, to the satisfaction of the ECO. 	
contractor Environmental Officer (cEO)	Role Each Contractor affected by the EMPr should appoint a cEO, who is responsible for the on-site implementation of the EMPr (or relevant sections of the EMPr). The Contractor's representative can be the site agent; site engineer; a dedicated environmental officer; or an independent consultant. The Contractor must ensure that the Contractor's Representative is suitably qualified to perform the necessary tasks and is	

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	appointed at a level such that she/he can interact effectively with other site Contractors, labourers, the Environmental Control Officer and the public. As a minimum the cEO shall meet the following criteria:
	Responsibilities - Be on site throughout the duration of the project and be dedicated to the project; - Ensure all their staff are aware of the environmental requirements, conditions and constraints with respect to all of their activities on site; - Implementing the environmental conditions, guidelines and requirements as stipulated within the EA, EMPr and Method Statements; - Attend the Environmental Site Meeting; - Undertaking corrective actions where non-compliances are registered within the stipulated timeframes; - Report back formally on the completion of corrective actions; - Assist the ECO in maintaining all the site documentation; - Prepare the site inspection reports and corrective action reports for submission to the ECO; - Assist the ECO with the preparing of the monthly report; and - Where more than one Contractor is undertaking work on site, each company appointed as a Contractor will appoint a cEO representing that company.

4. ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE

To ensure accountable and demonstrated implementation of the EMPr, a number of reporting systems, documentation controls and compliance mechanisms must be in place for all substation infrastructure projects as a minimum requirement.

4.1 Document control/Filing system

The holder of the EA is solely responsible for the upkeep and management of the EMPr file. As a minimum, all documentation detailed below will be stored in the EMPr file. A hard copy of all documentation shall be filed, while an electronic copy may be kept where relevant. A duplicate file will be maintained in the office of the DSS (where applicable). This duplicate file must remain current and up-to-date. The filing system must be updated and relevant documents added as required. The EMPr file must be made available at all times on request by the CA or other relevant authorities. The EMPr file will form part of any environmental audits undertaken as prescribed in the EIA Regulations.

4.2 Documentation to be available

At the outset of the project, the following preliminary list of documents shall be placed in the filing system and be accessible at all times:

- Full copy of the signed EA from the CA in terms of NEMA, granting approval for the development or expansion;
- Copy of the generic and site specific EMPr as well as any amendments thereof;
- Copy of declaration of implementing generic EMPr and subsequent approval of site specific EMPr and amendments thereof;
- All method statements;
- Completed environmental checklists;
- Minutes and attendance register of environmental site meetings;
- An up-to-date environmental incident log;
- A copy of all instructions or directives issued;
- A copy of all corrective actions signed off. The corrective actions must be filed in such a way that a clear reference is made to the non-compliance record;
- Complaints register.

4.3 Weekly Environmental Checklist

The ECOs are required to complete a Weekly Environmental Checklist, the format of which is to be agreed prior to commencement of the activity. The ECOs are required to sign and date the checklist, retain a copy in the EMPr file and submit a copy of the completed checklist to the DSS on a weekly basis.

The checklists will form the basis for the Monthly Environmental Reports. Copies of all completed checklists will be attached as Annexures to the Environmental Audit Report as required in terms of the EIA Regulations.

4.4 Environmental site meetings

Minutes of the environmental site meetings shall be kept. The minutes must include an attendance register and will be attached to the Monthly Report that is distributed to attendees. Each set of minutes must clearly record "Matters for Attention" that will be reviewed at the next meeting.

4.5 Required Method Statements

The method statement will be done in such detail that the ECOs are enabled to assess whether the contractor's proposal is in accordance with the EMPr.

The method statement must cover applicable details with regard to:

- development procedures;
- materials and equipment to be used;
- getting the equipment to and from site;
- how the equipment/ material will be moved while on site;
- how and where material will be stored;
- the containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- timing and location of activities;
- compliance/ non-compliance with the EMPr; and
- any other information deemed necessary by the ECOs.

Unless indicated otherwise by the Project Manager, the Contractor shall provide the following method statements to the Project Manager no less than 14 days prior to the commencement date of the activity:

- Site establishment Camps, Lay-down or storage areas, satellite camps, infrastructure;
- Batch plants;
- Workshop or plant servicing;
- Handling, transport and storage of Hazardous Chemical Substance's;
- Vegetation management Protected, clearing, aliens, felling;
- Access management Roads, gates, crossings etc.;
- Fire plan;
- Waste management transport, storage, segregation, classification, disposal (all waste streams);
- Social interaction complaints management, compensation claims, access to properties etc.;
- Water use (source, abstraction and disposal), access and all related information, crossings and mitigation;
- Emergency preparedness Spills, training, other environmental emergencies;
- Dust and noise management methodologies;
- Fauna interaction and risk management only if the risk was identified wildlife interaction especially on game farms; and
- Heritage and palaeontology management.

The ECOs shall monitor and ensure that the contractors perform in accordance with these method statements. Completed and agreed method statements between the holder of the EA and the contractor shall be captured in Appendix 1.

4.6 Environmental Incident Log (Diary)

The ECOs are required to maintain an up-to-date and current Environmental Incident Log (environmental diary). The Environmental Incident Log is a means to record all environmental incidents and/or all non-compliance notice would not be issued. An environmental incident is defined as:

- Any deviation from the listed impact management actions (listed in this EMPr) that
 may be addressed immediately by the ECOs. (For example, a contractor's staff
 member littering or a drip tray that has not been emptied);
- Any environmental impact resulting from an action or activity by a contractor in contravention of the environmental stipulations and guidelines listed in the EMPr which as a single event would have a minor impact but which if cumulative and continuous would have a significant effect (for example no toilet paper available in the ablutions for an afternoon); and
- General environmental information such as road kills or injured wildlife.

The ECOs are to record all environmental incidents in the Environmental Incident Log. All incidents regardless of severity must be reported to the Developer. The Log is to be kept in the EMPr file and at a minimum the following will be recorded for each environmental incident:

- The date and time of the incident;
- Description of the incident;
- The name of the Contractor responsible;
- The incident must be listed as significant or minor;
- If the incident is listed as significant, a non-compliance notice must be issued, and recorded in the log;
- Remedial or corrective action taken to mitigate the incident; and
- Record of repeat minor offences by the same contractor or staff member.

The Environmental Incident Log will be captured in the EAR.

4.7 Non-compliance

A non-compliance notice will be issued to the responsible contractor by the ECOs via the DSS or Project Manager. The non-compliance notice will be issued in writing; a copy filed in the EMPr file and will at a minimum include the following:

- Time and date of the non-compliance;
- Name of the contractor responsible;
- Nature and description of the non-compliance;
- Recommended / required corrective action; and
- Date by which the corrective action to be completed.
- The contractors shall act immediately when a notice of non-compliance is received and correct whatever is the cause for the issuing of the notice. Complaints received regarding activities on the development site pertaining to the environment shall be

recorded in a dedicated register and the response noted with the date and action taken. The ECO should be made aware of any complaints. Any non-compliance with the agreed procedures of the EMPr is a transgression of the various statutes and laws that define the manner by which the environment is managed. Failure to redress the cause shall be reported to the relevant CA for them to deal with the transgression, as it deems fit. The contractor is deemed not to have complied with the EMPr if, inter alia, There is a deviation from the environmental conditions, impact management outcomes and impact management actions activities, as approved in generic and site specific EMPr as relevant as set out in the EMPr, which deviation has, or may cause, an environmental impact.

4.8 Corrective action records

For each non-compliance notice issued, a documented corrective action must be recorded. On receiving a non-compliance notice from the DSS, the contractor's cEO will ensure that the corrective actions required take place within the stipulated timeframe. On completion of the corrective action the cEO is to issue a Corrective Action Report in writing to the ECOs. If satisfied that the corrective action has been completed, the ECOs are to sign-off on the Corrective Action Report, and attach the report to the non-compliance notice in the EMPr file. A corrective action is considered complete once the report has signed off by the ECOs.

4.9 Photographic record

A digital photographic record will be kept. The photographic record will be used to show before, during and post rehabilitation evidence of the project as well used in cases of damages claims if they arise. Each image must be dated and a brief description note attached.

The Contractor shall:

1. Allow the ECOs access to take photographs of all areas, activities and actions.

The ECOs shall keep an electronic database of photographic records which will include:

- 1. Pictures of all areas designated as work areas, camp areas, development sites and storage areas taken before these areas are set up;
- 2. All bunding and fencing;
- 3. Road conditions and road verges;
- 4. Condition of all farm fences;
- 5. Topsoil storage areas;
- 6. All areas to be cordoned off during construction;
- 7. Waste management sites;
- 8. Ablution facilities (inside and out);
- 9. Any non-conformances deemed to be "significant";
- 10. All completed corrective actions for non-compliances;
- 11. All required signage;
- 12. Photographic recordings of incidents;
- 13. All areas before, during and post rehabilitation; and
- 14. Include relevant photographs in the Final Environmental Audit Report.

4.10 Complaints register

The ECOs shall keep a current and up-to-date complaints register. The complaints register is to be a record of all complaints received from communities, stakeholders and individuals. The Complaints Record shall:

- 1. Record the name and contact details of the complainant;
- 2. Record the time and date of the complaint;
- 3. Contain a detailed description of the complaint;
- 4. Where relevant and appropriate, contain photographic evidence of the complaint or damage (ECOs to take relevant photographs); and
- 5. Contain a copy of the ECOs written response to each complaint received and keep a record of any further correspondence with the complainant. The ECO's written response will include a description of any corrective action to be taken and must be signed by the Contractor, ECO and affected party. Where a damage claim is issued by the complainant, the ECOs shall respond as described in (section 4.11) below.

4.11 Claims for damages

In the event that a Claim for Damages is submitted by a community, landowner or individual, the ECOs shall:

- 1. Record the full detail of the complaint as described in (section 4.10) above;
- 2. The DPM will evaluate the claim and associated damage and submit the evaluation to the Senior Site Representative for approval;
- 3. Following consideration by the DPM, the claim is to be resolved and settled immediately, or the reason for not accepting the claim communicated in writing to the claimant. Should the claimant not accept this, the ECO shall, in writing report the incident to the Developer's negotiator and legal department; and
- 4. A formal record of the response by the ECOs to the claimant as well as the rectification of the method of making payments not amount will be recorded in the EMPr file.

4.12 Interactions with affected parties

Open, transparent and good relations with affected landowners, communities and regional staff are an essential aspect to the successful management and mitigation of environmental impacts.

The ECOs shall:

- 1. Ensure that all queries, complaints and claims are dealt within an agreed timeframe;
- 2. Ensure that any or all agreements are documented, signed by all parties and a record of the agreement kept in the EMPr file;
- 3. Ensure that a complaints telephone numbers are made available to all landowners and affected parties; and
- 4. Ensure that contact with affected parties is courteous at all times;

4.13 Environmental audits

Internal environmental audits of the activity and implementation of the EMPr must be undertaken. The findings and outcomes included in the EMPr file and submitted to the CA at intervals as indicated in the EA.

The ECOs must prepare a monthly EAR. The report will be tabled as the key point on the agenda of the Environmental Site Meeting. The Report is submitted for acceptance at the meeting and the final report will be circulated to the Project Manager and filed in the EMPr file. At a frequency determined by the EA, the ECOs shall submit the monthly reports to the CA. At a minimum the monthly report is to cover the following:

- * Weekly Environmental Checklists;
- Deviations and non-compliances with the checklists;
- Non-compliances issued;
- Completed and reported corrective actions;
- * Environmental Monitoring;
- * General environmental findings and actions; and
- * Minutes of the Bi-monthly Environmental Site Meetings.

4.14 Final environmental audits

On final completion of the rehabilitation and/or requirements of the EA a final EAR is to be prepared and submitted to the CA. The EAR must comply with Appendix 7 of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 1: Pre-approved generic EMPr template

5. IMPACT MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES AND IMPACT MANAGEMENT ACTIONS

This section provides a pre-approved generic EMPr template with aspects that are common to the development of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity. There is a list of aspects identified for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, and for each aspect a set of prescribed impact management outcomes and associated impact management actions have been identified. Holders of EAs are responsible to ensure the implementation of these outcomes and actions for all projects as a minimum requirement, in order to mitigate the impact of such aspects identified for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity.

The template provided below is to be completed by providing the information under each heading for each environmental impact management action.

The completed template must be signed and dated on each page by both the contractor and the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as Appendix 1. Each method statement must also be duly signed and dated on each page by the contactor and the holder of the EA. This template, once signed and dated, is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

5.1 Environmental awareness training

Impact management outcome: All onsite staff are aware and understand the individual responsibilities in terms of this EMPr.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
All staff must receive environmental awareness training prior to commencement of the activities.	ECO / cEO / dEO	Hold environmental awareness training workshops	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Monthly and as and when required	Attendance register and training minutes / notes for the record
The Contractor must allow for sufficient sessions to train all personnel with no more than 20 personnel attending each course.	Contractor	Scheduling of sufficient sessions through consultation with the ECO / cEO / dEO	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Monthly and as and when required	Attendance register and training minutes / notes for the record
Refresher environmental awareness training is available as and when required.	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Hold refresher environmental awareness training workshops	During the construction phase	ECO dEO	Monthly and as and when required	Attendance register and training minutes / notes for the record
 All staff are aware of the conditions and controls linked to the EA and within the EMPr and made aware of their individual roles and responsibilities in achieving compliance with the EA and EMPr. 	cEO / dEO	Hold training workshops and ensure that the EA and EMPr is readily available	During the construction phase	ECO dEO	Monthly and as and when required	Attendance register and training minutes / notes for the record
 The Contractor must erect and maintain information posters at key locations on site, and the posters must include the following information as a minimum: a) Safety notifications; and b) No littering. 	Contractor	Develop and place appropriate posters at key locations	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO cEO	Monthly	Photographic record

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Environmental awareness training must include as a minimum the following: a) Description of significant environmental impacts, actual or potential, related to their work activities; b) Mitigation measures to be implemented when carrying out specific activities; c) Emergency preparedness and response procedures; d) Emergency procedures; e) Procedures to be followed when working near or within sensitive areas; f) Wastewater management procedures; g) Water usage and conservation; h) Solid waste management procedures; i) Sanitation procedures; 	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Implementation Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the minimum requirements	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Prior to the commencemen t of the environmental awareness training	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist
k) Disease prevention. A record of all environmental awareness training courses undertaken as part of the EMPr must be available.	ECO / cEO / dEO	Filing system including all proof of training (i.e. attendance register and training minutes / notes for the record)	During the construction phase	ECO dEO	Monthly	Completed and up to date filing system with proof of training
 Educate workers on the dangers of open and/or unattended fires. 	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Prior to the commencemen t of the environmental	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		the dangers of open and/or unattended fire			awareness training	
A staff attendance register of all staff to have received environmental awareness training must be available.	ECO / cEO / dEO	Filing system including all proof of training (i.e. attendance register)	During the construction phase	ECO dEO	Monthly	Completed and up to date filing system inclusive of all attendance registers
Course material must be available and presented in appropriate languages that all staff can understand.	ECO / cEO / dEO	Develop environmental awareness training material in the required languages. Training material must by readily available to all staff	During the construction phase	ECO dEO	Monthly	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist and the training register which must indicate the language of the training

5.2 Site Establishment development

Impact management outcome: Impacts on the environment are minimized during site establishment and the development footprint are kept to demarcated development area.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
A method statement must be provided by the contractor prior to any onsite activity that includes the layout of the construction camp in the form of a plan showing the location of key infrastructure and services (where applicable), including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous materials storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management.	Contractor	Development of an appropriate method statement	Pre-construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of the method statement which complies with the minimum requirements listed
Location of construction camps must be within approved area to ensure that the site does not impact on sensitive areas identified in the environmental assessment or site walk through.	DPM	Place construction camps outside of sensitive areas identified in the Basic Assessment Report	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of a layout and sensitivity map indicating avoidance of sensitive areas
Sites must be located where possible on previously disturbed areas.	DPM	Place site outside of sensitive areas and within previously disturbed areas	Pre-construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of a layout and sensitivity map indicating avoidance of sensitive areas

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		identified in the				and placement
		BA Report				within disturbed
						areas
The camp must be fenced in accordance with	DPM	Design and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	The camp is
Section 5.5: Fencing and gate installation.		implementation	& Construction	dEO	construction	fenced in
		of fencing as			and once	accordance
		per the			during the	with Section 5.5
		requirements of			construction of	of this EMPr
		Section 5.5 of			the fencing	
		this EMPr				
The use of existing accommodation for contractor	Not applicable – the development of new accommodation is not proposed. Employees will be accommodated					e accommodated
staff, where possible, is encouraged.	in the nearby tow	vns such as Kroonsta	d and transported	to and from site da	ily.	

5.3 Access restricted areas

Impact management outcome: Access to restricted areas prevented.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Identification of access restricted areas is to be 	dEO / cEO in	Spatially	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Access
informed by the environmental assessment, site walk	consultation	demarcate			construction	restricted areas
through and any additional areas identified during	with the ECO	access				are identified
development.		restricted areas				and provided in
		informed by the				a spatial format
		EIA Report				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Erect, demarcate and maintain a temporary barrier with clear signage around the perimeter of any access restricted area, colour coding could be used if appropriate.	dEO / cEO in consultation with the ECO	Erect appropriate temporary barriers around access restricted areas	At the commencement and for the duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Access restricted areas are closed-off through temporary barriers and barriers are maintained to a sufficient standard
Unauthorised access and development related activity inside access restricted areas is prohibited.	Contractor / dEO / cEO	Erect appropriate temporary barriers around access restricted areas and provide clear signage of restricted status	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Photographic evidence and/or notes of compliance that no unauthorised access or activities has taken place within the access restricted areas

5.4 Access roads

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment through the planned and restricted movement of vehicles on site.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
An access agreement must be formalized and signed by the DPM, Contractor and landowner before commencing with the activities.	DPM Contractor	Develop access agreements with the affected landowners. Ensure that agreements are approved and signed	Pre-construction	dEO ECO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of approved and signed agreement/s
All private roads used for access to the servitude must be maintained and upon completion of the works, be left in at least the original condition.	Contractor	Undertake maintenance activities on private roads used for construction as degradation takes place	During the construction phase	cEO / ECO	Weekly	Photographic record of the pre-construction condition and degradation of roads, and records of the implementation and effectiveness of maintenance activities
All contractors must be made aware of all these access routes.	dEO / cEO	Develop a map illustrating all access routes associated with the project and present and	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Once, prior to construction	Access routes map readily available

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		provide the				
		map to all				
		contractors				
Any access route deviation from that in the written	Contractor	All access routes	Construction	ECO	Bi-weekly (every	Photographic
agreement must be closed and re-vegetated		developed that	and		two weeks)	record of the
immediately, at the contractor's expense.		are not in-line	Rehabilitation			closure of
		with the access				access roads
		route				and re-
		agreements				vegetation
		must be closed				
		and re-				
		habilitated to				
		the pre-				
		disturbance				
		state				
Maximum use of both existing servitudes and existing	Contractor (and	Existing access	Construction	cEO	Weekly	Implementation
roads must be made to minimise further disturbance	Eskom	routes to be	and operation	Operation and		of the approved
through the development of new roads.	maintenance	used must be		maintenance		layout
	staff where	specified and		team		
	relevant to	the				
	operation)	development of				
		new roads must				
		be avoided as				
		far as possible				
 In circumstances where private roads must be used, 	dEO / cEO	Record the	During the	ECO	Prior to the use	Photographic
the condition of the said roads must be recorded in		conditions of	construction		of private roads	record and
accordance with section 4.9: photographic record;		private roads to	phase			proof of the
prior to use and the condition thereof agreed by the		be used (prior to				road conditions
landowner, the DPM, and the contractor.		use) as per the				agreed upon
		requirements of				with the relevant
		section 4.9 and				parties

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		agree on the					
		required					
		condition of the					
		roads with the					
		landowner, DPM					
		and contractor					
Access roads in flattish areas must follow fence lines	DPM and	Design access	Pre-construction	ECO	Once during the	Implementation	
and tree belts to avoid fragmentation of vegetated	Contractor	roads to follow			design and	of the approved	
areas or croplands.		fence lines and			once prior to	layout	
		avoid			construction		
		vegetated					
		areas					
 Access roads must only be developed on pre- 	Contractor	Construction of	During the	ECO	Once during the	Implementation	
planned and approved roads.		access roads	construction	dEO	design and	of the approved	
		only on pre-	phase		weekly during	layout	
		planned and			the construction		
		approved			of access roads		
		access roads					

5.5 Fencing and Gate installation

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and gates where required.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Use existing gates provided to gain access to all parts 	Contractor	Identify and	Pre-construction	dEO	Monthly	Existing gates
of the area authorised for development, where		inform all	& Construction			are utilised on a
possible.		relevant staff of				frequent basis

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		the existing				and only limited
		gates to be				new access
		used				gates are
						developed
 Existing and new gates to be recorded and documented in accordance with section 4.9: photographic record. 	ECO	Existing and new gates will be recorded and documented as	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, when the construction of all new gates has been	Photographic record of the existing and new gates as
		per the requirements of section 4.9			completed	per the requirements of section4.9
 All gates must be fitted with locks and be kept locked at all times during the development phase, unless otherwise agreed with the landowner. 	Contractor	Ensure all relevant gates are fitted with locks and are always locked	Construction and Operation	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Bi-weekly (every second week)	All gates are locked and no complaints from landowners are received in this regard
 At points where the line crosses an existing fence in which there is no suitable gate within the extent of the line servitude, on the instruction of the DPM, a gate must be installed at the approval of the landowner. 		Install new gates where required with the approval of the affected landowner	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, prior to construction and during the construction phase, as and when required	New gates are installed where required
Care must be taken that the gates must be so erected that there is a gap of no more than 100 mm between the bottom of the gate and the ground.	Contractor	Install gates in a manner so that there is a gap of no more than 100mm between the bottom of the	During the construction phase	cEO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase	New gates installed as per the requirement

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation gate and the	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Where gates are installed in jackal proof fencing, a	Contractor	ground Implement a	During the	cEO	Once, during	New gates
suitable reinforced concrete sill must be provided beneath the gate.		reinforced concrete sill beneath gates installed for jackal proofing	construction phase		the erection of the gates during the construction phase	installed as per the requirement
Original tension must be maintained in the fence wires.	Contractor	Maintain original tension of fences through required activities	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No tension reduction on fence wires
 All gates installed in electrified fencing must be re- electrified. 	Contractor	Electrify gates installed in electrified fencing	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase	Gates installed in electrified fencing is electrified
 All demarcation fencing and barriers must be maintained in good working order for the duration of the development activities. 	Contractor	Undertake maintenance activities on fences and barriers	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of maintained fences and barriers
 Fencing must be erected around the camp, batching plants, hazardous storage areas, and all designated access restricted areas, where applicable. 	Contractor	Fence construction camps, batching plants, hazardous storage areas	During the construction phase	ECO	Once during the erection of fencing	Photographic record of fences erected

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		and access restricted areas				
Any temporary fencing to restrict the movement of life- stock must only be erected with the permission of the land owner.	dEO/ cEO Contractor	Obtain written approval from the relevant landowner where temporary fencing is required to restrict life-stock movement	During the construction phase	ECO	To be monitored as temporary fencing is required	Written approval to be provided by the dEO
All fencing must be developed of high-quality material bearing the SABS mark.	Contractor	Make use of high-quality materials approved by SABS	During the construction phase	cEO	To be monitored as fencing is erected during the construction phase	Use of high- quality materials for fencing approved by SABS
The use of razor wire as fencing must be avoided as far as possible.	Contractor	Razor wire must not be sourced or used for the erection of fencing	During the construction phase	ECO	To be monitored as fencing is erected during the construction phase	Fences erected do not make use of razor wire
Fenced areas with gate access must remain locked after hours, during weekends and on holidays if staff is away from site. Site security will be required at all times.	DSS and Contractor	Ensure fenced areas are locked as required through the implementation of a formalised process.	During the construction phase	CEO	Weekly and as and when required	Fences are locked and no complaints from landowners are received. A security company is appointed

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		Appoint a security company				
On completion of the development phase, all temporary fences are to be removed.	Contractor	Removal of all temporary fences	At the end of the Construction Phase	ECO dEO	Once, following the completion of the construction phase	No temporary fences associated with the project is present following the completion of the construction phase
The contractor must ensure that all fence uprights are appropriately removed, ensuring that no uprights are cut at ground level but rather removed completely.	Contractor	Appropriate removal of all fence uprights	At the end of the Construction Phase	ECO dEO	Once, following the completion of the construction phase	No fence uprights associated with the project is present following the completion of the construction phase

5.6 Water Supply Management

Impact management outcome: Undertake responsible water usage.								
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring				
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
All abstraction points or bore holes must be registered with the DWS and suitable water meters installed to ensure that the abstracted volumes are measured on a daily basis;	DPM and Contractor	Obtaining relevant registrations from DWS and installation of water meters	Pre-construction	cEO	To be monitored with the installation of water meters and daily during construction and operation	Use of high quality water meters		
 The Contractor must ensure the following: a. The vehicle abstracting water from a river does not enter or cross it and does not operate from within the river; b. No damage occurs to the river bed or banks and that the abstraction of water does not entail stream diversion activities; and c. All reasonable measures to limit pollution or sedimentation of the downstream watercourse are implemented. 	Not applicable – N	No abstraction from	a river proposed.					
 Ensure water conservation is being practiced by: a. Minimising water use during cleaning of equipment; b. Undertaking regular audits of water systems; and c. Including a discussion on water usage and conservation during environmental awareness training. d. The use of grey water is encouraged. 	Contractor / dEO / cEO in consultation with the ECO	Implement the required water conservation measures throughout onsite construction processes	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Successful implementation of water conservation		

5.7 Storm and wastewater management

Impact management outcome: Impacts to the environment caused by storm water and wastewater discharges during construction are avoided.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
 Runoff from the cement/ concrete batching areas must be strictly controlled, and contaminated water must be collected, stored and either treated or disposed of off-site, at a location approved by the project manager. 		Implement measures for the control and management of runoff	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	No mismanagement of runoff or contaminated water due to the temporary concrete batching plant		
 All spillage of oil onto concrete surfaces must be controlled by the use of an approved absorbent material and the used absorbent material disposed of at an appropriate waste disposal facility. 		Obtain approved absorbent material and make use of licensed waste disposal facilities for disposal of oil	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Availability of approved absorbent material at the construction site and proof of disposal of oil at licenses disposal facilities		
 Natural stormwater runoff not contaminated during the development and clean water can be discharged directly to watercourses and water bodies, subject to the Project Manager's approval and support by the ECO. 	consultation	Consultation between the DPM and the ECO to determine if water can be discharged directly into water bodies (where present).	During the construction phase	ECO	As and when the need arises to discharge natural stormwater runoff and clean water	Proof of consultation between the DPM and ECO and the outcomes thereof to be provided. Proof of water quality testing and the results thereof.		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
- Water that has been contaminated with suspended solids, such as soils and silt, may be released into watercourses or water bodies only once all suspended solids have been removed from the water by settling out these solids in settlement ponds. The release of settled water back into the environment must be subject to the Project Manager's approval and support by the ECO.	DPM in consultation with the ECO	The necessary water quality testing must be undertaken prior to discharge Consultation between the DPM and the ECO to determine if water can be discharged directly into water bodies (where present). The necessary water quality testing must be undertaken prior to discharge	During the construction phase	ECO	As and when the need arises to discharge water	Proof of consultation between the DPM and ECO and the outcomes thereof to be provided. Proof of water quality testing and the results thereof.

5.8 Solid and hazardous waste management

Impact management outcome: Wastes are appropriately stored, handled and safely disposed of at a recognised waste facility.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All measures regarding waste management must be undertaken using an integrated waste management approach. 		Develop and implement a waste management plan	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Implementation of the waste management plan and proof of waste management through proof of responsible disposal
 Sufficient, covered waste collection bins (scavenger and weatherproof) must be provided. 	Contractor	Provision of appropriate waste collection bins which are strategically placed throughout the site	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Appropriate waste collection bins are available throughout the site
A suitably positioned and clearly demarcated waste collection site must be identified and provided.	DPM and Contractor	Identify an appropriate location for the waste collection site which must be clearly demarcated through signage and temporary fencing	Design and Construction Phase	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	A waste collection site is appropriately placed and demarcated

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
The waste collection site must be maintained in a clean and orderly manner.	Contractor	Regular collection of waste and maintenance of the area must be undertaken as per the waste requirements for the project during construction	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	The waste collection site is maintained and clean	
Waste must be segregated into separate bins and clearly marked for each waste type for recycling and safe disposal.	Contractor	Provide separate and marked bins for the different waste types associated with the construction phase	During the Construction Phase	cEO	Weekly	Separate waste bins are available on site and waste generated is separated into the relevant bins	
Staff must be trained in waste segregation.	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Include waste segregation as part of the environmental awareness training material.	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist	
Bins must be emptied regularly.	Contractor	Bins must be emptied before reaching total capacity and on a regular	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No mismanagemen t of bins.	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		basis as required for the project					
General waste produced onsite must be disposed of at registered waste disposal sites/ recycling company.	Contractor	Disposal of general waste at licensed waste disposal facilities must be undertaken as per the waste management plan	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided	
Hazardous waste must be disposed of at a registered waste disposal site.	Contractor	Disposal of hazardous waste at licensed waste disposal facilities must be undertaken as per the waste management plan	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided	
Certificates of safe disposal for general, hazardous and recycled waste must be maintained.	Contractor	Obtain certificates for safe disposal of waste	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided and filed as part of the filing system	

5.9 Protection of watercourses and estuaries

Impact management outcome: Pollution and contamination of the watercourse environment and or estuary erosion are prevented.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 All watercourses must be protected from direct or indirect spills of pollutants such as solid waste, sewage, cement, oils, fuels, chemicals, aggregate tailings, wash and contaminated water or organic material resulting from the Contractor's activities. 	Contractor	Contractor to undertake activities which can cause spills of pollutants outside of watercourses	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	No incidents reported of spillage of pollutants into watercourses	
In the event of a spill, prompt action must be taken to clear the polluted or affected areas.	Contractor and cEO	Develop a management plan or process for implementation should a spill take place	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Feedback must be provided by the contractor in terms of how the spill was handled and photographic evidence of the feedback must be provided and kept on record	
Where possible, no development equipment must traverse any seasonal or permanent wetland.	cEO and Contractor	Ensure layout has been informed by the environmental sensitivities as determined by the environmental impact	Construction Phase	ECO	Once off review that the layout used is the approved one	Confirm no development equipment traverses any seasonal or permanent wetland as per the authorised layout by	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		assessment and				reviewing the
		specialist studies				as-built designs
						(once-off
						confirmation)
 No return flow into the estuaries must be allowed and no disturbance of the Estuarine functional Zone should occur. 	Not applicable –	no estuaries are loc	ated within the stud	dy area.		
Development of permanent watercourse or estuary crossing must only be undertaken where no alternative access to tower position is available.	cEO, Contractor	Ensure that permeant crossings (access roads) are provided for access to the grid connection corridor if no alternative crossing is available.	During the construction phase	cEO	Weekly	Ensure that permeant crossings are developed if there is no alternative.
There must not be any impact on the long-term morphological dynamics of watercourses or estuaries.	DPM, cEO	Develop a management plan or process for implementation should a spill take place within a watercourse and ensure continually monitoring	During the construction and operation phase	ECO, dEO	For all phases of the project life cycle (i.e. construction, operation, decommissionin g)	No incidents reported of spillage of pollutants into watercourses

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
 Existing crossing points must be favoured over the creation of new crossings (including temporary access). 	DPM, cEO	Develop a management plan or process for implementation should a spill take place within a watercourse and ensure continually monitoring	During the pre- construction and construction phase	ECO, dEO	During the construction phase of the project.	Existing crossing points utilised as opposed to new ones created and no incidents reported of spillage of pollutants into watercourses	
 When working in or near any watercourse or estuary, the following environmental controls and consideration must be taken: a) Water levels during the period of construction. No altering of the bed, banks, course or characteristics of a watercourse; b) During the execution of the works, appropriate measures to prevent pollution and contamination of the riparian environment must be implemented e.g. including ensuring that construction equipment is well maintained; c) Where earthwork is being undertaken in close proximity to any watercourse, slopes must be stabilised using suitable materials, i.e., sandbags or geotextile fabric, to prevent sand and rock from entering the channel; and d) Appropriate rehabilitation and re-vegetation measures for the watercourse banks must be implemented timeously. In this regard, the banks should 	Contractor	Activities undertaken near watercourses must be in-line with and consider the specified environmental controls	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No degradation of the watercourses and no incidents of destruction reported	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
be appropriately and incrementally stabilised as soon as development allows.						

5.10 Vegetation clearing

Impact management outcome: Vegetation clearing is restricted to the authorised development footprint of the proposed infrastructure.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
General:							
Indigenous vegetation which does not interfere with the development must be left undisturbed.	cEO and contractor	Demarcate areas of indigenous vegetation to be avoided before clearance is undertaken	Construction and operation (i.e. for maintenance purposes)	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Weekly, and as and when required	No unnecessary clearance of indigenous vegetation is undertaken	
 Protected or endangered species may occur on or near the development site. Special care should be taken not to damage such species. 	Contractor	Demarcate areas containing protected or endangered species to be avoided by	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly, and as and when required	No clearance of protected or endangered species other than those permitted to be removed	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation construction activities	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Search, rescue and replanting of all protected and endangered species likely to be damaged during project development must be identified by the relevant specialist and completed prior to any development or clearing. 	specialist in	Develop and implement a Plant Search and Rescue Plan	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Weekly, and as and when required	Implementation of the Plant Search and Rescue Plan and photographic evidence and notes of the implementation of the plan
Permits for removal must be obtained from the relevant CA prior to the cutting or clearing of the affected species, and they must be filed.	DPM	Undertake the permitting process in order to obtain the relevant permits for the removal of protected species. Permits must be kept on file	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of the construction phase and removal of the protected species	Permits on file
 The Environmental Audit Report must confirm that all identified species have been rescued and replanted and that the location of replanting is compliant with conditions of approvals. 	ECO	Ensure that the audit report indicates all species rescued and replanted and provides feedback in terms of	During the Construction Phase and following the completion of the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Rescue and replanted species reported in Audit Report

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
Trees felled due to construction must be documented and form part of the Environmental Audit Report.	ECO	compliance with the conditions of permits for replanting Ensure that the audit report documents the details of trees felled	During the Construction Phase and following the completion of the Construction	ECO	Monthly	Felled Trees reported in Audit Report
Rivers and watercourses must be kept clear of felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris. Only a registered past control energies may gonly.	Contractor	Felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris must be disposed of at a licensed waste disposal facility	Phase During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	No felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris are dumped in inappropriate locations and disposal certificates are available as proof of responsible disposal
 Only a registered pest control operator may apply herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial application must be carried out under the supervision of a registered pest control operator, supervision of a registered pest control operator or is appropriately trained. 	DPM and Contractor	A suitably qualified pest control operator must be appointed	Construction and Operation	ECO	As and when the use of herbicides is required	Only registered pest control operators must be appointed and proof of their registration

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		must be provided	
A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage.	Contractor	Develop a daily register for the documentation of the details of herbicide usage	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Daily register provided by the pest control operator	
No herbicides must be used in estuaries	Not applicable - r	no estuaries are pre:	sent within the stud	y area			
 All protected species and sensitive vegetation not removed must be clearly marked and such areas fenced off in accordance to Section 5.3: Access restricted areas. 		Spatially demarcate protected species and sensitive vegetation and implement appropriate fencing where required as per section 5.3	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, during the undertaking of the demarcation of the areas and the erection of the fencing	Demarcation and fencing is undertaken in- line with the requirements of section 5.3	
Alien invasive vegetation must be removed and disposed of at a licensed waste management facility.	Contractor	Remove all alien invasive vegetation and dispose of the removed vegetation at a licensed waste management facility	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided and filed as part of the filing system	

5.11 Protection of fauna

Impact management outcome: Disturbance to fauna is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 No interference with livestock must occur without the landowner's written consent and with the landowner or a person representing the landowner being present. The breeding sites of raptors and other wild bird species must be taken into consideration during the planning 	dEO / cEO Contractor dEO / cEO in consultation	Develop a procedure for dealing with livestock within the affected properties Ensure that the planning and	Pre-construction and during the construction phase Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and as and when required during the construction phase Once, prior to the	Written consent provided by the landowner and proof of representation of the landowner during interference The planning and	
of the development programme.	with the Contractor	development programme considers breeding sites for wild bird species	& CONSTRUCTION		commencemen t of construction and as and when required	development programme which includes the consideration of breeding sites for wild bird species	
 Breeding sites must be kept intact and disturbance to breeding birds must be avoided. Special care must be taken where nestlings or fledglings are present. 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Avoid breeding sites and ensure that special care is taken in the presence of nestlings and fledgelings	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Weekly, and as and when required during the construction. Monthly, and as and when	Photographic record of intact breeding sites	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
					required during operation	
Special recommendations of the avian specialist must be adhered to at all times to prevent unnecessary disturbance of birds.	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	All mitigation measures recommended by the avifauna specialist must be implemented	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Weekly during construction and monthly during operation	Photographic record of compliance and successful implementation of the recommended measures
No poaching must be tolerated under any circumstances. All animal dens in close proximity to the works areas must be marked as Access restricted areas.	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	All site staff must be informed of this requirement during the Environmental Awareness Training and the consequences of not adhering to the requirement. These areas must be demarcated as Access Restricted Areas	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No instances of poaching is reported
No deliberate or intentional killing of fauna is allowed.	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	All site staff must be informed of this requirement during the	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No instances of deliberate or intentional killing is reported

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training and the				
		consequences				
		of not adhering				
		to the				
		requirement.				
		These areas				
		must be				
		demarcated as				
		Access				
		Restricted Areas				
In areas where snakes are abundant, snake deterrents	dEO / cEO in	Implement and	During the	ECO	Once, during	Photographic
are to be deployed on the pylons to prevent snakes	consultation	maintain snake	Construction	Operation and	the construction	record of the
climbing up, being electrocuted and causing power	with the	deterrents in	Phase	maintenance	and as and	implementation
outages.	Contractor	areas where	Operation	team	when required.	and
		snakes are	Phase		Monthly during	maintenance of
		abundant			operation	snake deterrents
– No Threatened or Protected species (ToPs) and/or	DPM in	Undertake a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Permits for
protected fauna as listed according NEMBA (Act No.	consultation	permitting			the	removal
10 of 2004) and relevant provincial ordinances may be	with the dEO	process to			commencemen	and/relocation
removed and/or relocated without appropriate		obtain the			t of construction	must be kept on
authorisations/permits.		required permits			and as and	file and be
					when required	readily available

5.12 Protection of heritage resources

Impact management outcome: Impact to heritage resources is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
- Identify, demarcate and prevent impact to all known sensitive heritage features on site in accordance with the No-Go procedure in Section 5.3: Access restricted areas.	DPM and a	Undertake a Heritage Walk- through Survey Spatially identify and demarcate areas of heritage significance as per the Heritage Walk-through Report and as per the requirements of section 5.3	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Proof of avoidance of sensitive heritage features through details of avoidance and photographic records	
 Carry out general monitoring of excavations for potential fossils, artefacts and material of heritage importance. 	Suitably qualified specialist in consultation with the ECO	Appoint a suitably qualified specialist to carry out the monitoring of excavations for fossils, artefacts and important heritage material	During the Construction Phase	ECO	During the undertaking of excavations of fossils, artefacts and heritage material	Proof of appointment of a suitably qualified specialist and photographic record of required monitoring by the specialist	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
All work must cease immediately, if any human remains	dEO / cEO in	Develop and	During the	ECO	Weekly, during	Proof of work
and/or other archaeological, palaeontological and	consultation	implement	Construction		the construction	ceased and the
historical material are uncovered. Such material, if	with the	procedures for	Phase		phase and as	required
exposed, must be reported to the nearest museum,	Contractor and	situations where			and when	procedures
archaeologist/ palaeontologist (or the South African	ECO	human remains,			required	followed in
Police Services), so that a systematic and professional		archaeological,				cases where
investigation can be undertaken. Sufficient time must		palaeontologic				material is
be allowed to remove/collect such material before		al or historical				discovered.
development recommences.		material are				
		uncovered				

5.13 Safety of the public

Impact management outcome: All precautions are taken to minimise the risk of injury, harm or complaints.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Identify fire hazards, demarcate and restrict public	cEO in	Develop an	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Compliance
access to these areas as well as notify the local	consultation	Emergency	Construction		the	with the
authority of any potential threats e.g. large brush	with the	Preparedness,			commencemen	Emergency
stockpiles, fuels etc.	Contractor	Response and			t of construction	Preparedness,
		Fire			and weekly	Response and
		Management			during the	Fire
		Plan specific to			construction	Management
		the project			phase	Plan
 All unattended open excavations must be adequately 	Contractor	Ensure that all	During the	ECO	Weekly	Excavations are
fenced or demarcated.		excavations	Construction			fenced where
		undertaken is	Phase			required and
		fenced and				photographic

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		demarcated				proof can be	
		within a				provided	
		reasonable					
		timeframe and					
		in instances					
		where					
		excavations will					
		be open for					
		long-periods of					
		time					
 Adequate protective measures must be implemented 	Contractor	All staff must be	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No incidents of	
to prevent unauthorised access to and climbing of		easily	construction		and when	unauthorised	
partly constructed infrastructure and protective		identifiable and	phase		required	climbing is	
scaffolding.		the climbing of				reported	
		infrastructure					
		and scaffolding					
		must be					
		undertaken by					
		authorised					
		personnel as					
		managed by					
		the Contractor					
- Ensure structures vulnerable to high winds are secured.	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Weekly, and as	No incidents of	
		sufficient	construction		and when	unstable	
		stabilisation	phase		required	structures due to	
		measures are				high winds is	
		implemented to				reported	
		secure structures					
		vulnerable to					
		high winds					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
Maintain an incidents and complaints register in which	cEO	Compile and	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	The incidents
all incidents or complaints involving the public are		regularly update	construction		and when	and complaints
logged.		as incidents and	phase		required	register is
		complaints are				complete and
		submitted from				provides all the
		the public and				required details
		indicate the				
		actions taken to				
		resolve the				
		complaint				

5.14 Sanitation

Impact management outcome: Clean and well-maintained toilet facilities are available to all staff in an effort to minimise the risk of disease and impact to the environment.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
 Mobile chemical toilets are installed onsite if no other 	Contractor	Mobile	During the	ECO	Weekly	Mobile toilets	
ablution facilities are available.		chemical toilets	Construction			are installed and	
		must be placed	Phase			avoid	
		appropriately				environmental	
		and in areas				sensitivities	
		which avoid					
		environmental					
		sensitivities					
- The use of ablution facilities and or mobile toilets must	Contractor in	All site staff must	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly, and as	No evidence of	
be used at all times and no indiscriminate use of the	consultation	be informed of	& Construction		and when	non-compliance	
veld for the purposes of ablutions must be permitted	with the cEO	this requirement			required	identified	
under any circumstances.		during the					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training and the				
		consequences				
		of not adhering				
		to the				
		requirement.				
 Where mobile chemical toilets are required, the following must be ensured: a) Toilets are located no closer than 100 m to any watercourse or water body; b) Toilets are secured to the ground to prevent them from toppling due to wind or any other cause; c) No spillage occurs when the toilets are cleaned or emptied and the contents are managed in accordance with the EMPr; d) Toilets have an external closing mechanism and are closed and secured from the outside when not in use to prevent toilet paper from being blown out; e) Toilets are emptied before long weekends and workers holidays, and must be locked after working hours; and f) Toilets are serviced regularly and the ECO must inspect toilets to ensure compliance to health standards. 	Contractor in consultation with the cEO	The installation of the toilets by the Contractor must be as per the listed requirements	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	No evidence of non-compliance identified
A copy of the waste disposal certificates must be maintained.	Contractor	Certificates obtained from the licensed waste disposal facility with the emptying of the	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Certificates for waste disposal from the licensed waste disposal facility

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		toilets must be				
		kept on file				

5.15 Prevention of disease

Impact Management outcome: All necessary precautions linked to the spread of disease are taken.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Undertake environmentally-friendly pest control in the	Contractor	Only	During the	ECO	As and when	Contractor to	
camp area.		environmentally-	Construction		pest control is	provide proof of	
		friendly pest	Phase		required for the	pest control	
		control must be			project	used being	
		used, when				environmentally-	
		required				friendly	
- Ensure that the workforce is sensitised to the effects of	cEO /	The effects of	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Environmental	
sexually transmitted diseases, especially HIV/ AIDS.	Contractor in	sexually	& Construction		the	awareness	
	consultation	transmitted			commencemen	training material	
	with the ECO	diseases and			t of construction	requirements	
		HIV/ AIDS must			and monthly	checklist	
		be covered in			during		
		the			construction		
		Environmental					
		Awareness					
		Training					
The Contractor must ensure that information posters on	Contractor	Develop and	During the	ECO	Weekly	Photographic	
HIV/ AIDS are displayed in the Contractor Camp area.		place	Construction			evidence of	
		information	Phase			poster	
						placement	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
	poison	posters on HIV/ AIDS		poison		Compliance	
 Information and education relating to sexually transmitted diseases to be made available to both construction workers and local community, where applicable. 	cEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Information and education of sexually transmitted diseases must be covered in the Environmental Awareness Training.	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist	
Free condoms must be made available to all staff on site at central points.	Contractor	Placement of free condoms in mobile toilets and at the construction camps	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of placement of free condoms by the contractor to be provided	
Medical support must be made available.	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Ensure that designated personnel with first aid training are available on site and that first aid kits to provide medical support is readily available	Construction and Operations	ECO	Monthly	Check the availability of first aid trained personnel and medical kits (including if these are complete in terms of supplies)	
 Provide access to Voluntary HIV Testing and Counselling Services. 	Contractor	Compile a HIV testing schedule and provide	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Quarterly, and as and when required	Voluntary testing schedules and proof of	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		counselling				counselling
		services where				(where
		required				undertaken)

5.16 Emergency procedures

Impact management outcome: Emergency procedures are in place to enable a rapid and effective response to all types of environmental emergencies.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Compile an Emergency Response Action Plan (ERAP)	Contractor	Develop an	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Emergency
prior to the commencement of the proposed project.		Emergency			the	Preparedness,
		Preparedness,			commencemen	Response and
		Response and			t of construction	Fire
		Fire				Management
		Management				Plan compiled
		Plan specific to				
		the project				
- The Emergency Plan must deal with accidents,	Contractor	Develop an	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Emergency
potential spillages and fires in line with relevant		Emergency			the	Preparedness,
legislation.		Preparedness,			commencemen	Response and
		Response and			t of construction	Fire
		Fire				Management
		Management				Plan includes
		Plan specific to				required
		the project				specifications
		which covers				
		accidents,				
		potential				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		spillages and fires					
All staff must be made aware of emergency procedures as part of environmental awareness training.	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the relevant emergency procedures	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the commencemen t of the environmental awareness training	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist	
The relevant local authority must be made aware of a fire as soon as it starts.	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Develop and include a procedure in the Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan for the event of a fire and the procedure to be followed for informing the local authority	Construction	ECO	As and when a fire occurs	The local authority was informed as per the relevant procedure set out in the Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan	
 In the event of emergency, necessary mitigation measures to contain the spill or leak must be implemented (see Hazardous Substances section 5.17). 	Contractor	Implement the required mitigation measures in the event of a spill or leak as per	Construction and Operations	ECO	As and when a spill or leak occurs	The mitigation measures included under Section 5.17 have been adhered to	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		the				
		requirements of				
		Section 5.17.				

5.17 Hazardous substances

Impact management outcome: Safe storage, handling, use and disposal of hazardous substances.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
The use and storage of hazardous substances to be minimised and non-hazardous and non-toxic alternatives substituted where possible.	cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Develop a strategy of how hazardous substances can be and should be minimised	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Contractor to provide evidence of substances used for proof of compliance	
All hazardous substances must be stored in suitable containers as defined in the Method Statement.	Contractor	Develop a Method Statement for the storage of hazardous substances in suitable containers	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Photographic proof that hazardous substances are stored in suitable containers as per the requirements of the relevant Method Statements	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
Containers must be clearly marked to indicate contents, quantities and safety requirements.	Contractor	Where hazardous waste is stored, these must be clearly marked indicating the required details of the contents	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic proof that containers are marked as per the requirements	
All storage areas must be bunded. The bunded area must be of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers.	Contractor	Ensure that storage areas are sufficiently bunded which are of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly during the Construction Phase	Photographic proof that storage areas are bunded and proof that the bund areas are of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers	
Bunded areas to be suitably lined with a SABS approved liner.	Contractor	Ensure that bunded storage areas are suitably lined	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, during the Construction Phase	Photographic proof that bunded storage areas are suitably lined	
 An Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance (HCS) control sheet must be drawn up and kept up to date on a continuous basis. 	The state of the s	Compile and update an Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance (HCS)	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Complete and up to date control sheet provided by the Contractor	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		control sheet specific to the project					
All hazardous chemicals that will be used on site must have Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS).	cEO / Contractor	Keep a record of all hazardous chemicals and the respective MSDS	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Record of hazardous chemicals and the respective MSDS	
 All employees working with HCS must be trained in the safe use of the substance and according to the safety data sheet. 		Provide training for personnel working with HCS	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and as and when required	Record of training provided to personnel working with HCS	
Employees handling hazardous substances / materials must be aware of the potential impacts and follow appropriate safety measures. Appropriate personal protective equipment must be made available.	*	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the relevant impacts and safety measures. Provide appropriate training and personal protective equipment for the relevant	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Prior to the commencement of the environmental awareness training and monthly during the construction phase for personal protective equipment	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist and all relevant personnel have undergone appropriate training and have access to personal protective equipment	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		personnel handling hazardous substances and materials					
The Contractor must ensure that diesel and other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid is stored in appropriate storage tanks or in bowsers.	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed or obtained for the storing of diesel, other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Storage tanks for the project are appropriate and no incidents are reported in this regard	
The tanks/ bowsers must be situated on a smooth impermeable surface (concrete) with a permanent bund. The impermeable lining must extend to the crest of the bund and the volume inside the bund must be 130% of the total capacity of all the storage tanks/ bowsers (110% statutory requirement plus an allowance for rainfall).	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed or obtained for tanks as per the requirements listed	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Storage areas for the tanks/ bowsers for the project are appropriate and no incidents are reported in this regard	
The floor of the bund must be sloped, draining to an oil separator.	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed as per the requirements listed	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, during construction	Bunded storage areas are constructed according to the requirements	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Provision must be made for refuelling at the storage area by protecting the soil with an impermeable groundcover. Where dispensing equipment is used, a drip tray must be used to ensure small spills are contained. 	Contractor	Appropriately constructed refuelling facility must be developed as per the requirements. Drip trays must be provided for use	During the Construction Phase	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Soils at the refuelling facility are protected as required and drip trays are provided and used	
All empty externally dirty drums must be stored on a drip tray or within a bunded area.	Contractor	Ensure that empty dirty drums are stored appropriately as per the requirements	During the Construction Phase	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Drip trays or bunded areas are used for the storage of dirty drums	
No unauthorised access into the hazardous substances' storage areas must be permitted.	Contractor	Ensure through the implementation of procedures that no unauthorised access is undertaken into the storage areas	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of the implementation of the relevant procedure must be provided by the contractor	
 No smoking must be allowed within the vicinity of the hazardous storage areas. 	Contractor	Inform all employees of the requirement and develop	During the Construction Phase	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Photographic record of the signage placed	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation and place relevant	implementation	person		compliance must be provided	
		signage in the relevant areas					
Adequate fire-fighting equipment must be made available at all hazardous storage areas.	Contractor	Hazardous storage areas must be fitted with adequate fire-fighting equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Adequate fire- fighting equipment is available and has been serviced	
Where refuelling away from the dedicated refuelling station is required, a mobile refuelling unit must be used. Appropriate ground protection such as drip trays must be used.	Contractor	Provide a mobile refuelling unit as well as suitable ground protection, where required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	A mobile refuelling unit and suitable ground protection is available for use	
 An appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the scale of the activity/s involving the use of hazardous substance must be available at all times. 	Contractor	Provide an appropriate spill kit for the project for the use of hazardous substances	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Appropriate spill kits are available for use	
 The responsible operator must have the required training to make use of the spill kit in emergency situations. 	cEO and Contractor	Provide training on the use of spill kits to the relevant employees	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction	Proof of training to be provided by the contractor	
 An appropriate number of spill kits must be available and must be located in all areas where activities are being undertaken. 	cEO and Contractor	Provide an appropriate number of spill	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of appropriate number of spill	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
Impact Management Actions - In the event of a spill, contaminated soil must be collected in containers and stored in a central location and disposed of according to the National Environmental Management: Waste Act 59 of 2008. Refer to Section 5.7 for procedures concerning storm and waste water management and 5.8 for solid and hazardous waste management.	Responsible person	Method of implementation kits in relevant areas Storage and disposal of contaminated soil must be in accordance with the National	Timeframe for implementation During the Construction Phase	Monitoring Responsible person ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Evidence of compliance kits in appropriate areas to be provided by the contractor Proof of storage and disposal in terms of the National Environmental Management: Waste Act must	
		Environmental Management: Waste Act and sections 5.7 and 5.8 of this EMPr				be provided. Certificates of disposal at licensed waste disposal facilities must be provided	

5.18 Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage

Impact management outcome: Soil, surface water and groundwater contamination are minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
Where possible and practical, all maintenance of vehicles and equipment must take place in the workshop area.	1	Demarcate specific areas for the maintenance of vehicles and equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	A dedicated area for the maintenance of vehicles and machinery is used.	
 During servicing of vehicles or equipment, especially where emergency repairs are effected outside the workshop area, a suitable drip tray must be used to prevent spills onto the soil. The relevant local authority must be made aware of a fire as soon as it starts. 	Contractor	Ensure that a drip tray is available for an emergency repairs required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide evidence of drip tray use for emergency repairs	
Leaking equipment must be repaired immediately or be removed from site to facilitate repair.	Contractor	Ensure that where leaking equipment is identified it is repaired immediately or removed from site for repairs	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide details of equipment repaired or removed from site	
Workshop areas must be monitored for oil and fuel spills.	cEO	Undertake regular inspections of the workshop areas for oil and fuel spills and keep an	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Register of inspection	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		updated register of inspection on site					
 Appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the scale of the activity taking place must be available. 	Contractor	Provide an appropriate spill kit for the project	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Appropriate spill kits are available for use	
- The workshop area must have a bunded concrete slab that is sloped to facilitate runoff into a collection sump or suitable oil / water separator where maintenance work on vehicles and equipment can be performed.	Contractor	Ensure that the workshop area is sufficiently bunded in accordance with the required specification	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, during the Construction Phase and as and when required	Workshop area is bunded in accordance with the required specification	
Water drainage from the workshop must be contained and managed in accordance with section 5.7: Storm and waste water management.	Contractor	Ensure that water drainage from workshop area is managed as per the requirements of section 5.7	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Workshop drainage is managed in accordance with the requirements	

5.19 Batching plants

Impact management outcome: Minimise spillages and contamination of soil and surface water.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Concrete mixing must be carried out on an impermeable surface. 	Contractor	Provide impermeable surface for the mixing of concrete	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	No concrete mixing is undertaken on open ground
Batching plants areas must be fitted with a containment facility for the collection of cement laden water.	Contractor	Provide containment facility for the collection of cement laden water	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	No cement laden water is released into the environment
Dirty water from the batching plant must be contained to prevent soil and groundwater contamination.	Contractor	Provide containment facility for the collection of cement laden water (dirty water)	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	No cement laden water is released into the environment
Bagged cement must be stored in an appropriate facility and at least 10 m away from any water courses, gullies and drains.	Contractor	Demarcate and provide a storage area for bagged cement in-line with the listed requirements	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Photographic proof of bagged cement stored within the demarcated area
 A washout facility must be provided for washing of concrete associated equipment. Water used for washing must be restricted. 	Contractor	Provide a washout facility for the washing	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	No cement laden water is released into

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		of associated				the
		equipment.				environment.
		Enforce				Only minimal
		limitations on				water is used for
		water use for				washing
		washing of				
		equipment				
- Hardened concrete from the washout facility or	Contractor	Make use of	During the	ECO	Monthly	Certificates of
concrete mixer can either be reused or disposed of at		hardened	Construction			disposal of
an appropriate licensed disposal facility.		concrete where	Phase			concrete at
		possible or				licensed waste
		dispose of				disposal facility
		concrete in a				
		suitable manner				
- Empty cement bags must be secured with adequate	Contractor	Bind empty	During the	ECO	Monthly	Proof of binding
binding material if these will be temporarily stored on		cement bags	Construction			of empty
site.		and temporarily	Phase			cement bags
		store it in an				and storage in
		appropriate 				an appropriate
		area on site				area on site to
						be provided by
						the Contractor
- Sand and aggregates containing cement must be	Contractor	Ensure that sand	During the	ECO	Monthly	Proof of
kept damp to prevent the generation of dust (Refer to		and aggregates	Construction			damping (or
section 5.20: Dust emissions).		are kept damp	Phase			alternative dust
		or otherwise				suppression) of
		protected from				sand and
		dust generation				aggregates
						must be
						provided by the
						Contractor

Impact Management Actions	Implementation I			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
 Any excess sand, stone and cement must be removed 	Contractor	Ensure that all	At the	ECO	Once, with the	Certificates for		
or reused from site on completion of the construction		excess sand,	completion of		completion of	the disposal of		
period and disposed at a registered disposal facility.		stone and	the Construction		construction	sand, stone and		
		cement is	Phase			cement at		
		removed or				licensed waste		
		reused				disposal facilities		
						or proof of reuse		
						must be		
						provided		
Temporary fencing must be erected around batching	Contractor	Erect temporary	During the	ECO	Weekly	Temporary		
plants in accordance with section 5.5: Fencing and		fencing around	Construction			fencing is		
gate installation.		batching plants	Phase			undertaken in		
		as per the				accordance		
		requirements				with section 5.5		
		listed in section						
		5.5						

5.20 Dust emissions

Impact management outcome: Dust prevention measures are applied to minimise the generation of dust.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
		I	T		Te	Te.,
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
Take all reasonable measures to minimise the generation of dust as a result of project development activities to the satisfaction of the ECO.		Apply appropriate dust suppressant	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Contractor to provide proof of use of appropriate dust suppressants

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Removal of vegetation must be avoided until such time as soil stripping is required and similarly exposed surfaces must be re-vegetated or stabilised as soon as is practically possible. 	Contractor	Proper planning for vegetation removal must be undertaken as well as for the associated rehabilitation	During the Construction Phase and Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Plan for implementation must be provided by the Contractor	
Excavation, handling and transport of erodible materials must be avoided under high wind conditions or when a visible dust plume is present.	Contractor	Ensure that specific limitations are placed on the transport and handling of erodible materials during high wind conditions or when a visible dust plume is present	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Bi-weekly (every second week)	No complaints submitted in this regard	
 During high wind conditions, the ECO must evaluate the situation and make recommendations as to whether dust-damping measures are adequate, or whether working will cease altogether until the wind speed drops to an acceptable level. 	ECO	ECO to provide adequate recommendations	During the Construction Phase		Not Applicable		
 Where possible, soil stockpiles must be located in sheltered areas where they are not exposed to the erosive effects of the wind. 	Contractor	Place soil stockpiles in areas less affected by wind	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Bi-weekly (every second week)	Soil stockpiles are protected from wind erosion	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Where erosion of stockpiles becomes a problem, erosion control measures must be implemented at the discretion of the ECO.	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Contractor to implement erosion control measures as recommended and agreed with the ECO	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly, until erosion is no longer a problem	Recommendati ons made by the ECO have been implemented by the Contractor
 Vehicle speeds must not exceed 40 km/h along dust roads or 20 km/h when traversing unconsolidated and non-vegetated areas. 	cEO / dEO / contractor	Inform all drivers of speed limits and place appropriate signage along the relevant roads	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and Maintenance team	Monthly	No complaints from community members are submitted
 Straw stabilisation must be applied at a rate of one bale/10 m² and harrowed into the top 100 mm of top material, for all completed earthworks. 	Contractor	Ensure that straw stabilisation is undertaken as per the listed requirements	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of all straw stabilisation undertaken
 For significant areas of excavation or exposed ground, dust suppression measures must be used to minimise the spread of dust. 	Contractor	Appropriate dust suppressant measures are implemented	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Photographic record of measures being implemented and the results thereof

5.21 Blasting

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment is minimized through a safe blasting practice.								
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring				
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
Any blasting activity must be conducted by a suitably licensed blasting contractor.	Not Applicable – no blasting proposed.							
 Notification of surrounding landowners, emergency services site personnel of blasting activity 24 hours prior to such activity taking place on Site. 		no blasting propose	d.					

5.22 Noise

Impact Management outcome: Prevent unnecessary noise to the environment by ensuring that noise from development activity is mitigated.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
 The Contractor must keep noise levels within acceptable limits. Restrict the use of sound amplification equipment for communication and emergency only. 	Contractor	Ensure that noise limits do not exceed acceptable limits and avoid the use of amplification communication	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No complaints registered in this regard. No amplification equipment is used.		
 All vehicles and machinery must be fitted with appropriate silencing technology and must be properly maintained. 	Contractor	Provide and implement silencing technology	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No complaints registered in this regard. Silencing		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
						technology is
						utilised.
 Any complaints received by the Contractor regarding 	cEO	Update	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Complaints
noise must be recorded and communicated. Where		complaints	Construction		and when	register
possible or applicable, provide transport to and from		register. Provide	Phase		required	provided by the
the site on a daily basis for construction workers.		daily transport				cEO and proof
		to and from site				of transportation
		for employees				services
						provided
- Develop a Code of Conduct for the construction	cEO and	Compile a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	No complaints
phase in terms of behaviour of construction staff.	Contractor in	Code of	and		the	registered in this
Operating hours as determined by the environmental	consultation	Conduct for	Construction		commencemen	regard.
authorisation are adhered to during the development	with the ECO	staff.			t of construction	
phase. Where not defined, it must be ensured that		Appropriate				
development activities must still meet the impact		operating hours				
management outcome related to noise		must be				
management.		identified for the				
		project.				

5.23 Fire prevention

Impact management outcome: Prevention of uncontrollable fires.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Designate smoking areas where the fire hazard could 	cEO /	Identify and	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
be regarded as insignificant.	Contractor	demarcate	& Construction			record of
		through signage				designated
						smoking area

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation for designated smoking areas	implementation	person		compliance	
Firefighting equipment must be available on all vehicles located on site.	consultation with the Contractor	Provide all vehicles with firefighting equipment	Construction	ECO	Monthly	All vehicles are fitted with firefighting equipment and the details thereof are provided by the cEO	
The local Fire Protection Agency (FPA) must be informed of construction activities.	cEO in consultation with the ECO	Undertake formal consultation to inform the local FPA of the associated construction activities	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, during the commencement of the Construction Phase	Proof of consultation with the FPA	
Contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services must be communicated in environmental awareness training and displayed at a central location on site.	dEO / cEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services.	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Prior to the commencement of the environmental awareness training and once during the construction phase	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist and photographic record of contact numbers on display	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		Place the				
		contact				
		numbers for the				
		FPA and				
		emergency				
		services at a				
		visible and				
		central location				
- Two-way swop of contact details between ECO and	ECO	Consultation	Pre-construction		Not Applicable	
FPA.		between the				
		ECO and FPA in				
		order to				
		exchange				
		contact details				

5.24 Stockpiling and stockpile areas

Impact management outcome: Reduce erosion and sedimentation as a result of stockpiling.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 All material that is excavated during the project development phase (either during piling (if required) or earthworks) must be stored appropriately on site in order to minimise impacts to watercourses and water bodies. 		Identify and demarcate an appropriate location for the storage of excavated materials	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly	Excavated material is not stored within sensitive environmental areas	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
All stockpiled material must be maintained and kept clear of weeds and alien vegetation growth by undertaking regular weeding and control methods.	Contractor	Implement appropriate and sufficient maintenance on stockpiled material regularly	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Bi-monhtly (every second month)	Stockpiled material is maintained sufficiently and is clear of weeds and alien vegetation	
Topsoil stockpiles must not exceed 2 m in height.	Contractor	Enforce limitations for the height of topsoil stockpiles	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Bi-monthly (every second month)	Topsoil stockpiles do not exceed 2m in height	
During periods of strong winds and heavy rain, the stockpiles must be covered with appropriate material (e.g. cloth, tarpaulin etc.).	Contractor	Appropriate material must be provided in order to cover stockpiles when required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide proof of availability of appropriate material to cover stockpiles when required	
 Where possible, sandbags (or similar) must be placed at the bases of the stockpiled material in order to prevent erosion of the material. 	Contractor	Sandbags must be provided in order to prevent erosion of stockpiled materials	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide proof of availability of sandbags to prevent erosion of stockpiled materials	

5.25 Civil works

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment minimised during civil works to create the substation terrace.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Where terracing is required, topsoil must be collected	Contractor	Collect and	During the	ECO	Weekly	Proof of	
and retained for the purpose of re-use later to		retain topsoil for	Construction			collection and	
rehabilitate disturbed areas not covered by yard stone.		terracing	Phase			retaining of	
			Rehabilitation			topsoil	
- Areas to be rehabilitated include terrace	Contractor	Undertake	During the	ECO	Weekly	Photographic	
embankments and areas outside the high voltage		rehabilitation of	Construction			record of	
yards.		terrace	Phase			rehabilitation of	
		embankments	Rehabilitation			terrace	
		and areas				embankments	
		outside of the				and areas	
		high voltage				outside the high	
		yard where				voltage yards	
		applicable					
 Where required, all sloped areas must be stabilised to 	Contractor	All disturbed	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Disturbed slopes	
ensure proper rehabilitation is effected and erosion is		slope areas must				are stabilised	
controlled.		be stabilised				sufficiently	
These areas can be stabilised using design structures or	Contractor	Stabilise slopes	Pre-construction	ECO	Weekly	Slopes are	
vegetation as specified in the design to prevent		as per the	& Rehabilitation			stabilised as per	
erosion of embankments. The contract design		design				the design	
specifications must be adhered to and implemented		specifications				specifications	
strictly.							
- Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas must be	Contractor	Undertaken	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of	
managed in accordance with section 5.35:		rehabilitation of				disturbed areas	
Landscaping and rehabilitation.		disturbed areas				is undertaken in-	
		as per the				line with the	
		requirements				requirements of	
						section 5.35	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation listed under section 5.35	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
All excess spoil generated during terracing activities must be disposed of in an appropriate manner and at a recognised landfill site.	Contractor	Use a licensed waste disposal facility for the disposal of excess spoil	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Certificates obtained for the disposal of excess spoil at a licensed waste disposal facility		
Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes and must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for rehabilitation purposes.	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Construction and Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor		

5.26 Excavation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage systems

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of excavation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage systems.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- All excess spoil generated during foundation	Contractor	Use a licensed	During the	ECO	Monthly	Certificates
excavation must be disposed of in an appropriate		waste disposal	Construction			obtained for the
manner and at a licensed landfill site, if not used for		facility for the	Phase			disposal of
backfilling purposes.		disposal of				excess spoil at a
		excess spoil				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
						licensed waste disposal facility		
Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes and must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for rehabilitation purposes.	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Construction and Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor		
 Management of equipment for excavation purposes must be undertaken in accordance with section 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage. 	Contractor	Undertake the management of equipment for excavation as per the requirements of section 5.18	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of equipment is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.18		
Hazardous substances spills from equipment must be managed in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances.	Contractor	Undertake the management of hazardous substances spills from equipment as per the requirements of section 5.17	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of hazardous substances spills from equipment is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.17		

5.27 Installation of foundations, cable trenching and drainage systems

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs during the installation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage system.									
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring					
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance			
Batching of cement to be undertaken in accordance with section 5.19: Batching plants.	Contractor	Undertake the batching of cement as per the requirements of section 5.19	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of batching cement is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.19			
 Residual solid waste must be disposed of in accordance with section 5.8: Solid waste and hazardous management. 	Contractor	Undertake the disposal of solid waste as per the requirements of section 5.8	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	The disposal of solid waste is undertaken in line with section 5.8.			

5.28 Installation of equipment (circuit breakers, current Transformers, Isolators, Insulators, surge arresters, voltage transformers, earth switches)

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of installation of equipment.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Management of dust must be conducted in accordance with section 5. 20: Dust emissions.	Contractor	Manage dust as per the requirements of section5.20	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	The management of dust is undertaken as per the

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
						requirements of	
						section 5.20	
- Management of equipment used for installation must	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	Monthly	Management of	
be conducted in accordance with section 5.18:		management of	Construction			equipment is	
Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage.		equipment for	Phase			undertaken in	
		installation as				line with the	
		per the				requirements of	
		requirements of				section 5.18	
		section 5.18					
- Management of hazardous substances and any	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	Monthly	Management of	
associated spills must be conducted in accordance		management of	Construction			hazardous	
with section 5.17: Hazardous substances.		hazardous	Phase			substances and	
		substances and				associated spills	
		associated spills				is undertaken in	
		as per the				line with the	
		requirements of				requirements of	
		section 5.17				section 5.17	
Residual solid waste must be recycled or disposed of in	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	Monthly	The recycling or	
accordance with section 5.8: Solid waste and		recycling or	Construction			disposal of	
hazardous management.		disposal of	Phase			residual solid	
		residual solid				waste is	
		waste as per the				undertaken in	
		requirements of				line with section	
		section 5.8				5.8.	

5.29 Steelwork Assembly and Erection

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of steelwork assembly and erection.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
During assembly, care must be taken to ensure that no wasted/unused materials are left on site e.g., bolts and nuts.		Inspect areas where construction is being undertaken and remove and appropriately dispose of wasted/unused materials	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Contractor to provide proof of inspection and removal of waste/unused materials and the appropriate disposal thereof (i.e. disposal certificates)	
 Emergency repairs due to breakages of equipment must be managed in accordance with section 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage and section 5.16: Emergency procedures. 		Undertake emergency repairs of equipment as per the requirements of section 5.18 and 5.16	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Emergency repairs of equipment is undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.18 and 5.16	

5.30 Cabling and Stringing

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of stringing.									
Impact Management Actions	Implementation	n		Monitoring					
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance			
 Residual solid waste (off cuts etc.) shall be recycled or disposed of in accordance with section 5.8: Solid waste and hazardous Management. 	Contractor	Undertake the recycling or disposal of residual solid waste as per the requirements of section 5.8	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	The recycling or disposal of residual solid waste is undertaken in line with section 5.8.			
 Management of equipment used for installation shall be conducted in accordance with section 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage. 	Contractor	Undertake the management of equipment for installation as per the requirements of section 5.18	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of equipment for installation is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.18			
Management of hazardous substances and any associated spills shall be conducted in accordance with section 5.17: Hazardous substances.	Contractor	Undertake the management of hazardous substances and associated spills as per the requirements of section 5.17	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of hazardous substances and associated spills is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.17			

5.32 Testing and Commissioning (all equipment testing, earthing system, system integration)

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of Testing and Commissioning.								
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring				
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
 Residual solid waste must be recycled or disposed of in 	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	Monthly	The recycling or		
accordance with section 5.8: Solid waste and		recycling or	Construction			disposal of		
hazardous management.		disposal of	Phase			residual solid		
		residual solid				waste is		
		waste as per the				undertaken in		
		requirements of				line with section		
		section 5.8				5.8.		

5.33 Socio-economic

Impact management outcome: enhanced socio-economic development.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
 Develop and implement communication strategies to 	dEO / cEO	Identify and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Communication	
facilitate public participation.		implement	& Construction		the	is undertaken as	
		appropriate			commencement	per the	
		strategies for			of construction	identified	
		communication			and monthly	strategies and	
		with the			during the	no complaints	
		communities			construction	are submitted	
		through				regarding	
		consideration of				communication	
		the community					
		needs					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Develop and implement a collaborative and	Contractor	Development	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Conflict
constructive approach to conflict resolution as part of		and implement	& Construction		the	resolution is
the external stakeholder engagement process.		a Grievance			commencement	undertaken in
		Mechanism			of construction	line with the
		which considers			and monthly	requirements of
		the community			during the	the Grievance
		needs and			construction	Mechanism. No
		provides			phase	complaints on
		procedures for				conflict
		conflict				resolution is
		resolution				submitted by
						the community
- Sustain continuous communication and liaison with	Contractor	Development	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Communication
neighbouring owners and residents.		and implement	& Construction		the	/ liaison with
		a Grievance			commencement	neighbouring
		Mechanism			of construction	landowners and
		which provides			and monthly	residents are
		procedures for			during the	undertaken in
		communication			construction	line with the
		/ liaison with			phase	requirements of
		neighbouring				the Grievance
		landowners and				Mechanism. No
		residents				complaints on
						communication
						with
						neighbouring
						landowners and
						residents is
						submitted
- Create work and training opportunities for local	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	The "locals first"
stakeholders.		implement a	& Construction		the	policy is

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		"locals first"			commencement	considered in
		policy for the			of construction	terms of the
		provision of			and monthly	employment
		employment			during the	and training
		opportunities as			construction	opportunities
		far as			phase	
		reasonably				
		possible				
- Where feasible, no workers, with the exception of	Not Applicable -	no on-site housing i	s envisaged with d	aily commute to a	and from site expect	ed of construction
security personnel, must be permitted to stay over-	staff.					
night on the site. This would reduce the risk to local						
farmers.						

5.34 Temporary closure of site

Impact management outcome: Minimise the risk of environmental impact during periods of site closure greater than five days.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Bunds must be emptied (where applicable) and need to be undertaken in accordance with the impact management actions included in sections 5.17: Hazardous substances and 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage. 		Regular emptying of the bunds must be undertaken. This must be undertaken as per the requirements	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Bunds are emptied as per the requirements listed under sections 5.17 and 5.18

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		listed in sections 5.17 and 5.18					
Hazardous storage areas must be well ventilated.	Contractor	Install appropriate ventilation in all hazardous storage areas	During the construction phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Effective ventilation is installed in hazardous storage areas	
Fire extinguishers must be serviced and accessible. Service records to be filed and audited at last service.	Contractor / cEO	Ensure fire extinguishers are serviced, as required and are easily accessible with appropriate signage indicating location. Ensure service records are kept up to date and filed	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Signage placed indicating location of fire extinguishers and service records	
Emergency and contact details must be displayed.	Contractor / cEO	Place emergency and contact details which are readily available and easily accessible	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Photographic proof of contact details on display	
 Security personnel must be briefed and have the facilities to contact or be contacted by relevant management and emergency personnel. 	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Hold a workshop with all security personnel to provide a brief	Pre-construction & construction	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of the workshop held must be kept on	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		of the project				file by the	
		and security				contractor.	
		requirements.					
		Provide facilities					
		in order to					
		contact					
		management					
		and emergency					
		personnel					
- Night hazards such as reflectors, lighting, traffic signage	Contractor	Regular checks	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Proof of checks	
etc. must have been checked.		of night hazards	Construction		closure for more	of night hazards	
		must be	Phase		than 05 days	must be	
		undertaken				provided by the	
						contractor	
- Fire hazards identified and the local authority must	cEO /	Identify any	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Proof of	
have been notified of any potential threats e.g., large	Contractor in	potential fire	Construction		closure for more	notification of	
brush stockpiles, fuels etc.	consultation	hazards and	Phase		than 05 days	the fire hazards	
	with the ECO	notify the				to the local	
		relevant local				authority must	
		authority				be provided by	
						the Contractor	
 Structures vulnerable to high winds must be secured. 	Contractor	Ensure structures	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Structures	
		vulnerable to	Construction		closure for more	vulnerable to	
		wind is secure	Phase		than 05 days	wind is secured	
		prior to site				prior to site	
		closure				closure	
Wind and dust mitigation must be implemented.	Contractor	Implement wind	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Wind and dust	
		and dust	Construction		closure for more	mitigation is	
		mitigation prior	Phase		than 05 days	implemented	
		to site closure				prior to site	
						closure	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
Cement and materials stores must have been secured.	Contractor	Ensure cement and material stores are secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Cement and material stores are secured prior to site closure		
 Toilets must have been emptied and secured. 	Contractor	Ensure toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closure		
Refuse bins must have been emptied and secured.	Contractor	Ensure refuse bins are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Refuse bins are emptied and secured prior to site closure		
Drip trays must have been emptied and secured.	Contractor	Ensure drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site closure		

5.35 Dismantling of old equipment

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment to be minimised during the dismantling, storage and disposal of old equipment commissioning.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
All old equipment removed during the project must be stored in such a way as to prevent pollution of the environment.	Contractor	implementation Appropriately store old equipment in a manner which prevents pollution to the environment. This could include the construction of bunded areas	implementation Decommissioning	ECO ECO	Monthly	compliance Photographic record of appropriate storage of old equipment		
Oil containing equipment must be stored to prevent leaking or be stored on drip trays.	Contractor	Appropriately store equipment containing oil through the use of drip trays or other suitable methods	Decommissioning	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of appropriate storage of equipment containing oil		
All scrap steel must be stacked neatly and any disused and broken insulators must be stored in containers.	Contractor	Ensure all scrap steel is stacked neatly and store disused and broken insulators in appropriate containers	Decommissioning	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of stacked scrap steel and containers containing broken and disused insulators		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Once material has been scrapped and the contract has been placed for removal, the disposal Contractor must ensure that any equipment containing pollution 	Contractor	Develop and implement a procedure for	Decommissioning	ECO	Monthly	Proof from contractor that dismantling and
causing substances is dismantled and transported in such a way as to prevent spillage and pollution of the		the dismantling and				transportation of equipment
environment.		transportation of equipment containing pollution causing substances which prevents spillage and pollution of the				containing pollution causing substances has been undertaken in an appropriate manner
- The Contractor must also be equipped to contain and clean up any pollution causing spills.	Contractor	environment Ensure sufficient spill kits are available for the clean up of pollution causing spills	Decommissioning	ECO	Monthly	Sufficient spill kits are available on site
Disposal of unusable material must be at a licensed waste disposal site.	Contractor	Make use of a licensed waste disposal site	Decommissioning	ECO	Monthly	Certificates obtained for the disposal at a licensed waste disposal site

5.36 Landscaping and rehabilitation

Impact management outcome: Areas disturbed during the development phase are returned to a state that approximates the original condition.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- All areas disturbed by construction activities must be	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction	ECO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of
subject to landscaping and rehabilitation. All spoil and		implement a	& Rehabilitation			the disturbed
waste must be disposed of to a registered waste site.		rehabilitation				areas is
		plan for the				undertaken as
		rehabilitation of				per the
		all disturbed				rehabilitation
		areas.				plan. All
						certificates of
		Dispose of all				waste disposal
		spoil and waste				at licensed
		at a licensed				facilities are
		waste disposal				available.
		facility				
- All slopes must be assessed for contouring, and to	Contractor in	Assess all slopes	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	All slopes are
contour only when the need is identified in	consultation	and determine				assessed and
accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural	with the ECO	whether				contoured as
Resources Act, No 43 of 1983.		contouring is				required
		required				
 All slopes must be assessed for terracing, and to terrace 	Contractor in	Assess all slopes	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	All slopes are
only when the need is identified in accordance with	consultation	and determine				assessed and
the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43	with the ECO	whether				terraced as
of 1983.		terracing is				required
		required				
- Berms that have been created must have a slope of	Contractor	Ensure all berms	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	All berms have a
1:4 and be replanted with indigenous species and		have a slope of				slope of 1:4 and
grasses that approximates the original condition.		1:4 and is				is replanted with

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		replanted with indigenous species and grasses				indigenous species and grasses
 Where new access roads have crossed cultivated farmlands, that lands must be rehabilitated by ripping which must be agreed to by the holder of the EA and the landowners. 				pplicable		
Rehabilitation of access roads inside of farmland.	Not applicable					
 Indigenous species must be used for with species and/grasses to where it compliments or approximates the original condition. 	Contractor	Make use of indigenous species for rehabilitation	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Indigenous species are used for rehabilitation
Stockpiled topsoil must be used for rehabilitation (refer to section 5.24: Stockpiling and stockpiled areas).	Contractor	Ensure stockpiled topsoil is used as per the requirements listed under section 5.24	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Stockpiled topsoil is used as per the requirements listed under section 5.24
 Stockpiled topsoil must be evenly spread so as to facilitate seeding and minimise loss of soil due to erosion. 	Contractor	Ensure that topsoil is spread evenly	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Topsoil is spread evenly
 Before placing topsoil, all visible weeds from the placement area and from the topsoil must be removed. 	Contractor	Remove all visible weeds from placement area and topsoil before spreading the topsoil	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	No weeds are visible in the placement area or the topsoil

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
Subsoil must be ripped before topsoil is placed.	Contractor	Undertake the ripping of subsoil prior to the spreading of topsoil	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Subsoil is ripped before topsoil is placed	
The rehabilitation must be timed so that rehabilitation can take place at the optimal time for vegetation establishment.	Contractor	Plan the timeframe for rehabilitation in order to undertake vegetation planting during the optimal time for vegetation establishment	Rehabilitation	ECO	At the start of rehabilitation to confirm the correct timeframe	Rehabilitation is undertaken during the optimal time	
 Where impacted through construction related activity, all sloped areas must be stabilised to ensure proper rehabilitation is effected and erosion is controlled. 	Contractor	All disturbed slope areas must be stabilised	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Disturbed slopes are stabilised sufficiently	
 Sloped areas stabilised using design structures or vegetation as specified in the design to prevent erosion of embankments. The contract design specifications must be adhered to and implemented strictly. 	Contractor	Stabilise slopes as per the design specifications	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Slopes are stabilised as per the design specifications	
Spoil can be used for backfilling or landscaping as long as it is covered by a minimum of 150 mm of topsoil.	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance from the	
 Where required, re-vegetation, including hydroseeding can be enhanced using a vegetation seed mixture as described below. A mixture of seed can be used provided the mixture is carefully selected to ensure the following: a) Annual and perennial plants are chosen; b) Pioneer species are included; c) Species chosen must be indigenous to the area with the seeds used coming from the area; d) Root systems must have a binding effect on the soil; and e) The final product must not cause an ecological imbalance in the area. 	consultation with a suitably	Make use of a suitable vegetation seed mixture should enhancement be required	Rehabilitation	ECO	As and when required	Use of a suitable vegetation seed mixture if required	

6 ACCESS TO THE GENERIC EMPr

Once completed and signed, to allow the public access to the generic EMPr, the holder of the EA must make the EMPr available to the public in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 26(h) of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 2

7. SITE SPECIFIC INFORMATION AND DECLARATION

7.1. Sub-section 1: Contact details and description of the project

7.1.1. Details of the Applicant:

Applicant Name	South Africa Mainstream Renewable Power Developments (Pty) Ltd
Contact Person	Eugene Marais
Physical Address	4 th Floor Mariendahl House
	Newlands on Main, Cnr Main and Campground Road
	Claremont
	Cape Town
	7708
Postal Address	PO Box 45063
	Claremont
	7735
Telephone	021 657 4052
Fax	021 671 5665
Cell	073 871 5781
Email Address	eugene.marais@mainstreamrp.com

7.1.2. Details and Expertise of Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP)

EAP Name	Jo-Anne Thomas	
EAP Qualifications	M.Sc. Botany	
Professional Affiliation/Registration	Registered Professional Natural Scientist with the South African Council for Natural Scientific Professions (SACNASP) Registered EAP with the Environmental Assessment Practitioners Association of South Africa (EAPASA)	
Physical Address	First Floor, Block 2 5 Woodlands Drive Office Park Cnr Woodlands Drive & Western Service Road Woodmead 2191	
Telephone	011 656 3237	
Fax	086 684 0547	
Cell	082 775 5628	
Email Address	joanne@savannahsa.com	

7.1.3. Project Details

Project Name: Electric Grid Infrastructure (EGI) for the 100MWac Vrede Photovoltaic (PV) Solar Energy Facility and associated infrastructure, near Kroonstad, Free State Province

7.1.4. Project Description

South Africa Mainstream Renewable Power Developments (Pty) Ltd is proposing the development of Electrical Grid Infrastructure (EGI) for the Vrede Photovoltaic (PV) Solar Energy Facility (SEF) near Kroonstad, Free State Province, in order to connect the proposed Vrede PV SEF to the national electricity grid.

The Electrical Grid Infrastructure required includes a 132 kV double- or single-circuit overhead power line and an on-site 33/132kV substation and will connect to the national grid via a loop in and loop out into the Eskom 132kV Kroonstad Municipality – Theseus 1 Switching Station power line. Only one location for placement of the substation is assessed as part of the BA process.

The on-site substation will consist of:

- » 33/132kV portion of the substation (adjacent to the Independent Power Producer (IPP) substation).
- » Associated equipment, infrastructure, and buildings.
- » Temporary and permanent laydown areas.

Access to the EGI is possible via an existing gravel access road (the \$172). The \$172 road connects with the P99/1, which further connects with the R34 leading south-west out of the town of Kroonstad.

A summary of the details and dimensions of the proposed EGI is provided in Table 1.

Table 1: Details of the proposed EGI for the Vrede SEF

Infrastructure	Footprint, dimensions, and details
Size of the Substation	~3.3ha footprint, with an additional 1ha laydown area required, all contained within a 25ha assessment region.
Capacity of the substation	33/132kV
Co-ordinates of the on-site substation	The EGI proposed for authorisation, including all infrastructure associated with the project, will be contained within the coordinates provided for in Appendix Q of the Basic Assessment Report.

7.1.5. Project Location

The on-site substation that forms part of the Vrede EGI is located ~13km south-west of Kroonstad in the Free State Province within the Fezile Dabi District, in the Moqhaka Local Municipality, on the following affected properties:

» Remaining extent of the farm Vrede No. 1152.

It should be noted that Eskom's requirements for work in or near Eskom servitudes should be adhered to.

7.2. Sub-section 2: Development footprint site map

This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout. The sensitivity map must be prepared from the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at: https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g., threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features within 50 m from the development footprint.

The national web-based environmental screening tool was utilised for this project and the grid connection corridor sensitivity maps can be seen in Figures 2 to 14. The site-specific environmental sensitivity map included in the BA Report is included as Figure 1.

Site sensitivity

A combined sensitivity map for the Vrede EGI is provided below. This has been compiled based on the specialist sensitivities determined from their respective studies, and therefore aims to represent the entirety of the site and the combined sensitivities. The following environmental sensitivities were noted on site:

- Avifauna sensitivities: From an avifaunal perspective, the areas within 200m of the three identified wetland depressions are considered to be of very high sensitivity, and no construction activities should be undertaken within these areas. This because surface water is important for raptors to hunt birds which congregate around water troughs. It is important to leave open space for birds to access and leave the surface water area unhindered. The drainage line woodland is also considered to be of very high sensitivity from an avifaunal perspective as these areas provide nesting and foraging opportunities for woodlands species which are dependent on this habitat for their survival. The highest density of woodland and trees at the development area is concentrated around the drainage line. A 100m buffer zone should be implemented on both sides of the drainage channel.
- Ecological sensitivities: From an ecological perspective, seven areas, with sensitivity areas ranging from low to very high sensitivity were identified within the study area, namely, all wetland features, naturally primary grassland, 30m buffer areas around wetland features, primary grassland, primary grassland resembling natural Central Free State Grassland, and Bottom Thornveld, re-established grassland on historical cultivated areas, and all transformed and disturbed areas. The high to very high sensitivity areas, i.e., the three identified depression wetlands and the 30m buffer areas around the wetland features are regarded as 'no-go' zones and no activities should be undertaken within these areas.
- » Aquatic sensitives: Three depression wetland features, and a channelled valley-bottom wetland running across the north-eastern corner of the site, which terminates into the Vals River to the north were identified on the project site. A seepage wetland feeds into the valley-bottom wetland (within the project area. A 30m buffer zone should be implemented around all wetland features, and these wetland features and their

- associated 30m buffer are considered to be 'no-go' areas for development. No activities should be undertaken within these areas.
- Wheritage: Based on the assessment completed, the area proposed for the grid connection infrastructure has low archaeological sensitivity. The majority of the property has been exploited by various farming practices over several generations that have fundamentally modified the landscape and removed or destroyed any previous archaeological remains. From a palaeontological perspective, the development area is considered to be of high palaeontological sensitivity as it is underlain by highly fossiliferous sediments (the Adelaide Subgroup and Volksrust Formation). From a heritage perspective, no areas regarded as 'no-go' were identified on site.

With the exception of the three identified wetland depressions, and their associated 30m buffer zones, as well as the 100m buffer zone on both sides of the drainage line woodland, no other exclusion zones, buffer zones or 'no-go' zones were determined for the proposed development.

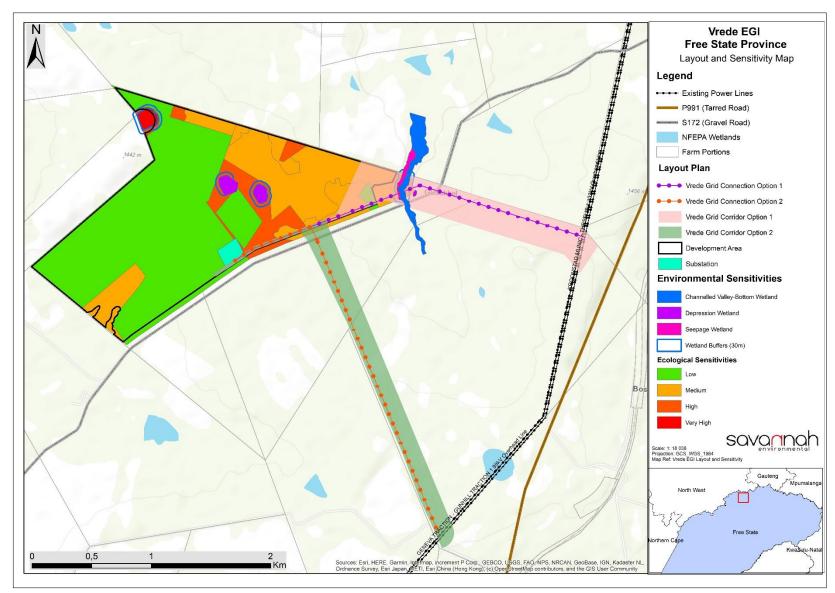


Figure 1: Environmental sensitivity map showing the development area within which the on-site substation is proposed to be developed

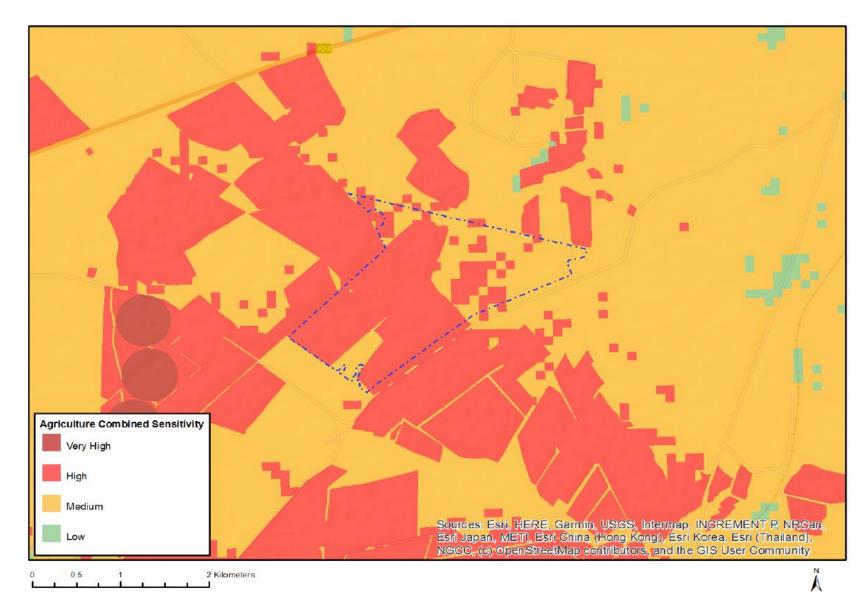


Figure 2: Map of Relative Agriculture Theme Sensitivity

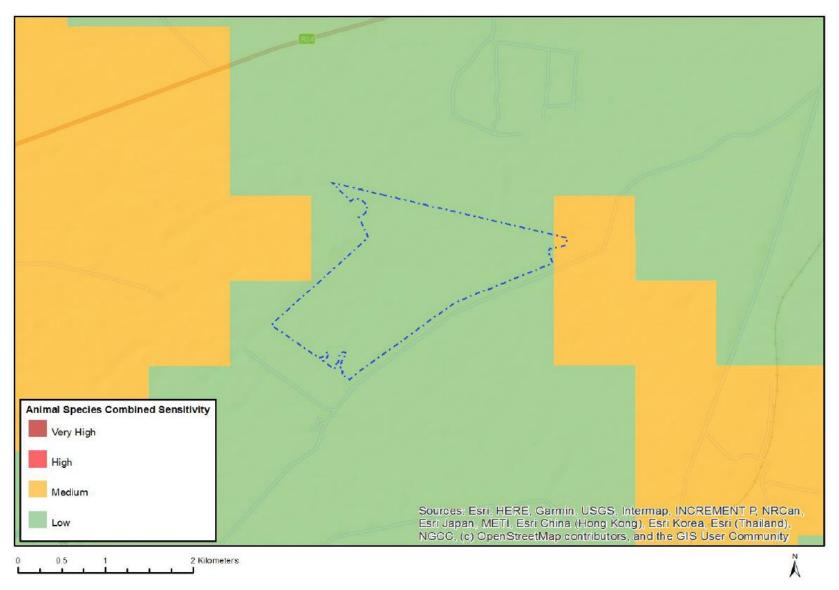


Figure 3: Map of Relative Animal Species Theme Sensitivity

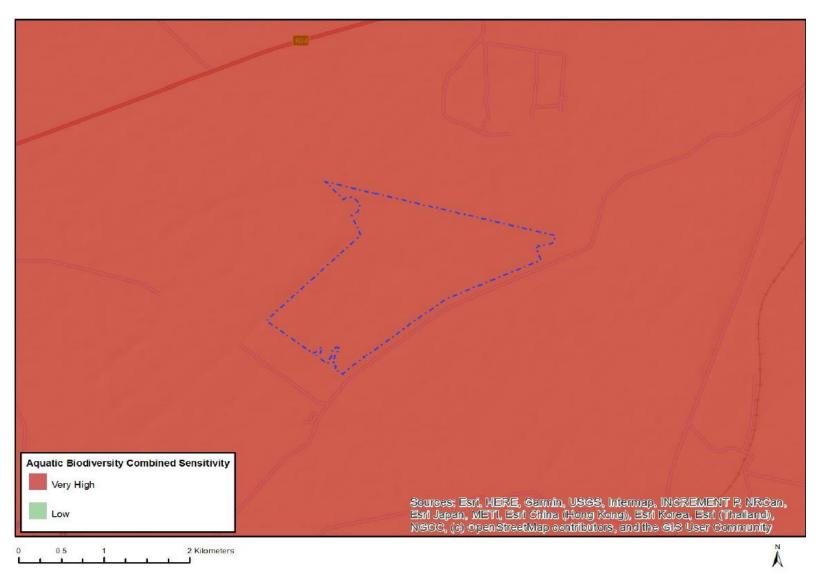


Figure 4: Map of Relative Aquatic Biodiversity Sensitivity

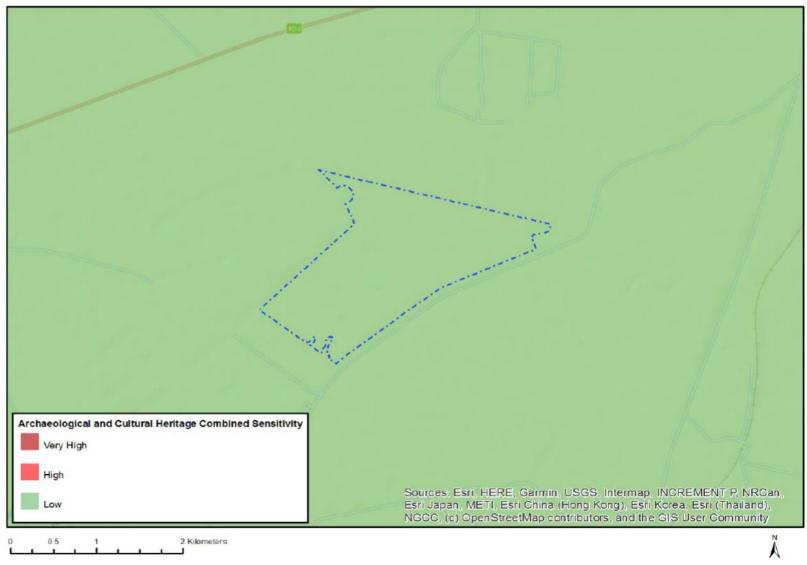


Figure 5: Map of Relative Archaeological and Cultural Heritage Theme Sensitivity

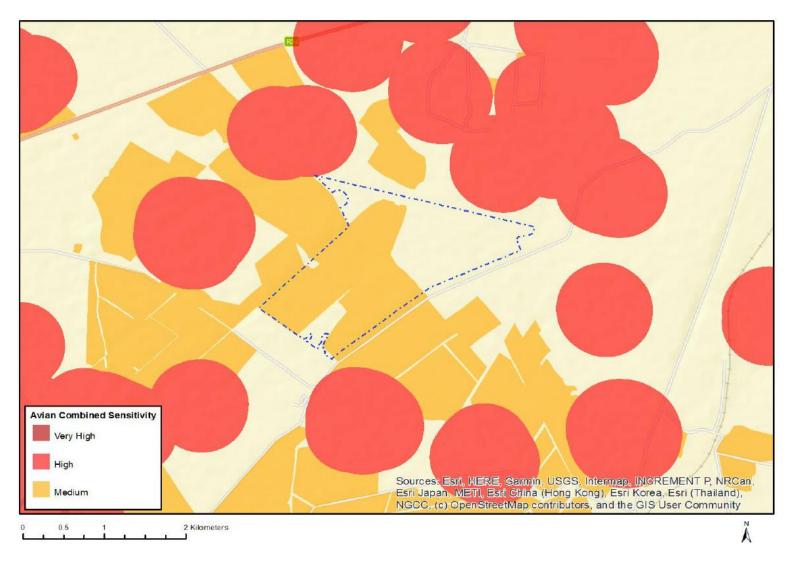


Figure 6: Map of Relative Avian Theme Sensitivity

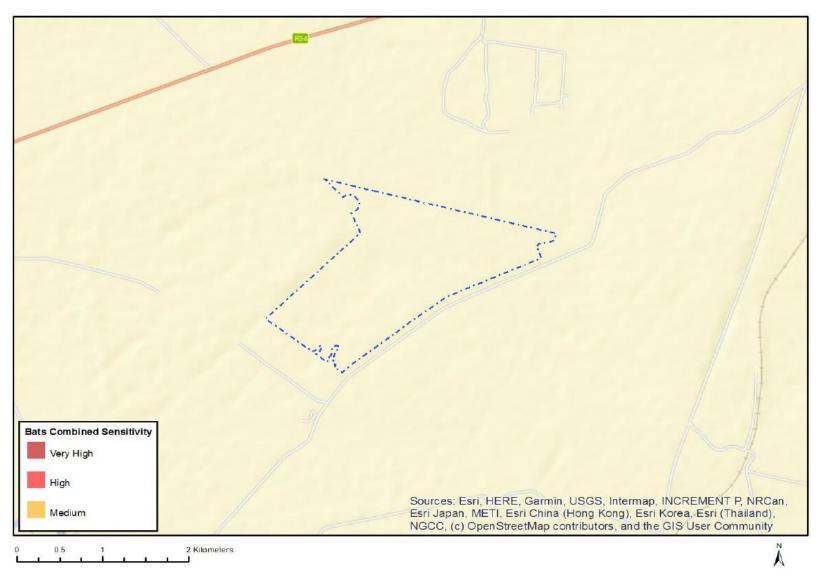


Figure 7: Map of Relative Bats Theme Sensitivity

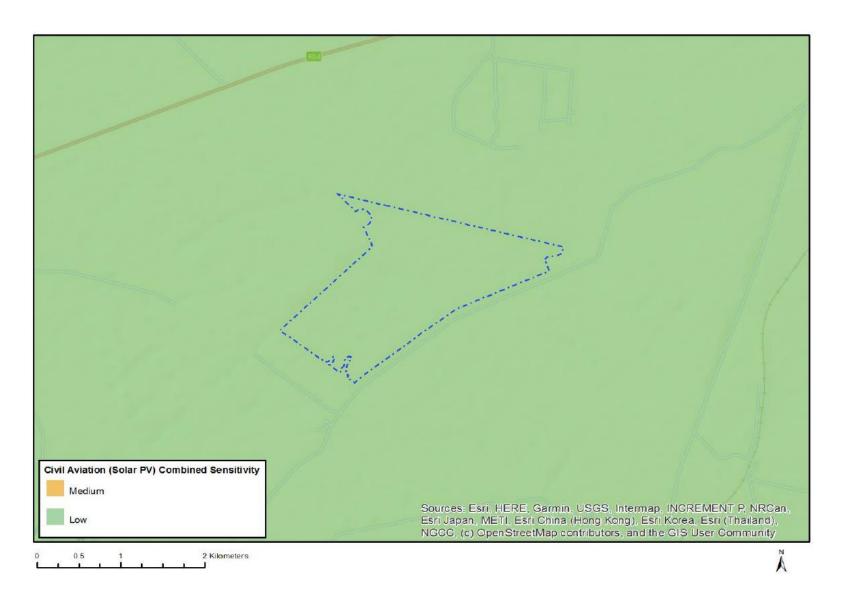


Figure 8: Map of Relative Civil Aviation (Solar PV) Theme Sensitivity

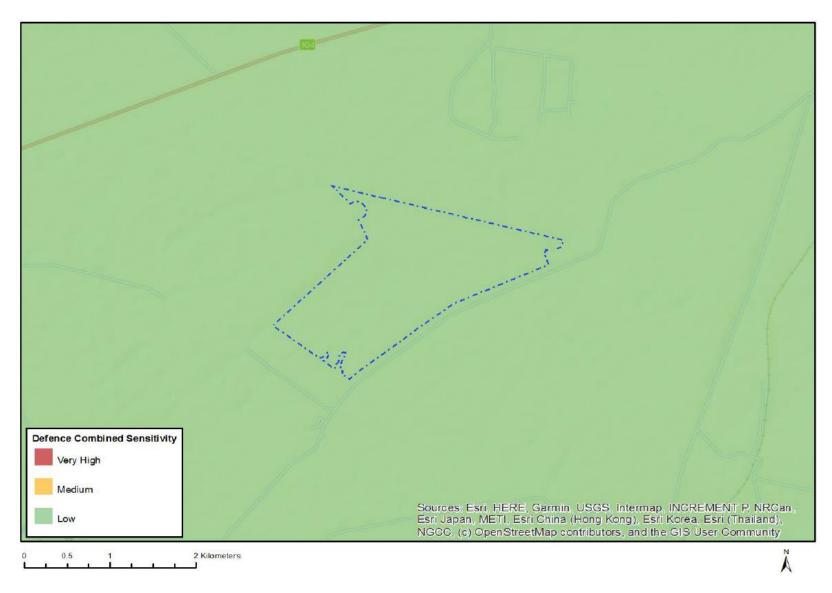


Figure 9: Map of Relative Defence Theme Sensitivity

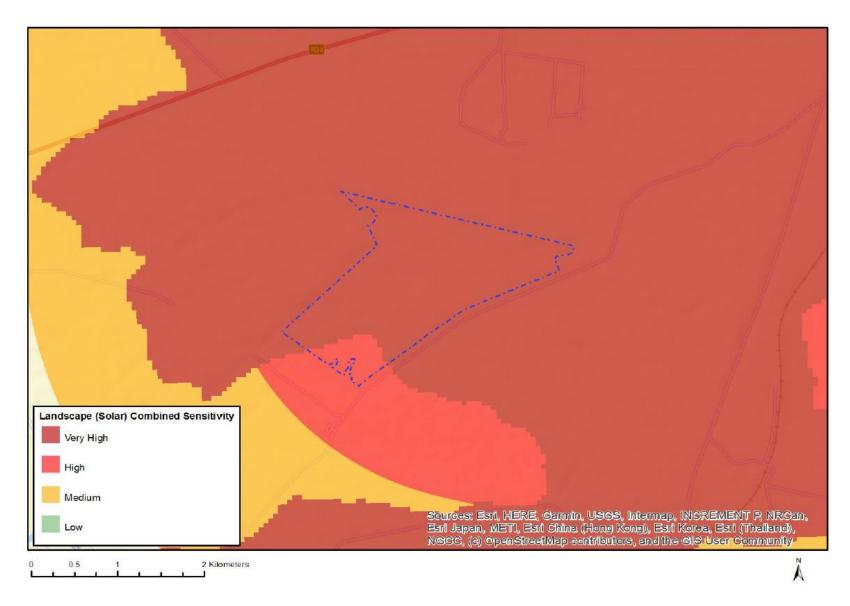


Figure 10: Map of Relative Landscape (Solar) Theme Sensitivity

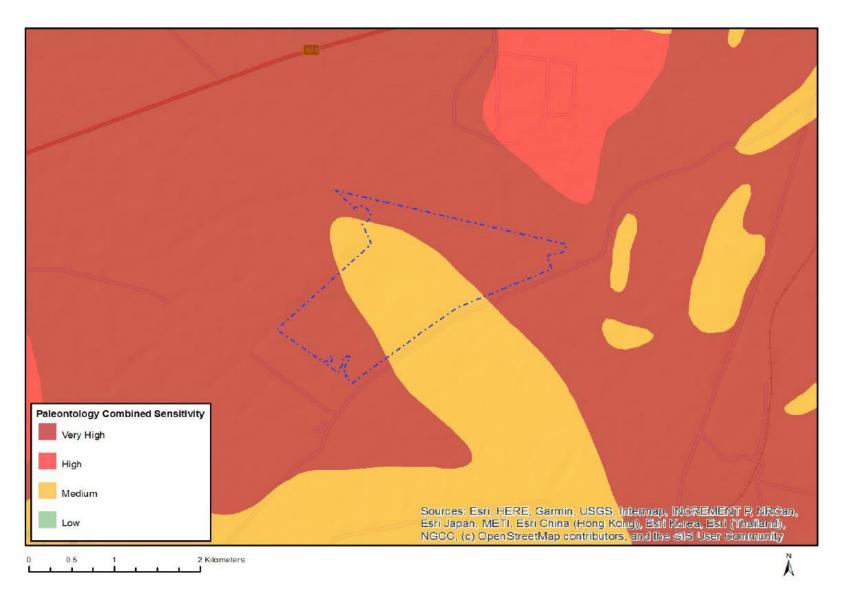


Figure 11: Map of Relative Palaeontology Theme Sensitivity

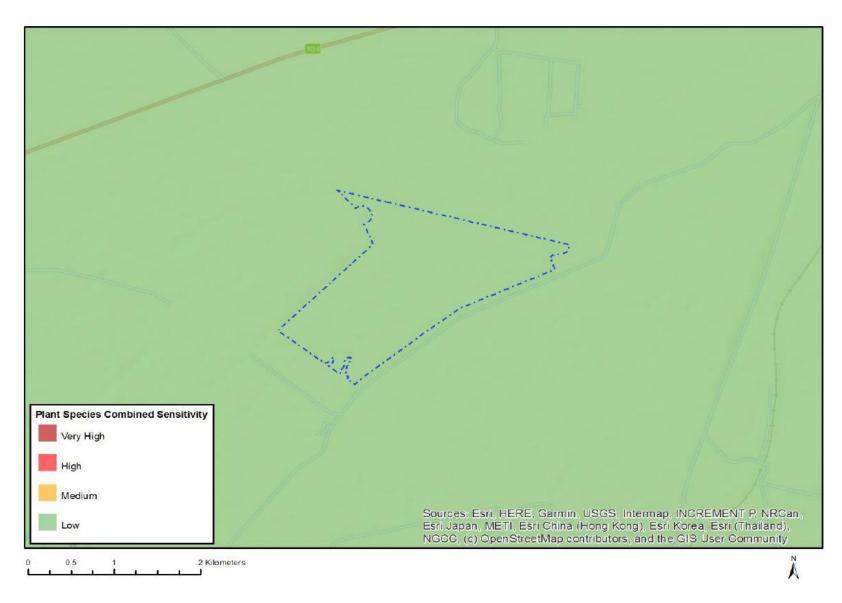


Figure 12: Map of Relative Plant Species Theme Sensitivity

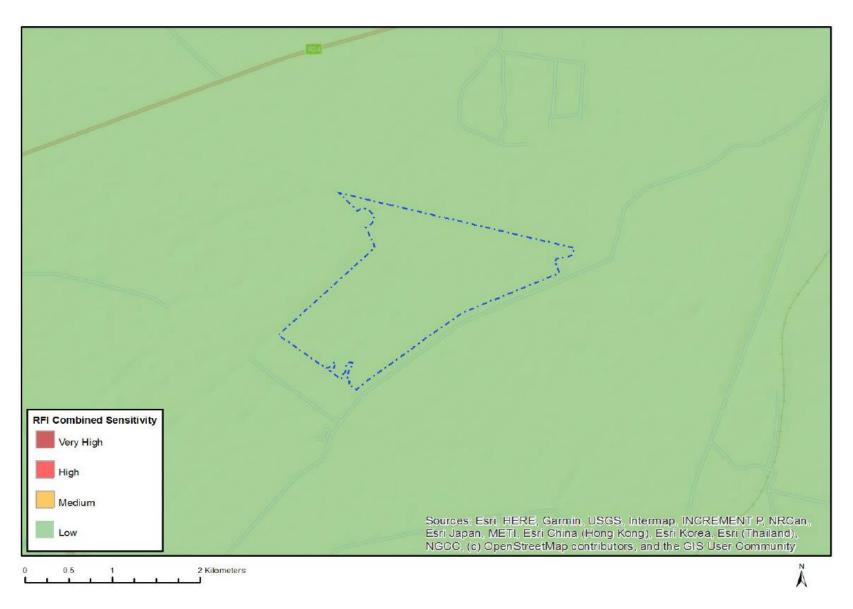


Figure 13: Map of Relative RFI Theme Sensitivity



Figure 14: Map of Relative Terrestrial Biodiversity Theme Sensitivity

7.1 Sub-section 3: Declaration

The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will abide and comply with the prescribed impact management outcomes and impact management actions as stipulated in part B: section 1 of the generic EMPr and have the understanding that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding. The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will provide written notice to the CA 14 days prior to the date on which the activity will commence or commencement of construction to facilitate compliance inspections.

Signature Proponent/applicant/ holder of EA	Date:
0: 1 5	C -

<u>This declaration will be signed by the proponent/applicant/holder of the EA once the contractor is appointed and has provided inputs to this Generic EMPr as per the requirements of this template.</u>

The contractor would be required to develop the following site-specific plans in accordance with the specialist recommendation contained in Section C of this EMPr:

- » Alien Invasive Plant Eradication and Management Plan
- » Open Space Management Plan
- » Storm Water Management Plan
- » Erosion Control Management Plan
- » Waste Management Plan
- » Rehabilitation Plan

7.2 Sub-section 4: amendments to site specific information (Part B; section 2)

Should the EA be transferred to a new holder, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new holder and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of Regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted for an amendment to an environmental authorisation will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

PART C

8. SITE SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

If any specific environmental sensitivities/attributes are present on the site which require more specific impact management outcomes and actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr template, to manage impacts, those impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific management controls must be referenced spatially, and must include impact management outcomes and impact management actions. The management controls, including impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the preapproved generic EMPr template. This applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary.

If <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the development as authorised in the EA, it is required to be submitted to the CA together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP and the name and expertise of the EAP, including the curriculum vitae are to be included. Once approved, <u>Part C</u> forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.

This section will **not be required** should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes.

CONSTRUCTION PHASE OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS

8.1. Avifauna

Impact management outcome: Minimise the displacement of priority species due to disturbance associated with construction of the Vrede Electrical Grid Infrastructure (EGI)

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Construction activity should be restricted to the immediate footprint of the infrastructure. 	cEO, Contractor	Visual inspection of the construction activities to observe whether they remain within the defined footprint area	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of construction activity outside the immediate footprint of the infrastructure
 Access to the remainder of the site should be strictly controlled to prevent unnecessary disturbance of priority species and degradation of habitat. 	cEO, Contractor	Demarcate sensitive areas to restrict access to these areas	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Sensitive areas appropriately demarcated and fenced off for the duration of the construction phase
Measures to control noise and dust should be applied according to current best practice in the industry.	Contractor	Ensure that noise limits do not exceed acceptable limits and identify and	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Dust and noise control measures evident during audit. No noise or dust related

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		implement				complaints
		suitable dust				received
		control				
		measures				
 Maximum use should be made of existing access roads 	Contractor, cEO	Visual inspection	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of
and the construction of new roads should be kept to a		of the	construction			several new
minimum.		construction	phase			access roads on
		activities and if				site
		the use of				
		existing access				
		roads over the				
		construction of				
		new roads is				
		favoured				
- The mitigation measures proposed by the vegetation	cEO	Regular audits	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Implementation
specialist must be strictly enforced.		to oversee	construction			of the mitigation
		implementation	phase			measures
		of the mitigation				proposed by the
		measures				vegetation
		proposed by the				specialist
		vegetation				evident during
		specialist				audit.

8.2. Ecology

Impact management outcome: Direct loss of vegetation, including listed and protected species is reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Preconstruction walk-through of the final development	dEO, Specialist	Visual inspection	Prior to	ECO	Once prior to	Walk-through
footprint for protected species that would be affected		of the layout	construction		commencement	report produced
and that can be translocated.		and corridor,			of construction	and kept on file
		with walk-				during
		through report				construction
		produced				
Since a large proportion of the identified conservation-	Contractor,	Develop a	Prior to	ECO	Once prior to	Necessary
worthy species at the site are geophytic and succulent	Specialist	search, rescue	construction		commencement	permits
species (e.g., Aloe davyana, Schizocarphus nervosus		and relocation			of construction	obtained prior
and Boophone disticha), the potential for successful		plan, as well as				to the removal
translocation is high. Before construction commences		submit and				of protected
individuals of listed species within the development,		obtain the				plant species,
footprint that would be affected, should be counted		necessary				and search,
and marked and translocated where deemed		permits from the				rescue and
necessary by the ecologist conducting the pre-		relevant				relocation
construction walk-through survey, and according to		authorities				undertaken in
the recommended ratios. Permits from the relevant						accordance
provincial authorities, i.e. the Free State Department:						with the
Economic, Small Business Development, Tourism and						appropriate
Environmental Affairs, will be required to relocate and/or disturb listed plant species.						plan
 Any individuals of protected species affected by and 	cEO	Ensure that	Duration of	ECO	As and when	Records of
observed within the development footprint during		translocation of	construction		required	translocated
construction should be translocated under the		individuals of			10401104	protected
supervision of the Contractor's Environmental Officer		protected				species
(EO).		species				provided for
V - F		affected by and				1- 3

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		observed within the development footprint is undertaken under supervision of the cEO.				review during audit
 Pre-construction environmental induction for all construction staff on site to ensure that basic environmental principles are adhered to. This includes awareness to no littering, appropriate handling of pollution and chemical spills, avoiding fire hazards, minimising wildlife interactions, remaining within demarcated construction areas etc. 	cEO	Requirement for induction of all staff prior to entry, as well as the development and application of an induction programme	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Induction roster of all staff completed, maintained and available on site, induction programme material observed and on file on site during audits
Demarcate all areas to be cleared with construction tape or similar material where practical. However, caution should be exercised to avoid using material that might entangle fauna.	Contractor	Visual inspection of the development area and whether all areas to be cleared have be demarcated with faunafriendly material	Prior to construction	ECO	Duration of the construction phase	Areas to be cleared appropriately demarcated

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation				
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Contractor's EO to provide supervision and oversight of vegetation clearing activities and other activities which may cause damage to the environment, especially at the initiation of the project, when the majority of vegetation clearing is taking place. 	cEO	Visual inspection of vegetation clearing within the development footprint	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Weekly	No evidence of unnecessary vegetation clearing or damage to the environment
All vehicles to remain within demarcated construction areas and no unnecessary driving in the veld outside these areas should be allowed.	cEO	Visual inspection of vehicle movement within the development area, and whether all vehicles vehicle movement is restricted to demarcated construction area	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of vehicles driving in the veld outside the demarcated construction area
Regular dust suppression during construction, if deemed necessary, especially along access roads.	Contractor	Identification of suitable dust control measures, and implementation of these measures	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Dust suppression evident or observed during audit
 No plants may be translocated or otherwise uprooted or disturbed for rehabilitation or other purpose without express permission from the Contractor's EO. 	cEO	Prohibit the translocation of plants by contractors without	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No plants translocated without permission from the cEO

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		permission for the cEO				
No fires should be allowed on-site.	cEO	Placement of signs around the site indicating that fires are prohibited on site	Duration of construction and operational phases	ECO	Monthly	Signage prohibiting fire on site observed during audit

Impact management outcome: Disturbance to fauna is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
- Site access should be controlled, and no unauthorised	DSS, dEO	Demarcate the	Duration of the		Not Applicable			
persons should be allowed onto the site.		project site and	project					
		place a security						
		guard and						
		register at the						
		main gate						
- Any fauna directly threatened by the associated	cEO, Specialist	Develop a	Prior to	ECO	Monthly	Necessary		
activities should be removed to a safe location by a		search and	construction			permits		
suitably qualified person.		relocation plan				obtained prior		
		for threatened				to the removal		
		fauna species				of threatened		
		and obtain the				fauna species,		
		relevant permits				and copies of		
						permits		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		for the removal of these species				observed during audit
The collection, hunting or harvesting of any plants or animals at the site should be strictly forbidden. Personnel should not be allowed to wander off the demarcated site.	cEO	Requirement for induction of all staff prior to entry, in particular about the collection, hunting or harvesting of plant and animals	Duration of the project	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of fauna and plant mortality, and inducting roster of all stuff completed, maintained and available on site
 All hazardous materials should be stored in the appropriate manner to prevent contamination of the site. Any accidental chemical, fuel and oil spills that occur at the site should be cleaned up in the appropriate manner as related to the nature of the spill. 	Contractor	Suitable bunding and containment, demarcation and access control measures implemented for hazardous materials at onsite stores. Spill prevention and response plan developed and spill kits made available, as well as all staff inducted	Duration of the project	ECO	Monthly	Effective bunding and containment of hazardous materials as evidenced on site, along with suitable access control and demarcation provided at hazardous materials stores. Written log of spills and clean up actions implemented observed and

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		with spill response procedure and a log of inductions kept on file. Written record of spills and clean up actions kept on site				kept on file at site
All construction vehicles should adhere to a low-speed limit (30km/h) to avoid collisions with susceptible species such as snakes and tortoises.	Contractor, cEO	Install speed signature throughout site, include speed limit into induction and ensure all staff entering site is aware of the requirement to implement speed limits. Institute verbal and written warnings for violations and appropriate fines for repeat contraventions. Written log of fines and	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Minimal instances of speeding as observed on site during audits and as evidenced in the written log of warnings and fines issued for contraventions

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		warning issued				
		kept on site				
 Construction vehicles limited to a minimal footprint on 	Contractor, cEO	Install signage	During the	ECO	Monthly	Minimal to no
site (no movement outside of the earmarked footprint).		throughout the	construction			instances of
		site instructing	phase			construction
		all construction				vehicle
		vehicles to				movement
		remain within				outside the
		the designated				earmarked
		footprint				footprint

Impact management outcome: No increase in erosion risk as a result of site activities.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Topsoil must be removed and stored separately from subsoil. Topsoil must be reapplied where appropriate as soon as possible in order to encourage and facilitate 	Contractor	Enforce proper storage of topsoil and subsoil, and	During the construction and decommissioning	ECO	Monthly	Topsoil stored separately from subsoil and
rapid regeneration of the natural vegetation on cleared areas.		visual inspection to determine that topsoil is reapplied to disturbed areas during rehabilitation	phases			evidence of rehabilitation with topsoil where appropriate
 Practical phased development and vegetation clearing must be practiced so that cleared areas are 	Contractor	Develop and implementation a vegetation	Prior to construction and during the	ECO	Weekly	Evidence of phased development

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Danaganibla	Mathada	Time of voyage of a v	Danamailala	Fra eu canav	Evidence of
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
not left un-vegetated and vulnerable to erosion for		clearance method	construction			and vegetation
extended periods of time.		statement	phase			clearing
						observed during
						audit

Impact management outcome: Minimal alien plant invasion during the construction phase.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
- A site-specific eradication and management	Specialist	Invasive Alien Plant	Prior to the	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of		
programme for alien invasive plants must be		species eradication	commencement			Invasive Alien		
implemented during construction.		and management	of construction			Plant species		
		programme				eradication and		
		developed for the				management		
		construction phase				programme		
		of the project,				during audit		
		detailing						
		monitoring						
		required, control						
		methods and						
		frequency.						
- Clearing methods must aim to keep disturbance to a	Contractor	Visual inspection of	Duration of the	ECO	Weekly	No evidence of		
minimum.		vegetation	construction			unnecessary		
		clearing activities	phase			vegetation		
		on site				clearing		

8.3. Wetlands

Impact management outcome: Indirect loss of wetland habitats (applicable to all wetlands features) reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
 All wetland features and their associated buffer areas 	cEO and	Ensure layout	Prior to	ECO	Once off review	Confirm no	
should be regarded as 'no-go' areas for all	contractor	has been	construction		that the layout	development	
construction activities.		informed by the	and during		used is the	equipment	
		environmental	construction		approved one,	traverses any	
		sensitivities as			and monthly	seasonal or	
		determined by			thereafter	permanent	
		the				wetland as per	
		environmental				the authorised	
		impact				layout by	
		assessment and				reviewing the	
		specialist studies				as-built designs	
		Visual inspection				Wetland	
		of the				features clearly	
		construction				demarcated	
		activities to					
		observe				No evidence of	
		whether they				construction	
		avoid the				activities taking	
		wetland				place within the	
		features and				'no-go' areas	
		that the				during audit	
		wetland					
		features have					
		been					
		demarcated					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
The recommended buffer areas between the delineated freshwater resource features and proposed project activities should be maintained.	cEO	Demarcate the delineated freshwater resource features	Once prior to construction commencing, and for the duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Delineated freshwater resource features appropriately demarcated		
 Vegetation clearing within the development footprint to be kept to a minimum. No unnecessary vegetation to be cleared. 	cEO	Visual inspection of vegetation clearing within the development footprint	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Weekly	No evidence of unnecessary vegetation clearing during audit		
Vegetation clearing should occur in in a phased manner to minimise erosion and/or run-off.	Contractor	Develop and implementation a vegetation clearance method statement	Prior to construction and during the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Evidence of phased development and vegetation clearing observed during audit		
 An effective storm water management plan should be compiled by a suitable specialist and the effectivity of the plan should be regularly assessed and revised if necessary. 	Contractor, cEO	Develop and implement a stormwater management plan for the facility	Prior to construction commencing, and for the duration of construction and operation phase	ECO	Monthly	Stormwater management plan evident within the onsite environmental file prior to construction commencing, and evidence of stormwater measures		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						implanted as observed on site during audit

Impact management outcome: Sedimentation and erosion reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
- Store hydrocarbons off site where possible, or otherwise	Contractor	Ensure that storage	During the	ECO	Monthly	Photographic		
implement hydrocarbon storage using impermeable		areas are	Construction			proof that		
floors with appropriate bunding, sumps and roofing.		impermeable and	Phase			storage areas		
		are sufficiently				are		
		bunded, and have				impermeable,		
		sumps and roofing				and have		
						bunds, sumps		
						and roofing		
- An erosion control management plan should be	Contractor,	Develop and	Prior to	ECO	Monthly	Erosion		
utilised to prevent erosion.	cEO	implement erosion	construction and			management		
		control	during the			plan developed		
		management plan	construction			and		
		to prevent erosion	phase			implemented for		
						the duration of		
						the construction		
						phase		
						Evidence of		
						minimal to no		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
						erosion observed during audit	
Handle hydrocarbons carefully to limit spillage.	Contractor	Development and implement procedure for handling hydrocarbons	Prior to construction	ECO	Once off review of the procedure for handling hydrocarbons	Procedure for handling hydrocarbons developed and implemented	
Ensure vehicles are regularly serviced so that hydrocarbon leaks are limited.	Contractor, cEO	Ensure that vehicles are serviced as required	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Vehicle service documentation provided during audit	
 Designate a single location for refuelling and maintenance, outside of any freshwater resource features. 	Contractor, cEO	Place refuelling and maintenance workshop at least 32m away from freshwater resource features	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Workshop area for refuelling and maintenance of vehicles and machinery located at least 32m away from freshwater resource features	
Keep a spill kit on site to deal with any hydrocarbon leaks.	Contractor, cEO	Provide spill kits on site and provide training on the use of spill kits to the relevant employees	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Spills kits observed on site during audit	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Remove soil from the site which has been	Contractor	Ensure that soil	During the	ECO	Monthly	Incident and	
contaminated by hydrocarbon spillage.		contaminated by	construction			corrective	
		hydrocarbon	phase			action logged in	
		spillage is				incident register	
		immediately					
		removed and				Hazardous	
		disposed of at an				waste manifest	
		appropriate				provided for	
		hazardous waste				review	
		disposal facility					

8.4. Heritage

Impact management outcome: Minimal to no impacts on buried archaeological and palaeontological resources.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
		1	T		1	T
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- All excavations into bedrock <u>must be</u> monitored by a	Contractor,	Visual inspection of	Duration of	ECO	Daily – Weekly	Copies of
suitably qualified palaeontologist and a report on the	Specialist,	the excavation	construction			monitoring reports
outcomes of the monitoring activities must be	cEO	process and taking	phase			and pictures made
submitted to SAHRA on completion of the		pictures for				available during the
development of the facility.		inclusion in the				audit
		monitoring report				
- All other excavation activities are must be subject to	Contractor,	Chance Finds	<u>Duration of</u>	ECO, cEO	<u>Ongoing</u>	Chance Finds
the Palaeontological Chance Finds Procedure.	<u>cEO,</u>	<u>Procedure</u>	<u>Construction</u>		(cEO), Monthly	<u>Procedure in place</u>
		developed and	<u>Phase</u>		(ECO)	<u>& records of training</u>
		training in this				<u>available</u>
		regard provided				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person	/	compliance	
- If any evidence of archaeological sites or remains	<u>Contractor,</u>	If any evidence of	Duration of	ECO, cEO	Ongoing	Evidence of	
(e.g., remnants of stone-made structures, indigenous	cEO,	unrecorded	<u>Construction</u>		(cEO), Monthly	communication	
ceramics, bones, stone artefacts, ostrich eggshell	Specialist (if	archaeological	<u>Phase</u>		(ECO)	with SAHRA where	
fragments, charcoal and ash concentrations), fossils or	required)	resources is				any evidence of	
other categories of heritage resources are found		observed during				<u>unrecorded</u>	
during the proposed development, SAHRA APM Unit		the course of				<u>archaeological</u>	
must be altered as per section 35(3) of the NHRA. Non-		<u>construction</u>				resources or	
compliance with this section of the NHRA is an offense		activities, all work				possible burials is	
in terms of section 51(1)e of the NHRA and item 5 of the		<u>must cease</u>				<u>found</u>	
<u>Schedule.</u>		<u>immediately within</u>					
		the vicinity of the					
		<u>find and the find</u>					
		must be reported					
		to the SAHRA.					
- A monitoring report by a palaeontologist must be	<u>Developer</u>	Appoint a	<u>Duration of the</u>	ECO	Once off, at	<u>Letter of</u>	
submitted upon completion of the construction phase		<u>palaeontologist to</u>	<u>Construction</u>		the conclusion	appointment of	
that includes site clearance and excavations.	<u>Specialist</u>	prior to the	<u>Phase</u>		of the	<u>palaeontologist</u>	
		commencement of			<u>construction</u>		
		the construction			<u>phase</u>	<u>Palaeontological</u>	
		<u>phase to</u>				monitoring report	
		<u>undertake</u>				<u>available on</u>	
		monitoring during				<u>request</u>	
		the construction					
If you are and a place and by missing area of the CALIDA	Combratele	phase	Duration -f	FCO - FC	On grain -:	Evidence -f	
If unmarked human burials are uncovered, the SAHRA Rurial Crounds and Crounds Hait must be glosted.	Contractor,	If any evidence of	<u>Duration of</u>	ECO, cEO	Ongoing	Evidence of	
Burial Grounds and Graves Unit must be alerted immediately as per section 36(6) of the NHRA. Non-	<u>cEO,</u> <u>Specialist (if</u>	unmarked human burials is observed	Construction Phase		(cEO), Monthly (ECO)	communication with SAHRA where	
compliance with this section of the NHRA is an offense	required)	during the course	111036		(FCO)	any evidence of	
in terms of section 51(1)e of the NHRA and item 5 of the	<u>requieuj</u>	of construction				unmarked human	
Schedule.		activities, all work				burials is found	
SCHOOL.		must cease				DOTICIS IS TOUTICE	
		111031 CCG3E					

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		immediately within				
		the vicinity of the				
		find and the find				
		must be reported				
		to the SAHRA.				
 If heritage resources are uncovered during the course 	<u>Developer</u>	If an evidence of	<u>Duration of the</u>	<u>ECO</u>	<u>Ongoing</u>	<u>Letter of</u>
of the development, a professional archaeologist or		heritage resources	<u>Construction</u>		(cEO), Monthly	appointment of
palaeontologist, depending on the nature of the finds,	<u>Specialist</u>	<u>is uncovered</u>	<u>Phase</u>		(ECO)	archaeologist or
must be contracted as soon as possible to inspect the		during the				<u>palaeontologist</u>
heritage resource. If the newly discovered heritage		<u>construction</u>				
resources prove to be of archaeological or		<u>phase, a</u>				
palaeontological significance, a Phase 2 rescue		<u>professional</u>				
operation may be required subject to permits issued by		<u>archaeologist or</u>				
SAHRA.		<u>palaeontologist</u>				
		<u>must be</u>				
		<u>contracted</u>				

8.5. Social

Impact management outcome: Enhanced socio-economic development and reduction in potential negative social impacts.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Where reasonable and practical, the proponent	Developer	Develop and	Prior to	ECO	Once, prior to the	The "locals first"
should appoint local contractors and implement a		implement a	construction		commencement	policy is
'locals first' policy, especially for semi and low-skilled		"locals first" policy			of construction	considered in
job categories. However, due to the low skills levels in		for the provision of			and monthly	terms of the
					during the	employment and

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
the area, the majority of skilled posts are likely to be filled by people from outside the area.		employment opportunities			construction phase	training opportunities	
Where feasible, efforts should be made to employ local contactors that are compliant with Broad Based Black Economic Empowerment (BBBEE) criteria. B. f	Developer	Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of employment opportunities that states that first preference will be given to contractors that are compliant with BBBEE criteria	Prior to construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the	The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of the employment and gives first preference to contractors that are compliant with BBBEE criteria	
 Before the construction phase commences the proponent should meet with representatives from the MLM to establish the existence of a skills database for the area. If such as database exists it should be made available to the contractors appointed for the construction phase. 	Developer	Identify and implement appropriate strategies for communication with representatives from the MLM	Prior to construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction	Communication is undertaken as per the identified strategies and evidence of the meeting with the MLM (meeting minutes) is provided during the audit	
 The local authorities, community representatives, and organisations on the interested and affected party database should be informed of the final decision regarding the project and the potential job opportunities for locals and the employment 	Developer	Identify and implement appropriate strategies to communicate the	Prior to construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly	Evidence indicating that interested and affected parties were informed of	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
procedures that the proponent intends following for the construction phase of the project.		availability of job opportunities to interested and affected parties and ensure that all interested and affected parties are aware of the job opportunities associated with the project			during the construction	the job opportunities is provided during the audit
 Where feasible, training and skills development programmes for locals should be initiated prior to the initiation of the construction phase. 	Developer	Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of employment opportunities	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of the employment and training opportunities
The recruitment selection process should seek to promote gender equality and the employment of women wherever possible.	Developer	Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of employment opportunities and ensure that the policy promotes gender equality and women empowerment	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	The "locals first" policy, which promotes gender equality and women empowerment is considered in terms of the employment

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
The proponent should liaise with the MLM with regards the establishment of a database of local companies, specifically BBBEE companies, which qualify as potential service providers (e.g., construction companies, catering companies, waste collection companies, security companies etc.) prior to the commencement of the tender process for construction contractors. These companies should be notified of the	Responsible person Developer	Method of implementation Establish communication channels with the MLM	Timeframe for implementation Pre-construction & Construction	Responsible person ECO	Frequency Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Evidence of compliance Documentary evidence indicating liaison between the developer and the MLM
tender process and invited to bid for project-related work. - Where possible, the proponent should assist local BBBEE companies to complete and submit the required tender forms and associated information.	Developer	Develop and implement a programme for the provision of assistance in completing and submitting tender forms	Prior to construction		Not Applicable	
The proponent and the contractor(s) should, in consultation with representatives from the MF, develop a code of conduct for the construction phase. The code should identify which types of behaviour and activities are not acceptable. Construction workers in breach of the code should be dismissed. All dismissals must comply with the South African labour legislation.	Developer, in consultation with the Monitoring Forum	Develop and implement code of conduction for the construction phase	Prior to construction and during the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Code of conduct evident during audit
The construction area should be fenced off before construction commences and no workers should be permitted to leave the fenced off area.	Contractor	Ensure that the construction area is fenced off	Prior to construction and during the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Construction area is fenced off and photographic proof can be provided

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 The contractor should provide transport for workers to and from the site on a daily basis. This will enable the contactor to effectively manage and monitor the movement of construction workers on and off the site. 	cEO	Provide daily transport to and from site for employees	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof of transportation services provided	
 The contractor must ensure that all construction workers from outside the area are transported back to their place of residence within 2 days for their contract coming to an end. 	cEO	Provide transport from site to employees within 2 days of their contract coming to an end	Towards the end of the construction phase	ECO	As and when required, towards the end of the construction phase	Proof of transportation services provided	
 It is recommended that no construction workers, with the exception of security personnel, should be permitted to stay over-night on the site. 	Not Applicable staff.	e - no on-site housing is	envisaged with dail	y commute to	and from site expect	ed of construction	
The proponent should implement a policy that no employment will be available at the gate.	Developer	Develop and implement a policy that no employment will be available at the gate	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction	Policy considered in terms of employment	
The construction area should be fenced off prior to the commencement of the construction phase. The movement of construction workers on the site should be confined to the fenced off area.	Contractor	Ensure that the construction area is fenced off prior to the commencement of construction Observe construction workers to determine whether	Prior to construction and for the duration of the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Construction area fenced off No movement of construction workers outside the fenced off area observed during audit	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation their movement is confined to the fenced off area	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
The proponent should enter into an agreement with the local farmers in the area whereby damages to farm property etc. during the construction phase will be compensated for. The agreement should be signed before the construction phase commences.	DPM Contractor	Develop agreements for compensation for the damage of farm property etc. with the affected landowners. Ensure that agreements are approved and signed	Pre-construction	dEO ECO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of approved and signed agreements
Traffic and activities should be strictly contained within designated areas.	Contractor, cEO	Ensure that traffic and activities are contained within designated areas	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Traffic and activities are contained within designated areas
Strict traffic speed limits must be enforced on the farm.	cEO / dEO / Contractor	Inform all drivers of speed limits and place appropriate signage along the relevant roads	During the construction and operation phase	ECO Operation and Maintenance team	Monthly	No complaints regarding speeding on site are received
All farm gates must be closed after passing through.	DSS and Contractor	Ensure farm gates are closed after passing through as required through the implementation of	During the construction phase	cEO	Weekly and as and when required	Farm gates are closed after passing through and no complaints from landowners are received.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		a formalised process					
 Contractors appointed by the proponent should provide daily transport for low and semi-skilled workers to and from the site. This would reduce the potential risk of trespassing on the remainder of the farm and adjacent properties. 		Provide daily transport to and from site for employees	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof of transportation services provided during audit	
 The proponent should hold contractors liable for compensating farmers and communities in full for any stock losses and/or damage to farm infrastructure that can be linked to construction workers. This should be contained in the Code of Conduct to be signed between the proponent, the contractors' and neighbouring landowners. The agreement should also cover loses and costs associated with fires caused by construction workers or construction related activities (see below). 	DPM Contractor	Develop agreements with the contractors regarding their liability for compensating farmers and communities in full for any stock losses and/or damage to farm infrastructure that can be linked to construction workers. Ensure that agreements are approved and signed	Pre-construction	dEO ECO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of approved and signed agreement	
 The Environmental Management Plan (EMP) must outline procedures for managing and storing waste on site, specifically plastic waste that poses a threat to livestock if ingested. 	cEO	Ensure that the EMP contains measures for managing and storing waste on site	Pre-construction and during the construction and operation phase	dEO, ECO, cEO	Once, at the onset of the construction phase, and again on the onset of the operation phase	Measures for managing and storing waste included in the EMP and the implementation thereof	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance observed during	
- Contractors appointed by the proponent must ensure that all workers are informed at the outset of the construction phase of the conditions contained on the Code of Conduct, specifically consequences of stock theft and trespassing on adjacent farms.	cEO and Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Compile a Code of Conduct for staff. Ensure that the conditions of the Code of Conduct are communicated staff at the outset of construction	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction	audit No complaints registered in this regard	
 Contractors appointed by the proponent must ensure that construction workers who are found guilty of stealing livestock and/or damaging farm infrastructure are dismissed and charged. This should be contained in the Code of Conduct. All dismissals must be in accordance with South African labour legislation. 	Developer	Compile a Code of Conduct for staff. Ensure that any dismissals are done in accordance with South African labour legislation	During the construction phase	ECO	As and when necessary	No complaints from dismissed staff Code of Conduct observed during audit	
The option of establishing a fire-break around the perimeter of the site prior to the commencement of the construction phase should be investigated.	Contractor	Ensure that the option of establishing a fire-break around the perimeter of the site is properly investigated and that the decision is informed by the site sensitivities	Prior to construction	ECO	Once	Documentation indicating that discussions around establishing firebreaks have been undertaken	
 Contractor should ensure that open fires on the site for cooking or heating are not allowed except in designated areas. 		Hold environmental awareness training workshops. Training	Pre-construction construction and operations	ECO dEO	Monthly and as and when required	Attendance register and training minutes	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		material should				/ notes for the	
		include the fact				record	
		that open fires for					
		cooking or heating					
		are prohibited, in					
		designated areas					
- Smoking on site should be confined to designated		Erect signage	Construction and	ECO	Monthly, and as	Photographic	
areas.		indicating	operations	dEO	and when	evidence of	
		designated		cEO	required	signage	
		smoking areas, and				indicating	
		ensure that				designated	
		smoking is only				smoking areas	
		confined to these					
		areas					
- Contractor to ensure that construction related		Ensure that	Pre-construction,	ECO	Prior to the	No fire outbreaks	
activities that pose a potential fire risk, such as welding,	Contractor	construction	construction and		commencement	occurred	
are effectively managed and are confined to areas		related activities	operations		of the		
where the risk of fires has been reduced. Measures to		that pose a			environmental	Environmental	
reduce the risk of fires include avoiding working in high		potential fire risk,			awareness	awareness	
wind conditions when the risk of fires is greater. In this		such as welding,			training, once	training material	
regard special care should be taken during the high risk		are effectively			during the	observed	
dry, windy winter months.		managed and are			construction		
		confined to areas			phase and once		
		where the risk of			during the		
		fires has been			operation phase		
		reduced					
		Develop					
		environmental					
		awareness training					
		material which					

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	on		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Contractor should provide adequate fire-fighting 	Contractor	covers conditions under which work should not be undertaken to reduce the risk of fires The site must be	During the	ECO	Monthly	Adequate fire-	
equipment on-site, including a fire fighting vehicle.		fitted with adequate fire- fighting equipment	Construction Phase			fighting equipment is available and has been serviced	
 Contractor to provide fire-fighting training to selected construction staff. 	cEO and Contractor	Provide training on the use of fire- fighting equipment to the relevant employees	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction	Proof of training to be provided by the contractor	
 As per the conditions of the Code of Conduct, in the event of a fire being caused by construction workers and or construction activities, the appointed contractors must compensate farmers for any damage caused to their farms. The contractor should also compensate the fire-fighting costs borne by farmers and local authorities. 		Develop agreements with the contractors regarding their liability for damage as a result of fires caused by construction workers and or construction activities. Ensure that agreements are approved and signed	Pre-construction	dEO ECO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of approved and signed agreement	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 The movement of heavy vehicles associated with the construction phase should be timed to avoid times of the week, such as weekends, when the volume of traffic travelling along the R34 may be higher. 	Contractor	Ensure that movement of heavy vehicles is managed accordingly	During construction	ECO, dEO	Monthly	No complaints regarding traffic caused by the construction activities received
Construction operations should be planned to minimise the total area cleared at any given time.	Contractor	Develop and implementation a vegetation clearance method statement	Prior to construction and during the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of phased development and vegetation clearing observed during audit
Dust suppression measures must be implemented on un-surfaced roads, such as wetting on a regular basis and ensuring that vehicles used to transport sand and building materials are fitted with tarpaulins or covers.	Contractor	Appropriate dust suppression measures are implemented	During the construction phase	cEO, ECO	Weekly	Photographic record of measures being implemented and the results thereof
 All vehicles must be road-worthy, and drivers must be qualified and made aware of the potential road safety issues and need for strict speed limits. 	cEO / dEO / Contractor	Regular inspection of vehicles Inform all drivers of speed limits and place appropriate signage along the relevant roads	During construction and operations	ECO Oper ation and Main tena nce team	Monthly	No complaints from community members are submitted Vehicle inspection checklists available

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 The footprint associated with the construction related 	cEO,	Visual inspection of	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of
activities (access roads, construction platforms,	Contractor	clearing activities	construction			unnecessary
workshop etc.) should be minimised.		to determine if any	phase			land clearing
		unnecessary land				observed during
		clearing is being				audit
		undertaken				
- An Environmental Control Officer (ECO) should be	Developer	Ensure that an ECO	Pre-construction	cEO	Once, prior to	Appointment
appointed to monitor the establishment phase of the		is appointed prior			construction	letter provided
construction phase.		to the				for review
		commencement of				
		construction				
		activities				

8.6. Visual

Impact management outcome: Minimal visual impacts resulting from the proposed on-site substation.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Retain and maintain natural vegetation immediately	Project	Visual inspection of	Prior to	ECO	Monthly	Onsite evidence	
adjacent to the development footprint/servitude.	proponent/	the layout to	construction and			that natural	
	design	ensure that	during			vegetation	
	consultant	vegetation	construction			immediately	
		immediately				adjacent to the	
		adjacent to the				development	
		development				footprint/servitu	
		footprint will not be				de is retained	
		disturbed				and maintained	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		Ensure that natural vegetation immediately adjacent to the development footprint/servitude is retained and maintained					
Make use of existing roads wherever possible and plan the layout and construction of roads and infrastructure with due cognisance of the topography to limit cut and fill requirements.	Project proponent/ design consultant	Visual inspection of the layout to ensure it will promote the use of existing roads and that infrastructure is placed with due cognisance of the topography Ensure that existing roads are utilised as practically possible	Prior to construction	ECO	Monthly	Use of existing roads by contractors observed during audit Construction undertaken in accordance with approved layout	
Consolidate infrastructure and make use of already disturbed sites rather than undisturbed areas.	Project proponent/ design consultant	Visual inspection of the layout to determine if infrastructure is placed within already disturbed areas	Prior to construction	ECO	Monthly	Construction undertaken in accordance with approved layout	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Ensure that vegetation is not unnecessarily cleared or removed during the construction phase.	Contractor	Visual inspection of development footprint to determine if unnecessary clearing of vegetation is being undertaken	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Daily – Weekly	No evidence of unnecessary vegetation clearance
Reduce the construction phase through careful logistical planning and productive implementation of resources.	Contractor	Develop and implement a construction programme	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Reduced duration of the construction phase. Copy of construction programme provided during audit
 Restrict the activities and movement of construction workers and vehicles to the immediate construction site and existing access roads. 	Contractor	Demarcate construction site to restrict activities to the immediate construction site	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Barrier established around the construction site
 Ensure that rubble, litter, and disused construction materials are appropriately stored (if not removed daily) and then disposed regularly at licensed waste facilities. 	Contractor	Disposal of waste at licensed waste disposal facilities must be undertaken as per the waste management plan	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Reduce and control construction dust through the use 	Contractor	Apply appropriate	Duration of the	ECO	Weekly	Contractor to
of approved dust suppression techniques as and when		dust suppression	construction			provide proof of
required (i.e., whenever dust becomes apparent).		technique	phase			use of
						appropriate dust
						suppression
						technique.
						Photographic
						evidence that
						dust suppression
						is being
						undertaken on
						site

OPERATIONAL PHASE OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS

8.7. Avifauna

Impact management outcome: Reduced mortality and displacement of priority avifauna.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
 It is recommended that a single perimeter fence is 	Contractor	Visual inspection to	Duration of	ECO, dEO	Once, prior to	Single perimeter	
used.		determine if a	construction and		construction	fence utilised	
		single perimeter	operation phase		and operation		
		fence has been					
		used on site					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
The hardware within the proposed transmission	Responsible person Contractor,	Method of implementation Regular inspection	Timeframe for implementation Duration of the	Responsible person dEO	Frequency Monthly	Evidence of compliance Records of
substation yard is too complex to warrant any mitigation for electrocution at this stage. It is recommended that if on-going impacts are recorded once operational, site specific mitigation (insulation) be applied reactively. This is an acceptable approach because Red Data priority species is unlikely to frequent the substation and be electrocuted.	cEO	of transmission substation to observe if there is any electrocution of avifauna taking place, and devise and implement mitigation	operation phase			electrocution events available during audit Revised EMP with measures to minimise electrocution of
GIECITOCOTEG.		measures to reduce impacts				avifauna due to the substation compiled and implemented

8.8. Ecology

Impact management outcome: Minimal alien plant invasion during the operational phase.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Regular monitoring by the operation and maintenance team for alien plants within the power line servitude must occur and could be conducted simultaneously with erosion monitoring as per Eskom Standards. 	cEO	Visual inspection of infrastructure for signs of invasive species encroachment and to inform control efforts required.	Every 3 months during the first two years of the operation phase, and annually thereafter for the life of the project thereafter	cEO	Monthly	Negligible evidence of invasive alien species observed on site or clear evidence of control actions

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		Implementation of control actions against established populations identified during monitoring.				implemented, in addition to evidence of the written invasive alien management plan in the site file.
 When alien plants are detected, these must be controlled and cleared using the recommended control measures for each species to ensure that the problem is not exacerbated or does not re-occur and increase to problematic levels. 	cEO	Control methods employed to be guided by the invasive alien plant management programme and the methods provided for	Duration of the operation phase	cEO	Monthly	Control measures implemented in accordance with the IAP management programme development plan, as determined by the ECO

8.9. Wetlands

Impact management outcome: Minimal impact on wetland systems due to increase in surface runoff on wetland form and function.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Any stormwater within the site must be handled in a suitable manner, i.e. trap sediments, and reduce flow velocities.	Contractor, cEO	Develop and implement a stormwater management plan for the facility,	Prior to construction commencing, and for the duration of construction and operation phase	ECO, dEO/cEO	Monthly	Stormwater plan evident within the onsite environmental file prior to construction commencing, and evidence of stormwater measures implanted as observed on site during audit
Stormwater from the substation must be managed using appropriate channels and swales when located within steeper areas.	Contractor	Ensure that appropriate channels and swales are established for the purpose of stormwater management	Established during construction and utilised during the operation phase	CEO	Monthly	Evidence of stormwater channels and swales observed on site during audit
 The runoff should be dissipated over a broad area covered by natural vegetation or managed using appropriate channels and swales. 	Contractor	Ensure that appropriate channels and swales are established for the purpose of stormwater management and that runoff is dissipated over a	Established during construction and utilised during the operation phase	cEO	As and when required	Evidence of stormwater channels and swales observed on site during audit Runoff is dissipated over a broad area

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		broad area covered by natural vegetation				covered by natural vegetation	
The existing road infrastructure should be utilised as far as possible to minimise the overall disturbance	cEO	Inform contractors to utilise existing road infrastructure	Pre-construction, construction and operations	ECO/cEO, dEO	Daily	Existing roads utilised as far as is practically possible	
 No stormwater runoff must be allowed to discharge directly into freshwater resource features along roads, and flows should thus be allowed to dissipate over a broad area covered by natural vegetation. 	Contractor	Ensure that stormwater is managed in accordance with the stormwater management plan for the site	Construction and operations	ECO/cEO, dEO	As and when required	Evidence of stormwater measures implanted as observed on site during audit	

Impact management outcome: Sedimentation and e	Impact management outcome: Sedimentation and erosion reduced.										
Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring							
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance					
 Any erosion problems observed to be associated with the project infrastructure should be rectified as soon as possible and monitored thereafter to ensure that they do not re-occur. 		Develop and implement an erosion management plan	Prior to construction and for the project lifecycle	ECO, cEO	Monthly	Erosion problems successfully rectified					
 Silt traps should be used where there is a danger of topsoil eroding and entering lower lying wetland resources. 		Ensure that silt trips are established in steep areas close	During construction and operations	ECO	Monthly	Photographic proof of silt trips					

to lower lying		
wetland features		

8.10. Social

Impact management outcome: Enhanced socio-economic development and reduction in potential negative social impacts. **Impact Management Actions** Monitoring **Implementation** Timeframe for Evidence of Responsible Method of Responsible Frequency person implementation implementation person compliance dEO Once prior to the The "locals first" Implement a skills development and training Develop and During the Developer programme aimed at maximising the number of implement a operation phase commencement policy is employment opportunities for local community "locals first" policy of operation and considered in for the provision of terms of the members. monthly during employment and the operation employment training phase and training opportunities opportunities Maximise opportunities for local content, procurement, Developer Develop and During the dEO Once prior to the The "locals first" and community shareholding. implement a operation phase commencement policy is "locals first" policy of operation and considered in monthly during in the procurement terms of the operation process procuring goods phase and services Implement agreements with affected landowner. During the Once, prior to the Availability of DPM. dEO Develop Contractor agreements with operation phase commencement approved and the affected of the operation signed landowners. Ensure phase agreement/s

that agreements are approved and

signed

8.11. Visual

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Investigate and implement (should it be required) the	Contractor	Develop and	Prior to	ECO, dEO	Monthly	No complaints
potential to screen visual impacts at affected receptor		implement and	construction and			related to visual
sites.		procedure for	during the			impacts received
		screening visual	construction and			
		impacts at	operation phase			
		affected receptor				
		sites.				

DECOMMISSIONING PHASE OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS

8.12. Avifauna

Impact management outcome: The displacement of priority species due to disturbance associated with construction of the Vrede EGI.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Access to the remainder of the site should be strictly controlled to prevent unnecessary disturbance of priority species and degradation of habitat. 	cEO,	Demarcate sensitive areas to restrict access to these areas	Duration	ECO	Monthly	Sensitive areas appropriately demarcated and fenced off for the duration of the

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
						construction phase	
Measures to control noise and dust should be applied according to current best practice in the industry.	Contractor	Ensure that noise limits do not exceed acceptable limits and identify and implement suitable dust control measures	Duration decommissioning phase	ECO	Monthly	Dust and noise control measures evident during audit. No noise or dust related complaints received	
The mitigation measures proposed by the vegetation specialist must be strictly enforced.	CEO	Regular audits to oversee implementation of the mitigation measures proposed by the vegetation specialist	Duration decommissioning phase	ECO	Monthly	Implementation of the mitigation measures proposed by the vegetation specialist evident during audit.	

8.13. Ecology

Impact management outcome: No increase in erosion risk as a result of site activities.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Any erosion problems observed along access roads or 	Contractor,	Visual inspection of	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Negligible erosion
any hardened/engineered surface should be rectified	cEO	remaining	decommissioning			observed on site, or
immediately and monitored thereafter to ensure that		infrastructure and	phase			where observed
they do not re-occur.		decommissioned				clear evidence of
		areas to determine				control measures
		if erosion has				put in place
		occurred or is likely				
		to occur.				
- All bare areas should be re-vegetated with locally	Contractor,	Visual inspection of	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of
occurring species, to bind the soil and limit erosion	cEO	infrastructure and	decommissioning			bare areas
potential where applicable.		decommissioned	phase			affected by
		areas to determine				development and
		if all bare areas				negligible erosion
		have been re-				observed
		vegetated				
- Re-instate as much of the eroded area to its pre-	Contractor	Visual inspection of	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Eroded areas re-
disturbed, "natural" geometry (no change in elevation		the site to	decommissioning			instated successfully
and any banks not to be steepened) where possible.		determine the	phase			
		success of re-				
		instatement				
- Roads and other disturbed areas should be regularly	Contractor	Development and	Duration of	ECO	Annually	Monitoring reports
monitored for erosion problems and problem areas		implement	decommissioning			produced in
should receive follow-up monitoring by the EO to assess		rehabilitation	and for three			accordance with
the success of the remediation.		monitoring plan.	years thereafter			the frequency
		Monitoring reports				determined in the
		to be kept on file				rehabilitation
						monitoring plan, for

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
						a period of three years after the decommissioning phase, and as observed in monitoring reporting provided on request	
 No planting or importing any listed invasive alien plant species (all Category 1a, 1b and 2 invasive species) to the site for landscaping, rehabilitation or any other purpose must be undertaken. 	Contractor	Visual inspection of the site to determine that no listed invasive alien plant species are used for rehabilitation purposes	Duration of decommissioning phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of increased encroachment by invasive alien plants	

8.14. Wetlands

Impact management outcome: Indirect loss of wetland habitats (applicable to all wetlands features) reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Any areas disturbed during the construction phase	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction	cEO, ECO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of
should be encouraged to rehabilitate as fast and		implement a	& Rehabilitation			the disturbed
effective as possible and were deemed necessary by		rehabilitation				areas is
the ECO or Contractor's EO, artificial rehabilitation		plan for the				undertaken as
(e.g. re-seeding with collected or commercial		rehabilitation of				per the

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation			Monitoring			
indigenous seed mixes) should be applied in order to	Responsible person	Method of implementation all disturbed	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance rehabilitation		
speed up the rehabilitation process in critical areas (e.g. steep slopes and unstable soils).		areas				plan.		
 During the construction and operational /decommissioning phase, monitor the development footprint and wetland areas to see if erosion issues arise and if any erosion control is required. * Any areas disturbed during the construction phase should be encouraged to rehabilitate as fast and effective as possible and were deemed necessary by the Contractor's EO, artificial rehabilitation (e.g. re-seeding with collected or commercial indigenous seed mixes) should be applied in order to speed up the rehabilitation process in critical areas (e.g. steep slopes and unstable soils). * All alien plant re-growth must be monitored and should it occur, these plants should be eradicated. * During decommissioning, disturbance to the freshwater ecosystems should be avoided as far as possible. * Disturbed areas may need to be rehabilitated and revegetated. * Mitigation and follow up monitoring of residual impacts (alien vegetation growth and erosion) may be required. 		Visual inspection for signs of invasive species encroachment and to inform control efforts required Ensure disturbance to freshwater ecosystems is avoided during decommissionin g Visual inspection of disturbed areas to determine if they have been revegetated Monitoring reports for alien vegetation produced	During the decommissionin g and operational phase	cEO, ECO	Monthly Annually for monitoring of alien vegetation and erosion	Negligible evidence of invasive alien species observed on site No disturbance to freshwater ecosystems observed during audit Disturbed areas revegetated		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- All bare areas, as a result of the development, should	Contractor,	Visual inspection of	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of	
be revegetated with locally occurring species, to bind	cEO	infrastructure and	decommissioning			bare areas	
the soil and limit erosion potential.		decommissioned	phase			affected by	
		areas to determine				development	
		if all bare areas				and negligible	
		have been re-				erosion	
		vegetated				observed	
– Site rehabilitation should aim to restore surface	Contractor	Ensure that	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Drainage	
drainage patterns, natural soil and vegetation as far as		rehabilitation	decommissioning			patterns, natura	
is feasible.		activities are	phase			soil and	
		undertaken in				vegetation	
		accordance with				restored	
		the rehabilitation				following	
		plan				rehabilitation	

8.15. Social

Impact management outcome: Reduced effects of social impacts associated with retrenchment, including loss of jobs, and source of income.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- The proponent should ensure that retrenchment	Developer	Identify and	Decommissioning	dEO	Once, at the start	Evidence of
packages are provided for all staff retrenched when		implement	phase		of the	retrenchment
the plant, and associated EGI are decommissioned.		appropriate			decommissioning	packages
		strategies for			phase	provided during

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		communication with the communities regarding retrenchment packages and ensure that retrenchment is undertaken in accordance with the labour laws				audit. No complaints from retrenched staff	
 All structures and infrastructure associated with the proposed facility should be dismantled and transported off-site on decommissioning. 	Contractor, cEO	Ensure that dismantled infrastructure is removed from the site	Decommissioning phase	dEO	Monthly	No evidence of dismantled material on site	
Revenue generated from the sale of scrap metal during decommissioning should be allocated to funding closure and rehabilitation of disturbed areas.	Developer	Ensure that revenue generated from the sale of scrap metal is utilised for rehabilitation purposes	Decommissioning phase	dEO	Monthly	Documentary evidence indicating that revenue generated from the sale of scrap metal is being used to fund closure and rehabilitation activities	

Impact management outcome: Minimise potential noise, dust and safety impacts associated with movement of construction related traffic to and from the site and damage to farmlands.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Cleared areas should be rehabilitated once the construction phase has been completed.	Contractor, cEO	Visual inspection of the cleared areas to determine if rehabilitation of these areas has been undertaken	Duration of decommissioning phase	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of rehabilitation following the completion of construction activities
 All areas disturbed by construction related activities, such as access roads on the site, construction platforms, workshop area etc., should be rehabilitated at the end of the construction phase. 	Contractor, cEO	Visual inspection of the cleared areas to determine if rehabilitation of these areas has been undertaken	Duration of decommissioning phase	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of rehabilitation following the completion of construction activities
 The implementation of a rehabilitation programme should be included in the terms of reference for the contractor/s appointed. The specifications for the rehabilitation programme should be drawn up by the Environmental Consultants appointed to manage the EIA. 	Developer, Specialist	Develop and implement a rehabilitation programme	Pre-construction and during decommissioning	cEO	Weekly	Rehabilitation undertaken in accordance with the rehabilitation programme
The implementation of the Rehabilitation Programme should be monitored by the ECO.	CEO	Ensure that implementation of the rehabilitation plan is monitored by the ECO.	Duration of decommissioning phase	ECO	Weekly	ECO monitoring reports for the decommissioning phase

8.16. Visual

Impact management outcome: Minimal visual impacts resulting from the proposed on-site substation. **Impact Management Actions Implementation** Monitoring Evidence of Responsible Method of Timeframe for Responsible Frequency person implementation implementation person compliance Rehabilitate all disturbed areas immediately after the Contractor, Weekly Develop and Pre-construction cEO Rehabilitation of the completion of construction works. If necessary, an Specialist (if implement a & Rehabilitation disturbed areas is ecologist should be consulted to assist or give input into required) rehabilitation plan undertaken as per for the rehabilitation specifications. the rehabilitation rehabilitation of all plan disturbed areas Remove infrastructure not required for the post-Contractor Removal of At the end of ECO, dEO Once, No temporary decommissioning use of the site. infrastructure not construction and following the infrastructure not required for the during the completion of required for the postdecommissioning the postdecommissioning phase construction decommissioning use of the site phase use of the site present on site after the completion of the construction phase Monitor rehabilitated areas quarterly for at least a year cEO, Monitoring reports During the **ECO** Quarterly Monitoring reports decommissioning following decommissioning, and implement remedial Contractor produced on a produced every action as and when required. quarter, and kept phase auarterly basis on file for inspection upon request

CUMULATIVE OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS

8.17. Avifauna

Impact management outcome: Reduced mortality and displacement of priority avifauna.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Construction activity should be restricted to the immediate footprint of the infrastructure.	cEO, Contractor	Visual inspection of the construction activities to observe whether they remain within the defined footprint area	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of construction activity outside the immediate footprint of the infrastructure
It is recommended that a single perimeter fence is used.	Contractor	Visual inspection to determine if a single perimeter fence has been used on site	Duration of construction and operation phase	ECO, dEO	Once, prior to construction and operation	Single perimeter fence utilised
Access to the remainder of the site should be strictly controlled to prevent unnecessary degradation of habitat.	cEO, Contractor	Demarcate sensitive areas to restrict access to these areas	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Sensitive areas appropriately demarcated and fenced off for the duration of the construction phase
Maximum use should be made of existing access roads and the construction of new roads should be kept to a minimum.	Contractor, cEO	Visual inspection of the construction activities and if the use of existing access roads over	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of several new access roads on site

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		the construction of new roads is favoured					
The mitigation measures proposed by the vegetation specialist must be strictly enforced.	cEO	Regular audits to oversee implementation of the mitigation measures proposed by the vegetation specialist	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Implementation of the mitigation measures proposed by the vegetation specialist evident during audit.	
 A 200m solar panel free buffer zone must be implemented around the pans (-27.736377° 27.134694°, -27.740910° 27.141575°, -27.741723° 27.144815°) to provide avifauna with unhindered access to the water. 	cEO	Demarcate the pans and restrict access to these areas to minimise disturbance to avifauna	Once prior to construction commencing, and for the duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Pans appropriately demarcated	
A 100m solar panel free buffer zone must be implemented on both sides of the drainage line on the development area, to maintain a corridor of woodland.	cEO	Demarcate the drainage line woodland corridor and restrict access to these areas to minimise disturbance to avifauna	Once prior to construction commencing, and for the duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Drainage line woodland corridor appropriately demarcated	

8.18. Ecology

Impact management outcome: Limit cumulative loss of unprotected vegetation types and habitats (including sensitive habitats).

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 The development footprint should be kept to a minimum and natural vegetation should be encouraged to return to disturbed areas. 	Design consultant	Ensure layout results in minimal loss of vegetation and habitat	Prior to construction	ECO	Weekly	Development footprint kept to a minimum	
 An open space management plan should be developed for the site, which should include management of biodiversity within the fenced area, as well as that in the adjacent rangeland. 	Contractor, Specialist	Develop and implement an open space management plan	Prior to construction and during construction	ECO	Monthly	Open space management plan developed and implemented for the duration of the construction phase	
 Reduce the footprint of the facility within sensitive habitat types as much as possible. 	Design consultant	Ensure layout has been informed by the environmental sensitivities as determined by the environmental impact assessment and specialist studies	Prior to construction	ECO	Once prior to construction, and monthly during construction	Construction undertaken in accordance with approved layout Construction activities avoid sensitive habitat	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Small to medium sized mammals can be allowed to	Contractor	Ensure that artificial	Duration of	ECO, dEO	Once, during the	Photographic
move between the development area and		passageways	construction and		commencement	proof of artificia
surrounding areas by creating artificial passageways		underneath	operation phase		of construction	passageways
underneath boundary fences (this is optional and may		boundary fences			and once, during	underneath
be implemented by developer if deemed necessary).		are implemented			the	boundary
		to promote			commencement	fences
		movement of			of operation	
		fauna				

8.19. Wetlands

Impact management outcome: Limit cumulative impact on ecological processes as well as ecological functioning of important freshwater resource habitats.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All wetland features and their associated buffer areas should be regarded as No-Go areas for all construction activities. 		Ensure layout has been informed by the environmental sensitivities as determined by the environmental impact assessment	Prior to construction and during construction	ECO	Once off review that the layout used is the approved one, and monthly thereafter	Confirm no development equipment traverses any seasonal or permanent wetland as per the authorised

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		and specialist studies Visual inspection of the construction activities to observe whether they avoid the wetland features and that the wetland features have been demarcated				layout by reviewing the as- built designs Wetland features clearly demarcated No evidence of construction activities taking place within the 'no-go' areas
The recommended buffer areas between the delineated freshwater resource features and proposed project activities should be maintained.	cEO	Demarcate the delineated freshwater resource features	Once prior to construction commencing, and for the duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	during audit Delineated freshwater resource features appropriately demarcated
Vegetation clearing to be kept to a minimum. No unnecessary vegetation to be cleared.	cEO	Visual inspection of vegetation clearing within the development footprint	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Weekly	No evidence of unnecessary vegetation clearing during audit
The potential stormwater impacts of the proposed development area should be mitigated on-site to address any erosion or water quality impacts.	Contractor, cEO	Develop and implement a stormwater management plan for the facility,	Prior to construction commencing, and for the duration of	ECO, dEO/cEO	Monthly	Stormwater plan evident within the onsite environmental file prior to

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
			construction and operation phase			construction commencing, and evidence of stormwater measures implanted as observed on site during audit	
 Good housekeeping measures as stipulated in the EMPr for the project should be in place where construction activities take place to prevent contamination of any freshwater features. 	Contractor	Ensure good housekeeping is practiced	Duration of the construction and operation phase	ECO, cEO	Monthly	Good housekeeping practices observed during audit	
- Where possible, infrastructure should coincide with existing infrastructure or areas of disturbance (such as existing roads).	cEO, Contractor	Ensure layout has been informed by the environmental sensitivities as determined by the environmental impact assessment and specialist studies	Prior to construction	ECO	Once off review that the layout used is the approved one, and monthly thereafter	Confirm no development equipment traverses any seasonal or permanent wetland as per the authorised layout by reviewing the as- built designs	
Disturbed areas should be rehabilitated through reshaping of the surface to resemble that prior to the disturbance and vegetated with suitable local indigenous vegetation.	Contractor	Develop and implement a rehabilitation plan for the rehabilitation of all disturbed areas	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	cEO, ECO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas is undertaken as per the rehabilitation plan.	

8.20. Visual

Impact management outcome: Limit cumulative impact on the visual quality of the landscape.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Retain/re-establish and maintain natural vegetation immediately adjacent to the development footprint/servitude.	proponent/ design consultant	Visual inspection of the layout to ensure that vegetation immediately adjacent to the development footprint will not be disturbed	Prior to construction	ECO	Monthly	Onsite evidence that natural vegetation immediately adjacent to the development footprint/servitude is retained and maintained
Remove infrastructure not required for the post-decommissioning use.	Contractor	Removal of infrastructure not required for the post-decommissioning use of the site	At the end of construction and during the decommissioning phase	ECO, dEO	Once, following the completion of the construction phase	No temporary infrastructure not required for the post-decommissioning use of the site present on site after the completion of the construction phase
Rehabilitate all affected areas. Consult an ecologist regarding rehabilitation specifications.	Contractor, Specialist (if required)	Develop and implement a rehabilitation plan for the rehabilitation of all disturbed areas	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas is undertaken as per the rehabilitation plan

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance

APPENDIX 1: METHOD STATEMENTS
To be prepared by the contractor prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are not required to be submitted to the CA.

APPENDIX 2: CV OF THE EAP





Email: karen@savannahsa.com Tel: +27 (11) 656 3237

CURRICULUM VITAE OF MMAKOENA MMOLA

Profession: Environmental Assessment Practitioner

Specialisation: Environmental Permitting, Environmental Assessments, and Compliance

Work Experience: 3.5 years

VOCATIONAL EXPERIENCE

Mmakoena is an Environmental Consultant with 3.5 years of experience in the environmental field. She holds a B.Sc. (Hons) in Geochemistry from the University of the Witwatersrand and is currently completing her B.Sc. (Hons) in Environmental Management with the University of South Africa.

Mmakoena's experience includes undertaking environmental permitting and environmental authorisation applications, compiling basic assessment reports, scoping and environmental impact assessment reports and environmental management programmes, executing the public participation process, undertaking environmental compliance audits, providing environmental control officer services, conducting environmental screening assessments, managing subconsultants, project management and preparing proposals and budgets in response to requests for quotations.

SKILLS BASE AND CORE COMPETENCIES

- Well-developed communication and report writing skills
- Adaptability and ability to handle pressure
- Organisational skills
- Ability to build and maintain client relationships
- Loyalty, dedication and dependability
- Ability to coordinate and synthesize environmental information
- Ability to work to tight deadlines and on multiple projects
- Thorough knowledge of environmental legislation and the environmental impact assessment
- process
- Quality focus and attention to detail
- Ability to deliver high quality work to agreed budgets
- MS Office Package (Word, PowerPoint and Excel)
- Adobe Acrobat
- Google Earth
- ArcGIS

EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL STATUS

Degrees:

- Bachelor of Science (Hons) Environmental Management, in progress, University of South Africa
- Bachelor of Science (Hons) Geochemistry, 2016, University of the Witwatersrand
- Bachelor of Science Geology, 2015, University of the Witwatersrand

Short Courses:

- Environmental Management and Regulations, 2018, Kuvimbika
- Research Methodology and Report Writing, 2017, Imsimbi Training

Professional Society Affiliations:

- Candidate Natural Scientist, Environmental Science, South African Council for Natural and Scientific Professions
 - Registration Number: 126748

EMPLOYMENT

Date	Company	Roles and Responsibilities		
2021 - Current:	Savannah Environmental (Pty) Ltd	Environmental Consultant Tasks include:		
		 Undertake environmental permitting, environmental authorisation applications, and compliance advice and assurance. Efficient and quality report writing to execute and manage the delivery of environmental impact assessment (EIA) reports and Environmental Management Programmes in line with the requirements of the National Environmental Management Act and EIA Regulations. Liaison with relevant environmental authorities, site visits and execution of public participation. Professional client liaison. Manage third parties or sub-consultants to which functions have been outsourced. Preparation of proposals and budgets. 		
		 Undertake the public participation process. 		
2019 - 2020	Golder Associates Africa (Pty) Ltd	Junior Environmental Consultant Tasks included: Water use license applications Environmental compliance and water use license audits Environmental control officer services Annual integrated water and waste management plan updates Assist with wetland assessments Assist with mine closure and rehabilitation plans Liaise with clients and competent authorities		

Date	Company	Roles and Responsibilities
		 Provide assistance on local environmental and social impact assessments Undertake site visits Compile environmental reports Generate environmental screening reports Undertake administrative tasks
2017 - 2019	Shango Solutions	Junior Consultant Tasks included: Conduct environmental compliance and financial provision audits for prospecting sites as per the MPRDA Environmental authorisation applications Prospecting right and mining permit applications Basic assessment reports Environmental management programmes/plans Execute the public participation process Section 102 amendment applications as per the MPRDA Prepare maps Liaise with sub-consultants/specialists Undertake administrative tasks

PROJECT EXPERIENCE

RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS: SOLAR ENERGY FACILITIES AND WIND ENERGY FACILITIES

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
700MW (7x 100MW) Mutsho Solar PV, Limpopo	CRI Eagle	EAP
Province (project in progress)		
Angora Wind Energy Facility, Northern Cape	Great Karoo Renewable	EAP
Province (project in progress)	Energy (Pty) Ltd	
Merino Wind Energy Facility, Northern Cape	Great Karoo Renewable	EAP
Province (project in progress)	Energy (Pty) Ltd	
Vrede and Rondavel Solar PV Facilities, Free State	Mainstream Renewable	Assistant EAP
Province	Energy Developments (Pty)	
	Ltd	

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Northam Solar Photovoltaic (PV) Facility, Limpopo	Northam Platinum Limited	EAP
Province		
Hamlett Wind Energy Facility, Eastern Cape Province	Hamlett (Pty) Ltd	EAP
(project in progress)		/

Screening Studies

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Environmental Screening for the Proposed Secunda	The SOLA Group	EAP
and Sasolburg Solar PV Facilities, Free State Province		
and Mpumalanga Province		

Environmental Permitting, S53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Biodiversity Permitting and General Authorisation	Nyala Photovoltaic (Pty) Ltd	EAP
Applications for the Harmony Tshepong, Nyala and	Tshepong Photovoltaic (Pty)	
Eland Solar PV Facilities, Free State Province	Ltd	
	Eland Photovoltaic (Pty) Ltd	
General Authorisation Application for the Northam	Northam Platinum Limited	EAP
Solar PV Facility, Limpopo Province		

Environmental Authorisation Amendment Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Part I Amendment: Proposed 75MW Sannaspos PV	ENGIE BU Africa	EAP
Plant (Phase 1) and its associated infrastructure, Free		
State Province		
Part I Amendment: Construction of the 140MW Korana	Mainstream Renewable	EAP
Wind Energy Facility, Northern Cape Province	Energy Developments (Pty)	
	Ltd	
Part I Amendment: Construction of the 75MW Korana	Mainstream Renewable	EAP
Solar Energy Facility, Northern Cape Province	Energy Developments (Pty)	
	Ltd	
Part I Amendment: Construction of the 140MW Khai-	Mainstream Renewable	EAP
Ma Wind Energy Facility, Northern Cape Province	Energy Developments (Pty)	
	Ltd	

GRID INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Electrical Grid Infrastructure for the Kolkies and	Mainstream Renewable	EAP
Sadawa PV clusters, Western Cape Province	Energy Developments (Pty)	
	Ltd	
Electrical Grid Infrastructure for the Vrede and	Mainstream Renewable	EAP
Rondavel Solar PV Facilities, Free State Province	Energy Developments (Pty)	
	Ltd	
Sadawa Collector Substation, Western Cape	Mainstream Renewable	EAP
Province	Energy Developments (Pty)	
	Ltd	
Main Transmission Substation (MTS) associated with	Wind Relic (Pty) Ltd	EAP
the Choje Wind Farm cluster, Eastern Cape Province		
(project in progress)		

Environmental Authorisation Amendment Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Part I Amendment: Construction of a 132kV power	Mainstream Renewable	EAP
lines associated with the Poortjies Wind Energy Facility,	Energy Developments (Pty)	
Northern Cape Province	Ltd	/
Part I Amendment: Construction of a 132kV power	Mainstream Renewable	EAP
lines associated with the Khai-Ma Wind Energy Facility,	Energy Developments (Pty)	
Northern Cape Province	Ltd	

GAS EXPLORATION PROJECTS

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Kroonstad Gas Exploration Right and Environmental	Western Allen Ridge Gold	Assistant EAP and Public
Authorisation, Free State Province	Mines (Pty) Ltd	Participation Consultant

MINING PROJECTS

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Pure Source Mine Mining Right Application, Free	Monte Cristo Commercial	Assistant EAP and Public
State Province	Park (Pty) Ltd	Participation Consultant

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Basic Assessment for the Western Margin Gap West	White Rivers Exploration (Pty)	Assistant EAP
Prospecting Right, Free State Province	Ltd	
Basic Assessment for the Ventersburg Consolidated	White Rivers Exploration (Pty)	Assistant EAP
Prospecting Right, Free State Province	Ltd	
Basic Assessment for the Nkunzana Prospecting	WRE Base Metals (Pty) Ltd	Junior EAP
Right, KwaZulu-Natal Province		
Basic Assessment for the Kroonstad North	White Rivers Exploration (Pty)	Junior EAP
Prospecting Right, Free State Province	Ltd	
Basic Assessment for the Vredefort West Extension	White Rivers Exploration (Pty)	Junior EAP
Prospecting Right, Free State Province	Ltd	
Basic Assessment for the Beisa North Prospecting	Sunshine Mineral Reserves	EAP
Right, Free State Province	(Pty) Ltd	
Basic Assessment for the Palmietfontein Mining	Palm Chrome (Py) Ltd	Assistant EAP
Permit, North-West Province		

Specialist Studies

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
New Largo Mine Closure and Rehabilitation Plan,	Seriti Coal	Junior Environmental
Mpumalanga Province		Consultant
Smarty Minerals Integrated Environmental	Smarty Minerals Investment	Junior Environmental
Authorisation: Wetland Impact Assessment Report,	(Pty) Ltd	Consultant
Limpopo Province		
Glencore Water Treatment Plant Pipeline: Wetland	Glencore	Junior Environmental
Monitoring, Mpumalanga Province		Consultant

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Glencore Merafe Wonderkop Smelter, Regulation 34	Glencore	Auditor
Audit, North West Province		
Tshipi Borwa Mine Water Use Licence Audit, Northern	Tshipi Borwa Mine	Auditor
Cape Province		
Samancor Middelburg Ferrochrome: Construction of	Samancor Middelburg	ECO
ore dryer, Mpumalanga Province	Ferrochrome	
Various Annual Financial Provision and	White River's Exploration (Pty)	Auditor
Environmental Compliance Audits for prospecting	Ltd	

sites as per the MPRDA, Free State and KwaZulu-		
Natal Province		
Impala Platinum Limited – Springs annual external	Impala Platinum Limited	Auditor
Water Use Licence Audit, Gauteng Province		

INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS (BRIDGES, PIPELINES, ROADS, WATER RESOURCES, STORAGE, ETC)

Specialist Studies

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Closure cost model estimate and closure cost report	AngloGold Ashanti	Junior Environmental
for the Proposed Surface Pipeline and Associated		Consultant
Infrastructure, Gauteng Province		
Wetland Impact Assessment report for Proposed	AngloGold Ashanti	Junior Environmental
Surface Pipeline and Associated Infrastructure,		Consultant
Gauteng Province		

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
MWCAP-2A Environmental Management Audit,	Nexia SAB&T	Auditor
Limpopo Province		

AGRICULTURE PROJECTS

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Dew Crisp Water Use Licence Application, Gauteng	Dew Crisp (Pty) Ltd	Junior Environmental
Province		Consultant (providing
		assistance)

OTHER

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Anglo African Metals Zero Waste Recovery Solution,	Anglo African Metals (Pty) Ltd	EAP
Mpumalanga Province		
Eskom Majuba Landfill, Mpumalanga Province	Eskom	EAP
(project in progress)		





Email: joanne@savannahsa.com Tel: +27 (11) 656 3237

CURRICULUM VITAE OF JO-ANNE THOMAS

Profession: Environmental Management and Compliance Consultant; Environmental Assessment

Practitioner

Specialisation: Environmental Management; Strategic environmental advice; Environmental compliance

advice & monitoring; Environmental Impact Assessments; Policy, strategy & guideline

formulation; Project Management; General Ecology

Work experience: Twenty one (21) years in the environmental field

VOCATIONAL EXPERIENCE

Provide technical input for projects in the environmental management field, specialising in Strategic Environmental Advice, Environmental Impact Assessment studies, environmental auditing and monitoring, environmental permitting, public participation, Environmental Management Plans and Programmes, environmental policy, strategy and guideline formulation, and integrated environmental management. Key focus on integration of the specialist environmental studies and findings into larger engineering-based projects, strategic assessment, and providing practical and achievable environmental management solutions and mitigation measures. Responsibilities for environmental studies include project management (including client and authority liaison and management of specialist teams); review and manipulation of data; identification and assessment of potential negative environmental impacts and benefits; review of specialist studies; and the identification of mitigation measures. Compilation of the reports for environmental studies is in accordance with all relevant environmental legislation.

Undertaking of numerous environmental management studies has resulted in a good working knowledge of environmental legislation and policy requirements. Recent projects have been undertaken for both the public- and private-sector, including compliance advice and monitoring, electricity generation and transmission projects, various types of linear developments (such as National Road, local roads and power lines), waste management projects (landfills), mining rights and permits, policy, strategy and guideline development, as well as general environmental planning, development and management.

SKILLS BASE AND CORE COMPETENCIES

- Project management for a range of projects
- Identification and assessment of potential negative environmental impacts and benefits through the review and manipulation of data and specialist studies
- Identification of practical and achievable mitigation and management measures and the development of appropriate management plans
- Compilation of environmental reports in accordance with relevant environmental legislative requirements
- External and peer review of environmental reports & compliance advice and monitoring
- Formulation of environmental policies, strategies and guidelines
- Strategic and regional assessments; pre-feasibility & site selection
- Public participation processes for a variety of projects
- Strategic environmental advice to a wide variety of clients both in the public and private sectors
- Working knowledge of environmental planning processes, policies, regulatory frameworks and legislation

EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL STATUS

Degrees:

- B.Sc Earth Sciences, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg (1993)
- B.Sc Honours in Botany, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg (1994)
- M.Sc in Botany, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg (1996)

Short Courses:

- Environmental Impact Assessment, Potchefstroom University (1998)
- Environmental Law, Morgan University (2001)
- Environmental Legislation, IMBEWU (2017)
- Mining Legislation, Cameron Cross & Associates (2013)
- Environmental and Social Risk Management (ESRM), International Finance Corporation (2018)

Professional Society Affiliations:

- Registered with the South African Council for Natural Scientific Professions as a Professional Natural Scientist:
 Environmental Scientist (400024/00)
- Registered with the International Associated for Impact Assessment South Africa (IAIAsa): 5601
- Member of the South African Wind Energy Association (SAWEA)

EMPLOYMENT

Date	Company	Roles and Responsibilities
January 2006 - Current:	Savannah Environmental (Pty) Ltd	Director
		Project manager
		Independent specialist environmental consultant,
		Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP) and
		advisor.
1997 – 2005:	Bohlweki Environmental (Pty) Ltd	Senior Environmental Scientist at. Environmental
		Management and Project Management
January – July 1997:	Sutherland High School, Pretoria	Junior Science Teacher

PROJECT EXPERIENCE

Project experience includes large infrastructure projects, including electricity generation and transmission, wastewater treatment facilities, mining and prospecting activities, property development, and national roads, as well as strategy and guidelines development.

RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS: PHOTOVOLTAIC SOLAR ENERGY FACILITIES

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Christiana PV 2 SEF, North West	Solar Reserve South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
De Aar PV facility, Northern Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Everest SEF near Hennenman, Free State	FRV Energy South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Graafwater PV SEF, Western Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Grootkop SEF near Allanridge, Free State	FRV Energy South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Hertzogville PV 2 SEF with 2 phases, Free State	SunCorp / Solar Reserve	Project Manager & EAP
Karoshoek CPV facility on site 2 as part of the larger	FG Emvelo	Project Manager & EAP
Karoshoek Solar Valley Development East of		
Upington, Northern Cape		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Kgabalatsane SEF North-East for Brits, North West	Built Environment African	Project Manager & EAP
	Energy Services	
Kleinbegin PV SEF West of Groblershoop, Northern	MedEnergy Global	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Lethabo Power Station PV Installation, Free State	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Majuba Power Station PV Installation, Mpumalanga	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Merapi PV SEF Phase 1 – 4 South-East of Excelsior,	SolaireDirect Southern Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Free State		
Sannaspos Solar Park, Free State	SolaireDirect Southern Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Ofir-Zx PV Plant near Keimoes, Northern Cape	S28 Degrees Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Oryx SEF near Virginia, Free State	FRV Energy South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Project Blue SEF North of Kleinsee, Northern Cape	WWK Development	Project Manager & EAP
S-Kol PV Plant near Keimoes, Northern Cape	S28 Degrees Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Sonnenberg PV Plant near Keimoes, Northern Cape	S28 Degrees Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Tutuka Power Station PV Installation, Mpumalanga	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Two PV sites within the Northern Cape	MedEnergy Global	Project Manager & EAP
Two PV sites within the Western & Northern Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Upington PV SEF, Northern Cape	MedEnergy Global	Project Manager & EAP
Vredendal PV facility, Western Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Waterberg PV plant, Limpopo	Thupela Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Watershed Phase I & II SEF near Litchtenburg, North	FRV Energy South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
West		
Alldays PV & CPV SEF Phase 1, Limpopo	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Hyperion PV Solar Development 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 & 6	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Aberdeen PV SEF, Eastern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Christiana PV 1 SEF on Hartebeestpan Farm, North-	Solar Reserve South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
West		
Heuningspruit PV1 & PV 2 facilities near Koppies,	Sun Mechanics	Project Manager & EAP
Free State		
Kakamas PV Facility, Northern Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Kakamas II PV Facility, Northern Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Machadodorp 1 PV SEF, Mpumalanga	Solar To Benefit Africa	Project Manager & EAP
PV site within the Northern Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
PV sites within 4 ACSA airports within South Africa,	Airports Company South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
National	(ACSA)	
RustMo1 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
RustMo2 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
RustMo3 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
RustMo4 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Sannaspos PV SEF Phase 2 near Bloemfontein, Free	SolaireDirect Southern Africa	Project Manager & EAP
State		
Solar Park Expansion within the Rooiwal Power	AFRKO Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Station, Gauteng		
Steynsrus SEF, Free State	SunCorp	Project Manager & EAP

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Sirius Solar PV Project Three and Sirius Solar PV	SOLA Future Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Project Four (BA in terms of REDZ regulations),		
Northern Cape		

Screening Studies

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Allemans Fontein SEF near Noupoort, Northern Cape	Fusion Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Amandel SEF near Thabazimbi, Limpopo	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Arola/Doornplaat SEF near Ventersdorp, North West	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Bloemfontein Airport PV Installation, Free State	The Power Company	Project Manager & EAP
Brakspruit SEF near Klerksorp, North West	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Carolus Poort SEF near Noupoort, Northern Cape	Fusion Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Damfontein SEF near Noupoort, Northern Cape	Fusion Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Everest SEF near Welkom, Free State	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Gillmer SEF near Noupoort, Northern Cape	Fusion Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Grootkop SEF near Allansridge, Free State	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Heuningspruit PV1 & PV 2 near Koppies, Free State	Cronimat	Project Manager & EAP
Kimberley Airport PV Installation, Northern Cape	The Power Company	Project Manager & EAP
Kolonnade Mall Rooftop PV Installation in Tshwane,	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Gauteng		
Loskop SEF near Groblersdal, Limpopo	S&P Power Unit	Project Manager & EAP
Marble SEF near Marble Hall, Limpopo	S&P Power Unit	Project Manager & EAP
Morgenson PV1 SEF South-West of Windsorton,	Solar Reserve South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
OR Tambo Airport PV Installation, Gauteng	The Power Company	Project Manager & EAP
Oryx SEF near Virginia, Free State	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Rhino SEF near Vaalwater, Limpopo	S&P Power Unit	Project Manager & EAP
Rustmo2 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Spitskop SEF near Northam, Limpopo	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Steynsrus PV, Free State	Suncorp	Project Manager & EAP
Tabor SEF near Polokwane, Limpopo	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
UpingtonAirport PV Installation, Northern Cape	The Power Company	Project Manager & EAP
Valeria SEF near Hartebeestpoort Dam, North West	Solar to Benefit Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Watershed SEF near Lichtenburg, North West	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Witkop SEF near Polokwane, Limpopo	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Woodmead Retail Park Rooftop PV Installation,	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Gauteng		

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO and bi-monthly auditing for the construction of	Enel Green Power	Project Manager
the Adams Solar PV Project Two South of Hotazel,		
Northern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the Kathu PV Facility,	REISA	Project Manager
Northern Cape		/
ECO and bi-monthly auditing for the construction of	Enel Green Power	Project Manager
the Pulida PV Facility, Free State		
ECO for the construction of the RustMo1 SEF, North	Momentous Energy	Project Manager
West		
ECO for the construction of the Sishen SEF, Northern	Windfall 59 Properties	Project Manager

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Cape		
ECO for the construction of the Upington Airport PV	Sublanary Trading	Project Manager
Facility, Northern Cape		
Quarterly compliance monitoring of compliance	REISA	Project Manager
with all environmental licenses for the operation		
activities at the Kathu PV facility, Northern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the Konkoonsies II PV SEF	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager
and associated infrastructure, Northern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the Aggeneys PV SEF	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager
and associated infrastructure, Northern Cape		

Compliance Advice and ESAP Reporting

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Aggeneys Solar Farm, Northern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Airies II PV Facility SW of Kenhardt, Northern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Kalahari SEF Phase II in Kathu, Northern Cape	Engie	Environmental Advisor
Kathu PV Facility, Northern Cape	Building Energy	Environmental Advisor
Kenhardt PV Facility, Northern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Kleinbegin PV SEF West of Groblershoop, Northern	MedEnergy	Environmental Advisor
Cape		
Konkoonises II SEF near Pofadder, Northern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Konkoonsies Solar Farm, Northern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Lephalale SEF, Limpopo	Exxaro	Environmental Advisor
Pixley ka Seme PV Park, South-East of De Aar,	African Clean Energy	Environmental Advisor
Northern Cape	Developments (ACED)	
RustMo1 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West	Momentous Energy	Environmental Advisor
Scuitdrift 1 SEF & Scuitdrift 2 SEF, Limpopo	Building Energy	Environmental Advisor
Sirius PV Plants, Northern Cape	Aurora Power Solutions	Environmental Advisor
Upington Airport PV Power Project, Northern Cape	Sublunary Trading	Environmental Advisor
Upington SEF, Northern Cape	Abengoa Solar	Environmental Advisor
Ofir-ZX PV SEF near Keimoes, Northern Cape	Networx \$28 Energy	Environmental Advisor
Environmental Permitting for the Steynsrus PV1 & PV2	Cronimet Power Solutions	Environmental Advisor
SEF's, Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Heuningspruit PV	Cronimet Power Solutions	Environmental Advisor
SEF, Northern Cape		

Due Diligence Reporting

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
5 PV SEF projects in Lephalale, Limpopo	iNca Energy	Environmental Advisor
Prieska PV Plant, Northern Cape	SunEdison Energy India	Environmental Advisor
Sirius Phase One PV Facility near Upington, Northern	Aurora Power Solutions	Environmental Advisor
Cape		

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Biodiversity Permit & WULA for the Aggeneys SEF	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
near Aggeneys, Northern Cape		
Biodiversity Permit for the Konkoonises II SEF near	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Pofadder, Northern Cape		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Biodiversity Permitting for the Lephalale SEF,	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Limpopo		
Environmental Permitting for the Kleinbegin PV SEF	MedEnergy	Project Manager & EAP
West of Groblershoop, Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Upington SEF,	Abengoa Solar	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Kathu PV Facility,	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Konkoonsies Solar	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Farm, Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Lephalale SEF,	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Limpopo		
Environmental Permitting for the Scuitdrift 1 SEF &	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Scuitdrift 2 SEF, Limpopo		
Environmental Permitting for the Sirius PV Plant,	Aurora Power Solutions	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Steynsrus PV1 & PV2	Cronimet Power Solutions	Project Manager & EAP
SEF's, Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Heuningspruit PV	Cronimet Power Solutions	Project Manager & EAP
SEF, Northern Cape		
Permits for the Kleinbegin and UAP PV Plants,	MedEnergy Global	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
S53 Application for Arriesfontein Solar Park Phase 1 –	Solar Reserve / SunCorp	Project Manager & EAP
3 near Danielskuil, Northern Cape		
S53 Application for Hertzogville PV1 & PV 2 SEFs, Free	Solar Reserve / SunCorp	Project Manager & EAP
State		
S53 Application for the Bloemfontein Airport PV	Sublunary Trading	Project Manager & EAP
Facility, Free State		
S53 Application for the Kimberley Airport PV Facility,	Sublunary Trading	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
S53 Application for the Project Blue SEF, Northern	WWK Developments	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
S53 Application for the Upington Airport PV Facility,	Sublunary Trading	Project Manager & EAP
Free State		
WULA for the Kalahari SEF Phase II in Kathu, Northern	Engie	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		

RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS: CONCENTRATED SOLAR FACILITIES (CSP)

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
llanga CSP 2, 3, 4, 5, 7 & 9 Facilities near Upington,	Emvelo Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
llanga CSP near Upington, Northern Cape	llangethu Energy	Project Manager & EAP
llanga Tower 1 Facility near Upington, Northern	Emvelo Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Karoshoek CPVPD 1-4 facilities on site 2 as part of	FG Emvelo	Project Manager & EAP
the larger Karoshoek Solar Valley Development East		
of Upinaton, Northern Cape		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Karoshoek CSP facilities on sites 1.4; 4 & 5 as part of	FG Emvelo	Project Manager & EAP
the larger Karoshoek Solar Valley Development East		
of Upington, Northern Cape		
Karoshoek Linear Fresnel 1 Facility on site 1.1 as part	FG Emvelo	Project Manager & EAP
of the larger Karoshoek Solar Valley Development		
East of Upington, Northern Cape		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO for the construction of the !Khi CSP Facility,	Abengoa Solar	Project Manager
Northern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the llanga CSP 1 Facility	Karoshoek Solar One	Project Manager
near Upington, Northern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the folar Park, Northern	Kathu Solar	Project Manager
Cape		
ECO for the construction of the KaXu! CSP Facility,	Abengoa Solar	Project Manager
Northern Cape		
Internal audit of compliance with the conditions of	Karoshoek Solar One	Project Manager
the IWUL issued to the Karoshoek Solar One CSP		
Facility, Northern Cape		

Screening Studies

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Upington CSP (Tower) Plant near Kanoneiland,	iNca Energy and FRV	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		

Compliance Advice and ESAP reporting

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
llanga CSP Facility near Upington, Northern Cape	llangethu Energy	Environmental Advisor
llangalethu CSP 2, Northern Cape	FG Emvelo	Environmental Advisor
Kathu CSP Facility, Northern Cape	GDF Suez	Environmental Advisor
Lephalale SEF, Limpopo	Cennergi	Environmental Advisor
Solis I CSP Facility, Northern Cape	Brightsource	Environmental Advisor

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Environmental Permitting for the Ilanga CSP Facility	llangethu Energy	Project Manager & EAP
near Upington, Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Kathu CSP, Northern	GDF Suez	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
WULA for the Solis I CSP Facility, Northern Cape	Brightsource	Project Manager & EAP

RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS: WIND ENERGY FACILITIES

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Sere WEF, Western Cape	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	EAP
Aberdeen WEF, Eastern Cape	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Amakhala Emoyeni WEF, Eastern Cape	Windlab Developments	Project Manager & EAP
EXXARO West Coast WEF, Western Cape	EXXARO Resources	Project Manager & EAP

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Goereesoe Wind Farm near Swellendam, Western	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Hartneest WEF, Western Cape	Juwi Renewable Energies	Project Manager & EAP
Hopefield WEF, Western Cape	Umoya Energy	EAP
Kleinsee WEF, Northern Cape	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Klipheuwel/Dassiesfontein WEF within the Overberg	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
area, Western Cape		
Moorreesburg WEF, Western Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Oyster Bay WEF, Eastern Cape	Renewable Energy Resources	Project Manager & EAP
	Southern Africa	
Project Blue WEF, Northern Cape	Windy World	Project Manager & EAP
Rheboksfontein WEF, Western Cape	Moyeng Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Spitskop East WEF near Riebeeck East, Eastern Cape	Renewable Energy Resources	Project Manager & EAP
	Southern Africa	
Suurplaat WEF, Western Cape	Moyeng Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Swellendam WEF, Western Cape	IE Swellendam	Project Manager & EAP
Tsitsikamma WEF, Eastern Cape	Exxarro	Project Manager & EAP
West Coast One WEF, Western Cape	Moyeng Energy	Project Manager & EAP

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Amakhala Emoyeni Wind Monitoring Masts, Eastern	Windlab Developments	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Beaufort West Wind Monitoring Masts, Western Cape	Umoya Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Hopefield Community Wind Farm near Hopefield,	Umoya Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Western Cape		
Koekenaap Wind Monitoring Masts, Western Cape	EXXARO Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Koingnaas WEF, Northern Cape	Just Palm Tree Power	Project Manager & EAP
Laingsburg Area Wind Monitoring Masts, Western	Umoya Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Overberg Area Wind Monitoring Masts, Western	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Oyster Bay Wind Monitoring Masts, Eastern Cape	Renewable Energy Systems	Project Manager & EAP
	Southern Africa (RES)	

Screening Studies

screening studies	T	
Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Albertinia WEF, Western Cape	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Koingnaas WEF, Northern Cape	Just Pal Tree Power	Project Manager & EAP
Napier Region WEF Developments, Western Cape	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Tsitsikamma WEF, Eastern Cape	Exxarro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Various WEFs within an identified area in the	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Overberg area, Western Cape		
Various WEFs within an identified area on the West	Investec Bank Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Coast, Western Cape		
Various WEFs within an identified area on the West	Eskom Holdings Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Coast, Western Cape		
Various WEFs within the Western Cape	Western Cape Department of	Project Manager & EAP
	Environmental Affairs and	
	Development Planning	

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Velddrift WEF, Western Cape	VentuSA Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Wind 1000 Project	Thabo Consulting on behalf of	Project Manager & EAP
	Eskom Holdings	
Wittekleibosch, Snylip & Doriskraal WEFs, Eastern	Exxarro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO for the construction of the West Coast One	Aurora Wind Power	Project Manager
WEF, Western Cape		
ECO for the construction of the Gouda WEF,	Blue Falcon	Project Manager
Western Cape		
EO for the Dassiesklip Wind Energy Facility, Western	Group 5	Project Manager
Cape		
Quarterly compliance monitoring of compliance	Blue Falcon	Project Manager
with all environmental licenses for the operation		
activities at the Gouda Wind Energy facility near		
Gouda, Western Cape		
Annual auditing of compliance with all	Aurora Wind Power	Project Manager
environmental licenses for the operation activities at		
the West Coast One Wind Energy facility near		
Vredenburg, Western Cape		
External environmental and social audit for the	Cennergi	Project Manager
Amakhala Wind Farm, Eastern Cape		
External environmental and social audit for the	Cennergi	Project Manager
Tsitsikamma Wind Farm, Eastern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the Excelsior Wind Farm	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager
and associated infrastructure, Northern Cape		
External compliance audit of the Dassiesklip Wind	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager
Energy Facility, Western Cape		

Compliance Advice

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Amakhala Phase 1 WEF, Eastern Cape	Cennergi	Environmental Advisor
Dassiesfontein WEF within the Overberg area,	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Western Cape		
Excelsior Wind Farm, Western Cape	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Great Karoo Wind Farm, Northern Cape	African Clean Energy	Environmental Advisor
	Developments (ACED)	
Hopefield Community WEF, Western Cape	African Clean Energy	Environmental Advisor
	Developments (ACED)	
Rheboksfontein WEF, Western Cape	Moyeng Energy	Environmental Advisor
Tiqua WEF, Western Cape	Cennergi	Environmental Advisor
Tsitsikamma WEF, Eastern Cape	Cennergi	Environmental Advisor
West Coast One WEF, Western Cape	Moyeng Energy	Environmental Advisor

Due Diligence Reporting

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Witteberg WEF, Western Cape	EDPR Renewables	Environmental Advisor

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
IPD Vredenburg WEF within the Saldanha Bay area,	IL&FS Energy Development	Environmental Advisor
Western Cape	Company	

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Biodiversity Permitting for the Power Line between	Cennergi	Project Manager & EAP
the Tsitikamma Community WEF & the Diep River		
Substation, Eastern Cape		
Biodiversity Permitting for the West Coast One WEF,	Aurora Wind Power	Project Manager & EAP
Western Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Excelsior WEF,	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Western Cape		
Plant Permits & WULA for the Tsitsikamma	Cennergi	Project Manager & EAP
Community WEF, Eastern Cape		
S24G and WULA for the Rectification for the	Hossam Soror	Project Manager & EAP
commencement of unlawful activities on Ruimsig AH		
in Honeydew, Gauteng		
S24G Application for the Rheboksfontein WEF,	Ormonde - Theo Basson	Project Manager & EAP
Western Cape		
\$53 Application & WULA for Suurplaat and Gemini	Engie	Project Manager & EAP
WEFs, Northern Cape		
\$53 Application for the Hopefield Community Wind	Umoya Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Farm near Hopefield, Western Cape		
S53 Application for the Project Blue WEF, Northern	WWK Developments	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
S53 for the Oyster Bay WEF, Eastern Cape	RES	Project Manager & EAP
WULA for the Great Karoo Wind Farm, Northern	African Clean Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Cape	Developments (ACED)	

CONVENTIONAL POWER GENERATION PROJECTS (COAL)

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Mutsho Power Station near Makhado, Limpopo	Mutsho Consortium	Project Manager & EAP
Coal-fired Power Station near Ogies, Mpumalanga	Ruukki SA	Project Manager & EAP
Thabametsi IPP Coal-fired Power Station, near	Axia	Project Manager & EAP
Lephalale, Limpopo		
Transalloys Coal-fired Power Station, Mpumalanga	Transalloys	Project Manager & EAP
Tshivasho IPP Coal-fired Power Station (with WML),	Cennergi	Project Manager & EAP
near Lephalale, Limpopo		
Umbani Coal-fired Power Station, near Kriel,	ISS Global Mining	Project Manager & EAP
Mpumalanga		
Waterberg IPP Coal-Fired Power Station near	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Lephalale, Limpopo		

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Coal Stockyard on Medupi Ash Dump Site, Limpopo	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Biomass Co-Firing Demonstration Facility at Arnot	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Power Station East of Middleburg, Mpumlanaga		

Screening Studies

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Baseload Power Station near Lephalale, Limpopo	Cennergi	Project Manager & EAP
Coal-Fired Power Plant near Delmas, Mpumalanga	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Makhado Power Station, Limpopo	Mutsho Consortium, Limpopo	Project Manager & EAP

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO for the Camden Power Station, Mpumalanga	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager

Compliance Advice

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Thabametsi IPP Coal-fired Power Station, near	Axia	Environmental Advisor
Lephalale, Limpopo		

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Permit application for the Thabametsi Bulk Water	Axia	Project Manager & EAP
Pipeline, near Lephalale, Limpopo		
S53 & WULA for the Waterberg IPP Coal-Fired Power	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Station near Lephalale, Limpopo		
S53 Application for the Tshivasho Coal-fired Power	Cennergi	Project Manager & EAP
Station near Lephalale, Limpopo		

CONVENTIONAL POWER GENERATION PROJECTS (GAS)

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Ankerlig OCGT to CCGT Conversion project &400 kV	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
transmission power line between Ankerlig and the		
Omega Substation, Western Cape		
Gourikwa OCGT to CCGT Conversion project & 400	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
kV transmission power line between Gourikwa &		
Proteus Substation, Western Cape		
Richards Bay Gas to Power Combined Cycle Power	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Station, KwaZulu-Natal		
Richards Bay Gas to Power Plant, KwaZulu-Natal	Richards Bay Gas	Project Manager & EAP
Decommissioning & Recommissioning of 3 Gas	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Turbine Units at Acacia Power Station & 1 Gas		
Turbine Unit at Port Rex Power Station to the existing		
Ankerlig Power Station in Atlantis Industria, Western		
Cape		
Two 132kV Chickadee Lines to the new Zonnebloem	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Switching Station, Mpumalanga		
_		

Screening Studies

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Fatal Flaw Analysis for 3 area identified for the	Globeleq Advisors Limited	Project Manager & EAP
establishment of a 500MW CCGT Power Station		
Richards Bay Gas to Power Combined Cycle Power	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Station, KwaZulu-Natal		

GRID INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Aggeneis-Oranjemond Transmission Line &	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Substation Upgrade, Northern Cape		
Ankerlig-Omega Transmission Power Lines, Western	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Karoshoek Grid Integration project as part of the	FG Emvelo	Project Manager & EAP
Karoshoek Solar Valley Development East of		
Upington, Northern Cape		
Koeberg-Omega Transmission Power Lines,, Western	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Koeberg-Stikland Transmission Power Lines, Western	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Kyalami Strengthening Project, Gauteng	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Mokopane Integration Project, Limpopo	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Saldanha Bay Strengthening Project, Western Cape	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Steelpoort Integration Project, Limpopo	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Transmission Lines from the Koeberg-2 Nuclear	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Power Station site, Western Cape		
Tshwane Strengthening Project, Phase 1, Gauteng	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Dassenberg-Koeberg Power Line Deviation from the	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Koeberg to the Ankerlig Power Station, Western		
Cape		
Golden Valley II WEF Power Line & Substation near	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Cookhouse, Eastern Cape		
Golden Valley WEF Power Line near Cookhouse,	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Eastern Cape		
Karoshoek Grid Integration project as part of the	FG Emvelo	Project Manager & EAP
Karoshoek Solar Valley Development East of		
Upington, Northern Cape		
Konkoonsies II PV SEF Power Line to the Paulputs	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Substation near Pofadder, Northern Cape		
Perdekraal West WEF Powerline to the Eskom Kappa	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Substation, Westnern Cape		
Rheboksfontein WEF Powerline to the Aurora	Moyeng Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Substation, Western Cape		
Soetwater Switching Station near Sutherland,	African Clean Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape	Developments (ACED)	

Solis Power I Power Line & Switchyard Station near	Brightsource	Project Manager & EAP
Upington, Northern Cape		
Stormwater Canal System for the Ilanga CSP near	Karoshoek Solar One	Project Manager & EAP
Upington, Northern Cape		
Tsitsikamma Community WEF Powerline to the Diep	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
River Substation, Eastern Cape		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO for the construction of the Ferrum-Mookodi	Trans-Africa Projects on behalf	Project Manager
Transmission Line, Northern Cape and North West	of Eskom	
EO for the construction of the Gamma-Kappa	Trans-Africa Projects on behalf	Project Manager
Section A Transmission Line, Western Cape	of Eskom	
EO for the construction of the Gamma-Kappa	Trans-Africa Projects on behalf	Project Manager
Section B Transmission Line, Western Cape	of Eskom	
EO for the construction of the Hydra IPP Integration	Trans-Africa Projects on behalf	Project Manager
project, Northern Cape	of Eskom	
EO for the construction of the Kappa-Sterrekus	Trans-Africa Projects on behalf	Project Manager
Section C Transmission Line, Western Cape	of Eskom	
EO for the construction of the Namaqualand	Trans-Africa Projects on behalf	Project Manager
Strengthening project in Port Nolloth, Western Cape	of Eskom	
ECO for the construction of the Neptune Substation	Eskom	Project Manager
Soil Erosion Mitigation Project, Eastern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the llanga-Gordonia	Karoshoek Solar One	Project Manager
132kV power line, Northern Cape		

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Environmental Permitting and WULA for the	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Rockdale B Substation & Loop in Power Lines,		
Environmental Permitting and WULA for the	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Steelpoort Integration project, Limpopo		
Environmental Permitting for Solis CSP near Upington,	Brightsource	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		

MINING SECTOR PROJECTS

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Elitheni Coal Mine near Indwe, Eastern Cape	Elitheni Coal	Project Manager & EAP
Groot Letaba River Development Project Borrow Pits	liso	Project Manager & EAP
Grootegeluk Coal Mine for coal transportation	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
infrastructure between the mine and Medupi Power		
Station (EMPr amendment) , Limpopo		
Waterberg Coal Mine (EMPr amendment), Limpopo	Seskoko Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Aluminium Plant WML & AEL, Gauteng	GfE-MIR Alloys & Minerals	Project Manager & EAP

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Rare Earth Separation Plant in Vredendal, Western	Rareco	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		

Decommissioning and Demolition of Kilns 5 & 6 at	PPC	Project Manager & EAP
the Slurry Plant, Kwa-Zulu Natal		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO for the construction of the Duhva Mine Water	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager
Recovery Project, Mpumalanga		
External compliance audit of Palesa Coal Mine's	HCI Coal	Project Manager
Integrated Water Use License (IWUL), near		
KwaMhlanga, Mpumalanga		
External compliance audit of Palesa Coal Mine's	HCI Coal	Project Manager
Waste Management License (WML) and EMP, near		
KwaMhlanga, Mpumalanga		
External compliance audit of Mbali Coal Mine's	HCI Coal	Project Manager
Integrated Water Use License (IWUL), near Ogies,		
Mpumalanga		
Independent External Compliance Audit of Water	Tronox Namakwa Sands	Project Manager
Use License (WUL) for the Tronox Namakwa Sands		
(TNS) Mining Operations (Brand se Baai), Western		
Cape		
Independent External Compliance Audit of Water	Tronox Namakwa Sands	Project Manager
Use License (WUL) for the Tronox Namakwa Sands		
(TNS) Mineral Separation Plant (MSP), Western Cape		
Independent External Compliance Audit of Water	Tronox Namakwa Sands	Project Manager
Use License (WUL) for the Tronox Namakwa Sands		
(TNS) Smelter Operations (Saldanha), Western Cape		
Compliance Auditing of the Waste Management	PetroSA	Project Manager
Licence for the PetroSA Landfill Site at the GTL		
Refinery, Western Cape		

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

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Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Waste Licence Application for the Rare Earth	Rareco	Project Manager & EAP
Separation Plant in Vredendal, Western Cape		
WULA for the Expansion of the Landfill site at Exxaro's	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Namakwa Sands Mineral Separation Plant, Western		
Cape		
S24G & WML for an Aluminium Plant, Gauteng	GfE-MIR Alloys & Minerals	Project Manager & EAP

INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS (BRIDGES, PIPELINES, ROADS, WATER RESOURCES, STORAGE, ETC)

•	•	
Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Bridge across the Ngotwane River, on the border of	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
South Africa and Botswana		
Chemical Storage Tanks, Metallurgical Plant	Goldfields	Project Manager & EAP
Upgrade & Backfill Plant upgrade at South Deep		
Gold Mine, near Westornaria, Gauteng		
Expansion of the existing Welgedacht Water Care	ERWAT	Project Manager & EAP
Works, Gauteng		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Golden Valley WEF Access Road near Cookhouse,	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Eastern Cape		
Great Fish River Wind Farm Access Roads and	African Clean Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Watercourse Crossings near Cookhouse, Eastern	Developments (ACED)	
Cape		
llanga CSP Facility Watercourse Crossings near	Karoshoek Solar one	Project Manager & EAP
Upington, Northern Cape		
Modification of the existing Hartebeestfontein Water	ERWAT	Project Manager & EAP
Care Works, Gautng		
N10 Road Realignment for the Ilanga CSP Facility,	SANRAL	Project Manager & EAP
East of Upington, Northern Cape		
Nxuba (Bedford) Wind Farm Watercourse Crossings	African Clean Energy	Project Manager & EAP
near Cookhouse, Eastern Cape	Developments (ACED)	
Pollution Control Dams at the Medupi Power Station	Eskom	Project Manager & EAP
Ash Dump & Coal Stockyard, Limpopo		
Qoboshane borrow pits (EMPr only), Eastern Cape	Emalahleni Local Municipality	Project Manager & EAP
Tsitsikamma Community WEF Watercourse Crossings,	Cennergi	Project Manager & EAP
Eastern Cape		
Clayville Central Steam Plant, Gauteng	Bellmall Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Msenge Emoyeni Wind Farm Watercourse Crossings	Windlab	Project Manager & EAP
and Roads, Eastern Cape		

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Harmony Gold WWTW at Doornkop Mine, Gauteng	Harmony Doornkop Plant	Project Manager & EAP
Ofir-ZX Watercourse Crossing for the Solar PV Facility,	Networx \$28 Energy	Project Manager & EAP
near Keimoes, Northern Cape		
Qoboshane bridge & access roads, Eastern Cape	Emalahleni Local Municipality	Project Manager & EAP
Relocation of the Assay Laboratory near	Sibanye Gold	Project Manager & EAP
Carletonville, Gauteng		
Richards Bay Harbour Staging Area, KwaZulu-Natal	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
S-Kol Watercourse Crossing for the Solar PV Facility,	Networx \$28 Energy	Project Manager & EAP
East of Keimoes, Northern Cape		
Sonnenberg Watercourse Crossing for the Solar PV	Networx \$28 Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Facility, West Keimoes, Northern Cape		
Kruisvallei Hydroelectric Power Generation Scheme,	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Free State		
Masetjaba Water Reservoir, Pump Station and Bulk	Naidu Consulting Engineers	Project Manager & EAP
Supply Pipeline near Nigel, Gauteng		
Access Road for the Dwarsug Wind Farm, Northern	South Africa Mainsteam	Project Manager & EAP
Cape Province	Renewable Power	

Screening Studies

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Roodepoort Open Space Optimisation Programme	TIMAC Engineering Projects	Project Manager & EAP
(OSOP) Precinct, Gauteng		/
Vegetable Oil Plant and Associated Pipeline, Kwa-	Wilmar Oils and Fats Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Zulu Natal		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO and bi-monthly auditing for the construction of	Department of Water and	Project Manager
the Olifants River Water Resources Development	Sanitation	Auditor
Project (ORWRDP) Phase 2A: De Hoop Dam, R555		
realignment and housing infrastructure		
ECO for the Rehabilitation of the Blaaupan & Storm	Airports Company of South	Project Manager
Water Channel, Gauteng	Africa (ACSA)	
Due Diligence reporting for the Better Fuel Pyrolysis	Better Fuels	Project Manager
Facility, Gauteng		
ECO for the Construction of the Water Pipeline from	Transnet	Project Manager
Kendal Power Station to Kendal Pump Station,		
Mpumalanga		
ECO for the Replacement of Low-Level Bridge,	South African National	Project Manager
Demolition and Removal of Artificial Pong, and	Biodiversity Institute (SANBI)	
Reinforcement the Banks of the Crocodile River at		
the Construction at Walter Sisulu National Botanical		
Gardens, Gauteng Province		
External Compliance Audit of the Air Emission	PetroSA	Project Manager
Licence (AEL) for a depot in Bloemfontein, Free		
State Province and in Tzaneen, Mpumalanga		
Province		

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
WULA for the Izubulo Private Nature Reserve,	Kjell Bismeyer, Jann Bader,	Project Manager & EAP
Limpopo	Laurence Saad	
WULA for the Masodini Private Game Lode, Limpopo	Masodini Private Game Lodge	Environmental Advisor
WULA for the Ezulwini Private Nature Reserve,	Ezulwini Investments	Project Manager & EAP
Limpopo		
WULA for the Masodini Private Game Lode, Limpopo	Masodini Private Game Lodge	Project Manager & EAP
WULA for the N10 Realignment at the llanga SEF,	Karoshoek Solar One	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
WULA for the Kruisvallei Hydroelectric Power	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Generation Scheme, Free State		
S24G and WULA for the Ilegal construction of	Sorror Language Services	Project Manager & EAP
structures within a watercourse on EFF 24 Ruimsig		
Agricultural Holdings, Gauteng		

HOUSING AND URBAN PROJECTS

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Postmasburg Housing Development, Northern Cape	Transnet	Project Manager & EAP

Compliance Advice and reporting

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Kampi ya Thude at the Olifants West Game Reserve,	Nick Elliot	Environmental Advisor
Limpopo		
External Compliance Audit of WUL for the	Johannesburg Country Club	Project Manager
Johannesburg Country Club, Gauteng		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Due Diligence Audit for the Due Diligence Audit	Delta BEC (on behalf of	Project Manager
Report, Gauteng	Johannesburg Development	
	Agency (JDA))	

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT TOOLS

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Development of the 3rd Edition Environmental Implementation Plan (EIP)	Gauteng Department of Agriculture and Rural Development (GDARD)	Project Manager & EAP
Development of Provincial Guidelines on 4x4 routes, Western Cape	Western Cape Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning	EAP
Compilation of Construction and Operation EMP for the Braamhoek Transmission Integration Project, Kwazulu-Natal	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Compilation of EMP for the Wholesale Trade of Petroleum Products, Gauteng	Munaca Technologies	Project Manager & EAP
Operational Environmental Management Programme (OEMP) for Medupi Power Station, Limpopo	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Operational Environmental Management Programme (OEMP) for the Dube TradePort Site Wide Precinct	Dube TradePort Corporation	Project Manager & EAP
Operational Environmental Management Programme (OEMP) for the Kusile Power Station, Mpumalanga	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Review of Basic Assessment Process for the Wittekleibosch Wind Monitoring Mast, Eastern Cape	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Revision of the EMPr for the Sirius Solar PV	Aurora Power Solutions	Project Manager & EAP
State of the Environment (SoE) for Emalahleni Local Municipality, Mpumalanga	Simo Consulting on behalf of Emalahleni Local Municipality	Project Manager & EAP
Aspects and Impacts Register for Salberg Concrete Products operations	Salberg Concrete Products	EAP
First State of Waste Report for South Africa	Golder on behalf of the Department of Environmental Affairs	Project Manager & EAP
Responsibilities Matrix and Gap Analysis for the Kruisvallei Hydroelectric Power Generation Scheme, Free State Province	Building Energy	Project Manager
Responsibilities Matrix and Gap Analysis for the Roggeveld Wind Farm, Northern & Western Cape Provinces	Building Energy	Project Manager

PROJECTS OUTSIDE OF SOUTH AFRICA

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Advisory Services for the Zizabona Transmission	PHD Capital	Advisor
Project, Zambia, Zimbabwe, Botswana & Namibia		
EIA for the Semonkong WEF, Lesotho	MOSCET	Project Manager & EAP
EMP for the Kuvaninga Energia Gas Fired Power	ADC (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager & EAP
Project, Mozambique		
Environmental Screening Report for the SEF near	Building Energy	EAP
Thabana Morena, Lesotho		
EPBs for the Kawambwa, Mansa, Mwense and	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Nchelenge SEFs in Luapula Province, Zambia		
ESG Due Diligence for the Hilton Garden Inn	Vatange Capital	Project Manager
Development in Windhoek, Namibia		
Mandahill Mall Rooftop PV SEF EPB, Lusaka, Zambia	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Monthly ECO for the PV Power Plant for the Mocuba	Scatec	Project Manager
Power Station		

Certification:

I, the undersigned, certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief, these data correctly describe me, my qualifications, and my experience.

Date: 16 October 2020

Signature of staff member or authorised official from the firm

Full name of staff member: Jo-Anne Thomas

Signed:





Email: nicolene@savannahsa.com Tel: +27 (11) 656 3237

CURRICULUM VITAE OF NICOLENE VENTER

Profession: Public Participation and Social Consultant

Specialisation: Public participation process; stakeholder engagement; facilitation (workshops,

focus group and public meetings; public open days; steering committees); monitoring and evaluation of public participation and stakeholder engagement

processes

Work Experience: 23 years' experience as a Public Participation Practitioner and Stakeholder

Consultant

VOCATIONAL EXPERIENCE

Over the past 23 years Nicolene established herself as an experienced and well recognised public participation practitioner, facilitator and strategic reviewer of public participation processes. She has experience in managing public participation and stakeholder engagement projects and awareness creation programmes. Her experience includes designing and managing countrywide public participation and stakeholder engagement projects and awareness creation projects, managing multiproject schedules, budgets and achieving project goals. She has successfully undertaken several public participation processes for EIA, BA and WULA projects. The EIA and BA process include linear projects such as the NMPP, Eskom Transmission and Distribution power lines as well as site specific developments such as renewable energy projects i.e. solar, photo voltaic and wind farms. She also successfully managed stakeholder engagement projects which were required to be in line with the Equator Principles, locally and in neighbouring countries.

SKILLS BASE AND CORE COMPETENCIES

- Project Management
- Public Participation, Stakeholder Engagement and Awareness Creation
- Public Speaking and Presentation Skills
- Facilitation (workshops, focus group meetings, public meetings, public open days, working groups and committees)
- Social Assessments (Stakeholder Analysis / Stakeholder Mapping)
- Monitoring and Evaluation of Public Participation and Stakeholder Engagement Processes
- Community Liaison
- IFC Performance Standards
- Equator Principles
- Minute taking, issues mapping, report writing and quality control

EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL STATUS

Degrees / Diplomas / Certificates:

• Higher Secretarial Certificate, Pretoria Technicon (1970)

Short Courses:

- Techniques for Effective Public Participation, International Association for Public Participation, IAP2 (2008)
- Foundations of Public Participation (Planning and Communication for Effective Public Participation), IAP2 (2009)
- Certificate in Public Participation IAP2SA Modules 1, 2 and 3 (2013)

Certificate in Public Relations, Public Relation Institute of South Africa, Damelin Management School (1989)

Professional Society Affiliations:

• Member of International Association for Public Participation (IAP2): Southern Africa

EMPLOYMENT

Date	Company	Roles and Responsibilities
November 2018 – current	Savannah Environmental (Pty) Ltd	Public Participation and Social Consultant
Conem		<u>Tasks include:</u>
		Tasks include: Drafting of a Public Participation Plan with key deliverable dates and methodology to be followed, Background Information Document, Letters to Stakeholders and Interested and/or Affected Parties (I&APs) inclusive of key project deliverables and responses to questions / concerns raised; Stakeholder identification; facilitating stakeholder workshops, focus group and public meetings; conduct one-on-one consultation with Community Leaders, Tribal Chiefs, affected landowners, etc.
		Managing interaction between Stakeholders and Team Members, liaising with National, Provincial and Local Authorities, managing community consultation and communications in project affected areas, attend to the level of technical information communicated to and consultation with all level of stakeholders involved.

Date	Company	Roles and Responsibilities
2016 – October 2018	Imaginative Africa (Pty) Ltd	Independent Consultant
	(Director of Imaginative Africa)	Consulting to various Environmental Assessment Practitioners for Public Participation and Stakeholder Engagements:
		<u>Tasks include:</u>
		Tasks include: Drafting of a Public Participation Plan with key deliverable dates and methodology to be followed, Background Information Document, Letters to Stakeholders and Interested and/or Affected Parties (I&APs) inclusive of key project deliverables and responses to questions / concerns raised; Stakeholder identification; facilitating stakeholder workshops, focus group and public meetings; conduct one-on-one consultation with Community Leaders, Tribal Chiefs, affected landowners, etc.
		Managing interaction between Stakeholders and Team Members, liaising with National, Provincial and Local Authorities, managing community consultation and communications in project affected areas, attend to the level of technical information communicated to and consultation with all level of stakeholders involved
		<u>Clients</u> :
		SiVEST Environmental Savannah Environmental Baagi Environmental Royal Haskoning DHV (previously SSI)
2013 - 2016	Zitholele Consulting	Senior Public Participation Practitioner and Project Manager
	Contact person: Dr Mathys Vosloo Contact number: 011 207 2060	Tasks included: Project managed public participation process for EIA/BA/WULA/EAL projects. Manages two Public
		Participation Administrators. Public Participation tasks as outlined as above and including financial management of public participation processes.
2011 - 2013	Imaginative Africa (Pty) Ltd	Independent Consultant
	(company owned by Nicolene Venter)	Consulting to various Environmental Assessment Practitioners for Public Participation and Stakeholder Engagements
		<u>Tasks included:</u>
		Drafting of a Public Participation Plan with key deliverable dates and methodology to be followed, Background Information Document,

		Letters to Stakeholders and Interested and/or Affected Parties (I&APs) inclusive of key project deliverables and responses to questions / concerns raised; Stakeholder identification; facilitating stakeholder workshops, focus group and public meetings; conduct one-on-one consultation with Community Leaders, Tribal Chiefs, affected landowners, etc. Managing interaction between Stakeholders and Team Members, liaising with National, Provincial and Local Authorities, managing community consultation and communications in project affected areas, attend to the level of technical information communicated to and consultation with all level of stakeholders involved
		<u>Clients:</u> Bohlweki Environmental Bembani Sustainability (Pty) Ltd Naledzi Environmental
2007 – 2011	SiVEST SA (Pty) Ltd	Unit Manager: Public Participation Practitioner
	Contact person: Andrea Gibb	<u>Tasks included:</u>
	Contact number: 011 798 0600	Project managed public participation process for EIA/BA projects. Manages two Junior Public Participation Practitioners. Public Participation tasks as outlined as above and including financial management of public participation processes.
2005 – 2006	Imaginative Africa (Pty) Ltd	Independent Consultant
	(company owned by Nicolene Venter)	Public Participation and Stakeholder Engagement Practitioner
		<u>Tasks included:</u>
		Drafting of a Public Participation Plan with key deliverable dates and methodology to be followed, Background Information Document, Letters to Stakeholders and Interested and/or Affected Parties (I&APs) inclusive of key project deliverables and responses to questions / concerns raised; Stakeholder identification; facilitating stakeholder workshops, focus group and public meetings; conduct one-on-one consultation with Community Leaders, Tribal Chiefs, affected landowners, etc.
		Managing interaction between Stakeholders and Team Members, liaising with National, Provincial and Local Authorities, managing community consultation and communications in project affected areas, attend to the level of technical

	information communicated to and consultation with all level of stakeholders involved. Clients: Manyaka-Greyling-Meiring (previously Greyling Liaison and currently Golder Associates)
Imaginative Africa (Pty) Ltd (company owned by Nicolene Venter)	Independent Consultant: Public Participation Practitioner. Tasks included: Drafting of a Public Participation Plan with key deliverable dates and methodology to be followed, Background Information Document, Letters to Stakeholders and Interested and/or Affected Parties (I&APs) inclusive of key project deliverables and responses to questions / concerns raised; Stakeholder identification; facilitating stakeholder workshops, focus group and public meetings; conduct one-on-one consultation with Community Leaders, affected landowners, etc. Managing interaction between Stakeholders and Team Members, liaising with National, Provincial Local Authorities, managing community consultation and communications in project affected areas, attend to the level of technical information communicated to and consultation with all level of stakeholders involved. Clients: Greyling Liaison (currently Golder Associates); Bembani Sustainability (Pty) Ltd; Lidwala Environmental; Naledzi Environmental

PROJECT EXPERIENCE

RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS

PHOTOVOLTAIC SOLAR ENERGY FACILITIES

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Lichtenburg PVs (3 PVs) & Power Lines (grid	Atlantic Energy Partners	Project Manage the Public
connection), Lichtenburg, North West Province	EAP: Savannah Environmental	Participation Process
Allepad PVs 4 PVs) & Power Lines (grid	IL Energy	Facilitate all meetings
connection), Upington, Northern Cape Province	EAP: Savannah Environmental	Consultation with
		Government Officials, Key
Hyperion Solar PV Developments (4 PVs) and	Building Energy	Stakeholders, Landowners &
Associated Infrastructures, Kathu, Northern Cape	EAP: Savannah Environmental	Community Leaders
Province		
Aggeneys Solar PV Developments (2 PVs) and	Atlantic Energy Partners and	1
Associated Infrastructures, Aggeneys, Northern	ABO Wind	
Cape Province	EAP: Savannah Environmental	
Upilanga Solar Park, Northern Cape (350MW CSP	Emvelo Capital Projects (Pty)	1
Tower)	Ltd	
Khunab Solar Development, consisting of Klip Punt	Atlantic Energy Partners and	1
PV1, McTaggarts PV1, McTaggarts PV2,	Abengoa	
McTaggarts PV3 and the Khunab solar Grid		
Connection near Upington, Northern Cape		
Province		
Sirius Solar PV3 and PV4, near Upington, Northern	Solal	1
Cape Province		
Geelstert PV 1 and PV2 solar energy facilities, near	ABO Wind	1
Aggeneys, Northern Cape		
Naledi PV and Ngwedi PV solar energy facilities,	Atlantic Energy Partners and	1
near Upington, Northern Cape	Abengoa	
Kotulo Tsatsi PV1, Kotulo Tsatsi PV3 and Kotulo Tsatsi	Kotulo Tsatsi Energy	1
PV4 solar energy facilities, near Kenhardt, Northern		
Cape		
Tlisitseng PV, including Substations & Power Lines,	BioTherm Energy	Public Participation,
Lichtenburg, North West Province	EAP: SIVEST	Landowner and Community
Sendawo PVs, including Substations & Power Lines,	7	Consultation
Vryburg, North West Province		
Helena Solar 1, 2 and 3 PVs, Copperton, Northern	7	
Cape Province		
Farm Spes Bona 23552 Solar PV Plants,	Surya Power	Public Participation,
Bloemfontein, Free State Province	EAP: SIVEST	Landowner and Community
		Consultation
De Aar Solar Energy Facility, De Aar, Northern	South Africa Mainstream	Public Participation,
Cape Province	Renewable Power	Landowner and Community
Droogfontein Solar Energy Facility, Kimberley,	Developments	Consultation
Northern Cape Province	EAP: SIVEST	
Kaalspruit Solar Energy Facility, Loeriesfontein,		
Northern Cape Province		

Platsjambok East PV, Prieska, Northern Cape		
Province		
Renosterburg PV, De Aar, Northern Cape Province	Renosterberg Wind Energy	Public Participation,
	Company	Landowner and Community
	EAP: SIVEST	Consultation
19MW Solar Power Plant on Farm 198 (Slypklip),	Solar Reserve South Africa	Public Participation,
Danielskuil, Northern Cape Province	EAP: SIVEST	Landowner and Community
		Consultation

Basic Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Upilanga Solar Park, Northern Cape (x6 100MW PV's	Emvelo Capital Projects (Pty)	Project Manage the Public
and x3 350MW PV Basic Assessments)	Ltd	Participation Process
		Facilitate all meetings
Sirius Solar PV Solar Energy Facility, Upington,	SOLA Future Energy	Consultation with
Northern Cape Province		Government Officials, Key
Khunab Solar Development, consisting of Klip Punt	Atlantic Energy Partners and	Stakeholders, Landowners &
PV1, McTaggarts PV1, McTaggarts PV2, McTaggarts	Abengoa	Community Leaders
PV3 and the Khunab solar Grid Connection near		
Upington, Northern Cape Province		

WIND ENERGY FACILITIES

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Aletta Wind Farm, Copperton, Northern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Public Participation
Province	EAP: SIVEST	
Eureka Wind Farm, Copperton, Northern Cape		
Province		
Loeriesfontein Wind Farm, Loeriesfontein, Northern	South Africa Mainstream	Public Participation
Cape Province	Renewable Power	
Droogfontein Wind Farm, Loeriesfontein, Northern	Developments	
Cape Province	EAP: SIVEST	
Four Leeuwberg Wind Farms, Loeriesfontein,		
Northern Cape Province		
Noupoort Wind Farm, Noupoort, Northern Cape		
Province		
Mierdam PV & Wind Farm, Prieska, Northern Cape		
Province		
Platsjambok West Wind Farm & PV, Prieska,]	
Northern Cape Province		

Basic Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project	Nar	ne & Locatio	n		Client Name	Role
Cluster	of	Renewable	Energy	Developments,	Wind Relic	
Eastern	Сар	e Province				

Nama Wind Energy Facility, Northern Cape	Genesis ECO	Project Manage the Public
Province	EAP: Savannah Environmental	Participation Process
		Facilitate all meetings
		Consultation with
Zonnequa Wind Energy Facility, Northern Cape		Government Officials, Key
Province		Stakeholders, Landowners
		& Community Leaders

CONCENTRATED SOLAR FACILITIES (CSP)

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

•	-	
Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Upington Concentrating Solar Plant and associated	Eskom Holdings	Project Manage the Public
Infrastructures, Northern Cape Province	EAP: Bohlweki Environmental	Participation Process
		Facilitate all meetings
		Consultation with
		Government Officials, Key
		Stakeholders, Landowners
		& Community Leaders

CONVENTIONAL POWER GENERATION PROJECTS (GAS)

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
450MW gas to power project and associated 132kV	Phinda Power Producers	Project Manage the Public
power line, Richards bay, KwaZulu-Natal		Participation Process
4000MW gas to power project and associated 400kV	Phinda Power Producers	Facilitate all meetings
power lines, Richards bay, KwaZulu-Natal		Consultation with
Richards Bay Gas to Power Combined Cycle Power	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Government Officials, Key
Station, KwaZulu-Natal		Stakeholders & Landowners

GRID INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
132/11kV Olifantshoek Substation and Power Line,	Eskom	Project Manage the Public
Northern Cape		Participation Process
Grid connection infrastructure for the Namas Wind	Genesis Namas Wind (Pty) Ltd	Facilitate all meetings
Farm, Northern Cape Province		Consultation with
Grid connection infrastructure for the Zonnequa	Genesis Zonnequa Wind (Pty)	Government Officials, Key
Wind Farm, Northern Cape Province	Ltd	Stakeholders, Landowners
Khunab Solar Grid Connection, near Upington,	Atlantic Energy Partners and	& Community Leaders
Northern Cape Province	Abengoa	
Pluto-Mahikeng Main Transmission Substation and	Eskom Holdings	
400kV Power Line (Carletonville to Mahikeng),	EAP: Baagi Environmental	
Gauteng and North West Provinces		
Thyspunt Transmission Lines Integration Project,	Eskom Holdings	Public Participation,
Eastern Cape Province	EAP: SIVEST	Landowner and
		Community Consultation
Westrand Strengthening Project, Gauteng Province		Public Participation,

Mookodi Integration Project, North-West Province		
Transnet Coallink, Mpumalanga and KwaZulu-Natal		
Provinces		
Delarey-Kopela-Phahameng Distribution power line		
and newly proposed Substations, North-West		Public Participation,
Province		Landowner and
Invubu-Theta 400kV Eskom Transmission Power Line,	Eskom Holding	Community Consultation
KwaZulu-Natal Province	EAP: Bembani Environmental	
Melkhout-Kudu-Grassridge 132kV Power Line	Eskom Holdings	Public Participation,
Project (project not submitted to DEA), Eastern	EAP: SIVEST	Landowner and
Cape Province		Community Consultation
Tweespruit-Welroux-Driedorp-Wepener 132Kv		
Power Line, Free State Province		
Kuruman 132Kv Power Line Upgrade, Northern	Eskom Holdings]
Cape Province	EAP: Zitholele	
Vaalbank 132Kv Power Line, Free State Province		
Pongola-Candover-Golela 132kV Power Line		
(Impact Phase), KwaZulu-Natal Province		

PART 2 AMENDMENTS

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Transalloys Coal-Fired Power Station near	Transalloys (Pty) Ltd	Project Manage the Public
Emalahleni, Mpumalanga Province		Participation Process
Zen Wind Energy Facility, Western Cape	Energy Team (Pty) Ltd	
Hartebeest Wind Energy Facility, Western Cape	juwi Renewable Energies (Pty)	
	Ltd	
Khai-Ma and Korana Wind Energy Facilities	Mainstream Renewable	
	Power (Pty) Ltd	

FACILITATION

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Meeting Type
Bloemfontein Strengthening Project, Free State	Eskom Holdings	Public Meetings
Province	EAP: Baagi Environmental	
Mooidraai-Smitkloof 132kV Power Line and	Eskom Holdings	Focus Group Meetings
Substation, Northern Cape Province	EAP: SSI	
Aggeneis-Oranjemond 400kV Eskom Transmission	Eskom Holdings	Focus Group Meetings &
Power Line, Northern Cape Province	EAP: Savannah Environmental	Public Meetings
Ariadne-Eros 400kV/132kV Multi-Circuit Transmission	Eskom Holdings	Public Meetings
Power Line (Public Meetings)	EAP: ACER Africa	
Majuba-Venus 765kV Transmission Power Lines,		
Mpumlanaga Province		
Thabametsi IPP Power Station, Limpopo Province	Thabametsi Power Company	Focus Group Meeting &
	EAP: Savannah Environmental	Public Meeting
Aggeneis-Oranjemond Transmission Line &	Eskom Transmission	Focus Group Meetings &
Substation Upgrade, Northern Cape		Public Meetings

SCREENING STUDIES

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Potential Power Line Alternatives from Humansdorp	Nelson Mandela Bay	Social Assessment
to Port Elizabeth, Eastern Cape Province	Municipality	
	EAP: SIVEST	

ASH DISPOSAL FACILITIES

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Medupi Flue Gas Desulphurisation Project (up to	Eskom Holdings SOC Ltd	Public Participation,
completion of Scoping Phase), Limpopo Province	EAP: Zitholele Consulting	Landowner and Community
Kendal 30-year Ash Disposal Facility, Mpumalanga		Consultation
Province		
Kusile 60-year Ash Disposal Facility, Mpumalanga		
Province		
Camden Power Station Ash Disposal Facility,		
Mpumalanga Province		
Tutuka Fabric Filter Retrofit and Dust Handling Plant	Eskom Holdings SOC Ltd	
Projects, Mpumalanga Province	EAP: Lidwala Environmental	
Eskom's Majuba and Tutuka Ash Dump Expansion,		
Mpumalanga Province		
Hendrina Ash Dam Expansion, Mpumalanga		
Province		

INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS (BRIDGES, PIPELINES, ROADS, WATER RESOURCES, STORAGE, ETC)

Basic Assessments

<u>Project Name & Location</u>	<u>Client Name</u>	<u>Role</u>
Expansion of LOX and Diesel Storage at the Air Products Facility in Coega, Eastern Cape Transnet's New Multi-Products Pipeline traversing Kwa-Zulu Natal, Free State and Gauteng Provinces	Air Products South Africa (Pty) Ltd Transnet EAP: Bohlweki Environmental	Project Manage the Public Participation Process Facilitate all meetings Consultation with Government Officials, Key Stakeholders & Landowners
Realignment of the Bulshoek Dam Weir near Klawer and the Doring River Weir near Clanwilliam, Western Cape Province	Dept of Water and Sanitation EAP: Zitholele	Public Participation

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Socio-Economic Impact Study for the shutdown	Urban-Econ	Project Management for the
and repurposing of Eskom Power Stations: Komati		stakeholder engagement
Power Station, Hendrina Power Station & Grootvlei		with Community
Power Station		

		Representatives in the
		primary data capture area
First State of Waste Report for South Africa	Golder Associates on behalf	Secretarial Services
	of the Department of	
	Environmental Affairs	
Determination, Review and Implementation of the	Golder Associates on behalf	
Reserve in the Olifants/Letaba System	of the Department of Water	
Orange River Bulk Water Supply System	and Sanitation	
Levuvu-Letaba Resources Quality Objectives		

FACILITATION

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Meeting Type
Determination, Review and Implementation of the	Department of Water and	Secretarial Services
Reserve in the Olifants/Letaba System	Sanitation	
Orange River Bulk Water Supply System	Golder Associates	Secretarial Services
Levuvu-Letaba Resources Quality Objectives		Secretarial Services
SmancorCR Chemical Plant (Public Meeting),	Samancor Chrome (Pty) Ltd	Public Meeting
Gauteng Province	EAP: Environment al Science	
	Associates	
SANRAL N4 Toll Highway Project (2 nd Phase),	Department of Transport	Public Meetings
Gauteng & North West Provinces	EAP: Bohlweki Environmental	

MINING SECTOR

Environmental Impact Assessment and Environmental Management Programme

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Zero Waste Recovery Plant at highveld Steel,	Anglo African Metals	Public Participation
Mpumalanga Province	EAP: Savannah Environmental	
Koffiefontein Slimes Dam, Free State Province	Petra Diamond Mines	Public Participation
	EAP: Zitholele	
Baobab Project: Ethenol Plant, Chimbanje, Middle	Applicant: Green Fuel	Public Participation &
Sabie, Zimbabwe	EAP: SIVEST	Community Consultation
BHP Billiton Energy Coal SA's Middelburg Water	BHP Billiton Group	Public Participation
Treatment Plant, Mpumalanga	EAP: Jones & Wagener	

ENVIRONMENTAL AUTHORISATION AMENDMENTS

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Transalloys Coal-Fired Power Station near	Transalloys (Pty) Ltd	Public Participation
Emalahleni, Mpumalanga Province		
Zen Wind Energy Facility, Western Cape	Energy Team (Pty) Ltd	
Hartebeest Wind Energy Facility, Western Cape	juwi Renewable Energies (Pty)	
	Ltd	
Khai-Ma and Korana Wind Energy Facilities	Mainstream Renewable	
	Power (Pty) Ltd	
Beaufort West 280MW Wind Farm into two 140MW	South Africa Mainstream	
Trakas and Beaufort West Wind Farms, Western	Renewable Power	
Cape	Developments	
	EAP: SIVEST	

SECTION 54 AUDITS

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Mulilo 20MW PV Facility, Prieska, Northern Cape	Mulilo (Pty) Ltd	Public Participation:
Mulilo 10MW PV Facility, De Aar, Northern Cape	Mulilo (Pty) Ltd	I&AP Notification process
Karoshoek CSP 1 Facility/ Solar One, Upington,	Karoshoek Solar One (Pty) Ltd	
Northern Cape		