

# APPENDIX B

Photographs



Figure 1: View of the environment along the Northern Pipeline alternative (Route 2). Note that the natural grassland is diminished and a vegetation structure dominated by dwarf karroid shrubs and trees have become established.



Figure 2: View of a portion of the Northern Pipeline alternative (Route 2). Large portions along this route consists of old agricultural fields dominated by weeds and pioneer herbs.



Figure 3: The vegetation along the Northern Pipeline alternative (Route 2) is evidently heavily degraded.



Figure 4: Remnant patches of the natural vegetation area however still present along the Northern Pipeline alternative (Route 2).



Figure 5: View of another remnant patch of natural vegetation along the Northern Pipeline alternative (Route 2) at the eastern border of the route.



Figure 6: View of the western portion along the Southern Pipeline alternative (Route 1). Patches of natural vegetation also remain here though the small holdings cause significant degradation of the vegetation.



Figure 7: As mentioned in Fig. 6 the natural vegetation along the western portion of the Southern Pipeline alternative (Route 1) has been significantly degraded as clearly indicated here.



Figure 7: The eastern portion along the Southern Pipeline alternative (Route 1) clearly still consists of natural grassland though its condition could not be accurately assessed due to lack of access.



Figure 8: The remaining natural vegetation along the Southern Pipeline alternative (Route 1) does however seem to more disturbed along the bordefences.



Figure 9: Tracks and signs of mammals along the pipeline routes include; on the left, numerous soil mounds of the Common Molerate (*Cryptomys hottentottus*) and on the right, scat of the Yellow Mongoose (*Cynictis penicillata*).