SETARIA PV FACILITY, NORTH WEST PROVINCE

Environmental Management Programme for the 132kV LILO overhead power line associated with the Setaria PV Facility

March 2022

APPENDIX 1 GENERIC ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) FOR THE DEVELOPMENT AND EXPANSION FOR OVERHEAD ELECTRICITY TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION INFRASTRUCTURE

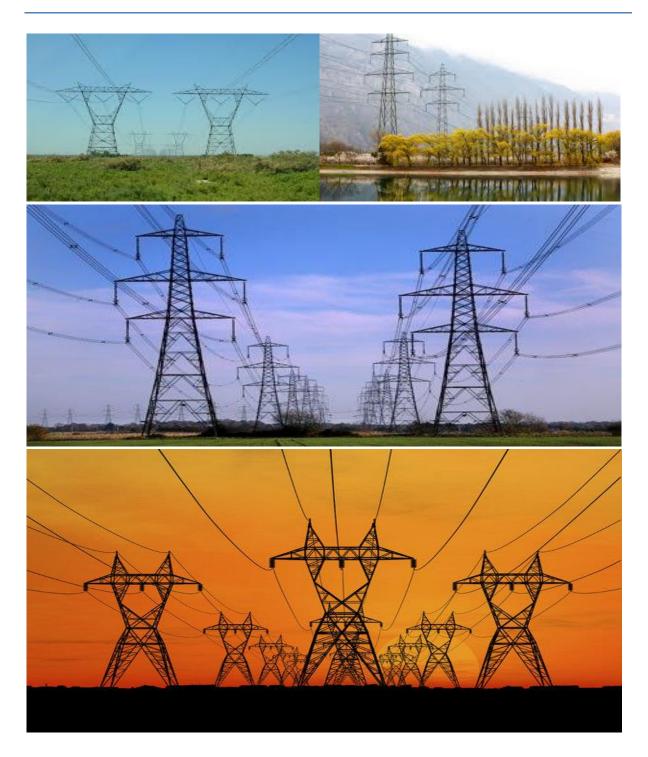




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INTRODUCTION

1. Background

The National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998) (NEMA) requires that an environmental management programme (EMPr) be submitted where an environmental impact assessment (EIA) has been identified as the environmental instrument to be utilised as the basis for a decision on an application for environmental authorisation (EA). The content of an EMPr must either contain the information set out in Appendix 4 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014, as amended, (EIA Regulations) or must be a generic EMPr relevant to an application as identified and gazetted by the Minister in a government notice. Once the Minister has identified, through a government notice, that a generic EMPr is relevant to an application for EA, that generic EMPr must be applied by all parties involved in the EA process, including, but not limited to, the applicant and the competent authority (CA).

2. Purpose

This document constitutes a generic EMPr relevant to applications for the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure, and all listed and specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

3. Objective

The objective of this generic EMPr is to prescribe and pre-approve generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions, which can commonly and repeatedly be used for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure. The use of a generic EMPr is intended to reduce the need to prepare and review individual EMPrs for applications of a similar nature.

4. Scope

The scope of this generic EMPr applies to the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure requiring EA in terms of NEMA, i.e. with a capacity of 33 kilovolts or more. This generic EMPr applies to activities requiring EA, mainly activity 11 and 47 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 1 of 2014, as amended, and activity 9 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 2 of 2014, as amended, and all associated listed or specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

5. Structure of this document

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This document is structured	in three parts with an A	Appenaix as inalcated	a in the table below:

Part	Section	Heading	Content
А		Provides general	Definitions, acronyms, roles & responsibilities and
		guidance and information	documentation and reporting.
	-	and is not legally binding	
В	1	Pre-approved generic EMPr template	Contains generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions required for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure, which are presented in the form of a template that has been pre-approved. The template in this section is to be completed by the contractor, with each completed page signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. Where an impact management outcome is not
			relevant, the words "not applicable" can be inserted in the template under the "responsible persons" column. Once completed and signed, the template represents the EMPr for the activity approved by
			the CA and is legally binding. The template is not required to be submitted to the CA as once the generic EMPr is gazetted for implementation, it has been approved by the CA.
			To allow interested and affected parties access to the pre-approved EMPr template for consideration through the decision-making process, the EAP on behalf of the applicant /proponent must make the hard copy of this EMPr available at a public location and where the applicant has a website, the EMPr should also be made available on such publicly accessible website.
	2	Site specific information	Contains preliminary infrastructure layout and a declaration that the applicant/holder of the EA

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			will comply with the pre-approved generic EMPr template contained in <u>Part B: Section 1</u> , and understands that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding . The preliminary infrastructure layout must be finalized to inform the final EMPr that is to be submitted with the basic assessment report (BAR) or environmental impact assessment report (EIAR), ensuring that all impact management outcomes and actions have been either pre-approved or approved in terms of <u>Part <u>C</u>.</u>
			This section must be submitted to the CA together with the final BAR or EIAR. The information submitted to the CA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, this Section forms part of the EMPr for the development and is legally binding.
С		Site specific sensitivities/ attributes	If any specific environmental sensitivities/ attributes are present on the site which require site specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr, to manage impacts, these specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific environmental attributes must be referenced spatially and impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be provided. These specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the pre- approved EMPr template (Part B: section 1)
			This section will not be required should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes. However, if <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the site, it is required to be submitted together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP, and must contain his/her name and

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			expertise including a curriculum vitae. Once approved, Part C forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding. This section applies only to additional impact
			management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the specific development or expansion and which are not already included in <u>Part B: section 1</u> .
Арре	endix 1		Contains the method statements to be prepared prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are not required to be submitted to the competent authority.

6. Completion of part B: section 1: the pre-approved generic EMPr template

The template is to be completed prior to commencement of the activity, by providing the following information for each environmental impact management action:

- For implementation
 - a 'responsible person',
 - a method for implementation,
 - a timeframe for implementation
- For monitoring
 - a responsible person
 - frequency
 - evidence of compliance.

The completed template must be signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as <u>Appendix 1</u>. Each method statement must be signed and dated on each page by the holder of the EA. This template, once signed and dated, is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

7. Amendments of the impact management outcomes and impact management actions

Once the activity has commenced, a holder of an EA may make amendments to the impact management outcomes and impact management actions in the following manner:

- Amendment of the impact management outcomes: in line with the process contemplated in regulation 37 of the EIA Regulations; and
- Amendment of the impact management actions: in line with the process contemplated in regulation 36 of the EIA Regulations.

8. Documents to be submitted as part of part B: section 2 site specific information and declaration

<u>Part B: Section 2</u> has three distinct sub-sections. The first and third sub-sections are in a template format. Sub-section two requires a map to be produced.

<u>Sub-section 1</u> contains the project name, the applicant's name and contact details, the site information, which includes coordinates of the corridor in which the proposed overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure is proposed as well as the 21-digit Surveyor General code of each cadastral land parcel and, where available, the farm name.

Sub-section 2 is to be prepared by an EAP and must contain his/her name and expertise including a curriculum vitae. This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout using the national web based environmental tool, when available for screening compulsory use at: https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. raptor nest, threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps must identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features in the surrounding landscape within 50m from the development footprint. The overhead transmission and distribution profile must be illustrated at an appropriate resolution to enable fine scale interrogation. It is recommended that <20 km of overhead transmission and distribution length is illustrated per page in A3 landscape format. Where considered appropriate, photographs of sensitive features in the context of tower positions must be used.

<u>Sub-section 3</u> is the declaration that the applicant/proponent or holder of the EA in the case of a change of ownership must complete, which confirms that the applicant/EA holder will comply with the pre-approved generic EMPr template in <u>Section 1</u> and understands that the impact management outcomes and actions are legally binding.

(a) Amendments to Part B: Section 2 – site specific information and declaration

Should the EA be transferred, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new applicant/proponent and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of Regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted as part of such an application for an amendment to an EA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

PART A – GENERAL INFORMATION

1. **DEFINITIONS**

In this EMPr any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the NEMA or EIA Regulations has that meaning, and unless the context requires otherwise –

"clearing" means the clearing and removal of vegetation, whether partially or in whole, including trees and shrubs, as specified;

"construction camp" is the area designated for key construction infrastructure and services, including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;

"**contractor**" - The Contractor has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract, are in line with the Environmental Management Programme and that Method Statements are implemented as described.

"hazardous substance" is a substance governed by the Hazardous Substances Act, 1973 (Act No. 15 of 1973) as well as the Hazardous Chemical and Substances Regulations, 1995;

"method statement" means a written submission by the Contractor to the Project Manager in response to this EMPr or a request by the Project Manager and ECO. The method statement must set out the equipment, materials, labour and method(s) the Contractor proposes using to carry out an activity identified by the Project Manager when requesting the Method Statement. This must be done in such detail that the Project Manager and ECO is able to assess whether the Contractor's proposal is in accordance with this specification and/or will produce results in accordance with this specification;

The method statement must cover applicable details with regard to:

- (i) Construction procedures;
- (ii) Plant, materials and equipment to be used;
- (iii) Transporting the equipment to and from site;
- (iv) How the plant/ material/ equipment will be moved while on site;
- (v) How and where the plant/ material/ equipment will be stored;
- (vi) The containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- (vii) Timing and location of activities;
- (viii) Compliance/ non-compliance; and
- (ix) Any other information deemed necessary by the Project Manager.

"slope" means the inclination of a surface expressed as one unit of rise or fall for so many horizontal units;

"solid waste" means all solid waste, including construction debris, hazardous waste, excess cement/ concrete, wrapping materials, timber, cans, drums, wire, nails, food and domestic waste (e.g. plastic packets and wrappers);

"spoil" means excavated material which is unsuitable for use as material in the construction works or is material which is surplus to the requirements of the construction works;

"topsoil" means a varying depth (up to 300 mm) of the soil profile irrespective of the fertility, appearance, structure, agricultural potential, fertility and composition of the soil; and

"works" means the works to be executed in terms of the Contract

2. ACRONYMS and ABBREVIATIONS

СА	Competent Authority
cEO	Contractors Environmental Officer
dEO	Developer Environmental Officer
DPM	Developer Project Manager
DSS	Developer Site Supervisor
EAR	Environmental Audit Report
ECA	Environment Conservation Act No. 73 of 1989
ECO	Environmental Control Officer
EA	Environmental Authorisation
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
ERAP	Emergency Response Action Plan
EMPr	Environmental Management Programme Report
EAP	Environmental Assessment Practitioner
FPA	Fire Protection Agency
HCS	Hazardous chemical Substance
NEMA	National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998)
NEMBA	National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act ,2004 (Act No. 10
	of 2004)
NEMWA	National Environmental Management: Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008)
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet
RI&APs	Registered interested and affected parties

3. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) IMPLEMENTATION

The effective implementation of this generic EMPr is dependent on established and clear roles, responsibilities and reporting lines within an institutional framework. This section of the EMPr gives guidance to the various environmental roles and reporting lines, however, project specific requirements will ultimately determine the need for the appointment of specific person(s) to undertake specific roles and or responsibilities. As such, it must be noted that in the event that no specific person, for example, an environmental control officer (ECO) is appointed, the holder of the EA remains responsible for ensuring that the duties indicated in this document for action by the ECO are undertaken.

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer's Project Manager	Role
(DPM)	The Project Developer is accountable for ensuring compliance with the EMPr and any conditions of approval from the competent authority (CA). Where required, an environmental control officer (ECO) must be contracted by the Project Developer to objectively monitor the implementation of the EMPr according to relevant environmental legislation, and the conditions of the environmental authorisation (EA). The Project Developer is further responsible for providing and giving mandate to enable the ECO to perform responsibilities, and he must ensure that the ECO is integrated as part of the project team while remaining independent.
	 Responsibilities Be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA; Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Developer and its Contractor(s); Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; Monitor the implementation of the EMPr throughout the project by means of site inspections and meetings. Overall management of the project and EMPr implementation; and Ensure that periodic environmental performance audits are undertaken on the project implementation.
Developer Site Supervisor (DSS)	Role

Table 1: Guide to roles and responsibilities for implementation of an EMPr

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
	The DSS reports directly to the DPM, oversees site works, liaises with the contractor(s) and the ECO. The
	DSS is responsible for the day to day implementation of the EMPr and for ensuring the compliance of
	all contractors with the conditions and requirements stipulated in the EMPr.
	Responsibilities
	- Ensure that all contractors identify a contractor's Environmental Officer (cEO);
	- Must be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA. Oversees site works, liaison with Contractor,
	DPM and ECO;
	- Must ensure that all landowners have the relevant contact details of the site staff, ECO and cEO;
	- Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required;
	- Will issue all non-compliances to contractors; and
	- Ratify the Monthly Environmental Report.
Environmental Control Officer (ECO)	Role
	The ECO should have appropriate training and experience in the implementation of environmental
	management specifications. The primary role of the ECO is to act as an independent quality
	controller and monitoring agent regarding all environmental concerns and associated
	environmental impacts. In this respect, the ECO is to conduct periodic site inspections, attend
	regular site meetings, pre-empt problems and suggest mitigation and be available to advise on
	incidental issues that arise. The ECO is also required to conduct compliance audits, verifying the
	monitoring reports submitted by the cEO and dEO. The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project
	Manager regarding all environmental matters. The Contractor, cEO and dEO are answerable to the
	Environmental Control Officer for non- compliance with the Performance Specifications as set out in
	the EA and EMPr.
	The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager, who in turn reports back to the
	Contractor and potential and Registered Interested & Affected Parties (RI&APs), as required. Issues of
	non-compliance raised by the ECO must be taken up by the Project Manager, and resolved with the
	Contractor as per the conditions of his contract. Decisions regarding environmental procedures,
	specifications and requirements which have a cost implication (i.e. those that are deemed to be a

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
	variation, not allowed for in the Performance Specification) must be endorsed by the Project Manager.
	The ECO must also, as specified by the EA, report to the relevant CA as and when required.
	<u>Responsibilities</u>
	The responsibilities of the ECO will include the following:
	- Be aware of the findings and conclusions of all EA related to the development;
	- Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr;
	- Be conversant with relevant environmental legislation, policies and procedures, and ensure compliance with them;
	 Undertake regular and comprehensive site inspections / audits of the construction site according to the generic EMPr and applicable licenses in order to monitor compliance as required;
	- Educate the construction team about the management measures contained in the EMPr and environmental licenses;
	 Compilation and administration of an environmental monitoring plan to ensure that the environmental management measures are implemented and are effective;
	 Monitoring the performance of the Contractors and ensuring compliance with the EMPr and associated Method Statements;
	 In consultation with the Developer Site Supervisor order the removal of person(s) and/or equipment which are in contravention of the specifications of the EMPr and/or environmental licenses;
	 Liaison between the DPM, Contractors, authorities and other lead stakeholders on all environmental concerns;
	 Compile a regular environmental audit report highlighting any non-compliance issues as well as satisfactory or exceptional compliance with the EMPr;
	 Validating the regular site inspection reports, which are to be prepared by the contractor Environmental Officer (cEO);
	 Checking the cEO's record of environmental incidents (spills, impacts, legal transgressions etc) as well as corrective and preventive actions taken;

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities		
	- Checking the cEO's public complaints register in which all complaints are recorded, as well as		
	action taken;		
	- Assisting in the resolution of conflicts;		
	- Facilitate training for all personnel on the site – this may range from carrying out the training, to		
	reviewing the training programmes of the Contractor;		
	- In case of non-compliances, the ECO must first communicate this to the Senior Site Supervisor,		
	who has the power to ensure this matter is addressed. Should no action or insufficient action		
	be taken, the ECO may report this matter to the authorities as non-compliance;		
	- Maintenance, update and review of the EMPr;		
	- Communication of all modifications to the EMPr to the relevant stakeholders.		
developer Environmental Officer	Role		
(dEO)	The dEOs will report to the Project Manager and are responsible for implementation of the EMPr, environmental monitoring and reporting, providing environmental input to the Project Manager and Contractor's Manager, liaising with contractors and the landowners as well as a range of environmental coordination responsibilities.		
	Responsibilities		
	- Be fully conversant with the EMPr;		
	 Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr, and implement these measures; 		
	 Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Employees, Contractor(s); 		
	- Confine the development site to the demarcated area;		
	 Conduct environmental internal audits with regards to EMPr and authorisation compliance (on cEO); 		
	- Assist the contractors in addressing environmental challenges on site;		
	- Assist in incident management:		
	 Reporting environmental incidents to developer and ensuring that corrective action is taken, and lessons learnt shared; 		

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
	 Assist the contractor in investigating environmental incidents and compile investigation reports; Follow-up on pre-warnings, defects, non-conformance reports; Measure and communicate environmental performance to the Contractor; Conduct environmental awareness training on site together with ECO and cEO; Ensure that the necessary legal permits and / or licenses are in place and up to date; Acting as Developer's Environmental Representative on site and work together with the ECO and contractor;
Contractor	Role The Contractor appoints the cEO and has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract are in line with the EMPr and that Method Statements are implemented as described. External contractors must ensure compliance with this EMPr while performing the onsite activities as per their contract with the Project Developer. The contractors are required, where specified, to provide Method Statements setting out in detail how the impact management actions contained in the EMPr will be implemented during the development or expansion for overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure activities.
	 Responsibilities project delivery and quality control for the development services as per appointment; employ a suitably qualified person to monitor and report to the Project Developer's appointed person on the daily activities on-site during the construction period; ensure that safe, environmentally acceptable working methods and practices are implemented and that equipment is properly operated and maintained, to facilitate proper access and enable any operation to be carried out safely; attend on site meeting(s) prior to the commencement of activities to confirm the procedure and designated activity zones; ensure that contractors' staff repair, at their own cost, any environmental damage as a result of a contravention of the specifications contained in EMPr, to the satisfaction of the ECO.

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
contractor Environmental Officer (cEO)	Role Each Contractor affected by the EMPr should appoint a cEO, who is responsible for the on-site implementation of the EMPr (or relevant sections of the EMPr). The Contractor's representative can be the site agent; site engineer; a dedicated environmental officer; or an independent consultant. The Contractor must ensure that the Contractor's Representative is suitably qualified to perform the necessary tasks and is appointed at a level such that she/he can interact effectively with other site Contractors, labourers, the Environmental Control Officer and the public. As a minimum the cEO shall meet the following criteria:
	 Responsibilities Be on site throughout the duration of the project and be dedicated to the project; Ensure all their staff are aware of the environmental requirements, conditions and constraints with respect to all of their activities on site; Implementing the environmental conditions, guidelines and requirements as stipulated within the EA, EMPr and Method Statements; Attend the Environmental Site Meeting; Undertaking corrective actions where non-compliances are registered within the stipulated timeframes; Report back formally on the completion of corrective actions; Assist the ECO in maintaining all the site documentation; Prepare the site inspection reports and corrective action reports for submission to the ECO; Assist the ECO with the preparing of the monthly report; and Where more than one Contractor is undertaking work on site, each company appointed as a Contractor will appoint a cEO representing that company.

4. ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE

To ensure accountable and demonstrated implementation of the EMPr, a number of reporting systems, documentation controls and compliance mechanisms must be in place for all overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure projects as a minimum requirement.

4.1 Document control/Filing system

The holder of the EA is solely responsible for the upkeep and management of the EMPr file. At a minimum, all documentation detailed below will be stored in the EMPr file. A hard copy of all documentation shall be filed, while an electronic copy may be kept where relevant. A duplicate file will be maintained in the office of the DSS (where applicable). This duplicate file must remain current and up-to-date. The filing system must be updated and relevant documents added as required. The EMPr file must be made available at all times on request by the CA or other relevant authorities. The EMPr file will form part of any environmental audits undertaken as prescribed in the EIA Regulations.

4.2 Documentation to be available

At the outset of the project the following preliminary list of documents shall be placed in the filing system and be accessible at all times:

- Full copy of the signed EA from the CA in terms of NEMA, granting approval for the development or expansion;
- Copy of the generic and site specific EMPr as well as any amendments thereof;
- Copy of declaration of implementing generic EMPr and subsequent approval of site specific EMPr and amendments thereof;
- All method statements;
- Completed environmental checklists;
- Minutes and attendance register of environmental site meetings;
- An up-to-date environmental incident log;
- A copy of all instructions or directives issued;
- A copy of all corrective actions signed off. The corrective actions must be filed in such a way that a clear reference is made to the non-compliance record;
- Complaints register.

4.3 Weekly Environmental Checklist

The ECOs are required to complete a Weekly Environmental Checklist, the format of which is to be agreed prior to commencement of the activity. The ECOs are required to sign and date the checklist, retain a copy in the EMPr file and submit a copy of the completed checklist to the DSS on a weekly basis.

The checklists will form the basis for the Monthly Environmental Reports. Copies of all completed checklists will be attached as Annexures to the Environmental Audit Report as required in terms of the EIA Regulations.

4.4 Environmental site meetings

Minutes of the environmental site meetings shall be kept. The minutes must include an attendance register and will be attached to the Monthly Report that is distributed to attendees. Each set of minutes must clearly record "Matters for Attention" that will be reviewed at the next meeting.

4.5 Required Method Statements

The method statement will be done in such detail that the ECOs are enabled to assess whether the contractor's proposal is in accordance with the EMPr.

The method statement must cover applicable details with regard to:

- development procedures;
- materials and equipment to be used;
- getting the equipment to and from site;
- how the equipment/ material will be moved while on site;
- how and where material will be stored;
- the containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- timing and location of activities;
- compliance/ non-compliance with the EMPr; and
- any other information deemed necessary by the ECOs.

Unless indicated otherwise by the Project Manager, the Contractor shall provide the following method statements to the Project Manager no less than 14 days prior to the commencement date of the activity:

- Site establishment Camps, Lay-down or storage areas, satellite camps, infrastructure;
- Batch plants;
- Workshop or plant servicing;
- Handling, transport and storage of Hazardous Chemical Substances;
- Vegetation management Protected, clearing, aliens, felling;
- Access management Roads, gates, crossings etc.;
- Fire plan;
- Waste management transport, storage, segregation, classification, disposal (all waste streams);
- Social interaction complaints management, compensation claims, access to properties etc.;
- Water use (source, abstraction and disposal), access and all related information, crossings and mitigation;
- Emergency preparedness Spills, training, other environmental emergencies;
- Dust and noise management methodologies;
- Fauna interaction and risk management only if the risk was identified wildlife interaction especially on game farms; and
- Heritage and palaeontology management.

The ECOs shall monitor and ensure that the contractors perform in accordance with these method statements. Completed and agreed method statements between the holder of the EA and the contractor shall be captured in Appendix 1.

4.6 Environmental Incident Log (Diary)

The ECOs are required to maintain an up-to-date and current Environmental Incident Log (environmental diary). The Environmental Incident Log is a means to record all environmental incidents and/or all non-compliance notice would not be issued. An environmental incident is defined as:

- Any deviation from the listed impact management actions (listed in this EMPr) that may be addressed immediately by the ECOs. (For example a contractor's staff member littering or a drip tray that has not been emptied);
- Any environmental impact resulting from an action or activity by a contractor in contravention of the environmental stipulations and guidelines listed in the EMPr which as a single event would have a minor impact but which if cumulative and continuous would have a significant effect (for example no toilet paper available in the ablutions for an afternoon); and
- General environmental information such as road kills or injured wildlife.

The ECOs are to record all environmental incidents in the Environmental Incident Log. All incidents regardless of severity must be reported to the Developer. The Log is to be kept in the EMPr file and at a minimum the following will be recorded for each environmental incident:

- The date and time of the incident;
- Description of the incident;
- The name of the Contractor responsible;
- The incident must be listed as significant or minor;
- If the incident is listed as significant, a non-compliance notice must be issued, and recorded in the log;
- Remedial or corrective action taken to mitigate the incident; and
- Record of repeat minor offences by the same contractor or staff member.

The Environmental Incident Log will be captured in the EAR.

4.7 Non-compliance

A non-compliance notice will be issued to the responsible contractor by the ECOs via the DSS or Project Manager. The non-compliance notice will be issued in writing; a copy filed in the EMPr file and will at a minimum include the following:

- Time and date of the non-compliance;
- Name of the contractor responsible;
- Nature and description of the non-compliance;
- Recommended / required corrective action; and
- Date by which the corrective action to be completed.

• The contractors shall act immediately when a notice of non-compliance is received and correct whatever is the cause for the issuing of the notice. Complaints received regarding activities on the development site pertaining to the environment shall be recorded in a dedicated register and the response noted with the date and action taken. The ECO should be made aware of any complaints. Any non-compliance with the agreed procedures of the EMPr is a transgression of the various statutes and laws that define the manner by which the environment is managed. Failure to redress the cause shall be reported to the relevant CA for them to deal with the transgression, as it deems fit. The contractor is deemed not to have complied with the EMPr if, inter alia, There is a deviation from the environmental conditions, impact management outcomes and impact management actions , as approved in generic and site specific EMPr as relevant as set out in the EMPr, which deviation has, or may cause, an environmental impact.

4.8 Corrective action records

For each non-compliance notice issued, a documented corrective action must be recorded. On receiving a non-compliance notice from the DSS, the contractor's cEO will ensure that the corrective actions required take place within the stipulated timeframe. On completion of the corrective action the cEO is to issue a Corrective Action Report in writing to the ECOs. If satisfied that the corrective action has been completed, the ECOs are to sign-off on the Corrective Action Report, and attach the report to the non-compliance notice in the EMPr file. A corrective action is considered complete once the report has signed off by the ECOs.

4.9 Photographic record

A digital photographic record will be kept. The photographic record will be used to show before, during and post rehabilitation evidence of the project as well used in cases of damages claims if they arise. Each image must be dated and a brief description note attached.

The Contractor shall:

1. Allow the ECOs access to take photographs of all areas, activities and actions.

The ECOs shall keep an electronic database of photographic records which will include:

- 1. Pictures of all areas designated as work areas, camp areas, development sites and storage areas taken before these areas are set up;
- 2. All bunding and fencing;
- 3. Road conditions and road verges;
- 4. Condition of all farm fences;
- 5. Topsoil storage areas;
- 6. All areas to be cordoned off during construction;
- 7. Waste management sites;
- 8. Ablution facilities (inside and out);
- 9. Any non-conformances deemed to be "significant";
- 10. All completed corrective actions for non-compliances;
- 11. All required signage;

- 12. Photographic recordings of incidents;
- 13. All areas before, during and post rehabilitation; and
- 14. Include relevant photographs in the Final Environmental Audit Report.

4.10 Complaints register

The ECOs shall keep a current and up-to-date complaints register. The complaints register is to be a record of all complaints received from communities, stakeholders and individuals. The Complaints Record shall:

- 1. Record the name and contact details of the complainant;
- 2. Record the time and date of the complaint;
- 3. Contain a detailed description of the complaint;
- 4. Where relevant and appropriate, contain photographic evidence of the complaint or damage (ECOs to take relevant photographs); and
- 5. Contain a copy of the ECOs written response to each complaint received and keep a record of any further correspondence with the complainant. The ECO's written response will include a description of any corrective action to be taken and must be signed by the Contractor, ECO and affected party. Where a damage claim is issued by the complainant, the ECOs shall respond as described in (section 4.11) below.

4.11 Claims for damages

In the event that a Claim for Damages is submitted by a community, landowner or individual, the ECOs shall:

- 1. Record the full detail of the complaint as described in (section 4.10) above;
- 2. The DPM will evaluate the claim and associated damage and submit the evaluation to the Senior Site Representative for approval;
- 3. Following consideration by the DPM, the claim is to be resolved and settled immediately, or the reason for not accepting the claim communicated in writing to the claimant. Should the claimant not accept this, the ECO shall, in writing report the incident to the Developer's negotiator and legal department; and
- 4. A formal record of the response by the ECOs to the claimant as well as the rectification of the method of making payments not amount will be recorded in the EMPr file.
- 4.12 Interactions with affected parties

Open, transparent and good relations with affected landowners, communities and regional staff are an essential aspect to the successful management and mitigation of environmental impacts.

The ECOs shall:

1. Ensure that all queries, complaints and claims are dealt within an agreed timeframe;

- 2. Ensure that any or all agreements are documented, signed by all parties and a record of the agreement kept in the EMPr file;
- 3. Ensure that a complaints telephone numbers are made available to all landowners and affected parties; and
- 4. Ensure that contact with affected parties is courteous at all times;

4.13 Environmental audits

Internal environmental audits of the activity and implementation of the EMPr must be undertaken. The findings and outcomes must be included in the EMPr file and be submitted to the CA at intervals as indicated in the EA.

An Environmental Audit Report must be prepared monthly. The report will be tabled as the key point on the agenda of the Environmental Site Meeting. The Report is submitted for acceptance at the meeting and the final report will be circulated to the Project Manager and filed in the EMPr file. At a frequency determined by the EA, the ECOs shall submit the monthly reports to the CA. At a minimum the monthly report is to cover the following:

- Weekly Environmental Checklists;
- Deviations and non-compliances with the checklists;
- Non-compliances issued;
- Completed and reported corrective actions;
- Environmental Monitoring;
- General environmental findings and actions; and
- Minutes of the Bi-monthly Environmental Site Meetings.
- 4.14 Final environmental audits

On final completion of the rehabilitation and/or requirements of the EA a final EAR is to be prepared and submitted to the CA. The EAR must comply with Appendix 7 of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 1: Pre-approved generic EMPr template

5. IMPACT MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES AND IMPACT MANAGEMENT ACTIONS

This section provides a pre-approved generic EMPr template with aspects that are common to the development of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure. There is a list of aspects identified for the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure, and for each aspect a set of prescribed impact management outcomes and associated impact management actions have been identified. Holders of EAs are responsible to ensure the implementation of these outcomes and actions for all projects as a minimum requirement, in order to mitigate the impact of such aspects identified for the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure.

The template provided below is to be completed by providing the information under each heading for each environmental impact management action.

The completed template must be signed and dated on each page by both the contractor and the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as Appendix 1. Each method statement must also be duly signed and dated on each page by the contactor and the holder of the EA. This template, once signed and dated, is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

5.1 Environmental awareness training

Impact management outcome: All onsite staff are aware and understand the individual responsibilities in terms of this EMPr.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- All staff must receive environmental awareness training	ECO/cEO/dEO	Hold	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
prior to commencement of the activities;		environmental	Construction	dEO	and when	register and
		awareness	and Operations		required	training minutes
		training				/ notes for the
		workshops				record
- The Contractor must allow for sufficient sessions to train	Contractor	Scheduling of	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
all personnel with no more than 20 personnel attending		sufficient	Construction	dEO	and when	register and
each course;		sessions through			required	training minutes
		consultation with				/ notes for the
		the ECO / cEO /				record
		dEO				
- Refresher environmental awareness training is	cEO / dEO in	Hold refresher	During the	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
available as and when required;	consultation with	environmental	construction	dEO	and when	register and
	the ECO	awareness	phase		required	training minutes
		training				/ notes for the
		workshops				record
- All staff are aware of the conditions and controls linked	cEO / dEO	Hold training	During the	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
to the EA and within the EMPr and made aware of their		workshops and	construction	dEO	and when	register and
individual roles and responsibilities in achieving		ensure that the	phase		required	training minutes
compliance with the EA and EMPr;		EA and EMPr is				/ notes for the
		readily available				record

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- The Contractor must erect and maintain information	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
posters at key locations on site, and the posters must		place	Construction	dEO		record
include the following information as a minimum:		appropriate		cEO		
a) Safety notifications; and		posters at key				
b) No littering.		locations				
- Environmental awareness training must include as a	cEO / dEO in	Develop	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the	Environmental
minimum the following:	consultation with	environmental	Construction	dEO	commencemen	awareness
a) Description of significant environmental	the ECO	awareness			t of the	training material
impacts, actual or potential, related to their		training material			environmental	requirements
work activities;		which covers the			awareness	checklist
b) Mitigation measures to be implemented		minimum			training	
when carrying out specific activities;		requirements				
c) Emergency preparedness and response						
procedures;						
d) Emergency procedures;						
e) Procedures to be followed when working						
near or within sensitive areas;						
f) Wastewater management procedures;						
 g) Water usage and conservation; 						
 h) Solid waste management procedures; 						
i) Sanitation procedures;						
j) Fire prevention; and						
k) Disease prevention.						
- A record of all environmental awareness training	ECO/cEO/dEO	Filing system	During the	ECO	Monthly	Completed and
courses undertaken as part of the EMPr must be		including all	construction	dEO		up to date filing
available;		proof of training	phase			system with
		(i.e. attendance				proof of training
		register and				
		training minutes				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		/ notes for the				
		record)				
- Educate workers on the dangers of open and/or	cEO / dEO in	Develop	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the	Environmental
unattended fires;	consultation with	environmental	Construction	dEO	commencemen	awareness
	the ECO	awareness			t of the	training material
		training material			environmental	requirements
		which covers the			awareness	checklist
		dangers of open			training	
		and/or				
		unattended fire				
- A staff attendance register of all staff to have received	ECO/cEO/dEO	Filing system	During the	ECO	Monthly	Completed and
environmental awareness training must be available.		including all	construction	dEO		up to date filing
		proof of training	phase			system inclusive
		(i.e. attendance				of all
		register)				attendance
						registers
- Course material must be available and presented in	ECO/cEO/dEO	Develop	During the	ECO	Monthly	Environmental
appropriate languages that all staff can understand.		environmental	construction	dEO		awareness
		awareness	phase			training material
		training material				requirements
		in the required				checklist and
		languages.				the training
		Training material				register which
		must by readily				must indicate
		available to all				the language of
		staff				the training

Impact management outcome: Impacts on the environment are minimised during site establishment and the development footprint are kept to demarcated development area.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
A method statement must be provided by the contractor prior to any onsite activity that includes the layout of the construction camp in the form of a plan showing the location of key infrastructure and services (where applicable), including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous materials storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;	Contractor	Development of an appropriate method statement	Pre-construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of the method statement which complies with the minimum requirements listed
 Location of construction camps must be within approved area to ensure that the site does not impact on sensitive areas identified in the environmental assessment or site walk through; 	DPM	Place construction camps outside of sensitive areas identified in the Basic Assessment Report	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of a layout and sensitivity map indicating avoidance of sensitive areas
 Sites must be located where possible on previously disturbed areas; 	DPM	Place site outside of	Pre-construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of a layout and

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		sensitive areas and within previously disturbed areas identified in the BA Report				sensitivity map indicating avoidance of sensitive areas and placement within disturbed areas
 The camp must be fenced in accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing and gate installation; and 	DPM	Design and implementation of fencing as per the requirements of Section 5.5 of this EMPr	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction and once during the construction of the fencing	The camp is fenced in
 The use of existing accommodation for contractor staff, where possible, is encouraged. 	DPM	Identify existing accommodatio n for contactor staff	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Contractor staff are accommodate d in existing accomodation

5.3 Access restricted areas

Impact management outcome: Access to restricted areas prevented.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Identification of access restricted areas is to be informed by the environmental assessment, site walk through and any additional areas identified during development; 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the ECO	Spatially demarcate access restricted areas informed by the BA Report	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to construction	Access restricted areas are identified and provided in a spatial format
 Erect, demarcate and maintain a temporary barrier with clear signage around the perimeter of any access restricted area, colour coding could be used if appropriate; and 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the ECO	Erect appropriate temporary barriers around access restricted areas	At the commencement and for the duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Access restricted areas are closed-off through temporary barriers and barriers are maintained to a sufficient standard
 Unauthorised access and development related activity inside access restricted areas is prohibited. 	Contractor / dEO / cEO	Erect appropriate temporary barriers around access restricted areas and provide clear signage of restricted status	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Photographic evidence and notes of compliance that no unauthorised access or activities has taken place within the access restricted areas

5.4 Access roads

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment through the planned and restricted movement of vehicles on site.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Access to the servitude and tower positions must be	DPM	Undertake	Pre-construction	deo	Ongoing	Proof of
negotiated with the relevant landowner and must fall		negotiations for	Construction		throughout	negotiations
within the assessed and authorised area;		access to the	Operation		construction	with affected
		servitude and			and operation	landowners and
		tower positions				requirements for
		with landowners				access to the
		affected by the				servitude and
		power line				tower positions in
						the form of
						written and
						signed
						agreements
- An access agreement must be formalised and signed	DPM	Develop access	Pre-construction	dEO	Once, prior to	Availability of
by the DPM, Contractor and landowner before	Contractor	agreements with		ECO	construction	approved and
commencing with the activities;		the affected				signed
		landowners.				negotiations
		Ensure that				
		agreements are				
		approved and				
		signed				
- The access roads to tower positions must be	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction	cEO / ECO	Once, prior to	Photographic
signposted after access has been negotiated and		install signs to			construction	record of
before the commencement of the activities;		indicate access				signposted
						access roads
						and GPS co-
						ordinates of

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						where these are placed
 All private roads used for access to the servitude must be maintained and upon completion of the works, be left in at least the original condition 	Contractor	Undertake maintenance activities on private roads used for construction as degradation takes place	During the construction phase	cEO / ECO	Weekly	Photographic record of the pre-construction condition and degradation of roads, and records of the implementation and effectiveness of maintenance activities
 All contractors must be made aware of all the access routes. 	dEO / cEO	Develop a map illustrating all access routes associated with the project and present and provide the map to all contractors	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Once, prior to construction	Access routes map readily available
 Any access route deviation from that in the written agreement must be closed and re-vegetated immediately, at the contractor's expense; 	Contractor	All access routes developed that are not in-line with the access route agreements	Construction and Rehabilitation	CEO ECO	Bi-weekly (every two weeks)	Photographic record of the closure of access roads and re- vegetation

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		must be closed and re- habilitated to the pre- disturbance state				
 Maximum use of both existing servitudes and existing roads must be made to minimise further disturbance through the development of new roads; 	Contractor	Existing access routes to be used must be specified and the development of new roads must be avoided as far as possible	Construction and operation	cEO Operation and maintenance team	Weekly	Implementation of the approved layout
 In circumstances where private roads must be used, the condition of the said roads must be recorded in accordance with section 4.9: photographic record; prior to use and the condition thereof agreed by the landowner, the DPM, and the contractor; 	dEO / cEO	Record the conditions of private roads to be used (prior to use) as per the requirements of section 4.9 and agree on the required condition of the roads with the landowner, DPM and contractor	During the construction phase	ECO	Prior to the use of private roads	Photographic record and proof of the road conditions agreed upon with the relevant parties

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Access roads in flattish areas must follow fence lines	DPM and	Design access	Pre-construction	ECO	Once during the	Implementation	
and tree belts to avoid fragmentation of vegetated	Contractor	roads to follow			design and	of the approved	
areas or croplands;		fence lines and			once prior to	layout	
		avoid			construction		
		vegetated areas					
- Access roads must only be developed on pre-planned	Contractor	Construction of	During the	ECO once	Once during the	Implementation	
and approved roads.		access roads	construction	during the	design and	of the approved	
		only on pre-	phase	design	weekly during	layout	
		planned and		dEO	the construction		
		approved			of access roads		
		access roads					

5.5 Fencing and Gate installation

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and gates where required.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Use existing gates provided to gain access to all parts	Contractor	Identify and	Pre-construction	dEO	Monthly	Existing gates
of the area authorised for development, where		inform all	& Construction			are utilised on a
possible;		relevant staff of				frequent basis
		the existing				and only limited
		gates to be used				new access
						gates are
						developed
- Existing and new gates to be recorded and	ECO	Existing and new	During the	ECO	Once, when the	Photographic
documented in accordance with section 4.9:		gates will be	construction		construction of	record of the
photographic record;		recorded and	phase		all new gates	existing and new
		documented as			have been	gates as per the
		per the			completed	requirements of
		requirements of				section4.9
		section 4.9				
- All gates must be fitted with locks and be kept locked	Contractor	Ensure all	Construction	ECO monthly,	Bi-weekly (every	All gates are
at all times during the development phase, unless		relevant gates	and Operation	Operation and	second week)	locked and no
otherwise agreed with the landowner;		are fitted with		maintenance		complaints from
		locks and are		team and		landowners are
		always locked		cEO		received in this
						regard
- At points where the line crosses an existing fence in	dEO	Install new gates	During the	ECO	Once, prior to	New gates are
which there is no suitable gate within the extent of the		where required	construction		construction	installed where
		with the	phase		and during the	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1		Monitoring		compliance the power line
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
line servitude, on the instruction of the DPM, a gate must be installed at the approval of the landowner;		approval of the affected landowner			construction phase, as and when required	the power line crosses fences
 Care must be taken that the gates must be so erected that there is a gap of no more than 100 mm between the bottom of the gate and the ground; 	Contractor	Install gates in a manner so that there is a gap of no more than 100mm between the bottom of the gate and the ground	During the construction phase	CEO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase	New gates installed as per the requirement
 Where gates are installed in jackal proof fencing, a suitable reinforced concrete sill must be provided beneath the gate; 	Contractor	Implement a reinforced concrete sill beneath gates installed for jackal proofing	During the construction phase	CEO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase	New gates installed as per the requirement
- Original tension must be maintained in the fence wires;	Contractor	Maintain original tension of fences through required activities	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No tension reduction on fence wires
 All gates installed in electrified fencing must be re- electrified; 	Contractor	Electrify gates installed in electrified fencing	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase	Gates installed in electrified fencing is electrified

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All demarcation fencing and barriers must be maintained in good working order for the duration of overhead transmission and distribution electricity infrastructure development activities; 	Contractor	Undertake maintenance activities on fences and barriers	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of maintained fences and barriers
 Fencing must be erected around the camp, batching plants, hazardous storage areas, and all designated access restricted areas, where appropriate and would not cause harm to the sensitive flora; 	Contractor	Fence construction camps, batching plants, hazardous storage areas and access restricted areas. Avoid sensitive flora	During the construction phase	ECO	Once during the erection of fencing	Photographic record of fences erected
 Any temporary fencing to restrict the movement of livestock must only be erected with the permission of the landowner. 	dEO/ cEO Contractor	Obtain written approval from the relevant landowner where temporary fencing is required to restrict livestock movement	During the construction phase	ECO	To be monitored as temporary fencing is required	Written approval to be provided by the dEO
 All fencing must be developed of high quality material bearing the SABS mark; 	Contractor	Make use of high quality materials approved by SABS	During the construction phase	CEO	To be monitored as fencing is erected during the construction phase	Use of high quality materials for fencing approved by SABS

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 The use of razor wire as fencing must be avoided as far as possible; Fenced areas with gate access must remain locked after hours, during weekends and on holidays if staff is away from site. Site security will be required at all times; 	personContractorDSSContractor	ImplementationRazor wire mustnot be sourcedor used for theerectionerectionofEnsurefencingEnsurefencedareas are lockedasrequiredthroughtheimplementationof a formalisedprocess.Appointasecurity	ImplementationDuringtheconstructionphasetheconstructionphase	ECO DPM and Contractor	To be monitored as fencing is erected during the construction phase DPM and Contractor	ComplianceFences erected do not make use of razor wireFencesare locked and no complaints from landowners are received.received.A security companycompanyis appointed
 On completion of the development phase all temporary fences are to be removed; 	Contractor	company Removal of all temporary fences	At the end of the Construction Phase	ECO dEO	Once, following the completion of the construction phase	No temporary fences associated with the project is present following the completion of the construction phase
 The contractor must ensure that all fence uprights are appropriately removed, ensuring that no uprights are cut at ground level but rather removed completely. 	Contractor	Appropriate removal of all fence uprights	At the end of the Construction Phase	ECO dEO	Once, following the completion of the construction phase	No fence uprights associated with the project is present following the

Impact Management Actions	Implementation /			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						completion of the construction phase

5.6 Water Supply Management

Impact management outcome: Undertake responsible water usage.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All abstraction points or bore holes must be registered with the DWS and suitable water meters installed to ensure that the abstracted volumes are measured on a daily basis; 	DPM and Contractor	Obtaining relevant registrations from DWS and installation of water meters	Pre-construction	CEO	To be monitored with the installation of water meters and daily during construction and operation	Use of high quality water meters
 The Contractor must ensure the following: a. The vehicle abstracting water from a river does not enter or cross it and does not operate from within the river; b. No damage occurs to the river bed or banks and that the abstraction of water does not entail stream diversion activities; and 	Not applicable - water will not be abstracted from a river					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
c. All reasonable measures to limit pollution or sedimentation of the downstream watercourse are implemented.		•					
 Ensure water conservation is being practiced by: a. Minimising water use during cleaning of equipment; b. Undertaking regular audits of water systems; and c. Including a discussion on water usage and conservation during environmental awareness training. d. The use of grey water is encouraged. 	Contractor / dEO / cEO in consultation with the ECO	Implement the required water conservation measures throughout on- site construction processes	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Successful implementation of water conservation	

5.7 Storm and waste water management

Impact management outcome: Impacts to the environment caused by stormwater and wastewater discharges during construction are avoided.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Runoff from the cement/ concrete batching areas	Contractor	Implement	During the	cEO	Weekly	No
must be strictly controlled, and contaminated water		measures for the	construction			mismanagement
must be collected, stored and either treated or		control and	phase			of runoff or
disposed of off-site, at a location approved by the		management of				contaminated
project manager;		runoff				water due to the
						temporary
						concrete
						batching plant
- All spillage of oil onto concrete surfaces must be	Contractor and	Obtain	During the	ECO	Monthly	Availability of
controlled by the use of an approved absorbent	cEO	approved	Construction			approved
material and the used absorbent material disposed of		absorbent	Phase			absorbent
at an appropriate waste disposal facility;		material and				material at the
		make use of				construction site
		licensed waste				and proof of
		disposal facilities				disposal of oil at
		for disposal of oil				licensed disposal
						facilities
- Natural stormwater runoff not contaminated during	DPM in	Consultation	During the	ECO	As and when	Proof of
the development and clean water can be discharged	consultation with	between the	construction		the need arises	consultation
directly to watercourses and water bodies, subject to	the ECO	DPM and the	phase		to discharge	between the DPM
the Project Manager's approval and support by the		ECO to			natural	and ECO and the
ECO;		determine if			stormwater	outcomes thereof
		water can be			runoff and	to be provided.
		discharged			clean water	Proof of water
		directly into				

water bodies	quality testing and
(where present).	the results thereof.
The necessary	
water quality	
testing must be	
undertaken prior	
to discharge	

5.8 Solid and hazardous waste management

Impact management outcome: Waste is appropriately stored, handled and safely disposed of at a recognised waste facility.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- All measures regarding waste management must be	Contractor	Develop and	During the	ECO	Monthly	Implementation
undertaken using an integrated waste management		implement a	construction			of the waste
approach;		waste	phase			management
		management				plan and proof
		plan				of waste
						management
						through proof of
						responsible
						disposal
- Sufficient, covered waste collection bins (scavenger	Contractor	Provision of	During the	cEO	Weekly	Appropriate
and weatherproof) must be provided;		appropriate	construction			waste collection
		waste collection	phase			bins are
		bins strategically				available
		placed				throughout the
						site

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		throughout the site				
 A suitably positioned and clearly demarcated waste collection site must be identified and provided; 	DPM and Contractor	Identify an appropriate location for the waste collection site which must be clearly demarcated through signage and temporary fencing	Design and Construction Phase	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	A waste collection site is appropriately placed and demarcated
- The waste collection site must be maintained in a clean and orderly manner;	Contractor	Regular collection of waste and maintenance of the area must be undertaken as per the waste requirements for the project during construction	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	The waste collection site is maintained and clean
 Waste must be segregated into separate bins and clearly marked for each waste type for recycling and safe disposal; 	Contractor	Provide separate and marked bins for the different waste types associated with	During the Construction Phase	cEO	Weekly	Separate waste bins are available on site and waste generated is separated into the relevant bins

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		the construction				
		phase				
 Staff must be trained in waste segregation; 	cEO / dEO in	Include waste	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly, and as	Environmental
	consultation with	segregation as	Construction		and when	awareness
	the ECO	part of the			required	training material
		environmental				requirements
		awareness				checklist
		training material.				
 Bins must be emptied regularly; 	Contractor	Bins must be	During the	ECO	Monthly	No
		emptied before	construction			mismanagemen
		reaching total	phase			t of bins.
		capacity and on				
		a regular basis as				
		required for the				
		project				
- General waste produced onsite must be disposed of	Contractor	Disposal of	During the	ECO	Monthly	Disposal
at registered waste disposal sites/ recycling company;		general waste at	construction			certificates of
		licensed waste	phase			disposal at
		disposal facilities				licensed facilities
		must be				to be provided
		undertaken as				
		per the waste				
		management				
		plan				
- Hazardous waste must be disposed of at a registered	Contractor	Disposal of	During the	ECO	Monthly	Disposal
waste disposal site;		hazardous waste	construction			certificates of
		at licensed	phase			disposal at
		waste disposal				licensed facilities
		facilities must be				to be provided
		undertaken as				,

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		per the waste				
		management				
		plan				
- Certificates of safe disposal for general, hazardous	Contractor	Obtain	During the	ECO	Monthly	Disposal
and recycled waste must be maintained.		certificates for	construction			certificates of
		safe disposal of	phase			disposal at
		waste				licensed facilities
						to be provided
						and filed as part
						of the filing
						system

5.9 Protection of watercourses

Impact management outcome: Pollution and contamination of the watercourse environment and erosion are prevented.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
 All watercourses must be protected from direct or indirect spills of pollutants such as sewage, cement, oils, fuels, chemicals, aggregate tailings, wash and contaminated water or organic material resulting from the Contractor's activities; 		Contractor to undertake activities which can cause spills of pollutants outside of watercourses		CEO	Weekly	No incidents reported of spillage of pollutants into watercourses	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 In the event of a spill, prompt action must be taken to 	Contractor and	Develop a	During the	cEO	Weekly	Feedback must
clear the polluted or affected areas;	cEO	management	construction			be provided by
		plan or process	phase			the contractor in
		for				terms of how the
		implementation				spill was handled
		should a spill				and
		take place				photographic
						evidence of the
						feedback must
						be provided and
						kept on record
- Where possible, no development equipment must	Not applicable –					
traverse any seasonal or permanent wetland	no watercourses					
	within project					
	site					
- Development of permanent watercourse crossing	Not applicable –					
must only be undertaken where no alternative access	no watercourses					
to tower position is available;	within project					
	site					
- There must not be any impact on the long-term	Not applicable –					
morphological dynamics of watercourses;	no watercourses					
	within project					
	site					
- Upgrading of Existing crossing points must be favoured	Not applicable –					
over the creation of new crossings (including	no watercourses					
temporary access)"	within project					
	site					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence compliance	of
 When working in or near any watercourse, the following environmental controls and consideration must be taken: a) Water levels during the period of construction; b) Unless authorised, there should be no altering of the bed, banks, course or characteristics of a watercourse c) During the execution of the works, appropriate measures to prevent pollution and contamination of the riparian environment must be implemented e.g. including ensuring that construction equipment is well maintained; d) Where earthwork is being undertaken in close proximity to any watercourse, slopes must be stabilised using suitable materials, i.e. sandbags or geotextile fabric, to prevent sand and rock from entering the channel; and e) Appropriate rehabilitation and re-vegetation measures for the watercourse banks must be implemented timeously. In this regard, the banks should be appropriately and incrementally stabilised as soon as development allows. 	Not applicable – no watercourses within project site						

5.10 Vegetation clearing

Impact management outcome: Vegetation clearing is restricted to the authorised development footprint of the proposed infrastructure.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
General:						
 Indigenous vegetation which does not interfere with the development must be left undisturbed; 	cEO and contractor	Demarcate areas of indigenous vegetation to be avoided before clearance is undertaken	Construction and operation (i.e. for maintenance purposes)	ECO monthly, Operation and maintenance team weekly	Weekly, and as and when required	No unnecessary clearance of indigenous vegetation is undertaken
 Protected or endangered species may occur on or near the development site. Special care should be taken not to damage such species; 	Contractor	Demarcate areas containing protected or endangered species to be avoided by construction activities	During the Construction Phase	ECO monthly and Operation and maintenance team weekly	Weekly, and as and when required	No clearance of protected or endangered species other than those permitted to be removed
 Search, rescue and replanting of all protected and endangered species likely to be damaged during project development must be identified by the relevant specialist and completed prior to any development or clearing; 	Relevant specialist in consultation with the Contractor	Develop and implement a Plant Search and Rescue Plan	Pre-construction & Construction	CEO	Weekly, and as and when required	Implementation of the Plant Search and Rescue Plan and photographic evidence and notes of the

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						implementation of the plan
 Permits for removal must be obtained from the Department of Environment, Forestry and Fisheries (DEFF) prior to the cutting or clearing of the affected species, and they must be filed; and from the Department of Agriculture, Environmental Affairs, Rural Development and Land Reform for protected plants 	DPM	Undertake the permitting process in order to obtain the relevant permits for the removal of protected species. Permits must be kept on file	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of the construction phase and removal of the protected species	DEFF permits on file
 The Environmental Audit Report must confirm that all identified species have been rescued and replanted and that the location of replanting is compliant with conditions of approvals; 	ECO	Ensure that the audit report indicates all species rescued and replanted and provides feedback in terms of compliance with the conditions of permits for replanting	During the Construction Phase and following the completion of the Construction Phase	ECO	Once off or as and when required	ECO confirmed rescued and replanted programme implemented correctly.
 Trees felled due to construction must be documented and form part of the Environmental Audit Report; 	ECO	Ensure that the audit report documents the	DuringtheConstructionPhaseandfollowingthe	ECO	Once off or as and when required	ECO confirms documentation of trees felled

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		details of trees	completion of			
		felled	the Construction			
			Phase			
- Rivers and watercourses must be kept clear of felled	Contractor	Felled trees,	During the	ECO	Monthly	No felled trees,
trees, vegetation cuttings and debris;		vegetation	Construction			vegetation
		cuttings and	Phase			cuttings and
		debris must be				debris are
		disposed of at a				dumped in
		licensed waste				inappropriate
		disposal facility				locations and
						disposal
						certificates are
						available as
						proof of
						responsible
						disposal
- Only a registered pest control operator may apply	DPM qnd	A suitably	Construction	ECO	As and when the	Only registered
herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial	Contractor	qualified pest	and Operation		use of herbicides	pest control
application must be carried out under the supervision		control operator			is required	operators must
of a registered pest control operator that is		must be				be appointed
appropriately trained;		appointed				and proof of
						their registration
						must be
						provided
- A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of	Contractor	Develop a daily	During the	ECO	Monthly	Daily register
herbicide usage;		register for the	construction			provided by the
		documentation	phase			pest control
		of the details of				operator
		herbicide usage				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 All protected species and sensitive vegetation not removed must be clearly marked and such areas fenced off in accordance to Section 5.3: Access restricted areas. 	Contractor in consultation with the cEO	Spatially demarcate protected species and sensitive vegetation and implement appropriate fencing where required as per section 5.3	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, during the undertaking of the demarcation of the areas and the erection of the fencing	Demarcation and fencing is undertaken in- line with the requirements of section 5.3
Servitude:		3601011 0.0				
 Vegetation that does not grow high enough to cause interference with overhead transmission and distribution infrastructures, or cause a fire hazard to any plantation, must not be cut or trimmed unless it is growing in the road access area, and then only at the discretion of the Project Manager; 	Contractor in consultation with the DPM	Identify areas of vegetation not to be trimmed.	Construction and Operation	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Monthly	An indication of the areas where vegetation has not been trimmed or where vegetation has been removed from access roads must be provided.
 Where clearing for access purposes is essential, the maximum width to be cleared within the servitude must be in accordance to distance as agreed between the landowner and the EA holder; 	Contractor	Clearing for access must be undertaken as per the requirements provided by the	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof must be provided that only agreed upon areas have been cleared

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		landowner and				
		the EA holder				
 Alien invasive vegetation must be removed according 	Contractor	Undertake	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as	Proof must be
to a plan (in line with relevant municipal and provincial		removal of alien	and Operation	Operation and	and when	provided that
procedures, guidelines and recommendations) and		invasive		maintenance	required	alien invasive
disposed of at a recognised waste disposal facility;		vegetation in		team		vegetation has
		accordance				been cleared in
		with the relevant				accordance to
		guideline				the relevant
		relevant and				guideline and
		ensure the				that the
		vegetation is				vegetation was
		disposed of at a				disposed of at a
		licensed waste				licensed waste
		disposal facility				disposal facility
- Vegetation must be trimmed where it is likely to intrude	Contractor	Develop a	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as	Proof must be
on the minimum vegetation clearance distance		procedure for	and operation	Operation and	and when	provided that
(MVCD) or will intrude on this distance before the next		the trimming of		maintenance	required	vegetation is
scheduled clearance. MVCD is determined from SANS		vegetation in		team		trimmed in
10280;		terms of the				accordance
		listed				with the listed
		requirements				requirements
- Debris resulting from clearing and pruning must be	Contractor	Dispose of the	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as	Proof must be
disposed of at a recognised waste disposal facility,		debris in	and operation	Operation and	and when	provided that
unless the landowners wish to retain the cut		accordance		maintenance	required	the debris has
vegetation;		with the waste		team		been disposed
		management				of at a licensed
		plan				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
						waste disposal	
						facility	
- In the case of the development of new overhead	Contractor	Develop a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Proof of	
transmission and distribution infrastructures, a one		procedure for	& Construction		the	implementation	
metre "trace-line" must be cut through the vegetation		the cutting of			commencement	of the	
for stringing purposes only and no vehicle access must		vegetation for			of construction	procedure for	
be cleared along the "trace-line". Alternative		stringing				the cutting of	
methods of stringing that limit impact to the		purposes				vegetation for	
environment must always be considered.						stringing	
						purposes	

5.11 Protection of fauna

Impact management outcome: Minimise disturbance to fauna and avifauna.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- No interference with livestock must occur without the	dEO / cEO	Develop a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Written consent
landowner's written consent and with the landowner	Contractor	procedure for	and during the		the	provided by the
or a person representing the landowner being present;		dealing with	construction		commencemen	landowner and
		livestock within	phase		t of construction	proof of
		the affected			and as and	representation
		properties			when required	of the
					during the	landowner
					construction	during
					phase	interference

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 The breeding sites of raptors and other wild bird species must be taken into consideration during the planning of the development programme; 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Ensure that the planning and development programme considers	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and as and	The planning and development programme includes the
		breeding sites for wild bird species			when required	consideration of breeding sites for wild bird species
 Breeding sites must be kept intact and disturbance to breeding birds must be avoided. Special care must be taken where nestlings or fledglings are present; 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Avoid breeding sites and ensure that special care	During the Construction Phase	ECO monthly, cEO and Operation and	Weekly, and as an when required during	Photographic record of intact breeding sites
		is taken in the presence of nestlings and fledglings	Operation Phase	maintenance team weekly	the construction. Monthly, and as and when required during operation	breeding sites
 Nesting sites on existing parallel lines must be documented; 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the ECO	Walk-downs of the existing lines located parallel to the project must be undertaken and nests and the details thereof documented	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Quarterly, and as and when required	Details of walk- downs undertaken must be noted and kept on file and photographic records of nesting sites must be kept
 Special recommendations of the avian specialist must be adhered to at all times to prevent unnecessary disturbance of birds; 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	All mitigation measures recommended by the avifauna	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Monthly during construction and monthly during operation	Photographic record of compliance and successful implementation

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		specialist must				of	the
		be implemented				recommende	ed
						measures	
- Bird guards and diverters must be installed on the new	dEO / cEO in	Recommendati	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Photographic	2
line as per the recommendations of the specialist;	consultation with	ons made by the	Construction	Operation and	and when	record	of
	the Contractor	specialist for the	Phase	maintenance	required	implementati	ion
		installation of	Operation Phase	team		and	
		bird guards and				maintenance	e of
		diverters must be				bird guards a	and
		adhered to and				diverters	
		implemented as					
		appropriate.					
		Bird guards and					
		diverters must be					
		maintained					
– No poaching must be tolerated under any	dEO / cEO in	All site staff must	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No instances	s of
circumstances. All animal dens in close proximity to the	consultation with	be informed of	Construction		and when	poaching	is
works areas must be marked as Access restricted	the Contractor	this requirement	Phase		required	reported	
areas;		during the					
		Environmental					
		Awareness					
		Training and the					
		consequences					
		of not adhering					
		to the					
		requirement.					
		These areas must					
		be demarcated					
		as Access					
		Restricted Areas					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- No deliberate or intentional killing of fauna is allowed;	dEO / cEO in	All site staff must	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No instances of	
	consultation with	be informed of	Construction		and when	deliberate or	
	the Contractor	this requirement	Phase		required	intentional killing	
		during the				is reported	
		Environmental					
		Awareness					
		Training and the					
		consequences					
		of not adhering					
		to the					
		requirement.					
		These areas must					
		be demarcated					
		as Access					
		Restricted Areas					
- In areas where snakes are abundant, snake deterrents	dEO / cEO in	Implement and	During the	ECO	Once, during the	Photographic	
are to be deployed on the pylons to prevent snakes	consultation with	maintain snake	Construction	Operation and	construction of	record of the	
climbing up, being electrocuted and causing power	the Contractor	deterrents on	Phase	maintenance	the pylons and	implementation	
outages; and		pylons in areas	Operation Phase	team	as and when	and	
		where snakes			required.	maintenance of	
		are abundant			Monthly during	snake deterrents	
					operation		
- No Threatened or Protected species (ToPs) and/or	DPM in	Undertake a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Permits for	
protected fauna as listed according NEMBA (Act No.	consultation with	permitting			the	removal	
10 of 2004) and relevant provincial ordinances may be	the dEO	process to			commencemen	and/relocation	
removed and/or relocated without appropriate		obtain the			t of construction	must be kept on	
authorisations/permits.		required permits			and as and	file and be	
					when required	readily available	

5.12 Protection of heritage resources

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to heritage resources.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Identify, demarcate and prevent impact to all known sensitive heritage features on site in accordance with the No-Go procedure in Section 5.3: Access restricted areas; 	DPM and a suitably qualified specialist dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor and ECO	Spatially identify and demarcate areas of heritage significance as per the Heritage Impact Assessment and the Heritage Walk-through Report and as per the requirements of	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Proof of avoidance of sensitive heritage features through details of avoidance and photographic records
 Carry out general monitoring of excavations for potential fossils, artefacts and material of heritage importance; 	dEO (in consultation with specialists if/as required).	section 5.3 Ensure construction staff are adequately informed (via environmental awareness training) to carry out monitoring of excavations	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, or as required	Environmental awareness training includes measures relating to monitoring for chance finds

Impact Management Actions	Implementation A				Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method	of	Timeframe	for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementati	ion	implementati	on	person		compliance
		for for	ssils,					
		artefacts o	and					
		important						
		heritage						
		material						
- All work must cease immediately, if any human	dEO / cEO in	Develop d	and	During	the	ECO	As and when	Proof of work
remains and/or other archaeological,	consultation with	implement		Construction			required	ceased and the
palaeontological and historical material are	the Contractor	procedures	for	Phase				required
uncovered. Such material, if exposed, must be	and ECO	situations wh	nere					procedures
reported to the nearest museum, archaeologist/		human rema	ains,					followed in
palaeontologist (or the South African Police Services),		archaeologic	cal,					cases where
so that a systematic and professional investigation can		palaeontolgo	oic					material is
be undertaken. Sufficient time must be allowed to		al or histor	rical					discovered.
remove/collect such material before development		material	are					
recommences.		uncovered						

5.13 Safety of the public

Impact management outcome: All precautions are taken to minimise the risk of injury, harm or complaints.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Identify fire hazards, demarcate and restrict public	cEO in	Develop an	Pre-construction	cEO	Once, prior to	Compliance	
access to these areas as well as notify the local	consultation with	Emergency	Construction		the	with the	
authority of any potential threats e.g. large brush	the Contractor	Preparedness,			commencemen	Emergency	
stockpiles, fuels etc.;		Response and			t of construction	Preparedness,	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		Fire			and weekly	Response and
		Management			during the	Fire
		Plan specific to			construction	Management
		the project			phase	Plan
- All unattended open excavations must be adequately	Contractor	Ensure that all	During the	cEO	Weekly	Excavations are
fenced or demarcated;		excavations	Construction			fenced where
		undertaken is	Phase			required and
		fenced and				photographic
		demarcated				proof can be
		within a				provided
		reasonable				
		timeframe and				
		in instances				
		where				
		excavations will				
		be open for				
		long-periods of				
		time				
- Adequate protective measures must be implemented	Contractor	All staff must be	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No incidents of
to prevent unauthorised access to and climbing of		easily	construction		and when	unauthorised
partly constructed towers and protective scaffolding;		identifiable and	phase		required	climbing is
		the climbing of				reported
		towers and				
		scaffolding must				
		only be				
		undertaken by				
		authorised				
		personnel as				
		managed by				
		the Contractor				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation				Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method o	f Timefra	me for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implem	entation	person		compliance
- Ensure structures vulnerable to high winds are secured;	Contractor	Ensure tha	t During	the	cEO	Weekly, and as	No incidents of
		sufficient	constru	ction		and when	unstable
		stabilisation	phase			required	structures due to
		measures are	è				high winds is
		implemented to					reported
		secure structure	S				
		vulnerable to					
		high winds					
- Maintain an incidents and complaints register in which	cEO	Compile and	d During	the	ECO	Monthly, and as	The incidents
all incidents or complaints involving the public are		regularly update	e constru	ction		and when	and complaints
logged.		as incidents and	hase phase			required	register is
		complaints are	è				complete and
		submitted from	۱				provides all the
		the public and	k				required details
		indicate the	;				
		actions taken to)				
		resolve the	è				
		complaint					

Impact management outcome: Clean and well-maintained toilet facilities are available to all staff in an effort to minimise the risk of disease and impact to the environment.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Mobile chemical toilets are installed onsite if no other ablution facilities are available; 	Contractor	Mobile chemical toilets must be placed appropriately and in areas that avoid environmental sensitivities	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	Mobile toilets are installed and avoid environmental sensitivities	
 The use of ablution facilities and or mobile toilets must be used at all times and no indiscriminate use of the veld for the purposes of ablutions must be permitted under any circumstances; 	Contractor in consultation with the cEO	All site staff must be informed of this requirement during the Environmental Awareness Training and the consequences of not adhering to the requirement.	Pe-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No evidence of non-compliance identified	
 Where mobile chemical toilets are required, the following must be ensured: a) Toilets are located no closer than 100 m to any watercourse or water body; 	Contractor in consultation with the cEO	The installation of the toilets by the Contractor must be as per	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	No evidence of non-compliance identified	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 b) Toilets are secured to the ground to prevent them from toppling due to wind or any other cause; c) No spillage occurs when the toilets are cleaned or emptied and the contents are managed in accordance with the EMPr; d) Toilets have an external closing mechanism and are closed and secured from the outside when not in use to prevent toilet paper from being blown out; e) Toilets are emptied before long weekends and workers holidays, and must be locked after working hours; f) Toilets are serviced regularly and the ECO must inspect toilets to ensure compliance to health standards: 		the listed requirements				
 A copy of the waste disposal certificates must be maintained. 	Contractor	Certificates obtained from the licensed waste disposal facility with the emptying of the toilets must be kept on file	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Certificates for waste disposal from the licensed waste disposal facility available on site

5.15 Prevention of disease

Impact Management outcome: All necessary precautions linked to the spread of disease are taken.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Undertake environmentally friendly pest control in the camp area; 	Contractor	Only environmentally- friendly pest control must be used, when required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	As and when pest control is required for the project	Contractor to provide proof of pest control used being environmentally- friendly
 Ensure that the workforce is sensitised to the effects of sexually transmitted diseases, especially HIV/ AIDS; 	cEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	The effects of sexually transmitted diseases and HIV/ AIDS must be covered in the Environmental Awareness Training	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and monthly during construction	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist
 The Contractor must ensure that information posters on HIV/ AIDS are displayed in the Contractor Camp area; Information and education relating to sexually 	Contractor	Develop and place information posters on HIV/ AIDS	During the Construction Phase Pre-construction	CEO	Weekly	Photographic evidence of poster placement Environmental
transmitted diseases to be made available to both	CeO 7 Contractor in	education of sexually	& Construction		Monthly	awareness training material

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
construction workers and local community, where applicable;	consultation with the ECO	transmitted diseases must be covered in the Environmental Awareness Training.				requirements checklist	
 Free condoms must be made available to all staff on site at central points; 	Contractor	Placement of free condoms in mobile toilets and at the construction camps	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of placement of free condoms by the contractor to be provided	
 Medical support must be made available; 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Ensure that designated personnel with first aid training are available on site and that first aid kits to provide medical support is readily available	Construction and Operations	ECO	Monthly	Check the availability of first aid trained personnel and medical kits (including if these are complete in terms of supplies)	
 Provide access to Voluntary HIV Testing and Counselling Services. 	Contractor	Compile a HIV testing schedule and provide counselling services where required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Quarterly, and as and when required	Voluntary testing schedules and proof of counselling (where undertaken)	

5.16 Emergency procedures

Impact management outcome: Emergency procedures are in place to enable a rapid and effective response to all types of environmental emergencies.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Compile an Emergency Response Action Plan (ERAP) prior to the commencement of the proposed project; 	Contractor	Develop an Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan specific to the project	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan compiled
 The Emergency Plan must deal with accidents, potential spillages and fires in line with relevant legislation; 	Contractor	Develop an Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan specific to the project which covers accidents, potential spillages and fires	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan includes required specifications
 All staff must be made aware of emergency procedures as part of environmental awareness training; 	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Develop environmental gwgreness	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the commencemen t of the	Environmental awareness training material

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		training material which covers the relevant emergency procedures			environmental awareness training	requirements checklist
 The relevant local authority must be made aware of a fire as soon as it starts; 	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Develop and include a procedure in the Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan for the event of a fire and the procedure to be followed for informing the local authority	Construction	ECO	As and when a fire occurs	The local authority was informed as per the relevant procedure set out in the Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan
 In the event of emergency, necessary mitigation measures to contain the spill or leak must be implemented (see Hazardous Substances section 5.17). 	Contractor	Implement the required mitigation measures in the event of a spill or leak as per the requirements of Section 5.17.	Construction and Operations	ECO	As and when a spill or leak occurs	The mitigation measures included under Section 5.17 have been adhered to

5.17 Hazardous substances

Impact management outcome: Safe storage, handling, use and disposal of hazardous substances.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- The use and storage of hazardous substances to be	cEO in	Develop a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Contractor to	
minimised and non-hazardous and non-toxic	consultation with	strategy of how	& Construction		the	provide	
alternatives substituted where possible;	the Contractor	hazardous			commencemen	evidence of	
		substances can			t of construction	substances used	
		be and should			and monthly	for proof of	
		be minimised			during the	compliance	
					construction		
					phase		
- All hazardous substances must be stored in suitable	Contractor	Develop a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Photographic	
containers as defined in the Method Statement;		Method	& Construction		the	proof that	
		Statement for			commencemen	hazardous	
		the storage of			t of construction	substances are	
		hazardous			and monthly	stored in suitable	
		substances in			during the	containers as	
		suitable			construction	per the	
		containers			phase	requirements of	
						the relevant	
						Method	
						Statements	
- Containers must be clearly marked to indicate	Contractor	Where	During the	ECO	Monthly	Photographic	
contents, quantities and safety requirements;		hazardous waste	Construction			proof that	
		is stored these	Phase			containers are	
		must be clearly				marked as per	
		marked				the requirements	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		indicating the required details of the contents				
 All storage areas must be bunded. The bunded area must be of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers; 	Contractor	Ensure that storage areas are sufficiently bunded which are of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly during the Construction Phase	Photographic proof that storage areas are bunded and proof that the bund areas are of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers
 Bunded areas to be suitably lined with a SABS approved liner; 	Contractor	Ensure that bunded storage areas are suitably lined	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, during the Construction Phase	Photographic proof that bunded storage areas are suitably lined
 An Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance (HCS) control sheet must be drawn up and kept up to date on a continuous basis; 	CEO / Contractor	Compile and update an Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance (HCS) control sheet specific to the project	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Complete and up to date control sheet provided by the Contractor

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All hazardous chemicals that will be used on site must have Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS); 	CEO / Contractor	Keep a record of all hazardous chemicals and the respective MSDS	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Record of hazardous chemicals and the respective MSDS
 All employees working with HCS must be trained in the safe use of the substance and according to the safety data sheet; 	CEO / Contractor	Provide training for personnel working with HCS	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and as and when required	Record of training provided to personnel working with HCS
 Employees handling hazardous substances / materials must be aware of the potential impacts and follow appropriate safety measures. Appropriate personal protective equipment must be made available; 	Contractor	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the relevant impacts and safety measures. Provide appropriate training and personal protective equipment for the relevant personnel handling hazardous	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Prior to the commencemen t of the environmental awareness training and monthly during the construction phase for personal protective equipment	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist and all relevant personnel have undergone appropriate training and have access to personal protective equipment

Impact Management Actions	Aanagement Actions Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		substances and materials					
 The Contractor must ensure that diesel and other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid is stored in appropriate storage tanks or in bowsers; 	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed or obtained for the storing of diesel, other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Storage tanks for the project are appropriate and no incidents are reported in this regard	
 The tanks/ bowsers must be situated on a smooth impermeable surface (concrete) with a permanent bund. The impermeable lining must extend to the crest of the bund and the volume inside the bund must be 130% of the total capacity of all the storage tanks/ bowsers (110% statutory requirement plus an allowance for rainfall); 	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed or obtained for tanks as per the requirements listed	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Storage areas for the tanks/ bowsers for the project are appropriate and no incidents are reported in this regard	
 The floor of the bund must be sloped, draining to an oil separator; 	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed as per the requirements listed	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, during construction	Bunded storage areas are constructed according to the requirements	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Provision must be made for refuelling at the storage area by protecting the soil with an impermeable groundcover. Where dispensing equipment is used, a drip tray must be used to ensure small spills are contained; 	Contractor	Appropriately constructed refuelling facility must be developed as per the requirements. Drip trays must be provided for use	During the Construction Phase	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Soils at the refuelling facility are protected as required and drip trays are provided and used
 All empty externally dirty drums must be stored on a drip tray or within a bunded area; 	Contractor	Ensure that empty dirty drums are stored appropriately as per the requirements	During the Construction Phase	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Drip trays or bunded areas are used for the storage of dirty drums
 No unauthorised access into the hazardous substances storage areas must be permitted; 	Contractor	Ensure through the implementation of procedures that no unauthorised access is undertaken into the storage areas	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of the implementation of the relevant procedure must be provided by the contractor
 No smoking must be allowed within the vicinity of the hazardous storage areas; 	Contractor	Inform all employees of the requirement and develop	During the Construction Phase	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Photographic record of the signage placed

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		and place relevant signage in the relevant areas				must be provided
 Adequate fire-fighting equipment must be made available at all hazardous storage areas; 	Contractor	Hazardous storage areas must be fitted with adequate fire-fighting equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Adequate fire- fighting equipment is available and has been serviced
 Where refuelling away from the dedicated refuelling station is required, a mobile refuelling unit must be used. Appropriate ground protection such as drip trays must be used; 	Contractor	Provide a mobile refuelling unit as well as suitable ground protection, where required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	A mobile refuelling unit and suitable ground protection is available for use
 An appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the scale of the activity/s involving the use of hazardous substance must be available at all times; 	Contractor	Provide an appropriate spill kit for the project for the use of hazardous substances	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Appropriate spill kits are available for use
 The responsible operator must have the required training to make use of the spill kit in emergency situations; 	cEO and Contractor	Provide training on the use of spill kits to the relevant employees	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Proof of training to be provided by the contractor

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 An appropriate number of spill kits must be available and must be located in all areas where activities are being undertaken; 	cEO and Contractor	appropriate number of spill	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of appropriate number of spill
		kits in relevant areas				kits in appropriate areas to be
						provided by the contractor
- In the event of a spill, contaminated soil must be	cEO and	I Storage and	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Proof of storage
collected in containers and stored in a central location	Contractor	disposal of	Construction		and when	and disposal in
and disposed of according to the National		contaminated	Phase		required	terms of the
Environmental Management: Waste Act 59 of 2008.		soil must be in				National
Refer to Section 5.7 for procedures concerning storm		accordance				Environmental
and waste water management and 5.8 for solid and		with the National				Management:
hazardous waste management.		Environmental				Waste Act must
		Management:				be provided.
		Waste Act and				
		sections 5.7 and				Certificates of
		5.8 of this EMPr				disposal at
						licensed waste
						disposal facilities
						must be
						provided

5.18 Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage

Impact management outcome: Soil, surface water and groundwater contamination is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Where possible and practical all maintenance of vehicles and equipment must take place in the workshop area; 	Contractor	Demarcate specific areas for the maintenance of vehicles and equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	A dedicated area for the maintenance of vehicles and machinery is used.
 During servicing of vehicles or equipment, especially where emergency repairs are effected outside the workshop area, a suitable drip tray must be used to prevent spills onto the soil. 	Contractor	Ensure that a drip tray is available for an emergency repairs required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide evidence of drip tray use for emergency repairs
 Leaking equipment must be repaired immediately or be removed from site to facilitate repair; 	Contractor	Ensure that where leaking equipment is identified it is repaired immediately or removed from site for repairs	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide details of equipment repaired or removed from site
 Workshop areas must be monitored for oil and fuel spills; 	CEO	Undertake regular inspections of the workshop	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Register of inspection

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		areas for oil and fuel spills and keep an updated register of inspection on				
 Appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the scale of the activity taking place must be available; 	Contractor	site Provide an appropriate spill kit for the project	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Appropriate spill kits are available for use
 The workshop area must have a bunded concrete slab that is sloped to facilitate runoff into a collection sump or suitable oil / water separator where maintenance work on vehicles and equipment can be performed; 	Contractor	Ensure that the workshop area is sufficiently bunded in accordance with the required specification	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, during the Construction Phase and as and when required	Workshop area is bunded in accordance with the required specification
 Water drainage from the workshop must be contained and managed in accordance with Section 5.7: storm and waste water management. 	Contractor	Ensure that water drainage from workshop area is managed as per the requirements of section 5.7	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Workshop drainage is managed in accordance with the requirements

5.19 Batching plants

Impact management outcome: Minimise spillages and contamination of soil, surface water and groundwater.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Concrete mixing must be carried out on an impermeable surface; 	Contractor	Provide impermeable surface for the mixing of concrete	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	No concrete mixing is undertaken on open ground
 Batching plants areas must be fitted with a containment facility for the collection of cement laden water. 	Contractor	Implement measures for the control and management of cement laden water	During the construction phase	CEO	Weekly	No mismanagemen t of laden water due to the temporary concrete batching plant
 Dirty water from the batching plant must be contained to prevent soil and groundwater contamination 	Contractor	Implement measures for the control and management of dirty water to prevent soil and groundwater contamination	During the construction phase	CEO	Weekly	No mismanagemen t of dirty water due to the temporary concrete batching plant and no/minimal soil and groundwater contamination

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	I		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Bagged cement must be stored in an appropriate facility and at least 10 m away from any water courses, gullies and drains; 	Contractor	Demarcate and provide a storage area for bagged cement in-line with the listed requirements	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	Photographic proof of bagged cement stored within the demarcated area
 A washout facility must be provided for washing of concrete associated equipment. Water used for washing must be restricted; 	Contractor	Provide a washout facility for the washing of associated equipment. Enforce limitations on water use for washing of equipment	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	No cement laden water is released into the environment. Only minimal water is used for washing
 Hardened concrete from the washout facility or concrete mixer can either be reused or disposed of at an appropriate licensed disposal facility; 	Contractor	Make use of hardened concrete where possible or dispose of concrete in a suitable manner	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Certificates of disposal of concrete at licensed waste disposal facility
 Empty cement bags must be secured with adequate binding material if these will be temporarily stored on site; 	Contractor	Bind empty cement bags and temporarily store it in an appropriate area on site	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of binding of empty cement bags and storage in an appropriate are on site to be

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation				
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						provided by the Contractor
 Sand and aggregates containing cement must be kept damp to prevent the generation of dust (Refer to Section 5.20: Dust emissions) 	Contractor	Ensure that sand and aggregates are kept damp or otherwise protected from dust generation	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of damping (or alternative dust suppression) of sand and aggregates must be provided by the Contractor
 Any excess sand, stone and cement must be removed or reused from site on completion of construction period and disposed at a registered disposal facility; 	Contractor	Ensure that all excess sand, stone and cement is removed or reused	At the completion of the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, with the completion of construction	Certificates for the disposal of sand, stone and cement at licensed waste disposal facilities or proof of reuse must be provided
 Temporary fencing must be erected around batching plants in accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing and gate installation. 	Contractor	Erect Temporary fencing	During the construction phase	cEO	Weekly	Temporary fencing around batching plants

5.20 Dust emissions

Impact management outcome: Dust prevention measures are applied to minimise the generation of dust.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Take all reasonable measures to minimise the generation of dust as a result of project development activities to the satisfaction of the ECO; 	Contractor	Apply appropriate dust suppressant	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	Contractor to provide proof of use of appropriate dust suppressants	
 Removal of vegetation must be avoided until such time as soil stripping is required and similarly exposed surfaces must be re- vegetated or stabilised as soon as is practically possible; 	Contractor	Proper planning for vegetation removal must be undertaken as well as for the associated rehabilitation	During the Construction Phase and Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	Plan for implementation must be provided by the Contractor	
 Excavation, handling and transport of erodible materials must be avoided under high wind conditions or when a visible dust plume is present; 	Contractor	Ensure that specific limitations are placed on the transport and handling of erodible materials during high wind conditions or when a visible	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Bi-weekly (every second week)	No complaints submitted in this regard	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		dust plume is present				
 During high wind conditions, the ECO must evaluate the situation and make recommendations as to whether dust-damping measures are adequate, or whether working will cease altogether until the wind speed drops to an acceptable level; 	ECO	ECO to provide adequate recommendatio ns	During the Construction Phase	Not Applicable		
 Where possible, soil stockpiles must be located in sheltered areas where they are not exposed to the erosive effects of the wind; 	Contractor	Place soil stockpiles in areas less affected by wind	During the Construction Phase	cEO and ECO	Bi-weekly (every second week) Monthly	Soil stockpiles are not exposed to wind and have not been eroded
 Where erosion of stockpiles becomes a problem, erosion control measures must be implemented at the discretion of the ECO; 	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Contractor to implement erosion control measures as recommended and agreed with the ECO	During the Construction Phase	cEO	Weekly, until erosion is no longer a problem	Recommendati ons made by the ECO have been implemented by the Contractor
 Vehicle speeds must not exceed 40 km/h along dust roads or 20 km/h when traversing unconsolidated and non-vegetated areas; 	cEO / dEO / contractor	Inform all drivers of speed limits and place appropriate signage along the relevant roads	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and Maintenance team	Monthly	No complaints from community members are submitted

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Straw stabilisation must be applied at a rate of one	Contractor	Ensure that straw	During the	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
bale/10 m ² and harrowed into the top 100 mm of top		stabilisation is	Construction			record of all
material, for all completed earthworks;		undertaken as	Phase			straw
		per the listed				stabilisation
		requirements				undertaken
- For significant areas of excavation or exposed ground,	Contractor	Appropriate dust	During the	cEO	Weekly	Photographic
dust suppression measures must be used to minimise		suppressant	Construction			record of
the spread of dust.		measures are	Phase			measures being
		implemented				implemented
						and the results
						thereof

5.21 Blasting

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment is minimised through a safe blasting practice.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Any blasting activity must be conducted by a suitably	cEO / dEO /	Ensure the	Pre-Construction	ECO/EO	Once off, before	ECO/EO to
licensed blasting contractor; and	contractor	contractor is	Phase		blasting	check all valid
		suitably licensed			activities	credentials and
		with all			commence.	certifications on
		necessary				hand.
		credentials and				
		certifications				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Notification of surrounding landowners, emergency	cEO / dEO /	Ensure all	Pre-Construction	ECO/EO	Once off, before	ECO/EO	to
services site personnel of blasting activity 24 hours prior	contractor	responsible	Phase		blasting	confirm	all
to such activity taking place on Site.		personnel have			activities	necessary	
		been notified of			commence.	personnel ha	ave
		blasting				been notifie	ed.
		activities 24				Notification	
		hours in				records to	be
		advance and				provided.	
		keep records of					
		notifications.					

5.22 Noise

Impact Management outcome: Unnecessary noise is prevented by ensuring that noise from construction activities is mitigated.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
– The Contractor must keep noise level within	Contractor	Ensure that noise	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No complaints
acceptable limits. Restrict the use of sound		limits do not	Construction		and when	registered in this
amplification equipment for communication and		exceed	Phase		required	regard. No
emergency only;		acceptable				amplification
		limits and avoid				equipment is
		the use of				used.
		amplification				
		communication				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All vehicles and machinery must be fitted with appropriate silencing technology and must be properly maintained; 	Contractor	Provide and implement silencing technology	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No complaints registered in this regard. Silencing technology is utilised.
 Any complaints received by the Contractor regarding noise must be recorded and communicated. Where possible or applicable, provide transport to and from the site on a daily basis for construction workers; 	CEO	Update complaints register. Provide daily transport to and from site for employees	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Complaints register provided by the cEO and proof of transportation services provided
 Develop a Code of Conduct for the construction phase in terms of behaviour of construction staff. Operating hours as determined by the environmental authorisation are adhered to during the development phase. Where not defined, it must be ensured that development activities must still meet the impact management outcome related to noise management. 	cEO and Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Compile a Code of Conduct for staff. Appropriate operating hours must be identified for the project.	Pre-construction and Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	No complaints registered in this regard.

5.23 Fire prevention

Impact management outcome: Prevention of uncontrollable fires.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
 Designate smoking areas where the fire hazard could be regarded as insignificant; 	с	Identify and demarcate through signage designated smoking areas	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of designated smoking area		
 Firefighting equipment must be available on all vehicles located on site; 	cEO / dEO in consultation with the Contractor	Provide all vehicles with firefighting equipment	Construction	ECO	Monthly	All vehicles are fitted with firefighting equipment and the details thereof are provided by the cEO		
The local Fire Protection Agency (FPA) must be informed of construction activities;	cEO in consultation with the ECO	Undertake formal consultation to inform the local FPA of the associated construction activities	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, during the commencemen t of the Construction Phase	Proof of consultation with the FPA		
 Contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services must be communicated in environmental awareness training and displayed at a central location on site; 	dEO / cEO / Contractor in	Develop environmental awareness	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Prior to the commencemen t of the	Environmental awareness training material		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	consultation with the ECO	training material which covers the contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services. Place the contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services at a visible and			environmental awareness training and once during the construction phase	requirements checklist and photographic record of contact numbers on display
 Two-way swop of contact details between ECO and FPA. 	ECO	central location Consultation between the ECO and FPA to exchange contact details	Pre-construction	Not Applicable		

5.24 Stockpiling and stockpile areas

Impact management outcome: Erosion and sedimentation as a result of stockpiling are reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 All material that is excavated during the project development phase (either during piling (if required) or earthworks) must be stored appropriately on site in order to minimise impacts to watercourses, wetlands and water bodies; 	Contractor	Identify and demarcate an appropriate location for the storage of excavated materials	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly	Excavated material is not stored within sensitive environmental areas	
 All stockpiled material must be maintained and kept clear of weeds and alien vegetation growth by undertaking regular weeding and control methods; 	Contractor	Implement appropriate and sufficient maintenance on stockpiled material regularly	During the Construction Phase	ceo eco	Bi-weekly (every second month) Monthly	Stockpiled material is maintained sufficiently and is clear of weeds and alien vegetation	
 Topsoil stockpiles must not exceed 2 m in height; 	Contractor	Enforce limitations for the height of topsoil stockpiles	During the Construction Phase	cEO ECO	Bi-weekly (every second month) Monthly	Topsoil stockpiles do not exceed 2m in height	
 During periods of strong winds and heavy rain, the stockpiles must be covered with appropriate material (e.g. cloth, tarpaulin etc.); 	Contractor	Appropriate material must be provided in order to cover stockpiles when required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide proof of availability of appropriate material to	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
						cover stockpiles
						when required
- Where possible, sandbags (or similar) must be placed	Contractor	Sandbags must	During the	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to
at the bases of the stockpiled material in order to		be provided in	Construction			provide proof of
prevent erosion of the material.		order to prevent	Phase			availability of
		erosion of				sandbags to
		stockpiled				prevent erosion
		materials				of stockpiled
						materials

5.25 Finalising tower positions

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of the survey and pegging operations.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- No vegetation clearing must occur during survey and	Contractor	Implement	Pre-	cEO	Weekly	Contractor to	
pegging operations;		restrictions in	construction			provide	
		terms of				photographic	
		vegetation				proof that no	
		clearing during				vegetation has	
		the survey and				been cleared	
		pegging					
		operations					
- No new access roads must be developed to facilitate	Contractor	Restrict the	Pre-	cEO	Weekly	Contractor to	
access for survey and pegging purposes;		development of	construction			provide	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		new access roads for survey and pegging purposes				photographic proof that no new roads have been developed
 Project manager, botanical specialist and contractor to agree on final tower positions based on survey within assessed and approved areas; 	DPM, Suitably Qualified Specialist and Contractor	Undertake consultation between the relevant responsible people and finalise the tower positions for the power line	Pre- construction	ECO	Once the final tower positions have been finalised and agreed upon	Provision of final tower positions to the ECO
 The surveyor is to demarcate (peg) access roads/tracks in consultation with ECO. No deviations will be allowed without the prior written consent from the ECO. 	Surveyor in consultation with the ECO	Undertake consultation between the surveyor and the ECO	Pre- construction	CEO	Weekly	Consultation with the ECO regarding the distribution of pegs.

5.26 Excavation and Installation of foundations

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of excavation or installation of foundations.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All excess spoil generated during foundation excavation must be disposed of in an appropriate manner and at a recognised disposal site, if not used for backfilling purposes; 	Contractor	Use a licensed waste disposal facility for the disposal of excess spoil	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Certificates obtained for the disposal of excess spoil at a licensed waste disposal facility
 Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes and must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for rehabilitation purposes; 	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Construction and Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor
 Management of equipment for excavation purposes must be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.18: Workshop equipment maintenance and storage; and 	Contractor	Undertake the management of equipment for excavation as per the requirements of section 5.18	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of equipment is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.18
 Hazardous substances spills from equipment must be managed in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances. 	Contractor	Undertake the management of hazardous	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of hazardous substances spills

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		substances spills from equipment as per the requirements of section 5.17				from equipment is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.17
 Batching of cement to be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.19: Batching plants; 	Contractor	Ensure correct batching of cement	During the construction phase	CEO	Weekly	Measures in place to ensure the batching of cement is done in accordance with Section 5.19: Batching plants
 Residual cement must be disposed of in accordance with Section 5.8: Solid and hazardous waste management. 	Contractor	Undertake the disposal of residual cement as per the requirements of section 5.8	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	The disposal of residual cement is undertaken in line with section 5.8.

5.27 Assembly and erecting towers

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of assembly and erecting of towers.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of		Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Prior to erection, assembled towers and tower sections 	Contractor	Provide the	During the	cEO	Weekly	Implementation
must be stored on elevated surfaces (suggest wooden		necessary	Construction			of elevated
blocks) to minimise damage to the underlying		materials for the	Phase			surface and
vegetation;		elevated				photographic
		surface, where				record thereof
		towers are to be				
		placed on				
		indigenous				
		vegetation				
- In sensitive areas, tower assembly must take place off-	Contractor in	Identify sensitive	Pre-construction	cEO	Weekly	Tower assembly
site or away from sensitive positions;	consultation with	areas to be	& Construction			is undertaken
	the cEO and the	avoided by				outside of
	ECO	tower assembly				sensitive areas
		and ensure that				
		the areas are				
		not infringed				
		upon				
- The crane used for tower assembly must be operated	Contractor in	Ensure that no	Pre-construction	cEO	Weekly	No
in a manner which minimises impact to the	consultation with	impact to the	& Construction		,	environmental
environment:	the cEO and the	environment is				damages
	ECO	imposed during				incurred as a
		the operation of				result of the
		the crane				crane.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 The number of crane trips to each site must be minimised; 	Contractor in consultation with the cEO and the ECO	Ensure that the utilisation of the crane is maximised when on site.	Pre-construction & Construction	CEO	Weekly	Few crane trips to each site observed.
 Wheeled cranes must be utilised in preference to tracked cranes. However, Rocky terrain may require tracked cranes in the project site. 	Contractor	Ensure wheeled cranes are utilised, where practical.	Pre-construction & Construction	CEO	Weekly	Wheeled cranes observed on site.
 Consideration must be given to erecting towers by helicopter or by hand where it is warranted to limit the extent of environmental impact; 	Contractor	Contractor to undertake erecting of towers in an environmentally acceptable manner	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	No unacceptable environmental impacts occur with the erecting of the towers
 Access to tower positions to be undertaken in accordance with access requirements specified in Section 5.4: Access Roads; 	Contractor	Undertake access to tower positions as per the requirements of section 5.4	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Access to tower positions are undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.4
 Vegetation clearance to be undertaken in accordance with general vegetation clearance requirements specified in Section 5.10: Vegetation clearing; 	Contractor	Undertake vegetation clearance as per the requirements of section 5.10	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	Vegetation clearance is undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.10

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 No levelling at tower sites must be permitted unless approved by the Development Project Manager or Developer Site Supervisor; 	Contractor in consultation with the DPM and DSS	Written permission for levelling at tower sites, if required, must be obtained from the DPM and DSS prior to the undertaking of any levelling activities	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Written permission from the DPM and DSS provided to the Contractor
 Topsoil must be removed separately from subsoil material and stored for later use during rehabilitation of such tower sites; 	Contractor	Implement appropriate measures to ensure that topsoil is removed from subsoil material	Construction and Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly, and as and when required	Proof of appropriate measures implemented must be provided by the Contractor
 Topsoil must be stored in heaps not higher than 2m to prevent destruction of the seed bank within the topsoil; 	Contractor	Implement the listed requirements for the storage of topsoil	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	Topsoil is stored as per the listed requirements
 Excavated slopes must be no greater that 1:3, but where this is unavoidable, appropriate measures must be undertaken to stabilise the slopes; 	Contractor	Implement the listed requirements for the excavation of slopes	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	Excavation of slopes is undertaken as per the listed requirements

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Fly rock from blasting activity must be minimised and	cEO / dEO /	Ensure all pieces	Pre-Construction	ECO/EO	During blasting	ECO/EO to
any pieces greater than 150 mm falling beyond the	contractor	greater than 150	Phase		activities	confirm
Working Area, must be collected and removed;		mm falling				necessary
		beyond the				measures have
		Working Area,				been
		are collected				undertaken to
		and removed				minimise fly rock
		and implement				from blasting
		measures to try				activity and that
		and minimise fly				no pieces
		rock from				greater than 150
		blasting activity				mm are beyond
						the working
						area.
- Only existing disturbed areas are utilised as spoil areas;	Contractor in	Identify,	Pre-construction	cEO	Weekly	Only identified
	consultation with	demarcate and	& Construction			disturbed areas
	the ECO	use existing				are used as spoil
		disturbed areas				areas
		for spoil areas				
- Drainage is provided to control groundwater exit	Not Applicable					
gradient with the spill areas such that migration of fines						
is kept to a minimum;						
- Surface water runoff is appropriately channelled	DPM and	Design and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, during the	Implementation
through or around spoil areas;	Contractor	implement	& Construction		construction of	of surface runoff
		appropriate			the surface	measures
		surface runoff			runoff measures	through and/or
		measures for				around spoil
		spoil areas				areas

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 During backfilling operations, care must be taken not to dump the topsoil at the bottom of the foundation and then put spoil on top of that; 	Contractor	Develop and implement backfilling procedures which ensures that topsoil is not placed at the	Pre-construction & Construction	CEO	Weekly	Backfilling operations are undertaken as per the procedures developed
		bottom of foundations.				
 The surface of the spoil is appropriately rehabilitated in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 5.29: Landscaping and rehabilitation; 	Contractor	Rehabilitation of the surface spoil must be undertaken in accordance with the requirements of section 5.29	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of the surface spoil is undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.29
 The retained topsoil must be spread evenly over areas to be rehabilitated and suitably compacted to effect re-vegetation of such areas to prevent erosion as soon as construction activities on the site is complete. Spreading of topsoil must not be undertaken, where possible, at the beginning of the dry season. 	Contractor	Ensure that topsoil is spread evenly and compacted appropriately. This must be undertaken outside of the start of the dry season, where possible	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	Proof that topsoil has been spread evenly and compacted correctly must be provided by the Contractor/ cEO. Proof that the activities were undertaken outside of the start of the dry

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
						season (or	
						motivation as to	
						why this was not	
						possible) must	
						be provided by	
						the Contractor	

5.28 Stringing

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of stringing.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Where possible, previously disturbed areas must be	Contractor in	Identify and	Pre-construction	cEO	Weekly	Winch and	
used for the siting of winch and tensioner stations. In all	consultation with	demarcate	& Construction			tensioner	
other instances, the siting of the winch and tensioner	the ECO	areas				stations are	
must avoid Access restricted areas and other sensitive		appropriate for				located are	
areas;		the siting of				located outside	
		winch and				of identified	
		tensioner				sensitive areas	
		stations which					
		does not infringe					
		on access					
		restricted areas					
		or					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		environmentally sensitive areas				
 The winch and tensioner station must be equipped with drip trays in order to contain any fuel, hydraulic fuel or oil spills and leaks; 	Contractor	Provide sufficient drip trays	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	Sufficient drip trays are available for the winch and tensioner stations and no spills occur
 Refuelling of the winch and tensioner stations must be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances; 	Contractor	The refuelling of winch and tensioner stations must be undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.17	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	The refuelling of winch and tensioner stations is undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.17
 In the case of the development of overhead transmission and distribution infrastructure, a one metre "trace-line" may be cut through the vegetation for stringing purposes only and no vehicle access must be cleared along "trace-lines". Vegetation clearing must be undertaken by hand, using chainsaws and handheld implements, with vegetation being cut off at ground level. No tracked or wheeled mechanised equipment must be used; 	Contractor	Develop and implement procedures for implementation for vegetation clearing during stringing in line with the specification.	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO and cEO weekly during stringing	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and weekly during stringing	Implementation of the procedures put in place and proof thereof from the Contractor

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Alternative methods of stringing which limit impact to the environment must always be considered e.g. by hand or by using a helicopter; 	Contractor	Identify and implement the stringing method with the least environmental impact	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	Implementation of identified method of stringing with the least environmental impact
 Where the stringing operation crosses a public or private road or railway line, the necessary scaffolding/ protection measures must be installed to facilitate access. If, for any reason, such access has to be closed for any period(s) during development, the persons affected must be given reasonable notice, in writing; 	Contractor	Identify prior to construction areas where protection measures will be required during stringing. Where access is to be restricted timeous written notice must be provided to the affected parties	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof of implementation of protection measures and proof of written notice to affected parties must be provided by the Contractor
 No services (electrical distribution lines, telephone lines, roads, railways lines, pipelines fences etc.) must be damaged because of stringing operations. Where disruption to services is unavoidable, persons affected must be given reasonable notice, in writing; 	Contractor in consultation with the cEO, DPM and dEO	Avoidthedamagingordisturbanceofexistingservices.Whereserviceswillbedisruptedtimeoustimeousnoticemustbeprovidedtoaffectedparties	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No disruption of services occurs. Where disruption occurs proof of written notice to affected parties must be provided by the Contractor

Impact Management Actions	Implementation /			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency		of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Where stringing operations cross cultivated land,	Not Applicable						
damage to crops is restricted to the minimum required							
to conduct stringing operations, and reasonable							
notice (10 work days minimum), in writing, must be							
provided to the landowner;							
- Necessary scaffolding protection measures must be	Not Applicable						
installed to prevent damage to the structures							
supporting certain high value agricultural areas such							
as vineyards, orchards, nurseries.							

5.29 Socio-economic

Impact management outcome: Socio-economic development is enhanced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Develop and implement communication strategies to	dEO / cEO	Identify and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Communication
facilitate public participation;		implement	& Construction		the	is undertaken as
		appropriate			commencemen	per the
		strategies for			t of construction	identified
		communication			and monthly	strategies and
		with the			during the	no complaints
		communities			construction	are submitted
		through				regarding
		consideration of				communication

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence compliance	of
	-	the community needs	-				
 Develop and implement a collaborative and constructive approach to conflict resolution as part of the external stakeholder engagement process; 	Contractor	Development and implement a Grievance Mechanism which considers the community needs and provides procedures for conflict resolution	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and monthly during the construction phase	requirements the Grievan Mechanism. I	NO ON is
 Sustain continuous communication and liaison with neighbouring owners and residents 	Contractor	Development and implement a Grievance Mechanism that provides procedures for communication / liaison with neighbouring landowners and residents	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and monthly during the construction phase	undertaken line with t requirements the Grievan Mechanism. 1	vith are in the of nce No on on

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
						residents is submitted		
 Create work and training opportunities for local stakeholders; and 	Contractor	Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of employment opportunities	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and monthly during the construction phase	The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of the employment and training opportunities		
 Where feasible, no workers, with the exception of security personnel, must be permitted to stay over- night on the site. This would reduce the risk to local farmers. 	Contractor	Ensure no workers are permitted to stay over night on the site	Construction	ECO	Throughout construction	No workers remaining on site over night		

5.30 Temporary closure of site

Impact management outcome: Minimise the risk of environmental impact during periods of site closure greater than five days.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Bunds must be emptied (where applicable) and need	Contractor	Regular	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Bunds are
to be undertaken in accordance with the impact		emptying of the	Construction		closure for more	emptied as per
management actions included in sections 5.17:		bunds must be	Phase		than 05 days	the requirements
		undertaken. This				listed under

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
management of hazardous substances and 5.18		must be				sections 5.17	
workshop, equipment maintenance and storage;		undertaken as				and 5.18	
		per the					
		requirements					
		listed in sections					
		5.17 and 5.18					
 Hazardous storage areas must be well ventilated; 	Contractor	Install	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Effective	
		appropriate	construction		closure for more	ventilation is	
		ventilation in all	phase		than 05 days	installed in	
		hazardous				hazardous	
		storage areas				storage areas	
- Fire extinguishers must be serviced and accessible.	Contractor /	Ensure fire	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Signage placed	
Service records to be filed and audited at last service;	cEO	extinguishers are	Construction		closure for more	indicating	
		serviced, as	Phase		than 05 days	location of fire	
		required and are				extinguishers	
		easily accessible				and service	
		with appropriate				records	
		signage					
		indicating					
		location. Ensure					
		service records					
		are kept up to					
		date and filed					
 Emergency and contact details must be displayed; 	Contractor /	Place	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Photographic	
	cEO	emergency and	Construction		closure for more	proof of contact	
		contact details	Phase		than 05 days	details on	
		which are				display	
		readily available					
		and easily					
		accessible					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Security personnel must be briefed and have the	Contractor in	Hold a workshop	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to site	Proof of the	
facilities to contact or be contacted by relevant	consultation with	with all security	& construction		closure for more	workshop held	
management and emergency personnel;	the ECO	personnel to			than 05 days	must be kept on	
		provide a brief				file by the	
		of the project				contractor.	
		and security					
		requirements.					
		Provide facilities					
		in order to					
		contact					
		management					
		and emergency					
		personnel					
- Night hazards such as reflectors, lighting, traffic	Contractor	Regular checks	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Proof of checks	
signage etc. must have been checked;		of night hazards	Construction		closure for more	of night hazards	
		must be	Phase		than 05 days	must be	
		undertaken				provided by the	
						contractor	
- Fire hazards identified and the local authority must	cEO /	Identify any	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Proof of	
have been notified of any potential threats e.g. large	Contractor in	potential fire	Construction		closure for more	notification of	
brush stockpiles, fuels etc.;	consultation with	hazards and	Phase		than 05 days	the fire hazards	
	the ECO	notify the				to the local	
		relevant local				authority must	
		authority				be provided by	
						the Contractor	
 Structures vulnerable to high winds must be secured; 	Contractor	Ensure structures	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Structures	
		vulnerable to	Construction		closure for more	vulnerable to	
		wind are secure	Phase		than 05 days	wind are	
		prior to site				secured prior to	
		closure				site closure	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Wind and dust mitigation must be implemented; 	Contractor	Implement wind and dust mitigation prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Wind and dust mitigation is implemented prior to site closure	
 Cement and materials stores must have been secured; 	Contractor	Ensure cement and material stores are secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Cement and material stores are secured prior to site closure	
 Toilets must have been emptied and secured; 	Contractor	Ensure toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closure	
 Refuse bins must have been emptied and secured; 	Contractor	Ensure refuse bins are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	refuse bins are emptied and secured prior to site closure	
 Drip trays must have been emptied and secured. 	Contractor	Ensure drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site closure	

Impact management outcome: Areas disturbed during the development phase are returned to a state that approximates the original condition.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
 All areas disturbed by construction activities must be subject to landscaping and rehabilitation; All spoil and waste must be disposed to a registered waste site and certificates of disposal provided; 	person Contractor	implementationDevelopandimplementarehabilitationplanplanfortherehabilitationofalldisturbedareas.Disposeofallspoilandwasteatalicensedwastedisposalfacility	implementation Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	complianceRehabilitation of the disturbed areas is undertaken as per the rehabilitation plan. All certificates of waste disposal at licensed facilities are available.	
 All slopes must be assessed for contouring, and to contour only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983 All slopes must be assessed for terracing, and to terrace only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983: 	Contractor in consultation with the ECO Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Assess all slopes and determine whether contouring is required Assess all slopes and determine whether terracing is	Rehabilitation Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly Weekly	All slopes are assessed and contoured as required All slopes are assessed and terraced as required	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Berms that have been created must have a slope of 1:4 and be replanted with indigenous species and grasses that approximates the original condition; 	Contractor	Ensure all berms have a slope of 1:4 and is replanted with indigenous species and grasses	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	All berms have a slope of 1:4 and is replanted with indigenous species and grasses	
 Where new access roads have crossed cultivated farmlands, that lands must be rehabilitated by ripping which must be agreed to by the holder of the EA and the landowners; Rehabilitation of tower sites and access roads outside 	Not applicable						
of farmland; - Indigenous species must be used for with species and/grasses to where it compliments or approximates the original condition;	Contractor	Make use of indigenous species for	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	Indigenous species are used for rehabilitation	
 Stockpiled topsoil must be used for rehabilitation (refer to Section 5.24: Stockpiling and stockpiled areas); 	Contractor	rehabilitation Ensure stockpiled topsoil is used as per the requirements listed under section 5.24	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	Stockpiled topsoil is used as per the requirements listed under section 5.24	
 Stockpiled topsoil must be evenly spread so as to facilitate seeding and minimise loss of soil due to erosion; 	Contractor	Ensure that topsoil is spread evenly	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	Topsoil is spread evenly	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Before placing topsoil, all visible weeds from the placement area and from the topsoil must be removed; 	Contractor	Remove all visible weeds from placement area and topsoil before spreading the topsoil	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	No weeds are visible in the placement area or the topsoil	
 Subsoil must be ripped before topsoil is placed; 	Contractor	Undertake the ripping of subsoil prior to the spreading of topsoil	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	Subsoil is ripped before topsoil is placed	
 The rehabilitation must be timed so that rehabilitation can take place at the optimal time for vegetation establishment; 	Contractor	Plan the timeframe for rehabilitation in order to undertake vegetation planting during the optimal time for vegetation establishment	Rehabilitation	ECO	At the start of rehabilitation to confirm correct timeframe	Rehabilitation is undertaken during the optimal time	
 Where impacted through construction related activity, all sloped areas must be stabilised to ensure proper rehabilitation is effected and erosion is controlled; 	Contractor	All disturbed slope areas must be stabilised	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	Disturbed slopes are stabilised sufficiently	
 Sloped areas stabilised using design structures or vegetation as specified in the design to prevent erosion of embankments. The contract design 	Contractor	Stabilise slopes as per the design specifications	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	Slopes are stabilised as per the design specifications	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
specifications must be adhered to and implemented strictly;						
 Spoil can be used for backfilling or landscaping as long as it is covered by a minimum of 150 mm of topsoil. 	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor
 Where required, re-vegetation including hydroseeding can be enhanced using a vegetation seed mixture as described below. A mixture of seed can be used provided the mixture is carefully selected to ensure the following: a) Annual and perennial plants are chosen; b) Pioneer species are included; c) Species chosen must be indigenous to the area with the seeds used coming from the area; d) Root systems must have a binding effect on the soil; e) The final product must not cause an ecological imbalance in the area 	Contractor in consultation with a suitably qualified specialist	Make use of a suitable vegetation seed mixture should enhancement be required	Rehabilitation	ECO	As and when required	Use of a suitable vegetation seed mixture if required

6 ACCESS TO THE GENERIC EMPr

Once completed and signed, to allow the public access to the generic EMPr, the holder of the EA must make the EMPr available to the public in accordance with the requirements of regulation 26(h) of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 2

7 SITE SPECIFIC INFORMATION AND DECLARATION

7.1 Sub-section 1: contact details and description of the project

7.1.1 Details of the applicant:

Name of applicant: Setaria PV (Pty) Ltd. Tel No: 021-418-2596 Fax No: Not supplied Postal Address: PO Box 51060, Waterfront, 8002 Physical Address: 101, Block A, West Quay Building, 7 West Quay Road, Waterfront, Cape Town, 8001

7.1.2 Details and expertise of the EAP:

Name of EAP: Karen Jodas Tel No: 011-656-3237 Fax No: 086-684-0547 E-mail address: karen@savannahsa.com Expertise of the EAP (Curriculum Vitae included): Refer to Appendix 2 of this EMPr for a CV of the EAP

7.1.3 Project name: Setaria PV Facility, North West Province

7.1.4 Description of the project:

Setaria (Pty) Ltd is proposing the construction of the Setaria solar photovoltaic (PV) facility, planned to be located on a site located approximately 5km north-west of the town of Lichtenburg, in the North West Province. The development area falls within the jurisdiction of the Ditsobotla Local Municipality within the Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality. The facility will be known as Setaria PV Facility and will be located on the following properties:

- » Portion 1 of the Farm Houthaalboomen 31
- » Portion 0 of Farm Talene 25
- » Portion 7 of Farm Elandsfontein 34

A development area for the placement of the PV facility infrastructure (i.e. development footprint) has been identified within the project site and assessed as part of the EIA process. The development area is ~186ha in extent and the much smaller development footprint¹ of ~179ha will be placed and sited within the development area. The development footprint will contain the following infrastructure to enable the PV facility to generate up to 75MW:

- » PV modules and mounting structures
- » Inverters and transformers

¹ The development footprint of the Setaria PV Facility will be located within the ~186ha development area and will be a much smaller area within which the wind turbines and associated infrastructure will be constructed and operated in. The development footprint has been subject to detailed design by the developer through the consideration of sensitive environmental features identified by independent specialists, which need to be avoided by the wind farm.

» Battery Energy Storage System (BESS)

» Site and internal access roads (up to 8m wide)

» Site offices and maintenance buildings, including workshop areas for maintenance and storage

» Temporary and permanent laydown area

» Grid connection solution within a 100m wide corridor, including:

33kV cabling between the project components and the facility substation

A 132kV facility substation

A 132kV Eskom switching station

A Loop-in-Loop out (LILO) overhead 132kV power line between the Eskom switching station and the existing Delareyville Munic–Watershed 1 88kV power line.

Two grid connection infrastructure for the Setaria PV facility will be located outside the PV development area however, within the project site within a 100m corridor. Two grid connections have been assessed and include:

Grid Connection Alternative 1: 33kV cabling will connect the Setaria PV facility solar array to the 132kV facility substation. The facility substation and Eskom switching station are located within the south eastern portion of the Setaria PV facility development area, on Portion 1 of the Farm Houthaalboomen 31. A 132kV loop-in-loop out power line from the Eskom switching station will connect into the Delareyville Munic–Watershed 1 88kV power line16. . The grid connection infrastructure is located within an assessment corridor 100m in width.

Grid Connection Alternative 2: 33kV cabling will connect the Setaria PV facility solar array to the 132kV facility substation. The facility substation and Eskom switching station are located south western portion of the Setaria PV facility development area on Portion 1 of the Farm Houthaalboomen 31. A 132kV loop-in-loop out power line from the Eskom switching station will connect into the Delareyville Munic–Watershed 1 88kV power line17. The grid connection infrastructure is located within an assessment corridor of 100m wide in width.

Grid Connection Alternative 1 was identify as the preferred grid connection alternative (refer to Figure 2)

7.1.5 Project location:

The LILO Grid is located on

- » Portion 1 of the Farm Houthaalboomen 31
- » Portion 0 of the Farm Talene 25
- » Portion 7 of Farm Elandsfontein 34

It should be noted that Eskom requirements for work in or near Eskom servitudes will be adhered to, and all applicable Eskom standards shall be applied.

7.2 Sub-section 2: Development footprint site map

This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout. The sensitivity map must be prepared from the national web based

environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory at: use https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. raptor nest, threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features in the surrounding landscape. The overhead transmission and distribution profile shall be illustrated at an appropriate resolution to enable fine scale interrogation. It is recommended that <20 km of overhead transmission and distribution length is illustrated per page in A3 landscape format. Where considered appropriate, photographs of sensitive features in the context of tower positions shall be used.

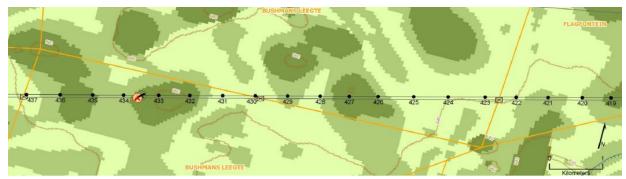


Figure 1: Example of an environmental sensitivity map in the context of a final overhead transmission and distribution profile

It must be noted that the maps provided below relate to the larger PV facility which the power line is associated with.

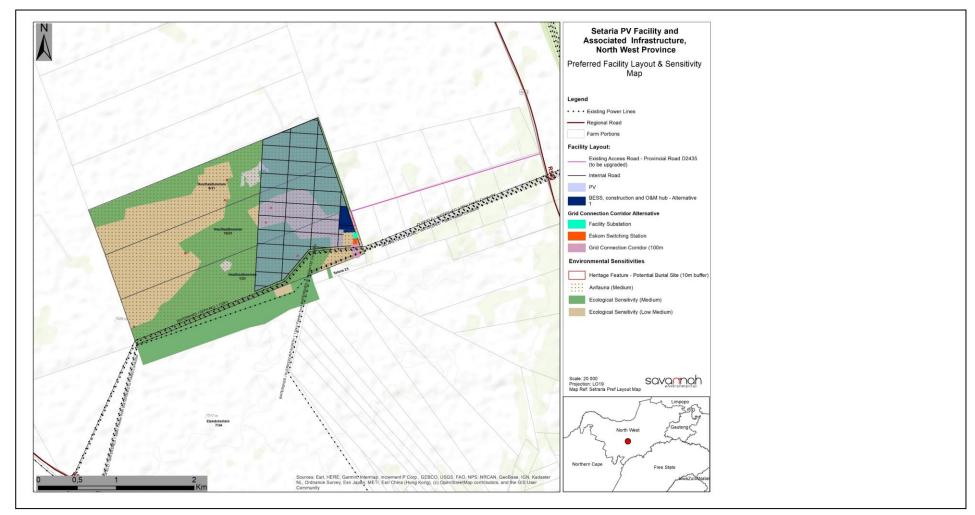


Figure 2: Environmental sensitivity and development footprint map of the Setaria PV Facility, including the preferred power line route.

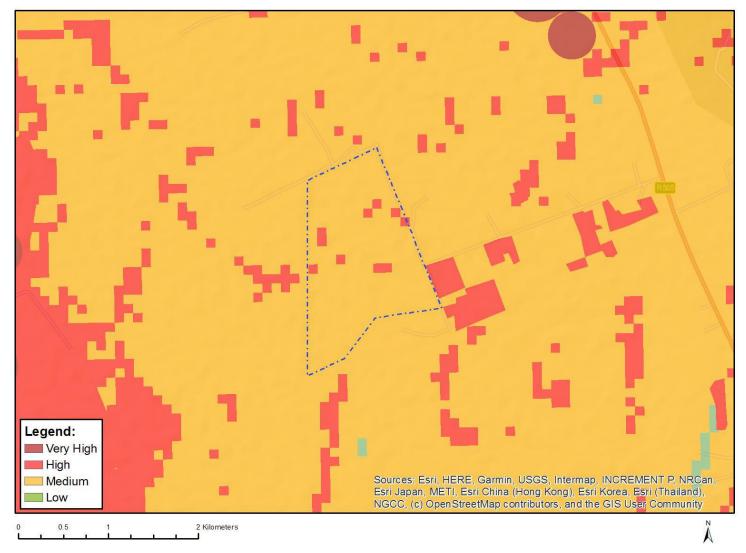


Figure 2: Map of relative agriculture theme sensitivity

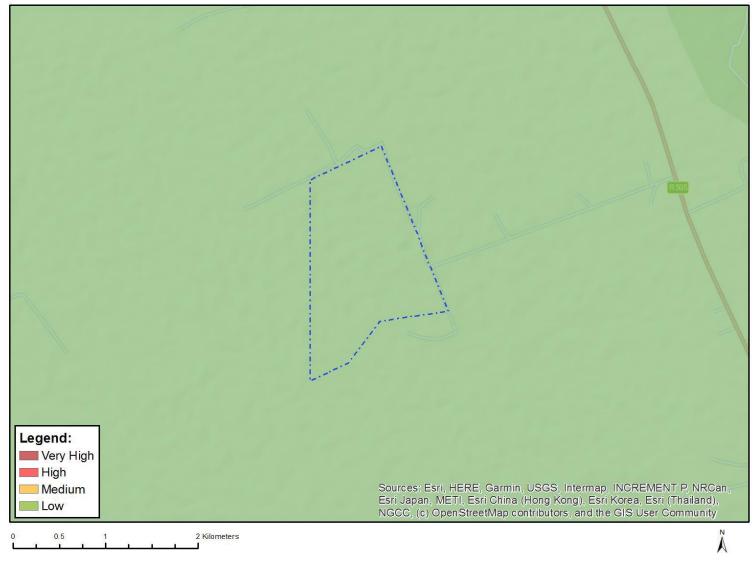


Figure 3: Map of relative animal species theme sensitivity



Figure 4: Map of relative aquatic biodiversity theme sensitivity

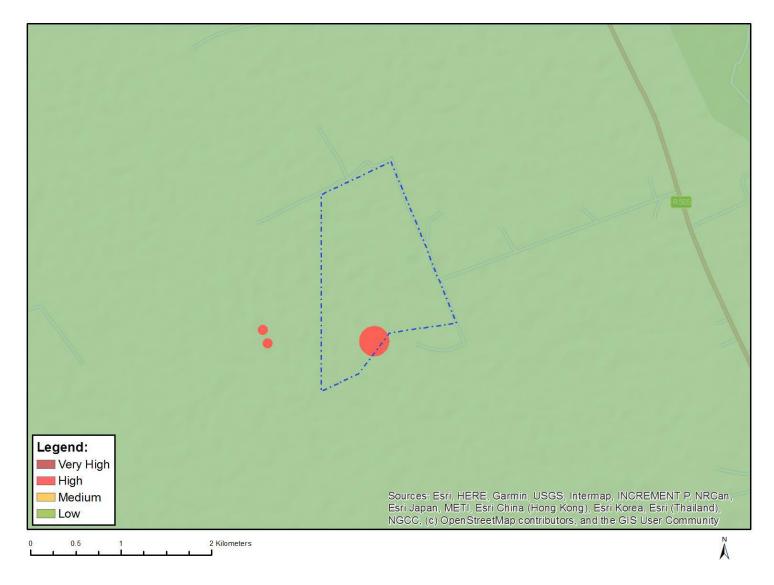


Figure 5: Map of relative archaeological and cultural heritage theme sensitivity.

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Figure 6: Map of relative avian theme sensitivity



Figure 7: Map of relative bat theme sensitivity

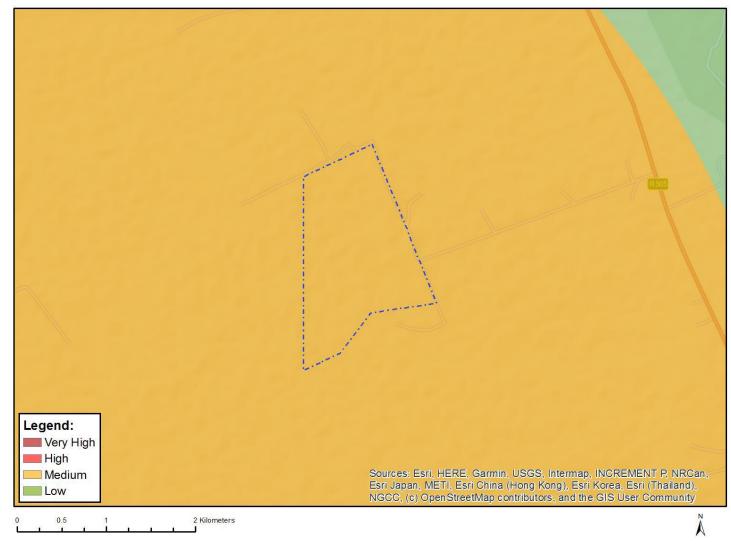


Figure 8: Map of relative civil aviation theme sensitivity

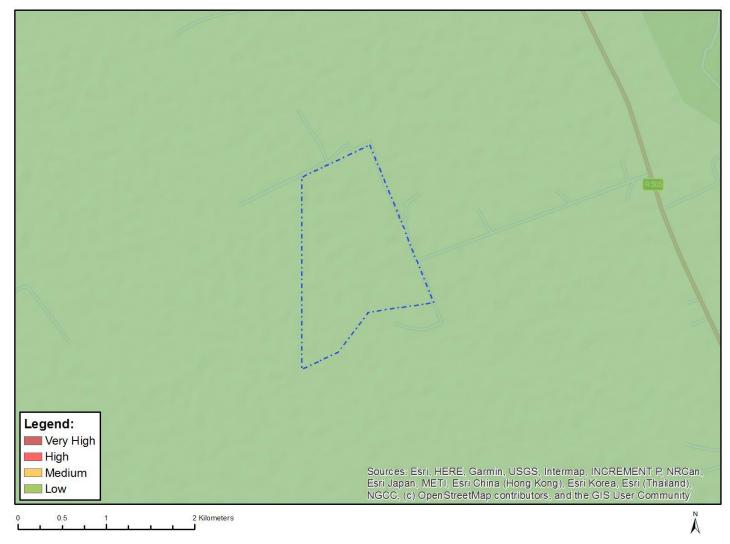


Figure 9: Map of relative defence theme sensitivity

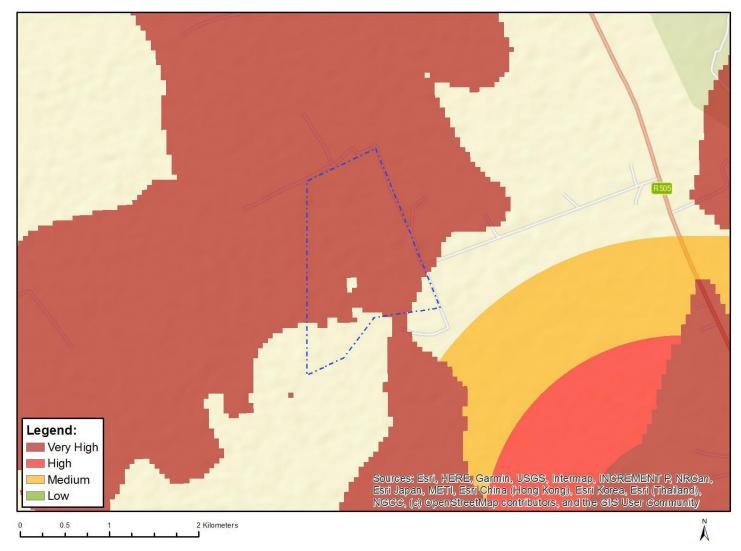


Figure 10: Map of relative landscape (Solar) theme sensitivity



Figure 11: Map of relative palaeontology theme sensitivity

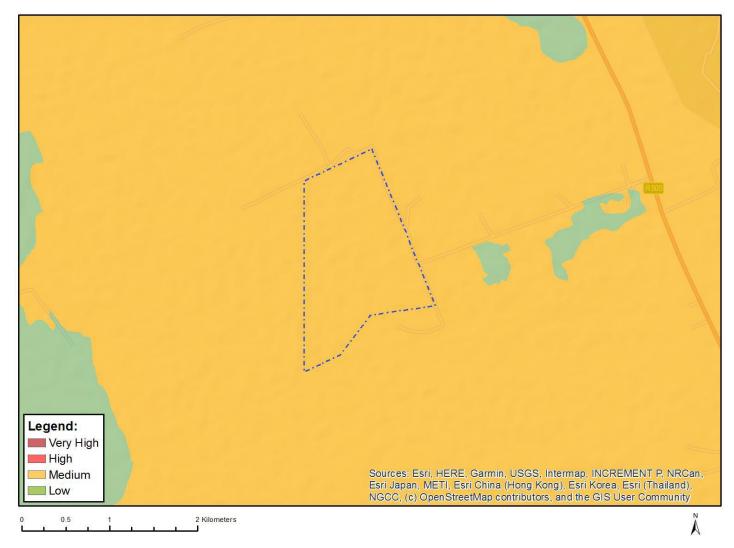


Figure 12: Map of relative plant species theme sensitivity

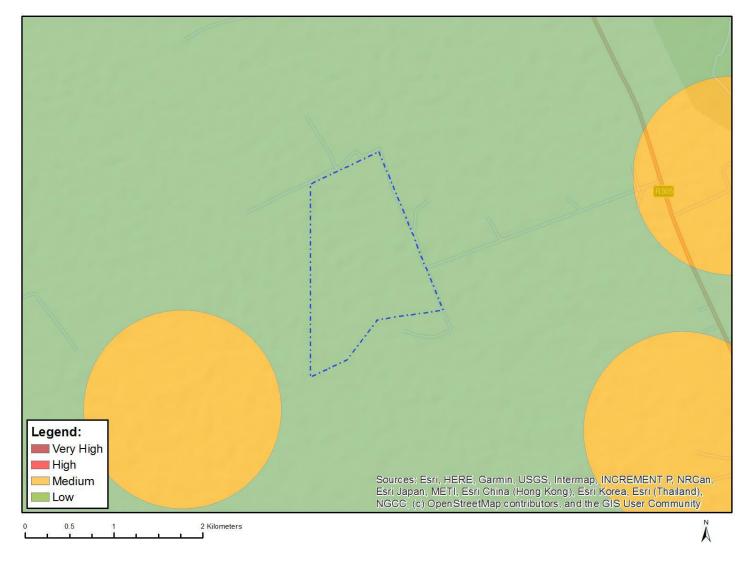


Figure 13: Map of relative RFI theme sensitivity

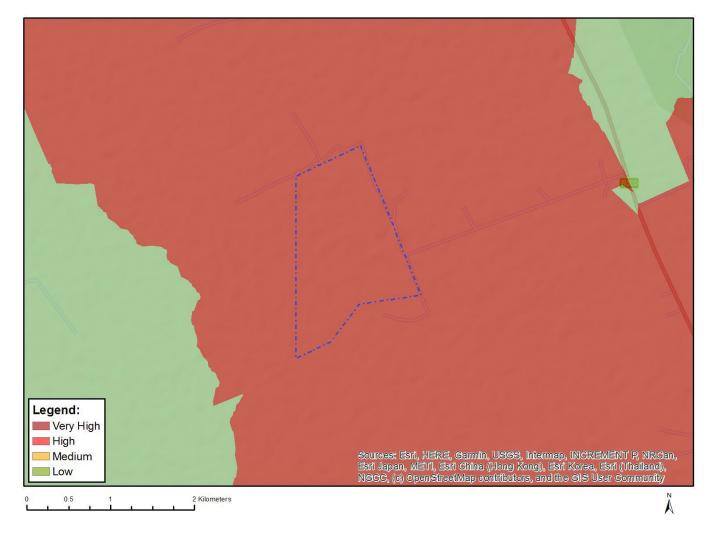


Figure 14: Map of relative terrestrial biodiversity theme sensitivity

7.3 Sub-section 3: Declaration

The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will abide and comply with the prescribed impact management outcomes and impact management actions as stipulated in <u>part B: section 1</u> of the generic EMPr and have the understanding that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding. The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will provide written notice to the CA 14 days prior to the date on which the activity will commence of commencement of construction to facilitate compliance inspections.

Signature Proponent/applicant/ holder of EA

Date:

This declaration will be signed by the proponent/applicant/holder of the EA once the contractor is appointed and has provided inputs to this Generic EMPr as per the requirements of this template.

7.4 Sub-section 4: amendments to site specific information (Part B; section 2)

Should the EA be transferred to a new holder, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new holder and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of Regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted for an amendment to an environmental authorisation will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

PART C

8 SITE SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

If any specific environmental sensitivities/attributes are present on the site which require more specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr template, to manage impacts, those impact management outcomes and actions must be included in this section. These specific management controls must be referenced spatially and must include impact management outcomes and impact management actions. The management controls including impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the pre-approved generic EMPr template. This applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary.

If <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the development as authorised in the EA, it is required to be submitted to the CA together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP and the name and expertise of the EAP, including the curriculum vitae are to be included. Once approved, <u>Part C</u> forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.

This section will **not be required** should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes.

CONSTRUCTION AND DECOMMISSIONING OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS

7.1 Ecology (Fauna and Flora)

Impact management outcome: Direct loss of vegetation, including listed and protected species is reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementati on	Responsible person	Timeframe	Evidence of compliance	
 Pre-construction walk-through of the power line route/corridor to locate species of conservation concern that can be translocated or avoided. 	dEO, Specialist	Visual inspection of the layout with walk-through report produced	Prior to construction	ECO	Once prior to commencement of construction	Walk-through report produced and kept on file during construction	
 Vegetation clearing to commence only after walkthrough has been conducted and necessary permits obtained 	Contractor	Clearing vegetation in line with the obtained permits	Prior to commence ment of construction	ECO	Once prior to commencement of construction	Record of permits	
 Demarcate all areas to be cleared with construction tape or similar material where practical. However, caution should be exercised to avoid using material that might entangle fauna. 	Contractor	Erect appropriate temporary barriers around construction areas and ensure material used is fauna-friendly and must be removed following completion of construction.	At the commence ment and for the duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Access to construction area is closed- off through temporary barriers and barriers are maintained to a sufficient standard	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementati on	Responsible person	Timeframe	Evidence of compliance
 Ensure that laydown areas, construction camps and other temporary use areas are located in areas of low and medium sensitivity and are properly fenced or demarcated as appropriate and practically possible. 	cEO, Specialist, Contractor	Laydown areas to be defined during planning of construction activities	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Material used to demarcate construction area is fauna- friendly and removed following completion of construction.Laydown areas located within previously transformed areas or areas of low sensitivity
 Pre-construction environmental induction for all construction staff on site to ensure that basic environmental principles are adhered to. This includes topics such as no littering, appropriate handling of pollution and chemical spills, avoiding fire hazards, minimizing wildlife interactions, remaining within demarcated construction areas etc. 	CEO	Requirement for induction of all staff prior to commencement activities, as well as the development and application of an induction programme	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Induction roster of all staff completed, maintained and available on site, induction programme material observed and on file on site.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Timeframe	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementati	person		compliance
			on			
 Demarcate all areas to be cleared with construction tape or other appropriate and effective means. However, caution should be exercised to avoid using material that might entangle fauna. 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the ECO	Erect appropriate temporary barriers around construction areas and ensure	At the commence ment and for the duration	ECO	Monthly	Access to construction area is closed- off through
		material used is fauna-friendly and must be removed following completion of construction.	of the construction phase			temporary barriers and barriers are maintained to a sufficient standard
						Material used to demarcate construction area is fauna- friendly and removed following completion of construction.
 Pre-construction walk-through of the footprint to locate any active burrows within the site. If there are any active burrows present, the resident fauna should be captured and translocated prior to construction. 	cEO, Specialist	Develop a search and relocation plan for fauna species and obtain the relevant permits for the removal of protected species	Prior to construction	ECO	Monthly	No fauna unnecessarily harmed by construction activities Necessary permits obtained prior to the removal of threatened

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementati on	Responsible person	Timeframe	Evidence of compliance
						fauna species, and copies of permits observed during audit
 During construction, any fauna directly threatened by the construction activities should be removed to a safe location by the ECO or other suitably qualified person. 	cEO, Specialist, Contractor	Implement search and relocation plan for threatened or dangerous fauna species and obtain the relevant permits for the removal of these species	Operation	Auditor	Annually	No fauna harmed as a result of maintenance activities. Necessary permits obtained prior to the removal of threatened fauna species, and copies of permits observed during audit.
 The illegal collection, hunting or harvesting of any plants or animals at the site should be strictly forbidden. Personnel should not be allowed to wander off of the construction site. No fires should be allowed within the site as there is a risk of rungway yold fires. 	Contractor cEO cEO	Awareness created regarding prohibition on the collection, hunting or harvesting of any plants or animals Awareness created	Duration of construction	ECO	Weekly	No evidence of collection, hunting or harvesting of any plants or animals No fires on site
of runaway veld fires.		regarding the prohibition of fires on site	construction			

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Timeframe	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementati	person		compliance
			on			
 No fuelwood collection should be allowed on-site. 	cEO, Developer	Place signs on site indicating the fuelwood collection is prohibited and include this point in the environmental induction training	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Sign prohibiting collection of fuelwood observed on site and evidence of discussion of this point contained in environmental induction training material
 All construction vehicles should adhere to a low-speed limit (40km/h for cars and 30km/h for trucks) to avoid collisions with susceptible species such as snakes and tortoises and rabbits or hares. Speed limits should apply within the facility as well as on the public gravel access roads to the site. 	Contractor, cEO	Install speed signage throughout site, include speed limit into induction and ensure all staff entering site are aware of the requirement to implement speed limits. Institute verbal and written warnings for violations and appropriate fines for repeat contraventions. Written log of fines and warning issued kept on site	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Minimal instances of speeding as observed on site during audits and as evidenced in the written log of warnings and fines issued for contraventions

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Timeframe	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementati	person		compliance	
			on				
 All personnel should undergo environmental induction with regards to fauna and in particular awareness about not harming or collecting species such as snakes, tortoises and snakes which are often persecuted out of fear or superstition. 	CEO	Requirement for induction of all staff prior to entry, as well as the development and application of an induction programme	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Induction roster of all staff completed, maintained and available on site, induction programme material observed and on file on site during audits	

7.2 Avifauna

Impact management outcome: Displacement of priority species due to habitat loss during the construction of the powerlines is reduced. Electrocution of birds and collision of birds with power lines is reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Attach appropriate marking devices or bird flight diverters (BFDs) on all new overhead power lines to increase visibility. 	Developer cEO Contractor	Communicate this requirement to the appropriate Contractor's supervisor prior to the commencement of construction activities	During the construction phase	ECO	Throughout the construction face.	Bird flight diverters observed on power lines.	

7.3 Land Use, Soils and Agricultural Potential

Impact management outcome: Maximise conservation of soils resources.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Ensure that proper stormwater management designs are	Design	Prepare an	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of
set in place.	Engineer	effective				appropriate
		stormwater				stormwater
		management plan				management
		and designs prior to				features as part of
		the				project design.
		commencement of				
		construction.				
- Only the proposed and authorised access roads are to	Contractor	Ensure that only	During the	ECO	Monthly	Visual observation
be used, this is to reduce any unnecessary compaction		authorised access	construction			of authorised
of adjacent areas.	cEO	roads are used	phase			access roads being
		during the				utilised on site.
		construction				
		phase.				
		Visual inspection of				
		the site to				
		determine whether				
		only authorised				
		access roads are				
		being utilised on				
		site.				
- Prevent any spills from occurring. Machines must be	Contractor	Vehicle and	During the	ECO	Monthly	Vehicle and
parked within hard park areas and must be checked		equipment storage	construction			equipment storage
daily for fluid leaks.	cEO	areas must have	phase			areas have hard
		hard surfaces and				surfaces and are

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		must be				appropriately
		appropriately bunded.				bunded.
		bunded.				No spills recorded in
						the site incident
						register.
– Proper invasive plant control must be undertaken	Contractor	Ensure that invasive	During the	ECO	As and where	Photographic proof
quarterly.		plant control is	construction		required	of invasive plant
	cEO	undertaken on an	phase			control being
		ongoing basis (at				undertaken on site.
		least quarterly).				
- All excess soil (soil that are stripped and stockpiled to	Contractor	Development a	During the	ECO	Monthly	Copy of procedure
make way for foundations) must be stored, continuously		procedure for the	construction			for the removal,
managed / maintained to be used for rehabilitation of	cEO	removal, handling,	phase			handling, and
eroded areas.		and storage of soil				storage of soil
		and ensure				provided during the
		implementation of				review.
		this procedure				
		during the				Visual observation
		construction				of appropriate soil
		phase.				storage and
						handling practices
	Control		Fellowing	500	Manatali	on site. Visual observation
 Rip all compacted areas outside of the developed areas 	Contractor	Ensure that ripping	Following	ECO	Monthly	
that have been compacted.	cEO	is undertaken on all compacted areas	completion of the construction			of ripping being undertaken on
	CEU	outside of the	phase.			compacted areas
		development	piluse.			outside the
		areas.				development
						areas.
						01003.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Ripping must be done by means of a commercial ripper	Contractor	Utilise a	During the	ECO	As and when	Ripping undertaken
that has at least two rows of tines.		commercial ripper	construction		required	using a commercial
	Developer	with at least two	phase			ripper with at least
		rows of tines for				two rows of tines.
		ripping purposes.				
- Ripping must take place between 1 and 3 days after	Contractor	Ensure that ripping	During the	ECO	As and when	Visual observation
seeding and following a rainfall event (seeding must		is undertaken	construction		required	of ripping being
therefore be carried out directly after a rainfall event).	cEO	between 1 and 3	phase			undertaken
		days after seeding				between 1 and 3
		and following a				days after seeding
		rainfall event.				and following a
						rainfall event.
- All areas surrounding the development footprint areas	Contractor	Ensure that areas	During the	ECO	As and when	Visual observation
that have been degraded by traffic, laydown yards etc.		surrounding the	construction		required	of ripping and
must be ripped and revegetated by means of	cEO	development	phase			revegetation of
indigenous grass species.		footprint areas are				areas surrounding
		ripped and				the development
		revegetated by				footprint areas with
		means of				indigenous grass
		indigenous grass				species.
		species.				

7.4 Heritage

Impact management outcome: Impacts on heritage and potential burial sites

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- A 10m 'no-go' buffer zone is recommended for sites	Developer/	Ensure that 10m	Prior to	ECO	Once-off prior	Project
potential burial sites	design	'no-go' buffer	construction		to construction	infrastructure avoids
	consultant	zones are included				the area within the
		for site of low				10m buffer zone for
		significance and a				the site, as per the
		rating of IIIC on the				final layout.
		final layout.				

Impact management outcome: Impacts on palaeontological resources reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 If a chance find is made, the person responsible for the find must immediately stop working and all work must cease in the immediate vicinity of the find. 	Contractor	Ensure that chance finds are handled in accordance with the chance find procedure for the site.	During the construction phase	ECO	As and when relevant	Chance finds handled in accordance with the chance find procedure.	
 The person who made the find must immediately report the find to his/her direct supervisor which in turn must report the find to his/her manager and the Environmental Officer (EO) (if appointed) or site manager. The EO must report the find to the relevant Heritage Agency (South African Heritage Research Agency, SAHRA). (Contact details: SAHRA, 111 Harrington Street, Cape Town. PO Box 4637, Cape Town 8000, South Africa. Tel: 021 462 4502. Fax: +27 (0)21 462 4509. Web: www.sahra.org.za). The information to the 	Contractor cEO	Ensure that chance finds are handled in accordance with the chance find procedure for the site.	During the construction phase	ECO	As and when relevant	Chance finds handled in accordance with the chance find procedure.	

Impact Management Actions	Responsible Method of Timeframe for			Monitoring			
				Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
Heritage Agency must include photographs of the find, from various angles, as well as the GPS co-ordinates.							

7.5 Visual

Impact management outcome: Visual impact of construction activities on sensitive visual receptors, and the potential impact on the sense of place is reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Retain and maintain natural vegetation immediately	Project	Visual inspection of	Prior to	ECO	Ongoing	Onsite evidence	
adjacent to the development footprint.	proponent/	the layout to	construction and		throughout	that natural	
	design	ensure that	during		construction	vegetation	
	consultant	vegetation	construction			immediately	
		immediately				adjacent to the	
	Contractor	adjacent to the				development	
		development				footprint/servitu	
	cEO	footprint will not be				de is retained	
		disturbed				and maintained.	
		Ensure that natural					
		vegetation					
		immediately					
		adjacent to the					
		development					
		footprint/servitude					
		is retained and					
		maintained.					

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	on		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Consult adjacent landowners (if present) in order to inform them of the development and to identify any (valid) visual impact concerns. 	Developer	Consultation between the developer and adjacent landowners.	During construction	ECO	As and when required	Proof of consultation with adjacent landowners	
 Ensure that vegetation is not unnecessarily removed during the construction phase. 	Contractor cEO	Visual inspection of the project site to ensure that no unnecessary vegetation clearance is being undertaken. Include this mitigation in the contractor's environmental awareness training.	During construction	ECO	Daily, during the vegetation clearance phase and monthly thereafter	Onsite evidence that not unnecessary vegetation clearance is being undertaken.	
 Plan the placement of laydown areas and temporary construction equipment camps in order to minimise vegetation clearing (i.e., in already disturbed areas) wherever possible. 	Project proponent/ design consultant Contractor cEO	Ensure that temporary construction infrastructure in the final layout is placed within already disturbed areas, where possible. Ensure that temporary construction	Prior to construction and during construction	ECO	Once-off review of the final layout prior to construction and as and when required during the construction phase	Photographic proof that temporary construction infrastructure is placed in already disturbed areas, where possible. Final layout shows placemen of temporary	

Impact Management Actions	Implementatic	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Restrict the activities and movement of construction workers and vehicles to the immediate construction site and existing access roads. 	Contractor	infrastructure is established within already disturbed areas, where possible, during the construction phase. Demarcate construction site to restrict movement within the construction site and immediate area. Inform the contractors, through inclusion of this condition in the environmental awareness training and contractor's packs, that movement should be restricted to existing access	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	construction infrastructure within already disturbed areas. Reduced duration of the construction phase. Copy of construction provided during audit
 Ensure that rubble, litter, and disused construction materials are appropriately stored (if not removed daily) and then disposed regularly at licensed waste facilities. 	Contractor	roads. Waste to be appropriately stored in designated areas.	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Appropriate storage of waste in designated areas.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		Disposal of waste at licensed waste disposal facilities must be undertaken as per the waste management plan				Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided
 Reduce and control construction dust using approved dust suppression techniques as and when required (i.e. whenever dust becomes apparent). 	Contractor	Apply appropriate dust suppression techniques.	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Contractor to provide proof of use of appropriate dust suppression technique. Photographic evidence that dust suppression is being undertaken on site
 Restrict construction activities to daylight hours whenever possible in order to reduce lighting impacts. 	Developer Contractor cEO	Ensure that working hours are clearly communicated to construction workers and that the working hours are restricted to daylight hours and are adhered to.	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Daily	Limited construction activities taking place at night.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Remove infrastructure not required for the post- decommissioning use. 	Contractor	Removal of all infrastructure not required for the post- decommissioning use.	At the end of the Construction Phase	ECO dEO	Once, following the completion of the construction phase	No infrastructure that is not required for the post- decommissionin g use is present following the completion of the construction phase.
 Rehabilitate all disturbed areas immediately after the completion of construction works. 	Contractor cEO	Ensure that disturbed areas are rehabilitated immediately after completion of construction works and that this is communicated to the contractor. Develop and implement a rehabilitation plan for the site.	Following completion of construction	ECO	As and when required	Visual observation that disturbed areas are rehabilitated immediately after the completion of construction works.

OPERATIONAL PHASE OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS

7.6 Ecology (Fauna and Flora)

Impact management outcome: Direct loss of vegetation, including listed and protected species is reduced.

Im	pact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
		Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
		person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
-	Any potentially dangerous fauna such as snakes or fauna	cEO, Specialist,	Develop a	Operation and	dEO	As and	Necessary
	threatened by the maintenance and operational activities	Contractor	search and	maintenance		when	permits
	should be removed to a safe location.		relocation plan			required	obtained prior
			for threatened				to the removal
			or dangerous				of threatened
			fauna species				fauna species,
			and obtain the				and copies of
			relevant permits				permits
			for the removal				observed during
			of these species				audit.
-	All hazardous materials should be stored in the appropriate	Contractor	Suitable bunding	Duration of the	dEO	Monthly	Effective
	manner to prevent contamination of the site. Any accidental		and	project			bunding and
	chemical, fuel and oil spills that occur at the site should be		containment,				containment of
	cleaned up in the appropriate manner as related to the nature		demarcation				hazardous
	of the spill.		and access				materials as
			control				evidenced on
			measures				site, along with
			implemented for				suitable access
			hazardous				control and
			materials at				demarcation
			onsite stores. Spill				provided at
			prevention and				hazardous

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		response plan				materials stores.	
		developed, and				Written log of	
		spill kits made				spills and clean	
		available, as				up actions	
		well as all staff				implemented	
		inducted with				observed and	
		spill response				kept on file at	
		procedure and				site	
		a log of					
		inductions kept					
		on file. Written					
		record of spills					
		and clean up					
		actions kept on					
		site					
- All vehicles accessing the site should adhere to a low-speed limit	Contractor,	Install speed	During the	dEO	Monthly	Minimal	
(30km/h max) to avoid collisions with susceptible species such as	cEO	signature	construction			instances of	
snakes and tortoises.		throughout site,	phase			speeding as	
		include speed				observed on site	
		limit into				during audits	
		induction and				and as	
		ensure all staff				evidenced in	
		entering site is				the written log	
		aware of the				of warnings and	
		requirement to				fines issued for	
		implement				contraventions	
		speed limits.					
		Institute verbal					
		and written					
		warnings for					
		violations and					
		appropriate					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		fines for repeat				
		contraventions.				
		Written log of				
		fines and				
		warning issued				
		kept on site				
- Alien plant control and erosion management at the site	Operator	Invasive Alien	Operation	External	Annually –	Invasive alien
should take place according to the respective		Plant species		Auditor, dEO	external	plant species
management plans.	Specialist	eradication and			audit and	appropriately
		management			quarterly	managed
		programme			dEO	
		developed for				
		the construction				
		phase of the				
		project,				
		detailing				
		monitoring				
		required, control				
		methods and				
		frequency.				
- All roads and other hardened surfaces should have runoff	Contractor,	Develop and	Prior to	dEO/cEO	Monthly	Evidence of
control features which redirect water flow and dissipate any	cEO	implement a	construction			implementation
energy in the water which may pose an erosion risk.		stormwater	commencing,			of the
		management	and for the			stormwater
		plan	duration of			management
			construction			plan is observed
			and operation			
			phase			
- Regular monitoring for alien plant invasion and erosion after	Operator	Invasive Alien	Operation	External	Annually –	Invasive alien
construction to ensure that no invasion or erosion problems		Plant species		Auditor, dEO	external	plant species
have developed as result of the disturbance must be		eradication and			audit and	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	n		Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
undertaken, as per the respective Management Plans for the	Specialist	management			quarterly	appropriately	
project.		programme			dEO	managed	
		developed for					
		the construction					
		phase of the					
		project,					
		detailing					
		monitoring					
		required, control					
		methods and					
		frequency.					
- All disturbed areas that are not used such as excess road	Contractor,	Visual inspection	Operation	cEO, dEO	Monthly	No evidence of	
widths, should be rehabilitated with locally occurring shrubs	cEO	of infrastructure	phase			disturbed areas	
and grasses after construction to reduce the overall footprint		to determine if				affected by	
of the development.		all areas have				development	
		been re-				and negligible	
		vegetated				erosion	
						observed	
- No planting or importing any listed invasive alien plant	Contractor	Identify listed	Prior to	cEO, dEO	When	No evidence of	
species (all Category 1a, 1b and 2 invasive species) to the	cEO	alien invasive	operation		required	identified alien	
site for landscaping, rehabilitation or any other purpose must		plants which	(rehabilitation)			invasive species	
be undertaken.		may not be				for site	
		used for				landscaping or	
		rehabilitation				rehabilitation	

7.7 Avifauna

Impact management outcome: Displacement of priority species due to habitat loss during the operation activities of the power lines is reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
 Implement post-construction monitoring and carcass 	Developer	Undertake	Post-	dEO	Daily	Record	
surveys	EO	monitoring and	construction			monitoring and	
		carcass surveys				carcass surveys	
 Compile management programme to assess efficacy of mitigation and on-going research/trials 	Developer EO	Develop avifauna monitoring efficacy programme	Operation	dEO	Monthly for at least one year	Copy of efficacy management programme	
 Report mortalities (number, locality and species) to Electrical Energy Mortality Register at EWT 	Developer EO	Report mortalities on register	Operation	dEO	Operation (on- going)	Record of reported mortalities	

Impact management outcome: Minimisation of the likelihood of electrocution of birds and collision with power lines during the operational.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Develop and implement a carcass search programme	Specialist	Develop a	During the	dEO	Quarterly	Evidence of
for birds during the first two years of operation, in line with		carcass search	operation phase			implementation
the South African monitoring guidelines (Jenkins et al.	Operator	programme for				of the carcass
2015). This program must include monitoring of overhead		implementation				search
power lines.		during operation.				programme.
						Minimal to no
						carcasses
						observed on site
						during audit.
- A site specific Operational Environmental Management	Environmental	Develop and	Prior to	dEO	Annually	Copy of
Plan (OEMP) must be implemented, which gives	Consultant	implement a site-	construction			Operational
appropriate and detailed description of how		specific	and operation			EMP and
operational and maintenance activities must be	EO	Operational EMP.				evidence of
conducted to reduce potential problems. All staff are to						implementation
adhere to the OEMP and should apply good						of mitigation
environmental practice during all operations.						actions
						proposed in the
						EMP observed
						on site.

Impact management outcome: Cumulative impacts of the powerlines on avifauna is reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- The applicant and operational neighbouring projects	Developer	Consult with	During the	dEO	Annually	Proof of
should proactively collaborate in research and		representatives	operational			consultation
mitigation if incidents on Priority species occur. Data		from operational	phase			with
must be shared, and research efforts co-ordinated to		neighbouring				representatives
reduce mortalities in the region of the species above,		projects to				from
and where applicable and agreed, effort must be made		determine ways				operational
to assist in funding of such research.		to mitigate				neighbouring
		impacts on				projects.
		priority species.				

7.8 Heritage

Impact management outcome: Impacts on graves and burial grounds reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- The sites must be demarcated with a 10m 'no-go' buffer	Operator/Ma	Ensure that the	During the	dEO	Annually	Visual observation
zone and the graves must be avoided and left in situ.	intenance	operator is made	operational			of burial grounds
	personnel	aware of the 10m	phase			being avoided
		'no-go' buffer zone				during the
		and that the				operation of the
		potential burial sites				powerlines.
		are avoided and				
		left in situ.				

APPENDIX 1: METHOD STATEMENTS

To be prepared by the contractor prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are **not required** to be submitted to the CA.

APPENDIX 2: CV OF THE EAP