

MEETING NOTES

Job Title	BioTherm Wind EIA's
Project Number	47579
DEA Reference	14/12/16/3/3/2/967
Number:	14/12/16/3/3/2/963
	14/12/16/3/3/2/962
Date	24 February 2017
Time	09:00 am
Venue	NG Kerk Saal, Sutherland
Subject	Pubic Meeting for the Esizayo and Maralla Wind Energy Facilities
Client	BioTherm Energy (Pty) Ltd
Present	See Appendix A
Apologies	None
Distribution	As above

MATTERS ARISING

1.0 WELCOME AND INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 Ashlea Strong (AS) welcomed the community to the meeting.
- 1.2 AS introduced the project team and their roles in the project.

2.0 SCOPING & EIA PHASE

- 2.1 AS: As we are at the beginning of the Project we are still doing the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Process. Following the granting of the Environmental Authorisation (EA) the project will be submitted into the next Renewable Energy Independent Power Producer Programme (REIPPP) bidding window. Therefore, it is still 2 to 3 years until the project commences, if it receives preferred bidder status.
- 2.2 AS explained that we had undertaken a public meeting in Sutherland previously but we did not have a good turn out.
- 2.3 AS stressed that this meeting was for the Scoping and EIA Phase we are running and jobs are not yet available, as the project is not yet approved.

3.0 TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION & LOCATION

- 3.1 Three Proposed wind farms:
 - Esizayo
 - Maralla East
 - Maralla West

AS explained the locations of each of the wind farms as per the Map attached as **Appendix B**.

- 3.2 Maralla West is located fully in the Northern Cape.
- 3.3 Maralla East has a portion of the site in the Northern Cape and a portion in the Western Cape.
- 3.4 The Esizayo site is located fully in the Western Cape.
- 3.5 The Esizayo WEF is located adjacent to the road to Sutherland (R356)
- 3.6 The Maralla East and West WEFs are located approximately 34 km southeast of Sutherland.

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ACTION

MAT	TERS ARISING	ACTION
3.7	We originally had 125 turbines however we have revised the layout to only 56 turbines.	
4.0	LEGAL FRAMEWORK	
4.1	AS: As the environmental assessment practitioner (EAP) we are running the EIA process as per the National Environmental Management Act (NEMA) EIA Regulations. Each Wind Facility and the powerlines require separate authorisations.	
7.2	 Water Use License Applications - there may be some linear infrastructure crossing a watercourse; Critical Biodiversity Area's Heritage Impact and Palaeontological Impact Assessments Renewable Energy Development Zones (REDZ) – The project fall within the Komsberg Wind Zone 	
5.0	ALTERNATIVES	
5.1	AS showed the initial layout and the revised layouts as per the images in the Presentation (Appendix B).	
6.0	IMPACT IDENTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT	
6.1	Specialist Studies:	
	 Social, Land Capacity and Wetlands Biodiversity Avifauna Bats Heritage Palaeontology Visual Social Traffic Noise 	
6.2	The specialist studies have commenced however the full assessments have not yet been completed.	
6.3	 Soils & Land Capacity: The most significant impact is the loss of grazing land for animals during construction and operation. Medium significance across all three but with the implementation of all mitigation measures significance is Low. No sensitive areas identified. 	
6.4	 Biodiversity: Most significant impact is the impact to biodiversity is the impact on both fauna and flora and protected species. There is also the increased risk of erosion following construction. Only small areas of vegetation will be cleared where the turbine will be constructed. There will be no need to clear the entire site. 	
6.5	 Avifauna: → Higher impact at Maralla East and West species such as the Verreaux's eagle, Martial Eagle, Jacke; nbuzzard and Black Harrior Hawk have been identified onsite. A 3km buffer has been placed around Verreaux nest identified. → It is proposed that a spiral is placed on powerlines to deter birds from flying 	
6.6	close to the site. This will reduce the risk of collision with the turbines. Bats:	

MATT	ERS ARISING	ACTION
	ightarrow The impacts are Medium to High across all three sites. Very difficult to	
	mitigate.	
	→ Barotrauma is a significant impact however, a SoP will be implemented to	
	reduce the impact on Bats. This will include adjusting the operating hours,	
67	Surface water:	
0.7	\rightarrow Mostly to do with the ancillary infrastructure (powerlines, roads etc)	
	transversing a watercourse or wetland.	
	Mitigation would be to avoid these areas all together.	
6.8	Heritage:	
	\rightarrow No major heritage concerns on the farms identified for the development.	
	There were some colonial ruins identified on Esizayo but no turbines are	
6.0	proposed for that area of the site. The ruins will be made no go zones.	
0.9	\rightarrow Impacts on Palaeontology are of low significance as no palaeontological	
	items or sensitive areas have been identified	
6.10	Visual:	
	\rightarrow All visual impacts are similar with exception of Esizayo, which is located	
	along the R356 and will be visible to the road.	
	\rightarrow Most significant impact is the visual intrusion of the turbines themselves.	
	Not really possible to mitigate however a 500 m buffer between the R354	
	and the first turbines has been implemented.	
6 1 1	→ VISUAI Impact IS Very Subjective.	
0.11	\rightarrow Impacts were of Low to Medium significance with the most significant being	
	the noise, dust and exhaust pollution due to additional: trips on the access	
	road.	
	\rightarrow Due to the low traffic volumes on the access roads it is not anticipated that	
	the transportation of the wind turbines will cause major traffic congestion.	
6.12		
	→ Noise impacts are higher at Esizayo and Maralia West due to the proximity of homostoods to the WEE. These impacts were reduced to low significance.	
	once mitigation measures are introduced	5
6.13	Social:	
	\rightarrow Most importantly are the positive impacts of Job creation and economic	
	development.	
6.14	Cumulative impact	
	→ The DEA requested that we look at the cumulative impacts of all the	
	planned WEF within 65km the study area.	
	Some of the projects we got all the information we required (i.e. Specialist studies and other sites we did not	
	\rightarrow Bats Palaeontology Land Capacity Surface Water Social Noise and	
	Traffic were all Low impact.	
	→ Avifuana, Biodiversity, Heritage and Visual were all of Low to Medium	
	Significance.	
	→ Most significant cumulative impacts were Biodiversity and Visual.	
6.15	AS briefly showed the sensitivity maps in the Presentation (Attached as	
	Appenaix B)	
7.0	PUBLIC PARTICIPATION PROCESS	
7.1	Public participation process to date:	

- → Pre- Application consultation with the DEA;
 → Newspaper adverts in:
- - The Courier
 - Die Noordwester
- → Email notification of I&APs;
- \rightarrow Site notice placement;

- → DSR for 30-day public review (15 September 17 October 2016);
- → Public Meetings (Laingsburg and Sutherland);
- → DEIR out for 30 day comment and review (2 February 2 March 2017).
- Public Meetings
 - 23 February 2017
 - 24 February 2017

8.0 DISCUSSION

- 8.1 AS mentioned that WSP will send through a list of skills that are required for a WEF so that the municipality could start with skills development planning. AS asked SK to come up and give an overview of the social development aspects of the project. This list of skills is included in **Appendix C**.
- 8.2 SK: Under the REIPPP there are certain requirements the Preferred Bidder will need to meet. These include:
 - \rightarrow Job creation- allocation of jobs from the local community;
 - → Enterprise Development- A percentage of the project revenue needs be committed to the local community. This goes towards enterprise development and assisting entrepreneurs source start up funding and trading advice.
 - Social development- education, healthcare and rural development.
- 8.3 BioTherm have existing operation facilities, 2 solar facilities in the Northern Cape and 1 WEF in the Western Cape. For these projects we have focused on developing the communities through education, welfare and training.
- 8.4 BioTherm work closely with the IDP and municipalities.

9.0 QUESTIONS

- 9.1 Community Member (CM): Who is responsible for the rehabilitation of the facilities when the project is complete?
- 9.2 AS: The project has a 20 year life span. After 20 years the development or project company would investigate what is the most feasible way forward. Do things need to be refurbished and can it carry on, does need to be decommissioned or does it need to be updated with new technology. But once it is built it has a definite 20 year span.
- 9.3 CM: In terms of rehabilitation, there were issues with the previous company who did rehabilitation for the SALT. There were issues with the registration of businesses in Sutherland.
- 9.4 SK: This is good information to know so that if BioTherm are awarded preferred bidder status then we can ensure we don't make the same mistakes.
- 9.5 AS: BioTherm have been successful in the bidding windows to date and they hope that they will successful with these ones too.

10.0 CLOSING

- 10.1 AS thanked the community for listening and reminded everyone to sign the attendance register to ensure that they are registered on the database
 10.2 Macting placed at 10:20 pm
- 10.2 Meeting closed at 10:30am.

NEXT MEETING

No additional meetings are anticipated.

ACTION

Appendix A: Attendance Register

ATTENDANCE REGISTER 24 February 2017

Name	Company Name	Contact Details	Signature
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Appendix B: Presentation









PURPOSE OF THE MEETING

a Provide stakeholders with information regarding:

- § The proposed project
- § The Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) process to date
- § Findings of the Draft Environmental Impact Report (DEIR)
- Provide stakeholders with the opportunity to raise issues regarding the potential impacts of the project on the environment
- Provide an opportunity for stakeholders to interact with the project team

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RESPONSIBILITIES

Roleplayer	Responsibility
Applicant (BioTherm)	 Appoint suitable, independent EAP Ensure adequate resources are available to conduct an effective, efficient & equitable S&EIR process Ensure that the EAP is provided with relevant information to undertake the S&EIR process effectively Ensure that the EAP provides all relevant information to the Authorities
EAP (WSP)	 Be independent with no vested interest Have the necessary qualifications & experience Responsible for authorisation process, information & reports Provide relevant & objective information to the authorities, the stakeholders & the proponent Ensure public participation process (PPP) is undertaken Ensure all issues raised are addressed or responded to
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Roleplayer	Responsibility
Stakeholders	 Provide input & comment during the S&EIR process Review of reports Draft Scoping Report (DSR) Environmental Impact Report (EIR) Environmental Management Programme (EMPr) Provide input & comment within specific timeframes
Decision-making Authority (Department of Environmental Affairs)	 Efficient & expedient in evaluating proposals Compliance with regulatory requirements Inter-departmental co-operation & consultation Consultation with the Applicant & the Consultant Evaluation/review & decision-making Requiring sufficient detail to make informed decisions









Generation Capacity	Up to 250 MW
Number of turbines	Up to 125 (Revised Layout includes 56 Turbines)
Area occupied by each turbine	0.5 ha (85m x 60m)
Turbine hub height	Up to 120m
Rotor Diameter	Up to 150m
Width of internal roads	Between 4.0m and 6.0m, however this may increase to 8m on bends
Footprint of internal onsite substation	150m x 150m
Onsite substation capacity	Up to 132kV
Width of the powerline servitude	31m (15.5m either side)
Powerline tower types and height	Tower (suspension / strain) / Steel monopole structure, which may be self-supported or guyed suspension.



PROJECT LOCATION

Esizayo Development Location

FARM NAME & NUMBER	Farm size (ha)
Portion 1 of Aanstoot Farm No. 72	762.42 ha
Annex Joseph's Kraal Farm No.84	913.32 ha
Aurora Farm No. 285	4 385.29 ha

Maralla East Development Location

FARM NAME & NUMBER	Farm size (ha)
Farm Welgemoed 268, Remainder	2 649 ha
Farm Schalkwykskraal 204, Remainder	1 056 ha
Farm Drie Roode Heuvels 180, Remainder	3 929 ha

Maralla West Development Location

FARM NAME & NUMBER	Farm size (ha)
Farm Drie Roode Heuvels 180, Remainder	3 929 ha
Farm Annex Drie Roode Heuvels 181, Remainder	329 ha
Farm Wolven Hoek 182, Portion 1	763 ha
Farm Wolven Hoek 182, Portion 2	625 ha







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PROJECT LOCATION- MARALLA WEST







ele	vant Act	Competent Authority
atio	onal Environmental Management Act (No. 107 of 1998) (NEMA)	Department of Environmental Affairs (DEA)
A	An environmental authorisation is required prior to the establishment of the Proposed Projects	
A	A full S&EIR Process is required to be conducted for the WEF Projects	
A	A Basic Assessment is required to be conducted for the power integration projects	
L	isted Activities triggered under Government Notice Regulation (GNR) 983, 984 and 985 of 20	14
atio	onal Water Act (No. 36 of 1998)	Department of Water and Sanitation
٦	The following water uses have been identified as potentially applicable:	
	• Section 21 (a) and 21 (b)	
	• Section 21 (c) and 21 (i)	
1	Nater Use Licence or General Authorisation required prior to the establishment of the Propose	d Projects
atio	onal Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, 2004 (No. 10 of 2004)	
٦	The are Critical Biodiversity Areas (CBAs) in the study areas.	
atio	onal Heritage Resource Act (No. 25 of 1999)	
A	A Heritage Impact Assessment (HIA) will be undertaken looking at Archaeology, Heritage and	Palaeontology for each of the above
	nentioned projects	

Relevant Water Use	Description	Applicability
Section 21 (a)	Taking water from a water resource	In the event that ground water abstraction is required for operational activities
Section 21 (b)	Storage of raw water	In the event that the storage of raw water is required for operational activities
Section 21 (c)	Impeding or diverting the flow of water in a watercourse	In the event that the powerlines or
Section 21 (i)	Altering the bed, banks course or characteristics of a water course	access roads cross a watercourse, drainage line or wetland area or if a turbine is constructed within 500m o a watercourse, drainage line or wetland

Name	Notice	Activit	ies Triggere	ed				
Maralla West	GNR 983	11(i)	12 (xii) (a&c)	19(i)	24(ii)	28(ii)	30	56
Maralla	GNR 984	1	15	-	-	-	-	-
East and Esizayo	GNR 985	4	10	12	14	18	23 (iii)	-
Power	GNR 983	11(i)	12 (xii) (a&c)	19(i)	27	28(ii)	30	-
megration	GNR 985	4	12	14	-	-	-	-



DEVELC	PMENT AREA ALTERNATIVES	
Site Selection	on was based on the following factors:	
	•Google Earth •SANBI BGIS •SANBI BGIS •FEA SEA •Other EIAs	
	esources Factors •Satellite Data •Onsite Measurements	
	•Current Capacity •Future Capacity •Stability •Substations/Powerlines	
	•Climate •Topography •Site Acess •Competition •Existing Environmental Authorisations	
	Land Owner Approachability -Land Owner Approachability -Compensation -Competition -Competition -Competition -Competition -Competition -Competition -Competition -Competition -Competition	





























SPECIALIST FIELD	COMPANY NAME	TEAM MEMBERS	ASSESSMENT IN EIA PHASE
Soil, Land Capability and Wetlands	WSP Environmental (Pty) Ltd	Bruce Wickham, Gerg Matthews	Yes
Biodiversity	Simon Todd Consulting	Simon Todd	Yes
Avifauna	Chris van Rooyen Consulting	Chris van Rooyen, Albert Froneman	Yes
Heritage	ACO Associates	Tim Hart, Lita Webley, David Halkett	Yes
Palaeontology	Natura Viva	John Almond	Yes
Visual	-	Belinda Gebhardt	Yes
Social	WSP Environmental (Pty) Ltd	Danielle Sanderson, Hillary Konigkramer	Yes
Traffic	WSP Group Africa (Pty) Ltd	Christo Bredenhann	Yes
Noise	WSP Environmental (Pty) Ltd	Kirsten Collett	Yes

Ref.	Impact Description	Phase	Status	Significance (Pre- Mitigation)	Residual Significance (Post- Mitigation)
SLC1	Loss of land (including wetlands) previously used for grazing.		Negative	Medium	Low
SLC2	Vegetation clearance, soil disturbance and high traffic movement on site, resulting in a higher potential for soil erosion	Construction	Negative	Low	Low
SLC3	Potential spillage of hazardous substances		Negative	Low	Low
SLC4	Loss of land (including wetlands) previously used for grazing.		Negative	Medium	Low
SLC5	Vegetation clearance, soil disturbance, and increased traffic movement on site, resulting in a higher potential for soil erosion	Operation	Negative	Low	Low
SLC6	Potential land contamination from hazardous substances	•	Negative	Low	Low
SLC7	Increased potential of soil erosion due to soil disturbance and a high traffic movement on site.	De-	Negative	Low	Low
SLC8	Potential spillage of hazardous substances	commissioning	Negative	Low	Low

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Ref.	Impact Description	Phase	Status	Significance (Pre-Mitigation)	Residual Significance (Post-Mitigation)
BIO1	Impacts on vegetation and protected plant species		Negative	Medium	Medium
BIO2	Faunal impacts due to construction activities	Construction	Negative	Medium	Medium
BIO3	Increased Soil Erosion risk during construction		Negative	Medium	Low
BIO4	Faunal impacts due to operational activities of the wind farm such as noise, and human presence during maintenance activities	Operation	Negative	Medium	Medium
BIO5	Erosion		Negative	Medium	Low
BIO6	Alien Plant Invasion		Negative	Low	Low
BIO7	Faunal impacts due to decommissioning of the wind farm such as noise, and operation of heavy machinery on-site	De-	Negative	Medium	Low
BIO8	Erosion	commissioning	Negative	Medium	Low
BIO9	Alien Plant Invasion		Negative	Medium	Low

				Esizay	o WEF	Maralla Eas W	st and We EF
Ref.	Impact Description	Phase	Status	Significance (Pre- Mitigation)	Residual Significance (Post- Mitigation)	Significanc e (Pre- Mitigation)	Residua Significa e (Post- Mitigatio
AV1	Displacement of priority species due to disturbance during construction operations	Construction	Negative	Medium	Medium	Medium	Mediu
AV2	Priority species mortality due to collision with the turbines	Operation	Negative	High	Medium	High	Mediu
AV3	Displacement of priority species due to habitat transformation		Negative	Medium	Low	Medium	Low
AV4	Priority species mortality due to collision with the on-site powerlines		Negative	Medium	Medium	High	Mediu
AV5	Priority species mortality due to electrocution on the on-site powerlines		Negative	Medium	Low	Medium	Low
AV6	Displacement of priority species due to disturbance during decommissioning operations	De- commissioning	Negative	Low	Low	Low	Low

Ref.	Impact Description	Phase	Status	Significance (Pre- Mitigation)	Residual Significance (Post- Mitigation)
BAT1	Destruction of bat roosts due to earthworks and blasting -	Construction	Negative	Medium	Low
BAT2	Loss of foraging habitat.		Negative	Medium	Low
BAT3	Bat mortalities due to direct blade impact or barotrauma during foraging activities (not migration).	Operation	Negative	High	Medium
BAT4	Artificial Lighting	-	Negative	Medium	Low
BAT5	Loss of foraging habitat.	De- commissioning	Negative	Medium	Low
	The impacts are the s	ame for all 1	hree WI	EFs WSP	PARSONS

Ref.	Impact Description	Phase	Status	Significance (Pre- Mitigation)	Residual Significance (Post- Mitigation)
SW1	Alterations of flow regimes of watercourses,		Negative	Medium	Low
SW2	Increased potential of soil erosion due to vegetation clearance, soil disturbance and a high traffic movement on site. Subsequent potential sedimentation of watercourses.	Construction	Negative	Low	Low
SW3	Potential land contamination from hazardous substances		Negative	Low	Low
SW4	Temporary potential degradation of wetland habitat due to the proposed positioning of road access		Negative	Medium	Low
SW5	Alterations of flow regimes of watercourses		Negative	Medium	Low
SW6	Increased potential of soil erosion due to vegetation clearance, and more run-off from harden surfaces (i.e. roads). Subsequent potential sedimentation of watercourses.	Operation	Negative	Low	Low
SW7	Potential land contamination from hazardous substances.		Negative	Low	Low
SW8	Alterations of flow regimes of watercourses, in close proximity to the site, or that is proposed to be traversed by roads.	D	Negative	Medium	Low
SW9	Increased potential of soil erosion due to soil disturbance and a high traffic movement on site.	commissioning	Negative	Low	Low
SW10	Potential land contamination from hazardous substances.		Negative	Low	Low

Ref.	Impact Description	Phase	Status	Significance (Pre- Mitigation)	Residual Significance (Post- Mitigation)
SIZAY	0				
H1	Impacts to buried archaeological material and graves		Negative	Low	Low
H2	Substation 1 will result in the destruction of South African War Military Outpost	Construction	Negative	Medium	Low
H3	Access road ,au damage or destroy the Nuwerus Cemetery		Negative	Medium	Low
MARAL	LA EAST				
H1	Impacts to ruined settlement and graveyard on public access road through De KOM		Negative	Medium	Low
H2	Impacts to late Stone Age sites along river bed	Construction	Negative	Medium	Low
НЗ	Impacts to the Farm House of Wolvenhoek		Negative	Medium	Low
MARAL	LA WEST	1			
H1	Impacts to a graveyard on the Komsberg River, Sckalkwykskraal		Negative	Medium	Low
H2	Impacts to a 19 th centuary stone stockpost and kraal on the Komsberg River, Sckalkwukskraal	Construction	Negative	Medium	Low
НЗ	Impacts to graves and a rock art site on Venters River, Welgemoed		Negative	Medium	Low



Ref.	Impact Description	Phase	Status	Significance (Pre- Mitigation)	Residual Significance (Post- Mitigation)
V1	Visual impact during construction due to dust, vehicles and equipment		Negative	Medium	Low
V2	Visual impact during construction due to vegetation clearing	Construction	Negative	Medium	Low
V3	Visual impact during construction on landforms		Negative	Medium	Low
V4	Intrusion on sense of place and rural landscape		Negative	Medium	Medium
V5	Visual impact of wind turbines		Negative	High	Medium
V6	Visual impact of substation and other buildings and infrastructure	Operation	Negative	Medium	Medium
V7	Visual impact of shadow flicker		Negative	Low	Low
V8	Visual impact of lighting from facility		Negative	Medium	Medium
V9	Visual impact of additional roads and road widening		Negative	Low	Low
V10	Visual impact during decommissioning due to dust, vehicles and equipment	De- commissioning	Negative	Medium	Low
	The impacts are the sa	ame for all t	hree WI	EFs	PARSONS



Ref.	Impact Description	Phase	Status	Esizayo and W Significanc	Maralla West EF Residual	Maralla I Significan	East WEF Residual Significa
				e (Pre- Mitigation)	Significanc e (Post- Mitigation)	ce (Pre- Mitigation)	ce (Post- Mitigation
N1	Acoustic impact on residential receptors	Construction	Negative	Medium	Low	Medium	Low
N2	Acoustic impact on residential receptors	Operation	Negative	Medium	Low	Low	Low
N3	Acoustic impact on residential receptors	De- commissioning	Negative	Medium	Low	Medium	Low

Ref.	Impact Description	Phase	Status	Significance (Pre-Mitigation)	Residual Significance (Post-Mitigation)
SE1	Increase in Employment Opportunities	Construction	Positive	Medium	High
SE2	Increased Economic Development Opportunities		Positive	Medium	High
SE3	Disruption due to influx of job seekers		Negative	Medium	Medium
SE4	Increase in communicable diseases and reduced public health		Negative	Medium	Medium
SE5	Change in sense of place		Negative	Medium	Low
SE6	Nuisance from noise, dust and traffic disturbances		Negative	Medium	Low
SE7	Increased risk to neighbouring land users		Negative	Low	Low
SE8	Increased risk of veld fires		Negative	Medium	Low
SE9	Increased employment opportunities	Operation	Positive	Medium	High
SE10	Increased economic development opportunities		Positive	Medium	Medium
SE11	Change in sense of place		Negative	Medium	Medium
SE12	Loss of permanent employment	De-	Negative	Medium	Low
SE13	Gain of short term employment	commissioning	Positive	Low	Medium
SE14	Nuisance from dust, noise and traffic		Negative	Low	Low
SE15	Increased risk to neighbouring land users		Negative	Low	Low
SE16	Increased risk of veld fires		Negative	Medium	Low















E F	Pre-application consultation with DEA	Р
Pre-Applicati ⇒1	Newspaper Adverts	Р
5	Submit Application	Р
٦	Notification of IAPS	P
jng ∎	Newspaper Adverts	P
scop	Site Notices	P
[Draft Scoping Report – 30 days	P
5	Submit Final Scoping Report	P
E	EIR – 30 Days	Р
EIA	Submit EIR for Decision	
N	Notification of decision	
beal 4	Appeal Process	
Ap	Must be submitted within 20 days from date of decision	

PUBLIC PARTICIPATION PROCESS TO DATE



à The Public Participation process has consisted of:

- § Pre-application Consultation with DEA
- § Newspaper adverts in:
 - The Courier (9 September 2016)
 - Die Noordwester (8 September 2016)
- § Email notification of I&APs
- § Site Notices placed at the entrance to the site
- § DSR for 30 day public review
- § Public Meetings
 - 29 September 2016 Laingsburg
 - 30 September 2016 Sutherland
- § DEIR for 30 day public review
- § Public Meetings
 - 23 February 2017 Matjiesfontein
 - 24 February 2017 Sutherland

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Activity	Anticipated Timeframe
Stakeholder Meetings	21 – 24 February 2017
Close of public review period	2 March 2017
Finalisation of DEIR and submission to authorities	3 - 28 March 2017
Authority review	31 March – 17 July 2017
Receipt of Environmental Authorisation (EA)	Mid – end July 2017
Appeal Period	20 days from receipt of the EA



Appendix C: List of Skills

Construction	Operation
 Environmental coordinator Project manager Director Technical buyer Engineering manager Engineering director Site manager Engineer Logistic project manager Substation and OHL manager Telecontroller/telecommunications Management committee control General labourer HR/IR officer HSE manager Wind turbine technicians and assistants Climber Foremen/section foremen Carpenter Site supervisor Truck driver Surveyor Operator Managing director Site administrator Supply chain manager Commercial manger 	 Ecologists General workers Buyers Security guards Operations managers Bird specialists Bat specialists Data sorters Office assistants Office Administrators Technician/Junior technicians Assistant Engineer HR Director Operations and Maintenance Manager Buyer Seniors ED Director Commercial manager Engineers

- Construction manager
- Contract manger
- Sub-station site manager
- Site admin clerk
- H&S representative
- Bricklayer
- Ecologists