

### BASIC ASSESSMENT REPORT and ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME REPORT

SUBMITTED FOR ENVIRONMENTAL AUTHORIZATIONS IN TERMS OF THE NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT ACT, 1998 AND THE NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT WASTE ACT, 2008 IN RESPECT OF LISTED ACTIVITIES THAT HAVE BEEN TRIGGERED BY APPLICATIONS IN TERMS OF THE MINERAL AND PETROLEUM RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT ACT, 2002 (MPRDA) (AS AMENDED).

NAME OF APPLICANT: Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd.

TEL NO: 079 547 8481

FAX NO: •

POSTAL ADDRESS: P O Box 12672, De Boord, 7613

PHYSICAL ADDRESS:-

FILE REFERENCE NUMBER SAMRAD: NW 30/5/1/3/2/11138 MP

### 1. IMPORTANT NOTICE

In terms of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act (Act 28 of 2002 as amended), the Minister must grant a mining or mining right if among others the mining "will not result in unacceptable pollution, ecological degradation or damage to the environment".

Unless an Environmental Authorisation can be granted following the evaluation of an Environmental Impact Assessment and an Environmental Management Programme report in terms of the National Environmental Management Act (Act 107 of 1998) (NEMA), it cannot be concluded that the said activities will not result in unacceptable pollution, ecological degradation or damage to the environment.

In terms of section 16(3)(b) of the EIA Regulations, 2014, any report submitted as part of an application must be prepared in a format that may be determined by the Competent Authority and in terms of section 17 (1) (c) the competent Authority must check whether the application has taken into account any minimum requirements applicable or instructions or guidance provided by the competent authority to the submission of applications.

It is therefore an instruction that the prescribed report required in respect of applications for an environmental authorisation for listed activities triggered by an application for a right or a permit are submitted in the exact format of, and provide all the information required in terms of, this template. Furthermore please be advised that failure to submit the information required in the format provided in this template will be regarded as a failure to meet the requirements of the Regulation and will lead to the Environmental Authorisation being refused.

It is furthermore an instruction that the Environmental Assessment Practitioner must process and interpret his/her research and analysis and use the findings thereof to compile the information required herein. (Unprocessed supporting information may be attached as appendices). The EAP must ensure that the information required is placed correctly in the relevant sections of the Report, in the order, and under the provided headings as set out below, and ensure that the report is not cluttered with un-interpreted information and that it unambiguously represents the interpretation of the applicant.

### 2. Objective of the basic assessment process

The objective of the basic assessment process is to, through a consultative process—

- (a) determine the policy and legislative context within which the proposed activity is located and how the activity complies with and responds to the policy and legislative context;
- (b) identify the alternatives considered, including the activity, location, and technology alternatives;
- (c) describe the need and desirability of the proposed alternatives,
- (d) through the undertaking of an impact and risk assessment process inclusive of cumulative impacts which focused on determining the geographical, physical, biological, social, economic, heritage, and cultural sensitivity of the sites and locations within sites and the risk of impact of the proposed activity and technology alternatives on the these aspects to determine:
  - (i) the nature, significance, consequence, extent, duration, and probability of the impacts occurring to; and
  - (ii) the degree to which these impacts-
    - (aa) can be reversed;
    - (bb) may cause irreplaceable loss of resources; and
    - (cc) can be managed, avoided or mitigated;
  - (e) through a ranking of the site sensitivities and possible impacts the activity and technology alternatives will impose on the sites and location identified through the life of the activity to—
  - (i) identify and motivate a preferred site, activity and technology alternative;
  - (ii) identify suitable measures to manage, avoid or mitigate identified impacts; and
  - (iii) identify residual risks that need to be managed and monitored.

### PART A SCOPE OF ASSSSMENT AND BASIC ASSESSMENT REPORT

### 3. CONTACT PERSON AND CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS

### a) DETAILS OF -

(i) Details of the EAP how prepared the report

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(a)(l)

Name of the Practitioner:

DERA Environmental Consultants (Pty) Ltd

Ms. Esna Erasmus Tel No.: 018-468 5355 Fax No.: 018-011 3760

E-mail address:dera.office@dera.co.za

### (ii) Expertise of the EAP

### . The qualifications of the EAP

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(a)(ii)

The EAP, Ms HM (Esna) Erasmus has a National Diploma in Agriculture Resource Utilization and a Baccalaureus Technologiae degree in Agricultural Management. She also completed the subjects for her Master Degree in Environmental Analysis & Management at NWU. See **Figure 1** for copies of his qualifications and CV. She is further registered at the International Association for Impact Assessment South Africa (*IAIAsa*), *membership No: 6502* and is registered at Environmental Assessment Practitioners Association of South Africa (EAPASA), *registration No: 2020/2909*.



Figure 1: Copy of Qualification

### **TECHNIKON PRETORIA**



### NASIONALE NATIONAL DIPLOMA

LANDBOU: HULPBRONBENUTTING

AGRICULTURE: RESOURCE UTILISATION

Theographics and

Awarded to

### **HESTER MAGDALENA CLAASE**

85057697

1975-94-03

met mgang van

with offect from

1988 01 01

Registrates (Akademies) Registrat (Academie)

Red to Alexander

No.

Congression and Appendix and the Congression a

### Figure 2

### **TECHNIKON PRETORIA**



### BACCALAUREUS TECHNOLOGIAE

LANDBOUBESTUUR

AGRICULTURAL MANAGEMENT

Torgeken ann

Awarded to

### HESTER MAGDALENA CLAASE

95057681

1875-04-63

met ingang van

with excest from

2040-12-15

Registratour (Abudonsies) Registrat (Academic)

Rechtspre Receiture

E 6280

The second secon

### iii. Summary of the EAP's past experience

HM (Esna) Erasmus (maiden name Claase) is an environmental practitioner with 24 years' experience in Agricultural and Mining Management and Science. Experience in the field of inspection and evaluation of Environmental Impact Assessment in North West. Since 1998 involvement in mining activities with Department of Minerals and Energy in the North West Province as representative for National Department of Agriculture Dir. LRM in the following: Evaluation of Environmental Management Reports Inspection and evaluation of all different mining entities in North West Province. A member of the Slimes Dam Core Committee of North West Province. Involved in the compiling of a strategy for rehabilitation of Gold slime Dams in NW. Give inputs and comments on the revision of EMPR for small scale diamond mining. Involve in setting a strategy to encounter the impact of small scale mining on the environment in North West. See Figure 3 below Curriculum Vitae of H.M. Erasmus.

Figure 3: Copy of Curriculum Vitae

### **ESNA FRASMUS**





CONTACTS





esnae@dera.co.za



+27 83 4525917



Linkedin http://zz.linkedin.com/ in/esna-erasmus-1861



Klerksdorp, North-west Province, South Africa







Report weiting Conduct suditive Bilingual [Englan/Attitions] Computer Profesent Report generation and analysis verbet end wirkten sommunissbon Computer Literate Project Management Results-of-entated Conduct his assessments

ARCUT ME

Environmental practitioner with 22 years' experience in Agricultural and Mining Management and Science.

Experience in the field of inspection and evaluation of Environmental impact Assessment in North West

Since 1998 involvement in mining activities with Department of Minerals and Energy in the North West Province as representative for National Department of Agriculture Dir. LRM in the following

Evaluation of Environmental Management Reports

inspection and evaluation of all different mining entities in North West Province. A member of the Simes Dam Core Committee of North West Province involved in the compiling of a strategy for rehabilitation of Gold shine Dama in NW. Give inputs and comments on the revision of EMPA for small scale diamond mining. involve in setting a strategy to encounter the impact of small scale mining on the environment in North West.

### WORK EXPERIENCE

žŧ	W	19	48
188			
51	1.83	7.97	AT. T

### SENIOR RESOURCE CONSERVATION INSPECTOR

National Department of Agniculture - Patcheforroom, SA

Manage Administration of Act 43 of 1983, Agricultural Resource Conservation act in North West Province.

Management of personnel and personnel related matters. Management of budget for Potchefotroom office of Directorate Land

Resource Management.

### FOE 2002 FE8 2004

### SENIOR ENVIRONMENTAL OFFICER

Department of Minerals and Energy - Klerksdorp, SA

Administration of Act 50 of 1991, the Minerals Act in the North West province.

Evaluation of EMPR's and EIA's.

Audit and compliance inspections of mining operations.

### MAE 2004 PRESENT

### ENVIRONMENTAL PRACTITIONER

DERA Environmental Consultants - Kierksdarp, S#

Compiling and submission of mining related applications; manage and compile legal environmental occuments.

Manitoring work to evaluated compliance to environmental legislation; evaluating outstanding rehabilitation habilities for mining

companies

Rick accessment and applications for closure certificates. Compile EMPR/EIA for Mining Rights and compilation of EMPlan's for Prospecting and Mining Right applications.

Compile BAR & EMPR's in support of applications for listed activities under NEMA such as Chicken Brokers, Feed lots, Fuel Storage, ect. Manages consultation between Departments and applicants.

### şQ). EDUCATION HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA 1222 Middelburg High School - Middelburg, Mournalanga, SA Afrikaans Biology #45050V Conceptagety Accountment 1998 NATIONAL DIPLOMA: AGRICULTURE, RESOURCE UTILISATION Tshware University of Technology - Pretoria, Tyhwane, SA Angual Production ( Computer Application ( Pasture Science L Physical Science ( Agricultural Marketing It is trand to Poultry Production II Crop Predication I, R Agricultural Soil Science ( Agricultural Mechanization: Agricultural Production Management III Agricultural Extension II Large Stock Production it Prostoculture III Agricultural Anatomy & Physiology : Farm Planning! Soil Conservation if BACCALAUREUS TECHNOLOGIAE: AGRICULTURAL MANAGMENT $Z\Omega(X)$ Ishwane University of Technology - Presocia, Eshwane, SA Financal Management W Stratege: Management IV Plant Production N Leadership Development it 7004 MATERS OF ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES IN ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES AND MANAGEMENT - recomplished North-West University -- Patchefstroom, North West introduction to environmental management Applied Environmental Management Environmental Management Theoretical Hydrology Urban Ecology introduction to GIS Applied GES Applied Hydrology Edwardsmental Analysis Research Proposal - procompleted Final desertation - uncompleted SHORT COURSES

Computer training Chase IV Sections in public speaking Veld assessment course

Resource Identification and utilization course - September 1998

Introduction to 635 - June 2001

Persuasion skills Wetlands identification

Wetłanda Rehabitation - August 2001

Management skills

Environmental Risk Assessment and Management - August 2005

Mining and the Environment - October 2003

fage 2

### ELA - EXPERIENCE

the following but of facts was peopulation that was done by ear-

- El de Beer (Documentain) was done as part of a Prospecting Right Application with fluik Sampling, my tole entailed: site visit, impact assessment and evaluation and compilation of report and handlang of application process.
- Harter & Steve Bulgggers (Zwartploat) was done as part of Majorg (light Application with Bulk Sampling, my role entailed; one visit, impact assessment and evaluation and compilation of report and handling of application process.
- Sethlorism Sand on Klip CC (Killarney) was done as part of Mining Right Applications, my tole entailed late visit, leapast assessment and evaluation and compilation of report and handling of application process.
- KMF Agro Processing (PN) Ltd (Rietfontein). Was done as pass of an Economismus Authorization for a fisted activity, for the construction of Chicken staughter facility, my rose entired site visit, impact assessment and evaluation and compilation of report and handling of application process.
- Summit Ridge (Brashagte) was done as part of an Environmental Authorization for a bited activity for feed mill by Phicker head, my ride entailed: size visit, impact assessment and evaluation are compliation of report and handling of application process.

<u>ر</u> ۾

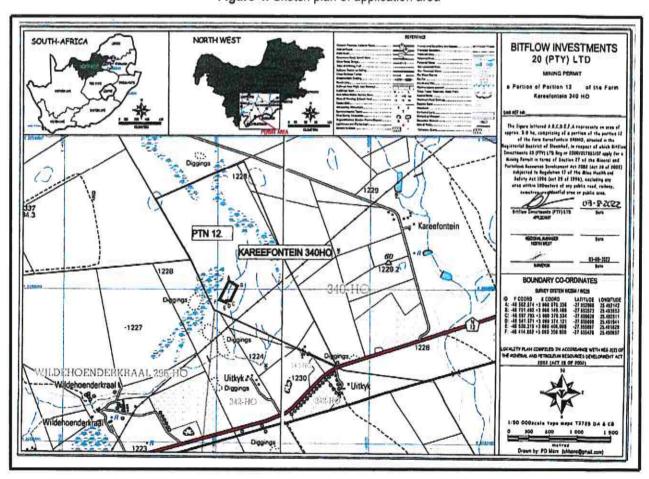
### b) LOCATION OF THE OVERALL ACTIVITY

Table 1: Property Description

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(b)

(i) 21 digit Surveyor General Code for each farm portion	T0HO0000000034000012
(ii) Farm Name:	KAREEFONTEIN 340 HO  ➤ over a certain portion of Portion 12
(iii) Coordinates - Co-ordinates List WG 27°	BOUNDARY CO-ORDINATES  SURVEY SYSTEM WGS84 / WG25  ID Y COORD X COORD LATITUDE LONGITUDE A: -48 562.574 +3 060 070.336 -27.652866 25.492142 B: -48 701.480 +3 060 149.180 -27.653573 25.493553 C: -48 597.793 +3 060 376.534 -27.655628 25.492511 D: -48 541.577 +3 060 374.121 -27.655608 25.492511 D: -48 541.577 +3 060 374.121 -27.655608 25.491841 E: -48 530.319 +3 060 406.098 -27.655697 25.491629 F: -48 414.882 +3 060 358.930 -27.655476 25.490657
Application area (Ha)	5 hectares
Magisterial district:	The area is situated 14.8 km west of Bloemhof within the district of Bloemhof which is a maize, peanut, cattle farming town situated on the N12 towards Bloemhof in the North West Province of South Africa. The town lies in an important alluvial diamond-mining area and it is the main town of the Lekwa-Teemane Local Municipality, which further falls under the Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality.
Distance and direction from nearest town	± 14.8 km west of Bloemhof.

Figure 4: Sketch plan of application area

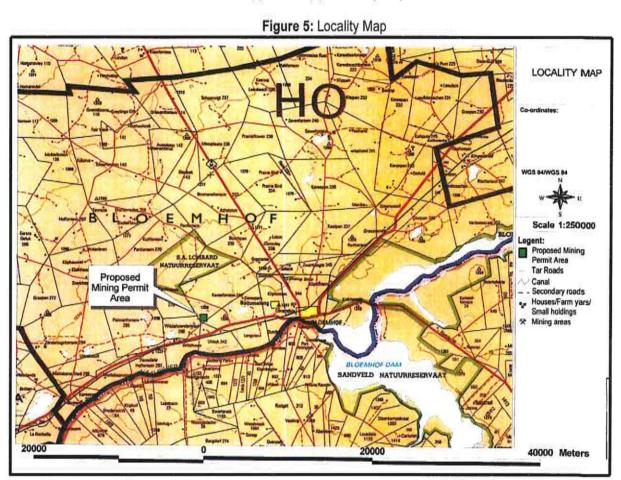


### c) LOCALITY MAP

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(c)

The area is situated within the district of Bloemhof is a maize-farming, cattle, peanuts town situated on the N12 from Bloemhof in the North West Province of South Africa. The town lies in an important alluvial diamond-mining area and it is the main town of the Lekwa Teemane Local Municipality which further falls under the Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality (Course: <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lekwa">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lekwa</a> Teemane). See **Figure 5** below, as well as **Appendix 1(a)** - Locality Map indication where the applied area is situated within the district of Bloemhof, North West Province.

### Appendix 1(a) - Locality Map



### d) DESCRIPTION OF THE SCOPE OF THE PROPOSED OVERALL ACTIVITY

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(d)

This will be a very small project with low impacts (only 5 ha). The application area is situated over an area that is over natural grassveld vegetation over an area that was disturbed by agriculture land uses (grazing by cattle). The proposed application area is situated  $\pm$  14.8 km west of Bloemhof town, as can be seen on the **Figure 6** – below for images of proposed site. There is no infrastructure over the application site. It is part of a bigger farm portion - of the rest of Portion 12 of the KAREEFONTEIN 340 HO. Access to the application area is gained via existing N12 and gravel road.



Figure 6: Access to the application area

The scope of the activities will be: that the above area will be mined through opencast excavations where the topsoil will be stripped separately and stockpiled. The gravel is then removed with a 30 ton excavator and placed next to the excavation. A Front-end Loader takes the gravel to the 14 feet washing pan which is fed at a rate of  $6m^3$  an hour,  $240m^3$  a day and  $4800m^3$  a month. All the rough are first placed back into the bottom of the excavation, hereafter the puddle out of the pan is pumped directly back into the open excavation. After the puddle dried off, the topsoil is put back on top again. The excavations will be 40m in length 10m wide and  $\pm 1.5$  meters deep on average. Only one excavation will be opened at a time.

The total estimated reserve of gravel is  $75'000m^3$  taken at a production rate of  $4'800m^3$  a month it will take 24 months to work the estimated reserve of  $\pm 75'000m^3$ . The production rate is taken at  $4'800m^3$ /month. The gravel which is relatively shallow (1.5metre) and the low production rate of the applicant make this 5 hectare to be worked sustainable over a period of two years.

Appendix 1(b 1 & b2) - Infrastructure Plan

### (i) Listed and specified activities

Table 2: Listed and specified activities

In term of NEMA – EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 – Reg. 21, Appendix 1 – 3. (1)(d)(i)

NAME OF ACTIVITY	Aerial extent of the Activity Ha or m <sup>2</sup>	LISTED ACTIVITY	APPLICABLE LISTING NOTICE (GNR 544, GNR 545 or GNR 546)	WASTE MANAGEMENT AUTHORISATION
Listing 1 – Activity 21:  Any activity including the operation of that activity which requires a mining permit in terms of section 27 of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources  Development Act, 2002 (Act No. 28 of 2002), including —  (a) associated infrastructure, structures and earthworks, directly related to the extraction of a mineral resource; or  (b) the primary processing of a mineral resource including winning, extraction, classifying, concentrating, crushing, screening or washing; but excluding the secondary processing of a mineral resource, including the smelting, beneficiation, reduction, refining, calcining or gasification of the mineral resource in which case activity 6 in Listing Notice 2 applies.	5 ha	X	GNR 327	
Listing 1 – Activity 27:  The clearance of an area of 1 hectares or more, but less than 20 hectares of indigenous vegetation, except where such clearance of indigenous vegetation is required for—  (i) the undertaking of a linear activity; or (ii) maintenance purposes undertaken in accordance with a maintenance management plan.	5 ha	X	GNR 327	

### (ii) Listed and specified activities

In term of NEMA -- EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 -- Reg. 21, Appendix 1 -- 3. (1)(d)(ii)

Table 3: Description of Activities to be followed

Activities	Description of phases	Associated structures and infrastructures
The Mineral	Bitflow Investments (Pty) Ltd. intends to mine for Diamonds (Alluvial) (DA) situated on the KAREEFONTEIN 340 HO (over a certain portion of Portion 12), Bloemhof district, and 5 hectares in total. See Figure 4 for location of application area. The alluvial diamond gravel will be mined over the whole of the application area.	
The extend	The gravel is on average 1.5 meter thick with a topsoil layer which varies between 300 and 500 millimeters. The area that was identified and demarcated is shown on the attached sketch plan. The gravel reserve on these 5 hectares is estimated at 75'000m <sup>3</sup> or ± 85'000 tons and the total material to be moved is 75'000m <sup>3</sup> .	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Mining method	The above area will be mined through opencast excavations where the topsoil will be stripped separately and stockpiled. The gravel is then removed with a 30 ton excavator and placed next to the excavation. A Front -end Loader takes the gravel to the 14 feet washing pan which is fed at a rate of 6m² an hour, 240m² a day and 4'800m² a month. All the rough are first placed back into the bottom of the excavation, hereafter the puddle out of the pan is pumped directly	There will be a plant area with ablution facilities and roads to the excavations.  Equipment to be used includes:  * 2 x Frond end loader or 1 x Excavator;  * 1 x Tipper truck  * 1 x 14 feet washing pan  * 1x Power plant Pipes and water pump.

### Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd. - KAREEFONTEIN 340 HO (over a certain portion of Portion 12) - NW30/5/1/3/2/ 11138 MP

	back into the open excavation. After the puddle dried off, the topsoil is put back on top again. The excavations will be 40m in length 10m wide and ±1 meters deep on average. Only one excavation will be opened at a time.	
	The total estimated reserve of gravel is 75'000m² taken at a production rate of 4'800m² a month it will take 24 months to work the estimated reserve of ±75'000m². The production rate is taken at 4'800m³/month. The gravel which is relatively shallow (1.5 meter) and the low production rate of the applicant make this 5 hectare to be worked sustainable over a period of two years.	
The grade	The grade of this gravel is estimated at 0.3 carat per 100 ton of gravel and \$650 a carat, which can give ±254 carats of diamonds. The small operation can last for 24 months and can be profitable.	TO THE ALL OF THE STATE OF THE

## Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd. - KAREEFONTEIN 340 HD (over a certain portion of Portion 12) - NW30/5/1/3/2/ 11138 MP

### e) POLICY AND LEGISLATIVE CONTEXT

In term of NEMA – EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 – Reg. 21, Appendix 1 – 3, (1)(e)(i)

Table 4: Policy & Legislative Context

i aple 4; Policy & Legislative Context		
APPLICABLE LEGISLATION AND GUIDELINES USED TO COMPILE THE REPORT	REFERENCE WHERE APPLIED	HOW DOES THIS DEVELOPMENT COMPLY WITH AND RESPOND TO THE POLICY AND LEGISLATIVE CONTEXT
National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act 107 of 1998) (NEMA) Submitted for Environmental Authorizations in terms of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998 and Athe National Environmental Management Waste Act, 2008 in respect of Listed Activities that has been triggered by applications in terms of the Minerals and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (As mentioned).	Activity 21, Listing 1, Activity 27, Listing 1.	Mining Right application submitted and EA application with DMR
National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act 107 of 1998); Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014 (G38282 – R982-985)  EA Authorization and EIA/EMP. Submit documents that will describe the impacts and sustainable mitigation thereof.  Compliance to Act and Regulations during course of activities. Show impacts and mitigation thereof.	Regulation 21 Section 23	Scoping Report in process following by EIA/EMP
National Water Act, 1998 (Act 36 of 1998) Application for Water abstraction for mining use	Section 21 (a)	Application for water use license with DWS, will follow.
South African National Heritage Resources Act (Act 25 of 1999) (SAHRA) Compliance to Act and Regulations during course of activities. Ensure that no graves or heritage site will be disturbed.	Section 38	SAHRA was notified process will be followed. Compilation of HIA over the application area in order to identify possible archaeological and paleontological sites or occurrences.
Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act No 43 of 1983 (CARA)  Compliance to Act and Regulations during course of activities. Stabilization of soil after rehab to be sustainable with no erosion. Eradication of declared weeds	Section 29	Regulation will be applicable during construction and operational phases of mining.
22. affected.	Section 15 (1)	No person may cut, disturb, damage or destroy any protected tree; or possess, collect, remove, transport, export, purchase, sell, donate or in any other manner acquire or dispose of any protected free, or any forest product derived from a protected tree, except under a licence granted by the Minister, or in terms of an exemption published by the Minister.
National Veld and Forest Fire Act, Act 101 of 1998 (NVFFA)	Section 12	Buty on owners to prepare and maintain firebreaks as it may be required in consultation with adjoining owners and fire protection association.
Provincial Northern Cape Nature Conservation Act, Act 9 of 2009 (NCNCA) Application of Permit or License if protected species may be affected.	Section 3 Section 49	Restricted activities involving specially protected animals. No person may, without a permit - hunt; import, export, transport; keep; possess; breed; or trade in, a specimen of a specially protected animal.  Restricted activities involving specially protected plants: (1) No person may, without a permit - pick; import, export; transport; possess; cultivate; or trade in, a specially protected plant.
National Environmental Management Laws Amendment Act (Act 2 of 2022)		
NEMA Financial Provision Regulation		The purpose of GNR 1147 is to regulate the determination of financial provision as contemplated in NEMA for the specific costs related to undertaking the management, rehabilitation and remediation of environmental impacts. This is applicable from the commencement of exploration activities, through the lifespan of mining and mining operations.

# Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd. - KAREEFONTEIN 340 HO (over a certain portion of Portion 12) - NW30|5/1/3/2/ 11138 MP

		or Protected Species	
National Environmental Management : Air Quality Act (Act 39 of 2004)	National Dust Control Regulations (GN. 827 of † November 2013)	National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act (Act 10 of 2004): Threatened or Protected Special	Regulations

### f) NEED AND DESIRABILITY OF THE PROPOSED ACTIVITIES

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(f)

The farm portions over which the application was applied for is currently used as agriculture (grazing for cattle). There seem to be no infrastructure on this 5 ha site except for a farm road also utilized by the land owner. There is historically disturbance/mining areas on the surrounding areas, on the neighbouring farms.

As mentioned there is no infrastructure on this area, beside for the farm road. Access to the farm is gained by the N12 and existing gravel road from Bloemhof to Christiana. See **Figure 7** for extraction of Google Earth Images for more detail. It is envisages that the whole site (5 ha) will in time (2 years) be disturbed but that as mining progress it will be simultaneously be rehabilitated.

The area will be mined and rehabilitated. The mining focus site (5 ha) will be clearly demarcated. The area applied for is over the demarcated portion only. After mining the land will be used for grazing for cattle (agricultural) again.

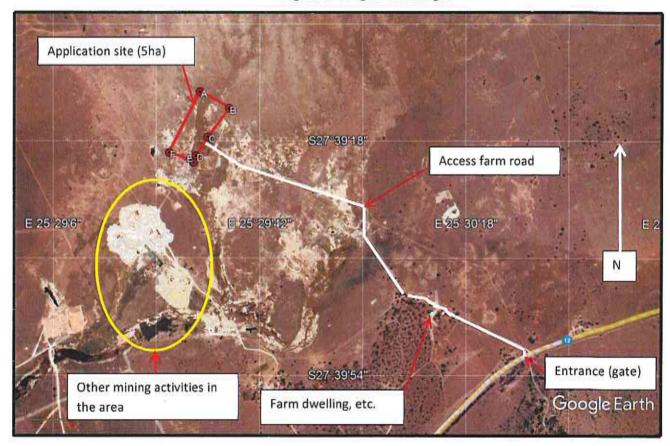


Figure 7: Google Earth Images

### g) MOTIVATION FOR THE OVERALL PREFERRED SITE, ACTIVITIES AND TECHNOLOGY ALTERNATIVE

The applicant envisaged that Diamonds (Alluvial) DA to be present on this property as the adjacent property was also mined successful, therefore the application for a mining permit. The mining of gravel is very site specific and Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd. have years of experience in identifying the right gravel required.

### h) FULL DESCRIPTION OF THE PROCESS FOLLOWED TO REACH THE PROPOSED PREFERRED ALTERNATIVES WITHIN THE SITE

### (i) Details of the development footprint alternatives considered

in term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(h)(l)

Alternative is not applicable. The current land is withdrawn from agricultural use and earmarked for mining. The option to explore the possibility for mining is already in itself an alternative land use. The applicant, **Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd**, is not interested in any other alternative land use over this land aside for the mining of diamond bearing gravel (*Alluvial Diamonds (DA)*, or any other activity, or method use other than mining in the conventional way, which is the most cost effective.

(a) the property on which or location where it is proposed to undertake the activity. There are no alternative for the property as the application is for this 5 hectare area only. The Mining Permit application is for this specific area as indicated on the sketch plan (Appendix 1(b 1 & b2) – Infrastructure Plan) with no alternatives. And the whole of the application area will systematically be mined eventually. There are no alternative sites as the whole of the application area was identified as being favourable to bear Alluvial Diamonds (DA).

### (b) the type of activity to be undertaken

The type of activity is for mining and processing of alluvial diamond bearing gravel in line with the submitted Mining Plan. The type of activity does not have an alternative. <u>Alluvial Diamonds (DA)</u> mining normally uses the opencast mining method in order to access the mineral.

The application area will be mined through opencast excavations where the topsoil will be stripped separately and stockpiled. The gravel is then removed with a 30 ton excavator and placed next to the excavation. A Front-end Loader takes the gravel to the 14 feet washing pan which is fed at a rate of 6m³ an hour, 240m³ a day and 4'800 m³ a month. All the rough are first placed back into the bottom of the excavation, hereafter the puddle out of the pan is pumped directly back into the open excavation. After the puddle dried off, the topsoil is put back on top again. The excavations will be 40m in length 10m wide and ±1.5 meters deep on average. Only one excavation will be opened at a time. The gravel which is relatively shallow (1.5 meter) and the low production rate of the applicant make this 5 hectare to be worked sustainable over a period of two years.

There are no alternatives to the processing of the mineral as this is the conventional manner in which it is done. No other technology exists for this diamond mining operation. As this is only mining trenching operation it will be the basic opencast method with associated machinery.

### (c) the design or layout of the activity

The layout of the activity will and can only be on the application area as per sketch plan (**Appendix 1(b 1 & b2)** – Infrastructure Plan) as submitted with the application. And the whole of the application area (5 ha) will systematically be mined eventually. There are no preferred sites as the whole of the application area was identified as being favourable to be mined. This mining operation will also not be a static operation as the whole of the application area will be mined in order to determine where the possible <u>Alluvial Diamonds (DA)</u> runs. They will perhaps have a temporary office building and the gravel to be processed next to the open excavations. There will also be temporary chemical toilets on the site for ablution facilities. There will not be services to machinery done on site and in case of emergency it will be done over a PVC lining. This operation will be a basic small scale mining layout, with minimal temporary infrastructure and just the necessary equipment.

### (d) the technology to be used in the activity

The technology used in the activity will be as described in the **Mining Plan** and the best options will be determined by the applicant, which will be trenching. The technology used with regards to the processing of the <u>Alluvial Diamonds (DA)</u> is putting it through a washing plant. The washing plant will

be set up next to the current open excavation and will only be moved once the excavation is closed up. The technology used in the activity will be as described in the Mining Plan and the best options will be determined by the applicant. They will basically be using excavators to open the trenches (0.2 ha at any given time) and a front-end loader to move the material to be processed through the washing pan.

### (e) the operational aspects of the activity, and

The operational aspect is only the mining for <u>Alluvial Diamonds (DA)</u> on this specific area, making use of **trenching (40m length x 10 m wide x 1,5m depth)**. Operations will be done through systematically trenches that will be made with a back-actor of the whole application area. Where trenches were completed the excavation will be backfilling (rough material, puddle and overburden material) before the next excavation will be opened and the topsoil will be removed and spread over the closed up excavation, thus creating a rollover effect. The importance will be to mine the whole of the area not leaving any patches, but rather mine the reserve systematically so that proper concurrent rehabilitation can take place.

### (f) the option of not implementing the activity

This option might only be possible if the applicant decide to abandon the project. If this application is not implemented the current landowners will just continue with **existing agricultural activities which** is **grazing**. Thus not exploiting the mineral reserve and somebody else can apply.

### (ii) Details of the Public Participation Process Followed

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(h)(ii)

The process as described by NEMA for Environmental Authorization was followed. See **Table 5 & 6** below for the identification of Interested and Affected Parties to be consulted with. **The landowner (Barry Wentzel Trust)** and the direct neighbours were consulted personally and through a letter that was given to them by hand. A **site notice** was placed at the entrance gate of the Kareefontein farm. With this site notice all passers-by are requested to submit any written comments to be forwarded to the consultant (still awaiting response). An **advertisement** was placed in the **Stellalander Newspaper of 9**th **November 2022.** See proof of consultation under **Appendix 2**.

### Appendix 2 - Proof of consultation.

Table 5: Description of process to be undertaken to consult interested and affected parties

IDENTIFICATION CRITERIA	Mark an whi appli ves	X ere	ACTIONS
Will the landowner be specifically consulted?	Χ		Yes, see consultation letter
Will the lawful occupier on the property other than the Landowner be consulted?	X		Yes, see letter form land owner
Will a tribal authority or host community that may be affected be consulted?		Χ	N/A
Will recipients of land claims in respect of the area be consulted?	Х		E-mail was sent to Mr. T. Mbonani, no reply was received.
Will the landowners or lawful occupiers of neighbouring properties been identified?	×		The landowner and neighbours were all consulted in person.
Will the local municipality be consulted?	Х		Lekwa Teemane Local Municipality was consulted in writhing.
Will the Authority responsible for power lines within 100 meters of the area be consulted?		Х	There are no power lines within 100m from application area.
Will the Authorities responsible for public roads or railway lines within 100 meters of the area applied for be consulted?		Х	There are по public roads within 100 m that will be affected.
Will the Authorities responsible for any other infrastructure within 100 meters the area applied for be consulted? (Specify)		X	There are no surface infrastructure that will be affected; the application

### Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd. - KAREEFONTEIN 340 HO (over a certain portion of Portion 12) - NW30/5/1/3/2/ 11138 MP

WWW.W.aktarii a b k-a k-a k-a		area is within grazing land for cattle.
Will the Provincial Department responsible for the environment be consulted?	Χ	Draft BAR was sent to DEDECT
Will all of the parties identified above be provided with a description of the proposed		All consultation letters included the
mining/mining operation as referred above?	X	full property description and summary
		 of intended activities.
Will all the parties identified above be requested in writing to provide information as to		All consulted letter invited all I&AP's
how their interests (whether it be socio-economic, cultural, heritage or environmental) will	Χ	to send through any comment or
be affected by the proposed mining project?		objections.
Other, Specify		 77

Table 6: Furthermore the details of the engagement process to be followed are as reflected below

Steps to be taken to notify interested and affected	PROVIDE DESCRIPTION HERE
parties	The landowner and the neighbours were informed personally consulted by
	the applicant and confirmed in the writing. A consultation letter was sent to
	Lekwa Teemane Local Municipality.
TO THE TOTAL PROPERTY OF THE P	An advertisement was placed in the Stellalander Newspaper for comment
nformation to be provided to interested and Affected	Compulsory
Parties.	The site plan.
	List of activities to be authorized
	Scale and extent of activities to be authorized
	Typical impacts of activities to be authorized (e.g. surface disturbance
	dust, noise, drainage, fly rock etc.)
	The duration of the activity.
	Sufficient detail of the intended operation to enable them to assess wha
	mpact the activities will have on them or on the use of their land)
	Other, specify: mining plan
nformation to be required from Interested and	Compulsory
Affected Parties.	To provide information on how they consider that the proposed activities will impact on them or their socio-economic conditions
	To provide written responses stating their suggestions to mitigate the anticipated impacts of each activity
	To provide information on current land uses and their location within the larea under consideration
	To provide information on the location of environmental features on site to
	make proposals as to how and to what standard the impacts on site can
	be remedied, requested to make written proposals
	To mitigate the potential impacts on their socio economic conditions to
	make proposals as to how the potential impacts on their infrastructure can
	No. 1 and 1
	be managed, avoided or remedied).

## Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd. - KAREEFONTEIN 340 HD (over a certain portion of Portion 12) - NW3D(5) 1/3/2/ 1/138 MP

### (iii) Summary of issues raised by I&AP's

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(h)(iii)

See Appendix 2 for full detail on public participation.

Table 7: Summary of Identified I&AP's

and the second s	100	~	The first of the f
merested and Attected raffies	and/or Comments	issues raised	EAF 5 response to the applicant
AFFECTED PARTIES			
Landowner/s	×	Sud PS	
Barry Wentzel Trust (Landowner)	3 Nov 2022		
Bloemhof, 2660	7 Nov 2	322 No objection, see attached signed consultation	
Lawful occupier/s of the land		333	
Landowners or lawful occupiers on adjacent	×	or market	
Mr. P.J. Roos (Neighbour)	3 Nov 2022	322 Consultation letter send	
P.O. Box 77, Bloemhof, 2660 Celt. 072 626 6808	4 Nov 2822	322 No objection, see signed consultation letter	
Mr. C.L. Roos	3 Nov 2022	322 Consultation letter send	
The farm Uitkyk	4 Nov 2022	<del></del>	
Bloemhof, 2660 Cell: 072 084 8418		attached.	
Municipal councilor		- No.	
		and delivers for	
Municipality	×		
скwа Teemane Local Municipality	3 Nov 2022	322 Consultation letter send to Mr. Mbonani	
Municipal Manager: Mr. T. Mbonani Tel: 053 441 2206: E-mail: contact@lekwa-teemane.co.za		to Vision v	
Organs of state (Responsible for infrastructure	75 pp. 27 pm.		
that may be affected Roads Department, Eskom, Telkom, DWA.	er turnari si asar ars		
Eskom			
Communities	e e weene		
NA			
Dept. Land Affairs	×		
Keabetswelvothupi	3 Nov 2022	322 Request for verification of land claims send to	
Keabelswe.mothupi@drdfr.gov.za		Ms. Mothupi	
	7 Nov 2022	)22	Acknowledge letter received

Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd. - KAREEFONTEIN 340 HO (over a certain portion of Portion 12) - NW30|5/1/3/2/ 11138 MP

Traditional Leaders				
V 13				
Dept. Rural, Environment and Agricultural	×			
OumaSkosana		9 Nov 2022	BAR/EMPr sent with Fastway couriers for	
Agricentre Building, Cnr James Moroka& Stadium Road,			conniments	
Minabatho, 2735				
E-mail: oskosana@nvpg.gov.za				
Dept. Water and Sanitation	×			
Lerato Makhoantle		9 Nov 2022	BAR/EMPr sent with Courier Guy couriers for	
28 Central Road, Beaconsfield, Kimberley, 8300			Comments	
Tel: 053 830 8800, E-mail: Mokhoantlet.@dws.gov.za	·			
Dept. Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries	×			
Maurice Vuyega		9 Nov 2022	BAR/EMP: sent with Fastway couners for	
Louis le Grange Building, Chr Peter Mokaba & Wolmarans			comments	ette terre
street, 3rd Floor, Office no 318, Potchefstroom, 2520				
Tel: 018-389 5156, E-mail: MauriceV@daff.gov.za				
Other Competent Authorities	***************************************			
OTHER AFFECTED PARTIES				
	e Seam Sauce			
INTERESTED PARTIES				

Public Notice - Stellalander 9 November 2022

# Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd. - KAREEFONTEIN 340 HO (over a certain portion of Portion 12) - NW30/5/1/3/2/ 11138 MP

### PLACEMENT OF ADVERT AT GATE:



### (iv)The Environmental attributes associated with the alternatives

In term of NEMA ~ EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(h)(iv)

### 1. Baseline Environment

Introduction: The purpose of this section is to provide information on the environment in which the proposed mining activities will take place, with a view to identifying sensitive issues/areas, which need to be considered when conducting the impact assessment. The application is over: **KAREEFONTEIN 340 HO** (over a certain portion of Portion 12). This area consists of natural vegetation (grazing for cattle).

<u>Magisterial District</u>: The area is situated 14.8 km west of Bloemhof within the district of Bloemhof which is a maize, peanut, cattle farming town situated on the N12 between Bloemhof and Christiana in the North West Province of South Africa. The town lies in an important alluvial diamond-mining area and it is the main town of the Lekwa Teemane Local Municipality, which further falls under the Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality. See **Figure 5**, as well as **Appendix 1(a)** - Locality Map indication where the applied area is situated within the district of Bloemhof, North West Province.

<u>Direction from neighbouring town:</u> The nearest town is Bloemhof, which is situated 14.8 km east of the application area.

Longitude (approximate centre of mining site): 25°29'31.59"E Latitude (approximate centre of mining site): 27°39'16.07"S

Existing Surface Infrastructure: The application area is situated over a rural part of the Bloemhof district. The mining permit application area is characterized by natural vegetation (grazing for cattle).

The infrastructure over the farm KAREEFONTEIN 340 HO (over a certain portion of Portion 12), there is an entrance (gate) farm road from the N12 road.

All of the above infrastructure can be seen on the Infrastructure Plan - Appendix 1(b1)1 (b2). The surrounding farms are mostly utilized as cultivated field for cash crops and natural grazing for cattle and mining/mining can be seen. Access to the mining permit application area will be from the N12 running between Bloemhof and Christiana. Also see Appendix 1(b1) & 1(b2) for Infrastructure Plan and Google satellite image of the application area.

(a) Type of environment affected by the proposed activity.

<u>Vegetation [Flora] and Landscape Features:</u> This application area falls over veld type: [SVk 4] <u>Kimberley Thornveld.</u> VT 16 Kalahari Thornveld and Shrub Bushveld (50%) (Acocks 1953). LR 32 Kimberley Thorn Bushveld (74%) (Low & Rebelo 1996).

<u>Distribution:</u> North-West, Free State and Northern Cape Provinces: Most of the Kimberley, Hartswater, Bloemhof and Hoopstad Districts as well as substantial parts of the Warrenton, Christiana, Taung, Boshof and to some extent the Barkly West Districts. Also includes pediment areas in the Herbert and Jacobsdal Districts. Altitude 1 050–1 400 m.

Plains often slightly irregular with well-developed tree layer with Acacia erioloba, A. tortilis, A. karroo and Boscia albitrunca and well-developed shrub layer with occasional dense stands of Tarchonanthus camphoratus and A. mellifera. Grass layer open with much uncovered soil.

VEGMAP (2006) further classify this area as part of the [SVk 4] Kimberley Thornveld over most of the mining permit application area of 5 hectares. See Figure 8 below. Below is a summary of the plant species that may occur over the surrounding undisturbed areas, which in turn can be a source for regrowth of natural species once mining, have totally ceased over this area.

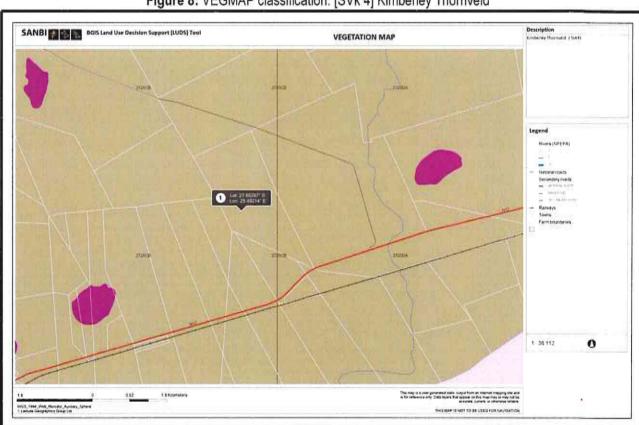


Figure 8: VEGMAP classification: [SVk 4] Kimberley Thornveld

Important Taxa: Tall Tree: Acacia erioloba (d). Small Trees: Acacia karroo (d), A. mellifera subsp. detinens (d), A. tortilis subsp. heteracantha (d), Rhus lancea. Tall Shrubs: Tarchonanthus camphoratus (d), Diospyros pallens, Ehretia rigida subsp. rigida, Euclea crispa subsp. ovata, Grewia flava, Lycium arenicola, L. hirsutum, Rhus tridactyla. Low Shrubs: Acacia hebeclada subsp. hebeclada (d), Anthospermum rigidum subsp. pumilum, Helichrysum zeyheri, Hermannia comosa, Lycium pilifolium, Melolobium microphyllum, Pavonia burchellii, Peliostomum leucorrhizum, Plinthus sericeus, Wahlenbergia nodosa. Succulent Shrubs: Aloe hereroensis var.

hereroensis, Lycium cinereum. Graminoids: Eragrostis Iehmanniana (d), Aristida canescens, A. congesta, A. mollissima subsp. argentea, Cymbopogon pospischilii, Digitaria argyrograpta, D. eriantha subsp. eriantha, Enneapogon cenchroides, E. scoparius, Eragrostis rigidior, Heteropogon contortus, Themeda triandra. Herbs: Barleria macrostegia, Dicoma schinzii, Harpagophytum procumbens subsp. procumbens, Helichrysum cerastioides, Hermbstaedtia odorata, Hibiscus marlothianus, Jamesbrittenia aurantiaca, Lippia scaberrima, Osteospermum muricatum, Vahlia capensis subsp. vulgaris. Succulent Herbs: Aloe grandidentata, Piaranthus decipiens.

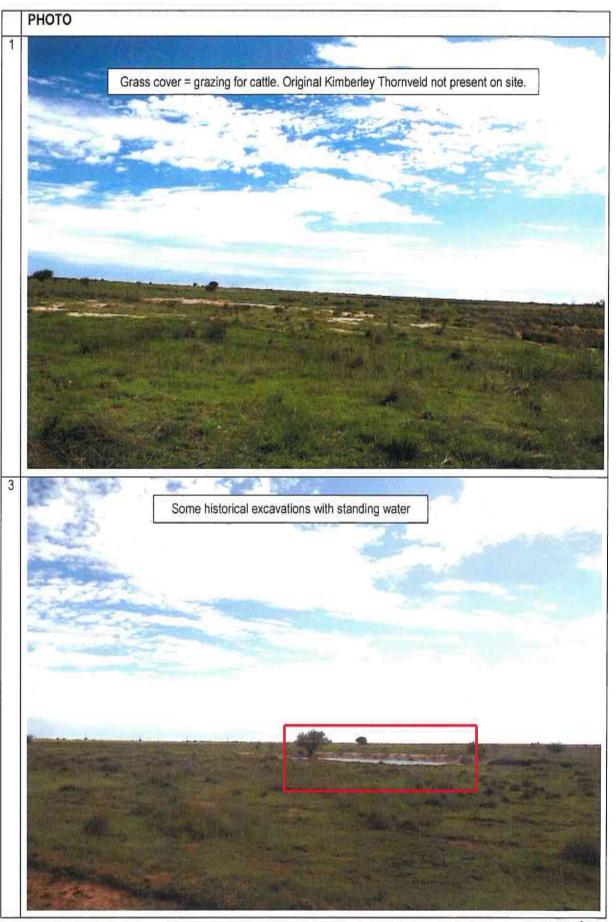
**Biogeographically Important Taxa:** (<sup>GW</sup>Griqualand West endemic, <sup>K</sup>Kalahari endemic) Low Shrub: Blepharis marginata<sup>GW</sup>. Succulent Shrub: Euphorbia bergii<sup>GW</sup>. Graminoid: Panicum kalaharense<sup>K</sup>. Herbs: Helichrysum arenicola<sup>K</sup>, Neuradopsis bechuanensis<sup>K</sup>. Succulent Herbs: Lithops aucampiae subsp. aucampiae<sup>GW</sup>, Tridentea marientalensis subsp. marientalensis<sup>K</sup>.

Conservation: Least threatened. Target 16%. Only 2% statutorily conserved in Vaalbos National Park as well as in Sandveld, Bloemhof Dam and S.A. Lombard Nature Reserves. Some 18% already transformed, mostly by cultivation. Erosion is very low. Area is mostly used for cattle farming or game ranching. Overgrazing leads to encroachment of *Acacia mellifera* subsp. *detinens*. References Bezuidenhout (1994, 1995), Smit (2000).

Some indication of the **original vegetation type** could be found on the **5 ha**. Though the years the site have been disturbed by agricultural activities (grazing for cattle) and historic mining activities. **This is a** "brownfields site".

See photo table (next pages):





Page 28 of 79



### Screening of environmental sensitivity of the proposed site (See Appendix 3 for full report ):

Furthermore according to the DEDACT's (Department of Economic Development, Environment, Conservation and Tourism's) screening tool the footprint of this application area, although only **small scale mining** (5 ha disturbed over 2 years), are classified (by background reference to the whole mining permit application area as per summary table below.

According to the screening of <u>environmental sensitivity</u> of the proposed mining permit (5ha) it is indicated that *Terrestrial Biodiversity Theme* was classified as being VERY HIGH. Also the whole of the area is being regarded as to have a LOW environmental sensitivity with regard to plant species and LOW with regard to animals. The majority of the areas have been disturbed by agricultural activities. The site itself does not represent anymore the SVk4 Kimberley Thornveld. All trees, shrubs have been removed on the site is being utilized as grazing for cattle (agricultural use). The mining permit site should be regarded as a "brownfields site" as the site has been disturbed by agriculture activities. During the site investigation no animals were found on site. The <u>Animal Species Theme</u> is regarded as of LOW sensitivity. The <u>site has been disturbed by agricultural activities</u> in the <u>past and currently</u> and it is likely that animals would not stay in such a habitat but rather move to other undisturbed areas.

<u>Palaeontology Theme</u> was further classified as being HIGH sensitivity. It is however not foreseen that there will be any such sites of the application area that the landowner (applicant) may not be aware of any findings and they would have come across item if there were any. The mining activity will be only alluvial gravel and not hard rock formations. The mining project manager will have to keep a look out for possible sightings and report it as soon as possible.

According to the screening of <u>environmental sensitivity</u> of the proposed site it is indicated that <u>Agricultural Theme</u> was classified as being MEDIUM sensitivity. The mining sites will disturb only 5 ha in total over 2 years and should be regarded as a "brownfields site" as the site has been disturbed by agriculture activities (Grazing for cattle). No cultivation is taking place .Only grazing by cattle. Rehabilitation of the 5 ha site will return the site to some grazing capability for cattle. The majority of the farm still continues with agricultural activity (grazing for cattle)( IV; marginal potential arable land) and is in no way hindered by the proposed activity and the environmental sensitivity for the 5 ha should be low.

According to the screening of environmental sensitivity of the proposed site it is indicated that <u>Plant species Theme</u> was classified as being MEDIUM sensitivity. Giving the fact that the majority of the mining permit application area is regarded as of MEDIUM environmental sensitivity and the fact that the remaining area have been impacted by agricultural activities the site is actually "Brownfields site".

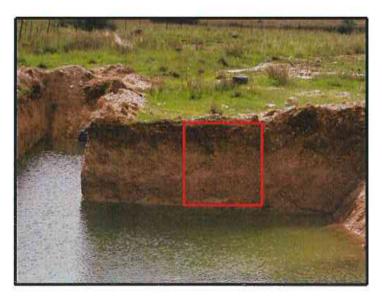
<u>See Summary:</u> See results of full screening report Appendix 3 for KAREEFONTEIN 340 HO (over a certain portion of Portion 12) within the mining permit application area of 5 ha in total as shown in Table 4 below.

Table 8: DEDACT - Screening Report

Theme	Very High sensitivity	High sensitivity	Medium sensitivity	Low sensitivity
Agriculture Theme			X	
Animal Species Theme			,	Х
Aquatic Biodiversity Theme	Х			
Archaeological and Cultural Heritage Theme	1			X
Civil Aviation Theme	1		Х	
Defence Theme				Х
Palaeontology Theme		Х		
Plant Species Theme			X	
Terrestrial Biodiversity Theme	X		and the same and t	

<u>Climate:</u> Warm-temperate, summer-rainfall region, with overall MAP of 520 mm. Summer temperatures are high. Severe frequent frost occurs in winter.

<u>Geology & Soil</u>: Andesitic lavas of the Allanridge Formation of the Ventersdorp Supergroup, sometimes covered with silcrete or calcrete of the Kalahari Group. Shallow Brandvlei Form (Ortic A/Soft calcrete horizon) soils.



Animal Life [Fauna]: Not many species were directly observed but the presence of nesting sites in the area is an indication that this area is an acceptable habitat for shelter and food for avian species. The natural animal life occurring over the application area includes but is not restricted to, small animals common in this area. List of mammals which are likely to occur over the project area were derived based on distribution record from the Animal Demography Unit (ADU) web portal: http://vmus.adu.org.za. Animals that are likely to occur here are: Cynictis penicillata (Yellow Mongoose), Sylvicapra grimmia (Bush Duiker), Hystrix africaeaustralis (Cape Porcupine), Canis mesomelas (Black-backed Jackal), Herpestes sanguineus (Slender Mongoose), Raphicerus campestris (Steenbok), Otocyon megalotis (Bat-eared Fox), Phacochoerus africanus (Common Warthog (Suidae). The study area is being known for the agriculture with regard to the production of Cattle.

Surface Water: Harts River: This application area fall within the water management area of the Lower Vaal (10) and secondary catchment area C91 and tertiary drainage region C91A (Surface area 360 km²). It is not expected that this 5 ha mining sites area will have any effect on the surface run-off in the drainage catchment area (C91A). There is a wetland area is within the 5ha site that will definitely be impacted on by proposed mining activities. See description under SENTITIVE LANDSCAPES for further information. No mining could take place within 100m from such sensitive landscape.

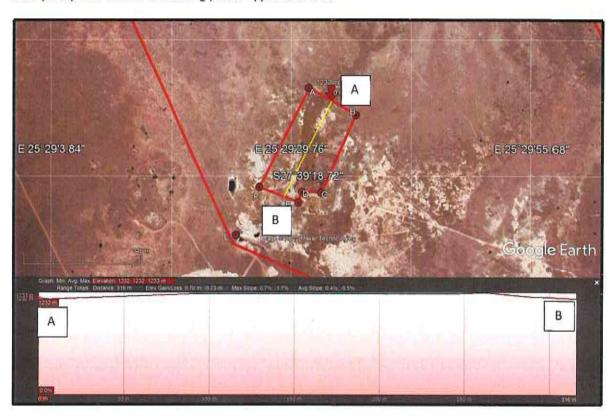
According to NEMA's Screening Tool the <u>Aquatic biodiversity sensitivity</u> was classified as being VERY HIGH sensitive.

<u>Ground Water:</u> The applicant intends TO USE WATER from BOREHOLES located on the farm. Water uses will be 2'000 liters a day for the primary processing in the bulk sampling phase.

<u>Air Quality:</u> The impact on air quality will occur from test pits, trenches and movement on the roads. This impact will be low and will be monitored and mitigated trough wetting of the roads. This area fall in very rural area and the impact form windblown dust particles, can have just as big an impact. Area where testing are completed must be backfilled and re-vegetated so soon as possible to establish a vegetation layer in order to retain the loose soil fractions.

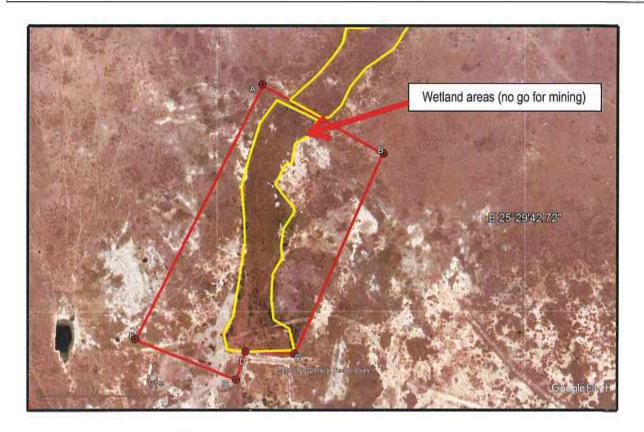
**Noise:** The impact of noise will be generated by the mining equipment. This operation will only be in day time working hours and will have a low impact on current surroundings. And because of the extent of this application area 5 ha, the sound will get lost and no residence on neighboring farms will be adversely affected. The landowner's farmstead is located within 1.3 km southeast from the application area and roads to the application area and will they be the most affected by any noise of the mining activities. The impact may be greater with regards to wild animals, but they tend to move away toward areas less influenced by noise disturbance.

<u>Topography:</u> The site has one terrain type, which is characterized as "Plains with pans" (Terrain Morphological Map of S.A. 1983), covered with grassland. The average slope is 0.4 % that can be described as flat (see slope profile). The average elevation is between 1232-1233 m meters above sea level (masl) over most of the mining permit application area.

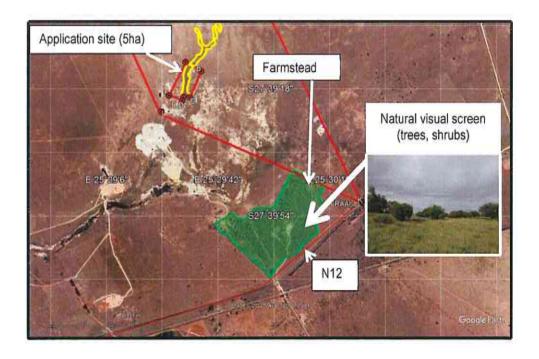


Sites of Archaeological and Cultural Interest: None. Nothing found on site.

<u>Sensitive Landscapes:</u> A wetland area is within the 5ha site. See figure below indicating the location of the site. <u>No mining could take place within 100m from such sensitive landscape.</u>



<u>Visual Aspects:</u> These mining activities will be not visible to the landowner. The landowner's farmstead is located within 1.3 km southeast from the application area. The site will not be visible from the farmstead or the N12, as the site is located 1.76 km from the site and the visibility of the site is obscured by trees and shrubs that acts as a **natural visual screen**.



<u>Social</u>: The proposed activity will employ 9 people (manager included). Various social amenities are available close to the operation. These include schools, hospitals, clinics, churches, recreation facilities as well as a Police Station at Bloemhof, which is located  $\pm$  14.8 km away from the proposed operation.

- (a) Description of the current land uses.
  - The current land use (agricultural) is natural vegetation for grazing by cattle and cultivated maize fields. There are also areas that were previously mined.
- (b) Description of specific environmental features and infrastructure on the site.

The application area is situated over a rural part of the Bloemhof district. The mining permit application area is characterized by natural vegetation (grazing for cattle).

All of the above infrastructure can be seen on the Infrastructure Plan - Appendix 1(b1 & b2). The surrounding farms are mostly utilized as cultivated field for cash crops and natural grazing and mining/mining. The evidence of years of alluvial diamond mining can clearly be seen over these neighbouring areas. Access to farm will be from the N12 running between Bloemhof and Christiana via a farm road. See Appendix 1(b1 & b2) for Infrastructure Plan of the application area.

(c)Environmental and current land use map.

Current land use on the application area is grazing over natural veld. This is privately owned land (Barry Wentzel Trust). See **Appendix 1 C** for more detail.

### (v) Impacts and risks identified including the nature, significance, consequence, extent, duration and probability of the impacts, including the degree to which these impacts

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3, (1)(h)(v)

The proposed project is anticipated to impact on a range of biophysical and socio-economic aspects of the environment. The main purpose of the BAR/EMPr report is to identify and evaluate the significance of these potential impacts and determine how they can be minimized or mitigated.

It should be noted that a comprehensive Environmental Management Program (EMPr) will be developed and implemented to regulate and minimize the direct, indirect and cumulative impacts during the construction and operational phases. The potential environmental impacts identified, which will be investigated further in the Impact Assessment Phase of the project are summarized in **Table 9** on next page.

Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd. - KAREEFONTEIN 340 HO lover a certain portion of Portion 12) - NW30(5)1/3/2/ 11138 MP

<b>pact s</b>	Capability   Cap	A Page A		duse Surface and a transfer atter and a transfer atter and a transfer atter at	dentification matrical dentification dentifica	duse Surface Ground Air quality and a R M H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	Gentification matrix for Kareefont	Gentification matrix for Kareefontein 349H   E	- DATO	Gentification matrix for Kareefontein 349HO	- DOI 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	1	1	
Table 9: In A B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	Part	Part	Part	Pact	Pact	Pact   Pact	Pact   Pact	Part   Part	Topograp   Soil capability potential water   C   C   C   C   C   C   C   C   C	Topograp   Soil capability potential water   C   C   C   C   C   C   C   C   C	Part   Part	Part	Part	Part   Colon   Part
<u> </u>	B C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	## H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	B	## M H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	B	P	B	Significance identification matrix for Kareefontein 340HO           D         E         F         E         F         G         H         I           Land         Land Land use Land         Surface Water         Ground Water         Asi quality Water         Noise         Vegetatio Noise         Wildlife           M         L         R         M         H         H         H           H         H         H         H         H         H         H           H         H         H         H         H         H         H           H         H         H         H         H         H         H           H         H         H         H         H         H         L           H         H         H         H         H         L         L           H         H         H         H         H         L         L           H         H         H         H         H         H         H           H         H         H         H         H         H         H           H         H         H         H         H         H	Significance identification matrix for Kareefontein 340HO           D         E         F         E         F         G         H         I           Land         Land Land use Land         Surface Water         Ground Water         Asi quality Water         Noise         Vegetatio Noise         Wildlife           M         L         R         M         H         H         H           H         H         H         H         H         H         H           H         H         H         H         H         H         H           H         H         H         H         H         H         H           H         H         H         H         H         H         L           H         H         H         H         H         L         L           H         H         H         H         H         L         L           H         H         H         H         H         H         H           H         H         H         H         H         H         H           H         H         H         H         H         H	Significance identification matrix for Kareefontein 340HC           D         E         F         E         F         G         H         I         J           Land use capability potential water         Surface capability potential water         Surface water         Ground water water         Average water water water         Average water water water         Average water water water water water         Average water wat	Significance identification matrix for Kareefontein 34dHC	Significance identification matrix for Kareefontein 34dHC	Carbon Companies   Carbon Comp
	<b>pact s</b>	C   D   Capability   C   D   D   Capability   C   Capabil	C   D   E	C   D   E   F	C   D   E   F   E	C   D   E   F   E   E	C   D   E   F   E   F   G   G   E   F   G   G   E   F   E   F   G   G   E   F   G   G   E   F   G   G   E   F   G   G   E   E   F   G   G   E   E   F   G   G   E   E   F   G   G   E   E   E   E   E   E   E   E	Pact Significance identification matrix for Kareefontein 340f	Significance identification matrix for Kareefontein 340HO           D         E         F         E         F         G         H         I           Land         Land Land use Land         Surface Water         Ground Water         Asi quality Water         Noise         Vegetatio Noise         Wildlife           M         L         R         M         H         H         H           H         H         H         H         H         H         H           H         H         H         H         H         H         H           H         H         H         H         H         H         H           H         H         H         H         H         H         L           H         H         H         H         H         L         L           H         H         H         H         H         L         L           H         H         H         H         H         H         H           H         H         H         H         H         H         H           H         H         H         H         H         H	Significance identification matrix for Kareefontein 340HO           D         E         F         E         F         G         H         I           Land         Land Land use Land         Surface Water         Ground Water         Asi quality Water         Noise         Vegetatio Noise         Wildlife           M         L         R         M         H         H         H           H         H         H         H         H         H         H           H         H         H         H         H         H         H           H         H         H         H         H         H         H           H         H         H         H         H         H         L           H         H         H         H         H         L         L           H         H         H         H         H         L         L           H         H         H         H         H         H         H           H         H         H         H         H         H         H           H         H         H         H         H         H	Significance identification matrix for Kareefontein 340HC           D         E         F         E         F         G         H         I         J           Land use capability potential water         Surface capability potential water         Surface water         Ground water water         Average water water water         Average water water water         Average water water water water water         Average water wat	Significance identification matrix for Kareefontein 34dHC	Significance identification matrix for Kareefontein 34dHC	Cartification matrix for Kareefontein 340HO

### (vi)Methodology used in determining and ranking the nature, significance, consequences, extent, duration and probability of potential environmental impacts and risks

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(h)(vi)

### Introduction:

This **section** below describes and evaluates the effects of the different mining projects and the associated activities on the natural and social environments. The different environmental components, on which the project (can/may) have an impact, are:

1,	Geology	Ground Water	
2.	Topography	10. Air Quality	
3.	Soil	11. Noise	
4.	Land Capability	12. Archaeological and Cultural sites	
5.	Land Use	13. Sensitive Landscapes	
6.	Vegetation	14. Visual Aspects	
7.	Wildlife	15. Socio-economic Structure	
8.	Surface Water	16. Interested and Affected Parties	

### IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Before the impact assessment could be done the different project activities were identified:

### **ACTIVITIES:**

- 1. Access Roads (Existing farm roads to be upgraded)
- Temporary office, workshops, ablution facility, water tanks, diesel tanks and other temporary buildings (containers)
- 3. Mining equipment (conveyor, drum screen, washing pan, generator)
- Stockpiles
- Overburden dumps
- 6. Opencast trenches (as part of bulk sampling)
- 7. Tailings (porrel dam within open excavations)

### **Environmental Impact Assessment Summary:**

Environment likely to be affected by the mining operation. (See Appendix 1(a) for location)

Environmental aspect	Affe	Affected	
	Negliaible	Substantial	
1. GEOLOGY		ix	
2, TOPOGRAPHY	X		
3. SOIL		l X	THE COLUMN TWO IS NOT
4. LAND CAPABILITY		Х	
5. LAND USE	Х		
6 VEGETATION		X	
7. WILDLIFE	X		
8. SURFACE WATER			X
9. GROUND WATER	X		1 11111
10. AIR QUALITY	Х		11121111
11. NOISE	X		1111
12 SENSITIVE LANDSCAPES			X
13. VISUAL ASPECTS	X		
14. SOCIO ECONOMICS	I X		
14. SOCIO ECONOMICS 15. INTERESTED & AFFECTED PARTIES	. I		
16, ARCHAEOLÓGICAL			Χ

### Environment likely to be affected by the alternative land use

Mining is not a new land use over the rest of the farm in general. **The site that is earmarked for mining represents 5 ha**. And it is further not foreseen that mining activities would disturbed an area of more than 0.2 ha at any given time. The rest of the terrain would continue to be used for agriculture purposes (grazing by cattle) by the landowner.

### Assessment of the impacts created by the mining activity

Before any assessment can be made the following evaluation criteria need to be described:

Explanation of probability of impact occurrence

Probability of impact	Explanation of probability
Very low	<20% sure of particular fact or likelihood of impact occurring.
Low	20 to 39% sure of particular fact or likelihood of impact occurring.
Moderate	40 to 59% sure of particular fact or likelihood of impact occurring.
High	60 to 79% sure of particular fact or likelihood of impact occurring.
Very high	80 to 99% sure of particular fact or likelihood of impact occurring.
Definite	100% sure of particular fact or likelihood of impact occurring.

Explanation of extent of impact

Extend of impact	Explanation of extend
Site specific	Direct and indirect impacts limited to site of impact only.
Local	Direct and indirect impacts affecting environmental elements within the Bloemhol area.
Regional	Direct and indirect impacts affecting environmental elements within North West Province.
National	Direct and indirect impacts affecting environmental elements on a national level.
Global	Direct and intlinect impacts affecting environmental elements on a global level,

Explanation of duration of impact

Duration of Impact	Explanation of duration
Very short	Less than 1 year
Short	1 to 5 years
Medium	6 to 12 years
Long	13 to 50 years
Very long	Longer than 50 years
Permanent	Permanent

Explanation of impact significance

impact significance	Explanation of significance
No impact	There would be no impact at all - not even a very low impact on the system or any of its parts.
Very low	Impact would be negligible. In the case of negative impacts, almost no mitigation and/or remedial activity would be needed, and any minor steps, which might be needed, would be easy, cheap and simple. In the case of positive impacts, alternative means would almost all likely to be better, in one or a number of ways, than this means of achieving the benefit.
Low	Impact would be of a low order and with little real effect. In the case of negative impacts, mitigation and/or remedial activity would be either easily achieved or little would be required, or both. In case of positive impacts, alternative means for achieving this benefit would likely be easier, cheaper, more effective, less time-consuming, or some combination of these.
Moderate significance	Impact would be real but not substantial within the bounds of those which could occur. In the case of negative impacts, mitigation and/or remedial activity would be both feasible and fairly easily possible. In the case of positive impacts, other means of achieving these benefits would be about equal in time, cost and effort.
High significance	Impacts of a substantial order. In the case of negative impacts, mitigation and/or remedial activity would be feasible but difficult, expensive, time-consuming or some combination of these. In the case of positive impacts, other means of achieving this benefit would be feasible, but these would be more difficult, expensive, time-consuming or some combination of these.
Very high significance	Of the highest order possible within the bounds of impacts which could occur. In the case of negative impacts, there would be no possible mitigation and/or remedial activity to offset the impact at the spatial or time scale for which it was predicted. In the case of positive impacts, there is no real alternative to achieving the benefit.

### (vii) The positive and negative impacts that the proposed activity (in terms of the initial site layout) and alternatives will have on the environment and the community that may be affected.

in term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(h)(vii)

In terms of the EIA regulations, consideration must be given to alternatives. Alternatives are different approaches and ways of meeting the need, purpose and objectives of a proposed activity. Alternatives may include a location site alternative, activity alternatives, processes or technology alternatives, temporal alternatives etc. the no-go alternative or option is also considered, as it provides the baseline against which the impacts or other alternatives may be compared.

However, for this specific project, no alternatives have been investigated, with the exception of the no-go alternative. The reason for this being that the mining permit is being applied for the sole purpose of mining of diamond bearing gravel. The no-go option entails the continuation of the current land use (Agriculture= grazing for cattle) on the study site. The project will contribute towards providing continued jobs for current staff. Should the proposed project therefore not be authorized to proceed, it is anticipated that current employment opportunities will be terminated once the mineral reserves have been depleted.

The no-go option is therefore not a feasible option in this case, as it suggests that the mineral reserves should not be exploited and current employment opportunities should not materialize or be prolonged.

The site layout will be only the excavation and the plant and office container. The stockpiles of the topsoil will be placed next to the side walls of the excavation on the outside. This will have the advantage to be nearby available to be used for rehabilitation. The stockpiles for the gravel (product) and the screening/crushing plant will be placed just outside the excavation within the Mining area which will have the advantage that the loading of trucks can proceed without hampering the mining process and will be a safer mining environment.

### (viii) The possible mitigation measures that could be applied and the level of risk.

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(h)(viii)

Refer to the results of consultation contained in **Table 7** for the issues that were raised by I&AP's and stakeholders during the review period of the consultation phase of the BAR/EMPr report, as well as the response to those issues made by the Environmental Assessment Practitioner.

The farm road will be maintained by **Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd.** for the period of mining and all measures for safety of the other road users will be in place and properly managed. The mitigation measures and technical management action plans which address potential impacts are discussed below. Please see section below for more detail.

### Table 10: Assessment of the nature, extent, duration, probability and significance of the potential environmental, social and cultural impacts of the proposed mining operation, including the cumulative environmental impacts

ASPECT 1. GEOLOGY	IMPACTS		CUMULATIVE IMPACTS		
Nature of the impact	operation. During operation resource (Alluvia Waste rock ma	sits will be destroyon which will be for all Diamonds) will be e terial/overburden mations as part of the mir			
Extent	Site			Activity causing the impact	
Duration	Permanent			An opencast mining method will be used to	
Probability	Definite			extract mineral deposits. Therefore the	
Significance	High		original geology will be totally destroyed.		
Phase responsible	Phase 1 Phase 2 Phase 3 Closure				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
for the impact		X	X		

ASPECT 2. TOPOGRAPHY	IMPACTS		CUMULATIVE IMPACTS		
Nature of the impact	* Disturbance of the mining of the excavations (40 environment the concentrated a (approximately Normal surface	e is situated on; le of the surface dra ne mineral deposi om x 10 m x ±1.5 at captures run-off s indicated on App			
Extent	Site				Activity causing the impact
Duration	Very long to Pe	manent		Creation of excavations	
Probability	Definite	,			
Significance	High				
Phase responsible for	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3		
the impact		X	X		

3. SOIL	IMPACTS		CUMULATIVE IMPACTS		
Nature of the impact	disturbed before	a is characterized by va.  Any construction of all available topsoil v	779000 F PAL 100 0 M P PAL 100		
Extent	Site				Activity causing the impact
Duration	Long				In the process of removing topsoil the soil
Probability	High				layers are mixed and the structure may be
Significance	Moderate				disturbed.
Phase responsible	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Closure	
for the impact		X	X		

3. SOIL	IMPACTS			CUMULATIVE IMPACTS	
Nature of the impact	(demolition) of li /tailings dumps, All mining activi area where min- In the same time mining surface a	ent, construction, ope sted structures such cause compaction o ties will be concentra eral deposits could be a certain surface as area (alienated) woul in relation to area of 2 years.			
Extent	Site				Activity causing the impact
Duration	Long				Site preparation for additional mining sites
Probability	High		and the construction, operation of listed		
Significance	Moderate	TO THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PART	infrastructure.		
Phase responsible for	Phase 1	Phase 2	The state of the s		
the impact		X	X	X	<u>"</u>

ASPECT 3. SOIL	IMPACTS			CUMULATIVE IMPACTS		
Nature of the impact	compacted and run-off that coul	e to the fact that certs this would lead to les d cause erosion on ba e possible until such ti stion phase.				
Extent	Site				Activity causing the impact	
Duration	Very short	'	'		When removing topsoil during site	
Probability	Very low		.,		preparation, little storm water control structures are in place. If a severe storm hits the area, it may lead to erosion on site.	
Significance	Low					
Phase responsible for	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Closure		
the impact		Х	Х	X	Topsoil stockpiles may be prone to erosion due to lack of vegetation cover.  Water control structures may fail or severe rainstorms may cause excessive run-off. Surface compaction due to activities taking place.	

ASPECT 3. SOIL	IMPACTS		CUMULATIVE IMPACTS		
Nature of the impact	Potential of soil	contamination.		None.	
Extent	Site				Activity causing the impact
Duration	Long				Vehicle/equipment breakages and
Probability	Moderate			oil/lubricant /diesel spills may contaminate	
Significance	Moderate			soil.	
Phase responsible for	Phase 1	Phase 2			
the impact		Х	Χ	Χ	

ASPECT 3. SOIL	IMPACTS				CUMULATIVE IMPACTS
Nature of the impact	Loss of soil stru	ıcture	None		
Extent	Site				Activity causing the impact
Duration	Long				In the process of removing topsoil the soil
Probability	High				layers are mixed and the structure may be
Significance	Moderate				disturbed.
Phase responsible for	Phase 1 Phase 2 Phase 3 Closure				
the impact		X			

ASPECT 3.SOIL	IMPACTS				CUMULATIVE IMPACTS
Nature of the impact	Loss of soil fer	ility	None		
Extent	Site		Activity causing the impact		
Duration	Short		The state of the s		The mixing of soil during site preparation,
Probability	Definite				compaction and potential pollution
Significance	Low				(spillages form oil etc.) all may cause this
Phase responsible for	Phase 1 Phase 2 Phase 3 Closure				situation.
the impact		Х	Х		

ASPECT 4.LAND	IMPACTS		CUMULATIVE IMPACTS		
Nature of the impact	(5 ha) where dumps, stock alienated, unti All excavation during which of	iss of land capabili the active mining piles, mining equ I the area is rehabilit is would be rehabilit excavations are back and by the landowner			
Extent	Site		The second secon		Activity causing the impact
Duration	Long			MATTER AND	Site preparation for additional mining sites
Probability	Definite				and the construction, operation of listed
Significance	Moderate		infrastructure, the land capability of the		
Phase responsible for	Phase 1	Phase 2	active mining area will be totally destroyed.		
the impact		X	1		

ASPECT 5. LAND USE	IMPACTS		CUMULATIVE IMPACTS	
Nature of the impact	impact on land area and therefortion of the 5 (0.2 ha at a time the total mining	on of the historically of use. This is a new more will lose its land of ha during the next 2 b) would be affected right application are part of the mining pr		
Extent	Site			Activity causing the impact
Duration	Long to perman	ent		Site preparation for mining and the
Probability	Definite			construction, operation of listed
Significance	Moderate		infrastructure	
Phase responsible for	Phase 1	Phase 2		
the impact		X		

ASPECT 6.VEGETATION	IMPACTS		CUMULATIVE IMPACTS		
Nature of the impact	for vegetation.	arance, disturbance a Due to a disturbed e kotics can follow.	The state of the s		
Extent	Site		Activity causing the impact		
Duration	Long				The site preparation for new sites,
Probability	Definite	POLICE CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	MILE AND SOME PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE		construction of listed infrastructure will
Significance	High				cause destruction of habitats for vegetation.
Phase responsible for	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Closure	Due to a disturbed ecosystem, bare ground
the impact	The second se	X	and invasion of exotics could further spread.  The vegetation needs to be cleared to remove the topsoil.		

ASPECT 6.VEGETATION	IMPACTS				CUMULATIVE IMPACTS
Nature of the impact	Habitat change,	loss of species, spre	ad of alien and invasi	ve species.	
Extent	Site		Activity causing the impact		
Duration	Permanent		The change in the current habitat will be		
Probability	High				mitigated during final rehabilitation.
Significance	Moderate				
Phase responsible for	Phase 1 Phase 2 Phase 3 Closure				
the impact		X	X		, ,

ASPECT 6.VEGETATION	IMPACTS		CUMULATIVE IMPACTS		
Nature of the impact	Dust coverage	ge of plants.			None
Extent	Site		Activity causing the impact		
Duration	Long				Heavy trucks and other vehicles on dirt
Probability	High				roads, stockpiling, dumping of tailings are
Significance	Low				mainly responsible for this impact.
Phase responsible for	Phase 1	Phase 2			
the impact		X	X		

ASPECT 7. WILDLIFE	IMPACTS				CUMULATIVE IMPACTS
Nature of the impact	Wildlife or wildli	ife habitat destruction .	/change / disturbance	₹.	None
Extent	Site			Activity causing the impact	
Duration	Permanent		The flora which normally serves as habitat		
Probability	Very High				for animals would be destroyed during site
Significance	Moderate				preparation. The increase in activity will
Phase responsible for	Phase 1	Phase 2	temporarily scare other animals. The area will serve as a new habitat after		
the impact		X	rehabilitation.		

ASPECT	IMPACTS				CUMULATIVE IMPACTS
7. WILDLIFE	7/0000777700700000000000000000000000000				
Nature of the impact	Restoration of h	abitat.			None
Exte⊓t	Site				Activity causing the impact
Duration	Short				As rehabilitation progresses the habitat of
Probability	Low				certain species will be restored/created
Significance	Low				(Closure objective) Animals will probably
Phase responsible for	Phase 1	Phase 2	only move back when human movement is		
the impact	- Control of Control o	X	X	Χ	limited.

ASPECT 7. WILDLIFE	IMPACTS		CUMULATIVE IMPACTS		
Nature of the impact	Injury and death	to wildlife.			None
Extent	Site				Activity causing the impact
Duration	Short				The movement of vehicles may kill certain
Probability	Very low				insects, rodents and possible birds. Most of
Significance	Low				the remaining animal life will however move
Phase responsible for	Phase 1	Phase 2	away due to noise.		
the impact		X	X		

SPECT 8. SURFACE WATER	IMPACTS		CUMULATIVE IMPACTS		
Nature of the impact	to the ground absorb conta	oil for footprint areas dwater system and minants from spills o	s can increase infiltra decrease buffering c on surface. This can i system (increases a		
Extent	Local				Activity causing the impact
Duration	Short				The clearance of vegetation and the traffic
Probability	Moderate				on access roads will all contribute to an
Significance	Moderate			increase in the silt load on the mining area.	
Phase responsible for	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	]	
the impact		Х	X	X	1

ASPECT 8. SURFACE WATER	IMPACTS		CUMULATIVE IMPACTS				
Nature of the impact	Spittages from adequately did up in the exit hindering the not adequate undisturbed n	face water quality.  m vehicles and also verted away from the cavations creating promining process. Surfally contained on signatural veld, If the nating sections could become					
Extent	Local				Activity causing the impact		
Duration	Short				"Dirty / Clean" water systems at facilities		
Probability	Moderate				like the overburden dumps, roads,		
Significance	High			excavations, etc. may impact on the quality			
Phase responsible for the impact	Phase 1	Phase 2 X	Phase 3	Closure	of the surface water. The water should be contained in the surface runoff control measures provided therefore.		

ASPECT	IMPACTS				CUMULATIVE IMPACTS
8. SURFACE WATER					
Nature of the impact	Change in surface water quantity: Notwithstanding the above-mentioned facts, it is not expected that mining operations will have any effect on the boundaries or the general water flow of the catchment. Standing water in trenches could as the result of rain/ surface run-off ending up in shallow depressions. Water for the dust suppression might be used from the borehole.				
Extent	Site		-		Activity causing the impact
Duration	Long				It is an operational objective to contain or
Probability	High	ALIENA UPIELUTA DE TULINOS AM PERO PROPERTO DE CONTRACTOR	THE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACT		divert all surface run-offs from the active
Significance	High				mining excavations area mainly due to
Phase responsible					pollution (sediment) potential. This will
		reduce the run-off quantity, although small in comparison with the drainage area in total.			

ASPECT 9. GROUND WATER	IMPACTS	IMPACTS			CUMULATIVE IMPACTS
Nature of the impact	Reduction of groundwater quality.  Mining activities are not likely to impact on local ground-water quality. No chemicals area used during the mining process. Handling of waste and transport of building material can cause various types of spills (domestic waste, pit latrines, hydrocarbons) which can infiltrate and contaminate of the groundwater system.				
Extent	Site				Activity causing the impact
Duration	Long				
Probability	Definite		1		
Significance	High				
Phase responsible for	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Ciosure	
the impact		X	X	X	

9. GROUND WATER						
Nature of the impact	Even though surrounding g levels are exp be abstracted suppression. comparison to surrounding ac					
Extent	Site	•			Activity causing the impact	
Duration	Long		Opencast mining operation.			
Probability	Low	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Significance	High					
Phase responsible for	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Closure		
the impact		X	X	X	7	

ASPECT 10. AIR QUALITY	IMPACTS	IMPACTS			CUMULATIVE IMPACTS
Nature of the impact	excavator on to crushing plant)	Dust will be generated during the mining operation (loading with an excavator on to a dump truck) and transportation to the plant (screen & crushing plant) and on gravel/dirt/farm roads. The crushing of the gravel is a wet process and therefore minimum dust s generated.			
Extent	Site				Activity causing the impact
Duration	Long				Initial construction work with regard to
Probability	Moderate				infrastructure (roads) that involves earth
Significance	Moderate			moving equipment. Dust could be	
Phase responsible for	Phase 1	Phase 2	generated as indicated during mining.		
the impact		X	X	Х	

ASPECT 11. NOISE POLLUTION	IMPACTS	IMPACTS			CUMULATIVE	IMPACTS	
Nature of the impact	excavator on to crushing plants The mine itsel more importan	enerated during the money and trail is a dump truck) and trail is located in rural truck regarding the directions in terms of the contractions.					
Extent	Local				Activity causing	the impact	
Duration	Long				Earth moving	equipment	and vehicles
Probability	Definite	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O					
Significance	Moderate						
Phase responsible for	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Closure	1		
the impact		X	X	X	Ī		

ASPECT 12. ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND CULTURAL SITES	IMPACTS			CUMULATIVE IMPACTS	
Nature of the impact	The terrain is no (agriculture & development wo site.				
Extent	Site				Activity causing the impact
Duration	Permanent				The state of the s
Probability	Definite				
Significance	High				
Phase responsible for	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3		
the impact		X			

ASPECT 13. SENSITIVE LANDSCAPE	IMPACTS			CUMULATIVE IMPACTS	
Nature of the impact		Wetland area located within the 5ha site will definitely be impacted on by mining activities, if mining is not kept 100-meters horizontally away.			
Extent	Site	•	, ,		Activity causing the impact
Duration	Permanent				The American Market Control of the C
Probability	Definte				
Significance	Very High	Very High			
Phase responsible for	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Closure	
the impact		X	**************************************	×	

ASPECT 14.VISUAL	IMPACTS		CUMULATIVE IMPACTS			
Nature of the impact	These mining activities will be not visible to the landowner. The landowner's farmstead is located within 1.3 km southeast from the application area. The site will not be visible from the farmstead or the N12, as the site is located 1.76 km from the site and the visibility of the site is obscured by trees and shrubs that acts as a natural visual screen.					
Extent	Site				Activity causing the impact	
Duration	Long				5 ha mining operation.	
Probability	Definite					
Significance	Low					
Phase responsible for	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Closure		
the impact		X	X	X		

ASPECT 15. SOCIO ECONOMICS	IMPACTS	"		CUMULATIVE IMPACTS	
Nature of the impact	Increase in Socio – economic activity at local tevel.  The project in itself would ensure that approximately <b>8 workers</b> would be assured of a job for some time. Job creation plays a major role in increasing the economic wellbeing of employees and their dependants in the Bloemhof district.  Once all mining operations have ceased it would definitely have a negative impact.			The increase in socio-economic activity will add to the current growth and development in Bloemhof already created by industry and mining.	
Extent	Local				Activity causing the impact
Duration	Long				Additional employment opportunities
Probability	Definite		created.		
Significance	High		7		
Phase responsible	Phase 1	Phase 2	]		
for the impact		X	Х	X	

ASPECT 15. SOCIO -	IMPACTS		CUMULATIVE IMPACTS		
ECONOMICS					
Nature of the impact	The main impact on the landowners is visual impact and the small area of 5 ha that will not be available for agricultural activities at any given time for 2 years.			The economic benefits in terms of investment and the delivery of services in the North West province will get an additional benefit from the project.	
Extent	Regional				Activity causing the impact
Duration	Very Long				
Probability	High				
Significance	Moderate				
Phase responsible	Phase 1	Phase 2			
for the impact		X	X	X	

ASPECT 16. INTERESTED & AFFECTEDPARTIES	IMPACTS			CUMULATIVE IMPACTS	
Nature of the impact	Temporary loss purposes (graz benefits from the Loss of cattle of No negative in	Impact of activities on I&AP's Temporary loss of utilization of the mining focus areas for agricultural purposes (grazing). The long-term benefits far out-weight the current benefits from the current use. Loss of cattle due to falling of animals in mine workings if not fenced. No negative impact is expected that could be appropriately mitigated, such as the eventual rehabilitation of the excavations.			
Extent	Local				Activity causing the impact
Duration	Long			, manual 1	
Probability	High				
Significance	High				3
Phase responsible for	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3		
the impact		X	Х	X	WALL

### (ix) Outcome of site section matrix

in term of NEMA – EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 – Reg. 21, Appendix 1 – 3. (1)(h)(ix)

### Motivation where no alternative sites were considered

Alternative is not applicable. The current land use is agricultural and is being utilized as grazing for cattle the landowner. The option to explore the possibility for mining is already in itself an alternative land use. The applicant, Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd., is not interested in any other alternative land use over this land aside of mining alluvial gravel or any other activity on the designate 5 ha, or method use other than mining for the aforementioned minerals in the conversional way, which is the most cost effective. Please note that no additional infrastructure will be established, and therefore no alternatives for the location of infrastructure were identified.

### (x) Statement motivating the alternative development location within the overall site

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(h)(x)

The application area applied for is only 5 hectares thus the development location is limited to this area and the area where the mineral deposits occur.

(xi) Full description of the PROCESS UNDERTKEN TO IDENTIFY, ASSESS and rank the impacts and risks the activity will impose on the preferred site (In respect of the final site layout plan) through the life of the activity

In term of NEMA – EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 – Reg. 21, Appendix 1 – 3. (1)(h)(xl)

See Table 11 below:

### Table 11: Technical & Management Action Plans

### **Environmental Component**

### Geology

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

- . No mitigation exists except to backfill the excavations with the rock waste material and fine tailings.
- As mining progressed and the excavation has been back-filled, a certain amount of overburden material and topsoil would be
  placed on these areas. This will not restore the geology, but will mitigate the impact.
- Planned, systematic and thorough mining of the mineral resource (alluvial gravel deposits) should take place.
- Optimal utilization of the mineral resource should take place within the boundaries of the mining terrain.
- Strip, remove and store soil and overburden as far as practical in an orderly fashion and replace as far as possible on backfilled areas, in the reverse order once decision have been taken that no further mining would take place in a particular section or which might still be traversed by vehicles and disturbed in the process. Cognisance should be taken of the fact that mining

### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA

### Closure Objective

Optimal exploration of the mineral resource in order to ensure to facilitate better rehabilitation planning. The overburden and topsoil (where available) must be replaced in a responsible and planned manner in order to achieve some conformity with the surrounding undisturbed area.

### **Environmental Component**

### Topography

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

- All trenches should be back-filled with waste tailings material and eventually overburden material, covered with a shallow layer of topsoil (if available).
- Access to all active mining excavation areas should be controlled. The active mining area should be fenced off. The
  necessary warning signs should be put in place. All mining activities should be restricted to the fenced-off area.
- Surface run-off control should be put in place at active trenches (preventing water from entering) and also rehabilitated tailings dumps and overburden dumps in order to prevent the loss of growth medium on top of the dumps.

Mining would be done according to a definite MWP (only disturbing an area that is really necessary). As part of the MWP the handling of tailings material, overburden material, construction of dumps and back-filling of trenches should also form part of it. Rehabilitation of the new topographical landscape in such a way that it would blend in with the surrounding landscape and allow normal surface drainage to continue. As soon as a section of the mining site would not be explored anymore it should be rehabilitated (planned and phased manner).

### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA.

### Closure Objective

Rehabilitation of the new topographical landscape in such a way that it would blend in with the surrounding landscape and allow normal surface drainage to continue. Rehabilitation in such a way that the new landscape features would be stable and would not pose any safety hazard to human and animal anymore.

### **Environmental Component**

Soil (topsoil & access roads)

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

Handling of topsoil as a natural resource:

Any future expansion of the excavations or construction of infrastructure should be preceded by the removal of all available topsoil. The surface of any new areas to be disturbed must be kept to a minimum. All available topsoil/overburden material should be removed and stockpiled for rehabilitation purposes.

Access roads, etc: The clearing of soil surface areas would be restricted to what is really necessary for the construction of infrastructure. Wherever possible all topsoil should be removed and stockpiled for rehabilitation purposes. Overburden material should also be stockpiled separately if practically possible. Topsoil and overburden material should be transported to an area earmarked for rehabilitation.

### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA.

### Closure Objective

The topsoil removed in the site preparation process should be replaced during the rehabilitation exercise.

Alleviation of compaction of soils would be done during rehabilitation of the terrain, including roads.

No soil erosion must be visible and no potential for soil erosion must be present at closure.

No soil contamination must be visible or known before closure can be given.

No compaction of any roads or any other area must be present during closure. If the soil structure is disturbed mitigation measures e.g. the use of organic material, time and fertilizers must be implemented to restore the soil structure.

The soil must be fertile enough to sustain vegetation.

### **Environmental Component**

Soil (soil compaction)

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

### Soil compaction:

The mining operation should only be restricted to what is really required (demarcated area of exploitation) within the fenced-off area. Access roads towards the sites would be restricted only to the roads (exiting farm roads & roads established in consultation with the surface owner). No land would be disturbed unnecessarily. Mining & rehabilitation should be done in a well-planned manner (according to a mining plan) and in the process ensuring that activities are only restricted to surface areas really required. Compaction of soil surface areas would be alleviated once rehabilitation of certain area starts. Certain roads would probably remain for access (in consultation with the surface owner). Those that would not be required would be ripped and rehabilitated.

### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA.

### Closure Objective

Alleviation of compaction of soils would be done during rehabilitation of the mining terrain, including roads.

### **Environmental Component**

Soil (Soil erosion)

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

### Soil Erosion:

To take preventive steps against land disturbance like erosion. Implement and maintain cut-off trenches/berms to prevent erosion

Re-vegetation of exposed soil surfaces (man-made surfaces on tailings dumps, overburden dumps, disturb surfaces in excavated sites, roads, etc) should happen as soon as a particular activity has ceased in order to act as a sufficient erosion prevention measure.

### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA

### Closure Objective

No soil erosion must be visible and no potential for soil erosion must be present at closure.

### **Environmental Component**

Soil (Soil contamination)

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

### Potential for soil contamination:

Vehicles to be inspected to ensure no oil and hydrautic fluid leaks occur. All oil spills on soil to be removed and bio-remediate immediately (certain commercial products are available such as Terrasorb or it could be rehabilitated by means of the application of fertilizer and turn with a spade from time to time in order to enhance the natural occurring soil microbial activity). No servicing of vehicles must occur except on a steel floor in an area allocated for that. Training w.r.t pollution hazards and their impact on the environment must be given as part of induction training. An incidence register for this purpose must be kept. Drip trays must be available and used where emergency repairs is done.

### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA.

### Closure Objective

No soil contamination must be visible or known before closure can be given.

### **Environmental Component**

Soil (Soil structure)

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

### Change in Soil structure:

Ensure that all available (if any) topsoil is carefully removed in different areas.

The soil must also be compacted as backfilling is done.

No unnecessary driving outside the active mining area is allowed due to soil compaction that may occur.

Use organic material e.g. manure to restore the soil structure during rehabilitation.

Ensure that the rehabilitation plan makes provision for ripping of roads and spreading of organic material and that this is used during rehabilitation.

### EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting

To be included in EMP/EIA

### Closure Objective

No compaction of any roads or any other area must be present during closure. If the soil structure is disturbed mitigation measures e.g. the use of organic material, lime and fertilizers must be implemented to restore the soil structure.

### **Environmental Component**

Soil (Soil fertility)

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

### Soil fertility:

Little can be done to preserve the moisture status of the soil once it is exposed. The soil must be used for rehabilitation as quickly as possible.

The soil on the rehabilitated area must be analysed to determine the deficiencies and fertilizer and time must be ploughed into the soil to restore its fertility, if necessary.

Ensure that stockpiled soil is kept clean and where possible ensure that the topsoil is treated with organic material and fertilized. Do not use stockpiled soil for any other purpose but for rehabilitation.

Do not use topsoil to construct roads.

Ensure the rehabilitation plan makes provision for fertifiser.

Make sure rehabilitated topsoil is analyzed in a laboratory. The type of fertilizer would depend on a soil analyses and fertilizer recommendation.

### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA

### Closure Objective

The soil must be fertile enough to sustain vegetation.

**Environmental Component** 

Land Capability

Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

The disturbance of land must be restricted (kept to a minimum) to the planned fenced-off, active mining site only.

Remove topsoil where it is available. Take care that roads needed are restricted to one entry to the area for mining purposes. If new land is used for roads to enter the area it must be done in consultation with the surface owner.

All rehabilitation will be done according to the final rehabilitation plans after approval by the Department of Mineral Resources.

### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA.

Closure Objective

Rehabilitated to the state that it is suitable for the predetermined and agreed land capability.

### **Environmental Component**

Land Use

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

The disturbance of land must be restricted (kept to a minimum) to the planned active, fenced-off mining site only. Remove topsoil where it is available.

Take care that roads are the only areas used to enter the area for mining purposes. If new land is used for roads to enter the area it must be done in consultation with surface owner.

All rehabilitation will be done according to the final rehabilitation plans after approval by the Department of Mineral Resources (DMR). Topsoil will be placed in areas where it was removed and the areas will be re-vegetated accordingly. Ensure that the rehabilitation plan is implemented.

### EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting

To be included in EMP/EIA.

### Closure Objective

To rehabilitate the excavation area back to pre-mining capability.

### **Environmental Component**

Vegetation

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

No mitigation exists except to replace the vegetation by reseeding of grasses and natural growth,

Mining should be done in a well-planned manner (according to a MWP) and in the process ensuring that activities are only restricted to surface areas really required.

### EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting

To be included in EMP/EIA.

### Closure Objective

During rehabilitation indigenous vegetation cover comprising of local plant species should be established in order to ensure a well-adapted sustainable plant cover that would be able to prevent erosion of the replaced topsoil on the disturbed mining site exposed surfaces, tailings dumps, etc.).

### **Environmental Component**

Vegetation

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

No mitigation exists except to replace the vegetation by reseeding of grasses.

Habitat change, loss of species, spread of alien and invasive species:

No mitigation exists except to replace the vegetation by reseeding and planting trees.

Bulk sampling should be done in a well-planned manner (according to a mining plan) and in the process ensuring that activities are only restricted to surface areas really required.

Develop and implement an invasive and alien control programme to control the spread of weeds and other invasive species.

Eradicate exotic weeds and invader species if it invades the terrain. All illegal invader plants and weeds shall be eradicated as required in terms of Regulation 15 & 16 of the Act on Conservation of Agricultural Resources, 1983 (Act no. 43 of 1983) which list the plants.

An invasive and alien control programme must be drafted and implemented by the mine.

Ensure that all roads (utilized by mine vehicles) are daily sprayed with water to control dust.

Site inspections to ensure the spraying are done.

### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA.

### Closure Objective

During rehabilitation indigenous vegetation cover comprising of local plant species should be established in order to ensure a well-adapted sustainable plant cover that would be able to prevent erosion of the replaced topsoil on the disturbed mining site exposed surfaces.

No invasive and alien species must be present after closure. A post-closure control program must also be implemented.

No excessive dust must be present during the normal growth season after closure

### **Environmental Component**

### Vegetation

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

Ensure that all roads on the mining site (utilized by mining vehicles) are daily sprayed with water to control dust. Site inspections to ensure the spraying are done.

### EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting

To be included in EMP/EIA.

### Closure Objective

No excessive dust must be present during the normal growth season after closure.

### **Environmental Component**

### Wildlife (habitat)

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

Wildlife or wildlife habitat destruction /change / disturbance :

To take care that no new or unnecessary destruction of habitats, other than the demarcated mining site should take place.

### Restoration of habitat:

Ensure the rehabilitation plan is implemented.

### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA.

### Closure Objective

The animal life habitat must be restored after decommissioning. Success will be measured against the extent to which the animals return to the area.

### **Environmental Component**

### Wildlife (Injury and death)

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

### Injury and death to wildlife:

Re-establish trees and grass cover as soon as possible during and after mining. Fence area off to ensure that no person can enter without permission.

Ensure that the rehabilitation plan is compiled and executed. Keep incidence register on killings and disturbances.

### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA.

### Closure Objective

The animal life habitat must be restored after decommissioning. Success will be measured against the extent to which the animals return to the area.

### **Environmental Component**

Wildlife

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

Make game catching, traps, snares, poaching and any other unnecessary disturbance of animals a disciplinary offence. All staff must undergo basic environmental awareness fecture during induction training.

Machine operators and drivers to undergo appropriate level of environmental impact training to ensure they understand their impact on the environment. Ensure all staff working on the opencast section undergo basic lecture during induction phase, introduce the actions as listed above into disciplinary code as offence.

### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA.

### Closure Objective

The post-closure phase must be suitable for further restoration of the newly man-made animal habitat. The area must be stable and acceptable for the return of animal- and plant life.

### **Environmental Component**

Surface Water (quality)

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

### Change in surface water quality:

Storm water control measures must be implemented to divert clean water away from the active mining site and keep contaminated water contained.

Water control structures must be well designed and constructed to ensure a minimum down wash of topsoil.

Vegetation disturbance must be as little as possible.

The MWP must be strictly adhered to.

Re-vegetation to be done as quickly as possible. Final re-vegetation to be done as per rehabilitation plan.

### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA.

### Closure Objective

The post closure water run-off may in no circumstance impact negatively on the water quality.

### **Environmental Component**

Surface Water (quantity)

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

Change in surface water quantity: Once the area is rehabilitated the surface run-off will be restored and normal clean water run-off will end-up in the drainage system.

Once the area is rehabilitated the normal surface run-off drainage will be restored according to rehabilitation plan. The disturbed surface area must be rehabilitated to ensure some normal drainage. Minimal run-off should end-up in trenches. Final rehabilitation will be done according to the final rehabilitation plans after approval by the Department of Mineral Resources.

### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA.

### Closure Objective

Ultimately rehabilitation of the disturbed mining site and the construction of run-off control structures in a planned and phased manner would ensure normal drainage and stability of rehabilitated site.

### **Environmental Component**

Ground Water (quality)

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

Reduction of groundwater quality: Storm water control measures must be implemented to divert clean water away from the site and keep (silt) contaminated water contained.

Vehicles to be inspected to ensure no oil and hydraulic fluid leaks occur. All oil spills on soil to be removed and bio-remediate immediately. No servicing of vehicles must occur except at the workshops. Training w.r.t pollution hazards and their impact on the environment must be given as part of induction training.

Storage of fuel and oil should be done according to best practices, within a bunded area and in containers of which the integrity is sound.

The mining processes will not introduce any harmful or toxic substances and the most likely sources of pollution to the groundwater system would be associated with the infrastructure and / or workshop area. The most likely contaminants is therefore nitrate and bacteria (from sewage / pit latrines), as well as hydrocarbons (from vehicle accidents, diesel storage and

the workshop area).

An incidence register for this purpose must be kept.

Drip trays must be available and used where emergency repairs is done.

All waste must be stored according to best practices and disposed at an authorized waste disposal facility.

### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA.

### Closure Objective

Post water quality need to indicate a positive trend/improvement.

### **Environmental Component**

Ground Water (quantity)

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

Reduction of groundwater quantity, lowering of groundwater level: Water levels in the borehole that are used for mining activities should be recorded monthly.

Water volumes should be recorded continuously to ensure compliance with the water use authorization for abstraction.

### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA.

### Closure Objective

Post water quality need to indicate a positive trend/improvement.

### **Environmental Component**

Air Quality

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

Dust: The mining method will serve as mitigation measure because mining will limit dust to the active mining area (area where the excavator and the trucks are operating).

Daily spraying of roads with water, inspection should be done on a daily basis.

If new roads are constructed, in coordination with surface owner, dust pollution must be mitigated by means of spraying the roads with water.

### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA

### Closure Objective

Dust count must be the same as before mining. Rehabilitation of the mining site would ensure that no dust is generated from exposed surfaces.

### **Environmental Component**

Noise

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

Ensure the required silencers are placed on all engines and compressors. No mitigation to reverse hooters is allowed due to safety standards.

Inspection of vehicles and machinery to ensure silencers are fitted.

Ensure that a complaints register is created, managed and maintained. Vehicles and earthmoving equipment should be equipped with the necessary silencers and regularly maintained in a good working condition.

### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA.

### Closure Objective

No noise attributed to mining will be generated from the site after closure anymore. During decommissioning and closure phase some earth moving equipment and trucks would be utilized for rehabilitation.

### **Environmental Component**

Archaeological and Cultural Sites

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

### All grave yards need to be avoided:

Preservation of any site will require that the area is properly demarcated with at least a **20m buffer zone** placed around the graveyard in order to avoid potential damage during mining activities.

It will be necessary to ensure that the all graveyard is accessible to the relatives of the deceased.

However, the potential occurrence of unmarked graves or subsurface finds not recorded during this survey can never be excluded, so it is advised that SAHRA and a qualified archaeologist are informed immediately if archaeological objects are uncovered.

### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA.

### Closure Objective

No site of archaeological importance should be disturbed or damaged until the necessary permit from SAHRA has been issued.

Environmental Component	Sensitive Landscapes				
Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments					
None					
EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting					
To be included in EMP/EIA.	and the second s				
Closure Objective	THE PROPERTY OF PR				

### **Environmental Component**

Visual Aspects

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

Visual impact would be addressed by means of;

- \* re-vegetation of disturbed areas with grasses;
- \* removal of any temporary building, scrap, domestic waste, etc. that would otherwise contribute to a negative visual impact. Concurrent rehabilitation should be done simultaneously as mining activities progress.

### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA.

### Closura Objective

No residual visual impacts will remain after closure. The terrain should blend in with the surrounding landscape.

### **Environmental Component**

Socio-Economics

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

There will be a very small increase in Socio - economic activity at local level, because of the size of this mining activity.

### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA.

### Closure Objective

The economic development must deliver a multiplier effect that will contribute to the local economy long after closure.

### **Environmental Component**

Interested and Affected Parties

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

Access control should always be a priority. Active mining site should be fenced off and also any deep water holes.

If any problem should arise, meetings will be held with the landowners and affected parties to consult them on certain matters like permission to mine and pollution.

No mining should be conducted under or near Eskom power line (10 m distance should be kept) (Permission of Inspector of Mines should be obtained.)

### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA.

### Closure Objective

Not to be an economic, social or environmental liability to the local community or the state now or in the future. The company will ensure that the interest of all interested and affected parties will be considered.

# (xii) Assessment of each identified potentially significant impact and risk in term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1) (I) (II) (II) (II) (IV) (VI) (VI)

SIGNIFICANCE if mitigated	+ #61	Moderate +	+ #87	Low +		
MITICATION TYPE	The bulk of the material mined will be sold. The impact will be mitigated by sloping the sides and stabilizing the soil to prevent erosion	All pits/trenches will be backfilled. The sides will be sloped and top soiled and vegetated.  A surface water cut-off trench should be put in place around the active mining site in order to prevent surface run-off water on the mining site. Rehabilitation of the new sloped landscape in such a way that it would blend in with the surrounding landscape.	Any area on the mining area where disturbance will take place the top soil must be removed and stockpiled for rehabilitation purposes in a demarcated area (surrounding the pit area to act as a surface run-off control measure and safety berm.)	To take preventive steps against erosion. Implement and maintain cut-off trenches and or berms around the mining area to prevent water entering that can cause erosion.  Concurrent rehabilitation and re-vegetation of mined areas must happen as soon as the particular area is mined out.  Rehabilitated areas must be inspected and managed in such a way that any signs of erosion can be mitigated immediately.	As this is only a very small area of 5 hectares, the impact is not so big. As the excavation will be backfilled and vegetated the rehabilitated area must be treated as sensitive when grazed as overgrazing can trigger erosion and infiltration of declares weeds.	The mining method will serve as mitigation measure because it will limit dust to the active mining area, where the excavator and trucks operating.
SIGNIFICANCE if not mitigated	High -	Moderate -	Low -	Low-	-Fow-	, wo ]
PHASE	Operational	Operational and closure	Construction and Operational	Construction	Operational and closure	Operational
ASPECTS AFFECTED	Geology & soil	Topography	Soil	TES O	Land use	Air quality
POTENTIAL IMPACT	1.1 Removal of the alluvial gravel up to 1.5m. Disturbance of 0.2 hectares over a period of 2 years at any given time.	1.2 Change in landform. The entire mining area will be lowered by 1.5 m and normal surface drainage will be disturbed at this specific point.	1.3 Stripping of all available topsoil and stockpiled.	14 Soil erosion: Due to the fact that certain surface areas would become devoid of any vegetation cover and compacted this would lead to lesser inflitration of rain water and more run-off that could cause erosion on bare disturbed areas and side slopes	1.5. Land capability and land use. Loss of land to support cultivation/ grazing.	1.6 Generation of dust by excavating and vehicle movement
NAME OF ACTIVITY		auojs	pus ləve	vations for gra	l	·

K) Summary of specialist reports.

In term of NEMA – EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 – Reg. 21, Appendix 1 – 3. (1)(k)

Table 13: Specialist Reports

Table Tot openial	-4414444		
LIST OF STUDIES UNDERTAKEN	RECOMMENDATIONS OF SPECIALIST REPORTS	SPECIALIST RECOMMENDATIONS THAT HAVE BEEN INCLUDED IN THE EIA REPORT (Mark with an X where applicable)	REFERENCE TO APPLICABLE SECTION OF REPORT WHERE SPECIALIST RECOMMENDATIONS HAVE BEEN INCLUDED.
None		The state of the s	**************************************
	FOR THE POST OF TH	THE RESIDENCE VARIABLE VARIABLE AND ASSOCIATION ASSOCI	
			**************************************
			PAIL
		TO THE THE CONTROL THE STREET OF THE STREET	- 10 J 100 (F 2007) 200 (F 2007)
			7.199.m *7.199.m**

### L) ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(i)

### (i) Summary of the key findings of the environmental impact assessment;

The **small scale alluvial gravel mining operation** is definitely going to have an impact on the environment. The main impact relates to topography, geology, soil, vegetation, and land use and land capability.

The gravel resource will be mined over a period of 2 years or possible more.

The existing land-use is agriculture (grazing).

This is a small operation (5 ha) and for the next 2 years only a small portion of the farm will be temporarily alienated.

The conservation of topsoil is of utmost importance and therefore in order to ensure a sustainable land use again on the 5ha, the top at least 30 cm topsoil need to be removed prior to mining of the underlying gravel (up to 1.5 m depth). This will be used again as growth medium during the rehabilitation phase of the excavations. Topsoil will be stored in berm walls on the border of the excavations in order to divert any surface run-off during a rainfall event.

Other environmental impacts relates to the day to day operation that could easily be managed, such as dust and noise.

### (ii) Final Site Map

Attach as Appendix 1 (b).

### (iii)Summary of the positive and negative impacts and risks of the proposed activity and identified alternatives;

The site is selected in such a way that farming (grazing by cattle) will still be possible on the rest of the farm. The loss of land use and land capability will be temporary as the site will be rehabilitated in order to still be continued to be used for agriculture (grazing).

Although this is a small alluvial diamond mining operation it would also add to the increased economic activity within the farming and exiting mining community around Bloemhof. Jobs for 9 permanent (including manager) labour will be created.

Negative impacts on the area are expected to be temporary and can be mitigated to a large extent if the recommendations of the EMP are adhered to e.g. rehabilitation.

No concerns have been raised as yet by any I & AP.

The specific occurrence of the alluvial gravel (DA) deposit dictates the selection of the specific mining site.

### M) Proposed impact management objectives and the impact management outcomes for inclusion in the EMPr;

in term of NEMA - EiA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(m)

The main closure objective for Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd is to rehabilitate the entire mining site in such a way to ensure that the new man-made topographical landscape would blend in with the surrounding landscape, not pose a safety hazard to humans and animals, while at the same time allow for alternative land uses. Establish a self-sustaining and stable vegetation cover in order to mitigate the visual impact, to control erosion and to create some habitat for animals. The rehabilitated environment also needs to be aesthetically acceptable according to the principle of BPEO. The applicant will ensure that the Operation/Sites are:

- Neither a danger to public health and safety nor to animal health and safety;
- Not a source of any pollution;
- Stable (ecological and geophysical);
- Rehabilitated to the state that is suitable for the predetermined and agreed land use (Grazing);
- Compatible with the surrounding biophysical environment;
- A sustainable environment:
- Aesthetically acceptable;
- Not an economic, social or environmental liability to the local community or the state now or in the future.

### N) Aspects for Inclusion as Conditions of Authorisation.

in term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(n)

None

### O) Description of Any Assumptions, Uncertainties and Gaps in Knowledge.

in term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(o)
None

### P) Reasoned Opinion as To Whether The Proposed Activity Should Or Should Not Be Authorised

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 325 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(p)

### (i) Reasons why the activity should be authorized or not.

This activity will have only low and very low impacts and no significant impacts were identified. No concerns were raised by the interested parties. These mining activities will have no significant impacts on them or their surrounding environment.

(ii) Conditions that must be included in the authorisation None

### Q) Period for which the environmental authorisation is required.

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(q)

2 Years.

### R) Undertaking

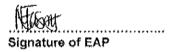
In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(r)

### UNDERTAKING

I, <u>HM Erasmus</u>, the undersigned and duly authorised thereto by <u>DERA Omgewingskonsultante (PTY) Ltd</u> hereby confirm:

- ✓ the correctness of the information provided in this report;
- the inclusion of comments and inputs from stakeholders and I&AP's;
- the inclusion of inputs and recommendations from the specialist reports where relevant and where applicable and;
- all information provided to the interested and affected parties a true reflection of this document.

Signed at Klerksdorp on this day 9th November2022.



### S) Financial Provision

In term of NEMA – EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 – Reg. 21, Appendix 1 – 3. (1)(s)

The total application area is 5 hectares but only 0.2 hectares will be disturbed by opencast excavations. The DMRE 2022 quantum calculation table and rates was used to determine the environmental liability. Based on these figures thus a total of *R 113'058.87* will be needed for rehabilitation guarantees. *R 113'058.87* will be sufficient for rehabilitation. See quantum attached as **Appendix 4**.

(i) Explain how the aforesaid amount was derived.

This will be a small operation where only 5 hectares will be disturbed at any stage by opencast excavations 0.2 hectares was ad at after care and maintenance. The amount was determined through the quantum tables and will be provided to DMRE prior to approval.

(ii) Confirm that this amount can be provided for from operating expenditure.

Yes it is hereby confirmed that the amount will be provided from operating expenditure.

### T) Specific Information required by the competent Authority

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(t)

- (i) Compliance with the provisions of sections 24(4)(a) and (b) read with section 24 (3) (a) and (7) of the National Environmental Management Act (Act 107 of 1998), the EIA report must include the:-
  - Impact on the socio-economic conditions of any directly affected person.

The 5 ha application area falls within the farm Kareefontein farm 340 HO that is owned by the Barry Wentzel Trust. No other person will be directly affected by this activity.

2. Impact on any national estate referred to in section 3(2) of the National Heritage Resources Act

This activity will have no impact on archaeological structures.

### U) Other matters required in terms of sections 24(4)(a) and (b) of the Act.

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(u)

NONE

### PART B

### ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME REPORT

### 1. DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME.

### A) DETAILS OF THE EAP

Name of the Practitioner: DERA Environmental Consultants (Pty) Ltd.

Ms. Esna Erasmus Tel No.: 018-468 5355 Fax No.: 018 011 3760

E-mail address: dera.office@dera.co.za. The EAP Ms. Esna Erasmus has a National Diploma in Agriculture Resource Utilization and a Baccalaureus Technologiae degree in Agricultural Management and completed three years subjects in Masters of Environmental Sciences in Environmental Sciences and Management.

See Figure 1, Figure 2 & Figure 3 for copies of his qualifications and CV.

### B) DESCRIPTION OF THE ASPECTS OF THE ACTIVITY

Activities	Description of phases
The Mineral	Bitflow Investments (Pty) Ltd intends to mine for Diamonds (Alluvial) (DA) situated on the KAREEFONTEIN 340 HO
	(over a certain portion of Portion 12), Bioemhof district, and 5 hectares in total. See Figure 5 for location of
Carrette Community	application area. The alluvial diamond gravel will be mined over the whole of the application area.
The extend	The gravel is on average 1.5 meter thick with a topsoil layer which varies between 300 and 500 millimeters.
	The area that was identified and demarcated is shown on the attached sketch plan. The gravel reserve on these 5
	hectares is estimated at 75'000m³ or ± 85 000 tons and the total material to be moved is 75'000m³.
Mining	The above area will be mined through opencast excavations where the topsoil will be stripped separately and
method	stockpiled. The gravel is then removed with a 30 ton excavator and placed next to the excavation. A Front -end
	Loader takes the gravel to the 14 feet washing pan which is fed at a rate of 6m³ an hour, 240m³ a day and 4800m³
	a month. All the rough are first placed back into the bottom of the excavation, hereafter the puddle out of the pan is
	pumped directly back into the open excavation. After the puddle dried off, the topsoil is put back on top again. The
	excavations will be 40m in length 10m wide and ±1 meters deep on average. Only one excavation will be opened at a time.
	The total estimated reserve of gravel is 75'000m³ taken at a production rate of 4800m³ a month it will take 24
	months to work the estimated reserve of ±75'000m². The production rate is taken at 4800m³/month. The gravel
	which is relatively shallow (1.5 meter) and the low production rate of the applicant make this 5 hectare to be
	worked sustainable over a period of two years.
The grade	The grade of this gravel is estimated at 0.3 carat per 100 ton of gravel and \$650 a carat, which can give ±254 carats of diamonds. The small operation can last for 24 months and can be profitable.

### C) COMPOSITE MAP

See Appendix 1 (C).

### D) DESCRIPTION OF IMPACT MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES INCLUDING MANAGEMENT STATEMENTS

### (i) Determination of closure objectives

The main closure objective of the applicant is to rehabilitate the entire mining site in such a way to ensure that the new man-made topographical landscape would blend in with the surrounding landscape, not pose a safety hazard to humans and animals, while at the same time allow for alternative land uses. Establish a self-sustaining and stable vegetation cover in order to mitigate the visual impact, to control erosion and to create some habitat for animals. The rehabilitated environment also needs to be aesthetically acceptable according to the principle of BPEO. Another main objective is to manage the surface water in such way that an acceptable water standard is achieved when a closure certificate is issued.

As this area was disturbed before there is not top soil available on all the areas but on the non-disturbed area all available top soil will be stripped and stockpiled.

### Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd will ensure that the Operation/Sites are:

- Neither a danger to public health and safety nor to animal health and safety;
- Not a source of any pollution;
- Stable (ecological and geophysical);
- Rehabilitated to the state that is suitable for the predetermined and agreed land use (GRAZING);
- Compatible with the surrounding biophysical environment;
- A sustainable environment;
- Aesthetically acceptable;
- Not an economic, social or environmental liability to the local community or the state now or in the future.

### Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd will furthermore:

- ensure that the physical and chemical stability of the rehabilitated site will be such that risk to
  the environment is not increased by naturally occurring forces to the extent that such
  increased risk cannot be contended with by the installed measures;
- subscribe to the optimal exploitation and utilization of South Africa's mineral resources (Alluvial Diamonds (DA);
- ensure that the mining site is closed efficiently and cost effectively.
- ensure that the operation is not abandoned but closed in accordance with the relevant requirements:
- ensure that the interest of all interested and affected parties will be considered;
- ensure that the all-relevant legislation regarding mine closure will be adhered to, and all relevant application procedures followed.

### (ii) Volumes and rate of water use required for the operation

2'000 litres a day will be used for washing pans.

### (iii) Has a water use licence been applied for?

Water will be obtained from a exiting borehole by the applicant.

Not yet, applicant will submit an application when the right is successfully issued.

# (iv) Impacts to be mitigated in their respective phases

Table 14: Measures to rehabilitate the environment affected by the undertaking of any listed activity

			7		
ACTIVITIES	PHASE	SIZE AND SCALE	MITIGATION MEASURES	COMPLIANCE WITH	IME PERIOD FOR
and the state of t		of disturbance		STANDARDS	IMPLEMENTATION
en kerke		(volumes, tonnages	- Control		
a ta da		and hectares or m²)	THE STATE OF		
1. Excavations	Operational	4'800 m³ a month	Concurrent rehabilitation by sloping the sides   The pits will backfilled with puddle	The pits will backfilled with puddle	As part of concurrent
and distinct		and 0.2 hectares at	of the excavation to be stable/sustainable and for stability and providing a base for	for stability and providing a base for	rehabilitation.
an American		any stage	covered with topsoil and vegetate.	the replacement of topsoil.	
2. Gravel Stockpite area	Operational	0.2 hectares at any	Keep this area as small as possible within the	Immediate cleaning of spillages	Concurrent with mining
		stage	demarcated area. Prevent spillages of fuels		,
		•	by machines		
3. Washing of gravel	Operational		Keep this area as small as possible. Prevent	Immediate cleaning of spillages	Concurrent with the mining
	·		spillages of fuels by equipment.		

Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd. - KAREEFONTEIN 340 HO (over a certain portion of Portion 12) - NW30J5J1J3J2J 11138 MP

## E) IMPACT MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES

ACTIVITY	POTENTIAL IMPACT	ASPECTS AFFECTED	PHASE	MITICATION TYPE	STANDARO TO BE ACHIEVED
	1.1 Removal of the gravel up to 1.5 m	Geology & soil	Operational	The bulk of the material removed will be back-filled.  The impact will be mitigated be sloping the sides of the excavation and stabilizing the soil to prevent soil erosion.	Stable slopes that can sustain erosion without excessive erosion.
ləverg lsiv	1.2 Change in landform. The entire mining area will be lowered by 1 m and normal surface drainage will be disturbed at this specific point. The pit will be backfilled	Fopography	Operational and closure	The side of pit will be sloped and the soil stabilized to prevent erosion. A surface water cut-off trench should be put in place around the active mining site I order to prevent surface water on the mining site.  Rehabilitation of the new sloped landscape in such a way that it would blend in with the surrounding landscape.	Gentle stable slopes.
or allu	1.3 Stripping of all available topsoil and stockpiled	Soil	Construction and operational	The top soil must be removed before any disturbance take place. The top soil must be removed and stockpile in a demarcated area for rehabilitation purposes.	Enough topsoil for rehabilitation to ensure sustainable vegetation.
xcavations f	1.4 Sail erosion due to the fact that certain surface areas would become devoid of any vegetation cover and compacted. This would lead to lesser infiltration of rain water and more run-off that could cause erosion on bare disturbed areas and side slopes.	Soil	Construction and operational	To take preventive steps against erosion, Implement and maintain cut-off trenches and or berms around the mining area to prevent water entering that can cause excessive erosion.	No excessive erosion that cannot be stabilized.
·=	1.5. Loss of Land capability & land use.	Land capability & land use	Operational and closure	As this is only a very small area of 5 hectares, the impact is fow. As the sides will be sloped and vegetated, the rehabilitated area must be treated as sensitive when grazed as overgrazing can trigger erosion and infiltration of declared weeds.	Sustainable rehabilitated area.
	1.6 Generation of dust by excavating and vehicle movement	Air quality	Operational	The generation of dust will only be localized at the mining site. Daily spraying of roads with water	No excessive dust that can be harmful to the environment and humans.

Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd. - KAREEFONTEIN 340 HO lover a certain portion of Portion 12) - NW30J5/1/3/2/ 11138 MP

### F) IMPACT MANAGEMENT ACTIONS

COMPLIANCE WITH STANDARDS					F A 114 NOV A ANNA WA	grove and and a second
TIME PERIOD FOR IMPLEMENTATION					and the second s	
MITIGATION TYPE	The bulk of the material removed will be washed and the puddle back to the excavation. The impact will be mitigated by backfilling the excavation and stabilizing the soil to prevent soil erosion.	The pit will be backfilled and the soil stabilized to prevent erosion.  A surface water cut-off trench should be put in place around the active mining site. I order to prevent surface water on the mining site.  Rehabilitation of the new rehabilitated landscape in such a way that it would blend in with the surrounding landscape.	The top soil must be removed before any disturbance take place. The top soil must be removed and stockpile in a demarcated area for rehabilitation purposes	To take preventive steps against erosion, Implement and maintain cut-off trenches and or berms around the mining area to prevent water entering that can cause excessive erosion.	As this is only a very small area of 5 hectares, the impact is low. As the sides will be stoped and vegetated, the rehabilitated area must be treated as sensitive when grazed as overgrazing can trigger erosion and infiltration of declared weeds.	The generation of dust will only be localized at the mining site. Daily spraying of roads with water
POTENTIAL IMPACT	1.1 Removal of the gravel up to 1.5 m	1.2 Change in landform. The entire mining area will be lowered by 1.5 m and normal surface drainage will be disturbed at this specific point. The pit will be backfilled	1.3 Stripping of all available topsoil and stockpiled	1.4 Soil erosion due to the fact that certain surface areas would become devoid of any vegetation cover and compacted. This would lead to lesser infiltration of rain water and more run-off that could cause erosion on bare disturbed areas and side slopes.	1.5 Loss of Land capability & land use	1.6 Generation of dust by excavating and vehicle movement
ACTIVITY			for all	snoiteveax		

### G) FINANCIAL PROVISION

### 1. Determination of the amount of Financial Provision

### A. DESCRIBE THE CLOSURE OBJECTIVES AND THE EXTENT TO WHICH THEY HAVE BEEN ALIGNED TO THE BASELINE ENVIRONMENT DESCRIBED UNDER THE REGULATION

The main closure objective of the applicant is to rehabilitate the entire mining site in such a way to ensure that the new man-made topographical landscape would blend in with the surrounding landscape, not pose a safety hazard to humans and animals, while at the same time allow for alternative land uses. Establish a self-sustaining and stable vegetation cover in order to mitigate the visual impact, to control erosion and to create some habitat for animals. The rehabilitated environment also needs to be aesthetically acceptable according to the principle of BPEO. Another main objective is to manage the surface water in such way that an acceptable water standard is achieved when a closure certificate is issued.

### Bitflow investments 20 (Pty) Ltd will ensure that the Operation/Sites are:

- Neither a danger to public health and safety nor to animal health and safety;
- Not a source of any pollution;
- Stable (ecological and geophysical);
- Rehabilitated to the state that is suitable for the predetermined and agreed land use (GRAZING);
- Compatible with the surrounding biophysical environment;
- A sustainable environment;
- Aesthetically acceptable;
- Not an economic, social or environmental liability to the local community or the state now or in the future.

### Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd will furthermore:

- ensure that the physical and chemical stability of the rehabilitated site will be such that risk to the
  environment is not increased by naturally occurring forces to the extent that such increased risk
  cannot be contended with by the installed measures;
- subscribe to the optimal exploitation and utilization of South Africa's mineral resources (ALLUVIAL DIAMONDS (DA));
- ensure that the mining site is closed efficiently and cost effectively.
- ensure that the operation is not abandoned but closed in accordance with the relevant requirements;
- ensure that the interest of all interested and affected parties will be considered;
- ensure that the all-relevant legislation regarding mine closure will be adhered to, and all relevant application procedures followed.

### B. CONFIRM SPECIFICALLY THAT THE ENVIRONMENTAL OBJECTIVES IN RELATION TO CLOSURE HAVE BEEN CONSULTED WITH LANDOWNER AND INTERESTED AND AFFECTED PARTIES

Yes, the disturbance that will take place and the rehabilitation thereof were discussed on the site visit with the landowner.

C. PROVIDE A REHABILITATION PLAN THAT DESCRIBES AND SHOWS THE SCALE AND AERIAL EXTENT OF THE MAIN MINING ACTIVITIES, INCLUDING THE ANTICIPATED MINING AREA AT THE TIME OF CLOSURES.

### a. Rehabilitation:

The clearing of soil surface areas would be restricted to what is really necessary for the construction of infrastructure/crushing plant. During rehabilitation of these sites, or where vegetation is lacking or compacted, the areas would be ripped or ploughed and levelled in order to re-establish a growth medium and if necessary appropriately fertilised to ensure the regrowth of vegetation and the soil ameliorated based on a fertilizer recommendation (soil sample analysed).

### Rehabilitation of access roads

- Whenever a mining permit is suspended, cancelled or abandoned or if it lapses and the holder does not wish to renew the permit or right, any access road or portions thereof, constructed by the holder and which will no Shorter be required by the landowner/tenant, shall be removed and/or rehabilitated to the satisfaction of the Regional Manager.
- Any gate or fence erected by the holder which is not required by the landowner/tenant, shall be removed and the situation restored to the pre-mining situation.
- Roads shall be ripped or ploughed, and if necessary, appropriately fertilised (based on a soil
  analysis) to ensure the regrowth of vegetation. Imported road construction materials which may
  hamper regrowth of vegetation must be removed and disposed of in an approved manner prior to
  rehabilitation.
- If a reasonable assessment indicates that the re-establishment of vegetation is unacceptably slow, the Regional Manager may require that the soil be analysed and any deleterious effects on the soil arising from the mining operation, be corrected and the area be seeded with a seed mix to the Regional Manager's specification.

### Rehabilitation of the surface mining site

On completion of operations, all buildings, structures or objects on the camp/office site shall be dealt with in accordance with section 44 of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act 28 of 2002), which states:

- (1) When a mining right, mining right, retention permit or mining permit lapses, is cancelled or is abandoned or when any mining or mining operation comes to an end, the holder of any such right or permit may not demolish or remove any building, structure, object -
  - (A & B) which may not be demolished in terms of any other law:
  - (C) which has been identified in writing by the Minister for purposes of this section; or
  - (c) which is to be retained in terms of an agreement between the holder and the owner or occupier of the land, which agreement has been approved by the Minister in writing.
- (2) The provision of subsection (1) does not apply to bona fide mining equipment which may be removed

The excavations surface area shall be ripped or ploughed to a depth of at least 300mm and the topsoil previously stored adjacent the site, shall be spread evenly to its original depth over the whole area. After all the foreign matter has been removed from the mining sites, the side slopes and the excavations floor area will be sloped and levelled and the previously stored topsoil replaced.

The area shall then be fertilised if necessary (based on a soil analysis). The site shall be seeded with a vegetation seed mix (section C) adapted to reflect the local indigenous flora. Where the site has been rendered devoid of vegetation/grass or where soils have been compacted owing to traffic, the surface shall be scarified or ripped.

Photographs of the site, before and during the mining operation and after rehabilitation, shall be taken at selected fixed points and kept on record for the information of the Regional Manager.

Rehabilitation of the new topographical landscape in such a way that it would blend in with the surrounding landscape and allow normal (controlled) surface drainage to continue.

Implement water control systems in order to prevent erosion. Seed the area (see C. (below) for recommended seed mixture).

Visual impact would be addressed by means of;

- revegetation (grasses);
- removal of any building, scrap, domestic waste, etc. that would otherwise contribute to a negative visual impact.

### Fertilising of Areas to be Rehabilitated

If a reasonable assessment indicates that the re-establishment of vegetation is unacceptably slow, the Regional Manager may require that the soil be analysed and any deleterious effects on the soil arising from the mining operation be corrected and the area be seeded with a seed mix to his or her specification.

### Seeding of Grass Seed Mixture and planting of Woody Species

The eventual seed mixture takes into account the availability of seed, different soil situations and the prevailing climatic conditions of the area. The following mixture will be applicable to the borehole mining site:

- Cenchrus ciliaris
- Cynodon dactylon
- Digitaria eriantha
- Heteropogon contortus
- Panicum maximum

### b. Demolition of infrastructure/buildings

On completion of operations, all buildings, structures or other on the mining terrain shall be dealt with in accordance with section 44 of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act,2002 (Act No. 28 of 2002). There will be no permanent buildings.

### Invasive and alien control programme

Develop and implement an invasive and alien control programme to control the spread of weeds and other invasive species. Eradicate exotic weeds and invader species if it invades the terrain. All illegal invader plants and weeds shall be eradicated as required in terms of Regulation 15 & 16 of the Act on Conservation of Agricultural Resources, 1983 (Act no. 43 of 1983) which list the plants.

### D. EXPLAIN WHY IT CAN BE CONFIRMED THAT THE REHABILITATION PLAN IS COMPATIBLE WITH THE CLOSURE OBJECTIVES

The excavations will be backfilled with puddle and top soil will be placed back. This site can be rehabilitated.

### E. CALCULATE AND STATE THE QUANTUM OF THE FINANCIAL PROVISION REQUIRED TO MANAGE AND REHABILITATE THE ENVIRONMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE GUIDELINE

The total application area is 5 hectares but only 0.2 hectares will be disturbed by opencast excavations. The DMRE 2022 quantum calculation table and rates was used to determine the environmental liability. Based on these figures thus a total of <u>R 113'058.87</u> will be needed for rehabilitation guarantees. <u>R 113'058.87</u> will be sufficient for rehabilitation. See quantum attached as **Appendix 4**.

### F. CONFIRM THAT THE FINANCIAL PROVISION WILL BE PROVIDED AS DETERMINED

The financing for this project will be done from the account of Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd., the applicant himself out of own funds. The guarantee will be provided in the form of **Bank Guarantee** after confirmation of the amount.

### G. MECHANISMS FOR MONITORING COMPLIANCE WITH AND PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT AGAINST THE ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME AND REPORTING THEREON, INCLUDING

- vii. Monitoring of Impact Management Actions
- viii. Monitoring and reporting frequency
- vx. Responsible persons
- x. Time period for implementing impact management actions
- xi. Mechanism for monitoring compliance

SOURCE ACTIVITY	IMPACTS REQUIRING MONITORING PROGRAMMES	FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR MONITORING	ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES (FOR THE EXECUTION OF THE MONITORING PROGRAMMES)	MONITORING AND REPORTING FREQUENCY and TIME PERIODS FOR IMPLEMENTING IMPACT MANAGEMENT ACTIONS
Mining site/Soil	Possible spillages of petrochemicals. Stripping of topsoil	Checking for spillages on daily basis. Checking correct stripping and stockpiling of topsoil	Manager and Applicant	Daily checking and reporting with Performance Assessment
Mining site/Topography	Concurrent backfilling of excavations.	Checking stability of slope and erosion preventive measures	Manager and applicant	Quarterly
Mining site/Air quality	Dust pollution from mining activities.	Regular wetting of roads and stockpile area where loading take place.	Manager and applicant	Daily
Mining site	Chemical toilet	Make sure that it is used and hygienic.	Manager and Applicant	Weekly,

### H) INDICATE THE FREQUENCY OF THE SUBMISSION OF THE PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT/ ENVIRONMENTAL AUDIT REPORT.

Annually

- INDICATE THE FREQUENCY OF THE SUBMISSION OF THE PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT/ ENVIRONMENTAL AUDIT REPORT.
   Annually
- J) INDICATE THE FREQUENCY OF THE SUBMISSION OF THE PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT/ ENVIRONMENTAL AUDIT REPORT.

  Annually

### K) ENVIRONMENTAL AWARENESS PLAN

(i) Manner in which the applicant intends to inform his or her employees of any environmental risk which may result from their work.

Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd will contract DERA Environmental Consultants to inform the employees after the EMP was approved. The following guidelines will be used:

- Communication
- Urge
- Leadership
- Teamwork
- Understanding
- Recognition
- Empowerment (CULTURE).
- (ii) (2) Manner in which risks will be dealt with in order to avoid pollution or the degradation of the environment.

The biggest risks will be the degradation of soil/ land capability if the top soil is not handled correctly. The risks of soil pollution by spillages of fuel and oil will be managed on a daily basis checking for leaks on equipment and proper storage of oil and fuel. Concurrent proper rehabilitation of the excavations will ensure that pre-mining land capability can be restored.

The main closure objective of **Bitflow Investments (Pty) Ltd.** is to rehabilitate the entire mining site in such a way to ensure that the new man-made topographical landscape would blend in with the surrounding landscape, not pose a safety hazard to humans and animals, while at the same time allow for alternative land uses. Establish a self-sustaining and stable vegetation cover in order to mitigate the visual impact, to control erosion and to create some habitat for animals. The rehabilitated environment also needs to be aesthetically acceptable according to the principle of BPEO. Another main objective is to manage the surface water in such way that an acceptable water standard is achieved when a closure certificate is issued. As this area was disturbed before there is not top soil available on all the areas but on the non-disturbed area all available top soil will be stripped and stockpiled.

### L) SPECIFIC INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THE COMPETENT AUTHORITY

The quantum for rehabilitation liability will be reviewed with the performance assessment on arranual basis.

Table 15: Monitoring Plan

Table 15: Moni	Frequency	Method	Period
1.Monitoring of perimeter fence	Monthly and following any heavy rainfall.	Vehicle patrol. Record	Until closure
2.Monitoring of revegetation Mined out and rehabilitated areas Levelled and Rehabilitated Dumps Old roads Covered over waste pits Rehabilitation plots	Every 6 months	Foot inspection Initiate set up of test plots Photograph. Get consultants in if necessary.	Until closure
3.Monitoring of erosion Roads Rehabilitated mined out areas Dumps Pumps and pipelines Any other areas	Every 6 months and following any heavy rainfall	Visual inspection Walk over rehab areas Drive along roads. Check pipelines and pumps. Photographic records.	Until closure
Monitoring of alien plants over the whole site.	On-going until under control - then every 6 months.	Visual inspection on foot patrol.  Map presence of invasive plants.  Plan removal, remove and document area covered on monthly basis. Verify Photograph	On-going until closure
5. Monitoring of all Rehabilitation Areas. Check compliance with gradients and variation in topography	Every 6 months.	Survey- map new rehabilitated areas. Plot on map and calculate area treated, Get rehab consultants in if necessary.	Until closure.
Monitoring of stability of water storage pit.	Monthly and summarize every 6 months	Follow specifications in mandatory code of practice for puddle dams	Until closure
7.Monitoring of disposal of metal scrap, old oil, oil filters, old oil drums, oily cloths, batteries, fluorescent tubes, tires and contaminated soil (Hazardous waste)	Monthly and summarize every 6 months.	Record each load sent off the site. Give used oils to Oilkol Ensure safe disposal certificates are obtained from suppliers if the material is given back to them.	Until closure.
8.Monitoring of maintenance of general waste disposal	All loads of waste to be recorded and quantity extrapolated. Covering of waste pit - Monthly.	Running total of loads of waste taken Record of waste taken to Wolmaransstad waste disposal site Keeping record of waste taken to disposal site	Until closure
9.Monitoring of condition efficiency of chemical toilets	Every six months	Visual inspection. Record condition.	Until closure
10. Monitoring of condition of bunded areas around diesel storages, refueling area, old oil tank.	Every six months.	Visual inspection	Until closure
11. Monitoring of water use.	Monthly	Record total water use, should there be an indication that there is a decline in water volumes.	Until closure

### 2. UNDERTAKING

The EAP herewith confirms

- (i) The correctness of the information provided in the reports;
- (ii) The inclusion of comments and inputs from stakeholders and I&APs;
- (iii) The inclusion of inputs and recommendations from the specialist reports where relevant; and
- (iv) That the information provided by the EAP to interested and affected parties and any responses by the EAP to comments or inputs made by interested and affected parties are correctly reflected herein.

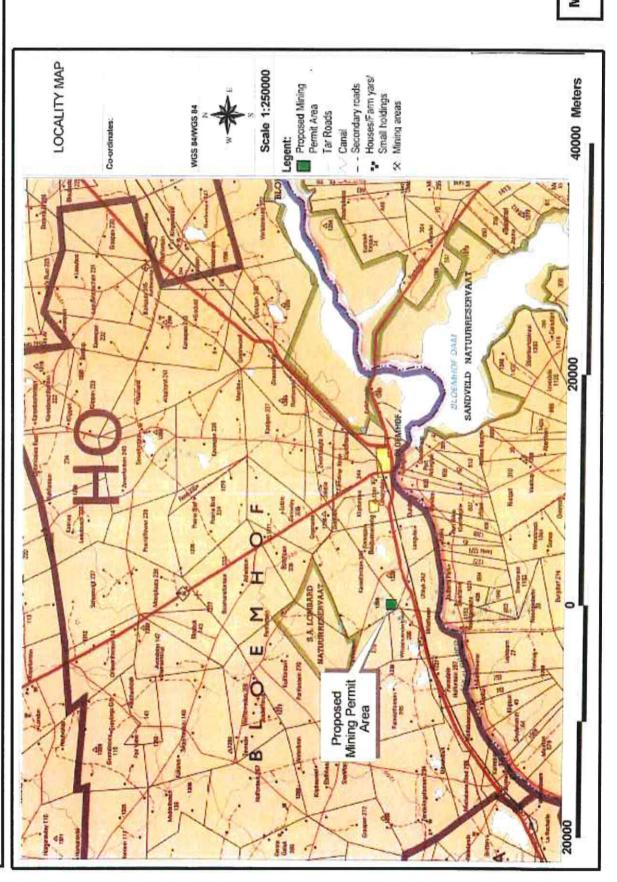
Attasmy	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Signature of the environmental assessment practitioner:	•
DERA Environmental Consultants (Pty) Ltd	
Name of company:	
9 <sup>th</sup> November 2022	

Date:

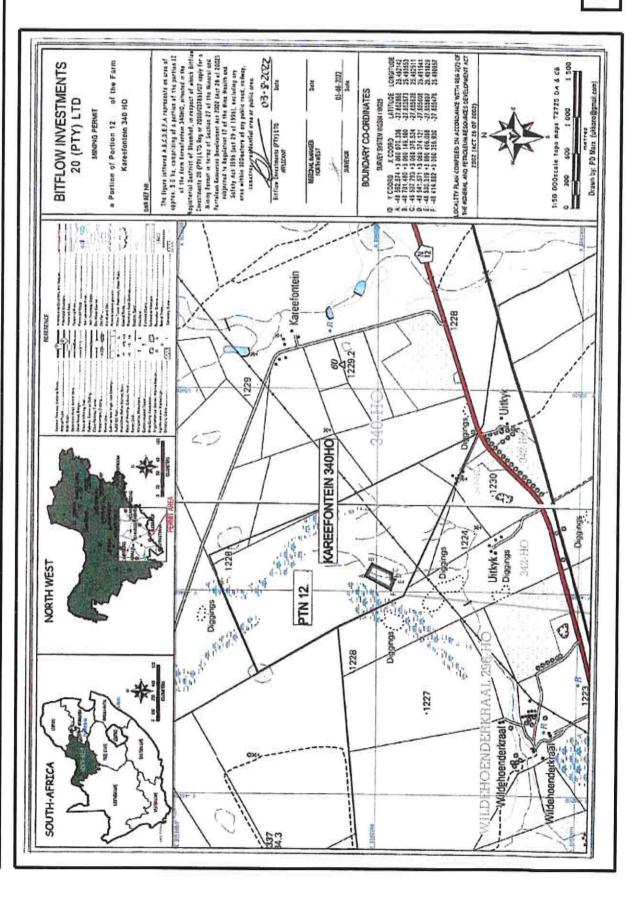
-END-

JERRY DEAN MENIN
OFFICE MANAGER / AUDITOR
COMMISSIONER OF OATHS / KOMMISSARIS VAN EDE
Appointed in terms of Section 5(1) of Act 16 of 1963
Aangestel in terme van Artikel 5(1) van Wet 16 van 1963
Centrallaan 32 Central Avenue, Flamwood, Klerksdorp
Appointed/Aangestel: 23 Oktober 2012
Referenco/Verwysing: 9/1/8/2 Klerksdorp

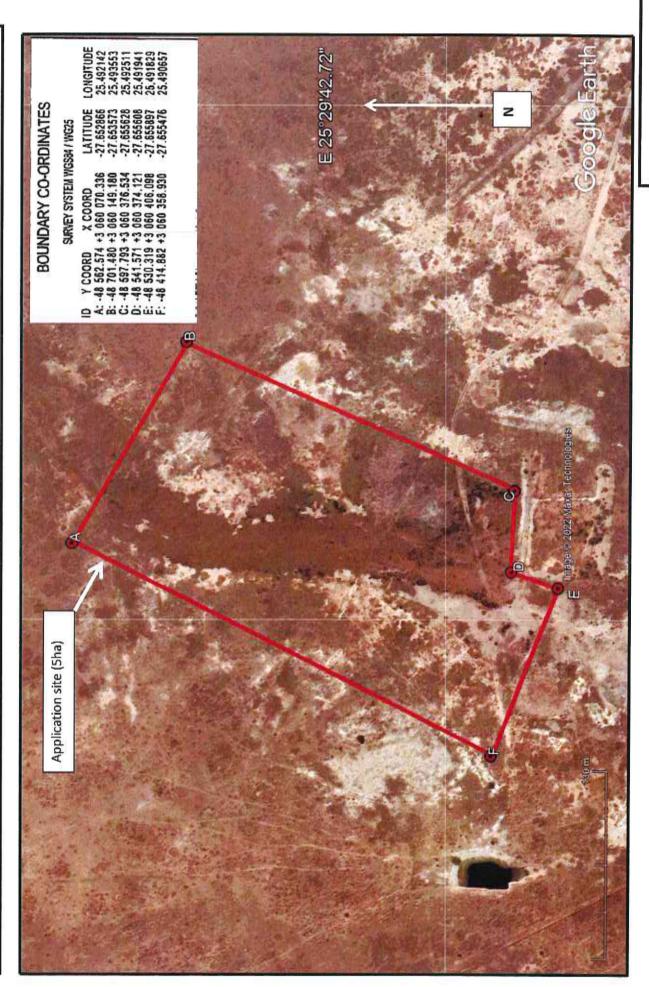
LOCALITY MAP: APPENDIX 1(A) & INFRASTRUCTURE AND ACTIVITY MAP: APPENDIX 1(B) & APPENDIX 1(C) Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd. - KAREEFONTEIN 340 HO (over a certain portion of Portion 12) - NW30/5/1/3/2/ 11138 MP



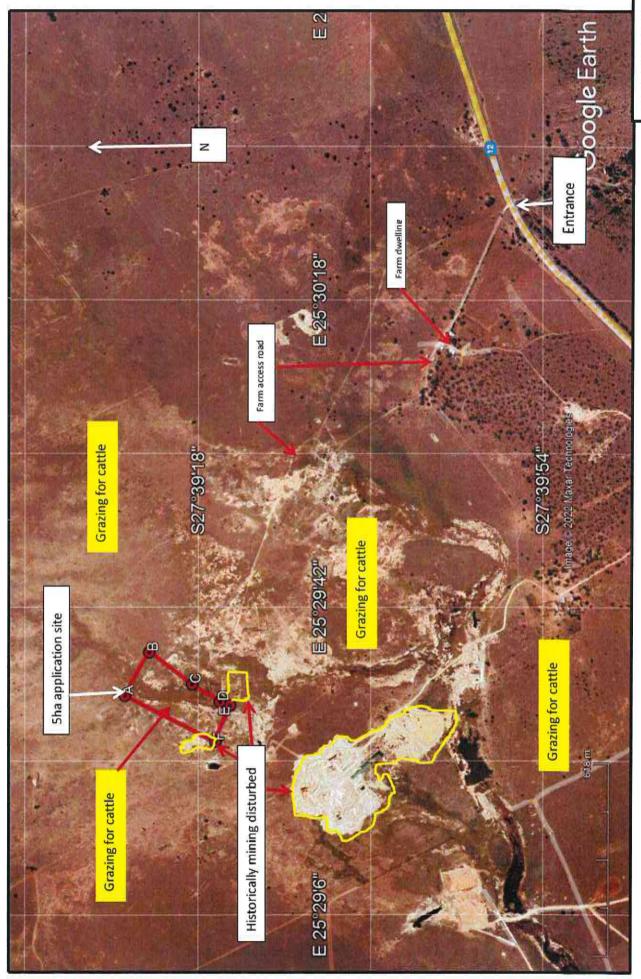
General location of Mine permit site (5ha)



### SURFACE INFRASTRUCTURE MAP/PLAN



SURFACE INFRASTRUCTURE PLAN (Google satellite image)



Land use composite map

Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd. - KAREEFONTEIN 340 HO (over a certain portion of Portion 12) - NW30/5/1/3/2/ 11138 MP

### **PROOF OF CONSULTATION: APPENDIX 2**

# APPENDIX 2: DETAILS OF THE PUBLIC PARTICIPATION PROCESS

piers on adjacent properties  rani collekwa-leemane.co.za cor infrastructure that may be stom, Telkom, DWA.  a  Agricultural Development Ideoka& Sladium Road, Mmabatho,	Interested and Affected Parties List the names of persons consulted in this column, and Mark with an "X" where those who must be consulted were in fact consulted.	Date sent and/or Comments Received	Issues taised	EAP's response to the applicant
Ventral Track Landsomer)	AFFECTED PARTIES			
Wertzel Trust   Land Corne				
in cocupients of the lased  I Roos (New Job)  I Rook (New Job)  I	Barry Wentzel Trust (Landowner) Bloemhof, 2660 Cell: 0826320114 E-maif:	3 New 2022 7 New 2022	Consultation latter send No objection, see altached signed consultation letter	
1	Lawfut occupier/s of the land			
Nov 2002   No objection letter send   3 key 2002   No objection, see signed consultation letter send   4 key 2002   No objection, see signed consultation letter send   4 key 2002   No objection, see signed consultation letter send   4 key 2002   No objection, see signed consultation letter send   4 key 2002   No objection, see signed consultation letter send   4 key 2002   No objection, see signed consultation letter send   4 key 2002   No objection, see signed consultation letter send   4 key 2002   No objection, see signed consultation letter send   4 key 2002   No objection, see signed consultation letter send   4 key 2002   No objection, see signed consultation letter send   4 key 2002   No objection, see signed consultation letter send   4 key 2002   No objection, see signed consultation letter send   4 key 2002   No objection setter send   4 key 2002   No objection   4 key 2002   No objection setter send   4 key 2002   No objection send   4 key 2002   4 key 2	ul occupiers on adjacent properties			
Figure	Mr. P.J. Roos (Neighbour) P.O. Box 77, Bloemhof, 2660 Call. 072 626 6808	3 Nov 2022 4 Nov 2022	Consultation tetter sand No objection, see signed consultation tetter	
cipal councilor  cipality  x 3 Nov 2022 Consultation letter send to Mr. Mbonani 31 Nov 2022 Consultation letter send to Mr. Mbonani 32 441 2206 E-mail: conflact@lekva-teemane.co.za 32 441 2206 E-mail: conflact@lekva-teemane.co.za 33 441 2206 E-mail: conflact@lekva-teemane.co.za 33 441 2206 E-mail: conflact@lekva-teemane.co.za 34	Mis. C.L. Roos The farm faithyk Blosmisví, 2660 Call: 072 064 8418 E-mai:	3 New 2022 4 New 2022	Consultation tetter send No objection, see signed consultation tetter attached.	
cipality  a Termine Local Municipality  big 344 L202 Consultation letter send to Mr. Mbonani  big 344 L202 Consultation letter send to Mr. Mbonani  big 344 L202 Expansible for infrastructure that may be  set Roads Department. Eskon, Telkom, DWA.  The Roads Department Eskon, DWA.  The Roads Dep	Municipal councilor			
is a fermane total Municipality  a Termane Local Municipality  a Termane Local Municipality  b 3 1 Every 2022  b 3 44 1 2206 E-mait contactly delivery between co. za  no of state (Responsible for infrastructure that may be no state (Responsible for infrastructure).  I and Affairs  A Nov 2022  Request for verification of sand claims send to Ms.  A Nov 2022  Request for verification of sand claims send to Ms.  A Nov 2022  A Nov 2022  BARREMPT sent with Fastway couriers for comments and Santietton  x A ster and Santietton  x A ster and Santietton				
a Teemane Local Manicpality  1053 441 2206 E-mail contact@lekwa-teemane.co.za  1054 Radact feepen feet feet feepen feet feepen feet feepen feet feet feepen feet feepen feet feet feet feet feet feet feet fe				
ns of state (Responsible for infrastructure that may be led Roads Department, Eskom, Telkom, DWA.  Nth munities  Tand Affairs  - Land Affairs  - Land Affairs  - Sweeding Control Cont	Lekwa Teemane Local Municipality Municipal Manager: Mr. T. Mbonani Te:: 053 441 2206 E-mait: contact@lekwa-teemane.co.za	3 Nov 2022	Consultation letter send to Mr. Misonani	
### munities  Land Affairs  ElsweMothupi  ElsweMothupi  ElsweMothupi  ElsweMothupi  ElsweMothupi  ElsweMothupi  ElsweMothupi  Flow 2022 Request for verification of land claims send to Ms.  ### Monitoral Leaders    Phore 2022   Mothupi   Thoracle Environment and Agricultural Development   X   Skosana   Skosana@nwpg.gov.za   Consments   Consments   Skosana@nwpg.gov.za   X   X   X   X   X   X   X   X   X	Organs of state (Responsible for infrastructure that may be affected Roads Department, Eskom, Telkom, DWA.			
nunities  Land Affairs  Land Affairs  Land Affairs  Than Affairs  Request for verification of land claims send to Ms elswellopment and Agricultural Development X  Skosana  Skosana@owpg_gov.za  X  Nov 2022  Request for verification of land claims send to Ms  Road, Mmabatho,  9 Nov 2022  BARIEMPr sent with Fastway couriers for comments  1 coskosana@owpg_gov.za  X  X  X	Eskom			
- Land Affairs - Land Affairs - Sweemothupi elsweMothupi elswemothupi elswemothupi elswemothupi elswemothupi Atothupi  Thoy 2022 Request for verification of land claims send to Mis  Thoy 2022 Thoy 2022 Elevationment and Agricultural Development  X Skosana  Show 2022 BARIEMPr sent with Fastway couriers for comments  The comments of t	Communities			
elsweMothupi elsweMothupi elswemothupi elswemothupi elswemothupi@ddlc.gov.za  Thoy 2022 Request for verification of land claims send to Ms.  Anno 2022 Request for verification of land claims send to Ms.  Thoy 2022 Request for verification of land claims send to Ms.  Thoy 2022 BARIEMP's sent with Fastway couriers for comments on comments.  BARIEMP's sent with Fastway couriers for comments.  The same and Sanitation x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	MA			
etswe-Mothupi efswe-mothupi efswe-mothupi efswe-mothupi@ddet_gov.za  7 Nov 2022 Hothupi Itional Leaders Itional Leaders  Rural, Environment and Agricultural Development SSkosana sinte Building, Car James Moroka& Stadium Road, Mmabatho,  1. oskosana@awpg.gov.za  X Nov 2022 BARIEMP's sent with Fastway couriers for consments  9 Nov 2022 BARIEMP's sent with Fastway couriers for consments  9 Nov 2022 ARRIEMP's sent with Fastway couriers for consments  9 Nov 2022 BARIEMP's sent with Fastway couriers for consments  1. oskosana@awpg.gov.za  2. Water and Sanitation				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
itional Leaders  Rural, Environment and Agricultural Development  Skosana sorte Building, Car James Mosoka& Stadium Road, Mmabatho,  I. oskosana@mwpg.gov.za Water and Sanitation	Keabetswe.mothupi@drdlc.gov.za	3 Nov 2022 7 Nov 2022	Request for verification of land claims send to Ms. Mothupi	Acknowledge fetter received
Rural, Environment and Agricultural Development X Skosana shire Building, Car James Morokal, Stadium Road, Mmababho, I. oskosana@nwpg.gov.za Water and Sanitation X	Traditional Leaders			
Rural, Environment and Agricultural Development     Skosana     Skosana     Show 2022     Shoke Building, Car James Moroka& Stadium Road, Minabatho,     Coskosana@mwpg.gov.za     Water and Sanitation	NA			
SSkosana ssike Building, Car James Moroka& Stadium Road, Mmabatho,  L. oskosana@mwpg.gov.za Water and Sanitation				
	OumaSkosana Agricestre Building, Car James Moroka& Stadium Road, Mmabatho, 2735	9 Nov 2022	BARIEMPT sent with Fastway couriers for consments	
	e-mail: oskosana@awpg.gov.za Dept. Water and Sanitation			

Lerato Mokhoanfle	9 Nov 2022	BARNEMPr sent with Courser Guy couriers for
28 Central Road, Beaconsfield, Kimberlay, 8300 Tel: 053 830 8800 e-mail: Mokhoantlet.@dws.gov.za		comments
Dept. Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries		
Maurice Vuyega	9 Nov 2022	8ARIEMPr sent with Fastway couriers for comments
Louis le Grange Building, Chr Peter Mokaba & Wolmarans street, 3rd		
Fixor, Office no 318, Potchefstroom, 2520		
Tel: 018-389 5156 e-mail: MauriceV@daff.gov.za		
Other Competent Aethorálies		
OTHER AFFECTED PARTIES		
ATERESTED PARTIES		

Public Notice - Stelfalander 9 November 2022

P O Box 6499 Flamwood 2572

Faxl: 018 011 3760 Mobile: 082 895 3516

E-mail: dera office@dera.co.za

daane@dera.co.za

### DERA

3 November 2022

### Environmental Consultants

To whom it may concern

CONSULTATION WITH INTERESTED AND AFFECTED PARTIES WITH REGARD TO AN APPLICATION FOR A MINING PERMIT IN TERMS SECTION 27(2) OF THE MINERALS AND PETROLEUM RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT ACT, 2002 (ACT 28 OF 2002) AND NEMA, EIA 2014 OVER: A CERTAIN PORTION OF PORTION 12 OF THE FARM KAREEFONTEIN 340 HO, MAGISTERIAL DISTRICT OF BLOEMHOF.

You are herewith informed that **Bitflow investments 20 (Pty) Ltd.** has submitted an application in terms of Section 27(2) of the Minerals and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act 28 of 2002) and NEMA, EIA 2014, to the Regional Manager: Mineral Regulation, North West Region in respect of the mining of **Diamonds Alluvial** in the magisterial district of Bloemhof.

**Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd.** is in the process of compiling the Basic Assessment Report (BAR), which needs to be submitted at the Regional Office of DMR. The BAR will be available on request for I&AP's for comments. See attached the Sketch plan & Environmental Authorisation.

In terms of Section 10 of the Minerals and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act 28 of 2002), and in terms of Regulation 39(1) of the regulations published in the Government Notice No. R10328 (of 4 December 2014) under Chapter 6 of the NEMA, EIA 2014, the landowner or legal occupier of the land, as well as any other interested party must be notified and consulted with in terms of the proposed project.

Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd. deems it necessary to consult with inter alia yourself / your company/ your organization, and you are therefore kindly requested to comment very clearly and unambiguously with regards to the proposed mining project. You are requested to submit in writing, any interest/ objection and/or comments you may have and return it to the appointed consultants (Reference no. NW30/5/1/3/2/11138MP) within 30 days from the date of receipt of this letter. If no correspondence is received from you within the mentioned time frame, the applicant shall accept that you have no objection with the proposed mining activities.

Please call me if any further information is needed.

Your co-operation will be appreciated.

Yours faithfully

P.P. (S)

Esna Erasmus

DERA Environmental Consultants

Esna Erasmus P.O. Box 6499 KLERKSDORP 2572 Tel. 018-468 5355 Fax: 018-011 3760 Mobile: 082 895 3516

E-mail: daane@dera.co.za & dera.office@dera.co.za

PERSONAL INFORMATION:
Title/Titel: 111/1/ / Initiglis/Voorletters: D. First Name/Eerste naam: 60/14
Surname/Van LVEXT 2e
E-mail/E-pos
E-mail/E-pos Telephone/Telefoon O8265201/4 Fax/Faks.
Organisation (if applicable)/Organisasie(indien van toepassing:
Capasity (member, etc.)/Kapasiteit (lid ens):
Landowner/Grondeienaar/Neighbour/Buurman/ Interested and/or affected party on the farm/ op die plaas
Postal Address/ Posadres
Town/City/Dorp/Stad: Code/Kode: 266
COMMENT/OBJECTION:
3. What is the nature of your interest in the proposed project/Wat is a belang in die voorgenome projek?
your Elevan
2. Do you have any ground for objection towards the proposed project/Het u enige gronde vir beswaar ten opsigte van die
bogenoemde projek?
YES/NO JANEE
If "Yes", please list shortly/indien 'JA', lys asseblief kortliks.
3. Do you foresee that this activity will have a negative impact on yourself or the environment/Voorsien u dat die voorgenome projek 'n
negatiewe inpak kan he op uself of die omgewing?
YES/NO JAINEE.
if "Yes", please descibe shortly/indien 'JA', verduidelik asseblief kortliks.
Filled in entingered op. 7/
De Whertref
Name and Surname/ Company Signature/Handtekening
Naam en Van/Maatskappy

Esna Erasmus P.O. Box 6499 KLERKSDORP 2572 Tel. 018-468 5355 Fax: 018-011 3760 Mobile: 082 895 3516

E-mail: daane@dera.co.za & dera.office@dera.co.za

PERSONAL INFORMATION:
Title/Titel: 10.5   Initials/Voorletters: First Name/Eerste naam: 15.6
Surname/Van. KOOS
E-mail/E-pos.
Telephone/Telefoon 0.7.26.266808 Fax/Faks
Organisation (if applicable)/Organisasie(indien van toepassing:
Capasity (member, etc.)/Kapasiteit (lid ens):
Landowner/Grondelenaar/Neighbour/Buurman/ Interested and/or affected party on the farm/ op die plaas
Postal Address/ Posadres 845 7.7
Town/City/Dorp/Stad: Black to C Code/Kode: 2660
COMMENT/OBJECTION:
1. What is the nature of your interest in the proposed project/Wat is u belang in die voorgenome projek?
Buurman.
2. Do you have any ground for objection towards the proposed project/Het u enige gronde vir beswaar ten opsigte van die bogenoemde projek?  ∧ੇਂਂ ∴
YES(NO JA/NEE if "Yes", please list shortly/Indien 'JA', lys asseblief kortliks.
3. Do you foresee that this activity will have a negative impact on yourself or the environment/Voorsien u dat die voorgenome projek 'n negatiewe inpak kan he op uself of die omgewing?
YES(NO) JA/NEE
If "Yes", please descibe shortly/Indien 'JA', verduidelik asseblief kortliks.
Filled in on/ingevul op. Oct day of /dag van
Name and Surname/ Company Signature/Handtekening
Naam en Van/Maatskappy PALvo

Esna Erasmus P.O. Box 6499 KLERKSDORP 2572 Tel. 018-468 5355 Fax: 018-011 3760 Mobile: 082 895 3516

E-mail: daane@dera.co.za & dera.office@dera.co.za

PERSONAL INFORMATION:
Title/Titel: 1   Initials/Voorletters: First Name/Eerste naam: Chick
Surname/Van L. 220 S
E-mail/E-pos
Telephone/Telefoon/7770kU8418 Fax/Faks
Organisation (if applicable)/Organisasie(indien van toepassing:
Capasity (member, etc.)/Kapasiteit (tid ens):
Landowner/Grondelenaar/Neighbour/Buurman/ Interested and/or affected party on the farm/ op die plaas Atticum.
Postal Address/ Posadres
Town/City/Dorp/Stad: Place 11/10 + Code/Kode: 2660
COMMENT/OBJECTION:
1. What is the nature of your interest in the proposed project/Wat is a belang in die voorgenome projek?
2. Do you have any ground for objection towards the proposed project/Het u enige gronde vir beswaar ten opsigte van die bogenoemde projek?
YES/NO JA/NEE If "Yes", please list shortly/Indien 'JA', lys asseblief kontliks.
3. Do you foresee that this activity will have a negative impact on yourself or the environment/Voorsien u dat die voorgenome projek 'n negatiewe inpak kan he op uself of die omgewing?  YES/NO JA/NEE  If "Yes", please descibe shortly/Indien 'JA', verduidelik asseblief kortliks.
Filled in on/Ingevul op. 24 day of /dag van
Name and Surname/ Company Signature/Handtekening
Naam en Van/Maatskappy

### Gerda

From:

Gerda < dera.office@dera.co.za>

Sent:

Thursday, 03 November 2022 13:15

To:

'contact@lekwa-teemane.co.za'

Subject:

Consultation letter - Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd - Proposed Mining Permit

Attachments:

Consultation letter - Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd - Proposed Mining Permit.pdf

Good day Mr. Mbonani

See attached our consultation letter regarding a proposed Mining Permit application in the district of Bloemhof.

It will be appreciated if you can complete the form and return to <a href="mailto:dera.co.za">dera.office@dera.co.za</a>

Kind regards.

Gerda Els

Cell: 083 225 1593

Esna Erasmus

Dera Omgewingskonsultante (Pty) Ltd.

Reg no: 2014/051013/07

P.O. Box 6499, Flamwood, 2572

VAT no: 4590284073 Tel: 018 468 5355 Fax: 018 011 3760 Cell: 082 895 3516

e-mail: dera.office@dera.co.za

Your message is ready to be sent with the following file or link attachments:

Consultation letter - Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd - Proposed Mining Permit

Note: To protect against computer viruses, e-mail programs may prevent sending or receiving certain types of file attachments. Check your e-mail security settings to determine how attachments are handled.

P O Box 6499 Flamwood 2572

Tel: 018-468 5355 Fax: 018-01 1 3760 Cell: 082 895 3516

E-mail: dera\_office@dera.co.za

daane@dera.co.za



3 November 2022

### Environmental Consultants

Lekwa-Teemane Local Municipality

Attention: Municipal Manager: Mr. T. Mbonani E-mail: contact@lekwa-teemane.co.za

RE: CONSULTATION WITH INTERESTED & AFFECTED PARTIES

It is hereby confirmed that Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd. has applied for a mining permit over a certain Portion of Portion 12 of the farm Kareefontein 340 HO, situated in the magisterial district of Bloemhof.

The Department of Mineral Resources has requested that the Lekwa-Teemane Local Municipality must be informed about the proposed mining permit application.

Please find attached the consultation letter with the information regarding the proposed mining permit application.

It would be highly appreciated if you could return the attached consultation letter to Dera Environmental Consultants at Fax: 018 011 3760 or dera.office@dera.co.za

Should you have any questions regarding the above, please call Mrs. Erasmus at 082 895 3516

DERA Environmental Consultants can be contacted for any further enquiries.

Yours sincerely

Esna Erasmus

**DERA Environmental Consultants** 

P O Box 6499 Flamwood 2572

Faxl: 018 011 3760 Mobile: 082 895 3516

E-mail: dera.office@dera.co.za

daane@dera.co.za



3 November 2022

### Environmental Consultants

To whom it may concern

CONSULTATION WITH INTERESTED AND AFFECTED PARTIES WITH REGARD TO AN APPLICATION FOR A MINING PERMIT IN TERMS SECTION 27(2) OF THE MINERALS AND PETROLEUM RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT ACT, 2002 (ACT 28 OF 2002) AND NEMA, EIA 2014 OVER: A CERTAIN PORTION OF PORTION 12 OF THE FARM KAREEFONTEIN 340 HO, MAGISTERIAL DISTRICT OF BLOEMHOF.

You are herewith informed that **Bitflow investments 20 (Pty) Ltd.** has submitted an application in terms of Section 27(2) of the Minerals and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act 28 of 2002) and NEMA, EIA 2014, to the Regional Manager: Mineral Regulation, North West Region in respect of the mining of **Diamonds Alluvial** in the magisterial district of Bloemhof.

Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd. is in the process of compiling the Basic Assessment Report (BAR), which needs to be submitted at the Regional Office of DMR. The BAR will be available on request for I&AP's for comments. See attached the Sketch plan & Environmental Authorisation.

In terms of Section 10 of the Minerals and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act 28 of 2002), and in terms of Regulation 39(1) of the regulations published in the Government Notice No. R10328 (of 4 December 2014) under Chapter 6 of the NEMA, EIA 2014, the landowner or legal occupier of the land, as well as any other interested party must be notified and consulted with in terms of the proposed project.

Bitfiow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd. deems it necessary to consult with inter alia yourself / your company/ your organization, and you are therefore kindly requested to comment very clearly and unambiguously with regards to the proposed mining project. You are requested to submit in writing, any interest/ objection and/or comments you may have and return it to the appointed consultants (Reference no. NW30/5/1/3/2/11138MP) within 30 days from the date of receipt of this letter. If no correspondence is received from you within the mentioned time frame, the applicant shall accept that you have no objection with the proposed mining activities.

Please call me if any further information is needed.

Your co-operation will be appreciated.

Yours faithfully

I I Esna Erasmus

DERA Environmental Consultants

Esna Erasmus P.O. Box 6499 KLERKSDORP 2572 Tel. 018-468 5355 Fax: 018-011 3760 Mobile: 082 895 3516

E-mail: daane@dera.co.za & dera.office@dera.co.za

### **PERSONAL INFORMATION:**

Title/Titel: Initials/Voorletters: First Name/Eerste naam:
Surname/Van
E-mail/E-pos
Telephone/Telefoon
Organisation (if applicable)/Organisasie(indien van toepassing:
Capasity (member, etc.)/Kapasiteit (lid ens):
Landowner/Grondeienaar/Neighbour/Buurman/ Interested and/or affected party on the farm/ op die plaas
Postal Address/ Posadres
Тоwп/City/Dorp/Stad:
COMMENT/OBJECTION:
1. What is the nature of your interest in the proposed project/Wat is u belang in die voorgenome projek?  ———————————————————————————————————
Do you have any ground for objection towards the proposed project/Het u enige gronde vir beswaar ten opsigte van die
bogenoemde projek?
YES/NO JA/NEE
If "Yes", please list shortly/Indien 'JA', lys asseblief kortliks.
3. Do you foresee that this activity will have a negative impact on yourself or the environment/Voorsien u dat die voorgenome projek 'negatiewe inpak kan he op uself of die omgewing?
YES/NO JA/NEE
If "Yes", please descibe shortly/Indien 'JA', verduidelik asseblief kortliks.
Filled in on/Ingevul op day of /dag van(month)/(maand) 2022
Name and Surname/ Company Signature/Handtekening
Naam en Van/Maatskappy

### Gerda

From:

Gerda <dera.office@dera.co.za>

Sent:

Thursday, 03 November 2022 13:11 keabetswe.mothupi@dalrrd.gov.za

To: Subject:

Verification of land claims - Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd - Kareefontein

Attachments:

Verification of land claims - Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd - Kareefontein.pdf

Good day Kea

Please find attached our request for verification of land claims on a certain Portion of the farm Kareefontein in the Bloemhof district.

Kind regards.

Gerda Els

Cell: 083 225 1593

Esna Erasmus

Dera Omgewingskonsultante (Pty) Ltd.

Reg no: 2014/051013/07 P.O. Box 6499, Flamwood, 2572

VAT no: 4590284073 Tel: 018 468 5355 Fax: 018 011 3760 Cell: 082 895 3516

e-mail: dera.office@dera.co.za

Your message is ready to be sent with the following file or link attachments:

Verification of land claims - Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd - Kareefontein

Note: To protect against computer viruses, e-mail programs may prevent sending or receiving certain types of file attachments. Check your e-mail security settings to determine how attachments are handled.

P O Box 64 99 Flamwood 2572

Tel: 018 468 5355 Fax. 018-011 3760 Cell. 082 895 3516

E-mail:dera.office@dera.co.za

daane@dera.co.za



### Environmental Consultants

3 November 2022

Department of Land Affairs & Rural Development

Attention: Keabetswe Mothupi

Re: Verification of Land Claims

We are Environmental Consultants situated in Klerksdorp and has applied on behalf of Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) L:td. for a mining permit application on the following farm in the Bloemhof district.

Certain Portion of Portion 12 of the farm Kareefontein 340 HO
Lekwa-Teemane Local Municipality

Could you please be so kind to verify if there are any land claims over the farms as mentioned above?

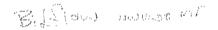
It would be highly appreciated if you could help us in this matter as soon as possible.

Please feel free to contact the office of Dera Environmental Consultants or Mrs. Erasmus on his cell: 082 895 3516 for any further information.

Yours truly.

4.P - 6/2

Esna Erasmus



### Dera 2

From: Gerda <dera.office@dera.co.za>
Sent: Monday, 07 November 2022 11:11

To: dera.office2@dera.co.za

Subject: FW: Acknw-Letter

Attachments: Kareefontein 340 HO.pdf

Gerda Els

Cell: 083 225 1593

Esna Erasmos

Dera Omgewingskonsultante (Pty) Ltd.

Reg no: 2014/051013/07 P.O. Box 6499, Flamwood, 2572

VAT no: 4590284073 Tel: 018 468 5355 Fax: 018 011 3760 Celt: 082 895 3516

e-mail: dera.office@dera.co.za

From: Florence Bahurutshe [mailto:Florence.Bahurutshe@dalrrd.gov.za]

Sent: Monday, 07 November 2022 10:58

To: dera.office@dera.co.za Cc: Agnes Montwedi Subject: Acknw-Letter

### Good Morning

Please find the attached document for your attention.

### Thank You.

### Disclaimer

The information contained in this e-mail may be confidential, legally privileged and protected by law. Access by the intended recipient only is authorised. If you are not the intended recipient, kindly notify the sender immediately. Unauthorised use, copying or dissemination hereof is strictly prohibited. Save for bona fide departmental purposes, the Department of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development does not accept responsibility for the contents or opinions expressed in this e-mail, nor does it warrant this communication to be free from errors, contamination, interference or interception.



### OFFICE OF THE REGIONAL LAND CLAIMS COMMISSIONER: NORTH WEST

Cnr James Moroka and Sekame drive, West gallery, Megacity, MMABATHO Tel: (018) 388 7000/7800

Reference: R/7/009/11/2022 Enquiries: Agnes Montwedi

Tel: 018 388 7252

E-mail: Agnes.Montwedi@dalrrd.gov.za

DERA Environmental Consultants By email: dera.office@dera.co.za

Dear Esna Erasmus,

### LAND CLAIM ENQUIRY: Certain Portion of Portion 12 of Kareefontein 340 HO

I acknowledge receipt of your letter 3rd of November 2022, regarding the above-mentioned matter.

Kindly note that a formal response could be expected from our office within the next 14 (fourteen) working days.

Should you however require any additional information, you can contact Ms K.A. Montwedi at the above-mentioned contact details.

Yours faithfully,

MR L.J BOGATSU CHIEF DIRECTOR

OFFICE OF THE REGIONAL LAND CLAIMS COMMISSIONER

NORTH WEST PROVINCE

DATE: 03/11/2022

### PUBLIC NOTICE

### APPLICATION FOR AN ENVIRONMENTAL AUTHORIZATION FOR THE PROPOSED ACTIVITIES.

Notice is given for the following application:

- 1) Environmental authorization application for mining.
- Proponent: The applicant Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd.
- Ref. no: NW30/5/1/3/2/11138MP
- **Property description**: The proposed mining area is over a certain Portion of Portion 12 of the farm Kareefontein 340 HO, district of Bloemhof. The total extent of the prospecting area is 5 hectares. (21 SG digital code: T0HO0000000034000012).
- Location: The property is situated ±14.8km west of Bloemhof.
- **Project description:** The purpose of the application is to obtain the required authorisation from the Department to successfully: undertake opencast mining.
- · Process of BAR/EMPr is followed.
- Activity applied for: the following activities as listed in terms of NEMA (Act No. 107 of 1998) as amended and EIA Regulations, 2014 was applied for under Activity 21 (Listing Notice 1) GNR327 & and Activity 27 (Listing Notice 1) GNR 327
- · Minerals applied for: Diamonds Alluvial.
- Date submitted: 22 September 2022.
- Stakeholder involvement: Stakeholders are invited to register as interested and affected parties and to participate in the application process by identifying issues of concern and suggestions for consideration in the Basic Assessment Report (BAR/EMPr) and may contact Dera Environmental Consultants for any further information. Please submit your written comments by mail, fax or e-mail in this 30 day of this notice to:

Mrs. Esna Erasmus of DERA Environmental Consultants

PO Box 6499 E-mail: daane@dera.co.za

Flamwood Tel: 018 468 5355 2572 Fax: 018 011 3760 Cell: 082 895 3516

Date of advertisement: Wednesday 9 November 2022

NOTICE LOST ON DESTROYED DEED, Notice is hirrotry given in terms of Registation 68 of the Oreida Registries Act, 1037, of the interfect to apply for the issue of a certified capy of Deed of Transfer 1, 1241-1991, passed by the registeration in the lights of Lab Methods of the 1, 1241-1991, passed by the registeration in the lights of Lab Methods of the 1, 1241-1991, passed by the registeration of the lights of Lab Methods of the 1, 1241-1991, passed of certain 1, 1241-1991, passed of certain 1, 1241-1991, passed of certain 1, 1241-1991, passed of the 1, 12

reminion materimens the corn. Contract members one 355 2000.

\*\*Control COST Office of Section 10 to 1



Tel: (053) 927 1043 -6216 - 3747 - 3907 Faks: (053) 927 1044

Posbus/P.O. Box 443. VRYBURG 8600

### Yeyburg, Amalia, Biormiol, Bray, Christiana, Delarsynle,

aporal, Hinarel, Jan Lempilon

Variet Cury Lauren Brinds, For Flexes, Smile Into Vistam, tax lebor

a Substandor bahos 192 estr on dres autorità pesti la promoto for tronga observatione les autorità de la productione autorità de la productione Substantione autorità per autorità de la productione de substantione autorità de la productione de substantione autorità de la productione del la productione de la productione del la productione de la productione de la

North Suite in advertimentes commission on the Statistical conventine agrepressioned in their is een Eutrean (Paris, vanioning advertiment in ency vanioning advertiment in ency out of authorities of the control of

### Hofieaids Heading Key PERSONAL IN MEHOMIAN

IM METHODISH COORDINATE OF THE METHOD IN THE METHOD IN THE METHOD IN THE METHOD WAS AND STEEL OF THE METHOD WAS AND THE METHOD

ACCIPILITY IS HOW A CONTROL TO HER ACKNOWN DATE OF ACCOMPODATION TO HIND GOVERN A WANTED TO HIND HIND ET HOW A CONTROL TO HIND HIND ET HOOP THAN THE ACCOMPANY HE ACCOMPANY HE

TACKSFORT
TACKELS EN IMPLEMENTS
TACTORS AND IMPLEMENTS
WOONWAENS/CARAVANS
DIERE/ANIMALS
TE AUILTO SWOP
VEKLORE/LOST
SPESIALE DIENSTE
SPECIAL SPENIES

SPECIAL SERVICES
VAXANSIEGORDE
HOLIDAY RESORTS
KENNISGEWINGS/NOTICES

TE LAAT VIR KLASSIFIKASIE TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFIKASIEN

PERSOONLIK

PERSONAL

TWEE urisoev-woordenings on 1701 care (hedrog) and tending in the state of hedrog) and tending in the state of hedrog in the state of hed

### BETREKKINGS VAKANT SITUATIONS VACANT



Newspapers (Pty) Ltd 13 Coetzer Street Rustenburg.

### ALL **ADVERTISEMENTS RELATING TO:**

Loans and financing
Hire purchase problems.
Transfer of installments
Business opportunities
Investments
The filling of envelopes
Work at home
Earn extra money
Business propositions
Part-time work

Part-time work
PROHIBITED:
Use of the following vords in abovementioned advertisements are

prohibited: No Credit Checks required Blacklisted clients welcon \*Free Credit etc.

MUST contain the following information in the advertisement:

the advertisement:
Telephone number.
Street actress
Name of person andrer
business
These are the
requirements and NO
exceptions will be made.
All advertisements are
placed with the approval
of the National Press
Union and it is our
responsibility as an
advartising medium to
ensure that these rules ensure that these rules are strictly adhered to. However, it still remains However, it still remains the responsibility of the buyer or consumer to thoroughly investigate the trustworthiness of the advertiser with whom they are doing business.

### HUISE TE HUUR HOUSES TO LET

### WOONSTELLE TE HUUR FLATS TO LET

te truir R3 900 p m plus koop-king Bornauptot 36 Conmitteella beskikteer Skaket 982 982 9876, 973 192 7929 982 982 9876, 973 192 7929

### WOONSTELLE TE KOOP FLATS FOR SALE

RESIGNEDE TE KOOP **BUSINESSES FOR SALE** 

### Wenke vir Geklassifiseerde **Advertensies**

1. Beplan en skryf u advertensie uit voordat u by die

Stellalander kom. duidelike en korrekte

kontak besonderhede gee soos naam en/of adres en telefoon en/of

3. Die koste van 'n geklassifiseerde advertensie is R1,60 per woord + BTW.

4. Bring u advertensies vroegtydig. Sluitings-tyd is Maandae 17:00

5. Ons verander of maak nie u taal reg nie. Verseker dus dat u reg spel. Ons plaas net wat u

### ALGEMEEN TE KOOP MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

- Website 11/11

### VERVOER TRANSPORT

### SPESIALE DIENSTE SPECIAL SERVICES

Fig. 3-15 - Duto of advertisatived Waddesday - Shawibar 2012KENNIGEWING IN DIE ROEDE, WANWYLE DANGE FRASMIN
KENNIGEWING IN DIE ROEDE, WANWYLE DANGE FRASMIN
KENNIGEWING IN DIE ROEDE, WANWYLE DANGE FRASMIN
DATUM VAN GEROPHTE, ID GESCHIERE 1913 - WANKENWE
BELAANDESGENO, WHALEVITTHAN GER
WITHARE DATUM VAN DIOGO 12 DATGERE 2021 MEESTER
SKILDFINARE IN TOGETISEDE DOEDEL WORD HIERME SKILDFINARE IN TOGETISEDE DOEDEL WORD HIERME SKILDFINARE IN TOGETISEDE BOODEL WORD HIERME SKILDFINARE WORD HIERDE BOODEL WORD HIERDE BOODEL WORD HIERDE SKILDFINARE WORD HIERDE BOODEL WORD HIERDE BOODEL WORD HIERDE SKILDFINARE WORD HIERDE BOODEL WORD HIERDE SKILDFINARE WORD HIERDE BOODEL WORD HIERDE BOODEL WORD HIERDE BO

### TE LAAT VIR KLASSIFIKASIE TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION

TWEE Listness insponsement on in that Grain Probagging and another in this case I nobedging and another in this case I nobedging on Listness and I not the I P J Thoron are not be a superior beautiful to the property of the adequate to the property of the property of

REPORT



CABLE

KENNISCHWING IN DIE REEDEL VAN WYLE VILLEM ADRIAN COETZEE DEUTTELTSANDER HERVENDER VAN WYLE VILLEM ADRIAN COETZEE DEUTTELTSANDER HERVENDES DEUT AND GEBOOTTE 12 JULE 1944. THERESETTAAT 37 SCHWEZER ARNEKE WEVERLAND DATUM VAN DOOD 22 JULE 2020 MESSIERSVERWYENIG COSSITUACIE MARKENG, SKULDEISES EN SKULDENARDEN HERVENDENARDEN SKULDENESSEN SKULDENARDEN DEUTSCHE VERSOCK OM HULLE ESS IN 16 DEN BY EN HULE SKULDEN DEUTSCHE VAN DERTAL AND ONDERSETERSKED, DINNET YN DEREK VAN DERTAL AND ONDERSETERSKED, DINNET YN DER WAN DE KOCK QUIFFY, BOTHASTRAFT, POSSUS 37, SCHWEZER FERRER, 2780.

SKULDE TE BETAAL AAN CONDERSCTEKENDE, BIRKET NETWORTH VAN DERFOLD DERFOLD ON DERFOLD ON

NOTICE, MR GREYLBIGIVZ-LP 2022 IN THE MAGISTRATE'S COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NALEDI MELO AT VHYBURG CASE NR 707-2022 IN the master between FURE CLASS HARE TO SHAPE THE PARTY TO THE PROPERTY OF THE SALEDI MOTOR OF THE SALEDI MO

ennisgewings / Legals

symmetries had work up repembler 2072. K13.3.11
KENNISCEWING Boodel eyile ELISE JOHANNA MARIA VERMELLEN ID in 980/907003/1081, van Hus Ardatman, Kafartari, Jar
Komodore 8556, BUEBEL NR 1208/2022 Gorlene 22 MARIX 2023.

Skaldender en skaldendaren in bogenendes behodd wort viriscek
om had vordeningen in folgene dense behodd wort viriscek
om had vordeningen in folgene en hus skulze te bedaal by die kandoor
unt die ondorgervorden benen 30. dae vient 11 SOKEMBER 2023.

REMISSERWING Borool was CORNELIA CARCLINA VERDISLI LEN 10 Not 170200015083 van Hammarie Wormsel 7, Hars Stychornstran 7, Jan Kengdorp 1850, BIODEL NR 70627092 Oorleed Word verpook van Net verdeenge in 19 tower an Int Net

XENNISCEWING ECOSOL MAN EXPLANATES ABHARMAN MAN DISTRICTURE OF A STREET OF A S

KENNISCEWING Bosed wyle ADRIAN IZAK OCENDAL DE Mand Butchman Double of the ADRIAN IZAK OCENDAL DE MENNISCEWING Bosed wyle ADRIAN IZAK OCENDAL DE ZOSI 165006000 vanish thus no 11. Uitspanoord, dan Kemistone BOE BOENI 2077/2022 Condoc 10 Mel 2022. Suddessel sin hudden BOENI 2077/2022 Condoc 10 Mel 2022. Suddessel sin hudden BOENI 2077/2022 Condoc 10 Mel 2022. Suddessel sin hudden BOENI 2077/2022 Condoc 10 Mel 2022. Suddessel sin hudden BOENI 2077/2022 Condoc 10 Mel 2022. Suddessel sin hudden BOENI 2077/2022 Condoc 10 Mel 2022. Suddessel sin hudden BOENI 2077/2022 Condoc 10 Mel 2022. FULCHOM ASSET MAN BOENI 2077/2022 Condoc 10 Mel 2022. FULCHOM ASSET MAN 10 Mel 2077/2022 Condoc 10 Mel 2022. FULCHOM ASSET MAN 10 Mel 2077/2022 Condoc 10 Mel 2077/2022 FULCHOM ASSET MAN 10 Mel 2077/2022 Condoc 10 Mel 2077/2022 FULCHOM ASSET MAN 10 Mel 2077/2022 Condoc 10 Mel 2077/2022 FULCHOM ASSET MAN 10 Mel 2077/2022 Condoc 10 Mel 2077/2022 FULCHOM ASSET MAN 10 Mel 2077/2022 Condoc 10 Mel 2077/2022 FULCHOM ASSET MAN 1

### SITE NOTICE

### APPLICATION FOR AN ENVIRONMENTAL AUTHORIZATION FOR THE PROPOSED ACTIVITIES.

Notice is given for the following application:

- Environmental authorization application for mining.
- Proponent: The applicant Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd.
- Ref. no: NW30/5/1/3/2/11138MP
- Property description: The proposed mining area is over a certain Portion of Portion 12 of the farm Kareefontein 340 HO, district of Bloemhof. The total extent of the prospecting area is 5 hectares. (21 SG digital code: T0HO0000000034000012).
- Location: The property is situated ±14.8km west of Bloemhof.
- Project description: The purpose of the application is to obtain the required authorisation from the Department to successfully: undertake opencast mining.
- Process of BAR/EMPr is followed.
- Activity applied for: the following activities as listed in terms of NEMA (Act No. 107 of 1998) as amended and EIA Regulations, 2014 was applied for under Activity 21 (Listing Notice 1) GNR327 & and Activity 27 (Listing Notice 1) GNR 327
- Minerals applied for: Diamonds Alluvial.
- Date submitted: 22 September 2022.
- Stakeholder involvement: Stakeholders are invited to register as interested and affected parties and to participate in the application process by identifying issues of concern and suggestions for consideration in the Basic Assessment Report (BAR/EMPr) and may contact Dera Environmental Consultants for any further information. Please submit your written comments by mail, fax or e-mail in this 30 day of this notice to:

Mrs. Esna Erasmus of DERA Environmental Consultants

PO Box 6499 E-mail: daane@dera.co.za

Flamwood Tel: 018 468 5355 2572 Fax: 018 011 3760 Cell: 082 895 3516

Date of advertisement: Wednesday 9 November 2022

## Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd. ¥ KAREEFONTEIN 340 H0 (over a certain portion of Portion 12) ¥ NW30/5/1/3/2/ 11138 MP

### PLACEMENT OF ADVERT AT GATE:





P O Box 6499 Flamwood 2572

Tel: 018-468 5355 Fax: 018-011 3760 Celi: 083 225 1593

E-mail: dera.office@dera.co.za

### DERA

### Environmental Consultants

9 November 2022

Department of Rural, Environment and Agricultural Development Agricentre Building Cnr James Moroka & Stadium Road Mmabatho 2735

Attention: Ouma Skosana

RE: Basic Assessment Report (BAR) & EMPr

Reference Number: NW30/5/1/3/2/11138MP

It is hereby confirmed that Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd. has applied for a mining permit over a certain Portion of Portion 12 of the farm Kareefontein 340 HO, situated in the district of Bloemhof, North West Province.

The application was accepted by the Department of Mineral Resources and they have requested that the Department of Rural, Environment and Agricultural Development (North West Regional Office) must be consulted about the proposed mining permit. See attached the BAR/EMPr for comments.

Should you have any questions regarding the above, please call Mrs. Erasmus at 082 895 3516

DERA Environmental Consultants can be contacted for any further enquiries.

Yours sincerely

R Esna Erasmus

**DERA Environmental Consultants** 

				ži".
То		er; oor early special states		
Company Name:	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	and the second		
Street Address: (r	no PO Boxes)	THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY THE THE PR	2N/2V-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR
		THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY	NAMES AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY	
TO:				
Departme	nt of Rural, Env	vironment an	d Agricultural D	evelopmer
Agricentr	e Building			

Cnr Dr James Moroka Drive & Stadium Road

2735 **Phone: 018 389 5095/5156** Attention: Ms. Ouma Skosa

### No Dangerous Goods Declaration

Office no. E36

Mmabatho

I hereby certify that this consignment does not contain any dangerous or prohibited goods, eg. explosives, flammables, corrosives, perosols or poisonous substances.

Nome: E. Küger

Signature:



P O Box 6499 Flamwood 2572

Tel: 018-468 53:55 Fax: 018-011 37:60 Cell: 082 895 35:16

E-mail: <u>dera officie@dera.co.za</u>

### DERA

### Environmental Consultants

9 November 2022

Department of Water and Sanitation 28 Central Road Beaconsfield Kimberley 8300

Attention: Lerato Mokhoantle

RE: Basic Assessment Report (BAR) & EMPr

Reference Number: NW30/5/1/3/2/11138MP

It is hereby confirmed that Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd. has applied for a mining permit over a certain Portion of Portion 12 of the farm Kareefontein 340 HO, situated in the district of Bloemhof, North West Province.

The Department of Mineral Resources have requested that the Department of Water & Sanitation (North West Regional Office) must be consulted about the proposed mining permit. See attached BAR/EMPr for comments.

Should you have any questions regarding the above, please call Mrs. Erasmus at 082 895 3516

DERA Environmental Consultants can be contacted for any further enquiries.

Yours sincerely -

Esna Erasmus

**DERA Environmental Consultants** 



### Worldwide Express

We would love to handle your package

HEAD OFFICE: PO BOX 502 Canserla 1748

Sharscall No: 086 : 200 200 Fax; 086 842 3085 After Housa Whateopp:



						O.S	12 823 3254		GZZJCN	Į.
ACC NO. DO2KRO	WAYERL NO. GZZJCN	CUSTOMER REF.	2022-11-	PARCELS 24 1	Z	CH. MASS 3	ORIGIN KŁK	best. KIM	огиск акаракас	7E
Gertaet nam Gerda I Campany had	Els ne:	Philippin I problem of a	Contact numow: 08322515	93	Le Contr De	rate Mokhe any name: partment o	antie I Water and S	anitation	Control Numb 083655	
27 Lewi	s Street				28	Gentral Ro	ad	Sta		— W. L. Marit A.
Wilkopp Cay: Kterksd Special lostro Collect	orp.	Cour Se	outh Africa	Pastol Cade: 2671	chy: Ki	aconstield mberley			country: South Africa	Postal Code: 8301
PARCEL NO	резсліттом	Weight		(SIONS		KIE LEVĚL			2 N = 4 7 7 2 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	
T	Standard flye	ar 2.0 kg	,	0 cm x 8.0 cm	}	CES REOWRED	/ (ECO)	en er og ga sammer. De skale er skale		
reion diae	the clients are balling the or having each under sto the first could be so (Egy) the wither stongs and	Halifa Maria	Y PAROD YELIBKI FALIDEO YJNO) GENALDE F BULL	y N X				***************************************		110.90.0
	CENT SIGNATURE VERY MARCHYANT,	RECEIVED BY THE COURSER OUY (Pty.	i (.id.	(A) -		Culti (Cultivity) AT 19918	Metter (1925 pouls desta ces	es A.T. as quent ann lithier	o XVII	
			( I pary;			MUTTE. ETHEMANE			numb.	



P O Box 6499 Flamwood 2572

Tel: 018-468 53:55 Fax: 018-011 3760 Cell: 082 895 3:516

E-mail: <u>dera.offi.ce@dera.co.za</u>

### DERA

### Environmental Consultants

9 November 2022

Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries Louis le Grange Building Cnr Peter Mokaba & Wolmarans street 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor, Office 318 Potchefstrom 2520

Attention: Maurice Vukeya

RE: Basic Assessment Report BAR & EMPr

Reference Number: NW30/5/1/3/2/11138MP

It is hereby confirmed that Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd. has applied for a mining permit over a certain Portion of Portion 12 of the farm Kareefontein 340 HO, situated in the district of Bloemhof, North West Province.

The Department of Mineral Resources has requested that the Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries (North West Regional Office) must be consulted about the proposed mining permit. See attached BAR/EMPr for comments.

Should you have any questions regarding the above, please call Mrs. Erasmus at 082 895 3516.

DERA Environmental Consultants can be contacted for any further enquiries.

Yours sincerely

Esna Erasmus

**DERA Environmental Consultants** 

	THE STREET STREET			
		gittario. " .		
-		Collection of the second		
To Company Name:		 \$3 2		

Street Address: (no PO Boxes)

### To: Department of Agriculture, Forestry & Fisheries

Louis Le Grange Building (Court Building) Cnr Peter Mokaba & Wolmarans Street 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor

Office nr 318
Potchefstroom
2520

-Phone: 018 299 6739

Cell: 082 459 6479

Attention: Maurice Vukeya

### No Dangerous Goods Declaration

I hereby certify that this consignment does not contain any dangerous or prohibited goods, eg. explosives, flammables, corrosives, aerosols or poisonous substances.

Name: E. Küge

Signature:





Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd. - KAREEFONTEIN 340 HO (over a certain portion of Portion 12) - NW30/5/1/3/2/ 11138 MP

**SCREENING REPORT: APPENDIX 3** 

### SCREENING REPORT FOR AN ENVIRONMENTAL AUTHORIZATION AS REQUIRED BY THE 2014 EIA REGULATIONS – PROPOSED SITE ENVIRONMENTAL SENSITIVITY

**EIA Reference number:** 

Project name: Kareefontein 340 HO

Project title: MiningPermit

Date screening report generated: 29/08/2022 07:30:42

Applicant: Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd

Compiler: DERA Omgewingskonsultante (Pty) Ltp

Compiler signature:

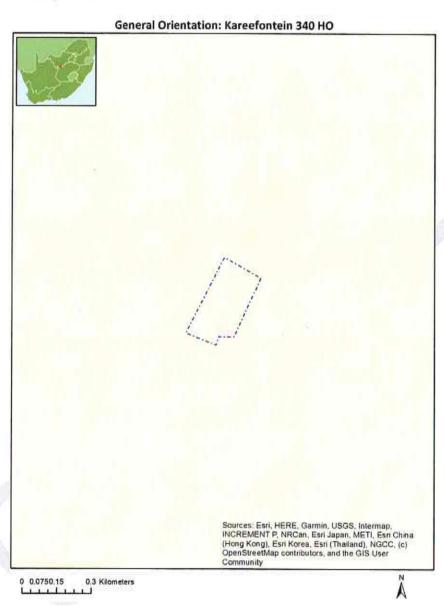
Application Category: Mining | Mining Permit

### Table of Contents

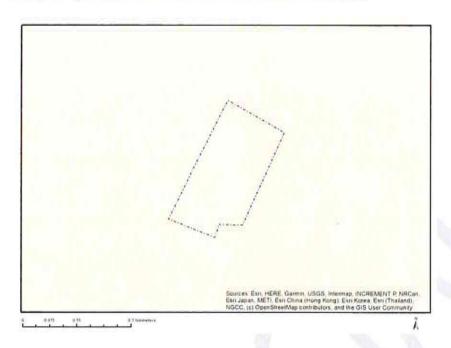
Proposed Project Location	3
Orientation map 1: General location	3
Map of proposed site and relevant area(s)	4
Cadastral details of the proposed site	4
Wind and Solar developments with an approved Environmental Authorisation or applunder consideration within 30 km of the proposed area	
Environmental Management Frameworks relevant to the application	5
Environmental screening results and assessment outcomes	5
Relevant development incentives, restrictions, exclusions or prohibitions	5
Map indicating proposed development footprint within applicable development incentive restriction, exclusion or prohibition zones	
Proposed Development Area Environmental Sensitivity	
Specialist assessments identified	7
Results of the environmental sensitivity of the proposed area	9
MAP OF RELATIVE AGRICULTURE THEME SENSITIVITY	9
MAP OF RELATIVE ANIMAL SPECIES THEME SENSITIVITY	10
MAP OF RELATIVE AQUATIC BIODIVERSITY THEME SENSITIVITY	11
MAP OF RELATIVE ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND CULTURAL HERITAGE THEME SENSITIVITY	12
MAP OF RELATIVE CIVIL AVIATION THEME SENSITIVITY	13
MAP OF RELATIVE DEFENCE THEME SENSITIVITY	14
MAP OF RELATIVE PALEONTOLOGY THEME SENSITIVITY	15
MAP OF RELATIVE PLANT SPECIES THEME SENSITIVITY	16
MAP OF RELATIVE TERRESTRIAL BIODIVERSITY THEME SENSITIVITY	17

# Proposed Project Location

## Orientation map 1: General location



## Map of proposed site and relevant area(s)



## Cadastral details of the proposed site

## Property details:

No	Farm Name	Farm/ Erf No	Portion	Latitude	Longitude	Property Type
1	KAREEFONTEIN	340	0	27°37'53.61S	25°31'9.58E	Farm
2	KAREEFONTEIN	340	12	27°38'59.97S	25°29'38.47E	Farm Portion

Development footprint<sup>1</sup> vertices: No development footprint(s) specified.

Wind and Solar developments with an approved Environmental Authorisation or applications under consideration within 30 km of the proposed area

No	EIA Reference No	Classification	Status of application	Distance from proposed area (km)
1	12/12/20/2343	Solar PV	Approved	20.3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "development footprint", means the area within the site on which the development will take place and incudes all ancillary developments for example roads, power lines, boundary walls, paving etc. which require vegetation clearance or which will be disturbed and for which the application has been submitted.

## Environmental Management Frameworks relevant to the application

No intersections with EMF areas found.

## Environmental screening results and assessment outcomes

The following sections contain a summary of any development incentives, restrictions, exclusions or prohibitions that apply to the proposed development site as well as the most environmental sensitive features on the site based on the site sensitivity screening results for the application classification that was selected. The application classification selected for this report is:

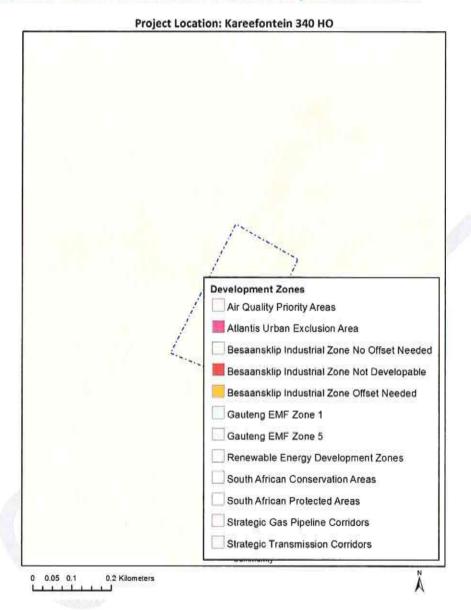
Mining | Mining Permit.

Relevant development incentives, restrictions, exclusions or prohibitions

The following development incentives, restrictions, exclusions or prohibitions and their implications that apply to this site are indicated below.

No intersection with any development zones found.

Map indicating proposed development footprint within applicable development incentive, restriction, exclusion or prohibition zones



## Proposed Development Area Environmental Sensitivity

The following summary of the development site environmental sensitivities is identified. Only the highest environmental sensitivity is indicated. The footprint environmental sensitivities for the proposed development footprint as identified, are indicative only and must be verified on site by a suitably qualified person before the specialist assessments identified below can be confirmed.

Theme	Very High sensitivity	High sensitivity	Medium sensitivity	Low sensitivity
Agriculture Theme			X	
Animal Species Theme				X

Page 6 of 17 <u>Disclaimer applies</u> 29/08/2022

Aquatic Biodiversity Theme	X			
Archaeological and Cultural Heritage Theme				x
Civil Aviation Theme			X	
Defence Theme				×
Paleontology Theme		X		
Plant Species Theme			X	
Terrestrial Biodiversity Theme	X			

## Specialist assessments identified

Based on the selected classification, and the environmental sensitivities of the proposed development footprint, the following list of specialist assessments have been identified for inclusion in the assessment report. It is the responsibility of the EAP to confirm this list and to motivate in the assessment report, the reason for not including any of the identified specialist study including the provision of photographic evidence of the site situation.

N o	Speci alist asses smen t	Assessment Protocol
1	Agricul tural Impact Assess ment	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/ Gazetted General Agriculture Assessment Protocols.pdf
2	Archae ologica I and Cultura I Heritag e Impact Assess ment	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/ Gazetted General Requirement Assessment Protocols.pdf
3	Palaeo ntology Impact Assess ment	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/ Gazetted General Requirement Assessment Protocols.pdf
4	Terrest rial Biodive rsity Impact Assess ment	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/ Gazetted Terrestrial Biodiversity Assessment Protocols.pdf
5	Aquati c Blodive rsity Impact Assess ment	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/ Gazetted Aquatic Biodiversity Assessment Protocols.pdf
6	Hydrol ogy Assess	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/ Gazetted General Requirement Assessment Protocols.pdf

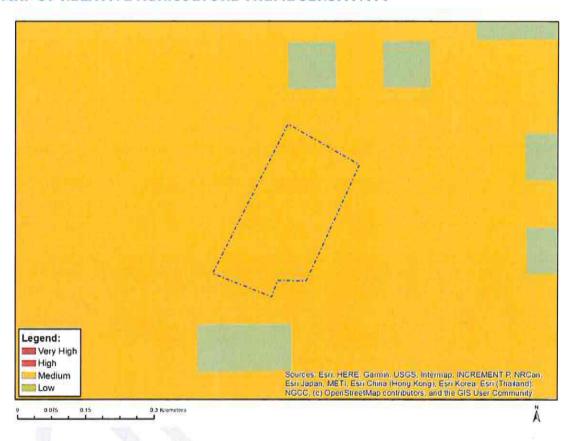
Page 7 of 17

	ment	
7	Noise Impact Assess ment	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/ Gazetted Noise Impacts Assessment Protocol.pdf
8	Radioa ctivity Impact Assess ment	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/ Gazetted General Requirement Assessment Protocols.pdf
9	Traffic Impact Assess ment	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/ Gazetted General Requirement Assessment Protocols.pdf
0	Geotec hnical Assess ment	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/ Gazetted General Requirement Assessment Protocols.pdf
1	Socio- Econo mic Assess ment	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/ Gazetted General Requirement Assessment Protocols.pdf
1 2	Plant Species Assess ment	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/ Gazetted Plant Species Assessment Protocols.pdf
3	Animal Species Assess ment	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/ Gazetted Animal Species Assessment Protocols.pdf

## Results of the environmental sensitivity of the proposed area.

The following section represents the results of the screening for environmental sensitivity of the proposed site for relevant environmental themes associated with the project classification. It is the duty of the EAP to ensure that the environmental themes provided by the screening tool are comprehensive and complete for the project. Refer to the disclaimer.

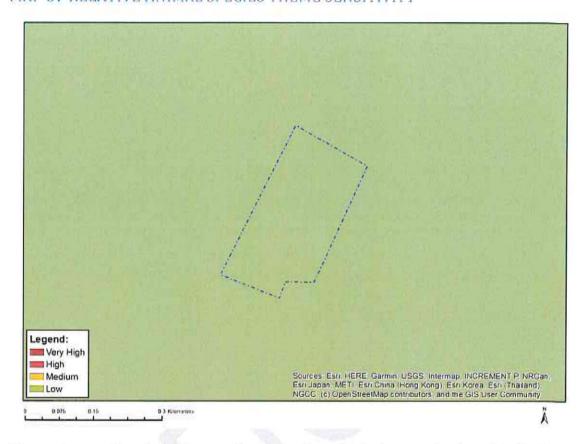
## MAP OF RELATIVE AGRICULTURE THEME SENSITIVITY



Very High sensitivity	High sensitivity	Medium sensitivity	Low sensitivity
		X	N=1

Sensitivity	Feature(s)
Medium	Land capability;06. Low-Moderate/07. Low-Moderate/08. Moderate

#### MAP OF RELATIVE ANIMAL SPECIES THEME SENSITIVITY

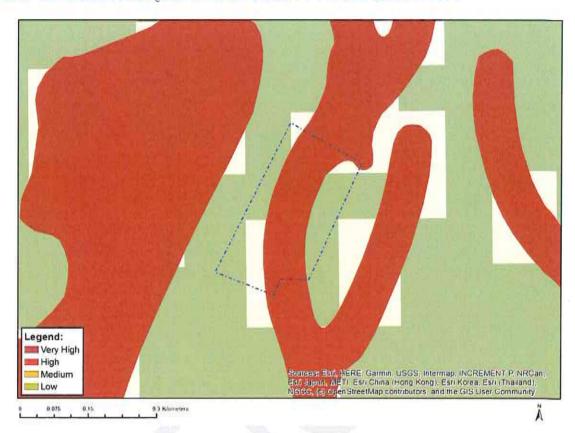


Where only a sensitive plant unique number or sensitive animal unique number is provided in the screening report and an assessment is required, the environmental assessment practitioner (EAP) or specialist is required to email SANBI at <a href="mailto:eiadatarequests@sanbi.org.za">eiadatarequests@sanbi.org.za</a> listing all sensitive species with their unique identifiers for which information is required. The name has been withheld as the species may be prone to illegal harvesting and must be protected. SANBI will release the actual species name after the details of the EAP or specialist have been documented.

Very High sensitivity	High sensitivity	Medium sensitivity	Low sensitivity
			X

Sensitivity	Feature(s)
Low	Subject to confirmation

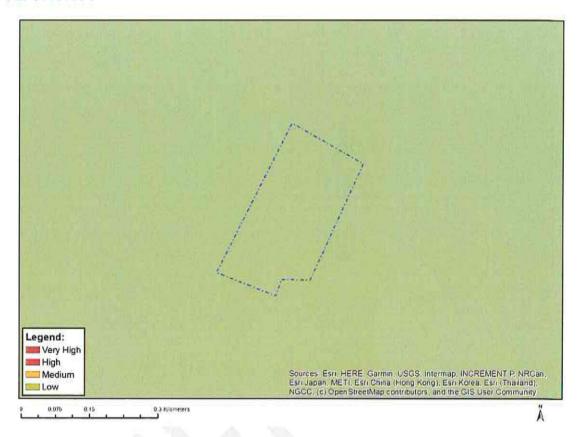
## MAP OF RELATIVE AQUATIC BIODIVERSITY THEME SENSITIVITY



Very High sensitivity	High sensitivity	Medium sensitivity	Low sensitivity
X			

Sensitivity	Feature(s)	
Low	Low sensitivity	
Very High	Aquatic CBAs	

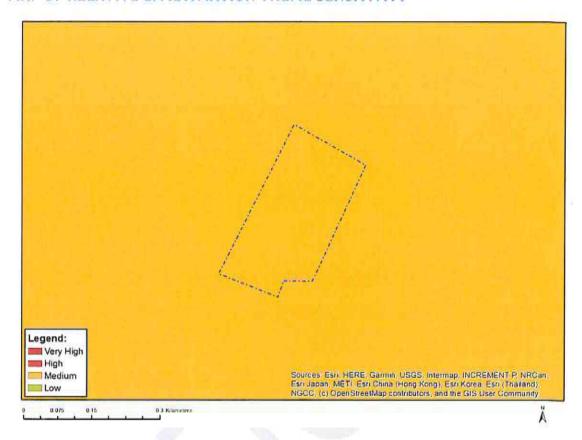
# MAP OF RELATIVE ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND CULTURAL HERITAGE THEME SENSITIVITY



Very High sensitivity	High sensitivity	Medium sensitivity	Low sensitivity
			X

Sensitivity	Feature(s)	
Low	Low sensitivity	

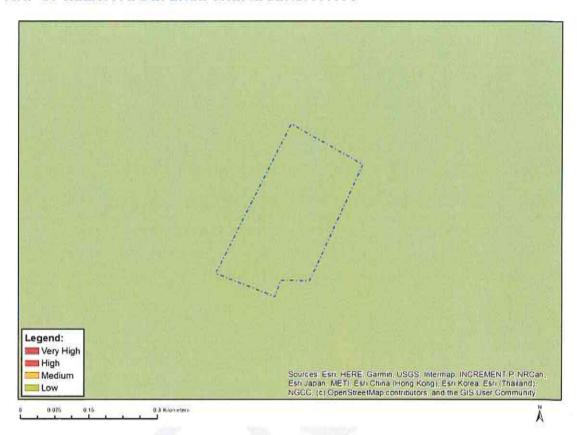
## MAP OF RELATIVE CIVIL AVIATION THEME SENSITIVITY



Very High sensitivity	High sensitivity	Medium sensitivity	Low sensitivity
		X	

Sensitivity	Feature(s)
Medium	Between 8 and 15 km of other civil aviation aerodrome

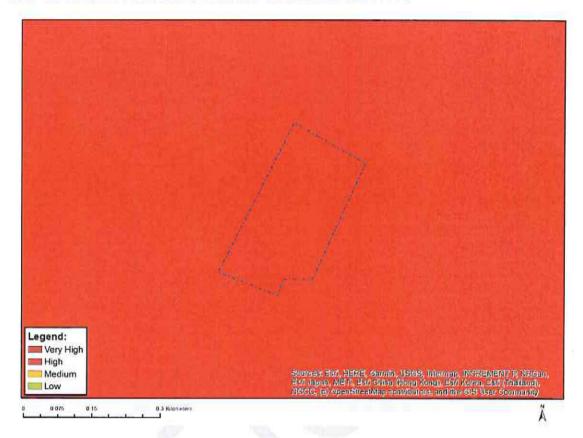
## MAP OF RELATIVE DEFENCE THEME SENSITIVITY



Very High sensitivity	High sensitivity	Medium sensitivity	Low sensitivity
			X

Sensitivity	Feature(s)	
Low	Low Sensitivity	

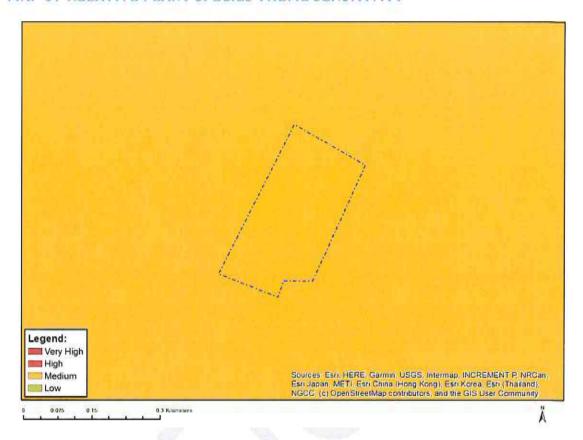
## MAP OF RELATIVE PALEONTOLOGY THEME SENSITIVITY



Very High sensitivity	High sensitivity	Medium sensitivity	Low sensitivity
	X		

Sensitivity	Feature(s)	
High	Features with a High paleontological sensitivity	
Medium	Features with a Medium paleontological sensitivity	

#### MAP OF RELATIVE PLANT SPECIES THEME SENSITIVITY

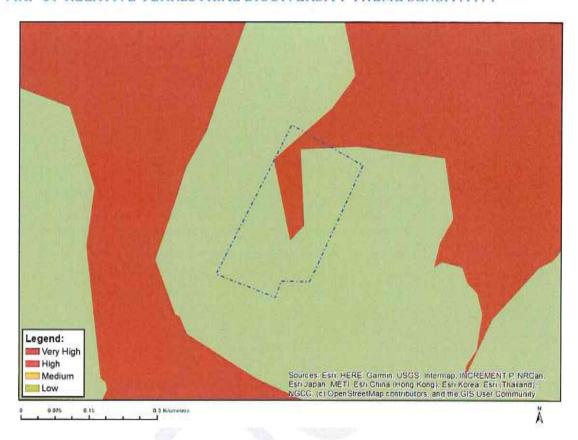


Where only a sensitive plant unique number or sensitive animal unique number is provided in the screening report and an assessment is required, the environmental assessment practitioner (EAP) or specialist is required to email SANBI at <a href="mailto:eiadatarequests@sanbi.org.za">eiadatarequests@sanbi.org.za</a> listing all sensitive species with their unique identifiers for which information is required. The name has been withheld as the species may be prone to illegal harvesting and must be protected. SANBI will release the actual species name after the details of the EAP or specialist have been documented.

Very High sensitivity	High sensitivity	Medium sensitivity	Low sensitivity
		×	

Sensitivity	Feature(s)	
Low	Low Sensitivity	
Medium	Sensitive species 257	

## MAP OF RELATIVE TERRESTRIAL BIODIVERSITY THEME SENSITIVITY



Very High sensitivity	High sensitivity	Medium sensitivity	Low sensitivity
×			

Sensitivity Feature(s)		
Low	Low Sensitivity	
Very High	Critical biodiveristy area 2	
Very High	Protected Areas Expansion Strates	

Bitflow Investments 20 (Pty) Ltd. -- KAREEFONTEIN 340 HO (over a certain portion of Portion 12) - NW30/5/1/3/2/ 11138 MP

# **QUANTUM CALCULATION: APPENDIX 4**

		Calcula	culation of the Financial Provision	ncial Provision		THE REAL PROPERTY.	
Mine : Bit	Mine : Bitflow Investments (Pty) Ltd			Location: Kareefontein 340 HO	340 HO		
				NW 30/5/1/3/2/11138 MP			
oN N	Description	Unit	Quantity (A)	Master Rate (B)	Multiplication Factor (C)	Weignting Factor (D)	Amount (E)=A*B*C*D
1	Dismantling of the Processing Plant and related Structures (Including Overland conveyors and power lines)	E		17.91	1	1	
2 (A)	Demolition of Steel buildings and structures (including floor slabs)	m²	·	249.45	1	1	*
2(8)	Demolition of reinforced concrete buildings and structures	m²		367.62	1	н	8
m	Rehabilitation of access Roads	m²	20.00	44.64	1		2,232.00
4 (A)	Demolition and rehabilitation of electrified railway lines	ш		433.26	1	1	
4 (B)	Demolition and rehabilitation of non-electrified railway lines	Е	N.	236.33	1	1	
5	Demolition of housing and facilities (including floor slabs)	m²		498.91	1	1	٠
9	Opencast Rehabilitation (including final voids and ramps)	ha	0:20	253,918.43	1		50,783.69
7	Sealing of shafts and adits and inclines (including concrete cap)	m³		133.92	1	1	5. <b>8</b>
8 (A)	Rehabilitation of Overburden and Spoils	ha		174,355.57	1	1	30
8 (B)	Rehabilitation of processing waste Deposits an eveporation ponds (basic, salt-producing waste)	ā		217,156.72	1	1	**************************************
8 (C)	Rehabilitation of processing waste Deposits an eveporation pond (acidic, metal-rich waste)	ha		630,726.04	1	1	y <b>*</b> 0
Ð	Rehabilitation of subsided areas	ha	ē.	145,996.53	1	1	
10	General Surface Rehabilitation, including grassing of all denuded areas	ha	0.20	138,119.02	1	1	27,623.80
11	River diversions	ha		138,119.02	1	1	
12	Fencing	E	<b>a</b>	157.55	1	1	
<u>c</u>	Water Management (Separating clean and dirty water and managing the impact on groundwater, including treatment, when required)	e	#±	57.516.74		-	-
14	2 to 3 Years of Maintenance and aftercare	ha	0.20	18,380.86		1	3,676.17
15 (A)	Specialist Study	Sum	#				
15(8)	Specialist Study	Sum					10
Total Sur	Total Sum of all Items						84,315.66
		12% of subtotal	tal				
1	_	6% of subtotal	Je.				5,058,94
2	Contigencies	10% Contingency	ency				8,937.46
		Subtotal 1 plu	us sum of Manag	1 plus sum of Management and contigency)	ALC ALC AND A SECOND		98,312.06
		VAT@15% of the Total	the Total				14,746.81
		Grand Total					113,058.87