ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES

Unique Identifier:

240-72597722

Revision:

1

Page:

18 of 70

Annex B - Distribution Environmental Screening Document (DESD) (Informative)

Reticulation Powerlines and Ancillary Services

Ratified and accepted by
Environmental Practitioner
Environmental Specialist Billobour 28/10/2015
Head of Engineering Survey
(one signature please)
Accepted by Land Owner/s/Users
I have seen the completed document and accept the
recommendations made
A Assessor's All
Form completed by ALG MANA Assessor's Assessor's Assessor's ALG MANA Assessor's Assessor
in consultation with: Thursday Signature: The Sollads
CAPACITY (e.g. land owner, specialist):
DATE COMPLETED: 2015-09-30

Instructions

- 1. Fill the report in as neatly and completely as possible.
- Where the question / statement is not applicable mark N/A.
- 3. Indicate sensitive areas on a map and/or spanning plans.
- 4. When in doubt, consult the Environmental Practitioner in your region.

The purpose of this DESD is to:

- Determine whether or not the project should be subject to R543-7, published in terms of the National Environmental management Act 107 of 1998.
- Identify and mitigate the negative impact of Eskom's activities to a minimum in line with both Legislation and Eskom's Environmental Policies.
- This report is a guide to Route Selection, Construction and Field Services.

NOTE Complete the report before the survey!!!

This is not an office exercise.

Extra sheets of paper may be added and referenced if insufficient space has been provided.

Environmental Management Programme.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES

Unique Identifier:

240-72597722

Revision:

Page:

19 of 70

Annex B (continued)

1 Project description
Project name/Survey Request Project number Rural scheme/ Feeder Supply from (scheme name, pole numbers for tee-off) Supply to (Farm name, etc.) Area Sn/four Area Sn/four Area Sn/four Area Sn/four File number F
2 Properties traversed
Farm name Registration number and Division Compilation number Line length (m) Sub-division Farm name Registration number and Division Compilation number Line length/Site area (m²)
3 Brief description of the surrounding area Short grass Clay Soil area Coith Small Pens in the clistance
Could the proposed project have an impact on or be constrained by any of the following environmental aspects?
Encircle the appropriate aspect, giving a description of the present state as well as an indication of the possible negative impact. Note that mitigating measures for these impacts are to be included in the

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES

Unique Identifier:

240-72597722

Revision:

1

Page:

20 of 70

Annex B (continued)

4 Physica	l environ	ment							
4.1 Water:	streams	rivers	dams	wetlands	springs	floodplains	OTHER	Bore	Hole
Present cond	lition:	good	60	balld.	/			*******	
Potential imp	act (e.g. thr	eat of pollut	ion):	No	<i>e</i> 7		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
						•			
4.2 Soil:	san	dy	rock	у	claye	W)	OTHER		
Present cond	act (e.g. of e	erosion)							40
Present cond	ition: 🖰 ເ	UNTAN	10US 3	req.					
Potential impa	act (e.g. of e	erosion)	10 C	rosion	٥٠		•••••		
Comments/m	550								
Rock	drill	aqual	rede	due	to	พอมหโล	1170		
//	^			*************					

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES

Unique Identifier:

240-72597722

Revision:

1

Page:

21 of 70

		(continued)			
5 Natural en	vironment					
5.1 Flora:	indigenous	protect	ed e	exotic	OTH	IER
Brief description	aum tree	y and	Grass E	Tan.	d.	
5.2 Fauna:	mamm		birds	ţ	OTHER .	
Brief description (e.g. rare, protection) Nonc o	eted, etc., mentio ド ねと F (e.g. threat of el	n giraffe, elepha Notected	Sion, etc)N	s å Ouc	Birds.	
Comments/mitig	ating					measures:
IN Th	L avec	tream		otee	ted	STIMALS
6 Social env			7	••••••	***************************************	
6.1 Restricted areas:	nature/game reserves	hiking trails	tourism rou	tes	parks	recreational areas
Residential- areas	green belts	sacred/holy grounds	OTHER			
Brief description	Homi	dread.	s far	m H	louse	

Annex B

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES

Unique Identifier:

240-72597722

Revision:

4

Page:

22 of 70

Potential impact e.g	ı. threat of encroachr	Annex B (continued) nent, etc	1	
6.2 Visual aesthet	ics: easily seen	h <u>i</u> dden	x	partially
		······································		becouse
Potential impact	No impa	ජ		
6.3 Natural heritag	je: cultural significance	archaeological objects	monuments	palaeontological objects
	gráves	meteorites	ruins	OTHER
Resource Act, No 25	natural heritage re 5 of 1999 be identifie or access road leng	d, the requirements	of Act 25 of 1999	ned in the National Heritage I shall be followed by notifying notified.
Potential impact	Poles or	e ± 40M	PAWA :	from the
Comments/mitigating	a measures			
Avig -	or Remo	re any	Stone.	m the Grave
7 Economic en	vironment			
7.1 Land use:	crops game farming	orchards forestry areas	grazing mining	crop spraying
Brief description	Arrue Gr	O		

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES

Unique Identifier:

240-72597722

Revision: Page: 4

23 of 70

Annex B (continued)

Potential impactM.	sνς.				
7.1.1 Commercial:	factories		shops	OTHER	
Brief descriptionA Potential impactA	ONE.				
7.1.2 Infrastructure:	roads pipelines	railways sewage	communications	power lines	air fields
Brief description: Print ELECATION RAILWAY L	SUPPL	d used by E Moss	by railwa skom. s s outh of th	y & Commercial TA	nunity INEJ
Potential impact	o impa	. ئ			
Comments/mitigating The LINE らいのいとしい	measures:				
one of the second secon					

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES

Unique Identifier:

240-72597722

Revision:

1

Page:

24 of 70

	(continu		
What impact will this project 1. Physical	ct have on elements 4 to 7?		
No impact (6) Me	edium impact (2)	High impact (4)	
2. Natural			
No impact (0) Me	edium impact (2)	High impact (4)	
3. Social			
No impact (0) Me	edium impact (2)	High impact (4)	
Overall impact: This section addresses the above three spheres (physion)	e overall environmental impa ical, natural and social) need	act of the project. The impacts as assesse to be considered to determine the overall im	d in the pact
No impact	Medium impact	High impact	
If the overall impact is Environmental Senior Supe	between 2 and 4, contact erintendent.	t the Environmental Management Officer	or the
Alternatives		*	
Have alternative routes bee	en discussed with the relevan	nt land owner/s or users?	
Yes			
Detailed study			
Is an environmental assess	sment required in terms of Re	egulation R543?	
Yes No		*	
Should a permit application	be made to DWA?		
Yes			
Should the SAHRA be notif	ied?		
YesNo			

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES

Unique Identifier:

240-72597722

Revision:

1

Page:

25 of 70

Annex C - Environmental Management Plan (Normative)

1 General conditions

- 1.1 The Eskom project manager or co-ordinator shall be responsible for ensuring that the land owners have been informed before any work is carried out on site. Contractors shall find out if the landowners have been informed before moving onto site.
- 1.2 No fences, gates or locks shall be damaged to obtain access onto a lime route. Arrangements shall be made in advance to obtain permission for access.
- 1.3 Use of private roads shall be arranged in advance. Any damage to private roads shall be repaired at the contractor's expense and to the satisfaction of the landowner. This shall be the responsibility of the project manager or co-ordination.
- Gates shall be left as they are found, i.e. closed gates shall be limpt closed and open gates shall be left open. Gates to adjacent properties or onto public roads shall be closed at all times. Any Eskom gates installed on the line route shall be kept closed and locked except while stringing is taking place. Open gates shall be guarded to prevent animals straying and unauthorised persons and vehicles entering into adjacent camps or properties.
- 1.5 Permission shall be obtained from landowners before any water is used.
- No fires shall be lit on private property. If fires are litt on Eskom's property or in the construction camp, provision shall be made that no accidental fires are started. No firewood shall be collected in the veld.
- 1.7 If activities that can cause a fire are carried out, fire extinguishers shall be available on site and in the construction camp.
- No property may be accessed after normal worlding hours except with the permission of the landowner. Privacy shall be respected at all times.
- 1.9 Eskom, Eskom's contractors and their employees shall at all timess be courteous towards landowners, tenants and the local community.
- 1.10 Eskom, Eskom's contractors and their employees shall not cause damage to property, crops or animals. Activities that may cause conflict with lamdowners, tensmis, the local work force or the local community shall be avoided. Should conflict arise it shall be immediately reported to the Eskom project manager or co-ordiator.
- 1.11 Vehicles shall be driven at a moderate speed on private roads and stay/within the statutory speed limit on public roads.
- 1.12 All movement of vehicles shall take place on the established Estrom servitude road or on private roads as agreed in advance. Keep to existing tracks. No movement shall take place through the veld. Special care shall be taken to prevent excess damage during wet weather.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES

Unique Identifier:

240-72597722

Revision: Page:

. .

26 of 70

Annex C (continued)

- 1.13 If any vehicle should get stuck, the damage shall be repaired immediately so that no deep ruts remain.
- 1.14 Any damage to private property shall immediately be reported to Eskom and the owner. The damage shall be rectified immediately if possible and/or appropriate compensation shall be paid to the owner at the discretion of the project manager/co-ordinator in consultation with the property owner. A record of damages and rectifying action shall be kept. The landowner's satisfaction with the outcome of rectifying action shall be obtained in writing.
- 1.15 A proper system of waste management shall be instituted in the construction camp. This entails that sufficient waste bins are available on site and in the construction camp. The waste shall be dumped at an approved waste disposal site. No containers, scrap metal, conductor etc. shall be left on site.

All scrap shall be removed and taken to an appropriate disposal site. No oil, diesel or other chemicals shall be spilled or discarded anywhere. If an accidental spill occurs, it shall be reported immediately and cleaned to the satisfaction of Eskom and the landowner. No waste shall be left in the veld or on the line route.

- **1.16** Washing and toilet facilities shall be provided on site and in the construction camp. The facilities shall comply with Eskom standards and shall have the approval of the landowner.
- 1.17 No human excrement shall be left in the veld. If no toilet facilities are available such waste shall be buried immediately.
- 1.18 Herbicides shall only be applied with Eskom's permission and in accordance with the Eskom Policy on Herbicides ESKPBAAD4.
- 1.19 Camp and office sites shall be dismantled and removed after completion of the construction phase of the project. The site shall be rehabilitated to as close as possible to its original condition to the satisfaction of the landowner, which shall be in writing.
- 1.20 All excavations shall be enclosed to prevent animals or people from accidentally falling into excavations.
- 1.21 No trees shall be cut or removed without prior permission from the landowner. Permits shall be obtained for the cutting and removal protected trees (protected trees shall be dealt with in 2, Special conditions).
- 1.22 Should any natural heritage object be found, or exposed during excavations, all work shall be terminated immediately and the finding reported to the Project Manager who shall inform the Eskom Environmental Practitioner and the SAHRA.

2 Special conditions

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES

Unique Identifier:

240-72597722

Revision:

1

Page:

27 of 70

Annex C (continued)

- opooid		. 6311 61 67 1116											
(Specific is protected to	sues ees. e	identified tc.).	during	the	scoping	as	needing	attention	i.e.	erosion	berms,	bird	flappers,
										,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
	•••••												
				•••••									

TYPICAL MITIGATION MEASURES

ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERNS	MITIGATION MEASURES
AGRICULTURE	
Loss of standing crop due to access road and tower work site.	 limit width of access and size of tower site. avoidance of crop areas. monetary compensation for crop loss. time construction to avoid growing season.
Soil Compaction	 scheduling activities to times of the year when soils are least susceptible to compaction. stop activities when ground conditions are poor. use of equipment with low bearing capacity. chisel ploughing.
Construction of new lines	- locate access roads along existing traffic routs.
Topsoil – subsoil mixing/soil rutting	 scheduling activities. stop activity when ground conditions are poor. use of equipment with low bearing capacity. use of gravel roads. addition of manures to offset fertility loss. compensation for reduced soil pEAuctivity. removal of spoil and/or bentonite from foundation operations. Segregation of topsoil and subsoil.
Disturbance to farm operations	 maintain contact with landowner/tenant regarding preferences.
Loss of livestock	 employ noise control measures near sensitive livestock. Construction of farm gates. Securing farm gates. Clean-up construction materials which could be ingested. Compensation for lost, injured livestock.
SOCIAL IMPACTS	
Mud and Dust	 wetting down dry soils. chemical control of dust. cleaning roads to remove mud. temporary planting of grasses.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES

Unique Identifier:

240-72597722

Revision: Page:

4

28 of 70

Annex C (continued)

A = 4h = 4i = -	T
Aesthetics	 screen with natural of planted vegetation restoration.
	 avoid linear access down the right-of-way.
	- addition of topsoil to gravel access roads.
	- hoarding construction sites.
	- installation of landscaping in advance of site
Inconvenience	completion.
inconvenience	- select route and method of installation to suit
	landowners' conditions.
Haritaga ragguraga	- select timing of activity.
Heritage resources	- avoidance/isolation.
	- design measures to make facility less obtrusive.
	- screening.
	- alternate methods of equipment.
	 protection by use of enclosures, barrier fencing, covering.
	- salvage in conjunction with SAHRA.
	- relocation in conjunction with SAHRA.
Tourism and recreation resources	design measures to make facility less obtrusive of
Tourism and recreation resources	disruptive.
	- screening and restoration.
	- minimise noise and dust.
	- safety precautions to protect the public.
	- scheduling to avoid peak use periods.
WATER QUALITY	scriedaling to avoid peak use periods.
Sedimentation of streams due to	- minimise use of slopes adjacent to streams during soils
erosion from the right-of way.	testing, construction and maintenance.
orosion nom the right of way.	- maintain a cover crop.
	- retain buffers.
Stream bank erosion.	- mechanical erosion control.
	- retain shrubby stream bank vegetation and selectively
	cut or prune trees during line clearing/maintenance.
	- selective spraying of herbicides.
	- Mechanical erosion control.
Impedance of natural flow	- use and maintenance of appropriate stream crossing
streams/others surface waters.	device.
Ponding or channelization of surface	- timing activities to stable ground conditions.
waters due to rutting.	- use of gravel roads.
Contamination of surface or ground	B CONTROL OF THE CONT
waters through spills or leaks of toxic	 spill control material and procedures readily available. site selection where possible.
substances.	- site selection where possible.
Soil compaction/topsoil-subsoil mixing.	avoidance of rutting by vahiales where nearlyle
con compaction/topacif-aguacif mixing.	 avoidance of rutting by vehicles where possible. construction timing.
	- use of gravel roads.
	- use of yehicles with low bearing pressures.
	- stop activities when ground conditions are poor.
Wind/water erosion.	avoidance of areas with high erosion potential.
THE TOTAL OF COLOUR	timing activities to the most stable ground conditions.
	- slope stabilisation.
	- mechanical erosion control.
	- vegetation erosion control.
į	- recompaction of trenches.
	- avoid trenching parallel to the fall of a slope.
	avoid tronorning paramer to the fall of a slope.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES

Unique Identifier:

240-72597722

Revision:

1

Page:

29 of 70

Annex C (continued)

Contamination by petrochemicals.	 spill control material and procedures made readily available. restoration methods investigated.
FAUNA & FLORA	
FAUNA & FLORA Loss of habitat, breeding and/or food source for terrestrial wildlife.	 environmental mapping to identify sensitive areas. avoidance of areas containing rare/endangered species. construction and maintenance activities to be timed where possible to avoid peak breeding periods. the creation of "edge" (may be considered a positive impact.) promotion of wildlife habitat through vegetation control. avoid the filling of small wetlands. use design with low risk to wildlife electrocution or collision
Changes in composition of vegetation as a	fit bird flight divertors to powerlines in bird migration areas. construction timing to minimise soil disturbance.
result of disturbance.	 restoration of soils to a stable condition.
Removal or burial of stream bottom habitat and increased turbidity due to sedimentation.	minimise erosion from the right-of-way by maintaining a cover crop. mechanical erosion control.
	minimise stream bank erosion by retaining shrubby bank vegetation and selective cutting, pruning of trees near watercourses. installation of and insert trees when recessory.
Possible loss of wildlife/fish migration/travel	installation of sediment traps when necessary. avoid filling small wetlands servings as staging
routes.	areas for waterfowl migration. Installation and maintenance of a proper stream crossing device.
	 time construction activities to avoid disturbance to migrating fish and wildlife or during breeding. Follow Eskom standards for the application of
	herbicides near watercourses. - Preserve and/or augment existing natural corridor crossings; investigate tower placement to optimise clearances to preserve existing vegetation.
IntEAuction of exotic plant species resulting from vegetative erosion control.	- use of native species for erosion control.
Vegetation stress due to nutrient loss as a result of soil deterioration.	- erosion control measures.
Changes in vegetation due to soil disturbance (topsoil-subsoil mixing).	 time construction/clearing to take advantage of stable soil conditions.