

BIRD SPECIALIST LETTER ON THE SPLIT OF THE AUTHORISED KUDUSBERG WEF (14/12/16/3/3/1/1976/AM1) INTO TWO SEPARATE SMALLER WEF PROJECTS (OYA WEF AND KUDUSBERG WEF)

KUDUSBERG WEF

Kudusberg Wind Farm (Pty) Ltd. (hereafter referred to as "Kudusberg WEF") was issued with an Environmental Authorisation (EA) for the proposed construction of the 325 MW Kudusberg Wind Energy Facility (WEF) and associated infrastructure on 25th March 2019, and subsequently amended on 4th April 2019 to correct a minor naming error. The layout for the authorised Kudusberg WEF is presented in **Figure 1** below.

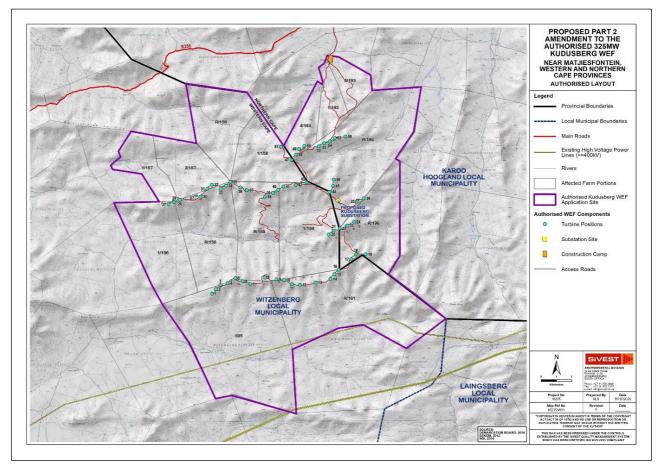


Figure 1: Layout map for authorised Kudusberg WEF (14/12/16/3/3/1/1976/AM1)

This follows after an extensive 1-year bird monitoring programme was conducted in 2015/2016, in accordance with the relevant best practice guidelines available at the time (Jenkins, *et al.*, 2015). Kudusberg WEF is now proposing to submit a Part 2 EA Amendment Application to split the authorised Kudusberg WEF into two separate smaller WEF projects, namely Kudusberg WEF (in the south) and Oya WEF (in the north), which will result in a number of technical and administrative changes detailed below in **Table 1**. The split is being proposed to allow the projects to be suitable for numerous opportunities such as either the Renewable Energy Independent Power Producer Procurement Programme (REIPPPP), Risk Mitigation Independent Power Producer Procurement Programme (RMIPPPP), other government run

Bioinsight (PTY) Ltd.



procurement programmes that may arise or for sale to private entities, if enabled and/or required in the drive for energy security in South Africa.

Following the split, the northern section of the authorised WEF will become the Oya WEF (**Figure 2**), while the southern section of the authorised WEF will remain known as the Kudusberg WEF (authorised under 14/12/16/3/3/1/1976/AM1) (**Table 1**) (**Figure 3**).

The respective layouts for the proposed Kudusberg WEF (southern section of the authorised WEF) and Oya WEF (northern section of the authorised WEF) are presented in **Figure 2** and **Figure 3** below.

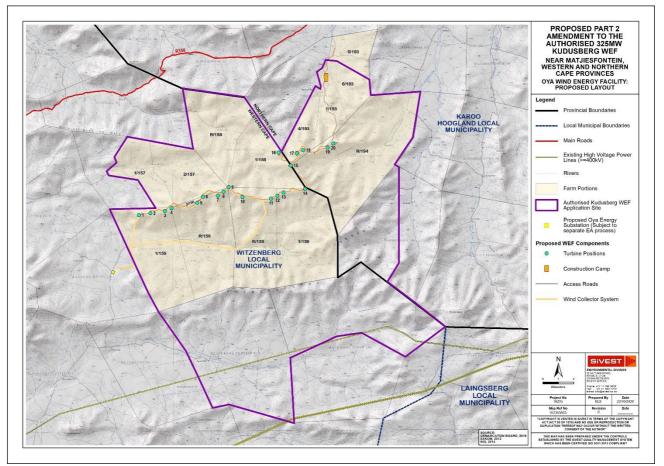


Figure 2: Layout map for proposed Oya WEF (northern section of the authorised WEF)

Bioinsight (PTY) Ltd.



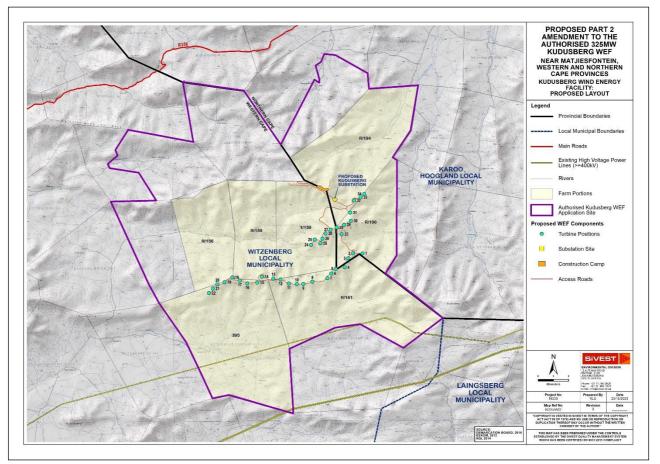


Figure 3: Layout map for proposed Kudusberg WEF (southern section of the authorised WEF)

Furthermore, the approved EMPr authorised as part of the Kudusberg EA is being amended to each WEF and to incorporate the final layout for the Oya WEF, management plans and the walk-throughs.

The amendments detailed in **Table 1** below are proposed for each of the two (2) WEFs mentioned above.



Table 1: Proposed Amendments

Aspect to be amended	Authorised	Proposed Amendment		
		Oya WEF	Kudusberg WEF	
Administrative Aspects				
Amend the holder of the EA's	Kudusberg Wind Farm (Pty) Ltd	Oya Energy (Pty) Ltd	Kudusberg Wind Farm (Pty) Ltd	
Amend the name of the WEFs	Kudusberg Wind Energy Facility	Oya Wind Energy Facility	Kudusberg Wind Energy Facility	
Contact Details	kudusberg@g7energies.com	oya@g7energies.com	kudusberg@g7energies.com	
Extend the validity of the EA	This activity must commence within a period of five	This activity must commence within a period of five	This activity must commence within a period of five	
	(05) years from the date of issue of this	(05) years from the date of issue of this amended	(05) years from the date of issue of this amended	
	environmental authorization.	environmental authorization.	environmental authorization.	
Location of Activity and SG	Western Cape	Western Cape	Western Cape	
codes	C0190000000015600002 Remainder of 156 Gats Rivier Farm: C0190000000015600000 Portion 1 of 157 Riet Fontein Farm: C0190000000015700001 Portion 1 of 158 Amandelbloom Farm: C0190000000015800001 Remainder of 158 Amandelboom Farm: C0190000000015800000 Portion 1 of 159 Oliviers Berg Farm: C0190000000015900001	 Portion 1 of the Farm Gats Rivier No 156: C0190000000015600001 Portion 2 of the Farm Gats Rivier No 156: C0190000000015600002 Remainder of the Farm Gats Rivier No 156: C0190000000015600000 Portion 1 of the Farm Riet Fontein No 157: C0190000000015700001 Portion 2 of the Farm Riet Fontein No 157: C0190000000015700002 Portion 1 of the Farm Amandelbloom No 158: C0190000000015800001 Remainder of the Farm Amandelbloom No 158: C0190000000015800000 Portion 1 of the Farm Oliviers Berg No 159: C0190000000015900001 Remainder of the Farm Oliviers Berg No 159: C0190000000015900000 	 Portion 1 of the Farm Gats Rivier No 156: C0190000000015600001 Remainder of the Farm Gats Rivier No 156: C0190000000015600000 Portion 1 of the Farm Oliviers Berg No 159: C0190000000015900001 Remainder of the Farm Oliviers Berg No 159: C0190000000015900000 Klipbanks Fontein No 395: C0190000000039500000 Remainder of the Farm Muishond Rivier No 159: C0190000000016100000 Remainder of the Farm Karee Kloof No 196: C0720000000019600000 Remainder of the Farm Matjes Fontein No 194: C0720000000019400000 	
	 Remainder of 161 Muishond Rivier Farm: C0190000000016100000 	Northern Cape	Properties affected by public road:	



 Remainder of 395 Klipbanks Fontein Farr 	• Portion 4 of the Farm Urias Gat No 193:• ZeekoegatFarmNo169:
C019000000019500000	C072000000019300004 C072000000016900000
	Portion 6 of the Farm Urias Gat No 193: Portion 1 of the Farm Roodeheuvel No 170:
Northern Cape	C0720000000019300006 C072000000017000001
Portion 4 of 193 Urias Gat Farr	n: • Remainder of the Farm Urias Gat No 193: • Remainder of the Farm Roodeheuvel No 170:
C0720000000019300004	C0720000000019300000 C072000000017000000
 Portion 6 of 193 Urias Gat Farr 	• Remainder of the Farm Matjies Fontein No 194: • Remainder of the Farm Wind Heuvel No 190:
C0720000000019300006	C0720000000019400000 C072000000019000000
 Remainder of 193 Urias Gat Farr 	Portion 5 of the Farm Urias Gat No 193: • Portion 1 of the Farm Wind Heuvel No 190:
C0720000000019300000	C0720000000019300005 C072000000019000001
 Remainder of 194 Matjes Fontein Farr 	
C0720000000019400000	Properties affected by access road: C072000000019300005
 Remainder of 196 Karree Kloof Farr 	n: • Zeekoegat Farm No 169: • Remainder of the Farm Vinke Kuil No 171:
C0720000000019600000	C0720000000016900000 C072000000017100000
	Portion 1 of the Farm Roodeheuvel No 170: The Farm Alkant No 220:
Properties affected by public road:	C0720000000017000001 C072000000022000000
 169 Zeekoegat Farm: C072000000001690000 	0 • Remainder of the Farm Roodeheuvel No 170: • Portion 1 of the Farm Lange Huis No 174:
 Portion 1 of 170 Roodeheuvel Farr 	n: C0720000000017000000 C072000000017400001
C0720000000017000001	 Remainder of the Farm Wind Heuvel No 190:
 Remainder of 170 Roodeheuvel Farr 	n: C072000000019000000
C0720000000017000000	 Portion 1 of the Farm Wind Heuvel No 190:
 Remainder of 190 Wind Heuvel Farr 	n: C072000000019000001
C0720000000019000000	 Portion 5 of the Farm Urias Gat No 193:
 Portion 1 of 190 Wind Heuvel Farr 	n: C072000000019300005
C0720000000019000001	 Remainder of the Farm Vinke Kuil No 171:
 Portion 5 of 193 Urias Gat Farr 	n: C072000000017100000
C0720000000019300005	 Alkant Farm No 220: C072000000022000000
 Remainder of 171 Vinke Kuil Farr 	
C0720000000017100000	C072000000017400001
 Alkant Re/220 Farm: C072000000002200000 	
 Portion 1 of 174 Lange Huis Farr 	.
C0720000000017400001	



Technical Aspects				
Overall Capacity	325 MW	86 MW	239 MW	
Number of turbines	56	20	36	
Hub height	Up to 140 m	92 m above the foundation	No Change i.e. up to 140 m	
Rotor diameter	Up to 180 m	150 m	No Change i.e. up to 180 m	
Blade length	Up to 90 m	75 m	No Change i.e. up to 90 m	
Wind Measuring Lattice Masts	Up to 4 x 140 m high depending the final hub height	2 x met masts (same as hub height)	2 x up to 140 m high depending the final hub height	
Layout	-	Layout submitted for final approval	Final layout to be submitted prior to the start of construction	
EMPr	The EMPr submitted as part of the Application for EA is hereby approved.	Approve Final EMPr	To be submitted based on final approval of layout.	



It is the client's intention for Bioinsight to comment on the acceptability of this split, from a bird perspective.

From indications provided to Bioinsight, the Authorised Kudusberg WEF (14/12/16/3/3/1/1976/AM1) is merely proposed to undergo a direct split, in which the 325MW facility will be shared among two separate facilities, namely: Oya WEF (northern Ridge of authorised WEF – 86MW) and Kudusberg WEF (southern Ridge of authorised – 239MW). The number of turbines, overall, has not changed. A total of 56 turbines were approved for the authorised Kudusberg WEF. The proposed split subsequently allows 20 wind turbines to be situated on Oya WEF and 36 wind turbines to be situated on Kudusberg WEF.

Based on the above information, Bioinsight finds that this split is merely administrative and should hold no significant impact on the bird community on site. It is also not envisaged that the conclusions of the final specialist impact assessment report (Bioinsight, 2018) will change, as a result of this split. This being said, however, it is noted that minor disadvantages may occur as a result of the split. As an example, the proposed split may potentially result in additional infrastructures being built (in comparison to what would exist in a single facility). This may potentially include (but not limited to) additional construction camps (estimated that two are to be built), batching plants, offices / control centres etc. In addition to this, it can also be noted that two separate smaller facilities will be assessed separately for real impacts during the operational phase. This could potentially result in a perception that few birds are potentially being impacted. Although challenging and potentially not possible (due to different bidding and construction times), it would be idea if the two facilities could be evaluated jointly (once both are in operation) in order to understand the real impact of all turbines in the area, collectively. Careful consideration should be taken with this, and both wind farms should ideally work closely together during the operational phase so that the relevant avifauna specialist(s) can have access to fatality data from both facilities, wherever possible. No specific advantages (as a result of the proposed split) for the bird community were identified at this stage.

Based on the above, Bioinsight finds the split acceptable for the bird community on site. No changes or additions to mitigation measures are proposed at this stage. It will however be important for all relevant management/mitigation measures (as described in Bioinsight [2018]) to be strictly adhered to for each wind farm, independently. Wherever possible, it will also be useful for a relevant site walk-through to be conducted at both wind farms (Oya WEF walk-through already completed), prior to construction, in order to assess any relevant sensitivities against proposed infrastructures – for further approval of final site layouts. Additionally, we find our previous impact assessment (Bioinsight, 2018) for the authorised Kudusberg WEF to still be valid in present day conditions. Given that the authorised project is to be split into two separate smaller ones, Bioinsight emphasises the importance that each individual wind farm must have its own unique monitoring plan with sampling design, going forward (to assess real impacts in the construction and/or post-construction phases).



9th November 2020 on Behalf of Bioinsight (Pty) Ltd

Miguel Mascarenhas

Craig Campbell

BSc in Conservation Ecology

MSc on Environmental Impact Assessment Postgraduate on Business Management Postgraduate on Geographic Information Systems BSc on Applied Biology to Plant Resources Registered Professional Natural Scientist Zoological Sciences (400168/14)

Bioinsight (PTY) Ltd.



References

- Bioinsight. (2018). Basic Assessment for the Proposed Development of the 325MW Kudusberg Wind Energy Facility and associated infrastructure, between Matjiesfontein and Sutherland in the Western and Northern Cape Provinces: BA Report.
- Jenkins, A., van Rooyen, C., Smallie, J., Harrison, J., Diamond, M., Smit-Robinson, H., & Ralston, S. (2015). Best-Practice Guidelines for assessing and monitoring the impact of wind energy facilities on birds in southern Africa.