



FERRUM – GARONA 275kV LINE DEVIATION



PRELIMINARY TEMPLATING REPORT

Prepared by Line Engineering Services (LES)

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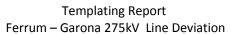
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1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report details the templating of a 15km line deviation of the Ferrum – Garona 27kV line at the request of Kumba Iron Ore to cater for the expansion of their Sishen pit to the west of their current mining operations. The original Ferrum Garona 275kV line had been looped into Lewensaar and the section we are dealing with is between Ferrum and Lewensaar, original towers between 37 and 70.

The relocation of the 275kV line will be moved to a position adjacent to a relocated rail line and along the western boundary of the Kumba properties. The future Ferrum – Niewehoop 400kV transmission line will run parallel to the route followed by the 275km. The separation distance between the two lines is approximately 50m from the centre of the 400kV line servitude to centre of the 275kV line servitude.

The existing 275kV line was built in 1977 using the 423 and 427 series of towers. The current conductor on the line is twin (2×1) bear with $2 \times 19/2.65$ mm steel earthwire.

The deviation will make use of the 434 tower series. However, the conductor and earthwire will remain the same as the existing: twin (2 x) bear conductor and 2 x 19/2.65mm steel earthwire. There is one major crossing in this preliminary profile and that is crossing of the electrified Transnet Railway line.

This report is based on a preliminary profile of the 275kV line. A line walk down and final design report will follow to identify and detail any hazards or risks that may be encountered during the construction of this deviation.





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2 TOWER SPOTTING

The 15km line deviation starts from the existing bend at tower 37 on the current line to tower 70 as shown in Figure 1.

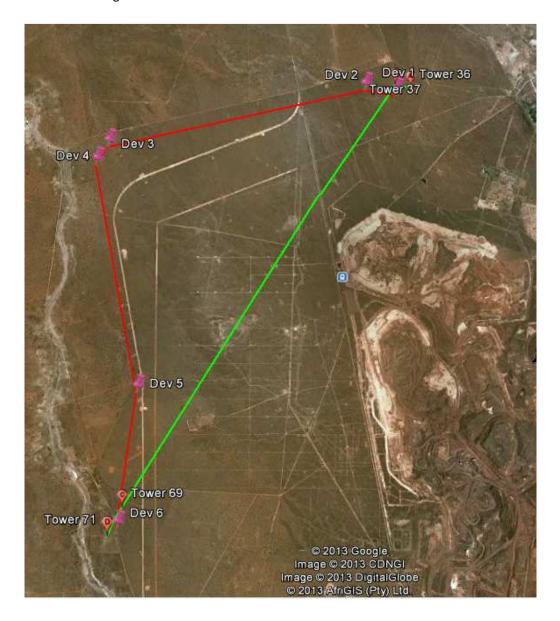


Figure 1 Proposed Ferrum - Garona 275kV line deviation (shown in red) and existing line (shown in green)

The terrain is fairly flat through most of the line route with some vegetation along the line route. The existing line uses the 423 series of towers at the bend points and the 427 suspension towers. These





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are horizontal (flat) configuration self-supporting towers. The towers support a conductor bundle of twin Bear with two 19/2.65mm steel earthwires.

The relocation of the 275kV line will be moved to a position adjacent to a relocated rail line and along the western boundary of the Kumba properties. The future Ferrum – Niewehoop 400kV transmission line will run parallel to the route followed by the 275km. The separation distance between the two lines is approximately 50m from the centre of the 400kV line servitude to centre of the 275kV line servitude. The design of the 400kV line will need to take this line separation during the tower spotting studies.

Other infrastructure was also relocated at the mine to cater for the expansion of the pit, these include a pipeline and a railway line. These will be considered during earthing studies in the final design report.

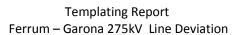
The standard required ground clearance for a 275kV line is 7.4m (SANS 10280-1:2013).

3 FEATURE CODE LIST AND CLEARANCES

Table 3.1: Electrical clearances for conductors

	Required Vertical Clearance
Feature Description	275kV (m)
11kV power line	3.5
22kV power line	3.5
Public Roads, non-electrified railways, (excluding farm tracks)	9
33kV power line	3.5
Communication lines & power lines	3.5
Buildings, structures not part of power lines (including Transnet owned	
structures)	5.3
Vegetation canopy	6.3
66kV power line	3.5
Railways (statutory clearance requirements)	9
Transnet owned single supply	12.2
Transnet owned multiple supply and single supply line crossings, level crossing	13.7
Transnet owned railways – conductor	4.6
Transnet owned railways – structures	5.2
Transnet footbridges	6.9
88kV power line	3.5







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WATER COURSE/RIVER – EDGE	7.8
Navigable WATER	20.75
132kV power line	3.5
Ground	7.8
220kV power line	3.5
275kV power line	3.5
400kV power line	4.2
PIPELINE	7.8
FENCE	5.3
Telephone lines	3.5
533kV DC line	4.7
765 kV power line	6.5

4 LINE PHASING

All towers used on this line have a flat (horizontal) configuration and no phase swapping takes place within this section of the line deviation.

5 TRANSPOSITIONS

There is no transposition planned on this section of the line deviation.

6 LINE CROSSINGS

There is only one major crossing on the line route the deviation follows: an electrified Transnet Railway line.

Table 6.1: Required Clearances for Transnet Crossings

Clearance Point	Required Clearance (m)		
Railways (statutory clearance requirements)	9		
Transnet owned railways – conductor	4.5		
Transnet owned railways – structures	5.2		

The criteria used for crossing the Railway line must ensure that the 275kV line clearances are maintained at the templated temperature (50°C).





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STAKING TABLE

Structure Number	Station (m)	X Easting (m)	Y Northing (m)	Centerline Z Elevation (m)	TIN Z Elevation (m)	Ahead Span (m)	Line Angle (deg)	Transverse Axis Azimuth (deg)	Structure Name	Structure Description	Struct. Height (m)
1	0	-2119.7	-3061863.52	1171.95	1171.95	306	0	9.7564	434c 2kin.182	0-18deg Angle Strain 434c 275kV	22.3
2	306	-2421.274	-3061811.665	1170.168	1170.169	304.408	0	9.7564	434a.195	light suspension tower type 434a	24.53
3	610.408	-2721.28	-3061760.08	1169.106	1169.106	322.873	-22.2942	358.6094	434d 2kin.162	15-45deg Strain 434d 275kV	21.1
4	933.281	-3036.453	-3061830.17	1168.679	1168.679	375.676	0	347.4623	434a.195	light suspension tower type 434a	24.53
5	1308.957	-3403.171	-3061911.723	1167.816	1167.816	356.676	0	347.4623	434a.200	light suspension tower type 434a	25.03
6	1665.633	-3751.341	-3061989.151	1166.48	1166.48	352.088	0	347.4623	434a.190	light suspension tower type 434a	24.03
7	2017.721	-4095.033	-3062065.583	1166.176	1166.176	287.7	0	347.4623	434a.190	light suspension tower type 434a	24.03
8	2305.421	-4375.872	-3062128.037	1164.954	1164.954	377.972	0	347.4623	434b 2kin.202	Self Supporting Suspension 434b 275kV	28.33
9	2683.393	-4744.831	-3062210.088	1163.226	1163.226	358.961	0	347.4623	434a.021	light suspension tower type 434a	26.03
10	3042.354	-5095.232	-3062288.012	1162.205	1162.205	356.672	0	347.4623	434a.190	light suspension tower type 434a	24.03
11	3399.026	-5443.399	-3062365.44	1160.734	1160.734	363.935	0	347.4623	434a.190	light suspension tower type 434a	24.03
12	3762.961	-5798.655	-3062444.443	1158.722	1158.722	343.828	0	347.4623	434a.190	light suspension tower type 434a	24.03
13	4106.789	-6134.284	-3062519.082	1157.031	1157.031	349.654	0	347.4623	434a.190	light suspension tower type 434a	24.03
14	4456.444	-6475.6	-3062594.986	1155.286	1155.286	361.198	0	347.4623	434a.200	light suspension tower type 434a	25.03
15	4817.641	-6828.184	-3062673.396	1153.792	1153.792	337.976	0	347.4623	434a.180	light suspension tower type 434a	23.03
16	5155.617	-7158.1	-3062746.764	1152.07	1152.07	333.774	0	347.4623	434a.180	light suspension tower type 434a	23.03
17	5489.391	-7483.916	-3062819.221	1149.229	1149.229	307.229	0	347.4623	434a.180	light suspension tower type 434a	23.03
18	5796.62	-7783.818	-3062885.915	1147.869	1147.869	341.818	0	347.4623	434a.190	light suspension tower type 434a	24.03
19	6138.438	-8117.484	-3062960.117	1145.049	1145.049	344.083	0	347.4623	434a.190	light suspension tower type 434a	24.03
20	6482.521	-8453.362	-3063034.812	1144.389	1144.389	327.979	0	347.4623	434a.190	light suspension tower type 434a	24.03
21	6810.5	-8773.52	-3063106.01	1142.929	1142.929	232.886	-37.4129	328.7558	434d 2kin.162	15-45deg Strain 434d 275kV	21.1
22	7043.386	-8923.37	-3063284.282	1139.814	1139.814	216.382	0	310.0494	434a.180	light suspension tower type 434a	23.03





Copyright © Eskom Holdings Limited 7259.768 -9062.6 -3063449.92 1135.98 1135.98 280.232 -50.8381 284.6303 434d 2kin.162 15-45deg Strain 434d 275kV 21.1 24 7540 -9010.144 -3063725.199 1138.646 1138.646 341.017 259.2113 434a.180 light suspension tower type 434a 23.03 25 7881.017 -8946.31 -3064060.188 1139.743 1139.743 323.721 0 259.2113 434a.180 light suspension tower type 434a 23.03 26 8204.738 -8885.713 -3064378.187 1136.167 1136.167 357.882 0 259.2113 434b 2kin.182 Self Supporting Suspension 434a 275kV 26.33 27 8562.62 -8818.722 -3064729.743 1135.738 1135.738 365.544 0 259.2113 434a.195 light suspension tower type 434a 24.53 28 8928.164 -8750.296 -3065088.826 1138.358 1138.358 320.819 0 259.2113 434a.195 light suspension tower type 434a 24.53 29 9248.983 -8690.243 -3065403.975 1137.559 1137.559 341.01 0 259.2113 | 434a.190 light suspension tower type 434a 24.03 30 9589.993 -8626.41 -3065738.957 1142.892 1142.892 339.203 0 259.2113 434a.180 23.03 light suspension tower type 434a 31 9929.196 -8562.915 -3066072.164 1144.521 1144.521 359.315 259.2113 434a.190 light suspension tower type 434a 24.03 32 10288.51 -8495.656 -3066425.128 1147.612 1147.612 347.679 0 259.2113 434a.190 light suspension tower type 434a 24.03 33 10636.19 -8430.574 -3066766.661 1148.184 1148.184 351.038 0 259.2113 434a.190 light suspension tower type 434a 24.03 34 10987.23 -8364.864 -3067111.494 1148.982 1148.982 346.18 0 259.2113 434a.190 light suspension tower type 434a 24.03 35 11333.41 -8300.064 -3067451.555 1146.826 1146.826 347.999 0 259.2113 434a.190 light suspension tower type 434a 24.03 36 11681.41 -8234.922 -3067793.403 1148.75 1148.75 345.133 0 259.2113 434a.185 light suspension tower type 434a 23.53 37 12026.54 -8170.318 -3068132.436 1148.925 1148.925 318.921 0 259.2113 434a.190 24.03 light suspension tower type 434a 0 38 12345.46 -8110.619 -3068445.719 1150.875 1150.875 306.427 259.2113 | 434a.190 light suspension tower type 434a 24.03 39 12651.89 -8053.26 -3068746.73 1154.322 314.894 20.1406 269.2816 434d 2kin.162 1154.322 15-45deg Strain 434d 275kV 21.1 40 -3069057.439 12966.78 -8104.43 1155.576 1155.576 306.218 0 279.3519 434a.185 light suspension tower type 434a 23.53 41 13273 -8154.189 -3069359.587 1155.438 1155.438 363 0 279.3519 434a.190 light suspension tower type 434a 24.03 42 13636 -8213.176 -3069717.762 1156.877 1156.877 368 0 279.3519 434b 2kin.202 Self Supporting Suspension 434b 275kV 28.33 43 14004 -8272.975 -3070080.871 1157.604 1157.604 357.813 0 279.3519 434a.190 light suspension tower type 434a 24.03 14361.81 -8331.119 -3070433.928 336.187 0 279.3519 434a.200 44 1157.074 1157.074 light suspension tower type 434a 25.03 -3070765.647 45 14698 -8385.748 1155.709 1155.709 352.31 279.3519 434a.190 light suspension tower type 434a 24.03 15050.31 -8442.998 -3071113.274 1158.863 1158.863 358.797 0 279.3519 434a.195 46 light suspension tower type 434a 24.53 47 0 15409.11 -8501.302 -3071467.303 1159.661 1159.661 283.4 279.3519 434a.190 light suspension tower type 434a 24.03 48 15692.51 279.3519 434c.182 -8547.354 -3071746.936 1160.292 1160.292 0-15 deg angle strain tower type 434c 22.3





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8 PRELIMINARY BOQ

Line:		Ferrum - Garona 275kV line deviation		
Lines quantities:		Total	16.17 km	
Total No of towers:		48		
Suspension				
	434A	39		
	434B	3		
Total:		42		
Strain				
	434C	2		
	434D	4		
Total:		6		
Suspension Assemblies:		450	mm	
I-susp assy		84	(120kN)	
			I Susp Assy 4xxxxx	
			120kN 450mm CP/OP	
V-susp assy		42	(120kN)	
			V SUSP ASSY 4xxxxx	
			120kN 450mm	
Strain Assemblies:		450	mm	
Str assy		36	(120kN)	
			STR ASSY 4xxxxx	
			120kN 450mm	
Insulators:				
Composite 31mm/kV		204	(120kN)	
Conductor:				
Conductor (km)		97.02	(2 x Bear)	
Earth wire 1 (km)		16.17	(1x 19/2.7)	
Earth wire 2 (km)		16.17	(1x 19/2.7)	
Earthwire Assemblies:				
NB: (OPGW quantities exlud	ed)			
Non ins EW susp assy		68	(19/2.7)	
Ins EW susp assy		16	(19/2.7)	
			30-120kN_ESUS1-	
N : 5347 :			001	
Non ins EW str assy		6	(19/2.7)	
Ins EW str assy		6	(19/2.7)	
			30-120kN_ESTR1-	
			001	





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9 TOWER OFF-SET POSITIONS

No tower offsets are required on this line.

10 TOWER ORIENTATION

All towers will be orientated about their bisectors. There are no special considerations regarding tower orientations required for this line.

11 GENERAL DISCUSSIONS

A line walk down will be carried out on the deviation to verify all the tower positions. All obstacles that could violate clearances or make the construction of this line difficult are noted and catered for in the final design.

From the preliminary profile, there is evidence showing that extensive vegetation clearing will required, especially at the Garona end of the deviation. This will be verified after the line walk down as this could have an impact on the EIA.

There is a pipeline in close proximity to the line, the exact positions will need to be confirmed so the necessary earthing design requirements are met.





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12 **CONSTRUCTABILITY**

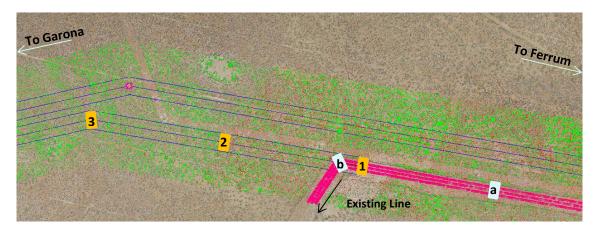
IDENTIFICATION OF ENGINEERING RISK

In terms of accessibility to towers, there is an existing access road since the new line runs parallel to the existing line for the entire line length. The terrain is fairly flat and easily accessible however, the area is very sandy and precautions will have to be taken when driving and working on the sandy surfaces.

At the Ferrum end of the deviation:

In order to make the tie-ins to the existing lines easier to construct, new strain towers (1, 2 and 3 in the Figure below) have been spotted such that the deviation extends until it is under the existing 275kV line. Outages will be required to complete the construction of the tower labelled 1 under the existing 275kV line. Construction of the legs and sections of the body of **tower 1** will take place before hand and on the day of the outage, the following work will need to be carried out:

- 1. Back stay conductor from **tower a** towards **tower b** under outage conditions.
- 2. Drop conductor at **tower b** on both sides.
- 3. Complete tower erection for **tower 1**, while dismantling **tower b**.
- 4. Cut existing conductor to attach to **tower 1**, make off, regulate and tension existing conductor to the new **tower 1**.
- 5. Make off, regulate and complete stringing of new **tower 1** to the rest of deviation (**tower 2**).
- 6. Make off jumpers and complete deviation.





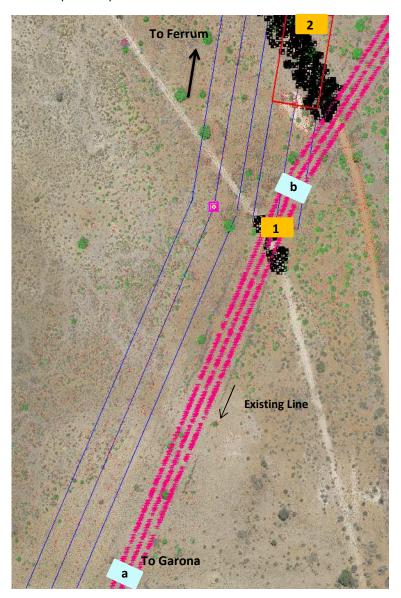


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At the Garona end of the deviation:

Similarly, to ease the construction of the line, the new **towers 1** and **2** in the Figure below will be strain towers. During an outage, the following work will be carried out:

- 1. Back stay conductor from **tower a** towards **tower b** under outage conditions.
- 2. Drop conductor at **tower b** on both sides.
- 3. Complete tower erection for **tower 1**, while dismantling **tower b**.
- 4. Cut existing conductor from **tower b** to attach to **tower 1**, make off, regulate and tension existing conductor to the new **tower 1**.
- 5. Make off, regulate and complete stringing of new **tower 1** to the rest of deviation (**tower 2**).







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13 CONCLUSION

The basic design parameters of the line are as follows:

- Design voltage: 275kV
- Twin (2x) Bear conductor
- 19/2.7 earthwire used
- Conductor templating at 50°C
- Composite insulators used with specific creepage of 31mm/kV
- Tower series used: 434A -E

Specific conditions about the line:

- Construction of the tie-in towers will have to be done under outage conditions.
- Line walk down will be required to ensure that most obstacles have been catered for.
- The clearing of vegetation under the line will need careful consideration as it may affect the EIA submissions.
- There is one major line crossing: Transnet railway crossing.
- Pipeline route will need to be confirm with the mine to verify earthing design.





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14 APPENDIX A: TOWER TYPE DRAWINGS

