

GENERIC ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) FOR THE DEVELOPMENT AND EXPANSION OF SUBSTATION INFRASTRUCTURE FOR THE TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION OF ELECTRICITY



environmental affairs

Department:
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INTRODUCTION

1. Background

The National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998) (NEMA) requires that an environmental management programme (EMPr) be submitted where an environmental impact assessment (EIA) has been identified as the environmental instrument to be utilised as the basis for a decision on an application for environmental authorisation (EA). The content of an EMPr must either contain the information set out in Appendix 4 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014, as amended (EIA Regulations) or must be a generic EMPr relevant to an application as identified and gazetted by the Minister in a government notice. Once the Minister has identified, through a government notice that a generic EMPr is relevant to an application for EA, that generic EMPr must be applied by all parties involved in the EA process, including but not limited to the applicant and the competent authority (CA).

2. Purpose

This document constitutes a generic EMPr relevant to applications for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, and all listed and specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

3. Objective

The objective of this generic EMPr is to prescribe and pre-approve generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions, which can commonly and repeatedly be used for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity. The use of a generic EMPr is intended to reduce the need to prepare and review individual EMPrs for applications of a similar nature.

4. Scope

The scope of this generic EMPr applies to the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity requiring EA in terms of NEMA. This generic EMPr applies to activities requiring EA, mainly activity 11 and 47 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 1 of 2014, as amended, and activity 9 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 2 of 2014, as amended, and all associated listed or specified activities necessary for the realization of such infrastructure.

5. Structure of this document

This document is structured in three parts with an Appendix as indicated in the table below:

Part	Section	Heading	Content
A		Provides general guidance and information and is not legally binding	Definitions, acronyms, roles & responsibilities and documentation and reporting.
B	1	Pre-approved generic EMPr template	<p>Contains generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions required for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, which are presented in the form of a template that has been pre-approved.</p> <p>The template in this section is to be completed by the contractor, with each completed page signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity.</p> <p>Where an impact management outcome is not relevant, the words "not applicable" can be inserted in the template under the "responsible persons" column.</p> <p>Once completed and signed, the template represents the EMPr for the activity approved by the CA and is legally binding. The template is not required to be submitted to the CA as once the generic EMPr is gazetted for implementation, it has been approved by the CA.</p> <p>To allow interested and affected parties access to the pre-approved EMPr template for consideration through the decision-making process, the EAP on behalf of the applicant / proponent must make the hard copy of this EMPr available at a public location and where the applicant has a website, the EMPr should also be made available on such publicly accessible website.</p>
	2	Site specific information	Contains preliminary infrastructure layout and a declaration that the applicant/holder of the EA will comply with the pre-approved generic EMPr template contained in <u>Part B: Section 1</u> , and understands that the impact management

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			<p>outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding. The preliminary infrastructure layout must be finalized to inform the final EMPr that is to be submitted with the basic assessment report (BAR) or environmental impact assessment report (EIAR), ensuring that all impact management outcomes and impact management actions have been either pre-approved or approved in terms of <u>Part C</u>.</p> <p>This section must be submitted to the CA together with the final BAR or EIAR. The information submitted to the CA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, this Section forms part of the EMPr for the development and is legally binding.</p>
C		Site specific sensitivities/ attributes	<p>If any specific environmental sensitivities/ attributes are present on the site which require site specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr, to manage impacts, these specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific environmental attributes must be referenced spatially and impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be provided. These specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the pre-approved EMPr template (<u>Part B: section 1</u>)</p> <p>This section will not be required should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes. However, if <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the site, it is required to be submitted together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP and must contain his/her name and expertise including a curriculum vitae. Once approved, Part C forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.</p> <p>This section applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management</p>

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			actions that are necessary for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the specific development or expansion and which are not already included in <u>Part B: section 1</u> .
Appendix 1			Contains the method statements to be prepared prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are not required to be submitted to the competent authority.

6. Completion of part B: section 1: the pre-approved generic EMPr template

The template is to be completed prior to commencement of the activity, by providing the following information for each environmental impact management action:

- For implementation
 - a 'responsible person',
 - a method for implementation,
 - a timeframe for implementation
- For monitoring
 - a responsible person
 - frequency
 - evidence of compliance.

The completed template must be signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as Appendix 1. Each method statement must be signed and dated on each page by the holder of the EA. This template once signed and dated is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

7. Amendments of the impact management outcomes and impact management actions

Once the activity has commenced, a holder of an EA may make amendments to the impact management outcomes and impact management actions in the following manner:

- Amendment of the impact management outcomes: in line with the process contemplated in Regulation 37 of the EIA Regulations; and
- Amendment of the impact management actions: in line with the process contemplated in Regulation 36 of the EIA Regulations.

8. Documents to be submitted as part of part B: section 2 site specific information and declaration

Part B: Section 2 has three distinct sub-sections. The first and third sub-sections are in a template format. Sub-section two requires a map to be produced.

Sub-section 1 contains the project name, the applicant's name and contact details, the site information, which includes coordinates of the property or farm in which the proposed substation infrastructure is proposed as well as the 21-digit Surveyor General code of each cadastral land parcel and, where available, the farm name.

Sub-section 2 is to be prepared by an EAP and must contain his / her name and expertise including a curriculum vitae. This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout using the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at: <https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool>. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g., threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features and within 50 m from the development footprint.

Sub-section 3 is the declaration that the applicant (s)/proponent (s) or holder of the EA in the case of a change of ownership must complete which confirms that the applicant/EA holder will comply with the pre-approved 'generic EMPr' template in Section 1 and understands that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding.

(a) Amendments to Part B: Section 2 – site specific information and declaration

Should the EA be transferred, Part B: Section 2 must be completed by the new applicant/proponent and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted as part of such an application for an amendment to an EA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of Part B: Section 2 not be submitted. Once approved, Part B: Section 2 forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

PART A – GENERAL INFORMATION

1. DEFINITIONS

In this EMPr any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the NEMA or EIA Regulations has that meaning, and unless the context requires otherwise –

"clearing" means the clearing and removal of vegetation, whether partially or in whole, including trees and shrubs, as specified;

"construction camp" is the area designated for key construction infrastructure and services, including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;

"contractor" - The Contractor has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract, are in line with the Environmental Management Programme and that Method Statements are implemented as described.

"hazardous substance" is a substance governed by the Hazardous Substances Act, 1973 (Act No. 15 of 1973) as well as the Hazardous Chemical and Substances Regulations, 1995;

"method statement" means a written submission by the Contractor to the Project Manager in response to this EMPr or a request by the Project Manager and ECO. The method statement must set out the equipment, materials, labour and method(s) the Contractor proposes using to carry out an activity identified by the Project Manager when requesting the Method Statement. This must be done in such detail that the Project Manager and ECO is able to assess whether the Contractor's proposal is in accordance with this specification and/or will produce results in accordance with this specification;

The method statement must cover as a minimum applicable details with regard to:

- (i) Construction procedures;
- (ii) Plant, materials and equipment to be used;
- (iii) Transporting the equipment to and from site;
- (iv) How the plant/ material/ equipment will be moved while on site;
- (v) How and where the plant/ material/ equipment will be stored;
- (vi) The containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- (vii) Timing and location of activities;
- (viii) Compliance/ non-compliance; and
- (ix) Any other information deemed necessary by the Project Manager.

"slope" means the inclination of a surface expressed as one unit of rise or fall for so many horizontal units;

“**solid waste**” means all solid waste, including construction debris, hazardous waste, excess cement/ concrete, wrapping materials, timber, cans, drums, wire, nails, food and domestic waste (e.g. plastic packets and wrappers);

“**spoil**” means excavated material which is unsuitable for use as material in the construction works or is material which is surplus to the requirements of the construction works;

“**topsoil**” means a varying depth (up to 300 mm) of the soil profile irrespective of the fertility, appearance, structure, agricultural potential, fertility and composition of the soil;

“**works**” means the works to be executed in terms of the Contract

2. ACRONYMS and ABBREVIATIONS

CA	Competent Authority
cEO	Contractors Environmental Officer
dEO	Developer Environmental Officer
DPM	Developer Project Manager
DSS	Developer Site Supervisor
EAR	Environmental Audit Report
ECA	Environmental Conservation Act No. 73 of 1989
ECO	Environmental Control Officer
EA	Environmental Authorisation
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
ERAP	Emergency Response Action Plan
EMPr	Environmental Management Programme Report
EAP	Environmental Assessment Practitioner
FPA	Fire Protection Agency
HCS	Hazardous chemical Substance
NEMA	National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998)
NEMBA	National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, 2004 (Act No. 10 of 2004)
NEMWA	National Environmental Management: Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008)
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet
RI&AP's	Registered Interested and affected parties

3. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) IMPLEMENTATION

The effective implementation of this generic EMPr is dependent on established and clear roles, responsibilities and reporting lines within an institutional framework. This section of the EMPr gives guidance to the various environmental roles and reporting lines, however, project specific requirements will ultimately determine the need for the appointment of specific person(s) to undertake specific roles and or responsibilities. As such, it must be noted that in the event that no specific person, for example, an environmental control officer (ECO) is appointed, the holder of the EA remains responsible for ensuring that the duties indicated in this document for action by the ECO are undertaken.

Table 1: Guide to roles and responsibilities for implementation of an EMPr

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer's Project Manager (DPM)	<p><u>Role</u></p> <p>The Project Developer is accountable for ensuring compliance with the EMPr and any conditions of approval from the competent authority (CA). Where required, an environmental control officer (ECO) must be contracted by the Project Developer to objectively monitor the implementation of the EMPr according to relevant environmental legislation, and the conditions of the environmental authorisation (EA). The Project Developer is further responsible for providing and giving mandate to enable the ECO to perform responsibilities, and he must ensure that the ECO is integrated as part of the project team while remaining independent.</p> <p><u>Responsibilities</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA; - Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Developer and its Contractor(s); - Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; - Monitor the implementation of the EMPr throughout the project by means of site inspections and meetings. Overall management of the project and EMPr implementation; and - Ensure that periodic environmental performance audits are undertaken on the project implementation.

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer Site Supervisor (DSS)	<p><u>Role</u> The DSS reports directly to the DPM, oversees site works, liaises with the contractor(s) and the ECO. The DSS is responsible for the day-to-day implementation of the EMPr and for ensuring the compliance of all contractors with the conditions and requirements stipulated in the EMPr.</p> <p><u>Responsibilities</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ensure that all contractors identify a contractor's Environmental Officer (cEO); - Must be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA. Oversees site works, liaison with Contractor, DPM and ECO; - Must ensure that all landowners have the relevant contact details of the site staff, ECO and cEO; - Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; - Will issue all non-compliances to contractors; and - Ratify the Monthly Environmental Report.
Environmental Control Officer (ECO)	<p><u>Role</u> The ECO should have appropriate training and experience in the implementation of environmental management specifications. The primary role of the ECO is to act as an independent quality controller and monitoring agent regarding all environmental concerns and associated environmental impacts. In this respect, the ECO is to conduct periodic site inspections, attend regular site meetings, pre-empt problems and suggest mitigation and be available to advise on incidental issues that arise. The ECO is also required to conduct compliance audits, verifying the monitoring reports submitted by the cEO. The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager regarding all environmental matters. The Contractor, cEO and dEO are answerable to the Environmental Control Officer for non-compliance with the Performance Specifications as set out in the EA and EMPr.</p> <p>The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager, who in turn reports back to the Contractor and potential and Registered Interested & Affected Parties' (RI&AP's), as required. Issues of non-compliance raised by the ECO must be taken up by the Project Manager, and resolved with the Contractor as per the conditions of his contract. Decisions regarding environmental procedures, specifications and requirements which have a cost implication (i.e. those that are deemed to be a variation, not allowed for in the</p>

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	<p>Performance Specification) must be endorsed by the Project Manager. The ECO must also, as specified by the EA, report to the relevant CA as and when required.</p> <p><u>Responsibilities</u></p> <p>The responsibilities of the ECO will include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Be aware of the findings and conclusions of all EA related to the development; - Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr; - Be conversant with relevant environmental legislation, policies and procedures, and ensure compliance with them; - Undertake regular and comprehensive site inspections / audits of the construction site according to the generic EMPr and applicable licenses in order to monitor compliance as required; - Educate the construction team about the management measures contained in the EMPr and environmental licenses; - Compilation and administration of an environmental monitoring plan to ensure that the environmental management measures are implemented and are effective; - Monitoring the performance of the Contractors and ensuring compliance with the EMPr and associated Method Statements; - In consultation with the Developer Site Supervisor order the removal of person(s) and/or equipment which are in contravention of the specifications of the EMPr and/or environmental licenses; - Liaison between the DPM, Contractors, authorities and other lead stakeholders on all environmental concerns; - Compile a regular environmental audit report highlighting any non-compliance issues as well as satisfactory or exceptional compliance with the EMPr; - Validating the regular site inspection reports, which are to be prepared by the contractor Environmental Officer (cEO); - Checking the cEO's record of environmental incidents (spills, impacts, legal transgressions etc.) as well as corrective and preventive actions taken; - Checking the cEO's public complaints register in which all complaints are recorded, as well as action taken;

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Assisting in the resolution of conflicts; - Facilitate training for all personnel on the site – this may range from carrying out the training, to reviewing the training programmes of the Contractor; - In case of non-compliances, the ECO must first communicate this to the Senior Site Supervisor, who has the power to ensure this matter is addressed. Should no action or insufficient action be taken, the ECO may report this matter to the authorities as non-compliance; - Maintenance, update and review of the EMPr; - Communication of all modifications to the EMPr to the relevant stakeholders.
developer Environmental Officer (dEO)	<p><u>Role</u></p> <p>The dEOs will report to the Project Manager and are responsible for implementation of the EMPr, environmental monitoring and reporting, providing environmental input to the Project Manager and Contractor’s Manager, liaising with contractors and the landowners as well as a range of environmental coordination responsibilities.</p> <p><u>Responsibilities</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Be fully conversant with the EMPr; - Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr, and implement these measures; - Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Employees, Contractor(s) ; - Confine the development site to the demarcated area; - Conduct environmental internal audits with regards to EMPr and authorisation compliance (on cEO); - Assist the contractors in addressing environmental challenges on site; - Assist in incident management: - Reporting environmental incidents to developer and ensuring that corrective action is taken, and lessons learnt shared; - Assist the contractor in investigating environmental incidents and compile investigation reports; - Follow-up on pre-warnings, defects, non-conformance reports;

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Measure and communicate environmental performance to the Contractor; - Conduct environmental awareness training on site together with ECO and cEO; - Ensure that the necessary legal permits and / or licenses are in place and up to date; - Acting as Developer's Environmental Representative on site and work together with the ECO and contractor;
Contractor	<p><u>Role</u></p> <p>The Contractor appoints the cEO and has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract are in line with the EMPr and that Method Statements are implemented as described. External contractors must ensure compliance with this EMPr while performing the onsite activities as per their contract with the Project Developer. The contractors are required, where specified, to provide Method Statements setting out in detail how the impact management actions contained in the EMPr will be implemented during the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity activities.</p> <p><u>Responsibilities</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - project delivery and quality control for the development services as per appointment; - employ a suitably qualified person to monitor and report to the Project Developer's appointed person on the daily activities on-site during the construction period; - ensure that safe, environmentally acceptable working methods and practices are implemented and that equipment is properly operated and maintained, to facilitate proper access and enable any operation to be carried out safely; - attend on site meeting(s) prior to the commencement of activities to confirm the procedure and designated activity zones; - ensure that contractors' staff repair, at their own cost, any environmental damage as a result of a contravention of the specifications contained in EMPr, to the satisfaction of the ECO.

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
contractor Environmental Officer (cEO)	<p><u>Role</u> Each Contractor affected by the EMPr should appoint a cEO, who is responsible for the on-site implementation of the EMPr (or relevant sections of the EMPr). The Contractor's representative can be the site agent; site engineer; a dedicated environmental officer; or an independent consultant. The Contractor must ensure that the Contractor's Representative is suitably qualified to perform the necessary tasks and is appointed at a level such that she/he can interact effectively with other site Contractors, labourers, the Environmental Control Officer and the public. As a minimum the cEO shall meet the following criteria:</p> <p><u>Responsibilities</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Be on site throughout the duration of the project and be dedicated to the project; - Ensure all their staff are aware of the environmental requirements, conditions and constraints with respect to all of their activities on site; - Implementing the environmental conditions, guidelines and requirements as stipulated within the EA, EMPr and Method Statements; - Attend the Environmental Site Meeting; - Undertaking corrective actions where non-compliances are registered within the stipulated timeframes; - Report back formally on the completion of corrective actions; - Assist the ECO in maintaining all the site documentation; - Prepare the site inspection reports and corrective action reports for submission to the ECO; - Assist the ECO with the preparing of the monthly report; and - Where more than one Contractor is undertaking work on site, each company appointed as a Contractor will appoint a cEO representing that company.

4. ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE

To ensure accountable and demonstrated implementation of the EMPr, a number of reporting systems, documentation controls and compliance mechanisms must be in place for all substation infrastructure projects as a minimum requirement.

4.1 Document control/Filing system

The holder of the EA is solely responsible for the upkeep and management of the EMPr file. As a minimum, all documentation detailed below will be stored in the EMPr file. A hard copy of all documentation shall be filed, while an electronic copy may be kept where relevant. A duplicate file will be maintained in the office of the DSS (where applicable). This duplicate file must remain current and up-to-date. The filing system must be updated and relevant documents added as required. The EMPr file must be made available at all times on request by the CA or other relevant authorities. The EMPr file will form part of any environmental audits undertaken as prescribed in the EIA Regulations.

4.2 Documentation to be available

At the outset of the project the following preliminary list of documents shall be placed in the filing system and be accessible at all times:

- Full copy of the signed EA from the CA in terms of NEMA, granting approval for the development or expansion;
- Copy of the generic and site specific EMPr as well as any amendments thereof;
- Copy of declaration of implementing generic EMPr and subsequent approval of site specific EMPr and amendments thereof;
- All method statements;
- Completed environmental checklists;
- Minutes and attendance register of environmental site meetings;
- An up-to-date environmental incident log;
- A copy of all instructions or directives issued;
- A copy of all corrective actions signed off. The corrective actions must be filed in such a way that a clear reference is made to the non-compliance record;
- Complaints register.

4.3 Weekly Environmental Checklist

The ECOs are required to complete a Weekly Environmental Checklist, the format of which is to be agreed prior to commencement of the activity. The ECOs are required to sign and date the checklist, retain a copy in the EMPr file and submit a copy of the completed checklist to the DSS on a weekly basis.

The checklists will form the basis for the Monthly Environmental Reports. Copies of all completed checklists will be attached as Annexures to the Environmental Audit Report as required in terms of the EIA Regulations.

4.4 Environmental site meetings

Minutes of the environmental site meetings shall be kept. The minutes must include an attendance register and will be attached to the Monthly Report that is distributed to attendees. Each set of minutes must clearly record "Matters for Attention" that will be reviewed at the next meeting.

4.5 Required Method Statements

The method statement will be done in such detail that the ECOs are enabled to assess whether the contractor's proposal is in accordance with the EMPr.

The method statement must cover applicable details with regard to:

- development procedures;
- materials and equipment to be used;
- getting the equipment to and from site;
- how the equipment/ material will be moved while on site;
- how and where material will be stored;
- the containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- timing and location of activities;
- compliance/ non-compliance with the EMPr; and
- any other information deemed necessary by the ECOs.

Unless indicated otherwise by the Project Manager, the Contractor shall provide the following method statements to the Project Manager no less than 14 days prior to the commencement date of the activity:

- Site establishment – Camps, Lay-down or storage areas, satellite camps, infrastructure;
- Batch plants;
- Workshop or plant servicing;
- Handling, transport and storage of Hazardous Chemical Substance's;
- Vegetation management – Protected, clearing, aliens, felling;
- Access management – Roads, gates, crossings etc.;
- Fire plan;
- Waste management – transport, storage, segregation, classification, disposal (all waste streams);
- Social interaction – complaints management, compensation claims, access to properties etc.;
- Water – use (source, abstraction and disposal), access and all related information, crossings and mitigation;
- Emergency preparedness – Spills, training, other environmental emergencies;
- Dust and noise management methodologies;
- Fauna interaction and risk management – only if the risk was identified – wildlife interaction especially on game farms; and
- Heritage and palaeontology management.

The ECOs shall monitor and ensure that the contractors perform in accordance with these method statements. Completed and agreed method statements between the holder of the EA and the contractor shall be captured in Appendix 1.

4.6 Environmental Incident Log (Diary)

The ECOs are required to maintain an up-to-date and current Environmental Incident Log (environmental diary). The Environmental Incident Log is a means to record all environmental incidents and/or all non-compliance notice would not be issued. An environmental incident is defined as:

- Any deviation from the listed impact management actions (listed in this EMPr) that may be addressed immediately by the ECOs. (For example a contractor's staff member littering or a drip tray that has not been emptied);
- Any environmental impact resulting from an action or activity by a contractor in contravention of the environmental stipulations and guidelines listed in the EMPr which as a single event would have a minor impact but which if cumulative and continuous would have a significant effect (for example no toilet paper available in the ablutions for an afternoon); and
- General environmental information such as road kills or injured wildlife.

The ECOs are to record all environmental incidents in the Environmental Incident Log. All incidents regardless of severity must be reported to the Developer. The Log is to be kept in the EMPr file and at a minimum the following will be recorded for each environmental incident:

- The date and time of the incident;
- Description of the incident;
- The name of the Contractor responsible;
- The incident must be listed as significant or minor;
- If the incident is listed as significant, a non-compliance notice must be issued, and recorded in the log;
- Remedial or corrective action taken to mitigate the incident; and
- Record of repeat minor offences by the same contractor or staff member.

The Environmental Incident Log will be captured in the EAR.

4.7 Non-compliance

A non-compliance notice will be issued to the responsible contractor by the ECOs via the DSS or Project Manager. The non-compliance notice will be issued in writing; a copy filed in the EMPr file and will at a minimum include the following:

- Time and date of the non-compliance;
- Name of the contractor responsible;
- Nature and description of the non-compliance;
- Recommended / required corrective action; and
- Date by which the corrective action to be completed.
- The contractors shall act immediately when a notice of non-compliance is received and correct whatever is the cause for the issuing of the notice. Complaints received regarding activities on the development site pertaining to the environment shall be recorded in a dedicated register and the response noted with the date and action taken. The ECO should

be made aware of any complaints. Any non-compliance with the agreed procedures of the EMPr is a transgression of the various statutes and laws that define the manner by which the environment is managed. Failure to redress the cause shall be reported to the relevant CA for them to deal with the transgression, as it deems fit. The contractor is deemed not to have complied with the EMPr if, inter alia, There is a deviation from the environmental conditions, impact management outcomes and impact management actions activities, as approved in generic and site specific EMPr as relevant as set out in the EMPr, which deviation has, or may cause, an environmental impact.

4.8 Corrective action records

For each non-compliance notice issued, a documented corrective action must be recorded. On receiving a non-compliance notice from the DSS, the contractor's cEO will ensure that the corrective actions required take place within the stipulated timeframe. On completion of the corrective action the cEO is to issue a Corrective Action Report in writing to the ECOs. If satisfied that the corrective action has been completed, the ECOs are to sign-off on the Corrective Action Report and attach the report to the non-compliance notice in the EMPr file. A corrective action is considered complete once the report has signed off by the ECOs.

4.9 Photographic record

A digital photographic record will be kept. The photographic record will be used to show before, during and post rehabilitation evidence of the project as well used in cases of damages claims if they arise. Each image must be dated and a brief description note attached.

The Contractor shall:

1. Allow the ECOs access to take photographs of all areas, activities and actions.

The ECOs shall keep an electronic database of photographic records which will include:

1. Pictures of all areas designated as work areas, camp areas, development sites and storage areas taken before these areas are set up;
2. All bunding and fencing;
3. Road conditions and road verges;
4. Condition of all farm fences;
5. Topsoil storage areas;
6. All areas to be cordoned off during construction;
7. Waste management sites;
8. Ablution facilities (inside and out);
9. Any non-conformances deemed to be "significant";
10. All completed corrective actions for non-compliances;
11. All required signage;
12. Photographic recordings of incidents;
13. All areas before, during and post rehabilitation; and
14. Include relevant photographs in the Final Environmental Audit Report.

4.10 Complaints register

The ECOs shall keep a current and up-to-date complaints register. The complaints register is to be a record of all complaints received from communities, stakeholders and individuals. The Complaints Record shall:

1. Record the name and contact details of the complainant;
2. Record the time and date of the complaint;
3. Contain a detailed description of the complaint;
4. Where relevant and appropriate, contain photographic evidence of the complaint or damage (ECOs to take relevant photographs); and
5. Contain a copy of the ECOs written response to each complaint received and keep a record of any further correspondence with the complainant. The ECO's written response will include a description of any corrective action to be taken and must be signed by the Contractor, ECO and affected party. Where a damage claim is issued by the complainant, the ECOs shall respond as described in **(section 4.11)** below.

4.11 Claims for damages

In the event that a Claim for Damages is submitted by a community, landowner or individual, the ECOs shall:

1. Record the full detail of the complaint as described in **(section 4.10)** above;
2. The DPM will evaluate the claim and associated damage and submit the evaluation to the Senior Site Representative for approval;
3. Following consideration by the DPM, the claim is to be resolved and settled immediately, or the reason for not accepting the claim communicated in writing to the claimant. Should the claimant not accept this, the ECO shall, in writing report the incident to the Developer's negotiator and legal department; and
4. A formal record of the response by the ECOs to the claimant as well as the rectification of the method of making payments not amount will be recorded in the EMPr file.

4.12 Interactions with affected parties

Open, transparent and good relations with affected landowners, communities and regional staff are an essential aspect to the successful management and mitigation of environmental impacts.

The ECOs shall:

1. Ensure that all queries, complaints and claims are dealt within an agreed timeframe;
2. Ensure that any or all agreements are documented, signed by all parties and a record of the agreement kept in the EMPr file;
3. Ensure that a complaints telephone numbers are made available to all landowners and affected parties; and
4. Ensure that contact with affected parties is courteous at all times;

4.13 Environmental audits

Internal environmental audits of the activity and implementation of the EMPr must be undertaken. The findings and outcomes included in the EMPr file and submitted to the CA at intervals as indicated in the EA.

The ECOs must prepare a monthly EAR. The report will be tabled as the key point on the agenda of the Environmental Site Meeting. The Report is submitted for acceptance at the meeting and the final report will be circulated to the Project Manager and filed in the EMPr file. At a frequency determined by the EA, the ECOs shall submit the monthly reports to the CA. At a minimum the monthly report is to cover the following:

- Weekly Environmental Checklists;
- Deviations and non-compliances with the checklists;
- Non-compliances issued;
- Completed and reported corrective actions;
- Environmental Monitoring;
- General environmental findings and actions; and
- Minutes of the Bi-monthly Environmental Site Meetings.

4.14 Final environmental audits

On final completion of the rehabilitation and/or requirements of the EA a final EAR is to be prepared and submitted to the CA. The EAR must comply with Appendix 7 of the EIA Regulations.

5. IMPACT MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES AND IMPACT MANAGEMENT ACTIONS

This section provides a pre-approved generic EMPr template with aspects that are common to the development of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity. There is a list of aspects identified for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, and for each aspect a set of prescribed impact management outcomes and associated impact management actions have been identified. Holders of EAs are responsible to ensure the implementation of these outcomes and actions for all projects as a minimum requirement, in order to mitigate the impact of such aspects identified for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity.

The template provided below is to be completed by providing the information under each heading for each environmental impact management action.

The completed template must be signed and dated on each page by both the contractor and the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as Appendix 1. Each method statement must also be duly signed and dated on each page by the contractor and the holder of the EA. This template, once signed and dated, is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

5.1 Environmental awareness training						
Impact management outcome: All onsite staff are aware and understand the individual responsibilities in terms of this EMPr.						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
All staff must receive environmental awareness training prior to commencement of the activities	ECO / cEO / dEO	Environmental awareness training workshops	Construction	ECO / dEO	Monthly and as and when required	Attendance register
The Contractor must allow for sufficient sessions to train all personnel with no more than 20 personnel attending each course;	Contractor	Scheduling of sufficient sessions through consultation with the ECO / cEO / dEO	Construction	ECO / dEO	Monthly and as and when required	Attendance register
Refresher environmental awareness training is available as and when required;	ECO / cEO / dEO	Refresher environmental awareness training workshops	Construction	ECO / dEO	Monthly and as and when required	Attendance register
All staff are aware of the conditions and controls linked to the EA and within the EMPr and made aware of their individual roles and responsibilities in achieving compliance with the EA and EMPr;	ECO / cEO / dEO	Ensure that the EA and EMPr is readily available	Construction	ECO / dEO	Monthly and as and when required	Attendance register
The Contractor must erect and maintain information posters at key locations on site, and the	Contractor	Place appropriate	Construction	ECO / dEO	Monthly and as and when required	Photographic record

posters must include the following information as a minimum: a) Safety notifications; and b) No littering		posters at key locations				
Environmental awareness training must include as a minimum the following: a) Description of significant environmental impacts, actual or potential, related to their work activities; b) Mitigation measures to be implemented when carrying out specific activities; c) Emergency preparedness and response procedures; d) Emergency procedures; e) Procedures to be followed when working near or within sensitive areas; f) Wastewater management procedures; g) Water usage and conservation; h) Solid waste management procedures; i) Sanitation procedures; j) Fire prevention; and k) Disease prevention.	ECO / cEO / dEO	Environmental awareness training material	Construction	ECO / dEO	Monthly and as and when required	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist

A record of all environmental awareness training courses undertaken as part of the EMPr must be available;	cEO / dEO	Filing system including all proof of training	Construction	ECO / dEO	Monthly and as and when required	File with proof of training
Educate workers on the dangers of open and/or unattended fires;	cEO / dEO	Environmental awareness training material	Construction	ECO / dEO	Monthly and as and when required	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist
A staff attendance register of all staff to have received environmental awareness training must be available.	cEO / dEO	Filing system including all proof of training	Construction	ECO / dEO	Monthly and as and when required	File with proof of training
Course material must be available and presented in appropriate languages that all staff can understand	cEO / dEO / ECO	Environmental awareness training material in the required languages	Construction	ECO / dEO	Monthly and as and when required	File with proof of training in appropriate languages

5.2 Site Establishment development

Impact management outcome: Impacts on the environment are minimised during site establishment and the development footprint are kept to demarcated development area.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
A method statement must be provided by the contractor prior to any onsite activity that includes the layout of the construction camp in the form of a plan showing the location of key infrastructure	Contractor cEO	Development a method statement	Pre-Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Method statement which complies with the minimum requirements listed

and services (where applicable), including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous materials storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;						
Location of construction camps must be within approved area to ensure that the site does not impact on sensitive areas identified in the environmental assessment or site walk through;	DPM Contractor	Place construction camps outside of sensitive areas	Pre-Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Layout and sensitivity map indicating avoidance of sensitive areas
Sites must be located where possible on previously disturbed areas	DPM Contractor	Place sites within previously disturbed areas where possible	Pre-Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Layout and sensitivity map indicating avoidance of sensitive areas
The camp must be fenced in accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing and gate installation; and	DPM & Contractor	Fencing as per the requirements of Section 5.5 of this EMPr	Pre-Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Camp is fenced in accordance with Section 5.5 of this EMPr

The use of existing accommodation for contractor staff, where possible, is encouraged.	Not applicable – the development of new accommodation is not proposed.					
5.3 Access restricted areas						
Impact management outcome: Access to restricted areas prevented.						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Identification of access restricted areas is to be informed by the environmental assessment, site walk through, and any additional areas identified during development;	cEO / dEO	Demarcate access restricted areas	Commencement and for the duration of the construction phase	ECO	Continuous	Photographic evidence
Erect, demarcate and maintain a temporary barrier with clear signage around the perimeter of any access restricted area, colour coding could be used if appropriate; and	cEO / dEO	Erect appropriate temporary barriers around access restricted areas	Commencement and for the duration of the construction phase	ECO	Continuous	Photographic evidence
Unauthorised access and development related activity inside access restricted areas is prohibited	ECO / cEO / dEO	Erect appropriate temporary barriers around access restricted areas	Commencement and for the duration of the construction phase	ECO	Continuous	Photographic evidence

5.4 Access roads						
Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment through the planned and restricted movement of vehicles on site.						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
An access agreement must be formalised and signed by the DPM, Contractor and landowner before commencing with the activities;	DPM Contractor	Access agreements with the affected landowners.	Pre-construction	dEO /ECO	Once, prior to construction	Written and signed agreements
All private roads used for access to the servitude must be maintained and upon completion of the works, be left in at least the original condition	Contractor & cEO	Undertake maintenance activities on private roads used for construction	Construction	cEO / ECO	Continuous	Photographic record of access roads tracking condition
All contractors must be made aware of all the access routes.	Contractor	Provide a map showing all access routes associated with the project	Pre-construction Construction Operation	ECO	Construction	Access routes map available
Any access route deviation from that in the written agreement must be closed and re-vegetated immediately, at the contractor's expense;	Contractor	All access routes developed that are not in-line with the access route agreements must be closed and re-habilitated	Construction	ECO	Continuous	Photographic record of the closure of access roads and re-vegetation

Maximum use of both existing servitudes and existing roads must be made to minimise further disturbance through the development of new roads;	Contractor	Existing access routes to be used must be specified and the development of new roads must be avoided	Pre-construction Construction Operation	cEO / ECO	Continuous	Implement approved layout
In circumstances where private roads must be used, the condition of the said roads must be recorded in accordance with section 4.9: photographic record; prior to use and the condition thereof agreed by the landowner, the DPM, and the contractor;	dEO / cEO	Record the conditions of private roads to be used as per the requirements of section 4.9 and agree on the required condition of the roads with the landowner, DPM and contractor	Construction	ECO	Prior to road use	Photographic record of the road conditions
Access roads in flattish areas must follow fence lines and tree belts to avoid fragmentation of vegetated areas or croplands;	DPM Contractor	Design access roads to follow fence lines and avoid vegetated areas	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to construction	Implement approved layout
Access roads must only be developed on pre-planned and approved roads.	Contractor	Construction of access roads only on pre-planned and approved roads	Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Implement approved layout

5.5 Fencing and Gate installation						
Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and gates where required.						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Use existing gates provided to gain access to all parts of the area authorised for development, where possible;	Contractor	Identify and inform all relevant staff of the existing gates to be used	Pre-construction & Construction	dEO	Monthly	Existing gates are utilised on a frequent basis and only limited new access gates are developed
Existing and new gates to be recorded and documented in accordance with section 4.9: photographic record ;	cEO	Existing and new gates will be recorded and documented as per the requirements of section 4.9	Construction	ECO	Once, when the construction of all new gates have been completed	Photographic record of the existing and new gates as per the requirements of section 4.9
All gates must be fitted with locks and be kept locked at all times during the development phase, unless otherwise agreed with the landowner;	Contractor	Ensure all relevant gates are fitted with locks and are always locked	Construction and Operation	ECO	Continuous	All gates are locked
At points where the line crosses an existing fence in which there is no suitable gate within the extent of the line servitude, on the instruction of the DPM, a gate must be installed at the approval of the landowner;	N/A					

Care must be taken that the gates must be so erected that there is a gap of no more than 100 mm between the bottom of the gate and the ground;	Contractor	Install gates in a manner so that there is a gap of no more than 100mm between the bottom of the gate and the ground	Construction	cEO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase	New gates installed as per the requirement
Where gates are installed in jackal proof fencing, a suitable reinforced concrete sill must be provided beneath the gate;	Contractor	Implement a reinforced concrete sill beneath gates installed for jackal proofing	Construction	cEO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase	New gates installed as per the requirement
Original tension must be maintained in the fence wires;	Contractor	Maintain original tension of fences through required activities	Construction	ECO	Monthly	No tension reduction on fence wires
All gates installed in electrified fencing must be re-electrified;	Contractor	Electrify gates installed in electrified fencing	Construction	ECO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase	Gates installed in electrified fencing is electrified
All demarcation fencing and barriers must be maintained in good working order for the duration of distribution electricity infrastructure development activities;	Contractor & cEO	Undertake maintenance activities on fences and barriers	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of fences erected

Fencing must be erected around the camp, batching plants, hazardous storage areas, and all designated access restricted areas, where appropriate and would not cause harm to the sensitive flora;	Contractor & cEO	Fence construction camps, batching plants, hazardous storage areas and access restricted areas. Avoid sensitive flora	Construction	ECO	Once during the erection of fencing	Photographic record of fences erected
Any temporary fencing to restrict the movement of livestock must only be erected with the permission of the landowner(s).	dEO/ cEO & Contractor	Obtain written approval from the relevant landowner where temporary fencing is required to restrict livestock movement	Construction	ECO	To be monitored as temporary fencing is required	Written approval to be provided by the dEO
All fencing must be developed of high-quality material bearing the SABS mark;	Contractor	Make use of high-quality materials approved by SABS	During the construction phase	cEO	To be monitored as fencing is erected during the construction phase	Use of high-quality materials for fencing approved by SABS
The use of razor wire as fencing must be avoided as far as possible;	Contractor	Razor wire must not be sourced or used for the erection of fencing	Construction	ECO	To be monitored as fencing is erected during the construction phase	Fences erected do not make use of razor wire

Fenced areas with gate access must remain locked after hours, during weekends and on holidays if staff is away from site. Site security will be required at all times;	DSS and Contractor	Ensure fenced areas are locked as required through the implementation of a formalised process. Appoint a security company	Construction	cEO	Weekly and as and when required	Fences are locked and no complaints from landowners are received. A security company is appointed
On completion of the development phase all temporary fences are to be removed;	Contractor	Removal of all temporary fences	Construction	ECO & dEO	Once, following the completion of the construction phase	No temporary fences associated with the project is present following the completion of the construction phase
The Contractor must ensure that all fence uprights are appropriately removed, ensuring that no uprights are cut at ground level but rather removed completely.	Contractor	Appropriate removal of all fence uprights	Construction	ECO & dEO	Once, following the completion of the construction phase	No fence uprights associated with the project is present following the completion of the construction

5.6 Water Supply Management						
Impact management outcome: Undertake responsible water usage.						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
All abstraction points or bore holes must be registered with the DWS and suitable water meters installed to ensure that the abstracted volumes are measured on a daily basis;	DPM & dEO	According to the Water Use Licence	Construction	ECO	Once off prior to construction	water Use Licence on file
The Contractor must ensure the following: a. The vehicle abstracting water from a river does not enter or cross it and does not operate from within the river; b. No damage occurs to the river bed or banks and that the abstraction of water does not entail stream diversion activities; and c. All reasonable measures to limit pollution or sedimentation of the downstream watercourse are implemented.	DPM, Contractor & cEO	Method Statements According to the Water Use Licence	Construction and Operation	ECO	Continuous	Method Statements and Water Use Licence on file and Photographic records
Ensure water conservation is being practiced by: a. Minimising water use during cleaning of equipment; b. Undertaking regular audits of water systems; and c. Including a discussion on water	Contractor / dEO /cEO in consultation with the ECO	Implement the required water conservation measures throughout on-site construction processes	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Successful implementation of water conservation

usage and conservation during environmental awareness training. d. The use of grey water is encouraged.						
5.7 Storm and waste water management						
Impact management outcome: Impacts to the environment caused by stormwater and wastewater discharges during construction are avoided						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Runoff from the cement/ concrete batching areas must be strictly controlled, and contaminated water must be collected, stored and either treated or disposed of off-site, at a location approved by the project manager;	Contractor	Implement measures for the control and management of runoff	Construction	ECO	Continuous	No mismanagement of runoff or contaminated water due to the temporary concrete batching plant
All spillage of oil onto concrete surfaces must be controlled by the use of an approved absorbent material and the used absorbent material disposed of at an appropriate waste disposal facility;	Contractor and cEO	Obtain approved absorbent material and make use of licensed waste disposal facilities for disposal of oil	Construction	ECO	Continuous	Availability of approved absorbent material at the construction site and proof of disposal of oil at licensed disposal facilities

<p>Natural stormwater runoff not contaminated during the development and clean water can be discharged directly to watercourses and water bodies, subject to the Project Manager's approval and support by the ECO;</p>	<p>DPM in consultation with the ECO</p>	<p>Consultation between the DPM and the ECO to determine if water can be discharged directly into water bodies (where present). The necessary water quality testing must be undertaken prior to discharge</p>	<p>Construction</p>	<p>ECO</p>	<p>As and when the need arises to discharge natural stormwater runoff and clean water</p>	<p>Proof of consultation between the DPM and ECO and the outcomes thereof to be provided. Proof of water quality testing and the results thereof.</p>
<p>Water that has been contaminated with suspended solids, such as soils and silt, may be released into watercourses or water bodies only once all suspended solids have been removed from the water by settling out these solids in settlement ponds. The release of settled water back into the environment must be subject to the Project Manager's approval and support by the ECO.</p>	<p>DPM in consultation with the ECO</p>	<p>Consultation between the DPM and the ECO to determine if water can be discharged directly into water bodies (where present). The necessary water quality testing must be undertaken prior to discharge</p>	<p>Construction</p>	<p>ECO</p>	<p>As and when the need arises to discharge water</p>	<p>Proof of consultation between the DPM and ECO and the outcomes thereof to be provided. Proof of water quality testing and the results thereof.</p>

5.8 Solid and hazardous waste management						
Impact management outcome: Waste is appropriately stored, handled and safely disposed of at a recognised waste facility.						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
All measures regarding waste management must be undertaken using an integrated waste management approach;	Contractor & cEO	Develop and implement a waste management plan	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Implementation of the waste management plan and proof of waste management through proof of responsible disposal
Sufficient, covered waste collection bins (scavenger and weatherproof) must be provided;	Contractor & cEO	Provision of appropriate waste collection bins strategically placed throughout the site	Construction	ECO	Continuous	Appropriate waste collection bins are available throughout the site
A suitably positioned and clearly demarcated waste collection site must be identified and provided;	DPM and Contractor in consultation with the cEO	Identify an appropriate location for the waste collection site which must be clearly demarcated through signage and temporary fencing	Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction	A waste collection site is appropriately placed and demarcated

The waste collection site must be maintained in a clean and orderly manner;	Contractor & cEO	Regular collection of waste and maintenance of the area must be undertaken as per the waste requirements for the project during construction	Construction	ECO	Continuous	The waste collection site is maintained and clean
Waste must be segregated into separate bins and clearly marked for each waste type for recycling and safe disposal;	Contractor & cEO	Provide separate and marked bins for the different waste types associated with the construction phase	Construction	cEO	Continuous	Separate waste bins are available on site and waste generated is separated into the relevant bins
Staff must be trained in waste segregation;	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Include waste segregation as part of the environmental awareness training material.	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist
Bins must be emptied regularly;	Contractor & cEO	Bins must be emptied before reaching total capacity and on a regular basis as required for the project	Construction	ECO	Monthly	No mismanagement of bins.

General waste produced onsite must be disposed of at registered waste disposal sites / recycling company;	Contractor & cEO	Disposal of general waste at licensed waste disposal facilities must be undertaken as per the waste management plan	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided
Hazardous waste must be disposed of at a registered waste disposal site;	Contractor & cEO	Disposal of hazardous waste at licensed waste disposal facilities must be undertaken as per the waste management plan	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided
Certificates of safe disposal for general, hazardous and recycled waste must be maintained.	Contractor & cEO	Obtain certificates for safe disposal of waste	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided and filed as part of the filing system

5.9 Protection of watercourses and estuaries						
Impact management outcome: Pollution and contamination of the watercourse environment and or estuary erosion are prevented.						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
All watercourses must be protected from direct or indirect spills of pollutants such as solid waste, sewage, cement, oils, fuels, chemicals, aggregate tailings, wash and contaminated water or organic material resulting from the Contractor's activities;	Contractor	Contractor to undertake activities which can cause spills of pollutants outside of watercourses	Construction	ECO	Continuous	No incidents reported of spillage of pollutants into watercourses
In the event of a spill, prompt action must be taken to clear the polluted or affected areas;	Contractor and cEO	Develop a management plan or process for implementation should a spill take place	Construction	ECO	Continuous	Feedback must be provided by the contractor in terms of how the spill was handled and photographic evidence of the feedback must be provided and kept on record

Where possible, no development equipment must traverse any seasonal or permanent wetland	Contractor and cEO	Develop a Method statement on how to traverse any seasonal or permanent wetland	Construction	ECO	Continuous	Feedback must be provided by the contractor in terms of how the spill was handled and photographic evidence of the feedback must be provided and kept on record
No return flow into the estuaries must be allowed and no disturbance of the Estuarine Functional Zone should occur;	NA					
Development of permanent watercourse or estuary crossing must only be undertaken where no alternative access to tower position is available;	cEO, Contractor	Ensure that permeant crossings (access roads) are provided for access to the grid connection corridor if no alternative crossing is available.	Construction	ECO	Continuous	Ensure that permeant crossings are developed if there is no alternative.

There must not be any impact on the long-term morphological dynamics of watercourses or estuaries;	DPM, cEO	Develop a management plan or process for implementation should a spill take place within a watercourse and ensure continually monitoring	Construction	ECO, dEO	For all phases of the project life cycle (i.e. construction, operation, decommissioning)	No incidents reported of spillage of pollutants into watercourses
Existing crossing points must be favoured over the creation of new crossings (including temporary access)	DPM, cEO & Contractor	Develop a management plan or process for implementation should a spill take place within a watercourse and ensure continually monitoring	Pre-construction and construction	ECO, dEO	During the construction phase of the project.	Existing crossing points utilised as opposed to new ones created and no incidents reported of spillage of pollutants into watercourses
When working in or near any watercourse or estuary, the following environmental controls and consideration must be taken: a) Water levels during the period of construction; No altering of the bed, banks, course or characteristics of a watercourse b) During the execution of the works, appropriate measures to prevent pollution and	Contractor & cEO	Activities undertaken near watercourses must be in-line with and consider the specified environmental controls	Pre-construction and construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No degradation of the watercourses and no incidents of destruction reported

<p>contamination of the riparian environment must be implemented e.g. including ensuring that construction equipment is well maintained; c) Where earthwork is being undertaken in close proximity to any watercourse, slopes must be stabilised using suitable materials, i.e. sandbags or geotextile fabric, to prevent sand and rock from entering the channel; and d) Appropriate rehabilitation and re-vegetation measures for the watercourse banks must be implemented timeously. In this regard, the banks should be appropriately and incrementally stabilised as soon as development allows.</p>						
<p>5.10 Vegetation clearing</p>						
<p>Impact management outcome: Vegetation clearing is restricted to the authorised development footprint of the proposed infrastructure.</p>						
<p>Impact Management Actions</p>	<p>Implementation</p>			<p>Monitoring</p>		
	<p>Responsible person</p>	<p>Method of implementation</p>	<p>Timeframe for implementation</p>	<p>Responsible person</p>	<p>Frequency</p>	<p>Evidence of compliance</p>
<p>General</p>						
<p>Indigenous vegetation which does not interfere with the development must be left undisturbed;</p>	<p>cEO and Contractor</p>	<p>Demarcate areas of indigenous vegetation to be avoided before clearance is undertaken</p>	<p>Construction and operation (i.e. for maintenance purposes)</p>	<p>ECO Operation and maintenance team</p>	<p>Weekly, and as and when required</p>	<p>No unnecessary clearance of indigenous vegetation is undertaken</p>

Protected or endangered species may occur on or near the development site. Special care should be taken not to damage such species;	Contractor & cEO	Demarcate areas containing protected or endangered species to be avoided by construction activities	Construction	ECO	Weekly, and as and when required	No clearance of protected or endangered species other than those permitted to be removed
Search, rescue, and replanting of all protected and endangered species likely to be damaged during project development must be identified by the relevant specialist and completed prior to any development or clearing;	Relevant specialist in consultation with the Contractor and the cEO	Develop and implement a Plant Search and Rescue Plan	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Weekly, and as and when required	Implementation of the Plant Search and Rescue Plan and photographic evidence and notes of the implementation of the plan
Permits for removal must be obtained from the Department of Forestry, Fisheries, and the Environment (DFFE), and the Free State Department of Economic, Small Business Development, Tourism and Environmental Affairs (DESTEA) prior to the cutting or clearing of the affected species, and they must be filed;	DPM & dEO	Undertake the permitting process in order to obtain the relevant permits for the removal of protected species. Permits kept on file	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of the construction phase and removal of the protected species	DFFE & DESTEA permits on file

<p>The Environmental Audit Report must confirm that all identified species have been rescued and replanted and that the location of replanting is compliant with conditions of approvals;</p>	<p>ECO</p>	<p>Ensure that the audit report indicates all species rescued and replanted and provides feedback in terms of compliance with the conditions of permits for replanting</p>	<p>Construction</p>	<p>N/A</p>		
<p>Trees felled due to construction must be documented and form part of the Environmental Audit Report;</p>	<p>ECO</p>	<p>Ensure that the audit report documents the details of trees felled</p>	<p>Construction</p>	<p>N/A</p>		
<p>Rivers and watercourses must be kept clear of felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris;</p>	<p>Contractor & cEO</p>	<p>Felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris must be disposed of at a licensed waste disposal facility</p>	<p>Construction</p>	<p>ECO</p>	<p>Monthly</p>	<p>No felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris are dumped in inappropriate locations and disposal certificates are available as proof of responsible disposal</p>

Only a registered pest control operator may apply herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial application must be carried out under the supervision of a registered pest control operator that is appropriately trained;	DPM and Contractor	A suitably qualified pest control operator must be appointed	Construction and Operation	ECO	As and when the use of herbicides is required	Only registered pest control operators must be appointed and proof of their registration must be provided
A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage;	Contractor & cEO	Develop a daily register for the documentation of the details of herbicide usage	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Daily register provided by the pest control operator
No herbicides must be used in estuaries;	N/A					
All protected species and sensitive vegetation not removed must be clearly marked and such areas fenced off in accordance with Section 5.3: Access restricted areas.	Contractor in consultation with the cEO	Spatially demarcate protected species and sensitive vegetation and implement appropriate fencing where required as per section 5.3	Construction	ECO	Continuous	Demarcation and fencing is undertaken in-line with the requirements of section 5.3

5.11 Protection of fauna						
Impact management outcome: Disturbance to fauna is minimised						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
No interference with livestock must occur without the landowner's written consent and with the landowner or a person representing the landowner being present;	dEO / cEO Contractor	Develop a procedure for dealing with livestock within the affected properties	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and as and when required during the construction phase	Written consent provided by the landowner and proof of representation of the landowner during interference
The breeding sites of raptors and other wild bird species must be taken into consideration during the planning of the development programme;	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Ensure that the planning and development programme considers breeding sites for wild bird species	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and as and when required	The planning and development programme includes the consideration of breeding sites for wild bird species
Breeding sites must be kept intact and disturbance to breeding birds must be avoided. Special care must be taken where nestlings or fledglings are present;	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Avoid breeding sites and ensure that special care is taken in the presence of nestlings and fledglings	Construction and Operation	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Weekly, and as an when required during the construction. Monthly, and as and when required during operation	Photographic record of intact breeding sites

<p>Nesting sites on existing parallel lines must be documented;</p>	<p>dEO / cEO in consultation with the ECO</p>	<p>Walk-downs of the existing lines located parallel to the project must be undertaken and nests and the details thereof documented</p>	<p>Construction and Operation</p>	<p>ECO Operation and maintenance team</p>	<p>Quarterly, and as and when required</p>	<p>Details of walk-downs undertaken must be noted and kept on file and photographic records of nesting sites must be kept</p>
<p>Special recommendations of the avian specialist must be adhered to at all times to prevent unnecessary disturbance of birds;</p>	<p>dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor</p>	<p>All mitigation measures recommended by the avifauna specialist must be implemented</p>	<p>Construction and Operation</p>	<p>ECO Operation and maintenance team</p>	<p>Weekly during construction and monthly during operation</p>	<p>Photographic record of compliance and successful implementation of the recommended measures</p>
<p>Bird guards and diverters must be installed on the new line as per the recommendations of the specialist;</p>	<p>dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor</p>	<p>Recommendations made by the specialist for the installation of bird guards and diverters must be adhered to and implemented as appropriate. Bird guards and diverters must be maintained</p>	<p>Construction and Operation</p>	<p>ECO Operation and maintenance team</p>	<p>Monthly, and as and when required</p>	<p>Photographic record of implementation and maintenance of bird guards and diverters</p>

No poaching must be tolerated under any circumstances. All animal dens in close proximity to the works areas must be marked as Access restricted areas;	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	All site staff must be informed of this requirement during the Environmental Awareness Training and the consequences of not adhering to the requirement. These areas must be demarcated as Access Restricted Areas	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No instances of poaching is reported
No deliberate or intentional killing of fauna is allowed;	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Implement and maintain snake deterrents on pylons in areas where snakes are abundant	Construction and Operation	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Once, during the construction of the pylons and as and when required. Monthly during operation	Photographic record of the implementation and maintenance of snake deterrents
In areas where snakes are abundant, snake deterrents are to be deployed on the pylons to prevent snakes climbing up, being electrocuted, and causing power outages; and	N/A					
No Threatened or Protected species (ToPs) and/or protected fauna as listed according NEMBA (Act No. 10 of 2004) and relevant provincial ordinances may be removed and/or	DPM in consultation with the dEO	Undertake a permitting process to obtain the required permits	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and as and when required	Permits for removal and/relocation must be kept on file

relocated without appropriate authorisations/permits.						
5.12 Protection of heritage resources						
Impact management outcome: Impact to heritage resources is minimised						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Identify, demarcate, and prevent impact to all known sensitive heritage features on site in accordance with the No-Go procedure in Section 5.3: Access restricted areas;	DPM and a suitably qualified specialist dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor and ECO	Undertake a Heritage Walk-through Survey Spatially identify and demarcate areas of heritage significance as per the Heritage Impact Assessment and the Heritage Walk-through Report and as per the requirements of section 5.3	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction	Proof of avoidance of sensitive heritage features through details of avoidance and photographic records

Carry out general monitoring of excavations for potential fossils, artefacts, and material of heritage importance;	Suitably qualified specialist in consultation with the ECO	Appoint a suitably qualified specialist to carry out the monitoring of excavations for fossils, artefacts and important heritage material	Construction	ECO	During the undertaking of excavations of fossils, artefacts and heritage material	Proof of appointment of a suitably qualified specialist and photographic record of required monitoring by the specialist
All work must cease immediately, if any human remains and/or other archaeological, palaeontological, and historical material are uncovered. Such material, if exposed, must be reported to the nearest museum, archaeologist/ palaeontologist (or the South African Police Services), so that a systematic and professional investigation can be undertaken. Sufficient time must be allowed to remove/collect such material before development recommences.	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor and ECO	Develop and implement procedures for situations where human remains, archaeological, palaeontological or historical material are uncovered	Construction	ECO	Weekly, during the construction phase and as and when required	Proof of work ceased and the required procedures followed in cases where material is discovered.
5.13 Safety of the public						
Impact management outcome: All precautions are taken to minimise the risk of injury, harm, or complaints.						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance

Identify fire hazards, demarcate, and restrict public access to these areas as well as notify the local authority of any potential threats e.g., large brush stockpiles, fuels etc.;	cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Develop an Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan specific to the project	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and weekly during the construction phase	Compliance with the Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan
All unattended open excavations must be adequately fenced or demarcated;	Contractor & cEO	Ensure that all excavations undertaken is fenced and demarcated within a reasonable timeframe and in instances where excavations will be open for long-periods of time	Construction	ECO	Weekly	Excavations are fenced where required and photographic proof can be provided
Adequate protective measures must be implemented to prevent unauthorised access to and climbing of partly constructed towers and protective scaffolding;	Contractor	All staff must be easily identifiable and the climbing of towers and scaffolding must be undertaken by authorized personnel as managed by the Contractor	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No incidents of unauthorised climbing is reported

Ensure structures vulnerable to high winds are secured;	Contractor	Ensure that sufficient stabilisation measures are implemented to secure structures vulnerable to high winds	Construction	ECO	Weekly, and as and when required	No incidents of unstable structures due to high winds is reported
Maintain an incidents and complaints register in which all incidents or complaints involving the public are logged.	cEO	Compile and regularly update as incidents and complaints are submitted from the public and indicate the actions taken to resolve the complaint	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	The incidents and complaints register is complete and provides all the required details
5.14 Sanitation						
Impact management outcome: Clean and well-maintained toilet facilities are available to all staff in an effort to minimise the risk of disease and impact to the environment						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Mobile chemical toilets are installed onsite if no other ablution facilities are available;	Contractor & cEO	Mobile chemical toilets must be placed appropriately and in areas that avoid environmental sensitivities	Construction	ECO	Weekly	Mobile toilets are installed and avoid environmental sensitivities

<p>The use of ablation facilities and or mobile toilets must be used at all times and no indiscriminate use of the veld for the purposes of ablutions must be permitted under any circumstances;</p>	<p>Contractor in consultation with the cEO</p>	<p>All site staff must be informed of this requirement during the Environmental Awareness Training and the consequences of not adhering to the requirement.</p>	<p>Pe-construction & Construction</p>	<p>ECO</p>	<p>Monthly, and as and when required</p>	<p>No evidence of non-compliance identified</p>
<p>Where mobile chemical toilets are required, the following must be ensured: a) Toilets are located no closer than 100 m to any watercourse or water body; b) Toilets are secured to the ground to prevent them from toppling due to wind or any other cause; c) No spillage occurs when the toilets are cleaned or emptied and the contents are managed in accordance with the EMPr; d) Toilets have an external closing mechanism and are closed and secured from the outside when not in use to prevent toilet paper from being blown out; e) Toilets are emptied before long weekends and workers holidays, and must be locked after working hours; f) Toilets are serviced regularly</p>	<p>Contractor in consultation with the cEO</p>	<p>The installation of the toilets by the Contractor must be as per the listed requirements</p>	<p>Construction</p>	<p>ECO</p>	<p>Weekly</p>	<p>No evidence of non-compliance identified</p>

and the ECO must inspect toilets to ensure compliance to health standards;						
A copy of the waste disposal certificates must be maintained.	Contractor & cEO	Certificates obtained from the licensed waste disposal facility with the emptying of the toilets must be kept on file	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Certificates for waste disposal from the licensed waste disposal facility
5.15 Prevention of disease						
Impact management outcome: All necessary precautions linked to the spread of disease are taken.						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Undertake environmentally friendly pest control in the camp area;	Contractor & cEO	Only environmentally-friendly pest control must be used, when required	Construction	ECO	As and when pest control is required for the project	Contractor to provide proof of pest control used being environmentally-friendly
Ensure that the workforce is sensitised to the effects of sexually transmitted diseases, especially HIV/ AIDS;	cEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	The effects of sexually transmitted diseases and HIV/ AIDS must be covered in the Environmental Awareness Training	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during construction	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist

The Contractor must ensure that information posters on HIV/ AIDS are displayed in the Contractor Camp area;	Contractor & cEO	Develop and place information posters on HIV/ AIDS	Construction	ECO	Weekly	Photographic evidence of poster placement
Information and education relating to sexually transmitted diseases to be made available to both construction workers and local community, where applicable;	cEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Information and education of sexually transmitted diseases must be covered in the Environmental Awareness Training.	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist
Free condoms must be made available to all staff on site at central points;	Contractor	Placement of free condoms in mobile toilets and at the construction camps	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of placement of free condoms by the contractor to be provided
Medical support must be made available;	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Ensure that designated personnel with first aid training are available on site and that first aid kits to provide medical support is readily available	Construction and Operations	ECO	Monthly	Check the availability of first aid trained personnel and medical kits (including if these are complete in terms of supplies)
Provide access to Voluntary HIV Testing and Counselling Services.	Contractor	Compile a HIV testing schedule and provide counselling services where required	Construction	ECO	Quarterly, and as and when required	Voluntary testing schedules and proof of counselling (where undertaken)

5.16 Emergency procedures						
Impact management outcome: Emergency procedures are in place to enable a rapid and effective response to all types of environmental emergencies						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Compile an Emergency Response Action Plan (ERAP) prior to the commencement of the proposed project	Contractor in consultation with the cEO	Develop an Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan specific to the project	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction	Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan compiled
The Emergency Plan must deal with accidents, potential spillages, and fires in line with relevant legislation;	Contractor & cEO	Develop an Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan specific to the project which covers accidents, potential spillages and fires	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction	Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan includes required specifications
All staff must be made aware of emergency procedures as part of environmental awareness training;	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the relevant emergency procedures	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the commencement of the environmental awareness training	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist

<p>The relevant local authority must be made aware of a fire as soon as it starts;</p>	<p>Contractor in consultation with the DPM, dEO & ECO</p>	<p>Develop and include a procedure in the Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan for the event of a fire and the procedure to be followed for informing the local authority</p>	<p>Construction</p>	<p>ECO</p>	<p>As and when a fire occurs</p>	<p>The local authority was informed as per the relevant procedure set out in the Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan</p>
<p>In the event of emergency, necessary mitigation measures to contain the spill or leak must be implemented (see Hazardous Substances section 5.17).</p>	<p>Contractor & cEO</p>	<p>Implement the required mitigation measures in the event of a spill or leak as per the requirements of Section 5.17.</p>	<p>Construction and Operations</p>	<p>ECO</p>	<p>As and when a spill or leak occurs</p>	<p>The mitigation measures included under Section 5.17 have been adhered to</p>

5.17 Hazardous substances						
Impact management outcome: Safe storage, handling, use and disposal of hazardous substances						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
The use and storage of hazardous substances to be minimised and non-hazardous and non-toxic alternatives substituted where possible;	cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Develop a strategy of how hazardous substances can be and should be minimised	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Contractor to provide evidence of substances used for proof of compliance
All hazardous substances must be stored in suitable containers as defined in the Method Statement;	Contractor & cEO	Develop a Method Statement for the storage of hazardous substances in suitable containers	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Photographic proof that hazardous substances are stored in suitable containers as per the requirements of the relevant Method Statements
Containers must be clearly marked to indicate contents, quantities, and safety requirements;	Contractor & cEO	Develop a Method Statement for the storage of hazardous substances in suitable containers	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Photographic proof that hazardous substances are stored in suitable containers as per the requirements of the relevant Method Statements

All storage areas must be bunded. The bunded area must be of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers;	Contractor	Where hazardous waste is stored these must be clearly marked indicating the	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic proof that containers are marked as per the requirements
Bunded areas to be suitably lined with a SABS approved liner;	Contractor	Where hazardous waste is stored these must be clearly marked indicating the	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic proof that containers are marked as per the requirements
An Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance (HCS) control sheet must be drawn up and kept up to date on a continuous basis;	cEO / Contractor	Compile and update an Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance (HCS) control sheet specific to the project	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Complete and up to date control sheet provided by the Contractor
All hazardous chemicals that will be used on site must have Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS);	cEO / Contractor	Keep a record of all hazardous chemicals and the respective MSDS	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Record of hazardous chemicals and the respective MSDS
All employees working with HCS must be trained in the safe use of the substance and according to the safety data sheet	cEO / Contractor	Provide training for personnel working with HCS	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and as and when required	Record of training provided to personnel working with HCS

<p>Employees handling hazardous substances / materials must be aware of the potential impacts and follow appropriate safety measures. Appropriate personal protective equipment must be made available;</p>	<p>cEO / Contractor</p>	<p>Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the relevant impacts and safety measures. Provide appropriate training and personal protective equipment for the relevant personnel handling hazardous substances and materials</p>	<p>Pre-construction & Construction</p>	<p>ECO</p>	<p>Prior to the commencement of the environmental awareness training and monthly during the construction phase for personal protective equipment</p>	<p>Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist and all relevant personnel have undergone appropriate training and have access to personal protective equipment</p>
<p>The Contractor must ensure that diesel and other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid is stored in appropriate storage tanks or in bowsers</p>	<p>Contractor & cEO</p>	<p>Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed or obtained for the storing of diesel, other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid</p>	<p>Construction</p>	<p>ECO</p>	<p>Monthly, and as and when required</p>	<p>Storage tanks for the project are appropriate and no incidents are reported in this regard</p>

The tanks/ bowsers must be situated on a smooth impermeable surface (concrete) with a permanent bund. The impermeable lining must extend to the crest of the bund and the volume inside the bund must be 130% of the total capacity of all the storage tanks/ bowsers (110% statutory requirement plus an allowance for rainfall);	Contractor & CEO	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed or obtained for tanks as per the requirements listed	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Storage areas for the tanks/ bowsers for the project are appropriate and no incidents are reported in this regard
The floor of the bund must be sloped, draining to an oil separator;	Contractor & CEO	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed as per the requirements listed	Construction	ECO	Once, during construction	Bunded storage areas are constructed according to the requirements
Provision must be made for refuelling at the storage area by protecting the soil with an impermeable groundcover. Where dispensing equipment is used, a drip tray must be used to ensure small spills are contained;	Contractor & CEO	Appropriately constructed refueling facility must be developed as per the requirements. Drip trays must be provided for use	Construction	ECO	Continuous	Soils at the refueling facility are protected as required and drip trays are provided and used
All empty externally dirty drums must be stored on a drip tray or within a bunded area;	Contractor & CEO	Ensure that empty dirty drums are stored appropriately according to a waste method statement	Construction	ECO	Continuous	Drip trays or bunded areas are used for the storage of dirty drums . Waste Method Statement on file

No unauthorised access into the hazardous substance's storage areas must be permitted;	Contractor & cEO	Ensure through the implementation of procedures that no unauthorised access is undertaken into the storage areas	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Proof of the implementation of the relevant procedure must be provided by the Contractor
No smoking must be allowed within the vicinity of the hazardous storage areas;	Contractor & cEO	Inform all employees of the requirement and develop and place relevant signage in the relevant areas	Construction	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Photographic record of the signage placed must be provided
Adequate fire-fighting equipment must be made available at all hazardous storage areas;	Contractor & cEO	Hazardous storage areas must be fitted with adequate fire-fighting equipment	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Adequate fire-fighting equipment is available and has been serviced
Where refuelling away from the dedicated refuelling station is required, a mobile refuelling unit must be used. Appropriate ground protection such as drip trays must be used;	Contractor & cEO	Provide a mobile refueling unit as well as suitable ground protection, where required	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	A mobile refueling unit and suitable ground protection is available for use
An appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the scale of the activity/s involving the use of hazardous substance must be available at all times;	Contractor & cEO	Provide an appropriate spill kit for the project for the use of hazardous substances	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Appropriate spill kits are available for use

The responsible operator must have the required training to make use of the spill kit in emergency situations;	cEO and Contractor	Provide training on the use of spill kits to the relevant employees	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction	Proof of training to be provided by the contractor
An appropriate number of spill kits must be available and must be located in all areas where activities are being undertaken;	cEO and Contractor	Provide an appropriate number of spill kits in relevant areas	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Proof of appropriate number of spill kits in appropriate areas to be provided by the contractor
In the event of a spill, contaminated soil must be collected in containers and stored in a central location and disposed of according to the National Environmental Management: Waste Act 59 of 2008. Refer to Section 5.7 for procedures concerning storm and waste water management and 5.8 for solid and hazardous waste management.	cEO and Contractor	Storage and disposal of contaminated soil must be in accordance with the National Environmental Management: Waste Act and sections 5.7 and 5.8 of this EMPr	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof of storage and disposal in terms of the National Environmental Management: Waste Act must be provided. Certificates of disposal at licensed waste disposal facilities must be provided

5.18 Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage						
Impact management outcome: Soil, surface water and groundwater contamination is minimised.						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Where possible and practical all maintenance of vehicles and equipment must take place in the workshop area;	Contractor	Demarcate specific areas for the maintenance of vehicles and equipment	Construction	ECO	Monthly	A dedicated area for the maintenance of vehicles and machinery is used.
During servicing of vehicles or equipment, especially where emergency repairs are effected outside the workshop area, a suitable drip tray must be used to prevent spills onto the soil.	Contractor & cEO	Ensure that a drip tray is available for an emergency repairs required	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide evidence of drip tray use for emergency repairs
Leaking equipment must be repaired immediately or be removed from site to facilitate repair;	Contractor & cEO	Ensure that where leaking equipment is identified it is repaired immediately or removed from site for repairs	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide details of equipment repaired or removed from site

Workshop areas must be monitored for oil and fuel spills;	cEO	Undertake regular inspections of the workshop areas for oil and fuel spills and keep an updated register of inspection on site	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Register of inspection
Appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the scale of the activity taking place must be available;	Contractor & cEO	Provide an appropriate spill kit for the project	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Appropriate spill kits are available for use
The workshop area must have a bunded concrete slab that is sloped to facilitate runoff into a collection sump or suitable oil / water separator where maintenance work on vehicles and equipment can be performed;	Contractor & cEO	Ensure that the workshop area is sufficiently bunded in accordance with the required specification	Construction	ECO	Once, during the Construction Phase and as and when required	Workshop area is bunded in accordance with the required specification
Water drainage from the workshop must be contained and managed in accordance with Section 5.7: storm and waste water management.	Contractor	Ensure that water drainage from workshop area is managed as per the requirements of section 5.7	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Workshop drainage is managed in accordance with the requirements
5.19 Batching plants						
Impact management outcome: Minimise spillages and contamination of soil, surface water and groundwater.						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance

Concrete mixing must be carried out on an impermeable surface;	Contractor	Provide impermeable surface for the mixing of concrete	Construction	ECO	Weekly	No concrete mixing is undertaken on open ground
Batching plants areas must be fitted with a containment facility for the collection of cement laden water.	N/A					
Dirty water from the batching plant must be contained to prevent soil and groundwater contamination	N/A					
Bagged cement must be stored in an appropriate facility and at least 10 m away from any water courses, gullies and drains;	Contractor	Demarcate and provide a storage area for bagged cement in-line with the listed requirements	Construction	ECO	Weekly	Photographic proof of bagged cement stored within the demarcated area
A washout facility must be provided for washing of concrete associated equipment. Water used for washing must be restricted;	Contractor	Provide a washout facility for the washing of associated equipment. Enforce limitations on water use for washing of equipment	Construction	ECO	Weekly	No cement laden water is released into the environment. Only minimal water is used for washing
Hardened concrete from the washout facility or concrete mixer can either be reused or disposed of at an appropriate licensed disposal facility;	Contractor	Make use of hardened concrete where possible or dispose of	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Certificates of disposal of concrete at licensed waste disposal facility

		concrete in a suitable manner				
Empty cement bags must be secured with adequate binding material if these will be temporarily stored on site;	Contractor	Bind empty cement bags and temporarily store it in an appropriate area on site	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Proof of binding of empty cement bags and storage in an appropriate area on site to be provided by the Contractor
Sand and aggregates containing cement must be kept damp to prevent the generation of dust (Refer to Section 5.20: Dust emissions)	Contractor	Ensure that sand and aggregates are kept damp or otherwise protected from dust generation	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Proof of damping (or alternative dust suppression) of sand and aggregates must be provided by the Contractor
Any excess sand, stone and cement must be removed or reused from site on completion of construction period and disposed at a registered disposal facility;	Contractor	Ensure that all excess sand, stone and cement is removed or reused	Construction	ECO	Once, with the completion of construction	Certificates for the disposal of sand, stone and cement at licensed waste disposal facilities or proof of reuse must be provided
Temporary fencing must be erected around batching plants in accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing and gate installation.	N/A					

5.20 Dust emissions						
Impact management outcome: Dust prevention measures are applied to minimise the generation of dust.						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Take all reasonable measures to minimise the generation of dust as a result of project development activities to the satisfaction of the ECO;	Contractor	Apply dust suppressant	Construction	ECO	Weekly	Contractor to provide proof of use of dust suppressants , Dust Management Method Statement
Removal of vegetation must be avoided until such time as soil stripping is required and similarly exposed surfaces must be re- vegetated or stabilised as soon as is practically possible;	Contractor	Proper planning for vegetation removal must be undertaken as well as for the associated rehabilitation	Construction and Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Plan for implementation must be provided by the Contractor
Excavation, handling, and transport of erodible materials must be avoided under high wind conditions or when a visible dust plume is present;	Contractor	Ensure that specific limitations are placed on the transport and handling of erodible materials during high wind conditions or when a visible dust plume is present	Construction	ECO	Bi-weekly	No complaints submitted in this regard

During high wind conditions, the ECO must evaluate the situation and make recommendations as to whether dust-damping measures are adequate, or whether working will cease altogether until the wind speed drops to an acceptable level;	ECO	ECO to provide adequate recommendation	Construction	N/A		
Where possible, soil stockpiles must be located in sheltered areas where they are not exposed to the erosive effects of the wind;	Contractor	Place soil stockpiles in areas less affected by wind	Construction	ECO	Bi-weekly	Soil stockpiles are not exposed to wind and have not been eroded
Where erosion of stockpiles becomes a problem, erosion control measures must be implemented at the discretion of the ECO;	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Contractor to implement erosion control measures as recommended and agreed with the ECO	Construction	ECO	Weekly, until erosion is no longer a problem	Recommendations made by the ECO have been implemented by the Contractor
Vehicle speeds must not exceed 40 km/h along dust roads or 20 km/h when traversing unconsolidated and non-vegetated areas;	cEO / dEO / contractor	Inform all drivers of speed limits and place appropriate signage along the relevant roads	Construction	ECO Operation and Maintenance team	Monthly	No complaints from community members are submitted
Straw stabilisation must be applied at a rate of one bale/10 m ² and harrowed into the top 100 mm of top material, for all completed earthworks;	Contractor	Ensure that straw stabilisation is undertaken as per the listed requirements	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of all straw stabilisation undertaken

For significant areas of excavation or exposed ground, dust suppression measures must be used to minimise the spread of dust.	Contractor & cEO	Appropriate dust suppressant measures are implemented	Construction	ECO	Weekly	Photographic record of measures being implemented and the results thereof
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5.21 Blasting

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment is minimised through a safe blasting practice.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Any blasting activity must be conducted by a suitably licensed blasting contractor; and	Proponent	Proponent to appoint licenced blasting contractor	Prior to commencement of construction (if required)	ECO	Once-off	Contract documentation
Notification of surrounding landowners, emergency services site personnel of blasting activity 24 hours prior to such activity taking place on Site.	Contractor	Appropriate notification methods	24 hours prior to blasting activities	ECO	Monthly	Proof of notification

5.22 Noise

Impact management outcome: Prevent unnecessary noise to the environment by ensuring that noise from development activity is mitigated.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance

The Contractor must keep noise level within acceptable limits. Restrict the use of sound amplification equipment for communication and emergency only;	Contractor	Ensure that noise limits do not exceed acceptable limits and avoid the use of amplification communication	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No complaints registered in this regard. No amplification equipment is used.
All vehicles and machinery must be fitted with appropriate silencing technology and must be properly maintained;	Contractor & cEO	Provide and implement silencing technology	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No complaints registered in this regard. Silencing technology is utilised.
Any complaints received by the Contractor regarding noise must be recorded and communicated. Where possible or applicable, provide transport to and from the site on a daily basis for construction workers;	cEO	Update complaints register. Provide daily transport to and from site for employees	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Complaints register provided by the cEO and proof of transportation services provided
Develop a Code of Conduct for the construction phase in terms of behaviour of construction staff. Operating hours as determined by the environmental authorisation are adhered to during the development phase. Where not defined, it must be ensured that development activities must still meet the impact management outcome related to noise management.	cEO and Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Compile a Code of Conduct for staff. Appropriate operating hours must be identified for the project.	Pre-construction and Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction	No complaints registered in this regard.

5.23 Fire prevention						
Impact management outcome: Prevention of uncontrollable fires.						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Designate smoking areas where the fire hazard could be regarded as insignificant;	cEO / Contractor	Identify and demarcate through signage designated smoking areas	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of designated smoking area
Firefighting equipment must be available on all vehicles located on site;	cEO / dEO in consultation with the Contractor	Provide all vehicles with firefighting equipment	Construction	ECO	Monthly	All vehicles are fitted with firefighting equipment and the details thereof are provided by the cEO
The local Fire Protection Agency (FPA) must be informed of construction activities;	DPM, Contractor in consultation with the cEO	Undertake formal consultation to inform the local FPA of the associated construction activities	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, during the commencement of the Construction Phase	Proof of consultation with the FPA

Contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services must be communicated in environmental awareness training and displayed at a central location on site;	dEO / cEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services. Place the contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services at a visible and central location	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Prior to the commencement of the environmental awareness training and once during the construction phase	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist and photographic record of contact numbers on display
Two-way swap of contact details between ECO and FPA.	ECO	Consultation between the ECO and FPA in order to exchange contact details	Pre-construction	N/A		
5.24 Stockpiling and stockpile areas						
Impact management outcome: Reduce erosion and sedimentation as a result of stockpiling						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
All material that is excavated during the project development phase (either during piling (if required) or earthworks) must be stored appropriately on site in order to	Contractor & cEO	Identify and demarcate an appropriate location for the storage of	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly	Excavated material is not stored within sensitive environmental areas

minimise impacts to watercourses and water bodies;		excavated materials				
All stockpiled material must be maintained and kept clear of weeds and alien vegetation growth by undertaking regular weeding and control methods;	Contractor & cEO	Implement appropriate and sufficient maintenance on stockpiled material regularly	Construction	ECO	Bi-weekly (every second month)	Stockpiled material is maintained sufficiently and is clear of weeds and alien vegetation
Topsoil stockpiles must not exceed 2 m in height;	Contractor & cEO	Enforce limitations for the height of topsoil stockpiles	Construction	ECO	Bi-weekly (every second month)	Topsoil stockpiles do not exceed 2m in height
During periods of strong winds and heavy rain, the stockpiles must be covered with appropriate material (e.g., cloth, tarpaulin etc.);	Contractor & cEO	Appropriate material must be provided in order to cover stockpiles when required	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide proof of availability of appropriate material to cover stockpiles when required
Where possible, sandbags (or similar) must be placed at the bases of the stockpiled material in order to prevent erosion of the material.	Contractor & cEO	Sandbags must be provided in order to prevent erosion of stockpiled materials	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide proof of availability of sandbags to prevent erosion of stockpiled materials
5.25 Civil Works						
Impact to the environment minimised during civil works to create the substation terrace						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance

Where terracing is required, topsoil must be collected and retained for the purpose of re-use later to rehabilitate disturbed areas not covered by yard stone;	Contractor	Collect and retain topsoil for terracing	Construction Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Proof of collection and retaining of topsoil
Areas to be rehabilitated include terrace embankments and areas outside the high voltage yards;	Contractor	Undertake rehabilitation of terrace embankments and areas outside of the high voltage yard where applicable	Construction Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Photographic record of rehabilitation of terrace embankments and areas outside the high voltage yards
Where required, all sloped areas must be stabilised to ensure proper rehabilitation is effected and erosion is controlled;	Contractor	All disturbed slope areas must be stabilised	Construction Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Disturbed slopes are stabilised sufficiently
These areas can be stabilised using design structures or vegetation as specified in the design to prevent erosion of embankments. The contract design specifications must be adhered to and implemented strictly;	Contractor	Stabilise slopes as per the design specifications	Construction Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Slopes are stabilised as per the design specifications

Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas must be managed in accordance with Section 5.35: Landscaping and rehabilitation ;	Contractor & CEO	Undertaken rehabilitation of disturbed areas as per the requirements listed under section 5.35	Construction Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of disturbed areas is undertaken in-line with the requirements of section 5.35
All excess spoil generated during terracing activities must be disposed of in an appropriate manner and at a recognised landfill site; and	Contractor & CEO	Use a licensed waste disposal facility for the disposal of excess spoil	Construction	ECO	Weekly	Certificates obtained for the disposal of excess spoil at a licensed waste disposal facility
Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes and must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for rehabilitation purposes.	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Construction Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping
5.26 Excavation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage systems						
Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of excavation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage systems.						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance

All excess spoil generated during foundation excavation must be disposed of in an appropriate manner and at a licensed landfill site, if not used for backfilling purposes;	Contractor & cEO	Use a licensed waste disposal facility for the disposal of excess spoil	Construction Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	Certificates obtained for the disposal of excess spoil at a licensed waste disposal facility
Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes and must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for rehabilitation purposes;	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Construction Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes
Management of equipment for excavation purposes must be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.18: Workshop equipment maintenance and storage; and	Contractor & cEO	Undertake the management of equipment for excavation as per the requirements of section 5.18	Construction Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	Management of equipment is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.18
Hazardous substances spills from equipment must be managed in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances.	Contractor & cEO	Undertake the management of hazardous substances spills from equipment as per the requirements of section 5.17	Construction Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	Management of hazardous substances spills from equipment is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.17

5.27 Installation of foundations, cable trenching and drainage systems						
Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs during the installation of foundations, cable trenching and drainage systems						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Batching of cement to be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.19: Batching plants ; and	Contractor	Undertake the batching of cement as per the requirements of section 5.19	Construction Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	Management of batching cement is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.19
Residual solid waste must be disposed of in accordance with Section 5.8: Solid waste and hazardous management .	Contractor	Undertake the disposal of solid waste as per the requirements of section 5.8	Construction Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	The disposal of solid waste is undertaken in line with section 5.8

5.28 Installation of equipment (circuit breakers, current transformers, isolators, insulators, surge arrestors, voltage transformers, earth switches?)						
Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of installation of equipment						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Management of dust must be conducted in accordance with Section 5.20: Dust emissions;	Contractor & cEO	Manage dust as per the requirements of section 5.20	Construction Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	The management of dust is undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.20
Management of equipment used for installation must be conducted in accordance with Section 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage;	Contractor & cEO	Undertake the management of equipment for installation as per the requirements of section 5.18	Construction Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	Management of hazardous substances and associated spills is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.17
Management hazardous substances and any associated spills must be conducted in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances; and	Contractor & cEO	Undertake the management of hazardous substances and associated spills as per the requirements of section 5.17	Construction Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	Management of hazardous substances and associated spills is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.17

Residual solid waste must be recycled or disposed of in accordance with Section 5.8: Solid waste and hazardous management.	Contractor & cEO	Undertake the recycling or disposal of residual solid waste as per the requirements of section 5.8	Construction Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	The recycling or disposal of residual solid waste is undertaken in line with section 5.8.
5.29 Steelwork Assembly and Erection						
Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of steelwork assembly and erection						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
During assembly, care must be taken to ensure that no wasted/unused materials are left on site e.g., bolts and nuts	Contractor & cEO	Inspect areas where construction is being undertaken and remove and appropriately dispose of wasted/unused materials	Construction Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Contractor to provide proof of inspection and removal of waste/unused materials and the appropriate disposal thereof (i.e., disposal certificates)

Emergency repairs due to breakages of equipment must be managed in accordance with Section 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage and Section 5.16: Emergency procedures.	Contractor	Undertake emergency repairs of equipment as per the requirements of section 5.18 and 5.16	Construction Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Emergency repairs of equipment is undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.18 and 5.16
5.30 Cabling and Stringing						
Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of stringing.						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Residual solid waste (off cuts etc.) shall be recycled or disposed of in accordance with Section 6.8: Solid waste and hazardous Management;	Contractor & cEO	Undertake the recycling or disposal of residual solid waste as per the requirements of section 5.8	Construction	ECO	Monthly	The recycling or disposal of residual solid waste is undertaken in line with section 5.8.
Management of equipment used for installation shall be conducted in accordance with Section 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage;	Contractor & cEO	Undertake the management of equipment for installation as per the requirements of section 5.18	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Management of equipment for installation is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.18

Management hazardous substances and any associated spills shall be conducted in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances.	Contractor & CEO	Undertake the management of hazardous substances and associated spills as per the requirements of section 5.17	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Management of hazardous substances and associated spills is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.17
5.31 Testing and Commissioning (all equipment testing, earthing system, system integration)						
Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of Testing and Commissioning						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Residual solid waste must be recycled or disposed of in accordance with Section 5.8: Solid waste and hazardous management.	Contractor & CEO	Undertake the recycling or disposal of residual solid waste as per the requirements of section 5.8	Construction	ECO	Monthly	the recycling or disposal of residual solid waste is undertaken in line with section 5.8

5.32 Socio-Economic						
Impact management outcome: enhanced socio-economic development						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Develop and implement communication strategies to facilitate public participation;	dEO / cEO in consultation with Contractor and DPM	Identify and implement appropriate strategies for communication with the communities through consideration of the community needs	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction	Communication is undertaken as per the identified strategies and no complaints are submitted regarding communication
Develop and implement a collaborative and constructive approach to conflict resolution as part of the external stakeholder engagement process;	Contractor & cEO	Development and implement a Grievance Mechanism which considers the community needs and provides procedures for conflict resolution	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Conflict resolution is undertaken in line with the requirements of the Grievance Mechanism. No complaints on conflict resolution are submitted by the community

Sustain continuous communication and liaison with neighbouring owners and residents	Contractor & CEO	Development and implement and Grievance Mechanism provides procedures for communication / liaison with neighbouring landowners and residents	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Communication / liaison with neighbouring landowners and residents are undertaken in line with the requirements of the Grievance Mechanism. No complaints on communication with neighbouring landowners and residents is submitted
Create work and training opportunities for local stakeholders; and	Contractor	Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of employment opportunities	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of the employment and training opportunities
Where feasible, no workers, with the exception of security personnel, must be permitted to stay over-night on the site. This would reduce the risk to local farmers.	N/A					

5.33 Temporary Closure of Site						
Impact management outcome: Minimise the risk of environmental impact during periods of site closure greater than five days						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Bunds must be emptied (where applicable) and need to be undertaken in accordance with the impact management actions included in sections 5.17: Hazardous substances and 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage;	Contractor & cEO	Regular emptying of the bunds must be undertaken. This must be undertaken as per the requirements listed in sections 5.17 and 5.18	Construction	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Bunds are emptied as per the requirements listed under sections 5.17 and 5.18
Hazardous storage areas must be well ventilated;	Contractor & cEO	Install appropriate ventilation in all hazardous storage areas	Construction	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Effective ventilation is installed in hazardous storage areas
Fire extinguishers must be serviced and accessible. Service records to be filed and audited at last service;	Contractor & cEO	Ensure fire extinguishers are serviced, as required and are easily accessible with appropriate signage indicating location. Ensure service records and kept up to date and filed	Construction	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Signage placed indicating location of fire extinguishers and service records

Emergency and contact details displayed must be displayed; . : . .	Contractor / cEO	Place emergency and contact details which are readily available and easily accessible	Construction	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Photographic proof of contact details on display
Security personnel must be briefed and have the facilities to contact or be contacted by relevant management and emergency personnel; . ,	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Hold a workshop with all security personnel to provide a brief of the project and security requirements. Provide facilities in order to contact management and emergency personnel	Construction	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of the workshop held must be kept on file by the contractor.
Night hazards such as reflectors, lighting, traffic signage etc. must have been checked; . .	Contractor	Regular checks of night hazards must be undertaken	Construction	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of checks of night hazards must be provided by the contractor
Fire hazards identified and the local authority must have been notified of any potential threats e.g., large brush stockpiles, fuels etc.;	cEO / Contractor in consultation with the DPM / dEO	Identify any potential fire hazards and notify the relevant local authority	Construction	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of notification of the fire hazards to the local authority must be provided by the Contractor / cEO

Structures vulnerable to high winds must be secured;	Contractor	Ensure structures vulnerable to wind are secured prior to site closure	Construction	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Structures vulnerable to wind are secured prior to site closure
Wind and dust mitigation must be implemented;	Contractor & cEO	Implement wind and dust mitigation prior to site closure	Construction	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Wind and dust mitigation is implemented prior to site closure
Cement and materials stores must have been secured;	Contractor & cEO	Ensure cement and material stores are secured prior to site closure	Construction	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Cement and material stores
Toilets must have been emptied and secured;	Contractor & cEO	Ensure toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	dEO & ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closure
Refuse bins must have been emptied and secured;	Contractor	Ensure refuse bins are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	refuse bins are emptied and secured prior to site closure
Drip trays must have been emptied and secured.	Contractor	Ensure drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site closure

5.34 Dismantling of old equipment						
Impact management outcome: Impact on the environment to be minimised during the dismantling, storage, and disposal of old equipment commissioning						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
All old equipment removed during the project must be stored in such a way as to prevent pollution of the environment;	N/A					
Oil containing equipment must be stored to prevent leaking or be stored on drip trays;	N/A					
All scrap steel must be stacked neatly, and any disused and broken insulators must be stored in containers;	N/A					
Once material has been scrapped and the contract has been placed for removal, the disposal Contractor must ensure that any equipment containing pollution causing substances is dismantled and transported in such a way as to prevent spillage and pollution of the environment;	N/A					
The Contractor must also be equipped to contain and clean up any pollution causing spills; and	N/A					

Disposal of unusable material must be at a licensed waste disposal site.	N/A					
5.35 Landscaping and rehabilitation						
Impact management outcome: Areas disturbed during the development phase are returned to a state that approximates the original condition						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
All areas disturbed by construction activities must be subject to landscaping and rehabilitation. All spoil and waste must be disposed of to a registered waste site;	Contractor and cEO	Implement a rehabilitation plan; Dispose of all spoil and waste at a licensed waste disposal facility	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas is undertaken as per the rehabilitation plan. All waste disposal certificates are available.
All slopes must be assessed for contouring, and to contour only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983;	Contractor and cEO	Assess all slopes	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	All slopes are assessed and contoured as required
All slopes must be assessed for terracing, and to terrace only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983;	Contractor and cEO	Assess all slopes	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	All slopes are assessed and terraced as required

Berms that have been created must have a slope of 1:4 and be replanted with indigenous species and grasses that approximates the original condition;	Contractor and cEO	Ensure all berms have a slope of 1:4 and is replanted with indigenous species	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	All berms have a slope of 1:4 and is replanted with indigenous species and grasses
Where new access roads have crossed cultivated farmlands, that lands must be rehabilitated by ripping which must be agreed to by the holder of the EA and the landowners;	DPM	Ensure that lands must be rehabilitated by ripping which must be agreed to by the holder of the EA and the landowners	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Written permission from Landowners
Rehabilitation of access roads outside of farmland;	N/A					
Indigenous species must be used for with species and/grasses to where it compliments or approximates the original condition;	Contractor	Make use of indigenous species for rehabilitation	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Indigenous species are used for rehabilitation
Stockpiled topsoil must be used for rehabilitation (refer to Section 5.24: Stockpiling and stockpiled areas);	Contractor	Ensure stockpiled topsoil is used as per the requirements listed under section 5.24	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Stockpiled topsoil is used as per the requirements listed under section 5.24
Stockpiled topsoil must be evenly spread so as to facilitate seeding and minimise loss of soil due to erosion;	Contractor	Ensure that topsoil is spread evenly	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Topsoil is spread evenly

Before placing topsoil, all visible weeds from the placement area and from the topsoil must be removed;	Contractor	Remove all visible weeds from placement area and topsoil before spreading the topsoil	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	No weeds are visible in the placement area or the topsoil
Subsoil must be ripped before topsoil is placed;	Contractor	Undertake the ripping of subsoil prior to the spreading of topsoil	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Subsoil is ripped before topsoil is placed
The rehabilitation must be timed so that rehabilitation can take place at the optimal time for vegetation establishment;	Contractor	Plan the timeframe for rehabilitation in order to undertake vegetation planting during the optimal time for vegetation establishment	Rehabilitation	ECO	At the start of rehabilitation to confirm correct timeframe	Rehabilitation is undertaken during the optimal time
Where impacted through construction related activity, all sloped areas must be stabilised to ensure proper rehabilitation is effected and erosion is controlled;	Contractor	All disturbed slope areas must be stabilized	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Disturbed slopes are stabilized sufficiently
Sloped areas stabilised using design structures or vegetation as specified in the design to prevent erosion of embankments. The contract design specifications must be adhered to and implemented strictly;	Contractor	Stabilize slopes as per the design specifications	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Slopes are stabilized as per the design specifications

Spoil can be used for backfilling or landscaping as long as it is covered by a minimum of 150 mm of topsoil.	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor
Where required, re-vegetation including hydro-seeding can be enhanced using a vegetation seed mixture as described below. A mixture of seed can be used provided the mixture is carefully selected to ensure the following: a) Annual and perennial plants are chosen; b) Pioneer species are included c) Species chosen must be indigenous to the area with the seeds used coming from the area; d) Root systems must have a binding effect on the soil; e) The final product must not cause an ecological imbalance in the area.	Contractor in consultation with a suitably qualified specialist	Make use of a suitable vegetation seed mixture should enhancement be required	Rehabilitation	ECO	As and when required	Use of a suitable vegetation seed mixture if required

6 ACCESS TO THE GENERIC EMPr

Once completed and signed, to allow the public access to the generic EMPr, the holder of the EA must make the EMPr available to the public in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 26(h) of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 2

6. SITE SPECIFIC INFORMATION AND DECLARATION

6.1. Contact Details and Description of the Project

Table 2: Details of the Applicant

Aspect	Description
Company Name:	South Africa Mainstream Renewable Power Developments (Pty) Ltd
Address:	4 th Floor Mariendahl House Newlands on Main Corners Main & Campground Roads Claremont 7800
Responsible person:	Eugene Marais
Tel:	021 657 4045
Fax:	073 871 5781
E-mail:	eugene.marais@mainstreamrp.com

6.2. Details and Expertise of the EAP

Table 3: Details and Expertise of the EAP

Aspect	Description
Name of the EAP:	SLR Consulting South Africa (Pty) Ltd
Responsible Person:	Stuart Heather-Clark
Qualifications:	B.Sc. (Hons) Civil Engineering M.Sc. Environmental Management
Years of Experience:	24
Professional Membership:	IAIA EAPASA
Tel:	021 461 1118
E-mail:	shclark@slrconsulting.com

Refer to Appendix 1 of the EMPr for a Curricula Vitae of the EAP.

6.3. Project Details

Project Name: **Damlaagte Solar PV Facility Grid Connection** near Sasolburg in the Free State Province

6.4. Project Description

South Africa Mainstream Renewable Power Developments (Pty) Ltd (hereafter referred to as 'Mainstream') are proposing to construct a 33 / 132 kV Substation, and an associated 132 kV overhead transmission line to connect the proposed 150 MW_{ac} Damlaagte Solar PV Facility¹ to the existing Scafell Main Transmission Substation (MTS). The overall objective is to feed the 150 MW generated from the solar PV facility into the national grid.

6.5. Project Location

Table 4 provides details of the location of the proposed on-site Substation for the Damlaagte Solar PV Facility

Table 4: Location details of Switching Substation for the Damlaagte Solar PV Facility

Component	Damlaagte Grid Connection
District municipality:	Fezile Dabi
Local municipality:	Ngwathe
Ward(s):	7
Property details:	Damlaagte 229 Remaining Extent
Grid Connection Corridor Length & Width:	Up to 5 km long and 150 m wide (and up to 500 m around the switching substation footprint)
Switching Substation coordinates:	26°48'1.16"S 27°37'40.55"E
Switching Substation capacity:	33 / 132 kV
Switching Substation footprint:	Up to 2.5 ha
Access road / Jeep tracks:	A 2.5 km long and 8 m wide access road will be constructed to provide access to the footprint of the switching substation.

7. DEVELOPMENT FOOTPRINT SITE MAP

This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout. The sensitivity map must be prepared from the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at: <https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool>. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g., threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features within 50 m from the development footprint.

¹ DFFE Reference No.: 14/12/16/3/3/2/2078

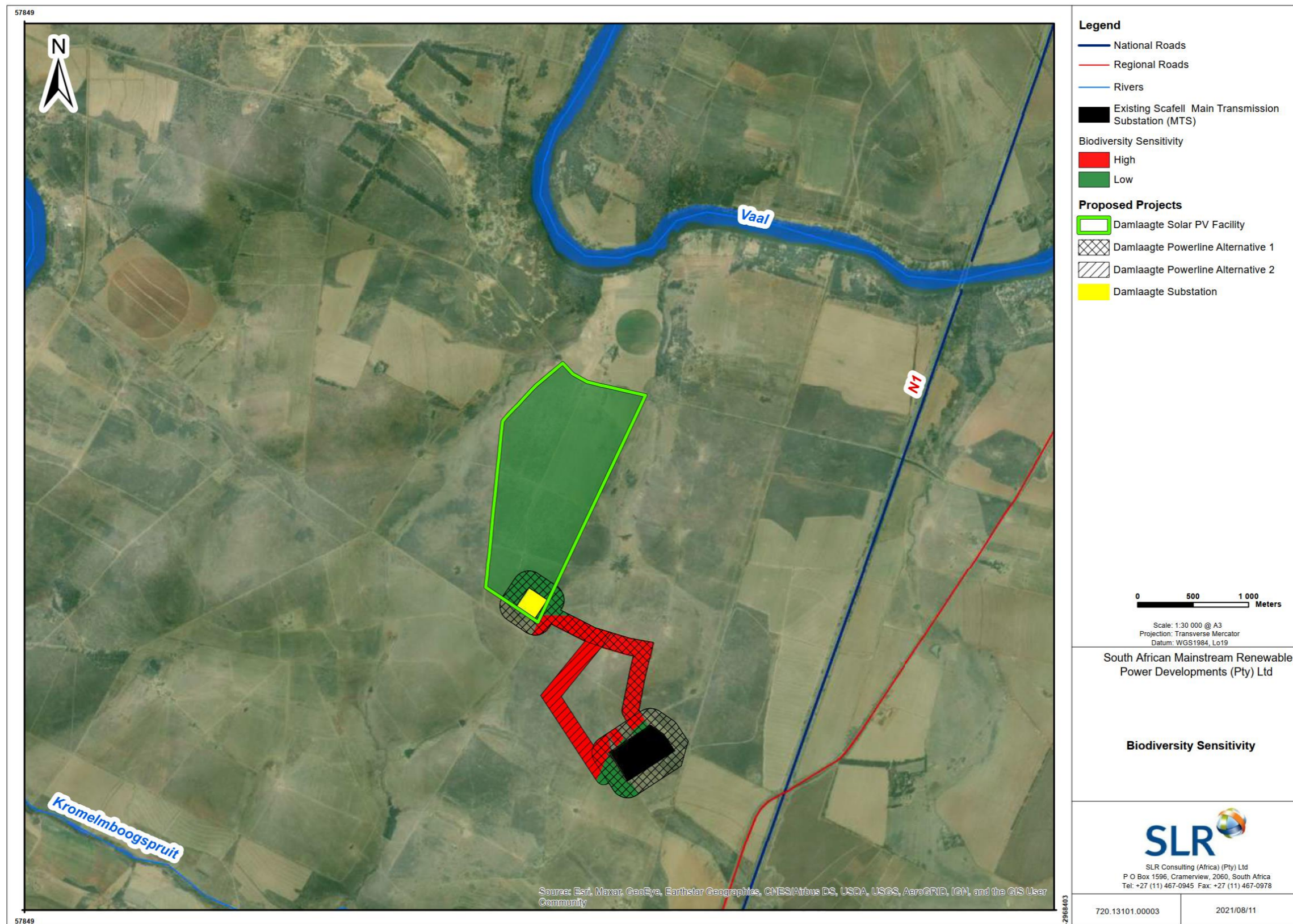
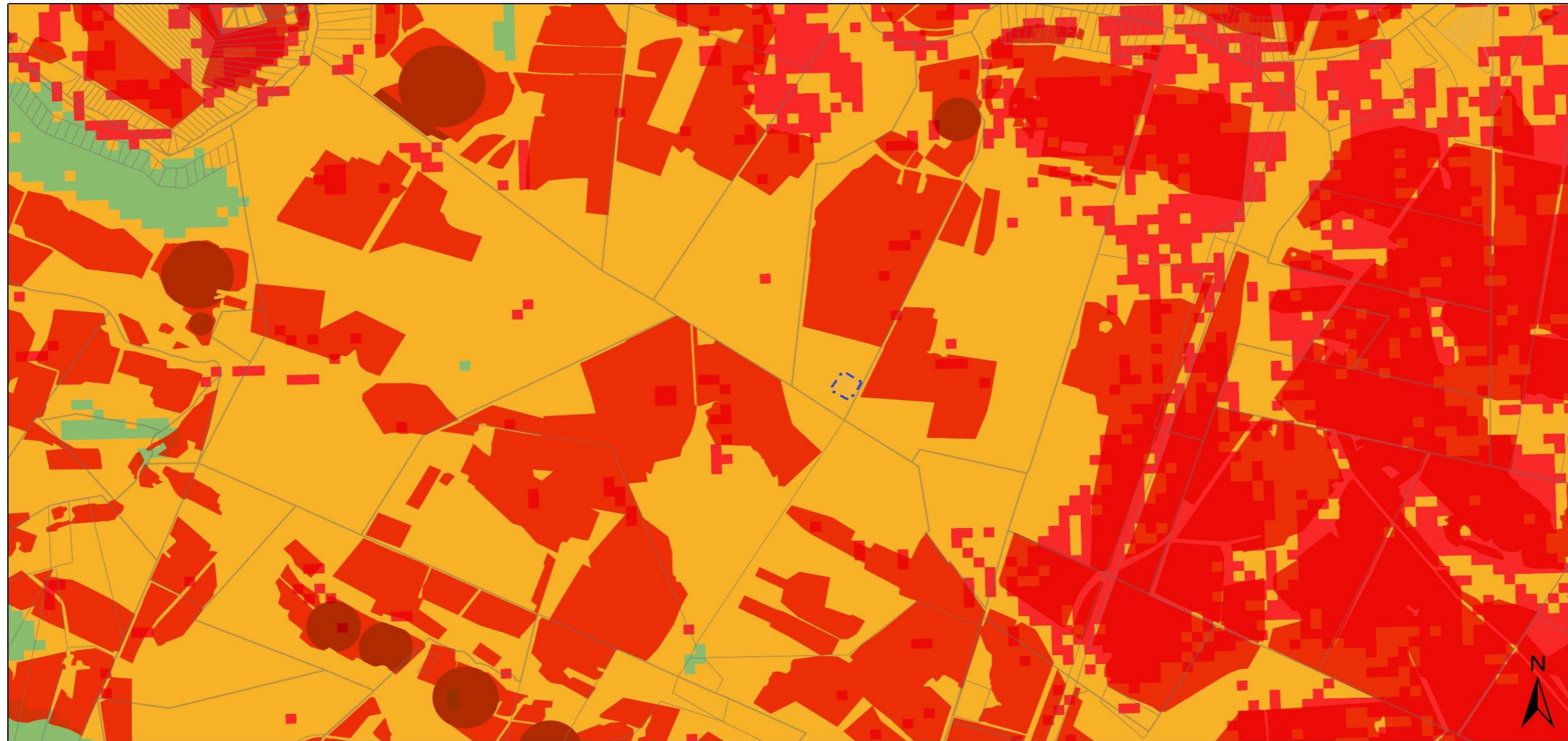


Figure 1: Preferred layout in relation to identified sensitive areas.



Screening Report Map



26 July 2021

Legend

-  Site Area
-  EIA Application Development Footprint
-  EIA Application Site
-  National Jurisdiction Area

Cadastre

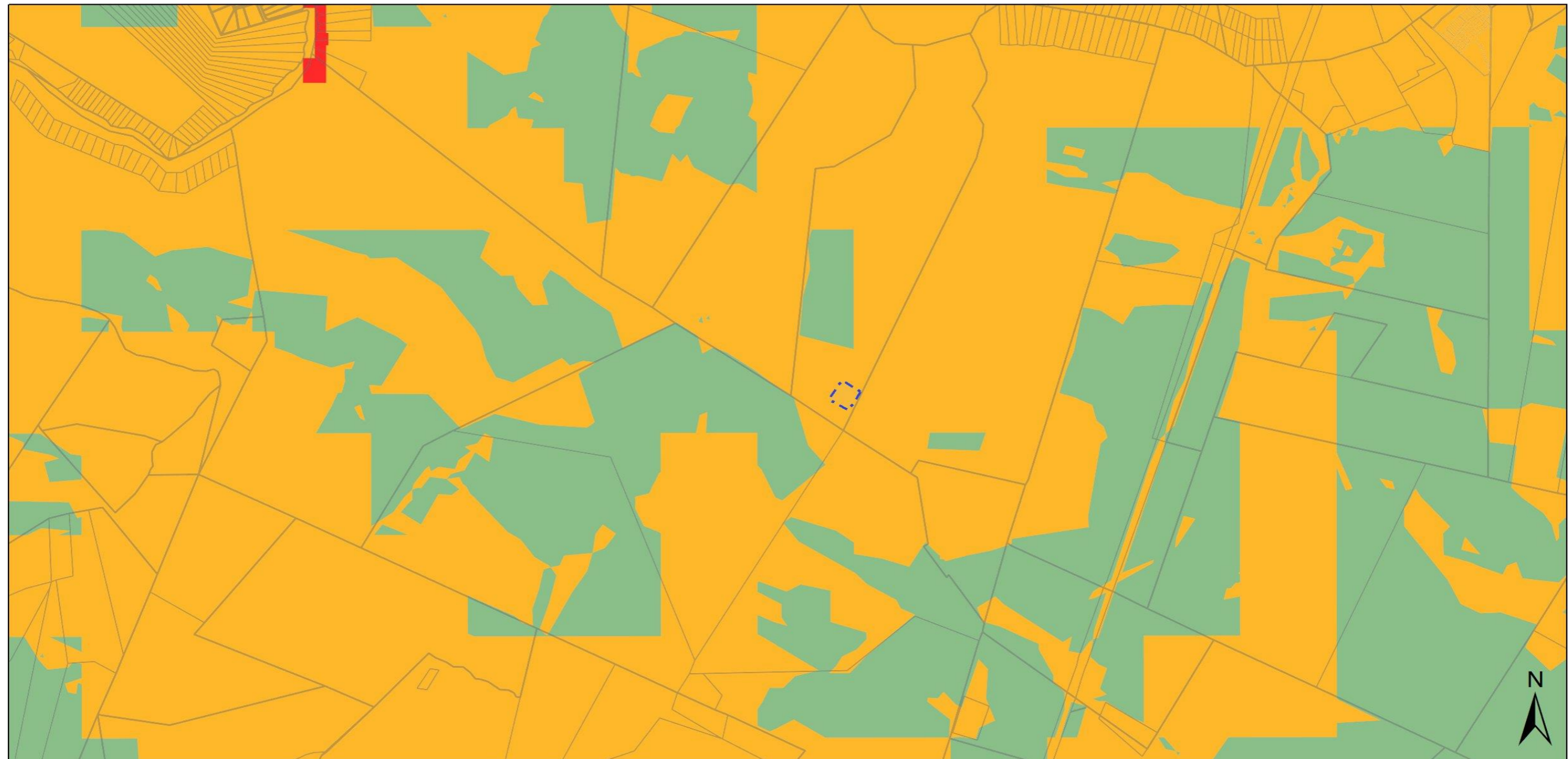
-  Fvren

0 1.75 3.5
km
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Figure 2: Map of relative Agriculture Theme Sensitivity for the Substation

Screening Report Map



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Legend

- | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--|-----------|-----------|
| Site Area | Cadastre | Public Place | Low | Low |
| EIA Application Development Footprint | Erven | Animal Species Combined Sensitivity | Very High | Very High |
| EIA Application Site | Farm Portion | High | High | High |
| National Jurisdiction Area | Farm | Medium | Medium | Medium |
| | Agri Holding | | | |

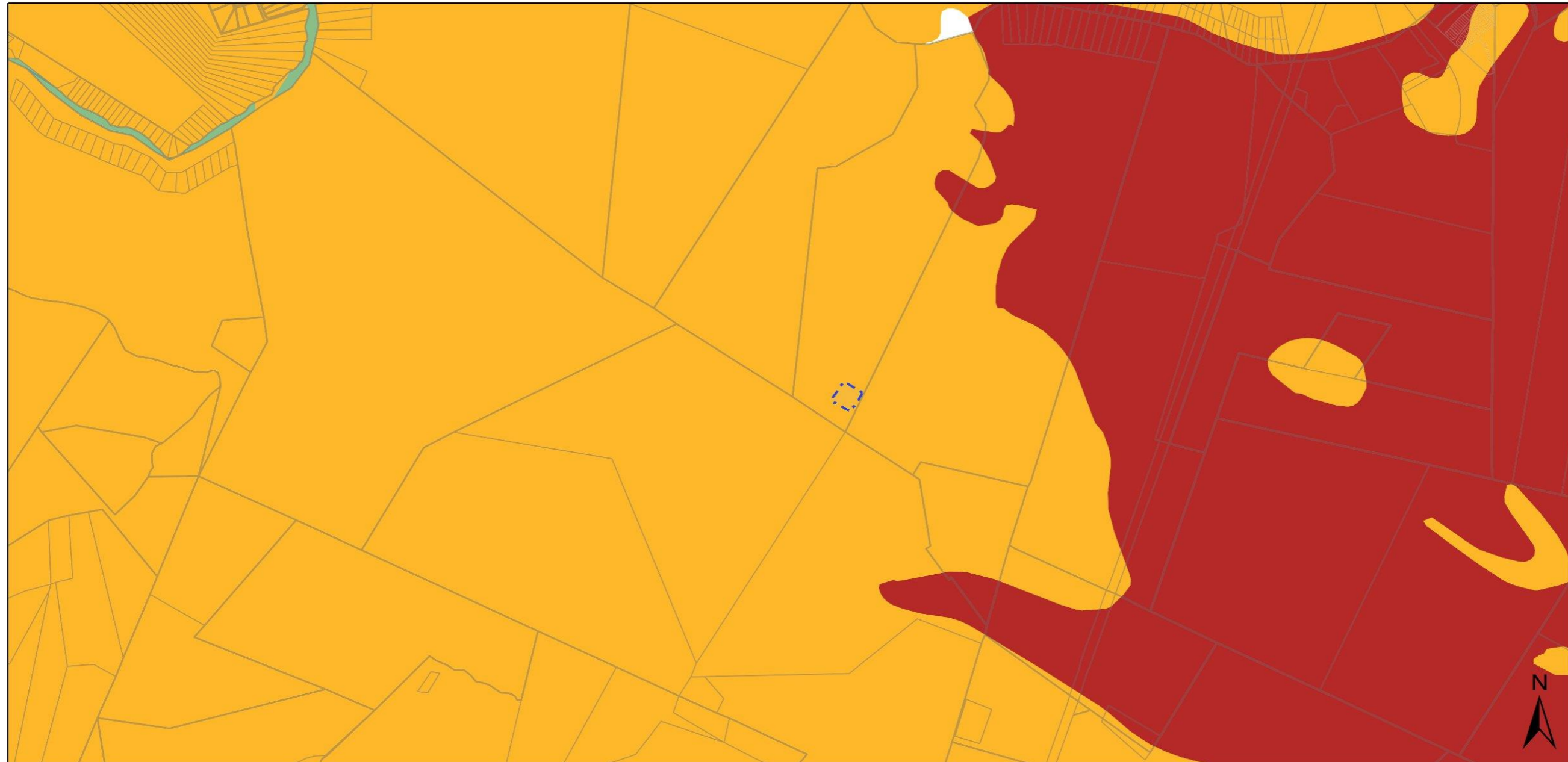
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Figure 3: Map of relative Animal Species Theme Sensitivity for the Substation



Screening Report Map



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Legend

- | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--|-----------|-----------|
| Site Area | Cadastre | Public Place | Low | Low |
| EIA Application Development Footprint | Erven | Paleontology Combined Sensitivity | Very High | Very High |
| EIA Application Site | Farm Portion | High | High | High |
| National Jurisdiction Area | Farm | Medium | Medium | Medium |
| | Agri Holding | | | |

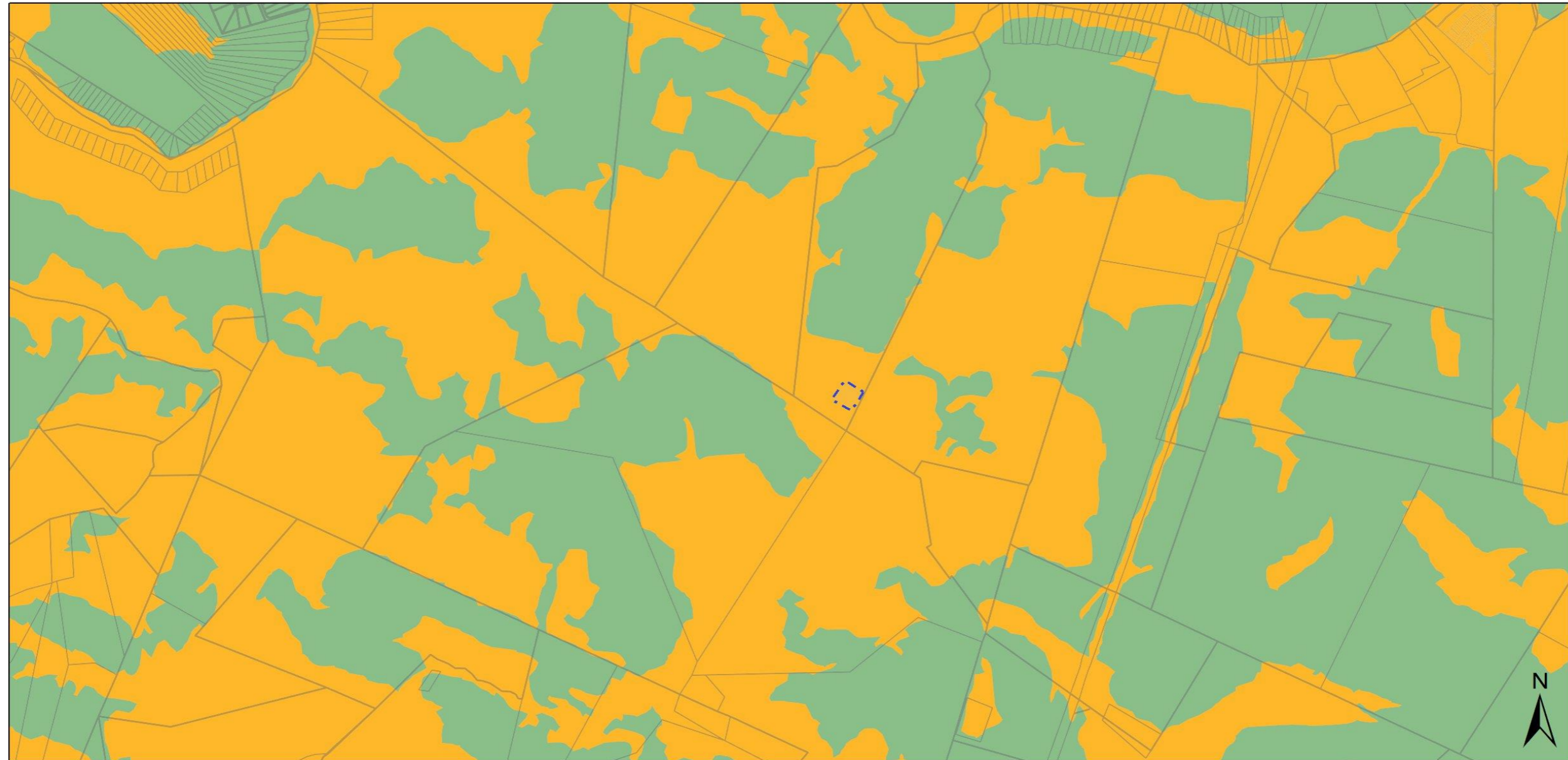
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Figure 4: Map of relative Palaeontology Theme Sensitivity for the Substation



Screening Report Map



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Legend

- | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|---|-----------|-----------|
| Site Area | Cadastre | Public Place | Low | Low |
| EIA Application Development Footprint | Erven | Plant Species Combined Sensitivity | Very High | Very High |
| EIA Application Site | Farm Portion | High | High | High |
| National Jurisdiction Area | Farm | Medium | Medium | Medium |
| | Agri Holding | | | |

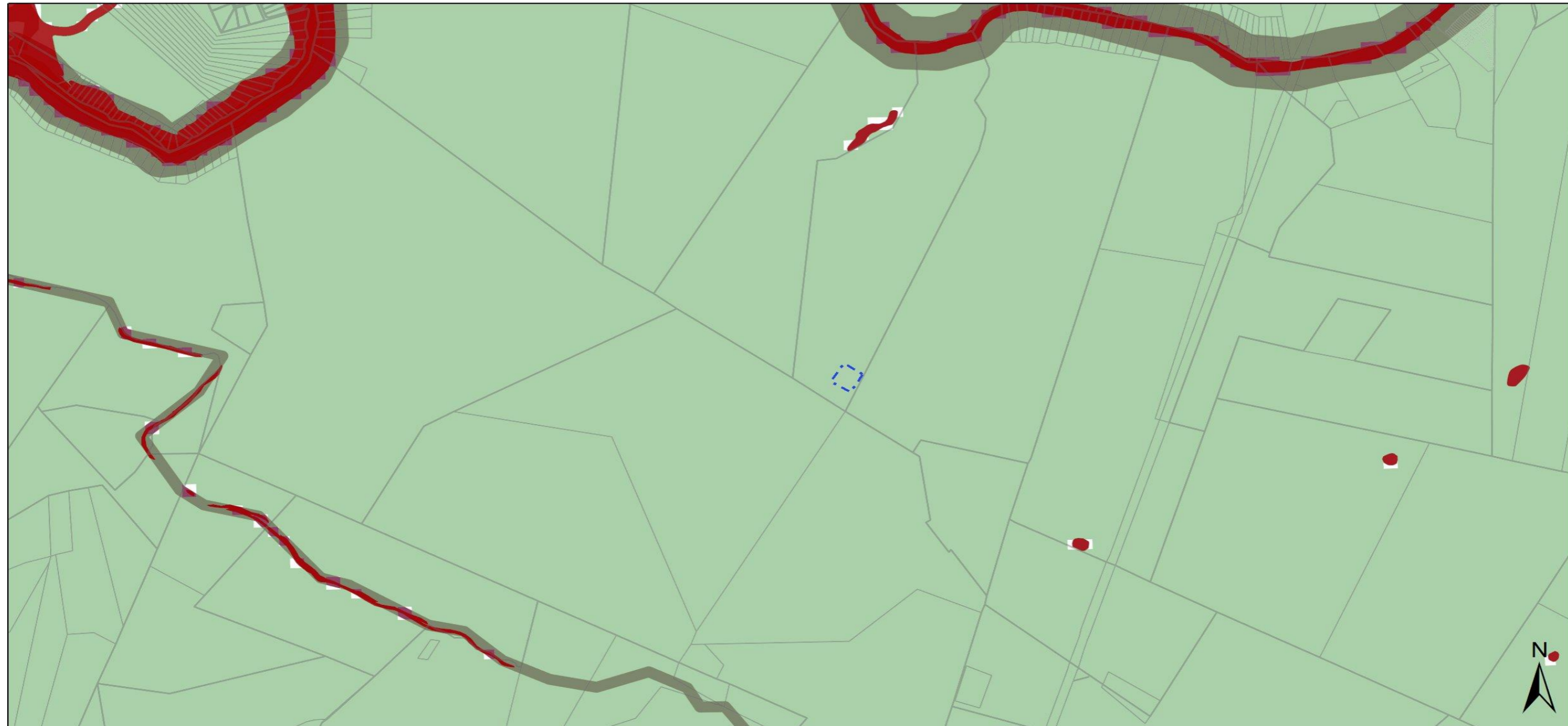
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 Credits km

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Figure 5: Map of relative Plant Theme Sensitivity for the Substation



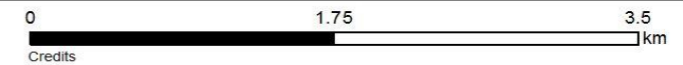
Screening Report Map



26 July 2021

Legend

- | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|--|--------------------------------------|
| Site Area | Farm | Aquatic CBA's
Very High | Rivers
Very High | Strategic Water Source Areas Aquatic |
| EIA Application Development Footprint | Agri Holding | Wetlands and Estuaries
Very High | Strategic Water Source Areas Aquatic
Very High | Wetlands and Estuaries |
| EIA Application Site | Public Place | Freshwater Ecosystem Priority Areas
Very High | Aquatic CBA's | |
| National Jurisdiction Area | Aquatic Biodiversity Combined Sensitivity
Very High | Very High | Freshwater Ecosystem Priority Areas | |
| Cadastre | Low | | Rivers | |
| Erven | | | | |
| Farm Portion | | | | |

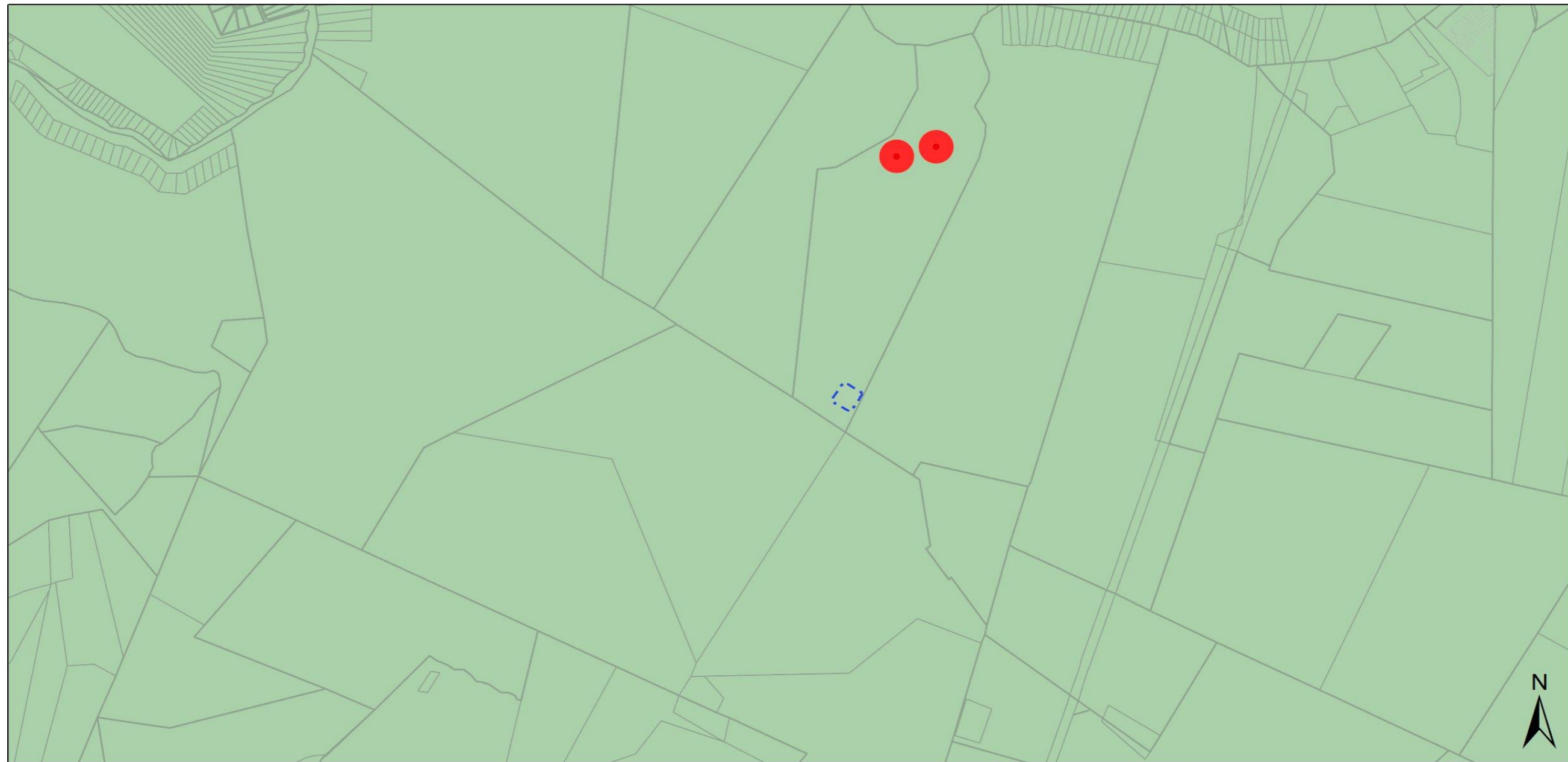


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Figure 6: Map of relative Aquatic Theme sensitivity for the Substation



Screening Report Map



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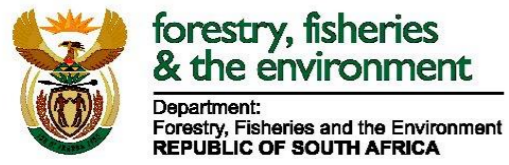
- Site Area
- EIA Application Development Footprint
- EIA Application Site
- National Jurisdiction Area
- Erven
- Farm Portion
- Farm
- Agri Holding
- Public Place
- Archaeological and Cultural Heritage Combined Sensitivity**
- Very High
- High
- Low

- Grade I Heritage Site (5 km Buffer)**
- Very High
- Grade II Heritage Site (2km Buffer)**
- Very High
- Grade IIIa Heritage Site (150m Buffer)**
- High
- Grade IIIb Heritage Site (100m Buffer)**
- High
- Grade IIIc Heritage Site (50m Buffer)**
- High
- Ungraded Heritage Site (100m Buffer)**
- Very High
- Grade I
- Grade II**
- Grade II
- Grade IIIa
- Grade IIIb
- Grade IIIc
- Ungraded

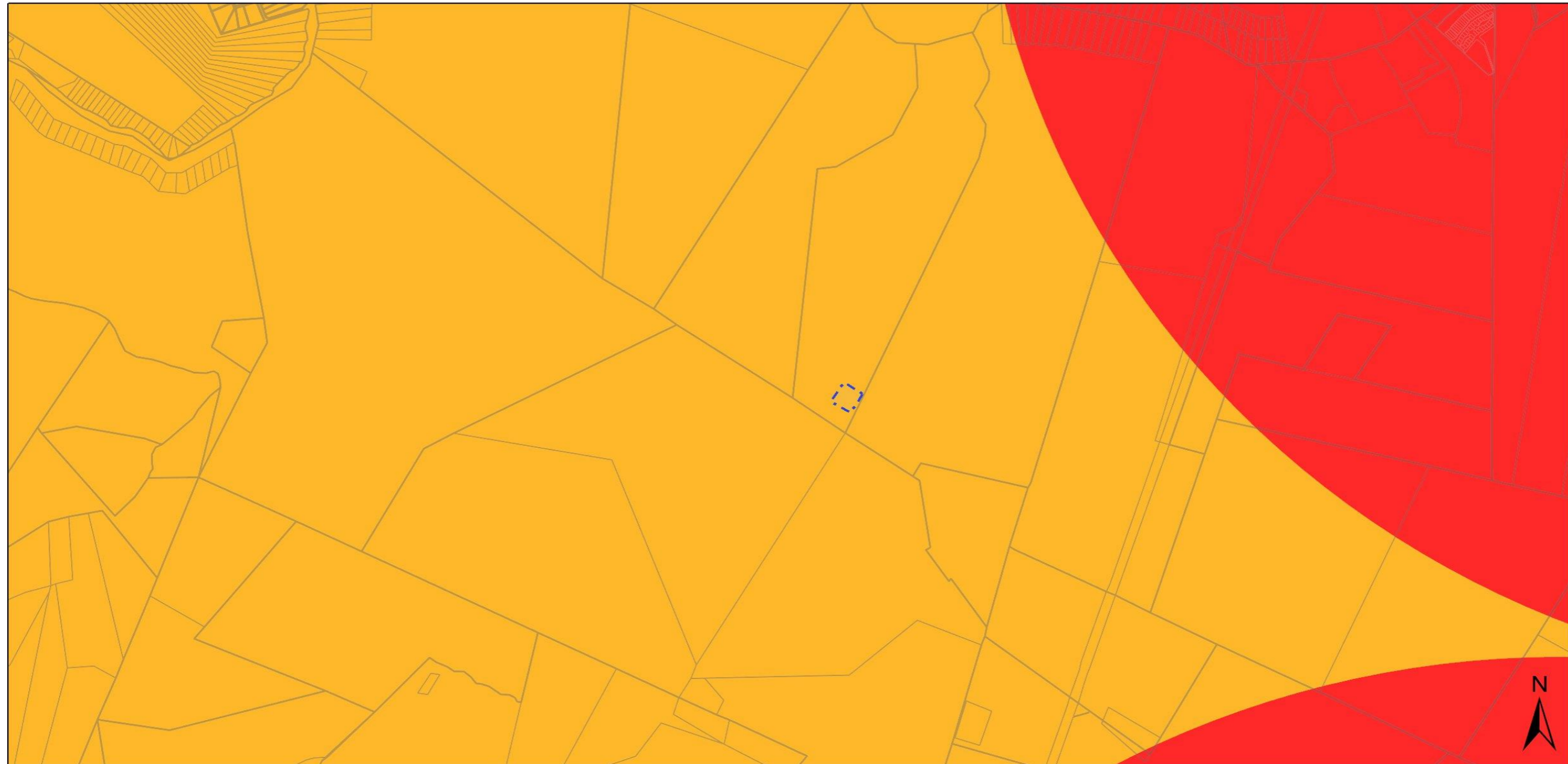


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Figure 7: Map of relative Archaeology Theme Sensitivity for the Substation



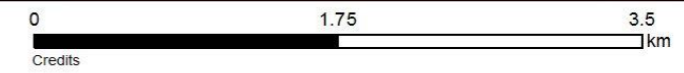
Screening Report Map



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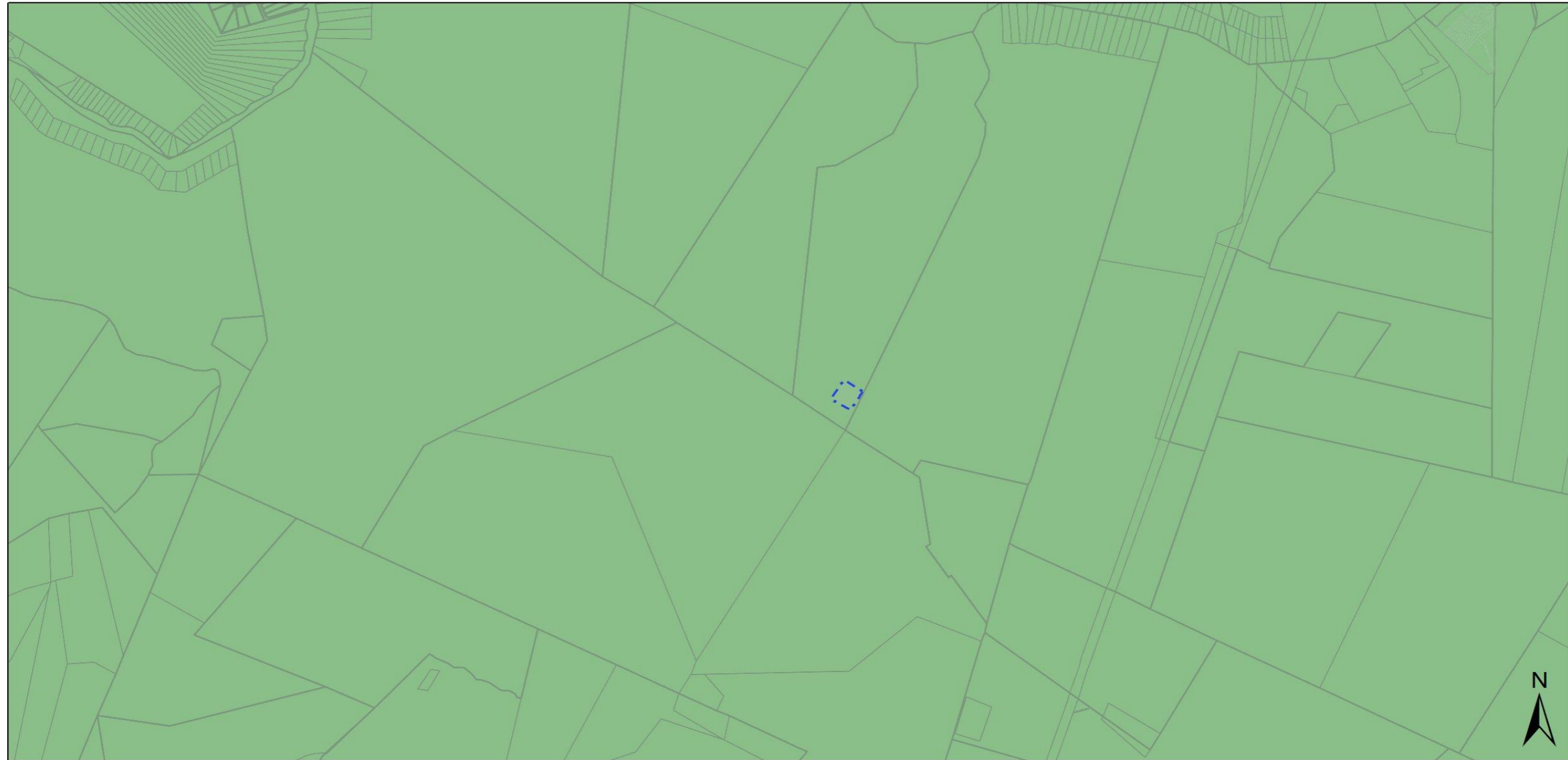
- | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Site Area | Cadastre | Public Place |
| EIA Application Development Footprint | Erven | |
| EIA Application Site | Farm Portion | |
| National Jurisdiction Area | Farm | |
| | Agri Holding | |



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Figure 8: Map of relative Civil Aviation Theme Sensitivity for the Substation

Screening Report Map



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Legend

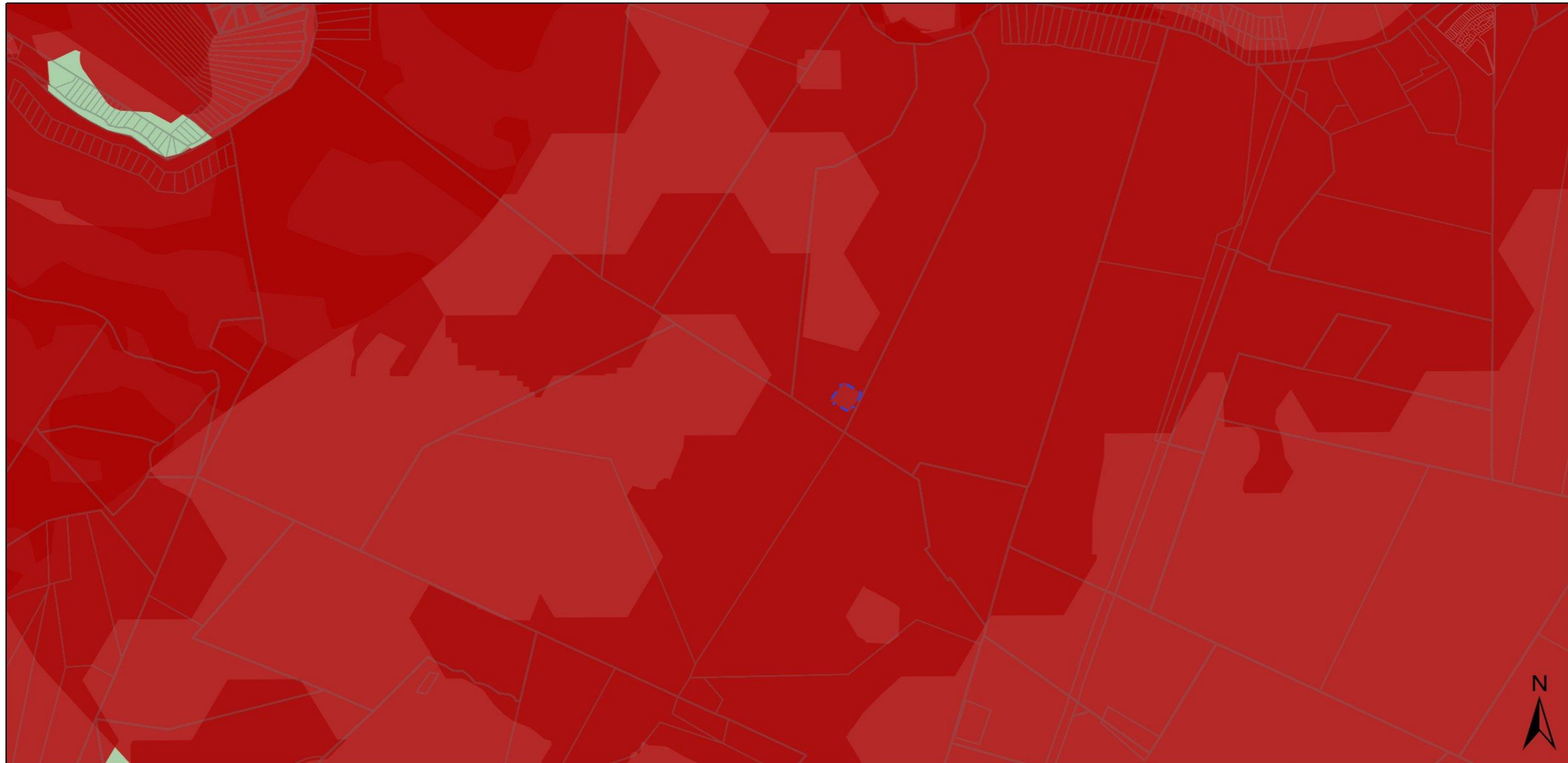
Site Area	Cadastre	Public Place	Low	Low
EIA Application Development Footprint	Erven	Defence Combined Sensitivity	Defence	
EIA Application Site	Farm Portion	Very High	Very High	
National Jurisdiction Area	Farm	High	High	
	Agri Holding	Medium	Medium	

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Figure 9: Map of relative Defence Theme Sensitivity for the Substation



Screening Report Map



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Legend

- | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| Site Area | Farm Portion | Low | South African Protected Areas | Freshwater Ecosystems |
| EIA Application Development Footprint | Farm | CBA's National | Very High | Very High |
| EIA Application Site | Agri Holding | Very High | Strategic Water Source Areas | Focus Areas Protected Area Expansion |
| National Jurisdiction Area | Public Place | Indigenous Forest Patches | Very High | Very High |
| Cadastre | Terrestrial Biodiversity Combined Sensitivity | Very High | Threatened Ecosystems | |
| Erven | Very High | | Very High | |



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Figure 10: Map of relative Terrestrial Biodiversity Theme Sensitivity for the Substation

8. DECLARATION

The proponent / applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he / she will abide and comply with the prescribed impact management outcomes and impact management actions as stipulated in part B: section 1 of the generic EMPr and have the understanding that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding. The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will provide written notice to the CA 14 day prior to the date on which the activity will commence of commencement of construction to facilitate compliance inspections.

Signature² of Proponent / Application / Holder of EA

Date

9. AMENDMENTS TO SITE SPECIFIC INFORMATION (PART B; SECTION 2)

Should the EA be transferred to a new holder, Part B: Section 2 must be completed by the new holder and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of Regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted for an amendment to an environmental authorisation will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of Part B: Section 2 not be submitted. Once approved, Part B: Section 2 forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

² This declaration will be signed by the proponent / applicant / holder of the EA once the Contractor is appointed for the proposed project and the Contractor has provided input to this EMPr.

PART C

10. SITE SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

If any specific environmental sensitivities/attributes are present on the site which require more specific impact management outcomes and actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr template, to manage impacts, those impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific management controls must be referenced spatially and must include impact management outcomes and impact management actions. The management controls including impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the pre-approved generic EMPr template. This applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary.

If Part C is applicable to the development as authorised in the EA, it is required to be submitted to the CA together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP and the name and expertise of the EAP, including the curriculum vitae are to be included. Once approved, Part C forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.

This section will not be required should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes.

It should be noted that while the pre-approved generic EMPr template has covered the impacts identified for the site in the EIA, there may be additional specific environmental sensitivities/attributes that will need to be mitigated once the final walk-downs by a number of specialists for the Damlaagte Solar PV Facility and associated infrastructure is undertaken when the project is considered a Preferred Bidder and prior to Financial Close. This EMPr will need to be amended to include any new specific environmental sensitivities/attributes.

10.1 Site Demarcation

Specific Mitigation Measures						
Impact management outcome: Minimise light disturbance						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Implement a 40 m no-go buffer around the existing fuel pipeline located on Portion 6 of the Farm Vlakfontein 161 and Portion 3 of the Farm Willow Grange 246. No construction activities can take place within this buffer area.	DPM	Demarcation of no-go area	Construction	Contractor	Once off, prior to construction commencement	Photographic record of compliance and successful implementation

10.2 Fauna

Specific Mitigation Measures						
Impact management outcome: Minimise light disturbance						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Impact management outcome: Minimise faunal disturbance						
If parts of the facility such as the substation are to be fenced, then no electrified strands should be placed within 30 cm of the ground as some species such as tortoises are susceptible to electrocution from electric fences as they do not move away when electrocuted but rather adopt defensive behavior and are killed by repeated shocks. Alternatively, the electrified strands should be placed on the inside of the fence and not the outside.	DPM, Contractor & cEO	All mitigation measures recommended by the faunal specialist must be implemented	Construction and Operation	ECO (during construction) DSS & dEO (during construction)	Once off, and as and when required	Photographic record of compliance and successful implementation of the recommended measures

10.3 Avifauna

Specific Mitigation Measures						
Impact management outcome: To prevent unnecessary displacement of avifauna by ensuring that Contractor(s) are aware of the requirements of the Construction Environmental Management Programme (CEMPr)						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Should the footprint of the substation require to be fenced, increasing the spacing between at least the top two wires (to a minimum of 30 cm) and ensuring they are correctly tensioned will reduce the snaring risk.	DPM, Contractor, cEO & dEO	All mitigation measures recommended by the Avifauna Specialist must be implemented.	Construction	cEO, dEO & ECO	Once-off during the fencing of the substation footprint	Photographs Site inspections and Audits
No off-road driving.	Contractor, cEO & dEO	Implementation of the CEMPr. Oversee activities to ensure that the CEMPr is implemented and enforced via site audits and inspections. Report and record any non-compliance.	Construction	Contractor and ECO	Daily	Photographs Site Inspections and Audits
Maximum use of existing roads, where possible.		Ensure that construction personnel are made aware of the impacts				

Specific Mitigation Measures						
Impact management outcome: To prevent unnecessary displacement of avifauna by ensuring that Contractor(s) are aware of the requirements of the Construction Environmental Management Programme (CEMPr)						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		relating to off-road driving. Construction access roads must be demarcated clearly. Undertake site inspections to verify.				
Measures to control noise and dust according to latest best practice.		Monitor the implementation of noise control mechanisms via site inspections and record and report non-compliance.			Weekly	
Restricted access to the rest of the property.		Ensure that the construction area is demarcated clearly and that construction personnel are			Weekly	

Specific Mitigation Measures						
Impact management outcome: To prevent unnecessary displacement of avifauna by ensuring that Contractor(s) are aware of the requirements of the Construction Environmental Management Programme (CEMP)						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		made aware of these demarcations. Monitor via site inspections and report non-compliance.				

10.4 Visual

Specific Mitigation Measures						
Impact management outcome: Minimise light disturbance						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Install light fixtures that provide precisely directed illumination to reduce light 'spillage' beyond the immediate surrounds of the site, i.e., lights (specifically spotlights) are to be aimed away from the N1 and R59 road and areas south and west of the site.	DPM, Contractor	All mitigation measures recommended by the visual specialist must be implemented.	Construction	cEO, dEO & ECO	Once off, during the erection of the light fixtures.	Photographs Site Inspections and Audits

Specific Mitigation Measures						
Impact management outcome: Minimise light disturbance						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
The use of high pole top security lighting along the periphery of the site should be avoided. Only lights that are activated on illegal entry to the site should be used.	DSS & dEO		Operation	dEO	Once-off	Photographs Site Inspections and Audits

10.5 Heritage and Palaeontology

Specific Mitigation Measures						
Impact management outcome: Minimise impacts on heritage resources during construction phase						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
A Chance Finds Procedure should be implemented when heritage finds are uncovered.	DPM, Contractor & cEO	All mitigation measures recommended by the heritage specialist must be implemented.	Construction	dEO & ECO	Once-off (during excavations)	Photographs Site Inspections and Audits
If risks are manifested (accidental discovery of heritage resources) the Chance Find Procedure should be implemented: 1. Cease all works immediately;	DPM, Contractor & cEO	All mitigation measures recommended by the heritage specialist must be implemented.	Construction	cEO, dEO & cEO	Once-off (during excavations)	Photographs Site Inspections and Audits

Specific Mitigation Measures						
Impact management outcome: Minimise impacts on heritage resources during construction phase						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
2. Report incident to the dEO & ECO; 3. Contact an Archaeologist/ Palaeontologist to inspect the site; 4. Report incident to the Competent Authority; and 5. Employ reasonable mitigation measures in accordance with the requirements of the relevant authorities. • Only recommence operations once impacts have been mitigated. • When excavations begin the rocks must be given a cursory inspection by the Environmental Control Officer or designated person. Any fossiliferous material (plants, insects, bone, coal) should be put aside in a suitably						

Specific Mitigation Measures						
Impact management outcome: Minimise impacts on heritage resources during construction phase						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<p>protected place. This way the project activities will not be interrupted.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Photographs of similar fossils must be provided to the developer to assist in recognizing the fossil plants, vertebrates, invertebrates or trace fossils in the shales and mudstones. This information will be built into the EMP's training and awareness plan and procedures. Photographs of the putative fossils can be sent to the palaeontologist for a preliminary assessment. If there is any possible fossil material found by the developer/environmental officer, then a qualified palaeontologist sub-contracted for this project, should visit the site to inspect the selected material and check the dumps where feasible. 						

Specific Mitigation Measures						
Impact management outcome: Minimise impacts on heritage resources during construction phase						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fossil plants or vertebrates that are considered to be of good quality or scientific interest by the Palaeontologist must be removed, catalogued and housed in a suitable institution where they can be made available for further study. Before the fossils are removed from the site a SAHRA permit must be obtained. Annual reports must be submitted to SAHRA as required by the relevant permits. 						

APPENDIX 1: METHOD STATEMENTS

To be prepared by the contractor prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are **not required** to be submitted to the CA.

APPENDIX 2: EAP CURRICULA VITAE