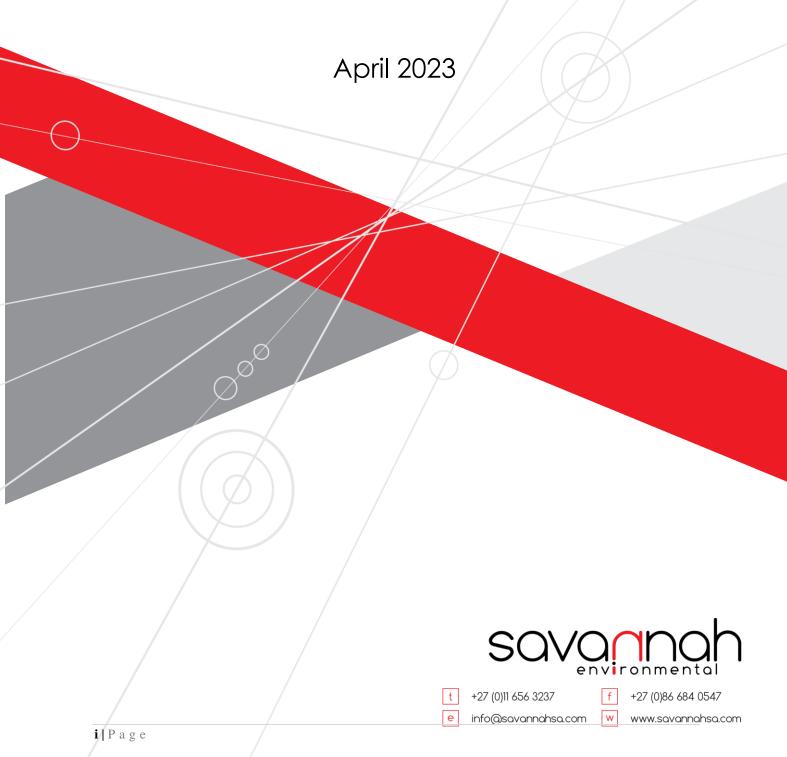
KOTULO TSATSI ENERGY PV3 AND ASSOCIATED INFRASTRUCTURE, NORTHERN CAPE PROVINCE

Environmental Management Programme for the onsite substation



GENERIC ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) FOR THE DEVELOPMENT AND EXPANSION OF SUBSTATION INFRASTRUCTURE FOR THE TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION OF ELECTRICITY











TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRO	ODUC	TION	1
1.	Вас	kground	1
2.	Purp	oose	1
3.	Obj	ective	1
4.	Sco	pe	1
5.	Stru	cture of this document	2
6.	Cor	mpletion of part B: section 1: the pre-approved generic EMPr template	4
7.	Am 4	endments of the impact management outcomes and impact management action	ns
8. de		cuments to be submitted as part of part B: section 2 site specific information a	
(a)) A	mendments to Part B: Section 2 – site specific information and declaration	5
PART	A – G	SENERAL INFORMATION	2
1.	DEF	initions	2
2.	ACI	RONYMS and ABBREVIATIONS	3
3. IM		ES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMENTATION	,
4.	ENV	IRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE	10
	4.1	Document control/Filing system	10
	4.2	Documentation to be available	10
	4.3	Weekly Environmental Checklist	10
	4.4	Environmental site meetings	11
	4.5	Required Method Statements	11
	4.6	Environmental Incident Log (Diary)	12
	4.7	Non-compliance	12
	4.8	Corrective action records	13
	4.9	Photographic record	13
	4.10	Complaints register	14
	4.11	Claims for damages	14
	4.12	Interactions with affected parties	14
	4.13	Environmental audits	15
	4.14	Final environmental audits	15
PART	B: SE	CTION 1: Pre-approved generic EMPr template	15
5.	IMP	ACT MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES AND IMPACT MANAGEMENT ACTIONS	15
	5.1	Environmental awareness training	17

5.2	Site Establishment development	20
5.3	Access restricted areas	21
5.4	Access roads	22
5.5	Fencing and Gate installation	25
5.6	Water Supply Management	29
5.7	Storm and wastewater management	30
5.8	Solid and hazardous waste management	32
5.9	Protection of watercourses and estuaries	36
5.10	Vegetation clearing	37
5.11	Protection of fauna	41
5.12	Protection of heritage resources	43
5.13	Safety of the public	44
5.14	Sanitation	46
5.15	Prevention of disease	48
5.16	Emergency procedures	51
5.17	Hazardous substances	53
5.18	Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage	59
5.19	Batching plants	61
5.20	Dust emissions	64
5.21	Blasting	67
5.22	Noise	68
5.23	Fire prevention	69
5.24	Stockpiling and stockpile areas	71
5.25	Civil works	72
5.26	Excavation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage systems	74
5.27	Installation of foundations, cable trenching and drainage systems	75
5.28 Insulat	Installation of equipment (circuit breakers, current Transformers, Isolat tors, surge arresters, voltage transformers, earth switches)	
5.30	Cabling and Stringing	78
5.31 integr	Testing and Commissioning (all equipment testing, earthing system, systation)	
5.32	Socio-economic	79
5.33	Temporary closure of site	81
5.34	Dismantling of old equipment	85
5.35	Landscaping and rehabilitation	87
ACCE	SS TO THE GENERIC EMPr	90

6

PART B: S	ECTION 2	91
7.	SITE SPECIFIC INFORMATION AND DECLARATION	91
7.1.	Sub-section 1: Contact details and description of the project	91
7.2.	Sub-section 2: Development footprint site map	92
7.1	Sub-section 3: Declaration	106
7.2	Sub-section 4: amendments to site specific information (Part B; section 2)	106
PART C.		107
8.	SITE SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL ATTRIBUTES	107
CONSTR	UCTION PHASE OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS	108
OPERATI	ONAL PHASE OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS	121
APPEND	X 1: METHOD STATEMENTS	126
APPENDI	X 2: CV OF THE EAP	127
List of tal	oles	
Table 1:	Guide to roles and responsibilities for implementation of a generic EMPr	4

INTRODUCTION

1. Background

The National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998) (NEMA) requires that an environmental management programme (EMPr) be submitted where an environmental impact assessment (EIA) has been identified as the environmental instrument to be utilised as the basis for a decision on an application for environmental authorisation (EA). The content of an EMPr must either contain the information set out in Appendix 4 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014, as amended (EIA Regulations) or must be a generic EMPr relevant to an application as identified and gazetted by the Minister in a government notice. Once the Minister has identified, through a government notice that a generic EMPr is relevant to an application for EA, that generic EMPr must be applied by all parties involved in the EA process, including but not limited to the applicant and the competent authority (CA).

2. Purpose

This document constitutes a generic EMPr relevant to applications for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, and all listed and specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

3. Objective

The objective of this generic EMPr is to prescribe and pre-approve generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions, which can commonly and repeatedly be used for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity. The use of a generic EMPr is intended to reduce the need to prepare and review individual EMPrs for applications of a similar nature.

4. Scope

The scope of this generic EMPr applies to the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity requiring EA in terms of NEMA. This generic EMPr applies to activities requiring EA, mainly activity 11 and 47 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 1 of 2014, as amended, and activity 9 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 2 of 2014, as amended, and all associated listed or specified activities necessary for the realization of such infrastructure.

5. Structure of this document

This document is structured in three parts with an Appendix as indicated in the table below:

Part	Section	Heading	an Appendix as indicated in the table below: Content
Α		Provides general guidance	Definitions, acronyms, roles & responsibilities and
		and information and is not	documentation and reporting.
D.	1	legally binding	Cartain
В	1	Pre-approved generic EMPr template	Contains generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions required for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, which are presented in the form of a template that has been preapproved.
			The template in this section is to be completed by the contractor, with each completed page signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity.
			Where an impact management outcome is not relevant, the words "not applicable" can be inserted in the template under the "responsible persons" column.
			Once completed and signed, the template represents the EMPr for the activity approved by the CA and is legally binding. The template is not required to be submitted to the CA as once the generic EMPr is gazetted for implementation, it has been approved by the CA.
			To allow interested and affected parties access to the pre-approved EMPr template for consideration through the decision-making process, the EAP on behalf of the applicant /proponent must make the hard copy of this EMPr available at a public location and where the applicant has a website, the EMPr should

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			also be made available on such publicly accessible website.
	2	Site specific information	Contains preliminary infrastructure layout and a declaration that the applicant/holder of the EA will comply with the pre-approved generic EMPr template contained in Part B: Section 1, and understands that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding. The preliminary infrastructure layout must be finalized to inform the final EMPr that is to be submitted with the basic assessment report (BAR) or environmental impact assessment report (EIAR), ensuring that all impact management outcomes and impact management actions have been either preapproved or approved in terms of Part C.
			This section must be submitted to the CA together with the final BAR or EIAR. The information submitted to the CA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, this Section forms part of the EMPr for the development and is legally binding.
C		Site specific sensitivities/ attributes	If any specific environmental sensitivities/ attributes are present on the site which require site specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr, to manage impacts, these specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific environmental attributes must be referenced spatially and impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be provided. These specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the preapproved EMPr template (Part B: section 1) This section will not be required should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes. However, if Part C is applicable to the site, it is required to be submitted together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			information in this section must be prepared by an EAP and must contain his/her name and expertise including a curriculum vitae. Once approved, Part C forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding. This section applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the specific development or expansion and which are not already included in Part B: section 1.
Арре	endix 1		Contains the method statements to be prepared prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are not required to be submitted to the competent authority.

6. Completion of part B: section 1: the pre-approved generic EMPr template

The template is to be completed prior to commencement of the activity, by providing the following information for each environmental impact management action:

- For implementation
 - a 'responsible person',
 - a method for implementation,
 - a timeframe for implementation
- For monitoring
 - a responsible person
 - frequency
 - evidence of compliance.

The completed template must be signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as <u>Appendix 1</u>. Each method statement must be signed and dated on each page by the holder of the EA. This template once signed and dated is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

7. Amendments of the impact management outcomes and impact management actions

Once the activity has commenced, a holder of an EA may make amendments to the impact management outcomes and impact management actions in the following manner:

• Amendment of the impact management outcomes: in line with the process contemplated in Regulation 37 of the EIA Regulations; and

• Amendment of the impact management actions: in line with the process contemplated in Regulation 36 of the EIA Regulations.

8. Documents to be submitted as part of part B: section 2 site specific information and declaration

<u>Part B: Section 2</u> has three distinct sub-sections. The first and third sub-sections are in a template format. Sub-section two requires a map to be produced.

<u>Sub-section 1</u> contains the project name, the applicant's name and contact details, the site information, which includes coordinates of the property or farm in which the proposed substation infrastructure is proposed as well as the 21-digit Surveyor General code of each cadastral land parcel and, where available, the farm name.

<u>Sub-section 2</u> is to be prepared by an EAP and must contain his/her name and expertise including a curriculum vitae. This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout using the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at: https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features and within 50 m from the development footprint.

<u>Sub-section 3</u> is the declaration that the applicant (s)/proponent (s) or holder of the EA in the case of a change of ownership must complete which confirms that the applicant/EA holder will comply with the pre-approved 'generic EMPr' template in <u>Section 1</u> and understands that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding.

(a) Amendments to Part B: Section 2 – site specific information and declaration

Should the EA be transferred, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new applicant/proponent and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted as part of such an application for an amendment to an EA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

PART A - GENERAL INFORMATION

1. **DEFINITIONS**

In this EMPr any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the NEMA or EIA Regulations has that meaning, and unless the context requires otherwise –

"clearing" means the clearing and removal of vegetation, whether partially or in whole, including trees and shrubs, as specified;

"construction camp" is the area designated for key construction infrastructure and services, including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;

"contractor" - The Contractor has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract, are in line with the Environmental Management Programme and that Method Statements are implemented as described.

"hazardous substance" is a substance governed by the Hazardous Substances Act, 1973 (Act No. 15 of 1973) as well as the Hazardous Chemical and Substances Regulations, 1995;

"method statement" means a written submission by the Contractor to the Project Manager in response to this EMPr or a request by the Project Manager and ECO. The method statement must set out the equipment, materials, labour and method(s) the Contractor proposes using to carry out an activity identified by the Project Manager when requesting the Method Statement. This must be done in such detail that the Project Manager and ECO is able to assess whether the Contractor's proposal is in accordance with this specification and/or will produce results in accordance with this specification;

The method statement must cover as a minimum applicable details with regard to:

- (i) Construction procedures;
- (ii) Plant, materials and equipment to be used;
- (iii) Transporting the equipment to and from site;
- (iv) How the plant/material/equipment will be moved while on site;
- (v) How and where the plant/ material/ equipment will be stored;
- (vi) The containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- (vii) Timing and location of activities;
- (viii) Compliance/ non-compliance; and
- (ix) Any other information deemed necessary by the Project Manager.

"slope" means the inclination of a surface expressed as one unit of rise or fall for so many horizontal units;

"solid waste" means all solid waste, including construction debris, hazardous waste, excess cement/concrete, wrapping materials, timber, cans, drums, wire, nails, food and domestic waste (e.g. plastic packets and wrappers);

"spoil" means excavated material which is unsuitable for use as material in the construction works or is material which is surplus to the requirements of the construction works;

"topsoil" means a varying depth (up to 300 mm) of the soil profile irrespective of the fertility, appearance, structure, agricultural potential, fertility and composition of the soil;

"works" means the works to be executed in terms of the Contract

2. ACRONYMS and ABBREVIATIONS

CA	Competent Authority
cEO	Contractors Environmental Officer
dEO	Developer Environmental Officer
DPM	Developer Project Manager
DSS	Developer Site Supervisor
EAR	Environmental Audit Report
ECA	Environment Conservation Act No. 73 of 1989
ECO	Environmental Control Officer
EA	Environmental Authorisation
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
ERAP	Emergency Response Action Plan
EMPr	Environmental Management Programme Report
EAP	Environmental Assessment Practitioner
FPA	Fire Protection Agency
HCS	Hazardous chemical Substance
NEMA	National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998)
NEMBA	National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act ,2004 (Act No. 10 of 2004)
NEMWA	National Environmental Management: Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008)
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet
RI&APs	Registered Interested and affected parties

3. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) IMPLEMENTATION

The effective implementation of this generic EMPr is dependent on established and clear roles, responsibilities and reporting lines within an institutional framework. This section of the EMPr gives guidance to the various environmental roles and reporting lines, however, project specific requirements will ultimately determine the need for the appointment of specific person(s) to undertake specific roles and or responsibilities. As such, it must be noted that in the event that no specific person, for example, an environmental control officer (ECO) is appointed, the holder of the EA remains responsible for ensuring that the duties indicated in this document for action by the ECO are undertaken.

Table 1: Guide to roles and responsibilities for implementation of an EMPr

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer's Project Manager	<u>Role</u>
(DPM)	The Project Developer is accountable for ensuring compliance with the EMPr and any conditions of approval from the competent authority (CA). Where required, an environmental control officer (ECO) must be contracted by the Project Developer to objectively monitor the implementation of the EMPr according to relevant environmental legislation, and the conditions of the environmental authorisation (EA). The Project Developer is further responsible for providing and giving mandate to enable the ECO to perform responsibilities, and he must ensure that the ECO is integrated as part of the project team while remaining independent.
	Responsibilities
	- Be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA;
	- Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Developer and its Contractor(s);
	 Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; Monitor the implementation of the EMPr throughout the project by means of site inspections and meetings. Overall management of the project and EMPr implementation; and Ensure that periodic environmental performance audits are undertaken on the project implementation.

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer Site Supervisor (DSS)	Role The DSS reports directly to the DPM, oversees site works, liaises with the contractor(s) and the ECO. The DSS is responsible for the day to day implementation of the EMPr and for ensuring the compliance of all contractors with the conditions and requirements stipulated in the EMPr.
	 Responsibilities Ensure that all contractors identify a contractor's Environmental Officer (cEO); Must be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA. Oversees site works, liaison with Contractor, DPM and ECO;
	 Must ensure that all landowners have the relevant contact details of the site staff, ECO and cEO; Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; Will issue all non-compliances to contractors; and
Environmental Control Officer (ECO)	- Ratify the Monthly Environmental Report. Role
LITVIIOTIME III COMITO OMICEI (LCO)	The ECO should have appropriate training and experience in the implementation of environmental management specifications. The primary role of the ECO is to act as an independent quality controller and monitoring agent regarding all environmental concerns and associated environmental impacts. In this respect, the ECO is to conduct periodic site inspections, attend regular site meetings, pre-empt problems and suggest mitigation and be available to advise on incidental issues that arise. The ECO is also required to conduct compliance audits, verifying the monitoring reports submitted by the cEO. The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager regarding all environmental matters. The Contractor, cEO and dEO are answerable to the Environmental Control Officer for non-compliance with the Performance Specifications as set out in the EA and EMPr.
	The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager, who in turn reports back to the Contractor and potential and Registered Interested &Affected Parties (RI&APs), as required. Issues of non-compliance raised by the ECO must be taken up by the Project Manager, and resolved with the Contractor as per the

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	conditions of his contract. Decisions regarding environmental procedures, specifications and requirements which have a cost implication (i.e. those that are deemed to be a variation, not allowed for in the Performance Specification) must be endorsed by the Project Manager. The ECO must also, as specified by the EA, report to the relevant CA as and when required.
	Responsibilities The responsibilities of the ECO will include the following: - Be aware of the findings and conclusions of all EA related to the development; - Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr; - Be conversant with relevant environmental legislation, policies and procedures, and ensure compliance with them; - Undertake regular and comprehensive site inspections / audits of the construction site according to the generic EMPr and applicable licenses in order to monitor compliance as required; - Educate the construction team about the management measures contained in the EMPr and environmental licenses; - Compilation and administration of an environmental monitoring plan to ensure that the environmental management measures are implemented and are effective; - Monitoring the performance of the Contractors and ensuring compliance with the EMPr and associated Method Statements; - In consultation with the Developer Site Supervisor order the removal of person(s) and/or equipment which are in contravention of the specifications of the EMPr and/or environmental licenses; - Liaison between the DPM, Contractors, authorities and other lead stakeholders on all environmental concerns; - Compile a regular environmental audit report highlighting any non-compliance issues as well as satisfactory or exceptional compliance with the EMPr; - Validating the regular site inspection reports, which are to be prepared by the contractor Environmental Officer (cEO);

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	 Checking the cEO's record of environmental incidents (spills, impacts, legal transgressions etc.) as well as corrective and preventive actions taken; Checking the cEO's public complaints register in which all complaints are recorded, as well as action taken; Assisting in the resolution of conflicts; Facilitate training for all personnel on the site – this may range from carrying out the training, to reviewing the training programmes of the Contractor; In case of non-compliances, the ECO must first communicate this to the Senior Site Supervisor, who has the power to ensure this matter is addressed. Should no action or insufficient action be taken, the ECO may report this matter to the authorities as non-compliance; Maintenance, update and review of the EMPr; Communication of all modifications to the EMPr to the relevant stakeholders.
developer Environmental Officer (dEO)	Role The dEOs will report to the Project Manager and are responsible for implementation of the EMPr, environmental monitoring and reporting, providing environmental input to the Project Manager and Contractor's Manager, liaising with contractors and the landowners as well as a range of environmental coordination responsibilities.
	Responsibilities - Be fully conversant with the EMPr; - Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr, and implement these measures; - Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Employees, Contractor(s); - Confine the development site to the demarcated area; - Conduct environmental internal audits with regards to EMPr and authorisation compliance (on cEO); - Assist the contractors in addressing environmental challenges on site; - Assist in incident management:

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities		
	 Reporting environmental incidents to developer and ensuring that corrective action is taken, and lessons learnt shared; Assist the contractor in investigating environmental incidents and compile investigation reports; Follow-up on pre-warnings, defects, non-conformance reports; Measure and communicate environmental performance to the Contractor; Conduct environmental awareness training on site together with ECO and cEO; Ensure that the necessary legal permits and / or licenses are in place and up to date; Acting as Developer's Environmental Representative on site and work together with the ECO and contractor; 		
Contractor	Role The Contractor appoints the cEO and has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract are in line with the EMPr and that Method Statements are implemented as described. External contractors must ensure compliance with this EMPr while performing the onsite activities as per their contract with the Project Developer. The contractors are required, where specified, to provide Method Statements setting out in detail how the impact management actions contained in the EMPr will be implemented during the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity activities.		
	 Responsibilities project delivery and quality control for the development services as per appointment; employ a suitably qualified person to monitor and report to the Project Developer's appointed person on the daily activities on-site during the construction period; ensure that safe, environmentally acceptable working methods and practices are implemented and that equipment is properly operated and maintained, to facilitate proper access and enable any operation to be carried out safely; attend on site meeting(s) prior to the commencement of activities to confirm the procedure and designated activity zones; 		

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	- ensure that contractors' staff repair, at their own cost, any environmental damage as a result of a contravention of the specifications contained in EMPr, to the satisfaction of the ECO.
contractor Environmental Officer (cEO)	Role Each Contractor affected by the EMPr should appoint a cEO, who is responsible for the on-site implementation of the EMPr (or relevant sections of the EMPr). The Contractor's representative can be the site agent; site engineer; a dedicated environmental officer; or an independent consultant. The Contractor must ensure that the Contractor's Representative is suitably qualified to perform the necessary tasks and is appointed at a level such that she/he can interact effectively with other site Contractors, labourers, the Environmental Control Officer and the public. As a minimum the cEO shall meet the following criteria:
	 Responsibilities Be on site throughout the duration of the project and be dedicated to the project; Ensure all their staff are aware of the environmental requirements, conditions and constraints with respect to all of their activities on site; Implementing the environmental conditions, guidelines and requirements as stipulated within the EA, EMPr and Method Statements; Attend the Environmental Site Meeting; Undertaking corrective actions where non-compliances are registered within the stipulated timeframes; Report back formally on the completion of corrective actions; Assist the ECO in maintaining all the site documentation; Prepare the site inspection reports and corrective action reports for submission to the ECO; Assist the ECO with the preparing of the monthly report; and Where more than one Contractor is undertaking work on site, each company appointed as a Contractor will appoint a cEO representing that company.

4. ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE

To ensure accountable and demonstrated implementation of the EMPr, a number of reporting systems, documentation controls and compliance mechanisms must be in place for all substation infrastructure projects as a minimum requirement.

4.1 Document control/Filing system

The holder of the EA is solely responsible for the upkeep and management of the EMPr file. As a minimum, all documentation detailed below will be stored in the EMPr file. A hard copy of all documentation shall be filed, while an electronic copy may be kept where relevant. A duplicate file will be maintained in the office of the DSS (where applicable). This duplicate file must remain current and up-to-date. The filing system must be updated and relevant documents added as required. The EMPr file must be made available at all times on request by the CA or other relevant authorities. The EMPr file will form part of any environmental audits undertaken as prescribed in the EIA Regulations.

4.2 Documentation to be available

At the outset of the project, the following preliminary list of documents shall be placed in the filing system and be accessible at all times:

- Full copy of the signed EA from the CA in terms of NEMA, granting approval for the development or expansion;
- Copy of the generic and site specific EMPr as well as any amendments thereof;
- Copy of declaration of implementing generic EMPr and subsequent approval of site specific EMPr and amendments thereof;
- All method statements;
- Completed environmental checklists;
- Minutes and attendance register of environmental site meetings;
- An up-to-date environmental incident log;
- A copy of all instructions or directives issued;
- A copy of all corrective actions signed off. The corrective actions must be filed in such a way that a clear reference is made to the non-compliance record;
- Complaints register.

4.3 Weekly Environmental Checklist

The ECOs are required to complete a Weekly Environmental Checklist, the format of which is to be agreed prior to commencement of the activity. The ECOs are required to sign and date the checklist, retain a copy in the EMPr file and submit a copy of the completed checklist to the DSS on a weekly basis.

The checklists will form the basis for the Monthly Environmental Reports. Copies of all completed checklists will be attached as Annexures to the Environmental Audit Report as required in terms of the EIA Regulations.

4.4 Environmental site meetings

Minutes of the environmental site meetings shall be kept. The minutes must include an attendance register and will be attached to the Monthly Report that is distributed to attendees. Each set of minutes must clearly record "Matters for Attention" that will be reviewed at the next meeting.

4.5 Required Method Statements

The method statement will be done in such detail that the ECOs are enabled to assess whether the contractor's proposal is in accordance with the EMPr.

The method statement must cover applicable details with regard to:

- development procedures;
- materials and equipment to be used;
- getting the equipment to and from site;
- how the equipment/ material will be moved while on site;
- how and where material will be stored;
- the containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- timing and location of activities;
- compliance/ non-compliance with the EMPr; and
- any other information deemed necessary by the ECOs.

Unless indicated otherwise by the Project Manager, the Contractor shall provide the following method statements to the Project Manager no less than 14 days prior to the commencement date of the activity:

- Site establishment Camps, Lay-down or storage areas, satellite camps, infrastructure;
- Batch plants;
- Workshop or plant servicing;
- Handling, transport and storage of Hazardous Chemical Substance's;
- Vegetation management Protected, clearing, aliens, felling;
- Access management Roads, gates, crossings etc.;
- Fire plan;
- Waste management transport, storage, segregation, classification, disposal (all waste streams);
- Social interaction complaints management, compensation claims, access to properties etc.;
- Water use (source, abstraction and disposal), access and all related information, crossings and mitigation;
- Emergency preparedness Spills, training, other environmental emergencies;
- Dust and noise management methodologies;
- Fauna interaction and risk management only if the risk was identified wildlife interaction especially on game farms; and
- Heritage and palaeontology management.

The ECOs shall monitor and ensure that the contractors perform in accordance with these method statements. Completed and agreed method statements between the holder of the EA and the contractor shall be captured in Appendix 1.

4.6 Environmental Incident Log (Diary)

The ECOs are required to maintain an up-to-date and current Environmental Incident Log (environmental diary). The Environmental Incident Log is a means to record all environmental incidents and/or all non-compliance notice would not be issued. An environmental incident is defined as:

- Any deviation from the listed impact management actions (listed in this EMPr) that
 may be addressed immediately by the ECOs. (For example, a contractor's staff
 member littering or a drip tray that has not been emptied);
- Any environmental impact resulting from an action or activity by a contractor in contravention of the environmental stipulations and guidelines listed in the EMPr which as a single event would have a minor impact but which if cumulative and continuous would have a significant effect (for example no toilet paper available in the ablutions for an afternoon); and
- General environmental information such as road kills or injured wildlife.

The ECOs are to record all environmental incidents in the Environmental Incident Log. All incidents regardless of severity must be reported to the Developer. The Log is to be kept in the EMPr file and at a minimum the following will be recorded for each environmental incident:

- The date and time of the incident;
- Description of the incident;
- The name of the Contractor responsible;
- The incident must be listed as significant or minor;
- If the incident is listed as significant, a non-compliance notice must be issued, and recorded in the log;
- Remedial or corrective action taken to mitigate the incident; and
- Record of repeat minor offences by the same contractor or staff member.

The Environmental Incident Log will be captured in the EAR.

4.7 Non-compliance

A non-compliance notice will be issued to the responsible contractor by the ECOs via the DSS or Project Manager. The non-compliance notice will be issued in writing; a copy filed in the EMPr file and will at a minimum include the following:

- Time and date of the non-compliance;
- Name of the contractor responsible;
- Nature and description of the non-compliance;
- Recommended / required corrective action; and
- Date by which the corrective action to be completed.

• The contractors shall act immediately when a notice of non-compliance is received and correct whatever is the cause for the issuing of the notice. Complaints received regarding activities on the development site pertaining to the environment shall be recorded in a dedicated register and the response noted with the date and action taken. The ECO should be made aware of any complaints. Any non-compliance with the agreed procedures of the EMPr is a transgression of the various statutes and laws that define the manner by which the environment is managed. Failure to redress the cause shall be reported to the relevant CA for them to deal with the transgression, as it deems fit. The contractor is deemed not to have complied with the EMPr if, inter alia, There is a deviation from the environmental conditions, impact management outcomes and impact management actions activities, as approved in generic and site specific EMPr as relevant as set out in the EMPr, which deviation has, or may cause, an environmental impact.

4.8 Corrective action records

For each non-compliance notice issued, a documented corrective action must be recorded. On receiving a non-compliance notice from the DSS, the contractor's cEO will ensure that the corrective actions required take place within the stipulated timeframe. On completion of the corrective action the cEO is to issue a Corrective Action Report in writing to the ECOs. If satisfied that the corrective action has been completed, the ECOs are to sign-off on the Corrective Action Report, and attach the report to the non-compliance notice in the EMPr file. A corrective action is considered complete once the report has signed off by the ECOs.

4.9 Photographic record

A digital photographic record will be kept. The photographic record will be used to show before, during and post rehabilitation evidence of the project as well used in cases of damages claims if they arise. Each image must be dated and a brief description note attached.

The Contractor shall:

1. Allow the ECOs access to take photographs of all areas, activities and actions.

The ECOs shall keep an electronic database of photographic records which will include:

- 1. Pictures of all areas designated as work areas, camp areas, development sites and storage areas taken before these areas are set up;
- 2. All bunding and fencing;
- Road conditions and road verges;
- 4. Condition of all farm fences;
- 5. Topsoil storage areas;
- 6. All areas to be cordoned off during construction;
- 7. Waste management sites;
- 8. Ablution facilities (inside and out);
- 9. Any non-conformances deemed to be "significant";
- 10. All completed corrective actions for non-compliances;
- 11. All required signage;
- 12. Photographic recordings of incidents;

- 13. All areas before, during and post rehabilitation; and
- 14. Include relevant photographs in the Final Environmental Audit Report.

4.10 Complaints register

The ECOs shall keep a current and up-to-date complaints register. The complaints register is to be a record of all complaints received from communities, stakeholders and individuals. The Complaints Record shall:

- 1. Record the name and contact details of the complainant;
- 2. Record the time and date of the complaint;
- 3. Contain a detailed description of the complaint;
- 4. Where relevant and appropriate, contain photographic evidence of the complaint or damage (ECOs to take relevant photographs); and
- 5. Contain a copy of the ECOs written response to each complaint received and keep a record of any further correspondence with the complainant. The ECO's written response will include a description of any corrective action to be taken and must be signed by the Contractor, ECO and affected party. Where a damage claim is issued by the complainant, the ECOs shall respond as described in (section 4.11) below.

4.11 Claims for damages

In the event that a Claim for Damages is submitted by a community, landowner or individual, the ECOs shall:

- 1. Record the full detail of the complaint as described in (section 4.10) above;
- 2. The DPM will evaluate the claim and associated damage and submit the evaluation to the Senior Site Representative for approval;
- 3. Following consideration by the DPM, the claim is to be resolved and settled immediately, or the reason for not accepting the claim communicated in writing to the claimant. Should the claimant not accept this, the ECO shall, in writing report the incident to the Developer's negotiator and legal department; and
- 4. A formal record of the response by the ECOs to the claimant as well as the rectification of the method of making payments not amount will be recorded in the EMPr file.

4.12 Interactions with affected parties

Open, transparent and good relations with affected landowners, communities and regional staff are an essential aspect to the successful management and mitigation of environmental impacts.

The ECOs shall:

- 1. Ensure that all queries, complaints and claims are dealt within an agreed timeframe;
- 2. Ensure that any or all agreements are documented, signed by all parties and a record of the agreement kept in the EMPr file;

- 3. Ensure that a complaints telephone numbers are made available to all landowners and affected parties; and
- 4. Ensure that contact with affected parties is courteous at all times;

4.13 Environmental audits

Internal environmental audits of the activity and implementation of the EMPr must be undertaken. The findings and outcomes included in the EMPr file and submitted to the CA at intervals as indicated in the EA.

The ECOs must prepare a monthly EAR. The report will be tabled as the key point on the agenda of the Environmental Site Meeting. The Report is submitted for acceptance at the meeting and the final report will be circulated to the Project Manager and filed in the EMPr file. At a frequency determined by the EA, the ECOs shall submit the monthly reports to the CA. At a minimum the monthly report is to cover the following:

- Weekly Environmental Checklists;
- Deviations and non-compliances with the checklists;
- Non-compliances issued;
- Completed and reported corrective actions;
- Environmental Monitoring;
- * General environmental findings and actions; and
- * Minutes of the Bi-monthly Environmental Site Meetings.

4.14 Final environmental audits

On final completion of the rehabilitation and/or requirements of the EA a final EAR is to be prepared and submitted to the CA. The EAR must comply with Appendix 7 of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 1: Pre-approved generic EMPr template

5. IMPACT MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES AND IMPACT MANAGEMENT ACTIONS

This section provides a pre-approved generic EMPr template with aspects that are common to the development of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity. There is a list of aspects identified for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, and for each aspect a set of prescribed impact management outcomes and associated impact management actions have been identified. Holders of EAs are responsible to ensure the implementation of these outcomes and actions for all projects as a minimum requirement, in order to mitigate the impact of such aspects identified for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity.

The template provided below is to be completed by providing the information under each heading for each environmental impact management action.

The completed template must be signed and dated on each page by both the contractor and the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as Appendix 1. Each method statement must also be duly signed and dated on each page by the contactor and the holder of the EA. This template, once signed and dated, is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

5.1 Environmental awareness training

Impact management outcome: All onsite staff are aware and understand the individual responsibilities in terms of this EMPr.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
All staff must receive environmental awareness training	ECO/cEO/dEO	Hold	Pre-	ECO	Prior to	Attendance
prior to commencement of the activities.		environmental	construction	dEO	commencement	register and
		awareness	Construction		of construction.	training minutes /
		training				notes for the
		workshops				record
The Contractor must allow for sufficient sessions to train	Contractor	Scheduling of	Pre-	ECO	Prior to	Attendance
all personnel with no more than 20 personnel attending		sufficient	construction	dEO	commencement	register and
each course.		sessions through	Construction		of construction.	training minutes /
		consultation				notes for the
		with the ECO /				record
		cEO / dEO				
– Refresher environmental awareness training is	cEO / dEO in	Hold refresher	During the	ECO	As and when	Attendance
available as and when required.	consultation	environmental	construction	dEO	required	register and
	with the ECO	awareness	phase			training minutes /
		training				notes for the
		workshops				record
All staff are aware of the conditions and controls linked	cEO / dEO	Hold training	During the	ECO	Prior to	Attendance
to the EA and within the EMPr and made aware of their		workshops and	construction	dEO	commencement	register and
individual roles and responsibilities in achieving		ensure that the	phase		of construction.	training minutes /
compliance with the EA and EMPr.		EA and EMPr is				notes for the
		readily available				record
- The Contractor must erect and maintain information	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-	ECO	Prior to	Photographic
posters at key locations on site, and the posters must		place	construction	dEO	commencement	record
include the following information as a minimum:		appropriate	Construction	cEO	of construction.	
a) Safety notifications; and		posters at key				
b) No littering.		locations				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Environmental awareness training must include as a	cEO / dEO in	Develop	Pre-	ECO	Prior to the	Environmental
minimum the following:	consultation	environmental	construction	dEO	commencement	awareness training
a) Description of significant environmental impacts,	with the ECO	awareness	Construction		of environmental	material
actual or potential, related to their work activities;		training material			training	requirements
b) Mitigation measures to be implemented when		which covers the			awareness.	checklist
carrying out specific activities;		minimum				
c) Emergency preparedness and response		requirements				
procedures;						
d) Emergency procedures;						
e) Procedures to be followed when working near or						
within sensitive areas;						
f) Wastewater management procedures;						
g) Water usage and conservation;						
h) Solid waste management procedures;						
i) Sanitation procedures;						
j) Fire prevention; and						
k) Disease prevention.						
- A record of all environmental awareness training	ECO/cEO/dEO	Filing system	During the	ECO	As and when	Completed and
courses undertaken as part of the EMPr must be		including all	construction	dEO	required.	up to date filing
available.		proof of training	phase			system with proof
		(i.e. attendance				of training
		register and				
		training minutes				
		/ notes for the				
		record)				
- Educate workers on the dangers of open and/or	cEO / dEO in	Develop	Pre-	ECO	Prior to the	Environmental
unattended fires.	consultation	environmental	construction	dEO	commencement	awareness training
	with the ECO	awareness	Construction		of construction.	material
		training material				requirements
		which covers the				checklist

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		dangers of open				
		and/or				
		unattended fire				
A staff attendance register of all staff to have received	ECO/cEO/dEO	Filing system	During the	ECO	Prior to the	Completed and
environmental awareness training must be available.		including all	construction	dEO	commencement	up to date filing
		proof of training	phase		of construction.	system inclusive of
		(i.e. attendance				all attendance
		register)				registers
- Course material must be available and presented in	ECO/cEO/dEO	Develop	During the	ECO	Prior to the	Environmental
appropriate languages that all staff can understand.		environmental	construction	dEO	commencement	awareness training
		awareness	phase		of construction.	material
		training material				requirements
		in the required				checklist and the
		languages.				training register
		Training material				which must
		must by readily				indicate the
		available to all				language of the
		staff				training

5.2 Site Establishment development

Impact management outcome: Impacts on the environment are minimized during site establishment and the development footprint are kept to demarcated development area.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
A method statement must be provided by the contractor prior to any onsite activity that includes the layout of the construction camp in the form of a plan showing the location of key infrastructure and services (where applicable), including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous materials storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management.	Contractor	Development of an appropriate method statement	Pre-construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of the method statement which complies with the minimum requirements listed
 Location of construction camps must be within approved area to ensure that the site does not impact on sensitive areas identified in the environmental assessment or site walk through. 	DPM	Place construction camps outside of sensitive areas identified in the EIA process	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of a layout and sensitivity map indicating avoidance of sensitive areas
 Sites must be located where possible on previously disturbed areas. 	DPM	Place site outside of sensitive areas and within previously disturbed areas	Pre-construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of a layout and sensitivity map indicating avoidance of sensitive areas and placement

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation				
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		identified in the				within disturbed
		EIA process			J	areas
- The camp must be fenced in accordance with Section	DPM	Design and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	The camp is
5.5: Fencing and gate installation.		implementation	& Construction	dEO	construction	fenced in
		of fencing as per			and once during	accordance
		the			the construction	with Section 5.5
		requirements of			of the fencing	of this EMPr
		Section 5.5 of this				
		EMPr				
- The use of existing accommodation for contractor	Not applicable – t	he development of	f new accommoda	tion is not proposed	d. Employees will be	e accommodated
staff, where possible, is encouraged.	in the nearby tow	ns and will commut	e to site on a daily l	oasis.		

5.3 Access restricted areas

Impact management outcome: Access to restricted areas prevented.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Identification of access restricted areas is to be	dEO / cEO in	Spatially	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Access
informed by the environmental assessment, site walk	consultation	demarcate			construction	restricted areas
through and any additional areas identified during	with the ECO	access restricted				are identified
development.		areas informed				and provided in
		by the EIA				a spatial format
		Report				
- Erect, demarcate and maintain a temporary barrier	dEO / cEO in	Erect	At the	ECO	Once, prior to	Access
with clear signage around the perimeter of any access	consultation	appropriate	commencement		construction	restricted areas
restricted area, colour coding could be used if	with the ECO	temporary	and for the			are closed-off
appropriate.		barriers around	duration of the			through

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		access restricted	construction			temporary
		areas	phase			barriers and
						barriers are
						maintained to a
						sufficient
						standard
- Unauthorised access and development related	Contractor /	Erect	During the	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
activity inside access restricted areas is prohibited.	dEO / cEO	appropriate	construction		monitoring and	evidence
		temporary	phase		as and when	and/or notes of
		barriers around			required.	compliance that
		access restricted				no unauthorised
		areas and				access or
		provide clear				activities has
		signage of				taken place
		restricted status				within the
						access restricted
						areas

5.4 Access roads

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment through the planned and restricted movement of vehicles on site.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 An access agreement must be formalized and signed 	DPM	Develop access	Pre-construction	dEO	Once, prior to	Availability of
by the DPM, Contractor and landowner before	Contractor	agreements with		ECO	construction	approved and
commencing with the activities.		the affected				signed
		landowners.				agreement/s
		Ensure that				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		agreements are				
		approved and				
		signed				
 All private roads used for access to the servitude must 	Contractor	Undertake	During the	cEO / ECO	Monthly	Photographic
be maintained and upon completion of the works, be		maintenance	construction			record of the
left in at least the original condition.		activities on	phase			pre-construction
		private roads				condition and
		used for				degradation of
		construction as				roads, and
		degradation				records of the
		takes place				implementation
						and
						effectiveness of
						maintenance
						activities
- All contractors must be made aware of all these	dEO / cEO	Develop a map	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Access routes
access routes.		illustrating all	Construction		construction	map readily
		access routes				available
		associated with				
		the project and				
		present and				
		provide the map				
		to all contractors				
- Any access route deviation from that in the written	Contractor	All access routes	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
agreement must be closed and re-vegetated		developed that	and			record of the
immediately, at the contractor's expense.		are not in-line	Rehabilitation			closure of
		with the access				access roads
		route				and re-
		agreements				vegetation
		must be closed				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		and re-				
		habilitated to				
		the pre-				
		disturbance				
		state				
Maximum use of both existing servitudes and existing	Contractor (and	Existing access	Construction	cEO	Monthly	Implementation
roads must be made to minimise further disturbance	Eskom	routes be used	and operation	Operation and		of the approved
through the development of new roads.	maintenance	must be		maintenance		layout
	staff where	specified and		team		
	relevant to	the				
	operation)	development of				
		new roads must				
		be avoided as				
		far as possible				
- In circumstances where private roads must be used,	dEO / cEO	Record the	During the	ECO	Prior to the use of	Photographic
the condition of the said roads must be recorded in		conditions of	construction		private roads	record and
accordance with section 4.9: photographic record;		private roads to	phase			proof of the road
prior to use and the condition thereof agreed by the		be used (prior to				conditions
landowner, the DPM, and the contractor.		use) as per the				agreed upon
		requirements of				with the relevant
		section 4.9 and				parties
		agree on the				
		required				
		condition of the				
		roads with the				
		landowner, DPM				
		and contractor				
- Access roads in flattish areas must follow fence lines	DPM and	Design access	Pre-construction	ECO	Once during the	Implementation
and tree belts to avoid fragmentation of vegetated	Contractor	roads to follow			design and	of the approved
areas or croplands.		fence lines and				layout

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		avoid			once prior to	
		vegetated			construction	
		areas				
 Access roads must only be developed on pre-planned 	Contractor	Construction of	During the	ECO	Once during the	Implementation
and approved roads.		access roads	construction	dEO	design and	of the approved
		only on pre-	phase		once during the	layout
		planned and			construction of	
		approved			access roads	
		access roads				

5.5 Fencing and Gate installation

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and gates where required.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Use existing gates provided to gain access to all parts 	Contractor	Identify and	Pre-construction	dEO	Once during the	Existing gates
of the area authorised for development, where		inform all	& Construction		design and	are utilised on a
possible.		relevant staff of			once during the	frequent basis
		the existing			construction	and only limited
		gates to be used			phase.	new access
						gates are
						developed
- Existing and new gates to be recorded and	ECO	Existing and new	During the	ECO	Once, when the	Photographic
documented in accordance with section 4.9:		gates will be	construction		construction of	record of the
photographic record.		recorded and	phase		all new gates	existing and new
		documented as			has been	gates as per the
		per the			completed	

Impact Management Actions	nagement Actions Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		requirements of				requirements of	
		section 4.9				section4.9	
All gates must be fitted with locks and be kept locked	Contractor	Ensure all	Construction	ECO	Monthly	All gates are	
at all times during the development phase, unless		relevant gates	and Operation	Operation and		locked and no	
otherwise agreed with the landowner.		are fitted with		maintenance		complaints from	
		locks and are		team		landowners are	
		always locked				received in this	
						regard	
- At points where the line crosses an existing fence in	dEO	Install new gates	During the	ECO	Once, prior to	New gates are	
which there is no suitable gate within the extent of the		where required	construction		construction	installed where	
line servitude, on the instruction of the DPM, a gate		with the	phase		and during the	required	
must be installed at the approval of the landowner.		approval of the			construction		
		affected			phase, as and		
		landowner			when required		
 Care must be taken that the gates must be so erected 	Contractor	Install gates in a	During the	cEO	Once, during	New gates	
that there is a gap of no more than 100 mm between		manner so that	construction		the erection of	installed as per	
the bottom of the gate and the ground.		there is a gap of	phase		the gates during	the requirement	
		no more than			the construction		
		100mm			phase		
		between the					
		bottom of the					
		gate and the					
		ground					
- Where gates are installed in jackal proof fencing, a	Contractor	Implement a	During the	cEO	Once, during	New gates	
suitable reinforced concrete sill must be provided		reinforced	construction		the erection of	installed as per	
beneath the gate.		concrete sill	phase		the gates during	the requirement	
		beneath gates			the construction		
		installed for			phase		
		jackal proofing					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
 Original tension must be maintained in the fence wires. 	Contractor	Maintain original	During the	ECO	Monthly	No tension	
		tension of fences	construction			reduction on	
		through required	phase			fence wires	
		activities					
- All gates installed in electrified fencing must be re-	Contractor	Electrify gates	During the	ECO	Once, during	Gates installed in	
electrified.		installed in	construction		the erection of	electrified	
		electrified	phase		the gates during	fencing is	
		fencing			the construction	electrified	
					phase		
- All demarcation fencing and barriers must be	Contractor	Undertake	During the	ECO	Monthly	Photographic	
maintained in good working order for the duration of		maintenance	construction			record of	
the development activities.		activities on	phase			maintained	
		fences and				fences and	
		barriers				barriers	
Fencing must be erected around the camp, batching	Contractor	Fence	During the	ECO	Once during the	Photographic	
plants, hazardous storage areas, and all designated		construction	construction		erection of	record of fences	
access restricted areas, where applicable.		camps,	phase		fencing	erected	
		batching plants,					
		hazardous					
		storage areas					
		and access					
		restricted areas					
Any temporary fencing to restrict the movement of life-	dEO/ cEO	Obtain written	During the	ECO	To be monitored	Written approval	
stock must only be erected with the permission of the	Contractor	approval from	construction		as temporary	to be provided	
landowner.		the relevant	phase		fencing is	by the dEO	
		landowner			required		
		where					
		temporary					
		fencing is					
		required to					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		restrict life-stock				
		movement				
All fencing must be developed of high-quality material	Contractor	Make use of	During the	cEO	To be monitored	Use of high-
bearing the SABS mark.		high-quality	construction		as fencing is	quality materials
		materials	phase		erected during	for fencing
		approved by			the construction	approved by
		SABS			phase	SABS
The use of razor wire as fencing must be avoided as far	Contractor	Razor wire must	During the	ECO	To be monitored	Fences erected
as possible.		not be sourced	construction		as fencing is	do not make use
		or used for the	phase		erected during	of razor wire
		erection of			the construction	
		fencing			phase	
- Fenced areas with gate access must remain locked	DSS and	Ensure fenced	During the	cEO	Weekly and as	Fences are
after hours, during weekends and on holidays if staff is	Contractor	areas are locked	construction		and when	locked and no
away from site. Site security will be required at all times.		as required	phase		required	complaints from
		through the				landowners are
		implementation				received. A
		of a formalised				security
		process.				company is
		Appoint a				appointed
		security				
		company.				
– On completion of the development phase, all	Contractor	Removal of all	At the end of the	ECO	Once, following	No temporary
temporary fences are to be removed.		temporary	Construction	dEO	the completion	fences
		fences	Phase		of the	associated with
					construction	the project is
					phase	present
						following the
						completion of

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
						the construction	
						phase	
- The contractor must ensure that all fence uprights are	Contractor	Appropriate	At the end of the	ECO	Once, following	No fence	
appropriately removed, ensuring that no uprights are		removal of all	Construction	dEO	the completion	uprights	
cut at ground level but rather removed completely.		fence uprights	Phase		of the	associated with	
					construction	the project is	
					phase	present	
						following the	
						completion of	
						the construction	
						phase	

5.6 Water Supply Management

Impact management outcome: Undertake responsible water usage.

Impact Management Actions	Implementa	Implementation A				Monitoring				
	Responsible		Method	of	Timeframe f	or	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person		implemento	ition	implementation		person		complianc	е
 All abstraction points or boreholes must be registered 	DPM	and	Obtaining		During		ECO	To be	Use of	high
with the DWS and suitable water meters installed to	Contractor		relevant		Construction ar	nd		monitored with	quality	water
ensure that the abstracted volumes are measured on			registrations	from	operational phas	se		the installation	meters	
a daily basis;			DWS	and				of water meters		
			installation	of				and daily		
			water meter	S				during		
								construction		
								and operation		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
 The Contractor must ensure the following: 	Not applicable – N	No abstraction from	a river proposed. W	ater tankers will brir	ng water to site.		
a. The vehicle abstracting water from a river does							
not enter or cross it and does not operate from							
within the river;							
b. No damage occurs to the river bed or banks and							
that the abstraction of water does not entail							
stream diversion activities; and							
c. All reasonable measures to limit pollution or							
sedimentation of the downstream watercourse							
are implemented.							
 Ensure water conservation is being practiced by: 	Contractor /	Implement the	During the	ECO	Monthly, and	Successful	
a. Minimising water use during cleaning of	dEO / cEO in	required water	construction		as and when	implementatio	nc
equipment;	consultation with	conservation	phase		required	of wa	iter
b. Undertaking regular audits of water systems; and	the ECO	measures				conservation	
c. Including a discussion on water usage and		throughout on-					
conservation during environmental awareness		site construction					
training.		processes					
d. The use of grey water is encouraged.							

5.7 Storm and wastewater management

Impact management outcome: Impacts to the environment caused by storm water and wastewater discharges during construction are avoided.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Runoff from the cement/ concrete batching areas	Contractor	Implement	During the	ECO	Monthly	No
must be strictly controlled, and contaminated water		measures for the	construction			mismanagement
must be collected, stored and either treated or		control and	phase			of runoff or
disposed of off-site, at a location approved by the		management of				contaminated
project manager.		runoff				water due to the
						temporary
						concrete
						batching plant
- All spillage of oil onto concrete surfaces must be	Contractor and	Obtain	During the	ECO	Monthly	Availability of
controlled by the use of an approved absorbent	cEO	approved	Construction			approved
material and the used absorbent material disposed of		absorbent	Phase			absorbent
at an appropriate waste disposal facility.		material and				material at the
		make use of				construction site
		licensed waste				and proof of
		disposal facilities				disposal of oil at
		for disposal of oil				licenses disposal
						facilities
- Natural stormwater runoff not contaminated during	DPM in	Consultation	During the	ECO	As and when	Proof of
the development and clean water can be discharged	consultation	between the	construction		the need	consultation
directly to watercourses and water bodies, subject to	with the ECO	DPM and the	phase		arises to	between the DPM
the Project Manager's approval and support by the		ECO to			discharge	and ECO and the
ECO.		determine if			natural	outcomes thereof
		water can be			stormwater	to be provided.
		discharged			runoff and	Proof of water
		directly into			clean water	quality testing and
		water bodies				the results thereof.
		(where present).				
		The necessary				
		water quality				
		testing must be				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		undertaken prior				
		to discharge				
- Water that has been contaminated with suspended	DPM in	Consultation	During the	ECO	As and when	Proof of
solids, such as soils and silt, may be released into	consultation	between the	construction		the need	consultation
watercourses or water bodies only once all suspended	with the ECO	DPM and the	phase		arises to	between the DPM
solids have been removed from the water by settling		ECO to			discharge	and ECO and the
out these solids in settlement ponds. The release of		determine if			water	outcomes thereof
settled water back into the environment must be		water can be				to be provided.
subject to the Project Manager's approval and support		discharged				Proof of water
by the ECO.		directly into				quality testing and
		water bodies				the results thereof.
		(where present).				
		The necessary				
		water quality				
		testing must be				
		undertaken prior				
		to discharge				

5.8 Solid and hazardous waste management

Impact management outcome: Wastes are appropriately stored, handled and safely disposed of at a recognised waste facility.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
 All measures regarding waste management must be 	Contractor	Develop and	During the	ECO	Monthly	Implementation	
undertaken using an integrated waste management		implement a	construction			of the waste	
approach.		waste	phase			management	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		management				plan and proof
		plan				of waste
						management
						through proof of
						responsible
						disposal
- Sufficient, covered waste collection bins (scavenger	Contractor	Provision of	During the	ECO	Monthly	Appropriate
and weatherproof) must be provided.		appropriate	construction			waste collection
		waste collection	phase			bins are
		bins which are				available
		strategically				throughout the
		placed				site
		throughout the				
		site				
A suitably positioned and clearly demarcated waste	DPM and	Identify an	Design and	ECO	Once, prior to	A waste
collection site must be identified and provided.	Contractor	appropriate	Construction		the	collection site is
		location for the	Phase		commencemen	appropriately
		waste collection			t of construction	placed and
		site which must				demarcated
		be clearly				
		demarcated				
		through signage				
		and temporary				
		fencing				
- The waste collection site must be maintained in a clean	Contractor	Regular	During the	ECO	As per the waste	The waste
and orderly manner.		collection of	Construction		requirements for	collection site is
		waste and	Phase		the project	maintained and
		maintenance of			during	clean
		the area must			construction	
		be undertaken				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		as per the waste				
		requirements for				
		the project				
		during				
		construction				
- Waste must be segregated into separate bins and	Contractor	Provide	During the	cEO	Monthly	Separate waste
clearly marked for each waste type for recycling and		separate and	Construction			bins are
safe disposal.		marked bins for	Phase			available on site
		the different				and waste
		waste types				generated is
		associated with				separated into
		the construction				the relevant bins
		phase				
 Staff must be trained in waste segregation. 	cEO / dEO in	Include waste	Pre-construction	ECO	Once prior to	Environmental
	consultation	segregation as	Construction		commencemen	awareness
	with the ECO	part of the			t of construction	training material
		environmental			and as and	requirements
		awareness			when required.	checklist
		training material.				
Bins must be emptied regularly.	Contractor	Bins must be	During the	ECO	As per the waste	No
		emptied before	construction		requirements for	mismanagemen
		reaching total	phase		the project	t of bins.
		capacity and on			during	
		a regular basis			construction.	
		as required for				
		the project				
- General waste produced onsite must be disposed of at	Contractor	Disposal of		ECO	Monthly	Disposal
registered waste disposal sites/ recycling company.		general waste at	construction			certificates of
		licensed waste	phase			disposal at
		disposal facilities				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		must be				licensed facilities
		undertaken as				to be provided
		per the waste				
		management				
		plan				
 Hazardous waste must be disposed of at a registered 	Contractor	Disposal of	During the	ECO	Monthly	Disposal
waste disposal site.		hazardous	construction			certificates of
		waste at	phase			disposal at
		licensed waste				licensed facilities
		disposal facilities				to be provided
		must be				
		undertaken as				
		per the waste				
		management				
		plan				
- Certificates of safe disposal for general, hazardous and	Contractor	Obtain	During the	ECO	Monthly	Disposal
recycled waste must be maintained.		certificates for	construction			certificates of
		safe disposal of	phase			disposal at
		waste				licensed facilities
						to be provided
						and filed as part
						of the filing
						system

5.9 Protection of watercourses and estuaries

Impact management outcome: Pollution and contamination of the watercourse environment and or estuary erosion are prevented.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation				Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe	for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person	implementation	implementat	lion	person		compliance	•
- All watercourses must be protected from direct or	Not applicable – S	Substation is located	d outside of wo	aterc	ourses			
indirect spills of pollutants such as solid waste, sewage,								
cement, oils, fuels, chemicals, aggregate tailings, wash								
and contaminated water or organic material resulting								
from the Contractor's activities.								
 In the event of a spill, prompt action must be taken to 	Not applicable – S	Substation is located	d outside of wo	aterc	ourses.			
clear the polluted or affected areas.								
- Where possible, no development equipment must	Not applicable – S	Substation is located	d outside of we	etland	d and freshwater r	esources.		
traverse any seasonal or permanent wetland or								
freshwater resource feature.								
No return flow into the estuaries must be allowed and	Not applicable – 1	no estuaries are loc	ated within the	e stud	y area.			
no disturbance of the Estuarine functional Zone should								
occur.								
- Development of permanent watercourse or estuary	Not applicable. S	Substation is located	outside of wo	aterco	ourses and estuarie	es.		
crossing must only be undertaken where no alternative								
access to tower position is available.								
- There must not be any impact on the long-term	Not applicable. S	Substation is located	outside of wo	aterco	ourses.			
morphological dynamics of watercourses or estuaries.								
- Existing crossing points must be favoured over the		Substation is locate	d outside of v	vater	courses and no w	etland and water	course crossings	s are
creation of new crossings (including temporary	anticipated.							
access).								
- When working in or near any watercourse or estuary,	Not applicable. S	Substation is located	outside of wo	aterco	ourses.			
the following environmental controls and								
consideration must be taken:								

Impact Management Actions	Implementation				Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe f	or	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person	implementation	implementation	n	person		compliance	
a) Water levels during the period of construction.								
No altering of the bed, banks, course or characteristics								
of a watercourse;								
b) During the execution of the works, appropriate								
measures to prevent pollution and contamination of								
the riparian environment must be implemented e.g.								
including ensuring that construction equipment is well								
maintained;								
c) Where earthwork is being undertaken in close								
proximity to any watercourse, slopes must be stabilised								
using suitable materials, i.e., sandbags or geotextile								
fabric, to prevent sand and rock from entering the								
channel; and								
d) Appropriate rehabilitation and re-vegetation								
measures for the watercourse banks must be								
implemented timeously. In this regard, the banks should								
be appropriately and incrementally stabilised as soon								
as development allows.								

5.10 Vegetation clearing

Impact management outcome: Vegetation clearing is restricted to the authorised development footprint of the proposed infrastructure.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation					Monitoring			
	Responsible		Method	of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person		implementati	on	implementation	person		compliance	
General:									
- Indigenous vegetation which does not interfere with	cEO ar	nd	Demarcate		Construction	ECO	As and when	No unnecessary	
the development must be left undisturbed.	contractor		areas	of	and operation		required	clearance of	
			indigenous		(i.e. for			indigenous	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		vegetation to be	maintenance	Operation and		vegetation is
		avoided before	purposes)	maintenance		undertaken
		clearance is		team		
		undertaken				
- Protected or endangered species may occur on or	Contractor	Demarcate	During the	ECO	As and when	No clearance of
near the development Area. Special care should be		areas	Construction		required.	protected or
taken not to damage such species.		containing	Phase			endangered
		protected or				species other
		endangered				than those
		species to be				permitted to be
		avoided by				removed
		construction				
		activities				
- Search, rescue and replanting of all protected and	Relevant	Develop and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once prior to	Implementation
endangered species likely to be damaged during	specialist in	implement a	& Construction		the	of the Plant
project development must be identified by the	consultation	Plant Search			commencemen	Search and
relevant specialist and completed prior to any	with the	and Rescue Plan			t of construction.	Rescue Plan and
development or clearing.	Contractor					photographic
						evidence and
						notes of the
						implementation
						of the plan
Permits for removal must be obtained from the relevant	DPM	Undertake the	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Permits on file
CA prior to the cutting or clearing of the affected		permitting			the	
species, and they must be filed.		process in order			commencemen	
		to obtain the			t of the	
		relevant permits			construction	
		for the removal			phase and	
		of protected			removal of the	
		species. Permits				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		must be kept on			protected	
		file			species	
- The Environmental Audit Report must confirm that all	ECO	Ensure that the	During the	ECO	As or when	Rescue and
identified species have been rescued and replanted		audit report	Construction		required.	replanted
and that the location of replanting is compliant with		indicates all	Phase and			species reported
conditions of approvals.		species rescued	following the			in Audit Report
		and replanted	completion of			
		and provides	the Construction			
		feedback in	Phase			
		terms of				
		compliance with				
		the conditions of				
		permits for				
		replanting				
- Trees felled due to construction must be documented	ECO	Ensure that the	During the	ECO	As and when	Felled Trees
and form part of the Environmental Audit Report.		audit report	Construction		required.	reported in Audit
		documents the	Phase and			Report
		details of trees	following the			
		felled	completion of			
			the Construction			
			Phase			
- Rivers and watercourses must be kept clear of felled	Not applicable. S	ubstation outside o	f watercourses.		-	
trees, vegetation cuttings and debris.						
- Only a registered pest control operator may apply	DPM and	A suitably	Construction	ECO	As and when the	Only registered
herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial	Contractor	qualified pest	and Operation		use of herbicides	pest control
application must be carried out under the supervision		control operator			is required	operators must
of a registered pest control operator, supervision of a		must be				be appointed
registered pest control operator or is appropriately		appointed				and proof of
trained.						their registration

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
						must be
						provided
- A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of	Contractor	Develop a daily	During the	ECO	Monthly	Daily register
herbicide usage.		register for the	construction			provided by the
		documentation	phase			pest control
		of the details of				operator
		herbicide usage				
No herbicides must be used in estuaries	Not applicable - n	o estuaries are pres	sent within the Stud	y Area		
- All protected species and sensitive vegetation not	Contractor in	Spatially	During the	ECO	Once, during	Demarcation
removed must be clearly marked and such areas	consultation	demarcate	construction		the undertaking	and fencing is
fenced off in accordance to Section 5.3: Access	with the cEO	protected	phase		of the	undertaken in-
restricted areas.		species and			demarcation of	line with the
		sensitive			the areas and	requirements of
		vegetation and			the erection of	section 5.3
		implement			the fencing	
		appropriate				
		fencing where				
		required as per				
		section 5.3				
– Alien invasive vegetation must be removed and	Contractor	Remove all alien	During the	ECO	As and when	Disposal
disposed of at a licensed waste management facility.		invasive	construction		required	certificates of
		vegetation and	phase			disposal at
		dispose of the				licensed facilities
		removed				to be provided
		vegetation at a				and filed as part
		licensed waste				of the filing
		management				system
		facility				

5.11 Protection of fauna

Impact management outcome: Disturbance to fauna is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 No interference with livestock must occur without the 	Not applicable					
landowner's written consent and with the landowner						
or a person representing the landowner being present.						
- The breeding sites of raptors and other wild bird species	dEO / cEO in	Ensure that the	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	The planning
must be taken into consideration during the planning	consultation	planning and	& Construction		the	and
of the development programme.	with the	development			commencemen	development
	Contractor	programme			t of construction	programme
		considers			and as and	which includes
		breeding sites for			when required	the
		wild bird species				consideration of
						breeding sites for
						wild bird species
 Breeding sites must be kept intact and disturbance to 	dEO / cEO in	Avoid breeding	During the	ECO	Bi-Weekly, and	Photographic
breeding birds must be avoided. Special care must be	consultation	sites and ensure	Construction	Operation and	as and when	record of intact
taken where nestlings or fledglings are present.	with the	that special	Phase	maintenance	required during	breeding sites
	Contractor	care is taken in	Operation Phase	team	the construction.	
		the presence of			Monthly, and as	
		nestlings and			and when	
		fledgelings			required during	
					operation	
- Special recommendations of the avian specialist must	dEO / cEO in	All mitigation	During the	ECO	Bi-Weekly during	Photographic
be adhered to at all times to prevent unnecessary	consultation	measures	Construction	Operation and	construction	record of
disturbance of birds.	with the	recommended	Phase	maintenance	and monthly	compliance and
	Contractor	by the avifauna	Operation Phase	team	during operation	successful
						implementation

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		specialist must				of the
		be implemented				recommended
						measures
- No poaching must be tolerated under any	dEO / cEO in	All site staff must	During the	ECO	As and when	No instances of
circumstances. All animal dens in close proximity to the	consultation	be informed of	Construction		required.	poaching is
works areas must be marked as Access restricted	with the	this requirement	Phase			reported
areas.	Contractor	during the				
		Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training and the				
		consequences				
		of not adhering				
		to the				
		requirement.				
		These areas				
		must be				
		demarcated as				
		Access				
		Restricted Areas				
 No deliberate or intentional killing of fauna is allowed. 	dEO / cEO in	All site staff must	During the	ECO	Monthly	No instances of
	consultation	be informed of	Construction			deliberate or
	with the	this requirement	Phase			intentional killing
	Contractor	during the				is reported
		Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training and the				
		consequences				
		of not adhering				
		to the				
		requirement.				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		These areas				
		must be				
		demarcated as				
		Access				
		Restricted Areas				
 In areas where snakes are abundant, snake deterrents 	dEO / cEO in	Implement and	During the	ECO	Once, during	Photographic
are to be deployed on the pylons to prevent snakes	consultation	maintain snake	Construction	Operation and	the construction	record of the
climbing up, being electrocuted and causing power	with the	deterrents in	Phase	maintenance	and as and	implementation
outages.	Contractor	areas where	Operation Phase	team	when required.	and
		snakes are				maintenance of
		abundant				snake deterrents
– No Threatened or Protected species (ToPs) and/or	DPM in	Undertake a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Permits for
protected fauna as listed according NEMBA (Act No.	consultation	permitting			the	removal
10 of 2004) and relevant provincial ordinances may be	with the dEO	process to			commencemen	and/relocation
removed and/or relocated without appropriate		obtain the			t of construction	must be kept on
authorisations/permits.		required permits			and as and	file and be
					when required	readily available

5.12 Protection of heritage resources

Impact management outcome: Impact to heritage resources is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation A			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
 Identify, demarcate, and prevent impact to all known 	Not Applicable						
sensitive heritage features on site in accordance with							
the No-Go procedure in Section 5.3: Access restricted							
areas.							

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Carry out general monitoring of excavations for	Suitably	Appoint a	During the	ECO	During the	Proof of
potential fossils, artefacts, and material of heritage	qualified	suitably qualified	Construction		undertaking of	appointment of
importance.	specialist in	specialist to	Phase		excavations of	a suitably
	consultation	carry out the			fossils, artefacts	qualified
	with the ECO	monitoring of			and heritage	specialist and
		excavations for			material	photographic
		fossils, artefacts				record of
		and important				required
		heritage				monitoring by
		material				the specialist
All work must cease immediately, if any human remains	dEO / cEO in	Develop and	During the	ECO	As and when	Proof of work
and/or other archaeological, palaeontological, and	consultation	implement	Construction		required during	ceased and the
historical material are uncovered. Such material, if	with the	procedures for	Phase		the construction	required
exposed, must be reported to the nearest museum,	Contractor and	situations where			phase.	procedures
archaeologist/ palaeontologist (or the South African	ECO	human remains,				followed in
Police Services), so that a systematic and professional		archaeological,				cases where
investigation can be undertaken. Sufficient time must		palaeontologic				material is
be allowed to remove/collect such material before		al, or historical				discovered.
development recommences.		material are				
		uncovered				

5.13 Safety of the public

Impact management outcome: All precautions are taken to minimise the risk of injury, harm or complaints.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Identify fire hazards, demarcate and restrict public	cEO in	Develop an	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Compliance
access to these areas as well as notify the local	consultation	Emergency	Construction		the	with the
authority of any potential threats e.g. large brush	with the	Preparedness,			commencemen	Emergency
stockpiles, fuels etc.	Contractor	Response and			t of construction.	Preparedness,
		Fire				Response and
		Management				Fire
		Plan specific to				Management
		the project				Plan
All unattended open excavations must be adequately	Contractor	Ensure that all	During the	Contractor	Weekly	Excavations are
fenced or demarcated.		excavations	Construction	ECO	Monthly	fenced where
		undertaken is	Phase			required and
		fenced and				photographic
		demarcated				proof can be
		within a				provided
		reasonable				
		timeframe and				
		in instances				
		where				
		excavations will				
		be open for				
		long-periods of				
		time				
Adequate protective measures must be implemented	Contractor	All staff must be	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No incidents of
to prevent unauthorised access to and climbing of		easily	construction		and when	unauthorised
partly constructed infrastructure and protective		identifiable and	phase		required	climbing is
scaffolding.		the climbing of				reported
		infrastructure				
		and scaffolding				
		must be				
		undertaken by				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		authorised				
		personnel as				
		managed by				
		the Contractor				
Ensure structures vulnerable to high winds are secured.	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No incidents of
		sufficient	construction		and when	unstable
		stabilisation	phase		required	structures due to
		measures are				high winds is
		implemented to				reported
		secure structures				
		vulnerable to				
		high winds				
Maintain an incidents and complaints register in which	cEO	Compile and	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	The incidents
all incidents or complaints involving the public are		regularly update	construction		and when	and complaints
logged.		as incidents and	phase		required	register is
		complaints are				complete and
		submitted from				provides all the
		the public and				required details
		indicate the				
		actions taken to				
		resolve the				
		complaint				

5.14 Sanitation

Impact management outcome: Clean and well-maintained toilet facilities are available to all staff in an effort to minimise the risk of disease and impact to the environment.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Mobile chemical toilets are installed onsite if no other	Contractor	Mobile chemical	During the	ECO	Prior to	Mobile toilets
ablution facilities are available.		toilets must be	Construction		commencemen	are installed and
		placed	Phase		t of construction.	avoid
		appropriately				environmental
		and in areas				sensitivities
		which avoid				
		environmental				
		sensitivities				
- The use of ablution facilities and or mobile toilets must	Contractor i	n All site staff must	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of
be used at all times and no indiscriminate use of the	consultation	be informed of	& Construction			non-compliance
veld for the purposes of ablutions must be permitted	with the cEO	this requirement				identified
under any circumstances.		during the				
		Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training and the				
		consequences				
		of not adhering				
		to the				
		requirement.				
– Where mobile chemical toilets are required, the	Contractor i	n The installation	During the	ECO	Prior to	No evidence of
following must be ensured:	consultation	of the toilets by	Construction		commencemen	non-compliance
a) Toilets are located no closer than 100 m to any	with the cEO	the Contractor	Phase		t of construction	identified
watercourse or water body;		must be as per			as and when	
b) Toilets are secured to the ground to prevent them		the listed			required.	
from toppling due to wind or any other cause;		requirements				
c) No spillage occurs when the toilets are cleaned or						
emptied and the contents are managed in						
accordance with the EMPr;						

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
d) Toilets have an external closing mechanism and are							
closed and secured from the outside when not in use							
to prevent toilet paper from being blown out;							
e) Toilets are emptied before long weekends and							
workers holidays, and must be locked after working							
hours; and							
f) Toilets are serviced regularly and the ECO must							
inspect toilets to ensure compliance to health							
standards.							
- A copy of the waste disposal certificates must be	Contractor	Certificates	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Certificates for	
maintained.		obtained from	Construction		and when	waste disposal	
		the licensed	Phase		required	from the	
		waste disposal				licensed waste	
		facility with the				disposal facility	
		emptying of the					
		toilets must be					
		kept on file					

5.15 Prevention of disease

Impact Management outcome: All necessary precautions linked to the spread of disease are taken.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Undertake environmentally-friendly pest control in the	Contractor	Only	During the	ECO	As and when	Contractor to
camp area.		environmentally-	Construction		pest control is	provide proof of
		friendly pest	Phase		required for the	pest control
		control must be			project	used being
		used, when				environmentally-
		required				friendly
Ensure that the workforce is sensitised to the effects of	cEO /	The effects of	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Environmental
sexually transmitted diseases, especially HIV/ AIDS.	Contractor in	sexually	& Construction		the	awareness
	consultation	transmitted			commencemen	training material
	with the ECO	diseases and			t of construction.	requirements
		HIV/ AIDS must				checklist
		be covered in				
		the				
		Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training				
The Contractor must ensure that information posters on	Contractor	Develop and	During the	ECO	Prior to the	Photographic
HIV/ AIDS are displayed in the Contractor Camp area.		place	Construction		commencemen	evidence of
		information	Phase		t of construction.	poster
		posters on HIV/				placement
		AIDS				
– Information and education relating to sexually	cEO /	Information and	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the	Environmental
transmitted diseases to be made available to both	Contractor in	education of	& Construction		commencemen	awareness
construction workers and local community, where	consultation	sexually			t of construction.	training material
applicable.	with the ECO	transmitted				requirements
		diseases must be				checklist
		covered in the				
		Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training.				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Free condoms must be made available to all staff on	Contractor	Placement of	During the	ECO	Monthly and as	Proof of
site at central points.		free condoms in	Construction		and when	placement of
		mobile toilets	Phase		required.	free condoms
		and at the				by the
		construction				contractor to be
		camps				provided
 Medical support must be made available. 	dEO / cEO in	Ensure that	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as	Check the
	consultation	designated	and Operations		and when	availability of first
	with the	personnel with			required	aid trained
	Contractor	first aid training				personnel and
		are available on				medical kits
		site and that first				(including if
		aid kits to				these are
		provide medical				complete in
		support is readily				terms of
		available				supplies)
- Provide access to Voluntary HIV Testing and	Contractor	Compile a HIV	During the	ECO	Quarterly, and	Voluntary testing
Counselling Services.		testing schedule	Construction		as and when	schedules and
		and provide	Phase		required	proof of
		counselling				counselling
		services where				(where
		required				undertaken)

5.16 Emergency procedures

Impact management outcome: Emergency procedures are in place to enable a rapid and effective response to all types of environmental emergencies.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Compile an Emergency Response Action Plan (ERAP) prior to the commencement of the proposed project.	Contractor	Develop an Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan specific to the project	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan compiled
The Emergency Plan must deal with accidents, potential spillages and fires in line with relevant legislation.	Contractor	Develop an Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan specific to the project which covers accidents, potential spillages and fires	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan includes required specifications
All staff must be made aware of emergency procedures as part of environmental awareness training.	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the relevant	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the commencemen t of the environmental awareness training	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		emergency				
		procedures				
The relevant local authority must be made aware of a	Contractor in	Develop and	Construction	ECO	As and when a	The local
fire as soon as it starts.	consultation	include a			fire occurs	authority was
	with the ECO	procedure in the				informed as per
		Emergency				the relevant
		Preparedness,				procedure set
		Response and				out in the
		Fire				Emergency
		Management				Preparedness,
		Plan for the				Response and
		event of a fire				Fire
		and the				Management
		procedure to be				Plan
		followed for				
		informing the				
		local authority				
- In the event of emergency, necessary mitigation	Contractor	Implement the	Construction	ECO	As and when a	The mitigation
measures to contain the spill or leak must be		required	and Operations		spill or leak	measures
implemented (see Hazardous Substances section 5.17).		mitigation			occurs	included under
		measures in the				Section 5.17
		event of a spill or				have been
		leak as per the				adhered to
		requirements of				
		Section 5.17.				

5.17 Hazardous substances

Impact management outcome: Safe storage, handling, use and disposal of hazardous substances.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- The use and storage of hazardous substances to be	cEO in	Develop a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the	Contractor to
minimised and non-hazardous and non-toxic	consultation	strategy of how	& Construction		commencement	provide
alternatives substituted where possible.	with the	hazardous			of construction	evidence of
	Contractor	substances can			and monthly	substances used
		be and should			during the	for proof of
		be minimised			construction	compliance
					phase	
- All hazardous substances must be stored in suitable	Contractor	Develop a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the	Photographic
containers as defined in the Method Statement.		Method	& Construction		commencement	proof that
		Statement for			of construction	hazardous
		the storage of			and as required for	substances are
		hazardous			the Project.	stored in suitable
		substances in				containers as
		suitable				per the
		containers				requirements of
						the relevant
						Method
						Statements
- Containers must be clearly marked to indicate	Contractor	Where	During the	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
contents, quantities and safety requirements.		hazardous	Construction			proof that
		waste is stored,	Phase			containers are
		these must be				marked as per
		clearly marked				the
		indicating the				requirements
		required details				
		of the contents				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- All storage areas must be bunded. The bunded area	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Monthly during the	Photographic
must be of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak		storage areas	Construction		Construction	proof that
from the stored containers.		are sufficiently	Phase		Phase	storage areas
		bunded which				are bunded and
		are of sufficient				proof that the
		capacity to				bund areas are
		contain a spill /				of sufficient
		leak from the				capacity to
		stored				contain a spill /
		containers				leak from the
						stored
						containers
– Bunded areas to be suitably lined with a SABS	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Once, during the	Photographic
approved liner.		bunded storage	Construction		Construction	proof that
		areas are	Phase		Phase	bunded storage
		suitably lined				areas are
						suitably lined
– An Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance	cEO /	Compile and	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Complete and
(HCS) control sheet must be drawn up and kept up to	Contractor	update an	Construction		and when	up to date
date on a continuous basis.		Alphabetical	Phase		required	control sheet
		Hazardous				provided by the
		Chemical				Contractor
		Substance (HCS)				
		control sheet				
		specific to the				
		project				
All hazardous chemicals that will be used on site must	cEO /	Keep a record of	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Record of
have Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS).	Contractor	all hazardous	Construction		and when	hazardous
		chemicals and	Phase		required	chemicals and

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		the respective				the respective
		MSDS				MSDS
 All employees working with HCS must be trained in the 	cEO /	Provide training	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the	Record of
safe use of the substance and according to the safety	Contractor	for personnel			commencement	training
data sheet.		working with			of construction	provided to
		HCS			and as and when	personnel
					required	working with
						HCS
 Employees handling hazardous substances / materials 	cEO /	Develop	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the	Environmental
must be aware of the potential impacts and follow	Contractor	environmental	& Construction		commencement	awareness
appropriate safety measures. Appropriate personal		awareness			of the	training material
protective equipment must be made available.		training material			environmental	requirements
		which covers the			awareness	checklist and all
		relevant impacts			training.	relevant
		and safety				personnel have
		measures.				undergone
						appropriate
		Provide				training and
		appropriate				have access to
		training and				personal
		personal				protective
		protective				equipment
		equipment for				
		the relevant				
		personnel				
		handling				
		hazardous				
		substances and				
		materials				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- The Contractor must ensure that diesel and other liquid	Contractor	Appropriate	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Storage tanks for
fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid is stored in appropriate		storage facilities	Construction		and when	the project are
storage tanks or in bowsers.		must be	Phase		required	appropriate and
		constructed or				no incidents are
		obtained for the				reported in this
		storing of diesel,				regard
		other liquid fuel,				
		oil and hydraulic				
		fluid				
- The tanks/ bowsers must be situated on a smooth	Contractor	Appropriate	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Storage areas
impermeable surface (concrete) with a permanent		storage facilities	Construction		and when	for the tanks/
bund. The impermeable lining must extend to the crest		must be	Phase		required	bowsers for the
of the bund and the volume inside the bund must be		constructed or				project are
130% of the total capacity of all the storage tanks/		obtained for				appropriate and
bowsers (110% statutory requirement plus an		tanks as per the				no incidents are
allowance for rainfall).		requirements				reported in this
		listed				regard
- The floor of the bund must be sloped, draining to an oil	Contractor	Appropriate	During the	ECO	Once, during	Bunded storage
separator.		storage facilities	Construction		construction	areas are
		must be	Phase			constructed
		constructed as				according to the
		per the				requirements
		requirements				
		listed				
- Provision must be made for refuelling at the storage	Contractor	Appropriately	During the	ECO	Monthly	Soils at the
area by protecting the soil with an impermeable		constructed	Construction	cEO		refuelling facility
groundcover. Where dispensing equipment is used, a		refuelling facility	Phase			are protected as
drip tray must be used to ensure small spills are		must be				required and
contained.		developed as				drip trays are
		per the				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		requirements.				provided and
		Drip trays must				used
		be provided for				
		use				
- All empty externally dirty drums must be stored on a	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Monthly	Drip trays or
drip tray or within a bunded area.		empty dirty	Construction	cEO		bunded areas
		drums are stored	Phase			are used for the
		appropriately as				storage of dirty
		per the				drums
		requirements				
- No unauthorised access into the hazardous	Contractor	Ensure through	During the	ECO	Monthly	Proof of the
substances' storage areas must be permitted.		the	Construction			implementation
		implementation	Phase			of the relevant
		of procedures				procedure must
		that no				be provided by
		unauthorised				the contractor
		access is				
		undertaken into				
		the storage				
		areas				
- No smoking must be allowed within the vicinity of the	Contractor	Inform all	During the	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
hazardous storage areas.		employees of	Construction	cEO		record of the
		the requirement	Phase			signage placed
		and develop				must be
		and place				provided
		relevant signage				
		in the relevant				
		areas				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Adequate fire-fighting equipment must be made	Contractor	Hazardous	During the	ECO	Prior to the	Adequate fire-
available at all hazardous storage areas.		storage areas	Construction		commencement	fighting
		must be fitted	Phase		of construction	equipment is
		with adequate			and during the	available and
		fire-fighting			operational phase.	has been
		equipment				serviced
- Where refuelling away from the dedicated refuelling	Contractor	Provide a mobile	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	A mobile
station is required, a mobile refuelling unit must be		refuelling unit as	Construction		and when	refuelling unit
used. Appropriate ground protection such as drip trays		well as suitable	Phase		required	and suitable
must be used.		ground				ground
		protection,				protection is
		where required				available for use
- An appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to	Contractor	Provide an	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Appropriate spill
the scale of the activity/s involving the use of		appropriate spill	Construction		and when	kits are available
hazardous substance must be available at all times.		kit for the project	Phase		required	for use
		for the use of				
		hazardous				
		substances				
- The responsible operator must have the required	cEO and	Provide training	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the	Proof of training
training to make use of the spill kit in emergency	Contractor	on the use of spill			commencement	to be provided
situations.		kits to the			of construction	by the
		relevant				contractor
		employees				
- An appropriate number of spill kits must be available	cEO and	Provide an	•	ECO	Monthly	Proof of
and must be located in all areas where activities are	Contractor	appropriate	Construction			appropriate
being undertaken.		number of spill	Phase			number of spill
		kits in relevant				kits in
		areas				appropriate
						areas to be

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
						provided by the
						contractor
- In the event of a spill, contaminated soil must be	cEO and	Storage and	During the	ECO	Monthly	Proof of storage
collected in containers and stored in a central location	Contractor	disposal of	Construction			and disposal in
and disposed of according to the National		contaminated	Phase			terms of the
Environmental Management: Waste Act 59 of 2008.		soil must be in				National
Refer to Section 5.7 for procedures concerning storm		accordance				Environmental
and wastewater management and 5.8 for solid and		with the National				Management:
hazardous waste management.		Environmental				Waste Act must
		Management:				be provided.
		Waste Act and				
		sections 5.7 and				Certificates of
		5.8 of this EMPr				disposal at
						licensed waste
						disposal facilities
						must be
						provided

5.18 Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage

Impact management outcome: Soil, surface water and groundwater contamination are minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Where possible and practical, all maintenance of	Contractor	Demarcate	During the	ECO	Monthly	A dedicated
vehicles and equipment must take place in the		specific areas	Construction			area for the
workshop area.		for the	Phase			maintenance of
		maintenance of				vehicles and

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		vehicles and				machinery is
		equipment				used.
- During servicing of vehicles or equipment, especially	Contractor	Ensure that a	During the	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to
where emergency repairs are affected outside the		drip tray is	Construction			provide
workshop area, a suitable drip tray must be used to		available for an	Phase			evidence of drip
prevent spills onto the soil. The relevant local authority		emergency				tray use for
must be made aware of a fire as soon as it starts.		repairs required				emergency
						repairs
- Leaking equipment must be repaired immediately or	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Monthly and as	Contractor to
be removed from site to facilitate repair.		where leaking	Construction		and when	provide details
		equipment is	Phase		identified that	of equipment
		identified it is			equipment is	repaired or
		repaired			leaking.	removed from
		immediately or				site
		removed from				
		site for repairs				
- Workshop areas must be monitored for oil and fuel	cEO	Undertake	During the	ECO	Monthly	Register of
spills.		regular	Construction			inspection
		inspections of	Phase			
		the workshop				
		areas for oil and				
		fuel spills and				
		keep an				
		updated register				
		of inspection on				
		site				
- Appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the	Contractor	Provide an	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Appropriate spill
scale of the activity taking place must be available.		appropriate spill	Construction		and when	kits are available
		kit for the project	Phase		required	for use

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
The workshop area must have a bunded concrete slab	Contractor	Ensure that the	During the	ECO	Once, during	Workshop area is	
that is sloped to facilitate runoff into a collection sump		workshop area is	Construction		the Construction	bunded in	
or suitable oil / water separator where maintenance		sufficiently	Phase		Phase and as	accordance	
work on vehicles and equipment can be performed.		bunded in			and when	with the required	
		accordance			required	specification	
		with the required					
		specification					
 Water drainage from the workshop must be contained 	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Monthly	Workshop	
and managed in accordance with section 5.7: Storm		water drainage	Construction			drainage is	
and wastewater management.		from workshop	Phase			managed in	
		area is				accordance	
		managed as per				with the	
		the				requirements	
		requirements of					
		section 5.7					

5.19 Batching plants

Impact management outcome: Minimise spillages and contamination of soil and surface water.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Concrete mixing must be carried out on an	Contractor	Provide	During the	ECO	During the	No concrete
impermeable surface.		impermeable	Construction		Construction	mixing is
		surface for the	Phase		Phase.	undertaken on
		mixing of				open ground
		concrete				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
– Batching plants areas must be fitted with a	Contractor	Provide	During the	Contractor	Bi-Weekly	No cement
containment facility for the collection of cement laden		containment	Construction	ECO	Monthly	laden water is
water.		facility for the	Phase			released into the
		collection of				environment
		cement laden				
		water				
Dirty water from the batching plant must be contained	Contractor	Provide	During the	Contractor	Bi-Weekly	No cement
to prevent soil and groundwater contamination.		containment	Construction	ECO	Monthly	laden water is
		facility for the	Phase			released into the
		collection of				environment
		cement laden				
		water (dirty				
		water)				
- Bagged cement must be stored in an appropriate	Contractor	Demarcate and	During the	Contractor	Bi-Weekly	Photographic
facility and at least 10 m away from any water courses,		provide a	Construction	ECO	Monthly	proof of bagged
gullies and drains.		storage area for	Phase			cement stored
		bagged cement				within the
		in-line with the				demarcated
		listed				area
		requirements				
- A washout facility must be provided for washing of	Contractor	Provide a	During the	Contractor	Bi-Weekly	No cement
concrete associated equipment. Water used for		washout facility	Construction	ECO	Monthly	laden water is
washing must be restricted.		for the washing	Phase			released into the
		of associated				environment.
		equipment.				Only minimal
		Enforce				water is used for
		limitations on				washing
		water use for				
		washing of				
		equipment				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Hardened concrete from the washout facility or	Contractor	Make use of	During the	ECO	Monthly	Certificates of
concrete mixer can either be reused or disposed of at		hardened	Construction			disposal of
an appropriate licensed disposal facility.		concrete where	Phase			concrete at
		possible or				licensed waste
		dispose of				disposal facility
		concrete in a				
		suitable manner				
- Empty cement bags must be secured with adequate	Contractor	Bind empty	During the	ECO	Monthly	Proof of binding
binding material if these will be temporarily stored on		cement bags	Construction			of empty
site.		and temporarily	Phase			cement bags
		store it in an				and storage in
		appropriate				an appropriate
		area on site				area on site to
						be provided by
						the Contractor
- Sand and aggregates containing cement must be	Contractor	Ensure that sand	During the	ECO	Monthly	Proof of
kept damp to prevent the generation of dust (Refer to		and aggregates	Construction			damping (or
section 5.20: Dust emissions).		are kept damp	Phase			alternative dust
		or otherwise				suppression) of
		protected from				sand and
		dust generation				aggregates
						must be
						provided by the
						Contractor
- Any excess sand, stone and cement must be removed	Contractor	Ensure that all	At the	ECO	Once, with the	Certificates for
or reused from site on completion of the construction		excess sand,	completion of		completion of	the disposal of
period and disposed at a registered disposal facility.		stone and	the Construction		construction	sand, stone and
		cement is	Phase			cement at
		removed or				licensed waste
		reused				disposal facilities

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
						or proof of reuse	
						must be	
						provided	
 Temporary fencing must be erected around batching 	Contractor	Erect temporary	During the	ECO	As and when	Temporary	
plants in accordance with section 5.5: Fencing and		fencing around	Construction		required.	fencing is	
gate installation.		batching plants	Phase			undertaken in	
		as per the				accordance	
		requirements				with section 5.5	
		listed in section					
		5.5					

5.20 Dust emissions

Impact management outcome: Dust prevention measures are applied to minimise the generation of dust.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Take all reasonable measures to minimise the	Contractor	Apply	During the	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to
generation of dust as a result of project development		appropriate dust	Construction			provide proof of
activities to the satisfaction of the ECO.		suppressant	Phase			use of
						appropriate dust
						suppressants
Removal of vegetation must be avoided until such time	Contractor	Proper planning	During the	ECO	As soon as is	Plan for
as soil stripping is required and similarly exposed		for vegetation	Construction		practically	implementation
surfaces must be re-vegetated or stabilised as soon as		removal must be	Phase and		possible.	must be
is practically possible.		undertaken as	Rehabilitation			provided by the
		well as for the				Contractor
		associated				
		rehabilitation				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Excavation, handling, and transport of erodible	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Bi-weekly (every	No complaints
materials must be avoided under high wind conditions		specific	Construction		second month)	submitted in this
or when a visible dust plume is present.		limitations are	Phase			regard
		placed on the				
		transport and				
		handling of				
		erodible				
		materials during				
		high wind				
		conditions or				
		when a visible				
		dust plume is				
		present				
- During high wind conditions, the ECO must evaluate	ECO	ECO to provide	During the		Not Applicable	
the situation and make recommendations as to		adequate	Construction			
whether dust-damping measures are adequate, or		recommendatio	Phase			
whether working will cease altogether until the wind		ns				
speed drops to an acceptable level.						
- Where possible, soil stockpiles must be located in	Contractor	Place soil	During the	ECO	Bi-weekly (every	Soil stockpiles
sheltered areas where they are not exposed to the		stockpiles in	Construction		second month)	are protected
erosive effects of the wind.		areas less	Phase			from wind
		affected by				erosion
		wind				
- Where erosion of stockpiles becomes a problem,	Contractor in	Contractor to	During the	Contractor	Bi-Weekly, until	Recommendati
erosion control measures must be implemented at the	consultation	implement	Construction	ECO	erosion is no	ons made by the
discretion of the ECO.	with the ECO	erosion control	Phase		longer a	ECO have been
		measures as			problem	implemented by
		recommended				the Contractor
		and agreed with				
		the ECO				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Vehicle speeds must not exceed 40 km/h along dust 	cEO / dEO /	Inform all drivers	During the	ECO	Monthly	No complaints
roads or 20 km/h when traversing unconsolidated and	contractor	of speed limits	Construction	Operation and		from community
non-vegetated areas.		and place	Phase	Maintenance		members are
		appropriate	Operation Phase	team		submitted
		signage along				
		the relevant				
		roads				
- Straw stabilisation must be applied at a rate of one	Contractor	Ensure that straw	During the	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
bale/10 m² and harrowed into the top 100 mm of top		stabilisation is	Construction			record of all
material, for all completed earthworks.		undertaken as	Phase			straw
		per the listed				stabilisation
		requirements				undertaken
 For significant areas of excavation or exposed ground, 	Contractor	Appropriate	During the	ECO	Bi-Weekly	Photographic
dust suppression measures must be used to minimise		dust suppressant	Construction			record of
the spread of dust.		measures are	Phase			measures being
		implemented				implemented
						and the results
						thereof

5.21 Blasting

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment is minimized through a safe blasting practice. Monitoring **Impact Management Actions Implementation** Timeframe Responsible Responsible Method of for Frequency **Evidence** of compliance person implementation implementation person Any blasting activity must be conducted by a suitably cEO / dEO / Ensure the Pre-Construction ECO/EO Once off, ECO/EO to licensed blasting contractor. contractor contractor is Phase before check all suitably licensed blasting valid with all activities credentials and necessary commence credentials and certifications certifications on hand. - Notification of surrounding landowners, emergency cEO / dEO / ECO/EO Pre-Construction Once off. ECO/EO to Ensure all services site personnel of blasting activity 24 hours prior before contractor responsible Phase confirm all to such activity taking place on Site. blasting personnel and necessary landowners activities personnel have commence and been notified of landowners blasting have been activities notified. 24 hours in Notification advance and records to be keep records of provided. notifications.

5.22 Noise

Impact Management outcome: Prevent unnecessary noise to the environment by ensuring that noise from development activity is mitigated.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
The Contractor must keep noise levels within acceptable limits. Restrict the use of sound amplification equipment for communication and emergency only.	Contractor	Ensure that noise limits do not exceed acceptable limits and avoid the use of amplification communication	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No complaints registered in this regard. No amplification equipment is used.
 All vehicles and machinery must be fitted with appropriate silencing technology and must be properly maintained. 	Contractor	Provide and implement silencing technology	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No complaints registered in this regard. Silencing technology is utilised.
 Any complaints received by the Contractor regarding noise must be recorded and communicated. Where possible or applicable, provide transport to and from the site on a daily basis for construction workers. 	cEO	Update complaints register. Provide daily transport to and from site for employees	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Complaints register provided by the cEO and proof of transportation services provided
 Develop a Code of Conduct for the construction phase in terms of behaviour of construction staff. Operating hours as determined by the environmental authorisation are adhered to during the development phase. Where not defined, it must be ensured that development activities must still meet the impact 	cEO and Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Compile a Code of Conduct for staff. Appropriate operating hours must be	Pre-construction and Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	No complaints registered in this regard.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
management outcome related to noise		identified for the					
management.		project.					

5.23 Fire prevention

Impact management outcome: Prevention of uncontrollable fires.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
Designate smoking areas where the fire hazard could	cEO /	Identify and	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to	Photographic
be regarded as insignificant.	Contractor	demarcate	& Construction		commencement	record of
		through signage			of construction.	designated
		for designated				smoking area
		smoking areas				
- Firefighting equipment must be available on all	cEO / dEO in	Provide all	Construction	ECO	Prior to	All vehicles are
vehicles located on site.	consultation	vehicles with			commencement	fitted with
	with the	firefighting			of construction.	firefighting
	Contractor	equipment				equipment and
						the details
						thereof are
						provided by the
						cEO
- The local Fire Protection Agency (FPA) must be	cEO in	Undertake	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, during the	Proof of
informed of construction activities.	consultation	formal			commencement	consultation with
	with the ECO	consultation to			of the Construction	the FPA
		inform the local			Phase	
		FPA of the				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		associated				
		construction				
		activities				
Contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services	dEO / cEO /	Develop	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the	Environmental
must be communicated in environmental awareness	Contractor in	environmental	& Construction		commencement	awareness
training and displayed at a central location on site.	consultation	awareness			of the	training material
	with the ECO	training material			environmental	requirements
		which covers the			awareness training	checklist and
		contact			and once during	photographic
		numbers for the			the construction	record of
		FPA and			phase	contact
		emergency				numbers on
		services.				display
		Place the				
		contact				
		numbers for the				
		FPA and				
		emergency				
		services at a				
		visible and				
		central location				
- Two-way swop of contact details between ECO and	ECO	Consultation	Pre-construction		Not Applicable	
FPA.		between the				
		ECO and FPA in				
		order to				
		exchange				
		contact details				

5.24 Stockpiling and stockpile areas

Impact management outcome: Reduce erosion and sedimentation as a result of stockpiling.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- All material that is excavated during the project	Contractor	Identify and	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Excavated
development phase (either during piling (if required) or		demarcate an	& Construction			material is not
earthworks) must be stored appropriately on site in		appropriate				stored within
order to minimise impacts to watercourses and water		location for the				sensitive
bodies.		storage of				environmental
		excavated				areas
		materials				
- All stockpiled material must be maintained and kept	Contractor	Implement	During the	ECO	Bi-monhtly	Stockpiled
clear of weeds and alien vegetation growth by		appropriate and	Construction		(every second	material is
undertaking regular weeding and control methods.		sufficient	Phase		month)	maintained
		maintenance on				sufficiently and is
		stockpiled				clear of weeds
		material				and alien
		regularly				vegetation
Topsoil stockpiles must not exceed 2 m in height.	Contractor	Enforce	During the	ECO	Bi-monthly	Topsoil stockpiles
		limitations for the	Construction		(every second	do not exceed
		height of topsoil	Phase		month)	2m in height
		stockpiles				
- During periods of strong winds and heavy rain, the	Contractor	Appropriate	During the	ECO	As and when	Contractor to
stockpiles must be covered with appropriate material		material must be	Construction		required.	provide proof of
(e.g. cloth, tarpaulin etc.).		provided in	Phase			availability of
		order to cover				appropriate
		stockpiles when				material to
		required				cover stockpiles
						when required

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Where possible, sandbags (or similar) must be placed	Contractor	Sandbags must	During the	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to
at the bases of the stockpiled material in order to		be provided in	Construction			provide proof of
prevent erosion of the material.		order to prevent	Phase			availability of
		erosion of				sandbags to
		stockpiled				prevent erosion
		materials				of stockpiled
						materials

5.25 Civil works

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment minimised during civil works to create the substation terrace.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Where terracing is required, topsoil must be collected 	Contractor	Collect and	During the	ECO	As and when	Proof of
and retained for the purpose of re-use later to		retain topsoil for	Construction		required.	collection and
rehabilitate disturbed areas not covered by yard stone.		terracing	Phase			retaining of
			Rehabilitation			topsoil
- Areas to be rehabilitated include terrace	Contractor	Undertake	During the	ECO	As and when	Photographic
embankments and areas outside the high voltage		rehabilitation of	Construction		required.	record of
yards.		terrace	Phase			rehabilitation of
		embankments	Rehabilitation			terrace
		and areas				embankments
		outside of the				and areas
		high voltage				outside the high
		yard where				voltage yards
		applicable				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Where required, all sloped areas must be stabilised to	Contractor	All disturbed	Rehabilitation	ECO	As and when	Disturbed slopes
ensure proper rehabilitation is effected and erosion is		slope areas must			required.	are stabilised
controlled.		be stabilised				sufficiently
- These areas can be stabilised using design structures or	Contractor	Stabilise slopes	Pre-construction	ECO	As and when	Slopes are
vegetation as specified in the design to prevent		as per the	& Rehabilitation		required.	stabilised as per
erosion of embankments. The contract design		design				the design
specifications must be adhered to and implemented		specifications				specifications
strictly.						
- Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas must be	Contractor	Undertaken	Rehabilitation	ECO	As and when	Rehabilitation of
managed in accordance with section 5.35:		rehabilitation of			required.	disturbed areas
Landscaping and rehabilitation.		disturbed areas				is undertaken in-
		as per the				line with the
		requirements				requirements of
		listed under				section 5.35
		section 5.35				
- All excess spoil generated during terracing activities	Contractor	Use a licensed	During the	ECO	As and when	Certificates
must be disposed of in an appropriate manner and at		waste disposal	Construction		required.	obtained for the
a recognised landfill site.		facility for the	Phase			disposal of
		disposal of				excess spoil at a
		excess spoil				licensed waste
						disposal facility
- Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes	Contractor	Spoil used for	Construction	ECO	As and when	Photographic
and must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for		landscaping	and		required.	record of spoil
rehabilitation purposes.		must be applied	Rehabilitation			used for
		as per the listed				landscaping
		requirements				purposes as well
						as feedback
						from the
						contractor

5.26 Excavation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage systems

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of excavation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage systems.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- All excess spoil generated during foundation	Contractor	Use a licensed	During the	ECO	As and when	Certificates
excavation must be disposed of in an appropriate		waste disposal	Construction		required.	obtained for the
manner and at a licensed landfill site, if not used for		facility for the	Phase			disposal of
backfilling purposes.		disposal of				excess spoil at a
		excess spoil				licensed waste
						disposal facility
 Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes 	Contractor	Spoil used for	Construction	ECO	As and when	Photographic
and must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for		landscaping	and		required.	record of spoil
rehabilitation purposes.		must be applied	Rehabilitation			used for
		as per the listed				landscaping
		requirements				purposes as well
						as feedback
						from the
						contractor
- Management of equipment for excavation purposes	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	Monthly	Management of
must be undertaken in accordance with section 5.18:		management of	Construction			equipment is
Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage.		equipment for	Phase			undertaken in
ı		excavation as				line with the
		per the				requirements of
		requirements of				section 5.18
		section 5.18				
- Hazardous substances spills from equipment must be	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	As and when	Management of
managed in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous		management of	Construction		required.	hazardous
substances.		hazardous	Phase			substances spills
		substances spills				from equipment

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		from equipment				is undertaken in
		as per the				line with the
		requirements of				requirements of
		section 5.17				section 5.17

5.27 Installation of foundations, cable trenching and drainage systems

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs during the installation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage system.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Batching of cement to be undertaken in accordance	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	Monthly	Management of
with section 5.19: Batching plants.		batching of	Construction			batching
		cement as per	Phase			cement is
		the				undertaken in
		requirements of				line with the
		section 5.19				requirements of
						section 5.19
- Residual solid waste must be disposed of in	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	Monthly	The disposal of
accordance with section 5.8: Solid waste and		disposal of solid	Construction			solid waste is
hazardous management.		waste as per the	Phase			undertaken in
		requirements of				line with section
		section 5.8				5.8.

5.28 Installation of equipment (circuit breakers, current Transformers, Isolators, Insulators, surge arresters, voltage transformers, earth switches)

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of installation of equipment.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Management of dust must be conducted in	Contractor	Manage dust as	During the	Contractor	Weekly	The
accordance with section 5. 20: Dust emissions.		per the	Construction	ECO	Monthly	management of
		requirements of	Phase			dust is
		section5.20				undertaken as
						per the
						requirements of
						section 5.20
- Management of equipment used for installation must	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	Monthly	Management of
be conducted in accordance with section 5.18:		management of	Construction			equipment is
Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage.		equipment for	Phase			undertaken in
		installation as				line with the
		per the				requirements of
		requirements of				section 5.18
		section 5.18				
- Management of hazardous substances and any	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	Monthly	Management of
associated spills must be conducted in accordance		management of	Construction			hazardous
with section 5.17: Hazardous substances.		hazardous	Phase			substances and
		substances and				associated spills
		associated spills				is undertaken in
		as per the				line with the
		requirements of				requirements of
		section 5.17				section 5.17
- Residual solid waste must be recycled or disposed of in	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	Monthly	The recycling or
accordance with section 5.8: Solid waste and		recycling or	Construction			disposal of
hazardous management.		disposal of	Phase			residual solid
		residual solid				waste is
		waste as per the				undertaken in

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		requirements of				line with section
		section 5.8				5.8.

5.29 Steelwork Assembly and Erection

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of steelwork assembly and erection.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- During assembly, care must be taken to ensure that no	Contractor	Inspect areas	During the	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to
wasted/unused materials are left on site e.g., bolts and		where	Construction			provide proof of
nuts.		construction is	Phase			inspection and
		being				removal of
		undertaken and				waste/unused
		remove and				materials and
		appropriately				the appropriate
		dispose of				disposal thereof
		wasted/unused				(i.e. disposal
		materials				certificates)
- Emergency repairs due to breakages of equipment	Contractor	Undertake	During the	ECO	As and when	Emergency
must be managed in accordance with section 5.18:		emergency	Construction		required.	repairs of
Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage and		repairs of	Phase			equipment is
section 5.16: Emergency procedures.		equipment as				undertaken as
		per the				per the
		requirements of				requirements of
		section 5.18 and				section 5.18 and
		5.16				5.16

5.30 Cabling and Stringing

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of stringing.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Residual solid waste (off cuts etc.) shall be recycled or	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	Monthly	The recycling or
disposed of in accordance with section 5.8: Solid waste		recycling or	Construction			disposal of
and hazardous Management.		disposal of	Phase			residual solid
		residual solid				waste is
		waste as per the				undertaken in
		requirements of				line with section
		section 5.8				5.8.
- Management of equipment used for installation shall	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	Monthly	Management of
be conducted in accordance with section 5.18:		management of	Construction			equipment for
Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage.		equipment for	Phase			installation is
		installation as				undertaken in
		per the				line with the
		requirements of				requirements of
		section 5.18				section 5.18
- Management of hazardous substances and any	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	Monthly	Management of
associated spills shall be conducted in accordance		management of	Construction			hazardous
with section 5.17: Hazardous substances.		hazardous	Phase			substances and
		substances and				associated spills
		associated spills				is undertaken in
		as per the				line with the
		requirements of				requirements of
		section 5.17				section 5.17

5.31 Testing and Commissioning (all equipment testing, earthing system, system integration)

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence o
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Residual solid waste must be recycled or disposed of in 	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	Monthly	The recycling or
accordance with section 5.8: Solid waste and		recycling or	Construction			disposal of
hazardous management.		disposal of	Phase			residual solic
		residual solid				waste is
		waste as per the				undertaken in
		requirements of				line with section
		section 5.8				5.8.

5.32 Socio-economic

Impact management outcome: Enhanced socio-economic development.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Develop and implement communication strategies to 	dEO / cEO	Identify and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Communication
facilitate public participation.		implement	& Construction		the	is undertaken as
		appropriate			commencement	per the
		strategies for			of construction	identified
		communication			and monthly	strategies and
		with the			during the	no complaints
		communities			construction	are submitted
		through				regarding
		consideration of				communication
		the community				
		needs				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Develop and implement a collaborative and	Contractor	Development	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Conflict
constructive approach to conflict resolution as part of		and implement	& Construction		the	resolution is
the external stakeholder engagement process.		a Grievance			commencement	undertaken in
		Mechanism			of construction	line with the
		which considers			and monthly	requirements of
		the community			during the	the Grievance
		needs and			construction	Mechanism. No
		provides			phase	complaints on
		procedures for				conflict
		conflict				resolution is
		resolution				submitted by the
						community
- Sustain continuous communication and liaison with	Contractor	Development	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Communication
neighbouring owners and residents.		and implement	& Construction		the	/ liaison with
		a Grievance			commencement	neighbouring
		Mechanism			of construction	landowners and
		which provides			and monthly	residents are
		procedures for			during the	undertaken in
		communication			construction	line with the
		/ liaison with			phase	requirements of
		neighbouring				the Grievance
		landowners and				Mechanism. No
		residents				complaints on
						communication
						with
						neighbouring
						landowners and
						residents is
						submitted

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Create work and training opportunities for local	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	The "locals first"
stakeholders.		implement a	& Construction		the	policy is
		"locals first"			commencement	considered in
		policy for the			of construction	terms of the
		provision of			and monthly	employment
		employment			during the	and training
		opportunities as			construction	opportunities
		far as			phase	
		reasonably				
		possible				
- Where feasible, no workers, with the exception of	Not Applicable -	No on-site housing i	s envisaged with do	aily commute to a	nd from site expecte	ed of construction
security personnel, must be permitted to stay over-	staff.					
night on the site. This would reduce the risk to local						
farmers.						

5.33 Temporary closure of site

Impact management outcome: Minimise the risk of environmental impact during periods of site closure greater than five days.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Bunds must be emptied (where applicable) and need	Contractor	Regular	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Bunds are	
to be undertaken in accordance with the impact		emptying of the	Construction		closure for more	emptied as per	
management actions included in sections 5.17:		bunds must be	Phase		than 05 days	the	
Hazardous substances and 5.18: Workshop, equipment		undertaken. This				requirements	
maintenance and storage.		must be				listed under	
		undertaken as				sections 5.17	
		per the				and 5.18	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		requirements				
		listed in sections				
		5.17 and 5.18				
 Hazardous storage areas must be well ventilated. 	Contractor	Install	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Effective
		appropriate	construction		closure for more	ventilation is
		ventilation in all	phase		than 05 days	installed in
		hazardous				hazardous
		storage areas				storage areas
- Fire extinguishers must be serviced and accessible.	Contractor /	Ensure fire	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Signage placed
Service records to be filed and audited at last service.	cEO	extinguishers are	Construction		closure for more	indicating
		serviced, as	Phase		than 05 days	location of fire
		required and are				extinguishers
		easily accessible				and service
		with appropriate				records
		signage				
		indicating				
		location. Ensure				
		service records				
		are kept up to				
		date and filed				
- Emergency and contact details must be displayed.	Contractor /	Place	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Photographic
	cEO	emergency and	Construction		closure for more	proof of contact
		contact details	Phase		than 05 days	details on
		which are				display
		readily available				
		and easily				
		accessible				
- Security personnel must be briefed and have the	Contractor in	Hold a workshop	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to site	Proof of the
facilities to contact or be contacted by relevant	consultation	with all security	& construction		closure for more	workshop held
management and emergency personnel.	with the ECO	personnel to			than 05 days	must be kept on

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		provide a brief				file by the	
		of the project				contractor.	
		and security					
		requirements.					
		Provide facilities					
		in order to					
		contact					
		management					
		and emergency					
		personnel					
- Night hazards such as reflectors, lighting, traffic signage	Contractor	Regular checks	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Proof of checks	
etc. must have been checked.		of night hazards	Construction		closure for more	of night hazards	
		must be	Phase		than 05 days	must be	
		undertaken				provided by the	
						contractor	
- Fire hazards identified and the local authority must	cEO /	Identify any	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Proof of	
have been notified of any potential threats e.g., large	Contractor in	potential fire	Construction		closure for more	notification of	
brush stockpiles, fuels etc.	consultation	hazards and	Phase		than 05 days	the fire hazards	
	with the ECO	notify the				to the local	
		relevant local				authority must	
		authority				be provided by	
						the Contractor	
 Structures vulnerable to high winds must be secured. 	Contractor	Ensure structures	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Structures	
		vulnerable to	Construction		closure for more	vulnerable to	
		wind is secure	Phase		than 05 days	wind is secured	
		prior to site				prior to site	
		closure				closure	
 Wind and dust mitigation must be implemented. 	Contractor	Implement wind	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Wind and dust	
		and dust	Construction		closure for more	mitigation is	
			Phase		than 05 days	implemented	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		mitigation prior to site closure				prior to site closure	
Cement and materials stores must have been secured.	Contractor	Ensure cement and material stores are secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Cement and material stores are secured prior to site closure	
Toilets must have been emptied and secured.	Contractor	Ensure toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closure	
Refuse bins must have been emptied and secured.	Contractor	Ensure refuse bins are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Refuse bins are emptied and secured prior to site closure	
Drip trays must have been emptied and secured.	Contractor	Ensure drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site closure	

5.34 Dismantling of old equipment

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment to be minimised during the dismantling, storage and disposal of old equipment commissioning.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 All old equipment removed during the project must be stored in such a way as to prevent pollution of the environment. 	Contractor	Appropriately store old equipment in a manner which prevents pollution to the environment. This could include the construction of bunded areas	Decommissioning	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of appropriate storage of old equipment	
Oil containing equipment must be stored to prevent leaking or be stored on drip trays.	Contractor	Appropriately store equipment containing oil through the use of drip trays or other suitable methods	Decommissioning	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of appropriate storage of equipment containing oil	
All scrap steel must be stacked neatly and any disused and broken insulators must be stored in containers.	Contractor	Ensure all scrap steel is stacked neatly and store disused and broken insulators in appropriate containers	Decommissioning	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of stacked scrap steel and containers containing broken and disused insulators	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Once material has been scrapped and the contract has been placed for removal, the disposal Contractor must ensure that any equipment containing pollution causing substances is dismantled and transported in such a way as to prevent spillage and pollution of the environment.		Develop and implement a procedure for the dismantling and transportation of equipment containing pollution causing substances which prevents spillage and pollution of the environment	Decommissioning	ECO	Monthly	Proof from contractor that dismantling and transportation of equipment containing pollution causing substances has been undertaken in an appropriate manner
The Contractor must also be equipped to contain and clean up any pollution causing spills.	Contractor	Ensure sufficient spill kits are available for the clean up of pollution causing spills	Decommissioning	ECO	Monthly	Sufficient spill kits are available on site
Disposal of unusable material must be at a licensed waste disposal site.	Contractor	Make use of a licensed waste disposal site	Decommissioning	ECO	Monthly	Certificates obtained for the disposal at a licensed waste disposal site

5.35 Landscaping and rehabilitation

Impact management outcome: Areas disturbed during the development phase are returned to a state that approximates the original condition.

Impact Management Actions	oact Management Actions Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
All areas disturbed by construction activities must be subject to landscaping and rehabilitation. All spoil and waste must be disposed of to a registered waste site.	Contractor	Develop and implement a rehabilitation plan for the rehabilitation of all disturbed areas. Dispose of all spoil and waste at a licensed	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas is undertaken as per the rehabilitation plan. All certificates of waste disposal at licensed facilities are	
All slopes must be assessed for contouring, and to	Contractor in	waste disposal facility	Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	available. All slopes are	
contour only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983.	consultation with the ECO	and determine whether contouring is required			, ,	assessed and contoured as required	
 All slopes must be assessed for terracing, and to terrace only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983. 	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Assess all slopes and determine whether terracing is required	Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	All slopes are assessed and terraced as required	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Berms that have been created must have a slope of	Contractor	Ensure all berms	Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	All berms have a
1:4 and be replanted with indigenous species and		have a slope of				slope of 1:4 and
grasses that approximates the original condition.		1:4 and is				is replanted with
		replanted with				indigenous
		indigenous				species and
		species and				grasses
		grasses				
- Where new access roads have crossed cultivated	Not applicable					
farmlands, that lands must be rehabilitated by ripping						
which must be agreed to by the holder of the EA and						
the landowners.						
 Rehabilitation of access roads inside of farmland. 	Not applicable					
- Indigenous species must be used for with species	Contractor	Make use of	Rehabilitation	ECO	As and when	Indigenous
and/grasses to where it compliments or approximates		indigenous			required.	species are used
the original condition.		species for				for rehabilitation
		rehabilitation				
Stockpiled topsoil must be used for rehabilitation (refer	Contractor	Ensure	Rehabilitation	ECO	As and when	Stockpiled
to section 5.24: Stockpiling and stockpiled areas).		stockpiled			required.	topsoil is used as
		topsoil is used as				per the
		per the				requirements
		requirements				listed under
		listed under				section 5.24
		section 5.24	5 1 1 111 11			- "
- Stockpiled topsoil must be evenly spread so as to	Contractor	Ensure that	Rehabilitation	ECO	As and when	Topsoil is spread
facilitate seeding and minimise loss of soil due to		topsoil is spread			required.	evenly
erosion.		evenly	D 1 1 121 12	500		<u> </u>
- Before placing topsoil, all visible weeds from the	Contractor	Remove all	Rehabilitation	ECO	As and when	No weeds are
placement area and from the topsoil must be		visible weeds			required.	visible in the
removed.		from placement				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		area and topsoil				placement area
		before				or the topsoil
		spreading the				
		topsoil				
 Subsoil must be ripped before topsoil is placed. 	Contractor	Undertake the	Rehabilitation	ECO	As and when	Subsoil is ripped
		ripping of subsoil			required.	before topsoil is
		prior to the				placed
		spreading of				
		topsoil				
- The rehabilitation must be timed so that rehabilitation	Contractor	Plan the	Rehabilitation	ECO	At the start of	Rehabilitation is
can take place at the optimal time for vegetation		timeframe for			rehabilitation to	undertaken
establishment.		rehabilitation in			confirm the	during the
		order to			correct	optimal time
		undertake			timeframe	
		vegetation				
		planting during				
		the optimal time				
		for vegetation establishment				
 Where impacted through construction related activity, 	Contractor	All disturbed	Rehabilitation	ECO	As and when	Disturbed slopes
all sloped areas must be stabilised to ensure proper	Cornidation	slope areas must	Renabilitation	ECO	required.	are stabilised
rehabilitation is effected and erosion is controlled.		be stabilised			required.	sufficiently
	C t t		Day a sandan a ti a a	500	A	,
- Sloped areas stabilised using design structures or	Contractor	Stabilise slopes	Pre-construction	ECO	As and when	Slopes are
vegetation as specified in the design to prevent erosion of embankments. The contract design		as per the	& Rehabilitation		required.	stabilised as per
specifications must be adhered to and implemented		design specifications				the design specifications
strictly.		specifications				specifications
 Spoil can be used for backfilling or landscaping as long 	Contractor	Spoil used for	Rehabilitation	ECO	As and when	Photographic Photographic
as it is covered by a minimum of 150 mm of topsoil.	Commución	landscaping	ROTIGOTITATION		required.	record of spoil
		must be applied			Toquilou.	used for
		Those applied				0300 101

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		as per the listed				landscaping
		requirements				purposes as well
						as feedback
						from the
						contractor
- Where required, re-vegetation, including hydro-	Contractor in	Make use of a	Rehabilitation	ECO	As and when	Use of a suitable
seeding can be enhanced using a vegetation seed	consultation	suitable			required	vegetation seed
mixture as described below. A mixture of seed can be	with a suitably	vegetation seed				mixture if
used provided the mixture is carefully selected to	qualified	mixture should				required
ensure the following:	specialist	enhancement				
a) Annual and perennial plants are chosen;		be required				
b) Pioneer species are included;						
c) Species chosen must be indigenous to the area with						
the seeds used coming from the area;						
d) Root systems must have a binding effect on the soil;						
and					,	
e) The final product must not cause an ecological						
imbalance in the area.					J	

6 ACCESS TO THE GENERIC EMPr

Once completed and signed, to allow the public access to the generic EMPr, the holder of the EA must make the EMPr available to the public in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 26(h) of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 2

7. SITE SPECIFIC INFORMATION AND DECLARATION

7.1. Sub-section 1: Contact details and description of the project

7.1.1. Details of the Applicant:

Applicant Name	Kotulo Tsatsi Energy (Pty) Ltd
Contact Person	Adriaan Botha
Physical Address	2 Michelin Street, Vanderbijlpark, 1900
Postal Address	P.O. Box 432
Telephone ¹	082 824 1684

7.1.2. Details and Expertise of Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP)

EAP Name	Nkhensani Masondo
EAP Qualifications	BSocSci environmental Analysis and Management
Professional Affiliation/Registration	Environmental Assessment Practitioners Association South Africa – 2020/1385
Physical Address	First Floor, Block 2 5 Woodlands Drive Office Park Cnr Woodlands Drive & Western Service Road Woodmead 2191
Telephone	(011) 656 3237
Fax	086 684 0547
Cell	066 334 7166
Email Address	nkhensani@savannahsa.com

7.1.3. Project Details

Project Name: Kotulo Tsatsi Energy PV3, Northern Cape Province

7.1.4. Project Description

The Applicant, Kotulo Tsatsi Energy (Pty) Ltd, is proposing the construction of a photovoltaic (PV) solar energy facility (known as the Kotulo Tsatsi Energy PV3) located on a site located approximately 70km south-west of the town of Kenhardt and 60km north east of Brandvlei in the Northern Cape Province. The solar energy facility will comprise several arrays of PV panels and associated infrastructure and will have a contracted capacity of up to 480MW. The facility will be located within the farm Portion 2 of Farm Styns Vley 280. The PV facility is planned to be located within an area previously authorised for CSP project infrastructure, which is adjacent to the authorised Kotulo Tsatsi Energy PV1 and PV2 Facilities as well as the authorised CSP3 facility and associated infrastructure. The project site falls under the Hantam Local Municipality which is part of Namakwa District Municipality. The site is accessible via an existing

¹ Contact details not disclosed in accordance with the requirements of POPIA

gravel farm road (known as Soafskolk Road) which provides access to the farm off of the R27 which is located east of the project site.

The PV infrastructure assessed in this application is in response to the Applicant's need to change the authorised generation technology for the facility located on the farm Portion 2 of Farm Styns Vely 280. That is, a technology change from the previously authorised CSP project infrastructure to PV project infrastructure. In this regard, the solar PV facility will be connected to the grid via a 132kV grid connection solution to the authorised 400kV collector substation located on Portion 2 of Farm Styns Vley 280, and will comprise on-site switching substations, facility substations and a 132kV power line within a 300m wide corridor.

A development area² of \sim 1888ha was defined through the Scoping evaluation of the site and has now been assessed for the facility footprint. The development footprint³ has an extent of \sim 1350ha.

Infrastructure associated with the solar PV facility contracted capacity of up to 480MW will include:

- » Solar PV array comprising PV modules and mounting structures.
- » Inverters and transformers.
- » Cabling between the project components.
- » Access roads, internal distribution roads and fencing around the development area.
- » Substation and BESS hubs, including:
 - Battery Energy Storage System (BESS)
 - On-site facility substations, switching substations
- » O&M and laydown area hub, including:
 - Site offices and maintenance buildings, including workshop areas for maintenance and storage.
 - Laydown areas and temporary construction camp area.

7.1.5. Project Location

The project site proposed for the Kotulo Tsatsi Energy PV3 is located approximately 70km south-west of the town of Kenhardt and 60km north-east of Brandvlei in the Northern Cape Province, on Portion 2 of the Farm Styns Vley No. 280.

7.2. Sub-section 2: Development footprint site map

This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout. The sensitivity map must be prepared from the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at: https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g., threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc.

² The development area is that identified area (located within the project site) where the Kotulo Tsatsi Energy PV3 facility is planned to be located. This area has been selected as a practicable option for the facility, considering technical preference and constraints. The development area is ~1888ha in extent.

³ The development footprint is the defined area (located within the development area) where the PV panel array and other associated infrastructure for Kotulo Tsatsi Energy PV3 is planned to be constructed. This is the actual footprint of the facility, and the area which would be disturbed.

Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any know sensitive features within 50 m from the development footprint.	'n

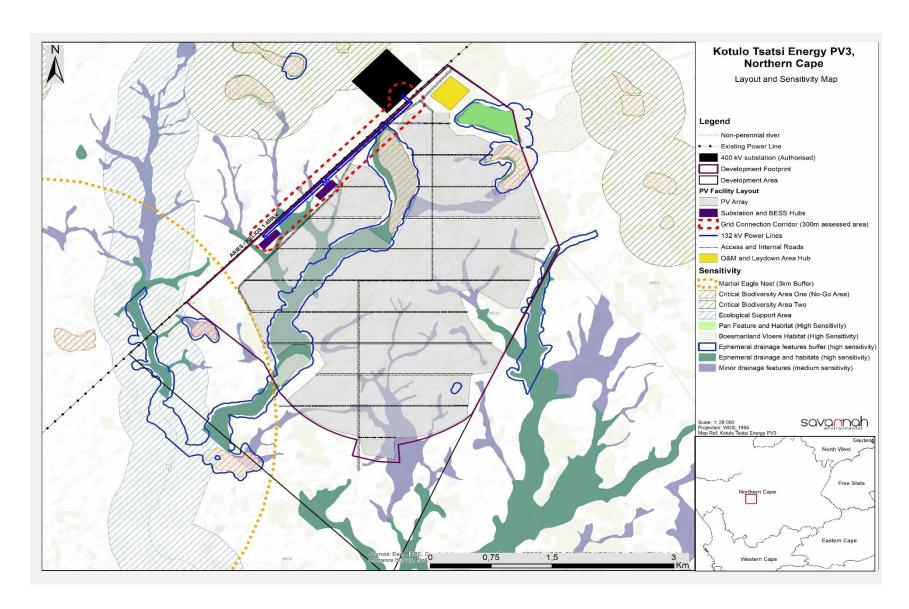


Figure 1: Environmental sensitivity map for the Kotulo Tsatsi Energy PV3 of which the substations is part

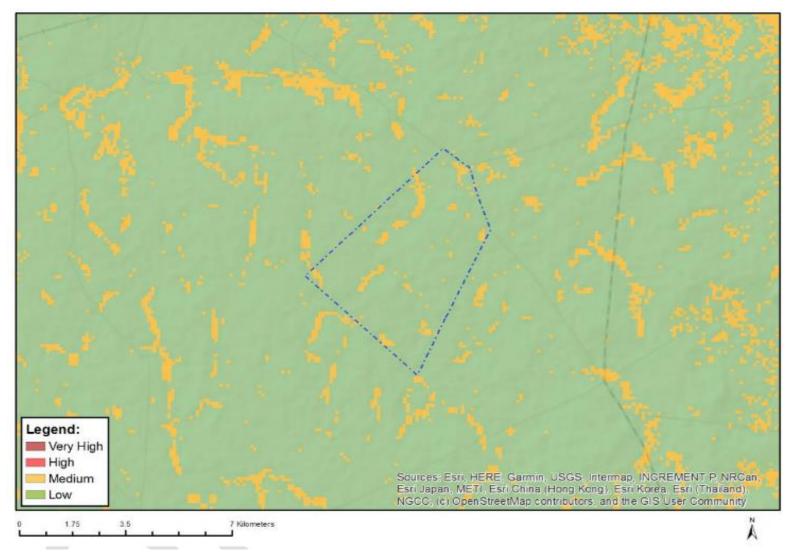


Figure 2: Map of relative agriculture theme sensitivity

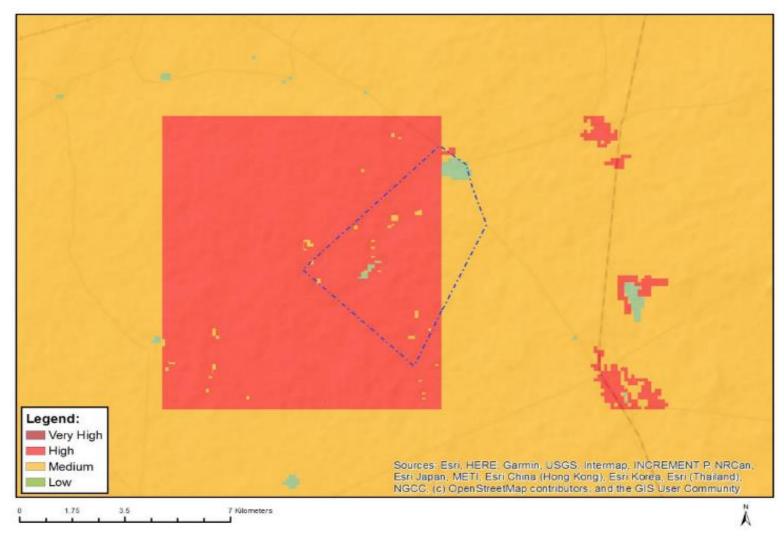


Figure 3: Map of relative animal species theme sensitivity

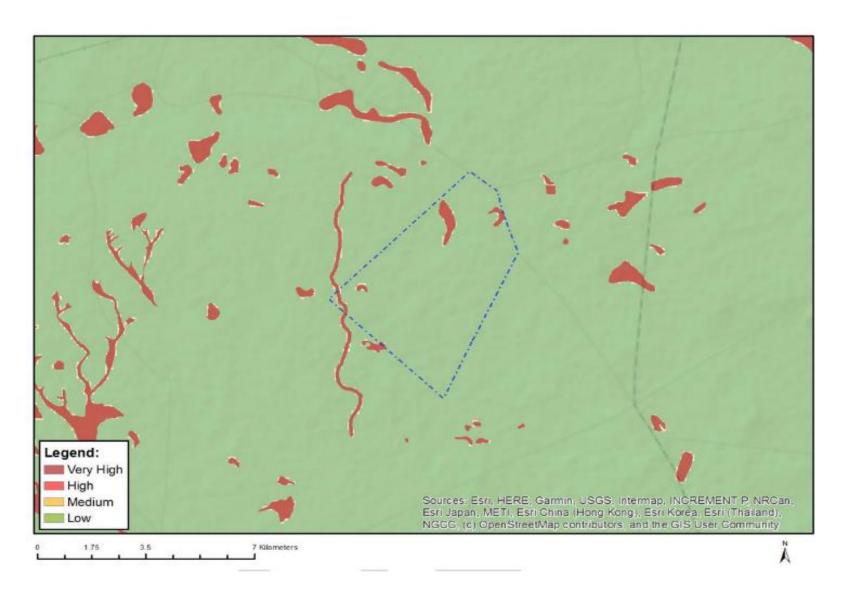


Figure 4: Map of relative aquatic biodiversity theme sensitivity

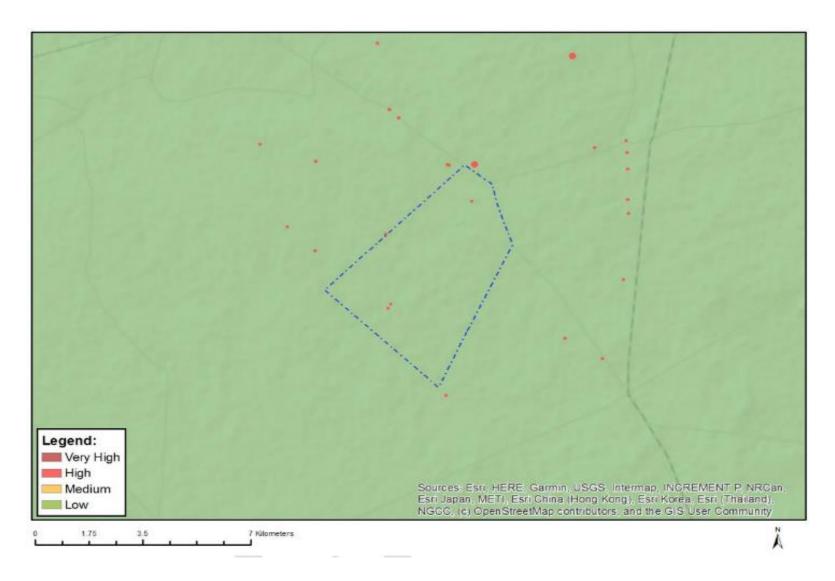


Figure 5: Map of relative archaeological and cultural heritage theme sensitivity

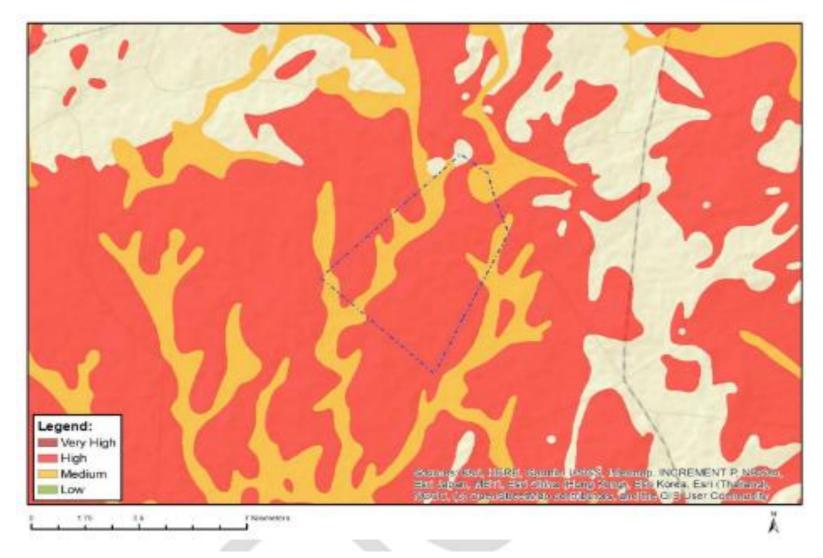


Figure 6: Map of relative palaeontology theme sensitivity



Figure 7: Map of relative civil aviation theme sensitivity



Figure 8: Map of relative plant species theme sensitivity

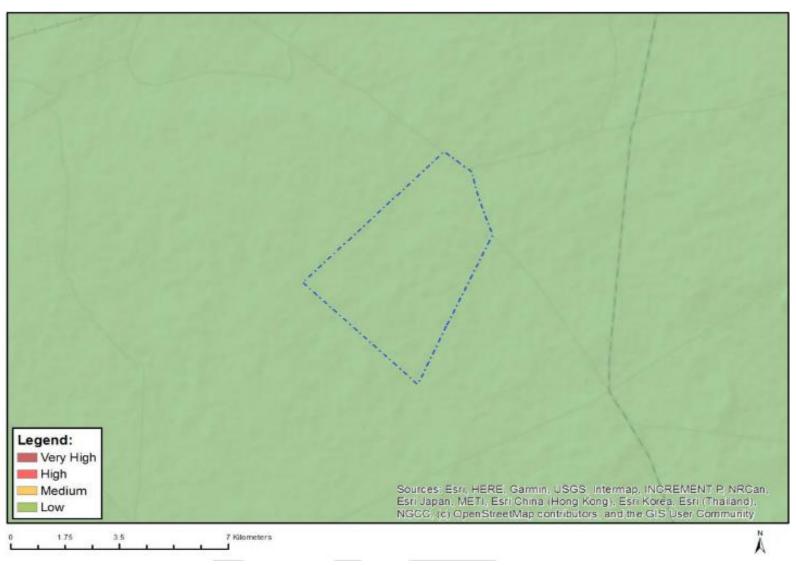


Figure 9: Map of relative defence theme sensitivity



Figure 10: Map of avian theme sensitivity

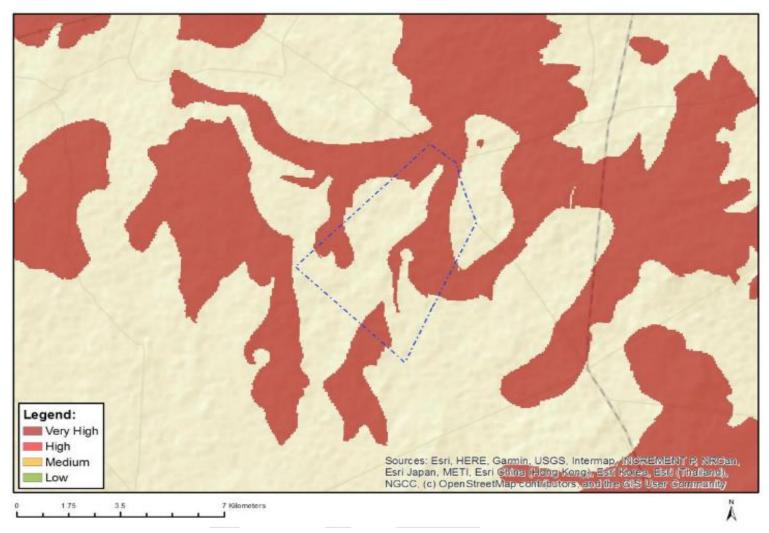


Figure 11: Map of relative landscape theme sensitivity



Figure 12: Map of relative terrestrial biodiversity theme sensitivity

7.2 Sub-section 3: Declaration

The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will abide and comply with the prescribed impact management outcomes and impact management actions as stipulated in <u>part B: section 1</u> of the generic EMPr and have the understanding that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding. The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will provide written notice to the CA 14 days prior to the date on which the activity will commence of commencement of construction to facilitate compliance inspections.

Signature Proponent/applicant/holder of EA

Date:

12-05-23

7.3 Sub-section 4: amendments to site specific information (Part B; section 2)

Should the EA be transferred to a new holder, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new holder and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of Regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted for an amendment to an environmental authorisation will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

PART C

8. SITE SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

If any specific environmental sensitivities/attributes are present on the site which require more specific impact management outcomes and actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr template, to manage impacts, those impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific management controls must be referenced spatially, and must include impact management outcomes and impact management actions. The management controls, including impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the preapproved generic EMPr template. This applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary.

If <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the development as authorised in the EA, it is required to be submitted to the CA together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP and the name and expertise of the EAP, including the curriculum vitae are to be included. Once approved, <u>Part C</u> forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.

This section will **not be required** should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes.

CONSTRUCTION PHASE OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS

OBJECTIVE 1: Ensure the substation design responds to identified environmental constraints and opportunities

Project Component/s	» Substation
Potential Impact	 Impact on identified sensitive areas. Design fails to respond optimally to the environmental considerations.
Activities/Risk Sources	 Positioning of all project components. Pre-construction activities, e.g. geotechnical investigations, site surveys of substation footprint, and environmental walk-through surveys. Positioning of temporary laydown areas.
Mitigation: Target/Objective	 To ensure that the design of the substation responds to the identified environmental constraints and opportunities. To ensure that pre-construction activities are undertaken in an environmentally friendly manner.

Mitigation: Action/Control	Responsibility	Timeframe
Plan and conduct pre-construction activities in an environmentally acceptable manner.	Project developer Contractor	Pre-construction
Undertake a detailed geotechnical pre-construction survey.	Project developer Geotechnical specialist	Pre-construction
The EMPr must form part of the contract with the Contractors appointed to construct the Solar PV Facility and must be used to ensure compliance with environmental specifications and management measures. The implementation of this EMPr for all phases of the proposed project is considered to be key in achieving the appropriate environmental management standards as detailed for this project.	Project developer Contractor	Pre-construction
Plan the placement of laydown areas and temporary construction equipment camps outside of identified sensitive areas (as detailed in Figure 1 of Part B of this EMPr) and in such a way as to minimise vegetation clearing wherever possible and to avoid habitat loss and disturbance to adjoining areas.	Project developer	Pre-construction
Access roads and entrances to the site must be carefully planned to limit any intrusion on the neighbouring property owners and road users.	Project developer	Planning and design

Mitigation: Action/Control	Responsibility	Timeframe
Plan to make use of existing roads and tracks where feasible, rather than creating new routes. Ensure that adequate vehicle turning areas are allowed for	Project developer	Planning and design
Final project design must include measures for adequate surface water runoff, spill control and leakage control system.	Project developer Design engineer	Design and planning
Reduce the construction period as far as possible through careful planning and productive implementation of resources.	Project developer Contractor	Pre-construction

Performance Indicator	» The design meets the objectives and does not degrade the environment.
	» Demarcated sensitive areas as detailed in Part B of this EMPr are avoided at all times.
	» Design and layouts respond to the mitigation measures and recommendations in the EIA Report.
Monitoring	» Review of the design by the Project Manager and the ECO prior to the commencement of construction.
	» Monitor ongoing compliance with the EMPr.

OBJECTIVE 2: Protection of sensitive areas, flora and fauna

Project Component/s	» Substation.
Potential Impact	 Impacts on natural vegetation, habitats and fauna. Loss of indigenous natural vegetation due to construction activities. Impacts on sensitive areas
Activity/Risk Source	 Vegetation clearing. Site preparation and earthworks. Excavation of foundations. Construction of infrastructure. Site preparation (e.g. compaction). Excavation of foundations.
Mitigation: Target/Objective	To minimise the development area as far as possible.To minimise impacts on surrounding sensitive areas.

Mitigation: Action/control	Responsibility	Timeframe
No fires are allowed within the Project Site boundary as there is a risk of runaway veld fires.	EPC Contractor	Construction
No firewood collection is allowed on-site.	EPC Contractor	Construction
ECO and/or Contractor's EO to provide supervision and oversight of vegetation clearing activities and other activities which may cause damage to the environment, especially at the initiation of the Project, when the majority of vegetation clearing is taking place.	Contractor EO ECO	Construction
Unnecessary impacts on surrounding natural vegetation must be avoided. The construction impacts must be contained to the Development Footprint of the Project.	EPC Contractor	Construction
Where new roads need to be constructed, the existing road infrastructure should be rationalised and any unnecessary roads decommissioned and rehabilitated to reduce the disturbance of the area.	EPC Contractor	Construction
All vehicles to remain on demarcated roads and no unnecessary driving in the veld outside these areas should be allowed.	EPC Contractor	Construction
All cleared areas should be revegetated with indigenous perennial species from the local area.	EPC Contractor ECO EO	Construction
The extent of clearing and disturbance to the vegetation must be kept to a minimum so that impact on fauna and their habitats is restricted.	EPC Contractor	Construction
During construction any fauna directly threatened by the construction activities should be removed to a safe location by a suitably qualified person.	EPC Contractor Specialist – ecologist/ trained person	Construction
The illegal collection, hunting or harvesting of any plants or animals at the site should be strictly forbidden.	EPC Contractor	Construction
Employees should be trained (e.g. during toolbox talks) that poisonous animals should not be killed and if encountered the ECO/ EO should be informed.	Project Developer EPC Contractor ECO EO	Duration of contract
All construction vehicles on site should adhere to a low speed limit (40km/h) to avoid collisions with susceptible species such as snakes and tortoises.	EPC Contractor	Construction

Mitigation: Action/control	Responsibility	Timeframe
Construction vehicles limited to the Development Footprint on the Project Site (no	EPC Contractor	Construction
movement outside of the demarcated footprint).		

Performance Indicator	 » No disturbance outside of designated work areas. » Minimised clearing of existing vegetation. » Topsoil appropriately stored, managed and rehabilitated. » Limited soil erosion around site. » No activity in restricted areas. » Minimal level of soil degradation.
Monitoring	 Observation of vegetation clearing activities by EO throughout construction phase. Supervision of all clearing and earthworks. Ongoing monitoring of erosion management measures within the site. Monthly inspections of sediment control devices by the EO. An incident reporting system will be used to record non-conformances to the EMPr.

OBJECTIVE 3: Minimise the establishment and spread of alien invasive plants

Major factors contributing to invasion by alien invasive species include high disturbance activities and negative grazing practices. Consequences of this may include:

- » Loss of indigenous vegetation;
- » Change in vegetation structure leading to change in various habitat characteristics;
- » Change in plant species composition;
- » Change in soil chemical properties;
- » Loss of sensitive habitats;
- » Loss or disturbance to individuals of rare, endangered, endemic, and/or protected species;
- » Fragmentation of sensitive habitats;
- » Change in flammability of vegetation, depending on alien species; and
- » Hydrological impacts due to increased transpiration and runoff.

Project Component/s	» Substation.
Potential Impact	 Invasion of natural vegetation surrounding the site by declared weeds or invasive alien species. Impacts on soil. Impact on faunal habitats. Degradation and loss of agricultural potential.
Activities/Risk Sources	 Transport of construction materials to site. Movement of construction machinery and personnel. Site preparation and earthworks causing disturbance to indigenous vegetation. Construction of site access roads. Stockpiling of topsoil, subsoil and spoil material. Routine maintenance work – especially vehicle movement.
Mitigation: Target/Objective	 To significantly reduce the presence of weeds and eradicate alien invasive species. To avoid the introduction of additional alien invasive plants to the site. To avoid distribution and thickening of existing alien plants in the site. To complement existing alien plant eradication programs in gradually causing a significant reduction of alien plant species throughout the site.

Mitigation: Action/control	Responsibility	Timeframe
Regular monitoring for alien plants within the Development Footprint as well as adjacent areas which receive runoff from the facility must be undertaken as these are also likely to be prone to invasion problems.	EPC Contractor	Construction
Regular alien plant clearing should be conducted using the best-practice methods for the species concerned. The use of herbicides should be avoided as far as possible.	EPC Contractor	Construction
Unnecessary impacts on surrounding natural vegetation must be avoided. The construction impacts must be contained to the Development Footprint of the Project.	EPC Contractor	Construction
 Avoid creating conditions in which alien plants may become established: * Keep disturbance of indigenous vegetation to a minimum. * Rehabilitate disturbed areas as quickly as possible once construction is complete in an area. 	EPC Contractor ECO EO	Construction
» Do not import soil from areas with alien plants.		

Mitigation: Action/control	Responsibility	Timeframe
Establish an on-going monitoring programme to detect, quantify and remove any alien species that may become established and identify the problem species (as per Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act and Act 43 of 1983 and NEM: Biodiversity Act).	EPC Contractor ECO EO	Construction
Immediately control any alien plants that become established using registered control methods appropriate for the particular species in question. Where necessary, obtain an opinion from a registered Pest Control Officer.	EPC Contractor ECO EO	Construction
All alien plant re-growth must be monitored and should these alien plants reoccur these plants should be re-eradicated. The scale of the development does however not warrant the use of a Landscape Architect and / or Landscape Contractor.	EPC Contractor ECO EO	Construction
The use of herbicides and pesticides and other related horticultural chemicals should be carefully controlled and only applied by personnel adequately certified to apply pesticides and herbicides (a registered Pest Control Officer). It must be ensured that WHO Recommended Classification of Pesticides by Hazard Class 1a (extremely hazardous) or 1b (highly hazardous) are not purchased, stored or used on site along with any other nationally or internationally similarly restricted/banned products.	EPC Contractor ECO EO	Construction
A registered Pest Control Officer must be appointed to implement the invasive alien plants and weeds management plan. The Pest Control Officer must supervise the clearing team to ensure compliance with the invasive alien plants and weeds management plan.	EPC Contractor ECO EO	Construction
All cleared areas should be revegetated with indigenous perennial species from the local area.	EPC Contractor ECO EO	Construction

Performance Indicator	» For each alien species: number of plants and aerial cover of plants within the site and immediate surroundings.
Monitoring	» On-going monitoring of area by EO during construction.
	» Annual audit of development footprint and immediate surroundings by qualified botanist.
	» If any alien invasive species are detected then the distribution of these must be mapped (GPS co-ordinates of plants or
	concentrations of plants), number of individuals (whole site or per unit area), age and/or size classes of plants and aerial
	cover of plants.
	» The results must be interpreted in terms of the risk posed to sensitive habitats within and surrounding the site.
	» The environmental manager/site agent must be responsible for driving this process.

» Reporting frequency depends on legal compliance framework.

OBJECTIVE 4: Minimise impacts on soils

Project Component/s	» Substation.
Potential Impact	» Impacts on soil.» Loss of topsoil.» Erosion.
Activity/Risk Source	 Vegetation clearing. Site preparation and earthworks. Excavation of foundations. Construction of infrastructure. Site preparation (e.g. compaction). Excavation of foundations. Stockpiling of topsoil, subsoil and spoil material.
Mitigation: Target/Objective	 » To minimise the development area as far as possible. » To minimise impacts on soils. » Minimise spoil material. » Minimise erosion potential.

Mitigation: Action/control	Responsibility	Timeframe
Any erosion problems observed along access roads or any hardened/engineered surface should be rectified immediately and monitored thereafter to ensure that they do not re-occur.	EPC Contractor	Construction
All denuded areas, affected by the development, should be re-vegetated with locally occurring species, to bind the soil and limit erosion potential where applicable.		Construction
Practical phased development and vegetation clearing must be practiced so that cleared areas are not left un-vegetated and vulnerable to erosion for extended periods of time.	EPC Contractor EO	Construction

Mitigation: Action/control	Responsibility	Timeframe
Roads and other disturbed areas should be regularly monitored for signs of erosion. These areas should be monitored by the EO to assess the success of the remediation.	EPC Contractor EO	Construction
Topsoil must be removed and stored separately from subsoil. Topsoil must be reapplied where appropriate as soon as possible in order to encourage and facilitate rapid regeneration of the natural vegetation on cleared areas.	EPC Contractor ECO EO	Construction
Stockpile topsoil for re-use in rehabilitation phase. Maintain stockpile shape and protect from erosion.	EPC Contractor	Construction
 Salvaging topsoil: Topsoil must always be salvaged and stored separately from subsoil and lowerlying parent rock or other spoil material. * Topsoil stripping removes up to 30 cm or less of the upper soils. * In cultivated areas, depth of topsoil may increase and needs to be confirmed with the landowner. Prior to salvaging topsoil the depth, quality and characteristics of topsoil should be known for every management area. * This will give an indication of total volumes of topsoil that need to be stored to enable the proper planning and placement of topsoil storage. * Different types of topsoil – rocky soils and sands or loams must be stored separately. Topsoil should be removed (and stored) under dry conditions to avoid excessive compaction whenever topsoil will have to be stored for longer than one year. 	EPC Contractor	Construction
Excavated soils should be stockpiled on the upslope side of the excavated trench so that eroded sediments off the stockpile are washed back into the trench.	EPC Contractor	Construction
 Storing topsoil: Viability of stored topsoil depends on moisture, temperature, oxygen, nutrients and time stored. Rapid decomposition of organic material in warm, moist topsoil rapidly decreases microbial activity necessary for nutrient cycling, and reduces the amount of beneficial micro-organisms in the soil. Stockpile location should ideally be in a disturbed but weed-free area. 	EPC Contractor	Construction

Mitigation: Action/control	Responsibility	Timeframe
» Storage of all topsoil that is disturbed should be of a maximum height of $2\mathrm{m}$		
and the maximum length of time before re-use is 18 months.		
» Topsoil handling should be reduced to stripping, piling (once), and re-		
application. Between the stockpiling and reapplication, stored topsoil should		
not undergo any further handling except control of erosion and (alien) invasive vegetation.		
» Where topsoil can be reapplied within six months to one year after excavation,		
it will be useful to store the topsoil as close as possible to the area of excavation		
and re-application, e.g. next to cabling trenches.		
» Do not mix overburden with topsoil stockpiles, as this will dilute the proportion of		
fertile soil (with less fertile subsoil or rock material).		
» Employ wind nets made from Hessian or similarly fibrous and biodegradable		
material, where required, to stabilise newly placed topsoil stockpiles and to		
reduce wind erosion.		
» In cases where topsoil has to be stored longer than 6 months or during the rainy		
season, soils should be kept as dry as possible and protected from erosion and degradation by:		
Preventing ponding on or between heaps of topsoil		
Covering topsoil berms		
Preventing all forms of contamination or pollution		
Preventing any form of compaction		
* Monitoring the establishment of all invasive vegetation and removing such		
if it appears		
* Keeping slopes of topsoil at a maximal 2:1 ratio		
 Monitoring and mitigating erosion where it appears 		
Where topsoil needs to be stored in excess of one year, it is recommended to either		
cover the topsoil or allow an indigenous grass cover to grow on it – if this does not		
happen spontaneously, seeding should be considered.		
Excavated soils will need to be replaced in the same order as excavated from the	EPC Contractor	Construction
trench, i.e. sub-soil must be replaced first and topsoil must be replaced last (this will		
maximise opportunity for re-vegetation of disturbed areas).		
Re-applied topsoil needs to be re-vegetated as soon as possible.	EPC Contractor	Construction

Mitigation: Action/control	Responsibility	Timeframe
Only the proposed access roads as per the Development Footprint are to be used	EPC Contractor	Construction
to reduce any unnecessary compaction.		
Silt traps should be used where there is a danger of topsoil eroding and entering streams and other sensitive areas. These silt traps must be regularly monitored and maintained and replaced / repaired immediately as and when required. These measures should be regularly checked, maintained and repaired when required to ensure that they are effective.	EPC Contractor	Construction
Spillages of cement to be cleaned up immediately and disposed or re-used in the construction process.	EPC Contractor	Construction
Spill kits to be kept on active parts of the construction site and at site offices.	EPC Contractor	Construction
In instances where mobile cement batching is not available on site, cement batching to take place in designated areas only, as approved on site layout plan (if applicable).	EPC Contractor	Construction

Performance Indicator	» Limited soil erosion around site.
	» Minimal level of soil degradation.
Monitoring	» Ongoing monitoring of erosion management measures within the site.
	» Monthly inspections of sediment control devices by the EO.
	» An incident reporting system will be used to record non-conformances to the EMPr.

OBJECTIVE 5: Appropriate Stormwater Management

Project Component/s	» Alteration of natural areas into hard surfaces impacting on the local hydrological regime of the area.	
Potential Impact	» Poor stormwater management and alteration of the hydrological regime.	
Activities/Risk Sources	» Placement of hard engineered surfaces.	
Mitigation: Target/Objective	» Reduce the potential increase in surface flow velocities and the impact on localised drainage systems.	

Mitigation: Action/Control	Responsibility	Timeframe
A stormwater management plan must be developed in the pre-construction phase, detailing the stormwater structures and management interventions that must be installed to manage the increase of surface water flows directly into any natural systems. The stormwater control systems must be inspected on an annual basis to ensure these are functional.	EPC Contractor(s)	Design
The necessary biodiversity permits must be obtained prior to removal of any species of concern. Search and rescue of species of conservation concern should be conducted prior to clearing activities.	Project Developer Specialist - Ecologist	Pre-construction
Precautions must be in place to limit the possibility of oil and other toxic liquids from entering the soil or clean stormwater system.	ECO EO EPC Contractor Engineer	Construction

Performance Indicator	 » No impacts due to runoff. » Minimise erosion as far as possible. » Appropriate stormwater management system in place.
Monitoring	 Ongoing monitoring of erosion management measures within the site. Monthly inspections of sediment control devices by the EO. An incident reporting system will be used to record non-conformances to the EMPr.

OBJECTIVE 6: Minimise impacts related to traffic management and transportation of equipment and materials to site

During the construction phase the road network surrounding the substation site will be affected. There will be an increase in traffic impacting on traffic volumes, congestion and road safety (light vehicles, buses, mini-vans (taxis) and as well as heavy construction vehicles), however the extent of the impact will be small and of a local nature.

Project Component/s	» Delivery of any component required for the construction phase of the substation.
Potential Impact	» Impact of heavy construction vehicles on road surfaces, and possible increased risk in accidents involving people and
	animals.Deterioration of road pavement conditions (both surfaced and gravel road) due to abnormal loads.

	» Dust and noise pollution due to construction traffic.
Activities/Risk Sources	 Construction vehicle movement. Speeding on local roads. Degradation of local road conditions. Site preparation and earthworks. Foundations or plant equipment installation. Transportation of project components, equipment and materials to the site. Mobile construction equipment movement on-site.
Mitigation: Target/Objective	 Minimise impacts on road network and surrounding area Minimise impact of traffic associated with the construction of the facility on local traffic volumes, existing infrastructure, property owners, animals, and road users. To minimise potential for negative interaction between pedestrians or sensitive users and traffic associated with the facility construction. To ensure all vehicles are roadworthy and all materials/equipment are transported appropriately and within any imposed permit/licence conditions.

Mitigation: Action/control	Responsibility	Timeframe
Heavy vehicles travelling on secondary roads should adhere to low-speed limits to minimise noise and dust pollution.	Contractor(s), (Transportation sub- contractor)	Construction
Where possible provide public transportation service for workers in order to reduce congestion on roads.	Contractor	Construction
Transportation contractors must adhere to the road rules and regulations.	Contractor	Construction
A designated access (or accesses) to the proposed Project Site must be created to ensure safe entry and exit.	Contractor	Construction
Utilise only designated access routes & entrance/exits from the site.	Contractor	Construction
Implement appropriate signage & road safety measures at entrance/exit to the site and on site.	Contractor	Construction
The delivery of project components to the site must be staggered and trips must be scheduled to occur outside of peak traffic periods, where possible.	Contractor	Construction

Mitigation: Action/control	Responsibility	Timeframe
The use of mobile batching plants and quarries in close proximity to the site must be considered as this would decrease the impact on the surrounding road network.	Contractor	Construction
Regular maintenance of gravel roads by the EPC Contractor during the construction and decommissioning phases.	Contractor	Construction
Dust suppression of gravel roads during the construction and decommissioning phases, as required.	Contractor	Construction
Any low hanging overhead lines (lower than 5.1 m) e.g., Eskom and Telkom lines, along the proposed routes will have to be moved to accommodate the abnormal load vehicles.	Contractor	Construction

Performance Indicator	» Vehicles are in good working order and safety standards are implemented.
	» Local road conditions and road surfaces are up to standard.
Monitoring	» Regular monitoring of road surface quality.
	» A complaints register will be maintained, in which any complaints from the community will be logged. Complaints will be
	investigated and, if appropriate, acted upon.

OBJECTIVE 9: Rehabilitation

Project component/s	orid Connection Infrastructure	
Potential Impact	ndermining of the Environmental integrity of the Project Site resulting in reduced visual aesthetics, and capability and the requirement for on-going management intervention.	, erosion, compromised
Activity/risk source	te preparation and earthworks. Accavation of foundations and trenches. Construction of laydown areas. Construction of access roads/tracks. Other disturbed areas/footprints.	
Mitigation: Target/Objective	o ensure and encourage site rehabilitation of disturbed areas. o ensure that the Project Site is appropriately rehabilitated following the execution of the working nvironmental impacts (including erosion) are remediated or curtailed.	orks, such that residual

Mitigation: Action/control	Responsibility	Timeframe
Following construction, rehabilitation of all disturbed areas that will not be utilised during the operations of the Facility will be undertaken.	Contractor EO	Rehabilitation
Rehabilitate of disturbed areas should be undertaken as soon as reasonably practicable after construction works have been closed out.	Contractor EO	Rehabilitation
Where required, artificial rehabilitation (e.g. re-seeding with collected or commercial indigenous seed mixes) may be applied in order to speed up the rehabilitation process if deemed necessary by the ECO.		
If natural re-vegetation is unsuccessful, seeding and planting of the area will need to be implemented	Contractor EO	Rehabilitation
All temporary facilities, equipment and waste materials must be removed from the Project Site and appropriately disposed of.	Contractor	Rehabilitation
On-going alien plant monitoring and removal should be undertaken on all areas of natural vegetation on an annual basis.	Contractor	Life of Project

OPERATIONAL PHASE OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS

OBJECTIVE 1: Protection of sensitive area, flora, fauna and soils

Indirect impacts on vegetation and terrestrial fauna during operation could result from maintenance activities and the movement of people and vehicles on site. In order to ensure the long-term environmental integrity of the site following construction, maintenance of the areas rehabilitated post-construction must be undertaken until these areas have successfully re-established.

Project Component/s	*	Rehabilitated areas.
Potential Impact	*	Disturbance to or loss of vegetation and/or habitat in surrounding areas.

	*	Environmental integrity of the site undermined resulting in reduced visual aesthetics, erosion, compromised land capability and the requirement for on-going management intervention.
Activities/Risk Sources	*	Movement of employee vehicles within and around the site.
Mitigation: Target/Objective	>>	Maintain minimised footprints of disturbance of vegetation/habitats on-site.
	*	Ensure and encourage plant regrowth in non-operational areas of post-construction rehabilitation.

Mitigation: Action/Control	Responsibility	Timeframe
Any potentially dangerous fauna such as snakes or fauna threatened by the maintenance and operational activities should be removed to a safe location.	O&M Operator	Operation phase
The collection, hunting or harvesting of any plants or animals at the Project Site should be strictly forbidden by anyone without the appropriate permits and permissions.	O&M Operator	Operation phase
Implement an animal removal plan to ensure safety of workers and fauna.	O&M Operator	Operation phase
Make use of Low-Pressure Sodium lighting or other types of low impact lighting.	O&M Operator	Operation phase
All vehicles accessing the site should adhere to a low-speed limit (40km/h max) to avoid collisions with susceptible species such as snakes and tortoises.	O&M Operator	Operation phase
All roads and other hardened surfaces should have runoff control features which redirect water flow and dissipate any energy in the water which may pose an erosion risk.	O&M Operator	Operation phase
Existing roads must be maintained to ensure limited erosion and impact on areas adjacent to roadways.	O&M Operator	Operation phase
Vehicle movements must be restricted to designated roadways.	O&M Operator	Operation phase

Performance Indicator	Limited soil erosion around site. No further disturbance to vegetation or terrestrial faunal habitats. Continued improvement of rehabilitation efforts.	
Monitoring	Observation of vegetation on-site by environmental manager. Regular inspections to monitor plant regrowth/performance of rehabilitation efforts and weed infestation compared natural/undisturbed areas.	l to

OBJECTIVE 2: Minimise the establishment and spread of alien invasive plants

Major factors contributing to invasion by alien invasive species include high disturbance activities and negative grazing practices. Consequences of this may include:

- » Loss of indigenous vegetation;
- » Change in vegetation structure leading to change in various habitat characteristics;
- » Change in plant species composition;
- » Change in soil chemical properties;
- » Loss of sensitive habitats;
- » Loss or disturbance to individuals of rare, endangered, endemic, and/or protected species;
- » Fragmentation of sensitive habitats;
- » Change in flammability of vegetation, depending on alien species; and
- » Hydrological impacts due to increased transpiration and runoff.

Project Component/s	» Substation.
Potential Impact	 Invasion of natural vegetation surrounding the site by declared weeds or invasive alien species. Impacts on soil. Impact on faunal habitats. Degradation and loss of agricultural potential.
Activities/Risk Sources	» Movement of operation and maintenance machinery and personnel.
Mitigation: Target/Objective	 To significantly reduce the presence of weeds and eradicate alien invasive species. To avoid the introduction of additional alien invasive plants to the site. To avoid distribution and thickening of existing alien plants in the site. To complement existing alien plant eradication programs in gradually causing a significant reduction of alien plant species throughout the site.

Mitigation: Action/Control	Responsibility	Timeframe
Due to the disturbance at the site as well as the increased runoff generated by the hard	O&M Operator	Operation phase
infrastructure, alien plant species are likely to be a long-term problem at the site and a		
long-term control plan will need to be implemented.		
Regular monitoring for alien plants within the Development Footprint.	O&M Operator	Operation phase

Mitigation: Action/Control	Responsibility	Timeframe
When alien plants are detected, these must be controlled and cleared using the recommended control measures for each species to ensure that the problem is not exacerbated or does not re-occur and increase to problematic levels. Clearing methods must aim to keep disturbance to a minimum. The use of herbicides should be avoided as far as possible.	O&M Operator	Operation phase
Annual site inspection for erosion with follow up remedial action where problems are identified.	Specialist	Annual monitoring until successful re-establishment of vegetation in an area
No planting or importing any listed invasive alien plant species (all Category 1a, 1b and 2 invasive species) to the site for landscaping, rehabilitation or any other purpose must be undertaken.	O&M Operator	Operation phase
All alien plant re-growth must be monitored, and should these alien plants reoccur these plants should be re-eradicated. The scale of the development does however not warrant the use of a Landscape Architect and / or Landscape Contractor.	O&M Operator	Operation phase
Vegetation control within the Development Footprint should be by manual clearing and herbicides should not be used except to control alien plants in the prescribed manner if necessary.	O&M Operator Specialist	Operation phase
The use of herbicides and other related horticultural chemicals should be carefully controlled and only applied by personnel adequately certified to apply pesticides and herbicides. It must be ensured that WHO Recommended Classification of Pesticides by Hazard Class 1a (extremely hazardous) or 1b (highly hazardous) are not purchased, stored, or used on site along with any other nationally or internationally similarly restricted/banned products.	O&M Operator	Operation phase

Performance Indicator	» For each alien species: number of plants and aerial cover of plants within the site and immediate surroundings.
Monitoring	 On-going monitoring of area by the Environmental Officer. Annual audit of development footprint and immediate surroundings by qualified botanist. If any alien invasive species are detected then the distribution of these must be mapped (GPS co-ordinates of plants or concentrations of plants), number of individuals (whole site or per unit area), age and/or size classes of plants and aerial cover of plants. The results must be interpreted in terms of the risk posed to sensitive habitats within and surrounding the site.

- » The environmental manager/site agent must be responsible for driving this process.
- » Reporting frequency depends on legal compliance framework.

APPENDIX 1: METHOD STATEMENTS

To be prepared by the contractor prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are **not required** to be submitted to the CA.

APPENDIX 2: CV OF THE EAP