ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES

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Annex B - Distribution Environmental Screening Document (DESD) (Informative)

Reticulation Powerlines and Ancillary Services

Ratified and accepted by	
Environmental Practitioner	
Environmental Specialist	
Head of Engineering Survey	
(one signature please)	
Accepted by Land Owner/s/Users	
I have seen the completed document	and accept the
recommendations made	***************************************
	Assessor/s
Form completed by	Signature:
in consultation with:	Signature:
CAPACITY (e.g. land owner, speciali	st):
DATE COMPLETED:	1311/11/11/11/11/11/11/11/11/11/11/11/11

Instructions

- 1. Fill the report in as neatly and completely as possible.
- Where the question / statement is not applicable mark N/A.
- 3. Indicate sensitive areas on a map and/or spanning plans.
- 4. When in doubt, consult the Environmental Practitioner in your region.

The purpose of this DESD is to:

- Determine whether or not the project should be subject to R543-7, published in terms of the National Environmental management Act 107 of 1998.
- Identify and mitigate the negative impact of Eskom's activities to a minimum in line with both Legislation and Eskom's Environmental Policies.
- This report is a guide to Route Selection, Construction and Field Services.

NOTE Complete the report before the survey!!!

This is not an office exercise.

Extra sheets of paper may be added and referenced if insufficient space has been provided.

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Annex B (continued)

1 Project description

Project name/Su	rvev		
A THE COURSE SPECIAL PROPERTY.	2kVa power line on the farm 17/77 Stockenstroms Kop	Area Stockenstroms Kop 77, Colesberg, Umsobomvu Loca	l Municipality
Project number	***************************************	File number	
Rural scheme/			
Feeder		Voltage 22kVa	
Supply from	Eskom conductor line		
(scheme name,	pole numbers for tee-off)		
Supply to	Portion 17 of the farm Stockenstroms Kop 177, Col.	lesberg, Northern Cape Province	
(Farm name, etc	2.)		
2 Properties	traversed		
Farm name	Portion 17 of the farm Stockenstroms	s Kop 177, Colesberg, Northern Cape Province	
Registration num	ber and Division		
Compilation num	nber Line le	ength (m)601 m	
Farm name		***************************************	
Registration nun	ber and Division	Sub-division	
Compilation num	nber Line le	ength/Site area (m²)	
	ription of the surrounding are		
		d falls under the Besemkaree Koppies Shrubland.	
200000000000000000000000000000000000000	sills are embedded within Karoo Supergroup sediment	***************************************	
*******************	tened because of large intensive agricultural activities.		
*****************	is across from the site, however no intersection with the relocated within the vicinity of the project. No protect	na maritana ana mana mana mana mana mana mana m	
	***************************************	cted trees or vegetation of critical importance occur along the propersity area. However, the site itself is sparse and does not include	
critical or protected bio	odiversity, nor will it impact on the integrity of the enviro	onment.	
Could the propo aspects?	sed project have an impact on or b	be constrained by any of the following env	ironmental
possible negativ		n of the present state as well as an indica asures for these impacts are to be included	

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4 Physical env	ironment				
4.1 Water: stre	ams rivers da	ms wetlands	springs floodpl	ains OTHER	
Present condition:	Flowing			***************************************	
The Orange River runs op	g. threat of pollution posite the proposed line site. imately 186m from the banks	The poles and lines will not		with the river at all.	
4.2 Soil:	sandy	rocky	clayey	OTHER	
Present condition:	The proposed site is patchy Other areas of the site have		and some of grasses.		
Potential impact (e.	g. of erosion) Minima	l clearing of grasses will oc	cur, however this will not imp	pact the integrity of the site or cause e	rosion.
4.3 Topography	mountains ridge			Diain	
Present condition: The proposed site is patch	The area is represented by y with open patches of soils a				
Potential impact (e.	g. of erosion)There	is a moderate chance of en	rosion, however activities will	be conducted in a legitimate manner	, protecting the surrounding
Comments/mitigatir	ng measures:	o avoid possibility of soil erc	osion.		
*****************				***********	

******************				**********	
received the received rapid	************************	,			

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5 Natural en	vironment					
5.1 Flora:	indigenous	protect	ed exo	tic	OTHER.	Endemic
There are endemic sh Potential impact	rubs associated with the (e.g. permit appl	vegetation type. Namely	e, etc., mention tr , the Euphorbia crassipes	s, Neohenricia sibbe	ettii, N. spiculata.	Small tress: Cussonia sp
5.2 Fauna:	mamm	als	birds	OT	HER	
Small mammals can be Although bird species of Potential impact	ted, etc., mention e expected in the area, in occur in the area, the site (e.g. threat of ele	n giraffe, elepha acluding terrestrial roden itself has been largely actrocution, collis	operational for agriculture	and is disturbed in	itself.	
No significant impacts a	are foreseen, the propose	ed line is relatively short.			antiliani kar	
Comments/mitigation in		owever, it is recommend	led that vegetation clearar	nce will be kept to a	ı minimum.	measures
6 Social env	ironment	***************************************				
6.1 Restricted areas:	nature/game reserves	hiking trails	tourism routes	park	s rec	reational as
Residential- areas	green belts	sacred/holy grounds	OTHERNor	ne		
Brief description	No residential areas a	are located within the vic	inity of the project.			reportations are reco

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		Annex I	- /	
Potential impact e.g	. threat of encroad	chment, etc. None	*****************************	***************************************
	****************		**********************	***************************************
6.2 Visual aestheti	ics: easily seen	hidder	1	partially
Brief description The	proposed site is a far dista	nce from any residential area a	and is isolated.	
**************************	************	**********************	************************	*********
***************************************		************************		
Detential insures No	visual impacts for anybod	y except the farmers is foresee	in.	
Potential impact	**************************************	y except the latitlets is loresee		**********
	************************			***************************************
6.3 Natural heritag	e: cultural significance	archaeological objects	monuments	palaeontological objects
	graves	meteorites	ruins	OTHER. None
the SAHRA. If line o	or access road le	lieu. The requirement	S of Act 25 of 1999 SAHRA shall be	
	******************	**********************	***********************	
Comments/mitigating				
The surrounding area is most	ly cultivated, there are exis	ting pivot systems surrounding	the proposed site.	(7,44,011,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,
7 Economic env	ironment		***************************************	
7.1 Land use:	crops	orchards	grazing	crop spraying
	game farming	forestry areas	mining	Natural
,				OTHER.
Brief descriptionThe	area does not present a sp nich needs the electricity to		are agricultural crops	***************************************
	non needs the electricity to	power a pivot system.	Arterreron anno anno anno anno	

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Potential impactNo.sig	gnificant impacts are	foreseen, the propose	d line is relatively short.	***************************************	
7.1.1 Commercial:	factories		shops	OTHER.	None
	oreseen				*************
7.1.2 Infrastructure:	roads pipelines	railways sewage	communications	power lines	air fields
Brief description:There	reseen				
Comments/mitigating				************	
na na fina a na	kaaninkikennisis			************	

Document Classification: Controlled Disclosure ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR Unique Identifier: 240-72597722 DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES Revision: 1 Page: 24 of 70 Annex B (continued) What impact will this project have on elements 4 to 7? Physical 1. No impact (0) Medium impact (2) High impact (4) 2. Natural Medium impact (2) No impact (0) High impact (4) 3. Social No impact (0) Medium impact (2) High impact (4) Overall impact: This section addresses the overall environmental impact of the project. The impacts as assessed in the above three spheres (physical, natural and social) need to be considered to determine the overall impact 0 2 4 No impact Medium impact High impact If the overall impact is between 2 and 4, contact the Environmental Management Officer or the Environmental Senior Superintendent. Alternatives Have alternative routes been discussed with the relevant land owner/s or users? Yes X No Detailed study Is an environmental assessment required in terms of Regulation R543? Yes No X

Should a permit application be made to DWA?

Yes No X

Should the SAHRA be notified?

Yes X

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Annex C - Environmental Management Plan

(Normative)

1 General conditions

- 1.1 The Eskom project manager or co-ordinator shall be responsible for ensuring that the land owners have been informed before any work is carried out on site. Contractors shall find out if the landowners have been informed before moving onto site.
- 1.2 No fences, gates or locks shall be damaged to obtain access onto a line route. Arrangements shall be made in advance to obtain permission for access.
- 1.3 Use of private roads shall be arranged in advance. Any damage to private roads shall be repaired at the contractor's expense and to the satisfaction of the landowner. This shall be the responsibility of the project manager or co-ordinator.
- 1.4 Gates shall be left as they are found, i.e. closed gates shall be kept closed and open gates shall be left open. Gates to adjacent properties or onto public roads shall be closed at all times. Any Eskom gates installed on the line route shall be kept closed and locked except while stringing is taking place. Open gates shall be guarded to prevent animals straying and unauthorised persons and vehicles entering into adjacent camps or properties.
- 1.5 Permission shall be obtained from landowners before any water is used.
- 1.6 No fires shall be lit on private property, If fires are lit on Eskom's property or in the construction camp, provision shall be made that no accidental fires are started. No firewood shall be collected in the veld.
- 1.7 If activities that can cause a fire are carried out, fire extinguishers shall be available on site and in the construction camp.
- 1.8 No property may be accessed after normal working hours except with the permission of the landowner. Privacy shall be respected at all times.
- 1.9 Eskom, Eskom's contractors and their employees shall at all times be courteous towards landowners, tenants and the local community.
- 1.10 Eskom, Eskom's contractors and their employees shall not cause damage to property, crops or animals. Activities that may cause conflict with landowners, tenants, the local work force or the local community shall be avoided. Should conflict arise it shall be immediately reported to the Eskom project manager or co-ordiator.
- 1.11 Vehicles shall be driven at a moderate speed on private roads and stay within the statutory speed limit on public roads.
- 1.12 All movement of vehicles shall take place on the established Eskom servitude road or on private roads as agreed in advance. Keep to existing tracks. No movement shall take place through the veld, Special care shall be taken to prevent excess damage during wet weather.

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Annex C

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- 1.13 If any vehicle should get stuck, the damage shall be repaired immediately so that no deep ruts remain.
- 1.14 Any damage to private property shall immediately be reported to Eskorn and the owner. The damage shall be rectified immediately if possible and/or appropriate compensation shall be paid to the owner at the discretion of the project manager/co-ordinator in consultation with the property owner. A record of damages and rectifying action shall be kept. The landowner's satisfaction with the outcome of rectifying action shall be obtained in writing.
- 1.15 A proper system of waste management shall be instituted in the construction camp. This entails that sufficient waste bins are available on site and in the construction camp. The waste shall be dumped at an approved waste disposal site. No containers, scrap metal, conductor etc. shall be left on site.
 - All scrap shall be removed and taken to an appropriate disposal site. No oil, diesel or other chemicals shall be spilled or discarded anywhere. If an accidental spill occurs, it shall be reported immediately and cleaned to the satisfaction of Eskom and the landowner. No waste shall be left in the veld or on the line route.
- 1.16 Washing and toilet facilities shall be provided on site and in the construction camp. The facilities shall comply with Eskom standards and shall have the approval of the landowner.
- 1.17 No human excrement shall be left in the veld. If no toilet facilities are available such waste shall be buried immediately.
- 1.18 Herbicides shall only be applied with Eskom's permission and in accordance with the Eskom Policy on Herbicides ESKPBAAD4.
- 1.19 Camp and office sites shall be dismantled and removed after completion of the construction phase of the project. The site shall be rehabilitated to as close as possible to its original condition to the satisfaction of the landowner, which shall be in writing.
- 1.20 All excavations shall be enclosed to prevent animals or people from accidentally falling into excavations.
- 1.21 No trees shall be cut or removed without prior permission from the landowner. Permits shall be obtained for the cutting and removal protected trees (protected trees shall be dealt with in 2, Special conditions).
- 1.22 Should any natural heritage object be found, or exposed during excavations, all work shall be terminated immediately and the finding reported to the Project Manager who shall inform the Eskom Environmental Practitioner and the SAHRA.

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2 Special conditions								
(Specific issues identified protected trees, etc.).	during the	scoping as	needing	attention	i.e. erosion	berms,	bird	flappers,
310030000000000000000000000000000000000		#301 4 #301 #305 #305 #304 #304		******	************			e's v
3	*******	*******		*****	*******		* * * * * * * * * *	v. e. +

								99/0

TYPICAL MITIGATION MEASURES

ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERNS	MITIGATION MEASURES
AGRICULTURE	
Loss of standing crop due to access road and tower work site.	limit width of access and size of tower site. avoidance of crop areas. monetary compensation for crop loss. time construction to avoid growing season.
Soil Compaction	 scheduling activities to times of the year when soils are least susceptible to compaction. stop activities when ground conditions are poor. use of equipment with low bearing capacity. chisel ploughing.
Construction of new lines	- locate access roads along existing traffic routs.
Topsoil – subsoil mixing/soil rutting	 scheduling activities. stop activity when ground conditions are poor. use of equipment with low bearing capacity. use of gravel roads. addition of manures to offset fertility loss. compensation for reduced soil pEAuctivity. removal of spoil and/or bentonite from foundation operations. Segregation of topsoil and subsoil.
Disturbance to farm operations	 maintain contact with landowner/tenant regarding preferences.
Loss of livestock	- employ noise control measures near sensitive livestock Construction of farm gates Securing farm gates Clean-up construction materials which could be ingested Compensation for lost, injured livestock.
SOCIAL IMPACTS	
Mud and Dust	- wetting down dry soils chemical control of dust cleaning roads to remove mud temporary planting of grasses.

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Aesthetics	screen with natural of planted vegetation restoration. avoid linear access down the right-of-way. addition of topsoil to gravel access roads. hoarding construction sites. installation of landscaping in advance of site completion.
Heritage resources	- select timing of activity. - avoidance/isolation. - design measures to make facility less obtrusive. - screening. - alternate methods of equipment. - protection by use of enclosures, barrier fencing, covering. - salvage in conjunction with SAHRA.
Tourism and recreation resources	- relocation in conjunction with SAHRA. - design measures to make facility less obtrusive of disruptive. - screening and restoration. - minimise noise and dust. - safety precautions to protect the public, - scheduling to avoid peak use periods.
WATER QUALITY Sedimentation of streams due to erosion from the right-of way.	minimise use of slopes adjacent to streams during soils testing, construction and maintenance. maintain a cover crop. retain buffers.
Stream bank erosion.	mechanical erosion control. retain shrubby stream bank vegetation and selectively cut or prune trees during line clearing/maintenance. selective spraying of herbicides. Mechanical erosion control.
Impedance of natural flow streams/others surface waters. Ponding or channelization of surface waters due to rutting.	use and maintenance of appropriate stream crossing device. timing activities to stable ground conditions. use of gravel roads.
Contamination of surface or ground waters through spills or leaks of toxic substances.	spill control material and procedures readily available. site selection where possible.
Soil compaction/topsoil-subsoil mixing.	 avoidance of rutting by vehicles where possible. construction timing. use of gravel roads. use of vehicles with low bearing pressures. stop activities when ground conditions are poor.
Wind/water erosion.	 avoidance of areas with high erosion potential. timing activities to the most stable ground conditions. slope stabilisation. mechanical erosion control. vegetation erosion control. recompaction of trenches. avoid trenching parallel to the fall of a slope.

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Contamination by petrochemicals.	spill control material and procedures made readily available. restoration methods investigated.
EALINA & EL OPA	Toda and Thomas and Th
FAUNA & FLORA Loss of habitat, breeding and/or food source for terrestrial wildlife.	 environmental mapping to identify sensitive areas. avoidance of areas containing rare/endangered species. construction and maintenance activities to be timed where possible to avoid peak breeding periods. the creation of "edge" (may be considered a positive impact.) promotion of wildlife habitat through vegetation control. avoid the filling of small wetlands. use design with low risk to wildlife electrocution or collision fit bird flight divertors to powerlines in bird
Changes in composition of vegetation as a result of disturbance. Removal or burial of stream bottom habitat and increased turbidity due to sedimentation.	migration areas. construction timing to minimise soil disturbance. restoration of soils to a stable condition. minimise erosion from the right-of-way by maintaining a cover crop. mechanical erosion control. minimise stream bank erosion by retaining shrubby bank vegetation and selective cutting, pruning of trees near watercourses. installation of sediment traps when necessary.
Possible loss of wildlife/fish migration/travel routes.	 avoid filling small wetlands servings as staging areas for waterfowl migration. Installation and maintenance of a proper stream crossing device. time construction activities to avoid disturbance to migrating fish and wildlife or during breeding. Follow Eskom standards for the application of herbicides near watercourses. Preserve and/or augment existing natural corridor crossings; investigate tower placement to optimise clearances to preserve existing vegetation.
IntEAuction of exotic plant species resulting from vegetative erosion control.	- use of native species for erosion control.
Vegetation stress due to nutrient loss as a result of soil deterioration.	- erosion control measures.
Changes in vegetation due to soil disturbance (topsoil-subsoil mixing).	 time construction/clearing to take advantage of stable soil conditions.