

REHABILITATION AND CLOSURE PLAN

The proposed Diamonds Alluvial & Diamonds General Prospecting Right near Windsorton on Portion 1 (Slypklip Siding), Portion 2 (Middelpunt), Portion 3 (Braklaagte), Portion 8 and Portion 9 of the farm Slypklip South Estate 36, the Remaining Extent of Portion 4 (Eiland Hoek), Portion 5 (Gras Vlakte), Portion 6 (Vervanhier), Portion 10 and Portion 11 (Portion Of Portion 11) of the farm Slypklip South 33, and the farm Morgenzon 35 (Previous Parcel No. 199), Registration Division: Kimberley, Northern Cape Province

Reference No.: NC30/5/1/1/2/11880PR

Prepared by:



PO Box 1086, Schweizer-Reneke, 2780. Tel: (018) 011 1925, Fax 087 231 7021

E-mail: info@milnex-sa.co.za

1. Introduction

Milnex 189 CC was contracted by Vincent John Lewis as the independent environmental consultant to undertake the Ecological Desktop Study for the Environmental Impact Assessment process for a Prospecting Right of Diamonds Alluvial and Diamonds General on the farm Slypklip South Estate 36, Slypklip South 33 and Morgenzon 35, Registration Division Kimberley, Northern Cape Province. The property is located approximately 15km South East of Windsorton in the Northern Cape Province.

2. Rehabilitation and Closure Plan

In order to obtain a self-sustainable and stable closure plan, the following will be done where natural grassland had been disturbed during the prospecting process.

(a) Rehabilitation and Closure

The clearing of soil surface areas would be restricted to what is really necessary for prospecting or the construction of infrastructure. During the closure of these sites, or where vegetation is lacking or compacted, the areas would be ripped or ploughed and levelled in order to re-establish a growth medium and if necessary appropriately fertilised to ensure the regrowth of vegetation and the soil ameliorated based on a fertilizer recommendation (soil sample analysed).

As the project progresses there will be an increase in the topsoil surface area disturbed initially but also at the same time concurrent rehabilitation will take place which involves the replacement of topsoil on backfilled pit/trench areas.

(i) Rehabilitation of access roads

- Whenever a prospecting right is suspended, cancelled or abandoned or if it lapses and the holder does not wish to renew the right, any access road or portions thereof, constructed by the holder and which will no longer be required by the landowner/tenant, shall be removed and/or rehabilitated to the satisfaction of the Regional Manager.
- Any gate or fence erected by the holder which is not required by the landowner / tenant, shall be removed and the situation restored to the pre prospecting situation.
- Roads shall be ripped or ploughed, and if necessary, appropriately fertilised (based on a soil analysis) to ensure the regrowth of vegetation. Imported road construction materials which may hamper regrowth of vegetation must be removed and disposed of in an approved manner prior to rehabilitation.
- If a reasonable assessment indicates that the re-establishment of vegetation is unacceptably slow, the Regional Manager may require that the soil be analysed and any deleterious effects on the soil arising from the prospecting operation, be corrected and the area be seeded with a seed mix to the Regional Manager's specification.

(ii) Rehabilitation of the surface trench/pitting site

On completion of operations, all buildings, structures or objects on the camp/office site shall be dealt with in accordance with section 44 of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act 28 of 2002), which states:

- (1) *When a prospecting right, mining right, retention permit or mining permit lapses, is cancelled or is abandoned or when any prospecting or mining operation comes to an end, the holder of any such right or permit may not demolish or remove any building, structure, object -*
- (A & B) which may not be demolished in terms of any other law;*
 - (C) which has been identified in writing by the Minister for purposes of this section; or*
 - (D) which is to be retained in terms of an agreement between the holder and the owner or occupier of the land, which agreement has been approved by the Minister in writing.*
- (2) *The provision of subsection (1) does not apply to bona fide mining equipment which may be removed*

After all the foreign matter has been removed from the sites, the excavations shall be backfilled with subsoil, compacted and levelled with previously stored topsoil. No foreign matter such as cement or other rubble shall be introduced into such backfilling.

All rescued plants should be bagged and kept on a designated on-site nursery, and should be returned to site once all prospecting is completed and rehabilitation of disturbed areas is required. Replanting should only occur in springs or early summer (September to November), once the first rains have fallen, in order to facilitate establishment

Seed should be collected from plants earmarked for removal prior to disturbance, in order to reduce the impact on plants. If seeds are collected from nearby seedbanks, it may indirectly affect the availability of seed as a source of food for a variety of animals and birds.

On completion of the prospecting operation, the above areas shall be cleared of any contaminated soil. The surface shall then be ripped or ploughed to a depth of at least 300mm and the topsoil previously stored adjacent the site, shall be spread evenly to its original depth over the whole area. The area shall then be fertilised if necessary (based on a soil analysis). The site shall be seeded with a vegetation seed mix adapted to reflect the local indigenous flora. Where the site has been rendered

devoid of vegetation/grass or where soils have been compacted owing to traffic, the surface shall be scarified or ripped.

Photographs of the camp and office sites, before and during the prospecting operation and after rehabilitation and closure, shall be taken at selected fixed points and kept on record for the information of the Regional Manager.

Photographs of the different trench sites, before and during the mining, after rehabilitation and closure, shall be taken at selected fixed points and kept on record for the regional manager's information.

Rehabilitation of the new topographical landscape in such a way that it would blend in with the surrounding landscape and allow normal (controlled) surface drainage to continue.

Implement water control systems in order to prevent erosion.

Visual impact would be addressed by means of;

- Re-vegetation (grasses);
- Removal of any building, scrap, domestic waste, etc. that would otherwise contribute to a negative visual impact.

(iii) Fertilising of Areas to be rehabilitated

If a reasonable assessment indicates that the re-establishment of vegetation is unacceptably slow, the Regional Manager may require that the soil be analysed and any deleterious effects on the soil arising from the mining operation be corrected and the area be seeded with a seed mix to his or her specification.

(iv) Seeding of Grass Seed Mixture and planting of Woody Species

The eventual seed mixture takes into account the availability of seed, different soil situations and the prevailing climatic conditions of the area. The following mixture will be applicable to the borehole on prospecting site:

Cenchrus ciliaris

Cynodon dactylon

Digitaria eriantha

Heteropogon contortus

Panicum maximum

(b) Demolition of infrastructure/buildings

On completion of operations, all buildings, structures or other on the prospecting terrain shall be dealt with in accordance with section 44 of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act No. 28 of 2002).

(c) Invasive and alien control programme

Develop and implement an invasive and alien control programme to control the spread of weeds and other invasive species. Eradicate exotic weeds and invader species if it invades the terrain. All illegal invader plants and weeds shall be eradicated as required in terms of Regulation 15 & 16 of the Act on Conservation of Agricultural Resources, 1983 (Act no. 43 of 1983) which list the plants.

3. Closure objectives and their extent

The main closure objective of for the prospecting site is to rehabilitate the whole prospecting site in such a way to ensure that the new man-made topographical landscape would blend in with the surrounding landscape, not pose a safety hazard to humans and animals, while at the same time allow for alternative land uses. Establish a self-sustaining and stable vegetation cover in order to mitigate the visual impact, to control erosion and to create some habitat for animals. The rehabilitated environment also needs to be aesthetically acceptable according to the principle of BPEO. Another main objective is to manage the surface water in such way that an acceptable water standard is achieved when a closure certificate is issued.

Vincent John Lewis will ensure that the prospecting Operation/Sites are:

- Neither a danger to public health and safety nor to animal health and safety;
- Not a source of any pollution;
- Stable (ecological and geophysical);
- Rehabilitated to the state that is suitable for the predetermined and agreed land use;
- Compatible with the surrounding biophysical environment;
- A sustainable environment;
- Aesthetically acceptable;
- Not an economic, social or environmental liability to the local community or the state now or in the future.

Vincent John Lewis will furthermore:

- ensure that the physical and chemical stability of the rehabilitated and closed prospecting site will be such that risk to the environment is not increased by naturally occurring forces to the extent that such increased risk cannot be contended with by the installed measures;
- subscribe to the optimal exploitation and utilization of South Africa's mineral resources (Diamonds);
- ensure that the prospecting site is closed efficiently and cost effectively.
- ensure that the operation is not abandoned but closed in accordance with the relevant requirements;
- ensure that the interest of all interested and affected parties will be considered;
- ensure that the all-relevant legislation regarding prospecting closure will be adhered to, and all relevant application procedures followed.