APPENDIX 1

GENERIC ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) FOR THE DEVELOPMENT AND EXPANSION FOR OVERHEAD ELECTRICITY TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION INFRASTRUCTURE

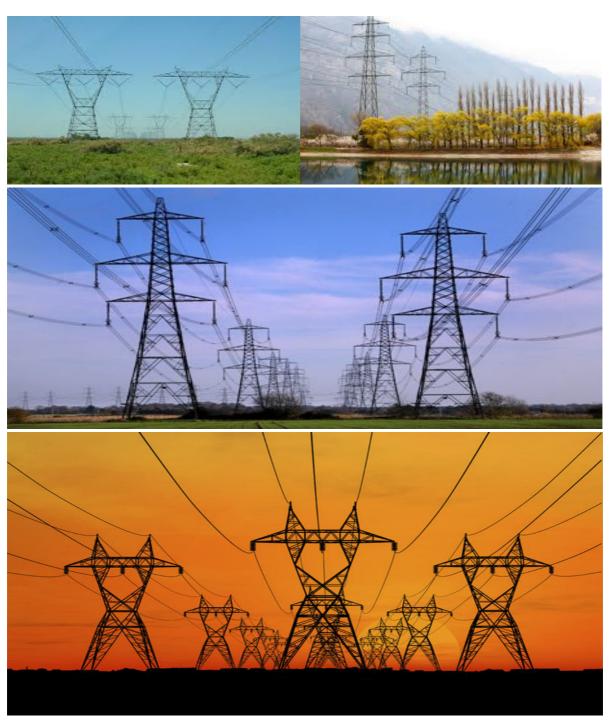




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INTRODUCTION

1. Background

The National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998) (NEMA) requires that an environmental management programme (EMPr) be submitted where an environmental impact assessment (EIA) has been identified as the environmental instrument to be utilised as the basis for a decision on an application for environmental authorisation (EA). The content of an EMPr must either contain the information set out in Appendix 4 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014, as amended, (EIA Regulations) or must be a generic EMPr relevant to an application as identified and gazetted by the Minister in a government notice. Once the Minister has identified, through a government notice, that a generic EMPr is relevant to an application for EA, that generic EMPr must be applied by all parties involved in the EA process, including, but not limited to, the applicant and the competent authority (CA).

2. Purpose

This document constitutes a generic EMPr relevant to applications for the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure, and all listed and specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

3. Objective

The objective of this generic EMPr is to prescribe and pre-approve generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions, which can commonly and repeatedly be used for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure. The use of a generic EMPr is intended to reduce the need to prepare and review individual EMPrs for applications of a similar nature.

4. Scope

The scope of this generic EMPr applies to the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure requiring EA in terms of NEMA, i.e. with a capacity of 33 kilovolts or more. This generic EMPr applies to activities requiring EA, mainly activity 11 and 47 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 1 of 2014, as amended, and activity 9 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 2 of 2014, as amended, and all associated listed or specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

5. Structure of this document

This document is structured in three parts with an Appendix as indicated in the table below:

Part	Section	Heading	Content
- GII			
A		Provides general guidance and information and is not legally binding	Definitions, acronyms, roles & responsibilities and documentation and reporting.
В	1	Pre-approved generic EMPr template	Contains generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions required for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure, which are presented in the form of a template that has been pre-approved. The template in this section is to be completed by the contractor, with each completed page signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. Where an impact management outcome is not relevant, the words "not applicable" can be inserted in the template under the "responsible persons" column.
			Once completed and signed, the template represents the EMPr for the activity approved by the CA and is legally binding. The template is not required to be submitted to the CA as once the generic EMPr is gazetted for implementation, it has been approved by the CA. To allow interested and affected parties access to the pre-approved EMPr template for consideration through the decision-making process, the EAP on behalf of the applicant /proponent must make the hard copy of this EMPr available at a public location and where the applicant has a website, the EMPr should also
	2	Site specific information	be made available on such publicly accessible website. Contains preliminary infrastructure layout and a
			declaration that the applicant/holder of the EA

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			will comply with the pre-approved generic EMPr template contained in <u>Part B: Section 1</u> , and understands that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding . The preliminary infrastructure layout must be finalized to inform the final EMPr that is to be submitted with the basic assessment report (BAR) or environmental impact assessment report (EIAR), ensuring that all impact management outcomes and actions have been either pre-approved or approved in terms of <u>Part C.</u>
			This section must be submitted to the CA together with the final BAR or EIAR. The information submitted to the CA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, this Section forms part of the EMPr for the development and is legally binding.
С		Site specific sensitivities/ attributes	If any specific environmental sensitivities/ attributes are present on the site which require site specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr, to manage impacts, these specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific environmental attributes must be referenced spatially and impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be provided. These specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the preapproved EMPr template (Part B: section 1)
			This section will not be required should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes. However, if <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the site, it is required to be submitted together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP, and must contain his/her name and

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			expertise including a curriculum vitae. Once approved, Part C forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.
			This section applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the specific development or expansion and which are not already included in <u>Part B: section 1</u> .
Appe	endix 1		Contains the method statements to be prepared prior to commencement of the activity. The
			method statements are not required to be submitted to the competent authority.

6. Completion of part B: section 1: the pre-approved generic EMPr template

The template is to be completed prior to commencement of the activity, by providing the following information for each environmental impact management action:

- For implementation
 - a 'responsible person',
 - a method for implementation,
 - a timeframe for implementation
- For monitoring
 - a responsible person
 - frequency
 - evidence of compliance.

The completed template must be signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as <u>Appendix 1</u>. Each method statement must be signed and dated on each page by the holder of the EA. This template, once signed and dated, is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

7. Amendments of the impact management outcomes and impact management actions

Once the activity has commenced, a holder of an EA may make amendments to the impact management outcomes and impact management actions in the following manner:

- Amendment of the impact management outcomes: in line with the process contemplated in regulation 37 of the EIA Regulations; and
- Amendment of the impact management actions: in line with the process contemplated in regulation 36 of the EIA Regulations.

8. Documents to be submitted as part of part B: section 2 site specific information and declaration

<u>Part B: Section 2</u> has three distinct sub-sections. The first and third sub-sections are in a template format. Sub-section two requires a map to be produced.

<u>Sub-section 1</u> contains the project name, the applicant's name and contact details, the site information, which includes coordinates of the corridor in which the proposed overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure is proposed as well as the 21-digit Surveyor General code of each cadastral land parcel and, where available, the farm name.

<u>Sub-section 2</u> is to be prepared by an EAP and must contain his/her name and expertise including a curriculum vitae. This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout using the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. raptor nest, threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps must identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features in the surrounding landscape within 50m from the development footprint. The overhead transmission and distribution profile must be illustrated at an appropriate resolution to enable fine scale interrogation. It is recommended that <20 km of overhead transmission and distribution length is illustrated per page in A3 landscape format. Where considered appropriate, photographs of sensitive features in the context of tower positions must be used.

<u>Sub-section 3</u> is the declaration that the applicant/proponent or holder of the EA in the case of a change of ownership must complete, which confirms that the applicant/EA holder will comply with the pre-approved generic EMPr template in <u>Section 1</u> and understands that the impact management outcomes and actions are legally binding.

(a) Amendments to Part B: Section 2 – site specific information and declaration

Should the EA be transferred, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new applicant/proponent and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of Regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted as part of such an application for an amendment to an EA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

PART A - GENERAL INFORMATION

1. **DEFINITIONS**

In this EMPr any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the NEMA or EIA Regulations has that meaning, and unless the context requires otherwise –

"clearing" means the clearing and removal of vegetation, whether partially or in whole, including trees and shrubs, as specified;

"construction camp" is the area designated for key construction infrastructure and services, including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;

"contractor" - The Contractor has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract, are in line with the Environmental Management Programme and that Method Statements are implemented as described.

"hazardous substance" is a substance governed by the Hazardous Substances Act, 1973 (Act No. 15 of 1973) as well as the Hazardous Chemical and Substances Regulations, 1995;

"method statement" means a written submission by the Contractor to the Project Manager in response to this EMPr or a request by the Project Manager and ECO. The method statement must set out the equipment, materials, labour and method(s) the Contractor proposes using to carry out an activity identified by the Project Manager when requesting the Method Statement. This must be done in such detail that the Project Manager and ECO is able to assess whether the Contractor's proposal is in accordance with this specification and/or will produce results in accordance with this specification;

The method statement must cover applicable details with regard to:

- (i) Construction procedures;
- (ii) Plant, materials and equipment to be used;
- (iii) Transporting the equipment to and from site;
- (iv) How the plant/ material/ equipment will be moved while on site;
- (v) How and where the plant/ material/ equipment will be stored;
- (vi) The containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- (vii) Timing and location of activities;
- (viii) Compliance/ non-compliance; and
- (ix) Any other information deemed necessary by the Project Manager.

"slope" means the inclination of a surface expressed as one unit of rise or fall for so many horizontal units;

"solid waste" means all solid waste, including construction debris, hazardous waste, excess cement/ concrete, wrapping materials, timber, cans, drums, wire, nails, food and domestic waste (e.g. plastic packets and wrappers);

"spoil" means excavated material which is unsuitable for use as material in the construction works or is material which is surplus to the requirements of the construction works;

"topsoil" means a varying depth (up to 300 mm) of the soil profile irrespective of the fertility, appearance, structure, agricultural potential, fertility and composition of the soil; and

"works" means the works to be executed in terms of the Contract

2. ACRONYMS and ABBREVIATIONS

CA	Competent Authority
cEO	Contractors Environmental Officer
dEO	Developer Environmental Officer
DPM	Developer Project Manager
DSS	Developer Site Supervisor
EAR	Environmental Audit Report
ECA	Environment Conservation Act No. 73 of
	1989
ECO	Environmental Control Officer
EA	Environmental Authorisation
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
ERAP	Emergency Response Action Plan
EMPr	Environmental Management Programme
	Report
EAP	Environmental Assessment Practitioner
FPA	Fire Protection Agency
HCS	Hazardous chemical Substance
NEMA	National Environmental Management Act,
	1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998)
NEMBA	National Environmental Management:
	Biodiversity Act ,2004 (Act No. 10 of 2004)
NEMWA	National Environmental Management:
	Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008)
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet
RI&APs	Registered interested and affected parties

3. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) IMPLEMENTATION

The effective implementation of this generic EMPr is dependent on established and clear roles, responsibilities and reporting lines within an institutional framework. This section of the EMPr gives guidance to the various environmental roles and reporting lines, however, project specific requirements will ultimately determine the need for the appointment of specific person(s) to undertake specific roles and or responsibilities. As such, it must be noted that in the event that no specific person, for example, an environmental control officer (ECO) is appointed, the holder of the EA remains responsible for ensuring that the duties indicated in this document for action by the ECO are undertaken.

Table 1: Guide to roles and responsibilities for implementation of an EMPr

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer's Project Manager (DPM)	Role The Project Developer is accountable for ensuring compliance with the EMPr and any conditions of approval from the competent authority (CA). Where required, an environmental control officer (ECO) must be contracted by the Project Developer to objectively monitor the implementation of the EMPr according to relevant environmental legislation, and the conditions of the environmental authorisation (EA). The Project Developer is further responsible for providing and giving mandate to enable the ECO to perform responsibilities, and he must ensure that the ECO is integrated as part of the project team while remaining independent.
	 Responsibilities Be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA; Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Developer and its Contractor(s); Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; Monitor the implementation of the EMPr throughout the project by means of site inspections and meetings. Overall management of the project and EMPr implementation; and Ensure that periodic environmental performance audits are undertaken on the project implementation.
Developer Site Supervisor (DSS)	<u>Role</u>

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
	The DSS reports directly to the DPM, oversees site works, liaises with the contractor(s) and the ECO. The DSS is responsible for the day to day implementation of the EMPr and for ensuring the compliance of all contractors with the conditions and requirements stipulated in the EMPr. Responsibilities - Ensure that all contractors identify a contractor's Environmental Officer (cEO); - Must be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA. Oversees site works, liaison with Contractor, DPM and ECO;
	 Must ensure that all landowners have the relevant contact details of the site staff, ECO and cEO; Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; Will issue all non-compliances to contractors; and Ratify the Monthly Environmental Report.
Environmental Control Officer (ECO)	Role The ECO should have appropriate training and experience in the implementation of environmental management specifications. The primary role of the ECO is to act as an independent quality controller and monitoring agent regarding all environmental concerns and associated environmental impacts. In this respect, the ECO is to conduct periodic site inspections, attend regular site meetings, pre-empt problems and suggest mitigation and be available to advise on incidental issues that arise. The ECO is also required to conduct compliance audits, verifying the monitoring reports submitted by the cEO. The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager regarding all environmental matters. The Contractor, cEO and dEO are answerable to the Environmental Control Officer for non-compliance with the Performance Specifications as set out in the EA and EMPr.
	The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager, who in turn reports back to the Contractor and potential and Registered Interested &Affected Parties (RI&APs), as required. Issues of non-compliance raised by the ECO must be taken up by the Project Manager, and resolved with the Contractor as per the conditions of his contract. Decisions regarding environmental procedures, specifications and requirements which have a cost implication (i.e. those that are deemed to be a

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
	variation, not allowed for in the Performance Specification) must be endorsed by the Project Manager. The ECO must also, as specified by the EA, report to the relevant CA as and when required. Responsibilities The responsibilities of the ECO will include the following: - Be aware of the findings and conclusions of all EA related to the development; - Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr; - Be conversant with relevant environmental legislation, policies and procedures, and ensure compliance with them; - Undertake regular and comprehensive site inspections / audits of the construction site according to the generic EMPr and applicable licenses in order to monitor compliance as required; - Educate the construction team about the management measures contained in the EMPr and environmental licenses; - Compilation and administration of an environmental monitoring plan to ensure that the environmental management measures are implemented and are effective; - Monitoring the performance of the Contractors and ensuring compliance with the EMPr and associated Method Statements; - In consultation with the Developer Site Supervisor order the removal of person(s) and/or equipment which are in contravention of the specifications of the EMPr and/or environmental licenses; - Liaison between the DPM, Contractors, authorities and other lead stakeholders on all environmental concerns; - Compile a regular environmental audit report highlighting any non-compliance issues as well as satisfactory or exceptional compliance with the EMPr; - Validating the regular site inspection reports, which are to be prepared by the contractor Environmental Officer (cEO); - Checking the CEO's record of environmental incidents (spills, impacts, legal transgressions etc) as well as corrective and preventive actions taken:

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
developer Environmental Officer (dEO)	 Checking the cEO's public complaints register in which all complaints are recorded, as well as action taken; Assisting in the resolution of conflicts; Facilitate training for all personnel on the site – this may range from carrying out the training, to reviewing the training programmes of the Contractor; In case of non-compliances, the ECO must first communicate this to the Senior Site Supervisor, who has the power to ensure this matter is addressed. Should no action or insufficient action be taken, the ECO may report this matter to the authorities as non-compliance; Maintenance, update and review of the EMPr; Communication of all modifications to the EMPr to the relevant stakeholders. Role The dEOs will report to the Project Manager and are responsible for implementation of the EMPr,
	environmental monitoring and reporting, providing environmental input to the Project Manager and Contractor's Manager, liaising with contractors and the landowners as well as a range of environmental coordination responsibilities.
	<u>Responsibilities</u>
	 Be fully conversant with the EMPr; Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr, and implement these measures;
	 Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Employees, Contractor(s);
	 Confine the development site to the demarcated area; Conduct environmental internal audits with regards to EMPr and authorisation compliance (on cEO);
	 Assist the contractors in addressing environmental challenges on site; Assist in incident management:

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
	 Reporting environmental incidents to developer and ensuring that corrective action is taken, and lessons learnt shared; Assist the contractor in investigating environmental incidents and compile investigation reports; Follow-up on pre-warnings, defects, non-conformance reports; Measure and communicate environmental performance to the Contractor; Conduct environmental awareness training on site together with ECO and cEO; Ensure that the necessary legal permits and / or licenses are in place and up to date; Acting as Developer's Environmental Representative on site and work together with the ECO and contractor;
Contractor	Role The Contractor appoints the cEO and has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract are in line with the EMPr and that Method Statements are implemented as described. External contractors must ensure compliance with this EMPr while performing the onsite activities as per their contract with the Project Developer. The contractors are required, where specified, to provide Method Statements setting out in detail how the impact management actions contained in the EMPr will be implemented during the development or expansion for overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure activities.
	 Responsibilities project delivery and quality control for the development services as per appointment; employ a suitably qualified person to monitor and report to the Project Developer's appointed person on the daily activities on-site during the construction period; ensure that safe, environmentally acceptable working methods and practices are implemented and that equipment is properly operated and maintained, to facilitate proper access and enable any operation to be carried out safely;

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
	 attend on site meeting(s) prior to the commencement of activities to confirm the procedure and designated activity zones; ensure that contractors' staff repair, at their own cost, any environmental damage as a result of a contravention of the specifications contained in EMPr, to the satisfaction of the ECO.
contractor Environmental Officer (cEO)	Role Each Contractor affected by the EMPr should appoint a cEO, who is responsible for the on-site implementation of the EMPr (or relevant sections of the EMPr). The Contractor's representative can be the site agent; site engineer; a dedicated environmental officer; or an independent consultant. The Contractor must ensure that the Contractor's Representative is suitably qualified to perform the necessary tasks and is appointed at a level such that she/he can interact effectively with other site Contractors, labourers, the Environmental Control Officer and the public. As a minimum the cEO shall meet the following criteria:
	 Responsibilities Be on site throughout the duration of the project and be dedicated to the project; Ensure all their staff are aware of the environmental requirements, conditions and constraints with respect to all of their activities on site; Implementing the environmental conditions, guidelines and requirements as stipulated within the EA, EMPr and Method Statements; Attend the Environmental Site Meeting; Undertaking corrective actions where non-compliances are registered within the stipulated timeframes; Report back formally on the completion of corrective actions; Assist the ECO in maintaining all the site documentation; Prepare the site inspection reports and corrective action reports for submission to the ECO; Assist the ECO with the preparing of the monthly report; and

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
	 Where more than one Contractor is undertaking work on site, each company appointed as a Contractor will appoint a cEO representing that company.

4. ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE

To ensure accountable and demonstrated implementation of the EMPr, a number of reporting systems, documentation controls and compliance mechanisms must be in place for all overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure projects as a minimum requirement.

4.1 Document control/Filing system

The holder of the EA is solely responsible for the upkeep and management of the EMPr file. At a minimum, all documentation detailed below will be stored in the EMPr file. A hard copy of all documentation shall be filed, while an electronic copy may be kept where relevant. A duplicate file will be maintained in the office of the DSS (where applicable). This duplicate file must remain current and up-to-date. The filing system must be updated and relevant documents added as required. The EMPr file must be made available at all times on request by the CA or other relevant authorities. The EMPr file will form part of any environmental audits undertaken as prescribed in the EIA Regulations.

4.2 Documentation to be available

At the outset of the project the following preliminary list of documents shall be placed in the filing system and be accessible at all times:

- Full copy of the signed EA from the CA in terms of NEMA, granting approval for the development or expansion;
- Copy of the generic and site specific EMPr as well as any amendments thereof;
- Copy of declaration of implementing generic EMPr and subsequent approval of site specific EMPr and amendments thereof;
- All method statements:
- Completed environmental checklists;
- Minutes and attendance register of environmental site meetings;
- An up-to-date environmental incident log;
- A copy of all instructions or directives issued;
- A copy of all corrective actions signed off. The corrective actions must be filed in such a way that a clear reference is made to the non-compliance record;
- Complaints register.

4.3 Weekly Environmental Checklist

The ECOs are required to complete a Weekly Environmental Checklist, the format of which is to be agreed prior to commencement of the activity. The ECOs are required to sign and date the checklist, retain a copy in the EMPr file and submit a copy of the completed checklist to the DSS on a weekly basis.

The checklists will form the basis for the Monthly Environmental Reports. Copies of all completed checklists will be attached as Annexures to the Environmental Audit Report as required in terms of the EIA Regulations.

4.4 Environmental site meetings

Minutes of the environmental site meetings shall be kept. The minutes must include an attendance register and will be attached to the Monthly Report that is distributed to attendees. Each set of minutes must clearly record "Matters for Attention" that will be reviewed at the next meeting.

4.5 Required Method Statements

The method statement will be done in such detail that the ECOs are enabled to assess whether the contractor's proposal is in accordance with the EMPr.

The method statement must cover applicable details with regard to:

- development procedures;
- materials and equipment to be used;
- getting the equipment to and from site;
- how the equipment/ material will be moved while on site;
- how and where material will be stored:
- the containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- timing and location of activities;
- compliance/ non-compliance with the EMPr; and
- any other information deemed necessary by the ECOs.

Unless indicated otherwise by the Project Manager, the Contractor shall provide the following method statements to the Project Manager no less than 14 days prior to the commencement date of the activity:

- Site establishment Camps, Lay-down or storage areas, satellite camps, infrastructure;
- Batch plants;
- Workshop or plant servicing;
- Handling, transport and storage of Hazardous Chemical Substances;
- Vegetation management Protected, clearing, aliens, felling;
- Access management Roads, gates, crossings etc.;
- Fire plan;
- Waste management transport, storage, segregation, classification, disposal (all waste streams);
- Social interaction complaints management, compensation claims, access to properties etc.;
- Water use (source, abstraction and disposal), access and all related information, crossings and mitigation;
- Emergency preparedness Spills, training, other environmental emergencies;
- Dust and noise management methodologies;
- Fauna interaction and risk management only if the risk was identified wildlife interaction especially on game farms; and
- Heritage and palaeontology management.

The ECOs shall monitor and ensure that the contractors perform in accordance with these method statements. Completed and agreed method statements between the holder of the EA and the contractor shall be captured in Appendix 1.

4.6 Environmental Incident Log (Diary)

The ECOs are required to maintain an up-to-date and current Environmental Incident Log (environmental diary). The Environmental Incident Log is a means to record all environmental incidents and/or all non-compliance notice would not be issued. An environmental incident is defined as:

- Any deviation from the listed impact management actions (listed in this EMPr) that
 may be addressed immediately by the ECOs. (For example a contractor's staff
 member littering or a drip tray that has not been emptied);
- Any environmental impact resulting from an action or activity by a contractor in contravention of the environmental stipulations and guidelines listed in the EMPr which as a single event would have a minor impact but which if cumulative and continuous would have a significant effect (for example no toilet paper available in the ablutions for an afternoon); and
- General environmental information such as road kills or injured wildlife.

The ECOs are to record all environmental incidents in the Environmental Incident Log. All incidents regardless of severity must be reported to the Developer. The Log is to be kept in the EMPr file and at a minimum the following will be recorded for each environmental incident:

- The date and time of the incident;
- Description of the incident;
- The name of the Contractor responsible;
- The incident must be listed as significant or minor;
- If the incident is listed as significant, a non-compliance notice must be issued, and recorded in the log;
- Remedial or corrective action taken to mitigate the incident; and
- Record of repeat minor offences by the same contractor or staff member.

The Environmental Incident Log will be captured in the EAR.

4.7 Non-compliance

A non-compliance notice will be issued to the responsible contractor by the ECOs via the DSS or Project Manager. The non-compliance notice will be issued in writing; a copy filed in the EMPr file and will at a minimum include the following:

- Time and date of the non-compliance;
- Name of the contractor responsible;
- Nature and description of the non-compliance;
- Recommended / required corrective action; and
- Date by which the corrective action to be completed.

• The contractors shall act immediately when a notice of non-compliance is received and correct whatever is the cause for the issuing of the notice. Complaints received regarding activities on the development site pertaining to the environment shall be recorded in a dedicated register and the response noted with the date and action taken. The ECO should be made aware of any complaints. Any non-compliance with the agreed procedures of the EMPr is a transgression of the various statutes and laws that define the manner by which the environment is managed. Failure to redress the cause shall be reported to the relevant CA for them to deal with the transgression, as it deems fit. The contractor is deemed not to have complied with the EMPr if, inter alia, There is a deviation from the environmental conditions, impact management outcomes and impact management actions, as approved in generic and site specific EMPr as relevant as set out in the EMPr, which deviation has, or may cause, an environmental impact.

4.8 Corrective action records

For each non-compliance notice issued, a documented corrective action must be recorded. On receiving a non-compliance notice from the DSS, the contractor's cEO will ensure that the corrective actions required take place within the stipulated timeframe. On completion of the corrective action the cEO is to issue a Corrective Action Report in writing to the ECOs. If satisfied that the corrective action has been completed, the ECOs are to sign-off on the Corrective Action Report, and attach the report to the non-compliance notice in the EMPr file. A corrective action is considered complete once the report has signed off by the ECOs.

4.9 Photographic record

A digital photographic record will be kept. The photographic record will be used to show before, during and post rehabilitation evidence of the project as well used in cases of damages claims if they arise. Each image must be dated and a brief description note attached.

The Contractor shall:

1. Allow the ECOs access to take photographs of all areas, activities and actions.

The ECOs shall keep an electronic database of photographic records which will include:

- 1. Pictures of all areas designated as work areas, camp areas, development sites and storage areas taken before these areas are set up;
- 2. All bunding and fencing;
- 3. Road conditions and road verges;
- 4. Condition of all farm fences;
- 5. Topsoil storage areas;
- 6. All areas to be cordoned off during construction;
- 7. Waste management sites;
- 8. Ablution facilities (inside and out);
- 9. Any non-conformances deemed to be "significant";
- 10. All completed corrective actions for non-compliances;
- 11. All required signage;

- 12. Photographic recordings of incidents;
- 13. All areas before, during and post rehabilitation; and
- 14. Include relevant photographs in the Final Environmental Audit Report.

4.10 Complaints register

The ECOs shall keep a current and up-to-date complaints register. The complaints register is to be a record of all complaints received from communities, stakeholders and individuals. The Complaints Record shall:

- 1. Record the name and contact details of the complainant;
- 2. Record the time and date of the complaint;
- 3. Contain a detailed description of the complaint;
- 4. Where relevant and appropriate, contain photographic evidence of the complaint or damage (ECOs to take relevant photographs); and
- 5. Contain a copy of the ECOs written response to each complaint received and keep a record of any further correspondence with the complainant. The ECO's written response will include a description of any corrective action to be taken and must be signed by the Contractor, ECO and affected party. Where a damage claim is issued by the complainant, the ECOs shall respond as described in (section 4.11) below.

4.11 Claims for damages

In the event that a Claim for Damages is submitted by a community, landowner or individual, the ECOs shall:

- 1. Record the full detail of the complaint as described in (section 4.10) above;
- 2. The DPM will evaluate the claim and associated damage and submit the evaluation to the Senior Site Representative for approval;
- 3. Following consideration by the DPM, the claim is to be resolved and settled immediately, or the reason for not accepting the claim communicated in writing to the claimant. Should the claimant not accept this, the ECO shall, in writing report the incident to the Developer's negotiator and legal department; and
- 4. A formal record of the response by the ECOs to the claimant as well as the rectification of the method of making payments not amount will be recorded in the EMPr file.

4.12 Interactions with affected parties

Open, transparent and good relations with affected landowners, communities and regional staff are an essential aspect to the successful management and mitigation of environmental impacts.

The ECOs shall:

1. Ensure that all queries, complaints and claims are dealt within an agreed timeframe;

- 2. Ensure that any or all agreements are documented, signed by all parties and a record of the agreement kept in the EMPr file;
- 3. Ensure that a complaints telephone numbers are made available to all landowners and affected parties; and
- 4. Ensure that contact with affected parties is courteous at all times;

4.13 Environmental audits

Internal environmental audits of the activity and implementation of the EMPr must be undertaken. The findings and outcomes must be included in the EMPr file and be submitted to the CA at intervals as indicated in the EA.

An Environmental Audit Report must be prepared monthly. The report will be tabled as the key point on the agenda of the Environmental Site Meeting. The Report is submitted for acceptance at the meeting and the final report will be circulated to the Project Manager and filed in the EMPr file. At a frequency determined by the EA, the ECOs shall submit the monthly reports to the CA. At a minimum the monthly report is to cover the following:

- Weekly Environmental Checklists;
- Deviations and non-compliances with the checklists;
- Non-compliances issued;
- Completed and reported corrective actions;
- Environmental Monitoring;
- General environmental findings and actions; and
- Minutes of the Bi-monthly Environmental Site Meetings.

4.14 Final environmental audits

On final completion of the rehabilitation and/or requirements of the EA a final EAR is to be prepared and submitted to the CA. The EAR must comply with Appendix 7 of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 1: Pre-approved generic EMPr template

5. IMPACT MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES AND IMPACT MANAGEMENT ACTIONS

This section provides a pre-approved generic EMPr template with aspects that are common to the development of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure. There is a list of aspects identified for the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure, and for each aspect a set of prescribed impact management outcomes and associated impact management actions have been identified. Holders of EAs are responsible to ensure the implementation of these outcomes and actions for all projects as a minimum requirement, in order to mitigate the impact of such aspects identified for the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure.

The template provided below is to be completed by providing the information under each heading for each environmental impact management action.

The completed template must be signed and dated on each page by both the contractor and the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as Appendix 1. Each method statement must also be duly signed and dated on each page by the contactor and the holder of the EA. This template, once signed and dated, is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

5.1 Environmental awareness training

Impact management outcome: All onsite staff are aware and understand the individual responsibilities in terms of this EMPr.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
- All staff must receive environmental awareness training	ECO/cEO/dEO	Hold	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
prior to commencement of the activities;		environmental	Construction	dEO	and when	register and
		awareness			required	training minutes
		training				/ notes for the
		workshops				record
- The Contractor must allow for sufficient sessions to train	Contractor	Scheduling of	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
all personnel with no more than 20 personnel attending		sufficient	Construction	dEO	and when	register and
each course;		sessions through			required	training minutes
		consultation with				/ notes for the
		the ECO / cEO /				record
		dEO				
- Refresher environmental awareness training is	cEO / dEO in	Hold refresher	During the	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
available as and when required;	consultation with	environmental	construction	dEO	and when	register and
	the ECO	awareness	phase		required	training minutes
		training				/ notes for the
		workshops				record
 All staff are aware of the conditions and controls linked 	cEO / dEO	Hold training	During the	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
to the EA and within the EMPr and made aware of their		workshops and	construction	dEO	and when	register and
individual roles and responsibilities in achieving		ensure that the	phase		required	training minutes
compliance with the EA and EMPr;		EA and EMPr is				/ notes for the
		readily available				record

- The Contractor must erect and maintain information	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
posters at key locations on site, and the posters must	oorm doron	place	Construction	dEO	74.01,	record
include the following information as a minimum:		appropriate	2 3 3	cEO		
a) Safety notifications; and		posters at key				
b) No littering.		locations				
- Environmental awareness training must include as a	cEO / dEO in	Develop	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the	Environmental
minimum the following:	consultation with	environmental	Construction	dEO	commencemen	awareness
a) Description of significant environmental	the ECO	awareness			t of the	training material
impacts, actual or potential, related to their		training material			environmental	requirements
work activities;		which covers the			awareness	checklist
b) Mitigation measures to be implemented		minimum			training	
when carrying out specific activities;		requirements				
c) Emergency preparedness and response						
procedures;						
d) Emergency procedures;						
e) Procedures to be followed when working						
near or within sensitive areas;						
f) Wastewater management procedures;						
g) Water usage and conservation;						
h) Solid waste management procedures;						
i) Sanitation procedures;						
j) Fire prevention; and						
k) Disease prevention.						
- A record of all environmental awareness training	ECO/cEO/dEO	Filing system	During the	ECO	Monthly	Completed and
courses undertaken as part of the EMPr must be		including all	construction	dEO		up to date filing
available;		proof of training	phase			system with
		(i.e. attendance				proof of training
		register and				
		training minutes				
		/ notes for the				
		record)				

- Educate workers on the dangers of open and/or	cEO / dEO in	Develop	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the	Environmental
unattended fires;	consultation with	environmental	Construction	dEO	commencemen	awareness
	the ECO	awareness			t of the	training material
		training material			environmental	requirements
		which covers the			awareness	checklist
		dangers of open			training	
		and/or				
		unattended fire				
A staff attendance register of all staff to have received	ECO/cEO/dEO	Filing system	During the	ECO	Monthly	Completed and
environmental awareness training must be available.		including all	construction	dEO		up to date filing
		proof of training	phase			system inclusive
		(i.e. attendance				of all
		register)				attendance
						registers
- Course material must be available and presented in	ECO/cEO/dEO	Develop	During the	ECO	Monthly	Environmental
appropriate languages that all staff can understand.		environmental	construction	dEO		awareness
		awareness	phase			training material
		training material				requirements
		in the required				checklist and
		languages.				the training
		Training material				register which
		must by readily				must indicate
		available to all				the language of
		staff				the training

5.2 Site Establishment development

Impact management outcome: Impacts on the environment are minimised during site establishment and the development footprint are kept to demarcated development area.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 A method statement must be provided by the contractor prior to any onsite activity that includes the layout of the construction camp in the form of a plan showing the location of key infrastructure and services (where applicable), including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous materials storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management; 	Contractor	Development of an appropriate method statement	Pre-construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of the method statement which complies with the minimum requirements listed
 Location of construction camps must be within approved area to ensure that the site does not impact on sensitive areas identified in the environmental assessment or site walk through; 	DPM	Place construction camps outside of sensitive areas identified in the Basic Assessment Report	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of a layout and sensitivity map indicating avoidance of sensitive areas
 Sites must be located where possible on previously disturbed areas; 	DPM	Place site outside of	Pre-construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of a layout and

		sensitive areas and within previously disturbed areas identified in the BA Report				sensitivity map indicating avoidance of sensitive areas and placement within disturbed
- The camp must be fenced in accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing and gate installation; and	DPM	Design and implementation of fencing as per the requirements of Section 5.5 of this EMPr	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction and once during the construction of the fencing	areas The camp is fenced in accordance with Section 5.5 of this EMPr
The use of existing accommodation for contractor staff, where possible, is encouraged.	Not applicable – the development of new accommodation is not proposed. Staff will be accommodated in the town of Upington					

5.3 Access restricted areas

Impact management outcome: Access to restricted areas prevented.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
, -	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person	. ,	compliance
- Identification of access restricted areas is to be	dEO / cEO in	Spatially	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Access
informed by the environmental assessment, site walk	consultation with	demarcate			construction	restricted areas
through and any additional areas identified during	the ECO	access restricted				are identified
development;		areas informed				and provided in
		by the BA Report				a spatial format
- Erect, demarcate and maintain a temporary barrier	dEO / cEO in	Erect	At the	ECO	Monthly	Access
with clear signage around the perimeter of any access		appropriate	commencement			restricted areas
restricted area, colour coding could be used if	the ECO	temporary	and for the			are closed-off
appropriate; and		barriers around	duration of the			through
		access restricted	construction			temporary
		areas	phase			barriers and
						barriers are
						maintained to a
						sufficient
						standard
- Unauthorised access and development related	Contractor /	Erect	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Photographic
activity inside access restricted areas is prohibited.	dEO / cEO	appropriate	construction		and when	evidence and
		temporary	phase		required	notes of
		barriers around				compliance that
		access restricted				no unauthorised
		areas and				access or
		provide clear				activities has
		signage of				taken place
		restricted status				within the
						access restricted
						areas

5.4 Access roads

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment through the planned and restricted movement of vehicles on site.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Access to the servitude and tower positions must be negotiated with the relevant landowner and must fall within the assessed and authorised area;	DPM	Undertake negotiations for access to the servitude and tower positions with landowners affected by the grid connection corridor	Pre-construction Construction Operation	dEO	Ongoing throughout construction and operation	Proof of negotiations with affected landowners and requirements for access to the servitude and tower positions in the form of written and signed agreements
 An access agreement must be formalised and signed by the DPM, Contractor and landowner before commencing with the activities; 		Develop access agreements with the affected landowners. Ensure that agreements are approved and signed	Pre-construction	dEO ECO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of approved and signed negotiations
 The access roads to tower positions must be signposted after access has been negotiated and before the commencement of the activities; 	Contractor	Develop and install signs to indicate access for the project	Pre-construction	cEO / ECO	Once, prior to construction	Photographic record of signposted access roads and GPS co-

						ordinates of where these are placed
All private roads used for access to the servitude must be maintained and upon completion of the works, be left in at least the original condition	Contractor	Undertake maintenance activities on private roads used for construction as degradation takes place	During the construction phase	cEO / ECO	Weekly	Photographic record of the pre-construction condition and degradation of roads, and records of the implementation and effectiveness of maintenance activities
All contractors must be made aware of all the access routes.	dEO / cEO	Develop a map illustrating all access routes associated with the project and present and provide the map to all contractors	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Once, prior to construction	Access routes map readily available
 Any access route deviation from that in the written agreement must be closed and re-vegetated immediately, at the contractor's expense; 	Contractor	All access routes developed that are not in-line with the access route agreements must be closed and rehabilitated to the pre-	Construction and Rehabilitation	ECO	Bi-weekly (every two weeks)	Photographic record of the closure of access roads and revegetation

		disturbance				
		state				
- Maximum use of both existing servitudes and existing	Contractor (and	Existing access	Construction	cEO	Weekly	Implementation
roads must be made to minimise further disturbance	Eskom	routes to be	and operation	Operation and		of the approved
through the development of new roads;	maintenance	used must be		maintenance		layout
	staff where	specified and		team		
	relevant to	the				
	operation)	development of				
		new roads must				
		be avoided as				
		far as possible				
- In circumstances where private roads must be used,	dEO / cEO	Record the	During the	ECO	Prior to the use of	Photographic
the condition of the said roads must be recorded in		conditions of	construction		private roads	record and
accordance with section 4.9: photographic record;		private roads to	phase			proof of the road
prior to use and the condition thereof agreed by the		be used (prior to				conditions
landowner, the DPM, and the contractor;		use) as per the				agreed upon
		requirements of				with the relevant
		section 4.9 and				parties
		agree on the				
		required				
		condition of the				
		roads with the				
		landowner, DPM				
		and contractor				
- Access roads in flattish areas must follow fence lines	DPM and	Design access	Pre-construction	ECO	Once during the	Implementation
and tree belts to avoid fragmentation of vegetated	Contractor	roads to follow			design and	of the approved
areas or croplands;		fence lines and			once prior to	layout
		avoid			construction	
		vegetated areas				
Access roads must only be developed on pre-planned	Contractor	Construction of	During the	ECO	Once during the	Implementation
and approved roads.		access roads	construction	dEO	design and	of the approved
		only on pre-	phase		weekly during	layout
		planned and				

approved	the construction
access roads	of access roads

5.5 Fencing and Gate installation

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and gates where required.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
 Use existing gates provided to gain access to all parts 	Contractor	Identify and	Pre-construction	dEO	Monthly	Existing gates	
of the area authorised for development, where		inform all	& Construction			are utilised on a	
possible;		relevant staff of				frequent basis	
		the existing				and only limited	
		gates to be used				new access	
						gates are	
						developed	
- Existing and new gates to be recorded and	ECO	Existing and new	During the	ECO	Once, when the	Photographic	
documented in accordance with section 4.9:		gates will be	construction		construction of	record of the	
photographic record;		recorded and	phase		all new gates	existing and new	
		documented as			have been	gates as per the	
		per the			completed	requirements of	
		requirements of				section4.9	
		section 4.9					
 All gates must be fitted with locks and be kept locked 	Contractor	Ensure all	Construction	ECO	Bi-weekly (every	All gates are	
at all times during the development phase, unless		relevant gates	and Operation	Operation and	second week)	locked and no	
otherwise agreed with the landowner;		are fitted with		maintenance		complaints from	
		locks and are		team		landowners are	
		always locked				received in this	
						regard	

- At points where the line crosses an existing fence in	deo	Install novy aataa	During the	ECO	Once prior to	Now actor are
	dEO	Install new gates	O		Once, prior to	New gates are
which there is no suitable gate within the extent of the		where required	construction		construction	installed where
line servitude, on the instruction of the DPM, a gate		with the	phase		and during the	the power line
must be installed at the approval of the landowner;		approval of the			construction	crosses fences
		affected			phase, as and	
		landowner			when required	
 Care must be taken that the gates must be so erected 	Contractor	Install gates in a	During the	cEO	Once, during the	New gates
that there is a gap of no more than 100 mm between		manner so that	construction		erection of the	installed as per
the bottom of the gate and the ground;		there is a gap of	phase		gates during the	the requirement
		no more than			construction	
		100mm			phase	
		between the				
		bottom of the				
		gate and the				
		ground				
- Where gates are installed in jackal proof fencing, a	Contractor	Implement a	During the	cEO	Once, during the	New gates
suitable reinforced concrete sill must be provided		reinforced	construction		erection of the	installed as per
beneath the gate;		concrete sill	phase		gates during the	the requirement
		beneath gates			construction	·
		installed for			phase	
		jackal proofing				
 Original tension must be maintained in the fence wires; 	Contractor	Maintain original	During the	ECO	Monthly	No tension
		tension of fences	construction		,	reduction on
		through required	phase			fence wires
		activities	'			
- All gates installed in electrified fencing must be re-	Contractor	Electrify gates	During the	ECO	Once, during the	Gates installed in
electrified:		installed in	construction		erection of the	electrified
		electrified	phase		gates during the	fencing is
		fencing	1		construction	electrified
					phase	
 All demarcation fencing and barriers must be 	Contractor	Undertake	During the	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
maintained in good working order for the duration of	Cormación	maintenance	construction		141011111ly	record of
Thailina in good working order for the dolument of		activities on	phase			maintained
		activities Off	hime			mainiainea

overhead transmission and distribution electricity infrastructure development activities;		fences and barriers				fences and barriers
Fencing must be erected around the camp, batching plants, hazardous storage areas, and all designated access restricted areas, where appropriate and would not cause harm to the sensitive flora;	Contractor	Fence construction camps, batching plants, hazardous storage areas and access restricted areas. Avoid sensitive flora	During the construction phase	ECO	Once during the erection of fencing	Photographic record of fences erected
Any temporary fencing to restrict the movement of livestock must only be erected with the permission of the landowner.	dEO/ cEO Contractor	Obtain written approval from the relevant landowner where temporary fencing is required to restrict livestock movement	During the construction phase	ECO	To be monitored as temporary fencing is required	Written approval to be provided by the dEO
All fencing must be developed of high quality material bearing the SABS mark;	Contractor	Make use of high quality materials approved by SABS	During the construction phase	CEO	To be monitored as fencing is erected during the construction phase	Use of high quality materials for fencing approved by SABS
The use of razor wire as fencing must be avoided as far as possible;	Contractor	Razor wire must not be sourced or used for the erection of fencing	During the construction phase	ECO	To be monitored as fencing is erected during the construction phase	Fences erected do not make use of razor wire

- Fenced areas with gate access must remain locked	DSS ar	d Ensure fenced	During the	cEO	Weekly and as	Fences are
after hours, during weekends and on holidays if staff is		areas are locked	construction		and when	locked and no
away from site. Site security will be required at all times;		as required	phase		required	complaints from
		through the			•	landowners are
		implementation				received. A
		of a formalised				security
		process.				company is
		Appoint a				appointed
		security				
		company				
- On completion of the development phase all	Contractor	Removal of all	At the end of the	ECO	Once, following	No temporary
temporary fences are to be removed;		temporary	Construction	dEO	the completion	fences
		fences	Phase		of the	associated with
					construction	the project is
					phase	present
						following the
						completion of
						the construction
						phase
The contractor must ensure that all fence uprights are	Contractor	Appropriate	At the end of the	ECO	Once, following	No fence
appropriately removed, ensuring that no uprights are		removal of all	Construction	dEO	the completion	uprights
cut at ground level but rather removed completely.		fence uprights	Phase		of the	associated with
					construction	the project is
					phase	present
						following the
						completion of
						the construction
						phase

5.6 Water Supply Management

Impact management outcome: Undertake responsible water usage.

	T			T.,			
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
All abstraction points or bore holes must be registered	Not applicable						
with the DWS and suitable water meters installed to							
ensure that the abstracted volumes are measured on							
a daily basis;							
The Contractor must ensure the following:	Not applicable						
a. The vehicle abstracting water from a river does not							
enter or cross it and does not operate from within the							
river;							
b. No damage occurs to the river bed or banks and							
that the abstraction of water does not entail stream							
diversion activities; and							
c. All reasonable measures to limit pollution or							
sedimentation of the downstream watercourse are							
implemented.							
 Ensure water conservation is being practiced by: 	Contractor /	Implement the	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Successful	
a. Minimising water use during cleaning of equipment;	·	required water	construction		and when	implementation	
b. Undertaking regular audits of water systems; and	consultation with	conservation	phase		required	of water	
c. Including a discussion on water usage and	the ECO	measures				conservation	
conservation during environmental awareness		throughout on-					
training.		site construction					
d. The use of grey water is encouraged.		processes					

5.7 Storm and waste water management

Impact management outcome: Impacts to the environment caused by stormwater and wastewater discharges during construction are avoided.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Runoff from the cement/ concrete batching areas must be strictly controlled, and contaminated water must be collected, stored and either treated or disposed of off-site, at a location approved by the project manager; 	Contractor	Implement measures for the control and management of runoff	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	No mismanagement of runoff or contaminated water due to the temporary concrete batching plant
 All spillage of oil onto concrete surfaces must be controlled by the use of an approved absorbent material and the used absorbent material disposed of at an appropriate waste disposal facility; 	Contractor and cEO	Obtain approved absorbent material and make use of licensed waste disposal facilities for disposal of oil	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Availability of approved absorbent material at the construction site and proof of disposal of oil at licensed disposal facilities
 Natural stormwater runoff not contaminated during the development and clean water can be discharged directly to watercourses and water bodies, subject to the Project Manager's approval and support by the ECO; 	DPM in consultation with the ECO	Consultation between the DPM and the ECO to determine if water can be discharged directly into	During the construction phase	ECO	As and when the need arises to discharge natural stormwater runoff and clean water	Proof of consultation between the DPM and ECO and the outcomes thereof to be provided. Proof of water

		water bodies				quality testing and
		(where present).				the results thereof.
		The necessary				
		water quality				
		testing must be				
		undertaken prior				
		to discharge				
Water that has been contaminated with suspended	DPM in	Consultation	During the	ECO	As and when	Proof of
·				100		
solids, such as soils and silt, may be released into		between the	construction		the need arises	consultation
watercourses or water bodies only once all suspended	the ECO	DPM and the	phase		to discharge	between the DPM
solids have been removed from the water by settling		ECO to			water	and ECO and the
out these solids in settlement ponds. The release of		determine if				outcomes thereof
settled water back into the environment must be		water can be				to be provided.
subject to the Project Manager's approval and		discharged				Proof of water
support by the ECO.		directly into				quality testing and
		water bodies				the results thereof.
		(where present).				
		The necessary				
		water quality				
		testing must be				
		undertaken prior				
		· ·				
		to discharge				

5.8 Solid and hazardous waste management

Impact management outcome: Waste is appropriately stored, handled and safely disposed of at a recognised waste facility.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All measures regarding waste management must be undertaken using an integrated waste management approach; 	Contractor	Develop and implement a waste management plan	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Implementation of the waste management plan and proof of waste management through proof of responsible disposal
 Sufficient, covered waste collection bins (scavenger and weatherproof) must be provided; 	Contractor	Provision of appropriate waste collection bins strategically placed throughout the site	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Appropriate waste collection bins are available throughout the site
A suitably positioned and clearly demarcated waste collection site must be identified and provided;	DPM and Contractor	Identify an appropriate location for the waste collection site which must be clearly demarcated through signage	Design and Construction Phase	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	A waste collection site is appropriately placed and demarcated

		and temporary fencing				
The waste collection site must be maintained in a clean and orderly manner;	Contractor	Regular collection of waste and maintenance of the area must be undertaken as per the waste requirements for the project during construction	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	The waste collection site is maintained and clean
Waste must be segregated into separate bins and clearly marked for each waste type for recycling and safe disposal;	Contractor	Provide separate and marked bins for the different waste types associated with the construction phase	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	Separate waste bins are available on site and waste generated is separated into the relevant bins
Staff must be trained in waste segregation;	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Include waste segregation as part of the environmental awareness training material.	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist
Bins must be emptied regularly;	Contractor	Bins must be emptied before reaching total capacity and on a regular basis as	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No mismanagemen t of bins.

		required for the project				
General waste produced onsite must be disposed of at registered waste disposal sites/ recycling company;	Contractor	Disposal of general waste at licensed waste disposal facilities must be undertaken as per the waste management plan	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided
Hazardous waste must be disposed of at a registered waste disposal site;	Contractor	Disposal of hazardous waste at licensed waste disposal facilities must be undertaken as per the waste management plan	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided
Certificates of safe disposal for general, hazardous and recycled waste must be maintained.	Contractor	Obtain certificates for safe disposal of waste	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided and filed as part of the filing system

5.9 Protection of watercourses and estuaries

Impact management outcome: Pollution and contamination of the watercourse environment and or estuary erosion are prevented.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All watercourses must be protected from direct or indirect spills of pollutants such as solid waste, sewage, cement, oils, fuels, chemicals, aggregate tailings, wash and contaminated water or organic material resulting from the Contractor's activities; 	Contractor	Contractor to undertake activities which can cause spills of pollutants outside of watercourses	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	No incidents reported of spillage of pollutants into watercourses
In the event of a spill, prompt action must be taken to clear the polluted or affected areas;	Contractor and cEO	Develop a management plan or process for implementation should a spill take place	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Feedback must be provided by the contractor in terms of how the spill was handled and photographic evidence of the feedback must be provided and kept on record
Where possible, no development equipment must traverse any seasonal or permanent wetland	Not applicable - no wetlands present					
 No return flow into the estuaries must be allowed and no disturbance of the Estuarine Functional Zone should occur; 	Not applicable					

Development of permanent watercourse or estuary crossing must only be undertaken where no alternative access to tower position is available;	cEO, Contractor	Ensure that permeant crossings (access roads) are provided for access to the grid connection	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Ensure that permeant crossings are developed if there is no alternative.
		corridor if no alternative crossing is available.				
There must not be any impact on the long-term morphological dynamics of watercourses or estuaries;	DPM, cEO	Develop a management plan or process for implementation should a spill take place within a watercourse and ensure continually monitoring	During the construction and operation phase	ECO, dEO	For all phases of the project life cycle (i.e. construction, operation, decommissionin g)	No incidents reported of spillage of pollutants into watercourses
Existing crossing points must be favoured over the creation of new crossings (including temporary access)	DPM, cEO	Develop a management plan or process for implementation should a spill take place within a watercourse and ensure	During the pre- construction and construction phase	ECO, dEO	During the construction phase of the project.	Existing crossing points utilised as opposed to new ones created and no incidents reported of spillage of pollutants into watercourses

		continually				
		monitoring				
When working in or near any watercourse or estuary,	Contractor	Activities	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No degradation
the following environmental controls and		undertaken near	construction		and when	of the
consideration must be taken:		watercourses	phase		required	watercourses
a) Water levels during the period of construction;		must be in-line				and no incidents
No altering of the bed, banks, course or characteristics		with and				of destruction
of a watercourse		consider the				reported
b) During the execution of the works, appropriate		specified				
measures to prevent pollution and contamination of		environmental				
the riparian environment must be implemented e.g.		controls				
including ensuring that construction equipment is well		0010.0				
maintained;						
c) Where earthwork is being undertaken in close						
proximity to any watercourse, slopes must be stabilised						
using suitable materials, i.e. sandbags or geotextile						
fabric, to prevent sand and rock from entering the						
channel; and						
d) Appropriate rehabilitation and re-vegetation						
measures for the watercourse banks must be						
implemented timeously. In this regard, the banks						
should be appropriately and incrementally stabilised						
as soon as development allows.						

5.10 Vegetation clearing

Impact management outcome: Vegetation clearing is restricted to the authorised development footprint of the proposed infrastructure.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	

General:						
- Indigenous vegetation which does not interfere with	cEO and	Demarcate	Construction	ECO	Weekly, and as	No unnecessary
the development must be left undisturbed;	contractor	areas of indigenous vegetation to be avoided before clearance is undertaken	and operation (i.e. for maintenance purposes)	Operation and maintenance team	and when required	clearance of indigenous vegetation is undertaken
Protected or endangered species may occur on or near the development site. Special care should be taken not to damage such species;	Contractor	Demarcate areas containing protected or endangered species to be avoided by construction activities	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly, and as and when required	No clearance of protected or endangered species other than those permitted to be removed
 Search, rescue and replanting of all protected and endangered species likely to be damaged during project development must be identified by the relevant specialist and completed prior to any development or clearing; 	Relevant specialist in consultation with the Contractor	Develop and implement a Plant Search and Rescue Plan	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Weekly, and as and when required	Implementation of the Plant Search and Rescue Plan and photographic evidence and notes of the implementation of the plan
 Permits for removal must be obtained from the Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries (DAFF) prior to the cutting or clearing of the affected species, and they must be filed; 	DPM	Undertake the permitting process in order to obtain the relevant permits for the removal of protected species. Permits	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of the construction phase and removal of the	DAFF permits on file

		must be kept on file			protected species	
The Environmental Audit Report must confirm that all identified species have been rescued and replanted and that the location of replanting is compliant with conditions of approvals;	ECO	Ensure that the audit report indicates all species rescued and replanted and provides feedback in terms of compliance with the conditions of permits for replanting	During the Construction Phase and following the completion of the Construction Phase	Not Applicable		
Trees felled due to construction must be documented and form part of the Environmental Audit Report;	ECO	Ensure that the audit report documents the details of trees felled	During the Construction Phase and following the completion of the Construction Phase	Not Applicable		
Rivers and watercourses must be kept clear of felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris;	Contractor	Felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris must be disposed of at a licensed waste disposal facility	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	No felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris are dumped in inappropriate locations and disposal certificates are available as proof of

						responsible disposal
 Only a registered pest control operator may apply herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial application must be carried out under the supervision of a registered pest control operator that is appropriately trained; 	DPM and Contractor	A suitably qualified pest control operator must be appointed	Construction and Operation	ECO	As and when the use of herbicides is required	Only registered pest control operators must be appointed and proof of their registration must be provided
A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage;	Contractor	Develop a daily register for the documentation of the details of herbicide usage	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Daily register provided by the pest control operator
No herbicides must be used in estuaries;	Not applicable					
 All protected species and sensitive vegetation not removed must be clearly marked and such areas fenced off in accordance to Section 5.3: Access restricted areas. 	Contractor in consultation with the cEO	Spatially demarcate protected species and sensitive vegetation and implement appropriate fencing where required as per section 5.3	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, during the undertaking of the demarcation of the areas and the erection of the fencing	Demarcation and fencing is undertaken in- line with the requirements of section 5.3
Servitude:						
 Vegetation that does not grow high enough to cause interference with overhead transmission and distribution infrastructures, or cause a fire hazard to any plantation, must not be cut or trimmed unless it is 	Contractor in consultation with the DPM	Identify areas of vegetation not to be trimmed.	Construction and Operation	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Monthly	An indication of the areas where vegetation has not been trimmed or

growing in the road access area, and then only at the						where
discretion of the Project Manager;						vegetation has
also to the frequent warrager,						been removed
						from access
						roads must be
When the state of	0	Classica (c.	D : II	500	A 4 Hall and a second	provided.
- Where clearing for access purposes is essential, the	Contractor	Clearing for	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Proof must be
maximum width to be cleared within the servitude		access must be	construction		and when	provided that
must be in accordance to distance as agreed		undertaken as	phase		required	only agreed
between the landowner and the EA holder		per the				upon areas
		requirements				have been
		provided by the				cleared
		landowner and				
		the EA holder				
- Alien invasive vegetation must be removed according	Contractor	Undertake	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as	Proof must be
to a plan (in line with relevant municipal and provincial		removal of alien	and Operation	Operation and	and when	provided that
procedures, guidelines and recommendations) and		invasive		maintenance	required	alien invasive
disposed of at a recognised waste disposal facility;		vegetation in		team		vegetation has
		accordance				been cleared in
		with the relevant				accordance to
		guideline				the relevant
		relevant to the				guideline and
		project area and				that the
		ensure the				vegetation was
		vegetation is				disposed of at a
		disposed of at a				licensed waste
		licensed waste				disposal facility
		disposal facility				,
Vegetation must be trimmed where it is likely to intrude	Contractor	Develop a	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as	Proof must be
on the minimum vegetation clearance distance		procedure for	and operation	Operation and	and when	provided that
(MVCD) or will intrude on this distance before the next		the trimming of		maintenance	required	vegetation is
scheduled clearance. MVCD is determined from SANS		vegetation in		team	10401100	trimmed in
10280;		terms of the		IOGITI		accordance
10200,		ieiiiis oi ine				accordance

		listed requirements				with the listed requirements
Debris resulting from clearing and pruning must be disposed of at a recognised waste disposal facility, unless the landowners wish to retain the cut vegetation;	Contractor	Dispose of the debris in accordance with the waste management plan	Construction and operation	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof must be provided that the debris has been disposed of at a licensed waste disposal facility
 In the case of the development of new overhead transmission and distribution infrastructures, a one metre "trace-line" must be cut through the vegetation for stringing purposes only and no vehicle access must be cleared along the "trace-line". Alternative methods of stringing that limit impact to the environment must always be considered. 	Contractor	Develop a procedure for the cutting of vegetation for stringing purposes	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Proof of implementation of the procedure for the cutting of vegetation for stringing purposes

5.11 Protection of fauna

Impact management outcome: Minimise disturbance to fauna and avifauna.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 No interference with livestock must occur without the 	dEO / cEO	Develop a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Written consent
landowner's written consent and with the landowner	Contractor	procedure for	and during the		the	provided by the
or a person representing the landowner being present;		dealing with	construction		commencemen	landowner and
		livestock within	phase		t of construction	proof of
					and as and	representation

		the affected			when required	of the
		properties			during the	landowner
					construction	during
					phase	interference
- The breeding sites of raptors and other wild bird	dEO / cEO in	Ensure that the	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	The planning
species must be taken into consideration during the	consultation with	planning and	& Construction		the	and
planning of the development programme;	the Contractor	development			commencemen	development
		programme			t of construction	programme
		considers			and as and	includes the
		breeding sites for			when required	consideration of
		wild bird species				breeding sites for
						wild bird species
- Breeding sites must be kept intact and disturbance to	dEO / cEO in	Avoid breeding	During the	ECO	Weekly, and as	Photographic
breeding birds must be avoided. Special care must be	consultation with	sites and ensure	Construction	Operation and	an when	record of intact
taken where nestlings or fledglings are present;	the Contractor	that special care	Phase	maintenance	required during	breeding sites
		is taken in the	Operation Phase	team	the construction.	
		presence of			Monthly, and as	
		nestlings and			and when	
		fledglings			required during	
					operation	
- Nesting sites on existing parallel lines must	dEO / cEO in	Walk-downs of	During the	ECO	Quarterly, and	Details of walk-
documented;	consultation with	the existing lines	Construction	Operation and	as and when	downs
	the ECO	located parallel	Phase	maintenance	required	undertaken must
		to the project	Operation Phase	team		be noted and
		must be				kept on file and
		undertaken and				photographic
		nests and the				records of
		details thereof				nesting sites must
		documented				be kept
 Special recommendations of the avian specialist must 	dEO / cEO in	All mitigation	During the	ECO	Weekly during	Photographic
be adhered to at all times to prevent unnecessary	consultation with	measures	Construction	Operation and	construction	record of
disturbance of birds;	the Contractor	recommended	Phase	maintenance	and monthly	compliance and
		by the avifauna	Operation Phase	team	during operation	successful

		specialist must				implementation
		be implemented				of the
						recommended
						measures
Bird guards and diverters must be installed on the new	dEO / cEO in	Recommendati	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Photographic
line as per the recommendations of the specialist;	consultation with	ons made by the	Construction	Operation and	and when	record of
	the Contractor	specialist for the	Phase	maintenance	required	implementation
		installation of	Operation Phase	team		and
		bird guards and				maintenance of
		diverters must be				bird guards and
		adhered to and				diverters
		implemented as				
		appropriate.				
		Bird guards and				
		diverters must be				
		maintained				
- No poaching must be tolerated under any	dEO / cEO in	All site staff must	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No instances of
circumstances. All animal dens in close proximity to the	consultation with	be informed of	Construction		and when	poaching is
works areas must be marked as Access restricted	the Contractor	this requirement	Phase		required	reported
areas;		during the				
		Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training and the				
		consequences				
		of not adhering				
		to the				
		requirement.				
		These areas must				
		be demarcated				
		as Access				
		Restricted Areas				

 No deliberate or intentional killing of fauna is allowed; 	dEO / cEO in	All site staff must	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No instances of
	consultation with	be informed of	Construction		and when	deliberate or
	the Contractor	this requirement	Phase		required	intentional killing
		during the				is reported
		Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training and the				
		consequences				
		of not adhering				
		to the				
		requirement.				
		These areas must				
		be demarcated				
		as Access				
		Restricted Areas				
 In areas where snakes are abundant, snake deterrents 	•	Implement and	During the	ECO	Once, during the	Photographic
are to be deployed on the pylons to prevent snakes		maintain snake	Construction	Operation and	construction of	record of the
climbing up, being electrocuted and causing power	the Contractor	deterrents on	Phase	maintenance	the pylons and	implementation
outages; and		pylons in areas	Operation Phase	team	as and when	and
		where snakes			required.	maintenance of
		are abundant			Monthly during	snake deterrents
					operation	
- No Threatened or Protected species (ToPs) and/or		Undertake a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Permits for
protected fauna as listed according NEMBA (Act No.	consultation with	permitting			the	removal
10 of 2004) and relevant provincial ordinances may be	the dEO	process to			commencemen	and/relocation
removed and/or relocated without appropriate		obtain the			t of construction	must be kept on
authorisations/permits.		required permits			and as and	file and be
					when required	readily available

5.12 Protection of heritage resources

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to heritage resources.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Identify, demarcate and prevent impact to all known sensitive heritage features on site in accordance with the No-Go procedure in Section 5.3: Access restricted areas;	DPM and a suitably qualified specialist dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor and ECO	and demarcate areas of heritage significance as per the Heritage Impact Assessment and the Heritage Walk-through Report and as per the requirements of section 5.3	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Proof of avoidance of sensitive heritage features through details of avoidance and photographic records
 Carry out general monitoring of excavations for potential fossils, artefacts and material of heritage importance; 	Suitably qualified specialist in consultation with the ECO	Appoint a suitably qualified specialist to carry out the monitoring of excavations for fossils, artefacts	During the Construction Phase	ECO	During the undertaking of excavations of fossils, artefacts and heritage material	Proof of appointment of a suitably qualified specialist and photographic record of

		and important				required
		heritage				monitoring by
		material				the specialist
- All work must cease immediately, if any human	dEO / cEO in	Develop and	During the	ECO	Weekly, during	Proof of work
remains and/or other archaeological,	consultation with	implement	Construction		the construction	ceased and the
palaeontological and historical material are	the Contractor	procedures for	Phase		phase and as	required
uncovered. Such material, if exposed, must be	and ECO	situations where			and when	procedures
reported to the nearest museum, archaeologist/		human remains,			required	followed in
palaeontologist (or the South African Police Services),		archaeological,				cases where
so that a systematic and professional investigation can		palaeontolgoic				material is
be undertaken. Sufficient time must be allowed to		al or historical				discovered.
remove/collect such material before development		material are				
recommences.		uncovered				

5.13 Safety of the public

Impact management outcome: All precautions are taken to minimise the risk of injury, harm or complaints.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Identify fire hazards, demarcate and restrict public	cEO in	Develop an	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Compliance
access to these areas as well as notify the local	consultation with	Emergency	Construction		the	with the
authority of any potential threats e.g. large brush	the Contractor	Preparedness,			commencemen	Emergency
stockpiles, fuels etc.;		Response and			t of construction	Preparedness,
		Fire			and weekly	Response and
		Management			during the	Fire
		Plan specific to			construction	Management
		the project			phase	Plan

- All unattended open excavations must be adequately	Contractor	Ensure that all	During the	ECO	Weekly	Excavations are
fenced or demarcated;		excavations	Construction			fenced where
		undertaken is	Phase			required and
		fenced and				photographic
		demarcated				proof can be
		within a				provided
		reasonable				
		timeframe and				
		in instances				
		where				
		excavations will				
		be open for				
		long-periods of				
		time				
 Adequate protective measures must be implemented 	Contractor	All staff must be	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No incidents of
to prevent unauthorised access to and climbing of		easily	construction		and when	unauthorised
partly constructed towers and protective scaffolding;		identifiable and	phase		required	climbing is
		the climbing of				reported
		towers and				
		scaffolding must				
		be undertaken				
		by authorised				
		personnel as				
		managed by				
		the Contractor				
 Ensure structures vulnerable to high winds are secured; 	Contractor	Ensure that	_	ECO	Weekly, and as	No incidents of
		sufficient	construction		and when	unstable
		stabilisation	phase		required	structures due to
		measures are				high winds is
		implemented to				reported
		secure structures				
		vulnerable to				
		high winds				

 Maintain an incidents and complaints register in which 	cEO	Compile	and	During	the	ECO	Monthly,	and as	The	incidents
all incidents or complaints involving the public are		regularly up	odate	construct	ion		and	when	and a	complaints
logged.		as incident	s and	phase			required		registe	er is
		complaints	are						compl	ete and
		submitted	from						provid	es all the
		the public	and						require	ed details
		indicate	the							
		actions tak	en to							
		resolve	the							
		complaint								

5.14 Sanitation

Impact management outcome: Clean and well-maintained toilet facilities are available to all staff in an effort to minimise the risk of disease and impact to the environment.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
Mobile chemical toilets are installed onsite if no other	Contractor	Mobile chemical	During the	ECO	Weekly	Mobile toilets are
ablution facilities are available;		toilets must be	Construction			installed and
		placed	Phase			avoid
		appropriately				environmental
		and in areas that				sensitivities
		avoid				
		environmental				
		sensitivities				
- The use of ablution facilities and or mobile toilets must	Contractor in	All site staff must	Pe-construction	ECO	Monthly, and as	No evidence of
be used at all times and no indiscriminate use of the	consultation with	be informed of	& Construction		and when	non-compliance
veld for the purposes of ablutions must be permitted	the cEO	this requirement			required	identified
under any circumstances;		during the				

		Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training and the				
		consequences				
		of not adhering				
		to the				
		requirement.				
- Where mobile chemical toilets are required, the	Contractor in	The installation	During the	ECO	Weekly	No evidence of
following must be ensured:	consultation with	of the toilets by	Construction			non-compliance
a) Toilets are located no closer than 100 m to any	the cEO	the Contractor	Phase			identified
watercourse or water body;		must be as per				
b) Toilets are secured to the ground to prevent them		the listed				
from toppling due to wind or any other cause;		requirements				
c) No spillage occurs when the toilets are cleaned or						
emptied and the contents are managed in						
accordance with the EMPr;						
d) Toilets have an external closing mechanism and are						
closed and secured from the outside when not in use						
to prevent toilet paper from being blown out;						
e) Toilets are emptied before long weekends and						
workers holidays, and must be locked after working						
hours;						
f) Toilets are serviced regularly and the ECO must						
inspect toilets to ensure compliance to health						
standards;						
- A copy of the waste disposal certificates must be	Contractor	Certificates	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Certificates for
maintained.		obtained from	Construction		and when	waste disposal
		the licensed	Phase		required	from the
		waste disposal				licensed waste
		facility with the				disposal facility
		emptying of the				
		toilets must be				
		kept on file				

5.15 Prevention of disease

Impact Management outcome: All necessary precautions linked to the spread of disease are taken.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Undertake environmentally friendly pest control in the camp area;	Contractor	Only environmentally- friendly pest control must be used, when required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	As and when pest control is required for the project	Contractor to provide proof of pest control used being environmentally-friendly
Ensure that the workforce is sensitised to the effects of sexually transmitted diseases, especially HIV/ AIDS;	CEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	The effects of sexually transmitted diseases and HIV/ AIDS must be covered in the Environmental Awareness Training	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and monthly during construction	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist
 The Contractor must ensure that information posters on HIV/ AIDS are displayed in the Contractor Camp area; 	Contractor	Develop and place information posters on HIV/AIDS	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Photographic evidence of poster placement
 Information and education relating to sexually transmitted diseases to be made available to both construction workers and local community, where applicable; 	CEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Information and education of sexually transmitted	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly	Environmental awareness training material

		diseases must be				requirements
		covered in the				checklist
		Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training.				
- Free condoms must be made available to all staff on	Contractor	Placement of	During the	ECO	Monthly	Proof of
site at central points;		free condoms in	Construction			placement of
		mobile toilets	Phase			free condoms by
		and at the				the contractor
		construction				to be provided
		camps				
Medical support must be made available;	dEO / cEO in	Ensure that	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Check the
	consultation with	designated	and Operations			availability of first
	the Contractor	personnel with				aid trained
		first aid training				personnel and
		are available on				medical kits
		site and that first				(including if
		aid kits to				these are
		provide medical				complete in
		support is readily				terms of
		available				supplies)
- Provide access to Voluntary HIV Testing and	Contractor	Compile a HIV	During the	ECO	Quarterly, and	Voluntary testing
Counselling Services.		testing schedule	Construction		as and when	schedules and
		and provide	Phase		required	proof of
		counselling				counselling
		services where				(where
		required				undertaken)

5.16 Emergency procedures

Impact management outcome: Emergency procedures are in place to enable a rapid and effective response to all types of environmental emergencies.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Compile an Emergency Response Action Plan (ERAP) prior to the commencement of the proposed project;	Contractor	Develop an Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan specific to the project	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan compiled
The Emergency Plan must deal with accidents, potential spillages and fires in line with relevant legislation;	Contractor	Develop an Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan specific to the project which covers accidents, potential spillages and fires	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan includes required specifications
 All staff must be made aware of emergency procedures as part of environmental awareness training; 	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Develop environmental awareness training material	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the commencemen t of the environmental	Environmental awareness training material

		which covers the			awareness	requirements
		relevant			training	checklist
		emergency				
		procedures				
- The relevant local authority must be made aware of a	Contractor in	Develop and	Construction	ECO	As and when a	The local
fire as soon as it starts;	consultation with	include a			fire occurs	authority was
	the ECO	procedure in the				informed as per
		Emergency				the relevant
		Preparedness,				procedure set
		Response and				out in the
		Fire				Emergency
		Management				Preparedness,
		Plan for the				Response and
		event of a fire				Fire
		and the				Management
		procedure to be				Plan
		followed for				
		informing the				
		local authority				
- In the event of emergency, necessary mitigation	Contractor	Implement the	Construction	ECO	As and when a	The mitigation
measures to contain the spill or leak must be		required	and Operations		spill or leak	measures
implemented (see Hazardous Substances section		mitigation			occurs	included under
5.17).		measures in the				Section 5.17
		event of a spill or				have been
		leak as per the				adhered to
		requirements of				
		Section 5.17.				

5.17 Hazardous substances

Impact management outcome: Safe storage, handling, use and disposal of hazardous substances.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
The use and storage of hazardous substances to be minimised and non-hazardous and non-toxic alternatives substituted where possible;	cEO in consultation with the Contractor	strategy of how hazardous substances can be and should be minimised	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Contractor to provide evidence of substances used for proof of compliance
All hazardous substances must be stored in suitable containers as defined in the Method Statement;	Contractor	Develop a Method Statement for the storage of hazardous substances in suitable containers	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Photographic proof that hazardous substances are stored in suitable containers as per the requirements of the relevant Method Statements
 Containers must be clearly marked to indicate contents, quantities and safety requirements; 	Contractor	Where hazardous waste is stored these must be clearly marked indicating the	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic proof that containers are marked as per the requirements

		required details of the contents				
All storage areas must be bunded. The bunded area must be of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers;	Contractor	Ensure that storage areas are sufficiently bunded which are of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly during the Construction Phase	Photographic proof that storage areas are bunded and proof that the bund areas are of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers
 Bunded areas to be suitably lined with a SABS approved liner; 	Contractor	Ensure that bunded storage areas are suitably lined	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, during the Construction Phase	Photographic proof that bunded storage areas are suitably lined
An Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance (HCS) control sheet must be drawn up and kept up to date on a continuous basis;	cEO / Contractor	Compile and update an Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance (HCS) control sheet specific to the project	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Complete and up to date control sheet provided by the Contractor
All hazardous chemicals that will be used on site must have Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS);	cEO / Contractor	Keep a record of all hazardous chemicals and the respective MSDS	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Record of hazardous chemicals and the respective MSDS

 All employees working with HCS must be trained in the 	cEO /	Provide training	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Record of
safe use of the substance and according to the safety	Contractor	for personnel			the	training
data sheet;		working with			commencemen	provided to
		HCS			t of construction	personnel
					and as and	working with
					when required	HCS
 Employees handling hazardous substances / materials 	cEO /	Develop	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the	Environmental
must be aware of the potential impacts and follow	Contractor	environmental	& Construction		commencemen	awareness
appropriate safety measures. Appropriate personal		awareness			t of the	training material
protective equipment must be made available;		training material			environmental	requirements
		which covers the			awareness	checklist and all
		relevant impacts			training and	relevant
		and safety			monthly during	personnel have
		measures.			the construction	undergone
					phase for	appropriate
		Provide			personal	training and
		appropriate			protective	have access to
		training and			equipment	personal
		personal				protective
		protective				equipment
		equipment for				
		the relevant				
		personnel				
		handling				
		hazardous				
		substances and				
		materials				
- The Contractor must ensure that diesel and other liquid	Contractor	Appropriate	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Storage tanks for
fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid is stored in appropriate		storage facilities	Construction		and when	the project are
storage tanks or in bowsers;		must be	Phase		required	appropriate and
		constructed or				no incidents are
		obtained for the				reported in this
		storing of diesel,				regard

		other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid				
 The tanks/ bowsers must be situated on a smooth impermeable surface (concrete) with a permanent bund. The impermeable lining must extend to the crest of the bund and the volume inside the bund must be 130% of the total capacity of all the storage tanks/bowsers (110% statutory requirement plus an allowance for rainfall); 	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed or obtained for tanks as per the requirements listed	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Storage areas for the tanks/bowsers for the project are appropriate and no incidents are reported in this regard
The floor of the bund must be sloped, draining to an oil separator;	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed as per the requirements listed	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, during construction	Bunded storage areas are constructed according to the requirements
 Provision must be made for refuelling at the storage area by protecting the soil with an impermeable groundcover. Where dispensing equipment is used, a drip tray must be used to ensure small spills are contained; 	Contractor	Appropriately constructed refuelling facility must be developed as per the requirements. Drip trays must be provided for use	During the Construction Phase	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Soils at the refuelling facility are protected as required and drip trays are provided and used
All empty externally dirty drums must be stored on a drip tray or within a bunded area;	Contractor	Ensure that empty dirty drums are stored appropriately as	During the Construction Phase	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Drip trays or bunded areas are used for the storage of dirty drums

		per the requirements				
No unauthorised access into the hazardous substances storage areas must be permitted;	Contractor	Ensure through the implementation of procedures that no unauthorised access is undertaken into the storage areas	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of the implementation of the relevant procedure must be provided by the contractor
No smoking must be allowed within the vicinity of the hazardous storage areas;	Contractor	Inform all employees of the requirement and develop and place relevant signage in the relevant areas	During the Construction Phase	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Photographic record of the signage placed must be provided
Adequate fire-fighting equipment must be made available at all hazardous storage areas;	Contractor	Hazardous storage areas must be fitted with adequate fire-fighting equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Adequate fire- fighting equipment is available and has been serviced
 Where refuelling away from the dedicated refuelling station is required, a mobile refuelling unit must be used. Appropriate ground protection such as drip trays must be used; 	Contractor	Provide a mobile refuelling unit as well as suitable ground protection, where required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	A mobile refuelling unit and suitable ground protection is available for use

- An appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to	Contractor	Provide an	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Appropriate spill
the scale of the activity/s involving the use of		appropriate spill	Construction		and when	kits are available
hazardous substance must be available at all times;		kit for the project	Phase		required	for use
		for the use of				
		hazardous				
		substances				
- The responsible operator must have the required	cEO and	Provide training	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Proof of training
training to make use of the spill kit in emergency	Contractor	on the use of spill			the	to be provided
situations;		kits to the			commencemen	by the
		relevant			t of construction	contractor
		employees				
- An appropriate number of spill kits must be available	cEO and	Provide an	During the	ECO	Monthly	Proof of
and must be located in all areas where activities are	Contractor	appropriate	Construction			appropriate
being undertaken;		number of spill	Phase			number of spill
		kits in relevant				kits in
		areas				appropriate
						areas to be
						provided by the
						contractor
- In the event of a spill, contaminated soil must be	cEO and	Storage and	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Proof of storage
collected in containers and stored in a central location	Contractor	disposal of	Construction		and when	and disposal in
and disposed of according to the National		contaminated	Phase		required	terms of the
Environmental Management: Waste Act 59 of 2008.		soil must be in				National
Refer to Section 5.7 for procedures concerning storm		accordance				Environmental
and waste water management and 5.8 for solid and		with the National				Management:
hazardous waste management.		Environmental				Waste Act must
		Management:				be provided.
		Waste Act and				
		sections 5.7 and				Certificates of
		5.8 of this EMPr				disposal at
						licensed waste
						disposal facilities

			must	be
			provided	

5.18 Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage

Impact management outcome: Soil, surface water and groundwater contamination is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Where possible and practical all maintenance of vehicles and equipment must take place in the workshop area; During servicing of vehicles or equipment, especially 		Demarcate specific areas for the maintenance of vehicles and equipment Ensure that a	During the Construction Phase During the	ECO ECO	Monthly	A dedicated area for the maintenance of vehicles and machinery is used.	
where emergency repairs are effected outside the workshop area, a suitable drip tray must be used to prevent spills onto the soil.	Confidence	drip tray is available for an emergency repairs required	Construction Phase	ECO	Morning	provide evidence of drip tray use for emergency repairs	
Leaking equipment must be repaired immediately or be removed from site to facilitate repair;	Contractor	Ensure that where leaking equipment is identified it is repaired immediately or removed from site for repairs	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide details of equipment repaired or removed from site	

- Workshop areas must be monitored for oil and fuel	cEO	Undertake	During the	ECO	Monthly	Register of
spills;		regular	Construction			inspection
		inspections of	Phase			
		the workshop				
		areas for oil and				
		fuel spills and				
		keep an				
		updated register				
		of inspection on				
		site				
 Appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the 	Contractor	Provide an	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Appropriate spill
scale of the activity taking place must be available;		appropriate spill	Construction		and when	kits are available
		kit for the project	Phase		required	for use
The workshop area must have a bunded concrete slab	Contractor	Ensure that the	During the	ECO	Once, during the	Workshop area is
that is sloped to facilitate runoff into a collection sump		workshop area is	Construction		Construction	bunded in
or suitable oil / water separator where maintenance		sufficiently	Phase		Phase and as	accordance
work on vehicles and equipment can be performed;		bunded in			and when	with the required
		accordance			required	specification
		with the required				
		specification				
 Water drainage from the workshop must be contained 	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Monthly	Workshop
and managed in accordance with Section 5.7: storm		water drainage	Construction			drainage is
and waste water management.		from workshop	Phase			managed in
		area is				accordance
		managed as per				with the
		the requirements				requirements
		of section 5.7				

5.19 Batching plants

Impact management outcome: Minimise spillages and contamination of soil, surface water and groundwater.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Concrete mixing must be carried out on an impermeable surface;	Contractor	Provide impermeable surface for the mixing of concrete	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	No concrete mixing is undertaken on open ground
Batching plants areas must be fitted with a containment facility for the collection of cement laden water.	Not Applicable - No batching plant required for the installation of the overhead power line.					
Dirty water from the batching plant must be contained to prevent soil and groundwater contamination	Not Applicable - No batching plant required for the installation of the overhead power line.					
 Bagged cement must be stored in an appropriate facility and at least 10 m away from any water courses, gullies and drains; 	Contractor	Demarcate and provide a storage area for bagged cement in-line with the	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Photographic proof of bagged cement stored within the

		listed requirements				demarcated area
A washout facility must be provided for washing of concrete associated equipment. Water used for washing must be restricted;	Contractor	Provide a washout facility for the washing of associated equipment. Enforce limitations on water use for washing of equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	No cement laden water is released into the environment. Only minimal water is used for washing
 Hardened concrete from the washout facility or concrete mixer can either be reused or disposed of at an appropriate licensed disposal facility; 	Contractor	Make use of hardened concrete where possible or dispose of concrete in a suitable manner	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Certificates of disposal of concrete at licensed waste disposal facility
Empty cement bags must be secured with adequate binding material if these will be temporarily stored on site;	Contractor	Bind empty cement bags and temporarily store it in an appropriate area on site	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of binding of empty cement bags and storage in an appropriate are on site to be provided by the Contractor
 Sand and aggregates containing cement must be kept damp to prevent the generation of dust (Refer to Section 5.20: Dust emissions) 	Contractor	Ensure that sand and aggregates are kept damp or otherwise protected from dust generation	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of damping (or alternative dust suppression) of sand and aggregates

						must be
						provided by the
						Contractor
 Any excess sand, stone and cement must be removed 	Contractor	Ensure that all	At the	ECO	Once, with the	Certificates for
or reused from site on completion of construction		excess sand,	completion of		completion of	the disposal of
period and disposed at a registered disposal facility;		stone and	the Construction		construction	sand, stone and
		cement is	Phase			cement at
		removed or				licensed waste
		reused				disposal facilities
						or proof of reuse
						must be
						provided
 Temporary fencing must be erected around batching 	Not Applicable -					
plants in accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing and	No batching					
gate installation.	plant required					
	for the					
	installation of the					
	overhead power					
	line.					

5.20 Dust emissions

Impact management outcome: Dust prevention measures are applied to minimise the generation of dust.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Take all reasonable measures to minimise the	Contractor	Apply	During the	ECO	Weekly	Contractor to
generation of dust as a result of project development		appropriate dust	Construction			provide proof of
activities to the satisfaction of the ECO;		suppressant	Phase			use of

						appropriate dust suppressants
Removal of vegetation must be avoided until such time as soil stripping is required and similarly exposed surfaces must be re-vegetated or stabilised as soon as is practically possible;	Contractor	Proper planning for vegetation removal must be undertaken as well as for the associated rehabilitation	During the Construction Phase and Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Plan for implementation must be provided by the Contractor
Excavation, handling and transport of erodible materials must be avoided under high wind conditions or when a visible dust plume is present;	Contractor	Ensure that specific limitations are placed on the transport and handling of erodible materials during high wind conditions or when a visible dust plume is present	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Bi-weekly (every second week)	No complaints submitted in this regard
 During high wind conditions, the ECO must evaluate the situation and make recommendations as to whether dust-damping measures are adequate, or whether working will cease altogether until the wind speed drops to an acceptable level; 	ECO	ECO to provide adequate recommendations	During the Construction Phase	Not Applicable		
 Where possible, soil stockpiles must be located in sheltered areas where they are not exposed to the erosive effects of the wind; 	Contractor	Place soil stockpiles in areas less affected by wind	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Bi-weekly (every second week)	Soil stockpiles are not exposed to wind and have not been eroded

- Where erosion of stockpiles becomes a problem,	Contractor in	Contractor to	During the	ECO	Weekly, until	Recommendati
erosion control measures must be implemented at the	consultation with	implement	Construction		erosion is no	ons made by the
discretion of the ECO;	the ECO	erosion control	Phase		longer a	ECO have been
		measures as			problem	implemented by
		recommended				the Contractor
		and agreed with				
		the ECO				
 Vehicle speeds must not exceed 40 km/h along dust 	cEO / dEO /	Inform all drivers	During the	ECO	Monthly	No complaints
roads or 20 km/h when traversing unconsolidated and	contractor	of speed limits	Construction	Operation and		from community
non-vegetated areas;		and place	Phase	Maintenance		members are
		appropriate	Operation Phase	team		submitted
		signage along				
		the relevant				
		roads				
- Straw stabilisation must be applied at a rate of one	Contractor	Ensure that straw	During the	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
bale/10 m² and harrowed into the top 100 mm of top		stabilisation is	Construction			record of all
material, for all completed earthworks;		undertaken as	Phase			straw
		per the listed				stabilisation
		requirements				undertaken
 For significant areas of excavation or exposed ground, 	Contractor	Appropriate dust	During the	ECO	Weekly	Photographic
dust suppression measures must be used to minimise		suppressant	Construction			record of
the spread of dust.		measures are	Phase			measures being
		implemented				implemented
						and the results
						thereof

5.21 Blasting

Impact management outcome: Impact to the enviro	nment is minimised through a safe blasting practice.	
Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Monitoring

	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Any blasting activity must be conducted by a suitably 	Not Applicable –					
licensed blasting contractor; and	no blasting					
	proposed					
- Notification of surrounding landowners, emergency	Not Applicable -					
services site personnel of blasting activity 24 hours prior	no blasting					
to such activity taking place on Site.	proposed					

5.22 Noise

Impact Management outcome: Unnecessary noise is prevented by ensuring that noise from construction activities is mitigated.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- The Contractor must keep noise level within	Contractor	Ensure that noise	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No complaints
acceptable limits. Restrict the use of sound		limits do not	Construction		and when	registered in this
amplification equipment for communication and		exceed	Phase		required	regard. No
emergency only;		acceptable				amplification
		limits and avoid				equipment is
		the use of				used.
		amplification				
		communication				
- All vehicles and machinery must be fitted with	Contractor	Provide and	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No complaints
appropriate silencing technology and must be		implement	Construction		and when	registered in this
properly maintained;		silencing	Phase		required	regard.
		technology				Silencing
						technology is
						utilised.

 Any complaints received by the Contractor regarding 	cEO	Update	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Complaints
noise must be recorded and communicated. Where		complaints	Construction		and when	register provided
possible or applicable, provide transport to and from		register. Provide	Phase		required	by the cEO and
the site on a daily basis for construction workers;		daily transport to				proof of
		and from site for				transportation
		employees				services
						provided
- Develop a Code of Conduct for the construction	cEO and	Compile a Code	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	No complaints
phase in terms of behaviour of construction staff.	Contractor in	of Conduct for	and		the	registered in this
Operating hours as determined by the environmental	consultation with	staff.	Construction		commencemen	regard.
authorisation are adhered to during the development	the ECO	Appropriate			t of construction	
phase. Where not defined, it must be ensured that		operating hours				
development activities must still meet the impact		must be				
management outcome related to noise		identified for the				
management.		project.				

5.23 Fire prevention

Impact management outcome: Prevention of uncontrollable fires.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
 Designate smoking areas where the fire hazard could 	cEO /	Identify and	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic	
be regarded as insignificant;	Contractor	demarcate	& Construction			record of	
		through signage				designated	
		designated				smoking area	
		smoking areas					
- Firefighting equipment must be available on all	cEO / dEO in	Provide all	Construction	ECO	Monthly	All vehicles are	
vehicles located on site;	consultation with	vehicles with				fitted with	
	the Contractor					firefighting	

		firefighting equipment				equipment and the details thereof are provided by the CEO
The local Fire Protection Agency (FPA) must be informed of construction activities;	consultation with the ECO	formal consultation to inform the local FPA of the associated construction activities	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, during the commencemen t of the Construction Phase	Proof of consultation with the FPA
Contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services must be communicated in environmental awareness training and displayed at a central location on site;	dEO / cEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services. Place the contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services at a visible and central location	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Prior to the commencemen t of the environmental awareness training and once during the construction phase	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist and photographic record of contact numbers on display

- Two-way swop of contact details between ECO and	ECO	Consultation	Pre-construction	Not Applicable	
FPA.		between the			
		ECO and FPA in			
		order to			
		exchange			
		contact details			

5.24 Stockpiling and stockpile areas

Impact management outcome: Erosion and sedimentation as a result of stockpiling are reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence o		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
- All material that is excavated during the project	Contractor	Identify and	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Excavated		
development phase (either during piling (if required) or		demarcate an	& Construction			material is no		
earthworks) must be stored appropriately on site in		appropriate				stored within		
order to minimise impacts to watercourses,		location for the				sensitive		
watercourses and water bodies;		storage of				environmental		
		excavated				areas		
		materials						
- All stockpiled material must be maintained and kept	Contractor	Implement	During the	ECO	Bi-weekly (every	Stockpiled		
clear of weeds and alien vegetation growth by		appropriate and	Construction		second month)	material is		
undertaking regular weeding and control methods;		sufficient	Phase			maintained		
		maintenance on				sufficiently and is		
		stockpiled				clear of weeds		
		material				and alien		
		regularly				vegetation		
 Topsoil stockpiles must not exceed 2 m in height; 	Contractor	Enforce	During the	ECO	Bi-weekly (every	Topsoil stockpiles		
		limitations for the	Construction		second month)	do not exceed		
			Phase			2m in height		

		height of topsoil				
		stockpiles				
During periods of strong winds and heavy rain, the stockpiles must be covered with appropriate material (e.g. cloth, tarpaulin etc.);	Contractor	Appropriate material must be provided in order to cover stockpiles when required		ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide proof of availability of appropriate material to cover stockpiles
						when required
Where possible, sandbags (or similar) must be placed		Sandbags must	During the	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to
at the bases of the stockpiled material in order to		be provided in	Construction			provide proof of
prevent erosion of the material.		order to prevent	Phase			availability of
		erosion of				sandbags to
		stockpiled				prevent erosion
		materials				of stockpiled
						materials

5.25 Finalising tower positions

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of the survey and pegging operations.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 No vegetation clearing must occur during survey and 	Contractor	Implement	Pre-	ECO	Weekly	Contractor to
pegging operations;		restrictions in	construction			provide
		terms of				photographic
		vegetation				proof that no
		clearing during				vegetation has
		the survey and				been cleared

		pegging operations				
No new access roads must be developed to facilitate access for survey and pegging purposes;	Contractor	Restrict the development of new access roads for survey and pegging purposes	Pre- construction	ECO	Weekly	Contractor to provide photographic proof that no new roads have been developed
Project manager, botanical specialist and contractor to agree on final tower positions based on survey within assessed and approved areas;	DPM, Suitably Qualified Specialist and Contractor	consultation	Pre- construction	ECO	Once the final tower positions have been finalised and agreed upon	Provision of final tower positions to the ECO
 The surveyor is to demarcate (peg) access roads/tracks in consultation with ECO. No deviations will be allowed without the prior written consent from the ECO. 	consultation with		Pre- construction	ECO	Weekly	Consultation with the ECO regarding the distribution of pegs.

5.26 Excavation and Installation of foundations

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of excavation or installation of foundations.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All excess spoil generated during foundation excavation must be disposed of in an appropriate manner and at a recognised disposal site, if not used for backfilling purposes; 	Contractor	Use a licensed waste disposal facility for the disposal of excess spoil	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Certificates obtained for the disposal of excess spoil at a licensed waste disposal facility
Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes and must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for rehabilitation purposes;	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Construction and Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor
Management of equipment for excavation purposes must be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.18: Workshop equipment maintenance and storage; and	Contractor	Undertake the management of equipment for excavation as per the requirements of section 5.18	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of equipment is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.18
 Hazardous substances spills from equipment must be managed in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances. 	Contractor	Undertake the management of hazardous substances spills	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of hazardous substances spills from equipment

		from equipment				is undertaken in
		as per the				line with the
		requirements of				requirements of
		section 5.17				section 5.17
- Batching of cement to be undertaken in accordance	Not Applicable-					
with Section 5.19: Batching plants;	No batching					
	plant required					
	for the					
	installation of the					
	overhead power					
	line.					
 Residual cement must be disposed of in accordance 	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	Monthly	The disposal of
with Section 5.8: Solid and hazardous waste		disposal of	Construction			residual cement
management.		residual cement	Phase			is undertaken in
		as per the				line with section
		requirements of				5.8.
		section 5.8				

5.27 Assembly and erecting towers

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of assembly and erecting of towers.

				l		
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Prior to erection, assembled towers and tower sections 	Contractor	Provide the	During the	ECO	Weekly	Implementation
must be stored on elevated surfaces (suggest wooden		necessary	Construction			of elevated
blocks) to minimise damage to the underlying		materials for the	Phase			surface and
vegetation;		elevated				photographic
		surface, where				record thereof
		towers are to be				

In sensitive areas, tower assembly must take place off- site or away from sensitive positions;	Contractor in consultation with the cEO and the ECO	placed on indigenous vegetation ldentify sensitive areas to be avoided by tower assembly and ensure that the areas are not infringed	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Weekly	Tower assembly is undertaken outside of sensitive areas
The crane used for tower assembly must be operated in a manner which minimises impact to the	Contractor in consultation with	upon Ensure that no impact to the	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Weekly	No environmental
environment;	the cEO and the ECO	environment is imposed during the operation of the crane	C. GOLISHOOHOLL			damages incurred as a result of the crane.
- The number of crane trips to each site must be minimised;	Contractor in consultation with the cEO and the ECO	Ensure that the utilisation of the crane is maximised when on site.	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Weekly	Few crane trips to each site observed.
 Wheeled cranes must be utilised in preference to tracked cranes; 	Contractor	Ensure wheeled cranes are utilised.	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Weekly	Wheeled cranes observed on site.
 Consideration must be given to erecting towers by helicopter or by hand where it is warranted to limit the extent of environmental impact; 	Contractor	Contractor to undertaken erecting of towers in an environmentally acceptable manner	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	No unacceptable environmental impacts occur with the erecting of the towers

Access to tower positions to be undertaken in accordance with access requirements specified in Section 5.4: Access Roads;		Undertake access to tower positions as per the requirements of section 5.4	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Access to tower positions are undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.4
 Vegetation clearance to be undertaken in accordance with general vegetation clearance requirements specified in Section 5.10: Vegetation clearing; 	Contractor	Undertake vegetation clearance as per the requirements of section 5.10	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Vegetation clearance is undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.10
 No levelling at tower sites must be permitted unless approved by the Development Project Manager or Developer Site Supervisor; 	Contractor in consultation with the DPM and DSS	Written permission for levelling at tower sites, if required, must be obtained from the DPM and DSS prior to the undertaking of any levelling activities	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Written permission from the DPM and DSS provided to the Contractor
Topsoil must be removed separately from subsoil material and stored for later use during rehabilitation of such tower sites;	Contractor	Implement appropriate measures to ensure that topsoil is removed from subsoil material	Construction and Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly, and as and when required	Proof of appropriate measures implemented must be provided by the Contractor
 Topsoil must be stored in heaps not higher than 2m to prevent destruction of the seed bank within the topsoil; 	Contractor	Implement the listed requirements for	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Topsoil is stored as per the listed requirements

		the storage of topsoil				
 Excavated slopes must be no greater that 1:3, but where this is unavoidable, appropriate measures must be undertaken to stabilise the slopes; 	Contractor	Implement the listed requirements for the excavation of slopes	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Excavation of slopes is undertaken as per the listed requirements
 Fly rock from blasting activity must be minimised and any pieces greater than 150 mm falling beyond the Working Area, must be collected and removed; 	Not Applicable - no blasting activities is proposed					
Only existing disturbed areas are utilised as spoil areas;	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Identify, demarcate and use existing disturbed areas for spoil areas	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Weekly	Only identified disturbed areas are used as spoil areas
 Drainage is provided to control groundwater exit gradient with the spill areas such that migration of fines is kept to a minimum; 	Not Applicable					
Surface water runoff is appropriately channelled through or around spoil areas;	DPM and Contractor	Design and implement appropriate surface runoff measures for spoil areas	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, during the construction of the surface runoff measures	Implementation of surface runoff measures through and/or around spoil areas
During backfilling operations, care must be taken not to dump the topsoil at the bottom of the foundation and then put spoil on top of that;	Contractor	Develop and implement backfilling procedures which ensures that topsoil is not placed at the	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Weekly	Backfilling operations are undertaken as per the procedures developed

		bottom of foundations.				
The surface of the spoil is appropriately rehabilitated in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 5.29: Landscaping and rehabilitation;	Contractor	Rehabilitation of the surface spoil must be undertaken in accordance with the requirements of section 5.29	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of the surface spoil is undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.29
The retained topsoil must be spread evenly over areas to be rehabilitated and suitably compacted to effect re-vegetation of such areas to prevent erosion as soon as construction activities on the site is complete. Spreading of topsoil must not be undertaken at the beginning of the dry season.	Contractor	Ensure that topsoil is spread evenly and compacted appropriately. This must be undertaken outside of the start of the dry season	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Proof that topsoil has been spread evenly and compacted correctly must be provided by the Contractor/cEO. Proof that the activities were undertaken outside of the start of the dry season must be provided by the Contractor

5.28 Stringing

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of stringing.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
- Where possible, previously disturbed areas must be used for the siting of winch and tensioner stations. In all other instances, the siting of the winch and tensioner must avoid Access restricted areas and other sensitive areas;	consultation with the ECO	Identify and demarcate areas appropriate for the siting of winch and tensioner stations which does not infringe on access restricted areas or environmentally sensitive areas	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Weekly	Winch and tensioner stations are located are located outside of identified sensitive areas
 The winch and tensioner station must be equipped with drip trays in order to contain any fuel, hydraulic fuel or oil spills and leaks; 	Contractor	Provide sufficient drip trays	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Sufficient drip trays are available for the winch and tensioner stations and no spills occur
 Refuelling of the winch and tensioner stations must be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances; 	Contractor	The refuelling of winch and tensioner stations must be	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	The refuelling of winch and tensioner stations is

		undertaken as				undertaken as
		per the				per the
		requirements of				requirements of
		section 5.17				section 5.17
- In the case of the development of overhead	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Implementation
transmission and distribution infrastructure, a one metre		implement	& Construction		the	of the
"trace-line" may be cut through the vegetation for		procedures for			commencemen	procedures put
stringing purposes only and no vehicle access must be		implementation			t of construction	in place and
cleared along "trace-lines". Vegetation clearing must		for vegetation			and weekly	proof thereof
be undertaken by hand, using chainsaws and		clearing during			during stringing	from the
handheld implements, with vegetation being cut off at		stringing in line				Contractor
ground level. No tracked or wheeled mechanised		with the				
equipment must be used;		specification.				
 Alternative methods of stringing which limit impact to 	Contractor	Identify and	During the	ECO	Weekly	Implementation
the environment must always be considered e.g. by		implement the	Construction			of identified
hand or by using a helicopter;		stringing method	Phase			method of
		with the least				stringing with the
		environmental				least
		impact				environmental
						impact
- Where the stringing operation crosses a public or	Contractor	Identify prior to	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly, and as	Proof of
private road or railway line, the necessary scaffolding/		construction	& Construction		and when	implementation
protection measures must be installed to facilitate		areas where			required	of protection
access. If, for any reason, such access has to be closed		protection				measures and
for any period(s) during development, the persons		measures will be				proof of written
affected must be given reasonable notice, in writing;		required during				notice to
		stringing. Where				affected parties
		access is to be				must be
		restricted				provided by the
		timeous written				Contractor
		notice must be				
		provided to the				
		affected parties				

- No services (electrical distribution lines, telephone	Contractor in	Avoid the	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No disruption of
lines, roads, railways lines, pipelines fences etc.) must	consultation with	damaging or	Construction		and when	services occurs.
be damaged because of stringing operations. Where	the cEO	disturbance of	Phase		required	Where disruption
disruption to services is unavoidable, persons affected		existing services.				occurs proof of
must be given reasonable notice, in writing;		Where services				written notice to
		will be disrupted				affected parties
		timeous notice				must be
		must be				provided by the
		provided to the				Contractor
		affected parties				
- Where stringing operations cross cultivated land,	Not Applicable					
damage to crops is restricted to the minimum required						
to conduct stringing operations, and reasonable						
notice (10 work days minimum), in writing, must be						
provided to the landowner;						
 Necessary scaffolding protection measures must be 	Not Applicable					
installed to prevent damage to the structures						
supporting certain high value agricultural areas such						
as vineyards, orchards, nurseries.						

5.29 Socio-economic

Impact management outcome: Socio-economic development is enhanced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person	rroquericy	compliance
 Develop and implement communication strategies to 	dEO / cEO	Identify and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Communication
facilitate public participation;		implement	& Construction		the	is undertaken as
		appropriate			commencemen	per the
		strategies for			t of construction	identified

		communication with the communities through consideration of the community			and monthly during the construction	strategies and no complaints are submitted regarding communication
Develop and implement a collaborative and constructive approach to conflict resolution as part of the external stakeholder engagement process;	Contractor	needs Development and implement a Grievance Mechanism which considers the community needs and provides procedures for conflict resolution	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Conflict resolution is undertaken in line with the requirements of the Grievance Mechanism. No complaints on conflict resolution is submitted by the community
Sustain continuous communication and liaison with neighbouring owners and residents	Contractor	Development and implement and Grievance Mechanism provides procedures for communication / liaison with neighbouring landowners and residents	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Communication / liaison with neighbouring landowners and residents are undertaken in line with the requirements of the Grievance Mechanism. No complaints on communication with neighbouring

						landowners and residents is submitted
Create work and training opportunities for local stakeholders; and	Contractor	Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of employment opportunities	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and monthly during the construction phase	The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of the employment and training opportunities
 Where feasible, no workers, with the exception of security personnel, must be permitted to stay over- night on the site. This would reduce the risk to local farmers. 	no workers, other					

5.30 Temporary closure of site

Impact management outcome: Minimise the risk of environmental impact during periods of site closure greater than five days.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Bunds must be emptied (where applicable) and need 	Contractor	Regular	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Bunds are
to be undertaken in accordance with the impact		emptying of the	Construction		closure for more	emptied as per
management actions included in sections 5.17:		bunds must be	Phase		than 05 days	the requirements
management of hazardous substances and 5.18		undertaken. This				listed under
workshop, equipment maintenance and storage;		must be				sections 5.17
		undertaken as				and 5.18

Hazardous storage areas must be well ventilated;	Contractor	per the requirements listed in sections 5.17 and 5.18 Install appropriate ventilation in all hazardous	During the construction phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Effective ventilation is installed in hazardous
Fire extinguishers must be serviced and accessible. Service records to be filed and audited at last service;	Contractor / cEO	storage areas Ensure fire extinguishers are serviced, as required and are	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	storage areas Signage placed indicating location of fire extinguishers
		easily accessible with appropriate signage indicating location. Ensure service records and kept up to date and filed				and service records
Emergency and contact details must be displayed;	Contractor / cEO	Place emergency and contact details which are readily available and easily accessible	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Photographic proof of contact details on display
 Security personnel must be briefed and have the facilities to contact or be contacted by relevant management and emergency personnel; 	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Hold a workshop with all security personnel to provide a brief of the project	Pre-construction & construction	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of the workshop held must be kept on file by the contractor.

	1					<u> </u>
		and security				
		requirements.				
		Provide facilities				
		in order to				
		contact				
		management				
		and emergency				
		personnel				
 Night hazards such as reflectors, lighting, traffic 	Contractor	Regular checks	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Proof of checks
signage etc. must have been checked;		of night hazards	Construction		closure for more	of night hazards
		must be	Phase		than 05 days	must be
		undertaken			•	provided by the
						contractor
- Fire hazards identified and the local authority must	cEO /	Identify any	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Proof of
have been notified of any potential threats e.g. large	Contractor in	potential fire	Construction		closure for more	notification of
brush stockpiles, fuels etc.;	consultation with	hazards and	Phase		than 05 days	the fire hazards
,	the ECO	notify the			,-	to the local
		relevant local				authority must
		authority				be provided by
		Gonnom,				the Contractor
 Structures vulnerable to high winds must be secured; 	Contractor	Ensure structures	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Structures
on octores volitorable to riight will as thost be secoled,	Commission	vulnerable to	Construction		closure for more	vulnerable to
		wind are secure	Phase		than 05 days	wind are
		prior to site	111030		man oo aays	secured prior to
		closure				site closure
Wind and dust mitigation must be implemented:	Contractor		During the	ECO	Prior to site	Wind and dust
 Wind and dust mitigation must be implemented; 	Contractor	Implement wind	During the	ECO		
		and dust	Construction		closure for more	mitigation is
		mitigation prior	Phase		than 05 days	implemented
		to site closure				prior to site
						closure
- Cement and materials stores must have been secured;	Contractor	Ensure cement	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Cement and
		and material	Construction		closure for more	material stores
		stores are	Phase		than 05 days	

		secured prior to				are secured prior
		site closure				to site closure
 Toilets must have been emptied and secured; 	Contractor	Ensure toilets are	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Toilets are
		emptied and	Construction		closure for more	emptied and
		secured prior to	Phase		than 05 days	secured prior to
		site closure				site closure
 Refuse bins must have been emptied and secured; 	Contractor	Ensure refuse	During the	ECO	Prior to site	refuse bins are
		bins are emptied	Construction		closure for more	emptied and
		and secured	Phase		than 05 days	secured prior to
		prior to site				site closure
		closure				
Drip trays must have been emptied and secured.	Contractor	Ensure drip trays	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Drip trays are
		are emptied	Construction		closure for more	emptied and
		and secured	Phase		than 05 days	secured prior to
		prior to site				site closure
		closure				

5.31 Landscaping and rehabilitation

Impact management outcome: Areas disturbed during the development phase are returned to a state that approximates the original condition.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 All areas disturbed by construction activities must be subject to landscaping and rehabilitation; All spoil and waste must be disposed to a registered waste site and certificates of disposal provided; 		Develop and implement a rehabilitation plan for the rehabilitation of	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas is undertaken as per the rehabilitation

		all disturbed				plan. All
		areas.				certificates of
		S 5 GO.				waste disposal
		Dispose of all				at licensed
		spoil and waste				facilities are
		at a licensed				available.
		waste disposal				avallable.
		facility				
All slopes must be assessed for contouring, and to	Contractor in	Assess all slopes	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	All slopes are
contour only when the need is identified in	consultation with	and determine	Kendollidilon		YVEERIY	assessed and
accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural	the ECO	whether				contoured as
Resources Act, No 43 of 1983	IIIe LCO	contouring is				required
Kesources Act, 110 45 of 1705		required				required
- All slopes must be assessed for terracing, and to	Contractor in	Assess all slopes	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	All slopes are
terrace only when the need is identified in	consultation with	and determine	Kendollidilon		Weekly	
accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural	the ECO	whether				assessed and terraced as
	The ECO					
Resources Act, No 43 of 1983;		terracing is				required
Downson the set to some the state of according to the set of according to	C t t	required Ensure all berms	Die le erle ilit erti ere	500	\\/ = = . .	All la ausas la surra su
Berms that have been created must have a slope of	Contractor		Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	All berms have a
1:4 and be replanted with indigenous species and		have a slope of				slope of 1:4 and
grasses that approximates the original condition;		1:4 and is				is replanted with
		replanted with				indigenous
		indigenous				species and
		species and				grasses
		grasses				
- Where new access roads have crossed cultivated	Not applicable					
farmlands, that lands must be rehabilitated by ripping						
which must be agreed to by the holder of the EA and						
the landowners;						
Rehabilitation of tower sites and access roads outside	Not applicable					
of farmland;						

- Indigenous species must be used for with species	Contractor	Make use of	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Indigenous
and/grasses to where it compliments or approximates		indigenous				species are used
the original condition;		species for				for rehabilitation
		rehabilitation				
 Stockpiled topsoil must be used for rehabilitation (refer 	Contractor	Ensure	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Stockpiled
to Section 5.24: Stockpiling and stockpiled areas);		stockpiled				topsoil is used as
		topsoil is used as				per the
		per the				requirements
		requirements				listed under
		listed under				section 5.24
		section 5.24				
- Stockpiled topsoil must be evenly spread so as to	Contractor	Ensure that	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Topsoil is spread
facilitate seeding and minimise loss of soil due to		topsoil is spread				evenly
erosion;		evenly				
- Before placing topsoil, all visible weeds from the	Contractor	Remove all	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	No weeds are
placement area and from the topsoil must be		visible weeds				visible in the
removed;		from placement				placement area
		area and topsoil				or the topsoil
		before				
		spreading the				
		topsoil				
 Subsoil must be ripped before topsoil is placed; 	Contractor	Undertake the	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Subsoil is ripped
		ripping of subsoil				before topsoil is
		prior to the				placed
		spreading of				
		topsoil				
- The rehabilitation must be timed so that rehabilitation	Contractor	Plan the	Rehabilitation	ECO	At the start of	Rehabilitation is
can take place at the optimal time for vegetation		timeframe for			rehabilitation to	undertaken
establishment;		rehabilitation in			confirm correct	during the
		order to			timeframe	optimal time
		undertake				
		vegetation				
		planting during				

Where impacted through construction related activity, all sloped areas must be stabilised to ensure proper rehabilitation is effected and erosion is controlled;	Contractor	the optimal time for vegetation establishment All disturbed slope areas must be stabilised	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Disturbed slopes are stabilised sufficiently
Sloped areas stabilised using design structures or vegetation as specified in the design to prevent erosion of embankments. The contract design specifications must be adhered to and implemented strictly;	Contractor	Stabilise slopes as per the design specifications	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Slopes are stabilised as per the design specifications
Spoil can be used for backfilling or landscaping as long as it is covered by a minimum of 150 mm of topsoil.	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor
 Where required, re-vegetation including hydroseeding can be enhanced using a vegetation seed mixture as described below. A mixture of seed can be used provided the mixture is carefully selected to ensure the following: a) Annual and perennial plants are chosen; b) Pioneer species are included; c) Species chosen must be indigenous to the area with the seeds used coming from the area; d) Root systems must have a binding effect on the soil; e) The final product must not cause an ecological imbalance in the area 	Contractor in consultation with a suitably qualified specialist	Make use of a suitable vegetation seed mixture should enhancement be required	Rehabilitation	ECO	As and when required	Use of a suitable vegetation seed mixture if required

6 ACCESS TO THE GENERIC EMPr

Once completed and signed, to allow the public access to the generic EMPr, the holder of the EA must make the EMPr available to the public in accordance with the requirements of regulation 26(h) of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 2

7 SITE SPECIFIC INFORMATION AND DECLARATION

7.1 Sub-section 1: contact details and description of the project

7.1.1 Details of the applicant:

Name of applicant: McTaggarts PV1 (Pty) Ltd

Tel No: 021-937-0200 Fax No: 086 514 8184

Postal Address: PO BOX 51060, Waterfront, 8002

Physical Address: 3, Kiepersol Close, Kendon House, 2nd floor, Plattekloof 3, Cape

Town, 7500

7.1.2 Details and expertise of the EAP:

Name of EAP: Jo-Anne Thomas

Tel No: 011-656-3237 Fax No: 086-684-0547

E-mail address: joanne@savannahsa.com

Expertise of the EAP (Curriculum Vitae included): Refer to Appendix 2 of this EMPr for

a CV of the EAP

7.1.3 Project name: Khunab Solar Grid Connection, Northern Cape Province

7.1.4 Description of the project:

McTaggarts PV1 (Pty) Ltd proposes the construction and operation of a grid connection solution for the proposed McTaggarts PV1, McTaggarts PV2, McTaggarts PV3 and Klip Punt PV1 solar PV facilities, collectively known as the Khunab Solar Development, near Upington in the Northern Cape Province. The Khunab Solar Grid Connection will connect the four solar PV facilities to the Upington Main Transmission Substation (MTS) and will include the development of two collector substations, each including a switching station component, and a single circuit power line.

A 300m wide grid connection corridor (which increases to ~700m at the Upington MTS with a total length of 13km is being assessed to allow for the optimisation of the grid connection solution and the associated infrastructure, and to accommodate sensitive environmental features located within the corridor. The grid connection infrastructure will be developed within the grid connection corridor. A 132kv power line will be developed within the grid connection corridor. The height of the power line towers will be up to 32m and will be located within a servitude of up to 36m.

7.1.5 Project location:

The grid connection corridor within which contains the power line traverses three properties namely:

NO	FARM NAME(if applicable)	FARM NUMBER(if applicable)	PORTION NAME	PORTION NUMBER	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE
1	McTaggarts Camp	453	N/A	3	28° 30' 29.34" S	21° 02' 30,72" E
2	Klip Punt	452	N/A	12	28° 30' 11,94" S	21° 03' 42,72" E
3	N/A	N/A	Olyvenhouts	1080	28° 29' 07,53" \$	21° 05' 52,93" E
			Drift Settlement Agricultural			
			Holding			

7.16 Preliminary technical specification of the overhead transmission and distribution:

- Length 13km long
- Tower parameters
 - Number and types of towers Information not available at this stage
 - Tower spacing (mean and maximum) Power line towers (or pylons) are an average distance of 200m apart but can exceed 500m depending on the topography and terrain to be spanned.
 - Tower height (lowest, mean and height) up to 32m
 - Conductor attachment height (mean) Information not available at this stage
 - Minimum ground clearance Information not available at this stage

It should be noted that Eskom requirements for work in or near Eskom servitudes should be adhered to.

7.2 Sub-section 2: Development footprint site map

This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout. The sensitivity map must be prepared from the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. raptor nest, threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features in the surrounding landscape. The overhead transmission and distribution profile shall be illustrated at an appropriate resolution to enable fine scale interrogation. It is recommended that <20 km of overhead transmission and distribution length is illustrated per page in A3 landscape format. Where considered appropriate, photographs of sensitive features in the context of tower positions shall be used.

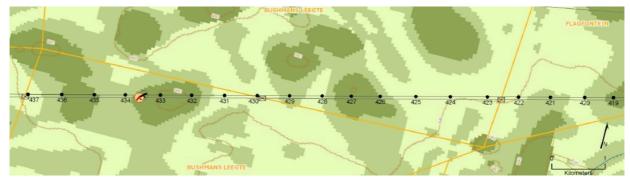


Figure 1: Example of an environmental sensitivity map in the context of a final overhead transmission and distribution profile

The national web based environmental screening tool was utilised for this project and the site sensitivity maps can be seen in Figures 3-10 including the site-specific environmental sensitivity map included in the BA Report (Figure 2).

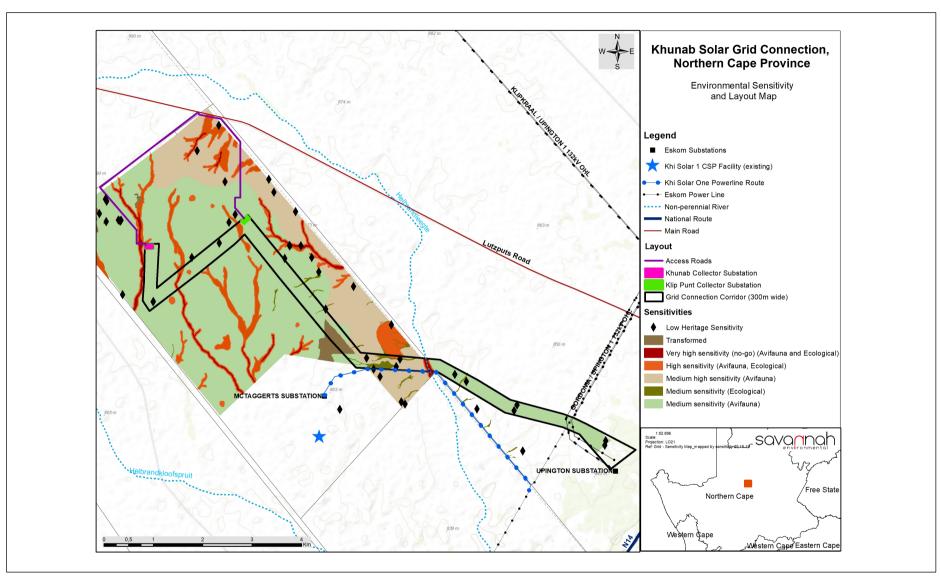


Figure 2: Environmental sensitivity map overlain with the proposed grid connection corridor within which the power line and associated infrastructure is proposed to be developed

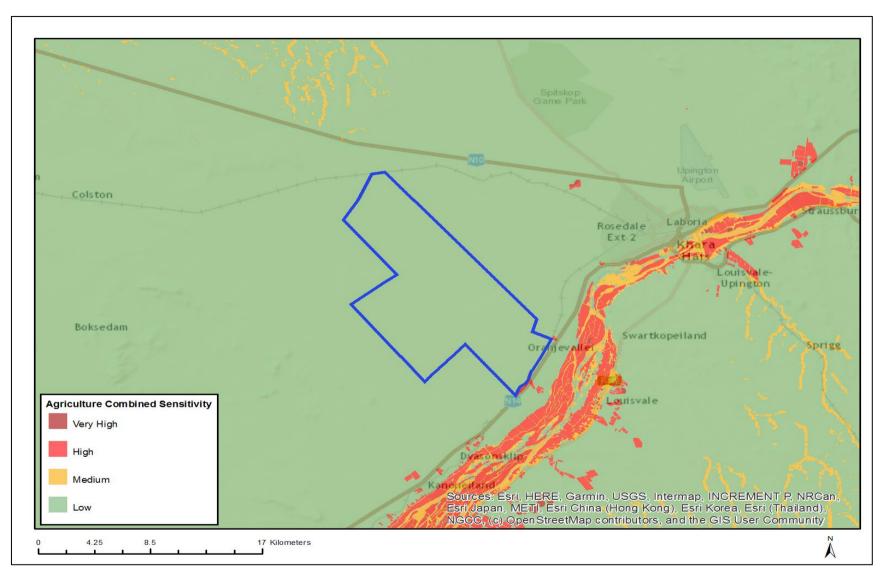


Figure 3: Map of Relative Agriculture Theme Sensitivity

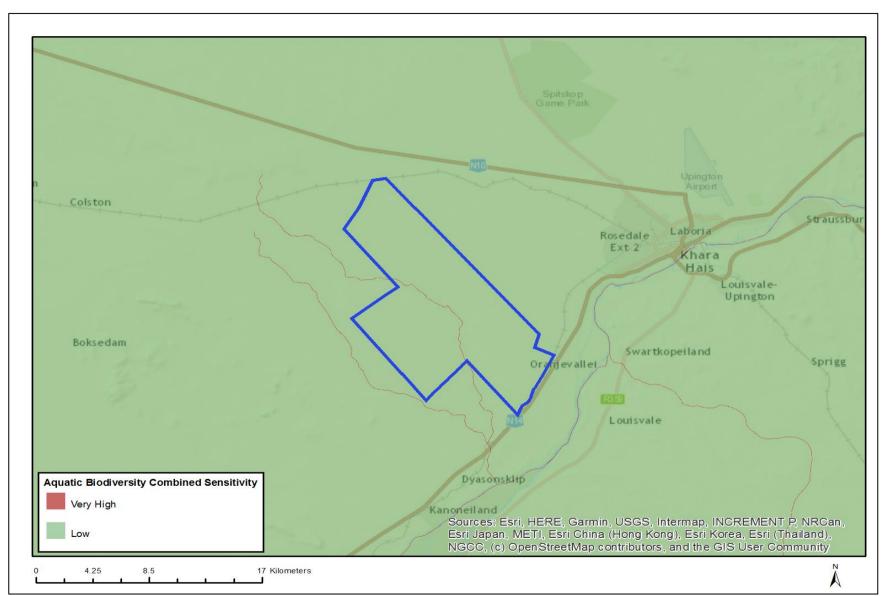


Figure 4: Map of Relative Aquatic Biodiversity Theme Sensitivity

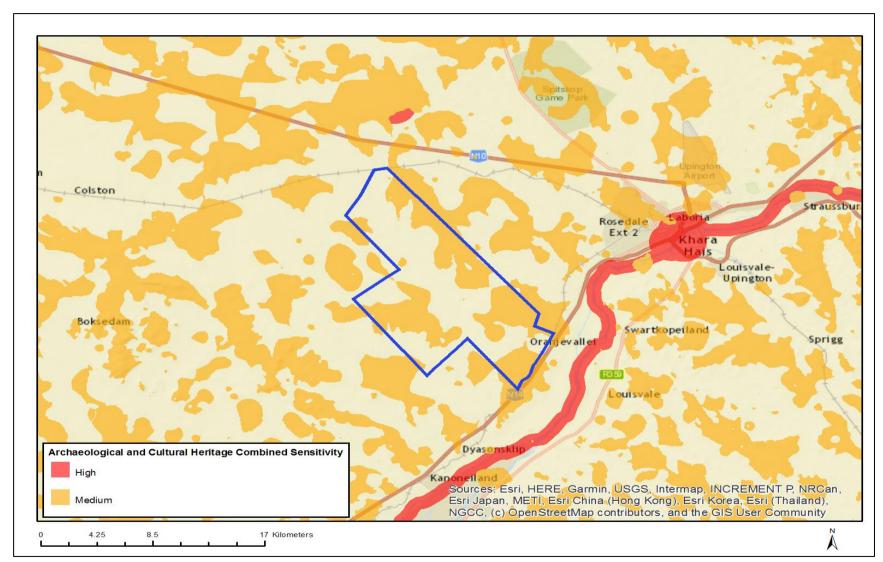


Figure 5: Map of relative archaeological and cultural heritage theme sensitivity

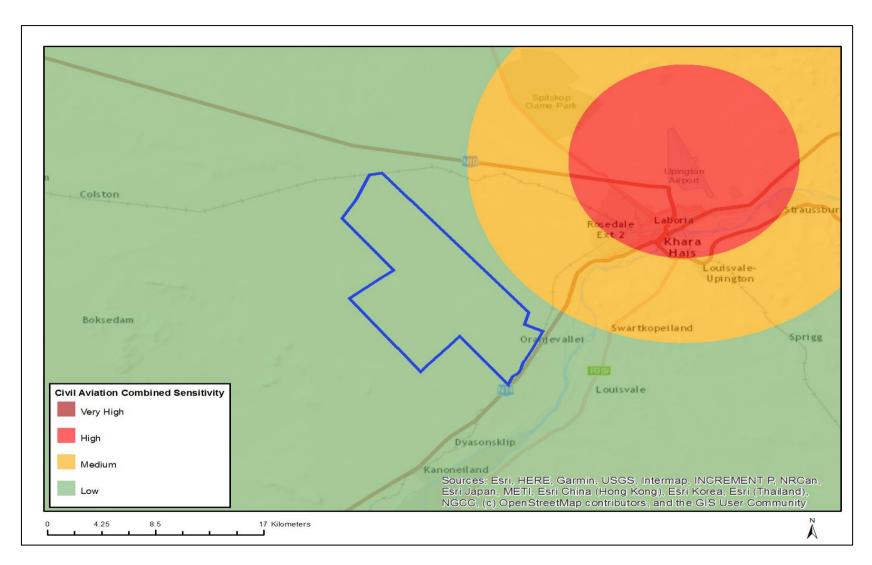


Figure 6: Map of Relative Civil Aviation Theme Sensitivity

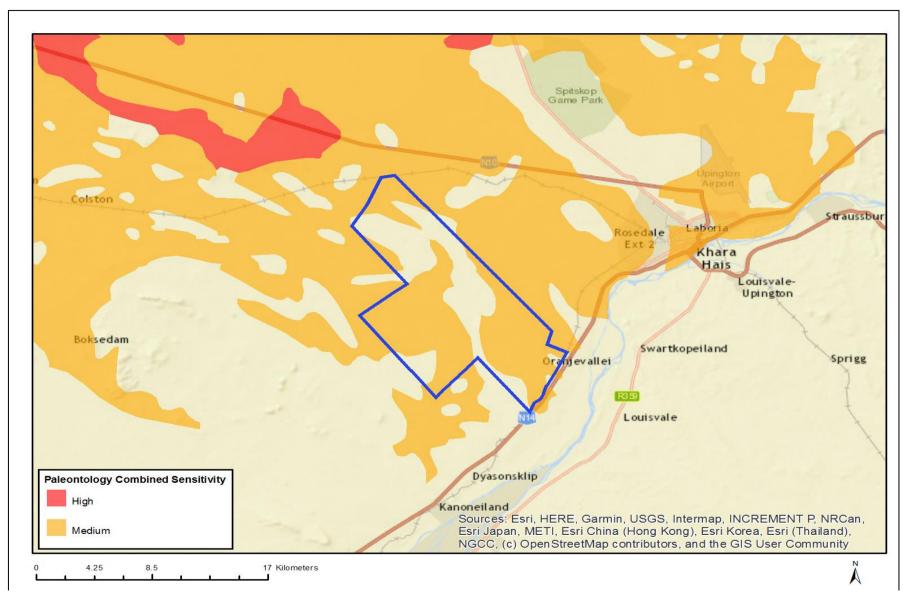


Figure 7: Map of Relative Palaeontology Theme Sensitivity

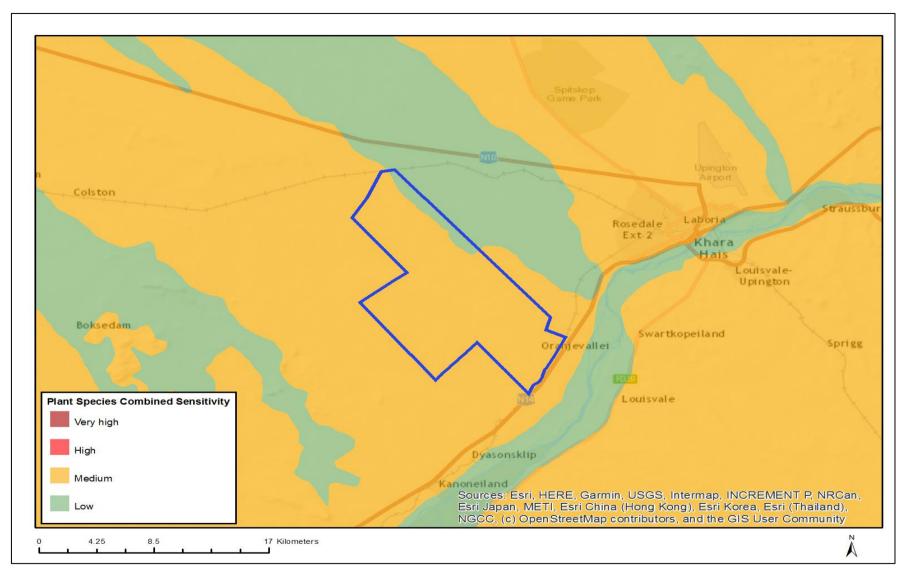


Figure 8: Map of Relative Plant Species Theme Sensitivity

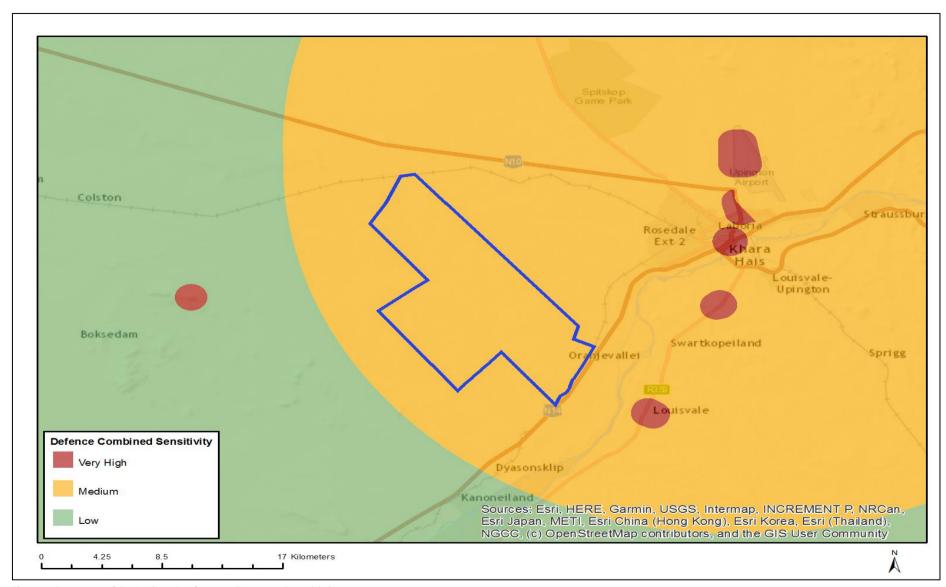


Figure 9: Map of Relative Defence Theme Sensitivity

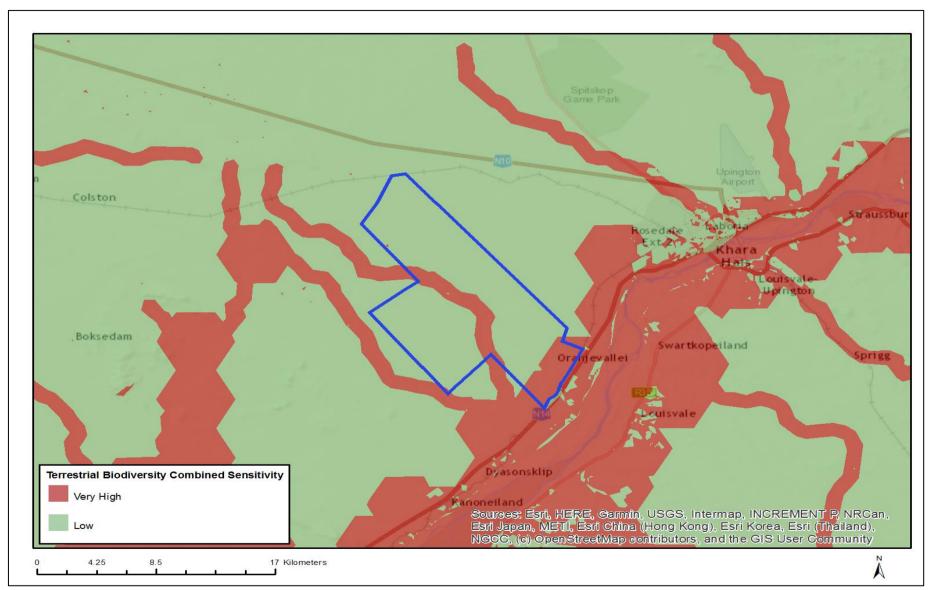


Figure 10: Map of Relative Terrestrial Biodiversity Theme Sensitivity

7.3 Sub-section 3: Declaration

The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will abide and comply with the prescribed impact management outcomes and impact management actions as stipulated in <u>part B: section 1</u> of the generic EMPr and have the understanding that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding. The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will provide written notice to the CA 14 days prior to the date on which the activity will commence of commencement of construction to facilitate compliance inspections.

Signature Proponent/applicant/ holder of EA	Date:

This declaration will be signed by the proponent/applicant/holder of the EA once the contractor is appointed and has provided inputs to this Generic EMPr as per the requirements of this template.

7.4 Sub-section 4: amendments to site specific information (Part B; section 2)

Should the EA be transferred to a new holder, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new holder and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of Regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted for an amendment to an environmental authorisation will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

8 SITE SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

If any specific environmental sensitivities/attributes are present on the site which require more specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr template, to manage impacts, those impact management outcomes and actions must be included in this section. These specific management controls must be referenced spatially, and must include impact management outcomes and impact management actions. The management controls including impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the pre-approved generic EMPr template. This applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary.

If <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the development as authorised in the EA, it is required to be submitted to the CA together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP and the name and expertise of the EAP, including the curriculum vitae are to be included. Once approved, <u>Part C</u> forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.

This section will **not be required** should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes.

Impact management outcome: Minimal Soil Erosion

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Soil stockpiles must be dampened with dust suppressant or equivalent to prevent erosion by wind. - Land clearance must only be undertaken immediately prior to construction activities	cEO in consultation with the Contractor cEO in consultation with	Obtain the necessary dust suppressant or equivalent to prevent wind erosion. Clear the land prior to	During the Construction phase Prior to the Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required Monthly, and as and when	No wind erosion of the sand stockpiles witnessed on site. Land clearance only undertaken
	the Contractor	construction to prevent any erosion commencing.	Phase		required	immediately prior to construction.
 All graded or disturbed areas which will not be covered by permanent infrastructure such as paving, buildings or roads must be stabilised with erosion control mats (geo-textiles) and revegetated. 	cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Areas that have been disturbed and will not be covered with infrastructure will need to be revegetated	During the construction and rehabilitation phase.	ECO	As and when required	No disturbed areas with erosion witnessed on site.

Impact management outcome: Minimal Loss of Land Capability								
Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1		Monitoring				
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
Keep the project footprint as small as possible.	DPM	cEO in consultation with the contractor	On-going visual assessment of compliance by EPC Contractor to stay within the design footprint.	ECO	During the construction phase	Areas not disturbed outside of the development footprint.		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence compliance
 The use of laydown areas within the footprint of the development should be used where feasible, to avoid habitat loss and disturbance to adjoining areas 	cEO	Avifaunal microhabitat loss restricted to footprint of the grid connection corridor.	During the construction phase	ECO	During the construction and decommissionin g phase.	No habitat los observed during construction and decommissioning.

 All construction vehicles should adhere to a low speed limit (40km/h on site) to avoid collisions with susceptible species such nocturnal and crepuscular species, as well as reduce dust. 	cEO, contractor	Place speed limit signs throughout the site.	During the construction, operational and decommissioning phase	ECO	Weekly and as and when required.	Low/no avifauna mortalities due to construction activities.
- Where holes or trenches are to be dug, these should not be left open for extended periods of time as terrestrial avifauna may become entrapped therein.	cEO, Contractor	Leave open trenches or holes untouched for extended periods.	During the construction and decommissioning phase	ECO	Weekly and as and when required.	Holes and trenches left untouched.
ECO to monitor and enforce ban on hunting and collecting of avifauna or their products (e.g. eggs)	cEO,	Communicate during inductions the ban on hunting and collecting of avifauna or their products.	During the construction and decommissioning phase	ECO	During on-site inductions.	No poaching or collecting of avifauna or their products by construction personnel.
 Any avifauna threatened or injured by the construction activities should be removed to safety by the ECO or appropriately qualified environmental officer. 	cEO or qualified specialist.	Communication of this during on site inductions	During the construction and decommissioning phase	ECO	As and when required	Collection of threatened or injured avifauna register.
- If there are active nests near construction areas, these should be reported to the ECO and should be monitored until the birds have finished nesting and the fledglings have left the nest.	cEO	Communication of this during on site inductions	During the construction phase	ECO	As and when required (during inductions)	Register and induction material indicating that this has been communicated during the inductions.

If lateral months are a terrescaled as a second to a	C t t	llas af sush its	Distriction 11: 1	-150	A		Ningda nama ay sa sitta
- If birds nesting on infrastructure cannot be	Contractor	Use of exclusion	During the	dEO	As and	when	Nests removed in
tolerated due to operational risks, birds should		methods in	operational		required		consultation with
be prevented from accessing nesting sites		consultation with	phase.				specialists.
using exclusion methods. An avifaunal		the avifaunal					
specialist should be consulted for advice on		specialist.					
further mitigation if problems persist.							
- No decommissioning activity should occur	Contractor	Notify all	During the	ECO	As and	when	No removal of
near to active raptor nests, should these be		contractors that	decommissioni		required.		raptor nests.
discovered prior to or during the		no activities are to	ng phase				
decommissioning phase.		occur near the					
		raptor nests					
- All incidents of collision with power line and	dEO	Implement an	During the	dEO	As and	when	Evidence of such
electrocution should be recorded as		incident register to	operational		required		incidents on the
meticulously as possible, including data		record such	phase				incident register.
related to the species involved, the exact		incidents					
location of each incident along the grid							
connection corridor, and suspected cause of							
death (collision or electrocution).							
- The power line should be monitored on a	Contractor , dEO	Implementation of	During the	dEO	As and	when	Evidence of bird
regular basis to determine potential areas		bird diverters and	operational		required		diverters on the
of high collision rates, especially involving		regular monitoring	phase				power line and a
		of the power line					register
		for bird mortalities.					indicating the
·							bird mortalities
							along the power
detected.							line route.
connection corridor, and suspected cause of death (collision or electrocution). - The power line should be monitored on a	Contractor , dEO	bird diverters and regular monitoring of the power line	operational	dEO		when	diverters on the power line and a register indicating the bird mortalities along the power

Impact management outcome: Minimal disturbance to vegetation, watercourses and loss of protected flora

Impact Management Actions Implementation					Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
 Preconstruction ecological walk-through of road footprint 	dEO, Specialist	Conduct walk through with the specialist	Pre Construction	ECO	Once off-during pre-construction.	Report received from specialist on the walk down.		
 Obtain relevant permits from the Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries (DAFF) and the Northern Cape Department of Environment and Nature Conservation (DENC) prior to any construction activities at the site. 	Contractor	After the walk through, if there are any further protected flora and fauna species identified, a permit is required by DAFF and DENC.	During construction and operation phase.	ECO	Once off during the search and rescue phase and monthly during operations if necessary.	Permits issued by DENC and DAFF.		
 Affected individuals of selected protected species which cannot be avoided should be translocated to a safe area on the site prior to construction. This does not include woody species which cannot be translocated and where these are protected by DAFF and permit for their destruction would be required. 	Contractor	Rescue protected plants as per the permit	During construction and operation phase.	ECO	Once off during the search and rescue and monthly during operations if necessary.	Photographic evidence illustrating the translocation of protected flora.		

ECO to monitor and enforce a ban on hunting, collecting etc. of all plants and animals or their products Any, fauna engagement and during	dEO and contractor	Site inductions to include the ban on hunting and the collection of plant and animals. Communication	During construction phase.	ECO	During site inductions.	Site induction material and registers to show that this has been communicated.
 Any fauna encountered during construction should be removed to safety by the ECO or other suitably qualified person, or allowed to passively vacate the area 	deO,	of this during site inductions and toolbox talks	During construction phase.		During site inductions and toolbox talks	Registers and materials from site inductions and toolbox talks.
 All night-lighting should use low-UV type lights (such as most LEDs), which do not attract insects. The type of lights should also ones that are directed downward and do not result in large amounts of light pollution. 	Contractor	Selective lighting should be implemented.	Operation Phase	ECO	Once-off and thereafter monitored as and when required.	Lighting installed that does not attract insects.
 Vegetation control should be by manual clearing and herbicides should not be used except to control alien plants in the prescribed manner. 	Contractor	Implementing of an alien invasive management plan	Operation Phase	ECO	Weekly	Alien vegetation removal as per the alien invasive management plan.
 Annual monitoring for alien plant species - with follow up clearing as needed - or as per the frequency stated in the alien invasive management plan to be developed for the site. 	Contractor	Implementing of an alien invasive management plan	Operation Phase	ECO	Annual	Verify the alien invasive management plan is being followed.
 Annual site inspection for erosion or water flow regulation problems – with follow up remedial action where problems are identified 	dEO	Inspect the site for erosion and water flow issues	Operation Phase	ECO	Annual	No erosion and water flow issues identified on site.
 The powerline should span the Heelbrandleegte River and no pylons/towers should be placed within any watercourse inclusive of a 32m buffer. 	Contractor	No pylons/towers in the watercourse and the power line will span	Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	No pylons/towers within the watercourses and the power line span the

	Heelbrandleegt				Heelbrandleegte
	e River.				River.
Any protected tree species or Species of Conservation Concern (SCC) identified during the final walkthrough are to be avoided during the construction phase consider the construction phase c	mark no-go areas where the	Phase	dEO	During excavation works	Trees still present after the construction phase or a valid
during the construction phase, especially the placement of temporary infrastructure. if the trees cannot be avoided then a Forest Act License or Flora Permit must be applied for and obtained prior to the destroying or	protected trees occur or apply for a Forest Act License or Flora permit if the trees				permit is in place for the removal of the trees.
damaging of any protected species.	cannot be avoided during the construction phase.				

Impact management outcome: Minimal destruction to heritage resources

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
		implementation	implementation			compliance
	person			person		
- 38(4)c(i) — If any evidence of archaeological sites	dEO, contractor	Contact SAHRA	Construction	ECO	Weekly during	A Register
or remains (e.g. remnants of stone-made structures,		APM Unit if there	Phase		the	detailing what
indigenous ceramics, bones, stone artefacts, ostrich		is any heritage			construction	items were
eggshell fragments, charcoal and ash		resources			period.	discovered and
concentrations), fossils or other categories of		discovered				communication
heritage resources are found during the proposed		during				with SAHRA
development, SAHRA APM Unit (Natasha		construction				logged.

Higgitt/Phillip Hine 021 462 5402) must be alerted as per section 35(3) of the NHRA. Non-compliance with section of the NHRA is an offense in terms of section 51(1)e of the NHRA and item 5 of the Schedule;						
 38(4)c(ii) — If unmarked human burials are uncovered, the SAHRA Burial Grounds and Graves (BGG) Unit (Thingahangwi Tshivhase/Mimi Seetelo 012 320 8490), must be alerted immediately as per section 36(6) of the NHRA. Non-compliance with section of the NHRA is an offense in terms of section 51(1)e of the NHRA and item 5 of the Schedule; 	dEO, contractor	Contact SAHRA Burial Grounds and Graves if human remains are discovered.	During construction phase.	ECO	Weekly during the construction period.	A Register detailing what items were discovered and communication with SAHRA logged.
 38(4)e — The following conditions apply with regards to the appointment of specialists: If heritage resources are uncovered during the course of the development, a professional archaeologist or palaeontologist, depending on the nature of the finds, must be contracted as soon as possible to inspect the heritage resource. If the newly discovered heritage resources prove to be of archaeological or palaeontological significance, a Phase 2 rescue operation may be required subject to permits issued by SAHRA; 	dEO, Contractor	Contact a professional archaeologist or palaeontologist, depending on the nature of the finds, must be contracted as soon as possible to inspect the heritage resource	During construction phase.	ECO	Weekly during the construction period.	A Register detailing what items were discovered and communication with SAHRA logged.

APPENDIX 1: METHOD STATEMENTS

To be prepared by the contractor prior to commencement o statements are not required to be submitted to the CA.	f the	activity.	The	method

APPENDIX 2: CV OF THE EAP