Application for Environmental Authorization for Proposed Extensions to Founders Lodge in Lapalala Wilderness Reserve, Limpopo Province

APPENDIX G IMPACT ASSESSMENT TABLES

Compiled by:



NULEAF PLANNING AND ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

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1. ASSESSMENT CRITERIA

The impacts anticipated to occur as a result of the proposed development are assessed/ evaluated to determine their significance. The following assessment criteria are used:

Extent (how far the impact extends):

• (1) Very low: within the site only

• (2) Low: within the local neighbourhoods

• (3) Medium: within the region

• (4) High: Nationally

• (5) Very high: Internationally

Duration (the timeframe over which the effects of the impact will be felt):

(1) Very short: 0-2 years
(2) Short: 3-5 years
(3) Medium: 5-15 years
(4) Long: >15 years
(5) Permanent

Magnitude (the severity or size of the impact):

- (0) None
- (2) Minor
- (4) Low
- (6) Moderate
- (8) High
- (10) Very High

Probability (the likelihood of the impact actually occurring):

- (1) Very improbable: Less than 20% sure of the likelihood of an impact occurring
- (2) Improbable: 20-40% sure of the likelihood of an impact occurring
- (3) Probable: 40-60% sure of the likelihood of an impact occurring
- (4) Highly probable: 60-80% sure of the likelihood of that impact occurring
- **(5) Definite**: More than 80% sure of the likelihood of that impact occurring

The **significance** of the potential visual impact is determined by the sum of the individual scores for extent, duration and magnitude multiplied by the **probability** of the impact occurring i.e. **significance** = **(extent** + **duration** + **magnitude) x probability**.

The significance rating scale is interpreted as follows:

- (2-12) Negligible: Impact would be of a very low order. In the case of negative impacts, almost no mitigation and or remedial activity would be needed, and any minor steps, which might be needed, would be easy, cheap, and simple. In the case of positive impacts, alternative means would almost all likely be better, in one or a number of ways, than this means of achieving the benefit.
- (13-30) Low: Impact would be of a low order and with little real effect. In the case of negative impacts, mitigation and / or remedial activity would be either easily achieved or little would be required, or both. In case of positive impacts alternative means for achieving this benefit would likely be easier, cheaper, more effective, less time-consuming, or some combination of these.
- (31-56) Moderate: Impact would be real but not substantial. In the case of negative impacts, mitigation and / or remedial activity would be both feasible and fairly easily possible. In the case of positive impacts, other means of achieving these benefits would be about equal in time, cost, and effort.

- **(57-90) High:** Impacts of a substantial order. In the case of negative impacts, mitigation and / or remedial activity would be feasible but difficult, expensive, time-consuming or some combination of these. In the case of positive impacts, other means of achieving this benefit would be feasible, but these would be more difficult, expensive, time-consuming or some combination of these.
- **(91-100) Very High:** Of the highest order possible. In the case of negative impacts, there would be no possible mitigation and / or remedial activity and in the case of positive impacts, there is no real alternative to achieving the benefit.

2. ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT

The tables that follow detail the assessment of the significance of anticipated environmental impact during the entire project life cycle according to the impact assessment criteria. The findings of the various specialists appointed as part of the BAR process have informed the impact assessment below. These impacts been supplemented with additional impacts as deemed appropriate by the EAP.

2.1 Impacts that may result from the Planning and Design Phase

Planning and design phase impacts refer to those impacts that may be mitigated through planning decisions. In this respect, the potential impacts are articulated as 'risks' rather than 'impacts', because in reality, no impact occurs on the ground at all during the planning phase. The rationale behind this approach is to demonstrate the mitigating effect of environmentally responsible and appropriate planning and design during this phase.

Potential impacts:	Extent (1-5)	Duration (1-5)	Magnitude (0-10)	Probability (1-5)	Significance	Proposed mitigation:	Extent (1-5)	Duration (1-5)	Magnitude (0-10)	Probability (1-5)	Significance
ALTERNATIVE A1 (PREFERRED ALTERNATIVE)											
Direct Impacts											
Ground water		1		1					1	1	
None.						•					
Hydrology (surface water)											
Risk to ecological function of the nonperinneal river north of the proposed site.	1	4	6	3	33 M	 Planning and compliance, including ground water, surface water and storm water management as per the EMPr (section 7.1). Development footprint planning as per the EMPr 	1	4	4	2	18 L
Risk to hydrological function (quality and fluctuation properties) of the nonperinneal river north of the proposed site.	2	4	6	3	33 M	(section 7.2).	2	4	4	2	20 L
Soil											
Erosion risk to soils due to increased hard surface,	1	4	8	4	52	• Planning and compliance, including ground water,	1	4	4	3	27

associated increase in storm water runoff.					M	urface water, storm water management and waste nanagement as per the EMPr (section 7.1). Development footprint planning as per the EMPr section 7.2).	L	Ĺ
Air								
None.								
Biodiversity (Flora)								
Risk to critical biodiversity areas due to vegetation clearing and the placement of structures and infrastructure.	3	4	8	4	60 H	rlanning and compliance, including protected 3 4 4 pecies, storm water management and waste nanagement as per the EMPr (section 7.1).		33 M
Risk to Waterberg Mountain Bushveld vegetation classified as Least Threatened and associated loss of species richness due to the placement of structures and infrastructure.	3	4	6	3	39 M	Development footprint planning as per the EMPr 3 4 2 section 7.2).	2 1 L	18 L
Risk to Conservation Important Species and protected trees. i.e. The Near Threatened tree Elaeodendron transvaalense and the Nationally protected trees Sclerocarya birrea subsp. caffra, Combretum imberbe and Elaeodendron transvaalense due to the placement of structures and infrastructure within the habitat.	2	4	8	3	42 M		2 2	20 L
Risk of invasion of natural habitat by alien plants owing to clearing of vegetation and exposing of bare soil.	1	4	6	3	33 M	1 4 4	2 1 L	18 L
Biodiversity (Fauna)	1	1	1	1				
Risk of habitat fragmentation due to removal and alteration of the habitat and the development of structures and infrastructure.	1	4	6	3	33 M	Planning and compliance, including protected 1 4 4 pecies, storm water management and waste nanagement as per the EMPr (section 7.1). Development footprint planning as per the EMPr section 7.2).	2 1 L	18 L
Land Use & Agricultural Potential				_				
None.								
Visual								
Risk to visual quality of the surrounding area and	3	4	6	4	52	Development footprint planning as per the EMPr 3 4 4	3 3	33

sense of place due to the development of structures and infrastructure at the property within an otherwise natural environment.					M	(section 7.2).Visual environment planning as per the EMPr (section 7.3).					M
Risk of glare from high-tech and reflective materials used for solar panels throughout the Lodge Extensions.	2	4	10	4	64 H		2	4	4	3	30 L
Socio-economics	1			1	ı		ı	1	ı		
None.						•					
Municipal services & traffic	•			•	•					•	
None.						•					
Indirect Impacts											
None											
Cumulative Impacts											
Biodiversity (Flora)		_	_								
Cumulative loss of Waterberg Mountain Bushveld vegetation classified as Least Threatened and associated loss of species richness. This will result in the overall reduction of Waterberg Mountain Bushveld vegetation.	3	4	6	3	39 M	 Planning and compliance, including protected species, storm water management and waste management as per the EMPr (section 7.1). Development footprint planning as per the EMPr (section 7.2). 	3	4	2	2	18 L
Cumulative reduction of Conservation Important Species and protected trees. i.e. The Near Threatened tree <i>Elaeodendron transvaalense</i> and the Nationally protected trees <i>Sclerocarya birrea subsp. caffra, Combretum imberbe and Elaeodendron transvaalense</i> . This will result in the overall loss of these species.	3	5	8	3	48 M		3	5	4	2	24 L
Biodiversity (Fauna) Cumulative loss of faunal habitat.	2	4	8	3	42 M	 Planning and compliance, including protected species, storm water management and waste management as per the EMPr (section 7.1). Development footprint planning as per the EMPr (section 7.2). 	2	4	4	2	20 L

NO-PROJECT ALTERNATIVE						
Direct Impacts						
None.			•			
Indirect Impacts						
None.			•			
Cumulative Impacts						
None.			•			

2.2 Impacts that may result from the Construction Phase

Construction phase impacts refer to those impacts that may be mitigated through sound construction management.

ALTERNATIVE A1 (PREFERRED ALTERNATIVE) Direct Impacts Ground water Depletion of ground water due to overuse and waste during construction activities Pollution and contamination of ground water due to: Surface runoff Unmanaged sewage discharge, leaks and spills Solvent, paints and chemical spills Hydrocarbon and fuel leaks and spills Alternative Pre-construction planning, including planning and preparation as per the EMPr (section 8.1) Site establishment, including site demarcation, accommodation, pollution control and access roads as per the EMPr (section 8.2) Materials management, including solid, liquid and hazardous waste, concrete and cement work, fuel and hazardous materials as per the EMPr (section 8.3). Which is the served of the EMPr (section 8.3).	Potential impacts:	Extent (1-5)	Duration (1-5)	Magnitude (0-10)	Probability (1-5)	Significance	Proposed mitigation:	Extent (1-5)	Duration (1-5)	Magnitude (0-10)	Probability (1-5)	Significance
Ground water Depletion of ground water due to overuse and waste 2 1 6 3 27 L preparation as per the EMPr (section 8.1) Pollution and contamination of ground water due to: 2 1 8 3 33 M Site establishment, including site demarcation, accommodation, pollution control and access roads as per the EMPr (section 8.2) • Surface runoff • Surface runoff • Surface runoff • Surface runoff • Solvent, paints and chemical spills • Hydrocarbon and fuel leaks and spills	·											
Depletion of ground water due to overuse and waste during construction activities Pollution and contamination of ground water due to: Surface runoff Unmanaged sewage discharge, leaks and spills Solvent, paints and chemical spills Hydrocarbon and fuel leaks and spills Pre-construction planning, including planning and preparation as per the EMPr (section 8.1) Site establishment, including site demarcation, accommodation, pollution control and access roads as per the EMPr (section 8.2) Materials management, including solid, liquid and hazardous waste, concrete and cement work, fuel and hazardous material as per the EMPr (section 8.3).												
during construction activities Pollution and contamination of ground water due to: Surface runoff Unmanaged sewage discharge, leaks and spills Solvent, paints and chemical spills Hydrocarbon and fuel leaks and spills L preparation as per the EMPr (section 8.1) Site establishment, including site demarcation, accommodation, pollution control and access roads as per the EMPr (section 8.2) Materials management, including solid, liquid and hazardous waste, concrete and cement work, fuel and hazardous material as per the EMPr (section 8.3).												
Pollution and contamination of ground water due to: Surface runoff Unmanaged sewage discharge, leaks and spills Solvent, paints and chemical spills Hydrocarbon and fuel leaks and spills Pollution and contamination of ground water due to: Site establishment, including site demarcation, accommodation, pollution control and access roads as per the EMPr (section 8.2) Materials management, including solid, liquid and hazardous waste, concrete and cement work, fuel and hazardous material as per the EMPr (section 8.3).		2	1	6	3	27		2	1	4	2	14
 Surface runoff Unmanaged sewage discharge, leaks and spills Solvent, paints and chemical spills Hydrocarbon and fuel leaks and spills M accommodation, pollution control and access roads as per the EMPr (section 8.2) Materials management, including solid, liquid and hazardous waste, concrete and cement work, fuel and hazardous material as per the EMPr (section 8.3). 	Ü					L	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					L
• venicies and equipment management as per the EMPr (section 8.7). Hydrology (surface water)	 Surface runoff Unmanaged sewage discharge, leaks and spills Solvent, paints and chemical spills Hydrocarbon and fuel leaks and spills 	2	1	8	3		 accommodation, pollution control and access roads as per the EMPr (section 8.2) Materials management, including solid, liquid and hazardous waste, concrete and cement work, fuel and hazardous material as per the EMPr (section 8.3). Vehicles and equipment management as per the 	2	1	4	2	14 L

Disturbance and loss of ecological function of the habitat (physical structure) of the nonperinneal river due to: Loss of fringing vegetation and erosion of denuded areas Uncontrolled access of construction workers Invasion by alien invasive trees and plants Alteration in natural fire regimes Shading of natural vegetation	1	1	6	3	24 L	 Pre-construction planning, including planning and preparation as per the EMPr (section 8.1) Site establishment, including site demarcation, accommodation, pollution control, access roads and protection of the riparian system as per the EMPr (section 8.2) Materials management, including solid, liquid and hazardous waste, concrete and cement work, fuel and hazardous material as per the EMPr (section 8.3). Stockpiles, storage and handling as per the EMPr (section 8.4).
Pollution and contamination of the of the nonperinneal river due to: Unmanaged runoff of grey water, cement slurry and wash water Unmanaged sewage discharge, leaks and spills Solvent, paints and chemical spills Litter and other inert construction waste. Hydrocarbon and fuel leaks and spills	3	1	8	3	36 M	 Erosion control, including water management, storm water management, excavation, backfilling and trenching as per the EMPr (section 8.5). Alien plant control as per the EMPr (section 8.6). Vehicles and equipment management as per the EMPr (section 8.7). Socio-economic management, including staff, visual as per the EMPr (section 8.8). Fire management as per the EMPr (section 8.9). Rehabilitation as per the EMPr (section 8.10).
 Soil Soil contamination and pollution due to: Unmanaged surface runoff (grey water, cement slurry and wash water) Unmanaged sewage discharge, leaks and spills Solvent, paints and chemical spills Litter and other inert construction waste. Hydrocarbon and fuel leaks and spills Soil erosion by wind and rain due to: The removal of stabilising vegetation Soil compaction by movement of construction 	1	4	6	3	32 M	 Pre-construction planning, including planning and preparation as per the EMPr (section 8.1) Site establishment, including site demarcation, accommodation, pollution control and access roads as per the EMPr (section 8.2) Materials management, including solid, liquid and hazardous waste, concrete and cement work, fuel and hazardous material as per the EMPr (section 8.3). Stockpiles, storage and handling as per the EMPr (section 8.4). Erosion control, including water management, storm water management, excavation, backfilling and

vehicles, equipment and activities • Decrease in water infiltration and an increase of water runoff in construction areas • Disturbance of sensitive soils Air Air pollution due emissions from construction vehicles and equipment. Dust liberated by general construction activities and movement of construction vehicles.	3 2	1 1	6	4	32 M 36 M	trenching as per the EMPr (section 8.5). Vehicles and equipment management as per the EMPr (section 8.7). Rehabilitation as per the EMPr (section 8.10). Site establishment, including site demarcation, accommodation, pollution control and access roads as per the EMPr (section 8.2) Stockpiles, storage and handling as per the EMPr (section 8.4). Erosion control, including water management, storm water management, excavation, backfilling and trenching as per the EMPr (section 8.5). Vehicles and equipment management as per the EMPr (section 8.7). Socio-economic management, including visual as per the EMPr (section 8.8).
						 Fire management as per the EMPr (section 8.9). Rehabilitation as per the EMPr (section 8.10).
Biodiversity (Flora) Removal of invader alien species (positive impact).	1	1	1	3	18	Pre-construction planning, including planning and 1 1 4 5 30
Kemovar or invader affert species (positive impact).		'	4		L	preparation as per the EMPr (section 8.1)
 Site clearing ahead of construction General construction activities and movement of construction vehicles 	1	5	8	5	70 H	 Site establishment, including site demarcation, accommodation, pollution control, access roads, protection of flora, and protection of the riparian system as per the EMPr (section 8.2) Materials management, including solid, liquid and
Loss of Waterberg Mountain Bushveld vegetation classified as Least Threatened and associated loss of species richness due to: Site clearing ahead of construction General construction activities and movement of construction vehicles	1	4	4	5	45 M	hazardous waste, concrete and cement work, fuel and hazardous material as per the EMPr (section 8.3). Stockpiles, storage and handling as per the EMPr (section 8.4). Erosion control, including water management, storm water management, excavation, backfilling and trenching as per the EMPr (section 8.5).

 Unmanaged sewage discharge, leaks and spills 						 Alien plant control as per the EMPr (section 8.6). 					
 Solvent, paints and chemical spills 						• Vehicles and equipment management as per the					
Hydrocarbon and fuel leaks and spills						EMPr (section 8.7).					
Litter and other inert construction waste						 Fire management as per the EMPr (section 8.9). 					
Destruction and damage to Conservation Important	1	5	8	4	56	Rehabilitation as per the EMPr (section 8.10).	1	5	4	2	20
Species and protected trees. i.e. The Near	'				M		'		'	_	ī
Threatened tree <i>Elaeodendron transvaalense</i> and											_
the Nationally protected trees <i>Sclerocarya birrea</i>											
subsp. caffra, Combretum imberbe and											
Elaeodendron transvaalense due to:											
Elacodenaron transvaliense due to.											
Site clearing ahead of construction											
General construction activities and movement of											
construction vehicles											
	1	4	8	4	52	-	1	4	8	2	26
Increase in exotic vegetation/alien species and bush encroachment into disturbed soils and areas due to:	I	4	O	4	M		I	4	Ö	2	20
encroachment into disturbed soils and areas due to.					IVI						L
Linux and all are done distributed are as											
Unmanaged cleared and disturbed areas, as well as stackvilles.											
well as, stockpiles											
Unrehabilitated areas cleared and disturbed											
during construction											
 Construction vehicles operating on other sites 											
and carrying material and seed onto site											
Bush encroachment is the process, which											
transforms grassy vegetation into a woody species-											
dominated one. This is recognised as a very serious											
problem throughout Sub-Saharan Africa, as it											
means that large areas of grazing lands are lost (or											
reduced in capacity), and it transforms habitats and											
reduces species diversity.											
Biodiversity (Fauna)											

Loss of faunal habitat which acts as a wildlife corridor and is an important faunal habitat for conservation-important fauna due to: Site clearing ahead of construction General construction activities and movement of construction vehicles Construction dust Construction material, litter and other inert construction waste	1	4	8	4	52 M	 Pre-construction planning, including planning and preparation as per the EMPr (section 8.1) Site establishment, including site demarcation, accommodation, pollution control, access roads, protection of flora, protection of the riparian system and protection of fauna as per the EMPr (section 8.2) Materials management, including solid, liquid and hazardous waste, concrete and cement work, fuel and hazardous material as per the EMPr (section 8.3). Erosion control, including excavation, backfilling and trenching as per the EMPr (section 8.5). Alien plant control as per the EMPr (section 8.6). Vehicles and equipment management as per the EMPr (section 8.7).
Loss of general faunal habitat and ecological connectivity.	2	4	8	4	56 M	Socio-economic management, including staff as per 2 4 4 2 20 the EMPr (section 8.8).
Mortality of fauna due to:	2	1	8	3	33 M	 Fire management as per the EMPr (section 8.9). Rehabilitation as per the EMPr (section 8.10).
Poaching and snaring of fauna on site by construction staff.	2	1	10	3	39 M	2 1 6 3 27
Increased opportunity for smuggling of poached items out of the Lapalala Wilderness Reserve due to regular presence of large construction vehicles.	2	1	10	3	39 M	2 1 6 3 27 L
Land Use & Agricultural Potential			1		1	
None. Heritage		1			1	•
Possible discovery of new important artefacts (positive impact)	1	1	6	2	16 L	• Pre-construction planning, including planning and 1 1 6 2 16 L

Damage to and / or destruction of archaeological, paleontological or historical artefacts unearthed during construction due to: Site clearing ahead of construction General construction activities and movement of construction vehicles	1	5	6	3	36 M	 preparation as per the EMPr (section 8.1) Site establishment, including site demarcation, access roads and protection of cultural heritage as per the EMPr (section 8.2) 	1	5	2	2	16 L
Damage to and / or destruction of archaeological and historical artefacts located to the east of the site during construction due to: General construction activities and movement of construction vehicles	1	5	6	3	36 M		1	5	2	2	16 L
Visual Visual impact of construction, lighting and dust on sensitive visual receptors owing to the presence of construction equipment, camps and workers.	2	1	6	4	36 M	 Pre-construction planning, including planning and preparation as per the EMPr (section 8.1) Site establishment, including site demarcation, 	2	1	4	2	14 L
Visual impact of construction, lighting and dust on conservation areas within the region (Waterberg Biosphere Reserve).	3	1	4	3	24 L	 accommodation, pollution control and access roads as per the EMPr (section 8.2) Materials management, including solid, liquid and hazardous waste, concrete and cement work, fuel and hazardous material as per the EMPr (section 8.3). Stockpiles, storage and handling as per the EMPr (section 8.4). Erosion control, including water management, storm water management, excavation, backfilling and trenching as per the EMPr (section 8.5). Vehicles and equipment management as per the EMPr (section 8.7). Socio-economic management, including staff, visual as per the EMPr (section 8.8). Fire management as per the EMPr (section 8.9). Rehabilitation as per the EMPr (section 8.10). 	3	1	2	2	12 N

Stimulation of the local economy, especially the local service delivery industry (i.e. accommodation, catering, cleaning, transport and security, etc.). (positive impact)	3	1	4	2	16 L	 Socio-economic planning as per the EMPr (section 7.4). Pre-construction planning, including planning and preparation as per the EMPr (section 8.1)
Creation of short-term employment and business opportunities and the opportunity for skills development and on-site training. (Positive impact). Jobs and employment opportunities will be created, with a percentage being low and semi-skilled.	2	1	6	3	27 L	 Site establishment, including accommodation and access roads as per the EMPr (section 8.2) Vehicles and equipment management as per the EMPr (section 8.7). Socio-economic management, including staff as per the EMPr (section 8.8).
Noise, dust and safety impacts and disturbance to adjacent landowners due to general construction activities and movement of construction vehicles.	2	1	6	3	27 L	• Fire management as per the EMPr (section 8.9). 2 1 4 2 14 L
 An increase in construction workers and associated increase in social problems for the community, including: An increase in alcohol and drug use; An increase in crime levels; An increase in teenage and unwanted pregnancies; An increase in prostitution; An increase in sexually transmitted diseases (STDs). 	3	1	4	3	24 L	3 1 4 2 16 L
An increase in vandalism. Increase in casual workers and associated increase in poaching.	1	1	8	4	40 M	1 1 6 3 24
Increased risk of veld fires due to the presence of construction workers on site.	2	1	10	4	52 M	2 1 4 3 21 L
Services & traffic	1 2	1		1 4	24	
Increase in traffic on the surrounding local roads due to construction vehicles.	2	I	6	4	36 M	 Pre-construction planning, including planning and 2 1 4 3 21 preparation as per the EMPr (section 8.1)
Increase in the number and frequency of construction vehicles accessing the site and the resultant noise, dust, and safety impacts on other	2	2	6	4	40 M	Site establishment, including access roads as per the EMPr (section 8.2) 2

road users, residents of the local community and adjacent landowners.						 Vehicles and equipment management as per the EMPr (section 8.7). Socio-economic management, including visual as per the EMPr (section 8.8). 					
Indirect Impacts											
Biodiversity (Flora)		1		1	1			1	_		
Loss of floral biodiversity, Conservation Important Species and protected trees due to increased incidence of veld fires	3	4	6	3	39 M	As above	3	4	4	2	22 L
Biodiversity (Fauna)											
Loss of faunal biodiversity due to increased incidence of veld fires	3	1	8	3	36 M	As above	3	1	6	2	20 L
Socio-economics											
Loss of property and threat to human life due to increased incidence of veld fires	3	1	6	3	30 L	As above	3	1	4	2	16 L
Traffic and services											
Degradation of local roads due to the increase in the numbers of heavy vehicles.	2	1	6	4	36 M	As above	2	1	4	3	21 L
Cumulative Impacts											•
Biodiversity (Flora)											
Cumulative loss of Loss of Waterberg Mountain Bushveld vegetation classified as Least Threatened and associated loss of species richness.	3	4	6	3	39 M	 Pre-construction planning, including planning and preparation as per the EMPr (section 8.1) Site establishment, including site demarcation, 	3	4	2	2	18 L
Cumulative loss of critical biodiversity areas	3	4	8	3	45 M	accommodation, pollution control, access roads, protection of flora, and protection of the riparian	3	4	4	3	33 M
Cumulative reduction and damage to Conservation Important Species and protected trees. i.e. The Near Threatened tree Elaeodendron transvaalense and the Nationally protected trees Sclerocarya birrea subsp. caffra, Combretum imberbe and Elaeodendron transvaalense	3	5	8	4	64 H	 system as per the EMPr (section 8.2) Materials management, including solid, liquid and hazardous waste, concrete and cement work, fuel and hazardous material as per the EMPr (section 8.3). Stockpiles, storage and handling as per the EMPr (section 8.4). Erosion control, including water management, storm water management, excavation, backfilling and trenching as per the EMPr (section 8.5). 	3	5	4	2	24 L

						Alien plant control as per the EMPr (section 8.6).
						Vehicles and equipment management as per the
						EMPr (section 8.7).
						Fire management as per the EMPr (section 8.9).
						Rehabilitation as per the EMPr (section 8.10).
Biodiversity (Fauna)			•			
Cumulative loss of faunal habitat.	2	4	8	3	42 M	 Pre-construction planning, including planning and preparation as per the EMPr (section 8.1) Site establishment, including site demarcation, accommodation, pollution control, access roads, protection of flora, protection of the riparian system
						 and protection of fauna as per the EMPr (section 8.2) Materials management, including solid, liquid and hazardous waste, concrete and cement work, fuel and hazardous material as per the EMPr (section 8.3). Erosion control, including excavation, backfilling and trenching as per the EMPr (section 8.5). Alien plant control as per the EMPr (section 8.6). Vehicles and equipment management as per the EMPr (section 8.7).
						Socio-economic management, including staff as per the EMPr (section 8.8).
						Fire management as per the EMPr (section 8.9).
						Rehabilitation as per the EMPr (section 8.10).
Socio-economics		1	1		1	
Community upliftment and the opportunity to upgrade and improve skills levels in the area. (positive impact)	3	1	2	2	12 N	• Socio-economic planning as per the EMPr (section 3 1 4 3 2 L) 7.4). • Procentruction planning including planning and
(μοσιίνε πηματί)						 Pre-construction planning, including planning and preparation as per the EMPr (section 8.1) Site establishment, including accommodation and access roads as per the EMPr (section 8.2)
						 Vehicles and equipment management as per the EMPr (section 8.7). Socio-economic management, including staff as per

						the EMPr (section 8.8). • Fire management as per the EMPr (section 8.9).	
Services & traffic							
Cumulative increase in traffic and the resultant noise, dust, and safety impacts on other road users, residents of the local community and adjacent landowners.	3	1	6	4	40 M	 Pre-construction planning, including planning and preparation as per the EMPr (section 8.1) Site establishment, including access roads as per the EMPr (section 8.2) Vehicles and equipment management as per the EMPr (section 8.7). Socio-economic management, including visual as per the EMPr (section 8.8). 	16 L

NO-PROJECT ALTERNATIVE						
Direct Impacts						
None			•			
Indirect Impacts						
None.			•			
Cumulative Impacts						
None.			•			

2.3 Impacts that may result from the Operational Phase

Operational phase impacts refer to those impacts that may be mitigated through effective and efficient operating procedures.

Potential impacts:						Proposed mitigation:					
·	Extent (1-5)	Duration (1-5)	Magnitude (0-10)	Probability (1-5)	Significance		Extent (1-5)	Duration (1-5)	Magnitude (0-10)	Probability (1-5)	Significance
ALTERNATIVE A1 (PREFERRED ALTERNATIVE)	1	II.							1	ı	
Direct Impacts											
Ground water				1	,			1		1	
Depletion of ground water resources due to over use and waste during operation.	3	4	4	3	33 M	 Biodiversity management, including access roads and resource management as per the EMPr (section 9.1) 	3	4	2	2	18 L
 Pollution and contamination of ground water due to: Unmanaged storm water runoff Unmanaged sewage discharge Sewage leaks and spills Herbicides, pesticides and fertilisers Discharge and spill of solvents, paints, chemicals and cleaning products Discharge and spill of hydrocarbons and fuel 	3	4	6	3	39 M	 Materials management, including solid liquid and hazardous waste, fuel and hazardous material as per the EMPr (section 9.2) Erosion control as per the EMPr (section 9.3) Socio economic management, including staff management as per the EMPr (section 9.5) Vehicles and equipment management as per the EMPr (section 9.4) 	3	4	4	2	22 L
Hydrology (surface water) Disturbance and loss of ecological function of the habitat (physical structure) of the nonperinneal river due to: Encroachment of alien invasive species Uncontrolled vegetation clearing and access by staff and visitors	1	4	8	3	39 M	 Biodiversity management, including access roads, resource management, protection of flora and alien plant control as per the EMPr (section 9.1) Materials management, including solid, liquid and hazardous waste, fuel and hazardous material as per the EMPR (section 9.2) Erosion control as per the EMPr (section 9.3) 	1	4	4	2	18 L
 Pollution and contamination of surface water due to: Unmanaged storm water runoff Litter and uncontrolled waste Sewage leaks and spills 	2	4	6	3	36 M	 Vehicles and equipment management as per the EMPr (section 9.4) Socio economic management, including staff management as per the EMPr (section 9.5) 	2	4	4	2	20 L

 Herbicides, pesticides and fertilisers Discharge and spill of solvents, paints, chemicals and cleaning products 						Fire management as per the EMPr (section 9.6)					
 Discharge and spill of hydrocarbons and fuel 											
Disturbance and loss of hydrological function (quality and fluctuation properties) of the nonperinneal river due to:	1	4	8	3	39 M		1	4	4	2	18 L
 Uncontrolled discharges into the water resource (storm water) Alteration of surface characteristics (roughness) due to activity within the water course (uncontrolled access by staff and visitors) Removal of stabilising vegetation (uncontrolled clearing and access by staff and visitors) Sedimentation and siltation from erosion 											
Soil	J	I	ı	!	I		l .	J	I		1
 Soil contamination and pollution due to: Unmanaged storm water runoff Litter and uncontrolled waste Sewage leaks and spills Herbicides, pesticides and fertilisers Discharge and spill of solvents, paints, chemicals and cleaning products Discharge and spill of hydrocarbons and fuel 	1	4	6	3	33 M	 Biodiversity management, including access roads, resource management, protection of flora and alien plant control as per the EMPr (section 9.1) Materials management, including solid liquid and hazardous waste, fuel and hazardous material as per the EMPr (section 9.2) Erosion control as per the EMPr (section 9.3) Vehicles and equipment management as per the EMPr (section 9.4) 	1	4	4	2	18 L
 Soil erosion due to: Soil compaction by uncontrolled movement of staff and visitors (especially vehicles) Runoff over exposed or cleared areas that have failed to rehabilitate. Disturbance of sensitive soils by uncontrolled movement of staff and visitors (especially 	1	4	8	3	39 M	Socio economic management, including staff management as per the EMPr (section 9.5)	1	4	4	2	18 L

	1					T	1		1	ı	
vehicles)											
Air						T	Ι				
Air pollution by emissions from increased numbers	3	4	4	3	33	Socio economic management, including staff	3	4	4	3	33
of game drive vehicles and private vehicles.					M	management as per the EMPr (section 9.5)					M
Biodiversity (Flora)		ı	ı		ı		1	ı		ı	
Loss of Waterberg Mountain Bushveld vegetation	1	4	6	3	33	Biodiversity management, including access roads,	1	4	4	2	18
classified as Least Threatened and associated loss					M	resource management, protection of flora and alien					L
of species richness due to:						plant control as per the EMPr (section 9.1)					
						 Materials management, including solid liquid and 					
 Uncontrolled vegetation clearing and access by 						hazardous waste, fuel and hazardous material as per					
staff and visitors						the EMPr (section 9.2)					
 Encroachment of alien invasive species 						 Erosion control as per the EMPr (section 9.3) 					
Litter and waste						Vehicles and equipment management as per the					
Loss of critical biodiversity areas due to:	1	4	8	3	39	EMPr (section 9.4)	1	4	6	2	22
					M	Socio economic management, including staff					L
 Uncontrolled vegetation clearing and access by 						management as per the EMPr (section 9.5)					
staff and visitors						 Fire management as per the EMPr (section 9.6) 					
 Encroachment of alien invasive species 											
Litter and waste											
Destruction and damage to Conservation Important	1	5	8	3	42		1	5	4	2	20
Species and protected trees. i.e. he Near					M						L
Threatened tree Elaeodendron transvaalense and											
the Nationally protected trees Sclerocarya birrea											
subsp. caffra, Combretum imberbe and											
Elaeodendron transvaalense due to uncontrolled											
vegetation clearing and access by staff and visitors.											
Increase in exotic vegetation/alien species and bush	1	4	8	3	39		1	4	6	2	22
encroachment into disturbed soils and areas in the					M						L
event that the rehabilitation process is not											
successful.											
Colonisation and re-emergence of exotic vegetation											
/ alien species and bush encroachment into											
disturbed soils and poorly rehabilitated areas. Alien											

invasive species tend to out-compete indigenous,			1								
slower growing species and could also result in											
unsuccessful rehabilitation.											
Biodiversity (Fauna)	1	1	1	1		I	<u>I</u>	1		<u> </u>	1
Loss of faunal habitat due to:	1	4	6	3	33 M	Biodiversity management, including access roads, resource management, protection of flora, alien plant	1	4	4	2	18 L
Uncontrolled vegetation and bush clearing and access by staff						control and protection of fauna as per the EMPr (section 9.1)					
Encroachment of alien invasive speciesLitter and waste						Materials management, including solid liquid and hazardous waste, fuel and hazardous material as per					
Faunal disturbances, displacement of taxa and	1	4	6	4	44	the EMPr (section 9.2)	1	4	4	3	27
changes in distribution and abundance due to:					М	 Erosion control as per the EMPr (section 9.3) Vehicles and equipment management as per the 					L
 Uncontrolled vegetation and bush clearing and access by staff and visitors 						EMPr (section 9.4)Socio economic management, including staff					
General operations (activities) of the facility						management and visual impact management as per					
Noise from staff and vehicles						the EMPr (section 9.5)					
Night drives						 Fire management as per the EMPr (section 9.6) 					
Perimeter safety fences											
Mortality of fauna due to:	2	4	4	4	40		2	4	4	2	20
					M						L
Persecution and extermination											
Solvents, paints, chemicals and cleaning											
products (poisoning)											
Litter and waste (suffocation)											
Poaching and snaring of faunal species by staff.	2	4	6	3	36 M		2	4	6	2	24 L
Land Use & Agricultural Potential											•
None.						•					
Heritage					_						•
						•					
Visual		1	_	,						,	,
Potential visual impact on sensitive visual receptors in close proximity to the proposed developments.	1	4	6	3	33 M	Socio economic management, including staff	1	4	4	3	24 L

Potential visual impact of the solar panels on sensitive visual receptors in close proximity thereto	2	4	6	3	36 M	management and visual impact management as per the EMPr (section 9.5)	2	4	2	2	16 L
The potential visual impact of safety and security lighting of the developments at night on sensitive visual receptors in close proximity	2	4	6	3	36 M		2	4	4	2	20 L
Socio-economics											
Stimulation of the local economy, especially the local service delivery industry (accommodation, catering, cleaning, transport, security etc.). (positive impact)	3	4	4	2	22 L	Socio economic management, including staff management and visual impact management as per the EMPr (section 9.5)	3	4	4	3	33 M
Creation of long term employment and business opportunities as well as opportunities for skills development and transfer (positive impact)	2	4	6	4	48 M		2	4	8	4	56 H
Creation of opportunities for local SMME's (positive impact)	2	4	6	3	36 M		2	4	6	4	48 M
Impact on adjacent land uses and activities.	2	4	2	3	24 L		2	4	2	1	8 N
Service and traffic	1				1			1		1	
Operational cost of running services and infrastructure, specifically electricity (positive impact).	1	4	2	4	28 L	Socio economic management, including staff management and visual impact management as per the EMPr (section 9.5)	1	4	2	4	28 L
Operational cost is expected to be minimal in the long term as a result of off-grid design.											
Increase in traffic on the surrounding roads.	2	4	6	4	48 M		2	4	4	3	30 L
Increase in the number and frequency of vehicles accessing the site, and the resultant noise, dust, and safety impacts on other road users, residents of the local community and adjacent landowners.	2	4	6	4	48 M		2	4	4	2	20 L
Indirect Impacts											
Visual											

the visual character of the landscape and sense of place of the region (particularly the Waterberg Biosphere Reserve)	3	4	6	3	39 M	Socio economic management, including staff management and visual impact management as per the EMPr (section 9.5)	3	4	2	2	18 L
Cumulative Impacts											
Biodiversity (Flora) Cumulative loss of Loss of Waterberg Mountain Bushveld vegetation classified as Least Threatened and associated loss of species richness.	3	4	6	3	39 M	Biodiversity management, including access roads, resource management, protection of flora and alien plant control as per the EMPr (section 9.1)	3	4	4	2	22 L
Cumulative reduction and damage to Conservation Important Species and protected trees. i.e. he Near Threatened tree Elaeodendron transvaalense and the Nationally protected trees Sclerocarya birrea subsp. caffra, Combretum imberbe and Elaeodendron transvaalense	3	5	8	3	48 M	 Materials management, including solid liquid and hazardous waste, fuel and hazardous material as per the EMPr (section 9.2) Erosion control as per the EMPr (section 9.3) Vehicles and equipment management as per the EMPr (section 9.4) Socio economic management, including staff management as per the EMPr (section 9.5) Fire management as per the EMPr (section 9.6) 	3	5	6	2	28 L
Visual											
The accumulation of built forms and within an otherwise natural environment.	3	4	6	4	52 M	 Socio economic management, including staff management and visual impact management as per the EMPr (section 9.5) 	3	4	4	2	22 L
Socio-economics											
Creation of permanent employment and skills and development opportunities for members from the local community and creation of additional business and economic opportunities in the area (positive impact)	3	4	2	2	18 L	Socio economic management, including staff management and visual impact management as per the EMPr (section 9.5)	3	4	4	3	33 M
Promotion of social and economic development in the local communities and improvement in the overall wellbeing of the community (positive impact)	3	4	2	2	18 L		3	4	2	3	27 L
Services and traffic	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	
Cumulative increase in traffic on the surrounding roads due to increased visitor numbers.	3	4	6	3	39 M	Planning and compliance, including waste	3	4	2	2	18 L

Cumulative increase in the number and frequency of vehicles accessing the site, and the resultant noise, dust, and safety impacts for other road users, adjacent landowners and residents of the local communities.	4	4	3	33 M	 management as per the EMPr (section 7.1) Materials management, including solid liquid and hazardous waste, fuel and hazardous material as per the EMPr (section 9.2) Socio economic management, including staff 	3	4	4	2	22 L
Waste disposal practices will have an accumulative effect on the local landfill site's capacity to absorb waste.	4	6	4	52 M	management and visual impact management as per the EMPr (section 9.5)	3	4	4	2	22 L

NO-PROJECT ALTERNATIVE													
Direct Impacts													
No stimulation of the local economy, especially the	3	4	6	4	52	None.	3	4	6	4	52		
local service delivery industry.					M						M		
No short term and long-term employment through	3	4	6	4	52	None.	3	4	6	4	52		
skills development and on-site training.					M						M		
Indirect Impacts													
None.						•							
Cumulative Impacts													
No opportunity to up-grade and improve skill levels	3	4	6	4	52	None.	3	4	6	4	52		
in the area.					M						M		

2.4 Decommissioning Phase

The decommissioning of the facility is not anticipated at this stage and, therefore, no impacts are assessed.