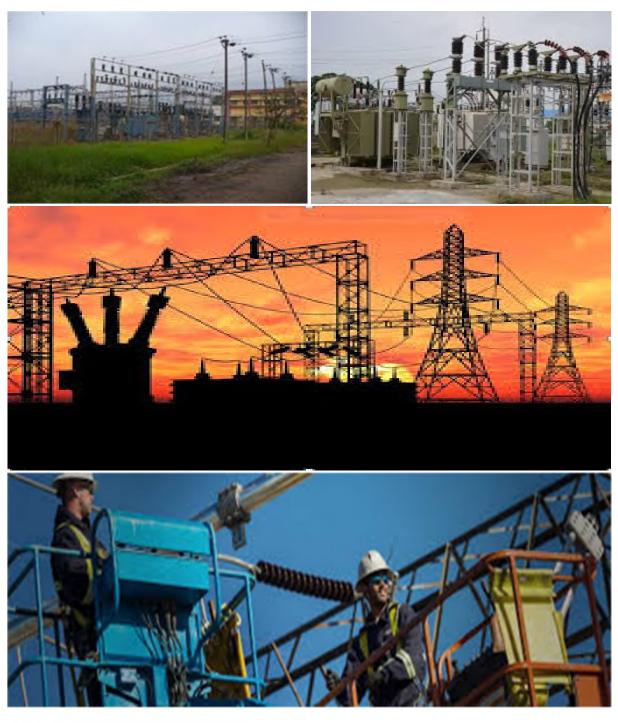
GENERIC ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) FOR THE DEVELOPMENT AND EXPANSION OF SUBSTATION INFRASTRUCTURE FOR THE TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION OF ELECTRICITY





environmental affairs Department:

Environmental Affairs REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

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INTRODUCTION

1. Background

The National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998) (NEMA) requires that an environmental management programme (EMPr) be submitted where an environmental impact assessment (EIA) has been identified as the environmental instrument to be utilised as the basis for a decision on an application for environmental authorisation (EA). The content of an EMPr must either contain the information set out in Appendix 4 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014, as amended (EIA Regulations) or must be a generic EMPr relevant to an application as identified and gazetted by the Minister in a government notice. Once the Minister has identified, through a government notice that a generic EMPr is relevant to an application for EA, that generic EMPr must be applied by all parties involved in the EA process, including but not limited to the applicant and the competent authority (CA).

2. Purpose

This document constitutes a generic EMPr relevant to applications for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, and all listed and specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

3. Objective

The objective of this generic EMPr is to prescribe and pre-approve generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions, which can commonly and repeatedly be used for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity. The use of a generic EMPr is intended to reduce the need to prepare and review individual EMPrs for applications of a similar nature.

4. Scope

The scope of this generic EMPr applies to the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity requiring EA in terms of NEMA. This generic EMPr applies to activities requiring EA, mainly activity 11 and 47 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 1 of 2014, as amended, and activity 9 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 2 of 2014, as amended, and all associated listed or specified activities necessary for the realization of such infrastructure.

5. Structure of this document

Part	Section	Heading	Content
A		Provides general guidance and information and is not legally binding	Definitions, acronyms, roles & responsibilities and documentation and reporting.
В	1	Pre-approved generic EMPr template	Contains generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions required for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, which are presented in the form of a template that has been pre- approved.
			The template in this section is to be completed by the contractor, with each completed page signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity.
			Where an impact management outcome is not relevant, the words "not applicable" can be inserted in the template under the "responsible persons" column.
			Once completed and signed, the template represents the EMPr for the activity approved by the CA and is legally binding. The template is not required to be submitted to the CA as once the generic EMPr is gazetted for implementation, it has been approved by the CA.
			To allow interested and affected parties access to the pre-approved EMPr template for consideration through the decision-making process, the EAP on behalf of the applicant /proponent must make the hard copy of this EMPr available at a public location and where the applicant has a website, the EMPr should also be made available on such publicly accessible website.
	2	Site specific information	Contains preliminary infrastructure layout and a declaration that the applicant/holder of the EA

This document is structured in three parts with an Appendix as indicated in the table below:

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			will comply with the pre-approved generic EMPr template contained in <u>Part B: Section 1</u> , and understands that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding . The preliminary infrastructure layout must be finalized to inform the final EMPr that is to be submitted with the basic assessment report (BAR) or environmental impact assessment report (EIAR), ensuring that all impact management outcomes and impact management actions have been either pre- approved or approved in terms of <u>Part C</u> . This section must be submitted to the CA together with the final BAR or EIAR. The information submitted to the CA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, this Section forms part of the EMPr for the development and is legally binding.
C		Site specific sensitivities/ attributes	If any specific environmental sensitivities/ attributes are present on the site which require site specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr, to manage impacts, these specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific environmental attributes must be referenced spatially and impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be provided. These specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the pre- approved EMPr template (Part B: section 1) This section will not be required should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes. However, if Part C is applicable to the site, it is required to be submitted together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP and must contain his/her name and expertise including a curriculum vitae. Once

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			approved, Part C forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.
			This section applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the specific development or expansion and which are not already included in <u>Part B: section 1</u> .
Appendix 1			Contains the method statements to be prepared prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are not required to be submitted to the competent authority.

6. Completion of part B: section 1: the pre-approved generic EMPr template

The template is to be completed prior to commencement of the activity, by providing the following information for each environmental impact management action:

- For implementation
 - a 'responsible person',
 - a method for implementation,
 - a timeframe for implementation
- For monitoring
 - a responsible person
 - frequency
 - evidence of compliance.

The completed template must be signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as <u>Appendix 1</u>. Each method statement must be signed and dated on each page by the holder of the EA. This template once signed and dated is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

7. Amendments of the impact management outcomes and impact management actions

Once the activity has commenced, a holder of an EA may make amendments to the impact management outcomes and impact management actions in the following manner:

- Amendment of the impact management outcomes: in line with the process contemplated in Regulation 37 of the EIA Regulations; and
- Amendment of the impact management actions: in line with the process contemplated in Regulation 36 of the EIA Regulations.

8. Documents to be submitted as part of part B: section 2 site specific information and declaration

<u>Part B: Section 2</u> has three distinct sub-sections. The first and third sub-sections are in a template format. Sub-section two requires a map to be produced.

<u>Sub-section 1</u> contains the project name, the applicant's name and contact details, the site information, which includes coordinates of the property or farm in which the proposed substation infrastructure is proposed as well as the 21-digit Surveyor General code of each cadastral land parcel and, where available, the farm name.

<u>Sub-section 2</u> is to be prepared by an EAP and must contain his/her name and expertise including a curriculum vitae. This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout using the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at: <u>https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool.</u> The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features and within 50 m from the development footprint.

<u>Sub-section 3</u> is the declaration that the applicant (s)/proponent (s) or holder of the EA in the case of a change of ownership must complete which confirms that the applicant/EA holder will comply with the pre-approved 'generic EMPr' template in <u>Section 1</u> and understands that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding.

(a) Amendments to Part B: Section 2 – site specific information and declaration

Should the EA be transferred, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new applicant/proponent and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted as part of such an application for an amendment to an EA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

PART A – GENERAL INFORMATION

1. DEFINITIONS

In this EMPr any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the NEMA or EIA Regulations has that meaning, and unless the context requires otherwise –

"clearing" means the clearing and removal of vegetation, whether partially or in whole, including trees and shrubs, as specified;

"construction camp" is the area designated for key construction infrastructure and services, including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;

"contractor" - The Contractor has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract, are in line with the Environmental Management Programme and that Method Statements are implemented as described.

"hazardous substance" is a substance governed by the Hazardous Substances Act, 1973 (Act No. 15 of 1973) as well as the Hazardous Chemical and Substances Regulations, 1995;

"method statement" means a written submission by the Contractor to the Project Manager in response to this EMPr or a request by the Project Manager and ECO. The method statement must set out the equipment, materials, labour and method(s) the Contractor proposes using to carry out an activity identified by the Project Manager when requesting the Method Statement. This must be done in such detail that the Project Manager and ECO is able to assess whether the Contractor's proposal is in accordance with this specification and/or will produce results in accordance with this specification;

The method statement must cover as a minimum applicable details with regard to:

- (i) Construction procedures;
- (ii) Plant, materials and equipment to be used;
- (iii) Transporting the equipment to and from site;
- (iv) How the plant/ material/ equipment will be moved while on site;
- (v) How and where the plant/ material/ equipment will be stored;
- (vi) The containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- (vii) Timing and location of activities;
- (viii) Compliance/ non-compliance; and
- (ix) Any other information deemed necessary by the Project Manager.

"slope" means the inclination of a surface expressed as one unit of rise or fall for so many horizontal units;

"**solid waste**" means all solid waste, including construction debris, hazardous waste, excess cement/ concrete, wrapping materials, timber, cans, drums, wire, nails, food and domestic waste (e.g. plastic packets and wrappers);

"spoil" means excavated material which is unsuitable for use as material in the construction works or is material which is surplus to the requirements of the construction works;

"topsoil" means a varying depth (up to 300 mm) of the soil profile irrespective of the fertility, appearance, structure, agricultural potential, fertility and composition of the soil;

"works" means the works to be executed in terms of the Contract

2. ACRONYMS and ABBREVIATIONS

CA	Competent Authority	
cEO	Contractors Environmental Officer	
dEO	Developer Environmental Officer	
DPM	Developer Project Manager	
DSS	Developer Site Supervisor	
EAR	Environmental Audit Report	
ECA	Environment Conservation Act No. 73 of 1989	
ECO	Environmental Control Officer	
EA	Environmental Authorisation	
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment	
ERAP	Emergency Response Action Plan	
EMPr	Environmental Management Programme	
	Report	
EAP	Environmental Assessment Practitioner	
FPA	Fire Protection Agency	
HCS	Hazardous chemical Substance	
NEMA	National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998)	
NEMBA	National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act ,2004 (Act No. 10 of 2004)	
NEMWA	National Environmental Management:	
	Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008)	
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet	
RI&APs	Registered Interested and affected parties	

3. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) IMPLEMENTATION

The effective implementation of this generic EMPr is dependent on established and clear roles, responsibilities and reporting lines within an institutional framework. This section of the EMPr gives guidance to the various environmental roles and reporting lines, however, project specific requirements will ultimately determine the need for the appointment of specific person(s) to undertake specific roles and or responsibilities. As such, it must be noted that in the event that no specific person, for example, an environmental control officer (ECO) is appointed, the holder of the EA remains responsible for ensuring that the duties indicated in this document for action by the ECO are undertaken.

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer's Project Manager (DPM)	Role The Project Developer is accountable for ensuring compliance with the EMPr and any conditions of approval from the competent authority (CA). Where required, an environmental control officer (ECO) must be contracted by the Project Developer to objectively monitor the implementation of the EMPr according to relevant environmental legislation, and the conditions of the environmental authorisation (EA). The Project Developer is further responsible for providing and giving mandate to enable the ECO to perform responsibilities, and he must ensure that the ECO is integrated as part of the project team while remaining independent. Responsibilities - Be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA; - Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Developer and its Contractor(s); - Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; - Monitor the implementation of the EMPr throughout the project by means of site inspections and meetings. Overall management of the project and EMPr implementation; and - Ensure that periodic environmental performance audits are undertaken on the project implementation.

Table 1: Guide to roles and responsibilities for implementation of an EMPr

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer Site Supervisor (DSS)	Role The DSS reports directly to the DPM, oversees site works, liaises with the contractor(s) and the ECO. The DSS is responsible for the day to day implementation of the EMPr and for ensuring the compliance of all contractors with the conditions and requirements stipulated in the EMPr.
	 <u>Responsibilities</u> Ensure that all contractors identify a contractor's Environmental Officer (cEO); Must be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA. Oversees site works, liaison with Contractor, DPM and ECO;
	 Must ensure that all landowners have the relevant contact details of the site staff, ECO and cEO; Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; Will issue all non-compliances to contractors; and Ratify the Monthly Environmental Report.
Environmental Control Officer (ECO)	Role The ECO should have appropriate training and experience in the implementation of environmental management specifications. The primary role of the ECO is to act as an independent quality controller and monitoring agent regarding all environmental concerns and associated environmental impacts. In this respect, the ECO is to conduct periodic site inspections, attend regular site meetings, pre-empt problems and suggest mitigation and be available to advise on incidental issues that arise. The ECO is also required to conduct compliance audits, verifying the monitoring reports submitted by the cEO. The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager regarding all environmental matters. The Contractor, cEO and dEO are answerable to the Environmental Control Officer for non-compliance with the Performance Specifications as set out in the EA and EMPr.
	The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager, who in turn reports back to the Contractor and potential and Registered Interested &Affected Parties (RI&APs), as required. Issues of non-compliance raised by the ECO must be taken up by the Project Manager, and resolved with the Contractor as per the conditions of his contract. Decisions regarding environmental procedures, specifications and requirements which have a cost implication (i.e. those that are deemed to be a variation, not allowed for in the

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	Performance Specification) must be endorsed by the Project Manager. The ECO must also, as specified by the EA, report to the relevant CA as and when required.
	 Responsibilities The responsibilities of the ECO will include the following: Be aware of the findings and conclusions of all EA related to the development; Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr; Be conversant with relevant environmental legislation, policies and procedures, and ensure compliance with them; Undertake regular and comprehensive site inspections / audits of the construction site according to the generic EMPr and applicable licenses in order to monitor compliance as required; Educate the construction team about the management measures contained in the EMPr and environmental licenses; Compilation and administration of an environmental monitoring plan to ensure that the environmental management measures are implemented and are effective; Monitoring the performance of the Contractors and ensuring compliance with the EMPr and associated Method Statements; In consultation with the Developer Site Supervisor order the removal of person(s) and/or equipment which are in contravention of the specifications of the EMPr and/or environmental licenses; Liaison between the DPM, Contractors, authorities and other lead stakeholders on all environmental concerns;
	 Compile a regular environmental audit report highlighting any non-compliance issues as well as satisfactory or exceptional compliance with the EMPr; Validating the regular site inspection reports, which are to be prepared by the contractor Environmental Officer (cEO); Checking the cEO's record of environmental incidents (spills, impacts, legal transgressions etc.) as well as corrective and preventive actions taken; Checking the cEO's public complaints register in which all complaints are recorded, as well as action taken;

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities		
	 Assisting in the resolution of conflicts; Facilitate training for all personnel on the site – this may range from carrying out the training, to reviewing the training programmes of the Contractor; In case of non-compliances, the ECO must first communicate this to the Senior Site Supervisor, who has the power to ensure this matter is addressed. Should no action or insufficient action be taken, the ECO may report this matter to the authorities as non-compliance; Maintenance, update and review of the EMPr; Communication of all modifications to the EMPr to the relevant stakeholders. 		
developer Environmental Officer (dEO)	Role The dEOs will report to the Project Manager and are responsible for implementation of the EMPr, environmental monitoring and reporting, providing environmental input to the Project Manager and Contractor's Manager, liaising with contractors and the landowners as well as a range of environmental coordination responsibilities.		
	 Responsibilities Be fully conversant with the EMPr; Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr, and implement these measures; Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Employees, Contractor(s); Confine the development site to the demarcated area; Conduct environmental internal audits with regards to EMPr and authorisation compliance (on cEO); Assist the contractors in addressing environmental challenges on site; Assist in incident management: Reporting environmental incidents to developer and ensuring that corrective action is taken, and lessons learnt shared; Assist the contractor in investigating environmental incidents and compile investigation reports; Follow-up on pre-warnings, defects, non-conformance reports; Measure and communicate environmental performance to the Contractor; 		

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	- Conduct environmental awareness training on site together with ECO and cEO;
	- Ensure that the necessary legal permits and / or licenses are in place and up to date;
	 Acting as Developer's Environmental Representative on site and work together with the ECO and contractor;
Contractor	Role
	The Contractor appoints the cEO and has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract are in line with the EMPr and that Method Statements are implemented as described. External contractors must ensure compliance with this EMPr while performing the onsite activities as per their contract with the Project Developer. The contractors are required, where specified, to provide Method Statements setting out in detail how the impact management actions contained in the EMPr will be implemented during the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity activities.
	 <u>Responsibilities</u> project delivery and quality control for the development services as per appointment; employ a suitably qualified person to monitor and report to the Project Developer's appointed person on the daily activities on-site during the construction period; ensure that safe, environmentally acceptable working methods and practices are implemented and that equipment is properly operated and maintained, to facilitate proper access and enable any operation to be carried out safely; attend on site meeting(s) prior to the commencement of activities to confirm the procedure and designated activity zones; ensure that contractors' staff repair, at their own cost, any environmental damage as a result of a contravention of the specifications contained in EMPr, to the satisfaction of the ECO.
contractor Environmental Officer	Role
(cEO)	Each Contractor affected by the EMPr should appoint a cEO, who is responsible for the on-site implementation of the EMPr (or relevant sections of the EMPr). The Contractor's representative can be the site agent; site engineer; a dedicated environmental officer; or an independent consultant. The Contractor must ensure that the Contractor's Representative is suitably qualified to perform the necessary tasks and is

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	appointed at a level such that she/he can interact effectively with other site Contractors, labourers, the Environmental Control Officer and the public. As a minimum the cEO shall meet the following criteria:
	 Responsibilities Be on site throughout the duration of the project and be dedicated to the project; Ensure all their staff are aware of the environmental requirements, conditions and constraints with respect to all of their activities on site; Implementing the environmental conditions, guidelines and requirements as stipulated within the EA, EMPr and Method Statements; Attend the Environmental Site Meeting; Undertaking corrective actions where non-compliances are registered within the stipulated timeframes; Report back formally on the completion of corrective actions; Assist the ECO in maintaining all the site documentation; Prepare the site inspection reports and corrective action reports for submission to the ECO; Assist the ECO with the preparing of the monthly report; and Where more than one Contractor is undertaking work on site, each company appointed as a Contractor will appoint a cEO representing that company.

4. ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE

To ensure accountable and demonstrated implementation of the EMPr, a number of reporting systems, documentation controls and compliance mechanisms must be in place for all substation infrastructure projects as a minimum requirement.

4.1 Document control/Filing system

The holder of the EA is solely responsible for the upkeep and management of the EMPr file. As a minimum, all documentation detailed below will be stored in the EMPr file. A hard copy of all documentation shall be filed, while an electronic copy may be kept where relevant. A duplicate file will be maintained in the office of the DSS (where applicable). This duplicate file must remain current and up-to-date. The filing system must be updated and relevant documents added as required. The EMPr file must be made available at all times on request by the CA or other relevant authorities. The EMPr file will form part of any environmental audits undertaken as prescribed in the EIA Regulations.

4.2 Documentation to be available

At the outset of the project the following preliminary list of documents shall be placed in the filing system and be accessible at all times:

- Full copy of the signed EA from the CA in terms of NEMA, granting approval for the development or expansion;
- Copy of the generic and site specific EMPr as well as any amendments thereof;
- Copy of declaration of implementing generic EMPr and subsequent approval of site specific EMPr and amendments thereof;
- All method statements;
- Completed environmental checklists;
- Minutes and attendance register of environmental site meetings;
- An up-to-date environmental incident log;
- A copy of all instructions or directives issued;
- A copy of all corrective actions signed off. The corrective actions must be filed in such a way that a clear reference is made to the non-compliance record;
- Complaints register.

4.3 Weekly Environmental Checklist

The ECOs are required to complete a Weekly Environmental Checklist, the format of which is to be agreed prior to commencement of the activity. The ECOs are required to sign and date the checklist, retain a copy in the EMPr file and submit a copy of the completed checklist to the DSS on a weekly basis.

The checklists will form the basis for the Monthly Environmental Reports. Copies of all completed checklists will be attached as Annexures to the Environmental Audit Report as required in terms of the EIA Regulations.

4.4 Environmental site meetings

Minutes of the environmental site meetings shall be kept. The minutes must include an attendance register and will be attached to the Monthly Report that is distributed to attendees. Each set of minutes must clearly record "Matters for Attention" that will be reviewed at the next meeting.

4.5 Required Method Statements

The method statement will be done in such detail that the ECOs are enabled to assess whether the contractor's proposal is in accordance with the EMPr.

The method statement must cover applicable details with regard to:

- development procedures;
- materials and equipment to be used;
- getting the equipment to and from site;
- how the equipment/ material will be moved while on site;
- how and where material will be stored;
- the containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- timing and location of activities;
- compliance/ non-compliance with the EMPr; and
- any other information deemed necessary by the ECOs.

Unless indicated otherwise by the Project Manager, the Contractor shall provide the following method statements to the Project Manager no less than 14 days prior to the commencement date of the activity:

- Site establishment Camps, Lay-down or storage areas, satellite camps, infrastructure;
- Batch plants;
- Workshop or plant servicing;
- Handling, transport and storage of Hazardous Chemical Substance's;
- Vegetation management Protected, clearing, aliens, felling;
- Access management Roads, gates, crossings etc.;
- Fire plan;
- Waste management transport, storage, segregation, classification, disposal (all waste streams);
- Social interaction complaints management, compensation claims, access to properties etc.;
- Water use (source, abstraction and disposal), access and all related information, crossings and mitigation;
- Emergency preparedness Spills, training, other environmental emergencies;
- Dust and noise management methodologies;
- Fauna interaction and risk management only if the risk was identified wildlife interaction especially on game farms; and
- Heritage and palaeontology management.

The ECOs shall monitor and ensure that the contractors perform in accordance with these method statements. Completed and agreed method statements between the holder of the EA and the contractor shall be captured in Appendix 1.

4.6 Environmental Incident Log (Diary)

The ECOs are required to maintain an up-to-date and current Environmental Incident Log (environmental diary). The Environmental Incident Log is a means to record all environmental incidents and/or all non-compliance notice would not be issued. An environmental incident is defined as:

- Any deviation from the listed impact management actions (listed in this EMPr) that may be addressed immediately by the ECOs. (For example a contractor's staff member littering or a drip tray that has not been emptied);
- Any environmental impact resulting from an action or activity by a contractor in contravention of the environmental stipulations and guidelines listed in the EMPr which as a single event would have a minor impact but which if cumulative and continuous would have a significant effect (for example no toilet paper available in the ablutions for an afternoon); and
- General environmental information such as road kills or injured wildlife.

The ECOs are to record all environmental incidents in the Environmental Incident Log. All incidents regardless of severity must be reported to the Developer. The Log is to be kept in the EMPr file and at a minimum the following will be recorded for each environmental incident:

- The date and time of the incident;
- Description of the incident;
- The name of the Contractor responsible;
- The incident must be listed as significant or minor;
- If the incident is listed as significant, a non-compliance notice must be issued, and recorded in the log;
- Remedial or corrective action taken to mitigate the incident; and
- Record of repeat minor offences by the same contractor or staff member.

The Environmental Incident Log will be captured in the EAR.

4.7 Non-compliance

A non-compliance notice will be issued to the responsible contractor by the ECOs via the DSS or Project Manager. The non-compliance notice will be issued in writing; a copy filed in the EMPr file and will at a minimum include the following:

- Time and date of the non-compliance;
- Name of the contractor responsible;
- Nature and description of the non-compliance;
- Recommended / required corrective action; and
- Date by which the corrective action to be completed.
- The contractors shall act immediately when a notice of non-compliance is received and correct whatever is the cause for the issuing of the notice. Complaints received regarding activities on the development site pertaining to the environment shall be

recorded in a dedicated register and the response noted with the date and action taken. The ECO should be made aware of any complaints. Any non-compliance with the agreed procedures of the EMPr is a transgression of the various statutes and laws that define the manner by which the environment is managed. Failure to redress the cause shall be reported to the relevant CA for them to deal with the transgression, as it deems fit. The contractor is deemed not to have complied with the EMPr if, inter alia, There is a deviation from the environmental conditions, impact management outcomes and impact management actions activities, as approved in generic and site specific EMPr as relevant as set out in the EMPr, which deviation has, or may cause, an environmental impact.

4.8 Corrective action records

For each non-compliance notice issued, a documented corrective action must be recorded. On receiving a non-compliance notice from the DSS, the contractor's cEO will ensure that the corrective actions required take place within the stipulated timeframe. On completion of the corrective action the cEO is to issue a Corrective Action Report in writing to the ECOs. If satisfied that the corrective action has been completed, the ECOs are to sign-off on the Corrective Action Report, and attach the report to the non-compliance notice in the EMPr file. A corrective action is considered complete once the report has signed off by the ECOs.

4.9 Photographic record

A digital photographic record will be kept. The photographic record will be used to show before, during and post rehabilitation evidence of the project as well used in cases of damages claims if they arise. Each image must be dated and a brief description note attached.

The Contractor shall:

1. Allow the ECOs access to take photographs of all areas, activities and actions.

The ECOs shall keep an electronic database of photographic records which will include:

- 1. Pictures of all areas designated as work areas, camp areas, development sites and storage areas taken before these areas are set up;
- 2. All bunding and fencing;
- 3. Road conditions and road verges;
- 4. Condition of all farm fences;
- 5. Topsoil storage areas;
- 6. All areas to be cordoned off during construction;
- 7. Waste management sites;
- 8. Ablution facilities (inside and out);
- 9. Any non-conformances deemed to be "significant";
- 10. All completed corrective actions for non-compliances;
- 11. All required signage;
- 12. Photographic recordings of incidents;
- 13. All areas before, during and post rehabilitation; and
- 14. Include relevant photographs in the Final Environmental Audit Report.

4.10 Complaints register

The ECOs shall keep a current and up-to-date complaints register. The complaints register is to be a record of all complaints received from communities, stakeholders and individuals. The Complaints Record shall:

- 1. Record the name and contact details of the complainant;
- 2. Record the time and date of the complaint;
- 3. Contain a detailed description of the complaint;
- 4. Where relevant and appropriate, contain photographic evidence of the complaint or damage (ECOs to take relevant photographs); and
- 5. Contain a copy of the ECOs written response to each complaint received and keep a record of any further correspondence with the complainant. The ECO's written response will include a description of any corrective action to be taken and must be signed by the Contractor, ECO and affected party. Where a damage claim is issued by the complainant, the ECOs shall respond as described in (section 4.11) below.
- 4.11 Claims for damages

In the event that a Claim for Damages is submitted by a community, landowner or individual, the ECOs shall:

- 1. Record the full detail of the complaint as described in (section 4.10) above;
- 2. The DPM will evaluate the claim and associated damage and submit the evaluation to the Senior Site Representative for approval;
- 3. Following consideration by the DPM, the claim is to be resolved and settled immediately, or the reason for not accepting the claim communicated in writing to the claimant. Should the claimant not accept this, the ECO shall, in writing report the incident to the Developer's negotiator and legal department; and
- 4. A formal record of the response by the ECOs to the claimant as well as the rectification of the method of making payments not amount will be recorded in the EMPr file.
- 4.12 Interactions with affected parties

Open, transparent and good relations with affected landowners, communities and regional staff are an essential aspect to the successful management and mitigation of environmental impacts.

The ECOs shall:

- 1. Ensure that all queries, complaints and claims are dealt within an agreed timeframe;
- 2. Ensure that any or all agreements are documented, signed by all parties and a record of the agreement kept in the EMPr file;
- 3. Ensure that a complaints telephone numbers are made available to all landowners and affected parties; and
- 4. Ensure that contact with affected parties is courteous at all times;

4.13 Environmental audits

Internal environmental audits of the activity and implementation of the EMPr must be undertaken. The findings and outcomes included in the EMPr file and submitted to the CA at intervals as indicated in the EA.

The ECOs must prepare a monthly EAR. The report will be tabled as the key point on the agenda of the Environmental Site Meeting. The Report is submitted for acceptance at the meeting and the final report will be circulated to the Project Manager and filed in the EMPr file. At a frequency determined by the EA, the ECOs shall submit the monthly reports to the CA. At a minimum the monthly report is to cover the following:

- Weekly Environmental Checklists;
- Deviations and non-compliances with the checklists;
- Non-compliances issued;
- Completed and reported corrective actions;
- Environmental Monitoring;
- General environmental findings and actions; and
- Minutes of the Bi-monthly Environmental Site Meetings.

4.14 Final environmental audits

On final completion of the rehabilitation and/or requirements of the EA a final EAR is to be prepared and submitted to the CA. The EAR must comply with Appendix 7 of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 1: Pre-approved generic EMPr template

5. IMPACT MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES AND IMPACT MANAGEMENT ACTIONS

This section provides a pre-approved generic EMPr template with aspects that are common to the development of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity. There is a list of aspects identified for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, and for each aspect a set of prescribed impact management outcomes and associated impact management actions have been identified. Holders of EAs are responsible to ensure the implementation of these outcomes and actions for all projects as a minimum requirement, in order to mitigate the impact of such aspects identified for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity.

The template provided below is to be completed by providing the information under each heading for each environmental impact management action.

The completed template must be signed and dated on each page by both the contractor and the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as Appendix 1. Each method statement must also be duly signed and dated on each page by the contactor and the holder of the EA. This template, once signed and dated, is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

5.1 Environmental awareness training

Impact management outcome: All onsite staff are aware and understands the individual responsibilities in terms of this EMPr.								
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring				
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
 All staff must receive environmental awareness training prior to commencement of the activities; 	ECO / cEO / dEO	Hold environmental awareness training workshops	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Monthly and as and when required	Attendance register and training minutes / notes for the record		
 The Contractor must allow for sufficient sessions to train all personnel with no more than 20 personnel attending each course; 	Contractor	Scheduling of sufficient sessions through consultation with the ECO / cEO / dEO	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Monthly and as and when required	Attendance register and training minutes / notes for the record		
 Refresher environmental awareness training is available as and when required; 	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Hold refresher environmental awareness training workshops	During the construction phase	ECO dEO	Monthly and as and when required	Attendance register and training minutes / notes for the record		
 All staff are aware of the conditions and controls linked to the EA and within the EMPr and made aware of their individual roles and responsibilities in achieving compliance with the EA and EMPr; 	cEO / dEO	Hold training workshops and ensure that the EA and EMPr is readily available	During the construction phase	ECO dEO	Monthly and as and when required	Attendance register and training minutes / notes for the record		
 The Contractor must erect and maintain information posters at key locations on site, and the posters must include the following information as a minimum: a) Safety notifications; and 	Contractor	Develop and place appropriate	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO cEO	Monthly	Photographic record		

b) No littering.		posters at key locations				
 Environmental awareness training must include as a minimum the following: a) Description of significant environmental impacts, actual or potential, related to their work activities; b) Mitigation measures to be implemented when carrying out specific activities; c) Emergency preparedness and response procedures; d) Emergency procedures; e) Procedures to be followed when working near or within sensitive areas; f) Wastewater management procedures; g) Water usage and conservation; h) Solid waste management procedures; i) Sanitation procedures; j) Fire prevention; and k) Disease prevention. 	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the minimum requirements	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Prior to the commencemen t of the environmental awareness training	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist
 A record of all environmental awareness training courses undertaken as part of the EMPr must be available; 	ECO / cEO / dEO	Filing system including all proof of training (i.e. attendance register and training minutes / notes for the record)	During the construction phase	ECO dEO	Monthly	Completed and up to date filing system with proof of training
 Educate workers on the dangers of open and/or unattended fires; 	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the dangers of open	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Prior to the commencemen t of the environmental awareness training	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist

		and/or unattended fire				
 A staff attendance register of all staff to have received environmental awareness training must be available. 	ECO / cEO / dEO	Filing system including all proof of training (i.e. attendance register)	During the construction phase	ECO dEO	Monthly	Completed and up to date filing system inclusive of all attendance registers
 Course material must be available and presented in appropriate languages that all staff can understand. 	ECO / cEO / dEO	Develop environmental awareness training material in the required languages. Training material must by readily available to all staff	During the construction phase	ECO dEO	Monthly	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist and the training register which must indicate the language of the training

5.2 Site Establishment development

Impact management outcome: Impacts on the environment are minimised during site establishment and the development footprint are kept to demarcated development area.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- A method statement must be provided by the	Contractor	Development of	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Availability of
contractor prior to any onsite activity that includes the		an appropriate		dEO	construction	the method
layout of the construction camp in the form of a plan		method				statement which
showing the location of key infrastructure and services		statement				complies with
(where applicable), including but not limited to offices,						the minimum
overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop,						

stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous materials storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;						requirements listed
 Location of construction camps must be within approved area to ensure that the site does not impact on sensitive areas identified in the environmental assessment or site walk through; 	DPM	Place construction camps outside of sensitive areas identified in the Basic Assessment Report	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of a layout and sensitivity map indicating avoidance of sensitive areas
 Sites must be located where possible on previously disturbed areas; 	DPM	Place site outside of sensitive areas and within previously disturbed areas identified in the BA Report	Pre-construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of a layout and sensitivity map indicating avoidance of sensitive areas and placement within disturbed areas
- The camp must be fenced in accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing and gate installation; and	DPM	Design and implementation of fencing as per the requirements of Section 5.5 of this EMPr	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction and once during the construction of the fencing	fenced in accordance
 The use of existing accommodation for contractor staff, where possible, is encouraged. 	Not applicable – the development of new					

accommodatio	
n is not	
proposed. Staff	
will be	
accommodate	
d in the town of	
Kleinsee	

5.3 Access restricted areas

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Identification of access restricted areas is to be informed by the environmental assessment, site walk through and any additional areas identified during development; 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the ECO	Spatially demarcate access restricted areas informed by the BA Report	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to construction	Access restricted areas are identified and provided in a spatial format
 Erect, demarcate and maintain a temporary barrier with clear signage around the perimeter of any access restricted area, colour coding could be used if appropriate; and 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the ECO	Erect appropriate temporary barriers around access restricted areas	At the commencemen t and for the duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Access restricted areas are closed-off through temporary barriers and barriers are maintained to a sufficient standard

- Unauthorised access and development related	Contractor /	Erect	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Photographic
activity inside access restricted areas is prohibited.	dEO / cEO	appropriate	construction		and when	evidence and
		temporary	phase		required	notes of
		barriers around				compliance that
		access restricted				no unauthorised
		areas and				access or
		provide clear				activities has
		signage of				taken place
		restricted status				within the
						access restricted
						areas

5.4 Access roads

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 An access agreement must be formalised and signed by the DPM, Contractor and landowner before commencing with the activities; 	DPM Contractor	Develop access agreements with the affected landowners. Ensure that agreements are approved and signed	Pre-construction	deo eco	Once, prior to construction	Availability o approved and signed negotiations
 All private roads used for access to the servitude must be maintained and upon completion of the works, be left in at least the original condition 	Contractor	Undertake maintenance activities on private roads used for construction as	During the construction phase	ceo / eco	Weekly	Photographic record of the pre-construction condition and degradation o roads, and

		degradation takes place				records of the implementation and effectiveness of maintenance activities
 All contractors must be made aware of all these access routes. 		Develop a map illustrating all access routes associated with the project and present and provide the map to all contractors	Construction	ECO	Once, prior to construction	Access routes map readily available
 Any access route deviation from that in the written agreement must be closed and re-vegetated immediately, at the contractor's expense; 	Contractor	All access routes developed that are not in-line with the access route agreements must be closed and re- habilitated to the pre- disturbance state	Construction and Rehabilitation	ECO	Bi-weekly (every two weeks)	Photographic record of the closure of access roads and re- vegetation
 Maximum use of both existing servitudes and existing roads must be made to minimise further disturbance through the development of new roads; 	Contractor (and Eskom maintenance staff where relevant to operation)	Existing access routes to be used must be specified and the development of new roads must be avoided as far as possible	Construction and operation	cEO Operation and maintenance team	Weekly	Implementation of the approved layout

- In circumstances where private roads must be used,	dEO / cEO	Record the	During the	ECO	Prior to the use of	Photographic
the condition of the said roads must be recorded in		conditions of	construction		private roads	record and
accordance with section 4.9: photographic record;		private roads to	phase			proof of the road
prior to use and the condition thereof agreed by the		be used (prior to				conditions
landowner, the DPM, and the contractor;		use) as per the				agreed upon
		requirements of				with the relevant
		section 4.9 and				parties
		agree on the				
		required				
		condition of the				
		roads with the				
		landowner, DPM				
		and contractor				
- Access roads in flattish areas must follow fence lines	DPM and	Design access	Pre-construction	ECO	Once during the	Implementation
and tree belts to avoid fragmentation of vegetated	Contractor	roads to follow			design and	of the approved
areas or croplands		fence lines and			once prior to	layout
		avoid			construction	
		vegetated				
		areas				
- Access roads must only be developed on pre-planned	Contractor	Construction of	During the	ECO	Once during the	Implementation
and approved roads.		access roads	construction	dEO	design and	of the approved
		only on pre-	phase		weekly during	layout
		planned and			the construction	
		approved			of access roads	
		access roads				

5.5 Fencing and Gate installation

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and gates where required.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Use existing gates provided to gain access to all parts of the area authorised for development, where possible; 		Identify and inform all relevant staff of the existing gates to be used	Pre-construction & Construction	dEO	Monthly	Existing gates are utilised on a frequent basis and only limited new access gates are developed	
 Existing and new gates to be recorded and documented in accordance with section 4.9: photographic record; 	ECO	Existing and new gates will be recorded and documented as per the requirements of section 4.9	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, when the construction of all new gates have been completed	Photographic record of the existing and new gates as per the requirements of section4.9	
 All gates must be fitted with locks and be kept locked at all times during the development phase, unless otherwise agreed with the landowner; 	Contractor	Ensure all relevant gates are fitted with locks and are always locked	Construction and Operation	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Bi-weekly (every second week)	All gates are locked and no complaints from landowners are received in this regard	
 At points where the line crosses an existing fence in which there is no suitable gate within the extent of the line servitude, on the instruction of the DPM, a gate must be installed at the approval of the landowner; 	dEO	Install new gates where required with the approval of the	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, prior to construction and during the construction	New gates are installed where required	

		affected landowner			phase, as and when required	
 Care must be taken that the gates must be so erected that there is a gap of no more than 100 mm between the bottom of the gate and the ground; 	Contractor	Install gates in a manner so that there is a gap of no more than 100mm between the bottom of the gate and the ground	During the construction phase	CEO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase	New gates installed as per the requirement
 Where gates are installed in jackal proof fencing, a suitable reinforced concrete sill must be provided beneath the gate; 	Contractor	Implement a reinforced concrete sill beneath gates installed for jackal proofing	During the construction phase	cEO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase	New gates installed as per the requirement
 Original tension must be maintained in the fence wires; 	Contractor	Maintain original tension of fences through required activities	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No tension reduction on fence wires
 All gates installed in electrified fencing must be re- electrified; 	Contractor	Electrify gates installed in electrified fencing	•	ECO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase	Gates installed in electrified fencing is electrified
 All demarcation fencing and barriers must be maintained in good working order for the duration of the development activities; 	Contractor	Undertake maintenance activities on fences and barriers	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of maintained fences and barriers
 Fencing must be erected around the camp, batching plants, hazardous storage areas, and all designated access restricted areas, where applicable; 	Contractor	Fence construction camps, batching plants,	During the construction phase	ECO	Once during the erection of fencing	•

		hazardous				
		storage areas				
		and access				
		restricted areas				
 Any temporary fencing to restrict the movement of life- 	dEO/ cEO	Obtain written	During the	ECO	To be monitored	Written approval
stock must only be erected with the permission of the land owner.	Contractor	approval from the relevant landowner where temporary fencing is required to restrict life-stock	construction phase		as temporary fencing is required	to be provided by the dEO
		movement				
 All fencing must be developed of high quality material bearing the SABS mark; 	Contractor	Make use of high quality materials approved by SABS	During the construction phase	cEO	To be monitored as fencing is erected during the construction phase	Use of high quality materials for fencing approved by SABS
 The use of razor wire as fencing must be avoided as far as possible; 	Contractor	Razor wire must not be sourced or used for the erection of fencing	During the construction phase	ECO	To be monitored as fencing is erected during the construction phase	Fences erected do not make use of razor wire
 Fenced areas with gate access must remain locked after hours, during weekends and on holidays if staff is away from site. Site security will be required at all times; 	DSS and Contractor	Ensure fenced areas are locked as required through the implementation of a formalised process. Appoint a security company	During the construction phase	cEO	Weekly and as and when required	Fences are locked and no complaints from landowners are received. A security company is appointed

- On completion of the development phase all	Contractor	Removal of all	At the end of the	ECO	Once, following	No temporary
temporary fences are to be removed;		temporary	Construction	dEO	the completion	
		fences	Phase		of the	associated with
					construction	the project is
					phase	present
						following the
						completion of
						the construction
						phase
- The contractor must ensure that all fence uprights are	Contractor	Appropriate	At the end of the	ECO	Once, following	No fence
appropriately removed, ensuring that no uprights are		removal of all	Construction	dEO	the completion	uprights
cut at ground level but rather removed completely.		fence uprights	Phase		of the	associated with
					construction	the project is
					phase	present
						following the
						completion of
						the construction
						phase

5.6 Water Supply Management

Impact management outcome: Undertake responsible water usage.									
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring					
		1			Γ				
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance			
- All abstraction points or bore holes must be registered	Not applicable								
with the DWS and suitable water meters installed to									
ensure that the abstracted volumes are measured on									
a daily basis;									
,									

- The Contractor must ensure the following:	Not applicable					
a. The vehicle abstracting water from a river does not						
enter or cross it and does not operate from within the						
river;						
b. No damage occurs to the river bed or banks and						
that the abstraction of water does not entail stream						
diversion activities; and						
c. All reasonable measures to limit pollution or						
sedimentation of the downstream watercourse are						
implemented.						
 Ensure water conservation is being practiced by: 	Contractor /	Implement the	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Successful
a. Minimising water use during cleaning of equipment;	dEO / cEO in	required water	construction		and when	implementation
b. Undertaking regular audits of water systems; and	consultation	conservation	phase		required	of water
c. Including a discussion on water usage and	with the ECO	measures				conservation
conservation during environmental awareness training.		throughout on-				
d. The use of grey water is encouraged.		site construction				
		processes				

5.7 Storm and waste water management

Impact management outcome: Impacts to the environment caused by storm water and wastewater discharges during construction are avoided.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Runoff from the cement/ concrete batching areas must be strictly controlled, and contaminated water must be collected, stored and either treated or 	1	Implement measures for the control and	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	No mismanagemen t of runoff or
disposed of off-site, at a location approved by the project manager;		management of runoff				contaminated water due to the temporary

						concrete batching plant
 All spillage of oil onto concrete surfaces must be controlled by the use of an approved absorbent material and the used absorbent material disposed of at an appropriate waste disposal facility; 	Contractor and cEO	Obtain approved absorbent material and make use of licensed waste disposal facilities for disposal of oil	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Availability of approved absorbent material at the construction site and proof of disposal of oil at licenses disposal facilities
 Natural stormwater runoff not contaminated during the development and clean water can be discharged directly to watercourses and water bodies, subject to the Project Manager's approval and support by the ECO; 	DPM in consultation with the ECO	Consultation between the DPM and the ECO to determine if water can be discharged directly into water bodies (where present). The necessary water quality testing must be undertaken prior to discharge	During the construction phase	ECO	As and when the need arises to discharge natural stormwater runoff and clean water	Proof of consultation between the DPM and ECO and the outcomes thereof to be provided. Proof of water quality testing and the results thereof.
Water that has been contaminated with suspended solids, such as soils and silt, may be released into watercourses or water bodies only once all suspended solids have been removed from the water by settling out these solids in settlement ponds. The release of settled water back into the environment must be	DPM in consultation with the ECO	Consultation between the DPM and the ECO to determine if water can be	During the construction phase	ECO	As and when the need arises to discharge water	Proof of consultation between the DPM and ECO and the outcomes

subject to the Project Manager's approval and support	discharged	thereof to be
by the ECO.	directly into	provided. Proof
	water bodies	of water quality
	(where present).	testing and the
	The necessary	results thereof.
	water quality	
	testing must be	
	undertaken prior	
	to discharge	

5.8 Solid and hazardous waste management

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All measures regarding waste management must be undertaken using an integrated waste management approach; 	Contractor	Develop and implement a waste management plan	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Implementation of the waste management plan and proof of waste management through proof of responsible disposal
 Sufficient, covered waste collection bins (scavenger and weatherproof) must be provided; 	Contractor	Provision of appropriate waste collection bins which are strategically placed	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Appropriate waste collection bins are available throughout the site

		throughout the site				
 A suitably positioned and clearly demarcated waste collection site must be identified and provided; 	DPM and Contractor	Identify an appropriate location for the waste collection site which must be clearly demarcated through signage and temporary fencing	Design and Construction Phase	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	A waste collection site is appropriately placed and demarcated
 The waste collection site must be maintained in a clean and orderly manner; 	Contractor	Regular collection of waste and maintenance of the area must be undertaken as per the waste requirements for the project during construction	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	The waste collection site is maintained and clean
 Waste must be segregated into separate bins and clearly marked for each waste type for recycling and safe disposal; 	Contractor	Provide separate and marked bins for the different waste types associated with the construction phase	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	Separate waste bins are available on site and waste generated is separated into the relevant bins

 Staff must be trained in waste segregation; 	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Include waste segregation as part of the environmental awareness training material.	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist
 Bins must be emptied regularly; 	Contractor	Bins must be emptied before reaching total capacity and on a regular basis as required for the project	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No mismanagemen t of bins.
 General waste produced onsite must be disposed of at registered waste disposal sites/ recycling company; 	Contractor	Disposal of general waste at licensed waste disposal facilities must be undertaken as per the waste management plan	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided
 Hazardous waste must be disposed of at a registered waste disposal site; 	Contractor	Disposal of hazardous waste at licensed waste disposal facilities must be undertaken as per the waste management plan	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided
 Certificates of safe disposal for general, hazardous and recycled waste must be maintained. 	Contractor	Obtain certificates for	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at

safe disposal of	licensed facilities
waste	to be provided
	and filed as part
	of the filing
	system

5.9 Protection of watercourses and estuaries

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation M				
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe fo implementation	r Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence o compliance
 All watercourses must be protected from direct or indirect spills of pollutants such as solid waste, sewage, cement, oils, fuels, chemicals, aggregate tailings, wash and contaminated water or organic material resulting from the Contractor's activities; 	Contractor	Contractor to undertake activities which can cause spills of pollutants outside of watercourses	construction	ECO	Weekly	No incident reported c spillage c pollutants into watercourses
 In the event of a spill, prompt action must be taken to clear the polluted or affected areas; 	Contractor and cEO	Develop a management plan or process for implementation should a spill take place	construction	ECO	Weekly	Feedback mut be provided b the contractor i terms of how th spill was handle and photographic evidence of th feedback mut be provide and kept o record

 Where possible, no development equipment must traverse any seasonal or permanent wetland 	Not applicable - no wetlands present					
 No return flow into the estuaries must be allowed and no disturbance of the Estuarine functional Zone should occur; 	Not applicable					
 Development of permanent watercourse or estuary crossing must only be undertaken where no alternative access to tower position is available; 	Not applicable					
 There must not be any impact on the long term morphological dynamics of watercourses or estuaries; 	Not applicable					
 Existing crossing points must be favored over the creation of new crossings (including temporary access) 	Not applicable					
 When working in or near any watercourse or estuary, the following environmental controls and consideration must be taken: a) Water levels during the period of construction; No altering of the bed, banks, course or characteristics of a watercourse b) During the execution of the works, appropriate measures to prevent pollution and contamination of the riparian environment must be implemented e.g. including ensuring that construction equipment is well maintained; c) Where earthwork is being undertaken in close proximity to any watercourse, slopes must be stabilised using suitable materials, i.e. sandbags or geotextile fabric, to prevent sand and rock from entering the channel; and d) Appropriate rehabilitation and re-vegetation measures for the watercourse banks must be implemented timeously. In this regard, the banks should be appropriately and incrementally stabilised as soon as development allows. 	Contractor	Activities undertaken near watercourses must be in-line with and consider the specified environmental controls	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No degradation of the watercourses and no incidents of destruction reported

5.10 Vegetation clearing

Impact management outcome: Vegetation clearing is restricted to the authorised development footprint of the proposed infrastructure.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
General:	T	1		T	T	
- Indigenous vegetation which does not interfere with		Demarcate	Construction	ECO	Weekly, and as	No unnecessary
the development must be left undisturbed;	contractor	areas of indigenous vegetation to be avoided before clearance is	and operation (i.e. for maintenance purposes)	Operation and maintenance team	and when required	clearance of indigenous vegetation is undertaken
		undertaken				
 Protected or endangered species may occur on or near the development site. Special care should be taken not to damage such species; 	Contractor	Demarcate areas containing protected or endangered species to be avoided by construction activities	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly, and as and when required	No clearance of protected or endangered species other than those permitted to be removed
 Search, rescue and replanting of all protected and endangered species likely to be damaged during project development must be identified by the relevant specialist and completed prior to any development or clearing; 	Relevant specialist in consultation with the Contractor	Develop and implement a Plant Search and Rescue Plan	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Weekly, and as and when required	Implementation of the Plant Search and Rescue Plan and photographic evidence and notes of the implementation of the plan

 Permits for removal must be obtained from the relevant CA prior to the cutting or clearing of the affected species, and they must be filed; 	DPM	Undertake the permitting process in order to obtain the relevant permits for the removal of protected species. Permits must be kept on file	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of the construction phase and removal of the protected species	Permits on file
 The Environmental Audit Report must confirm that all identified species have been rescued and replanted and that the location of replanting is compliant with conditions of approvals; 	ECO	Ensure that the audit report indicates all species rescued and replanted and provides feedback in terms of compliance with the conditions of permits for replanting	During the Construction Phase and following the completion of the Construction Phase	Not Applicable		
Trees felled due to construction must be documented and form part of the Environmental Audit Report;	ECO	Ensure that the audit report documents the details of trees felled	During the Construction Phase and following the completion of the Construction Phase	Not Applicable		
 Rivers and watercourses must be kept clear of felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris; 	Contractor	Felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris must be disposed of at a	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	No felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris are dumped in inappropriate

 Only a registered pest control operator may apply herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial application must be carried out under the supervision of a registered pest control operator, supervision of a registered pest control operator or is appropriately trained; 	DPM qnd Contractor	licensed waste disposal facility A suitably qualified pest control operator must be appointed	Construction and Operation	ECO	As and when the use of herbicides is required	locations and disposal certificates are available as proof of responsible disposal Only registered pest control operators must be appointed and proof of their registration must be provided
 A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; 	Contractor	Develop a daily register for the documentation of the details of herbicide usage	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Daily register provided by the pest control operator
 No herbicides must be used in estuaries 	Not applicable					
 All protected species and sensitive vegetation not removed must be clearly marked and such areas fenced off in accordance to Section 5.3: Access restricted areas. 	Contractor in consultation with the cEO	Spatially demarcate protected species and sensitive vegetation and implement appropriate fencing where required as per section 5.3	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, during the undertaking of the demarcation of the areas and the erection of the fencing	Demarcation and fencing is undertaken in- line with the requirements of section 5.3
 Alien invasive vegetation must be removed and disposed of at a licensed waste management facility. 	Contractor	Remove all alien invasive vegetation and	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Disposal certificates of disposal at

dispose of the	licensed facilities
removed	to be provided
vegetation at a	and filed as part
licensed waste	of the filing
management	system
facility	

5.11 Protection of fauna

Impact management outcome: Disturbance to fauna is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 No interference with livestock must occur without the landowner's written consent and with the landowner or a person representing the landowner being present; 	dEO / cEO Contractor	Develop a procedure for dealing with livestock within the affected properties	Pre-construction and during the construction phase	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and as and when required during the construction phase	Written consent provided by the landowner and proof of representation of the landowner during interference
 The breeding sites of raptors and other wild birds species must be taken into consideration during the planning of the development programme; 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Ensure that the planning and development programme considers breeding sites for wild bird species	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and as and when required	The planning and development programme which includes the consideration of breeding sites for wild bird species

 Breeding sites must be kept intact and disturbance to breeding birds must be avoided. Special care must be taken where nestlings or fledglings are present; 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Avoid breeding sites and ensure that special care is taken in the presence of nestlings and fledgelings	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Weekly, and as an when required during the construction. Monthly, and as and when required during operation	Photographic record of intact breeding sites
 Special recommendations of the avian specialist must be adhered to at all times to prevent unnecessary disturbance of birds; 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	All mitigation measures recommended by the avifauna specialist must be implemented	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Weekly during construction and monthly during operation	Photographic record of compliance and successful implementation of the recommended measures
 No poaching must be tolerated under any circumstances. All animal dens in close proximity to the works areas must be marked as Access restricted areas; 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	All site staff must be informed of this requirement during the Environmental Awareness Training and the consequences of not adhering to the requirement. These areas must be demarcated as Access Restricted Areas	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No instances of poaching is reported
 No deliberate or intentional killing of fauna is allowed; 	dEO / cEO in consultation	All site staff must be informed of this requirement	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No instances of deliberate of

	with th	he	during the				intentional killing
	Contractor		Environmental				is reported
			Awareness				
			Training and the				
			consequences				
			of not adhering				
			to the				
			requirement.				
			These areas				
			must be				
			demarcated as				
			Access				
			Restricted Areas				
- In areas where snakes are abundant, snake deterrents	dEO / cEO	in	Implement and	During the	ECO	Once, during	Photographic
are to be deployed on the pylons to prevent snakes	consultation		maintain snake	Construction	Operation and	the construction	record of the
climbing up, being electrocuted and causing power	with th	he	deterrents in	Phase	maintenance	and as and	implementation
outages; and	Contractor		areas where	Operation Phase	team	when required.	and
			snakes are			Monthly during	maintenance of
			abundant			operation	snake deterrents
- No Threatened or Protected species (ToPs) and/or	DPM	in	Undertake a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Permits for
protected fauna as listed according NEMBA (Act No.	consultation		permitting			the	removal
10 of 2004) and relevant provincial ordinances may be	with the dEO		process to			commencemen	and/relocation
removed and/or relocated without appropriate			obtain the			t of construction	must be kept on
authorisations/permits.			required permits			and as and	file and be
						when required	readily available

5.12 Protection of heritage resources

Impact management outcome: Impact to heritage re	esources is minimi	sed.					
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Identify, demarcate and prevent impact to all known sensitive heritage features on site in accordance with the No-Go procedure in Section 5.3: Access restricted areas; 	specialist dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor and ECO	Undertake a Heritage Walk- through Survey Spatially identify and demarcate areas of heritage significance as per the Heritage Impact Assessment and the Heritage Walk-through Report and as per the requirements of section 5.3	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Proof of avoidance of sensitive heritage features through details of avoidance and photographic records	
 Carry out general monitoring of excavations for potential fossils, artefacts and material of heritage importance; 	Suitably qualified specialist in consultation with the ECO	Appoint a suitably qualified specialist to carry out the monitoring of excavations for fossils, artefacts and important	During the Construction Phase	ECO	During the undertaking of excavations of fossils, artefacts and heritage material	Proof of appointment of a suitably qualified specialist and photographic record of required	

		heritage material				monitoring by the specialist
 All work must cease immediately, if any human remains and/or other archaeological, palaeontological and historical material are uncovered. Such material, if exposed, must be reported to the nearest museum, archaeologist/ palaeontologist (or the South African Police Services), so that a systematic and professional investigation can be undertaken. Sufficient time must be allowed to remove/collect such material before development recommences. 	consultation with the Contractor and ECO	Develop and implement procedures for situations where human remains, archaeological, palaeontolgoic al or historical material are uncovered	Construction	ECO	Weekly, during the construction phase and as and when required	ceased and the required

5.13 Safety of the public

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Identify fire hazards, demarcate and restrict public	cEO in	Develop an	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Compliance
access to these areas as well as notify the local	consultation	Emergency	Construction		the	with the
authority of any potential threats e.g. large brush	with the	Preparedness,			commencemen	Emergency
stockpiles, fuels etc.;	Contractor	Response and			t of construction	Preparedness,
		Fire			and weekly	Response and
		Management			during the	Fire
		Plan specific to			construction	Management
		the project			phase	Plan
- All unattended open excavations must be adequately	Contractor	Ensure that all	During the	ECO	Weekly	Excavations are
fenced or demarcated;		excavations	Construction			fenced where
		undertaken is	Phase			required and
		fenced and				photographic

		demarcated				proof can be
		within a				provided
		reasonable				
		timeframe and				
		in instances				
		where				
		excavations will				
		be open for				
		long-periods of				
		time				
- Adequate protective measures must be implemented	Contractor	All staff must be	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No incidents of
to prevent unauthorised access to and climbing of		easily	construction		and when	unauthorised
partly constructed infrastructure and protective		identifiable and	phase		required	climbing is
scaffolding;		the climbing of				reported
		infrastructure				
		and scaffolding				
		must be				
		undertaken by				
		authorised				
		personnel as				
		managed by				
		the Contractor				
- Ensure structures vulnerable to high winds are secured;	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Weekly, and as	No incidents of
		sufficient	construction		and when	unstable
		stabilisation	phase		required	structures due to
		measures are				high winds is
		implemented to				reported
		secure structures				
		vulnerable to				
		high winds				
– Maintain an incidents and complaints register in which	cEO	Compile and	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	The incidents
all incidents or complaints involving the public are		regularly update	construction		and when	and complaints
logged.		as incidents and	phase		required	register is
		complaints are				complete and
	1	submitted from	1	1		1 .

the public and	provides all the
indicate the	required details
actions taken to	
resolve the	
complaint	

5.14 Sanitation

Impact management outcome: Clean and well maintained toilet facilities are available to all staff in an effort to minimise the risk of disease and impact to the environment.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Mobile chemical toilets are installed onsite if no other ablution facilities are available; 	Contractor	Mobile chemical toilets must be placed appropriately and in areas which avoid environmental sensitivities	During the	•	Weekly	Mobile toilets are installed and avoid environmental sensitivities
 The use of ablution facilities and or mobile toilets must be used at all times and no indiscriminate use of the veld for the purposes of ablutions must be permitted under any circumstances; 	consultation	in All site staff must be informed of this requirement during the Environmental Awareness Training and the consequences of not adhering		ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No evidence of non-compliance identified

			to the requirement.				
 Where mobile chemical toilets are required, the following must be ensured: a) Toilets are located no closer than 100 m to any watercourse or water body; b) Toilets are secured to the ground to prevent them from toppling due to wind or any other cause; c) No spillage occurs when the toilets are cleaned or emptied and the contents are managed in accordance with the EMPr; d) Toilets have an external closing mechanism and are closed and secured from the outside when not in use to prevent toilet paper from being blown out; e) Toilets are serviced regularly and the ECO must inspect toilets to ensure compliance to health standards; 	Contractor consultation with the cEO	in		During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	No evidence of non-compliance identified
 A copy of the waste disposal certificates must be maintained. 	Contractor		Certificates obtained from the licensed waste disposal facility with the emptying of the toilets must be kept on file	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Certificates for waste disposal from the licensed waste disposal facility

5.15 Prevention of disease

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Undertake environmentally-friendly pest control in the camp area; 	Contractor	Only environmentally- friendly pest control must be used, when required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	As and when pest control is required for the project	Contractor to provide proof of pest control used being environmentally- friendly	
 Ensure that the workforce is sensitised to the effects of sexually transmitted diseases, especially HIV/ AIDS; 	cEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	The effects of sexually transmitted diseases and HIV/ AIDS must be covered in the Environmental Awareness Training	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and monthly during construction	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist	
 The Contractor must ensure that information posters on HIV/ AIDS are displayed in the Contractor Camp area; 	Contractor	Develop and place information posters on HIV/ AIDS	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Photographic evidence of poster placement	
 Information and education relating to sexually transmitted diseases to be made available to both construction workers and local community, where applicable; 	CEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Information and education of sexually transmitted diseases must be	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist	

		covered in the				
		Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training.				
- Free condoms must be made available to all staff on	Contractor	Placement of	During the	ECO	Monthly	Proof of
site at central points;		free condoms in	Construction			placement of
		mobile toilets	Phase			free condoms
		and at the				by the
		construction				contractor to be
		camps				provided
 Medical support must be made available; 	dEO / cEO in	Ensure that	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Check the
	consultation	designated	and Operations			availability of first
	with the	personnel with				aid trained
	Contractor	first aid training				personnel and
		are available on				medical kits
		site and that first				(including if
		aid kits to				these are
		provide medical				complete in
		support is readily				terms of
		available				supplies)
- Provide access to Voluntary HIV Testing and	Contractor	Compile a HIV	During the	ECO	Quarterly, and	Voluntary testing
Counselling Services.		testing schedule	Construction		as and when	schedules and
		and provide	Phase		required	proof of
		counselling				counselling
		services where				(where
		required				undertaken)

5.16 Emergency procedures

Impact management outcome: Emergency procedures are in place to enable a rapid and effective response to all types of environmental emergencies.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Compile an Emergency Response Action Plan (ERAP) prior to the commencement of the proposed project; 	Contractor	Develop an Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan specific to the project	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan compiled	
- The Emergency Plan must deal with accidents, potential spillages and fires in line with relevant legislation;	Contractor	Develop an Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan specific to the project which covers accidents, potential spillages and fires	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan includes required specifications	
 All staff must be made aware of emergency procedures as part of environmental awareness training; 	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Develop environmental awareness training material	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the commencemen t of the environmental	Environmental awareness training material	

			which covers the			awareness	requirements
			relevant			training	checklist
			emergency				
			procedures				
- The relevant local authority must be made aware of a	Contractor	in	Develop and	Construction	ECO	As and when a	The local
fire as soon as it starts;	consultation		include a			fire occurs	authority was
	with the ECO		procedure in the				informed as per
			Emergency				the relevant
			Preparedness,				procedure set
			Response and				out in the
			Fire				Emergency
			Management				Preparedness,
			Plan for the				Response and
			event of a fire				Fire
			and the				Management
			procedure to be				Plan
			followed for				
			informing the				
			local authority				
- In the event of emergency necessary mitigation	Contractor		Implement the	Construction	ECO	As and when a	The mitigation
measures to contain the spill or leak must be			required	and Operations		spill or leak	measures
implemented (see Hazardous Substances section 5.17).			mitigation			occurs	included under
			measures in the				Section 5.17
			event of a spill or				have been
			leak as per the				adhered to
			requirements of				
			Section 5.17.				

5.17 Hazardous substances

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 The use and storage of hazardous substances to be minimised and non-hazardous and non-toxic alternatives substituted where possible; 	cEO in consultation with the Contractor	strategy of how hazardous substances can be and should be minimised	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Contractor to provide evidence of substances used for proof of compliance	
 All hazardous substances must be stored in suitable containers as defined in the Method Statement; 	Contractor	Develop a Method Statement for the storage of hazardous substances in suitable containers	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Photographic proof that hazardous substances are stored in suitable containers as per the requirements of the relevant Method Statements	
 Containers must be clearly marked to indicate contents, quantities and safety requirements; 	Contractor	Where hazardous waste is stored these must be clearly marked indicating the	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic proof that containers are marked as per the requirements	

		required details of the contents				
 All storage areas must be bunded. The bunded area must be of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers; 	Contractor	Ensure that storage areas are sufficiently bunded which are of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly during the Construction Phase	Photographic proof that storage areas are bunded and proof that the bund areas are of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers
 Bunded areas to be suitably lined with a SABS approved liner; 	Contractor	Ensure that bunded storage areas are suitably lined	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, during the Construction Phase	Photographic proof that bunded storage areas are suitably lined
 An Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance (HCS) control sheet must be drawn up and kept up to date on a continuous basis; 	cEO / Contractor	Compile and update an Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance (HCS) control sheet specific to the project	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Complete and up to date control sheet provided by the Contractor
 All hazardous chemicals that will be used on site must have Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS); 	cEO / Contractor	Keep a record of all hazardous chemicals and the respective MSDS	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Record of hazardous chemicals and the respective MSDS

 All employees working with HCS must be trained in the safe use of the substance and according to the safety data sheet; 	cEO Contractor	/	Provide training for personnel working with HCS	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and as and when required	Record of training provided to personnel working with HCS
 Employees handling hazardous substances / materials must be aware of the potential impacts and follow appropriate safety measures. Appropriate personal protective equipment must be made available; 	cEO Contractor	/	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the relevant impacts and safety measures. Provide appropriate training and personal protective equipment for the relevant personnel handling hazardous substances and materials	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Prior to the commencemen t of the environmental awareness training and monthly during the construction phase for personal protective equipment	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist and all relevant personnel have undergone appropriate training and have access to personal protective equipment
 The Contractor must ensure that diesel and other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid is stored in appropriate storage tanks or in bowsers; 	Contractor		Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed or obtained for the storing of diesel, other liquid fuel,	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Storage tanks for the project are appropriate and no incidents are reported in this regard

		oil and hydraulic fluid				
 The tanks/ bowsers must be situated on a smooth impermeable surface (concrete) with a permanent bund. The impermeable lining must extend to the crest of the bund and the volume inside the bund must be 130% of the total capacity of all the storage tanks/ bowsers (110% statutory requirement plus an allowance for rainfall); 	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed or obtained for tanks as per the requirements listed	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Storage areas for the tanks/ bowsers for the project are appropriate and no incidents are reported in this regard
 The floor of the bund must be sloped, draining to an oil separator; 	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed as per the requirements listed	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, during construction	Bunded storage areas are constructed according to the requirements
 Provision must be made for refuelling at the storage area by protecting the soil with an impermeable groundcover. Where dispensing equipment is used, a drip tray must be used to ensure small spills are contained; 	Contractor	Appropriately constructed refuelling facility must be developed as per the requirements. Drip trays must be provided for use	During the Construction Phase	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Soils at the refuelling facility are protected as required and drip trays are provided and used
 All empty externally dirty drums must be stored on a drip tray or within a bunded area; 	Contractor	Ensure that empty dirty drums are stored appropriately as per the requirements	During the Construction Phase	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Drip trays or bunded areas are used for the storage of dirty drums

 No unauthorised access into the hazardous substances storage areas must be permitted; 	Contractor	Ensure through the implementation of procedures that no unauthorised access is undertaken into the storage areas	Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of the implementation of the relevant procedure must be provided by the contractor
 No smoking must be allowed within the vicinity of the hazardous storage areas; 	Contractor	Inform all employees of the requirement and develop and place relevant signage in the relevant areas	During the Construction Phase	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Photographic record of the signage placed must be provided
 Adequate fire-fighting equipment must be made available at all hazardous storage areas; 	Contractor	Hazardous storage areas must be fitted with adequate fire-fighting equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Adequate fire- fighting equipment is available and has been serviced
 Where refuelling away from the dedicated refuelling station is required, a mobile refuelling unit must be used. Appropriate ground protection such as drip trays must be used; 	Contractor	Provide a mobile refuelling unit as well as suitable ground protection, where required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	A mobile refuelling unit and suitable ground protection is available for use
 An appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the scale of the activity/s involving the use of hazardous substance must be available at all times; 	Contractor	Provide an appropriate spill kit for the project for the use of	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Appropriate spill kits are available for use

		hazardous substances				
 The responsible operator must have the required training to make use of the spill kit in emergency situations; 	cEO ar Contractor	d Provide training on the use of spill kits to the relevant employees	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Proof of training to be provided by the contractor
 An appropriate number of spill kits must be available and must be located in all areas where activities are being undertaken; 	cEO ar Contractor	d Provide an appropriate number of spill kits in relevant areas	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of appropriate number of spill kits in appropriate areas to be provided by the contractor
 In the event of a spill, contaminated soil must be collected in containers and stored in a central location and disposed of according to the National Environmental Management: Waste Act 59 of 2008. Refer to Section 5.7 for procedures concerning storm and waste water management and 5.8 for solid and hazardous waste management. 	cEO ar Contractor	d Storage and disposal of contaminated soil must be in accordance with the National Environmental Management: Waste Act and sections 5.7 and 5.8 of this EMPr	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof of storage and disposal in terms of the National Environmental Management: Waste Act must be provided. Certificates of disposal at licensed waste disposal facilities must be provided

5.18 Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Where possible and practical all maintenance of vehicles and equipment must take place in the workshop area; 	Contractor	Demarcate specific areas for the maintenance of vehicles and equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	A dedicated area for the maintenance of vehicles and machinery is used.	
 During servicing of vehicles or equipment, especially where emergency repairs are effected outside the workshop area, a suitable drip tray must be used to prevent spills onto the soil. The relevant local authority must be made aware of a fire as soon as it starts; 	Contractor	Ensure that a drip tray is available for an emergency repairs required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide evidence of drip tray use for emergency repairs	
 Leaking equipment must be repaired immediately or be removed from site to facilitate repair; 	Contractor	Ensure that where leaking equipment is identified it is repaired immediately or removed from site for repairs	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide details of equipment repaired or removed from site	
 Workshop areas must be monitored for oil and fuel spills; 	cEO	Undertake regular inspections of the workshop areas for oil and fuel spills and	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Register of inspection	

 Appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the scale of the activity taking place must be available; 	Contractor	keep an updated register of inspection on site Provide an appropriate spill kit for the project	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Appropriate spill kits are available for use
 The workshop area must have a bunded concrete slab that is sloped to facilitate runoff into a collection sump or suitable oil / water separator where maintenance work on vehicles and equipment can be performed; 	Contractor	Ensure that the workshop area is sufficiently bunded in accordance with the required specification	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, during the Construction Phase and as and when required	Workshop area is bunded in accordance with the required specification
 Water drainage from the workshop must be contained and managed in accordance Section 5.7: Storm and waste water management. 	Contractor	Ensure that water drainage from workshop area is managed as per the requirements of section 5.7	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Workshop drainage is managed in accordance with the requirements

5.19 Batching plants

Impact management outcome: Minimise spillages and contamination of soil, surface water and groundwater.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	ı		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Concrete mixing must be carried out on an impermeable surface; 	Contractor	Provide impermeable surface for the mixing of concrete	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	No concrete mixing is undertaken on open ground	
 Batching plants areas must be fitted with a containment facility for the collection of cement laden water. 	Contractor	Provide containment facility for the collection of cement laden water	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	No cement laden water is released into the environment	
 Dirty water from the batching plant must be contained to prevent soil and groundwater contamination 	Contractor	Provide containment facility for the collection of cement laden water (dirty water)	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	No cement laden water is released into the environment	
 Bagged cement must be stored in an appropriate facility and at least 10 m away from any water courses, gullies and drains; 	Contractor	Demarcate and provide a storage area for bagged cement in-line with the listed requirements	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Photographic proof of bagged cement stored within the demarcated area	

 A washout facility must be provided for washing of concrete associated equipment. Water used for washing must be restricted; 	Contractor	Provide a washout facility for the washing of associated equipment. Enforce limitations on water use for washing of equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	No cement laden water is released into the environment. Only minimal water is used for washing
 Hardened concrete from the washout facility or concrete mixer can either be reused or disposed of at an appropriate licensed disposal facility; 	Contractor	Make use of hardened concrete where possible or dispose of concrete in a suitable manner	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Certificates of disposal of concrete at licensed waste disposal facility
 Empty cement bags must be secured with adequate binding material if these will be temporarily stored on site; 	Contractor	Bind empty cement bags and temporarily store it in an appropriate area on site	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of binding of empty cement bags and storage in an appropriate are on site to be provided by the Contractor
 Sand and aggregates containing cement must be kept damp to prevent the generation of dust (Refer to Section 5.20: Dust emissions) 	Contractor	Ensure that sand and aggregates are kept damp or otherwise protected from dust generation	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of damping (or alternative dust suppression) of sand and aggregates must be provided by the Contractor

- Any excess sand, stone and cement must be removed	Contractor	Ensure that all	At the	ECO	Once, with the	Certificates for
or reused from site on completion of the construction		excess sand,	completion of		completion of	the disposal of
period and disposed at a registered disposal facility;		stone and	the Construction		construction	sand, stone and
		cement is	Phase			cement at
		removed or				licensed waste
		reused				disposal facilities
						or proof of reuse
						must be
						provided
- Temporary fencing must be erected around batching	Contractor	Erect temporary	During the	ECO	Weekly	Temporary
plants in accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing and		fencing around	Construction			fencing is
gate installation.		batching plants	Phase			undertaken in
		as per the				accordance
		requirements				with section 5.5
		listed in section				
		5.5				

5.20 Dust emissions

Impact management outcome: Dust prevention measures are applied to minimise the generation of dust.									
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring					
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence compliance			
 Take all reasonable measures to minimise the generation of dust as a result of project development activities to the satisfaction of the ECO; 	Contractor	Apply appropriate dust suppressant	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Contractor to provide proof of use of appropriate du suppressants			
 Removal of vegetation must be avoided until such time as soil stripping is required and similarly exposed 	Contractor	Proper planning for vegetation removal must be	During the Construction	ECO	Weekly	Plan fo implementation must b			

surfaces must be re-vegetated or stabilised as soon as		undertaken as well as for the	Phase and Rehabilitation			provided by the Contractor
is practically possible;		associated rehabilitation	Renabilitation			Confractor
 Excavation, handling and transport of erodible materials must be avoided under high wind conditions or when a visible dust plume is present; 	Contractor	Ensure that specific limitations are placed on the transport and handling of erodible materials during high wind conditions or when a visible dust plume is present	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Bi-weekly (every second week)	No complaints submitted in this regard
 During high wind conditions, the ECO must evaluate the situation and make recommendations as to whether dust-damping measures are adequate, or whether working will cease altogether until the wind speed drops to an acceptable level; 	ECO	ECO to provide adequate recommendatio ns	During the Construction Phase	Not Applicable		
 Where possible, soil stockpiles must be located in sheltered areas where they are not exposed to the erosive effects of the wind; 	Contractor	Place soil stockpiles in areas less affected by wind	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Bi-weekly (every second week)	Soil stockpiles are not exposed to wind and have not been eroded
 Where erosion of stockpiles becomes a problem, erosion control measures must be implemented at the discretion of the ECO; 	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Contractor to implement erosion control measures as recommended and agreed with the ECO	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly, until erosion is no longer a problem	

- Vehicle speeds must not exceed 40 km/h along dust	cEO / dEO /	Inform all drivers	During the	ECO	Monthly	No complaints
roads or 20 km/h when traversing unconsolidated and	contractor	of speed limits	Construction	Operation and		from community
non-vegetated areas;		and place	Phase	Maintenance		members are
		appropriate	Operation Phase	team		submitted
		signage along				
		the relevant				
		roads				
- Straw stabilisation must be applied at a rate of one	Contractor	Ensure that straw	During the	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
bale/10 m ² and harrowed into the top 100 mm of top		stabilisation is	Construction			record of all
material, for all completed earthworks;		undertaken as	Phase			straw
		per the listed				stabilisation
		requirements				undertaken
- For significant areas of excavation or exposed ground,	Contractor	Appropriate	During the	ECO	Weekly	Photographic
dust suppression measures must be used to minimise		dust suppressant	Construction			record of
the spread of dust.		measures are	Phase			measures being
		implemented				implemented
						and the results
						thereof

5.21 Blasting

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment is minimised through a safe blasting practice.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Any blasting activity must be conducted by a suitably	Not Applicable –					
licensed blasting contractor; and	no blasting					
	proposed					
- Notification of surrounding landowners, emergency	Not Applicable –					
services site personnel of blasting activity 24 hours prior	no blasting					
to such activity taking place on Site.	proposed					

5.22 Noise

Impact Management outcome: Prevent unnecessary noise to the environment by ensuring that noise from development activity is mitigated.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 The Contractor must keep noise level within acceptable limits, Restrict the use of sound amplification equipment for communication and emergency only; 	Contractor	Ensure that noise limits do not exceed acceptable limits and avoid the use of amplification communication	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No complaints registered in this regard. No amplification equipment is used.
 All vehicles and machinery must be fitted with appropriate silencing technology and must be properly maintained; 	Contractor	Provide and implement silencing technology	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No complaints registered in this regard. Silencing technology is utilised.
 Any complaints received by the Contractor regarding noise must be recorded and communicated. Where possible or applicable, provide transport to and from the site on a daily basis for construction workers; 		Update complaints register. Provide daily transport to and from site for employees	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Complaints register provided by the cEO and proof of transportation services provided
 Develop a Code of Conduct for the construction phase in terms of behaviour of construction staff. Operating hours as determined by the environmental authorisation are adhered to during the development phase. Where not defined, it must be ensured that 	cEO and Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Compile a Code of Conduct for staff. Appropriate operating hours	Pre-construction and Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	No complaints registered in this regard.

	nust be
management outcome related to noise id	dentified for the
management. pr	project.

5.23 Fire prevention

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence o compliance	
 Designate smoking areas where the fire hazard could be regarded as insignificant; 	cEO / Contractor	Identify and demarcate through signage designated smoking areas	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record c designated smoking area	
 Firefighting equipment must be available on all vehicles located on site; 	cEO / dEO in consultation with the Contractor	Provide all vehicles with firefighting equipment	Construction	ECO	Monthly	All vehicles and fitted with firefighting equipment and the detail thereof and provided by the cEO	
 The local Fire Protection Agency (FPA) must be informed of construction activities; 	cEO in consultation with the ECO	Undertake formal consultation to inform the local FPA of the associated	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, during the commencemen t of the Construction Phase	Proof c consultation with the FPA	

		construction				
 Contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services must be communicated in environmental awareness training and displayed at a central location on site; 	dEO / cEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	activities Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services.	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Prior to the commencemen t of the environmental awareness training and once during the construction phase	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist and photographic record of contact numbers on display
- Two way swop of contact details between ECO and FPA.	ECO	contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services at a visible and central location Consultation between the ECO and FPA in order to exchange contact details	Pre-construction	Not Applicable		

5.24 Stockpiling and stockpile areas

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence o compliance	
 All material that is excavated during the project development phase (either during piling (if required) or earthworks) must be stored appropriately on site in order to minimise impacts to watercourses, watercourses and water bodies; 	Contractor	Identify and demarcate an appropriate location for the storage of excavated materials	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly	Excavated material is no stored withir sensitive environmental areas	
 All stockpiled material must be maintained and kept clear of weeds and alien vegetation growth by undertaking regular weeding and control methods; 	Contractor	Implement appropriate and sufficient maintenance on stockpiled material regularly	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Bi-weekly (every second month)	Stockpiled material is maintained sufficiently and is clear of weeds and alien vegetation	
 Topsoil stockpiles must not exceed 2 m in height; 	Contractor	Enforce limitations for the height of topsoil stockpiles	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Bi-weekly (every second month)	Topsoil stockpiles do not exceec 2m in height	
 During periods of strong winds and heavy rain, the stockpiles must be covered with appropriate material (e.g. cloth, tarpaulin etc.); 	Contractor	Appropriate material must be provided in order to cover stockpiles when required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide proof of availability of appropriate material to cover stockpiles when required	

- Where possible, sandbags (or similar) must be placed	Contractor	Sandbags must	During the	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to
at the bases of the stockpiled material in order to		be provided in	Construction			provide proof of
prevent erosion of the material.		order to prevent	Phase			availability of
		erosion of				sandbags to
		stockpiled				prevent erosion
		materials				of stockpiled
						materials

5.25 Civil works

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Where terracing is required, topsoil must be collected and retained for the purpose of re-use later to rehabilitate disturbed areas not covered by yard stone; 	Contractor	Collect and retain topsoil for terracing	During the Construction Phase Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Proof of collection and retaining of topsoil
 Areas to be rehabilitated include terrace embankments and areas outside the high voltage yards; 	Contractor	Undertake rehabilitation of terrace embankments and areas outside of the high voltage yard where applicable	During the Construction Phase Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Photographic record of rehabilitation of terrace embankments and areas outside the high voltage yards
 Where required, all sloped areas must be stabilised to ensure proper rehabilitation is effected and erosion is controlled; 	Contractor	All disturbed slope areas must be stabilised	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Disturbed slopes are stabilised sufficiently

 These areas can be stabilised using design structures or vegetation as specified in the design to prevent erosion of embankments. The contract design specifications must be adhered to and implemented strictly; 		Stabilise slopes as per the design specifications	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Slopes are stabilised as per the design specifications
 Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas must be managed in accordance with Section 5.35: Landscaping and rehabilitation; 	Contractor	Undertaken rehabilitation of disturbed areas as per the requirements listed under section 5.35	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of disturbed areas is undertaken in- line with the requirements of section 5.35
 All excess spoil generated during terracing activities must be disposed of in an appropriate manner and at a recognised landfill site; and 	Contractor	Use a licensed waste disposal facility for the disposal of excess spoil	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Certificates obtained for the disposal of excess spoil at a licensed waste disposal facility
 Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes and must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for rehabilitation purposes. 	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Construction and Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor

5.26 Excavation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage systems

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence c compliance
 All excess spoil generated during foundation excavation must be disposed of in an appropriate manner and at a licensed landfill site, if not used for backfilling purposes; 	Contractor	Use a licensed waste disposal facility for the disposal of excess spoil	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Certificates obtained for th disposal c excess spoil at licensed wast disposal facility
 Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes and must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for rehabilitation purposes; 	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Construction and Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of spo used for landscaping purposes as we as feedbac from the contractor
- Management of equipment for excavation purposes must be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage; and	Contractor	Undertake the management of equipment for excavation as per the requirements of section 5.18	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of equipment undertaken line with th requirements of section 5.18
- Hazardous substances spills from equipment must be managed in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances.	Contractor	Undertake the management of hazardous substances spills from equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management hazardous substances sp from equipme is undertaken

as per the	line with the
requirements of	requirements of
section 5.17	section 5.17

5.27 Installation of foundations, cable trenching and drainage systems

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation				
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence o compliance
 Batching of cement to be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.19: Batching plants; and 	Contractor	Undertake the batching of cement as per the requirements of section 5.19	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management c batching cement i undertaken i line with the requirements c section 5.19
 Residual solid waste must be disposed of in accordance with Section 5.8: Solid waste and hazardous management. 	Contractor	Undertake the disposal of solid waste as per the requirements of section 5.8	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	The disposal of solid waste undertaken i line with sectio 5.8.

5.28 Installation of equipment (circuit breakers, current Transformers, Isolators, Insulators, surge arresters, voltage transformers, earth switches)

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of installation of equipment.	
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Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Management of dust must be conducted in accordance with Section 5. 20: Dust emissions; 		Manage dust as per the requirements of section5.20	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	The management of dust is undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.20
 Management of equipment used for installation must be conducted in accordance with Section 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage; 	Contractor	Undertake the management of equipment for installation as per the requirements of section 5.18	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of equipment is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.18
 Management of hazardous substances and any associated spills must be conducted in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances; and 	Contractor	Undertake the management of hazardous substances and associated spills as per the requirements of section 5.17	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of hazardous substances and associated spills is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.17
 Residual solid waste must be recycled or disposed of in accordance with Section 5.8: Solid waste and hazardous management. 	Contractor	Undertake the recycling or disposal of residual solid	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	The recycling or disposaldisposalof residualresidualsolid waste

waste as per the	undertaken in
requirements of	line with section
section 5.8	5.8.

5.29 Steelwork Assembly and Erection

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 During assembly, care must be taken to ensure that no wasted/unused materials are left on site e.g. bolts and nuts 	Contractor	Inspect areas where construction is being undertaken and remove and appropriately disposed of wasted/unused materials	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Contractor to provide proof of inspection and removal of waste/unused materials and the appropriate disposal thereof (i.e. disposal certificates)
 Emergency repairs due to breakages of equipment must be managed in accordance with Section 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage and Section 5.16: Emergency procedures. 	Contractor	Undertake emergency repairs of equipment as per the requirements of section 5.18 and 5.16	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Emergency repairs of equipment is undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.18 and 5.16

5.30 Cabling and Stringing

Impact management outcome: No environmental de	egradation occur	rs as a result of strin	nging.				
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Residual solid waste (off cuts etc.) shall be recycled or disposed of in accordance with Section 5.8: Solid waste and hazardous Management; 	Contractor	Undertake the recycling or disposal of residual solid waste as per the requirements of section 5.8	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	The recycling or disposal of residual solid waste is undertaken in line with section 5.8.	
 Management of equipment used for installation shall be conducted in accordance with Section 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage; 	Contractor	Undertake the management of equipment for installation as per the requirements of section 5.18	- 0	ECO	Monthly	Management of equipment for installation is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.18	
 Management hazardous substances and any associated spills shall be conducted in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances. 	Contractor	Undertake the management of hazardous substances and associated spills as per the requirements of section 5.17	U U	ECO	Monthly	Management of hazardous substances and associated spills is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.17	

5.31 Testing and Commissioning (all equipment testing, earthing system, system integration)

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of Testing and Commissioning.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Residual solid waste must be recycled or disposed of in accordance with Section 5.8: Solid waste and hazardous management. 	Contractor	Undertake the recycling or disposal of residual solid waste as per the requirements of section 5.8	During the Construction	ECO	Monthly	The recycling or disposal of residual solid waste is undertaken in line with section 5.8.

5.32 Socio-economic

Impact management outcome: enhanced socio-eco	onomic developm	nent.				
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Develop and implement communication strategies to facilitate public participation; 	dEO / cEO	Identify and implement appropriate strategies for communication with the communities through consideration of	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and monthly during the construction	Communication is undertaken as per the identified strategies and no complaints are submitted regarding communication

		the community needs				
 Develop and implement a collaborative and constructive approach to conflict resolution as part of the external stakeholder engagement process; 	Contractor	Development and implement a Grievance Mechanism which considers the community needs and provides procedures for conflict resolution	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Conflict resolution is undertaken in line with the requirements of the Grievance Mechanism. No complaints on conflict resolution is submitted by the community
 Sustain continuous communication and liaison with neighboring owners and residents 	Contractor	Development and implement a Grievance Mechanism which provides procedures for communication / liaison with neighbouring landowners and residents	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Communication / liaison with neighbouring landowners and residents are undertaken in line with the requirements of the Grievance Mechanism. No complaints on communication with neighbouring landowners and residents is submitted
 Create work and training opportunities for local stakeholders; and 	Contractor	Develop and implement a "locals first"	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen	The "locals first" policy is considered in
		policy for the			t of construction	terms of the

		provision of employment opportunities	and monthly during the construction phase	employment and training opportunities
 Where feasible, no workers, with the exception of security personnel, must be permitted to stay over- night on the site. This would reduce the risk to local farmers. 	no workers,			

5.33 Temporary closure of site

Impact management outcome: Minimise the risk of e	nvironmental imp	act during period	s of site closure gi	reater than five d	ays.			
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring				
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
 Bunds must be emptied (where applicable) and need to be undertaken in accordance with the impact management actions included in sections 5.17: Hazardous substances and 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage; 	Contractor	Regular emptying of the bunds must be undertaken. This must be undertaken as per the requirements listed in sections 5.17 and 5.18	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Bunds are emptied as per the requirements listed under sections 5.17 and 5.18		
 Hazardous storage areas must be well ventilated; 	Contractor	Install appropriate ventilation in all	During the construction phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Effective ventilation is installed in		

			hazardous storage areas				hazardous storage areas
 Fire extinguishers must be serviced and accessible. Service records to be filed and audited at last service; 	Contractor cEO	/	Ensure fire extinguishers are serviced, as required and are easily accessible with appropriate signage indicating location. Ensure service records and kept up to date and filed	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Signage placed indicating location of fire extinguishers and service records
 Emergency and contact details displayed must be displayed; 	Contractor cEO	/	Place emergency and contact details which are readily available and easily accessible	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Photographic proof of contact details on display
 Security personnel must be briefed and have the facilities to contact or be contacted by relevant management and emergency personnel; 	Contractor consultation with the ECO	in	Hold a workshop with all security personnel to provide a brief of the project and security requirements. Provide facilities in order to contact management and emergency personnel	Pre-construction & construction	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of the workshop held must be kept on file by the contractor.

 Night hazards such as reflectors, lighting, traffic signage etc. must have been checked; Fire hazards identified and the local authority must have been notified of any potential threats e.g. large brush stockpiles, fuels etc.; 	Contractor CEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Regular checks of night hazards must be undertaken Identify any potential fire hazards and notify the	During the Construction Phase During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of checks of night hazards must be provided by the contractor Proof of notification of the fire hazards to the local
		relevant local authority				authority must be provided by the Contractor
 Structures vulnerable to high winds must be secured; 	Contractor	Ensure structures vulnerable to wind is secure prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Structures vulnerable to wind is secured prior to site closure
 Wind and dust mitigation must be implemented; 	Contractor	Implement wind and dust mitigation prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Wind and dust mitigation is implemented prior to site closure
 Cement and materials stores must have been secured; 	Contractor	Ensure cement and material stores are secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Cement and material stores are secured prior to site closure
 Toilets must have been emptied and secured; 	Contractor	Ensure toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closure
 Refuse bins must have been emptied and secured; 	Contractor	Ensure refuse bins are emptied and secured	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Refuse bins are emptied and secured prior to site closure

		prior to site closure				
 Drip trays must have been emptied and secured. 	Contractor	Ensure drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site closure	Construction	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site closure

5.34 Dismantling of old equipment

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	ו		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence o compliance
 All old equipment removed during the project must be stored in such a way as to prevent pollution of the environment; 	Contractor	Appropriately store old equipment in a manner which prevents pollution to the environment. This could include the construction of bunded areas	Decommissionin g	Eco	Monthly	Photographic record o appropriate storage of olc equipment
 Oil containing equipment must be stored to prevent leaking or be stored on drip trays; 	Contractor	Appropriately store equipment containing oil through the use of drip trays or	Decommissionin g	Eco	Monthly	Photographic record o appropriate storage o equipment containing oil

		other suitable methods				
 All scrap steel must be stacked neatly and any disused and broken insulators must be stored in containers; 	Contractor	Ensure all scrap steel is stacked neatly and store disused and broken insulators in appropriate containers	Decommissionin g	Eco	Monthly	Photographic record of stacked scrap steel and containers containing broken and disused insulators
 Once material has been scrapped and the contract has been placed for removal, the disposal Contractor must ensure that any equipment containing pollution causing substances is dismantled and transported in such a way as to prevent spillage and pollution of the environment; 	Contractor	Develop and implement a procedure for the dismantling and transportation of equipment containing pollution causing substances which prevents spillage and pollution of the environment	Decommissionin g	Eco	Monthly	Proof from contractor that dismantling and transportation of equipment containing pollution causing substances has been undertaken in an appropriate manner
 The Contractor must also be equipped to contain and clean up any pollution causing spills; and 	Contractor	Ensure sufficient spill kits are available for the clean up of pollution causing spills	Decommissionin g	Eco	Monthly	Sufficient spill kits are available on site
 Disposal of unusable material must be at a licensed waste disposal site. 	Contractor	Make use of a licensed waste disposal site	Decommissionin g	Eco	Monthly	Certificates obtained for the disposal at a

			licensed wa disposal site	ste
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5.35 Landscaping and rehabilitation

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation				
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence c compliance
 All areas disturbed by construction activities must be subject to landscaping and rehabilitation; All spoil and waste must be disposed of to a registered waste site; 	Contractor	Develop and implement a rehabilitation plan for the rehabilitation of all disturbed areas. Dispose of all spoil and waste at a licensed waste disposal facility	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas i undertaken a per the rehabilitation plan. A certificates of waste disposo at licensed facilities are available.
 All slopes must be assessed for contouring, and to contour only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983 	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Assess all slopes and determine whether contouring is required	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	All slopes are assessed and contoured a required
 All slopes must be assessed for terracing, and to terrace only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983; 	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Assess all slopes and determine whether	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	All slopes ar assessed an terraced c required

		terracing is required				
 Berms that have been created must have a slope of 1:4 and be replanted with indigenous species and grasses that approximates the original condition; 	Contractor	Ensure all berms have a slope of 1:4 and is replanted with indigenous species and grasses	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	All berms have a slope of 1:4 and is replanted with indigenous species and grasses
 Where new access roads have crossed cultivated farmlands, that lands must be rehabilitated by ripping which must be agreed to by the holder of the EA and the landowners; 	Not applicable					
- Rehabilitation of access roads inside of farmland;	Not applicable					
 Indigenous species must be used for with species and/grasses to where it compliments or approximates the original condition; 	Contractor	Make use of indigenous species for rehabilitation	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Indigenous species are used for rehabilitation
 Stockpiled topsoil must be used for rehabilitation (refer to Section 5.24: Stockpiling and stockpiled areas); 	Contractor	Ensure stockpiled topsoil is used as per the requirements listed under section 5.24	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Stockpiled topsoil is used as per the requirements listed under section 5.24
 Stockpiled topsoil must be evenly spread so as to facilitate seeding and minimise loss of soil due to erosion; 	Contractor	Ensure that topsoil is spread evenly	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Topsoil is spread evenly
 Before placing topsoil, all visible weeds from the placement area and from the topsoil must be removed; 	Contractor	Remove all visible weeds from placement area and topsoil before spreading the topsoil	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	No weeds are visible in the placement area or the topsoil

 Subsoil must be ripped before topsoil is placed; 	Contractor	Undertake the ripping of subsoil	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Subsoil is ripped before topsoil is
		prior to the spreading of topsoil				placed
 The rehabilitation must be timed so that rehabilitation can take place at the optimal time for vegetation establishment; 	Contractor	Plan the timeframe for rehabilitation in order to undertake vegetation planting during the optimal time for vegetation establishment	Rehabilitation	ECO	At the start of rehabilitation to confirm correct timeframe	Rehabilitation is undertaken during the optimal time
 Where impacted through construction related activity, all sloped areas must be stabilised to ensure proper rehabilitation is effected and erosion is controlled; 	Contractor	All disturbed slope areas must be stabilised	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Disturbed slopes are stabilised sufficiently
 Sloped areas stabilised using design structures or vegetation as specified in the design to prevent erosion of embankments. The contract design specifications must be adhered to and implemented strictly; 	Contractor	Stabalise slopes as per the design specifications	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Slopes are stabilised as per the design specifications
 Spoil can be used for backfilling or landscaping as long as it is covered by a minimum of 150 mm of topsoil. 	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor
 Where required, re-vegetation including hydro- seeding can be enhanced using a vegetation seed mixture as described below. A mixture of seed can be 	Contractor in consultation with a suitably	suitable	Rehabilitation	ECO	As and when required	Use of a suitable vegetation seed

used provided the mixture is carefully selected to	qualified	mixture should		mixture	if
ensure the following:	specialist	enhancement		required	
a) Annual and perennial plants are chosen;		be required			
b) Pioneer species are included;					
c) Species chosen must be indigenous to the area with					
the seeds used coming from the area;					
d) Root systems must have a binding effect on the soil;					
e) The final product must not cause an ecological					
imbalance in the area					

6 ACCESS TO THE GENERIC EMPr

Once completed and signed, to allow the public access to the generic EMPr, the holder of the EA must make the EMPr available to the public in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 26(h) of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 2

7 SITE SPECIFIC INFORMATION AND DECLARATION

7.1 Sub-section 1: contact details and description of the project

7.1.1 Details of the applicant:

Name of applicant: Genesis Namas Wind (Pty) Ltd

Tel No: 083-460-3898

Fax No: 086-689-0583

Postal Address: PO Box 363, Newlands, Cape Town, 7725

Physical Address: 39 De Villiers Road. Kommetjie, Cape Town, 7975

7.1.2 Details and expertise of the EAP:

Name of EAP: Karen Jodas

Tel No: 011-656-3237

Fax No: 086-684-0547

E-mail address: karen@savannahsa.com

Expertise of the EAP (Curriculum Vitae included): Refer to Appendix 2 of this EMPr for a CV of the EAP

7.1.3 Project name: Grid Connection Infrastructure for the Namas Wind Farm, Northern Cape Province (DEA Ref.: 14/12/16/3/3/1/2032)

7.1.4 Description of the project:

Genesis Namas Wind (Pty) Ltd proposes the construction and operation of a grid connection solution for the proposed Namas Wind Farm, near Kleinsee, Northern Cape Province. The grid connection solution will include the development of a collector substation (known as the Rooivlei Substation) and a double-circuit 132kV power line (known as the Rooivlei-Gromis 132kV power line) to connect the Namas Wind Farm to the national grid. The infrastructure includes:

- » a collector substation (known as the Rooivlei Substation);
- » a double-circuit 132kV power line (known as the Rooivlei-Gromis 132kV double-circuit power line); and
- » associated infrastructure such as access tracks/roads and laydown areas.

A corridor 300m wide and 32km long is being assessed to allow for the optimisation of the grid and associated infrastructure and to accommodate environmental sensitivities. The grid infrastructure (including the power line and collector substation) will be developed within the assessed 300m wide corridor (known as the grid connection corridor). Two grid connection options exist within the corridor, namely:

- » A direct connection from the proposed Rooivlei Substation to the existing Gromis Substation located ~26km from the northern boundary of the Namas Wind Farm project site. This is considered to be the preferred option from a technical perspective due to the fact that the Gromis Substation is already existing.
- » A direct connection from the Rooivlei Substation to a proposed collector substation (known as the Strandveld Substation) which forms part of the Zonnequa Wind Farm grid connection solution. The Strandveld Substation is located ~6km from the northern boundary of the Namas Wind Farm project site. This option is only viable should the Zonnequa Wind Farm be developed.

It must be noted that the assessed corridor route is located directly adjacent and parallel to the approved (however, yet to be constructed) Eskom Gromis-Juno 400kV power line.

The Namas Wind Farm received an Environmental Authorisation in February 2019 from the Department of Environmental Affairs, as part of a separate application for environmental authorisation undertaken for the wind farm (DEA ref.: 14/12/16/3/3/1/1971). This Application therefore focusses on the grid connection solution required to be constructed and operated in order for the Namas Wind Farm to evacuate the generated power to the national grid.

NO	FARM NAME(if	FARM NUMBER(if	PORTION	PORTION	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE
	applicable)	applicable)	NAME	NUMBER		
1	Zonnekwa	328	N/A	3	Refer to the table below	v for the relevant project
2	Zonnekwa	328	N/A	2	coordinates as included	in the Basic Assessment
3	Zonnekwa	326	N/A	1	Report	
4	Zonnekwa	326	Remaining	0		
			Extent			
5	Honde Vlei	325	Remaining	0		
			Extent			
6	Kannabieduin	324	Remaining	0	-	
			Extent			
7	Sand Kop	322	Remaining	0	-	
			Extent			
8	Mannels Vley	321	Remaining	0	-	
			Extent			
9	Dikgat	195	Remaining	0	-	
			Extent			
10	Dikgat	195	N/A	15	4	
11	Rooivlei	327	Remaining	0	1	
			Extent			

7.1.5 Project location:

	Coordinates	
	Latitude (S)	Longitude (E)
Starting point (within the authorised Namas		
Wind Farm project site)	29° 50' 19,319" S	17° 12' 34,172'' E
Middle Point	29° 43' 45,954'' S	17° 13' 51,478'' E
End point (existing Gromis Substation)	29° 35' 57,428'' S	17° 10' 44,929'' E

<u>Grid connection corridor coordinates (the grid connection infrastructure for the Namas Wind</u> <u>Farm will be developed within the 300m wide corridor):</u>

7.2 Sub-section 2: Development footprint site map

This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout. The sensitivity map must be prepared from the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at: https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features within 50 m from the development footprint.

The national web based environmental screening tool was not available for compulsory use at the time of the compilation of this EMPr. Therefore, the site-specific environmental sensitivity map, as included in the BA Report, has been provided, which is based on the independent specialist studies undertaken for the project. Refer to Figure 1.

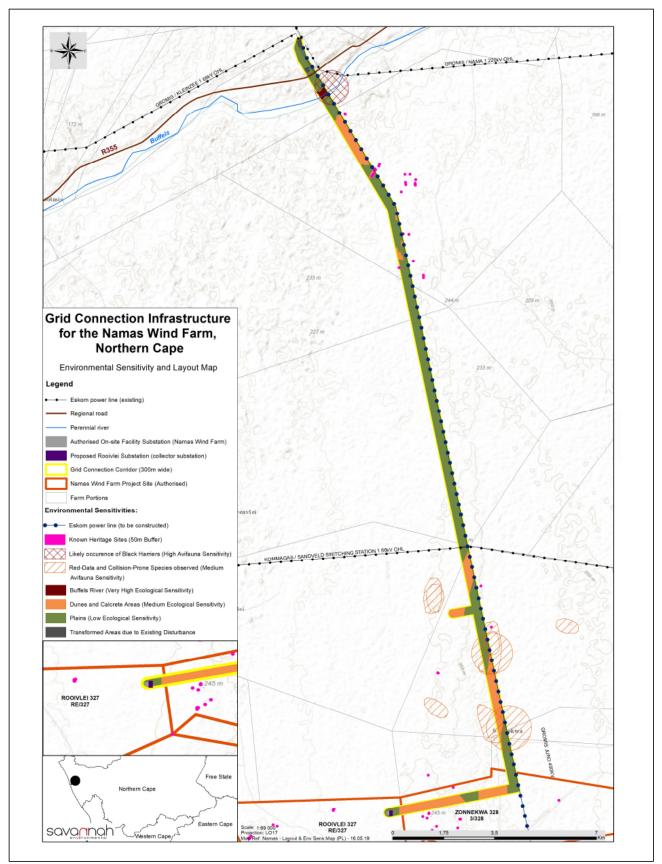


Figure 1: Environmental sensitivity map overlain with the assessed grid connection corridor within which the grid connection infrastructure for the Namas Wind Farm is proposed to be developed

7.3 Sub-section 3: Declaration

The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will abide and comply with the prescribed impact management outcomes and impact management actions as stipulated in part B: section 1 of the generic EMPr and have the understanding that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding. The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will provide written notice to the CA 14 day prior to the date on which the activity will commence of commencement of construction to facilitate compliance inspections.

Signature Proponent/applicant/ holder of EA Date:

This declaration will be signed by the proponent/applicant/holder of the EA once the contractor is appointed and has provided inputs to this Generic EMPr as per the requirements of this template.

7.4 Sub-section 4: amendments to site specific information (Part B; section 2)

Should the EA be transferred to a new holder, Part B: Section 2 must be completed by the new holder and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of Regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted for an amendment to an environmental authorisation will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of Part B: Section 2 not be submitted. Once approved, Part B: Section 2 forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

PART C

8 SITE SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

If any specific environmental sensitivities/attributes are present on the site which require more specific impact management outcomes and actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr template, to manage impacts, those impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific management controls must be referenced spatially, and must include impact management outcomes and impact management actions. The management controls including impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the preapproved generic EMPr template. This applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary.

If <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the development as authorised in the EA, it is required to be submitted to the CA together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP and the name and expertise of the EAP, including the curriculum vitae are to be included. Once approved, <u>Part C</u> forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.

This section will **not be required** should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation A			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Avoid any nests that are active (some ground-nesters	dEO / cEO in	Identify and	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Identification	
may be found if rainfall is high)	consultation with	demarcate any	Construction	Operation and	and when	and	
	the Contractor	nests to be	Phase	maintenance	required	demarcation of	
		avoided and	Operation	team		nests and proof	
		inform all	Phase			that all	
		employees of				employees have	
		the nests and				been informed.	
		the required				No disturbance	
		avoidance				to the nests	
		thereof				recorded	
- Trees with bird nests may not be disturbed without a	Contractor	Obtain the	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Valid faunal	
valid Fauna Permit from Nature Conservation, under		required fauna	Construction	Operation and	and when	permits are	
the Northern Cape Nature Conservation Act, Act 9 of		permit from	Phase	maintenance	required	obtained and	
2009 (NCNCA)		Nature	Operation	team		on-file.	
		Conservation for	Phase				
		the disturbance					
		of bird nests in					
		trees where the					
		nests cannot be					
		avoided					

Impact management outcome: Minimal impact and disturbance to avifauna

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence o	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- The final footprint should be subject to an ecological	DPM	Appoint a	Pre-	ECO	Once, prior to	Results of the	
preconstruction walk-through before construction		suitable	construction		the	ecological wall	
commences and adjusted where required to reduce		qualified			commencemen	through surve	
impacts on species of conservation concern and high		specialist for the			t of construction	and proof a	
value habitats.		undertaking of				required	
		the walk-				infrastructure	
		through survey				adjustments	
		and apply the					
		appropriate					
		adjustments to					
		the proposed					
		infrastructure					
- If the collector substation is to be fenced, then no	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	During the	The fencin	
electrified strands should be placed within 30cm of		fencing of the	Construction		fencing of the	implemented	
the ground as some species such as tortoises are		substation as per	Phase		substation	undertaken	
susceptible to electrocution from electric fences as		the requirements				line with th	
they do not move away when electrocuted but		listed				listed	
rather adopt defensive behaviour and are killed by						requirements	
repeated shocks.						<u></u>	
- Any fauna directly threatened by the construction	Suitably	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Weekly, and as	Photographic	
activities should be removed to a safe location by a	qualified person	threatened	Construction		and when	record of faun	
suitably qualified person.		fauna is	Phase		required	removed an	
		removed to a				GPS co	
		safe location				ordinates of th	
						location when	
						the fauna wo	
						set free	

- Erosion management within the grid connection	DPM	Develop and	Pre-	ECO	Once, prior to	Erosion
servitude should take place according to the		implement an	construction &		the	management is
Erosion Management Plan and Rehabilitation Plan.		Erosion	Construction		commencemen	undertaken in-
		Management			t of construction	line with the
		Plan and a			and weekly	requirements of
		Rehabilitation			during the	the Erosion
		Plan			construction of	Management
					the power line	Plan and
						Rehabilitation
						Plan
- There should be follow-up rehabilitation and	Contractor	Undertake	Rehabilitation &	ECO	Monthly	Rehabilitation of
revegetation of any remaining bare areas with		follow-up	Operation	Operation and		bare areas as
indigenous perennial shrubs and succulents from the		rehabilitation	Phase	maintenance		per the listed
local area.		and re-		team		requirements
		vegetation of				
		bare areas as				
		per the listed				
		requirements				

Impact management outcome: Conservation of heritage resources								
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring				
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
- A chance finds procedure must be developed and	DPM in	Develop and	Pre-	ECO	Once, prior to	Fossils (where		
implemented for the rescuing of any fossils	consultation with	implement	construction &		the	present) are		
discovered during construction. This must be	a suitably	chance finds	Construction		commencemen	rescued as per		
undertaken as per the recommendations of the	qualified	procedure as			t of construction	the requirements		
SAHRIS PalaeoSensitivity Map.	specialist	per the			and monthly	of the chance		
		recommendatio				finds procedure		

 A report detailing the results of the walk-down of the final layout of the substation must be submitted to SAHRA for comment prior to the construction phase 	DPM in consultation with a suitably qualified specialist	ns of the PalaeoSensitivity Map Upload the results of the heritage walk- through to SAHRA through the SAHRIS platform	Pre- construction	ECO	during construction Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Proof of submission of the results to SAHRA
 If any evidence of archaeological sites or remains (e.g. remnants of stone-made structures, indigenous ceramics, bones, stone artefacts, ostrich eggshell fragments, charcoal and ash concentrations), fossils or other categories of heritage resources are found during the proposed development, SAHRA APM Unit (Natasha Higgitt/Phillip Hine 021 462 5402) must be alerted as per section 35(3) of the NHRA. Non- compliance with section of the NHRA is an offense in terms of section 51(1)e of the NHRA and item 5 of the Schedule 	Contractor and ECO	Develop and implement procedures in the event of heritage resources being found as per the listed requirements	Pre- construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and as and when required	Proof of development and implementation of procedures.
 If unmarked human burials are uncovered, the SAHRA Burial Grounds and Graves (BGG) Unit (Thingahangwi Tshivhase/Mimi Seetelo 012 320 8490), must be alerted immediately as per section 36(6) of the NHRA. Non-compliance with section of the NHRA is an offense in terms of section 51(1)e of the NHRA and item 5 of the Schedule 	Contractor and ECO	Develop and implement procedures in the event of unmarked human burials being uncovered as per the listed requirements	Pre- construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and as and when required	Proof of development and implementation of procedures.
 The following conditions apply with regards to the appointment of specialists: 	DPM in consultation with a suitably	Undertake the appointment of specialists as per	Pre- construction & Construction	ECO	As and when required	Proof that the appointment of specialists has

If heritage resources are uncovered during the	qualified	the	listed		been	
course of the development, a professional	specialist	conditions			undertaken	in-
archaeologist or palaeontologist, depending on the					line with	the
nature of the finds, must be contracted as soon as					conditions	
possible to inspect the heritage resource. If the						
newly discovered heritage resources prove to be of						
archaeological or palaeontological significance, a						
Phase 2 rescue operation may be required subject						
to permits issued by SAHRA						

mpact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence d	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Procure goods and services, as far as practically	DPM and dEO in	Establish a	Pre-	ECO	Monthly	Proof of loc	
possible, from the entities located in the local	consultation with	database of	construction &			procurement	
municipality.	the Contractor	potential goods	Construction			goods ar	
		and service				services	
		providers which				provided	
		can be used.				Contractor a	
		Procure goods				DPM	
		and services as					
		far as practically					
		possible					
- Local Small and Medium Enterprises should be	DPM and dEO in	Establish a	Pre-	ECO	Monthly	Proof of use	
approached to investigate the opportunities for	consultation with	database of	construction &			Local Small a	
supplying inputs required for the construction of the	the Contractor	Local Small and	Construction			Medium	
collector substation as far as feasible.		Medium				Enterprises	
		Enterprises				provided	
		which can be					

		used. And make use of these enterprises as far as feasible				Contractor and DPM
 Organise local community meetings to inform the local labour force of the project that is planned and the jobs that can potentially be applied for 	DPM and dEO	Appoint a Community Liaison Officer (CLO) to assist with organising community meetings. Hold local community meetings to discuss jobs available, where feasible	Pre- construction	ECO	Weekly	Proof of local community meetings held
 Establish a local skills desk to identify the skills set of the local residents available for the construction of the grid connection infrastructure. 	DPM and dEO	Establish a local skills desk and identify the skills available in the area for the construction of the power line	Pre- construction	ECO	Weekly	Proof of skills desk establishment and skills identified within the area

Impact management outcome: Mitigation of visual impacts							
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	

-	Restrict construction activities to daylight hours whenever possible in order to reduce lighting	dEO / cEO in consultation with	Plan construction	During the Construction	ECO	Weekly	No construction activities are
	impacts.	the Contractor	activities in such	Phase			activities are undertaken
			a way that no	FILUSE			during the night
			construction				time
			during the night				
			time will be				
			required.				
_	Maintain the general appearance of the servitude	Contractor	Ensure that the	During the	ECO	Monthly	General
	as a whole, including the infrastructure.		servitude is kept	Construction	Operation and		appearance of
			neat and clean	Phase	maintenance		the servitude
			and that the	Operation	team		and
			infrastructure is	Phase			infrastructure is
			maintained				maintained and
							no complaints
							are lodged in
							this regard
_	Implement an environmentally responsive planning	dEO / cEO in	Develop and	Pre-	ECO	Once, prior to	The
	approach for the development of roads and	consultation with	implements an	construction &		the	development of
	infrastructure to limit cut and fill requirements. Plan	the Contractor	environmentally	Construction		commencemen	roads and
	with due cognisance of the topography.		responsive			t of construction	infrastructure is
			planning			and monthly	undertaken in
			approach			during	accordance
						construction	with the
							requirements of
							the
							environmentally
							responsive
							planning
							approach
-	Rehabilitate all disturbed areas, construction areas,	Contractor	Undertake	During the	ECO	Weekly	Photographic
	servitudes etc. immediately after the completion of		rehabilitation as	Construction			record of
	construction works.		construction				rehabilitation of

WC	vorks a	are	Phase	and		areas distu	urbed
cc	ompleted in	an	Rehabilitat	tion		due	to
are	rea					construction	n
						works	

APPENDIX 1: METHOD STATEMENTS

To be prepared by the contractor prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are **not required** to be submitted to the CA.

APPENDIX 2: CV OF THE EAP



Email: karen@savannahsa.com Tel: +27 (11) 656 3237

CURRICULUM VITAE OF KAREN JODAS

Profession :Environmental Management and Compliance Consultant ; Environmental Assessment
Practitioner. Professional Natural Scientist: Environmental Science since 1999.Specialisation:Strategic environmental assessment and advice; development of plans and guidelines;
environmental compliance advise and monitoring; Environmental Impact Assessment;
environmental management; project management and co-ordination of environmental
projects; peer review; policy, strategy and guideline formulation; renewable energy
projects; water resources management.

VOCATIONAL EXPERIENCE

Provide technical input for projects in the environmental management field, specialising in strategic evaluation, Environmental Impact Assessment studies, environmental management plans, programmes and guidelines, integrated environmental management, environmental compliance monitoring; peer review of EIA reports and processes, strategy and guideline development, and public participation. Key focus on overall Project Management, integration of environmental studies and environmental processes into larger engineering-based projects, strategic assessment, and the identification of environmental management solutions and mitigation/risk minimising measures.

Excellent working knowledge of environmental legislation, strategies, guidelines and policies. Compilation of the reports for environmental studies are in accordance with the all relevant environmental legislation under the National Environmental Management Act. Due consideration of Equator Principles and compliance with IFC performance standards is now a part of all projects.

SKILLS BASE AND CORE COMPETENCIES

- Twenty years (20) of experience in the environmental management, impact assessment and compliance fields
- Eighteen (18) years of experience in Project Management Project management of large environmental assessment and management projects
- Strategic and compliance advise for all aspects of environmental assessment and management
- External and peer review of environmental assessment and compliance reporting as well as EIA processes
- Working knowledge of environmental planning policies, regulatory frameworks and legislation
- Input and review of Environmental Management Plans and Programmes, including Invasive Species Monitoring, Control and Eradication Plans
- Identification and assessment of potential environmental impacts and benefits
- Development of practical and achievable mitigation measures and management plans and evaluation of risk to project execution
- Experienced in environmental compliance advise, monitoring and reporting for construction projects
- Compilation and review of the reports in accordance with all relevant environmental legislation
- Public participation/involvement and stakeholder consultation
- Environmental strategy, policy and guidelines development
- Experienced in assessments for both linear developments and nodal developments
- Key experience in the assessment of impacts associated with renewable energy projects
- Wide range of experience for public and private sector projects
- Experienced consultant in projects in Sub-Saharan Africa.

EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL STATUS

Degrees:

- B.Sc Earth Sciences, majoring in Geography and Zoology, Rhodes University, Grahamstown, 1993
- B.Sc Honours in Geography (in Environmental Water Management), Rhodes University, Grahamstown, 1994. Major subjects included Water Resources Management, Streams Ecology, Fluvial Geomorphology and Geographic Information Systems.
- M.Sc in Geography (Geomorphology), Rhodes University, Grahamstown, 1996

Short Courses:

- Water Quality Management, Potchefstroom University, 1998
- Environmental Law Course, Aldo Leopold Institute, 2002
- WindFarmer Wind Farm Design course, Garrad Hassan, 2009

Professional Society Affiliations:

• Registered with the South African Council for Natural Scientific Professions as a Professional Natural Scientist: Environmental Science (400106/99)

Other Relevant Skills:

• Xtrack Extreme – Advanced Off-Road Driving Course (2003)

EMPLOYMENT

Date	Company	Roles and Responsibilities
2006 - Current	Savannah Environmental (Pty) Ltd	Director Independent specialist environmental consultant, Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP) and advisor
1997 – December 2005	Bohlweki Environmental (Pty) Ltd	Associate Environmental Management Unit: Manager; Principle Environmental Scientist focussing on Environmental Management and Project Management