ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR

DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES

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Annex B - Distribution Environmental Screening Document (DESD) (Informative)

Reticulation Powerlines and Ancillary Services

Ratified and accepted by Environmental Practitioner Environmental Specialist Head of Engineering Survey (one signature please)

Accepted by Land Owner/s/Users

I have seen the completed document and accept the

recommendations made

Fred George Kinnear

Assessor/s

Signature:

Form completed by

A. Neethling

in consultation with * FG Kinnear

Member of Hannah Trust

CAPACITY (e.g. land owner, specialist):

DATE COMPLETED: 30 July 2018

Instructions

- 1. Fill the report in as neatly and completely as possible.
- 2. Where the question / statement is not applicable mark N/A.
- Indicate sensitive areas on a map and/or spanning plans.
- 4. When in doubt, consult the Environmental Practitioner in your region.

The purpose of this DESD is to:

- Determine whether or not the project should be subject to R543-7, published in terms of the National Environmental management Act 107 of 1998.
- Identify and mitigate the negative impact of Eskom's activities to a minimum in line with both Legislation and Eskom's Environmental Policies.
- This report is a guide to Route Selection, Construction and Field Services.

NOTE Complete the report before the survey!!!

This is not an office exercise.

Extra sheets of paper may be added and referenced if insufficient space has been provided.

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1	Piro	iect	desc	cript	ion
•					

Project number Ohrigs had — Rickles Rural scheme/ Feeder OS Supply from OS 3 (scheme name, pole numbers for tee-off) Supply to	Voltage 72.kV
Feeder OS. Supply from OS. 3. (scheme name, pole numbers for tee-off) Supply to	Voltage ZZ.kV
Supply from QS_3 (scheme name, pole numbers for tee-off) Supply to	vollage
(scheme name, pole numbers for tee-off) Supply to	Freezikastan karakastan karakan (
Sup ply to	
The state of the s	
(F	
(Farm name, etc.)	
	<u> </u>
ever this to	
2 Properties traversed	
arm name Klein fontein	
Registration number and Division	Sub-division
[2] [1] [2] [1] [1] [2] [1] [2] [1] [2] [1] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2	
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Registration number and Division	Sub-division
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Registration number and Division Birlef description of the surrounding are Farm Klein Pontein in the is Located near the O	Sub-division
Registration number and Division	Sub-division
Registration number and Division	Sub-division
Registration number and Division	Sub-division

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4 Physical e	nvironment			
4.1 Water:	streams rivers	dams wetlands	springs floodp	lains OTHER
Present conduc	жхъл.т			
Potential impact	t (e.g. threat of pol	lution): N.A.		
4.2 Soil:	sandy	rocky	clayey	OTHER
Present condition Potential impact 4.3 Topograph	t (e.g. of erosion) .	rocky ridges hills valle	eys ravines donç	gas OTHER
Present condition	on: Area is con Do t (e.g. of erosion)	mostly Plo total	t with some	e portion
	gating measures:			
····	Juling medodreo.		*************	

		/		
****** ********************************		/		
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		(·	continued)			
5 Natural env	ronment					
5.1 Flora:	Indigenous) protect	ed	exotic	от	HER
Brief description	and conservation	n status (e.g. rai	re, etc., ment	ion trees/bu	ush/grass).	
Potential impact	(e.g. permit app	lications				
5.2 Fauna:	mamm	als	birds		OTHER	
Brie f description	and conservation	on etatue:				
(e.g. rare, protection for the second for the secon	present loolge (e.g. threat of el	has a	unlture sion, etc). B	restaun	int.	
Comments/mitig	ating	/				measures
	/					
6 Social envi						
6.1 Restricted areas:	nature/game reserves	hiking trails	tourism re	outes	parks	recreational areas
Residential- areas	green belts	sacred/holy grounds	OTHER .			
Brief description	Carne loc	dge.				

Document Classification: Controlled Disclosure ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR Unique Identifier: 240-72597722 DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES Revision: Page: 22 of 70 Annex B (continued) N.A. Potential impact e.g. threat of encroachment, etc. .. hidden 6.2 Visual aesthetics: éasily see partially..... In Brief description Potential impact. palaeontological 6.3 Natural heritage: cultural archaeological monuments objects objects significance meteorites ruins OTHER..... graves Note: Should any natural heritage resource as listed above, or as defined in the National Heritage Resource Act, No 25 of 1999 be identified, the requirements of Act 25 of 1999 shall be followed by notifying the SAHRA. If line or access road length exceeds 300m SAHRA shall be notified. Potential impact Comments/mitigating measures 7 E:conomic environment crop spraying 7.1 Land use: orchards grazing crops forestry areas mining OTHER ame farming Brief description

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			nex B ntinued)		
Potential impact	J,A [.]				
7.1.1 Commercial:	factories		shops	OTHER	
Brief description	nl ·				
7.1.2 Infrastructure:	roads pipelines	railways sewage	communications OTHER	power lines	air fields
Brief description: 180	lway on wel rook	using Crossi	ng g		
Potential impact	N.A				
Comments/mitigating	j measures:				
		<u> </u>	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		

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		G0450 PH 3	ex B inued)	
What impact will thing. Physical	s project ha	ve on elements 4 to 7	?	
No impact (0)	Mediur	n impact (2)	High impact (4)	
2. Natural				
No impact (0)	Mediur	m impact (2)	High impact (4)	
3. Social				
No impact (0)	Mediur	n impact (2)	High impact (4)	
Overall impact: This section addres above three sphere	ses the ove s (physical, 0	erall environmental imp natural and social) ne	eact of the project. The impa ed to be considered to dete	acts as assessed in the rmine the overall impa
No in	Of the same of the	(Medium impact	High impact	
Yes	utes been o -	iscussed with the relev	ant land owner/s or users?	
No Detailed study	-			
Is an environmenta	al assessme	nt required in terms of	Regulation R543?	
Yesi	_			
No	-			
Should a permit ap	plication be	made to DWA?		
Yes	-			
Should the SAHRA	he notified	2		
/	o de modifica	I		
Yes/_ No	-			

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Annex C - Environmental Management Plan

(Normative)

1 General conditions

- 1.1 The Eskom project manager or co-ordinator shall be responsible for ensuring that the land owners have been informed before any work is carried out on site. Contractors shall find out if the landowners have been informed before moving onto site.
- 1.2 No fences, gates or locks shall be damaged to obtain access onto a line route. Arrangements shall be made in advance to obtain permission for access.
- 1.3 Use of private roads shall be arranged in advance. Any damage to private roads shall be repaired at the contractor's expense and to the satisfaction of the landowner. This shall be the responsibility of the project manager or co-ordinator.
- 1.4 Gates shall be left as they are found, i.e. closed gates shall be kept closed and open gates shall be left open. Gates to adjacent properties or onto public roads shall be closed at all times. Any Eskom gates installed on the line route shall be kept closed and locked except while stringing is taking place. Open gates shall be guarded to prevent animals straying and unauthorised persons and vehicles entering into adjacent camps or properties.
- 1.5 Permission shall be obtained from landowners before any water is used.
- 1.6 No fires shall be lit on private property. If fires are lit on Eskom's property or in the construction camp, provision shall be made that no accidental fires are started. No firewood shall be collected in the veld.
- 1.7 If activities that can cause a fire are carried out, fire extinguishers shall be available on site and in the construction camp.
- 1.8 No property may be accessed after normal working hours except with the permission of the landowner. Privacy shall be respected at all times.
- 1.9 Eskom, Eskom's contractors and their employees shall at all times be courteous towards landowners, tenants and the local community.
- 1.10 Eskom, Eskom's contractors and their employees shall not cause damage to property, crops or animals. Activities that may cause conflict with landowners, tenants, the local work force or the local community shall be avoided. Should conflict arise it shall be immediately reported to the Eskom project manager or co-ordiator.
- 1.11 Vehicles shall be driven at a moderate speed on private roads and stay within the statutory speed limit on public roads.
- 1.12 All movement of vehicles shall take place on the established Eskom servitude road or on private roads as agreed in advance. Keep to existing tracks. No movement shall take place through the veld. Special care shall be taken to prevent excess damage during wet weather.

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Annex C

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- 1.13 If any vehicle should get stuck, the damage shall be repaired immediately so that no deep ruts remain.
- 1.1.4 Any damage to private property shall immediately be reported to Eskom and the owner. The damage shall be rectified immediately if possible and/or appropriate compensation shall be paid to the owner at the discretion of the project manager/co-ordinator in consultation with the property owner. A record of damages and rectifying action shall be kept. The landowner's satisfaction with the outcome of rectifying action shall be obtained in writing.
- 1.15 A proper system of waste management shall be instituted in the construction camp. This entails that sufficient waste bins are available on site and in the construction camp. The waste shall be dumped at an approved waste disposal site. No containers, scrap metal, conductor etc. shall be left on site.
 - All scrap shall be removed and taken to an appropriate disposal site. No oil, diesel or other chemicals shall be spilled or discarded anywhere. If an accidental spill occurs, it shall be reported immediately and cleaned to the satisfaction of Eskom and the landowner. No waste shall be left in the veld or on the line route.
- 1.16 Washing and toilet facilities shall be provided on site and in the construction camp. The facilities shall comply with Eskom standards and shall have the approval of the landowner.
- 1.17 No human excrement shall be left in the veld. If no toilet facilities are available such waste shall be buried immediately.
- 1.18 Herbicides shall only be applied with Eskom's permission and in accordance with the Eskom Policy on Herbicides ESKPBAAD4.
- 1.19 Camp and office sites shall be dismantled and removed after completion of the construction phase of the project. The site shall be rehabilitated to as close as possible to its original condition to the satisfaction of the landowner, which shall be in writing.
- 1.20 All excavations shall be enclosed to prevent animals or people from accidentally falling into excavations.
- 1.21 No trees shall be cut or removed without prior permission from the landowner. Permits shall be obtained for the cutting and removal protected trees (protected trees shall be dealt with in 2, Special conditions).
- 1.22 Should any natural heritage object be found, or exposed during excavations, all work shall be terminated immediately and the finding reported to the Project Manager who shall inform the Eskom Environmental Practitioner and the SAHRA.

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2 Special conditions

(Specific issues identified during the scoping as needing attention i.e. erosion berms, bird flappers, profected trees, etc.).

TYPICAL MITIGATION MEASURES

ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERNS	MITIGATION MEASURES			
AGRICULTURE				
Loss of standing crop due to access road and tower work site.	 limit width of access and size of tower site. avoidance of crop areas. monetary compensation for crop loss. time construction to avoid growing season. 			
Soil Compaction	 scheduling activities to times of the year when soils are least susceptible to compaction. stop activities when ground conditions are poor. use of equipment with low bearing capacity. chisel ploughing. 			
Construction of new lines	- locate access roads along existing traffic routs.			
Topsoil – subsoil mixing/soil rutting	 scheduling activities. stop activity when ground conditions are poor. use of equipment with low bearing capacity. use of gravel roads. addition of manures to offset fertility loss. compensation for reduced soil pEAuctivity. removal of spoil and/or bentonite from foundation operations. Segregation of topsoil and subsoil. 			
Disturbance to farm operations	 maintain contact with landowner/tenant regarding preferences. 			
Los:s of livestock	- employ noise control measures near sensitive livestock Construction of farm gates Securing farm gates Clean-up construction materials which could be ingested Compensation for lost, injured livestock.			
SOCIAL IMPACTS				
Muci and Dust	 wetting down dry soils. chemical control of dust. cleaning roads to remove mud. temporary planting of grasses. 			

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Aesthetics	- screen with natural of planted vegetation restoration.		
Aesthetics	 avoid linear access down the right-of-way. addition of topsoil to gravel access roads. hoarding construction sites. installation of landscaping in advance of site completion. 		
Inconvenience	select route and method of installation to suit landowners' conditions. select timing of activity.		
Heritage resources	 avoidance/isolation. design measures to make facility less obtrusive. screening. alternate methods of equipment. protection by use of enclosures, barrier fencing, covering. salvage in conjunction with SAHRA. relocation in conjunction with SAHRA. 		
Tourism and recreation resources	design measures to make facility less obtrusive of disruptive. screening and restoration. minimise noise and dust. safety precautions to protect the public. scheduling to avoid peak use periods.		
WATER QUALITY			
Sectimentation of streams due to ero-sion from the right-of way.	 minimise use of slopes adjacent to streams during soils testing, construction and maintenance. maintain a cover crop. retain buffers. 		
Stream bank erosion.	- mechanical erosion control retain shrubby stream bank vegetation and selectively cut or prune trees during line clearing/maintenance selective spraying of herbicides Mechanical erosion control.		
Impedance of natural flow streams/others surface waters.	 use and maintenance of appropriate stream crossing device. 		
Pornding or channelization of surface waters due to rutting.	 timing activities to stable ground conditions. use of gravel roads. 		
Contamination of surface or ground waters through spills or leaks of toxic substances.	 spill control material and procedures readily available. site selection where possible. 		
Soil compaction/topsoil-subsoil mixing.	avoidance of rutting by vehicles where possible. construction timing. use of gravel roads. use of vehicles with low bearing pressures. stop activities when ground conditions are poor.		
Wind/water erosion.	 avoidance of areas with high erosion potential. timing activities to the most stable ground conditions. slope stabilisation. mechanical erosion control. vegetation erosion control. recompaction of trenches. avoid trenching parallel to the fall of a slope. 		