

# FINAL BASIC ASSESSMENT REPORT FOR THE PROPOSED PIET RETIEF EXTENSION 22

On Portion 100 (A Portion of Portion) of the Farm Piet  
Retief Town and Townlands 149 HT; Mkhondo Local  
Municipality in Mpumalanga Province.

REF NR: 17/2/3 GS-239

JULY 2015



Part 3 of 4

## BOKAMOSO

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS

Tel: (012) 346 3810

Fax: 086 570 5659

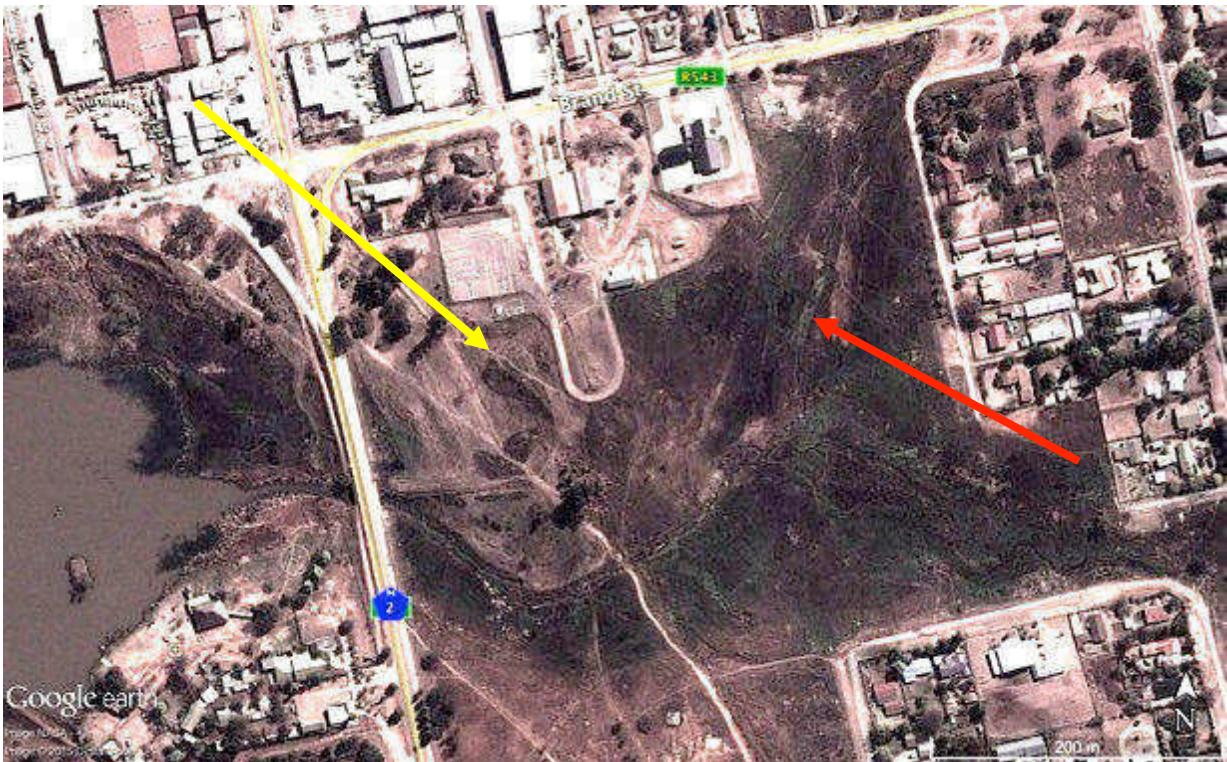
E-mail: lizelleg@mweb.co.za

P O BOX 11375

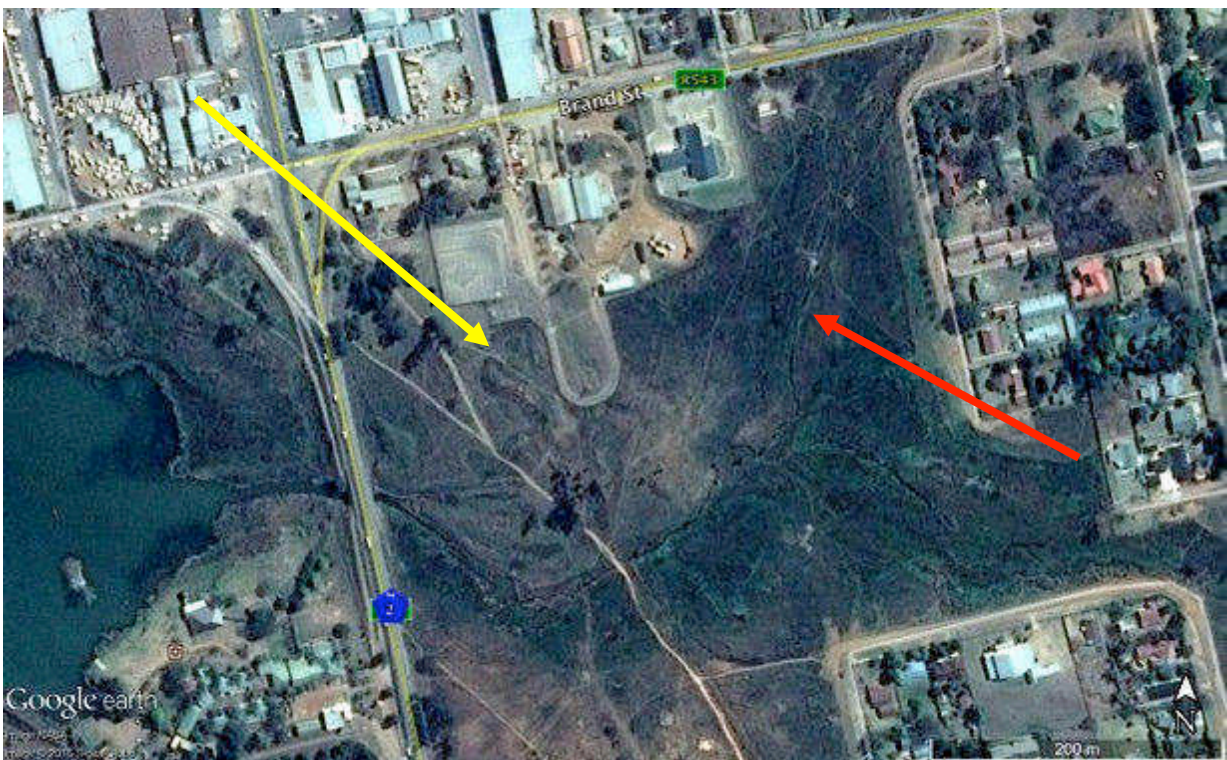
MAROELANA

0161





**Figure 15** Google Earth image (2012/09/09) with the potential seepage areas (yellow arrow) very evident as artificial modifiers and again indicating a potential seepage wetland in the east (red arrow)



**Figure 16** Google Earth image (2013/08/26) with the potential seepage areas (yellow arrow) very evident as artificial modifiers and again indicating a potential seepage wetland in the east (red arrow)

From **Figures 13 to 16** seasonal changes are evident in the expression of the possible seepage wetland in the east. Also, the possible seepage wetland in the west from **Figure 12** is very evident to have been altered through human activities.

### **7.1.2 Historical Land Use Changes and Impacts**

The details of the historical land use changes on the site cannot be gleaned from the Google Earth images as the impacts precede the first available image. However, it is very evident that changes on the site occurred since 2003 in the form of additional paving and storm water runoff. Changes are also apparent in the stream channel over the image period as the channel appears more eroded in the recent images.

## **7.2 TERRAIN UNIT INDICATOR**

From the contour data a topographic wetness index (TWI) (**Figure 17**) was generated for the site. The TWI provides a very accurate indication of water flow paths and areas of water accumulation that are often correlated with wetlands. This is a function of the topography of the site and ties in with the dominant water flow regime in the soils and the landscape (refer to previous section where the concept of these flows was elucidated). Areas in blue indicate concentration of water in flow paths with lighter shades of blue indicating areas of regular water flows in the soils and on the surface of the wetland / terrestrial zone interface.

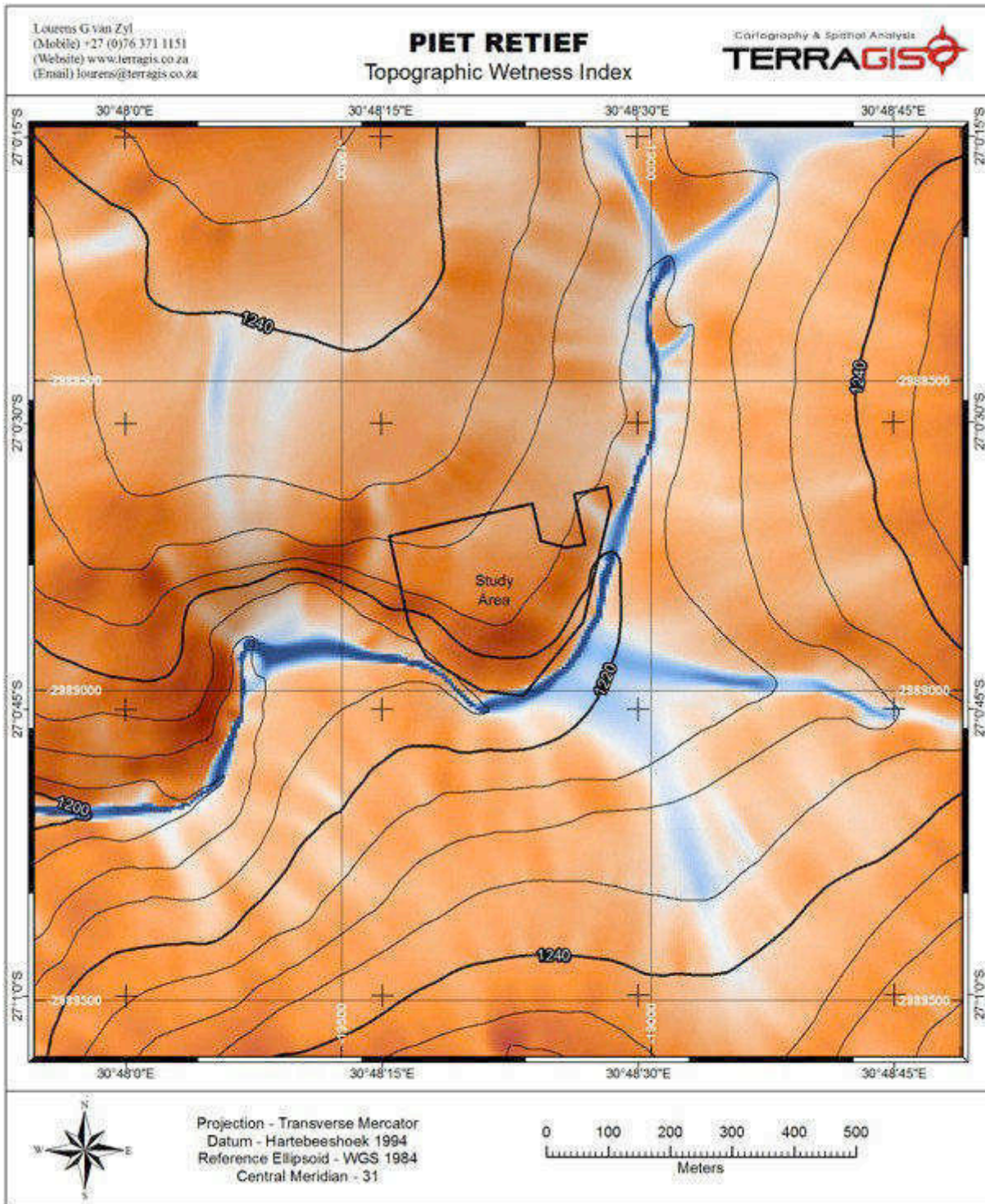
From the TWI (**Figure 17**) it is very evident that the entire site is situated on convex topography (both plan and profile curvature) and as such have no areas associated with concentrations of surface runoff. The stream channel to the south is the only confirmed area of concentrated water accumulation and flow. The delineation of the wetland is addressed later in the report.

## **7.3 SOIL FORM AND SOIL WETNESS INDICATORS (SITE SURVEY)**

The site survey revealed widespread and significant alterations to the soils and land surface. As an indication of the extent of the alterations and influences **Figures 18 to 33** provide photographs along a half-moon shaped transect from the western edge to the eastern edge of the site upslope of the stream channel. The captions are self-explanatory.

The main findings along the transect is that the landscape has been altered significantly through historical and more recent human activities. These activities have in most case led to additional soil material and rock being deposited on the land surface or to distinct excavations for urban related infrastructure. The areas that have been altered either show denuded vegetation (due to hard-setting and increased surface runoff) on convex local slopes or accumulation water in depressions with associated increases in vigour of plants and colonisation of plants that prefer wetter soil conditions. These plans are, for the largest part of the site, not true indicators of original wetland conditions.

A small section of darker soil, associated with a wetter patch of land and dolerite rock, was found in the eastern section of the site (**Figures 29 and 30**). This corresponds to the “marshy” area described in the geotechnical report. Although this section is wet more regularly it is not possible to indicate whether this is a historical (pre-human settlement) wetland as the higher clay content of the soils (compared to the rest of the site) would lead to perching of surface water with rapid colonisation of wetland plants. This area is at the foot of storm water accumulation from the existing structures upslope.



**Figure 17** Topographic wetness index (TWI) of the survey site



**Figure 18** Human impacts and altered landscape and vegetation on the western edge of the site



**Figure 19** Human impacts and altered landscape and vegetation on the western edge of the site



**Figure 20** Human impacts and altered landscape and vegetation on the western edge of the site – area erroneously identified during image interpretation as potential seepage wetland



**Figure 21** Human impacts and altered landscape and vegetation on the western edge of the site near the stream – note the presence of a pipeline as well as soil disturbances



**Figure 22** Human impacts in the form of a pipeline and historical earthworks on the southern boundary with the stream



**Figure 23** Foreign soil material and soil disturbances on the south western edge of the site



**Figure 24** Foreign soil material and soil disturbances on the south western edge of the site



**Figure 25** Vegetation alterations initially (but erroneously) identified as potential seepage areas (yellow arrow)





**Figure 26** Vegetation alterations to the south of the developments on the site



**Figure 27** Foreign soil material and soil disturbances on the southern sections of the site



**Figure 28** Foreign soil material and soil disturbances on the southern sections of the site



**Figure 29** Vegetation alterations to the south of the developments on the site with evidence of regular surface wetness from plant species



**Figure 30** Vegetation alterations to the southeast of the developments on the site with evidence of regular surface wetness from plant species



**Figure 31** Vegetation and surface disturbances on the eastern section of the site



**Figure 32** Vegetation and surface disturbances on the eastern section of the site with widely occurring rubbish and rubble



**Figure 33** Altered stream channel (excavation and clearance)

The areas to the south and east of the drainage line exhibit large patches of potential seepage zones. Upon inspection these appeared to have some contribution of seepage water but the bulk of the water currently results from storm water runoff from paved areas upslope.

#### **7.4 ARTIFICIAL MODIFIERS**

The artificial modifiers have been discussed and elucidate in the previous sections.

### **8. WETLAND ASSESSMENT**

#### **8.1 PROPOSED DELINEATION AND BUFFER**

From the investigation a wetland boundary, inclusive of storm water driven wetland areas, was determined **Figure 34**. It is difficult to assign a buffer to a wetland that has been impacted and that still receives significant contributions of water from storm water runoff from paved areas upslope. It is recommended that developments can encroach up to 30 from the drainage line and where the current developments are closer than that these areas should not be expanded. The above is proposed only in the event that adequate storm water planning and mitigation is conducted on site.

#### **8.2 WETLAND CLASSIFICATION / TYPES**

Based on the investigation two types of wetland areas are identified namely: 1) the areas associated with an impacted and eroded drainage feature and 2) a seepage/storm water outflow zone. As discussed earlier in the report it is not possible to indicate whether the latter zone is a natural seepage zone or a more recent development of storm water runoff increases and frequency.

#### **8.3 WETLAND FUNCTIONALITY**

The channelled valley bottom wetland / watercourse is fed predominantly from the catchment through overland flow with additions from storm water runoff from paved areas. The main contributor to the small impacted wetland patch on the site is storm water runoff from paved areas and structures upslope to the south. From the investigation it was not possible to identify any significant contributions of hillslope water or lateral flows to wetlands or the stream. This is a function of the convex slope of the site.

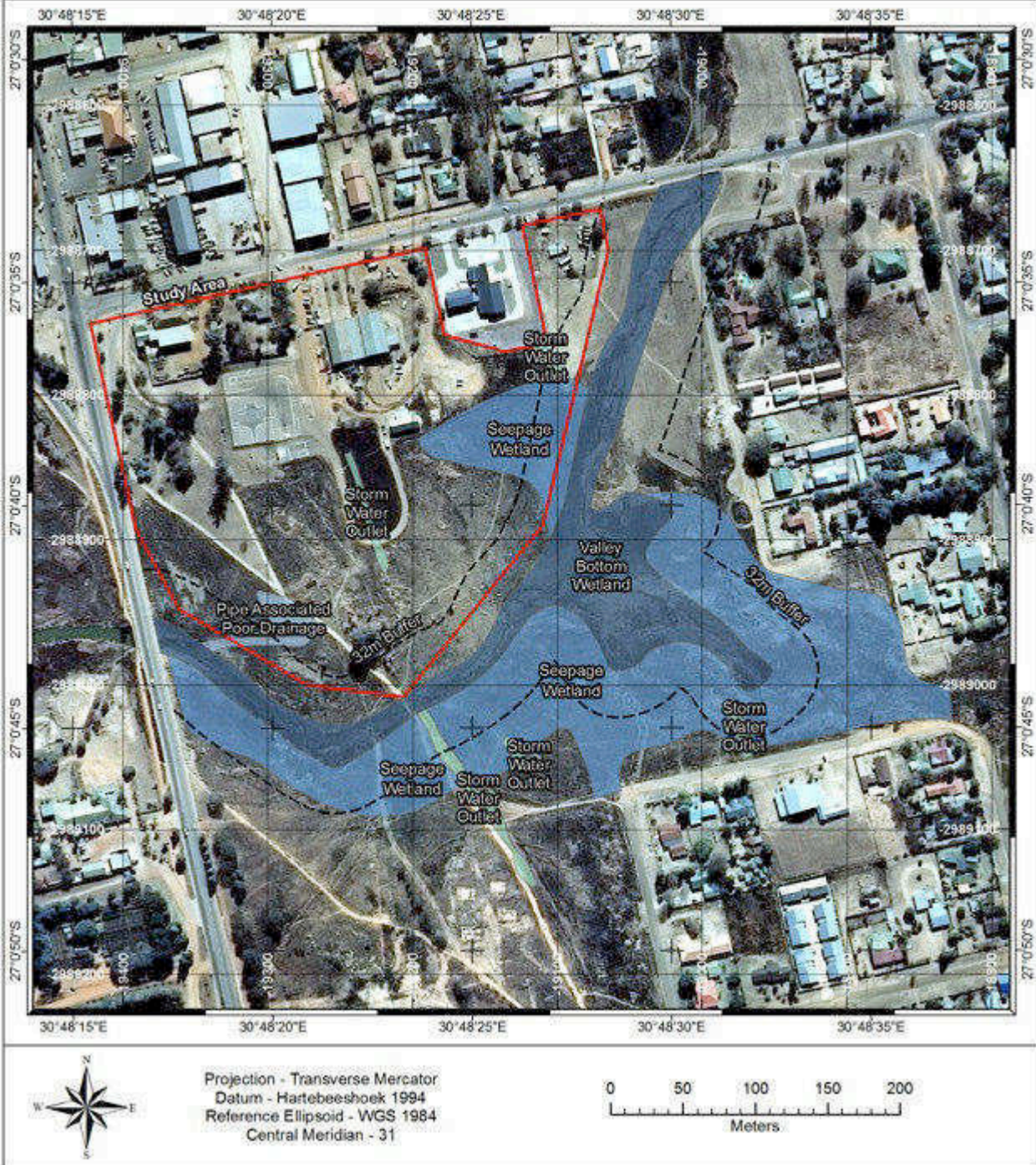


Figure 27 Proposed delineation for the investigation site

## 8.4 PRESENT ECOLOGICAL STATUS (PES) DETERMINATION

### Hydrological Criteria:

- Flow modification: Large modification due to urban infrastructure in the catchment with significant erosion in the channel and on the banks. Score 2, Confidence 4.
- Permanent inundation: Permanent inundation was not part of the reference state and cannot be included as a new aspect. Inundation does take place in areas but this is due to significant human impacts in the form of alteration and rubble dumping. Score 2, Confidence 4.

### Water Quality Criteria

- Water quality modification: Score 1, Confidence 4
- Sediment load modification: Score 1, Confidence 4

### Hydraulic / Geomorphic Criteria

- Canalisation: Score 2, Confidence 4
- Topographic Alteration: Score 1, Confidence 4

### Biological Criteria

- Terrestrial encroachment: Score 1, Confidence 3
- Indigenous vegetation removal: Score 2 (for most of the site), Confidence 4
- Invasive plant encroachment: Score 1 (for most of the site), Confidence 4
- Alien fauna: Score 2, Confidence 3
- Overutilisation of biota: Score 1, Confidence 4

### Score

### PES category D-E

From the data generated as well as the extent of the identified alterations the conclusion is that the wetland systems on the site have a PES rating of an D to an E. The potential for improvement is small as the storm water and water quality aspects have to be addressed outside of the wetland areas within the respective catchments.

## 9. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The following conclusions are drawn from the investigation:

1. The entire site has undergone alterations in the form of varying intensity human activities.
2. The stream that forms the valley bottom section of the landscape is impacted in many areas through erosion and excavation. In addition, significant amounts of litter and invasive plants are evident throughout the channel.
3. A possible seepage wetland zone was identified at the foot of urban developments with storm water outflows. The specific soils found in this area indicate predominantly surface wetness and it is therefore concluded that the main contributor to wetland vegetation establishment is storm water emanating from the paved areas upslope.
4. The soils found in the small wetland area have high clay contents and this aspect precludes any significant volumes of water flowing laterally subsurface wise into the wetland. Dolerite intrusions in the general landscape often exhibit distinct weathering and zones of poor

drainage due to the localised effect of high clay content on water percolation, drainage and movement. From these aspects it is not possible to unequivocally assign the area as a seepage wetland. This area's possible recharge zone has been paved and it can therefore safely be assumed that the dominant hydrological functioning is one of surface water runoff from upslope areas during rainfall events.

5. During development of the site the construction activities should be limited to a distance of at least 30 m from the water course except if adequate storm water management and containments structures are constructed to minimise high energy flows into the stream channel.
6. The "seepage wetland" is situated immediately downslope of paved up sites and a buffer can therefore not be recommended. In this case the same recommendations as above regarding storm water management apply.

## REFERENCES

Boehner, J., Koethe, R. Conrad, O., Gross, J., Ringeler, A., Selige, T. 2002: Soil Regionalisation by Means of Terrain Analysis and Process Parameterisation. In: Micheli, E., Nachtergaele, F., Montanarella, L. [Ed.]: Soil Classification 2001. European Soil Bureau, Research Report No. 7, EUR 20398 EN, Luxembourg. pp. 213-222.

Brady, N.C. and Weil, R.P. 1999. *The Nature and Properties of Soils*. Twelfth edition. Upper Saddle River, New Jersey: Prentice Hall.

Department of Water Affairs and Forestry (DWAF). 2005. A practical field procedure for identification and delineation of wetland and riparian areas. DWAF, Pretoria.

Hillel, D. 1982. Introduction to soil physics. Academic Press, INC. Harcourt Brace Javonovich, Publishers.

Jenny, H. 1941. Factors of soil formation. New York, NY, USA: McGraw-Hill Book Company, p 281

Land Type Survey Staff. (1972 – 2006). *Land Types of South Africa: Digital map (1:250 000 scale) and soil inventory databases*. ARC-Institute for Soil, Climate and Water, Pretoria.

MacVicar, C.N. et al. 1977. *Soil Classification. A binomial system for South Africa*. Sci. Bull. 390. Dep. Agric. Tech. Serv., Repub. S. Afr., Pretoria.

Soil Classification Working Group. 1991. Soil Classification. A taxonomic system for South Africa. *Mem. Agric. Nat. Resour. S.Afr.* No.15. Pretoria.

Wischmeier, W.H., C.B. Johnson and B.V. Cross. 1971. A Soil Erodibility Nomograph for Farm Land and Construction Sites. *J. Soil Water Conserv.* 26: 189 – 193.



A photograph of a small bird, possibly a flycatcher, perched on a tree branch. The bird has a greyish head and back with a yellowish-orange breast. The background is filled with green leaves and a clear blue sky.

# Appendix D3: Ecological Assessment



**Bokamoso:**

**Basic assessment Flora and Fauna Assessment**

**Portion 17 of the farm Vlakfontein 522KR; Piet Retief, Mpumalanga  
Province, South Africa**

By

*Samuel Laurence*

*Luke Verburgt*

[info@enviro-insight.co.za](mailto:info@enviro-insight.co.za)

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

List of tables .....	3
1 Introduction.....	4
2 Methods.....	5
2.1 Field survey .....	5
2.2 Desktop Survey .....	5
2.2.1 Literature study.....	5
2.2.2 GIS .....	5
3 Results .....	6
3.1 Description of study area .....	6
3.2 Habitat Unit 1 – Disturbed Transformed .....	9
3.3 Habitat Unit 2- Disturbed Vegetated Habitat.....	10
3.4 Habitat Unit 3- Stream and Stream Buffer Habitat Type.....	11
3.5 Faunal species of Conservation concern.....	12
3.6 Floral species of concern.....	14
4 Discussion and recommendations.....	14
4.1 Fauna .....	14
4.2 Flora .....	14
4.3 Habitat .....	14
4.4 Assessment of the presence of indigenous vegetation Habitat in ACCORDANCE with the legislation.....	17
5 References .....	17
6 Appendix .....	18

## LIST OF FIGURES

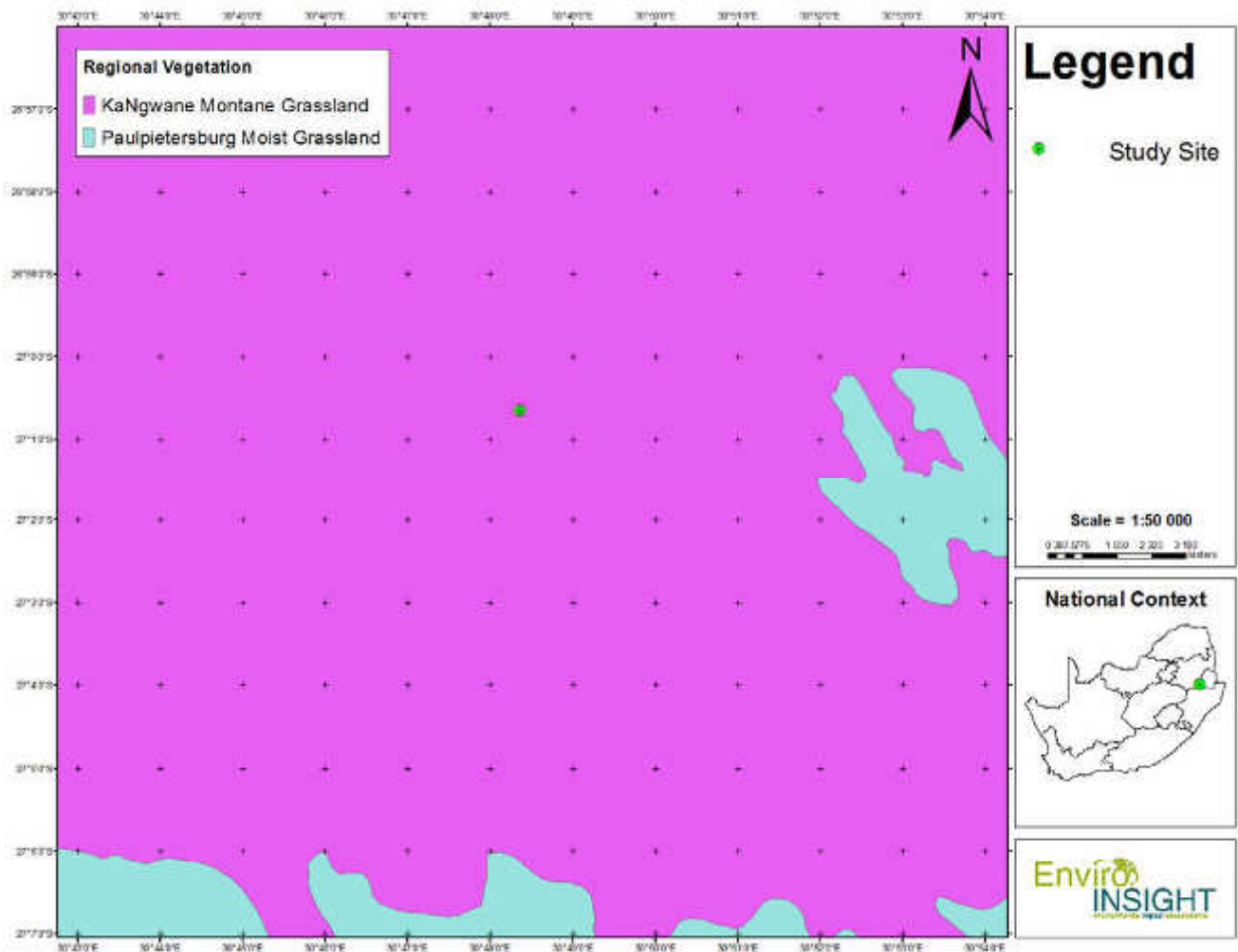
Figure 1: The study area in relation to the regional vegetation type.....	4
Figure 2: Specialist coverage and location of georeferenced photographs taken in the field.....	6
Figure 3: Mpumalanga (2014) C-Plan showing the conservation plan status of the project footprint.....	7
Figure 4: Photographic example of the Disturbed Transformed.....	9
Figure 5: Photographic example of the Disturbed Vegetated Habitat Type .....	11
Figure 6: Photographic example of the Stream/ Stream Buffer Habitat Type .....	13
Figure 7: Final Habitat Delineation of the designated study area.....	15
Figure 8: Final Habitat Sensitivity of the designated study area.....	16

## LIST OF TABLES

Table 1: Examples of current impacts observed in the study area during the survey	8
---	---

## 1 INTRODUCTION

Enviro-Insight CC was commissioned by Bokamoso to perform a basic assessment of fauna and flora for the proposed Portion of Portion 100 (Portion of Portion 1) of the farm Piet Retief Town and Townlands 149 HT; Mpumalanga Province, South Africa. This site falls entirely within the KaNgwane Montane Grassland regional vegetation unit (Figure 1; Mucina & Rutherford 2006). In addition, this vegetation type is the only vegetation unit in the immediately surrounding region. For the purposes of the study, any proposed developments should be compared against the new 2014 Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, which drives much of the approach for this study.



**Figure 1:** The study area in relation to the regional vegetation type

## 2 METHODS

### 2.1 FIELD SURVEY

A field survey was performed in March 2015 by a specialist zoologist/ ecologist where the botanical and the faunal aspects of the survey area were evaluated. This represented a wet season survey. During the field survey, the proposed development site was covered on foot and a series of georeferenced photographs were taken of the habitat attributes that would serve to drive the results and conclusions. The field survey focused on a Basic Assessment level classification of the fauna, flora, habitats as well as the potential presence of Red Data species (also referred to as Red-Listed species), which are species of conservation concern in South African (either classified as threatened by the IUCN (2014), protected by NEMBA (2014) or indeed other legislations applicable provincially or nationally). An analysis of the diversity and ecological integrity of the habitats present on site was also performed as well as the presence of indigenous vegetation with an extent of more than 1 hectare.

### 2.2 DESKTOP SURVEY

#### 2.2.1 Literature study

As mentioned above, much of the approach for this survey is based upon the National and Mpumalanga Requirements for Biodiversity Assessments. The level of this study does not warrant intensive sampling but rather serves to combine the aspects of the regional vegetation unit (obtained from Mucina and Rutherford 2006) with the field study in order to formulate a series of recommendations. Many of the potential avifaunal triggers were referenced by the Southern Africa Bird Atlas Project (SABAP 2) and Hockey *et al.* (2005). Mammal information was referenced by Skinner and Chimimba (2005) while reptiles and amphibians were referenced from Bates *et al.* (2014) and Du Preez and Carruthers (2009) respectively. It must be stated that evaluation of species of concern was considered only AFTER the field study which served to identify the potential for occurrence. Therefore, all species identified under the above mentioned references were not necessarily analysed in detail. Plants were identified using Van Oudtshoorn (2004) and Van Wyk & Van Wyk (1997). Species nomenclature follows the aforementioned references throughout this document. The applicability of the information obtained from the literature sources was evaluated for the study area and the subsequent recommendations are to be used by the client (Bokamoso) in order to drive the development process in accordance with the relevant legislation.

#### 2.2.2 GIS

Ground truthing and the use of recent satellite imagery were used to assist in the characterisation of the study area. The Mpumalanga C-Plan (2014) was also used in conjunction with ground truthing in order to verify the status of the site, which is shown in Figure 3.

### 3 RESULTS

#### 3.1 DESCRIPTION OF STUDY AREA

The specialist tracks as well as the location of the georeferenced photos are shown as Figure 2. The georeferenced photographs served to assist in both the site characterisation as well as the sensitivity analysis. Although some areas were not able to be covered fully (e.g. the north-west corner of the site), transparent fencing into disturbed areas provided more than enough clarity for accurate descriptions to be made.

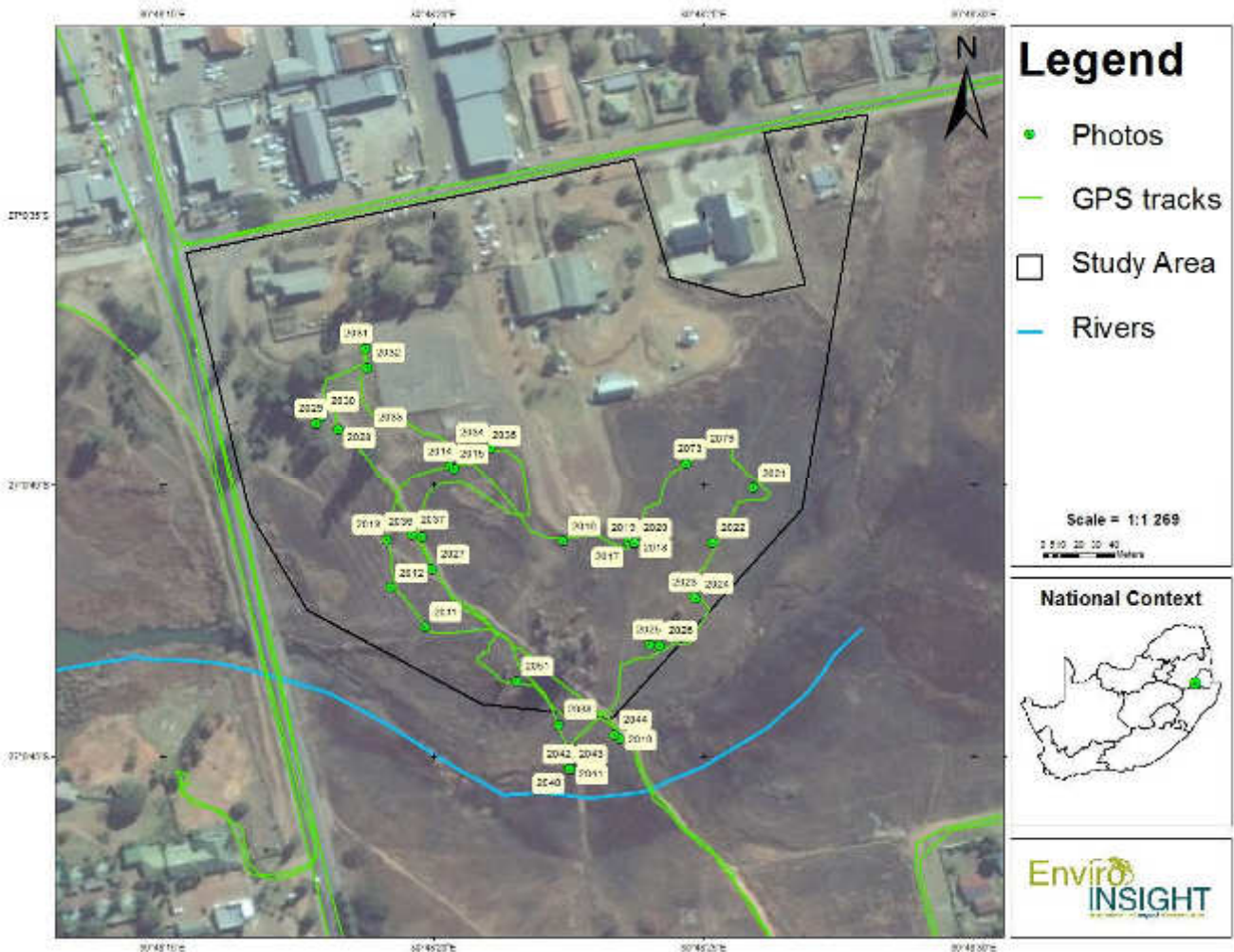
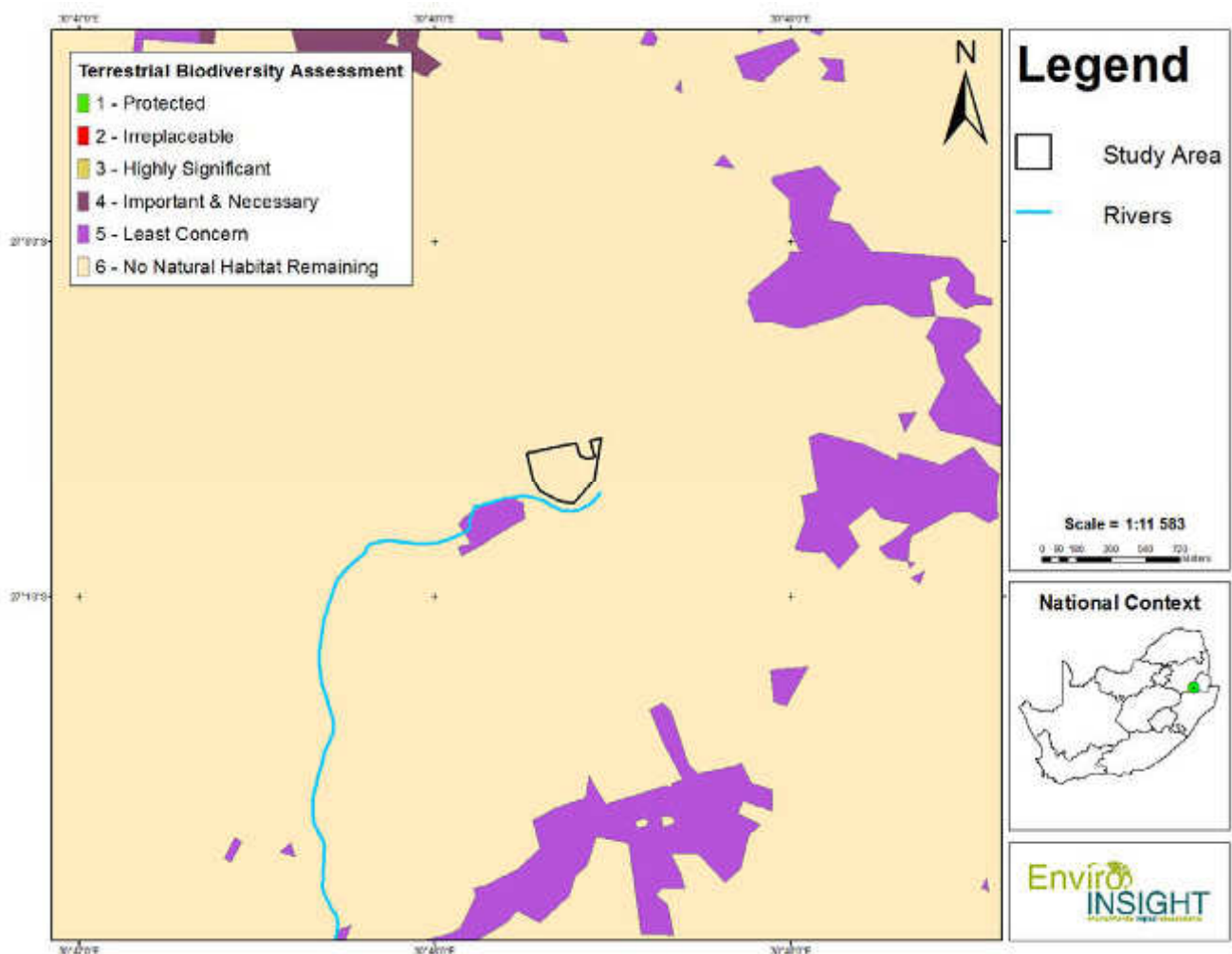


Figure 2: Specialist coverage and location of georeferenced photographs taken in the field

The study area was classified as falling entirely within the Vulnerable KaNgwane Montane Grassland regional vegetation unit which is under threat due to the low levels of protection afforded to the unit. It was evident from the ground-truthing (georeferenced photos provided in the Appendix) that much of the study area is not ecologically intact and is poorly connected to similar ecologically intact vegetation. The potential for Red Listed species is discussed below. In addition, the Mpumalanga C-Plan (2014) has classified the area as having “no natural habitat remaining”.



**Figure 3: Mpumalanga (2014) C-Plan showing the conservation plan status of the project footprint**



Significant current impacts (shown photographically in Table 1) were recorded on site, most of which related directly to the current use of the development footprint.

The most significant identified impacts on site included:

- The high densities of alien invasive / indigenous invasive species including are prevalent;
- The physical manipulation (mowing) of the grassland system;
- Adjacent road networks (fragmentation, noise and traffic effects);
- Fence related habitat fragmentation;
- Residential related presence of feral predators (cats and dogs); and
- Human density effects.

Photographic evidence of the current impacts on the site is shown in Table 1.

**Table 1:** Examples of current impacts observed in the study area during the survey

	
Physical mowing of grassland	Alien invasive plant species
	
Fence effects	Human (road) effects

The following section provides a description of each of the habitat types occurring within the study area.

### 3.2 HABITAT UNIT 1 – DISTURBED TRANSFORMED

This habitat type is characterised by building structures and development and is not considered to be ecologically functional in any way. Photographic evidence of this habitat type is shown as Figure 4.



*Figure 4: Photographic example of the Disturbed Transformed*

### 3.3 HABITAT UNIT 2- DISTURBED VEGETATED HABITAT

This habitat type was by far the most prevalent within the study area and although it shows an abundance of indigenous vegetation, it is no longer considered to be ecologically functional in any way. The habitat is characterised in a number of ways, specifically;

- Previous disturbance with secondary grass regrowth
- Cultivated lawn
- Alien invasive species

Despite the slight variations within the habitat, it is entirely classified as non-sensitive and no Red-Listed species are expected to occur. Historically, the habitat type was most likely subjected to unsupervised grazing practices, human activities and physical manipulation of the floristic structure. In regards to actual classification, this is shown by both the undifferentiated or monospecific floristic structure and low diversity of species composition.

The grass cover throughout Disturbed Vegetated habitat was significant, although the representative species were indicative of disturbance. Dominant and sub-dominant species included *Melinis repens*, *Pennisetum clandestinum* (or other lawn grasses), *Aristida congesta* subsp. *barbicolis*, *Cynodon dactylon*, *Sporobolus africanus*, *Heteropogon contortus*, *Hyparrhenia hirta* and fragments of *Cymbopogon sp.* Most of the species fell within the “Increaser” classification as described by Van Outshoorn (2004) showing low grazing value and high previous levels of disturbance, although some pockets of *Themeda triandra* were present (Decreaser).

A photographic example of the Disturbed Vegetated Habitat Type is shown as Figure 5.



*Figure 5: Photographic example of the Disturbed Vegetated Habitat Type*

### **3.4 HABITAT UNIT 3- STREAM AND STREAM BUFFER HABITAT TYPE**

The Stream and Stream Buffer Habitat type mostly occurred outside of the project footprint, although the influence of the waterway and associated buffer on and within the study area warrants further discussion. In addition, it must be stated that formal wetland delineation was beyond the scope of this study which mostly sought to classify the flora fauna on a basic assessment level. The general classification of this habitat is required in order to subsequently relate its presence to potential Red-Listed faunal species.

Overall, this habitat type was divided into the following sub-categories:

- Flowing water (stream): This habitat appeared to flow from a north-easterly to south-westerly direction to the lowest point in the study area, terminating in what is now a large artificial permanent water body (see below). The stream habitat is considered to be in functional ecological condition, despite the evaluation from the C-Plan (Mpumalanga). Rock structure and good quality riparian vegetation persists throughout this habitat type.
- Stream buffer: This system consists of linear riparian vegetation buffering the open water streams draining into the large artificial wetland described below. The vegetation type shows intact vegetation which retains aspects of the previous ecological functionality of the system.
- Large artificial permanent wetland: This water body most likely was a functioning seasonal or semi-permanent wetland and through heavy excavation, has been converted into a permanent “dam like” water body. This habitat acts as a source for wetland birds and possibly aquatic mammals although it is considered to be of peripheral importance to the development as a whole.

A photographic example of the Stream/ Stream Buffer Habitat Type is shown as Figure 6.

**Note:** A formal wetland delineation has been carried out and further classification was beyond the scope of this study, as per instructions.

### 3.5 FAUNAL SPECIES OF CONSERVATION CONCERN

Through the assessment of faunal characteristics of the site (habitat potential, evidence of the presence of faunal species etc.) as well as applying the basic assessment study performed in conjunction with the aforementioned faunal references, three faunal “trigger” species were identified and thus require further discussion. The species identified were based on a probability of occurrence (based on habitat potential and previous records) and are discussed below:

#### **Water Rat *Dasymys incomtus* (Near Threatened)**

The project footprint is intersected by a portion of intact stream drainage/stream buffer which shows a significant influence on the development area. Although water rats could be located within the site, the habitat observed is considered to be sub-optimal habitat for water rat (due to high levels of disturbance). It must be stated however that if the extension was to be developed without mitigation, the flow of the natural drainage line would be impeded significantly and riparian habitat could be eliminated. In light of this and by employing the precautionary principle (assuming that water rat is present in the area), it is concluded that simple mitigation measures could be employed by buffering the drainage line, so that free movement of animals can take place, thereby avoiding all direct impact and maintaining the existing integrity of the stream and stream buffer.

### Spotted-neck otter *Lutra maculicollis* (IUCN Near Threatened)

It was apparent that some potentially suitable migratory/dispersal habitat persists on site, characterised by the linear stream and associated buffer. However, the area is mostly sub-optimal for spotted-neck otters which prefer deep, clear pools which support large populations of fish. The conclusion for the spotted-neck otter mirrors that of the water rat above which favours simple buffering rather than intensive studies on the presence of the species which may in fact prove inconclusive.



**Figure 6:** Photographic example of the Stream/ Stream Buffer Habitat Type

### Striped Weasel *Poecilogale albinucha* (Data Deficient)

Although this species is a grassland resident and is known from the region, the sheer level of disturbance would be highly unlikely to support a viable population of striped weasels.

## 3.6 FLORAL SPECIES OF CONCERN

Based on the vegetation analysis and the observations made during the survey it is evident that the area currently does not show sound ecological functionality and no Red-Listed plant species were observed and none are expected.

## 4 DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The Discussion and Recommendation section will be driven by the legislative minimum requirements and the level of the study commissioned by the client (Basic Assessment). The section will also be broken down into the various components of Fauna, Flora and Habitats.

### 4.1 FAUNA

Due to the low habitat potential for the regional “trigger” species of conservation concern, the suggested recommendations are purely precautionary. The legislative buffering should be kept intact in order to not restrict the movement of red-listed aquatic mammals such as water rats and spotted neck otters.

### 4.2 FLORA

The primary recommendations regarding the floral assemblage relates to the buffering of the Stream/ Stream Buffer habitat as a way to maintain corridor movement of birds and aquatic faunal species. In addition, avifauna use this habitat as a corridor for movement between upstream wetland habitats and the large impoundments downstream. Finally, alien/ invasive species located within the project footprint should be subjected to the appropriate eradication program as stipulated by the recommendations of the ROD and any relevant legislation.

### 4.3 HABITAT

Although no significant ecological triggers were identified on a habitat level, the presence of stream/ stream buffer habitat within the study area does represent an elevated sensitivity for the Habitat Type. This is due to the possible occurrence of the above mentioned wetland associated faunal species. Figure 7 shows the final delineation of the study area with the identifiable Stream/ Stream Buffer area illustrated in blue, denoting the **only** area of high sensitivity. The habitat sensitivity is therefore illustrated as Figure 8. Once more it is imperative to mention that the majority of this habitat type has been subjected to formal wetland delineation and botanically, falls outside the scope of this study (as instructed by the client).

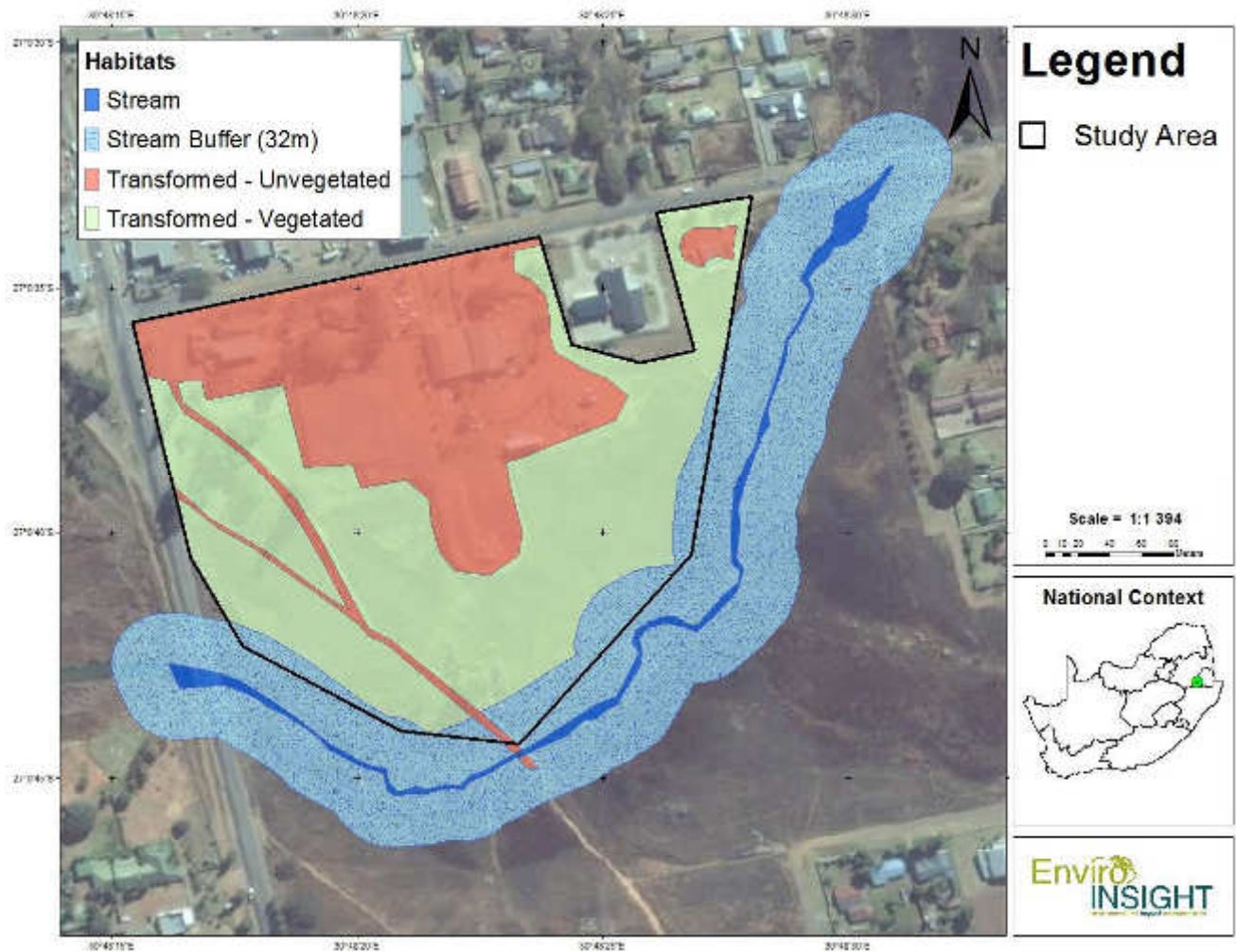


Figure 7: Final Habitat Delineation of the designated study area



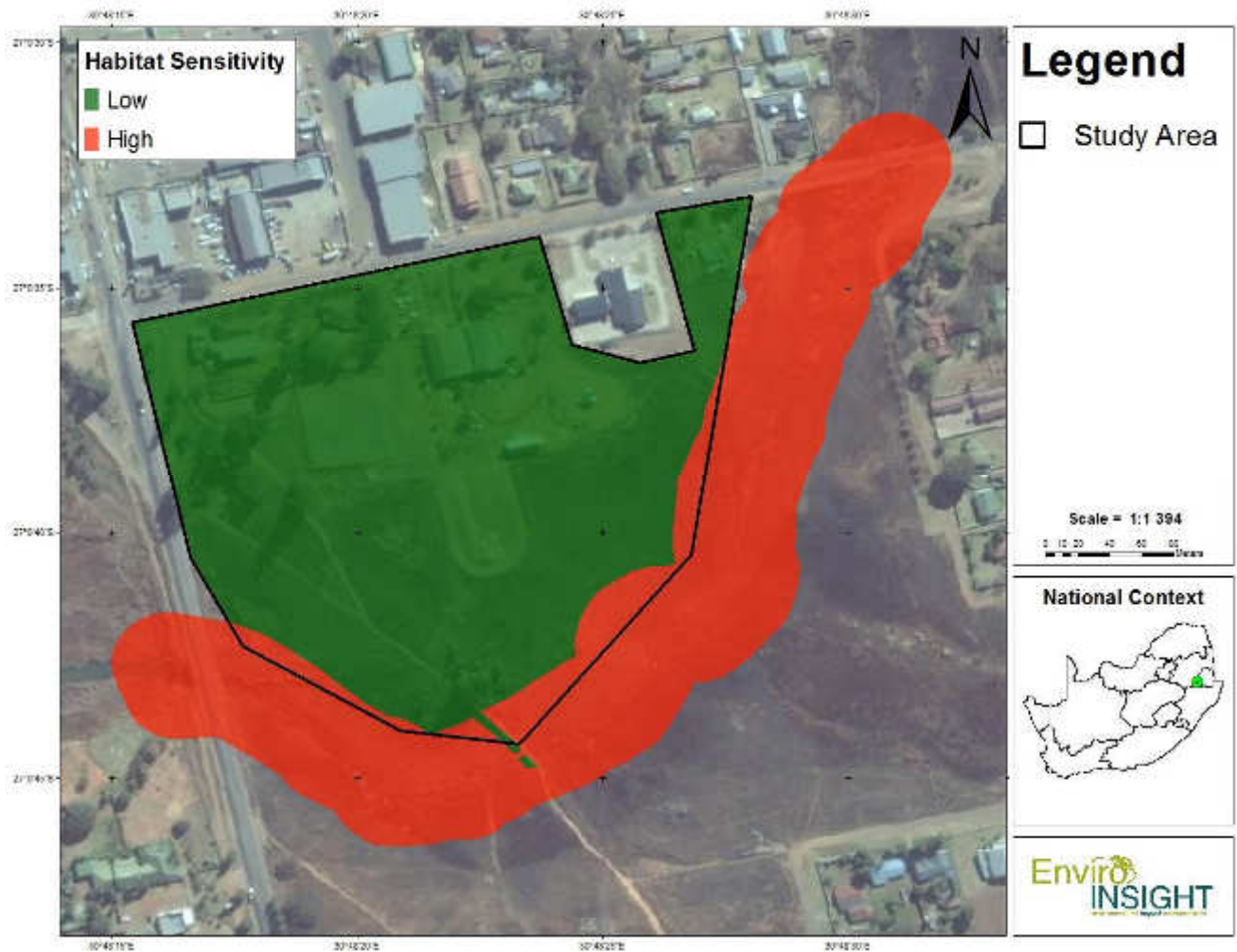


Figure 8: Final Habitat Sensitivity of the designated study area

#### 4.4 ASSESSMENT OF THE PRESENCE OF INDIGENOUS VEGETATION HABITAT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LEGISLATION

In accordance with the new legislation concerning the presence of 1 Ha or more of continuous indigenous vegetation, a summary based upon the findings of the basic assessment level study is listed below.

- The assessment identified 1 Ha or more of continuous indigenous vegetation within the study area which triggers this portion of the 2014 regulations;
- Primary climax grass swards were all but absent;
- The indigenous vegetation on site was highly manipulated and disturbed; and
- Overall and from a floristic point of view, none of the identified indigenous vegetation is considered to be highly sensitive. According to the NEMA Regulations, Indigenous vegetation is refers “to vegetation consisting of indigenous plant species occurring naturally in an area, regardless of the level of alien infestation and where the topsoil has not been lawfully disturbed during the preceding ten years”. For the study area, disturbance is continuous and on going.

#### 5 REFERENCES

DU PREEZ, L.H. & CARRUTHERS, V. 2009. A complete guide to the frogs of southern Africa. Random House Struik, Cape Town.

FROGMAP 2015. The Southern African Frog Atlas Project (SAFAP, now FrogMAP). <http://vmus.adu.org.za/>

BATES, M.F., BRANCH, W.R., BAUER, A.M., BURGER, M., MARAIS, J., ALEXANDER, G.J. & DE VILLIERS, M.S. (EDS). 2014. Atlas and Red List of the Reptiles of South Africa, Lesotho and Swaziland. Suricata 1. South African National Biodiversity Institute, Pretoria, South Africa.

HOCKEY, P.A.R., DEAN, W.R.J. & RYAN, P.G. (eds.) 2005. Roberts – Birds of Southern Africa, VIIth ed. The Trustees of the John Voelker Bird Book Fund, Cape Town.

IUCN. 2014. The IUCN red data list website. Available at [www.iucnredlist.org](http://www.iucnredlist.org) (Visited April 2014).

MUCINA, L. AND RUTHERFORD, M.C. (Eds.) 2006. The vegetation of South Africa, Lesotho and Swaziland. Strelizia 19. South African National Biodiversity Institute, Pretoria

NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT: BIODIVERSITY ACT. 2004 (act 10 of 2004): Publication of lists of critically endangered, endangered, vulnerable and protected species.



South African Bird Atlas Project (SABAP2). 2012. <http://vmus.adu.org.za/>

SANBI. 2014. Mpumalanga Biodiversity Conservation Plan (MBCP). URL: <http://bgis.sanbi.org/MBCP/project.asp>








SKINNER J.D. & CHIMIMBA, C.T. 2005. The Mammals of the Southern African Subregion (New Edition). Cambridge University Press. South Africa.  
 VAN OUDTSHOORN F. 2004. Gids tot die grasse van Suider-Afrika. Second Edition. Pretoria. Briza Publikasies  
 VAN WYK, B and VAN WYK, P. 1997. Field guide to trees of Southern Africa. Cape Town. Struik Publishers

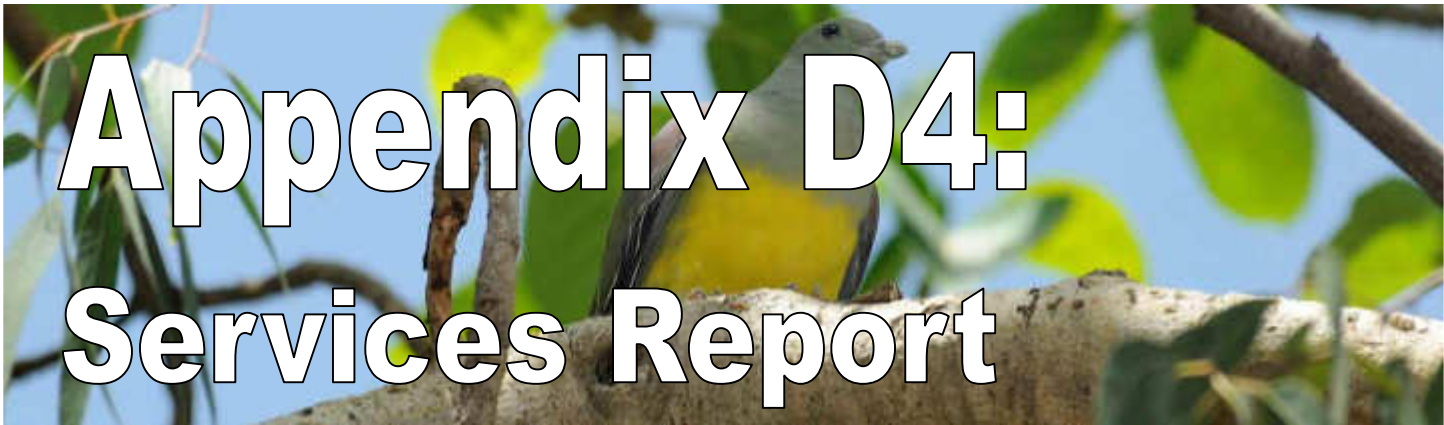
## 6 APPENDIX

*Appendix 1: Georeferenced photographs taken during the fieldwork survey (shown in Figure 2)*

			
2059	2060	2061	2062
			
2063	2064	2065	2066
			
2067	2068	2069	2070

			
2071	2072	2073	2074
			
2075	2076	2077	2078
			
2080	2081	2082	2083
			
2084	2085	2086	2087
			
2088	2089	2090	2091

			
2092	2093	2094	2095
			
2096	2097	2098	



# Appendix D4: Services Report

# ANAPROP PROPERTY MANAGEMENT



## PRELIMINARY SERVICES REPORT CIVIL INFRASTRUCTURE PIET RETIEF SHOPPING CENTRE

# NOVEMBER 2013

### **REPORT PREPARED FOR:**

Anaprop Property Management  
P.O. Box 569  
Wierdapark  
0149

### **PROJECT No.:**

L209

Tel: +27 12 656 8957  
Fax: +27 12 656 8959



### **PREPARED BY:**

Lekwa Consulting Engineers (Pty) Ltd  
PO Box 2779  
**ERMELO**  
2350

### **CONTACT:**

Tel.: (017) 819-1985  
Fax: (017) 819-4017

e-Mail: [lekwa@civilnet.co.za](mailto:lekwa@civilnet.co.za)

Revision 01

# CONTENT

1. INTRODUCTION .....	3
2. LOCATION .....	3
3. SITE DESCRIPTION.....	3
4. CIVIL INFRASTRUCTURE.....	4
4.1 General .....	4
4.2 Geotechnical conditions .....	4
4.3 Hydraulic conditions .....	4
5. ACCESS AND ROAD WAYS .....	4
5.1 Design parameters.....	4
5.2 Access road.....	5
5.3 Residential roads .....	5
5.4 Existing roads.....	5
6. STORMWATER DRAINAGE.....	5
6.1 Design parameters.....	5
6.2 Road Stormwater.....	6
6.3 Roof Stormwater.....	6
6.4 Stormwater Attenuation.....	6
7. WATER SUPPLY .....	6
7.1 Existing services .....	6
7.2 Design parameters.....	7
8. SEWAGE DISPOSAL .....	7
8.1 Existing services .....	7
8.2 Design parameters.....	7
9. FIRE FIGHTING .....	8
10. SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL.....	8
11. ELECTRIC SUPPLY.....	8
12. TELECOMMUNICATIONS .....	8
13. CONCLUSION.....	9
14. ANNEXURES.....	9



## **1. INTRODUCTION**

Messrs Anaprop (PTY) Ltd requested Lekwa Consulting Engineers (Pty) Ltd to prepare a Preliminary Engineering Services Report on the proposed Bulk Civil infrastructure for the Piet Retief shopping centre development.

The object of the Piet Retief shopping centre development is to establish a number of new commercial units. These rental units will be placed outside the 1:100 year floodline.

The purpose of this report is to provide the preliminary planning and criteria to which the civil services will be designed and constructed, and provide a working document, on which the services agreements can be formalised for the final approval of building plans.

## **2. LOCATION**

The site is referred to as a Portion of Portion 100 (a Portion of Portion 1) of the farm Piet Retief Town and Townlands 149-HT (to be known as Portion 126). The site is located on the corner of Brand Street and Kerk Street in the town of Piet Retief which is located within the Mkhondo Local Municipality area, which has jurisdiction within the Gert Sibande District Municipal area.

A locality map is attached as **Annexure 1**.

## **3. SITE DESCRIPTION**

The site is situated on the west side of the N2 national road. This is an indication that the site is well suited for the proposed development of a shopping centre.

The site has a size of approximately *7,0254 Ha* but on this site a portion of the size  $5\,235\text{ m}^2$  must be allocated for the town's local fire station. The proposed floor area will be approximately  $39\,000\text{ m}^2$  and will be for retail/business purposes.

The site slopes from the eastern boundary to the western boundary.

## **4. CIVIL INFRASTRUCTURE**

### **4.1 General**

The Civil Infrastructure will be designed in accordance with the requirements of the:

- “Red Book” – Guidelines for the provision of Engineering Services and Amenities in Residents Township Developments”
- SABS 0400: National Building Regulations; and
- SABS 0252: Drainage and Water Supply

All contract documentation will be produced in accordance with the specification as set out in SABS 1200.

### **4.2 Geotechnical conditions**

The Geotechnical considerations over the site have been dealt with in a separate report.

### **4.3 Hydraulic conditions**

All commercial units will be developed above the 1:100 year floodline.

## **5. ACCESS AND ROAD WAYS**

### **5.1 Design parameters**

The design standards to be utilised in the design of streets in developments of this nature are those as set out in the “Red Book” – Guidelines for the provision of Engineering Services and Amenities in Residents Township Developments”. All contract documentation will be produced in accordance with the specification as set out in SABS 1200. All streets will be designed above the 1: 10 year floodline level.

The access road ways are to be predominantly surfaced roads. Due to the type of development and the site conditions it is proposed that the design speed for all the traffic within the development to be 30 km/h. This reduces the allowable driving speed in the property thus reducing speed, along with creating safe environment for pedestrians.

It is intended that the design of the vertical alignment be flexible so that adjustments can be made to best suit the topography and any physical constraints found on site during the construction phase.

## **5.2 Access road**

Access to the site will be from the Brand Street which intersects with the N2 national road or access can be obtained from the national road N2.

The access road way will be designed to have a crossfall and would have a permanent surface with the width of 6,0 m. The access road will have asphalt or paved surface determined by the material used in the parking area of the shopping centre.

The access road way will be designed for traffic comprising almost entirely passenger vehicles and light single axle heavy vehicles with a maximum loading of 9 tons per axle. The heaviest expected loading on the road network will be the construction traffic.

## **5.3 Residential roads**

There will be no residential roads in this development site.

## **5.4 Existing roads**

The only existing roads are those adjacent to the development site which will be used to gain access to the site. These are known as Brand Street and the national road N2 (Kerk Street).

# **6. STORMWATER DRAINAGE**

## **6.1 Design parameters**

The stormwater network of the development site must convey all surface stormwater run-off (both road and roof discharge) to the existing stormwater network serving the town of Piet Retief.

Due to the predisposition of the existing soils to erosion, it is imperative that effective stormwater erosion control measures be implemented both during and following construction of the civil infrastructure.

## **6.2 Road Stormwater**

Stormwater on the parking area surface can be conveyed to open channels which can be covered by steel grids. These open channels can be built across the parking area to effectively catch all stormwater and these channels can be further used to convey the stormwater to the municipal stormwater network.

The stormwater can also be caught at collection points, and a network can be designed underneath the parking surface area to lead stormwater to the existing municipal stormwater networks.

These networks must be designed to create a controlled discharge into the existing municipal stormwater networks.

## **6.3 Roof Stormwater**

All stormwater collected from roof runoff will be collected at a central point at each shop unit or drained into the design open channels. These structures can be constructed in such a manner as to lead the water into the municipal networks with a controlled discharge rate.

Efficient scour protection and filtration systems will be required at all discharge points to maintain the integrity of the water quality flow and control the erosion protection at these points.

## **6.4 Stormwater Attenuation**

It is not anticipated that any stormwater attenuation will form part of the stormwater management of the proposed development.

# **7. WATER SUPPLY**

Mkhondo Municipality is the Water Services Authority (WSA) and the Water Services Provider (WSP) for Piet Retief and is responsible for the provision of water services within its area of jurisdiction.

## **7.1 Existing services**

An existing water connection is available and is currently being utilized by the present land occupiers.

The site is currently zoned as municipal and the existing rights allows for 75% coverage for Municipal purposes. As the property forms part

of an existing township, the existing network would have been designed/sized for these existing rights. According to the “Red Book” the annual average water demand for Government and Municipal is the same as for Offices and Shops. It is therefore foreseen that the current water network and connection should have sufficient capacity.

## **7.2 Design parameters**

The estimated water demand per office or shop unit as per “Red book” is 400 litres per day / 100m<sup>2</sup> of gross floor area. The instantaneous peak factor in the mains of the development is determined by converting the type of development to “equivalent erven” according to the design annual average demand. The accepted basis for design is: one equivalent erven (ee) has an annual average daily demand of 1 000 litres.

The peak factors will be calculated based on the final layout of the development. The peak factor is expected to be around 4.

The water demand for this development is therefore estimated at 156 kℓ per day.

## **8. SEWAGE DISPOSAL**

Mkhondo municipality is the Water Services Authority (WSA) and the Water Services Provider (WSP) for Piet Retief and is responsible for the provision of water services within its area of jurisdiction.

### **8.1 Existing services**

An existing sewer connection is available and is currently being utilized by the present land occupiers.

As stated previously the property forms part of an existing township and the existing connections would have been designed/sized for these existing rights. It is therefore foreseen that the current sewer network and connection should have sufficient capacity.

### **8.2 Design parameters**

The estimated sewage outflow per unit of any sort as per “Red Book” standards is estimated as 80% of the water demand of that specific unit. In addition a 15% Stormwater infiltration rate will be allowed for.

A four meter wide Servitude line is proposed to be constructed to the south side of the development site, this proposed sewer line runs across the site from the eastern side to the western side of the development site. The topography of the area will have to be considered during the design process and the viability of this option considered.

The sewer flow for this development is therefore estimated at 6,6 l/s. An Ø110 mm sewer pipe installed at minimum 1:95 at 80% full flow will have sufficient capacity. The minimum pipe diameter should be determined taking this minimum requirement and the requirements of the National Building Regulations into consideration.

## **9. FIRE FIGHTING**

All fire-fighting controls will be in accordance with the National Building Regulations as set out in the section for dealing with fire fighting and in accordance with “Red Book” standards

This proposed development will be considered as a High-risk area.

## **10. SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL**

Mkhondo Municipality has a refuse removal service operating in the area. Mkhondo Municipality will be responsible for the removal and disposal of the solid waste generated by the proposed development.

## **11. ELECTRIC SUPPLY**

An existing electrical connection is available and the final size of the connection will be determined by the type of facilities that will be accommodated in the centre.

At a later stage, when this information is available, will the size of the final connection be determined.

## **12. TELECOMMUNICATIONS**

The supply of telecommunications will be the responsibility of Telkom and any upgrades required to deliver a service to the proposed development will be their responsibility.

The area of the proposed development is in a good mobile phone reception area.

### **13. CONCLUSION**

The maintenance of all services on the property will be the responsibility of the land owners. The Mkhondo Municipality will have to agree to supply all services as discussed in this report.

All aspects of the design for both the bulk and internal services will generally be designed in accordance with the “Red Book” – Guidelines for Human Settlement planning and design and will be constructed in accordance with the requirements and specifications of SABS 1200.

As per the “Red Book” it is indicated that the water demand and sewerage flows for Retail/Business and Government/Municipal are the same. The development will be done with reduced floor area rights and therefore the water demand and sewerage flows will also reduce. As the existing water- and sewer networks would have been designed for the existing rights, it can be motivated that there will be sufficient capacity in the existing networks.

This report serves as preliminary planning for the civil infrastructure of proposed shopping centre development in Piet Retief and therefore some information and designs may change when the detail design commences.

Prior to the commencement of the detailed design stage the following information is required:

1. Specifications regarding the electric supply available to the development site currently must be discussed with representatives from Mkhondo Municipality and must be specified.

### **14. ANNEXURES**

#### **Annexure 1: Locality map**



31 March 2014

**Mkhondo Local Municipality**  
Cnr. Market and De Wet Street  
Piet Retief  
2380

**Att:** Mr. Madubula Mabuza**MALL@PIET RETIEF: SEWERAGE DRAINAGE**

Sotiralis Consulting Engineers (Pty) Ltd was appointed by Zarafusion (Pty) Ltd to administrate the design, monitoring and planning of the structural and civil engineering components for the proposed new Mall@Piet Retief shopping mall, situated on Portion 126 of Piet Retief town and Town lands 149HT.

As per the Guidelines for Human Settlement Planning and Design "RED BOOK" the estimated daily sewerage flow for the proposed new shopping mall development will be as follows:

LAND USE	COVERAGE	DAILY SEWERAGE FLOW (AS PER THE "RED BOOK")	ESTIMATED EXPECTED SEWERAGE FLOW
Special for Business (7.0254ha)	60%	400 litres per day / 100m <sup>2</sup> of gross floor area	168.61 Kℓ/day
<b>TOTAL ESTIMATED DAILY WATER DEMEND</b>			<b>168.61 Kℓ/day</b>

The current estimated daily sewerage flow, based on the existing land use rights of the property, can be summarized as follows (please refer to the attached document for a copy of the current, existing, land use rights of the property):

LAND USE	COVERAGE	DAILY SEWERAGE FLOW (AS PER THE "RED BOOK")	ESTIMATED CURRENT SEWERAGE FLOW
Municipal (7.0254ha)	75%	400 litres per day / 100m <sup>2</sup> of gross floor area	210.76 Kℓ/day
<b>TOTAL ESTIMATED DAILY WATER DEMEND</b>			<b>210.76 Kℓ/day</b>

As per the above it is evident that the estimated daily sewerage flow for the new proposed development will be less than the current allocated daily sewerage flow for the property as per the existing land use rights. We therefore foresee that the existing municipal outfall sewer pipeline and the existing municipal Sewerage Treatment Facility for the area should be sufficient to cater for sewerage flow from the proposed new development.



An existing municipal outfall sewer pipeline, of which the size is unknown at this stage, is located along the southern boundary of the proposed new development. According to the survey obtained from the site it seems that the capacity of this pipeline can be estimated as follows for different pipe sizes:

- 160mmØ Pipe : ± 20l/s @ 80% Capacity
- 200mmØ Pipe : ± 60l/s @ 80% Capacity
- 300mmØ Pipe : ± 128l/s @ 80% Capacity

The sewerage network from the proposed new development will connect directly to this existing municipal outfall sewer pipeline.

***We herewith request confirmation that the Mkhondo Local Municipality is in agreement with the above and that the sewer drainage network of the new Mall@Piet Retief development can connect directly to the existing municipal outfall sewer pipeline south of the proposed new development.***

***Due to the urgent nature of the requested feedback as per above, confirmation needs to be obtained by latest closing of business coming Friday, 04 April 2014. If no feedback has been received by the said date, it will be assumed that the Mkhondo Local Municipality is in agreement with the above.***

You are welcome to contact us should you require any additional information.

Kind Regards



Kobus van Deventer

For and on behalf of

Sotiralis Consulting Engineers (Pty) Ltd

Tel: +27 12 991 0516

Fax: +27 12 991 0436

PO Box 1829

Faerie Glen

0043

# MKHONDO MUNICIPALITY MUNISIPALITEIT

All correspondence must go to  
DE MUNISIPALE BESTUURDER

All correspondence to be addressed to  
THE MUNICIPAL MANAGER



Navrae/Enquiries:  
Bheki Bhengu

Verw./Ref.  
Portion 100 (Ptn of Ptn 1) of Plot Relief  
Town and Townlands No. 149-HT

## DEPARTMENT OF CORPORATE SERVICES: TOWN PLANNING, HUMAN SETTLEMENTS AND BUILDING CONTROL

### A. OWNER

NAME:

Mkhondo Municipality

### B. DETAILS OF STAND

1. STAND NUMBER:

Ptn 100 (Ptn of Ptn 1) of Plot Relief  
Town and Townlands No. 149-HT

2. PHYSICAL LOCATION:

Brand Street

3. TOWN:

Plot Relief

4. SUBURB:

Plot Relief

5. EXTENTION:

0

6. AREA OF STAND:

7, 0254 Hectares

### C. DETAILS REGARDING DESTINATION AND CONDITIONS OF DEVELOPMENT OR ZONING

1. CONSENT USE:

None

2. ZONING:

Municipal

3. PRIMARY LAND USES:

Municipal Purposes

4. SECONDARY LAND USE (with consent)

Dwelling units, Residential buildings, Institutions, special uses, sports and recreation clubs

5. PROHIBITED USE:

Noxious industrial activities.

shopping centre

Check if it can be done by consent

(017) 826 8100

(017) 826 3129/8102

23 Plot Relief 2380

Indien u dienskring, sal op skriftelike versoek gerig lêre sake die nu  
swem hierin, 'n soorgelike brief la Abhokwa aan u gerig word.

On written request made within seven days from the date hereof  
a similar letter in English will be addressed to you if you so desire.

**6. PARKING REQUIREMENTS:**

Adequate and paved parking, together with the necessary manoeuvring area, shall be provided on the property for the Use Zones and uses to the satisfaction of the local authority.

**7. FLOOR AREA RATIO (FAR):**

Residential buildings 1,2 and other buildings 2,1

**8. HEIGHT ZONE:**

0

**9. COVERAGE:**

Dwelling houses 50%, Residential buildings 40%, and Other buildings 75%.

**10. BUILDING LINES:**

6 metres along street boundaries and 2 metres on other boundaries.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
MR. BHEKI BHENGU  
ADMIN CLERK TOWN PLANNING  
MKHONDO MUNICIPALITY

15-11-2012  
DATE



31 March 2014

**Mkhondo Local Municipality**  
Cnr. Market and De Wet Street  
Piet Retief  
2380

**Att:** Mr. Madubula Mabuza

**MALL@PIET RETIEF: SOLID WASTE REMOVAL**

Sotiralis Consulting Engineers (Pty) Ltd was appointed by Zarafusion (Pty) Ltd to administrate the design, monitoring and planning of the structural and civil engineering components for the proposed new Mall@Piet Retief shopping mall, situated on Portion 126 of Piet Retief town and Town lands 149HT.

Solid waste from the proposed new development will be collected on site and will be disposed of at the existing municipal landfill site.

***We herewith request confirmation that the Mkhondo Local Municipality is in agreement with the above and that the solid waste of the new Mall@Piet Retief can be disposed of into the existing municipal landfill site.***

***Due to the urgent nature of the requested feedback as per above, confirmation needs to be obtained by latest closing of business coming Friday, 04 April 2014. If no feedback has been received by the said date, it will be assumed that the Mkhondo Local Municipality is in agreement with the above.***

You are welcome to contact us should you require any additional information.

Kind Regards



Kobus van Deventer

For and on behalf of

Sotiralis Consulting Engineers (Pty) Ltd

Tel: +27 12 991 0516

Fax: +27 12 991 0436

PO Box 1829

Faerie Glen

0043



31 March 2014

**Mkhondo Local Municipality**  
Cnr. Market and De Wet Street  
Piet Retief  
2380

**Att:** Mr. Madubula Mabuza

**MALL@PIET RETIEF: WATER SUPPLY**

Sotiralis Consulting Engineers (Pty) Ltd was appointed by Zarafusion (Pty) Ltd to administrate the design, monitoring and planning of the structural and civil engineering components for the proposed new Mall@Piet Retief shopping mall, situated on Portion 126 of Piet Retief town and Town lands 149HT.

As per the Guidelines for Human Settlement Planning and Design "RED BOOK" the estimated daily water demand for the proposed new shopping mall development will be as follows:

LAND USE	COVERAGE	DAILY WATER DEMAND (AS PER THE "RED BOOK")	ESTIMATED EXPECTED WATER DEMEND
Special for Business (7.0254ha)	60%	400 litres per day / 100m <sup>2</sup> of gross floor area	168.61 Kℓ/day
<b>TOTAL ESTIMATED DAILY WATER DEMEND</b>			<b>168.61 Kℓ/day</b>

The current estimated daily water demand, based on the existing land use rights of the property, can be summarized as follows (please refer to the attached document for a copy of the current, existing, land use rights of the property):

LAND USE	COVERAGE	DAILY WATER DEMAND (AS PER THE "RED BOOK")	ESTIMATED CURRENT WATER DEMEND
Municipal (7.0254ha)	75%	400 litres per day / 100m <sup>2</sup> of gross floor area	210.76 Kℓ/day
<b>TOTAL ESTIMATED DAILY WATER DEMEND</b>			<b>210.76 Kℓ/day</b>

As per the above it is evident that the estimated daily water demand for the new proposed development will be less than the current allocated daily water supply for the property as per the existing land use rights. We therefore foresee that the existing municipal bulk water supply to the area should be sufficient to supply the new proposed development with potable water.

The existing water supply point to the property will be utilized for the water connection to the new shopping centre and will be upgraded to a 160mmØ water connection and bulk water meter.

***We herewith request confirmation that the Mkhondo Local Municipality is in agreement with the above and that the water supply to the new Mall@Piet Retief development can be obtained from the existing municipal bulk water supply pipeline in the vicinity of the proposed new development.***

***Due to the urgent nature of the requested feedback as per above, confirmation needs to be obtained by latest closing of business coming Friday, 04 April 2014. If no feedback has been received by the said date, it will be assumed that the Mkhondo Local Municipality is in agreement with the above.***

You are welcome to contact us should you require any additional information.

Kind Regards



Kobus van Deventer

For and on behalf of

Sotiralis Consulting Engineers (Pty) Ltd

Tel: +27 12 991 0516

Fax: +27 12 991 0436

---

PO Box 1829

Facrie Glen

0043

# MKHONDO MUNICIPALITY MUNICIPALITEIT

Alle Korrespondensie moet gerig word aan  
DIE MUNISIPALE BESTUURDER

All Correspondence to be addressed to  
THE MUNICIPAL MANAGER



Navrae/Enquiries:  
Bhekil Bhengu

Verw./Ref.  
Portion 100 (Ptn of Ptn 1) of Piet Retief  
Town and Townlands No. 149-HT

## DEPARTMENT OF CORPORATE SERVICES, TOWN PLANNING, HUMAN SETTLEMENTS AND BUILDING CONTROL

### A. OWNER

NAME:

Mkhondo Municipality

### B. DETAILS OF STAND

1. STAND NUMBER:

Ptn 100 (Ptn of Ptn 1) of Piet Retief  
Town and Townlands No. 149-HT

2. PHYSICAL LOCATION:

Brand Street

3. TOWN:

Piet Retief

4. SUBURB:

Piet Retief

5. EXTENTION:

0

6. AREA OF STAND:

7, 0254 Hectares

### C. DETAILS REGARDING DESTINATION AND CONDITIONS OF DEVELOPMENT OF ZONING

1. CONSENT USE:

None

2. ZONING:

Municipal

3. PRIMARY LAND USES:

Municipal Purposes

4. SECONDARY LAND USE (with consent)

Dwelling units, Residential buildings, Institutions, special uses, sports and recreation clubs

5. PROHIBITED USE:

Noxious industrial activities.

shopping centre

Check if it can be done by concept

(017) 826 8100

(017) 826 3129/8102

23 Piet Retief 2380

Indica u aanvraging, sal op die volgende verskeie gerig blyns. streeke die na  
diesem tiens, 'n konsepplan blyk la Abtinas aan u gerig word.

On written request municipalities within seven days from the date thereof  
a similar letter in English will be addressed to you if you so desire.

**6. PARKING REQUIREMENTS:**

Adequate and paved parking, together with the necessary manoeuvring area, shall be provided on the property for the Use Zones and uses to the satisfaction of the local authority.

**7. FLOOR AREA RATIO (FAR):**

Residential buildings 1,2 and other buildings 2,1

**8. HEIGHT ZONE:**

0

**9. COVERAGE:**

Dwelling houses 50%, Residential buildings 40%, and Other buildings 75%.

**10. BUILDING LINES:**

6 metres along street boundaries and 2 metres on other boundaries.

  
MR. BHEKI BHENGU  
ADMIN CLERK TOWN PLANNING  
MKHONDO MUNICIPALITY

15.11.2012  
DATE



24 March 2014

**Mkhondo Local Municipality**  
Cnr. Market and De Wet Street  
Piet Retief  
2380

**Att:** Mr. Madubula Mabuza

**MALL@PIET RETIEF: WATER DEMANDS AND SEWERAGE FLOWS**

Sotiralis Consulting Engineers (Pty) Ltd was appointed by Zarafusion (Pty) Ltd to administrate the design, monitoring and planning of the structural and civil engineering components for the proposed new Mall@Piet Retief shopping mall, situated on Portion 126 of Piet Retief town and Town lands 149HT, and the proposed new Municipal structures on a Portion of Portion 123 of Piet Retief Town and Town lands 149HT.

The purpose of this letter is to give an indication to the local council of the expected estimated sewerage flows and water demands of the proposed new developments on the above mentioned properties. An indication will also be given on the estimated existing water demands and sewerage flows based on the current land uses.

The following is a summary of the estimated existing water demands and sewerage flows based on the current land uses:

PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT SITE	EXISTING LAND USE	EXISTING COVERAGE USES	DAILY WATER DEMAND & SEWERAGE FLOW	ESTIMATED EXISTING WATER DEMEND & SEWERAGE FLOW
<b>ESTIMATED EXISTING DAILY WATER DEMAND</b>				
Mall site	Municipal (7.0254ha)	75%	400 litres per day / 100m <sup>2</sup> of gross floor area	210.76 Kℓ/day
New Municipal Site	Public open Space	N/A	N/A	0.00 Kℓ/day
<b>TOTAL ESTIMATED DAILY WATER DEMEND</b>				<b>210.76 Kℓ/day</b>
<b>ESTIMATED EXISTING DAILY SEWERAGE FLOWS</b>				
Mall site	Municipal (7.0254ha)	75%	400 litres per day / 100m <sup>2</sup> of gross floor area	210.76 Kℓ/day
New Municipal Site	Public open Space	N/A	N/A	0.00 Kℓ/day
<b>TOTAL ESTIMATED DAILY SEWERAGE FLOWS</b>				<b>210.76 Kℓ/day</b>

An existing Municipal outfall sewer pipeline, of which the size is unknown at this stage, is located along the southern boundary of the proposed new development. According to the survey obtained from the site it seems that the capacity of this pipeline can be estimated as follows for different pipe sizes:

- 160mmØ Pipe : ± 20l/s @ 80% Capacity
- 200mmØ Pipe : ± 60l/s @ 80% Capacity
- 300mmØ Pipe : ± 128l/s @ 80% Capacity

The following is a summary of the expected estimated water demands and sewerage flows for the proposed new developments:

PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT SITE	NEW LAND USE	COVERAGE	DAILY WATER DEMAND & SEWERAGE FLOW	ESTIMATED EXPECTED WATER DEMAND & SEWERAGE FLOW
<b>ESTIMATED DAILY WATER DEMAND</b>				
Mall site	Special for Business (7.0254ha)	60%	400 litres per day / 100m <sup>2</sup> of gross floor area	168.61 Kℓ/day
New Municipal Site	Municipal	Building Area: ±588m <sup>2</sup>	400 litres per day / 100m <sup>2</sup> of gross floor area	2.35 Kℓ/day
<b>TOTAL ESTIMATED DAILY WATER DEMAND</b>				<b>170.96 Kℓ/day</b>
<b>ESTIMATED DAILY SEWERAGE FLOWS</b>				
Mall site	Special for Business (7.0254ha)	60%	400 litres per day / 100m <sup>2</sup> of gross floor area	168.61 Kℓ/day
New Municipal Site	Municipal	Building Area: ±588m <sup>2</sup>	400 litres per day / 100m <sup>2</sup> of gross floor area	2.35 Kℓ/day
<b>TOTAL ESTIMATED DAILY SEWERAGE FLOWS</b>				<b>170.96 Kℓ/day</b>

All above calculations are based on the requirements as per the Guidelines for Human Settlement Planning and Design "RED BOOK".

You are welcome to contact us should you require any additional information.

Kind Regards



Kobus van Deventer

For and on behalf of

Sotiralis Consulting Engineers (Pty) Ltd

Tel: +27 12 991 0516

Fax: +27 12 991 0436

PO Box 1829

Faerie Glen

0043



Enquiries: **MA.Jele**  
**Water and Sanitation Division**

Date: 15 July 2015

**Polla Scholtz**  
**Mall@reds**  
**1<sup>st</sup> Floor**  
**Cnr Rooi Huiskraal and Hendrick Verwoerd**

**Subject: CONFIRMATION OF SERVICES FOR THE MALL AND TRAFFIC DEPARTMENT OFFICES**

The letter serves to confirm the availability of water, sewer and electricity services for the shopping mall and the traffic department that is to be constructed in eMkhondo (Piet Retief).

**Water Services**

The municipality do have the capacity to provide water to the two developments at a pressure of 3-5 bar.

**Sewer Services**

The development is responsible to upgrade the outfall sewer system through construction of holding or balance tank, approximately 500m<sup>3</sup>.

**Electricity**

The municipality is in a process of upgrading electric main substation, as a result the municipality do confirm availability of electric to the development.

NB:

Yours Sincerely

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'MJS. Mabuza', written over a horizontal line.

**Mr. MJS. Mabuza**  
**Acting Municipal Manager**  
**Mkhondo Local Municipality**



- NOTES:**
1. ALL MATERIAL AND WORKMANSHIP MUST COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE LATEST RELEVANT SANS CODES.
  2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN METERS, UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
  3. DO NOT SCALE FROM THIS DRAWING.
  4. ALL DIMENSIONS AND SETTING OUT POINTS MUST BE CHECKED AND APPROVED ON SITE BEFORE CONSTRUCTION COMMENCES.
  5. FINAL POSITION OF EXISTING SERVICES TO BE CONFIRMED ON SITE BY CONTRACTOR.
  6. ALL EXISTING SERVICES TO BE EXPOSED BY HAND EXCAVATION AND INVERT LEVELS TO BE PROVIDED TO THE ENGINEER IN WRITING BEFORE CONSTRUCTION COMMENCES.
  7. ALL STORMWATER PIPES SHALL BE A MINIMUM 450mm DIAMETER INTERLOCKING JOINT CLASS 50D AND SHALL COMPLY WITH SANS 677. UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED, CONCRETE PRECAST MANHOLES TO BE SEALED WATERTIGHT WITH EPOXY SEALER SUCH AS EPIDEXIMIX 344 OR PRO-STRUCT 687.
  8. ENGINEER OR THE ENGINEER'S REPRESENTATIVE TO BE INVITED FOR INSPECTIONS ACCORDING TO SICE CIVIL ENGINEERING INSPECTION NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.
  9. CLEAN EXISTING STORMWATER INLETS AND REPAIR WHERE NECESSARY (IF APPLICABLE).
  10. KERB INLET STRUCTURES (STEEL FRAME AND PRECAST COVERS), TO COMPLY WITH SICE STANDARD DRAWING SCE-SW003 (02/2003).
  11. ALL STORMWATER JUNCTION BOX, MANHOLE AND COVER SLAB DETAILS TO COMPLY WITH SICE STANDARD DRAWING SCE-SW003/04/005/006/007.
  12. ALL STORMWATER PIPE TRENCHES, BEDDING AND BACKFILLING TO COMPLY WITH SICE STANDARD DRAWING SCE-SW09.
  13. MINIMUM FALL THROUGH ANY MANHOLE IS 80mm, UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
  14. ALL STORMWATER PIPES TO BE LAID SOFFIT TO SOFFIT.
  15. CONTRACTOR TO COMPLY WITH THE OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY ACT (85 OF 1993), THE CONSTRUCTION REGULATIONS OF 2014 AND ALL RELEVANT REGULATIONS AS WELL AS THEIR AMENDMENTS.
  16. CONTRACTOR TO IMMEDIATELY REPORT ANY DAMAGE TO EXISTING SERVICES IN WRITING TO THE ENGINEER OR THE ENGINEER'S REPRESENTATIVE.
  17. ON COMPLETION OF STORMWATER INSTALLATION, CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE COMPLETE AS-BUILT INFORMATION TO THE ENGINEER.

- LEGEND:**
- SW — PROPOSED STORMWATER LINE
  - EXSW — EXISTING STORMWATER LINE
  - MH — PROPOSED MANHOLE
  - O — EXISTING MANHOLE
  - JB — PROPOSED JUNCTION BOX
  - X — EXISTING JUNCTION BOX
  - JBMH — PROPOSED JUNCTION BOX WITH MANHOLE
  - X — EXISTING JUNCTION BOX WITH MANHOLE
  - GI — PROPOSED GRID INLET
  - X — EXISTING GRID INLET
  - LGI — PROPOSED LONG GRID INLET
  - X — EXISTING LONG GRID INLET
  - FI — PROPOSED FIELD INLET
  - X — EXISTING FIELD INLET
  - KI — PROPOSED KERB INLET
  - X — EXISTING KERB INLET
  - (0/0/0) — TRANSITION LENGTH UPSTREAM (US)
  - (CP) — CATCHPIT LENGTH (CP)
  - (DS) — TRANSITION LENGTH DOWNSTREAM (DS)
  - (DS) — FLOW DIRECTION OF STORMWATER
  - 2% — PERCENTAGE AND DIRECTION OF ROAD SLOPE
  - VAL — STORMWATER VALLEY LINE
  - SUB — STORMWATER SUBSOIL LINE
  - 100 — ERF BOUNDARY
  - 100 — 1:100 YEAR FLOODLINE
  - B — BENCHMARK
  - SWXXX — STORMWATER SETTING OUT POINT
  - [Hatched] — PROPOSED BUILDING
  - [Dotted] — VEGETATION
  - [Wavy] — EARTH BERM

**REFERENCE DRAWINGS:**  
3470-BM-L01 BENCHMARK LAYOUT PLAN

ALL WORK TO SANS 1200

NO	DATE	DESCRIPTION	DESIGN	DRAWN
A	2014-11-14	FOR INFORMATION	KVD	SC



CLIENT: ANAPROP PROPERTY MANAGEMENT

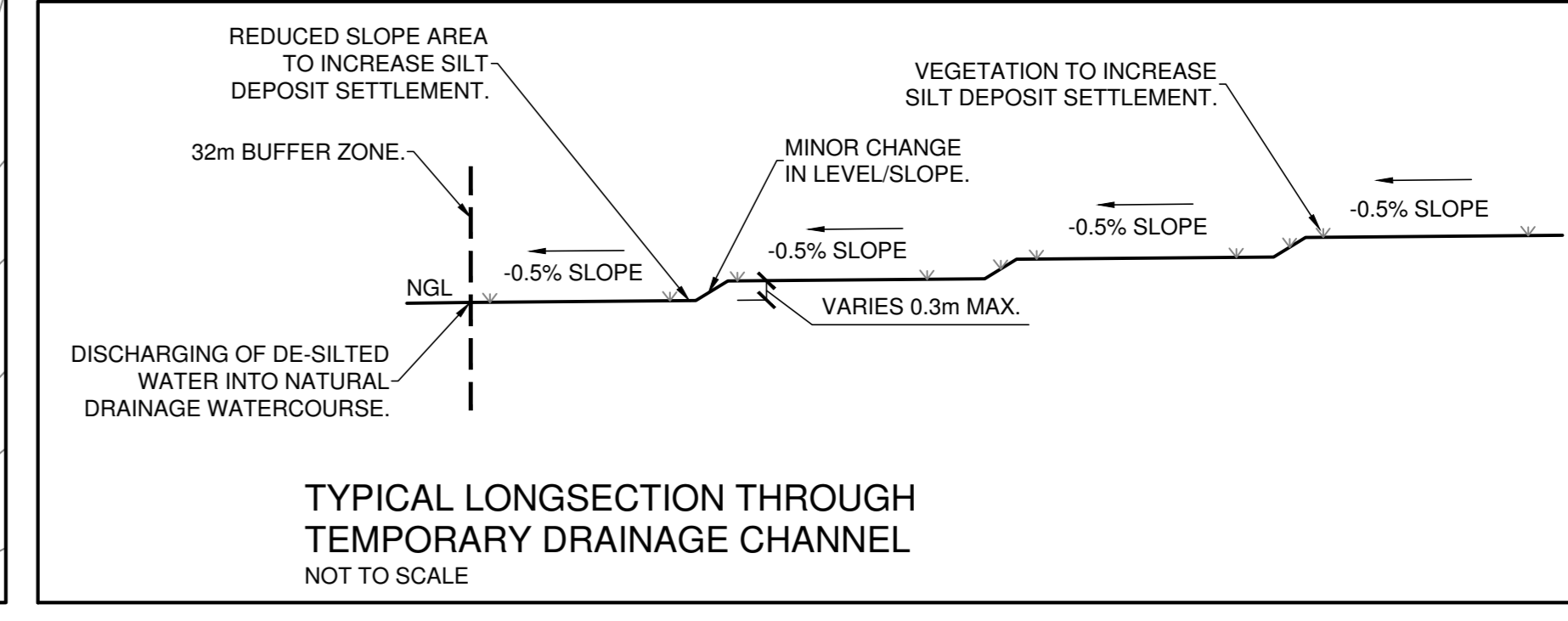
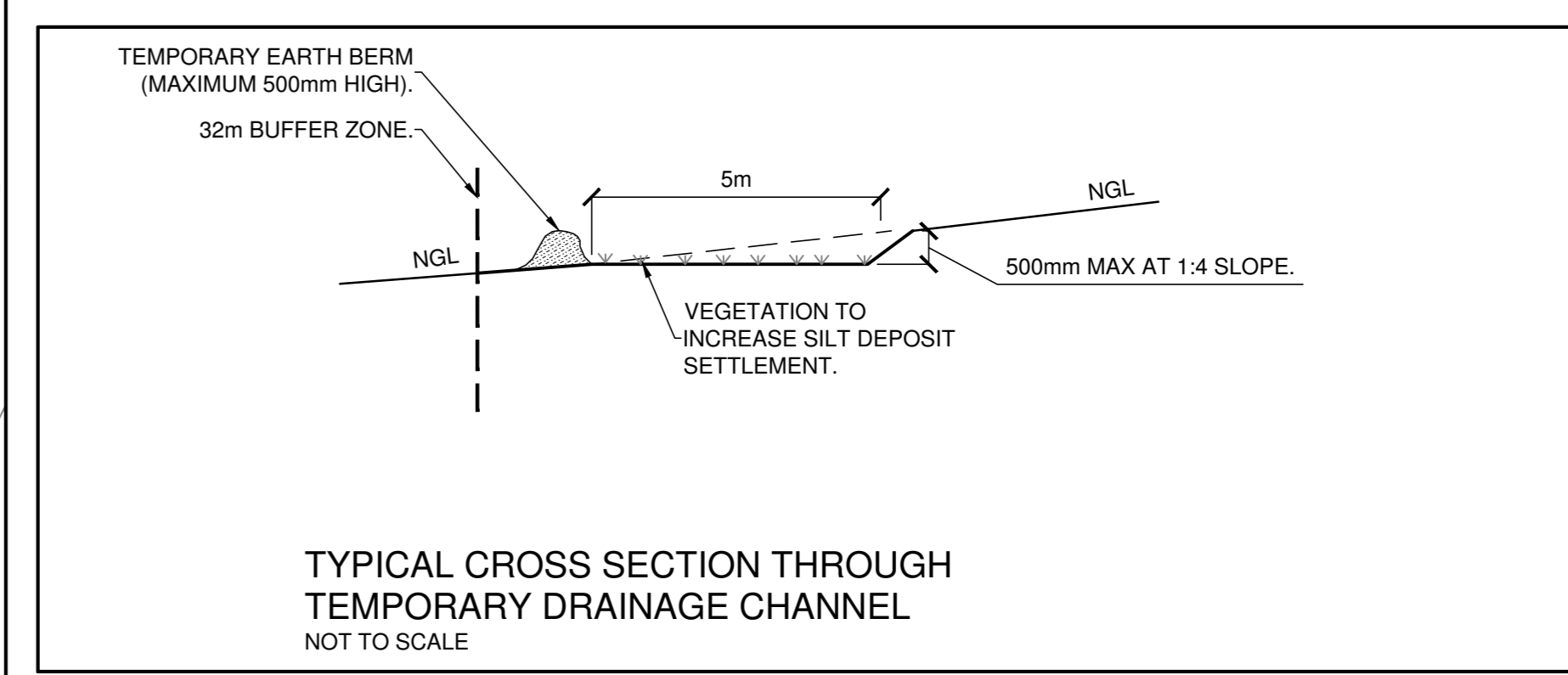
PROJECT: MALL@PIET RETIEF PORTION 126 PIET RETIEF

DRAWING TITLE: STORMWATER MANAGEMENT LAYOUT PLAN (CONSTRUCTION PHASE)

DATE	SCALE	DRAWN
2014-11-13	AS SHOWN	S CHAMBERS

DESIGNED	CHECKED	REVISION NUMBER
K.VAN DEVENTER	S.SOTRALS	A

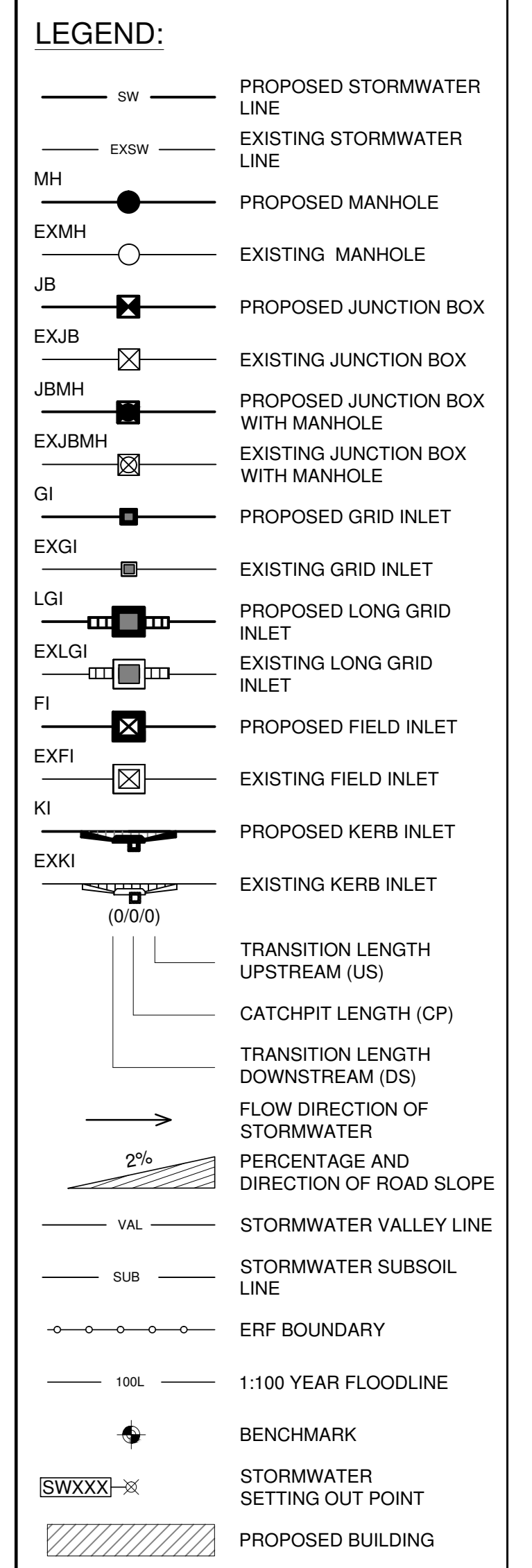
DRAWING NUMBER: 3470-SW-L02 FOR INFORMATION





STORMWATER LAYOUT  
SCALE 1:500

- NOTES:**
1. ALL MATERIAL AND WORKMANSHIP MUST COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE LATEST RELEVANT SANS CODES.
  2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN METERS, UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
  3. DO NOT SCALE FROM THIS DRAWING.
  4. ALL DIMENSIONS AND SETTING OUT POINTS MUST BE CHECKED AND APPROVED ON SITE BEFORE CONSTRUCTION COMMENCES.
  5. FINAL POSITION OF EXISTING SERVICES TO BE CONFIRMED ON SITE BY CONTRACTOR.
  6. ALL EXISTING SERVICES TO BE EXPOSED BY HAND EXCAVATION AND INVERT LEVELS TO BE PROVIDED TO THE ENGINEER IN WRITING BEFORE CONSTRUCTION COMMENCES.
  7. ALL STORMWATER PIPES SHALL BE A MINIMUM 450mm DIAMETER INTERLOCKING JOINT CLASS 50D AND SHALL COMPLY WITH SANS 677. UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
  8. CONCRETE PRECAST MANHOLES TO BE SEALED WATERTIGHT WITH EPOXY SEALER SUCH AS EPIDEXMIX 344 OR PRO-STRUCT 687.
  9. ENGINEER OR THE ENGINEER'S REPRESENTATIVE TO BE INVITED FOR INSPECTIONS ACCORDING TO SICE CIVIL ENGINEERING INSPECTION NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.
  10. CLEAN EXISTING STORMWATER INLETS AND REPAIR WHERE NECESSARY (IF APPLICABLE).
  11. KERB INLET STRUCTURES (STEEL FRAME AND PRECAST COVERS), TO COMPLY WITH SICE STANDARD DRAWING SCE-SW001 (02/2003).
  12. ALL STORMWATER JUNCTION BOX, MANHOLE AND COVER SLAB DETAILS TO COMPLY WITH SICE STANDARD DRAWING SCE-SW003(04/05/06/07).
  13. ALL STORMWATER PIPE TRENCHES, BEDDING AND BACKFILLING TO COMPLY WITH SICE STANDARD DRAWING SCE-SW09.
  14. MINIMUM FALL THROUGH ANY MANHOLE IS 80mm, UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
  15. ALL STORMWATER PIPES TO BE LAID SOFFIT TO SOFFIT.
  16. CONTRACTOR TO COMPLY WITH THE OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY ACT (85 OF 1993), THE CONSTRUCTION REGULATIONS OF 2014 AND ALL RELEVANT REGULATIONS AS WELL AS THEIR AMENDMENTS.
  17. CONTRACTOR TO IMMEDIATELY REPORT ANY DAMAGE TO EXISTING SERVICES IN WRITING TO THE ENGINEER OR THE ENGINEER'S REPRESENTATIVE.
  18. ON COMPLETION OF STORMWATER INSTALLATION, CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE COMPLETE AS-BUILT INFORMATION TO THE ENGINEER.



**REFERENCE DRAWINGS:**

3470-BM-L01 BENCHMARK LAYOUT PLAN  
3470-SW-L01 STORMWATER LONGSECTIONS

ALL WORK TO SANS 1200

NO	DATE	DESCRIPTION	DESIGN	DRAWN
A	2014-11-13	FOR INFORMATION	KVD	SC



CLIENT: ANAPROP PROPERTY MANAGEMENT

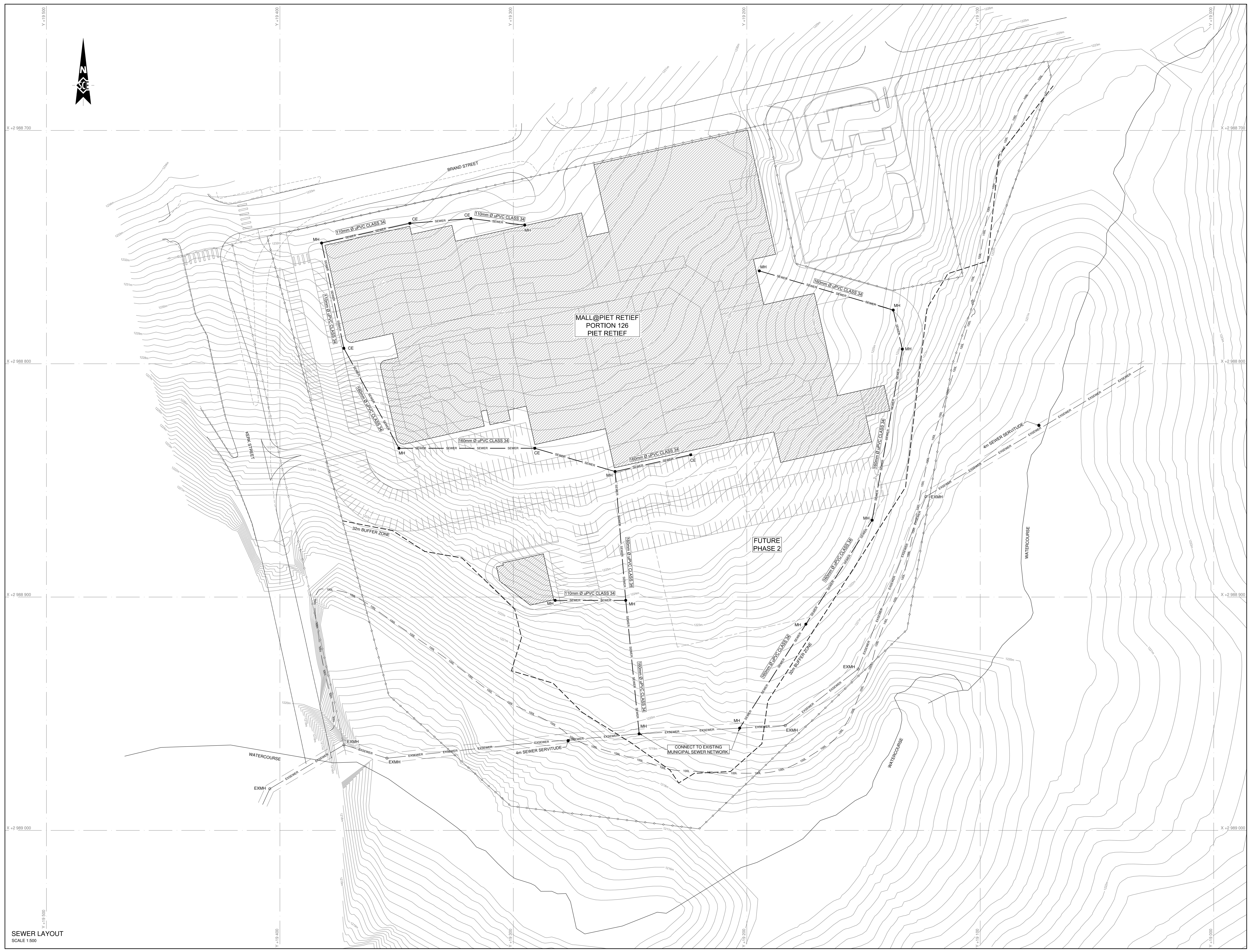
PROJECT: MALL@PIET RETIEF PORTION 126 PIET RETIEF

DRAWING TITLE: STORMWATER LAYOUT PLAN

DATE	SCALE	DRAWN
2014-11-07	AS SHOWN	S CHAMBERS

DESIGNED	CHECKED	REVISION NUMBER
K.VAN DEVENTER	S.SOTRALS	A

DRAWING NUMBER: 3470-SW-L01 FOR INFORMATION



SEWER LAYOUT  
SCALE 1:500

- NOTES:**
1. ALL MATERIAL AND WORKMANSHIP MUST COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE LATEST RELEVANT SANS CODES.
  2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN METERS, UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
  3. DO NOT SCALE FROM THIS DRAWING.
  4. ALL SETTING OUT POINTS TO BE CHECKED AND CONFIRMED BEFORE ANY CONSTRUCTION COMMENCES. ANY DISCREPANCIES TO BE BROUGHT TO THE ENGINEER'S IMMEDIATE ATTENTION IN WRITING.
  5. FINAL POSITION OF EXISTING SERVICES TO BE CONFIRMED ON SITE BY CONTRACTOR.
  6. ALL EXISTING SERVICES TO BE EXPOSED BY HAND EXCAVATION AND INVERT LEVELS TO BE PROVIDED TO THE ENGINEER IN WRITING BEFORE CONSTRUCTION COMMENCES.
  7. ALL SEWER PIPES SHALL BE A MINIMUM 110mm DIAMETER TWIN WALL UNPLASTICIZED POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (uPVC CLASS 34 400Pa STIFFNESS AND SHALL COMPLY WITH SANS 1001 UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
  8. CONCRETE PRECAST MANHOLES TO BE SEALED WATERTIGHT WITH EPOXY SEALER SUCH AS EPISEAL 344 OR PRE-STRUCT 887.
  9. ENGINEER OR THE ENGINEER'S REPRESENTATIVE TO BE INVITED FOR INSPECTIONS ACCORDING TO SCE CIVIL ENGINEERING INSPECTION NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.
  10. ALL SEWER MANHOLES, MANHOLE COVERS AND MANHOLE FRAMES TO COMPLY WITH SCE STANDARD DRAWING SCE-SE001.
  11. POSITION OF 'CALAMITE' STEP IRONS OR SIMILAR APPROVED STEP IRONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SCE STANDARD DRAWING SCE-SE001.
  12. ALL SEWER PIPE TRENCHES AND BEDDING TO COMPLY WITH SCE STANDARD DRAWING SCE-SE002.
  13. SEWER HOUSE CONNECTION DETAILS AND HOUSE CONNECTION MARKER BLOCKS TO COMPLY WITH SCE STANDARD DRAWING SCE-SE003.
  14. MINIMUM FALL THROUGH ANY MANHOLE IS 80mm, UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
  15. SEWER PIPE LEVELS AT CONNECTIONS BETWEEN VARIOUS DIAMETER PIPES TO BE LAID INVERT TO INVERT.
  16. ALL SEWERS TO BE AIR TESTED, ACCORDING TO THE SANS 1200, IN THE PRESENCE OF THE ENGINEER OR THE ENGINEER'S REPRESENTATIVE.
  17. CONTRACTOR TO COMPLY WITH THE OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY ACT (85 OF 1993), THE CONSTRUCTION REGULATIONS OF 2014 AND ALL RELEVANT REGULATIONS AS WELL AS THEIR AMENDMENTS.
  18. CONTRACTOR TO IMMEDIATELY REPORT ANY DAMAGE TO EXISTING SERVICES IN WRITING TO THE ENGINEER OR THE ENGINEER'S REPRESENTATIVE.
  19. CONCRETE ANCHOR BLOCKS TO BE PROVIDED ON SEWERS WITH SLOPES OF 1:6 OR STEEPER TO ENGINEER'S DETAIL.
  20. ON COMPLETION OF SEWER INSTALLATION, CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE COMPLETE AS-BUILT INFORMATION TO THE ENGINEER.

- LEGEND:**
- SEWER — PROPOSED SEWER LINE
  - EXSEWER — EXISTING SEWER LINE
  - MH — PROPOSED MANHOLE
  - EXMH — EXISTING MANHOLE
  - CE — PROPOSED CLEANING EYE
  - EXCE — EXISTING CLEANING EYE
  - LH — PROPOSED LAMP HOLE
  - EXLH — EXISTING LAMP HOLE
  - ERF BOUNDARY
  - 100L — 1:100 YEAR FLOODLINE
  - BENCHMARK
  - SEXXX — SEWER SETTING OUT POINT
  - PROPOSED BUILDING

**REFERENCE DRAWINGS:**

3470-BM-L01 BENCHMARK LAYOUT PLAN  
3470-SE-LS01 SEWER LONGSECTIONS

ALL WORK TO SANS 1200

NO	DATE	DESCRIPTION	KVD	SC
A	2014-11-13	FOR INFORMATION		



CLIENT:  
**ANAPROP PROPERTY MANAGEMENT**

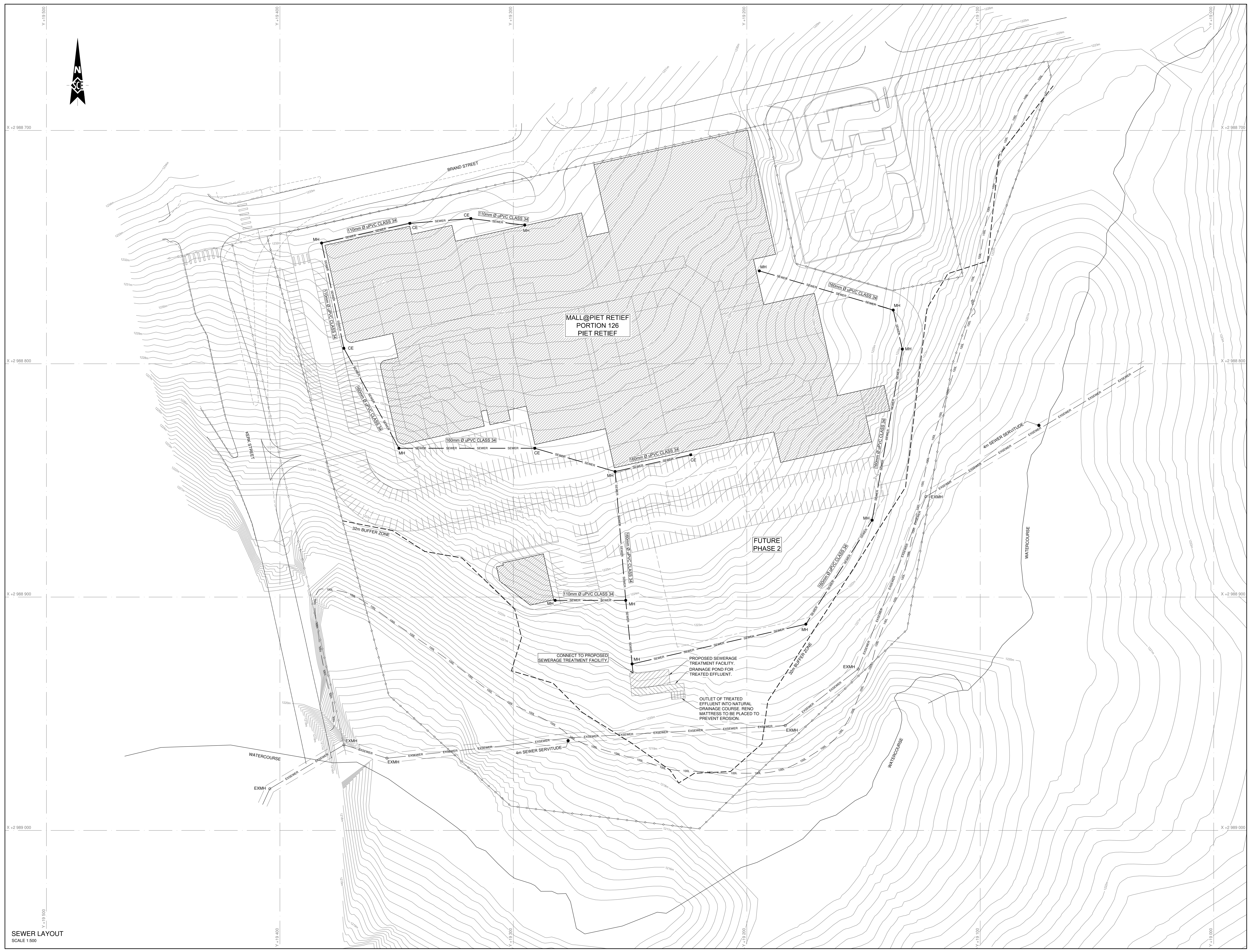
PROJECT:  
**MALL@PIET RETIEF  
PORTION 126  
PIET RETIEF**

DRAWING TITLE:  
**SEWER LAYOUT  
PLAN OPTION A**

DATE	SCALE	DRAWN
2014-11-07	AS SHOWN	S CHAMBERS

DESIGNED	CHECKED	REVISION NUMBER
K VAN DEVENTER	S SOTRALS	A

DRAWING NUMBER:  
**3470-SE-L01** FOR INFORMATION



- NOTES:**
1. ALL MATERIAL AND WORKMANSHIP MUST COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE LATEST RELEVANT SANS CODES.
  2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN METERS, UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
  3. DO NOT SCALE FROM THIS DRAWING.
  4. ALL SETTING OUT POINTS TO BE CHECKED AND CONFIRMED BEFORE ANY CONSTRUCTION COMMENCES. ANY DISCREPANCIES TO BE BROUGHT TO THE ENGINEER'S IMMEDIATE ATTENTION IN WRITING.
  5. FINAL POSITION OF EXISTING SERVICES TO BE CONFIRMED ON SITE BY CONTRACTOR.
  6. ALL EXISTING SERVICES TO BE EXPOSED BY HAND EXCAVATION AND INVERT LEVELS TO BE PROVIDED TO THE ENGINEER IN WRITING BEFORE CONSTRUCTION COMMENCES.
  7. ALL SEWER PIPES SHALL BE A MINIMUM 110mm DIAMETER TWIN WALL UNPLASTICIZED POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (uPVC CLASS 34 400Pa STIFFNESS AND SHALL COMPLY WITH SANS 1011 UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
  8. CONCRETE PRECAST MANHOLES TO BE SEALED WATERTIGHT WITH EPOXY SEALER SUCH AS EPISEAL 344 OR PRE-STRUCT 887.
  9. ENGINEER OR THE ENGINEER'S REPRESENTATIVE TO BE INVITED FOR INSPECTIONS ACCORDING TO SCE CIVIL ENGINEERING INSPECTION NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.
  10. ALL SEWER MANHOLES, MANHOLE COVERS AND MANHOLE FRAMES TO COMPLY WITH SCE STANDARD DRAWING SCE-SE001.
  11. POSITION OF 'CALANITE' STEP IRONS OR SIMILAR APPROVED STEP IRONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SCE STANDARD DRAWING SCE-SE001.
  12. ALL SEWER PIPE TRENCHES AND BEDDING TO COMPLY WITH SCE STANDARD DRAWING SCE-SE002.
  13. SEWER HOUSE CONNECTION DETAILS AND HOUSE CONNECTION MARKER BLOCKS TO COMPLY WITH SCE STANDARD DETAIL DRAWING SCE-SE003.
  14. MINIMUM FALL THROUGH ANY MANHOLE IS 80mm, UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
  15. SEWER PIPE LEVELS AT CONNECTIONS BETWEEN VARIOUS DIAMETER PIPES TO BE LAID INVERT TO INVERT.
  16. ALL SEWERS TO BE AIR TESTED, ACCORDING TO THE SANS 1200, IN THE PRESENCE OF THE ENGINEER OR THE ENGINEER'S REPRESENTATIVE.
  17. CONTRACTOR TO COMPLY WITH THE OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY ACT (85 OF 1993), THE CONSTRUCTION REGULATIONS OF 2014 AND ALL RELEVANT REGULATIONS AS WELL AS THEIR AMENDMENTS.
  18. CONTRACTOR TO IMMEDIATELY REPORT ANY DAMAGE TO EXISTING SERVICES IN WRITING TO THE ENGINEER OR THE ENGINEER'S REPRESENTATIVE.
  19. CONCRETE ANCHOR BLOCKS TO BE PROVIDED ON SEWERS WITH SLOPES OF 1:6 OR STEEPER TO ENGINEER'S DETAIL.
  20. ON COMPLETION OF SEWER INSTALLATION, CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE COMPLETE AS-BUILT INFORMATION TO THE ENGINEER.

- LEGEND:**
- SEWER — PROPOSED SEWER LINE
  - - - EXSEWER - - - EXISTING SEWER LINE
  - MH ○ PROPOSED MANHOLE
  - EXMH ○ EXISTING MANHOLE
  - CE ○ PROPOSED CLEANING EYE
  - EXCE ○ EXISTING CLEANING EYE
  - LH ○ PROPOSED LAMP HOLE
  - EXLH ○ EXISTING LAMP HOLE
  - 100L — 1:100 YEAR FLOODLINE
  - ⊕ BENCHMARK
  - SEXXX-SE SETTING OUT POINT
  - ▨ PROPOSED BUILDING

**REFERENCE DRAWINGS:**

3470-BM-L01 BENCHMARK LAYOUT PLAN  
 3470-SE-LS01 SEWER LONGSECTIONS

ALL WORK TO SANS 1200

NO	DATE	DESCRIPTION	KVD	SC



CLIENT: ANAPROP PROPERTY MANAGEMENT

PROJECT: MALL@PIET RETIEF PORTION 126 PIET RETIEF

DRAWING TITLE: SEWER LAYOUT PLAN OPTION B

DATE	SCALE	DRAWN
2014-11-07	AS SHOWN	S CHAMBERS

DESIGNED	CHECKED	REVISION NUMBER
K VAN DEVENTER	S SOTRALIS	A

DRAWING NUMBER: 3470-SE-L02 FOR INFORMATION

SEWER LAYOUT  
SCALE 1:500



**Appendix D5:  
Traffic Impact Study**





<< Tel: +27 12 348 0386  
<< Fax: +27 12 348 3587  
<< Cell: +27 83 447 9961  
<< Email: admin@techworld.co.za

Number 78  
Glenmore Ave  
Cnr Glenmore & Glenwood Rd  
Lynnwood Glen  
South Africa

<< PO Box 12530  
Hatfield  
0078  
South Africa

*Traffic Engineering  
Transportation Planning  
Transport Economy  
Project Management  
Project Financing & Viability*

## **TRAFFIC IMPACT STUDY**

**PIET RETIEF SHOPPING CENTRE  
MKHONDO MUNICIPALITY, MPUMALANGA**

**November 2013**

TRAFFIC IMPACT STUDY: PIET RETIEF SHOPPING CENTRE,  
MKHONDO MUNICIPALITY, MPUMALANGA



## APPLICATION TO ROAD AUTHORITY

OUR REFERENCE	REP01/TW646/01Nov13
DATE	01 November 2013
AGENCY	Mkhondo Municipality
THE MANAGER	Municipal Manager
ADDRESS	PO Box 23, Piet Retief, 2380
FOR ATTENTION	Mr Absalom N. Mahlangu
SUBJECT	TRAFFIC IMPACT STUDY FOR NEW PIET RETIEF SHOPPING CENTRE

A new township is planned on Portion 126 (of Portion 100) of Piet Retief Town and Townlands 149-HT in the CBD of Piet Retief for commercial development ("Business 1") for a potential of 39,000 m<sup>2</sup> GLA that includes a shopping centre of maximum 25,000 m<sup>2</sup> GLA. The existing Municipal Buildings on the site will be relocated to a new site in Gerard Bohmer Road. Since the existing peak hour trip generation of the Municipal Buildings is negligible, the impact of the relocation was not addressed in this traffic impact study.

The primary access to the development is proposed from Brand Street opposite Kotze Street while a secondary access is proposed as a marginal access from Church Street (left-in and left-out).

No other large properties with existing undeveloped land use rights are known in the study area. An average to high traffic growth rate of 4.0% p.a. for the 5 year study period was assumed to account for growth in background traffic and any unknown latent land use rights.

The traffic impact study shows that the existing road network can accommodate the new development with relative ease. Mitigation measures are however required on the road network that provides access to the development and that borders the application site.

Improvements are recommended at the Church (N2) / Brand intersection (additional lanes and signalization), the Kotze / Brand intersection (additional lanes), the Church (N2) / Marginal Access intersection (additional lanes and widening to accommodate a physical curb median), and Church (N2) / Gerard Bohmer intersection (additional lanes and signalization).



The construction of taxi- / bus loading bays are also recommended along both sides of Church Street (N2) directly south of the intersection with Brand Street.

This comprehensive traffic impact study has determined the required mitigation measures for the township which are shown in *Figure 8: Required Road Improvements In Study Area*.

Your consideration and approval of this traffic impact study at your earliest convenience is hereby requested. Please do not hesitate to contact us (Pieter Kruger – 083 447 9961 / 012 348 0386) immediately for any discussions or enquiries.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Pieter Kruger', is placed over a white rectangular background.

Kind Regards

Pieter Kruger for TECHWORLD



## TABLE OF CONTENTS

<b>1</b>	<b>APPLICATION .....</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>METHODOLOGY .....</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>STUDY AREA AND NETWORK .....</b>	<b>11</b>
3.1	LATENT DEVELOPMENT RIGHTS AND COMMITTED ROAD IMPROVEMENTS IN THE AREA .....	11
3.2	STUDY AREA .....	11
3.3	ROAD NETWORK DESCRIPTION.....	13
3.4	ACCESS .....	14
<b>4</b>	<b>EXISTING TRAFFIC CHARACTERISTICS .....</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>TRIP CHARACTERISTICS .....</b>	<b>17</b>
5.1	TRIP GENERATION .....	17
5.2	TRIP DISTRIBUTION .....	18
5.3	MODAL SPLIT .....	20
5.4	TRIP ASSIGNMENT .....	20
<b>6</b>	<b>CAPACITY AND OPERATIONAL ANALYSES.....</b>	<b>21</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>ROAD IMPROVEMENTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES.....</b>	<b>24</b>



7.1	REQUIRED ROAD IMPROVEMENTS BY APPLICANT TO SUPPORT THE APPLICATION .....	24
7.2	REQUIRED ROAD RESERVE REQUIREMENTS BY THE APPLICANT TO SUPPORT THE APPLICATION .....	26
<b>8</b>	<b>PUBLIC TRANSPORT AND PEDESTRIANS REQUIREMENTS .....</b>	<b>26</b>
8.1	PUBLIC TRANSPORT BACKGROUND .....	26
8.2	PEDESTRIAN AND NMT FACILITIES .....	27
<b>9</b>	<b>PARKING REQUIREMENTS .....</b>	<b>27</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN (SDP) ISSUES .....</b>	<b>28</b>
<b>11</b>	<b>CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS .....</b>	<b>28</b>
11.1	CONCLUSIONS .....	28
11.2	RECOMMENDATIONS .....	31

## TABLE OF TABLES

<i>Table 1: Expected Trip Generation</i>	32
<i>Table 2: Weekday PM Peak Hour: Results of Capacity and Operational Analyses</i>	34
<i>Table 3: Saturday AM Peak Hour: Results of Capacity and Operational Analyses</i>	36



## TABLE OF FIGURES

<i>Figure 1: Locality Plan</i>	38
<i>Figure 2: Study Area</i>	38
<i>Figure 3: Traffic Model (VISTRO)</i>	38
<i>Figure 4: Existing Road Network and Lane Layout</i>	38
<i>Figure 5: Weekday PM Peak Hour Traffic Demand</i>	38
<i>Figure 6: Saturday AM Peak Hour Traffic Demand</i>	38
<i>Figure 7: Primary Trip Distribution</i>	38
<i>Figure 8: Required Road Improvements In Study Area</i>	38

## TABLE OF APPENDICES

<i>Appendix A: Site Layout Plan: Portion 126</i>	39
<i>Appendix B: Concept SDP Mall@Piet Retief</i>	39
<i>Appendix C: Proposed Road Improvements at the Accesses &amp; Church (N2) / Brand (R543) Intersection to Support the Piet Retief Mall</i>	39
<i>Appendix D: Proposed Road Improvements at the Church (N2) / Gerard Bohmer Intersection to Support the Piet Retief Mall</i>	39
<i>Appendix E: Traffic Counts</i>	39

TRAFFIC IMPACT STUDY: PIET RETIEF SHOPPING CENTRE,  
MKHONDO MUNICIPALITY, MPUMALANGA



## TITLE PAGE OF REPORT

TITLE OF REPORT	Traffic Impact Study: New Piet Retief Shopping Centre, Mkhondo Municipality, Mpumalanga Province.	
DESCRIPTION	This traffic impact study evaluates the traffic impact of a new community shopping centre in Piet Retief	
DATE	STATUS OF REPORT	
November 2013	Final Report	
CLIENTS	TOWN PLANNER	
SOUTHERN PALACE INVESTMENTS (Pty) Ltd t/a Anaprop Property Management Mr Yanni Anastasiadis Tel: +2712 656 8957 Fax: +2712 656 8959	NUPLAN DEVELOPMENT PLANNERS Martin Strydom Tel: +27 13 752 3422 Fax: +27 13 752 5795	
PROJECT NUMBER	REPORT NUMBER	
TW646	REP01/TW646/01Nov13	
POSTAL ADDRESS	PHYSICAL ADDRESS	
PO Box 12530 Hatfield, 0028 Tel: (012) 998 3541 Fax: (012) 993 5506	78 Glenmore Street C/O Glenmore & Glenwood Streets Lynnwood Glen Email: <a href="mailto:admin@techworld.co.za">admin@techworld.co.za</a>	
PROJECT TEAM	COPYRIGHT	
P Kruger, J Daling, MM Wilson	TECHWORLD	



# 1 APPLICATION

**Description of the application and property in terms of location, extent, current, and future usage**

## THE TYPE OF LAND USE APPLICATION IS THE FOLLOWING

Type of Application	New township application for commercial development ("Business 1") in the CBD of Piet Retief for 39,000 m <sup>2</sup> GLA that includes a shopping centre of 25,000 m <sup>2</sup> GLA.	Refer to: <i>Figure 1: Locality Plan</i>
---------------------	--	---

## THE LOCATION OF THE SITE IN TERMS OF THE PROPERTY DESCRIPTION IS THE FOLLOWING

Portion	Portion 126 (of Portion 100)	Refer to: <i>Appendix A: Site Layout Plan</i>
Farm	Piet Retief Town and Townlands 149-HT	

## THE LOCATION OF THE SITE IN TERMS OF BORDERING AND/OR NEIGHBOURING ROADS ARE THE FOLLOWING

Roads to the North	Brand Street (R543 East)	Directly bordering
Roads to the East	None	
Roads to the South	Gerard Bohmer Road	Not directly bordering
Roads to the West	Church Street (N2)	Directly bordering

## THE SIZE AND/OR EXTENT OF THE SITE IS THE FOLLOWING

Extent of Total Property	±6.50ha
--------------------------	---------

## THE EXISTING ZONING IS THE FOLLOWING

Zoning	"Municipal"
--------	-------------

## THE EXISTING USAGE OF THE SITE IS THE FOLLOWING

Usage	Municipal Buildings. The existing Municipal Buildings will be relocated to a new site in Gerard Bohmer Road near the Cemetery.
-------	--





**THE REQUIRED ZONING AND EXTENT IS THE FOLLOWING**

Required Zoning

*(refer to the Township Application for details on the development controls)*

“Business 1” -

- FAR = 0.60
- Maximum Coverage = 80%
- Maximum Height = 3 storeys
- Parking = 2 bays / 100 m<sup>2</sup> GLA

The allowable floor area is thus 39,011.4 m<sup>2</sup> of which the shopping centre will be limited to a maximum GLA of 25,000 m<sup>2</sup>. The following development scenario was subsequently investigated from a traffic perspective:

Shopping Centre	25000 m <sup>2</sup>
Motor Dealerships	3500 m <sup>2</sup>
Offices	3500 m <sup>2</sup>
Mini Storage	3500 m <sup>2</sup>
Bulk Trade Centre	3500 m <sup>2</sup>

**THE STUDY AREA AND TOWNSHIP LAYOUT IS SHOWN ON THE ATTACHED PLANS**

Study Area

Refer to:

*Figure 2: Study Area*

*Appendix A: Site Layout Plan*

**2 METHODOLOGY**


*The approach and methodology followed in the execution of this study is described in this section*

**THE FOLLOWING GENERAL APPROACH AND METHODOLOGY WAS UTILIZED**

Guidelines

Guidelines contained in SA Manual for Traffic Impact Studies PR93/635,1995

**THE FOLLOWING TECHNICAL METHODOLOGY AND SOFTWARE WAS UTILIZED**

<i>TRAFFIC IMPACT STUDY: PIET RETIEF SHOPPING CENTRE, MKHONDO MUNICIPALITY, MPUMALANGA</i>		
Traffic Impact Analysis Software	VISTRO 2.0	Refer to: <i>Figure 3: Traffic Model (VISTRO)</i>
Capacity and Operational Analysis Software	Latest HCM2010 methodology	
<b>THE FOLLOWING CRITICAL PEAK HOURS WERE ANALYZED</b>		
Critical Design Peak Hours	Weekday PM Peak Hour	
	Saturday AM Peak Hour	
<b>THE STUDY PERIOD FOR THE DEVELOPMENT IS THE FOLLOWING</b>		
Base Year (Existing Situation)	2013	
Study Period	5 years	
Horizon Year (Future Situation)	2018	2013 plus 5 years
<b>THE FOLLOWING PLANNED ROAD NETWORK ALTERNATIVES WERE INVESTIGATED</b>		
Network alternatives	None	
<b>THE FOLLOWING SCENARIOS WERE ANALYZED</b>		
Scenario 1	Existing 2013 peak hours.	Existing road network.
Scenario 2	Expected 2018 peak hours with growth in background traffic.	Existing road network.
Scenario 3	Expected 2018 peak hours with growth in background traffic and with full application.	Existing road network.
Scenario 4	Expected 2018 peak hours with growth in background traffic and with full application.	Required mitigation measures to support application.



**THE FOLLOWING TRAFFIC AND OTHER REPORTS WERE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT**

Available reports	<i>Feasibility Study Update, Retail Development, Piet Retief Mpumalanga, October 2013, FERNRIDGE, October 2013</i>
-------------------	--

**3 STUDY AREA AND NETWORK**

*This section describes the identification of an appropriate study area, and the characteristics of the network included in the study area.*

**3.1 LATENT DEVELOPMENT RIGHTS AND COMMITTED ROAD IMPROVEMENTS IN THE AREA**

**THE FOLLOWING LATENT (EXISTING AND UNDEVELOPED) LAND USE RIGHTS EXIST IN THE STUDY AREA**

Approved Land Use Rights	No other large properties with existing undeveloped land use rights (i.e. latent rights) are known in the study area.	Refer to: <i>Figure 1: Locality Plan</i>
Growth in Background Traffic	An average to high traffic growth rate of 4.0% p.a. for the 5 year study period was assumed to account for growth in background traffic and any unknown latent land use rights.	

**THE FOLLOWING ROAD NETWORK IMPROVEMENTS ARE COMMITTED AND/OR PLANNED IN THE STUDY AREA**

Committed / Planned Road Improvements	None.
---------------------------------------	-------

**3.2 STUDY AREA**

**THE STUDY AREA WAS DETERMINED BASED ON THE FOLLOWING**

*TRAFFIC IMPACT STUDY: PIET RETIEF SHOPPING CENTRE,  
MKHONDO MUNICIPALITY, MPUMALANGA*




The Layout of The Current Road Network Influences the Required Study Area	Major roads such as Church (N2), Piet Retief (R543), and Brand (R543) will distribute traffic in north-south and east-west directions.
The Expected Trip Distribution Influences the Required Study Area	The primary and secondary markets for the planned development were obtained from the Market Study by FERNRIDGE.
The Extent of the Trip Generation Influences the Required Study Area	The expected primary (new) vehicle trip generation for the application is about 857 and 1612 vehicle trips during the Weekday PM and the Saturday AM peak hours, respectively.

**THE FOLLOWING INTERSECTIONS WERE INCLUDED IN THE STUDY AREA (THE EXISTING TYPE OF TRAFFIC CONTROL IS ALSO INDICATED)**

Intersection 1	Church (N2) / Theo Mocke	Two-way Stop
Intersection 2	Church (N2) / Smit	Traffic Signals
Intersection 3	Church (N2) / Piet Retief (R543)-Kruger	Traffic Signals
Intersection 4	Church (N2) / Retief	Traffic Signals
Intersection 5	Church (N2) / Brand (R543)	One-way Stop
Intersection 6	Church (N2) / Gerard Bohmer	Two-way Stop
Intersection 7	Kotze – Primary Access Piet Retief Mall / Brand (R543)	All-way Stop
Intersection 8	Pretorius / Brand (R543)	One-way Stop
Intersection 9	Von Brandis / Brand (R543)	All-way Stop
Intersection 10	Church (N2) / Secondary Access Piet Retief Mall	Planned One-way Stop

**THE LAYOUT OF THE INTERSECTIONS IN THE STUDY AREA IS INDICATED SCHEMATICALLY ON THE ATTACHED FIGURE**

<i>TRAFFIC IMPACT STUDY: PIET RETIEF SHOPPING CENTRE, MKHONDO MUNICIPALITY, MPUMALANGA</i>		
Existing Road Network		Refer to: <i>Figure 4: Existing Road Network and Lane Layout</i>
<b>3.3 ROAD NETWORK DESCRIPTION</b>		
<b>ROAD NETWORK PLANNING IN AREA</b>		
Road Network Planning	<i>None</i>	
<b>THE REGIONAL ACCESSIBILITY OF THE SITE IS PROVIDED BY THE FOLLOWING ROAD NETWORK</b>		
N2 (Church Street), R543 West (Piet Retief Street), R543 East (Brand Street)	<p>The N2 connects Piet Retief with Ermelo in the north and Pongola in the south, and also to Paulpietersburg in the south via the R33.</p> <p>The R543 WEST connects Piet Retief with Wakkerstroom in the west, while the R543 EAST connects Piet Retief with Swaziland in the west.</p> <p>The jurisdiction of SANRAL (by means of a national road declaration) starts / ends at Theo Mocke Street in the north and Kempville Street in the south.</p>	Refer to: <i>Figure 1: Locality Plan</i>
<b>THE LOCAL ACCESSIBILITY OF THE SITE IS PROVIDED BY THE FOLLOWING ROAD NETWORK</b>		
Gerard Bohmer, Von Brandis, Pretorius, Kotze, Retief, Kruger, and Smit Streets	Traffic will also approach the development from the various residential areas along the following local streets; Gerard Bohmer, Von Brandis, Pretorius, Kotze, Retief, Kruger, and Smit Streets.	Refer to: <i>Figure 1: Locality Plan</i> <i>Figure 2: Study Area</i>
<b>THE ROAD NETWORK THAT SERVES THE DEVELOPMENT HAS THE FOLLOWING CHARACTERISTICS</b>		



<p>N2 (Church Street), R543 West (Piet Retief Street), R543 East (Brand Street)</p>	<p>The N2 and R543 are classified as Class 2 Rural Distributors outside the Piet Retief urban area, but only comply with the design standards of Class 3 and Class 4 facilities in the urban area. These single carriageway roads are controlled with priority control as well as traffic signals at the high-volume intersections.</p>
<p>Gerard Bohmer, Von Brandis, Pretorius, Kotze, Retief, Kruger, and Smit Streets</p>	<p>The functional classification of these streets are either Class 4 or Class 5 streets.</p>
<p><b>3.4 ACCESS</b></p>	
<p><b>ACCESS TO THE DEVELOPMENT WILL BE OBTAINED FROM THE FOLLOWING STREETS</b></p>	
<p>Primary Access from Brand Street opposite Kotze Street</p>	<p>The primary access to the development is recommended from Brand Street opposite Kotze Street as the fourth approach of the Kotze / Brand Street T-junction approximately 150m from Church Street.</p> <p>The expected trip distribution and assignment shows that 55% of the visitors are expected to use the primary access during the weekday PM peak hour and 62% during the Saturday AM peak hour.</p> <p>Two inbound and two outbound lanes are required with a minimum throat length of about 35m.</p>
<p>Secondary Access 2 from Church Street (N2)</p>	<p>A secondary access to the development is recommended from Church Street approximately 150m south of Brand Street (R543). This will basically extend the current block-pattern of the CBD – of 150m between cross-streets – with one block distance of 150m towards the south.</p>



	<p>This access will only be a marginal access – left-in and left-out – and a physical curb island must be provided to prohibit any right-turn movements from/to Church Street at the access.</p> <p>The expected trip distribution and assignment shows that 45% of the visitors are expected to use the secondary access during the weekday PM peak hour and 38% during the Saturday AM peak hour.</p> <p>Two inbound lanes and two outbound lanes are required with a minimum throat length of about 35m.</p>	
--	---	--

**THE REQUIREMENTS FOR ACCESS CONTROL IS THE FOLLOWING:**

Access Control	Access control is not planned at this stage.
----------------	--

<b>4 EXISTING TRAFFIC CHARACTERISTICS</b>	<i>The existing traffic demand is described in this section.</i>
---	--

**TRAFFIC COUNTS WERE CONDUCTED DURING THE FOLLOWING PERIODS**

Weekday PM Peak Period	Friday 30/08/2013 Counting Period 12:00 to 18:00	Peak Hour 16:00 to 17:00
Saturday AM Peak Period	Saturday 31/08/2013 Counting Period 09:00 to 14:00	Peak Hour 12:15 to 13:15

**THE EXISTING TRAFFIC DEMAND IS SHOWN SCHEMATICALLY ON THE ATTACHED FIGURES**

*TRAFFIC IMPACT STUDY: PIET RETIEF SHOPPING CENTRE,  
MKHONDO MUNICIPALITY, MPUMALANGA*



Peak Hour Traffic Demand		Refer to: <i>Figure 5: Weekday PM Peak Hour Traffic Demand</i> <i>Figure 6: Saturday AM Peak Hour Traffic Demand</i>
--------------------------	--	--

**THE CURRENT TWO DIRECTIONAL PEAK HOUR FLOWS ON THE NETWORK ARE AS FOLLOWS (WEEK PM / SATURDAY AM)**

Church Street (N2)	South of Theo Mocke	±900 / ±770
	South of Piet Retief (R543)	±1160 / ±950
	South of Brand (R543)	±1360 / ±1150
	South of Gerard Bohmer	±680 / ±430
Piet Retief Street (R543)	West of Church Street (N2)	±260 / ±240
Brand Street (R543)	East of Church Street	±220 / ±80
	East of Von Brandis Street	±370 / ±170
Gerard Bohmer Street	West of Church Street	±540 / ±880
	East of Church Street	±330 / ±220

**THE CURRENT AVERAGE PHF'S FOR THE INTERSECTIONS IN THE STUDY AREA ARE AS FOLLOWS (WEEK PM / SAT AM)**

PHF'S	WEEK PM / SAT AM	0.90 / 0.90
-------	------------------	-------------





## 5 TRIP CHARACTERISTICS

*The expected trip characteristics of the development are described in this section in terms of trip generation, trip distribution, modal split, and trip assignment.*

### 5.1 TRIP GENERATION

#### THE EXPECTED TRIP GENERATION WAS BASED ON THE FOLLOWING

##### Trip Generation

The trip generation was based on the South African Trip Generation Guidelines 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition RR92/228, 1995; enhanced with more recent information on trip generation.

A high utilization of public transportation and non-motorised transport trips is expected which is supported by the low parking requirement of only 2 bays per 100 m<sup>2</sup> GLA. The average trip generation rates for shopping centres in urban areas (in South Africa) were thus reduced with 30% for application in Piet Retief; namely to 3.95 and 6.84 trips / 100 m<sup>2</sup> GLA during the weekday afternoon (PM) and Saturday morning (AM) peak hours respectively.

Standard average trip rates were used for all the other auxiliary land uses on the site.

#### THE APPLICATION IS EXPECTED TO GENERATE THE FOLLOWING TOTAL NUMBER OF PEAK HOUR TRIPS (SPLIT GIVEN)

##### TOTAL TRIPS

Weekday PM Peak Hour

1203 (51% in / 49% out)

Saturday AM Peak Hour

1954 (50% in / 50% out)

##### PRIMARY TRIPS

Weekday PM Peak Hour

857 (52% in / 48% out)

Saturday AM Peak Hour

1612 (50% in / 50% out)

##### BYPASS TRIPS

Weekday PM Peak Hour

346 (50% in / 50% out)

Saturday AM Peak Hour

342 (50% in / 50% out)

Refer to:

*Table 1: Expected Trip Generation*



**IT IS EXPECTED THAT THE CURRENT APPLICATION WILL GENERATE THE FOLLOWING % BYPASS TRIPS DURING THE RESPECTIVE PEAK HOURS**

Bypass Trips	Bypass trips of 35% are expected during the weekday afternoon peak hour and 20% during the Saturday morning peak hour. The bypass trips were assumed to be attracted in proportion to the bypassing traffic; namely 85% from Church Street (N2) and 15% from Brand Street during the peak hours.
--------------	--

**IT IS EXPECTED THAT THE CURRENT APPLICATION WILL GENERATE THE FOLLOWING MULTIPLE PURPOSE AND PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION TRIPS DURING THE RESPECTIVE PEAK HOURS**

Multiple Purpose and Public Transportation Trips	<p>All the vehicle trips generated by the new land uses will not be new trips in the study area since some of these trips will be shared between land uses and will also be attracted from other land uses in the study area. A large utilization of public transportation is also expected given the target market of the shopping centre.</p> <p>A reduction of 30% in the standard vehicle trip generation rates of only the shopping centre were however assumed for the analyses which is a conservative approach.</p>
--	---

**DETAIL ON THE EXPECTED TRIP GENERATION ARE SHOWN IN THE ATTACHED TABLE**

Trip Generation Table		<p><i>Refer to:</i></p> <p><i>Table 1: Expected Trip Generation</i></p>
-----------------------	--	---

**5.2 TRIP DISTRIBUTION**

**THE TRIP DISTRIBUTION WAS BASED ON THE FOLLOWING METHODOLOGY**

Method	Analogy Method	An assessment of the existing traffic flow pattern in the area was used as an adaptation of the Analogy Method
--------	----------------	--

**THE FOLLOWING PRIMARY TRIP DISTRIBUTION (%) IS EXPECTED**

*TRAFFIC IMPACT STUDY: PIET RETIEF SHOPPING CENTRE,  
MKHONDO MUNICIPALITY, MPUMALANGA*



Shopping Centre	Gerard Bohmer WEST	10%
	Church (N2) SOUTH	12%
	Gerard Bohmer EAST	4%
	Von Brandis SOUTH	6%
	Brand (R543 East) EAST	10%
	Von Brandis NORTH	7%
	Pretorius NORTH	7%
	Kotze NORTH	5%
	Retief EAST	1%
	Kruger EAST	1%
	Smit EAST	2%
	Bodorp EAST	2%
	Theo Mocke EAST	2%
	Church (N2) NORTH	8%
	Theo Mocke WEST	1%
	Bodorp WEST	4%
	Smit WEST	4%
	Kruger WEST	8%
	Retief WEST	1%
Brand / Zuidend WEST	5%	

**THE FOLLOWING DISTRIBUTION OF TRIPS BETWEEN THE VARIOUS MARKETS IS EXPECTED**

Trip Distribution	External	32%
	North-Eastern Quadrant	25%
	South-Eastern Quadrant	10%
	North-Western Quadrant	15%
	Western Suburbs	18%



**THE EXPECTED TRIP DISTRIBUTION IS SHOWN SCHEMATICALLY ON THE FOLLOWING FIGURE**

Trip Distribution

Refer to:

*Figure 7: Primary Trip Distribution*

**5.3 MODAL SPLIT**

**THE FOLLOWING MODAL SPLIT FOR PUBLIC TRANSPORT USAGE IS EXPECTED**

Modal Split

The average vehicle classification in the vicinity of the application site (i.e. centre of town) was 80% private light vehicles, 13% public transportation (bus and mini-bus taxi) vehicles, and 7% heavy commercial vehicles during the 6-hour survey period on a weekday afternoon. However in terms of modal split this translates into 43% private vehicle occupants, and 57% public transport passengers.

**THE EXPECTED UTILIZATION OF PUBLIC TRANSPORT WARRANTS THE FOLLOWING ADJUSTMENTS**

Adjustments for public transport

The expected vehicle trip generation rates for the shopping centre were reduced with 30% to make provision for the use of public transportation (which also includes an adjustment for multiple purpose trips, and the rural nature of the study area).


**5.4 TRIP ASSIGNMENT**

**THE TRIP ASSIGNMENT WAS BASED ON THE FOLLOWING METHODOLOGY**

Trip Assignment

Shortest travel time assignments taking into account the layout of the road network and the traffic control at key intersections.

**THE ASSIGNED TRIPS FOR THE VARIOUS SCENARIOS ARE SHOWN SCHEMATICALLY IN THE FOLLOWING FIGURES**

<p><i>TRAFFIC IMPACT STUDY: PIET RETIEF SHOPPING CENTRE, MKHONDO MUNICIPALITY, MPUMALANGA</i></p>		
<p>Trip Assignment</p>		<p>Refer to:</p> <p><i>Figure 5: Weekday PM Peak Hour Traffic Demand</i></p> <p><i>Figure 6: Saturday AM Peak Hour Traffic Demand</i></p>
<p><b>6 CAPACITY AND OPERATIONAL ANALYSES</b></p>		<p><i>The capacity and operational analyses were subsequently done to determine the required road improvements for the various scenarios</i></p>
<p><b>THE FOLLOWING METHODOLOGY WAS UTILIZED</b></p>		
<p>Capacity and Operational Analyses</p>	<p>Methodology according to the 2010 Highway Capacity Manual (2010HCM)</p>	
<p><b>THE MEASURES OF PERFORMANCE (MOE'S) ACCORDING TO THE HCM WERE UTILIZED</b></p>		
<p>The best service levels are A which indicates free flow conditions while F indicates congestion and jammed conditions</p>	<p>Total (Control) delay in seconds</p>	
<p><b>THE HCM2010 UTILIZES THE FOLLOWING LOS DELAY THRESHOLDS FOR SIGNALIZED AND UNSIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS RESPECTIVELY</b></p>		
<p>The overall LOS and average delay are reported for the intersection except with priority control (stop on side road) where the critical side road LOS and delay is reported.</p>	<p><b>SIGNALIZED</b></p> <p>LOS A &lt;10</p> <p>LOS B &gt;10 and &lt;20</p> <p>LOS C &gt;20 and &lt;35</p> <p>LOS D &gt;35 and &lt;55</p> <p>LOS E &gt;55 and &lt;80</p> <p>LOS F &gt;80</p>	<p><b>UNSIGNALIZED</b></p> <p>LOS A &lt;10</p> <p>LOS B &gt;10 and &lt;15</p> <p>LOS C &gt;15 and &lt;25</p> <p>LOS D &gt;25 and &lt;35</p> <p>LOS E &gt;35 and &lt;50</p> <p>LOS F &gt;50</p>



**THE RESULTS OF THE CAPACITY AND OPERATIONAL ANALYSES ARE SUMMARIZED IN THE FOLLOWING TABLES**

Detailed Results		<p>Refer to:</p> <p><i>Table 2: Weekday PM Peak Hour: Results of Capacity and Operational Analyses</i></p> <p><i>Table 3: Saturday AM Peak Hour: Results of Capacity and Operational Analyses</i></p>
------------------	--	---

**THE FOLLOWING RESULTS WERE OBTAINED FROM THE CAPACITY AND OPERATIONAL ANALYSES**

<p>Intersection 1 Church (N2) / Theo Mocke</p>	<p>This two-way stop controlled intersection is already operating close to saturation during the critical peak hours (LOS F / LOS E – Scenario 1). The growth in background traffic will result in very poor operating conditions in future (LOS F / LOS F – Scenario 2). This situation will be exacerbated by the application.</p> <p>The construction of exclusive right-turn lanes on the southern (Church Street) and eastern approaches (Theo Mocke) in combination with the implementation of traffic signal control will ensure LOS B with the application in the design year (Scenario 4).</p> <p>The required mitigation measures are however not the responsibility of the applicant given that this intersection is already saturated and it is located a long distance from the application site.</p>
<p>Intersection 2 Church (N2) / Smit</p>	<p>This traffic signal controlled intersection is expected to operate at good service levels (LOS C / LOS B) with the application during the weekday PM and Saturday AM peak hours in the design year (Scenario 3).</p> <p>No mitigation measures are required to support the application.</p>
<p>Intersection 3 Church (N2) / Piet Retief (R543) – Kruger</p>	<p>This traffic signal controlled intersection is expected to operate at good service levels (LOS C / LOS C) with the application during the weekday PM and Saturday AM peak hours in the design year (Scenario 3).</p> <p>No mitigation measures are required to support the application.</p>




<p>Intersection 4 Church (N2) / Retief</p>	<p>This traffic signal controlled intersection is expected to operate at good service levels (LOS D / LOS C) with the application during the weekday PM and Saturday AM peak hours in the design year (Scenario 3).</p> <p>No mitigation measures are required to support the application.</p>
<p>Intersection 5 Church (N2) / Brand (R543)</p>	<p>Long waiting times are already experienced at this one-way stop controlled intersection during the weekday PM peak hour (LOS F – Scenario1). This situation will deteriorate with the growth in background traffic and the application (Scenario 2 and Scenario 3).</p> <p>The reconfiguration of this intersection through limited construction works, changes in lane designation, and the implementation of traffic signal control will ensure LOS C and LOS B with the application during the weekday PM and Saturday AM peak hours in the design year (Scenario 4).</p> <p>These improvements are the responsibility of the applicant.</p>
<p>Intersection 6 Church (N2) / Gerard Bohmer</p>	<p>Long waiting times are already experienced at this two-way stop controlled intersection during the critical peak hours (LOS F – Scenario1). This situation will deteriorate with the growth in background traffic and the application (Scenario 2 and Scenario 3).</p> <p>The reconfiguration of this intersection through the construction of additional lanes on all the approaches, changes in lane designation, and the implementation of traffic signal control will ensure LOS C and LOS B with the application during the weekday PM and Saturday AM peak hours in the design year (Scenario 4).</p> <p>These improvements are the responsibility of the applicant.</p>
<p>Intersection 7 Kotze – Primary Access Piet Retief Mall / Brand (R543)</p>	<p>Traffic operations are expected to deteriorate at this all-way stop controlled intersection – which will also serve as the primary access to the application - with the growth in background traffic and the application.</p> <p>The reconfiguration of this intersection through the construction of additional lanes on all the approaches, and changes in lane designation, will ensure LOS B with the application during the weekday PM and Saturday AM peak hours in the design year (Scenario 4). All-way stop control (AWSC) will however suffice.</p> <p>These improvements are the responsibility of the applicant.</p>



<p>Intersection 8 Pretorius / Brand (R543)</p>	<p>This two-way stop controlled intersection is expected to operate at good service levels (LOS C) with the application during the weekday PM and Saturday AM peak hours in the design year (Scenario 3).  No mitigation measures are required to support the application.</p>	
<p>Intersection 9 Von Brandis / Brand (R543)</p>	<p>This all-way stop controlled intersection is expected to operate at good service levels (LOS C and LOS B) with the application during the weekday PM and Saturday AM peak hours in the design year (Scenario 3).  No mitigation measures are required to support the application.</p>	
<p>Intersection 10 Church (N2) / Secondary Access Piet Retief Mall</p>	<p>This proposed new one-way stop controlled intersection is expected to operate at reasonable service levels (LOS D) with the application during the weekday PM and Saturday AM peak hours in the design year (Scenario 4).  The improvements are the responsibility of the applicant.</p>	
<p><b>7 ROAD IMPROVEMENTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES</b></p>	<p><i>All the required road improvements on the road network, the subsequent apportionment of cost, and the required road improvements by the developer is discussed in this section.</i></p>	
<p><b>7.1 REQUIRED ROAD IMPROVEMENTS BY APPLICANT TO SUPPORT THE APPLICATION</b></p>		
<p><b>THE FOLLOWING ROAD IMPROVEMENTS BY THE APPLICANT ARE REQUIRED TO SUPPORT THE APPLICATION</b></p>		
<p>Intersection 5 Church (N2) / Brand (R543)</p>	<p>The reconfiguration of this intersection through limited construction works, changes in lane designation, and the implementation of traffic signal control is required.</p>	<p>Refer to: <i>Figure 8: Required Road Improvements In Study Area</i></p>



<p><i>TRAFFIC IMPACT STUDY: PIET RETIEF SHOPPING CENTRE, MKHONDO MUNICIPALITY, MPUMALANGA</i></p>		
		<p><i>Appendix C: Proposed Road Improvements at the Accesses &amp; Church (N2) / Brand (R543) Intersection to Support the Piet Retief Mall</i></p>
<p>Intersection 6 Church (N2) / Gerard Bohmer</p>	<p>The reconfiguration of this intersection through the construction of additional lanes on all the approaches, changes in lane designation, and the implementation of traffic signal control is required.</p>	<p>Refer to:  <i>Figure 8: Required Road Improvements In Study Area</i>  <i>Appendix D: Proposed Road Improvements at the Church (N2) / Gerard Bohmer Intersection to Support the Piet Retief Mall</i></p>
<p>Intersection 7 Kotze – Primary Access Piet Retief Mall / Brand (R543)</p>	<p>The reconfiguration of this intersection through the construction of additional lanes on all the approaches, and changes in lane designation is required. All-way stop control (AWSC) will however suffice.</p>	<p>Refer to:  <i>Figure 8: Required Road Improvements In Study Area</i>  <i>Appendix C: Proposed Road Improvements at the Accesses &amp; Church (N2) / Brand (R543) Intersection to Support the Piet Retief Mall</i></p>
<p>Intersection 10 Church (N2) / Secondary Access Piet Retief Mall</p>	<p>The construction of a left-turn deceleration lane of 45m / 45m (lane / taper) and a 2.5m wide physical median is required to prohibit any right-turn movements at this access.</p>	<p>Refer to:  <i>Figure 8: Required Road Improvements In Study Area</i>  <i>Appendix C: Proposed Road Improvements at the Accesses &amp; Church (N2) / Brand (R543) Intersection to Support the Piet Retief Mall</i></p>



## 7.2 REQUIRED ROAD RESERVE REQUIREMENTS BY THE APPLICANT TO SUPPORT THE APPLICATION

### THE FOLLOWING LAND MUST BE PROVIDED BY THE APPLICANT TO SUPPORT THE APPLICATION

Brand Street (R543) and Church Street (N2)

The applicant must provide the necessary land for the required widening of road reserves.

Refer to:

*Appendix C: Proposed Road Improvements at the Accesses & Church (N2) / Brand (R543) Intersection to Support the Piet Retief Mall*

## 8 PUBLIC TRANSPORT AND PEDESTRIANS REQUIREMENTS

*This section describes requirements in terms of facilities for public transport and pedestrians (non-motorised forms of transport).*

### 8.1 PUBLIC TRANSPORT BACKGROUND

#### THE FOLLOWING ASSESSMENT IS REQUIRED


In terms of the National Land Transport Transition Act, Act 22 of 2000 (Section 29), it is also required to carry out a public transport assessment for all new developments. The assessment need to address aspects such as the number of new employment opportunities that will be created for public transport users, the expected travelling pattern of these users, as well as the impact it may have on the existing public transport network.

#### THE ESTIMATED DEMAND FOR PUBLIC TRANSPORT USERS ARE THE FOLLOWING

Full Application

In the absence of better information in this regard, the number of public transport users is estimated at about 2 per 100 m<sup>2</sup> GLA for the commercial bulk which translates to about 780 persons during the peak hours.

The expected public transport users can be transported with about 65 mini-bus taxi's in the peak hour (assuming an average occupancy of 12 persons).

<p><i>TRAFFIC IMPACT STUDY: PIET RETIEF SHOPPING CENTRE, MKHONDO MUNICIPALITY, MPUMALANGA</i></p>		
		<p>This is a conservative estimate since some of the public transport users will make use of bus transport.</p>
<p><b>THE FOLLOWING PUBLIC TRANSPORT FACILITIES ARE RECOMMENDED</b></p>		
<p>The objectives of the National Transport Policy (published by the Department of Transport in September 1996) are to limit walking distances for public transport users to less than 1 km in urban areas.</p>		
<p>Construction of Taxi- / Bus Loading Zones</p>	<p>The construction of taxi- / bus loading zones are recommended on both sides of the Church Street (N2) south of the intersection with Brand Street (R543).</p> <p>This position is recommended to enable pedestrians to cross Church Street (N2) at the signalized intersection with Brand Street.</p>	<p>Refer to:</p> <p><i>Figure 8: Required Road Improvements In Study Area</i></p> <p><i>Appendix C: Proposed Road Improvements at the Accesses &amp; Church (N2) / Brand (R543) Intersection to Support the Piet Retief Mall</i></p>
<p><b>8.2 PEDESTRIAN AND NMT FACILITIES</b></p>		
<p><b>THE FOLLOWING PEDESTRIAN AND NMT FACILITIES ARE REQUIRED</b></p>		
<p>Pedestrian Sidewalks</p>	<p>To improve road safety and to separate vehicle and pedestrian traffic a 1.5m wide paved sidewalk must be provided along Brand Street (R543) and Church Street (N2) that borders the application site.</p> <p>Particular attention must be given to the movement of pedestrians between the taxi- / bus loading zone and the Shopping Centre.</p>	
<p><b>9 PARKING REQUIREMENTS</b></p>		<p><i>This section describes the parking requirements of the site based on the relevant town planning scheme conditions</i></p>
<p><b>THE FOLLOWING NUMBER OF PARKING BAYS WILL BE PROVIDED ON THE SITE</b></p>		
<p>Parking Supply according to the Town Planning Scheme</p>	<p>The normal Town Planning Scheme requirements of two (2) parking bays per 100m<sup>2</sup> GLA will apply to the application site.</p>	



## 10 SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN (SDP) ISSUES

*Internal circulation and parking issues which are important for the site development plan (SDP) are discussed in this section.*

### A SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN (SDP) IS AVAILABLE FOR THE DEVELOPMENT

SDP	Only Concept
-----	--------------

### TRAFFIC ENGINEERING INPUT WILL BE PROVIDED FOR THE FINAL SDP

Traffic engineering input	Affirmative
---------------------------	-------------

## 11 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

*This section contains the conclusions and recommendations of the report.*

### 11.1 CONCLUSIONS

#### THE FOLLOWING IS CONCLUDED

Application	New township application for commercial development ("Business 1") in the CBD of Piet Retief for 39,000 m <sup>2</sup> GLA that includes a shopping centre of 25,000 m <sup>2</sup> GLA.
-------------	--

Latent Rights and Growth in Background Traffic	No other large properties with existing undeveloped land use rights (i.e. latent rights) are known in the study area.  An average to high traffic growth rate of 4.0% p.a. for the 5-year study period was assumed to account for growth in background traffic and any unknown latent land use rights.
--	--

#### ACCESS ARRANGEMENTS

Primary Access from Brand Street opposite Kotze Street	The primary access to the development is recommended from Brand Street opposite Kotze Street as the fourth approach of the Kotze / Brand Street T-junction approximately 150m from Church Street.
--	---



	<p>The expected trip distribution and assignment shows that 55% of the visitors are expected to use the primary access during the weekday PM peak hour and 62% during the Saturday AM peak hour.</p> <p>Two inbound and two outbound lanes are required with a minimum throat length of about 35m.</p>	
<p>Secondary Access 2 from Church Street (N2)</p>	<p>A secondary access to the development is recommended from Church Street approximately 150m south of Brand Street (R543). This will basically extend the current block-pattern of the CBD – of 150m between cross-streets – with one block distance of 150m towards the south.</p> <p>This access will only be a marginal access – left-in and left-out – and a physical curb island must be provided to prohibit any right-turn movements from/to Church Street at the access.</p> <p>The expected trip distribution and assignment shows that 45% of the visitors are expected to use the secondary access during the weekday PM peak hour and 38% during the Saturday AM peak hour.</p> <p>Two inbound lanes and two outbound lanes are required with a minimum throat length of about 35m.</p>	
<p>Expected Trip Generation</p>	<p><u>TOTAL TRIPS</u></p> <p>Weekday PM Peak Hour</p> <p>Saturday AM Peak Hour</p> <p><u>PRIMARY TRIPS</u></p> <p>Weekday PM Peak Hour</p> <p>Saturday AM Peak Hour</p> <p><u>BYPASS TRIPS</u></p> <p>Weekday PM Peak Hour</p> <p>Saturday AM Peak Hour</p>	<p>1203 (51% in / 49% out)</p> <p>1954 (50% in / 50% out)</p> <p>857 (52% in / 48% out)</p> <p>1612 (50% in / 50% out)</p> <p>346 (50% in / 50% out)</p> <p>342 (50% in / 50% out)</p>
<p><b>REQUIRED ROAD IMPROVEMENTS TO SUPPORT THE APPLICATION</b></p>		
<p>Intersection 5 Church (N2) / Brand (R543)</p>	<p>The reconfiguration of this intersection through limited construction works, changes in lane designation, and the implementation of traffic signal control is required.</p>	

**TRAFFIC IMPACT STUDY: PIET RETIEF SHOPPING CENTRE,  
MKHONDO MUNICIPALITY, MPUMALANGA**



Intersection 6 Church (N2) / Gerard Bohmer	The reconfiguration of this intersection through the construction of additional lanes on all the approaches, changes in lane designation, and the implementation of traffic signal control is required.
Intersection 7 Kotze – Primary Access Piet Retief Mall / Brand (R543)	The reconfiguration of this intersection through the construction of additional lanes on all the approaches, and changes in lane designation is required. All-way stop control (AWSC) will however suffice.
Intersection 10 Church (N2) / Secondary Access Piet Retief Mall	The construction of a left-turn deceleration lane of 45m / 45m (lane / taper) and a 2.5m wide physical median is required to prohibit any right-turn movements at this access.
<b>REQUIRED ROAD RESERVE FROM APPLICATION SITE</b>	
Brand Street (R543) and Church Street (N2)	The applicant must provide the necessary land for the required widening of road reserves.
<b>PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION AND NMT REQUIREMENTS</b>	
Public Transport Facilities	The construction of taxi- / bus loading zones are recommended on both sides of the Church Street (N2) south of the intersection with Brand Street (R543). This position is recommended to enable pedestrians to cross Church Street (N2) at the signalized intersection with Brand Street.
Pedestrian and NMT facilities	To improve road safety and to separate vehicle and pedestrian traffic a 1.5m wide paved sidewalk must be provided along Brand Street (R543) and Church Street (N2) that borders the application site.  Particular attention must be given to the movement of pedestrians between the taxi- / bus loading zone and the Shopping Centre.
Parking Supply according to the Town Planning Scheme	The normal Town Planning Scheme requirements of two (2) parking bays per 100m <sup>2</sup> GLA will apply to the application site.



## 11.2 RECOMMENDATIONS

### THE FOLLOWING IS RECOMMENDED

#### Requirements

It is recommended that the application be approved from a traffic engineering point of view subject to the required mitigation measures shown in *Figure 8*, *Appendix C*, and *Appendix D*.

# TABLES



Table 1: Expected Trip Generation

ITEM	LAND USE	EXTENT	UNITS	WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR				SATURDAY AM PEAK HOUR			
				TRIP RATE	TOTAL TRIPS	IN	OUT	TRIP RATE	TOTAL TRIPS	IN	OUT
1	Retail	25000	m <sup>2</sup> GLA	3.95	988	50%	50%	6.84	1711	50%	50%
2	Motor Dealerships	3500	m <sup>2</sup> GLA	2.30	81	50%	50%	2.20	77	45%	55%
3	Offices	3500	m <sup>2</sup> GLA	2.10	74	80%	20%	0.45	16	55%	45%
4	Mini Storage	3500	m <sup>2</sup> GLA	0.25	9	50%	50%	0.40	14	50%	50%
5	Bulk Trade Centre	3500	m <sup>2</sup> GLA	1.50	53	40%	60%	3.90	137	50%	50%
		39000	m <sup>2</sup> GLA		1203				1954		
A	Primary Trips			71%	857	446	412	82%	1612	803	809
B	Bypass Trips			29%	346	173	173	18%	342	171	171
C	Total Trips			100%	1203	618	585	100%	1954	974	980



# TABLES



Table 1: Expected Trip Generation

ITEM	LAND USE	EXTENT	UNITS	WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR				SATURDAY AM PEAK HOUR			
				TRIP RATE	TOTAL TRIPS	IN	OUT	TRIP RATE	TOTAL TRIPS	IN	OUT
Church Street (N2)	Primary Trips			28%	243	137	106	28%	456	246	210
	Bypass Trips			85%	294	147	147	85%	290	145	145
	Total Trips			45%	537	284	253	38%	746	391	355
Brand Street (R543)	Primary Trips			72%	614	310	304	72%	1152	554	598
	Bypass Trips			15%	52	26	26	15%	52	26	26
	Total Trips			55%	666	336	330	62%	1204	580	624

# TABLES

Table 2: Weekday PM Peak Hour: Results of Capacity and Operational Analyses

INTERSECTION	(MOE)	1	2	3	4
	Measure of Effectiveness	Existing Situation	With Background Growth	With Application	With Application With Mitigation
		2013	2018	2018	2018
Intersection 1 Church (N2) / Theo Mocke	Traffic Control	TWSC	TWSC	TWSC	TSC
	Worse Movement	SWBR	SWBR	SWBR	-
	V/C	0.234	0.780	1.344	0.531
	Delay	75.1	468.4	871.8	15.90
	LOS	F	F	F	B
Intersection 2 Church (N2) / Smit	Traffic Control	TSC	TSC	TSC	
	V/C	0.527	0.674	0.831	
	Delay	16.4	19.2	27.1	
	LOS	B	B	C	
Intersection 3 Church (N2) / Piet Retief (R543) - Kruger	Traffic Control	TSC	TSC	TSC	
	V/C	0.581	0.707	0.832	
	Delay	17.3	19.2	25.5	
	LOS	B	B	C	
Intersection 4 Church (N2) / Retief	Traffic Control	TSC	TSC	TSC	
	V/C	0.584	0.714	0.796	
	Delay	20.1	27.6	36.1	
	LOS	C	C	D	
Intersection 5 Church (N2) / Brand (R543)	Traffic Control	OWSC	OWSC	OWSC	TSC
	Worse Movement	WBR	WBT	WBR	-
	V/C	0.195	0.949	12.490	0.582
	Delay	67.0	236.4	5710.0	26.42
	LOS	F	F	F	C

# TABLES

Table 2: Weekday PM Peak Hour: Results of Capacity and Operational Analyses

INTERSECTION	(MOE)	1	2	3	4
	Measure of Effectiveness	Existing Situation	With Background Growth	With Application	With Application With Mitigation
		2013	2018	2018	2018
Intersection 6 Church (N2) / Gerard Bohmer	Traffic Control	TWSC	TWSC	TWSC	TSC
	Worse Movement	WBR	EBT	EBT	-
	V/C	7.467	2.024	4.547	0.708
	Delay	3447.7	10000.0	10000.0	24.88
	LOS	F	F	F	C
Intersection 7 Kotze – Primary Access Piet Retief Mall / Brand (R543)	Traffic Control	AWSC	AWSC	AWSC	AWSC
	Worse Movement	SBR	SBR	NBL	EBR
	V/C	-	-	-	-
	Delay	8.0	8.3	15.9	12.52
	LOS	A	A	C	B
Intersection 8 Pretorius / Brand (R543)	Traffic Control	TWSC	TWSC	TWSC	
	Worse Movement	NBR	NBR	NBR	
	V/C	0.000	0.000	0.000	
	Delay	11.7	12.7	16.5	
	LOS	B	B	C	
Intersection 9 Von Brandis / Brand (R543)	Traffic Control	AWSC	AWSC	AWSC	
	Worse Movement	EBT	EBT	EBT	
	V/C	-	-	-	
	Delay	10.1	11.9	17.1	
	LOS	B	B	C	
Intersection 10 Church (N2) / Secondary Access Piet Retief Mall	Traffic Control	NA	NA	NA	OWSC
	Worse Movement	NA	NA	NA	WBL
	V/C	NA	NA	NA	0.687
	Delay	NA	NA	NA	31.0
	LOS	NA	NA	NA	D

# TABLES

Table 3: Saturday AM Peak Hour: Results of Capacity and Operational Analyses

INTERSECTION	(MOE)	1	2	3	4
	Measure of Effectiveness	Existing Situation	With Background Growth	With Application	With Application With Mitigation
		2013	2018	2018	2018
Intersection 1 Church (N2) / Theo Mocke	Traffic Control	TWSC	TWSC	TWSC	TSC
	Worse Movement	NEBR	SWBR	NEBR	
	V/C	0.011	0.143	0.638	0.573
	Delay	47.8	131.7	416.1	16.37
	LOS	E	F	F	B
Intersection 2 Church (N2) / Smit	Traffic Control	TSC	TSC	TSC	
	V/C	0.458	0.562	0.678	
	Delay	14.1	16.0	18.3	
	LOS	B	B	B	
Intersection 3 Church (N2) / Piet Retief (R543) - Kruger	Traffic Control	TSC	TSC	TSC	
	V/C	0.479	0.591	0.856	
	Delay	15.0	16.4	26.6	
	LOS	B	B	C	
Intersection 4 Church (N2) / Retief	Traffic Control	TSC	TSC	TSC	
	V/C	0.464	0.567	0.750	
	Delay	16.4	18.3	26.3	
	LOS	B	B	C	
Intersection 5 Church (N2) / Brand (R543)	Traffic Control	OWSC	OWSC	OWSC	TSC
	Worse Movement	WBR	WBR	WBR	
	V/C	0.019	0.040	15.776	0.522
	Delay	28.7	43.0	7028.6	13.67
	LOS	D	E	F	B

# TABLES

Table 3: Saturday AM Peak Hour: Results of Capacity and Operational Analyses

INTERSECTION	(MOE)	1	2	3	4
	Measure of Effectiveness	Existing Situation	With Background Growth	With Application	With Application With Mitigation
		2013	2018	2018	2018
Intersection 6 Church (N2) / Gerard Bohmer	Traffic Control	TWSC	TWSC	TWSC	TSC
	Worse Movement	WBR	EBT	EBT	
	V/C	3.624	1.641	7.428	0.973
	Delay	1779.6	10000.0	10000.0	16.88
	LOS	F	F	F	B
Intersection 7 Kotze – Primary Access Piet Retief Mall / Brand (R543)	Traffic Control	AWSC	AWSC	AWSC	AWSC
	Worse Movement	SBR	SBR	NBL	
	V/C	-	-	-	-
	Delay	7.3	7.5	86.5	13.33
	LOS	A	A	F	B
Intersection 8 Pretorius / Brand (R543)	Traffic Control	TWSC	TWSC	TWSC	
	Worse Movement	SBT	SBT	SBR	
	V/C	0.000	0.000	0.328	
	Delay	11.3	12.0	23.3	
	LOS	B	B	C	
Intersection 9 Von Brandis / Brand (R543)	Traffic Control	AWSC	AWSC	AWSC	
	Worse Movement	NBT	NBT	EBT	
	V/C	-	-	-	
	Delay	8.1	8.5	11.3	
	LOS	A	A	B	
Intersection 10 Church (N2) / Secondary Access Piet Retief Mall	Traffic Control	NA	NA	NA	OWSC
	Worse Movement	NA	NA	NA	NBT
	V/C	NA	NA	NA	0.937
	Delay	NA	NA	NA	43.7
	LOS	NA	NA	NA	D

# FIGURES



## FIGURES

*Figure 1: Locality Plan*

*Figure 2: Study Area*

*Figure 3: Traffic Model (VISTRO)*

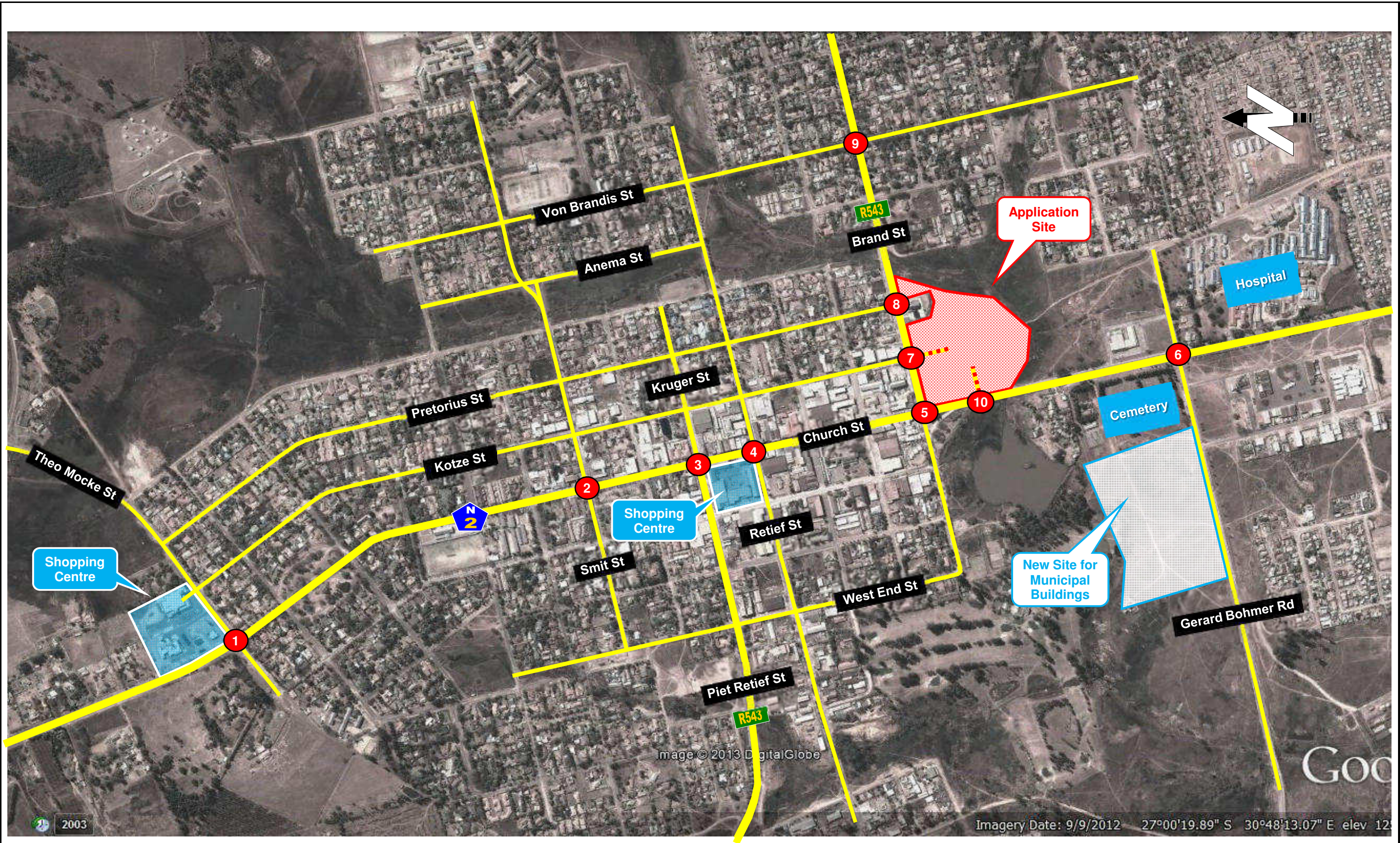
*Figure 4: Existing Road Network and Lane Layout*

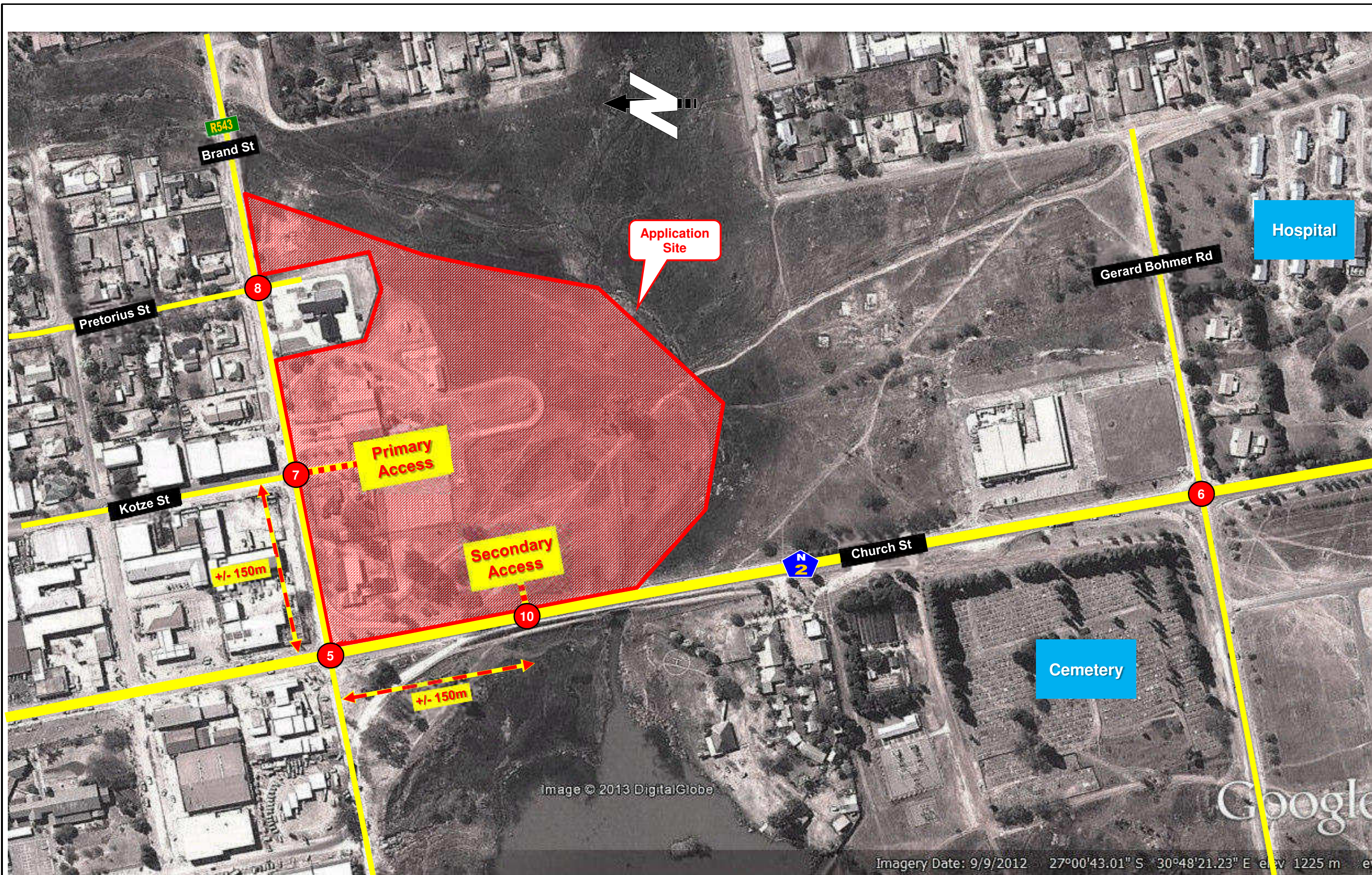
*Figure 5: Weekday PM Peak Hour Traffic Demand*

*Figure 6: Saturday AM Peak Hour Traffic Demand*

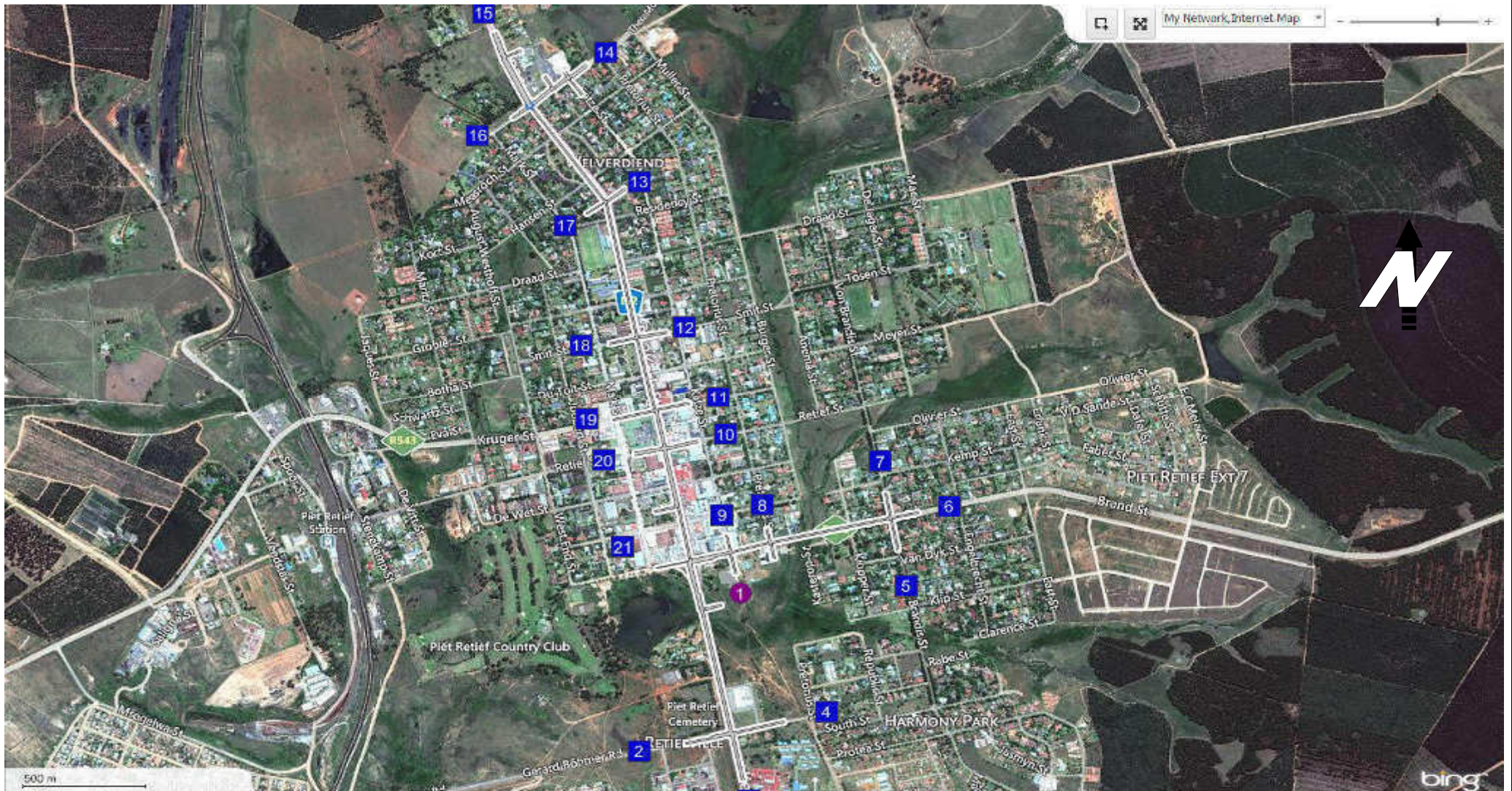
*Figure 7: Primary Trip Distribution*

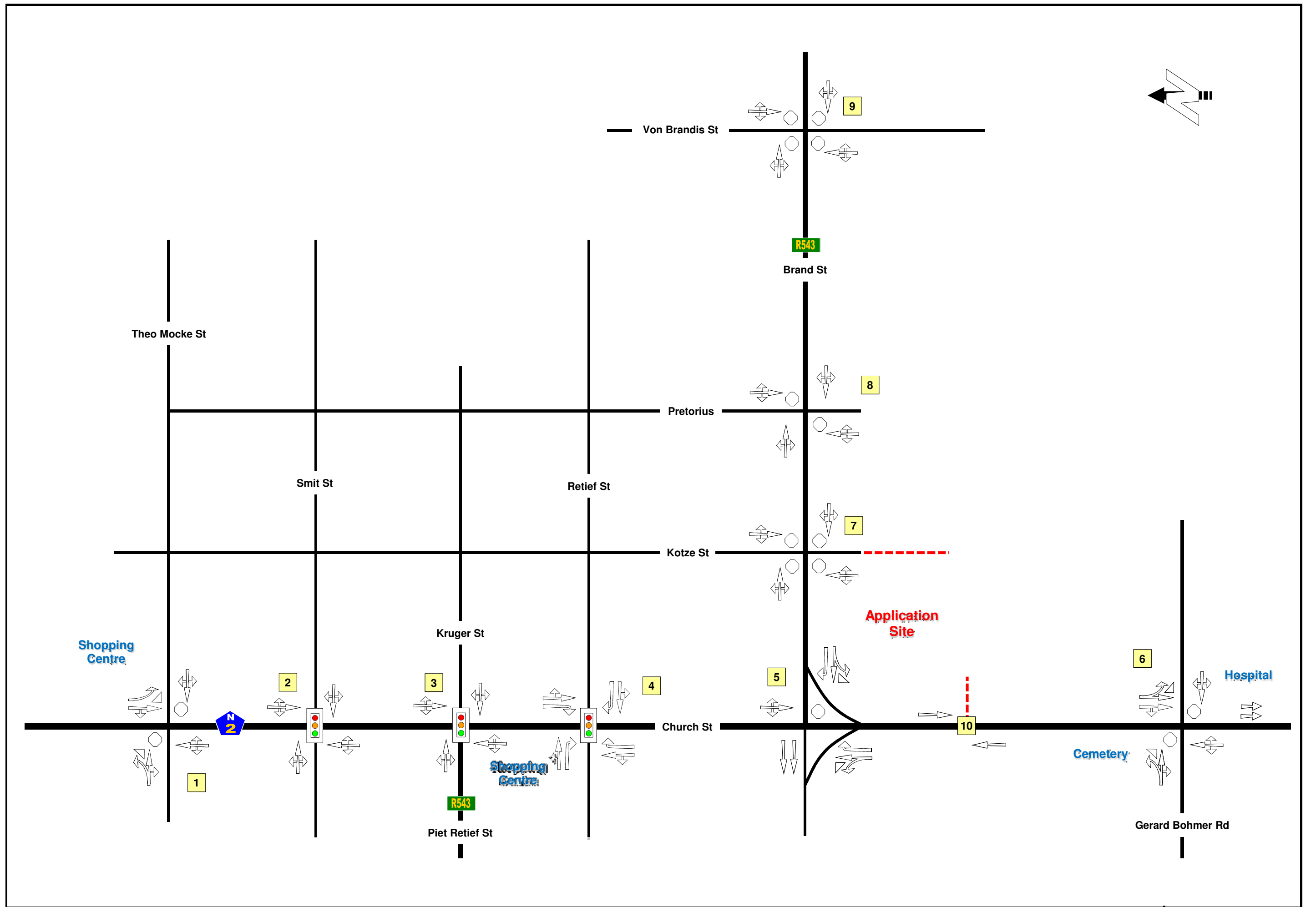
*Figure 8: Required Road Improvements In Study Area*



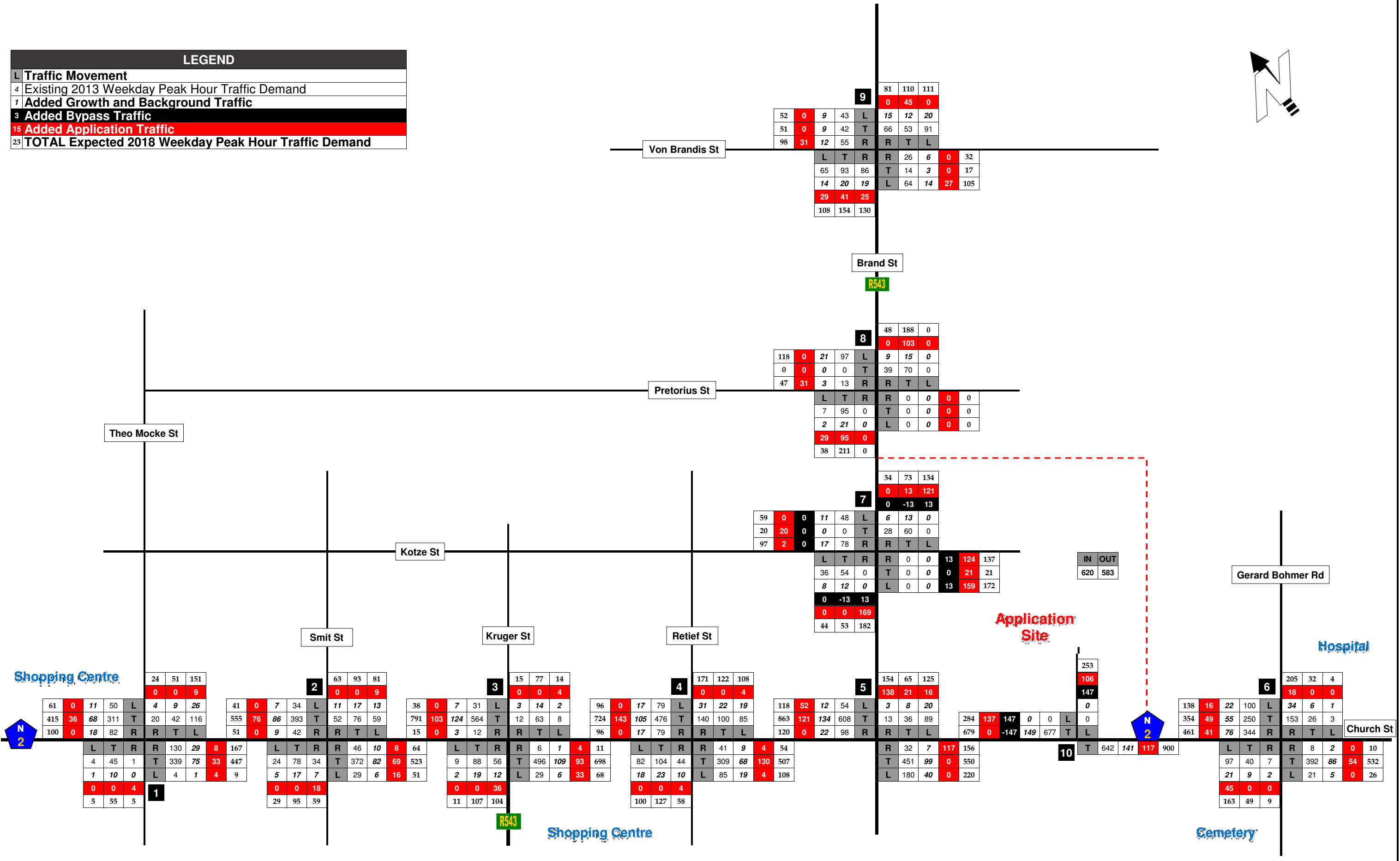
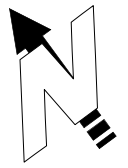








LEGEND	
L	Traffic Movement
4	Existing 2013 Weekday Peak Hour Traffic Demand
7	Added Growth and Background Traffic
3	Added Bypass Traffic
15	Added Application Traffic
23	TOTAL Expected 2018 Weekday Peak Hour Traffic Demand

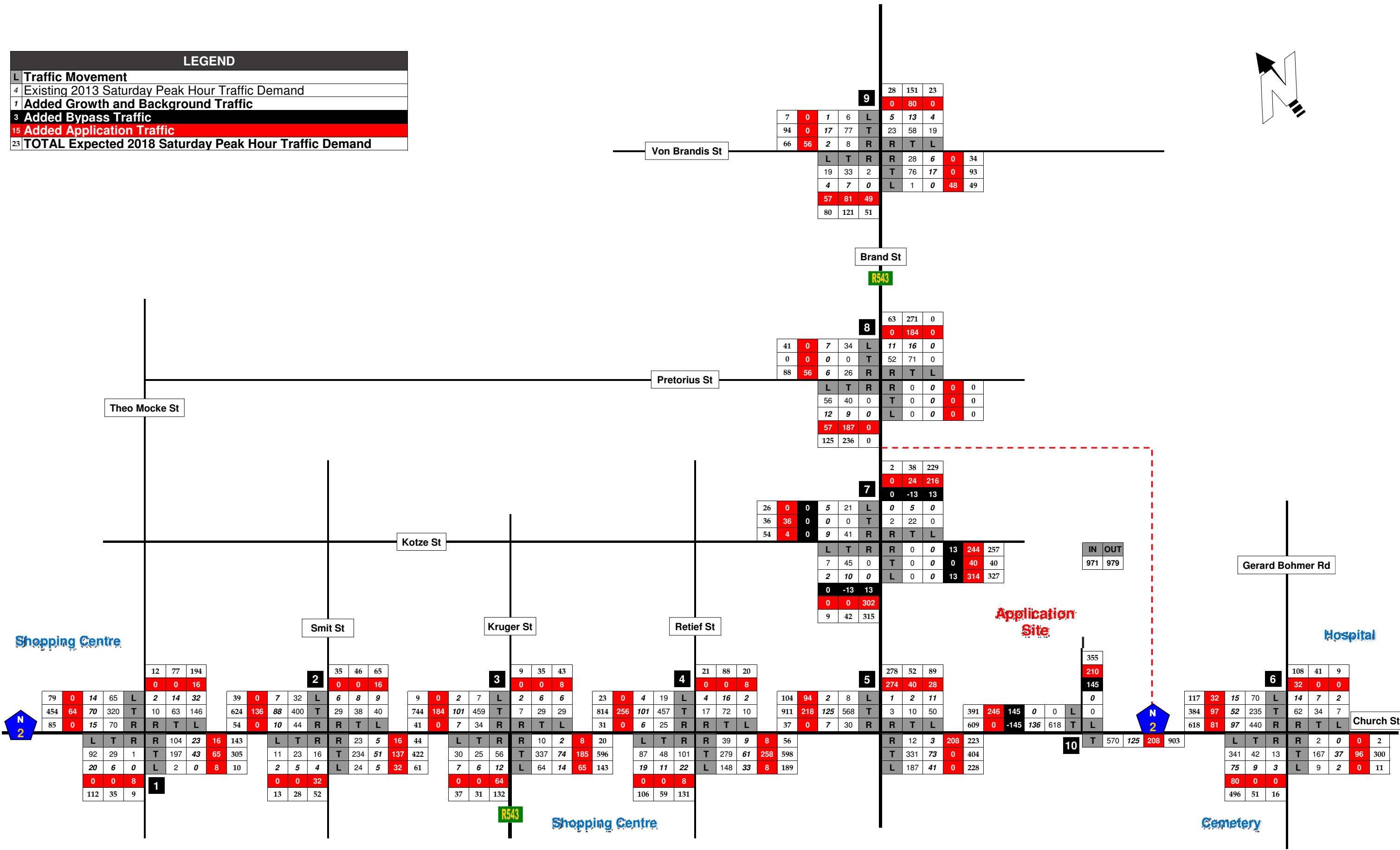
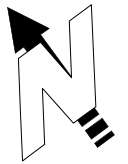


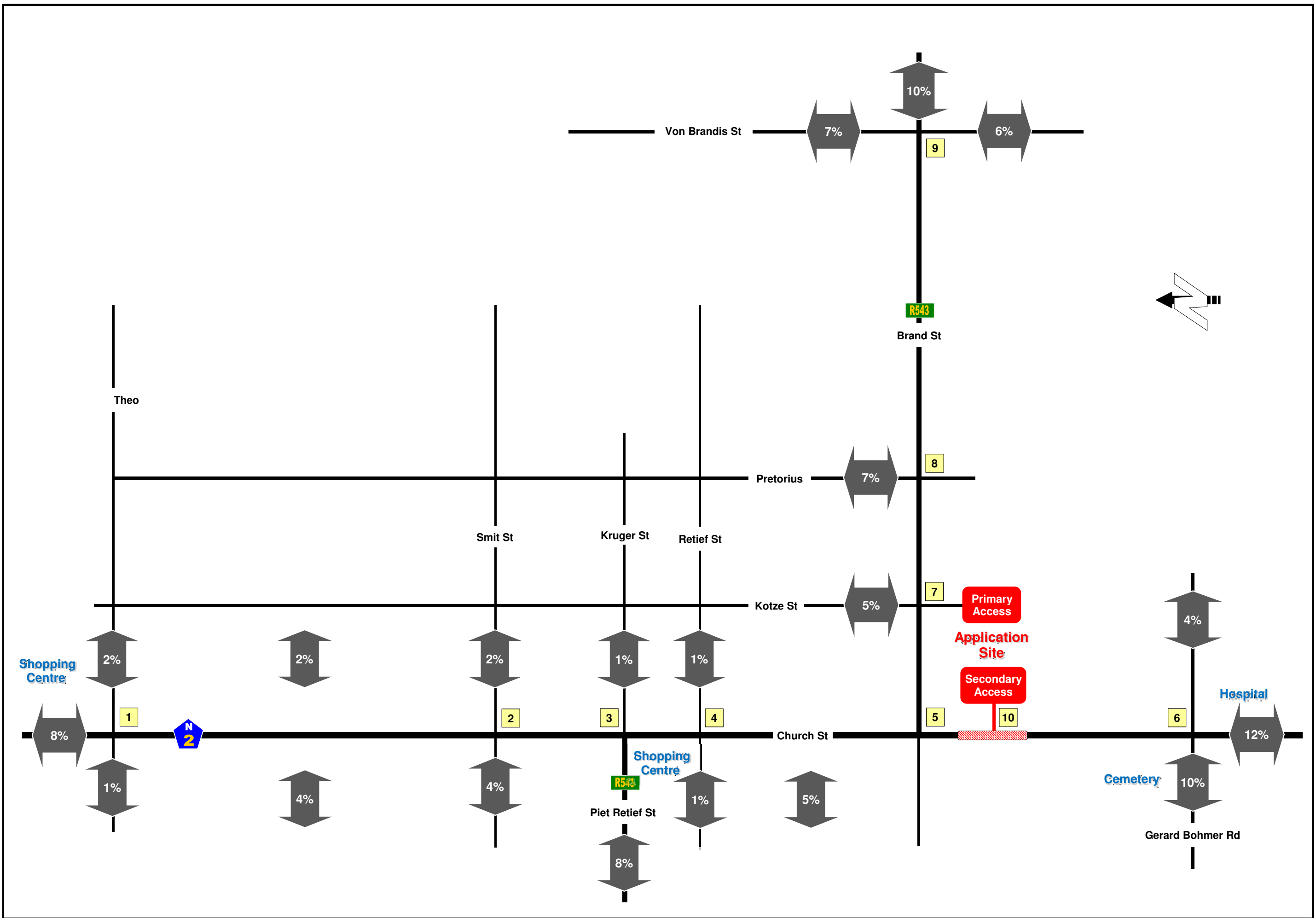
MALL@PIET RETIEF

Weekday PM Peak Hour Traffic Demand

FIGURE 5

LEGEND	
L	Traffic Movement
4	Existing 2013 Saturday Peak Hour Traffic Demand
1	Added Growth and Background Traffic
3	Added Bypass Traffic
15	Added Application Traffic
23	TOTAL Expected 2018 Saturday Peak Hour Traffic Demand

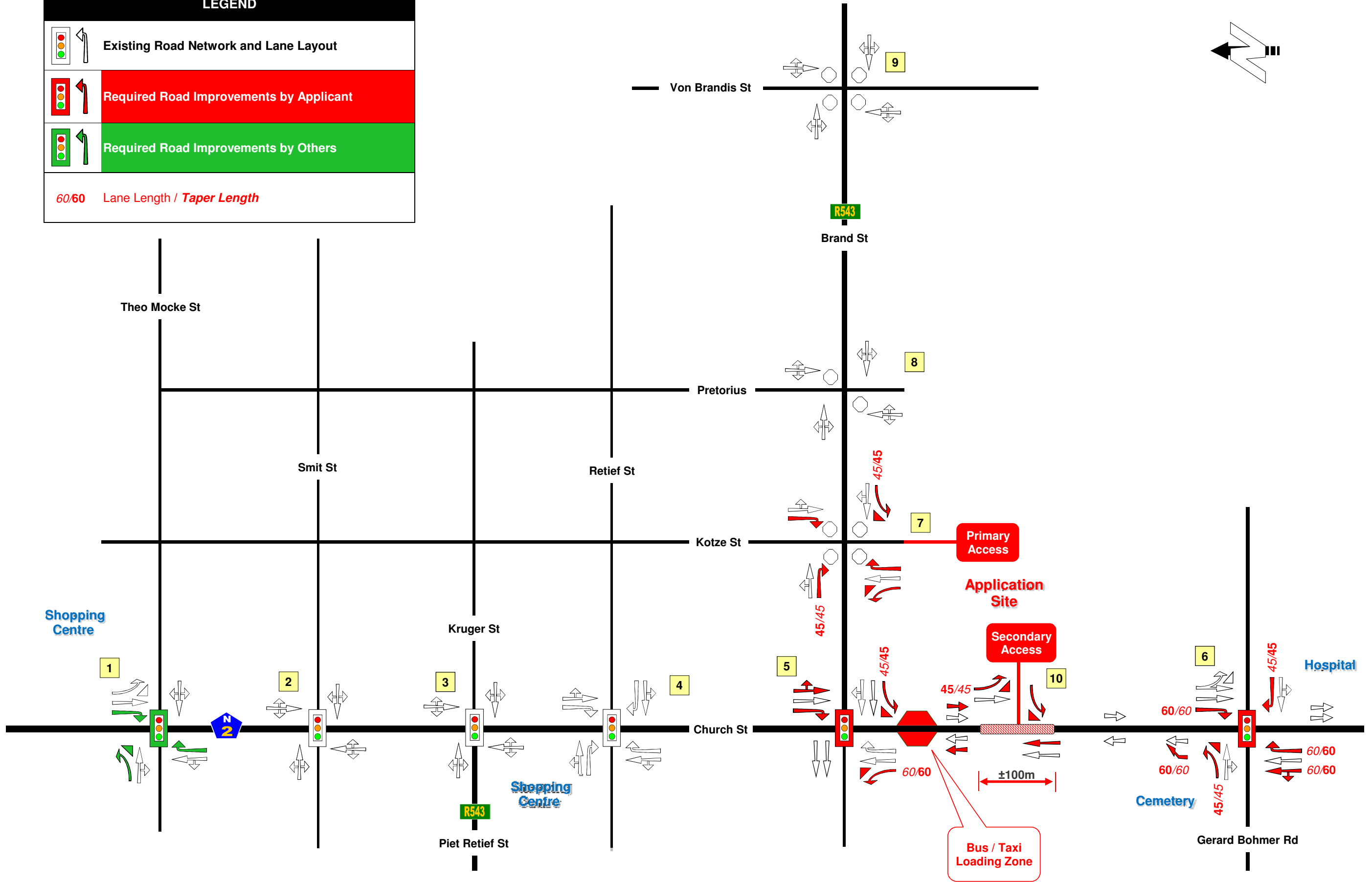
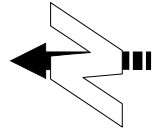




**LEGEND**

- Existing Road Network and Lane Layout
- Required Road Improvements by Applicant
- Required Road Improvements by Others

60/60 Lane Length / Taper Length



# APPENDICES



## APPENDICES

*Appendix A: Site Layout Plan: Portion 126*

*Appendix B: Concept SDP Mall@Piet Retief*

*Appendix C: Proposed Road Improvements at the Accesses & Church (N2) / Brand (R543) Intersection to Support the Piet Retief Mall*

*Appendix D: Proposed Road Improvements at the Church (N2) / Gerard Bohmer Intersection to Support the Piet Retief Mall*

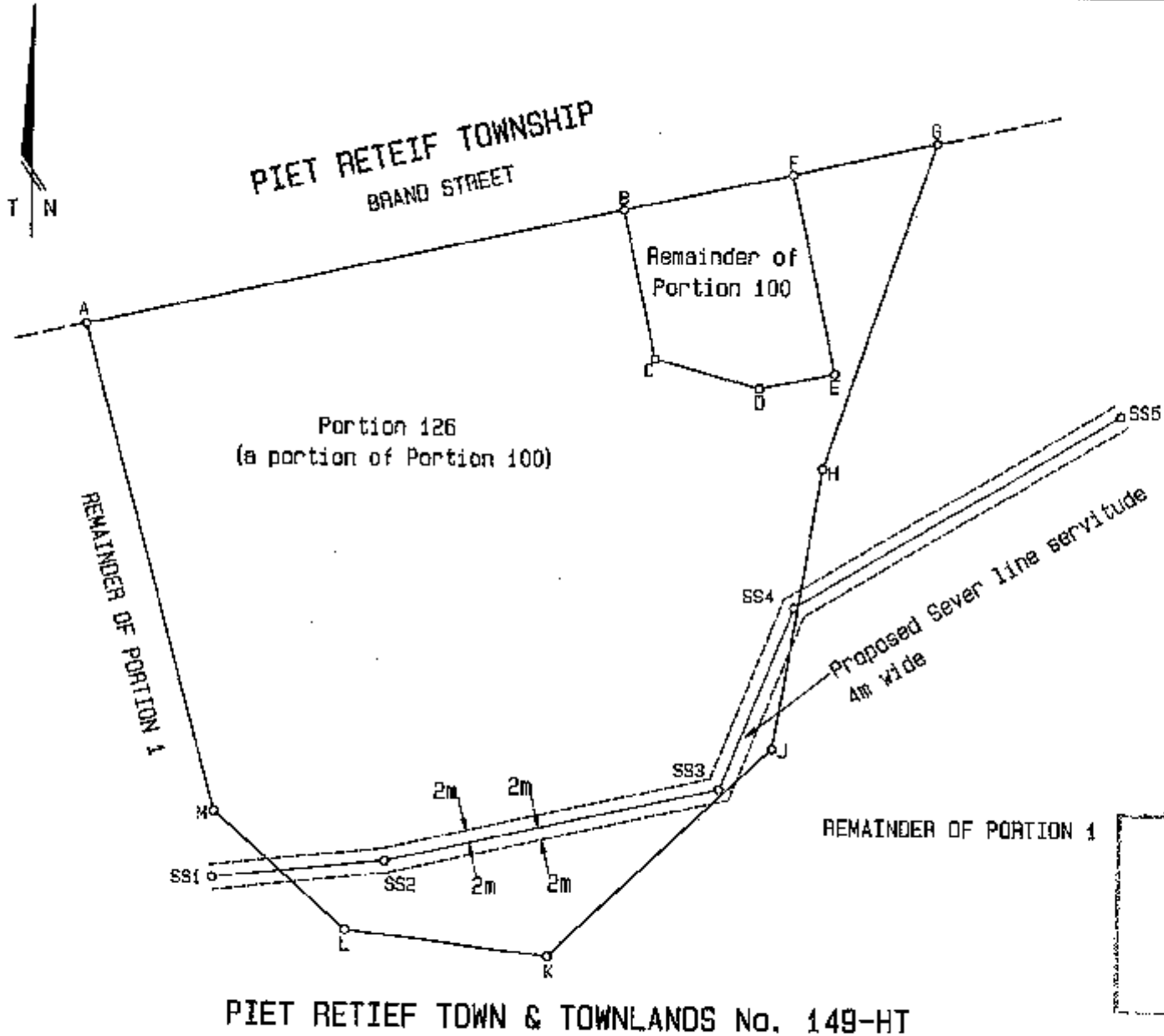
*Appendix E: Traffic Counts*

# APPENDICES



## Appendix A: Site Layout Plan





PIET RETIEF TOWN & TOWNLANDS No. 149-HT

**SKETCH PLAN**

in terms Ordinance 20/1986

Subdivision of Portion 126

(a portion of Portion 100)

of the farm

Piet Retief Town & Townlands No. 149-HT

Province of Mpumalanga



**REED & PARTNERS/VENNOTE**

PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYORS  
PROFESSIONELE LANDMETERS

OWNER / EIGENAAR : P. REED & DEKORTE INC. REG NO. 84/08178/21

Joubertstr. 100  
PO Box/Posbus 132  
ERNELO, 2350

Tel. : (017) 812348  
Fax. : (017) 8107841  
e-mail : rper@reepavsb.co.za

Layout / Sketch plan approved in terms of  
Section 18 of Ordinance 20/1986.

**MKHONDO  
MUNICIPALITY**

2013-06-27

MUNICIPALITY  
DATEX. POSBUS 23  
PIET RETIEF 2300

*[Signature]*  
MUNICIPAL MANAGER

Date June 2013

Scale 1: 500

*[Signature]*  
J. VAN NYK (PLS 0875)

REFERENCE NO.

VERWYBING NO.

DRWG NO.

TEK NO.

C:\DAT\2013\266-10\PTN126SP.dwg

1

# APPENDICES



## Appendix B: Concept SDP Mall@Piet Retief



# APPENDICES



## **Appendix C: Proposed Road Improvements at the Accesses & Church (N2) / Brand (R543) Intersection to Support the Piet Retief Mall**



# APPENDICES



## **Appendix D: Proposed Road Improvements at the Church (N2) / Gerard Bohmer Intersection to Support the Piet Retief Mall**

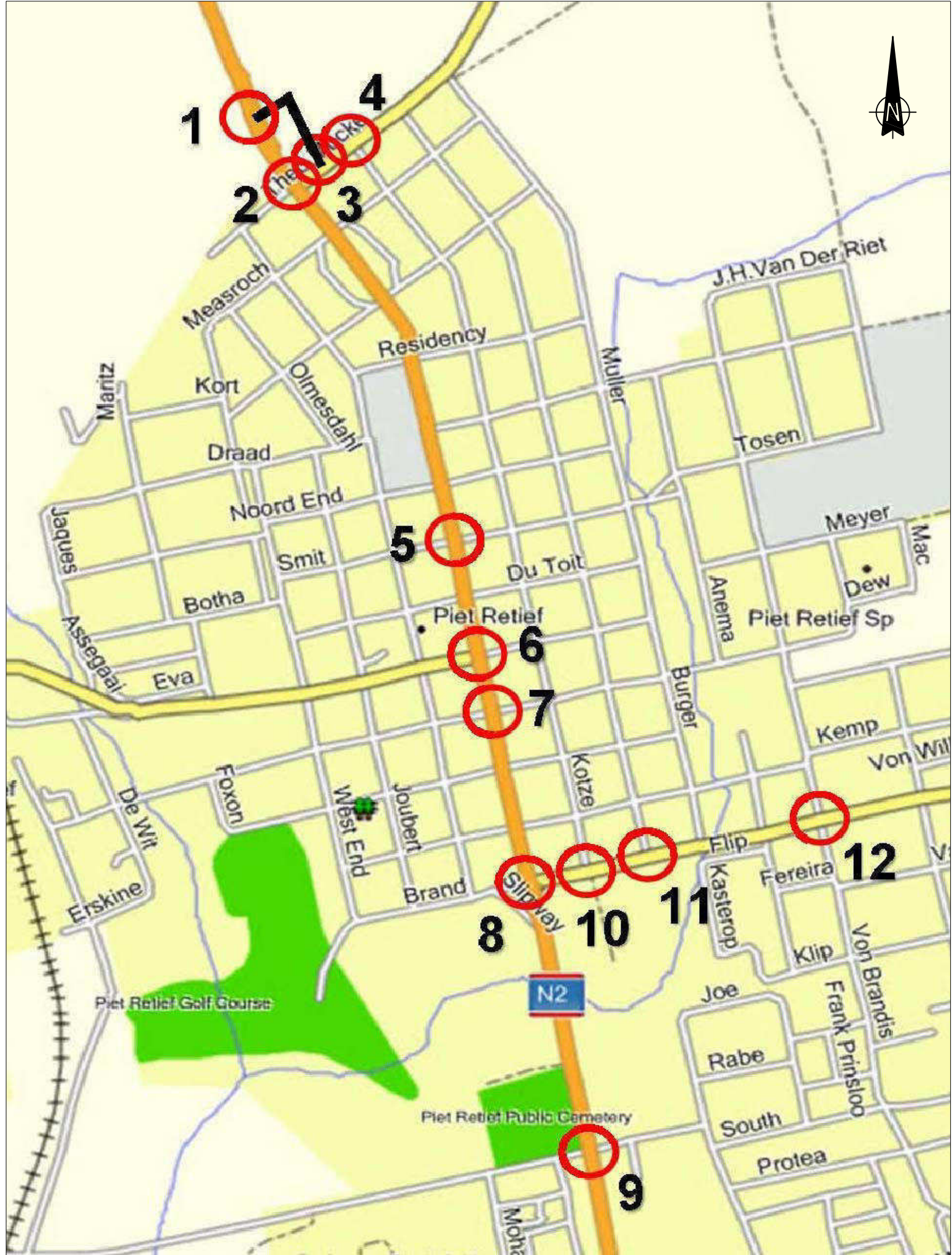


# APPENDICES

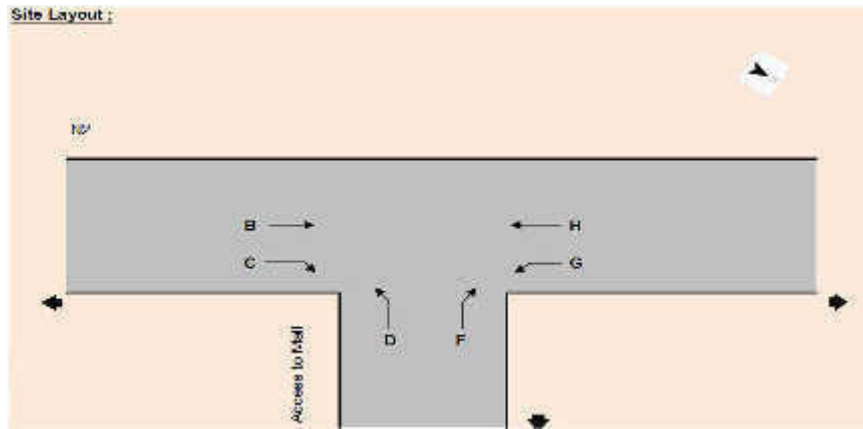


## Appendix E: Traffic Counts

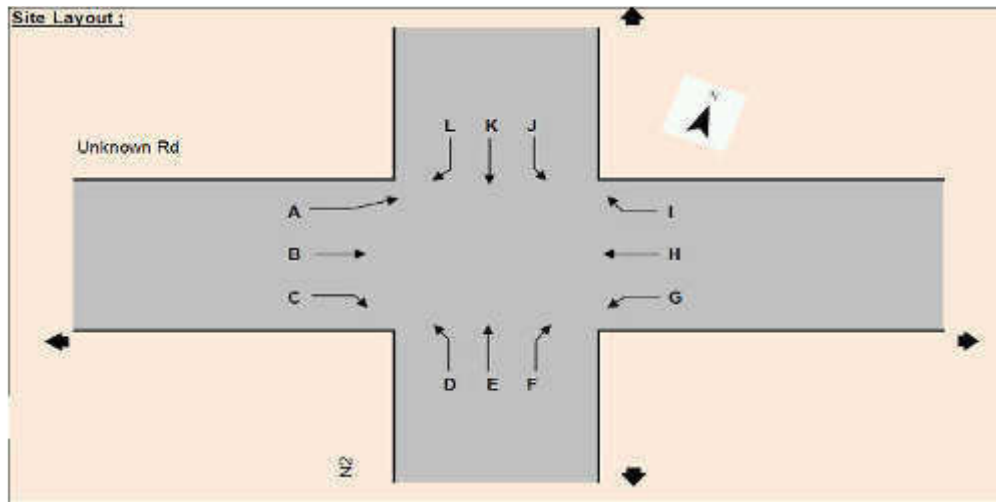




Site Layout :

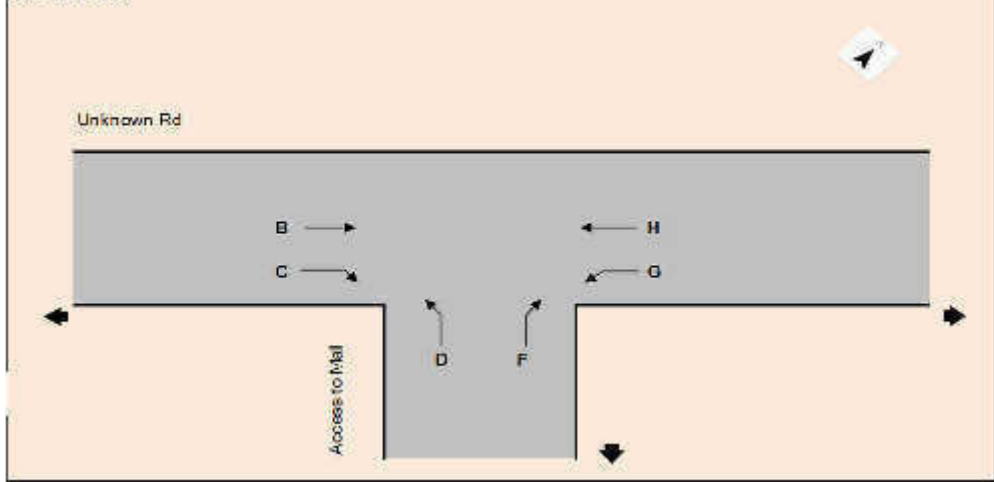


Time Period		TOTAL VEHICLES						Total
Start	End	H	G	F	D	C	B	
12:00	12:15	71	16	28	25	38	29	207
12:15	12:30	101	5	10	8	16	56	196
12:30	12:45	78	12	21	17	16	53	197
12:45	13:00	66	17	24	21	25	59	212
13:00	13:15	172	13	23	14	28	132	382
13:15	13:30	97	5	9	7	8	113	239
13:30	13:45	90	10	11	8	16	90	225
13:45	14:00	97	8	24	15	32	80	256
14:00	14:15	126	17	28	16	31	92	310
14:15	14:30	95	28	17	20	36	61	257
14:30	14:45	92	22	28	22	27	85	276
14:45	15:00	84	12	28	19	38	78	259
15:00	15:15	105	20	29	17	27	70	268
15:15	15:30	108	8	19	17	21	85	258
15:30	15:45	73	10	30	20	35	52	220
15:45	16:00	60	17	24	16	21	39	177
16:00	16:15	82	20	31	17	24	55	229
16:15	16:30	129	16	20	16	33	69	283
16:30	16:45	80	23	38	19	24	71	255
16:45	17:00	92	13	27	17	36	64	249
17:00	17:15	98	14	30	16	34	79	271
17:15	17:30	94	16	28	17	31	51	237
17:30	17:45	47	18	31	19	37	68	220
17:45	18:00	76	23	29	9	24	31	192
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>2213</b>	<b>363</b>	<b>587</b>	<b>392</b>	<b>658</b>	<b>1662</b>	<b>5875</b>

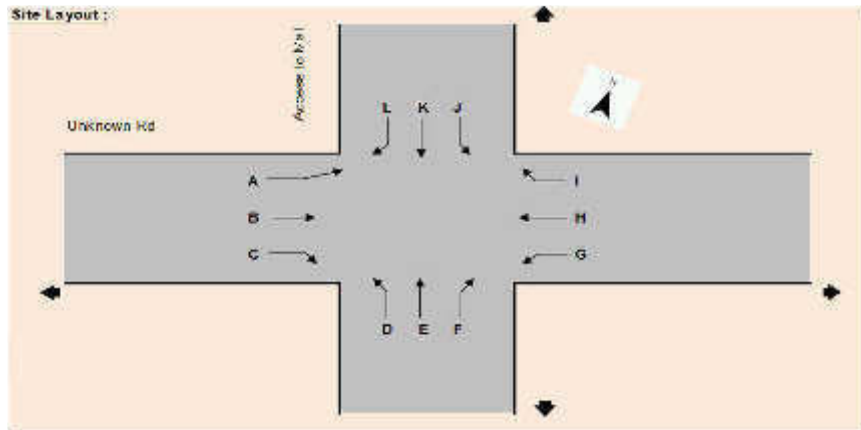


Time Period		Total vehicles												Total
Start	End	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A	
12:00	12:15	17	70	0	3	21	26	23	43	1	0	14	0	218
12:15	12:30	13	80	0	5	11	23	27	50	0	0	16	0	225
12:30	12:45	17	66	0	5	21	24	26	38	1	2	10	1	211
12:45	13:00	9	64	0	3	15	20	25	54	0	1	16	0	207
13:00	13:15	26	140	0	6	20	38	48	99	0	1	13	6	397
13:15	13:30	17	74	0	7	12	31	35	79	0	0	8	3	266
13:30	13:45	15	70	0	4	12	30	32	72	0	0	6	2	243
13:45	14:00	20	79	0	4	9	22	30	76	0	0	13	1	254
14:00	14:15	25	103	0	8	10	24	23	78	1	0	18	1	291
14:15	14:30	24	76	1	9	9	19	34	61	0	1	14	1	249
14:30	14:45	18	80	0	6	16	25	20	59	1	0	12	2	239
14:45	15:00	22	72	0	6	6	23	33	74	0	0	13	4	253
15:00	15:15	22	87	0	6	10	22	23	63	0	0	7	0	240
15:15	15:30	21	92	0	2	8	30	35	72	0	1	18	1	280
15:30	15:45	14	62	0	6	6	23	34	53	0	0	9	2	209
15:45	16:00	8	51	0	4	7	26	27	49	0	0	7	0	179
16:00	16:15	17	71	0	3	9	30	32	59	0	0	11	1	233
16:15	16:30	28	102	0	4	13	40	34	69	1	0	9	2	302
16:30	16:45	16	66	0	7	4	23	33	54	1	1	17	1	223
16:45	17:00	21	72	0	6	16	23	31	57	2	0	8	0	236
17:00	17:15	13	80	0	7	11	29	36	70	0	0	14	1	261
17:15	17:30	21	71	0	9	7	27	39	48	0	4	12	2	240
17:30	17:45	5	52	0	7	13	27	31	67	0	0	12	1	215
17:45	18:00	12	56	0	7	6	34	17	38	1	1	9	0	181
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>421</b>	<b>1836</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>272</b>	<b>639</b>	<b>728</b>	<b>1482</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>286</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>5852</b>

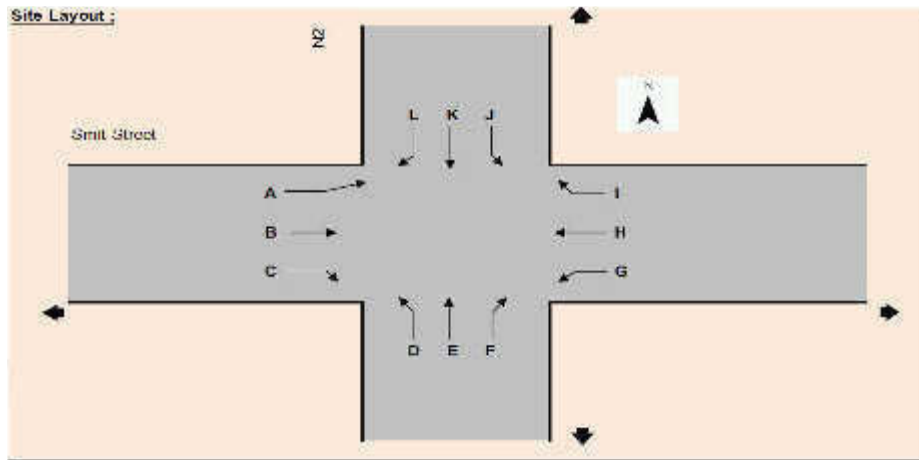
**Site Layout:**



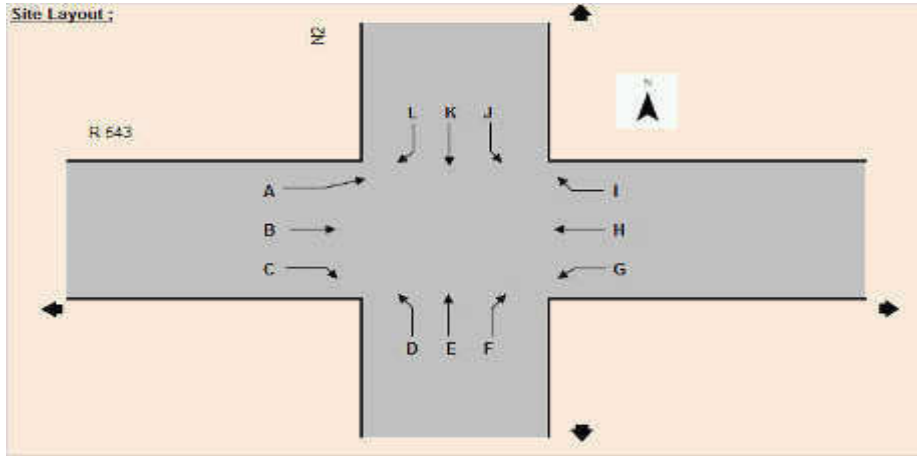
Time Period		TOTAL VEHICLES						
Start	End	H	G	F	D	C	B	Total
12:00	12:15	36	10	15	12	0	35	108
12:15	12:30	33	26	8	13	11	31	122
12:30	12:45	21	27	19	25	6	31	129
12:45	13:00	25	30	19	26	12	19	131
13:00	13:15	27	34	17	18	14	47	157
13:15	13:30	34	22	23	13	12	27	131
13:30	13:45	30	16	16	15	14	30	121
13:45	14:00	37	13	9	13	12	26	110
14:00	14:15	34	20	18	17	20	24	133
14:15	14:30	29	12	18	19	17	19	114
14:30	14:45	27	11	21	20	12	26	117
14:45	15:00	17	38	14	17	15	21	122
15:00	15:15	30	13	18	15	14	20	110
15:15	15:30	34	31	13	26	16	27	147
15:30	15:45	23	37	14	11	10	21	116
15:45	16:00	27	24	18	14	12	19	114
16:00	16:15	18	36	17	28	14	25	138
16:15	16:30	28	30	25	16	14	32	145
16:30	16:45	29	38	18	26	13	16	140
16:45	17:00	30	25	23	28	14	22	142
17:00	17:15	34	37	22	29	10	25	157
17:15	17:30	30	40	23	21	17	20	151
17:30	17:45	22	30	27	20	20	20	139
17:45	18:00	21	22	22	18	16	25	124
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>676</b>	<b>622</b>	<b>437</b>	<b>460</b>	<b>315</b>	<b>608</b>	<b>3118</b>



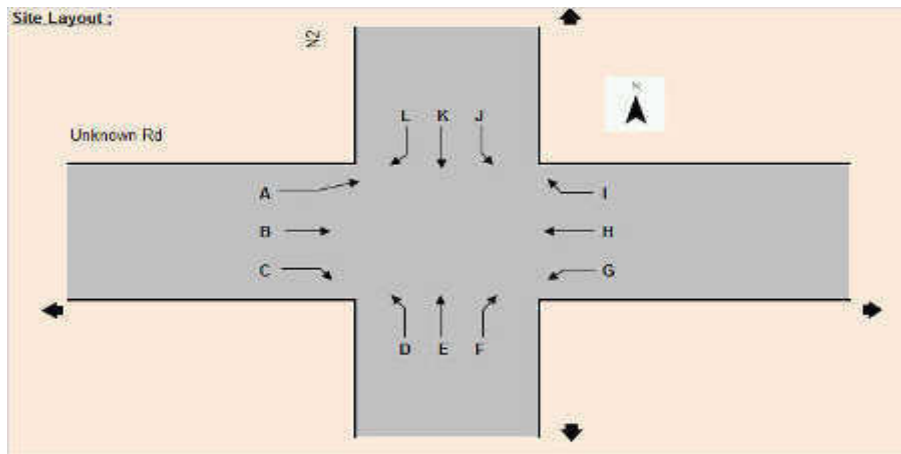
Time Period		Total vehicles												
Start	End	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A	Total
12:00	12:15	9	16	18	9	20	12	5	13	6	7	37	4	156
12:15	12:30	18	14	27	22	20	13	3	21	4	13	28	5	188
12:30	12:45	29	25	30	22	4	16	1	18	4	5	40	1	195
12:45	13:00	16	20	32	18	7	15	6	21	8	11	39	1	194
13:00	13:15	18	21	20	18	33	21	4	13	10	18	43	4	223
13:15	13:30	16	16	22	31	17	19	1	18	6	12	26	9	193
13:30	13:45	14	18	28	32	23	17	1	13	7	12	24	4	193
13:45	14:00	10	18	30	40	23	19	2	11	5	13	39	4	214
14:00	14:15	16	23	32	34	14	20	1	18	14	17	20	4	213
14:15	14:30	16	23	35	33	14	14	0	17	6	22	30	8	218
14:30	14:45	15	16	20	41	10	24	0	16	13	25	27	5	212
14:45	15:00	12	17	32	27	12	16	1	13	12	14	15	5	176
15:00	15:15	12	15	23	21	10	21	2	18	12	13	23	9	179
15:15	15:30	22	18	14	15	10	29	5	20	11	18	33	9	204
15:30	15:45	11	20	36	36	10	19	5	24	10	19	10	5	205
15:45	16:00	12	16	21	40	10	29	2	20	9	17	17	7	200
16:00	16:15	18	23	57	47	12	25	2	21	9	13	27	6	260
16:15	16:30	27	21	26	41	13	24	4	24	6	12	19	13	230
16:30	16:45	15	22	50	60	7	24	4	21	7	20	31	4	265
16:45	17:00	21	24	33	35	7	22	2	26	8	25	26	7	236
17:00	17:15	21	28	40	30	10	23	5	27	4	25	32	6	251
17:15	17:30	20	23	23	30	9	29	3	22	8	18	28	5	218
17:30	17:45	22	20	22	25	7	30	7	22	11	30	4	8	208
17:45	18:00	25	25	18	32	9	23	6	17	7	6	27	6	201
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>415</b>	<b>482</b>	<b>689</b>	<b>739</b>	<b>311</b>	<b>504</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>454</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>645</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>5032</b>



Time Period		Total vehicles												Total
Start	End	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A	
12:00	12:15	10	80	8	6	17	9	9	58	3	9	19	4	232
12:15	12:30	11	93	5	9	23	8	10	67	4	8	15	4	257
12:30	12:45	13	85	5	7	23	9	6	70	7	7	24	3	259
12:45	13:00	10	81	8	5	18	11	4	62	6	8	33	3	249
13:00	13:15	11	94	13	10	28	9	13	59	4	10	22	8	281
13:15	13:30	5	90	5	10	27	9	8	66	15	6	18	4	263
13:30	13:45	13	133	19	14	33	9	12	67	4	8	23	3	338
13:45	14:00	12	80	5	14	16	10	15	67	6	10	20	6	261
14:00	14:15	12	115	8	7	15	7	4	80	10	10	21	4	293
14:15	14:30	6	99	6	12	19	11	13	80	10	6	18	3	283
14:30	14:45	6	97	5	12	22	11	10	85	13	11	23	6	301
14:45	15:00	9	84	19	11	23	13	8	100	4	7	17	3	298
15:00	15:15	13	102	19	13	22	14	12	91	6	7	23	4	326
15:15	15:30	12	83	16	14	19	9	16	100	9	9	29	6	322
15:30	15:45	13	80	17	11	23	11	8	92	12	9	21	5	302
15:45	16:00	10	111	14	10	24	18	15	92	10	6	16	6	332
16:00	16:15	9	94	10	8	20	19	13	95	8	9	15	7	307
16:15	16:30	9	100	8	13	18	13	11	92	6	9	19	3	301
16:30	16:45	11	104	6	17	17	17	11	99	6	10	20	6	324
16:45	17:00	13	95	10	14	21	10	11	86	9	6	24	8	307
17:00	17:15	12	93	11	14	23	9	10	87	8	5	18	9	299
17:15	17:30	12	77	5	8	24	19	10	78	5	9	29	6	282
17:30	17:45	6	85	5	13	20	19	12	83	8	7	25	5	288
17:45	18:00	12	83	8	14	20	16	11	102	10	5	19	3	303
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>250</b>	<b>2238</b>	<b>235</b>	<b>266</b>	<b>515</b>	<b>290</b>	<b>252</b>	<b>1958</b>	<b>183</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>511</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>7008</b>

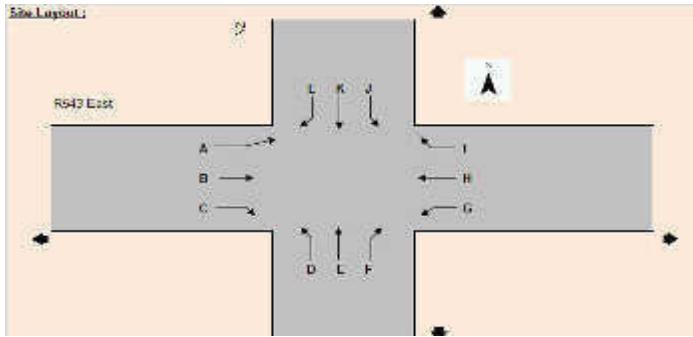


Time Period		Total vehicles												
Start	End	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A	Total
12:00	12:15	1	119	5	1	13	1	3	103	8	6	14	1	275
12:15	12:30	3	115	2	4	6	1	2	98	5	7	27	2	272
12:30	12:45	4	126	2	2	12	1	1	96	18	5	22	2	291
12:45	13:00	2	112	5	3	24	3	2	107	10	5	24	6	303
13:00	13:15	1	112	7	4	14	0	3	93	12	13	22	2	283
13:15	13:30	3	120	3	2	11	4	0	110	8	10	19	0	290
13:30	13:45	1	115	11	5	16	4	5	131	10	10	30	2	340
13:45	14:00	2	141	3	7	30	2	2	92	14	12	18	2	325
14:00	14:15	4	97	7	2	19	5	1	130	19	17	20	3	324
14:15	14:30	1	94	6	6	13	3	3	146	8	23	18	1	322
14:30	14:45	1	118	8	5	18	1	2	121	18	12	26	2	332
14:45	15:00	2	117	6	2	16	0	6	134	11	8	16	1	319
15:00	15:15	4	129	5	3	18	0	2	110	7	12	22	3	315
15:15	15:30	2	118	5	2	12	2	1	126	8	11	37	2	326
15:30	15:45	2	133	5	8	9	4	1	116	13	16	29	3	339
15:45	16:00	2	117	2	3	15	2	3	130	7	13	25	4	323
16:00	16:15	3	134	6	2	13	3	1	133	6	14	21	2	338
16:15	16:30	3	149	7	1	14	3	1	117	9	17	21	1	343
16:30	16:45	3	150	10	5	20	0	3	121	8	10	23	4	357
16:45	17:00	3	131	8	4	16	2	1	125	6	15	23	2	336
17:00	17:15	1	112	7	7	15	2	1	111	10	20	35	4	325
17:15	17:30	2	117	5	3	13	4	2	123	7	11	39	1	327
17:30	17:45	2	108	3	1	18	0	1	133	3	14	20	1	304
17:45	18:00	1	127	2	2	9	4	1	127	5	13	27	0	318
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>53</b>	<b>2911</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>364</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>2833</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>578</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>7627</b>

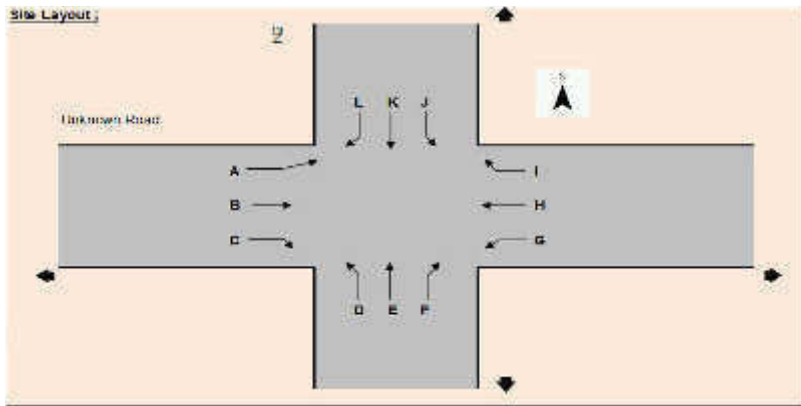


Time Period		Total vehicles												Total
Start	End	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A	
12:00	12:15	14	109	12	33	25	20	4	68	23	4	18	12	342
12:15	12:30	13	107	13	32	29	18	6	61	23	5	18	12	337
12:30	12:45	15	111	16	35	28	20	6	67	22	5	18	13	356
12:45	13:00	21	93	10	29	26	28	8	78	26	7	34	12	372
13:00	13:15	20	99	11	27	35	23	5	70	29	10	41	11	381
13:15	13:30	20	101	15	23	33	24	16	80	33	6	45	15	411
13:30	13:45	19	99	15	35	37	15	9	84	25	8	20	27	393
13:45	14:00	25	118	16	34	69	20	21	45	29	6	39	29	451
14:00	14:15	24	86	16	30	19	28	13	102	24	10	25	18	395
14:15	14:30	23	90	16	33	14	26	11	102	23	10	25	22	395
14:30	14:45	21	102	16	36	25	29	16	84	38	12	33	22	434
14:45	15:00	19	93	14	31	27	15	3	97	35	10	38	22	404
15:00	15:15	27	101	19	44	18	21	9	67	36	9	27	8	386
15:15	15:30	11	113	19	34	25	34	10	90	22	10	17	11	396
15:30	15:45	24	116	13	32	23	20	15	82	28	13	38	18	422
15:45	16:00	14	114	11	45	28	23	14	80	30	9	17	15	400
16:00	16:15	26	117	9	38	21	15	17	82	27	14	20	20	406
16:15	16:30	20	121	28	26	24	23	12	81	16	6	38	20	415
16:30	16:45	17	122	23	36	34	25	7	75	22	14	22	21	418
16:45	17:00	16	116	19	40	21	22	5	71	20	10	24	21	385
17:00	17:15	8	112	9	35	27	20	9	72	32	12	29	16	381
17:15	17:30	11	107	17	41	23	18	7	78	12	14	18	14	360
17:30	17:45	10	99	13	29	21	11	10	93	16	13	15	16	346
17:45	18:00	12	126	13	38	14	12	6	84	20	5	17	11	358
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>430</b>	<b>2572</b>	<b>363</b>	<b>816</b>	<b>646</b>	<b>510</b>	<b>239</b>	<b>1893</b>	<b>611</b>	<b>222</b>	<b>636</b>	<b>406</b>	<b>9344</b>



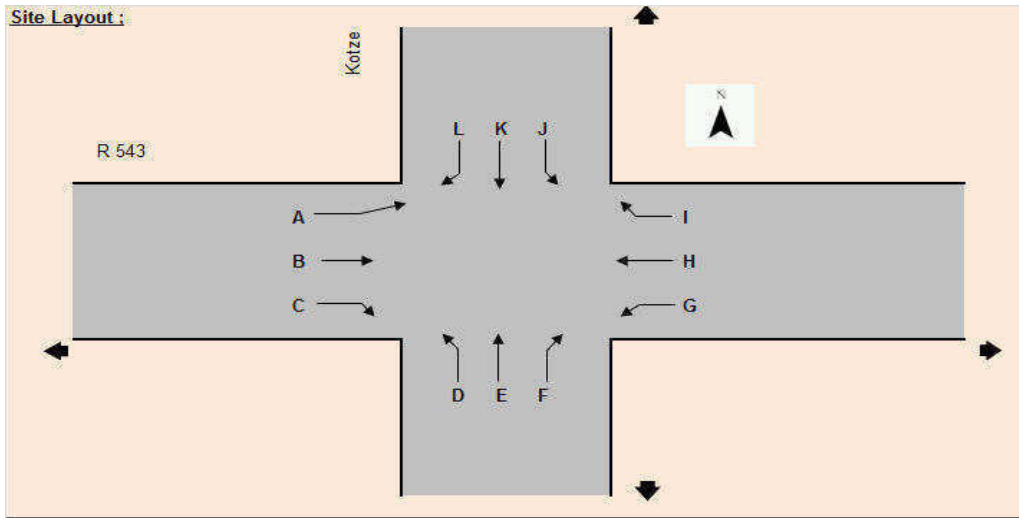


Time Period		Total vehicles												
Start	End	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A	Total
12:00	12:15	17	116	10	4	6	21	5	107	49	0	0	0	335
12:15	12:30	19	129	18	3	2	19	10	112	36	0	0	0	348
12:30	12:45	17	128	14	1	4	18	10	114	41	0	0	0	347
12:45	13:00	16	131	16	3	2	19	5	107	55	0	0	0	354
13:00	13:15	18	135	13	5	5	16	12	110	40	0	0	0	354
13:15	13:30	22	132	18	4	4	15	11	130	54	0	0	0	390
13:30	13:45	21	150	19	5	3	20	8	129	37	0	0	0	392
13:45	14:00	22	144	14	3	10	27	8	112	30	0	0	0	370
14:00	14:15	19	137	15	3	6	20	7	130	26	0	0	0	363
14:15	14:30	18	139	7	2	9	24	8	132	27	0	0	0	366
14:30	14:45	16	128	10	2	4	19	6	127	48	0	0	0	360
14:45	15:00	28	135	12	2	6	21	4	128	44	0	0	0	380
15:00	15:15	23	150	9	3	6	23	6	119	44	0	0	0	383
15:15	15:30	21	160	9	4	6	19	4	119	49	0	0	0	391
15:30	15:45	23	147	10	5	3	19	2	134	47	0	0	0	390
15:45	16:00	23	147	8	6	3	21	5	126	51	0	0	0	390
16:00	16:15	24	159	6	4	2	15	5	126	47	0	0	0	388
16:15	16:30	28	161	7	3	3	17	1	113	35	0	0	0	368
16:30	16:45	25	157	14	1	7	19	3	98	50	0	0	0	374
16:45	17:00	21	131	7	5	4	18	3	114	48	0	0	0	351
17:00	17:15	18	146	12	5	5	20	7	102	56	0	0	0	371
17:15	17:30	19	151	13	6	3	15	5	101	51	0	0	0	364
17:30	17:45	20	159	16	3	6	15	11	104	48	0	0	0	382
17:45	18:00	17	148	12	5	3	17	5	118	45	0	0	0	370
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>495</b>	<b>3420</b>	<b>289</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>457</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>2812</b>	<b>1058</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8881</b>



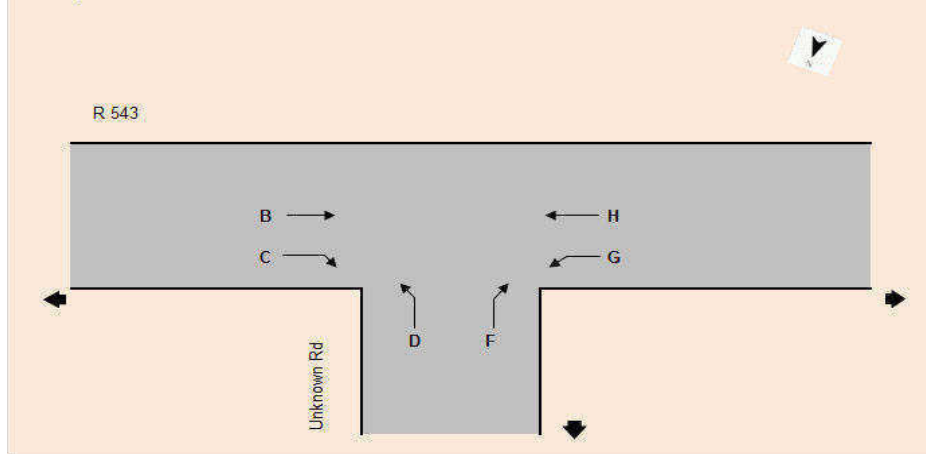
Time Period		Total vehicles												Total
Start	End	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A	
12:00	12:15	58	41	15	22	6	1	0	59	6	1	8	2	219
12:15	12:30	68	42	14	22	7	5	1	78	5	3	7	7	259
12:30	12:45	72	34	16	27	5	3	2	85	2	1	8	10	265
12:45	13:00	75	38	18	24	8	2	5	93	14	3	4	12	296
13:00	13:15	80	44	22	24	6	4	6	93	5	1	2	16	303
13:15	13:30	73	41	20	22	4	5	3	102	6	2	3	13	294
13:30	13:45	76	52	18	33	6	2	2	103	9	3	10	14	328
13:45	14:00	76	50	21	30	8	3	5	100	5	3	2	18	321
14:00	14:15	61	42	23	34	6	3	4	101	4	3	10	14	305
14:15	14:30	95	70	23	32	6	3	5	96	17	6	7	12	372
14:30	14:45	84	68	29	21	17	6	3	73	7	4	13	16	341
14:45	15:00	101	82	22	19	8	2	2	94	2	3	11	10	356
15:00	15:15	101	84	22	27	10	5	2	59	2	1	8	15	336
15:15	15:30	90	62	23	13	8	2	4	70	2	4	9	9	296
15:30	15:45	90	64	39	13	11	1	2	59	5	2	9	14	309
15:45	16:00	92	66	16	24	9	4	1	55	4	0	8	14	293
16:00	16:15	112	93	17	20	4	0	3	42	4	1	14	5	315
16:15	16:30	111	79	32	13	9	2	0	54	7	4	10	12	333
16:30	16:45	57	38	19	6	7	0	3	19	1	0	6	7	163
16:45	17:00	64	40	32	13	6	1	2	18	9	2	10	9	206
17:00	17:15	62	42	30	16	2	1	1	33	8	4	10	4	213
17:15	17:30	58	39	30	16	5	0	0	33	5	1	6	11	204
17:30	17:45	54	32	27	8	6	0	0	45	5	4	5	5	191
17:45	18:00	34	34	20	10	3	0	0	40	1	2	6	6	156
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>1844</b>	<b>1277</b>	<b>548</b>	<b>489</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>1604</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>255</b>	<b>6674</b>

Site Layout :

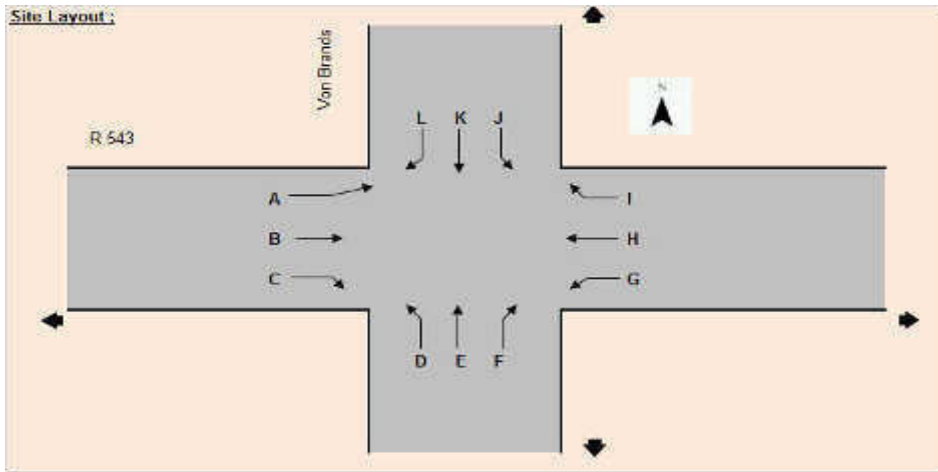


Time Period		Total vehicles												Total
Start	End	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A	
12:00	12:15	9	0	2	5	13	0	0	0	0	0	6	7	42
12:15	12:30	10	0	3	7	14	0	0	0	0	0	14	14	62
12:30	12:45	12	0	5	8	2	0	0	0	0	0	10	11	48
12:45	13:00	13	0	4	4	7	0	0	0	0	0	9	12	49
13:00	13:15	13	0	2	5	4	0	0	0	0	0	10	9	43
13:15	13:30	14	0	6	9	3	0	0	0	0	0	12	11	55
13:30	13:45	19	0	6	8	7	0	0	0	0	0	7	14	61
13:45	14:00	15	0	7	7	17	0	0	0	0	0	7	13	66
14:00	14:15	23	0	3	7	2	0	0	0	0	0	10	16	61
14:15	14:30	13	0	8	5	20	0	0	0	0	0	14	15	75
14:30	14:45	14	0	7	4	8	0	0	0	0	0	6	12	51
14:45	15:00	9	0	5	7	15	0	0	0	0	0	7	13	56
15:00	15:15	16	0	7	8	16	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	66
15:15	15:30	17	0	6	10	7	0	0	0	0	0	4	9	53
15:30	15:45	16	0	6	6	6	0	0	0	0	0	3	15	52
15:45	16:00	17	0	3	9	6	0	0	0	0	0	4	12	51
16:00	16:15	15	0	5	5	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	40
16:15	16:30	18	0	5	9	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	11	47
16:30	16:45	17	0	5	8	3	0	0	0	0	0	5	3	41
16:45	17:00	16	0	4	6	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	13	47
17:00	17:15	20	0	6	6	3	0	0	0	0	0	5	9	49
17:15	17:30	16	0	5	9	3	0	0	0	0	0	6	12	51
17:30	17:45	13	0	4	8	6	0	0	0	0	0	11	11	53
17:45	18:00	15	0	7	6	4	0	0	0	0	0	7	13	52
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>360</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>175</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>171</b>	<b>278</b>	<b>1271</b>

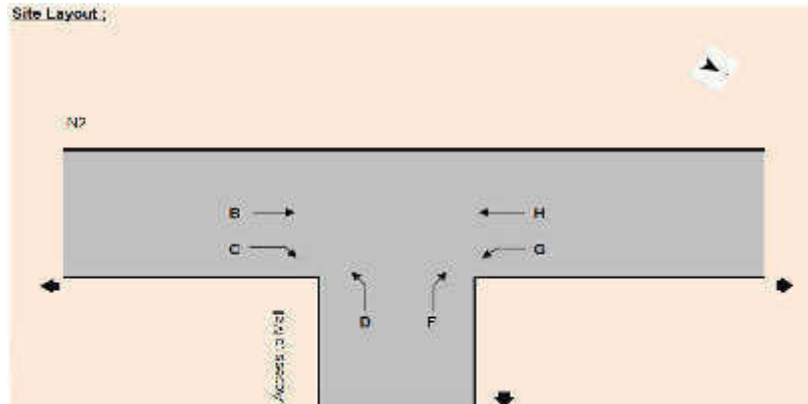
Site Layout :



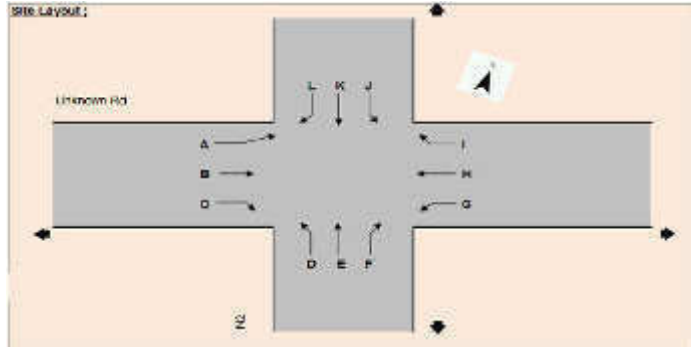
		TOTAL VEHICLES						
Start	End	H	G	F	D	C	B	Total
12:00	12:15	10	2	2	23	6	16	59
12:15	12:30	15	2	3	22	6	18	66
12:30	12:45	10	4	6	24	10	6	60
12:45	13:00	17	3	2	27	9	10	68
13:00	13:15	11	5	3	27	5	5	56
13:15	13:30	12	2	5	22	4	12	57
13:30	13:45	17	2	6	19	5	11	60
13:45	14:00	16	2	2	23	5	23	71
14:00	14:15	15	3	3	22	8	5	56
14:15	14:30	15	2	6	26	7	19	75
14:30	14:45	17	4	5	22	8	6	62
14:45	15:00	17	1	4	23	2	17	64
15:00	15:15	15	2	4	23	7	20	71
15:15	15:30	15	5	3	23	7	15	68
15:30	15:45	13	2	6	26	6	5	58
15:45	16:00	14	2	5	23	10	11	65
16:00	16:15	13	2	2	24	9	6	56
16:15	16:30	13	2	3	25	4	9	56
16:30	16:45	15	1	2	23	2	10	53
16:45	17:00	14	2	6	25	4	5	56
17:00	17:15	15	3	7	25	6	1	57
17:15	17:30	16	4	5	26	10	8	69
17:30	17:45	16	2	2	31	2	12	65
17:45	18:00	17	2	5	29	2	6	61
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>348</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>583</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>256</b>	<b>1489</b>



Time Period		Total vehicles												Total
Start	End	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A	
12:00	12:15	3	1	1	12	11	16	1	0	10	19	15	6	95
12:15	12:30	2	3	4	17	11	21	4	1	10	22	11	5	111
12:30	12:45	11	5	9	25	10	15	5	1	8	24	15	8	136
12:45	13:00	6	1	6	14	14	13	8	4	12	16	15	19	128
13:00	13:15	5	4	11	11	12	15	3	3	7	19	14	9	113
13:15	13:30	8	6	14	21	16	13	6	5	10	24	12	17	152
13:30	13:45	9	12	16	26	10	16	6	2	7	17	11	15	147
13:45	14:00	9	11	18	21	9	13	5	3	10	18	13	15	145
14:00	14:15	12	10	12	27	9	12	7	4	8	16	20	16	153
14:15	14:30	1	11	4	16	16	16	9	5	6	15	19	12	130
14:30	14:45	5	10	11	25	12	20	3	5	7	25	25	11	159
14:45	15:00	8	11	15	17	15	12	10	4	11	19	30	10	162
15:00	15:15	9	14	10	15	11	23	9	2	8	27	18	14	160
15:15	15:30	10	15	9	23	10	14	6	7	11	25	16	15	161
15:30	15:45	13	12	15	23	10	12	5	6	9	21	19	19	164
15:45	16:00	9	15	16	13	11	9	7	4	8	20	15	19	146
16:00	16:15	5	14	11	24	14	19	5	3	14	28	24	21	182
16:15	16:30	15	13	8	16	15	27	10	4	16	17	22	20	183
16:30	16:45	17	9	13	14	13	26	2	6	17	13	22	16	168
16:45	17:00	18	6	11	12	11	19	9	1	17	28	25	8	165
17:00	17:15	12	5	9	28	10	26	6	6	15	26	29	25	197
17:15	17:30	14	4	11	11	18	23	5	2	12	24	14	17	155
17:30	17:45	13	11	9	11	13	17	9	3	9	16	20	15	146
17:45	18:00	10	9	11	13	16	23	11	1	10	19	14	7	144
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>224</b>	<b>212</b>	<b>254</b>	<b>435</b>	<b>297</b>	<b>420</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>252</b>	<b>498</b>	<b>438</b>	<b>339</b>	<b>3602</b>



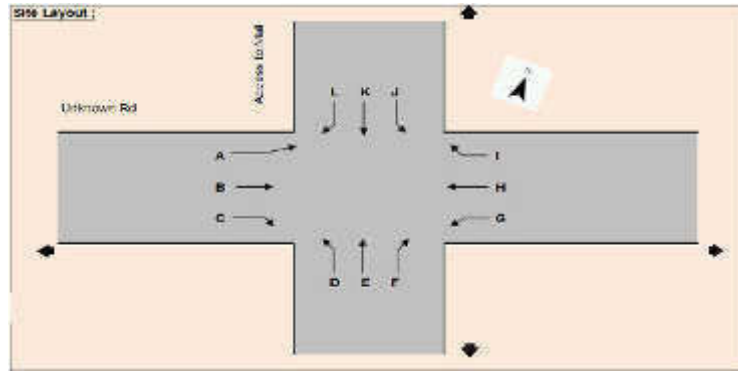
Time Period		Total vehicles						
Start	End	B	C	D	F	G	H	Total
09:00	09:15	20	11	23	18	16	25	113
09:15	09:30	26	15	15	16	6	17	95
09:30	09:45	14	35	20	12	21	15	117
09:45	10:00	15	34	11	17	10	45	132
10:00	10:15	17	30	18	10	11	45	131
10:15	10:30	35	25	15	13	10	61	159
10:30	10:45	69	20	12	17	8	59	185
10:45	11:00	41	19	10	16	7	95	188
11:00	11:15	62	33	24	33	8	66	226
11:15	11:30	50	23	12	12	8	60	165
11:30	11:45	63	18	16	17	6	104	224
11:45	12:00	49	24	17	19	19	93	221
12:00	12:15	50	20	24	15	8	64	181
12:15	12:30	54	25	11	21	16	73	200
12:30	12:45	59	20	13	22	10	128	252
12:45	13:00	52	19	12	18	7	101	209
13:00	13:15	49	10	5	7	7	74	152
13:15	13:30	58	11	6	8	7	76	166
13:30	13:45	36	11	11	15	9	71	153
13:45	14:00	61	8	15	20	8	60	172
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>880</b>	<b>411</b>	<b>290</b>	<b>326</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>1332</b>	<b>3441</b>



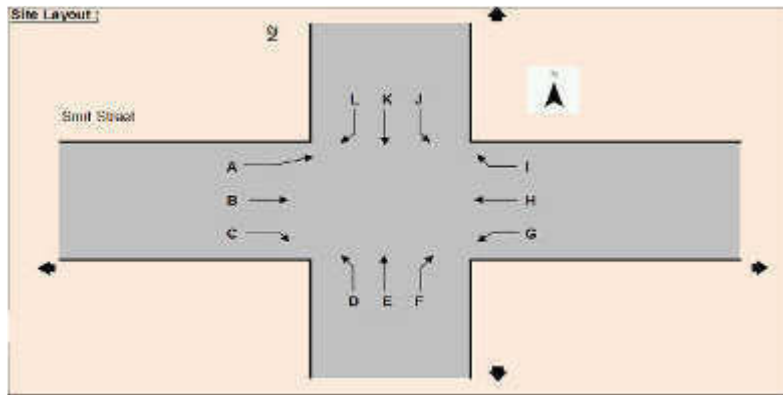
Time Period		Total vehicles												
Start	End	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	Total
09:00	09:15	13	2	3	1	11	11	4	2	1	23	26	2	99
09:15	09:30	15	9	1	2	17	7	12	2	3	13	16	4	101
09:30	09:45	11	6	4	1	30	13	7	5	5	13	21	2	118
09:45	10:00	13	4	5	0	36	21	5	3	2	6	41	4	140
10:00	10:15	14	3	2	4	30	21	12	4	1	9	43	5	148
10:15	10:30	16	8	4	2	33	25	19	12	1	3	61	2	186
10:30	10:45	26	13	0	1	75	14	22	7	1	6	63	7	235
10:45	11:00	18	4	1	1	47	20	20	4	1	15	83	8	222
11:00	11:15	24	10	0	1	61	19	23	4	6	13	65	19	245
11:15	11:30	23	10	0	0	50	30	17	5	6	9	51	10	211
11:30	11:45	28	42	0	0	61	29	13	5	7	46	67	13	311
11:45	12:00	30	17	0	1	43	37	18	7	3	8	77	21	262
12:00	12:15	25	12	1	0	49	21	22	10	7	16	61	15	239
12:15	12:30	27	10	0	1	48	21	22	6	3	10	59	17	224
12:30	12:45	23	8	0	0	63	26	71	21	4	27	117	27	387
12:45	13:00	25	5	0	0	37	32	50	18	3	17	81	21	289
13:00	13:15	17	6	0	1	49	25	3	18	0	11	63	5	198
13:15	13:30	18	9	1	1	48	20	21	14	1	16	71	3	223
13:30	13:45	23	7	0	0	12	26	16	4	1	12	69	3	173
13:45	14:00	22	5	1	0	63	27	25	10	2	13	65	4	237
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>411</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>863</b>	<b>445</b>	<b>402</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>286</b>	<b>1200</b>	<b>192</b>	<b>4248</b>

<b>Time Period</b>		<b>Total vehicles</b>						
<b>Start</b>	<b>End</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>D</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>G</b>	<b>H</b>	<b>Total</b>
09:00	09:15	5	2	6	1	1	5	<b>20</b>
09:15	09:30	8	10	4	2	2	8	<b>34</b>
09:30	09:45	11	14	10	2	0	7	<b>44</b>
09:45	10:00	10	12	14	2	1	15	<b>54</b>
10:00	10:15	13	13	9	7	3	13	<b>58</b>
10:15	10:30	19	16	16	2	3	14	<b>70</b>
10:30	10:45	18	12	18	4	2	16	<b>70</b>
10:45	11:00	13	14	17	4	4	15	<b>67</b>
11:00	11:15	15	15	11	2	0	27	<b>70</b>
11:15	11:30	22	11	10	16	4	16	<b>79</b>
11:30	11:45	9	25	10	7	3	6	<b>60</b>
11:45	12:00	7	12	10	7	3	18	<b>57</b>
12:00	12:15	10	12	19	2	6	20	<b>69</b>
12:15	12:30	2	10	25	12	2	15	<b>66</b>
12:30	12:45	11	1	62	0	2	15	<b>91</b>
12:45	13:00	15	7	30	6	6	25	<b>89</b>
13:00	13:15	5	11	15	3	11	6	<b>51</b>
13:15	13:30	10	12	5	3	3	6	<b>39</b>
13:30	13:45	3	3	10	5	0	12	<b>33</b>
13:45	14:00	20	20	25	5	3	20	<b>93</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>226</b>	<b>232</b>	<b>326</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>279</b>	<b>1214</b>

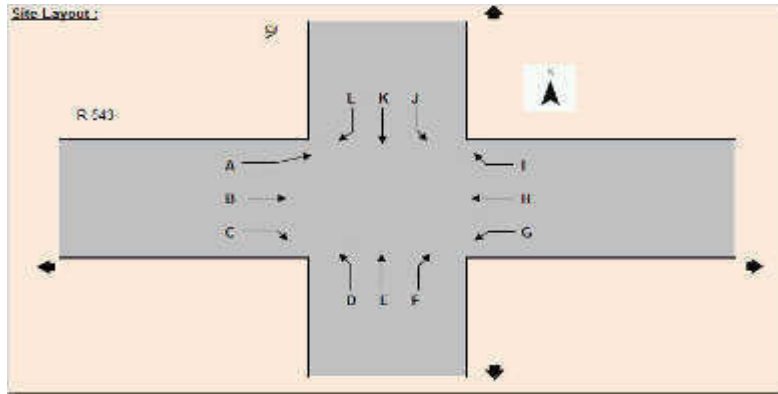




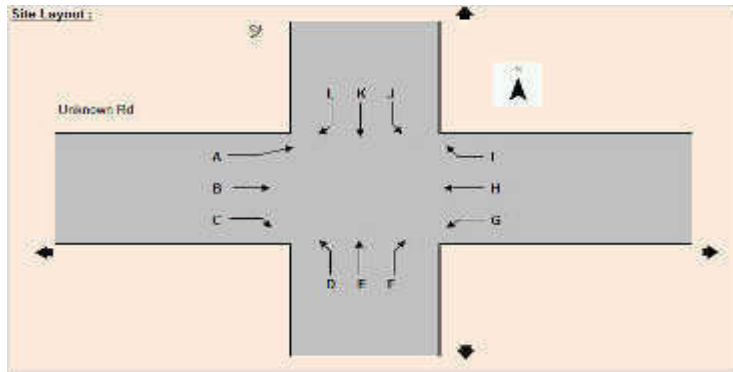
Time Period		Total vehicles												
Start	End	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	Total
09:00	09:15	7	9	16	9	6	5	5	28	11	6	11	7	120
09:15	09:30	11	5	10	5	6	4	8	13	8	7	8	4	89
09:30	09:45	7	9	11	4	3	0	2	17	7	10	6	8	84
09:45	10:00	2	7	9	4	8	1	1	13	9	4	9	8	75
10:00	10:15	11	7	10	5	6	1	3	7	8	11	16	7	92
10:15	10:30	2	12	9	5	3	1	3	16	12	7	11	17	98
10:30	10:45	5	15	9	9	4	1	2	15	7	5	12	3	87
10:45	11:00	5	11	14	8	9	5	1	15	8	7	17	12	112
11:00	11:15	8	6	19	11	7	0	1	8	9	9	15	10	103
11:15	11:30	10	8	10	1	11	2	0	16	10	9	11	5	93
11:30	11:45	11	14	11	9	14	3	5	7	6	6	10	5	101
11:45	12:00	61	6	13	11	2	1	1	11	9	8	13	14	150
12:00	12:15	12	12	14	8	5	6	2	12	4	3	10	7	95
12:15	12:30	6	13	13	8	6	1	3	16	13	8	10	11	108
12:30	12:45	7	13	11	5	11	0	3	10	4	3	9	7	83
12:45	13:00	5	14	13	7	7	1	1	11	7	5	8	10	89
13:00	13:15	5	11	4	5	11	1	3	49	0	4	3	5	101
13:15	13:30	5	18	11	1	6	3	2	10	11	7	14	11	99
13:30	13:45	7	18	20	16	8	0	1	10	9	5	9	7	110
13:45	14:00	15	36	12	17	0	0	0	4	6	2	7	2	101
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>202</b>	<b>244</b>	<b>239</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>288</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>160</b>	<b>1990</b>



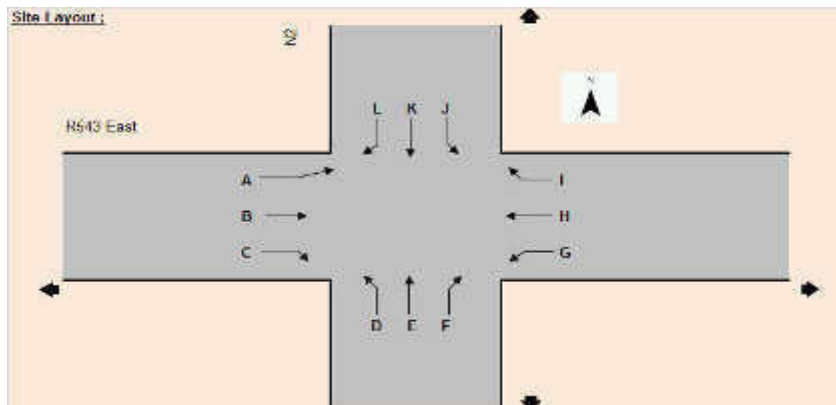
Time Period		Total vehicles												Total
Start	End	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	
09:00	09:15	2	4	2	4	28	5	7	4	2	2	57	1	118
09:15	09:30	5	7	2	2	43	6	5	5	4	7	51	1	138
09:30	09:45	4	8	2	0	40	4	10	4	2	5	64	5	148
09:45	10:00	5	8	2	2	33	3	4	3	4	7	80	2	153
10:00	10:15	2	10	1	0	57	5	13	5	5	10	89	1	198
10:15	10:30	5	7	3	5	55	7	12	6	6	15	96	5	222
10:30	10:45	2	9	3	6	86	8	17	9	5	6	97	2	250
10:45	11:00	2	4	5	1	58	6	11	9	12	3	100	1	212
11:00	11:15	5	10	2	4	76	6	10	13	11	7	103	5	252
11:15	11:30	3	7	2	6	73	8	8	14	9	7	87	6	230
11:30	11:45	3	11	2	7	76	10	10	8	5	9	96	1	238
11:45	12:00	2	11	3	5	65	2	10	8	6	11	82	6	211
12:00	12:15	4	11	5	5	77	4	10	8	8	9	78	6	225
12:15	12:30	5	5	6	8	57	4	7	10	6	6	78	7	199
12:30	12:45	1	8	5	7	60	8	13	11	6	12	110	12	253
12:45	13:00	2	8	1	5	56	4	13	9	9	9	104	19	239
13:00	13:15	3	2	4	4	61	7	7	8	8	5	108	6	223
13:15	13:30	1	2	4	3	70	9	5	3	14	7	82	3	203
13:30	13:45	2	6	4	2	84	6	7	5	17	11	82	3	229
13:45	14:00	2	4	3	2	74	11	9	2	3	6	85	4	205
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>60</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>1229</b>	<b>123</b>	<b>188</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>1729</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>4146</b>



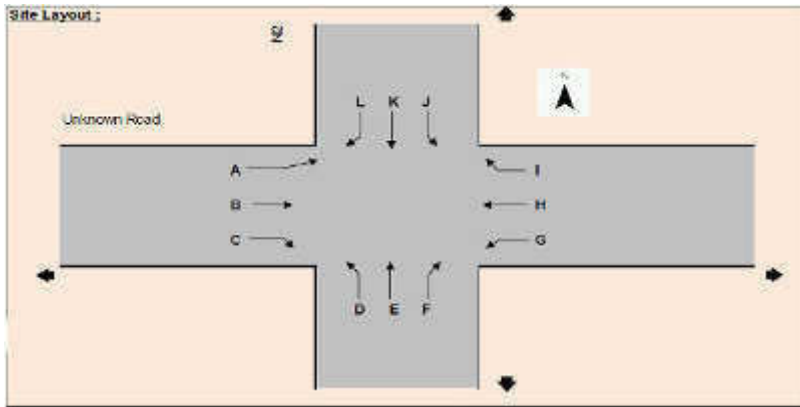
Time Period		Total vehicles												Total
Start	End	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	
09:00	09:15	4	4	5	6	40	4	1	2	1	1	46	2	116
09:15	09:30	6	2	7	3	31	1	5	2	2	0	62	3	124
09:30	09:45	5	4	14	2	58	3	1	3	1	2	91	5	189
09:45	10:00	3	2	9	3	50	2	2	2	1	1	75	3	153
10:00	10:15	8	4	14	8	64	3	2	5	1	2	98	2	211
10:15	10:30	8	3	15	9	72	3	5	5	2	4	104	7	237
10:30	10:45	9	8	15	12	85	5	2	5	3	5	104	4	257
10:45	11:00	9	6	11	16	65	5	2	3	1	2	111	12	243
11:00	11:15	14	6	12	18	62	4	4	4	1	1	111	8	245
11:15	11:30	11	7	22	22	102	5	6	7	4	3	86	14	289
11:30	11:45	11	4	26	17	86	3	3	6	3	5	105	9	278
11:45	12:00	9	10	13	17	84	1	6	6	3	3	112	10	274
12:00	12:15	10	9	15	22	74	6	5	8	1	3	103	9	265
12:15	12:30	9	7	16	17	89	3	9	2	2	2	85	8	249
12:30	12:45	9	6	16	13	83	1	5	10	1	1	115	9	269
12:45	13:00	6	5	12	16	84	2	4	9	2	2	127	8	277
13:00	13:15	6	7	12	18	81	4	11	8	2	2	132	9	292
13:15	13:30	10	5	10	6	81	3	2	6	2	4	102	7	238
13:30	13:45	8	6	10	14	101	4	3	1	2	2	92	9	252
13:45	14:00	8	4	18	14	102	1	4	0	3	1	90	7	252
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>163</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>272</b>	<b>253</b>	<b>1494</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>1951</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>4710</b>



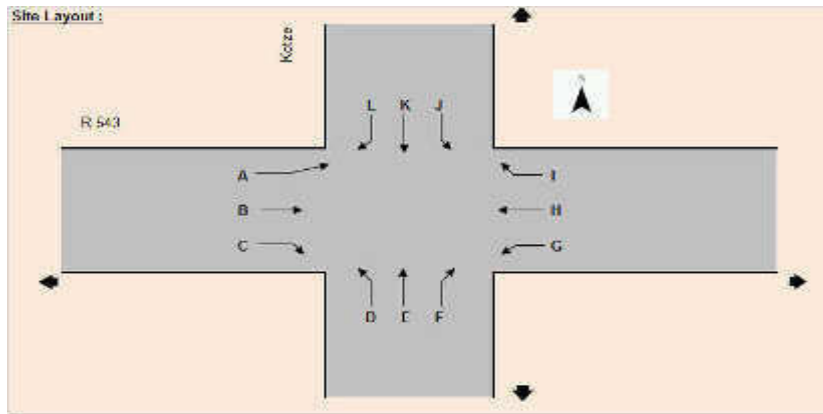
Time Period		Total vehicles												
Start	End	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	Total
09:00	09:15	2	9	0	15	34	6	2	5	1	1	38	1	114
09:15	09:30	5	11	0	12	54	6	1	14	1	1	64	2	171
09:30	09:45	4	4	0	17	61	8	1	10	2	0	72	2	181
09:45	10:00	8	10	0	18	53	18	1	18	4	0	66	4	200
10:00	10:15	4	14	5	28	50	10	3	21	2	2	60	2	201
10:15	10:30	2	27	12	14	64	9	3	20	8	4	95	2	260
10:30	10:45	8	15	17	14	70	34	5	11	8	3	97	5	287
10:45	11:00	9	12	14	15	74	25	3	14	3	6	97	3	275
11:00	11:15	2	11	16	35	81	5	3	27	2	3	95	11	291
11:15	11:30	17	16	12	17	74	4	8	9	5	1	96	5	264
11:30	11:45	5	15	5	14	65	1	3	8	4	2	93	2	217
11:45	12:00	22	16	23	29	67	13	8	18	10	6	76	7	295
12:00	12:15	20	18	22	6	60	8	6	27	4	4	64	7	246
12:15	12:30	30	12	34	48	70	17	2	39	6	3	87	7	355
12:30	12:45	22	12	26	32	71	8	3	18	3	9	76	7	287
12:45	13:00	17	13	23	29	35	8	1	8	4	2	94	3	237
13:00	13:15	18	11	18	39	53	6	4	7	4	5	100	8	273
13:15	13:30	27	23	31	4	66	17	3	17	1	7	98	3	297
13:30	13:45	24	4	35	30	79	5	1	10	5	7	90	3	293
13:45	14:00	25	16	42	63	39	9	4	23	6	4	94	8	333
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>271</b>	<b>269</b>	<b>335</b>	<b>479</b>	<b>1220</b>	<b>217</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>324</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>1652</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>5077</b>



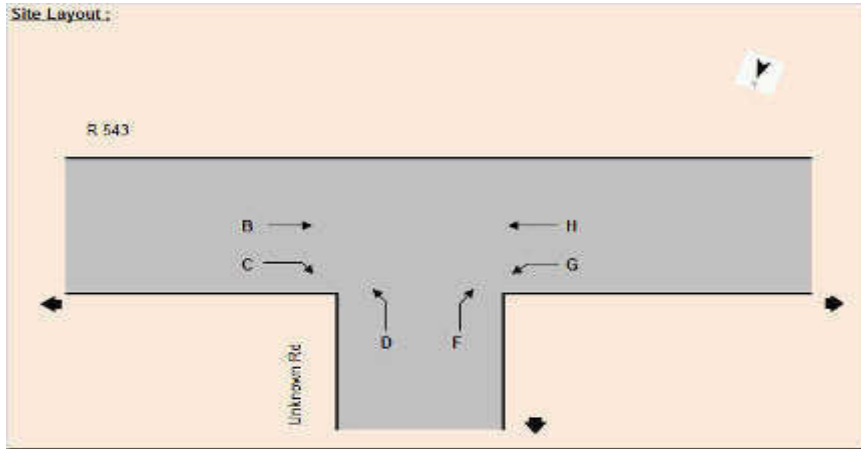
Time Period		TOTAL VEHICLES												
Start	End	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	Total
09:00	09:15	0	0	0	19	52	2	5	2	1	0	79	5	165
09:15	09:30	0	0	0	26	69	7	10	4	0	0	108	7	231
09:30	09:45	0	0	0	30	76	4	15	3	0	1	105	5	239
09:45	10:00	0	0	0	27	100	6	10	3	1	0	128	11	286
10:00	10:15	0	0	0	32	91	7	16	1	0	0	125	11	283
10:15	10:30	0	0	0	20	70	8	18	2	0	0	139	14	271
10:30	10:45	0	0	0	35	92	7	23	4	3	4	150	15	333
10:45	11:00	0	0	0	31	104	5	21	3	0	3	133	16	316
11:00	11:15	0	0	0	38	118	7	26	7	0	2	144	11	353
11:15	11:30	0	0	0	43	89	30	7	2	4	4	125	13	317
11:30	11:45	0	0	0	46	111	7	15	3	3	4	154	10	353
11:45	12:00	0	0	0	50	82	32	11	0	0	4	110	2	291
12:00	12:15	0	0	0	37	90	2	11	1	2	3	155	11	312
12:15	12:30	0	0	0	46	91	4	9	5	1	4	135	12	307
12:30	12:45	0	0	0	46	87	1	2	1	1	1	119	3	261
12:45	13:00	0	0	1	45	78	4	23	3	1	2	155	7	319
13:00	13:15	0	0	0	50	75	3	16	1	0	1	159	8	313
13:15	13:30	0	0	0	39	117	5	15	1	3	3	94	5	282
13:30	13:45	0	0	0	37	81	2	6	0	2	3	108	9	248
13:45	14:00	0	0	0	41	102	8	9	1	0	3	132	9	305
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>738</b>	<b>1775</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>268</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>2557</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>5785</b>



Time Period		TOTAL VEHICLES												
Start	End	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	Total
09:00	09:15	33	2	1	1	6	1	1	0	3	7	23	25	103
09:15	09:30	61	2	0	0	10	0	0	2	5	7	36	41	164
09:30	09:45	53	8	1	2	14	1	2	1	11	7	59	56	215
09:45	10:00	47	2	2	1	21	0	1	11	9	11	43	46	194
10:00	10:15	67	4	1	1	5	1	1	5	21	9	45	60	220
10:15	10:30	83	1	0	1	11	0	0	12	21	10	57	57	253
10:30	10:45	88	2	2	3	23	0	1	10	21	11	74	76	311
10:45	11:00	70	6	1	3	28	0	2	1	22	11	62	66	272
11:00	11:15	63	3	0	3	32	2	1	5	20	13	74	69	285
11:15	11:30	128	5	2	3	27	1	1	8	14	16	61	91	357
11:30	11:45	76	8	2	8	33	0	2	14	14	10	76	73	316
11:45	12:00	108	13	5	4	64	0	1	9	22	11	61	65	363
12:00	12:15	71	4	3	3	61	0	2	10	17	15	67	84	337
12:15	12:30	76	11	5	1	57	1	1	7	20	14	59	92	344
12:30	12:45	100	13	2	2	47	0	1	9	16	13	66	83	352
12:45	13:00	94	6	3	6	32	1	3	11	12	21	48	142	379
13:00	13:15	71	12	3	0	31	0	2	7	14	22	62	123	347
13:15	13:30	73	10	6	4	27	2	3	13	15	20	84	98	355
13:30	13:45	73	6	1	2	47	3	3	8	20	13	68	89	333
13:45	14:00	75	9	2	5	48	1	1	3	8	7	67	88	314
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>1510</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>624</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>146</b>	<b>305</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>1192</b>	<b>1524</b>	<b>5814</b>

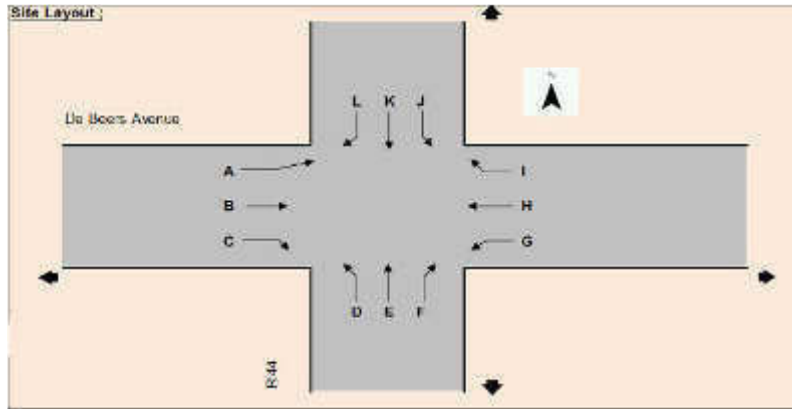


Time Period		Total vehicles						
Start	End	A	B	H	I	J	L	Total
09:00	09:15	1	11	2	0	1	2	17
09:15	09:30	1	12	2	1	2	3	21
09:30	09:45	1	15	7	0	0	5	28
09:45	10:00	1	12	6	0	1	6	26
10:00	10:15	2	11	12	0	1	6	32
10:15	10:30	1	14	11	0	2	7	35
10:30	10:45	3	13	12	3	9	8	48
10:45	11:00	1	11	10	9	4	20	55
11:00	11:15	2	12	11	2	2	9	38
11:15	11:30	10	11	7	7	5	10	50
11:30	11:45	3	10	12	2	4	35	66
11:45	12:00	2	13	2	0	3	1	21
12:00	12:15	3	12	13	0	5	7	40
12:15	12:30	1	11	5	1	4	8	30
12:30	12:45	4	10	1	1	7	20	43
12:45	13:00	0	9	11	0	4	8	32
13:00	13:15	2	15	5	0	6	5	33
13:15	13:30	1	6	3	0	4	7	21
13:30	13:45	1	11	2	0	2	5	21
13:45	14:00	2	10	4	0	1	1	18
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>42</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>138</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>675</b>



Time Period		Total vehicles						
Start	End	G	H	F	B	C	D	Total
09:00	09:15	6	10	7	11	7	4	45
09:15	09:30	8	18	9	8	5	3	51
09:30	09:45	8	6	9	11	6	6	46
09:45	10:00	4	13	6	7	5	3	38
10:00	10:15	6	18	4	10	8	1	47
10:15	10:30	11	12	3	10	11	6	53
10:30	10:45	6	11	4	18	7	5	51
10:45	11:00	9	12	5	15	5	5	51
11:00	11:15	7	16	7	15	4	8	57
11:15	11:30	6	7	5	14	5	3	40
11:30	11:45	6	12	5	8	10	5	46
11:45	12:00	8	11	7	8	12	6	52
12:00	12:15	16	11	2	10	10	15	64
12:15	12:30	13	6	5	10	10	9	53
12:30	12:45	15	5	9	19	13	9	70
12:45	13:00	19	19	6	17	19	8	88
13:00	13:15	9	10	6	25	10	8	68
13:15	13:30	24	12	8	15	8	8	75
13:30	13:45	21	9	9	9	8	7	63
13:45	14:00	12	11	5	14	9	8	59
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>214</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>254</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>1117</b>

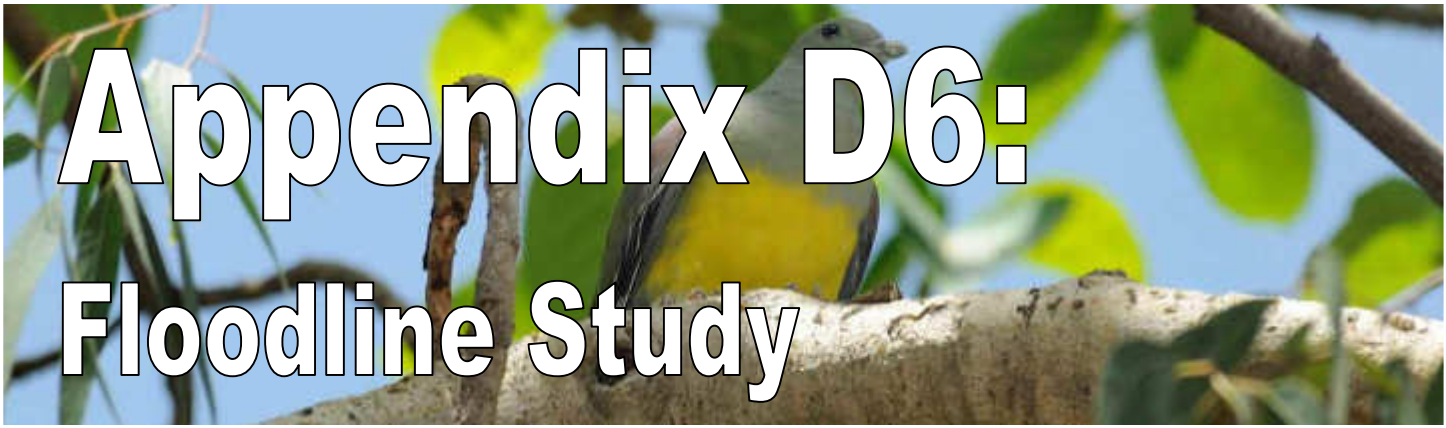




Time Period		TOTAL VEHICLES												
Start	End	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	Total
09:00	09:15	8	10	1	1	19	6	8	14	2	3	16	5	93
09:15	09:30	7	7	0	2	28	8	10	12	1	1	33	2	111
09:30	09:45	2	8	2	0	2	6	3	9	1	0	0	3	36
09:45	10:00	4	3	1	0	20	5	5	16	3	0	19	4	80
10:00	10:15	3	15	0	2	17	12	4	18	4	0	33	4	112
10:15	10:30	3	10	0	1	23	11	4	19	5	1	30	3	110
10:30	10:45	2	4	5	0	9	3	3	14	7	1	21	3	72
10:45	11:00	5	10	0	1	26	11	5	23	9	3	38	1	132
11:00	11:15	0	6	1	0	18	4	3	2	4	0	17	4	59
11:15	11:30	8	8	1	0	22	10	1	18	3	0	19	2	92
11:30	11:45	8	13	1	1	21	0	2	8	3	0	1	2	60
11:45	12:00	5	14	2	0	26	6	6	6	5	1	24	2	97
12:00	12:15	2	5	1	1	7	5	3	10	1	2	17	2	56
12:15	12:30	7	11	0	0	18	5	5	8	8	3	12	2	79
12:30	12:45	3	12	1	0	12	11	6	7	5	3	24	0	84
12:45	13:00	6	4	1	1	26	7	3	20	6	0	19	1	94
13:00	13:15	3	6	0	0	20	5	5	23	4	0	22	5	93
13:15	13:30	3	3	0	0	16	7	1	13	5	0	12	1	61
13:30	13:45	2	5	0	2	6	2	1	11	1	1	6	1	38
13:45	14:00	5	10	0	3	34	8	3	14	2	2	19	4	104
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>86</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>370</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>382</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>1663</b>







**Appendix D6:  
Floodline Study**



Anaprop Property Management

**PROJECT:**  
**Development of Portions 100 & 123**  
**PIET RETIEF TOWN**  
***(Townland 149 HT)***



**Report on the Delineation of the**  
**1:100 Year Floodlines**

**Report No PB/13/286/PIET-FL1**  
**August 2013**



Lekwa Consulting Engineers & Project Managers (Pty) Ltd  
Tel: +27 17 819 1985  
Fax: +27 17 819 4017



**PG CONSULTING**  
WATERTIGHT ENGINEERING

PG Consulting Engineers  
**P.J. Gouws (Pr Eng)**  
Tel: 015 291 0951 / Cell: 082 337 6905

**DELINEATION OF THE 1:100 YEAR FLOODLINES  
FOR DEVELOPMENT OF PORTIONS 100 & 123 – PIET RETIEF TOWN**

**CONTENTS**

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	2
SECTION 1: INTRODUCTION	3
SECTION 2: HYDROLOGY AND SUMMARY OF FLOW DIMENSIONS	3
SECTION 3: CONCLUSIONS	11
SECTION 4: LIST OF APPENDICES	12
SECTION 5: REFERENCES	12

## LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

APP	Approved professional person
DWA	Department of Water Affairs
EPP	Emergency preparedness plan
FSL	Full supply level
HRU	Hydrological Research Unit
K	Regional coefficient
MAP	Mean annual precipitation
MAR	Mean annual run-off
MSL	Mean sea level
NOC	Non-overspill crest
NWA	National Water Act, Act 36 of 1998
OMM	Operation and maintenance manual
PMF	Probable maximum flood
PMP	Probable maximum precipitation
RDD	Recommended design discharge
RDF	Recommended design flood
RI	Recurrence interval
RL	Reduced level
RMF	Regional maximum flood
SANCOLD	South African Committee on Large Dams
SCS	Soil Conservation Service
SED	Safety evaluation discharge
SEF	Safety evaluation flood

## **DELINEATION OF THE 1:100 YEAR FLOODLINES FOR DEVELOPMENT OF PORTIONS 100 & 123 – PIET RETIEF TOWN**

### **SECTION 1: INTRODUCTION**

A floodline analysis was required to determine the position of the 1 in 100 year floodlines for the developments to take place on portions 100 and 123 in the town of Piet Retief in the Mpumalanga Province. Both sites are situated near the Klipmesselspruit (Townland 149 HT).

The analysis starts at approximately latitude **27° 00' 31,1"** and longitude **30° 48' 32,4"** (Cross-section RS100) and ends at latitude **27° 00' 50,8"** and longitude **30° 47' 54,4"** (Cross-section RS85) – WGS84.

The specific area which was analyzed during this investigation will be affected by accumulated flood waters in the Klipmesselspruit and associate tributaries.

The determination / analysis of the post-development 1:100 year floodlines were carried out by PG Consulting Engineers on behalf of Lekwa Consulting Engineers & Project Managers.

### **SECTION 2: HYDROLOGY AND SUMMARY OF FLOW DIMENSIONS**

#### **a) Methods used for Calculations**

Methods that were used to calculate the different run-off peaks with variance in return periods are summarised below (a deterministic method with two different implementations were used and compared against an empirical method). The empirical method was furthermore utilized to calculate the RMF peaks.

- a) Rational method - Implementation 1: Based on the regional DDF-equations representing the HRU 1/78 DDF-relationships ("Op ter Noort & Stephenson" - 1982)
- b) Rational method - Implementation 2: Based on DWA's implementation
- c) Empirical Method (TR137) – Regional maximum floods based on "Francou-Rodier" K-values ("Kovacs" - 1988) - Commonly used by DWAF for catchments >10km<sup>2</sup>

*NB! It was specifically decided on the above mentioned rational implementations as they provide for the incorporation of post-development site specific conditions.*



**b) Catchment Parameters**

Two (2) separate catchments were identified in the study for the hydrology calculations in order to determine the expected flood peaks, referred to as Catchments A and B (Refer to ortho images below).



Homogeneous catchment characteristics for the different catchments were used for calculation purposes as obtained from appropriate 1:50 000 topographical maps, 1:10 000 ortho photos as well as GISap software data. The main catchment characteristics are summarized below.

The specific sub-catchments are part of quaternary catchment W51D (Assegadi River). The mean annual precipitation (MAP) for the polygon grid covering the total tributary catchment area, based on the GISap software, is given as **887mm**.

#### **Catchment A (Upper catchment)**

Catchment area (km <sup>2</sup> )	<b>14,818km<sup>2</sup></b>
Vertical difference in height of catchment (m)	<b>98m</b>
Flow length of longest watercourse (km)	<b>5 250m</b>
Average slope of catchment (1/85)	<b>1,87%</b>
Catchment run-off coefficients applied (post-development)	
Q <sub>50</sub>	<b>0,426</b>
Q <sub>100</sub>	<b>0,504</b>
Time of concentration (T <sub>c</sub> )	<b>1,10 hrs</b>

#### **Catchment A&B (Combined total catchments)**

Catchment area (km <sup>2</sup> )	<b>17,733km<sup>2</sup></b>
Vertical difference in height of catchment (m)	<b>104m</b>
Flow length of longest watercourse (km)	<b>5 610m</b>
Average slope of catchment (1/85)	<b>1,85%</b>
Catchment run-off coefficients applied (post-development)	
Q <sub>50</sub>	<b>0,426</b>
Q <sub>100</sub>	<b>0,504</b>
Time of concentration (T <sub>c</sub> )	<b>1,16 hrs</b>

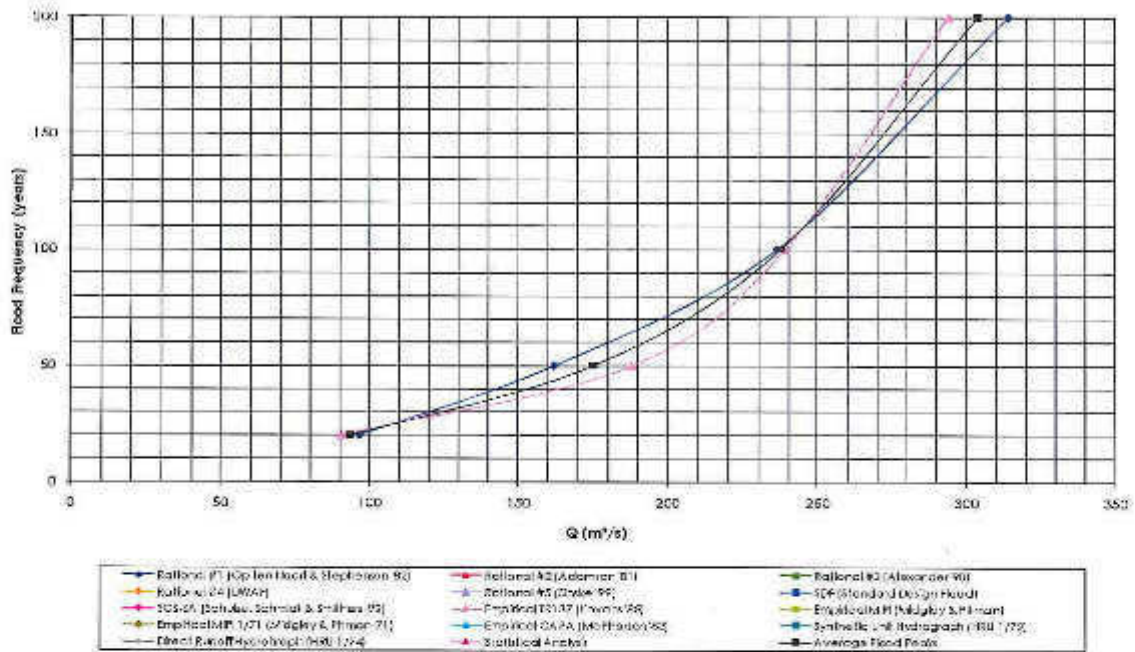
**NBI** Provision was made for urbanization conditions (i.e. 30% of total catchment size) and area reduction factors were applied as the catchments exceed 10km<sup>2</sup>.

#### **c) Summary of Hydrology**

Following the final hydrology calculations, it was found that the post-development flood peak values derived by the rational method implementation (1) had compared favourably with the values calculated utilizing the empirical TR137 method.

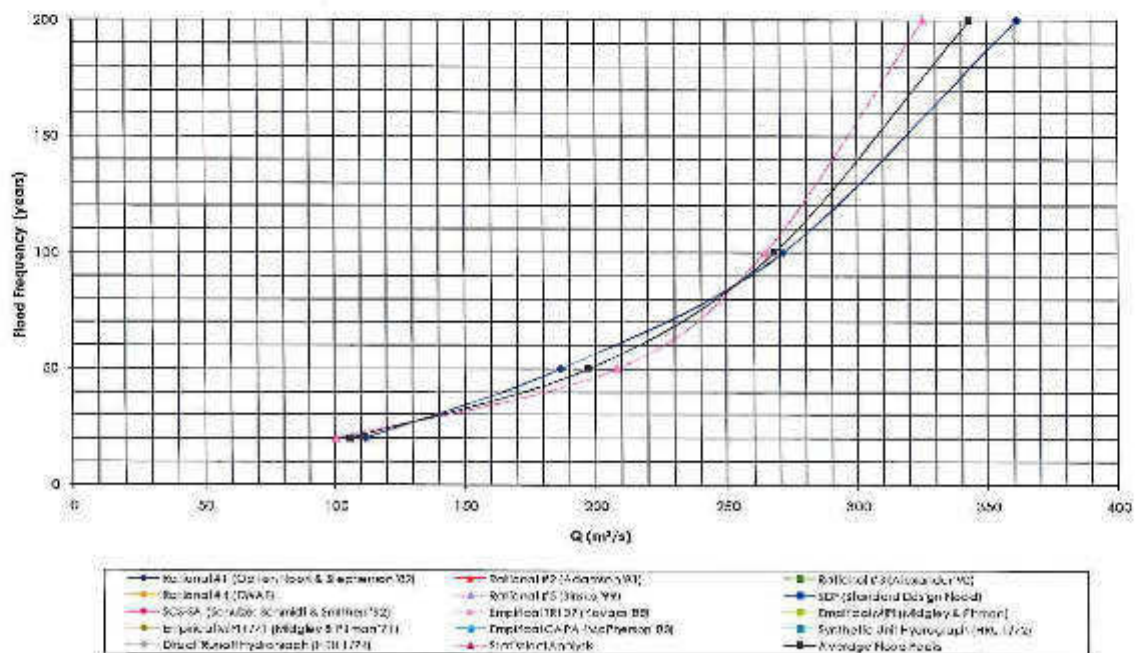
As some disparities were found between the two rational implementations applied (refer to the tables below), it was decided to rather follow a conservative approach by using the average of the two closest corresponding methods applied. The rational method implementation (2) values were therefore omitted. The following parameter sets, as tabled, were derived.

DERIVED FLOOD PEAKS WITH DIFFERENT INTERVALS - Upper Catchment 14.818km<sup>2</sup>



Flood peaks derived for catchment A (Upper Catchment)			
Values in m <sup>3</sup> /s			
	Q <sub>20</sub>	Q <sub>50</sub>	Q <sub>100</sub>
Rational (a) - Op ten Noort & Stephenson '82	96.5	161.9	236.0
Rational (b) - DWA	125.2	165.4	206.6
Empirical - (TR137) K <sub>a</sub> - region 5,2	90.5	188.3	238.9
Average of all above	<b>104.1</b>	<b>171.9</b>	<b>227.2</b>

DERIVED FLOOD PEAKS WITH DIFFERENT INTERVALS - Combined Catchments 17.733km<sup>2</sup>



Flood peaks derived for catchments A&B (Combined catchments)			
Values in m <sup>3</sup> /s	Q <sub>20</sub>	Q <sub>50</sub>	Q <sub>100</sub>
Rational (a) – Op ten Noort & Stephenson '82	111.0	186.3	271.3
Rational (b) – DWA	142.6	187.6	233.4
Empirical – (TR 137) K <sub>a</sub> - region 5,2	100.1	208.2	264.2
Average of all above	<b>117.9</b>	<b>194.0</b>	<b>256.3</b>

#### d) Recommended Flood Peaks for the Floodline Computations of the different stream flow sections

The recommended flood peaks adopted for the analysis, were hydrologically balanced between the two catchments, in order to determine the floodlines for each of the following streamflow sections.

##### Klipmesselspruit - Section RS100 to RS95

Regional maximum flood (RMF) – calculated for K<sub>a</sub> - region 5,2: 453m<sup>3</sup>/s  
 Probable maximum flood (PMF) – graphically forecasted: 297m<sup>3</sup>/s  
**Q<sub>100</sub>** used for floodlines determination: **237m<sup>3</sup>/s**

##### Klipmesselspruit - Section RS95 to RS85

Regional maximum flood (RMF) – calculated for K<sub>a</sub> - region 5,2: 500m<sup>3</sup>/s  
 Probable maximum flood (PMF) – graphically forecasted: 434m<sup>3</sup>/s  
**Q<sub>100</sub>** used for floodlines determination: **268m<sup>3</sup>/s**

{See calculations, attached as Appendix A}

#### e) Floodlines Computations

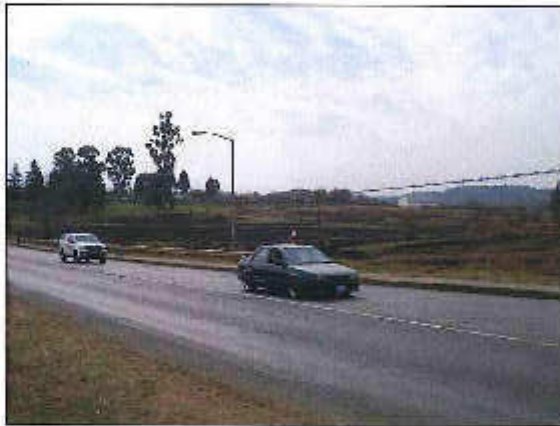
For the computation of the different floodlines, the HEC-RAS (Version 4.1) computer analysis software was used.

Initially sixteen (16) cross-sections were generated from the contour drawings provided. For the purpose of the floodline delineation, additional cross-sections were generated by interpolation. The sections, after interpolation, are approximately 25 meters apart (Refer to 3D schematic and layout drawings attached).

#### f) Assumptions

- a) All the above calculations were based on Manning's formula using an n-value (roughness coefficient) of 0,035 for the watercourse canal flow as well as the overbank flow sections as there are no significant differences to be found. This value represents the present scenario at the watercourse in question (i.e. clean, winding, with no significant pools and shoals, and relative undefined bank conditions with short to medium pasture covering).

- b) The following "s" – value was adapted for the section boundary condition in the model; Section RS100 to RS85 – 0,01723 m/m (1,72%).
- c) All the computations were based on "steady flow stage" conditions with a "subcritical flow regime" due to the retention effects caused by the road bridge as well as the dam / weir.
- d) The main road bridge, crossing the Klipmesselspruit, was assumed to have an effective opening of 16m x 6m as measured from the contour layout drawing provided.
- e) The dam wall (weir) dimensions incorporated in the analysis were based on an effective overflow width of 84m with a total available freeboard of 1,85m.



The photos above are showing the actual stream flow conditions at the sites analyzed.

### g) Results

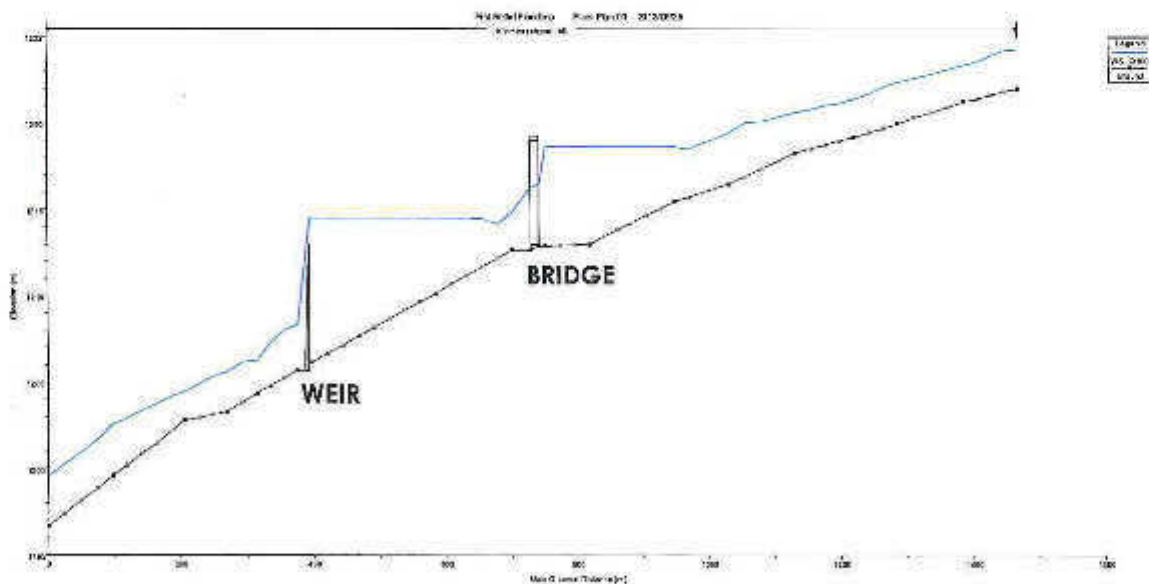
The following tables give a summary of the flow data of the expected 1:100 year flood peak which were calculated for the specific stream flow sections, derived at each of the major cross-sections;

<b>Klipmesselspruit (Section RS100 to RS85) – 1:100 year flood</b>				
Cross-sections (see drawing)	Q <sub>100</sub> -value (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	Max. flow velocity (m/s)	Max. flow depth (m)	Section top width (m)
RS100	237	4.17	2.30 (1224.30)	48
RS99	237	3.60	2.10 (1223.35)	60
RS98	237	2.94	2.40 (1222.40)	97
RS97	237	3.13	2.23 (1221.43)	89
RS96	237	2.47	2.34 (1220.64)	109

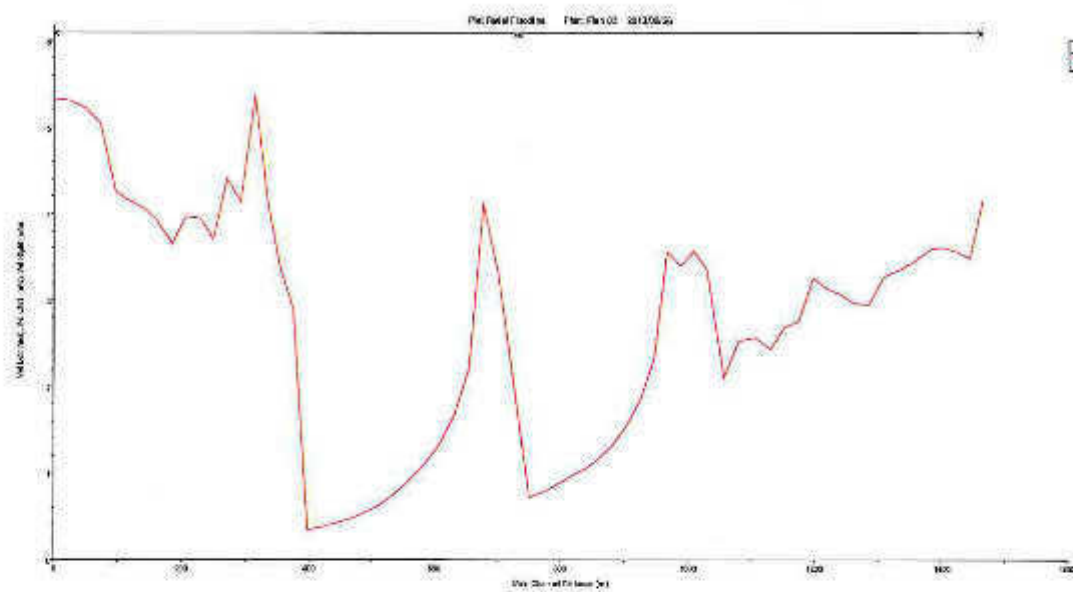
RS95	268	3.29	2.90 (1219.40)	78
RS94	268	2.92	2.79 (1218.29)	90
RS93	268	1.02	5.26 (1218.26)	110
RS92	268	0.75	5.35 (1218.26)	149
RS91	268	3.28	2.08 (1214.78)	77
<b>WEIR</b>	<b>268</b>	<b>2.19</b>	<b>1.46 (1214.46)</b>	<b>84</b>
RS90	268	2.76	2.58 (1208.29)	69
RS89	268	5.30	1.80 (1206.20)	47
RS88	268	4.30	2.23 (1205.53)	70
RS87	268	3.85	1.62 (1204.42)	73
RS86	268	4.17	2.89 (1202.49)	52
RS85	268	5.18	2.82 (1199.52)	45

NB! Corresponding high flow actual contour levels indicated in brackets, in the tables. The section top flow width is rounded up to the nearest meter.

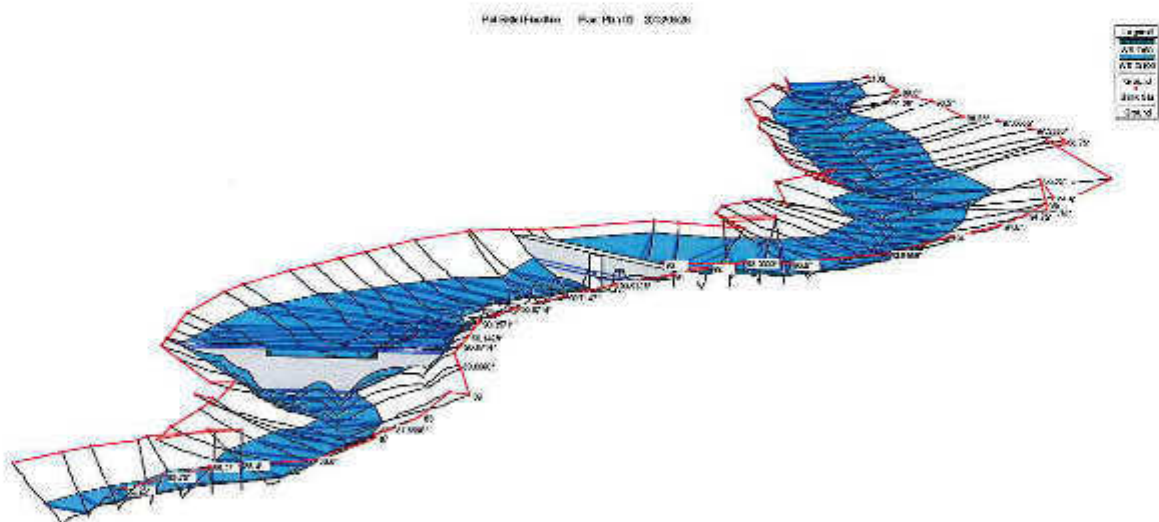
The following graph illustrates the expected water level to be generated by the 1:100 year flood peak over the stream flow section (Klipmesselspruit).



Graph on next page illustrates the expected variances in the flow velocities of the Klipmesselspruit stream flow section, during the 1:100 year recurrence intervals (Flow from right to left).



Following is a 3D schematic illustration of the high water level, during the expected 1:100 year flood peak.



(See calculations attached as Appendix A, and cross-sections attached as Appendix B).

**h) XY Co-ordinates of the 1:100 Year Floodlines for reference (WGS84) Lo31°**

The following tables give the exact XY co-ordinates of the 1:100 year floodlines as determined, for both the left and right banks of the applicable section of the Klipmesselspruit analyzed, with reference to each of the major cross-sections (refer to

attached drawings). These co-ordinates can be utilized by a professional surveyor to set out the different floodlines.

1:100 Year Floodlines					
Left bank			Right bank		
Cross-section	X	Y	Cross-section	X	Y
RS100	2 988 621	18 969	RS100	2 988 618	19 017
RS99	2 988 686	19 009	RS99	2 988 670	19 067
RS98	2 988 785	19 008	RS98	2 988 755	19 101
RS97	2 988 844	19 031	RS97	2 988 819	19 116
RS96	2 988 937	19 032	RS96	2 988 895	19 134
RS95	2 989 009	19 098	RS95	2 988 956	19 159
RS94	2 989 074	19 189	RS94	2 988 975	19 221
RS93	2 989 061	19 336	RS93	2 988 954	19 284
RS92	2 989 050	19 350	RS92	2 988 897	19 381
RS91	2 988 986	19 410	RS91	2 988 908	19 426
RS90	2 989 132	19 649	RS90	2 989 082	19 711
RS89	2 989 173	19 704	RS89	2 989 134	19 734
RS88	2 989 205	19 729	RS88	2 989 151	19 777
RS87	2 989 233	19 793	RS87	2 989 165	19 826
RS86	2 989 232	19 899	RS86	2 989 179	19 886
RS85	2 989 217	19 986	RS85	2 989 171	19 988

### SECTION 3: CONCLUSIONS

- For the analysis of the 1:100 year floodlines, cross-sections were generated from 0,5m-interval contours which were provided by Lekwa Consulting Engineers (Pty) Ltd. The 0,5m-interval contours are based on a recent survey conducted for the development area by Reed & Partners Professional Land Surveyors.
- The floodlines derived from the analysis are indicated on attached (A3) drawings PB-13-286-FL01 & PB-13-286-FL02, Appendix C. An electronic file with the floodlines and grid layers will be e-mailed.
- During final analysis the retention effects caused by the main road bridge as well as the dam wall / weir were incorporated.
- NB! It is important to note that any foreign / manmade obstacles (i.e. ponds, access walkways etc) in the watercourse may result in the alteration of the present specified floodline.
- It is hereby **certified** that the floodlines indicated on the attached contour layout drawings, along the watercourse with a catchment area exceeding one square kilometre, represent the maximum flood level likely to be reached on an average every 100 years, by floodwater in the watercourse.



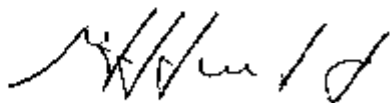
#### SECTION 4: LIST OF APPENDICES

Appendix A:	Hydrology and hydraulic calculations spreadsheets
Appendix B:	Cross-sections with 1:100 year flow depths indicated with "blue" lines (scales adjusted to fit pages)
Appendix C:	Floodlines (indicated on layout drawings attached (reduced to fit A3)
Appendix D:	Floodline certificate

#### SECTION 5: REFERENCES

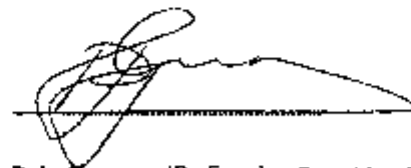
- a) Alexander WJR (1990)  
Flood hydrology for Southern Africa, SANCOLOD
- b) HRU (1972)  
Design flood determination in South Africa, HRU Report 1/72, Wits University
- c) Kovacs Z (1988)  
Regional maximum flood peaks in Southern Africa, Z Kovacs, Technical Report TR137, Department of Water Affairs and Forestry
- d) Midgley DC & Pitman WV (1978)  
A depth-duration-frequency diagram for point rainfall in Southern Africa, HRU Report 1/78, Wits University
- e) Op ten Noort & Stephenson (1982)  
Regional DDF-equations representing the HRU 1/78 DDF-relationships

Compiled by:



**M.F. Joubert** (Civil Eng Tech)  
F&B Consulting Engineering Services  
**23/08/2013**  
Date

Certified by:



**P.J. Gouws** (Pr Eng) – Reg No. 880061  
PG Consulting Engineers  
**26/08/2013**  
Date

## **APPENDIX A**

Appendix A1

**Piet Retief Town - Portions 100, 123 & 126 (Upper catchment)**

**CALCULATION OF (RMF) REGIONAL MAXIMUM FLOOD AND THE  
RECOMMENDED (SEF) SAFETY EVALUATION FLOOD  
(TR 137 "DWAF" KOVACS - BASED ON THE FRANCOU-RODIER MODEL)  
EMPIRICAL METHOD**

$K_e$  - determined value if applicable

$K_e$  - envelope value

Watersurface at ESL (ha.)

Areal catchment area (sq. km.)

Is the dam in the Southwest-Cape (Y/N) ?

0.0	$K_e$ value if determine otherwise "0"
5.2	2.8 / 3.4 / 4 / 4.6 / 5 / 5.2 / 5.4 / 5.6
N/A	In hectare
14.818	Smaller than 10 use other method
N	Important for region 5

Zone

**RMF**

Q200

Q100

Q50

Q20\*

**RDP**

\*\* RMF - <>

\*\* RMF - <>

Transition zone	
	<b>452.5</b>
	294.1
	238.9
	188.3
	90.5
	<b>188.3</b>
	384.9
	532.0

**PMF (Gratic)**

**PMF (K-max)**

**PMF (Avg)**

Q175

Q150

Q125

Q75

Q25

<b>1297.1</b>
<b>625.4</b>
<b>961.2</b>
280.3
266.5
252.7
221.2
110.1

**Recommended SEF**

PMF based

RMF based

**Average SEF**

SEF (Cat. I)

< 10km<sup>2</sup> - Q175

192.2
384.9
<b>288.6</b>
N/A

Appendix A2

**Piet Reef Town - Portions 100, 123 & 126 (Combined catchments)**

**CALCULATION OF (RMF) REGIONAL MAXIMUM FLOOD AND THE  
RECOMMENDED (SEF) SAFETY EVALUATION FLOOD  
(TR 137 "DWAF" KOVACS - BASED ON THE FRANCOU-RODIER MODEL)  
EMPIRICAL METHOD**

Ce - determined value if applicable

Ke - envelope value

Watersurface of I.S. (ha.)

Areal catchment area (sq. km.)

Is the dam in the Southwest-Cape (Y/N) ?

0.0	Ke - value if determined otherwise '0'
5.2	2.8 / 3.4 / 4 / 4.6 / 5 / 5.2 / 5.4 / 5.6
N/A	In practice
17.73	Smaller than 10 use other methods
N	Important for region 5

Zone

**RMF**

Q200

Q100

Q50

Q20\*

**RDF**

\*\* RMF  $\leftrightarrow$

\*\* RMF  $\leftrightarrow$

Transition zone	
	<b>500.4</b>
	328.3
	264.2
	208.2
	100.1
	<b>208.2</b>
	421.1
	594.6

**PMF (Gratic)**

**PMF (K-max)**

**PMF (Avg)**

Q175

Q150

Q125

Q75

Q25

<b>1434.3</b>
<b>706.6</b>
<b>1070.5</b>
310.0
294.7
279.5
244.6
121.7

**Recommended SEF**

PMF based

RMF based

**Average SEF**

SEF (Cat. I)

< 10km<sup>2</sup> = Q175

214.1
421.1
<b>317.6</b>
N/A

### RATIONAL METHOD # 1

Based on the Regional DDF-Equations representing the HRU 1/78 DDF-relationships (Op Jett Noorf & Stephenson, 1982)

## PROJECT: Pief Relief Development Ptn 100 & 123 (Upper catchment)

### CATCHMENT CHARACTERISTICS

Catchment Area: total (A)			14,818	km <sup>2</sup>	Effective (Ae)	14,818	km <sup>2</sup>	Lowest Watercourse (L)	5,230	m
Areal Weighting factors: x (Rural)			2/3		Downfall (Ad)		cm <sup>2</sup>	Height Difference (H) "10/85"	98	m
y (Urban)					Ratio of Ae/A		%	Mean Slope (S)	1.87	%
z (Lakes)					Channelised Flow (%N)		%	Mean Annual Rainfall (MAP)	687	mm
S/U			3/30		Overland Flow (%N)		%	Time of Concentration (Tc)	1.10	hour
								Time of Concentration (Tc)	56.1	min

Inland (Y/N)	Y
Coastal (Y/N)	N

C1												
Soil Slope %	%A	Factor	Avg	Soil Permeability	%A	Factor	Avg	Vegetation	%A	Factor	Avg	
10-33% Slope	< 1	100	0.25	0.630	Very Permeable	5	0.02	0.024	Forest Plantation	55	0.04	0.019
	1-3				Permeable	90	0.17	0.144	Large Bush, Wood			
	3-10				Semi-permeable		0.26	0.613	Pinetrees	40	0.11	0.044
	10-30				Impervious				Cultivated Land			
30-50							Grassland	5	0.26	0.012		
> 50								Base Surface				
<b>Total %</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>C1</b>	<b>0.630</b>	<b>Total C1 Value</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>C1</b>	<b>0.161</b>	<b>Total %</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>Cv</b>	<b>0.581</b>	

C2			
Urban for T < 2 Years			
Occupation	%A	Factor	Avg
Lawns Parks	10		0.013
Sandy flat < 2%			
Sandy 2-7%			
Sandy steep > 7%			
Heavy soil flat < 2%	11	0.150	0.013
Heavy soil 2-7%			
Heavy soil > 7%			
Residential	40		0.160
Single family area	70	0.400	0.140
Apartment dwelling			
Ind. retail	30		0.150
Light areas	30	0.630	0.155
Heavy areas			
Business	10		0.085
Downtown	10	0.650	0.080
Neighbourhood			
Streets	10	0.850	0.085
<b>Total %</b>	<b>100</b>		<b>0.540</b>

Urban for T > 2 Years			
Occupation	%A	Factor	Avg
Lawns	10	0.450	0.045
Other	90	0.500	0.045
<b>Total %</b>	<b>100</b>		<b>0.450</b>
Urban for T > 20 Years			
Adjusted	150	1.000	1.000
<b>Total C2 for T &lt; 21</b>			<b>0.540</b>
<b>Total C2 for T21-50</b>			<b>0.655</b>
<b>Total C2 for T &gt; 50</b>			<b>1.000</b>

Surface Condition Factor (i) = 0.35

### STORM RAINFALL

Return frequency (Years)	STORM DURATION (AS MULTIPLES OF t <sub>0</sub> ) IN HOURS												
	0.5	t <sub>0</sub> (h) = 0.55	1.0	t <sub>0</sub> (h) = 1.10	2.0	t <sub>0</sub> (h) = 2.20	3.0	t <sub>0</sub> (h) = 3.30	4.0	t <sub>0</sub> (h) = 4.40	5.0	t <sub>0</sub> (h) = 5.50	
D (mm)	AREF	D (mm)	AREF	D (mm)	AREF	D (mm)	AREF	D (mm)	AREF	D (mm)	AREF	D (mm)	AREF
2	37	0.970	55.41	35	0.925	35.17	49	1.000	25.24	50	1.000	50	1.000
5	47	0.970	77.97	52	0.985	46.23	61	1.000	27.57	65	1.000	70	1.000
10	51	0.970	85.83	54	0.986	56.29	70	1.000	37.74	81	1.000	85	1.000
20	54	0.970	110.60	78	0.965	70.17	82	1.000	41.75	99	1.000	100	1.000
50	83	0.970	145.09	125	0.985	92.55	121	1.000	55.00	130	1.000	135	1.000
100	102	0.970	179.24	127	0.985	112.71	149	1.000	67.72	141	1.000	145	1.000
200	125	0.970	230.67	157	0.985	140.20	184	1.000	83.97	190	1.000	195	1.000
PMP	405	0.970	713.58	516	0.985	452.77	694	1.000	249.56	640	1.000	685	1.000

### RUN-OFF COEFFICIENT

Flood Frequency (Years)		2	5	10	20	50	100	200	PMP
Rural	C1	0.102	0.112	0.122	0.134	0.145	0.204	0.244	0.390
Urban	C2	0.162	0.186	0.179	0.197	0.237	0.300	0.300	0.300
Combined	C	0.274	0.290	0.300	0.304	0.425	0.504	0.544	0.690
C* adjusted for Ad									
Final adjusted C		0.261	0.280	0.300	0.304	0.426	0.504	0.544	0.690

\* PMP = C<sub>1</sub> + C<sub>2</sub>max + C<sub>3</sub>max

### PEAK DISCHARGE

Flood Frequency (Years)		2	5	10	20	50	100	200	PMP
Q (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	0.5 t <sub>0</sub>	43.35	84.15	111.01	152.13	235.33	371.92	494.92	2616.17
	1.0 t <sub>0</sub>	36.22	53.38	70.43	96.51	161.92	235.95	313.99	1459.74
	2.0 t <sub>0</sub>	22.74	31.29	41.94	57.41	96.42	140.51	186.98	985.36
	2.0 t <sub>0</sub>	16.39	22.63	30.11	41.57	67.24	100.69	134.25	719.60

### FLOOD VOLUMES

Flood Frequency (Years)		2	5	10	20	50	100	200	PMP
V (m <sup>3</sup> )	0.5 t <sub>0</sub>	359 271	800 304	660 711	904 545	1 317 790	2 211 457	2 743 099	15 557 256
	1.0 t <sub>0</sub>	227 294	317 468	416 793	578 942	942 907	1 404 116	1 667 155	9 449 870
	2.0 t <sub>0</sub>	153 331	189 040	249 364	341 779	545 408	835 543	1 111 872	5 077 421
	2.0 t <sub>0</sub>	97 186	131 729	179 371	243 411	411 723	609 936	798 375	4 320 245

### RATIONAL METHOD # 1

Based on the Regional DDF-Equations representing the HRU 1/75 DDF-relationships (Op for North & S (ephemal), 1982)

**PROJECT: Piet Relief Development Ptn 100 & 123 (Total catchment)**

#### CATCHMENT CHARACTERISTICS

Catchment Area		Total (A)	17,733 km <sup>2</sup>	Effective (Ae)	17,733 km <sup>2</sup>	Upper Watercourse (U)	5.610 km
Area Weighting Factors: $2 + \frac{1}{2} = 1$		Rural (A <sub>r</sub> )	0.75	Urban (A <sub>u</sub> )	0.30	Link(s)	
		Dominic (Ad)		Rate of A <sub>e</sub> / A	%	Height Difference (H) (10/100)	10%
		Channelised Flow (CN)	7	Overland Flow (ON)	N	Mean Slope (S)	1.85%
						Mean Annual Rainfall (MAR)	687 mm
						Time of Concentration (Tc)	1.16 hour
							59.7 min

Inland (Y/N)	Y
Coastal (Y/N)	N

Slopes %	FA	Factor	Avg	Soil Permeability	C1		Vegetation	FA	Factor	Avg
					RA	Factor				
< 1				Very Permeable	5	0.09	Forest Plantation	55	0.04	0.022
1 - 3	100	0.05	0.061	Permeable	5	0.16	Dense Bush Wood			
3 - 10				Semi-Permeable	5	0.26	Thin Bush	10	0.11	0.048
10 - 30				Impermeable			Cultivated Land			
30 - 50							Grassland			
> 50							Bare Surface	5	0.28	0.214
Total %	100	0.200	0.200	Total C1 Value		0.291	Total %	100	0.29	0.287

Urban for T < 21 Years				Urban for T > 21 to 50 Years			
Occupation	FA	Factor	Avg	Occupation	FA	Factor	Avg
Lawns, Parks	10		0.015	Lawns	10	0.450	0.045
Sandy soil < 2%				Other	70	0.500	0.350
Sunny 2 - 7%				Total %	100		0.395
Sandy soil > 2%				Urban for T > 50 Years			
Heavy soil < 2%	10	0.150	0.015	Mineralised	10	0.000	1.000
Heavy soil > 2%				Total C2 for T < 21			0.540
Residential	48		0.190	Total C2 for T > 21 - 50			0.975
Single family area	40	0.400	0.160	Total C2 for T > 50			1.000
Apartment dwelling				Surface Condition Factor (F)			
Industrial	30		0.195				0.55
Light areas	30	0.650	0.195				
Heavy areas							
Roads	10		0.085				
Downtown	10	0.850	0.085				
Neighbourhood							
Streets	10	0.850	0.085				
Total %	100		0.540				

#### STORM RAINFALL

Flood frequency (Years)	STORM DURATION (AS MULTIPLES OF 10) IN HOURS														
	0.5	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	15	20	30	40
In (mm)	ARF	In (mm)	ARF	In (mm)	ARF	In (mm)	ARF	In (mm)	ARF	In (mm)	ARF	In (mm)	ARF	In (mm)	ARF
2	32	0.970	51.00	41	0.983	65.91	47	0.990	70.56	50	1.000	70.56	50	1.000	14.32
5	42	0.970	70.56	52	0.985	84.36	61	1.000	84.36	66	1.000	84.36	66	1.000	21.95
10	52	0.970	86.87	65	0.985	94.79	76	1.000	94.79	81	1.000	94.79	81	1.000	23.30
20	64	0.970	104.95	80	0.985	107.45	91	1.000	107.45	100	1.000	107.45	100	1.000	28.69
50	84	0.975	140.78	100	0.985	148.77	122	1.000	148.77	132	1.000	148.77	132	1.000	37.77
100	104	0.975	173.33	129	0.985	189.22	151	1.000	189.22	167	1.000	189.22	167	1.000	46.50
200	128	0.970	213.39	159	0.985	234.58	186	1.000	234.58	201	1.000	234.58	201	1.000	57.25
PMF	413	0.970	690.02	513	0.985	733.20	600	1.000	733.20	645	1.000	733.20	645	1.000	182.12

#### RUN-OFF COEFFICIENT

Flood frequency (Years)	2	5	10	20	50	100	200	PMF
Rural	0.132	0.112	0.122	0.136	0.159	0.204	0.241	0.390
Urban	0.162	0.148	0.178	0.197	0.257	0.308	0.305	0.300
Combined	0.244	0.280	0.503	0.394	0.476	0.504	0.544	0.380
RA adjusted for Ad					0.424	0.504	0.544	0.895
PMF adjusted C	0.294	0.290	0.300	0.394	0.424	0.504	0.544	0.895

\* PMF = C<sub>r</sub> + C<sub>u</sub> max + C<sub>v</sub> min

#### PEAK DISCHARGE

Flood frequency (Years)	2	5	10	20	50	100	200	PMF
0.5 to 1.0 to	69.72	97.57	128.46	176.95	292.96	431.39	572.74	9027.46
1.0 to 2.0 to	43.97	61.41	81.02	111.93	186.28	271.45	363.27	1909.42
2.0 to 3.0 to	26.09	36.43	48.04	63.67	110.31	163.23	214.29	1132.75
3.0 to	16.70	23.12	30.46	41.23	79.24	115.46	153.65	812.27

#### FLOOD VOLUMES

Flood frequency (Years)	2	5	10	20	50	100	200	PMF
0.5 to 1.0 to	437.47	617.012	806.064	1106.685	1853.358	2700.520	3523.772	18976.881
1.0 to 2.0 to	278.915	385.366	505.584	676.726	1168.983	1703.285	2246.593	11981.343
2.0 to 3.0 to	163.657	228.618	301.594	412.120	693.443	1010.561	1344.642	7101.541
3.0 to	117.363	162.922	216.950	289.664	497.219	724.520	964.134	5396.459

## Utility Programs for Drainage Flood calculations



**Project name:** Floodline Analysis (Upper Catchment)  
**Analyzed by:** MIC Junberr  
**Name of river:** Kijungseonggrah  
**Description of site:** For Relief Terms - Portion 108 & 113  
**Filename:** C:\Documents and Settings\Francois\My Documents\LEK\Pict Rel\CHydrology & ppr.dfd  
**Date:** 26 August 2013

Printed August 2013

Page 1

### Flood Frequency Analysis: Rational Method

**Project:** - Floodline analysis (upper catchment)  
**Analyzed by:** - MIC Junberr  
**Name of river:** - Kijungseonggrah  
**Description of site:** - For Relief Terms - Portion 108 & 113  
**Date:** - 23/08/13  
**Name of catchment:** - 24.828 km<sup>2</sup>  
**Drainage area:** - 2.3 km<sup>2</sup>  
**Area of catchment (km<sup>2</sup>):** - 24.828 km<sup>2</sup>  
**Length of longest stream:** - 8.28 km  
**Flow of water:** - surface water runoff  
**Weight of flow over 10-20 slope:** - 33.8 m  
**Final fall height:** - 2.0 m  
**Area distribution:** - Urban: 30 %, Urban: 24 %, Other: 46 %

### Catchment description - Urban area (%)

Urban	Commercial and industry	business	
Residential (70%)	0	0	10
Heavy indus. (20%)	0	0	0
Heavy indus. (10%)	10	10	10
Heavy indus. (20%)	0	0	0

### Catchment description - Rural area (%)

Rural area	Permeability	Vegetation	
Urban and park	0	0	0
Flat area	100	0	40
Hilly	0	0	0
Very hilly	0	0	0

**Average slope:** - 0.07100 m/m  
**Time of concentration:** - 55.3 min  
**Run-off factor:** - 0.151  
**Urban - C1:** - 0.640  
**Urban - C2:** - 0.400  
**Urban - C3:** - 0.100

See MS2, Report 2/13, South Carolina Frequency diagram was used to determine the point rainfall.

Return period (years)	Time of concentration (hours)	Point rainfall (mm)	ISF	Average intensity (mm/hr)	Factor	Runoff contribution (%)	Peak flow (m <sup>3</sup> /s)
1.2	0.92	80.5	21.2	87.3	3.78	33.3	84.73
1.5	0.93	81.2	21.1	86.4	3.68	34.2	86.16
1.75	0.94	81.8	21.0	85.5	3.58	35.1	87.60
2.0	0.94	82.4	20.9	84.6	3.48	36.0	89.04
2.25	0.95	83.0	20.8	83.7	3.38	36.9	90.48
2.5	0.95	83.6	20.7	82.8	3.28	37.8	91.92

Run-off coefficient percentage includes adjustment: catchment factors (%) for steep and impermeable catchments

Calculated using Utility Programs for Drainage 1.1.0

The software programs were developed for the convenience of the users. Although every reasonable effort has been made to ensure that the programs are accurate and reliable the program developers disclaim any liability for any loss or damage resulting from the use of the programs. All users of these programs do so at their own risk. Copyright © 1999 SIMOTECH CO. www.simotech.co.za. simotech@simotech.co.za

## Utility Programs for Drainage Flood calculations



**Simotech**

Project name: Floodline Analysis (Combined Catchments)  
 Analyzed by: Mr. Jonker  
 Name of river: Kijungoetspruit  
 Description of site: Plet River/Town - Portions 108 & 123  
 Filenamer: C:\Documents and Settings\Francois My Documents\LEK\Plet Rivier\Hydrology 1  
 otd.d  
 Date: 26 August 2013

Floodline 26 August 2013

Page 1

**Flood Frequency Analysis (General Method)**

Project: Floodline Analysis (Combined Catchments)  
 Analyzed by: Mr. Jonker  
 Name of river: Kijungoetspruit  
 Description of site: Plet River/Town - Portions 108 & 123  
 Date: 26/08/2013  
 Area of catchment: 77,793 ha  
 Catchment area: 0,0 km<sup>2</sup>  
 Mean annual rainfall (mm): 107,00 mm  
 Length of longest sub-catchment: 8,42 km  
 Flow of water: rainfall water course  
 Height difference along 10:00 slope: 104,0 m  
 Rainfall regime: 7,0 mm  
 Area distribution: 0,00% 10 km, 0,00% 20 km, 0,00% 30 km

**Catchment description - Urban area (%)**

Urban area: Residential and industry business  
 Road, flat (0-5%): 0  
 Road, steep (5-7%): 0  
 Heavy soil, flat (0-5%): 10  
 Heavy soil, steep (5-7%): 0

**Catchment description - Rural area (%)**

Rural area: Forestability  
 Pasture and park: 0  
 Flat area: 100  
 Field: 0  
 Long grass: 0

Urban slope: 0,00072 m/m  
 Time of concentration: 1,75 h  
 Run-off factor: 0,301  
 Urban - 0: 0,000  
 Urban - 10: 0,000  
 Urban - 20: 0,000  
 Urban - 30: 0,000

The IDF Diagram 1978, South African Frequency diagram was used to determine the peak rainfall.

Return period (years)	Time of concentration (hours)	Peak rainfall (mm)	ARF (%)	Average intensity (mm/h)	Factor (h)	Peak contribution (%)	Peak flow (l/s)
1,22	1,75	41,2	37,3	23,5	0,75	17,6	62,76
2,59	1,75	50,1	50,4	28,5	0,60	17,1	87,66
5,00	1,75	58,0	64,4	32,5	0,48	15,8	103,58
10,23	1,75	65,0	74,3	36,5	0,36	14,6	122,88
20,46	1,75	71,9	82,0	40,4	0,28	13,5	143,58
50,00	1,75	80,2	90,9	45,8	0,20	12,4	166,43

Run-off coefficient percentage includes adjustment correction factors (FC) for steep and impermeable catchments.

**Selected water Utility program for Drainage 1,1,0**

The software program was developed for the convenience of the users. Although every reasonable effort has been made to ensure that the programs are accurate and reliable the program developers, Simotech, do accept no liability of any kind for any errors, inaccuracies or omissions in any way which may be caused by the use of these programs. All users of these programs do so entirely at their own risk. Copyright © 1998 SIMOTECH CC. www.simotech.co.za, software@simotech.co.za



Plan: Plan 03 Klipmesselspruit AB RS: 100 Profile: Q50

E.G. Elev (m)	1224.80	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (m)	0.75	Wt. n-Val.		0.035	
W.S. Elev (m)	1224.05	Reach Len. (m)	20.50	20.50	20.50
Crit W.S. (m)	1224.20	Flow Area (m2)		45.60	
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.07234	Area (m2)		45.60	
Q Total (m3/s)	175.00	Flow (m3/s)		175.00	
Top Width (m)	43.55	Top Width (m)		43.55	
Vel Total (m/s)	3.84	Avg. Vel. (m/s)		3.84	
Max Chl Dpth (m)	2.05	Hydr. Depth (m)		1.05	
Conv. Total (m3/s)	1333.0	Conv. (m3/s)		1333.0	
Length Wtd. (m)	20.50	Wetted Per. (m)		44.09	
Min Ch El (m)	1222.00	Shear (N/m2)		174.91	
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)		671.27	
Frc'n Loss (m)		Cum Volume (1000 m3)		201.31	
C & E Loss (m)		Cum SA (1000 m2)		124.54	

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmesselspruit AB RS: 100 Profile: Q100

E.G. Elev (m)	1225.19	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (m)	0.89	Wt. n-Val.		0.035	
W.S. Elev (m)	1224.30	Reach Len. (m)	20.50	20.50	20.50
Crit W.S. (m)	1224.49	Flow Area (m2)		56.56	
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.07234	Area (m2)		56.56	
Q Total (m3/s)	237.00	Flow (m3/s)		237.00	
Top Width (m)	47.97	Top Width (m)		47.97	
Vel Total (m/s)	4.17	Avg. Vel. (m/s)		4.17	
Max Chl Dpth (m)	2.30	Hydr. Depth (m)		1.19	
Conv. Total (m3/s)	1805.3	Conv. (m3/s)		1805.3	
Length Wtd. (m)	20.50	Wetted Per. (m)		48.51	
Min Ch El (m)	1222.00	Shear (N/m2)		197.98	
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)		825.19	
Frc'n Loss (m)		Cum Volume (1000 m3)		247.44	
C & E Loss (m)		Cum SA (1000 m2)		137.86	

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmesselspruit AB RS: 99 Profile: Q50

E.G. Elev (m)	1223.88	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (m)	0.44	Wt. n-Val.		0.035	
W.S. Elev (m)	1223.24	Reach Len. (m)	25.00	25.00	25.00
Crit W.S. (m)	1223.18	Flow Area (m2)		59.43	
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.010527	Area (m2)		59.43	
Q Total (m3/s)	175.00	Flow (m3/s)		175.00	
Top Width (m)	58.67	Top Width (m)		58.67	
Vel Total (m/s)	2.94	Avg. Vel. (m/s)		2.94	
Max Chl Dpth (m)	1.99	Hydr. Depth (m)		1.01	
Conv. Total (m3/s)	1705.6	Conv. (m3/s)		1705.6	
Length Wtd. (m)	25.00	Wetted Per. (m)		59.02	
Min Ch El (m)	1221.25	Shear (N/m2)		103.94	
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)		306.10	
Frc'n Loss (m)	0.25	Cum Volume (1000 m3)		197.01	
C & E Loss (m)	0.31	Cum SA (1000 m2)		120.35	

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmesselspruit AB RS: 98 Profile: Q100

E.G. Elev (m)	1224.01	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (m)	0.66	Wt. n-Val.		0.035	
W.S. Elev (m)	1223.35	Reach Len. (m)	25.00	25.00	25.00
Crit W.S. (m)	1223.42	Flow Area (m2)		65.83	
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.04125	Area (m2)		65.83	
Q Total (m3/s)	237.00	Flow (m3/s)		237.00	

## Plan: Plan 03 Kilpmesselspruit AB RS: 99 Profile: Q100 (Continued)

Top Width (m)	59.93	Top Width (m)	59.93
Vel Total (m/s)	3.60	Avg. Vel. (m/s)	3.60
Max Chl Dpth (m)	2.10	Hydr. Depth (m)	1.10
Conv. Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	1994.1	Conv. (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	1994.1
Length Wtd. (m)	25.00	Wetted Per. (m)	60.31
Min Ch El (m)	1221.25	Shear (N/m <sup>2</sup> )	151.21
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)	544.37
Froth Loss (m)	0.28	Cum Volume (1000 m <sup>3</sup> )	242.09
C & E Loss (m)	0.00	Cum SA (1000 m <sup>2</sup> )	133.16

## Plan: Plan 03 Kilpmesselspruit AB RS: 98 Profile: Q50

E.G. Elev (m)	1222.60	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (m)	0.37	Wt. n-Val.		0.035	
W.S. Elev (m)	1222.23	Reach Len. (m)	21.67	21.67	21.67
Crit W.S. (m)	1222.22	Flow Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		64.71	
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.013792	Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		64.71	
Q Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	175.00	Flow (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		175.00	
Top Width (m)	89.10	Top Width (m)		89.10	
Vel Total (m/s)	2.70	Avg. Vel. (m/s)		2.70	
Max Chl Dpth (m)	2.23	Hydr. Depth (m)		0.73	
Conv. Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	1490.1	Conv. (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		1490.1	
Length Wtd. (m)	21.67	Wetted Per. (m)		89.44	
Min Ch El (m)	1220.00	Shear (N/m <sup>2</sup> )		97.88	
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)		264.64	
Froth Loss (m)	0.30	Cum Volume (1000 m <sup>3</sup> )		180.51	
C & E Loss (m)	0.00	Cum SA (1000 m <sup>2</sup> )		112.94	

## Plan: Plan 03 Kilpmesselspruit AB RS: 98 Profile: Q100

E.G. Elev (m)	1222.64	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (m)	0.44	Wt. n-Val.		0.035	
W.S. Elev (m)	1222.40	Reach Len. (m)	21.67	21.67	21.67
Crit W.S. (m)	1222.40	Flow Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		80.64	
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.013541	Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		80.64	
Q Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	237.00	Flow (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		237.00	
Top Width (m)	96.67	Top Width (m)		96.67	
Vel Total (m/s)	2.94	Avg. Vel. (m/s)		2.94	
Max Chl Dpth (m)	2.40	Hydr. Depth (m)		0.93	
Conv. Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	2036.7	Conv. (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		2036.7	
Length Wtd. (m)	21.67	Wetted Per. (m)		97.02	
Min Ch El (m)	1220.00	Shear (N/m <sup>2</sup> )		110.37	
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)		324.38	
Froth Loss (m)		Cum Volume (1000 m <sup>3</sup> )		234.96	
C & E Loss (m)		Cum SA (1000 m <sup>2</sup> )		126.52	

## Plan: Plan 03 Kilpmesselspruit AB RS: 97 Profile: Q50

E.G. Elev (m)	1221.68	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (m)	0.33	Wt. n-Val.		0.035	
W.S. Elev (m)	1221.35	Reach Len. (m)	22.25	22.25	22.25
Crit W.S. (m)	1221.29	Flow Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		68.32	
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.010762	Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		68.32	
Q Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	175.00	Flow (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		175.00	
Top Width (m)	84.80	Top Width (m)		84.80	
Vel Total (m/s)	2.56	Avg. Vel. (m/s)		2.56	
Max Chl Dpth (m)	2.15	Hydr. Depth (m)		0.81	
Conv. Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	1686.9	Conv. (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		1686.9	
Length Wtd. (m)	22.25	Wetted Per. (m)		85.05	
Min Ch El (m)	1218.20	Shear (N/m <sup>2</sup> )		84.78	

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmesselspruit AB RS: 97 Profile: Q50 (Continued)

Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)	217.14
Frict Loss (m)	0.24	Cum Volume (1000 m3)	106.35
C & E Loss (m)	0.00	Cum SA (1000 m2)	107.41

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmesselspruit AB RS: 97 Profile: Q100

E.G. Elev (m)	1221.93	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (m)	0.50	Wt. n-Val.		0.035	
W.S. Elev (m)	1221.43	Reach Len. (m)	22.25	22.25	22.25
Crit W.S. (m)	1221.47	Flow Area (m2)		75.00	
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.014771	Area (m2)		75.00	
Q Total (m3/s)	237.00	Flow (m3/s)		237.00	
Top Width (m)	88.06	Top Width (m)		88.06	
Vel Total (m/s)	3.13	Avg. Vel. (m/s)		3.13	
Max Chl Dpth (m)	2.20	Hydr. Depth (m)		0.68	
Conv. Total (m3/s)	1950.0	Conv. (m3/s)		1950.0	
Length Wtd. (m)	22.25	Wetted Per. (m)		89.32	
Min Ch El (m)	1219.20	Shear (N/m2)		124.10	
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)		368.72	
Frict Loss (m)	0.32	Cum Volume (1000 m3)		229.67	
C & E Loss (m)	0.00	Cum SA (1000 m2)		119.52	

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmesselspruit AB RS: 98 Profile: Q50

E.G. Elev (m)	1220.72	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (m)	0.26	Wt. n-Val.		0.035	
W.S. Elev (m)	1220.46	Reach Len. (m)	25.00	25.00	25.00
Crit W.S. (m)		Flow Area (m2)		77.14	
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.008623	Area (m2)		77.14	
Q Total (m3/s)	175.00	Flow (m3/s)		175.00	
Top Width (m)	97.21	Top Width (m)		97.21	
Vel Total (m/s)	2.27	Avg. Vel. (m/s)		2.27	
Max Chl Dpth (m)	2.16	Hydr. Depth (m)		0.79	
Conv. Total (m3/s)	1884.5	Conv. (m3/s)		1884.5	
Length Wtd. (m)	25.00	Wetted Per. (m)		97.56	
Min Ch El (m)	1218.30	Shear (N/m2)		66.86	
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)		151.89	
Frict Loss (m)	0.22	Cum Volume (1000 m3)		180.10	
C & E Loss (m)	0.00	Cum SA (1000 m2)		99.48	

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmesselspruit AB RS: 98 Profile: Q100

E.G. Elev (m)	1220.95	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (m)	0.31	Wt. n-Val.		0.035	
W.S. Elev (m)	1220.64	Reach Len. (m)	25.00	25.00	25.00
Crit W.S. (m)		Flow Area (m2)		96.04	
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.008623	Area (m2)		96.04	
Q Total (m3/s)	237.00	Flow (m3/s)		237.00	
Top Width (m)	108.56	Top Width (m)		108.56	
Vel Total (m/s)	2.47	Avg. Vel. (m/s)		2.47	
Max Chl Dpth (m)	2.34	Hydr. Depth (m)		0.88	
Conv. Total (m3/s)	2523.2	Conv. (m3/s)		2523.2	
Length Wtd. (m)	25.00	Wetted Per. (m)		108.92	
Min Ch El (m)	1218.30	Shear (N/m2)		75.29	
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)		188.25	
Frict Loss (m)	0.22	Cum Volume (1000 m3)		222.47	
C & E Loss (m)	0.00	Cum SA (1000 m2)		110.92	

## Plan: Plan 03 Kilpmesselspruit AB RS: 95 Profile: Q50

E.G. Elev (m)	1219.64	Element		Left OB		Channel		Right OB	
Vel Head (m)	0.50	Wt. n-Val.				0.035			
W.S. Elev (m)	1219.14	Reach Len. (m)		21.00		21.00		21.00	
Crit W.S. (m)	1219.14	Flow Area (m <sup>2</sup> )				63.14			
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.012845	Area (m <sup>2</sup> )				63.14			
Q Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	197.00	Flow (m <sup>3</sup> /s)				197.00			
Top Width (m)	66.36	Top Width (m)				66.36			
Vel Total (m/s)	3.12	Avg. Vel. (m/s)				3.12			
Max Chl Dpth (m)	2.64	Hydr. Depth (m)				0.85			
Conv. Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	1738.2	Conv. (m <sup>3</sup> /s)				1738.2			
Length Wtd. (m)	21.00	Wetted Per. (m)				66.70			
Min Ch El (m)	1216.50	Shear (N/m <sup>2</sup> )				119.13			
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)				371.69			
Frcn Loss (m)	0.27	Cum Volume (1000 m <sup>3</sup> )				173.02			
C & E Loss (m)	0.00	Cum SA (1000 m <sup>2</sup> )				90.77			

## Plan: Plan 03 Kilpmesselspruit AB RS: 95 Profile: Q100

E.G. Elev (m)	1219.85	Element		Left OB		Channel		Right OB	
Vel Head (m)	0.55	Wt. n-Val.				0.035			
W.S. Elev (m)	1219.40	Reach Len. (m)		21.00		21.00		21.00	
Crit W.S. (m)	1219.40	Flow Area (m <sup>2</sup> )				81.45			
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.012395	Area (m <sup>2</sup> )				81.45			
Q Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	268.00	Flow (m <sup>3</sup> /s)				268.00			
Top Width (m)	77.02	Top Width (m)				77.02			
Vel Total (m/s)	3.29	Avg. Vel. (m/s)				3.29			
Max Chl Dpth (m)	2.50	Hydr. Depth (m)				1.08			
Conv. Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	2407.2	Conv. (m <sup>3</sup> /s)				2407.2			
Length Wtd. (m)	21.00	Wetted Per. (m)				77.43			
Min Ch El (m)	1216.50	Shear (N/m <sup>2</sup> )				127.87			
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)				420.70			
Frcn Loss (m)	0.26	Cum Volume (1000 m <sup>3</sup> )				213.32			
C & E Loss (m)	0.00	Cum SA (1000 m <sup>2</sup> )				100.89			

## Plan: Plan 03 Kilpmesselspruit AB RS: 94 Profile: Q50

E.G. Elev (m)	1218.43	Element		Left OB		Channel		Right OB	
Vel Head (m)	0.46	Wt. n-Val.				0.035			
W.S. Elev (m)	1217.96	Reach Len. (m)		21.50		21.50		21.50	
Crit W.S. (m)	1217.96	Flow Area (m <sup>2</sup> )				65.96			
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.013266	Area (m <sup>2</sup> )				65.96			
Q Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	197.00	Flow (m <sup>3</sup> /s)				197.00			
Top Width (m)	74.24	Top Width (m)				74.24			
Vel Total (m/s)	3.01	Avg. Vel. (m/s)				3.01			
Max Chl Dpth (m)	2.48	Hydr. Depth (m)				0.60			
Conv. Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	1710.4	Conv. (m <sup>3</sup> /s)				1710.4			
Length Wtd. (m)	21.50	Wetted Per. (m)				74.57			
Min Ch El (m)	1215.50	Shear (N/m <sup>2</sup> )				114.03			
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)				343.70			
Frcn Loss (m)	0.31	Cum Volume (1000 m <sup>3</sup> )				167.75			
C & E Loss (m)	0.02	Cum SA (1000 m <sup>2</sup> )				84.92			

## Plan: Plan 03 Kilpmesselspruit AB RS: 94 Profile: Q100

E.G. Elev (m)	1218.72	Element		Left OB		Channel		Right OB	
Vel Head (m)	0.43	Wt. n-Val.				0.035			
W.S. Elev (m)	1218.29	Reach Len. (m)		21.50		21.50		21.50	
Crit W.S. (m)	1218.22	Flow Area (m <sup>2</sup> )				91.80			
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.010085	Area (m <sup>2</sup> )				91.80			
Q Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	268.00	Flow (m <sup>3</sup> /s)				268.00			

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmosselspruit AB RS: 94 Profile: Q100 (Continued)

Top Width (m)	89.10	Top Width (m)	89.10
Vel Total (m/s)	2.92	Avg. Vel. (m/s)	2.92
Max Chl Dpth (m)	2.79	Hydr. Depth (m)	1.93
Conv. Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	2668.7	Conv. (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	2668.7
Length Wtd. (m)	21.50	Wetted Per. (m)	85.41
Min Ch El (m)	1215.50	Shear (N/m <sup>2</sup> )	101.50
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)	296.34
Frict Loss (m)	0.14	Cum Volume (1000 m <sup>3</sup> )	208.67
C & E Loss (m)	0.05	Cum SA (1000 m <sup>2</sup> )	84.28

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmosselspruit AB RS: 93 Profile: Q50

E.G. Elev (m)	1217.35	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (m)	0.07	Wt. n-Val.		0.035	
W.S. Elev (m)	1217.28	Reach Len. (m)	22.33	22.33	22.33
Crit W.S. (m)		Flow Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		188.59	
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.000746	Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		188.59	
Q Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	197.00	Flow (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		197.00	
Top Width (m)	88.71	Top Width (m)		88.71	
Vel Total (m/s)	1.13	Avg. Vel. (m/s)		1.18	
Max Chl Dpth (m)	5.26	Hydr. Depth (m)		1.88	
Conv. Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	7201.0	Conv. (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		7201.0	
Length Wtd. (m)	22.33	Wetted Per. (m)		89.52	
Min Ch El (m)	1213.00	Shear (N/m <sup>2</sup> )		13.66	
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)		16.75	
Frict Loss (m)	0.02	Cum Volume (1000 m <sup>3</sup> )		155.11	
C & E Loss (m)	0.00	Cum SA (1000 m <sup>2</sup> )		74.81	

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmosselspruit AB RS: 93 Profile: Q100

E.G. Elev (m)	1218.31	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (m)	0.05	Wt. n-Val.		0.035	
W.S. Elev (m)	1218.26	Reach Len. (m)	22.33	22.33	22.33
Crit W.S. (m)		Flow Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		282.45	
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.000401	Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		282.45	
Q Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	268.00	Flow (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		268.00	
Top Width (m)	109.22	Top Width (m)		109.22	
Vel Total (m/s)	1.02	Avg. Vel. (m/s)		1.02	
Max Chl Dpth (m)	5.26	Hydr. Depth (m)		2.40	
Conv. Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	13376.4	Conv. (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		13376.4	
Length Wtd. (m)	22.33	Wetted Per. (m)		110.15	
Min Ch El (m)	1213.00	Shear (N/m <sup>2</sup> )		9.38	
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)		9.58	
Frict Loss (m)	0.01	Cum Volume (1000 m <sup>3</sup> )		183.33	
C & E Loss (m)	0.00	Cum SA (1000 m <sup>2</sup> )		80.84	

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmosselspruit AB RS: 92 Profile: Q50

E.G. Elev (m)	1217.30	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (m)	0.04	Wt. n-Val.		0.035	
W.S. Elev (m)	1217.26	Reach Len. (m)	50.00	50.00	50.00
Crit W.S. (m)	1216.85	Flow Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		217.18	
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.000620	Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		217.18	
Q Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	197.00	Flow (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		197.00	
Top Width (m)	130.89	Top Width (m)		130.89	
Vel Total (m/s)	0.91	Avg. Vel. (m/s)		0.91	
Max Chl Dpth (m)	4.38	Hydr. Depth (m)		1.66	
Conv. Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	8638.2	Conv. (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		8638.2	
Length Wtd. (m)	50.00	Wetted Per. (m)		132.22	
Min Ch El (m)	1212.90	Shear (N/m <sup>2</sup> )		8.38	

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmesselspruit AB RS: 92 Profile: Q50 (Continued)

Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)	7.60
Frictn Loss (m)		Cum Volume (1000 m3)	142.32
C & E Loss (m)		Cum SA (1000 m2)	67.30

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmesselspruit AB RS: 92 Profile: Q100

E.G. Elev (m)	1218.26	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (m)	0.03	Wt. n-Val.		0.035	
W.S. Elev (m)	1218.26	Reach Len. (m)	50.00	50.00	50.00
Crit W.S. (m)	1218.09	Flow Area (m2)		357.58	
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.00217	Area (m2)		357.58	
Q Total (m3/s)	268.00	Flow (m3/s)		268.00	
Top Width (m)	148.93	Top Width (m)		148.93	
Vel Total (m/s)	0.75	Avg. Vel. (m/s)		0.75	
Max Chl Dpth (m)	5.35	Hydr. Depth (m)		2.40	
Conv. Total (m3/s)	18199.8	Conv. (m3/s)		18199.8	
Length Wtd. (m)	50.00	Wetted Per. (m)		150.89	
Min Ch El (m)	1212.90	Shear (N/m2)		5.06	
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)		3.79	
Frictn Loss (m)		Cum Volume (1000 m3)		162.61	
C & E Loss (m)		Cum SA (1000 m2)		72.16	

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmesselspruit AB RS: 91 Profile: Q50

E.G. Elev (m)	1215.02	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (m)	0.47	Wt. n-Val.		0.035	
W.S. Elev (m)	1214.55	Reach Len. (m)	23.29	23.29	23.29
Crit W.S. (m)	1214.56	Flow Area (m2)		65.18	
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.012901	Area (m2)		65.18	
Q Total (m3/s)	197.00	Flow (m3/s)		197.00	
Top Width (m)	72.24	Top Width (m)		72.24	
Vel Total (m/s)	3.02	Avg. Vel. (m/s)		3.02	
Max Chl Dpth (m)	1.86	Hydr. Depth (m)		0.80	
Conv. Total (m3/s)	1734.4	Conv. (m3/s)		1734.4	
Length Wtd. (m)	23.29	Wetted Per. (m)		72.52	
Min Ch El (m)	1212.70	Shear (N/m2)		119.71	
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)		343.07	
Frictn Loss (m)	0.30	Cum Volume (1000 m3)		136.26	
C & E Loss (m)	0.00	Cum SA (1000 m2)		62.23	

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmesselspruit AB RS: 91 Profile: Q100

E.G. Elev (m)	1215.33	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (m)	0.55	Wt. n-Val.		0.035	
W.S. Elev (m)	1214.78	Reach Len. (m)	23.29	23.29	23.29
Crit W.S. (m)	1214.78	Flow Area (m2)		81.75	
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.012176	Area (m2)		81.75	
Q Total (m3/s)	268.00	Flow (m3/s)		268.00	
Top Width (m)	76.77	Top Width (m)		76.77	
Vel Total (m/s)	3.28	Avg. Vel. (m/s)		3.28	
Max Chl Dpth (m)	2.08	Hydr. Depth (m)		1.06	
Conv. Total (m3/s)	2428.7	Conv. (m3/s)		2428.7	
Length Wtd. (m)	23.29	Wetted Per. (m)		77.10	
Min Ch El (m)	1212.70	Shear (N/m2)		126.60	
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)		415.03	
Frictn Loss (m)	0.28	Cum Volume (1000 m3)		151.62	
C & E Loss (m)	0.00	Cum SA (1000 m2)		66.52	

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmasselspruit AB RS: 90 Profile: Q60

E.G. Elev (m)	1209.35	Element	Left OB	Channel		Right OB	
Vel Head (m)	0.29	Wt. n-Val.		0.035			
W.S. Elev (m)	1208.06	Reach Len. (m)	20.00	20.00		20.00	
Crit W.S. (m)		Flow Area (m2)		82.39			
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.005099	Area (m2)		82.39			
Q Total (m3/s)	197.00	Flow (m3/s)		197.00			
Top Width (m)	64.06	Top Width (m)		64.06			
Vel Total (m/s)	2.39	Avg. Vel. (m/s)		2.39			
Max Chl Dpth (m)	2.36	Hydr. Depth (m)		1.29			
Conv. Total (m3/s)	2758.7	Conv. (m3/s)		2758.7			
Length Wtd. (m)	20.00	Wetted Per. (m)		64.84			
Min Ch El (m)	1205.70	Shear (N/m2)		63.14			
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)		151.70			
Frc'n Loss (m)	0.15	Cum Volume (1000 m3)		19.54			
C & E Loss (m)	0.02	Cum SA (1000 m2)		20.35			

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmasselspruit AB RS: 90 Profile: Q100

E.G. Elev (m)	1208.67	Element	Left OB	Channel		Right OB	
Vel Head (m)	0.39	Wt. n-Val.		0.035			
W.S. Elev (m)	1206.29	Reach Len. (m)	20.00	20.00		20.00	
Crit W.S. (m)		Flow Area (m2)		97.24			
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.005999	Area (m2)		97.24			
Q Total (m3/s)	268.00	Flow (m3/s)		268.00			
Top Width (m)	69.00	Top Width (m)		69.00			
Vel Total (m/s)	2.76	Avg. Vel. (m/s)		2.76			
Max Chl Dpth (m)	2.68	Hydr. Depth (m)		1.41			
Conv. Total (m3/s)	3460.0	Conv. (m3/s)		3460.0			
Length Wtd. (m)	20.00	Wetted Per. (m)		68.87			
Min Ch El (m)	1205.70	Shear (N/m2)		81.76			
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)		225.34			
Frc'n Loss (m)	0.16	Cum Volume (1000 m3)		24.59			
C & E Loss (m)	0.02	Cum SA (1000 m2)		22.61			

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmasselspruit AB RS: 89 Profile: Q50

E.G. Elev (m)	1207.25	Element	Left OB	Channel		Right OB	
Vel Head (m)	1.32	Wt. n-Val.		0.035			
W.S. Elev (m)	1205.94	Reach Len. (m)	22.50	22.50		22.50	
Crit W.S. (m)	1206.35	Flow Area (m2)		38.73			
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.035109	Area (m2)		38.73			
Q Total (m3/s)	197.00	Flow (m3/s)		197.00			
Top Width (m)	41.87	Top Width (m)		41.87			
Vel Total (m/s)	5.09	Avg. Vel. (m/s)		5.09			
Max Chl Dpth (m)	1.53	Hydr. Depth (m)		0.93			
Conv. Total (m3/s)	1051.4	Conv. (m3/s)		1051.4			
Length Wtd. (m)	22.50	Wetted Per. (m)		41.81			
Min Ch El (m)	1204.40	Shear (N/m2)		318.28			
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)		1622.08			
Frc'n Loss (m)	0.53	Cum Volume (1000 m3)		15.97			
C & E Loss (m)	0.06	Cum SA (1000 m2)		16.67			

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmasselspruit AB RS: 89 Profile: Q100

E.G. Elev (m)	1207.63	Element	Left OB	Channel		Right OB	
Vel Head (m)	1.43	Wt. n-Val.		0.035			
W.S. Elev (m)	1206.20	Reach Len. (m)	22.50	22.50		22.50	
Crit W.S. (m)	1206.66	Flow Area (m2)		50.53			
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.031210	Area (m2)		50.53			
Q Total (m3/s)	268.00	Flow (m3/s)		268.00			

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmesselspruit AB RS: 89 Profile: Q100 (Continued)

Top Width (m)	48.75	Top Width (m)	48.75
Vel Total (m/s)	5.30	Avg. Vel. (m/s)	5.30
Max Chl Dpth (m)	1.80	Hydr. Depth (m)	1.08
Conv. Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	1517.0	Conv. (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	1517.0
Length Wtd. (m)	22.50	Wetted Per. (m)	48.92
Min Ch El (m)	1204.40	Shear (N/m <sup>2</sup> )	326.61
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)	1745.04
Frcn Loss (m)	0.48	Cum Volume (1000 m <sup>3</sup> )	20.14
C & E Loss (m)	0.06	Cum SA (1000 m <sup>2</sup> )	18.65

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmesselspruit AB RS: 83 Profile: Q50

E.G. Elev (m)	1206.14	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (m)	0.80	Wt. n-Val.		0.035	
W.S. Elev (m)	1205.33	Reach Len. (m)	21.33	21.33	21.33
Crit W.S. (m)	1205.57	Flow Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		49.59	
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.026791	Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		49.59	
Q Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	197.00	Flow (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		197.00	
Top Width (m)	62.91	Top Width (m)		62.91	
Vel Total (m/s)	3.97	Avg. Vel. (m/s)		3.97	
Max Chl Dpth (m)	2.03	Hydr. Depth (m)		0.79	
Conv. Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	1203.6	Conv. (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		1203.6	
Length Wtd. (m)	21.33	Wetted Per. (m)		63.33	
Min Ch El (m)	1203.30	Shear (N/m <sup>2</sup> )		205.71	
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)		617.23	
Frcn Loss (m)	0.42	Cum Volume (1000 m <sup>3</sup> )		3.56	
C & E Loss (m)	0.02	Cum SA (1000 m <sup>2</sup> )		14.20	

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmesselspruit AB RS: 88 Profile: Q100

E.G. Elev (m)	1206.47	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (m)	0.94	Wt. n-Val.		0.035	
W.S. Elev (m)	1205.53	Reach Len. (m)	21.33	21.33	21.33
Crit W.S. (m)	1205.79	Flow Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		82.38	
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.026245	Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		82.38	
Q Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	268.00	Flow (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		268.00	
Top Width (m)	69.34	Top Width (m)		69.34	
Vel Total (m/s)	4.30	Avg. Vel. (m/s)		4.30	
Max Chl Dpth (m)	2.23	Hydr. Depth (m)		0.90	
Conv. Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	1654.3	Conv. (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		1654.3	
Length Wtd. (m)	21.33	Wetted Per. (m)		69.77	
Min Ch El (m)	1203.30	Shear (N/m <sup>2</sup> )		230.13	
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)		988.63	
Frcn Loss (m)	0.46	Cum Volume (1000 m <sup>3</sup> )		17.33	
C & E Loss (m)	0.02	Cum SA (1000 m <sup>2</sup> )		15.95	

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmesselspruit AB RS: 87 Profile: Q50

E.G. Elev (m)	1204.86	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (m)	0.83	Wt. n-Val.		0.035	
W.S. Elev (m)	1204.23	Reach Len. (m)	21.80	21.80	21.80
Crit W.S. (m)	1204.36	Flow Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		56.13	
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.018003	Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		56.13	
Q Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	197.00	Flow (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		197.00	
Top Width (m)	66.34	Top Width (m)		66.34	
Vel Total (m/s)	3.51	Avg. Vel. (m/s)		3.51	
Max Chl Dpth (m)	1.43	Hydr. Depth (m)		0.85	
Conv. Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	1429.1	Conv. (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		1429.1	
Length Wtd. (m)	21.80	Wetted Per. (m)		66.72	
Min Ch El (m)	1202.80	Shear (N/m <sup>2</sup> )		158.77	



Plan: Plan 03 Klipmassespruit AB RS: 87 Profile: Q50 (Continued)

Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)	650.25
Frcn Loss (m)	0.42	Cum Volume (1000 m <sup>3</sup> )	10.02
C & F Loss (m)	0.01	Cum SA (1000 m <sup>2</sup> )	8.94

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmassespruit AB RS: 87 Profile: Q100

E.G. Elev (m)	1205.18	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (m)	0.75	Wt. n-Val.		0.035	
W.S. Elev (m)	1204.42	Reach Len. (m)	21.50	21.80	21.80
Crit W.S. (m)	1204.56	Flow Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		60.63	
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.016394	Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		60.63	
Q Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	268.00	Flow (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		268.00	
Top Width (m)	72.60	Top Width (m)		72.80	
Vel Total (m/s)	3.85	Avg. Vel. (m/s)		3.85	
Max Chl Dpth (m)	1.62	Hydr. Depth (m)		0.96	
Conv. Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	1924.4	Conv. (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		1924.4	
Length Wtd. (m)	21.80	Wetted Per. (m)		73.19	
Min Ch El (m)	1202.80	Shear (N/m <sup>2</sup> )		180.69	
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)		686.35	
Frcn Loss (m)	0.41	Cum Volume (1000 m <sup>3</sup> )		12.82	
C & E Loss (m)	0.00	Cum SA (1000 m <sup>2</sup> )		11.27	

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmassespruit AS RS: 86 Profile: Q50

E.G. Elev (m)	1202.98	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (m)	0.00	Wt. n-Val.		0.035	
W.S. Elev (m)	1202.19	Reach Len. (m)	24.50	24.50	24.50
Crit W.S. (m)	1202.34	Flow Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		49.81	
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.016832	Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		49.81	
Q Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	197.00	Flow (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		197.00	
Top Width (m)	44.85	Top Width (m)		44.85	
Vel Total (m/s)	3.96	Avg. Vel. (m/s)		3.96	
Max Chl Dpth (m)	2.59	Hydr. Depth (m)		1.11	
Conv. Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	1518.4	Conv. (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		1518.4	
Length Wtd. (m)	24.50	Wetted Per. (m)		45.19	
Min Ch El (m)	1199.60	Shear (N/m <sup>2</sup> )		181.92	
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)		718.53	
Frcn Loss (m)	0.37	Cum Volume (1000 m <sup>3</sup> )		4.13	
C & E Loss (m)	0.00	Cum SA (1000 m <sup>2</sup> )		3.81	

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmassespruit A6 RS: 86 Profile: Q100

E.G. Elev (m)	1203.37	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (m)	0.33	Wt. n-Val.		0.035	
W.S. Elev (m)	1202.19	Reach Len. (m)	24.50	24.50	24.50
Crit W.S. (m)	1202.67	Flow Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		64.33	
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.015978	Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		64.33	
Q Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	268.00	Flow (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		268.00	
Top Width (m)	51.55	Top Width (m)		51.55	
Vel Total (m/s)	4.17	Avg. Vel. (m/s)		4.17	
Max Chl Dpth (m)	2.89	Hydr. Depth (m)		1.25	
Conv. Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	2120.1	Conv. (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		2120.1	
Length Wtd. (m)	24.50	Wetted Per. (m)		51.92	
Min Ch El (m)	1199.60	Shear (N/m <sup>2</sup> )		181.13	
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)		808.77	
Frcn Loss (m)	0.35	Cum Volume (1000 m <sup>3</sup> )		5.30	
C & E Loss (m)	0.00	Cum SA (1000 m <sup>2</sup> )		4.49	

Plan: Plan 03 Klipmassespruit AB RS: B5 Profile: Q50

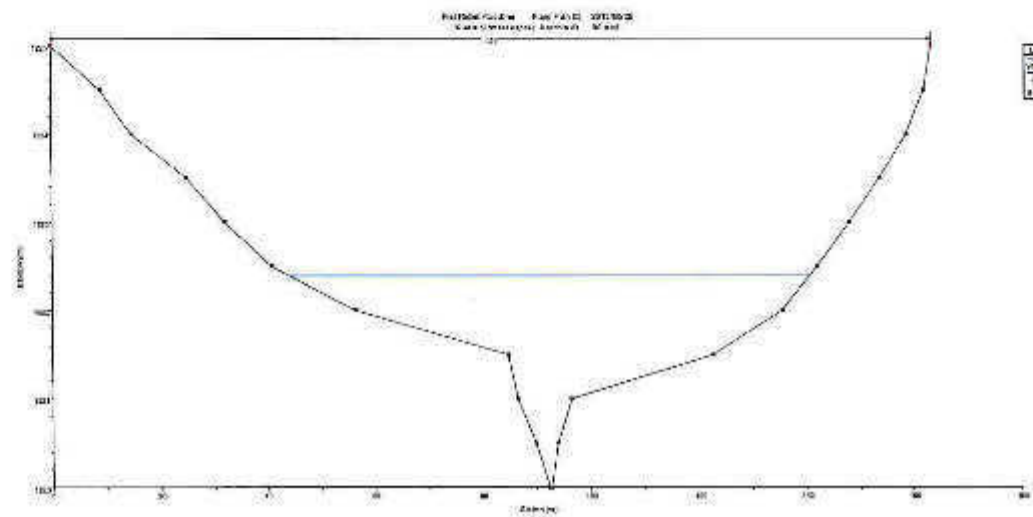
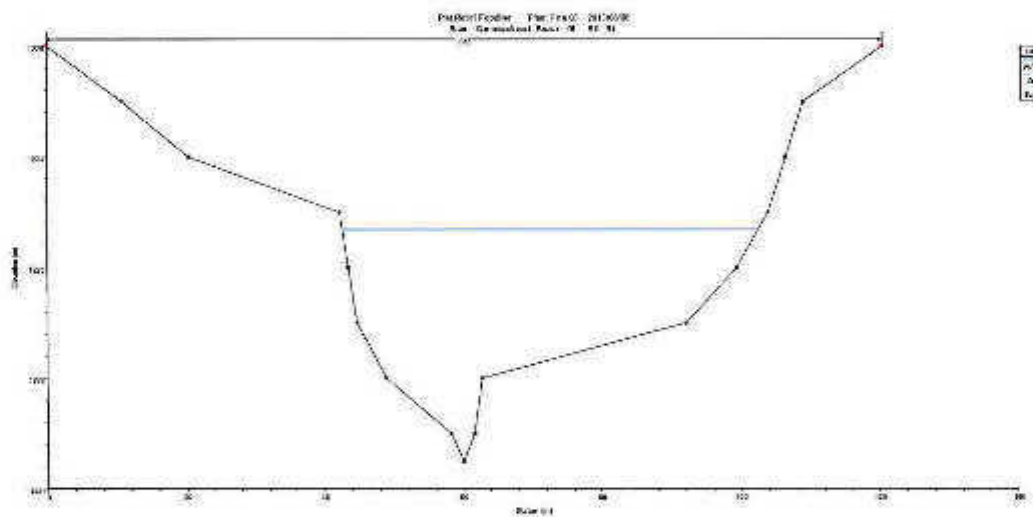
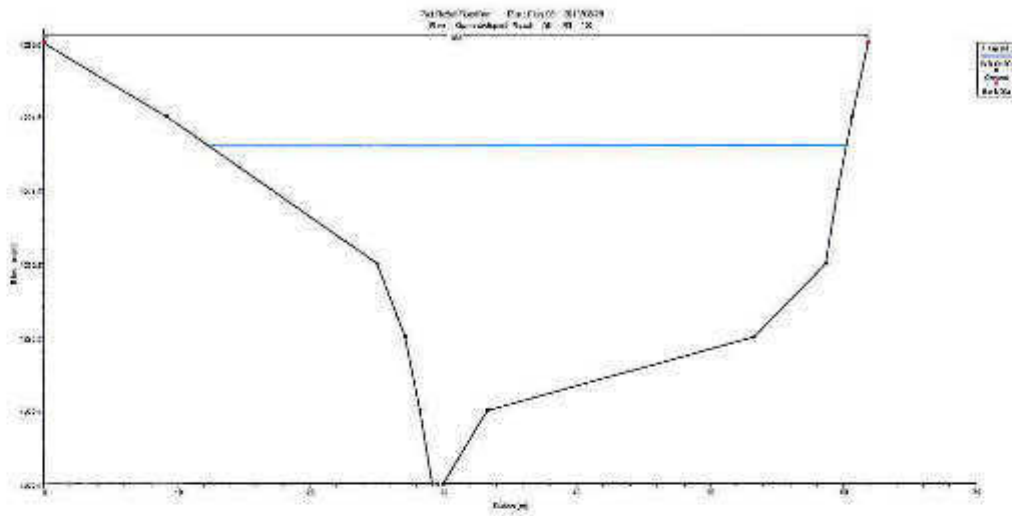
		Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
E.G. Elev (m)	1200.48				
Vel Head (m)	1.21	Wt. n-Val.		0.035	
W.S. Elev (m)	1199.25	Reach Len. (m)			
Crit W.S. (m)	1199.63	Flow Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		40.47	
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.027469	Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		40.47	
Q Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	197.00	Flow (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		197.00	
Top Width (m)	38.46	Top Width (m)		39.46	
Vel Total (m/s)	4.87	Avg. Vel. (m/s)		4.87	
Max Ch Dpth (m)	2.55	Hydr. Depth (m)		1.05	
Conv. Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	1188.8	Conv. (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		1188.8	
Length Wtd. (m)		Wetted Per. (m)		39.83	
Min Ch E1 (m)	1196.70	Shear (N/m <sup>2</sup> )		283.74	
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)		1386.58	
Frcn Loss (m)	0.67	Cum Volume (1000 m <sup>3</sup> )			
C & E Loss (m)	0.00	Cum SA (1000 m <sup>2</sup> )			

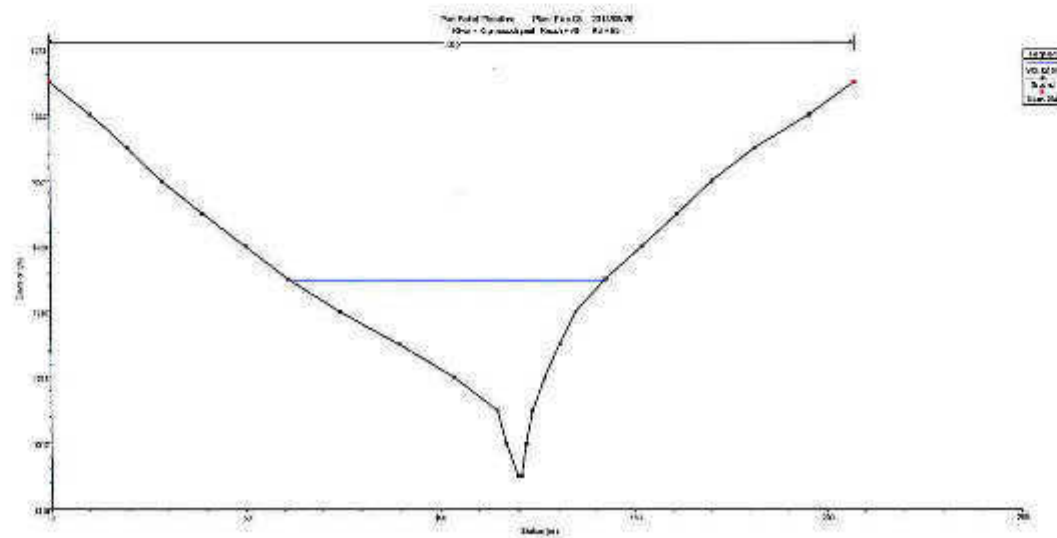
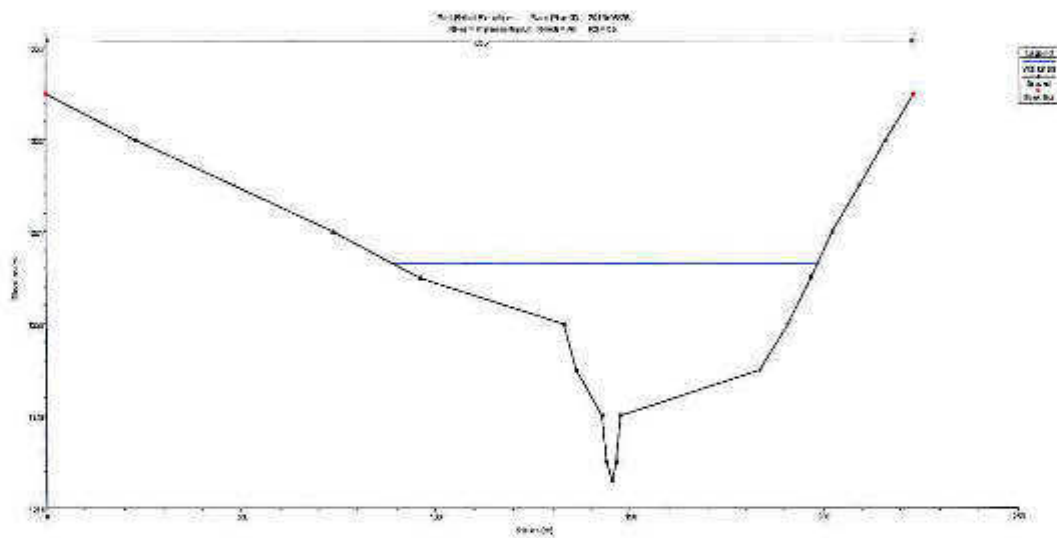
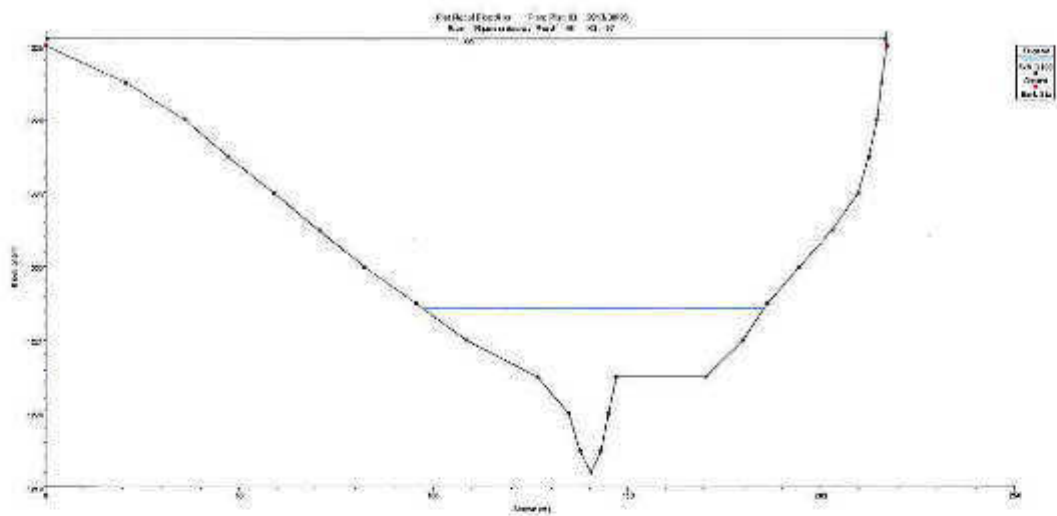
Plan: Plan 03 Klipmassespruit AB RS: 55 Profile: Q100

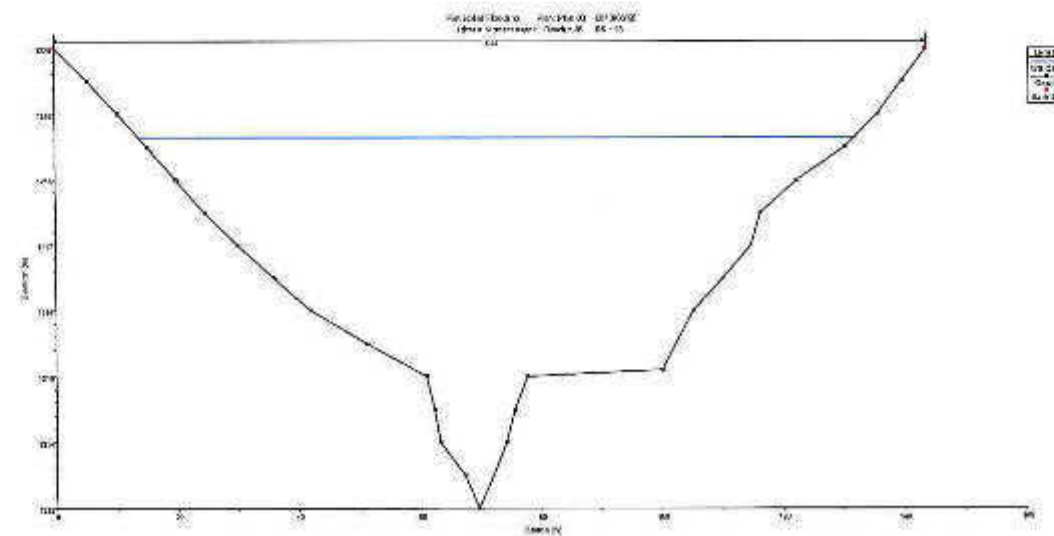
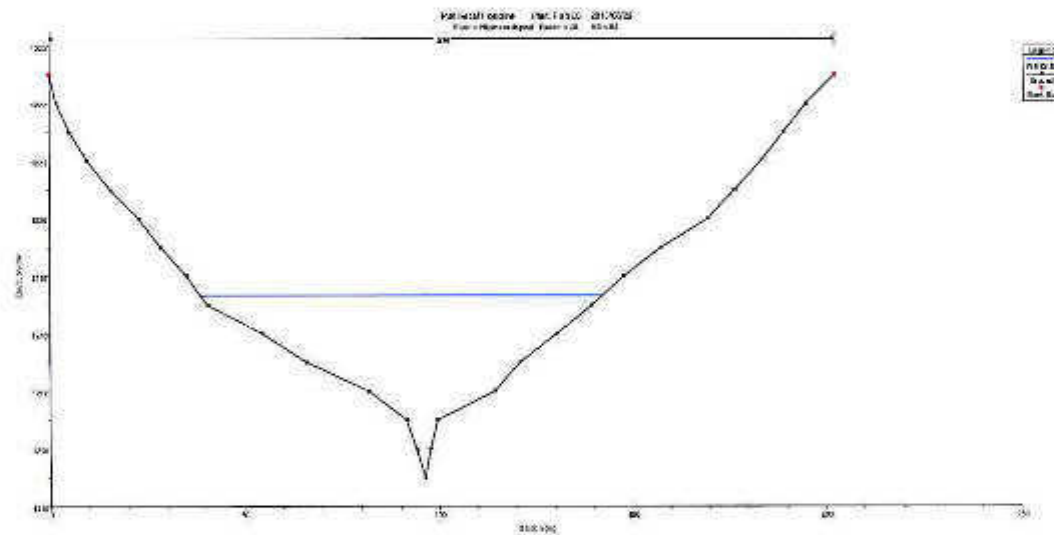
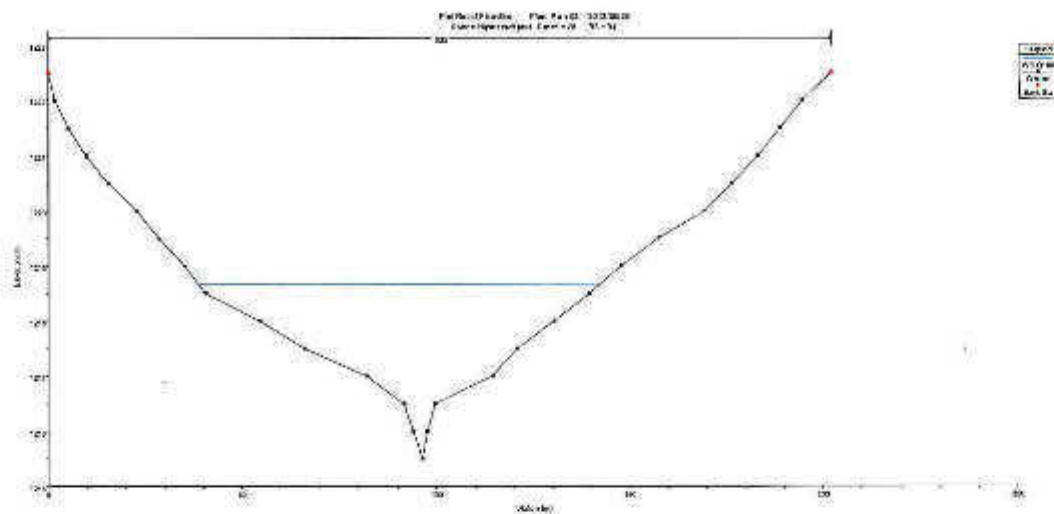
		Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
E.G. Elev (m)	1200.89				
Vel Head (m)	1.37	Wt. n-Val.		0.035	
W.S. Elev (m)	1199.52	Reach Len. (m)			
Crit W.S. (m)	1199.93	Flow Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		51.74	
E.G. Slope (m/m)	0.027077	Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		51.74	
Q Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	268.00	Flow (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		268.00	
Top Width (m)	44.33	Top Width (m)		44.33	
Vel Total (m/s)	5.18	Avg. Vel. (m/s)		5.18	
Max Ch Dpth (m)	2.82	Hydr. Depth (m)		1.17	
Conv. Total (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	1628.7	Conv. (m <sup>3</sup> /s)		1628.7	
Length Wtd. (m)		Wetted Per. (m)		44.74	
Min Ch E1 (m)	1196.70	Shear (N/m <sup>2</sup> )		307.08	
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (N/m s)		1590.34	
Frcn Loss (m)	0.66	Cum Volume (1000 m <sup>3</sup> )			
C & E Loss (m)	0.00	Cum SA (1000 m <sup>2</sup> )			

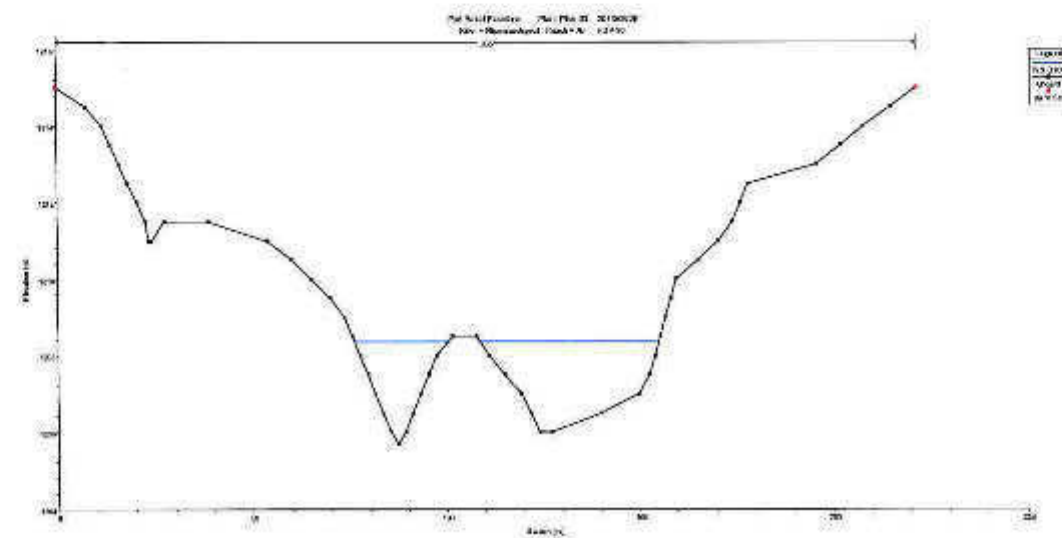
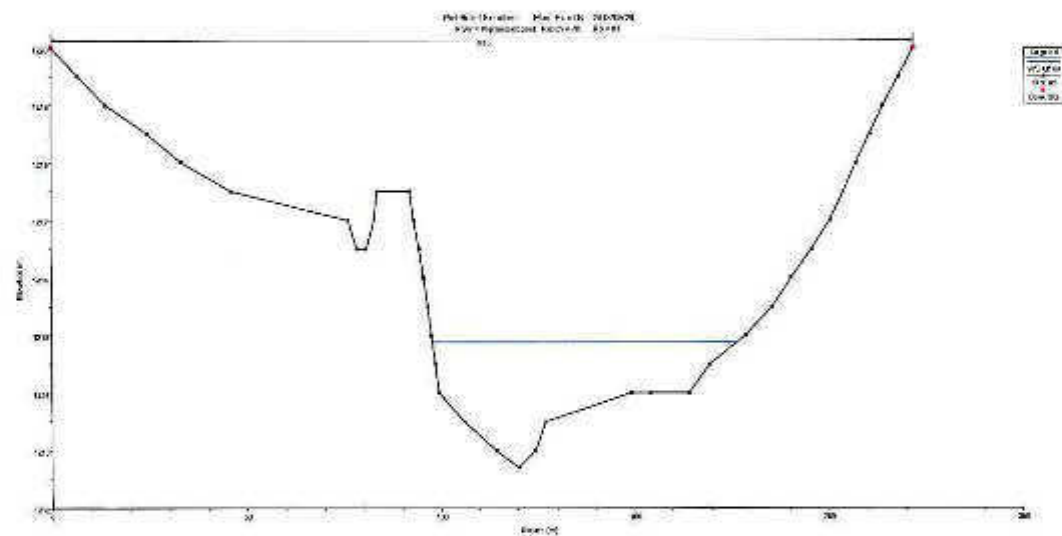
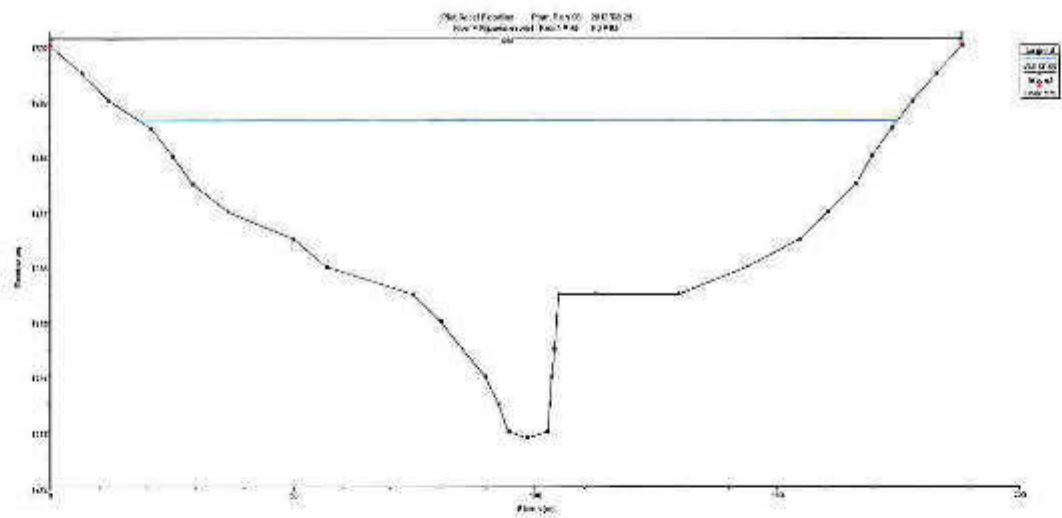
## **APPENDIX B**

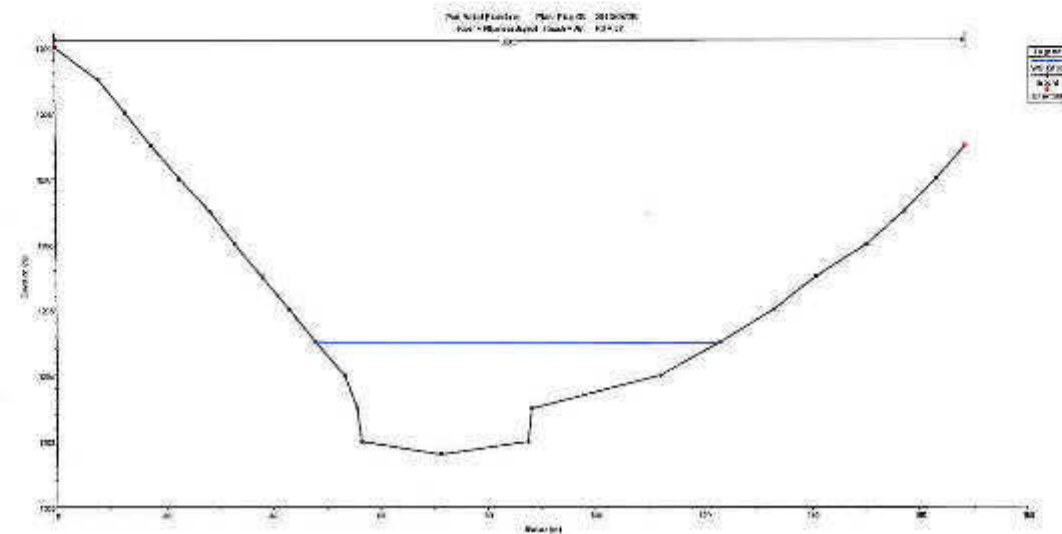
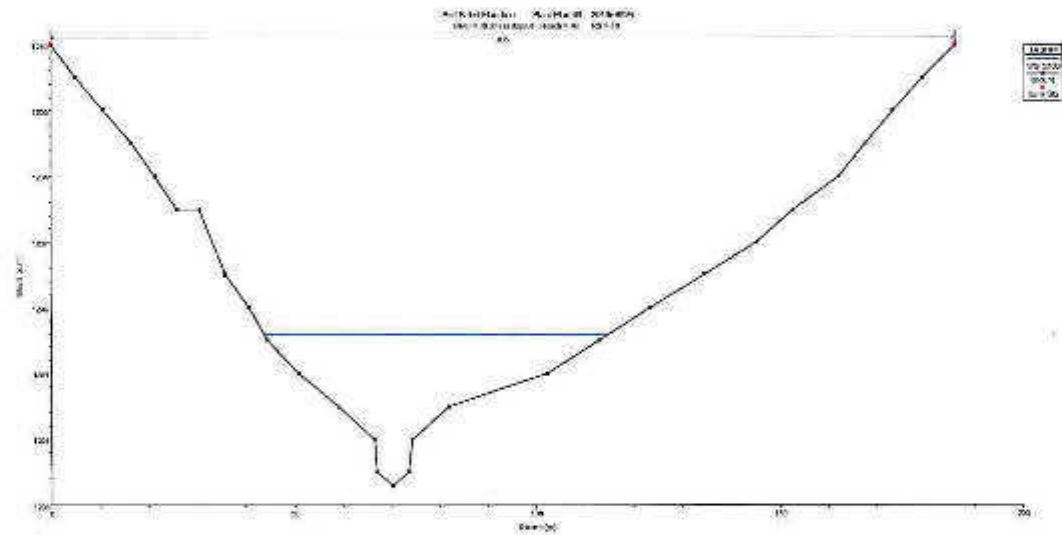
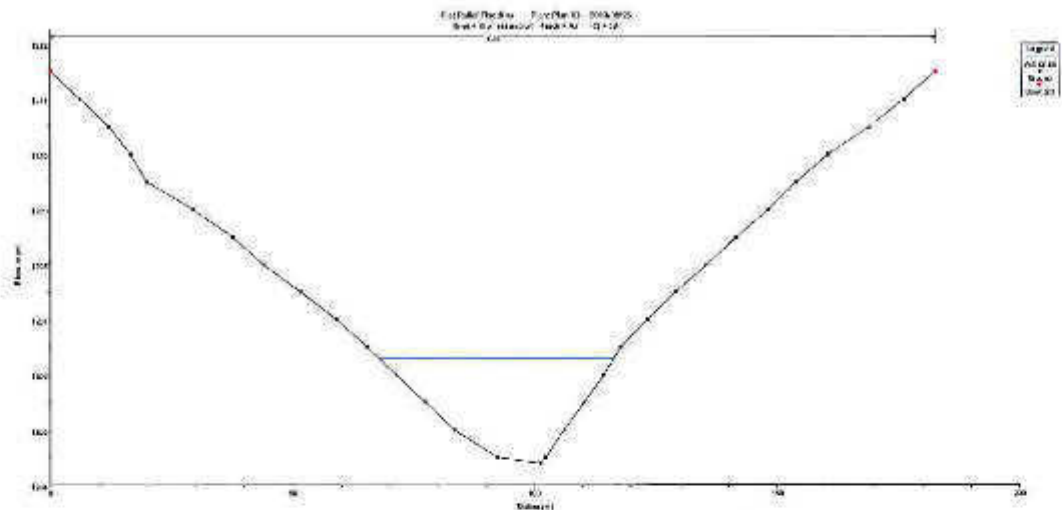
**APPENDIX B: MAJOR CROSS-SECTIONS OF THE KLIPMESELSPRUIT (RS100 – RS85)**



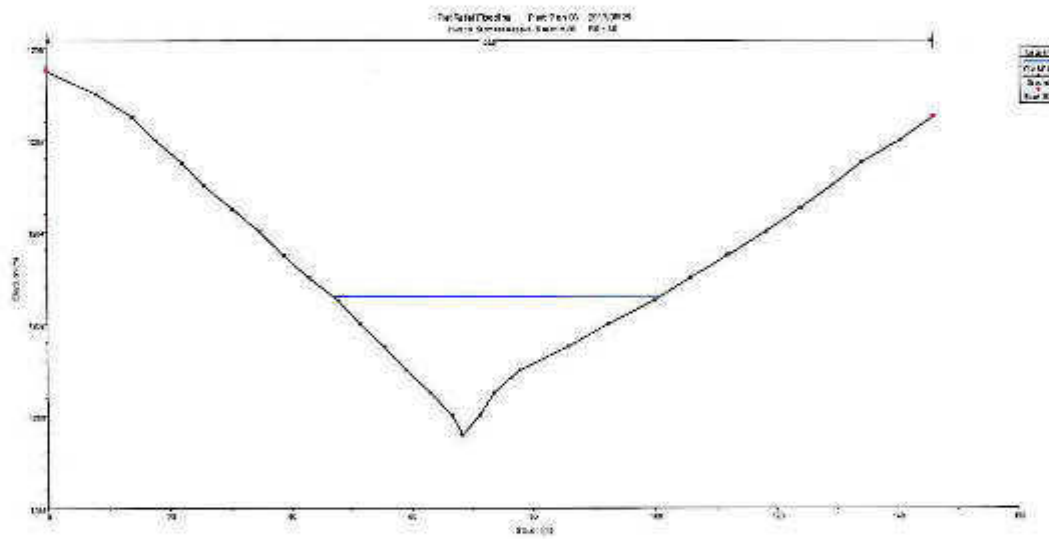
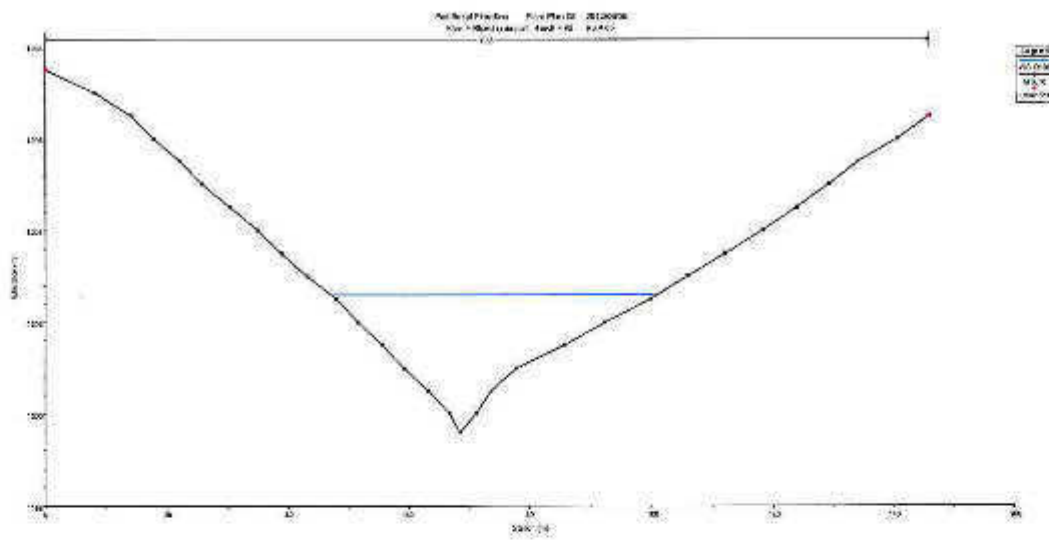












## APPENDIX C

DATE: 07/23/14

IT IS HEREBY CERTIFIED THAT THE INFORMATION CONTAINED ON THIS DRAWING WAS PREPARED BY A LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER OR ARCHITECT AND IS ACCURATE AND COMPLETE TO THE BEST OF HIS OR HER KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF.

ALAN W. BROWN  
REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER  
NO. 10000

NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY

NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY

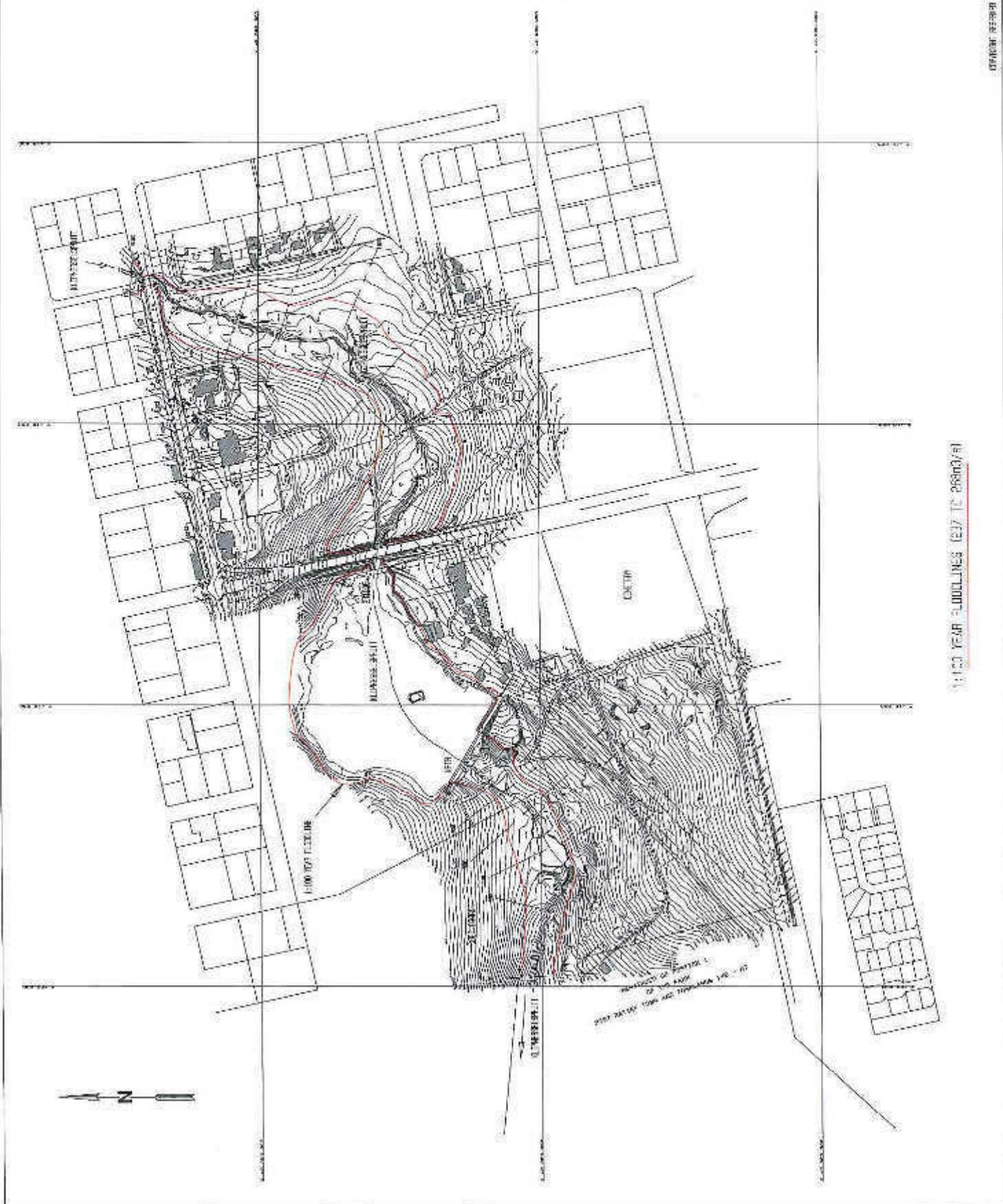
**anaprop**  
Property Management

**PG CONSULTING**  
INCORPORATED  
10000  
10000

Project Title: PHOENIX DEVELOPMENT  
PORTIONS 103 & 123  
PIETRIFF - TAN (TC-NL-KRD 149 HT)

NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY

Project No.	PG/137/380/PIE
Sheet No.	4



DATE: 07/23/14



## APPENDIX D

PG Consulting Engineers (Pty) Ltd.  
Reg Nr. 2012/039090/07  
VAT No. 4260861278

E-mail: [pieter@pgconsulting.co.za](mailto:pieter@pgconsulting.co.za)  
E-mail: [esther@pgconsulting.co.za](mailto:esther@pgconsulting.co.za)  
Tel: +27(0)15 291 0951  
Fax: +27(0)15 291 0981

P.O. Box 11770, Bendor Park, 0713  
Rentco Office No.16, 11 Pierre Street,  
Bendor, Polokwane, 0699  
GPS: S'23°53'41,2" E'29°28'46,4"  
Website: [www.pgconsulting.co.za](http://www.pgconsulting.co.za)

Offices also at: Polokwane | Pretoria | Nelspruit



**PG CONSULTING**  
WATERTIGHT ENGINEERING

## PROJECT

**DELINEATION OF THE 1:100 YEAR FLOODLINES FOR DEVELOPMENT PURPOSES AT  
PORTIONS 100, 123 & 126 – PIET RETIEF TOWN (TOWNLAND 149 HT)**

***DISTRICT OF GERT SIBANDE – MPUMALANGA PROVINCE***

FLOODLINE CERTIFICATE:

I HEREBY CERTIFY, IN MY CAPACITY AS PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER, THAT IN TERMS OF THE SPECIFICATIONS LAID DOWN BY CLAUSE 144 OF THE NATIONAL WATER ACT (ACT 36 OF 1998), THE FLOODLINES INDICATED ON THE ATTACHED LAYOUT DRAWING REPRESENT THE MAXIMUM FLOOD LEVELS LIKELY TO BE REACHED ON AN EVERY 100 YEARS BY FLOODWATERS IN THE SPECIFIC WATERCOURSE ANALYZED (SECTION RS100 TO RS85 OF THE KLIPMESSELSPRUIT – TRIBUTARY OF ASSEGAAI RIVER).

NAME: **P.J. Gouws (Pr Eng)**  
REG NO: **880061**  
DATE: **26 August 2013**

A photograph of a small bird, possibly a flycatcher, perched on a tree branch. The bird has a greyish head and back with a yellowish-orange belly. The background is filled with green leaves and a clear blue sky. The text 'Appendix D7: Feasibility Report' is overlaid on the image in a large, white, bold font with a black outline.

# Appendix D7: Feasibility Report

**PLEASE NOTE:** This is an objective, independent market report with the sole aim of limiting risk for our client and to optimize development potential. Similarly, Fernridge cannot be held responsible for the failure or under performance of any development, as many other aspects, apart from demographic potential, determine the ultimate success or failure of a scheme.

**Department: Development**

# Feasibility Study Update:

## Piet Retief, Mpumalanga Retail Development

October 2013

**Important Notes:**

1. This report is Confidential as it contains Data, Information and Intellectual Property of Fernridge Consulting (Limited Distribution) *Copyright 2013: Fernridge Consulting.*
2. This report was done to determine the viability of a shopping centre. Any tenant recommendations made in this report are anecdotal and not substantiated through primary research. Retailers must do their own research.



**FERNRIDGE™**



# Table of Content

## ➤ Orientation

- Regional Orientation
- Town Orientation

## ➤ Catchment Areas

## ➤ Site Overview

- Site Dynamics
- Site Photos
- Site Layout
- Site Evaluation Model

## ➤ Retail Overview

- Macro Retail Overview
- Town Retail Overview
- Existing Retail

## ➤ New Developments

- Proposed Developments
- New Developments

## ➤ Demographic Overview

- Calculating Demographics
- Primary Catchment Demographics
- Secondary Catchment Demographics
- Density Modeling
- Demographic Breakdown

## ➤ Retail Potential Estimates

- Retail Potential Estimate – 2015

## ➤ Conclusion & Recommendations

## ➤ Proposed Retail Mix

## ➤ Contact Details



# Orientation

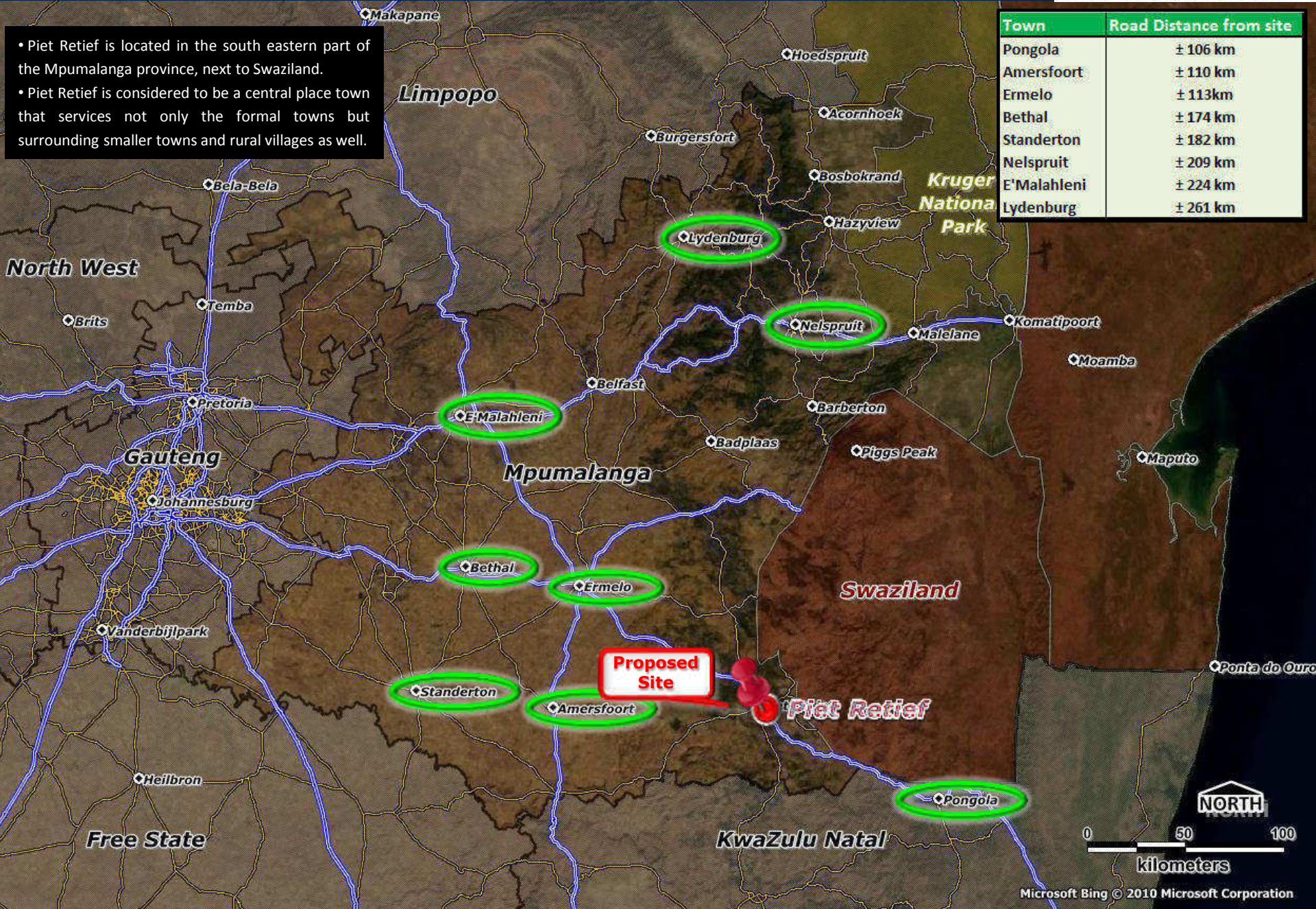
Piet Retief is placed in context of the larger area in order to provide a regional overview/understanding of the area.



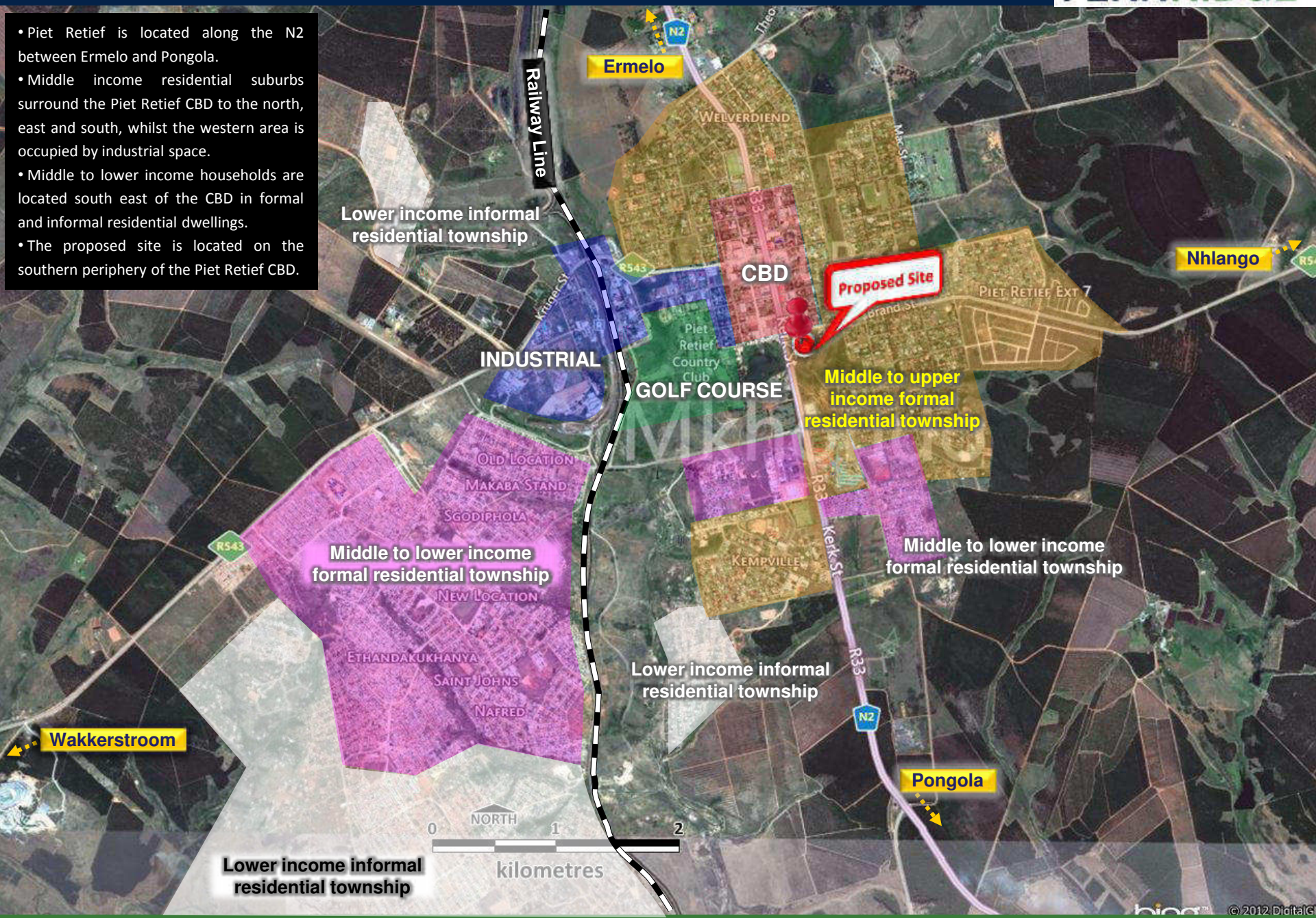
# Regional Orientation

• Piet Retief is located in the south eastern part of the Mpumalanga province, next to Swaziland.  
• Piet Retief is considered to be a central place town that services not only the formal towns but surrounding smaller towns and rural villages as well.

Town	Road Distance from site
Pongola	± 106 km
Amersfoort	± 110 km
Ermelo	± 113km
Bethal	± 174 km
Standerton	± 182 km
Nelspruit	± 209 km
E'Malahleni	± 224 km
Lydenburg	± 261 km



- Piet Retief is located along the N2 between Ermelo and Pongola.
- Middle income residential suburbs surround the Piet Retief CBD to the north, east and south, whilst the western area is occupied by industrial space.
- Middle to lower income households are located south east of the CBD in formal and informal residential dwellings.
- The proposed site is located on the southern periphery of the Piet Retief CBD.



# Catchment Areas

A primary and secondary catchment area are delineated after taking the physical and psychological boundaries, existing retail, road infrastructure, etc. into consideration.



• Population spread determines the northern border of the catchment area as people outside this delineated catchment would rather travel to Ermelo as a shopping destination.

• A primary and secondary catchment area was delineated for the purposes of this study.  
• The primary catchment includes the formal town of Piet Retief.  
• The secondary catchment area was delineated to include small towns and villages as Piet Retief is the major shopping destination in the larger area.  
• Good support can be expected from the secondary catchment area as there is limited formal retail within the secondary catchment area and other shopping destinations outside the catchment area, such as Ermelo, have longer travelling distances (costly to travel – the majority of catchment residents are dependent on public transport).

• Population spread determines the western border of the catchment area as people outside this delineated catchment area would rather travel to Volksrust as a shopping destination.

• The Mpumalanga provincial border was used to delineate the southern border of the catchment area. People south of the catchment would rather shop at Paulpietersburg (closer travelling distance).

**Secondary Catchment Area**

**Primary Catchment Area**

**Piet Retief**

**Primary Catchment Area**

**Proposed Site**

The primary catchment area includes the residents that we believe will form the primary support base of the proposed retail centre.

**SWAZILAND**

• The Swaziland border shapes the eastern border of the catchment area. This border forms a strong political boundary limiting free flow to South Africa.



# The Site

Site dynamics is a crucial element that needs to be assessed. A poor site could jeopardise the development.



 **Photo direction**  
(See next slide)



- The proposed site is located on the corner of the N2 and Brand Street.
- The N2 is a busy road and experiences high traffic volumes throughout the day.
- Visibility from this road is very good – residents and passing trade will have a high awareness of the centre.
- The site is located just south of the main retail activity currently present in Piet Retief (CBD).
- Many of the secondary catchment residents travel via the N2 Rd to access the CBD.
- The site is ideally located to intercept this market en route to the CBD.
- It is important that the proposed centre caters for all market segments (lower, middle and upper income).





1

The site is located on the Southern edge of Piet Retief's CBD, on the corner of the N2 freeway and Brand St.



2

The site enjoys excellent visibility from the N2 through route.

