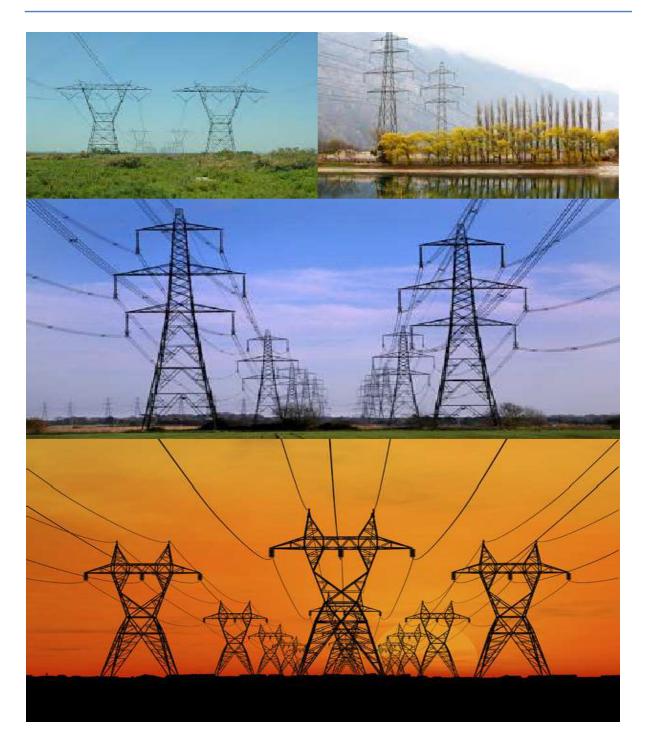
GENERIC ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) FOR THE DEVELOPMENT AND EXPANSION OF INFRASTRUCTURE FOR THE OVERHEAD TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION OF ELECTRICITY





forestry, fisheries & the environment Department:

Department: Forestry, Fisheries and the Environment REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

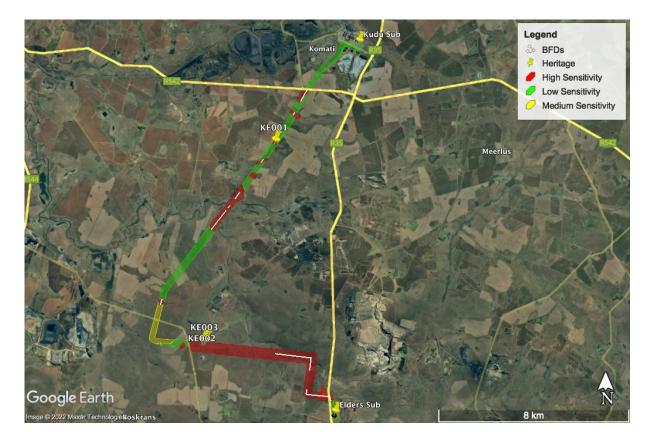


## ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAM FOR ESKOM 132KV POWER LINE BETWEEN KUDU SUBSTATION (AT KOMATI POWER STATION) AND ELDERS SUBSTATION

### DFFE REF: 2022-06-0014

SEPTEMBER 2022

Construction of Eskom Distribution 132kV overhead power line



#### **COMPILED BY**



Head Office 44 Melrose Boulevard Melrose Arch, Johannesburg Regional Offices Modimolle - Limpopo Somerset West - Western Cape Email: ria@setalaenvironmental.co.za Contact: +27 82 568 6344 Website: www.setalaenvironmental.com

# setala

Level 2 B-BBEE Contributor Reg No: 2014/017865/07

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

| INTR | ODUCT  | 10N  | 1   |
|------|--------|--|-----|
| 1    | . Ba   | ckground   | 1   |
| 2    | . Pu   | rpose  | 1   |
| 3    | . Ob   | jective  | 1   |
| 4    | . Sco  | ope  | 1   |
| 5    | . Str  | ucture of this document  | 2   |
| 6    | . Co   | mpletion of part B: section 1: the pre-approved generic EMPr template                          | 4   |
| 7    | . An   | nendments of the impact management outcomes and actions of the generic EMPr 4                  |     |
| 8    | . Do   | cuments to be submitted as part of part B: section 2 site specific information and declaration | 5   |
| (i)  | ) An   | nendments to Part B: Section 2 – site specific information and declaration                     | 5   |
| PART | ſA−GE  | NERAL INFORMATION  | 6   |
| 1    | . DE   | FINITIONS  | 6   |
| 2    | . AC   | RONYMS and ABBREVIATIONS   | 7   |
| 3    | . RC   | LES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) IMPLEMENTATIO           | )N8 |
| 4    | . EN   | VIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE   | 15  |
|      | 4.1    | Document control/Filing system   | 15  |
|      | 4.2    | Documentation to be available  | 15  |
|      | 4.3    | Weekly Environmental Checklist   | 15  |
|      | 4.4    | Environmental site meetings  | 16  |
|      | 4.5    | Required Method Statements   | 16  |
|      | 4.6    | Environmental Incident Log (Diary)   | 17  |
|      | 4.7    | Non-compliance   | 17  |
|      | 4.8    | Corrective action records  | 18  |
|      | 4.9    | Photographic record  | 18  |
|      | 4.10   | Complaints register  | 19  |
|      | 4.11   | Claims for damages   | 19  |
|      | 4.12   | Interactions with affected parties   | 19  |
|      | 4.13   | Environmental audits   | 20  |
|      | 4.14   | Final environmental audits   | 20  |
| PART | B: SEC | TION 1   | 21  |
| 5    | . IM   | PACT MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS   | 21  |
|      | 5.     | Environmental awareness training   | 22  |
|      | 5.2    | 2 Site Establishment development   | 24  |
|      | 5.3    | 3 No-Go areas  | 25  |
|      | 5.4    | 4 Access roads   |     |
|      | 5.     | 5 Fencing and Gate installation  |     |

|        | 5.6         | Water Supply Management  |    |
|--------|-------------|--|----|
|        | 5.7         | Storm and waste water management   |    |
|        | 5.8         | Solid waste management   |    |
|        | 5.9         | Protection of watercourses   |    |
|        | 5.10        | Vegetation clearing  |    |
|        | 5.11        | Protection of fauna  |    |
|        | 5.12        | Protection of heritage resources   |    |
|        | 5.13        | Safety of the public   |    |
|        | 5.14        | Sanitation   |    |
|        | 5.15        | Prevention of disease  |    |
|        | 5.16        | Emergency procedures   |    |
|        | 5.17        | Hazardous substances   |    |
|        | 5.18        | Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage                                | 50 |
|        | 5.19        | Batching plants  | 51 |
|        | 5.20        | Dust emissions   |    |
|        | 5.21        | Blasting   |    |
|        | 5.22        | Noise  |    |
|        | 5.23        | Fire prevention  |    |
|        | 5.24        | Stockpiling and stockpile areas  |    |
|        | 5.25        | Finalising tower positions   | 57 |
|        | 5.26        | Installation of foundations  |    |
|        | 5.27        | Assembly and erecting towers   |    |
|        | 5.28        | Stringing  | 62 |
|        | 5.29        | Temporary closure of site  | 63 |
|        | 5.30        | Landscaping and rehabilitation   | 65 |
| 6      | ACCE        | SS TO THE GENERIC EMPr   | 67 |
| PART   | F B: SECTIO | DN 2   |    |
| 7      | SITES       | SPECIFIC INFORMATION AND DECLARATION                                       |    |
|        | 7.1         | Sub-section 1: contact details and description of the project              |    |
|        | 7.2         | Sub-section 2: Development footprint site map                              | 69 |
|        | 7.3         | Sub-section 3: Declaration   | 69 |
|        | 7.4         | Sub-section 4: amendments to site specific information (Part B; section 2) |    |
| PAR    | ГС          |  | 71 |
| 8      | SITE S      | SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL ATTRIBUTES  |    |
|        |             | IETHOD STATEMENTS  |    |
| List o | of figures  |  |    |
| Figu   | re 1: Envir | onmental sensitivity map   | 69 |

| List of tables  |   |
|---|---|
| Table 1: Guide to roles and responsibilities for implementation of a generic EMPr | 8 |

#### INTRODUCTION

#### 1. Background

The National Environmental Management Act 107 of 1998 (NEMA) requires that an environmental management programme (EMPr) be submitted where an environmental impact assessment has been identified as the environmental instrument to be utilised as the basis for a decision on an application for environmental authorisation (EA). The content of an EMPr must either contain the information set out in Appendix 4 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014, or must be a generic EMPr relevant to an application as identified and gazetted by the Minister in a government notice. Once the Minister has identified, through a government notice that a generic EMPr is relevant to an application for environmental authorisation, that generic EMPr must be applied by all parties involved in the EA process, including but not limited to the applicant and the competent authority.

#### 2. Purpose

This document constitutes a generic EMPr relevant to applications for EA for overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure, and their expansion including all listed and specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

#### 3. Objective

The objective of this generic EMPr is to prescribe and pre-approve generally accepted impact management outcomes and actions which can commonly and repeatedly be used for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development and expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure. The use of a generic EMPr is intended to reduce the need to prepare and review individual EMPrs for applications of a similar nature.

#### 4. Scope

The scope of this generic EMPr applies to overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure requiring environmental authorization in terms of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998), i.e. with a capacity of 33 kilovolts or more. This generic EMPr applies to activities requiring environmental authorization, mainly activity 11 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 1 of 2014 and activity 9 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 2 of 2014, and all associated listed or specified activities necessary for the realization and expansion of such infrastructure. It contains impact management outcomes and actions aimed at avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development and expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure.

The general impact management outcomes and actions included in this generic EMPr does not cover situations where specific site environmental attributes are present and for which specific environmental impact management outcomes and actions are required.



#### 5. Structure of this document

This generic EMPr is structured in three parts with an Appendix as indicated in the table below:

| Part | Section | Heading  | Content  |
|------|---------|--|--|
| A    |         | Provides general guidance and<br>information and is not legally<br>binding | Definitions, acronyms, roles & responsibilities and documentation and reporting.   |
| В    | 1       | Pre-approved generic EMPr<br>template                                      | Contains generally accepted impact management<br>outcomes and actions required for the avoidance,<br>management and mitigation of impacts and risks<br>associated with the development and expansion of<br>infrastructure for the overhead transmission and<br>distribution of electricity, which are presented in the form<br>of a template that has been pre-approved.   |
|      |         |  | The template in this section is to be completed by the contractor, with each completed page signed and dated by both the contractor and the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity.  |
|      |         |  | Once completed and signed, the template represents<br>the EMPr for the development approved by the EA and is<br>legally binding. The template <b>is not</b> to be submitted to the<br>competent authority and <b>does not</b> need approval. Once<br>the generic EMPr is gazetted for implementation, it has<br>been approved by the NEMA competent authority.   |
|      |         |  | To allow interested and affected parties access to the<br>pre-approved EMPr template for consideration through<br>the authorisation process, the applicant/proponent or the<br>applicants/proponents EAP on behalf of the<br>applicant/proponent must make the location of the<br>document known to the interested and affected parties.<br>Should an interested and affected parties not have<br>access to electronic media, the applicant or the<br>applicants EAP must make a hard copy<br>available at a public location.  |
|      | 2       | Site specific information  | Contains preliminary infrastructure layout and<br>a declaration that the applicant/holder of the<br>environmental authorisation will comply with the pre-<br>approved generic EMPr template contained in Part B:<br>Section 1, and understands that the impact management<br>outcomes and actions are binding. The preliminary<br>infrastructure layout must be finalized before<br>commencement, ensuring that all management actions<br>and activities have been either pre-approved or<br>approved in terms of Part C.<br>This section must be submitted to the competent authority<br>for approval with the final documentation for<br>environmental authorisation. The information submitted<br>for environmental authorisation will be considered to be<br>incomplete should a signed copy of Part B: section 2 not<br>be submitted. Once approved, this section forms part of<br>the EMPr for the development as approved through an<br>EA. |



| Part       | Section | Heading                                 | Content  |
|------------|---------|---|--|
| C          |         | Site specific sensitivities/ attributes | If any specific environmental sensitivities/ attributes are<br>present on the site which require site specific impact<br>management outcomes and actions not included in the<br>pre-approved generic EMPr to manage impacts, these<br>specific impact management outcomes and actions<br>must be included in this section. These specific<br>environmental attributes must be referenced spatially<br>and must include impact management outcomes and<br>actions. These specific impact management outcomes<br>and actions must be presented in the format of the pre-<br>approved generic EMPr template (Part B: section 1)<br>The information in this section must be prepared by an<br>EAP and the name and expertise of the EAP, including<br>the curriculum vitae are to be included. This section will<br>not be required should the site contain no specific<br>environmental sensitivities or attributes. If Part C is<br>applicable to the site, it <b>is required</b> to be submitted to the<br>competent authority for approval prior to<br>commencement of the activity. Once approved, Part C<br>forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.<br>This section applies only <b>to additional</b> impact<br>management outcomes and actions that are necessary<br>for the avoidance, management and mitigation of<br>impacts and risks associated with the specific<br>development and which are<br>not already included in Part B: section 1. |
| Appendix 1 |         |   | Contains the method statements to be prepared prior to<br>commencement of the activity. The method statements<br>are <b>not required</b> to be submitted to the competent<br>authority. The method statements, once signed, form part<br>of the generic EMPr for the development and are legally<br>binding.<br>Method statements may be amended.  |



#### 6. Completion of part B: section 1: the pre-approved generic EMPr template

The template is to be completed prior to commencement of the activity, by providing the following information for each environmental management action:

- For implementation
  - a 'responsible person',
  - a method for implementation,
  - a timeframe for implementation
- For monitoring
  - a responsible person
  - frequency
  - evidence of compliance.

The completed template must be signed by both the contractor and the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as Appendix 1. Each method statement must be signed and dated on each page by the contactor and the holder of the EA. This template once signed and dated is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

#### 7. Amendments of the impact management outcomes and actions of the generic EMPr

Once the activity has commenced a holder of an EA may make amendments to the environmental management controls in the following manner:

• Amendment of the environmental management outcome – in line with regulation 37 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulation, 2014



• Amendment of the environmental management activity – in line with regulation 36 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014

# 8. Documents to be submitted as part of part B: section 2 site specific information and declaration

Part B: Section 2 has three distinct sub-sections. The first and third sub-sections are in a template format. Sub-section 2 requires a map to be produced.

Sub-section one contains the project name, the applicants name and details, the site information which includes coordinates of the corridor in which the proposed electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure is proposed as well as the 21-digit Surveyor General code of each cadastral land parcel and where available the farm name.

Sub-section 2 is to be prepared by an EAP, and must contain his/her name and expertise including a curriculum vita. This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout. Once the web-based screening tool identified in regulation 16(1)(v) of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014 is available, the sensitivity map must be prepared from this system. The map is to indicate areas/features of sensitivity based on the findings of the assessment and illustrated according to four tiers, Very High, High, Medium or Low. The sensitivity map shall also identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. raptor nest, threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features in the surrounding landscape. The overhead transmission and distribution profile shall be illustrated at an appropriate resolution to enable fine scale interrogation. It is recommended that <20 km of overhead transmission and distribution length is illustrated per page in A3 landscape format. Where considered appropriate, photographs of sensitive features in the context of tower positions shall be used.

Sub-section 3 is the declaration that the applicant/proponent or holder of the EA in the case of a change of ownership must complete which confirms that the applicant/holder will comply with the 'generic EMPr' in Section 1 and understands that the management outcomes and activities are binding.

#### (i) Amendments to Part B: Section 2 – site specific information and declaration

Should the EA be transferred, Part B: Section 2 must be completed by the new applicant/proponent and submitted with the application for amendment of the EA in terms of regulations 29 or 31 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014. The information submitted for an amendment to an environmental authorization will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of Part B: Section 2 not be submitted. Once approved, Part B: Section 2 forms part of the EMPr for the site and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.



#### PART A - GENERAL INFORMATION

#### 1. DEFINITIONS

In these EMPr any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the NEMA or EIA has that meaning, and unless the context requires otherwise –

<u>Clearing</u> means the clearing and removal of vegetation, whether partially or in whole, including trees and shrubs, as specified;

<u>Contractor</u> - The Contractor has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract, are in line with the Environmental Management Programme and that Method Statements are implemented as described.

<u>Construction camp</u> is the area designated for key construction infrastructure and services, including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;

<u>Method Statement</u> means a written submission by the Contractor to the Project Manager in response to this EMPr or a request by the Project Manager and ECO. The Method Statement must set out the equipment, materials, labour and method(s) the Contractor proposes using to carry out an activity identified by the Project Manager when requesting the Method Statement. This must be done in such detail that the Project Manager and ECO is able to assess whether the Contractor's proposal is in accordance with this specification and/or will produce results in accordance with this specification;

The Method Statement shall cover applicable details with regard to:

- (i) Construction procedures;
- (ii) Plant, materials and equipment to be used;
- (iii) Transporting the equipment to and from site;
- (iv) How the plant/ material/ equipment will be moved while on site;
- (v) How and where the plant/ material/ equipment will be stored;
- (vi) The containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- (vii) Timing and location of activities;
- (viii) Compliance/ non-compliance; and
- (ix) Any other information deemed necessary by the Project Manager.

<u>Hazardous Substances</u> is a substance governed by the <u>Hazardous Substances Act, 1973 (Act No. 15</u> of 1973) as well as the Hazardous Chemical and Substances Regulations, 1995;



<u>Slope</u> means the inclination of a surface expressed as one unit of rise or fall for so many horizontal units;

<u>Solid waste</u> means all solid waste, including construction debris, hazardous waste, excess cement/ concrete, wrapping materials, timber, cans, drums, wire, nails, food and domestic waste (e.g. plastic packets and wrappers);

<u>Spoil</u> means excavated material which is unsuitable for use as material in the construction works or is material which is surplus to the requirements of the construction works;

**Topsoil** means a varying depth (up to 300 mm) of the soil profile irrespective of the fertility, appearance, structure, agricultural potential, fertility and composition of the soil;

Works means the Works to be executed in terms of the Contract

#### 2. ACRONYMS and ABBREVIATIONS

| СА      | Competent Authority                           |
|---------|---|
| cEO     | Contractors Environmental Officer             |
| dEO     | Developer Environmental Officer               |
| DPM     | Developer Project Manager                     |
| DSS     | Developer Site Supervisor                     |
| ECA     | Environmental Conservation Act No. 73 of 1989 |
| ECO     | Environmental Control Officer                 |
| EA      | Environmental Authorisation                   |
| EIA     | Environmental Impact Assessment               |
| ERAP    | Emergency Response Action Plan                |
| EMPr    | Environmental Management Programme Report     |
| EAP     | Environmental Assessment Practitioner         |
| FPA     | Fire Protection Agency                        |
| HCS     | Hazardous chemical Substance                  |
| RI&AP's | Registered Interested and affected parties    |
| MSDS    | Material Safety Data Sheet                    |

setala



#### 3. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) IMPLEMENTATION

The effective implementation of this generic EMPr is dependent on established and clear roles, responsibilities and reporting lines within an institutional framework. This section of the generic EMPr gives guidance to the various environmental roles and reporting lines.

Table 1: Guide to roles and responsibilities for implementation of a generic EMPr

| Function                             | Role and Responsibilities  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Developer's Project Manager<br>(DPM) | Role<br>The Project Developer is accountable for ensuring compliance with the generic EMPr and any conditions of<br>approval from the competent authority (CA). An independent environmental control officer (ECO) must be<br>contracted by the Project Developer to objectively monitor the implementation of the generic EMPr<br>according to relevant environmental legislation, and the conditions of environmental authorization (EA).<br>The Project Developer is further responsible for providing and giving mandate to enable the ECO to perform<br>responsibilities, and he must ensure that the ECO is integrated as part of the project team while remaining<br>independent. |
|                                      | <ul> <li>Responsibilities <ul> <li>Be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA;</li> <li>Ensure that all stipulations within the generic EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Developer and its Contractor(s);</li> <li>Monitor the implementation of the generic EMPr throughout the project by means of site inspections and meetings. Overall management of the project and generic EMPr implementation; and</li> <li>Ensure that periodic environmental performance audits are undertaken on the project implementation.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>   |
| Developer Site Supervisor (DSS)      | Role<br>The Developer Site Supervisor reports directly to the Developer Project Manager, oversees site works, liaises<br>with the contractor(s) and the ECO. The Developer Site Supervisor is responsible for the day to day   |

| Function                            | Role and Responsibilities   |
|-------------------------------------|---|
|                                     | implementation of the generic EMPr and for ensuring the compliance of all contractors with the conditions and requirements stipulated in the generic EMPr.  |
|                                     | <ul> <li><u>Responsibilities</u></li> <li>Ensure that all contractors identify a contractor's Environmental Officer (cEO);</li> <li>Must be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA. Oversees site works, liaison with Contractor, DPM and ECO;</li> <li>Must ensure that all landowners have the relevant contact details of the site staff, ECO and cEO;</li> <li>Will issue all non-compliances to contractors; and</li> <li>Ratify the Monthly Environmental Report.</li> </ul>  |
| Environmental Control Officer (ECO) | Role<br>The ECO should be employed by the developer for the duration of the project. The ECO should have<br>appropriate training and experience in the implementation of environmental management<br>specifications. The primary role of the Environmental Control Officer is to act as an independent quality<br>controller and monitoring agent regarding all environmental concerns and associated environmental<br>impacts. In this respect, the ECO is to conduct periodic site inspections, attend regular site meetings, pre-<br>empt problems and suggest mitigation and be available to advise on incidental issues that arise. The ECO<br>is also required to conduct compliance audits, verifying the monitoring reports submitted by the cEO. The<br>ECO provides feedback to the Developer Site Supervisor and Project Manager regarding all<br>environmental matters. The Contractor, cEO and dEO are answerable to the Environmental Control<br>Officer for non- compliance with the Performance Specifications as set out in the environmental<br>authorisation and generic EMPr. |
|                                     | The Environmental Control Officer provides feedback to the Developer Site Supervisor and Project Manager, who in turn reports back to the Implementing Agent and potential and Registered Interested &Affected Partie's (RI&AP's), as required. Issues of non-compliance raised by the ECO must be taken up   |

| Function | Role and Responsibilities  |
|----------|--|
|          | by the Project Manager, and resolved with the Contractor as per the conditions of his contract. Decisions regarding environmental procedures, specifications and requirements which have a cost implication (i.e. those that are deemed to be a variation, not allowed for in the Performance Specification) must be endorsed by the Project Manager.  |
|          | The ECO must also, as specified by the Environmental Authorisation, report to the relevant competent authority as and when required.   |
|          | R <u>esponsibilities</u><br>The responsibilities of the ECO will include the following:  |
|          | <ul> <li>Be aware of the findings and conclusions of all environmental authorisations related to the development;</li> <li>Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this generic EMPr;</li> <li>Be conversant with relevant environmental legislation, policies and procedures, and ensure compliance with them;</li> <li>Undertake regular and comprehensive site inspections / audits of the construction site according to the generic EMPr and applicable licenses in order to monitor compliance as required;</li> <li>Educate the construction team about the management measures contained in the generic EMPr and environmental licenses;</li> <li>Compilation and administration of an environmental monitoring plan to ensure that the environmental management measures are implemented and are effective;</li> <li>Monitoring the performance of the Contractors and ensuring compliance with the generic EMPr and associated Method Statements;</li> <li>In consultation with the Developer Site Supervisor order the removal of person(s) and/or equipment which are in contravention of the specifications of the generic EMPr and other lead stakeholders on all environmental concerns;</li> </ul> |

| Function                                 | Role and Responsibilities  |
|--|--|
|  | <ul> <li>Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required;</li> <li>Compile a regular environmental audit report highlighting any non-compliance issues as well as satisfactory or exceptional compliance with the generic EMPr;</li> <li>Validating the regular site inspection reports, which are to be prepared by the contractor Environmental Officer (cEO);</li> <li>Checking the cEO's record of environmental incidents (spills, impacts, legal transgressions etc) as well as corrective and preventive actions taken;</li> <li>Checking the cEO's public complaints register in which all complaints are recorded, as well as action taken;</li> <li>Assisting in the resolution of conflicts;</li> <li>Facilitate training for all personnel on the site – this may range from carrying out the training, to reviewing the training programmes of the Contractor and/or sub-contractors;</li> <li>In case of non-compliances, the ECO must first communicate this to the Senior Site Supervisor, who has the power to ensure this matter is addressed. Should no action or insufficient action be taken, the ECO may report this matter to the authorities as non-compliance;</li> <li>Maintenance, update and review of the generic EMPr;</li> <li>Communication of all modifications to the generic EMPr to the relevant stakeholders.</li> </ul> |
| developer Environmental Officer<br>(dEO) | Role<br>The dEOs will report to the Project Manager and are responsible for implementation of the generic EMPr,<br>environmental monitoring and reporting, providing environmental input to the Project Manager and<br>Contractor's Manager, liaising with contractors and the landowners as well as a range of environmental<br>coordination responsibilities.  |
|  | <ul> <li>Responsibilities <ul> <li>Be fully conversant with the generic EMPr;</li> <li>Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this generic EMPr, and implement these measures;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>   |

| Function   | Role and Responsibilities   |
|------------|---|
|            | <ul> <li>Ensure that all stipulations within the generic EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Employees, Contractor(s) and its sub-contractor(s);</li> <li>Confine the development site to the demarcated area;</li> <li>Conduct environmental internal audits with regards to generic EMPr and authorisation compliance (on cEO);</li> <li>Assist the contractors in addressing environmental challenges on site;</li> <li>Assist in incident management:</li> <li>Reporting environmental incidents to developer and ensuring that corrective action is taken, and lessons learnt shared;</li> <li>Assist the contractor in investigating environmental incidents and compile investigation reports;</li> <li>Follow-up on pre-warnings, defects, non-conformance reports;</li> <li>Measure and communicate environmental performance to the Contractor;</li> <li>Conduct environmental awareness training on site together with ECO and cEO;</li> <li>Ensure that the necessary legal permits and / or licenses are in place and up to date;</li> <li>Acting as Developer's Environmental Representative on site and work together with the ECO and contractor;</li> <li>Audit carried out by an independent auditor/consultant.</li> </ul> |
| Contractor | Role         The Contractor appoints the cEO and has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract are in line with the generic EMPr and that Method Statements are implemented as described. External contractors must ensure compliance with this draft EMPr while performing the onsite activities as per their contract with the Project Developer. The contractors are required, where specified, to provide Method Statements setting out in detail how the management actions contained in the generic EMPr will be implemented during the development of overhead transmission and distribution electricity infrastructure activities.         Responsibilities       - project delivery and quality control for the construction services as per appointment;         - employ a suitably qualified person to monitor and report to the Project Developer's appointed person on the daily activities on-site during the construction period;   |

| Function                                  | Role and Responsibilities   |
|---|---|
|   | <ul> <li>ensure that safe, environmentally acceptable working methods and practices are implemented and that equipment is properly operated and maintained, to facilitate proper access and enable any operation to be carried out safely;</li> <li>attend on site meeting(s) prior to the commencement of construction activities to confirm the construction proceedure and designated activity appear.</li> </ul>  |
|   | construction procedure and designated activity zones;<br>- ensure that contractors' staff (or sub-contractors) repair, at their own cost, any environmental<br>damage as a result of a contravention of the specifications contained in the Environmental<br>Management Programme, to the satisfaction of the ECO.  |
| contractor Environmental Officer<br>(cEO) | R <u>ole</u>  |
|   | Each Contractor affected by the EMPr should appoint a contractor Environmental Officer, who is responsible for the on-site implementation of the generic EMPr (or relevant sections of the generic EMPr). The Contractor's representative can be the site agent; site engineer; a dedicated environmental officer; or an independent consultant. The Contractor must ensure that the Contractor's Representative is suitably qualified to perform the necessary tasks and is appointed at a level such that she/he can interact effectively with other site Contractors, labourers, the Environmental Control Officer and the public. As a minimum the cEO shall meet the following criteria: |
|   | The cEO ensures that all Sub-contractors working under the Contractor abide by the requirements of the generic EMPr. The Contractor is answerable to the Project Manager for all environmental issues associated with the project. Contractor performance will, amongst others, be assessed on health, safety and environmental management criteria Their primary role is to coordinate the environmental management activities of the Contractor on site.  |
|   | R <u>esponsibilities</u> - Be on site throughout the duration of the project and be dedicated to the project; - Ensure all their staff are aware of the environmental requirements, conditions and constraints with respect to all of their activities on site;   |

| Function | Role and Responsibilities  |
|----------|--|
|          | <ul> <li>Implementing the environmental conditions, guidelines and requirements as stipulated within the EA,<br/>generic EMPr and Method Statements;</li> </ul>          |
|          | - Attend the Environmental Site Meeting;   |
|          | <ul> <li>Undertaking corrective actions where non-compliances are registered within the stipulated<br/>timeframes;</li> </ul>  |
|          | - Report back formally on the completion of corrective actions;  |
|          | - Assist the ECO in maintaining all the site documentation;  |
|          | - Prepare the site inspection reports and corrective action reports for submission to the ECO;   |
|          | - Assist the ECO with the preparing of the monthly report; and   |
|          | <ul> <li>Where more than one Contractor is undertaking work on site, each company appointed as a<br/>Contractor will appoint a cEO representing that company.</li> </ul> |

#### 4. ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE

To ensure accountable and demonstrated implementation of the generic EMPr, a number of reporting systems, documentation controls and compliance mechanisms must be in place for all overhead transmission and distribution electricity infrastructure projects as a minimum requirement.

#### 4.1 Document control/Filing system

The holder of the EA is solely responsible for the upkeep and management of the generic EMPr file. At a minimum, all documentation detailed below will be stored in the g e n e r i c EMPr file. A hard copy of all documentation shall be filed, while an electronic copy may be kept where relevant. A duplicate file will be maintained in the office of the Developer's Site Supervisor (where applicable). This duplicate file will be the responsibility of the ECOs and must remain current and up-to-date. The filing system must be updated and relevant documents added as required. The generic EMPr file must be made available at all times on request by the Competent Authority (in terms of NEMA EIA regulation) or other relevant authorities. The generic EMPr file will form part of any environmental audits undertaken as prescribed in the Regulations.

4.2 Documentation to be available

At the outset of the project the following documents shall be placed in the filing system and be accessible at all times:

- Full copy of the signed environmental authorisation from the competent authority in terms of NEMA, granting approval for the development;
- Copy of the generic and site specific EMPr as well as any amendments thereof;
- Copy of declaration of implementing generic EMPr and subsequent approval of site specific EMPr and amendments thereof;
- All method statements;
- Completed environmental checklists;
- Minutes and attendance register of environmental site meetings;
- An up-to-date environmental incident log;
- A copy of all instructions or directives issued;
- A copy of all corrective actions signed off. The corrective actions must be filed in such a way that a clear reference is made to the non-compliance record;
- Complaints register.

#### 4.3 Weekly Environmental Checklist

The ECOs are required to complete a Weekly Environmental Checklist, the format of which is to be agreed prior to commencement of the activity. The ECOs are required to sign and date the checklist, retain a copy in the generic EMPr file and submit a copy of the completed checklist to the Developer's Site Supervisor on a weekly basis.

The checklists will form the basis for the Monthly Environmental Reports. Copies of all completed checklists will be attached as Annexures to the Environmental Audit Report as

required in terms of the Regulation. The ECOs will report on the week's "highs and lows" to the Senior Site Representative on a weekly basis.

4.4 Environmental site meetings

Minutes of the environmental site meetings shall be kept. The minutes must include an attendance register and will be attached to the Monthly Report that is distributed to attendees. Each set of minutes must clearly record "Matters for Attention" that will be reviewed at the next meeting.

#### 4.5 Required Method Statements

The method statement will be done in such detail that the ECOs are enabled to assess whether the contractor's proposal is in accordance with the generic EMPr.

The method statement shall cover applicable details with regard to:

- development procedures;
- materials and equipment to be used;
- getting the equipment to and from site;
- how the equipment/ material will be moved while on site;
- how and where material will be stored;
- the containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- timing and location of activities;
- compliance/ non-compliance with the generic EMPr; and
- any other information deemed necessary by the ECOs.

Unless indicated otherwise by the Project Manager, the Contractor shall provide the following method statements to the Project Manager no less than 14 days prior to the programmed commencement date of the subject works or activity:

- Site establishment Camps, Lay-down or storage areas, satellite camps, infrastructure;
- Batch plants;
- Workshop or plant servicing;
- Handling, transport and storage of Hazardous Chemical Substance's;
- Vegetation management Protected, clearing, aliens, felling;
- Access management Roads, gates, crossings etc.;
- Fire plan;
- Waste management transport, storage, segregation, classification, disposal (all waste streams);
- Social interaction complaints management, compensation claims, access to properties etc.;
- Water use (source, abstraction and disposal), access and all related information, crossings and mitigation;
- Emergency preparedness Spills, training, other environmental emergencies;
- Dust and noise management methodologies;

- Fauna interaction and risk management only if the risk was identified wildlife interaction especially on game farms; and
- Heritage and palaeontology management.

The ECOs shall ensure that the contractors perform in accordance with these method statements. Completed and authorised method statements shall be captured in Appendix 1.

#### 4.6 Environmental Incident Log (Diary)

The ECOs are required to maintain an up-to-date and current Environmental Incident Log (environmental diary). The Environmental Incident Log is a means to record all environmental incidents and/or all non-compliance notice would not be issued. An environmental incident is defined as:

- Any deviation from the listed impact management actions (listed in this generic EMPr) that may be addressed immediately by the ECOs. (For example a contractor's staff member littering or a drip tray that has not been emptied);
- Any environmental impact resulting from an action or activity by a contractor in contravention of the environmental stipulations and guidelines listed in the generic EMPr which as a single event would have a minor impact but which if cumulative and continuous would have a significant effect (for example no toilet paper available in the ablutions for an afternoon); and
- General environmental information such as road kills or injured wildlife.

The ECOs are to record all environmental incidents in the Environmental Incident Log. All incidents regardless of severity must be reported to the Developer. The Log is to be kept in the generic EMPr file and at a minimum the following will be recorded for each environmental incident:

- The date and time of the incident;
- Description of the incident;
- The name of the Contractor responsible;
- The incident must be listed as significant or minor;
- If the incident is listed as significant, a non-compliance notice must be issued, and recorded in the log;
- Remedial or corrective action taken to mitigate the incident; and
- Record of repeat minor offences by the same contractor or staff member.

The Environmental Incident Log will be captured in the environmental audit report.

#### 4.7 Non-compliance

A non-compliance notice will be issued to the responsible contractor by the ECOs via the Developer's Site Supervisor or Project Manager. The non-compliance notice will be issued in writing; a copy filed in the generic EMPr file and will at a minimum include the following:

- Time and date of the non-compliance;
- Name of the contractor responsible;
- Nature and description of the non-compliance;

- Recommended / required corrective action; and
- Date by which the corrective action to be completed.
- The contractors shall act immediately when a notice of non-compliance is received and correct whatever is the cause for the issuing of the notice. Complaints received regarding activities on the development site pertaining to the environment shall be recorded in a dedicated register and the response noted with the date and action taken. The ECO should be made aware of any complaints. Any non-compliance with the agreed procedures of the EMPr is a transgression of the various statutes and laws that define the manner by which the environment is managed. Failure to redress the cause shall be reported to the relevant CA for them to deal with the transgression, as it deems fit. The contractor is deemed not to have complied with the EMPr if, inter alia, There is a deviation from the environmental conditions, management outcomes and actions activities, as approved in generic and site specific EMPr as relevant as set out in the EMPr, which deviation has, or may cause, an environmentalimpact.

#### 4.8 Corrective action records

For each non-compliance notice issued, a documented corrective action must be recorded. On receiving a non-compliance notice from the Developer's Site Supervisor, the contractor's cEO will ensure that the corrective actions required take place within the stipulated timeframe. On completion of the corrective action the cEO is to issue a Corrective Action Report in writing to the ECOs. If satisfied that the corrective action has been completed, the ECOs are to sign-off on the Corrective Action Report, and attach the report to the noncompliance notice in the EMPr file. A corrective action is considered complete once the report signed off by the ECOs.

#### 4.9 Photographic record

A digital photographic record will be kept. The photographic record will be used to show before, during and post rehabilitation evidence of the project as well used in cases of damages claims if they arise. Each image must be dated and a brief description note attached.

#### The Contractor shall:

1. Allow the ECOs access to take photographs of all areas, activities and actions.

The ECOs shall keep an electronic database of photographic records which will include:

- 1. Pictures of all areas designated as work areas, camp areas, construction sites and storage areas taken before these areas are set up;
- 2. All bunding and fencing;
- 3. Road conditions and road verges;
- 4. Condition of all farm fences;
- 5. Topsoil storage areas;
- 6. All areas to be cordoned off during construction
- 7. Waste management sites;
- 8. Ablution facilities (inside and out);

- 9. Any non-conformances deemed to be "significant";
- 10. All completed corrective actions for non-compliances;
- 11. All required signage; and
- 12. All areas before, during and post rehabilitation.
- 13. Include relevant photographs in the Final Environmental Audit Report

#### 4.10 Complaints register

The ECOs shall keep a current and up-to-date complaints register. The complaints register is to be a record of all complaints received from communities, stakeholders and individuals. The Complaints Record shall:

- 1. Record the name and contact details of the complainant;
- 2. Record the time and date of the complaint;
- 3. Contain a detailed description of the complaint;
- 4. Where relevant and appropriate, contain photographic evidence of the complaint or damage (ECOs to take relevant photographs); and
- 5. Contain a copy of the ECOs written response to each complaint received and keep a record of any further correspondence with the complainant. The ECO's written response will include a description of any corrective action to be taken and must be signed by the Contractor, ECO and affected party. Where a damage claim is issued by the complainant, the ECOs shall respond as described in (4.13) below.

#### 4.11 Claims for damages

In the event that a Claim for Damages is submitted by a community, landowner or individual, the ECOs shall:

- 1. Record the full detail of the complaint as described in (9.12) above;
- 2. The ECOs will evaluate the claim and associated damage and submit the evaluation to the Senior Site Representative for approval;
- 3. Following consideration by the Developer's Project Manager, the claim is to be resolved and settled immediately, or the reason for not accepting the claim communicated in writing to the claimant. Should the claimant not accept this, the ECO shall, in writing report the incident to the Developer's negotiator and legal department; and
- 4. A formal record of the response by the ECOs to the claimant as well as the rectification of the method of making payments not amount will be recorded in the EMPr file.
- 4.12 Interactions with affected parties

Open, transparent and good relations with affected landowners, communities and regional staff are an essential aspect to the successful management and mitigation of environmental impacts.

The ECOs shall:

- 1. Ensure that all queries, complaints and claims are dealt within an agreed timeframe;
- 2. Ensure that any or all agreements are documented, signed by all parties and a record of the agreement kept in the EMPr file;
- 3. Ensure that a complaints telephone numbers are made available to all landowners and affected parties; and
- 4. Ensure that contact with affected parties is courteous at all times;

#### 4.13 Environmental audits

Internal Environmental Audits of the construction phase and implementation of the EMPr will be undertaken by the ECO and are a legal requirement in terms of NEMA once an EA is issued and as long as the EMPr is valid. The findings and outcomes of these audits will be recorded in the EMPr file. The environmental audits and associated reports must be conducted and submitted to the competent authority at intervals as indicated in the environmental authorisation.

The ECOs shall prepare a monthly Environmental Audit Report. The Report will be tabled as the key point on the agenda of the Environmental Site Meeting. The Report is submitted for acceptance at the meeting and the final report will be circulated to the Project Manager and filed in the EMPr file. At a frequency determined by the environmental authorisation, the ECOs shall submit the monthly reports to the Competent Authority in terms of NEMA. At a minimum the Monthly report is to cover the following:

- Weekly Environmental Checklists;
- Deviations and non-compliances with the checklists;
- Non-compliances issued;
- Completed and reported corrective actions;
- Environmental Monitoring;
- General environmental findings and actions; and
- Minutes of the Bi-monthly Environmental Site Meetings.

#### 4.14 Final environmental audits

On final completion of the development Phase, the ECOs are required to prepare a final environmental audit report. The report is to be submitted to the competent authority for acceptance and approval. The environmental report must comply with Appendix 7 of the Environmental impact Assessment Regulations, 2014.

- Details of the independent person who prepared the report;
- Details of the expertise of independent person that compiled the report;
- A declaration that the independent auditor is independent in a form as may be specified by the Competent Authority;
- An indication of the scope of, and the purpose for which, the environmental audit report was prepared;
- A description of the methodology adopted in preparing the environmental audit report;
- An indication of the ability of the EMPr, and where applicable, the closure plan to-

- Sufficiently provide for the avoidance, management and mitigation of environmental impacts associated with the undertaking of the activity on an on-going basis;
- Sufficiently provide for the avoidance, management and mitigation of environmental impacts associated with the closure of the facility; and
- Ensure compliance with the provisions of environmental authorisation, EMPr, and where applicable, the closure plan;
- A description of any assumptions made, and any uncertainties or gaps in knowledge;
- A description of any consultation process that was undertaken during the course of carrying out the environmental audit report;
- A summary and copies of any comments that were received during any consultation process; and
- Any other information requested by the Competent Authority.

Submission of the final environmental audit report to the competent authority will indicate the end of the development phase.

#### PART B: SECTION 1

#### 5. IMPACT MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS

This section provides a pre-approved generic EMPr template with activities that are common to the development of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure. There are 30 activities identified for the development of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure, and for each activity a set of prescribed impact management outcomes and associated management actions have been identified. Holders of EAs are responsible to ensure the implementation of these controls for all projects as a minimum requirement for mitigating the impact of particular construction related activities.

The template provided below is to be completed by providing the information under each headings for each environmental management action:

The completed template must be signed and dated on each page by both the contractor and the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as Appendix 1. Each method statement must also be duly signed and dated on each page by the contactor and the holder of the EA. This template once signed and dated is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

#### 5.1 Environmental awareness training

Management outcome: All onsite staff are aware and understands the individual responsibilities in terms of this EMPr.

| Impact Management Actions  | Implementati          | on   | Monitoring   |                       |           |  |
|--|-----------------------|--|--|-----------------------|-----------|--|
|  | Responsible<br>person | implementation   | implementation   | Responsible<br>person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance   |
| <ul> <li>All staff must receive environmental awareness training;</li> <li>The Contractor must allow for sufficient sessions to train all personnel with no more than 20 personnel attending each course; The template is to be completed by providing the following information for each environmental management action:</li> <li>All new staff coming onto site must receive environmental awareness training;</li> <li>Refresher environmental awareness training is available as and when required;</li> <li>All staff are aware of the conditions and controls linked to the Environmental Authorisation and within the EMPr;</li> <li>The responsible operator of equipment must have the required training to make use of the spill kit in emergency situations;</li> <li>All staff are made aware of their individual roles and responsibilities in achieving compliance with the environmental authorisation and EMPr;</li> <li>The Contractor must erect and maintain information posters at key locations on site;</li> <li>Environmental awareness training should include as a minimum the following:</li> </ul> |                       | Environmental<br>Induction<br>training;<br>Toolbox talks;<br>other pertinent<br>training aids. | Initially prior to<br>construction<br>commencing<br>ECO to induct<br>Construction<br>Management<br>and cEO, and<br>thereafter<br>repeated for all<br>new employees<br>and yearly.<br>Toolbox talks to<br>be presented<br>weekly. | ECO                   | Monthly   | Signed<br>induction<br>and toolbox<br>talk, or<br>training<br>registers. |

| a) Description of significant environmental impacts,                          |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| actual or potential, related to their work activities;                        |  |  |  |
| b) Mitigation measures to be implemented when                                 |  |  |  |
| carrying out specific activities;   |  |  |  |
| c) Emergency preparedness and response  |  |  |  |
| procedures;   |  |  |  |
| d) Emergency procedures;  |  |  |  |
| e) Procedures to be followed when working near or                             |  |  |  |
| within sensitive areas;   |  |  |  |
| f) Wastewater management procedures;  |  |  |  |
| g) Water usage and conservation;  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>h) Solid waste management procedures;</li> </ul>                     |  |  |  |
| i) Sanitation procedures; and   |  |  |  |
| j) Disease prevention;  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>A record of all environmental awareness training courses</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |
| undertaken as part of the EMPr must be available;                             |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Educate workers on the dangers of open and/or unattended</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |
| fires;  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>A staff attendance register of all staff to have received</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
| environmental awareness training must be available.                           |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Course material must be available and presented in all</li> </ul>    |  |  |  |
| appropriate languages.  |  |  |  |

#### 5.2 Site Establishment development

**Management outcome:** Impacts on the environment are minimised when constructing new infrastructure and the development footprint are kept to demarcated construction area.

| Impact Management Actions  | gement Actions Implementation Monitoring |  |  |                              |                      |  |
|--|--|--|--|------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| <ul> <li>A Method Statement must be provided by the contractor prior</li> <li>to any onsite activity that includes the layout of the construction camp in the form of a plan showing the location of key infrastructure and services (where applicable), including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous materials storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;</li> <li>Location of camps must be within approved area to ensure</li> <li>that the site does not impact on sensitive areas identified in the environmental assessment or site walk through;</li> <li>Sites should be located where possible on previously disturbed areas;</li> <li>The camp must be fenced in accordance with Section 5.5:</li> <li>Fencing and gate installation; and</li> <li>The use of existing accommodation for contractor staff, where possible, is encouraged.</li> </ul> |  | Method of<br>implementation<br>Method<br>Statement<br>compilation<br>and<br>communication<br>of Method<br>Statements to<br>employees.<br>Use of EIA and<br>Specialist<br>Studies to<br>locate site<br>camps. | Timeframe for<br>implementation<br>Prior to<br>construction. | Responsible<br>person<br>ECO | Frequency<br>Monthly | Evidence of<br>compliance<br>Signed Method<br>Statements;<br>signed proof of<br>communication<br>register;<br>Liaison with<br>ECO regarding<br>site camp<br>placement. |

#### 5.3 No-Go areas

| Impact Management Actions  | Implementat           | ion  |  | Monitoring |           |   |
|--|-----------------------|--|--|------------|-----------|---|
|  | Responsible<br>person |  |  | person     | Frequency | Evidence o<br>compliance  |
| <ul> <li>Identification of No-Go areas is to be informed by the environmental assessment, site walk through and any additional areas identified during development;</li> <li>Erect, demarcate and maintain a temporary fence around the perimeter of any No-Go area;</li> <li>Fencing of No-Go areas is to be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing and gate installation; and</li> <li>Unauthorised access and development related activity inside No-Go areas is prohibited.</li> </ul> |                       | Use of EIA and<br>Specialist<br>Studies to<br>locate sensitive<br>areas and 'nogo'<br>areas. | Prior to<br>construction in<br>new areas | ECO        | Monthly   | Contractor<br>compliance<br>with<br>sensitive<br>areas and<br>'no-go'<br>areas<br>identified in<br>EIA and<br>Specialist<br>Studies |

#### 5.4 Access roads

**Management outcome:** Minimise impact to the environment through the planned and restricted movement of vehicles on site.

| Impact Management Actions   | Implementati          | on   |                              | Monitoring            |           |  |
|---|-----------------------|--|------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|--|
|   | Responsible<br>person | Method of implementation                     | Timeframe for implementation | Responsible<br>person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance   |
| <ul> <li>Access to the servitude and tower positions must be negotiated with the relevant landowner and must fall within</li> <li>the assessed and authorised area;</li> <li>An access agreement must be formalised and signed by the Development Project Manager, Contractor and landowner</li> <li>before commencing with construction activities;</li> <li>The access roads to tower positions must be signposted after access has been negotiated and before the</li> <li>commencement of construction activities;</li> <li>Any access route deviation from that in the written agreement must be closed and re-vegetated immediately,</li> <li>at the contractor's expense;</li> <li>Maximum use of both existing servitudes and existing roads must be made;</li> <li>In circumstances where private roads must be used, the condition of the said roads must be recorded in accordance</li> <li>with section 4.9: photographic record; prior to use and the condition thereof agreed by the landowner, the Development Project Manager, landowner and the contractor;</li> </ul> |                       | Implementation<br>of mitigation<br>measures. | Ongoing                      | ECO                   | Monthly   | Signed access<br>Agreements<br>and<br>maintenance<br>of<br>access roads. |

| <ul> <li>All private roads used for access to the servitude must be</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| maintained and upon completion of the works, be left in at                     |  |  |  |
| least the original condition. As far as possible, access roads                 |  |  |  |
| must follow the contours in hilly areas, as opposed to winding                 |  |  |  |
| down steep slopes;   |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Access is to be established by vehicles passing over the</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |
| same track on natural ground, multiple tracks are not                          |  |  |  |
| permitted. Access roads must only be developed where                           |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| necessary at watercourses, on steep slopes or where                            |  |  |  |
| boulders prohibit vehicular traffic (refer to Appendix A for                   |  |  |  |
| requirements when developing a new access road and                             |  |  |  |
| Section 5.9 Protection of watercourses for controls when                       |  |  |  |
| seeking access in proximity to a water course or water                         |  |  |  |
| body);   |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Upon completion of development, only roads as indicated</li> </ul>    |  |  |  |
| by the Development Project Manager must be closed.                             |  |  |  |

#### 5.5 Fencing and Gate installation

**Management outcome:** To minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and gates where required.

| Impact Management Actions | Implementati | ion            |                | Monitoring  |           |             |
|---------------------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|
|                           | Responsible  | Method of      | Timeframe for  | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
|                           | person       | implementation | implementation | person      |           | compliance  |

| d<br>E<br>A<br>Ti<br>W<br>A<br>Sir<br>M<br>C<br>T<br>O<br>W<br>R<br>C<br>A<br>A<br>G<br>Tr<br>d<br>F<br>P<br>O<br>A<br>D<br>-<br>A<br>D | se existing gates provided to gain access to all parts of the<br>lefined Working Area, where possible;<br>xisting and new gates to be recorded and documented in<br>accordance with section <b>4.9: photographic record</b> ;<br>Ill gates must be fitted with locks and be kept locked at all<br>mes during the construction phase, unless otherwise agreed<br>with the landowner;<br>to points where the line crosses a fence in which there is no<br>uitable gate within the extent of the line servitude, on the<br>astruction of the Development Project Manager, a gate<br>must be installed at the approval of the landowner;<br>care must be taken that the gates must be so erected that<br>here is a gap of no more than 100 mm between the bottom<br>of the gate and the ground;<br>Where gates are installed in jackal proof fencing, a suitable<br>einforced concrete sill must be provided beneath the gate;<br>Original tension must be maintained in the fence wires;<br>Ill gates installed in electrified fencing must be re-electrified;<br>Ill demarcation fencing and barriers must be maintained in<br>lood working order for the duration of overhead<br>ansmission and distribution electricity infrastructure<br>levelopment activities;<br>encing must be erected around the camp, batching<br>lants, hazardous storage areas, and all designated no-go<br>reas, where applicable;<br>Ill fencing must be developed of high quality material<br>earing the SABS mark;<br>ne use of razor wire as fencing must be avoided; | Contractor<br>and<br>Applicant | Implementation<br>of the<br>mitigation<br>measures | Ongoing | ECO | Monthly | Site<br>observation;<br>public<br>complaints<br>register |
|---|---|--------------------------------|--|---------|-----|---------|--|
| b<br>_ Tł<br>_ Fe<br>h  | earing the SABS mark;   |                                |  |         |     |         |  |

| <ul> <li>On completion of the project all temporary fences are to be</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| removed and where possible re-used by the contractor at                         |  |  |  |
| new projects;   |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>The contractor will ensure that all fence uprights are</li> </ul>      |  |  |  |
| appropriately removed, ensuring that no uprights are cut at                     |  |  |  |
| ground level but rather removed completely.                                     |  |  |  |

### 5.6 Water Supply Management

Management outcome: Undertake responsible water usage.

| Impact Management Actions  | Implementat   | Implementation |                |  |                      |   |
|--|---|----------------|----------------|--|----------------------|---|
| Should water abstraction be required and the necessary<br>authorisation from DWS and permission from the landowner<br>has been received, the Contractor must ensure the<br>following:<br>a. The vehicle abstracting water from a river does not enter<br>or cross it and does not operate from within the river;<br>b. No damage occurs to the river bed or banks and that | Responsible<br>person<br>Contractor<br>and<br>Applicant | Method of      | implementation | Monitoring<br>Responsible<br>person<br>ECO | Frequency<br>Monthly | Evidence of<br>compliance<br>Proof of<br>water<br>source<br>used;<br>submission<br>of above<br>proof to<br>DWS. |
| <ul> <li>b. No damage occurs to me need of banks and martine the abstraction of water does not entail stream diversion activities; and</li> <li>c. All reasonable measures to limit pollution or sedimentation of the downstream watercourse are implemented.</li> </ul>   |   |                |                |  |                      |   |

| <ul> <li>Ensure water conservation is being practiced by:</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| a. Minimising water use during cleaning of equipment;                |  |  |  |
| b. Undertaking regular audits of water systems; and                  |  |  |  |
| c. Including a discussion on water usage and conservation            |  |  |  |
| during environmental awareness training.                             |  |  |  |

#### 5.7 Storm and waste water management

\_

**Management outcome:** An effective system of storm water run-off control is implemented, where required and impacts to the environment caused by storm water and wastewater discharges during construction are avoided.

| Impact Management Actions  | Implementation |  |                | Monitoring  |           |   |
|--|----------------|--|----------------|-------------|-----------|---|
|  | Responsible    | Method of  | Timeframe for  | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of   |
|  | person         | implementation                                     | implementation | person      |           | compliance  |
| <ul> <li>Appropriate pollution control facilities necessary to prevent discharge of water containing polluting matter or visible suspended;</li> <li>Materials into watercourses or water bodies must be designed and implemented;</li> <li>Runoff from the cement/ concrete batching areas must be strictly controlled, and contaminated water must be collected, stored and either treated or disposed of off-site,</li> <li>at a location approved by the Project Manager;<br/>All spillage of oil onto concrete surfaces must be controlled</li> <li>by the use of an approved absorbent material and the used absorbent material disposed of at an appropriate waste disposal facility;<br/>Natural storm water runoff not contaminated by</li> <li>development operations and clean water can be discharged directly to watercourses and water bodies, subject to the Project Manager's approval and support by</li> </ul> |                | Employ<br>methods to<br>prevent water<br>pollution | Construction   | ECO         | Weekly    | Inspection of<br>areas where<br>construction<br>takes place<br>near<br>watercourses |

| the ECO;  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| <ul> <li>Water that has been contaminated with suspended solids,</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
| such as soils and silt, may be released into watercourses or                |  |  |  |
| water bodies only once all suspended solids have been                       |  |  |  |
| removed from the water by settling out these solids in                      |  |  |  |
| settlement ponds. The release of settled water back into the                |  |  |  |
| environment must be subject to the Project Manager's                        |  |  |  |
| approval and support by the ECO.  |  |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |

## 5.8 Solid waste management

—

Management outcome: Wastes are appropriately stored, handled and safely disposed of at a licensed waste facility.

| Impact Management Actions   | Implementati          | on   | Monitoring   |                       |           |  |
|---|-----------------------|--|--------------|-----------------------|-----------|--|
|   | Responsible<br>person | Method of implementation   |              | Responsible<br>person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance   |
| All measures regarding waste management must be<br>undertaken using an integrated waste management<br>approach;<br>Sufficient, covered waste collection bins (scavenger and<br>weatherproof) must be provided;<br>A suitably positioned and clearly demarcated waste<br>collection site must be identified and provided;<br>The waste collection site must be maintained in a clean and<br>orderly fashion; | Contractor            | Following good<br>waste<br>management<br>practices<br>outlined in<br>approved<br>method<br>Statement | Construction | ECO                   | Weekly    | Waste Safe<br>disposal<br>slips;<br>Service<br>Level<br>Agreements |

| <ul> <li>Waste must be segregated into separate bins and clearly</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| marked for each waste type;   |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Staff must be trained in waste segregation;</li> </ul>             |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Bins must be emptied regularly;</li> </ul>                         |  |  |  |
| - General waste produced onsite must be disposed of at                      |  |  |  |
| _ recognised and licenced waste disposal sites/ recycling                   |  |  |  |
| company;  |  |  |  |
| _ Hazardous waste must be disposed of at a registered waste                 |  |  |  |
| disposal site;  |  |  |  |
| Certificates of safe disposal for general, hazardous and                    |  |  |  |
| recycled waste must be maintained.  |  |  |  |

### 5.9 Protection of watercourses

Management outcome: Pollution and contamination of the watercourse environment as well as potential erosion are prevented.

| Impact Management Actions   | Implementati | on   | Monitoring     |             |           |                                   |
|---|--------------|--|----------------|-------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|
|   | Responsible  | Method of  | Timeframe for  | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of                       |
|   | person       | implementation   | implementation | person      |           | compliance                        |
| All watercourses and water bodies must be protected from<br>direct or indirect spills of pollutants such as solid waste,<br>sewage, cement, oils, fuels, chemicals, aggregate tailings,<br>wash and contaminated water or organic<br>material resulting from the Contractor's activities; |              | Method<br>statements;<br>Stormwater<br>Management<br>Plan; | Construction   | ECO         | Weekly    | Method<br>Statement<br>compliance |

| _ In the event of a spill, prompt action must be taken to clear             |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| the polluted or affected areas;   |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Where possible, no development equipment must traverse</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |
| any seasonal or permanent wetland;  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Development of permanent watercourse crossing must only</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
| be undertaken where no alternative access to tower                          |  |  |  |
| position is available;  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>When working in or near any watercourse or wetland, the</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
| following environmental controls and consideration must be                  |  |  |  |
| taken:  |  |  |  |
| a) River levels during the period of construction;                          |  |  |  |
| b) Development within flowing water is to be minimised. All                 |  |  |  |
| diversions must be in place, water diverted away from the                   |  |  |  |
| Working Area and the area properly stabilised prior to                      |  |  |  |
| excavations commencing;   |  |  |  |
| c) When working in flowing water, downstream                                |  |  |  |
| sedimentation must be controlled by installing and                          |  |  |  |
| maintaining the necessary temporary sedimentation barriers,                 |  |  |  |
| e.g. geotextile silt curtains or sedimentation weirs developed              |  |  |  |
| out of suitably secured straw bales. Sedimentation barriers                 |  |  |  |
| must be a maximum of 25 m downstream of the construction                    |  |  |  |
| activities;   |  |  |  |
| d) During the execution of the Works, appropriate                           |  |  |  |
| measures to prevent pollution and contamination of the                      |  |  |  |
| riverine environment must be implemented e.g. including                     |  |  |  |
| ensuring that construction equipment is well maintained;                    |  |  |  |
| e) Where earthwork is being undertaken in close proximity                   |  |  |  |
| to any watercourse, slopes must be stabilised using suitable                |  |  |  |
| materials, i.e. sandbags or geotextile fabric, to prevent sand              |  |  |  |
| and rock from entering the channel; and                                     |  |  |  |
| f) Appropriate rehabilitation and re-vegetation measures                    |  |  |  |

| for the river banks must be implemented timeously. In this |  |
|--|--|
| regard, the banks should be appropriately and              |  |
| incrementally stabilised as soon as development allows.    |  |

# 5.10 Vegetation clearing

Management outcome: Vegetation clearing is restricted to the authorised development footprint of the proposed infrastructure.

| Impact Management Actions   | Implementat                 | ion                            | Monitoring   |                       |  |  |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------|--|--|
|   | Responsible<br>person       |                                | Timeframe for implementation                                 | Responsible<br>person | Frequency  | Evidence of compliance   |
| <ul> <li>General:</li> <li>Indigenous vegetation which does not interfere with the safe development and operation of the power line must be left undisturbed;</li> <li>Protected or endangered species may occur on or near the development site. Special care should be taken not to damage such species;</li> <li>Search, rescue and replanting of all protected and endangered species likely to be damaged during project development must be identified by the Botanical Specialist</li> <li>and completed prior to any development or clearing; Permits for removal must be obtained from the relevant</li> </ul> | Contractor<br>and Applicant | Specialist<br>recommendations; | Pre-<br>Construction<br>and<br>Construction<br>and Operation | ECO                   | Pre-<br>Construction<br>and weekly<br>during<br>construction | Compliance<br>to method<br>statements<br>and Search<br>and Rescue<br>Plan; Alien<br>vegetation<br>removal<br>Plan.<br>approved<br>plans and<br>strategies<br>used by<br>Eskom) |

\_

\_

|  |  | 1 | <br> |  |
|--|--|---|------|--|
| Competent Authority prior to the cutting or clearing the                       |  |   |      |  |
| affected species, and they must be filed;                                      |  |   |      |  |
| – The Final Environmental Report must confirm that all                         |  |   |      |  |
| identified species have been rescued and replanted;                            |  |   |      |  |
| - Trees felled due to construction must be monitored and                       |  |   |      |  |
| listed in the Audit Environmental Report;                                      |  |   |      |  |
| – Rivers, watercourses and other water bodies must be kept                     |  |   |      |  |
| clear of felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris. Integrity               |  |   |      |  |
| of the riverbanks must be maintained by only trimming parts                    |  |   |      |  |
| of trees directly affecting the safe operation of the overhead                 |  |   |      |  |
| transmission and distribution infrastructure;                                  |  |   |      |  |
| – Only a registered pest control operator may apply                            |  |   |      |  |
| herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial                                |  |   |      |  |
| application must be carried out under the supervision of a                     |  |   |      |  |
| registered pest control operator, supervision of a registered                  |  |   |      |  |
| pest control operator or is appropriately trained;                             |  |   |      |  |
| - A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of                     |  |   |      |  |
| herbicide usage as stipulated in Act 36 of 1947;                               |  |   |      |  |
| - Trees, shrubs, grass, natural features and topsoil which are                 |  |   |      |  |
| not removed during vegetation clearance shall be                               |  |   |      |  |
| protected from damage during operation of the overhead                         |  |   |      |  |
| transmission and distribution infrastructure. Disturbance of the               |  |   |      |  |
| surface of the earth shall be allowed for access purposes                      |  |   |      |  |
| only;  |  |   |      |  |
| <ul> <li>All protected species and sensitive vegetation not removed</li> </ul> |  |   |      |  |
| must be clearly marked and such areas fenced off if                            |  |   |      |  |
| required in accordance with No-Go procedure in Section                         |  |   |      |  |
| 8.3: No-Go areas. When working in or near any watercourse                      |  |   |      |  |
| or wetland, the following environmental controls and                           |  |   |      |  |
| consideration shall be taken.  |  |   |      |  |
|  |  |   |      |  |

### Servitude:

- Vegetation that does not grow high enough to cause interference with overhead overhead transmission and distribution infrastructures, or cause a fire hazard to any plantation, should not be cut or trimmed unless it is growing in the road access area, and then only at the discretion of the Project Manager;
- Where clearing for access purposes is essential, the maximum width to be cleared within the servitude must be in accordance to the specifications
- Alien invasive vegetation should be removed according to a plan (in line with relevant municipal and provincial procedures, guidelines and recommendations) and disposed of at a licenced waste disposal facility;
- Vegetation should be trimmed where it is likely to intrude on the minimum vegetation clearance distance (MVCD) or will intrude on this distance before the next scheduled clearance. MVCD is determined from SANS 10280;
- Trees growing to a height in excess of the horizontal distance of that tree from the nearest conductor which are identified as being a risk to safe operation of the overhead transmission and distribution infrastructure must be treated and prevented from growing in a manner as to endanger the line should they fall;
- Debris resulting from clearing and pruning must be disposed of at a licenced waste disposal facility, unless the landowners wish to retain the cut vegetation;
- Deep valleys and environmentally sensitive areas that restrict vehicle access, or legally protected areas, must not be cleared of vegetation provided that the vegetation poses no threat to the safe operation and reliability of the

| overhead transmission and distribution infrastructure. In the  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| case of the development of new overhead transmission and       |  |  |  |
| distribution infrastructures, a one metre "trace-line" must be |  |  |  |
| cut through the vegetation for stringing purposes only and     |  |  |  |
| no vehicle access must be cleared along the "trace-line".      |  |  |  |
| Alternative methods of stringing which limit impact to the     |  |  |  |
| environment must always be considered.                         |  |  |  |

# 5.11 Protection of fauna

| Impact Management Actions  | Implementat           | ion   | Monitoring   |                       |           |   |
|--|-----------------------|---|--------------|-----------------------|-----------|---|
|  | Responsible<br>person |   |              | Responsible<br>person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance  |
| <ul> <li>No interference with livestock must occur without the landowner's written consent and with the landowner or a person representing the landowner being present;</li> <li>The breeding sites of raptors and other wild birds species</li> <li>must be taken into consideration during the planning of the development programme;</li> <li>Breeding sites must be kept intact and disturbance to</li> <li>breeding birds must be avoided. Special care must be taken where nestlings or fledglings are present;</li> <li>Nesting sites on existing parallel lines must documented;</li> <li>Special recommendations of the avian specialist must be</li> </ul> |                       | Method<br>statement and<br>adherence to<br>exclusion/ no-go<br>zones. Site<br>awareness | Construction | ECO                   | Weekly    | Public<br>complaints<br>register;<br>adherence to<br>exclusion/<br>no-go<br>zones and<br>method<br>statements |

| adhered to at all times to prevent unnecessary disturbance                         |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| of birds;  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Bird guards and diverters must be installed on the new line as</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
| per the recommendations of the specialist;   |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>No poaching must be tolerated under any circumstances.</li> </ul>         |  |  |  |
| All animal dens in close proximity to the works areas must be                      |  |  |  |
| marked as No-Go areas.   |  |  |  |

# 5.12 Protection of heritage resources

**Management outcome:** impact to heritage resources is minimised.

| Impact Management Actions  | Implementat | on   |                     | Monitoring |           |   |  |
|--|-------------|--|---------------------|------------|-----------|---|--|
| Identify demonstrate and provent imposet to all known  | person      | Method of<br>implementation<br>Method        | implementation      | person     | Frequency | Evidence of<br>compliance<br>Monitoring of                      |  |
| <ul> <li>Identify, demarcate and prevent impact to all known sensitive heritage features on site in accordance with the No-Go procedure in Section 5.3: No-Go areas;</li> <li>Carry out general monitoring of excavations for potential fossils, artefacts and material of heritage importance;</li> <li>All work must cease immediately, if any human remains and/or other archaeological, palaeontological and historical material are uncovered. Such material, if exposed, must be reported to the nearest museum, archaeologist/palaeontologist (or the South African Police Services), so that a systematic and professional investigation can be undertaken. Sufficient time should be allowed to remove/collect such material before development recommences.</li> </ul> |             | Statement;<br>Heritage<br>management<br>plan | and<br>construction |            | Weekly    | adherence to<br>management<br>plan if<br>chance finds<br>found. |  |

# 5.13 Safety of the public

Management outcome: all precautions are taken where possible to minimise the risk of injury, harm or complaints.

| Impact Management Actions  | Implementat | Implementation                                  |               |     |             | Monitoring |   |  |
|--|-------------|---|---------------|-----|-------------|------------|---|--|
|  | Responsible | Method of                                       | Timeframe     | for | Responsible | Frequency  | Evidence of   |  |
|  | person      | implementation                                  | implementatio | on  | person      |            | compliance  |  |
| <ul> <li>Identify fire hazards, demarcate and restrict public access to these areas as well as notify the local authority of any potential threats e.g. large brush stockpiles, fuels etc.;</li> <li>All unattended open excavations must be adequately fenced or demarcated;</li> <li>Adequate protective measures must be implemented to prevent unauthorised access to and climbing of partly constructed towers and protective scaffolding;</li> <li>Ensure structures vulnerable to high winds are secured;</li> <li>Maintain an incidents and complaints register in which all incidents or complaints involving the public are logged.</li> </ul> |             | Landowner<br>agreements;<br>Method<br>Statement | Construction  |     | ECO         | Weekly     | Site works<br>barricaded,<br>safe<br>working site<br>maintained,<br>public<br>complaints<br>register. |  |

## 5.14 Sanitation

Management outcome: clean and well maintained toilet facilities are available to all staff in an effort to minimise the risk of disease and impact to the environment.

| Impact Management Actions  | Implementat | ion   |              | Monitoring  |           |  |  |
|--|-------------|---|--------------|-------------|-----------|--|--|
|  | Responsible |   |              | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of  |  |
|  | person      | implementation  | 1            | person      |           | compliance   |  |
| <ul> <li>Mobile chemical toilets are installed onsite if no other ablution facilities are available;</li> <li>The use of ablution facilities and or mobile toilets must be used at all times and no indiscriminate use of the veld for the purposes of ablutions must be permitted under any circumstances;</li> <li>Where mobile chemical toilets are required, the following must be ensured: <ul> <li>a) Toilets are located no closer than 100 m to any watercourse or water body;</li> <li>b) Toilets are secured to the ground to prevent them from toppling due to wind or any other cause;</li> <li>c) No spillage occurs when the toilets are cleaned or emptied and the contents are managed in accordance with the EMPr;</li> <li>d) Toilets have an external closing mechanism and are closed and secured from the outside when not in use to prevent toilet paper from being blown out;</li> <li>e) Toilets are serviced regularly and the ECO must inspect toilets to ensure compliance to health standards;</li> <li>A copy of the waste disposal certificates must be maintained.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> | Contractor  | Service level<br>agreement with<br>Service<br>provider;<br>Method<br>statement; site<br>awareness | Construction | ECO         | Weekly    | Service<br>level<br>agreement<br>with Service<br>provider,<br>proof of safe<br>disposal of<br>waste. |  |

# 5.15 Prevention of disease

Management outcome: All necessary precautions linked to the spread of disease are taken.

| Impact Management Actions   | Implementat | ion  |                | Monitoring  |           |  |  |
|---|-------------|--|----------------|-------------|-----------|--|--|
|   | Responsible |  | Timeframe for  | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of  |  |
|   | person      | implementation                                 | implementation | person      |           | compliance   |  |
| <ul> <li>Undertake environmentally-friendly pest control in the camp area;</li> <li>Ensure that the workforce is sensitised to the effects of sexually transmitted diseases, especially HIV AIDS;</li> <li>The Contractor must ensure that information posters on AIDS are displayed in the Contractor Camp area;</li> <li>Information and education relating to sexually transmitted diseases to be made available to both construction workers</li> <li>and local community, where applicable;</li> <li>Free condoms will be made available to all staff on site at</li> <li>central points;</li> <li>Medical support must be made available;</li> <li>Provide access to Voluntary HIV Testing and Counselling Services.</li> </ul> |             | Method<br>statement,<br>awareness<br>training. | Construction   | ECO         | Monthly   | Method<br>statement,<br>proof of<br>awareness<br>training. |  |

## 5.16 Emergency procedures

Management outcome: emergency procedures are in place to enable a rapid and effective response to all types of environmental emergencies.

| Impact Management Actions   | Implementat           | ion   |              | Monitoring            |           |                                     |  |
|---|-----------------------|---|--------------|-----------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|--|
|   | Responsible<br>person | Method of implementation                              |              | Responsible<br>person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance              |  |
| <ul> <li>Compile an Emergency Response Action Plan (ERAP) prior to the commencement of the proposed project;</li> <li>The Emergency Plan must deal with accidents, potential spillages and fires in line with relevant legislation;</li> <li>All staff must be made aware of emergency procedures as part of environmental awareness training;</li> <li>The relevant local authority must be made aware of a fire as soon as it starts;</li> <li>In the event of emergency necessary mitigation measures to contain the spill or leak must be implemented (see Hazardous Substances section 5.17).</li> </ul> | Contractor            | Environmental<br>Emergency<br>Response<br>Action Plan | Construction | ECO                   | Monthly   | Adherence/<br>compliance<br>to ERAP |  |

# 5.17 Hazardous substances

\_

Management outcome: safe storage, handling, use and disposal of hazardous substances.

| Impact Management Actions  | Implementat | ion   |                | Monitoring  |           |   |
|--|-------------|---|----------------|-------------|-----------|---|
|  | Responsible | Method of   | Timeframe for  | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of   |
|  | person      | implementation  | implementation | person      |           | compliance  |
| <ul> <li>The use and storage of hazardous substances to be minimised and non-hazardous and non-toxic alternatives substituted where possible;</li> <li>All hazardous substances will be stored in suitable containers as defined in the Method Statement;</li> <li>Containers will be clearly marked to indicate contents, quantities and safety requirements;</li> <li>All storage areas will be bunded. The bunded area will be of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers;</li> <li>An Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance (HCS) control sheet will be drawn up and kept up to date on a continuous basis;</li> <li>All hazardous chemicals that will be used on site will have Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS);</li> <li>All employees working with HCS will be trained in the safe use of the substance and according to the safety data</li> </ul> |             | Method<br>Statement, OHS<br>requirements;<br>adequate and<br>responsible use<br>and storage of<br>Hazardous<br>Substances,<br>Hazardous<br>Substances<br>storage<br>register. | Construction   | ECO         | Weekly    | Hazardous<br>Substance<br>Storage<br>Register,<br>MSDS,<br>Method<br>Statement. |

#### sheet;

- Employees handling hazardous substances / materials must be aware of the potential impacts and follow appropriate safety measures. Appropriate personal protective equipment must be made available;
- The Contractor must ensure that diesel and other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid is stored in appropriate storage tanks or in bowsers;
- The tanks/ bowsers must be situated on a smooth impermeable surface (concrete) with a permanent bund. The impermeable lining must extend to the crest of the bund and the volume inside the bund must be 130% of the total capacity of all the storage tanks/ bowsers (110% statutory requirement plus an allowance for rainfall);
- The floor of the bund must be sloped, draining to an oil separator;
- Provision must be made for refueling at the storage area by protecting the soil with an impermeable groundcover.
   Where dispensing equipment is used, a drip tray must be used to ensure small spills are contained;
- All empty externally dirty drums must be stored on a drip tray or within a bunded area;
- No unauthorised access into the hazardous substances storage areas shall be permitted;
- No smoking must be allowed within the vicinity of the hazardous storage areas;
- Adequate fire-fighting equipment must be made available at all hazardous storage areas;
- Where refueling away from the dedicated refueling station is required, a mobile refueling unit must be used. Appropriate ground protection such as drip trays must be used;

| - An appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the                      |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| scale of the activity/s involving the use of hazardous                              |  |  |  |
| substance must be available at all times;   |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>The responsible operator must have the required training to</li> </ul>     |  |  |  |
| make use of the spill kit in emergency situations;                                  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>In the event of a spill, contaminated soil must be collected in</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
| containers and stored in a central location and disposed of                         |  |  |  |
| according to the National Environmental Management:                                 |  |  |  |
| Waste Act 59 of 2008. Refer to Section 5.7 for procedures                           |  |  |  |
| concerning waste water management and 5.8 for solid                                 |  |  |  |
| waste management.   |  |  |  |

# 5.18 Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage

| mpact Management Actions   | Implementati          | ion  |                                 | Monitoring            |           |  |
|--|-----------------------|--|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|--|
|  | Responsible<br>person |  | Timeframe for<br>implementation | Responsible<br>person | Frequency | Evidence o<br>compliance   |
| <ul> <li>Where possible and practical all maintenance of vehicles and equipment must take place in the workshop area;</li> <li>During servicing of vehicles or equipment, especially where emergency repairs are effected outside the workshop area,</li> <li>a suitable drip tray must be used to prevent spills onto the soil. The relevant local authority must be made aware of a</li> </ul> | Contractor            | Method<br>Statement, OHS<br>requirements;<br>Hazardous<br>Substances<br>storage<br>register, vehicle<br>daily checklist,<br>vehicle service<br>register. | Construction                    | ECO                   | Weekly    | Method<br>Statement,<br>Hazardous<br>Substances<br>storage<br>register,<br>vehicle<br>daily<br>checklist,<br>vehicle<br>service<br>register. |

| fire as soon as it starts;  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| <ul> <li>Leaking equipment must be repaired immediately or be</li> </ul>            |  |  |  |
| removed from site to facilitate repair;   |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Workshop areas must be monitored for oil and fuel spills;</li> </ul>       |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the scale</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
| of the activity taking place must be available;                                     |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>The workshop area must have a bunded concrete slab that</li> </ul>         |  |  |  |
| is sloped to facilitate runoff into a collection sump or suitable                   |  |  |  |
| oil / water separator where maintenance work on vehicles                            |  |  |  |
| and equipment can be performed;   |  |  |  |
| - Water drainage from the workshop must be contained and                            |  |  |  |
| managed in accordance Section 5.7: Waste water                                      |  |  |  |
| management.   |  |  |  |

## 5.19 Batching plants

\_

Management outcome: To control concrete and cement batching activities in order to minimise spillages and contamination of soil, surface water and groundwater

| Impact Management Actions  | Implementati | on               | Monitoring     |             |           |  |
|--|--------------|------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|--|
|  | Responsible  | Method of        | Timeframe for  | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of  |
|  | person       | implementation   | implementation | person      |           | compliance   |
| Concrete mixing must be carried out on an impermeable<br>surface (such as on boards and/or within a bunded area<br>with an impermeable surface) or make a hard surface and |              | Method statement | Construction   | ECO         |           | Compliance<br>to mitigation<br>and method<br>statement |

| FF  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| remove when done;   |  |  |  |
| - Concrete mixing areas must be fitted with a containment                       |  |  |  |
| facility for the collection of cement laden water. This facility                |  |  |  |
| must be impervious to prevent soil and groundwater                              |  |  |  |
| contamination;  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Bagged cement must be stored in an appropriate facility</li> </ul>     |  |  |  |
| and at least 10 m away from any water courses, gullies and                      |  |  |  |
| drains;   |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>A washout facility must be provided for washing of concrete</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
| - associated equipment. Water used for washing must be                          |  |  |  |
| restricted;   |  |  |  |
| – Hardened concrete from the washout facility or concrete                       |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>mixer can either be reused or disposed of at an appropriate</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
| licenced disposal facility;   |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Empty cement bags must be secured with adequate</li> </ul>             |  |  |  |
| binding material if these will be temporarily stored on site;                   |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Sand and aggregates containing cement must be kept</li> </ul>          |  |  |  |
| damp to prevent the generation of dust (Refer to <b>Section</b>                 |  |  |  |
| 5.20: Dust emissions)   |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Any excess sand, stone and cement must be removed or</li> </ul>        |  |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |
| reused from site on completion of construction period and                       |  |  |  |
| _ disposed at a registered disposal facility;                                   |  |  |  |
| Temporary fencing must be erected around batching plants                        |  |  |  |
| in accordance with Section <b>5.5: Fencing and gate</b>                         |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>installation.</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |

## 5.20 Dust emissions

**Management outcome:** dust prevention measures are applied to minimise the generation of dust.

| Impact Management Actions   | Implementati | on   | Monitoring     |             |           |   |
|---|--------------|--|----------------|-------------|-----------|---|
|   | Responsible  | Method of  | Timeframe for  | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of   |
|   | person       | implementation   | implementation | person      |           | compliance  |
| Take all reasonable measures to minimise the generation of<br>dust as a result of project development activities to the<br>satisfaction of the ECO;<br>Removal of vegetation must be avoided until such time as<br>soil stripping is required and similarly exposed surfaces must<br>be re- vegetated or stabilised as soon as is practically<br>possible;<br>Excavation, handling and transport of erodible materials<br>must be avoided under high wind conditions or when a<br>visible dust plume is present;<br>During high wind conditions, the ECO will evaluate the<br>situation and make recommendations as to whether dust-<br>damping measures are adequate, or whether working will<br>cease altogether until the wind speed drops to an<br>acceptable level;<br>Where possible, soil stockpiles must be located in sheltered<br>areas where they are not exposed to the erosive effects of<br>the wind;<br>Where erosion of stockpiles becomes a problem, erosion<br>control measures must be implemented at the discretion of<br>the ECO;<br>Vehicle speeds must not exceed 40km/h along dust roads or |              | Method<br>Statement,<br>Vehicle Speed<br>limit, dust<br>suppression. | Construction   | ECO         | Monthly   | Site<br>observations,<br>dust<br>suppression<br>register. |

| 20km/h when traversing unconsolidated and non-vegetated                  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| areas;   |  |  |  |
| – Appropriate dust suppression measures must be used                     |  |  |  |
| when dust generation is unavoidable, e.g. dampening                      |  |  |  |
| with water; particularly during prolonged periods of dry                 |  |  |  |
| weather in summer. Such measures must also include the use               |  |  |  |
| of temporary stabilising measures (e.g. chemical soil binders,           |  |  |  |
| straw, brush packs, chipping);   |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Straw stabilisation must be applied at a rate of one</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
| bale/10m <sup>2</sup> and harrowed into the top 100 mm of top            |  |  |  |
| material, for all completed earthworks;                                  |  |  |  |
| – For significant areas of excavation or exposed ground, spray           |  |  |  |
| water or wet areas using trucks to minimise the spread of                |  |  |  |
| dust.  |  |  |  |

## 5.21 Blasting

Management outcome: impact to the environment is minimised through a safe and healthy blasting practice.

| Impact Management Actions  | Implementat | ion  | Monitoring     |             |           |   |
|--|-------------|--|----------------|-------------|-----------|---|
|  | Responsible | Method of                                  | Timeframe for  | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of   |
|  | person      | implementation                             | implementation | person      |           | compliance  |
| Any blasting to be done after informing local public;<br>Any blasting activity must be conducted by a suitably<br>licensed blasting contractor;<br>– | Contractor  | Relevant<br>legislation and<br>regulation. | Construction   | ECO         | Monthly   | Public<br>complaints<br>register;<br>proof of<br>registration<br>of blasting<br>contractor. |

| _  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Notification of surrounding landowners, emergency services |  |  |  |
| site personnel of blasting activity 24 hours prior to such |  |  |  |
| activity taking place on Site.                             |  |  |  |

## 5.22 Noise

| Impact Management Actions   | Implementation |   |                | Monitoring  |           |                                  |
|---|----------------|---|----------------|-------------|-----------|----------------------------------|
|   | Responsible    | Method of   | Timeframe for  | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of                      |
| -   | person         | implementation  | implementation | person      |           | compliance                       |
| <ul> <li>Operating hours as determined by the environmental authorisation are adhered to during the development phase. Where not defined, development must be limited to daylight hours.</li> </ul> |                | Restriction of<br>site hours to<br>working hours<br>Monday to<br>Friday | Construction   | ECO         | - ,       | Public<br>Complaints<br>Register |

## 5.23 Fire prevention

| Management outcome: Prevention of uncontrollable fires. |                |                |                |             |           |             |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| Impact Management Actions                               | Implementation |                |                | Monitoring  |           |             |
|   | Responsible    | Method of      | Timeframe for  | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |
|   | person         | implementation | implementation | person      |           | compliance  |

| <ul> <li>Designate smoking areas where the fire hazard could be regarded as insignificant;</li> <li>Firefighting equipment must be available on all vehicles located on site;</li> <li>The local Fire Protection Agency (FPA) must be informed of construction activities;</li> <li>Contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services must be communicated in environmental awareness training and displayed at a central location on site;</li> <li>Two way swop of contact details between ECO and FPA.</li> </ul> |  | Emergency<br>Response<br>Action Plan;<br>Method<br>Statement | Construction | ECO | , | Public<br>complaints<br>register;<br>compliance<br>to ERAP |
|---|--|--|--------------|-----|---|--|
|---|--|--|--------------|-----|---|--|

# 5.24 Stockpiling and stockpile areas

| Management outcome: To reduce erosion and sedimentation as a | result of stockpiling |            |
|--|-----------------------|------------|
| Impact Management Actions                                    | Implementation        | Monitoring |

|   | Responsible | Method of        | Timeframe for  | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of                                     |
|---|-------------|------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|---|
|   | person      | implementation   | implementation | person      |           | compliance                                      |
| <ul> <li>All material that is excavated during the project development phase (either during piling (if required) or earthworks) must be stored appropriately on site in order to minimise impacts to watercourses, wetlands and water bodies;</li> <li>All stockpiled material must be maintained and kept clear of weeds and alien vegetation growth by undertaking regular weeding and control methods;</li> <li>Stockpiles must not exceed 2 m in height;</li> <li>During periods of strong winds and heavy rain, the stockpiles should be covered with appropriate material (e.g. cloth, tarpaulin etc.);</li> <li>Where possible, sandbags (or similar) should be placed at the bases of the stockpiled material in order to prevent erosion of the material.</li> </ul> |             | Method statement | Construction   | ECO         | Monthly   | Method<br>Statement<br>and site<br>observations |

# 5.25 Finalising tower positions

| Management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of the survey and pegging operations. |              |                |                |             |           |             |  |  |  |
|---|--------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Impact Management Actions   | Implementati | on             |                | Monitoring  |           |             |  |  |  |
|   | Responsible  | Method of      | Timeframe for  | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of |  |  |  |
|   | person       | implementation | implementation | person      |           | compliance  |  |  |  |

| <ul> <li>No vegetation clearing must occur during survey and pegging operations;</li> <li>No new access roads must be developed to facilitate access for survey and pegging purposes;</li> <li>Project manager, botanical specialist and contractor to agree on final tower positions based on survey within assessed and approved areas;</li> <li>The surveyor is to demarcate (peg) access roads/tracks in consultation with ECO. No deviations will be allowed without</li> </ul> | Findings of the<br>EIA Specialist<br>Studies | Pre-<br>Construction | ECO | Once off | Final<br>pegging of<br>tower<br>positions. |
|--|--|----------------------|-----|----------|--|
| assessed and approved areas;   |  |                      |     |          |  |

## 5.26 Installation of foundations

| Management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of the survey and pegging operations. |             |                         |                |             |           |                         |  |  |  |  |
|---|-------------|-------------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Impact Management Actions Implementation Monitoring   |             |                         |                |             |           |                         |  |  |  |  |
|   | Responsible | Method of               | Timeframe for  | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of             |  |  |  |  |
|   | person      | implementation          | implementation | person      |           | compliance              |  |  |  |  |
| Batching of cement to be undertaken in accordance with  | Contractor  |                         | Construction   | ECO         | ,         | Adherence               |  |  |  |  |
| Section 5.19 : Batching;  |             | Statement and           |                |             |           | to method<br>statements |  |  |  |  |
| Residual cement must be disposed of in accordance with  |             | Engineering<br>Drawings |                |             |           | siciements              |  |  |  |  |
| Section 5.8: Solid Waste Management.  |             | 2.0                     |                |             |           |                         |  |  |  |  |

# 5.27 Assembly and erecting towers

\_\_\_\_

| Management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of assembly and erecting of towers.   |             |                     |              |             |           |                     |
|---|-------------|---------------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|---------------------|
| Impact Management Actions   | Implementat | ion                 |              | Monitoring  |           |                     |
|   | Responsible |                     |              | Responsible | Frequency | Evidence of         |
|   | person      | implementation      | •            | person      |           | compliance          |
| <ul> <li>Prior to erection, assembled towers and tower sections must be stored on elevated surface (suggest wooden blocks) to minimise damage to the underlying vegetation;</li> <li>In sensitive areas, tower assembly must take place off-site or away from sensitive positions;</li> <li>The crane used for tower assembly must be operated in a manner which minimises impact to the environment;</li> <li>The number of crane trips to each site must be minimised;</li> <li>Wheeled cranes must be utilised in preference to tracked cranes;</li> <li>Consideration must be given to erecting towers by helicopter or by hand where it is warranted to limit the extent of environmental impact;</li> <li>Access to tower positions to be undertaken in accordance with access requirements in specified in Section 8.4: Access Roads;</li> <li>Vegetation clearance to be undertaken in accordance with general vegetation clearance requirements specified in Section 8.10: Vegetation clearing;</li> </ul> |             | Method<br>Statement | Construction | ECO         | Weekly    | Site<br>observation |

# 5.28 Stringing

\_

| Management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of stringing   |                       |   |              |                       |           |                        |  |
|--|-----------------------|---|--------------|-----------------------|-----------|------------------------|--|
| Impact Management Actions  | Implementat           | ion   |              | Monitoring            |           |                        |  |
|  | Responsible<br>person | Method of implementation                                |              | Responsible<br>person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance |  |
| <ul> <li>Where possible, previously disturbed areas must be used for the siting of winch and tensioner stations. In all other instances, the siting of the winch and tensioner must avoid No-Go areas and other sensitive areas;</li> <li>The winch and tensioner station must be equipped with drip trays in order to contain any fuel, hydraulic fuel or oil spills and leaks;</li> <li>Refueling of the winch and tensioner stations must be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances;</li> <li>In the case of the development of overhead transmission and distribution infrastructure, a one metre "trace-line" may</li> <li>be cut through the vegetation for stringing purposes only and no vehicle access must be undertaken by hand, using</li> </ul> |                       | Method<br>Statement,<br>adherence to<br>exclusion zones | Construction | ECO                   | Weekly    | Site<br>observations   |  |

| <ul> <li>chainsaws and hand held implements, with vegetation being cut off at ground level. No tracked or wheeled mechanised equipment must be used;</li> <li>Alternative methods of stringing which limit impact to the environment must always be considered e.g. by hand or by using a helicopter;</li> <li>Where the stringing operation crosses a public or private road or railway line, the necessary scaffolding/ protection measures must be installed to facilitate access. If, for any reason, such access has to be closed for any period(s) during development, the persons affected must be given reasonable notice, in writing;</li> <li>No services (electrical distribution lines, telephone lines, roads, railways lines, pipelines fences etc.) must be damaged because of stringing operations. Where disruption to services is unavoidable, persons affected must be given reasonable notice, in writing;</li> <li>Where stringing operations cross cultivated land, damage to crops is restricted to the minimum required to conduct stringing operations, and reasonable notice (10 work days minimum), in writing, must be provided to the landowner;</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| crops is restricted to the minimum required to conduct stringing operations, and reasonable notice (10 work days   |  |  |  |

# 5.29 Temporary closure of site

\_

| Impact Management Actions   | Implementat           | ion                      |                                      | Monitoring            |                                 |                                      |
|---|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
|   | Responsible<br>person | Method of implementation | Timeframe for implementation         | Responsible<br>person | Frequency                       | Evidence of compliance               |
| <ul> <li>Bunds must be emptied (where applicable);<br/>Hazardous storage areas must be well ventilated;</li> <li>Fire extinguishers must be serviced and accessible. Service</li> <li>records to be filed and audited at last service;</li> <li>Emergency and contact details displayed must be displayed;</li> <li>Security personnel must be briefed and have the facilities to contact or be contacted by relevant management and</li> <li>emergency personnel;<br/>Night hazards such as reflectors, lighting, traffic signage etc. must have been checked;</li> <li>Fire hazards identified and the local authority must have been notified of any potential threats e.g. large brush</li> <li>stockpiles, fuels etc.;</li> <li>Structures vulnerable to high winds must be secured;</li> <li>Wind and dust mitigation must be implemented;</li> <li>Cement and materials stores must have been secured;</li> <li>Toilets must have been emptied and secured;</li> <li>Drip trays must have been emptied and secured.</li> </ul> |                       | Method<br>Statement      | Construction –<br>when<br>applicable | ECO                   | Monthly –<br>when<br>applicable | Adherence<br>to method<br>statements |

# 5.30 Landscaping and rehabilitation

Management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of the survey and pegging operations.

| Impact Management Actions   | Implementat           | on   |                                 | Monitoring            |           |  |
|---|-----------------------|--|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|--|
|   | Responsible<br>person | Method of implementation   | Timeframe for implementation    | Responsible<br>person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance   |
| <ul> <li>All areas disturbed by construction activities must be subject to landscaping and rehabilitation;</li> <li>All spoil and waste will be disposed to a registered waste site and certificates of disposal provided;</li> <li>All slopes in excess of 2% (1:50) must be contoured in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983;</li> <li>All slopes in excess of 12% (1:8.3) must be terraced in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983;</li> <li>All slopes in excess of 12% (1:8.3) must be terraced in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983;</li> <li>Berms that have been created should have a slope of 1:4 and be replanted with indigenous species and grasses;</li> <li>Where new access roads have crossed cultivated farmlands, that lands must be rehabilitated by ripping to a minimum depth of 600 mm;</li> <li>Rehabilitation of tower sites and access roads outside of farmland;</li> </ul> |                       | Method<br>Statements;<br>erosion<br>protection,<br>alien<br>eradication<br>plan. | Concurrent with<br>Construction | ECO                   | Monthly   | Adequately<br>revegetated<br>work areas;<br>no erosion<br>or invasive<br>plant<br>species. |

| <ul> <li>Indigenous species will be used for replanting;</li> </ul>               |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| <ul> <li>Stockpiled topsoil must be used for rehabilitation (refer to</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |
| Section 5.23: Stockpiling and stockpiled areas);                                  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Stockpiled topsoil will be evenly spread so as to facilitate</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |
| seeding and minimise loss of soil due to erosion;                                 |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Before placing topsoil, all visible weeds from the placement</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |
| area and from the topsoil must be removed;  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Subsoil must be ripped before topsoil is placed;</li> </ul>              |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>The project must be timed so that rehabilitation can take</li> </ul>     |  |  |  |
| place at the optimal time for vegetation establishment;                           |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Where impacted through construction related activity, all</li> </ul>     |  |  |  |
| sloped areas must be stabilised to ensure proper                                  |  |  |  |
| rehabilitation is effected and erosion is controlled as per the                   |  |  |  |
| instruction from the ECO;   |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Sloped areas stabilised using design structures or vegetation</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
| as specified in the design to prevent erosion of                                  |  |  |  |
| embankments. The contract design specifications must be                           |  |  |  |
| adhered to and implemented strictly;  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Where required, re-vegetation can be enhanced using a</li> </ul>         |  |  |  |
| vegetation seed mixture as described below. A mixture of                          |  |  |  |
| seed can be used provided the mixture is carefully selected                       |  |  |  |
| to ensure the following:  |  |  |  |
| a) Annual and perennial plants are chosen;  |  |  |  |
| b) Pioneer species are included;  |  |  |  |
| c) Species chosen must grow in the area feasible to grow;                         |  |  |  |
| d) Root systems must have a binding effect on the soil;                           |  |  |  |
| e) The final product should not cause an ecological                               |  |  |  |
| imbalance in the area   |  |  |  |

### 6 ACCESS TO THE GENERIC EMPr

Once completed and signed, to allow the public access to the generic EMPr, the holder of the EA must make the EMPr available to the public in accordance with regulation 26 (h) of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014.

# ESKOM KUDU – ELDERS 132KV POWER LINE DFFE REF: 2022-06-0014

# PART B: SECTION 2

# EMPr for Eskom Distribution Kudu – Elders 132kV power line

### 7. SITE SPECIFIC INFORMATION AND DECLARATION

### 7.1Sub-section 1: contact details and description of the project

### 7.1.1 Details of the applicant:

Name of applicant: Eskom Holdings SOC Ltd, Mpumalanga Operating Unit

Contact Person: Betty Ndlovu

Tel: +27 13 693 4469/ +27 83 596 6068

Email: NgobenBT@eskom.co.za

Eskom Park, Main Building, Land Development Department, 3rd floor, office B313, Jelicoe & Water Meyer Streets, WITBANK

### 7.1.2 Details and expertise of the EAP:

Name of EAP: Ria Pretorius, Setala Environmental

Tel No: +27 82 568 6344

Fax No: +27 86 675 4026

E-mail address: ria@setalaenvironmental.co.za

Expertise of the EAP

Experience of the Environmental Assessment Practitioner (Ria Pretorius):

- A registered professional <u>Environmental Assessment Practitioner with EAPASA</u>, with Registration number 2019/1908.
- > Eighteen years' experience in environmental applications.
- > Completed more than 50 authorised projects in this field.
- > Extensive experience in field investigations and report writing.
- > Member of the Environmental Law Association (ELA).
- Member of the International Association for Impact Assessment South Africa (IAIAsa).
- > Holder of multiple academic qualifications, the highest at NQF level 9 (masters degree).
- Attended additional courses i.e. at North West University in EIA, NEMA Regulations; The University of Pretoria, Faculty of Law in Environmental Law.

### 7.1.3 Project name:

Eskom Kudu - Elders 132kV power line and Elders Substation

### 7.1.4 Description of the project:

This project is for the construction of a  $\pm$  26km overhead line between Kudu Substation and the Elders substation as well as for the construction of Elders substation.

This application is for the supply of bulk electricity. The proposed infrastructure, the overhead powerline and the substation will remain Eskom's property.

The following to be constructed:

- Construct a ± 26km Kingbird overhead 132kV line outside an urban area from Kudu Substation (at Komati Power Station) to the proposed Elders substation. (Listing Notice 1 Activity 11)
- Construct 2 x 20MVA 132/11kV Elders Substation. (Listing Notice 1 Activity 11)
- Construct Power line structures/ stayed monopole steel poles within 32 meters of a waterbody along the 132kV feeder line and excavate more than 10 cubic metres of soil and rock from a watercourse. (Listing Notice 1 Activity 19)
- Develop access roads of wider than 4 metres to construct the power line in (bb) National Protected Area Expansion Strategy Focus areas and (ee) Critical biodiversity areas. (Listing Notice 3 Activity 4 (bb) & (ee))
- The clearance of the vegetation underneath the power line alignment is not a listed activity, being a linear activity. An area of 8m will be cleared of major trees and bushes, 4m on either side of the proposed alignment of the power line.
- The construction of a temporary laydown area of approximately 0,18ha on Elders substation site is not a listed activity.

### 7.1.5 Project location:

The project is located on Komati Power Station 56-IS Remainder; Goedehoop 46-IS R/3, Portions 8/3, 2, Re, 4; Kleinfontein 49-IS Portions 10/1, RE/4, 12/4, 8/4; in the jurisdiction of Steve Tshwete Local Municipality (Nkangala DM) and Schoonvlei 52-IS Portion 2, Middelkraal 50-IS 8/3, R/3 in Govan Mbeki Local Municipality (Gert Sibande DM), Mpumalanga Province. Refer to below:

| Kudu- | -Elders Route 1            |      |          |                      |
|-------|----------------------------|------|----------|----------------------|
| ltem  | Property                   | Ptn  | Size     | SG code              |
| 1     | Komati Power Station 56-IS | RE   | 611,8241 | T0IS0000000005600000 |
| 2     | Goedehoop 46-IS            | R/3  | 396,0727 | T0IS0000000004600003 |
| 3     | Goedehoop 46-IS            | 8/3  | 79,1883  | T0IS0000000004600008 |
| 4     | Goedehoop 46-IS            | 2    | 475,2753 | T0IS0000000004600002 |
| 5     | Goedehoop 46-IS            | RE   | 310,4787 | T0IS0000000004600000 |
| 6     | Goedehoop 46-IS            | 4    | 278,7939 | T0IS0000000004600004 |
| 7     | Kleinfontein 49-IS         | 10/1 | 211,2779 | T0IS0000000004900010 |
| 8     | Kleinfontein 49-IS         | RE/4 | 544,2618 | T0IS0000000004900004 |
| 9     | Kleinfontein 49-IS         | 12/4 | 274,0902 | T0IS0000000004900012 |
| 10    | Kleinfontein 49-IS         | 8/4  | 818,3464 | T0IS0000000004900008 |
| 11    | Schoonvlei 52-IS           | 2    | 279,1883 | T0IS0000000005200002 |
| 12    | Middelkraal 50-IS          | 8/3  | 4,4603   | T0IS0000000005000003 |
| 13    | Middelkraal 50-IS          | R/3  | 252,4993 | T0IS0000000005000003 |

The Quarter Degree Square (QDS) is 2629AB. The study area is situated within the Quaternary Drainage Area (QDA) of B11A & B11B.

### 7.1.6 Preliminary technical specification of the overhead distribution line:

### COORDINATES OF DEVELOPMENT PROPOSAL

#### 1 GPS coordinates Kudu – Elders 132kV power line

Route 1

- Length: 26,019 km.
- Starting Point at Elders substation: 26°13'57.96"S; 29°27'53.17"E.
- Middle Point: 26°10'47.32"S; 29°23'56.19"E.
- End Point at Kudu Substation site: 26° 5'37.81"S; 29°28'30.19"E.

#### Co-ordinates every 250m

Table 1: GPS Co-ordinates along Kudu-Elders 132kV Power Line - every 250m

| Preferred Route  | Longitude (E)     | Latitude (S)      |
|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| (m)              | (Decimal degrees) | (Decimal degrees) |
| Elders Subsation | 29,46431367       | -26,2307459       |
| 250              | 29,46378351       | -26,22861311      |
| 500              | 29,46325335       | -26,22648035      |
| 750              | 29,46123076       | -26,22574272      |
| 1000             | 29,45865277       | -26,22552428      |
| 1250             | 29,45607479       | -26,22530583      |
| 1500             | 29,4534968        | -26,22508739      |
| 1750             | 29,45353938       | -26,22311447      |
| 2000             | 29,45386384       | -26,22095286      |
| 2250             | 29,4541883        | -26,21879129      |
| 2500             | 29,45451277       | -26,21662976      |
| 2750             | 29,45483723       | -26,21446828      |
| 3000             | 29,45516169       | -26,21230682      |
| 3250             | 29,45399601       | -26,21112707      |
| 3500             | 29,45142239       | -26,21087482      |
| 3750             | 29,44884878       | -26,21062257      |
| 4000             | 29,44627516       | -26,21037032      |
| 4250             | 29,44370155       | -26,21011807      |
| 4500             | 29,44112794       | -26,20986582      |
| 4750             | 29,43855432       | -26,20961357      |
| 5000             | 29,43598071       | -26,20936132      |
| 5250             | 29,43340709       | -26,20910907      |
| 5500             | 29,43083348       | -26,20885683      |
| 5750             | 29,42825986       | -26,20860458      |
| 6000             | 29,42568625       | -26,20835234      |
| 6250             | 29,42311263       | -26,20810009      |
| 6500             | 29,42053902       | -26,20784785      |
| 6750             | 29,41796541       | -26,2075956       |
| 7000             | 29,41539179       | -26,20734336      |
| 7250             | 29,41281686       | -26,2071011       |
| 7500             | 29,41023998       | -26,20687366      |
| 7750             | 29,4076631        | -26,20664621      |
| 8000             | 29,40508622       | -26,20641876      |
| 8250             | 29,40251142       | -26,20617552      |
| 8500             | 29,39993793       | -26,2059224       |
| 8750             | 29,39736444       | -26,20566927      |
| 9000             | 29,39479095       | -26,20541615      |
| 9250             | 29,39221745       | -26,20516303      |
| 9500             | 29,38964396       | -26,2049099       |

| 9750  | 29,38860637 | -26,20324216 |
|-------|-------------|--------------|
| 10000 | 29,38922248 | -26,20112624 |
| 10250 | 29,38983859 | -26,19901037 |
| 10500 | 29,39045471 | -26,19689453 |
| 10750 | 29,39107082 | -26,19477873 |
| 11000 | 29,39168693 | -26,19266297 |
| 11250 | 29,39230304 | -26,19054724 |
| 11500 | 29,39291916 | -26,18843155 |
| 11750 | 29,39353527 | -26,18631591 |
| 12000 | 29,39491239 | -26,18449595 |
| 12250 | 29,39643002 | -26,18273061 |
| 12500 | 29,39794765 | -26,1809653  |
| 12750 | 29,39946528 | -26,17920001 |
| 13000 | 29,40098291 | -26,17743474 |
| 13250 | 29,40250053 | -26,17566951 |
| 13500 | 29,40401816 | -26,1739043  |
| 13750 | 29,40553579 | -26,17213911 |
| 14000 | 29,40705342 | -26,17037396 |
| 14250 | 29,40857104 | -26,16860882 |
| 14500 | 29,41008867 | -26,16684372 |
| 14750 | 29,4116063  | -26,16507864 |
| 15000 | 29,41312393 | -26,16331359 |
| 15250 | 29,41464739 | -26,16155212 |
| 15500 | 29,41617207 | -26,15979141 |
| 15750 | 29,41769674 | -26,15803073 |
| 16000 | 29,41922142 | -26,15627008 |
| 16250 | 29,4207461  | -26,15450945 |
| 16500 | 29,42227077 | -26,15274885 |
| 16750 | 29,42376988 | -26,15097322 |
| 17000 | 29,4252178  | -26,14916749 |
| 17250 | 29,42666571 | -26,14736178 |
| 17500 | 29,42810971 | -26,14555389 |
| 17750 | 29,42954776 | -26,14374269 |
| 18000 | 29,43098582 | -26,14193151 |
| 18250 | 29,43242388 | -26,14012035 |
| 18500 | 29,43386194 | -26,13830923 |
| 18750 | 29,43529999 | -26,13649813 |
| 19000 | 29,43673805 | -26,13468706 |
| 19250 | 29,43817719 | -26,13287663 |
| 19500 | 29,43962647 | -26,13107194 |
| 19750 | 29,44107574 | -26,12926728 |
| 20000 | 29,44252502 | -26,12746264 |
| 20250 | 29,44397429 | -26,12565803 |
| 20500 | 29,44533288 | -26,12380814 |
| 20750 | 29,44652785 | -26,12187654 |
| 21000 | 29,44772282 | -26,11994497 |
| 21250 | 29,44891779 | -26,11801343 |
| 21500 | 29,45011276 | -26,11608192 |
| 21750 | 29,45130773 | -26,11415044 |
| 22000 | 29,4525027  | -26,11221899 |
| 22250 | 29,45369767 | -26,11028758 |
| 22500 | 29,45489264 | -26,10835619 |
| 22750 | 29,4566916  | -26,10681056 |
| 23000 | 29,45858719 | -26,10532666 |
| 23250 | 29,45865002 | -26,10364414 |

| 23500            | 29,46056437                        | -26,10217736                 |
|------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 23750            | 29,46247872                        | -26,10071061                 |
| 24000            | 29,46439306                        | -26,09924387                 |
| 24250            | 29,46630741                        | -26,09777715                 |
| 24500            | 29,46784573                        | -26,09616131                 |
| 24750            | 29,46843                           | -26,09407195                 |
| 25000            | 29,46999289                        | -26,09320889                 |
| 25250            | 29,4723734                         | -26,09406691                 |
| 25500            | 29,4748156                         | -26,0946423                  |
| 25750            | 29,47578639                        | -26,07325584                 |
| Kudu Substation  | 29,475053                          | -26,093836                   |
| Alternate Route  |                                    | Latitude (S)                 |
| (m)              | Longitude (E)<br>(Decimal degrees) | (Decimal degrees)            |
| Elders Subsation | 29,46431367                        | -26,2307459                  |
| 250              | 29,46378351                        | -26,22861311                 |
| 500              | 29,46325335                        | -26,22648035                 |
| 750              | 29,46123076                        | -26,22574272                 |
| 1000             | 29,45865277                        | -26,22574272                 |
|                  |                                    |                              |
| 1250             | 29,45607479                        | -26,22530583                 |
| 1500<br>1750     | 29,4534968                         | -26,22508739                 |
|                  | 29,453643                          | -26,225112                   |
| 2000             | 29.453969°                         | -26,22285                    |
| 2250             | 29,454312                          | -26,220611                   |
| 2500             | 29,454652                          | -26,218366                   |
| 2750             | 29,455092                          | -26,216191                   |
| 3000             | 29,455716                          | -26,211357                   |
| 3250             | 29,45399601                        | -26,21112707                 |
| 3500             | 29,45142239                        | -26,21087482                 |
| 3750             | 29,44884878                        | -26,21062257                 |
| 4000             | 29,44627516                        | -26,21037032                 |
| 4250             | 29,44370155                        | -26,21011807                 |
| 4500<br>4750     | 29,44112794<br>29,43855432         | -26,20986582                 |
| 5000             | 29,43598071                        | -26,20961357                 |
| 5250             |                                    | -26,20936132                 |
|                  | 29,43340709                        | -26,20910907                 |
| 5500             | 29,43083348                        | -26,20885683<br>-26,20860458 |
| 5750             | 29,42825986<br>29,42568625         |                              |
| 6000             |                                    | -26,20835234                 |
| 6250             | 29,42311263                        | -26,20810009<br>-26,20784785 |
| 6500             | 29,42053902                        |                              |
| 6750             | 29,41796541                        | -26,2075956                  |
| 7000<br>7250     | 29,41539179                        | -26,20734336                 |
|                  | 29,41281686                        | -26,2071011                  |
| 7500<br>7750     | 29,41023998                        | -26,20687366                 |
|                  | 29,4076631                         | -26,20664621                 |
| 8000             | 29,40508622                        | -26,20641876                 |
| 8250             | 29,40251142                        | -26,20617552                 |
| 8500             | 29,39993793                        | -26,2059224                  |
| 8750             | 29,39736444                        | -26,20566927                 |
| 9000             | 29,39479095                        | -26,20541615                 |
| 9250             | 29,39221745                        | -26,20516303                 |
| 9500             | 29,38964396                        | -26,2049099                  |
| 9750             | 29,38860637                        | -26,20324216                 |
| 10000            | 29,38922248                        | -26,20112624                 |
| 10250            | 29,38983859                        | -26,19901037                 |

| 10500 | 29,39045471                | -26,19689453                 |
|-------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 10750 | 29,39107082                | -26,19477873                 |
| 11000 | 29,39168693                | -26,19266297                 |
| 11250 | 29,39230304                | -26,19054724                 |
| 11500 | 29,39291916                | -26,18843155                 |
| 11750 | 29,39353527                | -26,18631591                 |
| 12000 | 29,39491239                | -26,18449595                 |
| 12250 | 29,39643002                | -26,18273061                 |
| 12500 | 29,39794765                | -26,1809653                  |
| 12750 | 29,39946528                | -26,17920001                 |
| 13000 | 29,40098291                | -26,17743474                 |
| 13250 | 29,40250053                | -26,17566951                 |
| 13500 | 29,40401816                | -26,1739043                  |
| 13750 | 29,40553579                | -26,17213911                 |
| 14000 | 29,40705342                | -26,17037396                 |
| 14250 | 29,40857104                | -26,16860882                 |
| 14500 | 29,41008867                | -26,16684372                 |
| 14750 | 29,4116063                 | -26,16507864                 |
| 15000 | 29,41312393                | -26,16307864                 |
| 15250 |                            | •                            |
| 15500 | 29,41464739<br>29,41617207 | -26,16155212<br>-26,15979141 |
| 15750 | 29,41769674                | -26,15803073                 |
|       |                            | -26,15627008                 |
| 16000 | 29,41922142                |                              |
| 16250 | 29,4207461                 | -26,15450945                 |
| 16500 | 29,42227077                | -26,15274885                 |
| 16750 | 29,42376988                | -26,15097322                 |
| 17000 | 29,4252178                 | -26,14916749                 |
| 17250 | 29,426155                  | -26,151185                   |
| 17500 | 29,42810971                | -26,14555389                 |
| 17750 | 29,42954776                | -26,14374269                 |
| 18000 | 29,43098582                | -26,14193151                 |
| 18250 | 29,43242388                | -26,14012035                 |
| 18500 | 29,43386194                | -26,13830923                 |
| 18750 | 29,43529999                | -26,13649813                 |
| 19000 | 29,43673805                | -26,13468706                 |
| 19250 | 29,43817719                | -26,13287663                 |
| 19500 | 29,43962647                | -26,13107194                 |
| 19750 | 29,44107574                | -26,12926728                 |
| 20000 | 29,44252502                | -26,12746264                 |
| 20250 | 29,44397429                | -26,12565803                 |
| 20500 | 29,44533288                | -26,12380814                 |
| 20750 | 29,44652785                | -26,12187654                 |
| 21000 | 29,44772282                | -26,11994497                 |
| 21250 | 29,44891779                | -26,11801343                 |
| 21500 | 29,45011276                | -26,11608192                 |
| 21750 | 29,45130773                | -26,11415044                 |
| 22000 | 29,4525027                 | -26,11221899                 |
| 22250 | 29,45369767                | -26,11028758                 |
| 22500 | 29,45489264                | -26,10835619                 |
| 22750 | 29,4566916                 | -26,10681056                 |
| 23000 | 29,45858719                | -26,10532666                 |
| 23250 | 29,45865002                | -26,10364414                 |
| 23500 | 29,46056437                | -26,10217736                 |
| 23750 | 29,46247872                | -26,10071061                 |
| 24000 | 29,46439306                | -26,09924387                 |

| 24250           | 29,46630741 | -26,09777715 |
|-----------------|-------------|--------------|
| 24500           | 29,46784573 | -26,09616131 |
| 24750           | 29,46843    | -26,09407195 |
| 25000           | 29,467122   | -26,096394   |
| 25250           | 29,4723734  | -26,09406691 |
| 25500           | 29,4748156  | -26,0946423  |
| 25750           | 29,47578639 | -26,09325584 |
| Kudu Substation | 29,475053   | -26,093836   |

### 2 Temporary Laydown area

Table 2: GPS Co-ordinates

| LAYDOWN AREA AT ELDERS SUBSTATION |                               |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Approximate Centre of Site        | 26°13'58.39"\$; 29°27'55.75"E |

## PHYSICAL SIZE OF THE ACTIVITY

The physical size of the preferred activity/ (footprint):

Table 3: The Kudu –Elders 132kV power line

| Alternative:          | Length of the activity: |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| Route 1 (Preferred)   | 26,019 km               |
| Route 2 (Alternative) | 26,029 km               |

The size of the servitudes (within which the above footprint will occur):

### Table 4: The Kudu - Elders 132kV power line

| Alternative:          | Size of the site/servitude:                                 |
|-----------------------|---|
| Route 1 (Preferred)   | 31m servitude x 26 019 m = 806 589m² / 80,65 ha             |
| Route 2 (Alternative) | 31m servitude x 26 029 m = 806 899m <sup>2</sup> / 80,68 ha |

### Table 5: The Kudu - Elders Laydown area

| Alternative:                                    | Footprint of the activity: |
|---|----------------------------|
| Laydown area (Inside Elders<br>Substation site) | 0,18 ha                    |

## TOWER PARAMETERS AND COORDINATES

Structures and GPS Coordinates of final pylon positions

To be submitted in Final EMPr

- 7.2 Sub-section 2: Development footprint site
- 7.2.1 Site Location with environmental sensitivities

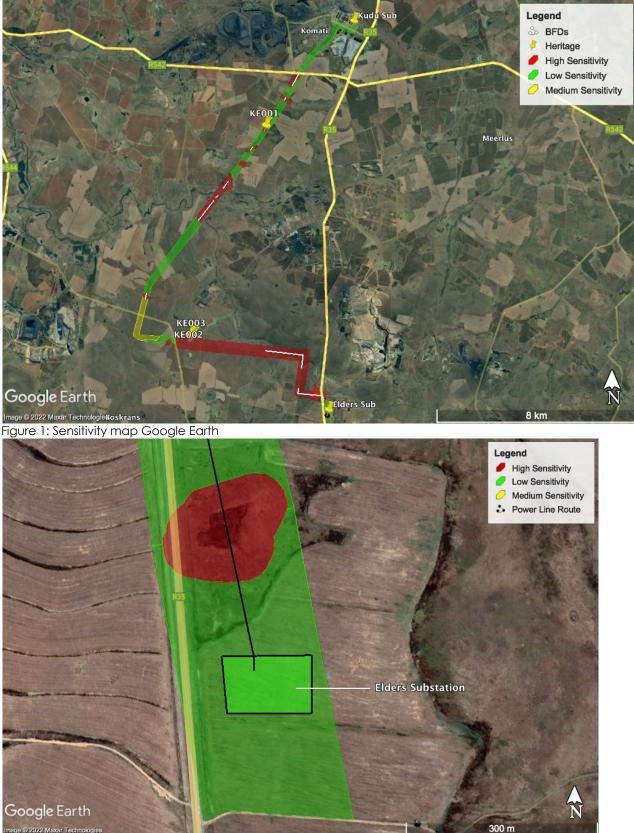


Figure 2: Sensitivity Map: Elders Substation

### 7.2.2 Requirements and conditions of the environmental authorisation

- ➢ No activities, which require a water use authorisation, must be allowed to encroach into a water resource without a water use authorisation being in place from the Department of Water and Sanitation.
- The only bufferzones required for the project are at watercourse crossings. A minimum of a 50m buffer zone, from the edge of the stream banks, or the edge of the temporary zone (in case of wetlands) have been demarcated and it is recommended that no pylons / poles be planted within these buffer zones.
- > It will be possible to maintain this 50m buffer zone at most of the crossings and nearby areas, with the possible exception of the crossing at the Olifants River and associated floodplain wetland area.
- It is more than likely that a General Authorisation (GA) process will be required for the project, unless the span of the power line will be able to clear the wetland area plus the associate buffer zone. If not, the applicant must apply for a GA / water use.
- Notwithstanding, the buffer zones must be delineated and maintained as far as possible. That is, they must be seen as 'no-go zones' in terms of the general movement of people and vehicles; placement of portable toilets; laydown areas; temporary storage areas, etc.
- No watercourses (streams, drainage lines, rivers) may be impeded or impounded during the construction phase or at any stage of the project at all.
- Bird Flight Diverters (BFDs) must be installed in the areas indicated within the report. These areas include high-risk bird sensitive areas such as watercourse crossings and along with the elevated power line which creates potential collisions / bird-strikes.
- > The Bird Flight Diverters (BFDs) must be placed across the demarcated areas of the powerline along the earth wire at 5m intervals, alternating black and white.
- Each monopole must be fitted with bird perches on the top. This helps to draw large birds (eg. Vultures) away from the dangerous / risky insulators that can result in electrocutions.
- Implementation of a Fossil chance find protocol for the project.
- Should any archaeological sites, artefacts, paleontological fossils or graves be exposed during construction work, work must be stopped immediately, the relevant heritage resources agency must be informed and the services of an accredited heritage professional must be obtained for an assessment of the heritage resources.
- If any unmarked human burials are uncovered and the archaeologist called in to inspect the finds and/or the police find them to be heritage graves, then mitigation may be necessary and the SAHRA Burial Grounds and Graves (BGG) Unit must be contacted for processes to follow.
- Weekly monitoring of pylon excavation areas during the pre-construction and construction phase by the ECO.

### 7.3 Sub-section 3: Declaration

The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will abide and comply with the prescribed impact management outcomes and impact management actions as stipulated in part B: section 1 of the generic EMPr and have the understanding that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding. The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will provide written notice to the CA 14 day prior to the date on which the activity will commence of commencement of construction to facilitate compliance inspections.

### Signature Proponent/applicant/ holder of EA

Date:

-----

-----

## 7.4 Sub-section 4: amendments to site specific information (Part B; section 2)

Should the EA be transferred to a new holder, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new holder and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of Regulations

29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted for an amendment to an environmental authorisation will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

# The EA will not be transferred to a new holder, therefore the current information under Part B: Section 2 is relevant.

# PART C

## 8. SITE SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

### Protection of heritage resources

Impact management outcome: Impact to heritage resources is minimised.

| Impact Management Actions  | ment Actions Implementation |  |  | Monitoring            |           |  |
|--|-----------------------------|--|--|-----------------------|-----------|--|
|  | Responsible<br>person       |  | Timeframe for implementation           | Responsible<br>person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance   |
| <ul> <li>Identify, demarcate and prevent impact to all known sensitive heritage features on site in accordance with the No- Go procedure in Section 5.3: Access restricted areas;</li> <li>If there are any new heritages resources are discovered during construction and operation phases of the proposed development, then a professional archaeologist, depending on the nature of the finds, must be contracted as soon as possible to inspect the findings at the expense of the developer.</li> <li>If the newly discovered heritage resources prove to be of archaeological significance, a Phase 2 rescue operation may be required at the expense of the developer. Mitigation will only be carried out after the archaeologist obtains a permit in terms of section 35 of the NHRA (Act 25 of 1999). SAHRA APM Unit to be contacted for further details: (Nokukhanya Khumalo/Phillip Hine 021 202 8654).</li> <li>If any unmarked human burials are uncovered and the archaeologist called in to inspect the finds and/or the police find them to be heritage graves, then mitigation may be necessary and the SAHRA Burial Grounds and Graves (BGG) Unit must be contacted for processes to follow (Thingahangwi Tshivase/Ngqalabutho Madida 012 320 8490).</li> </ul> |                             |  | Preconstruction<br>and<br>construction | ECO                   | Weekly    | Monitoring of<br>construction<br>areas,<br>adherence to<br>management<br>plan if<br>chance finds<br>found. |

Protection of Palaeontological resources

Impact management outcome: Impact to Palaeontological resources is minimised.

| Impact Management Actions  | Implementation Monitoring |                     |                                       |                       |           |  |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|--|
|  | Responsible<br>person     |                     |                                       | Responsible<br>person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance   |
| <ul> <li>The Chance Finds Fossil Procedure must be included in the EMPr as the proposed project is located in a low to very high sensitivity zone on the SAHRIS palaeo-sensitivity.</li> <li>In the unlikely event that fossils are uncovered during construction then construction must cease within the immediate vicinity, a buffer of 30 m must be established, and a palaeontologist called in to inspect the finds. The palaeontologist must obtain a section 35(4) permit in terms of NHRA and Chapter IV NHRA Regulations, before any fossils are collected.</li> <li>The following monitoring protocol must be adopted and implemented during earth moving activities:</li> <li>The following procedure is only required if fossils are seen on the surface and when excavations commence.</li> <li>When excavations begin the rocks and must be given a cursory inspection by the environmental officer or designated person. Any fossiliferous material (plants, insects, bone, coal) should be put aside in a suitably protected place. This way the construction activities will not be interrupted.</li> <li>Photographs of similar fossil plants must be provided to the developer to assist in recognizing the fossil plants in the shales and mudstones. This information will be built into the EMP's training and awareness plan and procedures.</li> <li>Photographs of the putative fossils can be sent to the palaeontologist for a preliminary assessment.</li> <li>Fossil plants or vertebrates that are considered to be of good quality or scientific interest by the palaeontologist must be removed from the site a SAHRA permit must be obtained. Annual reports must be</li> </ul> | Contractor                | Method<br>Statement | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | ECO                   | Weekly    | Monitoring of<br>construction<br>areas,<br>adherence to<br>management<br>plan if<br>chance finds<br>found. |
| <ul> <li>submitted to SAHRA as required by the relevant permits.</li> <li>If no good fossil material is recovered then no site inspections by the palaeontologist would be required.</li> </ul>  |                           |                     |                                       |                       |           |  |
| <ul> <li>If no fossils are found and the excavations have finished then no<br/>further monitoring is required.</li> </ul>  |                           |                     |                                       |                       |           |  |
| <ul> <li>In the unlikely event that fossils are uncovered during construction<br/>then construction must cease within the immediate vicinity, a buffer<br/>of 30 m must be established, and a palaeontologist called in to</li> </ul>  |                           |                     |                                       |                       |           |  |

| <ul> <li>inspect the finds.</li> <li>The palaeontologist must obtain a section 35(4) permit in terms of NHRA and Chapter IV NHRA Regulations, before any fossils are collected.</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| <ul> <li>If there are any new heritages resources are discovered during<br/>construction and operation phases of the proposed development,<br/>then a professional archaeologist or palaeontologist, depending on<br/>the nature of the finds, must be contracted as soon as possible to<br/>inspect the findings at the expense of the developer.</li> </ul>                       |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>If the newly discovered heritage resources prove to be of<br/>archaeological or palaeontological significance, a Phase 2 rescue<br/>operation may be required at the expense of the developer.<br/>Mitigation will only be carried out after the archaeologist or<br/>palaeontologist obtains a permit in terms of section 35 of the NHRA<br/>(Act 25 of 1999).</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>You may contact SAHRA APM Unit for further details: (Nokukhanya<br/>Khumalo/ Phillip Hine 021 202 8654).</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |

# Protection of protected trees

Impact management outcome: Impact to protected trees is minimised.

| Impact Management Actions  | Implementatio         | n         | Monitoring                             |                       |           |   |
|--|-----------------------|-----------|--|-----------------------|-----------|---|
|  | Responsible<br>person |           |  | Responsible<br>person | Frequency | Evidence of<br>compliance   |
| <ul> <li>Most trees observed in the study area are the invasive alien<br/>blackwattle (Acacia mearnsii) No naturally occurring trees or<br/>shrubland is present in the proposed power line servitude or the<br/>substation site.</li> </ul> |                       | Statement | Preconstruction<br>and<br>construction | ECO                   |           | Monitoring of<br>construction<br>areas,<br>adherence to<br>management<br>plan;<br>application for<br>tree permits |

Impact management outcome: Impact to RDL or ODL plants is minimised.

| Impact Management Actions  | Implementatio         | on                       |  | Monitoring            |           |  |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------------|--|-----------------------|-----------|--|
|  | Responsible<br>person | Method of implementation |  | Responsible<br>person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance   |
| <ul> <li>No naturally occurring trees or shrubland is present in the proposed power line servitude or the substation site.</li> <li>The vegetation of the Elders Substation site has been totally transformed by years of ploughing and cultivating of the area. No natural vegetation remains.</li> <li>The likelihood is low that any red data listed (RDL) or orange data listed (ODL) plants will be impacted. None appear to be directly within the power line servitude.</li> <li>No red data listed (RDL) floral species were observed in the study area and none are expected to occur. A few orange data listed (ODL) species were observed, but most if not all can be avoided.</li> <li>These ODL species include: Hypoxis hemerocallidea and Crinum bulbispermum</li> <li>However, should any be noticed during construction then the ECO and/or Specialist must first be contacted for advice on how to move forward. If any suspicious plants are found that need to be moved or destroyed then once again the ECO and/or specialist must first be contacted.</li> </ul> |                       | Method<br>Statement      | Preconstruction<br>and<br>construction | ECO                   | Weekly    | Monitoring of<br>construction<br>areas,<br>adherence to<br>management<br>plan;<br>application for<br>vegetation<br>permits |

### Protection of avifauna

Impact management outcome: Impact to avifauna is minimised.

| Impact Management Actions   | Implementation        |                     |  | Monitoring            |           |   |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------|--|-----------------------|-----------|---|
|   | Responsible<br>person |                     |  | Responsible<br>person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance  |
| <ul> <li>A steel mono-pole (structure) to be used for the new 132kV line, that reduces bird collisions and electrocutions.</li> <li>Bird Flight Diverters (BFDs) must be installed in the areas indicated within the report. These areas include high-risk bird sensitive areas such as watercourse crossings along with the elevated power line which creates potential collisions / bird-strikes.</li> <li>The Bird Flight Diverters (BFDs) must be placed across the demarcated areas of the powerline along the earth wire at 5m intervals, alternating black and white.</li> <li>Each monopole must be fitted with bird perches on the top. This helps to draw large birds (eg. Vultures) away from the dangerous / risky insulators that can result in electrocutions. On H-poles spikes must be installed along the horizontal to deter birds from perching or nesting on these beams / structures.</li> <li>Eskom will use the latest structure designs that further help reduce bird collisions and electrocutions.</li> <li>No interaction is allowed with any birds, even common species.</li> <li>Should a nest be found during the construction phase, work in that particular spot must be halted and a bird specialist consulted. Any nesting sites found should be cordoned off with tape and signs and declared a 'no-go' zone.</li> <li>If the nest is within the actual servitude it might be able to be relocated, depending on the species and the advice from the bird specialist.</li> <li>All Eskom guidelines must be implemented and adhered to. These include important guidelines such as Bird Collision Guidelines (www.eskom.co.za).</li> </ul> |                       | Method<br>Statement | Preconstruction<br>and<br>construction | ECO                   | Weekly    | Monitoring of<br>construction<br>areas,<br>adherence to<br>management<br>plan |

The GPS points at the watercourse crossings where BFDs need to be placed are shown in the table below. The map showing the corresponding locations of these identified crossings are shown the below in Figure. The BFDs need to be placed across the entire length of the demarcated watercourses, including the buffer zones. There is no need to place BFDs in any other locations along the power line route or within the Elders Substation. The proposed substation is within a totally transformed area of old farmlands.

The buffer zones for the watercourse crossing are all 50m from the edge of the watercourse. Therefore, the placement of BFDs will be across the watercourse (river, stream, wetland, farm dam) plus the surrounding 50m buffer area.

Table 15: GPS Coordinates for BFDs

| Map ID Number                   | Coordinates   | Type of Watercourse                         |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| 1                               | 26°13'51.23"\$; 29°27'51.40"E                         | Farm Dam                                    |  |  |  |
| 2                               | 26°13'32.88"\$; 29°27'39.00"E                         | Valley Bottom Wetland                       |  |  |  |
| 3                               | 26°13'30.43"S; 29°27'13.32"E                          | Seep Wetland                                |  |  |  |
| 4                               | 26°12'55.70"S; 29°27'18.40"E                          | Olifants River                              |  |  |  |
| 5                               | 26°12'35.46"S; 29°26'27.01"E                          | Olifants River                              |  |  |  |
| 6                               | 26°11'24.83"S; 29°23'32.69"E                          | Dam & Drainage Line                         |  |  |  |
| 7                               | 26° 9'29.59''S; 29°25'3.24''E                         | Olifants River & Floodplain                 |  |  |  |
| 8 26° 9'16.02"S; 29°25'14.91"E  |   | Unnamed stream (tributary to Olifants River |  |  |  |
| 9 26° 9'0.46''S; 29°25'27.77''E |   | Dams, drainage line & wetland               |  |  |  |
| 10 26° 8'14.11"S; 29°26'5.01"E  |   | Drainage Line                               |  |  |  |
| 11                              | 26° 7'10.20''S; 29°26'53.13''E                        | Drainage Line & Valley Bottom Wetland       |  |  |  |
| 12                              | 12 26° 6'41.49"S; 29°27'10.64"E Valley Bottom Wetland |   |  |  |  |

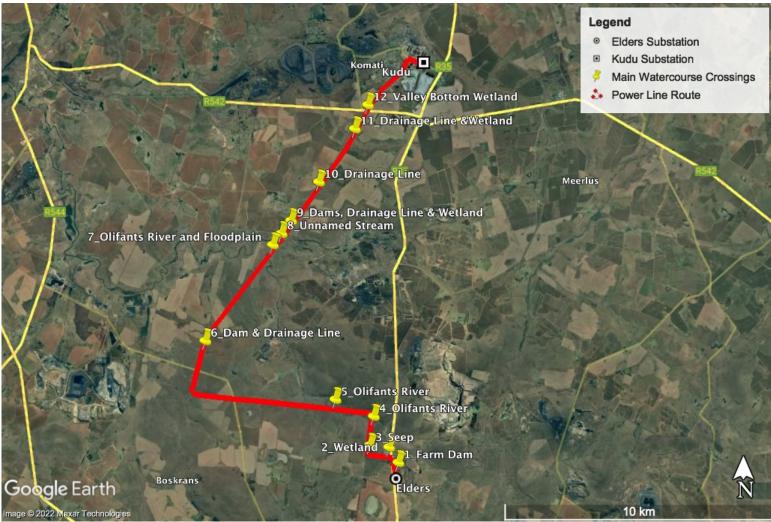


Figure 3: Watercourse crossings

The sensitivity map (avifauna) is shown below. The sensitivity is based on areas of high-risk negative impacts for birds and not necessarily on habitat status.

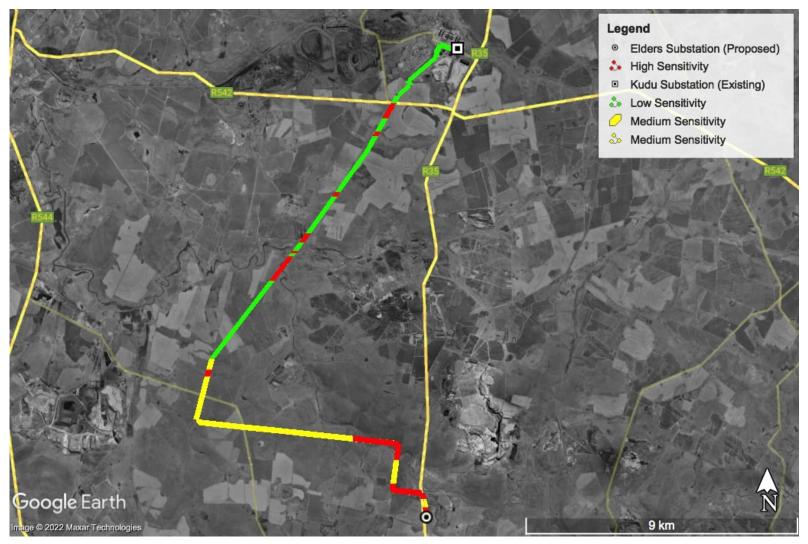


Figure 4: Sensitivity map Avifauna

## Measures to Protect Hydrological Features

Impact management outcome: Impact to watercourses is minimised.

| Impact Management Actions  | Implementation        |  |                                    | Monitoring            |           |   |
|--|-----------------------|--|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|---|
|  | Responsible<br>person |  | Timeframe for implementation       | Responsible<br>person | Frequency | Evidence of compliance  |
| <ul> <li>The study area is situated within the primary drainage area (PDA) of B, and the quaternary drainage area (QDA) of B11A &amp; B11B. The area is within the Olifants (WMA 2).</li> <li>There are a number of small streams, seasonal drainage lines, wetlands and the perennial Olifants River in the study area. There are a number of watercourse crossings.</li> <li>The only buffer zones required for the project are at watercourse crossings. A 50m wide buffer zone, from the edge of riverbanks, stream banks, and temporary wetland zones have been demarcated and no pylons / poles are allowed to be planted within these buffer zones, unless absolutely necessary.</li> <li>Pylons erected within these buffer zones will trigger the need for a General Authorisation (DA) application through the Department of Water and Sanitation (DWS).</li> <li>The only buffer zones required in the study area (power line servitude) area at the watercourse crossings as shown below (Figure 5 to Figure 9).</li> <li>No heavy vehicles are allowed to drive through any watercourse, unless on existing gravel and farm roads.</li> <li>Access roads to be maintained at all times.</li> <li>No temporary facilities or portable toilets to be setup within 100m of the watercourse and associated riparian zone and floodplains, including streams, drainage lines and wetlands.</li> <li>No temporary laydown areas may be established in the power line servitude, but only within the demarcated area near the substation site.</li> <li>The temporary laydown area and temporary access roads (if</li> </ul> | Contractor            | Method<br>statements;<br>Stormwater<br>Management<br>Plan; | Pre-construction &<br>Construction | ECO                   | Weekly    | Method<br>Statement<br>Compliance;<br>General<br>Authorisation<br>DWS |

|   | constructed) need to be rehabilitated.                                 |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| _ | Disturbed surface areas in the construction phase to be rehabilitated. |  |  |  |
| - | No open trenches to be left. No mounds of soils created during         |  |  |  |
|   | construction to be left.   |  |  |  |

Note that the 50m wide buffer zones are incorporated into the delineated 'High Sensitivity' areas. This is because a buffer zone is a type of 'no-go' zone and is delineated to protect a sensitive area / habitat.

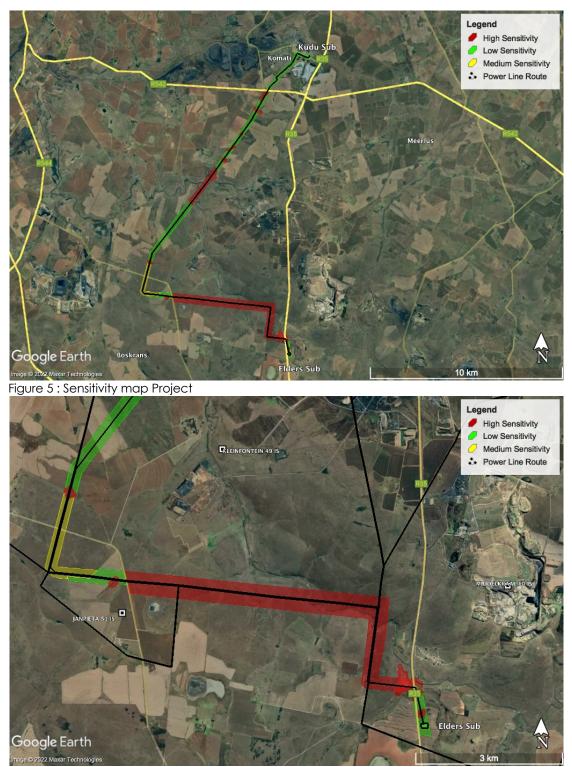


Figure 6: Sensitivity Map: Southern Section

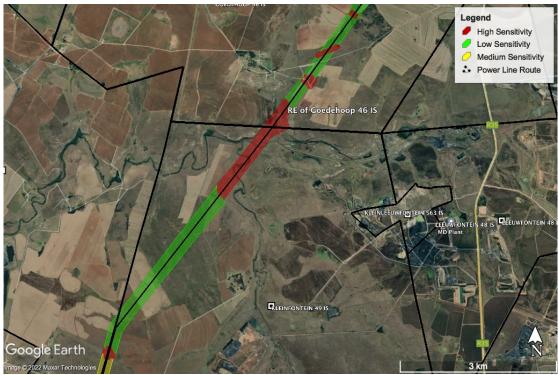


Figure 7: Sensitivity Map: Central Section



Figure 8: Sensitivity Map: Northern Section



### APPENDIX 1: METHOD STATEMENTS

To be prepared by the contractor prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are **not required** to be submitted to the CA.