

APPENDIX C3
SITE NOTICES AND NEWSPAPER
ADVERTISEMENTS

SITE NOTICES

NOTICE OF BASIC ASSESSMENT PROCESS PUBLIC PARTICIPATION PROCESS

WIND GARDEN WIND FARM, EASTERN CAPE PROVINCE

Project Name: Wind Garden Wind Farm, Eastern Cape Province

Applicant: Wind Garden (Pty) Ltd

Proposed Activity: The development of a wind farm with a contracted capacity of up to 264MW which will include up to 47 wind turbines and associated infrastructure including and on-site switching station, collector substation, 132kV power line, access roads (gravel in nature), concrete foundations and hardstands, laydown areas, cabling to be laid underground where practical, temporary concrete batching plant, staff accommodation, and operation and maintenance buildings.

Location: The project site is between Somerset East and Makhanda located, approximately 18km north-west of Makhanda, within the Makana Local Municipality and the Sarah Baartman District Municipality in the Eastern Cape Province. The site falls within Focus Area 3 of the Renewable Energy Development Zones (REDZ), which is known as the Cookhouse REDZ.

Five (5) properties comprise the wind farm project site: Remaining Extent of Farm Brackkloof No 183, Portion 5 of Farm Hilton No 182, Portion 8 of Farm Hilton No 182, Portion 4 of Farm Vandermerweskraal No 132, Portion 1 of Farm Thursford No183.

Basic Assessment Process: In terms of Sections 24 and 24D of the National Environmental Management Act (No 107 of 1998), as read with Government Notice R324 – R327, as amended, Environmental Authorisation is required for the project. As the project site is located within a REDZ, a Basic Assessment (BA) process is required to be undertaken in accordance with GNR114 (February 2018). Savannah Environmental is undertaking the required environmental assessment and public participation process.

To obtain further information and register on the project database, please submit your name, contact information and interest in the project to:

Nicolene Venter of Savannah Environmental

P.O. Box 148, Sunninghill, 2157

Tel: 011 656 3237

Mobile: 060 978 8396

Fax: 086 684 0547

Email: publicprocess@savannahsa.com

Website: www.savannahsa.com



November 2020

KENNISGEWING VAN 'N BASIESE EVALUERINGSPROSES OPENBARE DEELNAMEPROSES

WIND GARDEN WINDPLAAS, OOS-KAAPPROVINSIE

Projeknaam: Wind Garden Windplaas, Oos-Kaapprovinsie

Applikant: Wind Garden (Edms.) Bpk.

Beoogde aktiwiteit: Die ontwikkeling van 'n windplaas met 'n gekontrakteerde vermoë van hoogstens 264 MW, wat tot 47 windturbines en verwante infrastruktuur sal insluit, met insluiting van 'n interne skakelstasie, kollektorsubstasie, 132 kV kraglyn, toegangspaaie (gruis van aard), betonfondasies en vasteblaaie, stapelwerfgebiede, kables wat ondergronds gelê moet word waar prakties moontlik, tydelike betonlotaanleg, personeelverblyf en bedryfs- en instandhoudingsgeboue.

Ligging: Die projekterrein is geleë tussen Somerset-Oos en Makhanda, sowat 18 km noordwes van Makhanda in die Makana Plaaslike Munisipaliteit en die Sarah Baartman Distriksmunisipaliteit in die Oos-Kaapprovinsie. Die terrein is in Fokusgebied 3 van die Hernubare Kragontwikkelingsones (REDZ), wat bekendstaan as die Cookhouse REDZ.

Die windplaasprojek beslaan vyf (5) eiendomme: Restant van die plaas Brackloof No. 183, Gedeelte 5 van die plaas Hilton No. 182, Gedeelte 8 van die plaas Hilton No. 182, Gedeelte 4 van die plaas Vandermerweskraal No. 132 en Gedeelte 1 van die plaas Thursford No. 183.

Basiese Evalueringsproses: Ingevolge Artikel 24 en 24D van die Nasionale Wet op Omgewingsbestuur (Wet 107 van 1998), saamgelees met Staatskennisgewing R324 tot R327, soos gewysig, moet 'n Omgewingsmagtiging vir die projek onderneem word. Aangesien die projekterrein in 'n REDZ geleë is, moet 'n Basiese Evalueringsproses (BE) ingevolge Staatskennisgewing R114 (Februarie 2018) onderneem word. Savannah Environmental onderneem die vereiste omgewingsevaluering en openbare deelnameproses.

Ten einde meer inligting te bekom en om op die projek se databasis te registreer, verstrek asseblief u naam, kontakbesonderhede en belang by die projek aan:

Nicolene Venter van Savannah Environmental

Posbus 148, Sunninghill, 2157

Tel: 011 656 3237

Selfoon: 060 978 8396

Faks: 086 684 0547

E-pos: publicprocess@savannahsa.com

Webwerf: www.savannahsa.com

savannah
environmental

November 2020

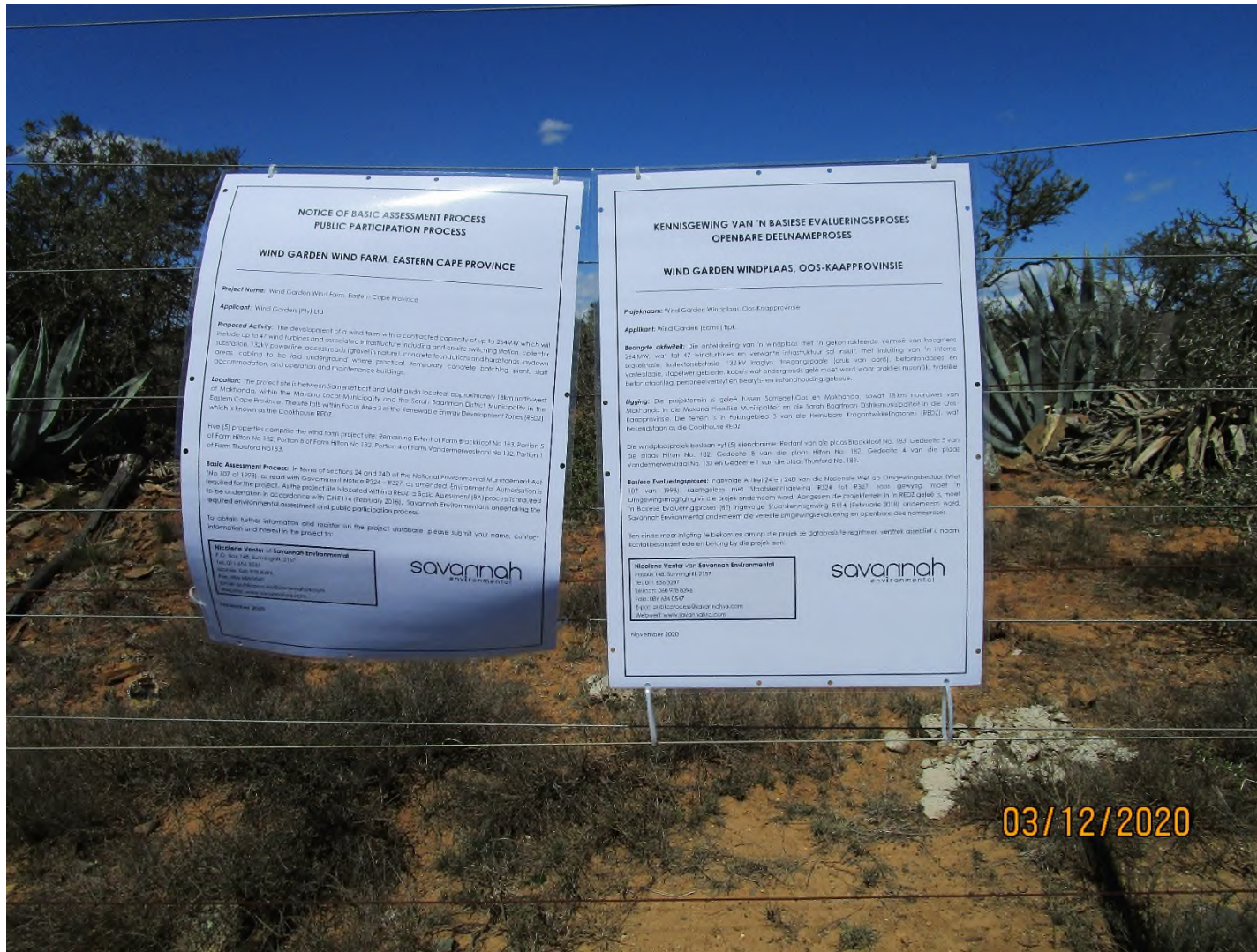
PROOF OF SITE NOTICES (Date placed: Thursday, 03 December 2020)



Site Notice #1: Placed at the boundary fence of the Farm 132, Portion 1, along the R344

Co-ordinates: 33°12'11.08"S & 26°24'24.78"E





Site Notice #2: Placed at the intersection of the R344 and R350

Co-ordinates: 33°13'13.77"S & 26°23'55.27"E





Site Notice #3: Placed at the intersection of the R400 and R350

Co-ordinates: 33°12'35.54"S & 26°22'5.66"E





Site Notice #4: Placed at the boundary fence of Farm 182, Portion 11, along the gravel road south of the R400 between Makado & Riebeeck East

Co-ordinates: 33°14'33.31"S & 26°21'1.43"E





Site Notice #5: Placed at the farm entrance and boundary fence along the R350 between Bedford, Riebeeck East and Makado

Co-ordinates: 33°11'37.80"S & 26°21'30.96"E



Wind Garden SN01-05

Coordinates

Legend

- ⬮ E
- C
- ⬮ V
- ⬮ V



Earth

Technologies

2 mi

PROCESS NOTICES

PROOF OF PROCESS NOTICES (Date placed: Thursday, 03 & Friday, 04 December 2020)

MAKHANDA LIBRARY





Ms Zodwa Nikaelo
Librarian

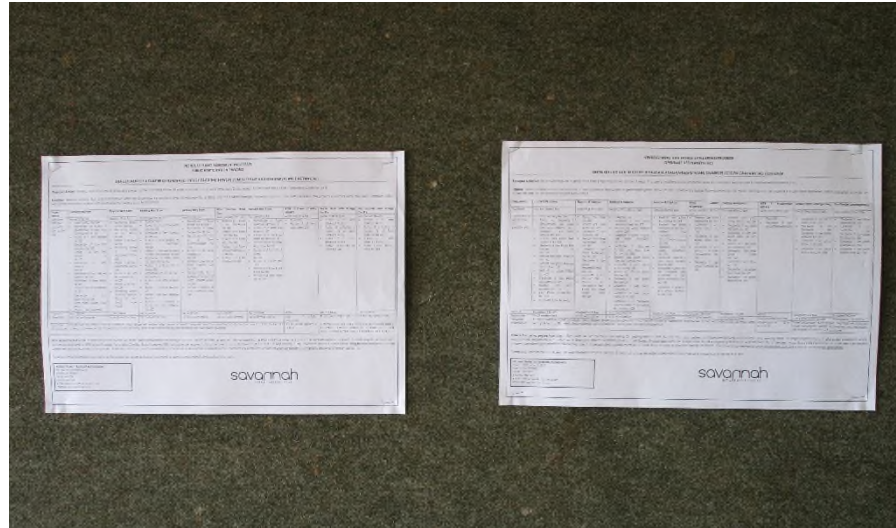




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NEWSPAPER ADVERTISEMENTS

**NOTICE OF BASIC ASSESSMENT PROCESSES
PUBLIC PARTICIPATION PROCESS**

DEVELOPMENT OF A CLUSTER OF RENEWABLE ENERGY FACILITIES BETWEEN SOMERSET EAST AND GRAHAMSTOWN, EASTERN CAPE

Proposed Activity: Development of a cluster of renewable energy facilities consisting of nine (9) projects, including six (6) wind farms, two (2) solar energy facilities and one (1) Main Transmission Substation (MTS).

Location: Between Somerset East and Grahamstown within the Cookhouse Renewable Energy Development Zone (REDZ) and the Eastern Strategic Transmission Corridor. The entire extent of the projects is located within the Sarah Baartman District Municipality and within the Blue Crane Route and the Makana Local Municipalities.

Project Name	Hamlett Wind Farm	Ripponn Wind Farm	Redding Wind Farm	Aeolus Wind Farm	Wind Garden Wind Farm	Fronteer Wind Farm	REDZ 3 Power Corridor 400MTS	Solaris Fields Solar Energy Facility	Sun Garden Solar Energy Facility
Applicant	Hamlett (Pty) Ltd	Ripponn (Pty) Ltd	Redding Wind (Pty) Ltd	Aeolus (Pty) Ltd	Wind Garden (Pty) Ltd	Fronteer (Pty) Ltd	Wind Relic (Pty) Ltd	Solaris Fields (Pty) Ltd	Sun Garden (Pty) Ltd
Affected properties (i.e. project site)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Farm Vaalkop No 164 » Remainder of Portion 1 (Middlevale) of Farm Van Aardts Kraal No 163 » Portion 1 of Farm Jaskraal No 160 » Remainder of Farm Riet Fontein A No 159 » Portion 1 of Farm Riet Fontein A No 159 » Remainder of Farm Jaskraal No 160 » Remainder of Farm Nieuwe Grond A No 129 » Remainder of Farm Wilton No 409 » Portion 2 of Farm Middleton No 219 » Remainder of Farm Bloemhof No 166 » Farm Wilde Honden Kloof No 216 » Portion 1/166 Bloemhof 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Remaining Extent of Farm No 381 » Remaining Extent of Farm Wilton No 409 » Portion 7 of Farm No 381 » Remaining Extent of Farm Hartebeest Kuil No 220 » Portion 1 of Farm Hartebeest Kuil No 220 » Portion 2 of Farm Haartebeestkuil No 220 » Portion 2 of Farm No 230 » Remaining Extent of Portion 4 (Pruim Plaas) of Farm Draai Hoek No 221 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Farm No 369 » Portion 2 of Farm Shepherds Rest No 272 » Remainder of Farm Varkens Kuil No 269 » Portion 3 (Vlak Leegte) of Farm Driefontein No 259 » Portion 1 (Opmeet Fontein) of farm Gras Fonteyn No 258 » Remainder of Farm Draai Van Klein Visrivier 254 » Portion 1 of Farm Bothas Hoop 358m » Remainder of 271 of Farm Request 271 » Portion 2 of Farm Request 271 » Portion 1 of Farm Request 271 » Portion 9 of Farm Britzkraal No 253 » Portion 8 (a Portion of Portion 7) of Farm Britzkraal No 253 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Remainder of Farm Brand Rug No 268 » Remainder of Farm Varkens Kuil No 269 » Remainder of Portion 3 of Farm Commadagga No 266 » Portion 1 of Farm Vaalkdrans No 299 » Portion 1 Glen Roy of Farm Varkens Kuil No 269 » Portion 3 Glen Roy a portion of Portion 1 of Farm Modderfontein No 302 » Portion 2 Spitzkop of Farm Varkens Kuil No 269 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Remaining Extent of Farm Brackkloof No 183 » Portion 5 of Farm Hilton No 182 » Portion 8 of Farm Hilton No 182 » Portion 4 of Farm Vandermerweskraal No 132 » Portion 1 of Farm Thursford No 183 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Remainder of Farm Table Hill Farm No 187 » Portion 2 of Table Hill Farm No 187 » Portion 3 of the Farm Table Hill Farm No 187 » Remainder of the Farm Hounshow No 131 » Portion 1 of Farm Draai al No 132 » Portion 1 of Farm No 132 » Portion 1 of Farm Burnt Kraal No 189 » Portion 1 of Farm Table Hill No 187 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Farm 434 » Portion 3 of Farm Driefontein 259 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Portion 9 of Farm Britzkraal No 253 » Portion 8 (a Portion of Portion 7) of Farm Britzkraal No 253 » Portion 7 of Farm Britzkraal No 253 » Portion 1 of Farm Bothas Hoop No 358 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Portion 9 of Farm Britzkraal No 253 » Portion 8 (a Portion of Portion 7) of Farm Britzkraal No 253 » Portion 7 of Farm Britzkraal No 253 » Portion 1 of Farm Bothas Hoop No 358
Capacity	Up to 333MW	Up to 324MW	Up to 576MW	Up to 297MW	Up to 264MW	Up to 213MW	400kV	Up to 300MW	Up to 300MW
Technology	Up to 37 wind turbines	Up to 36 wind turbines	Up to 64 wind turbines	Up to 33 wind turbines	Up to 47 wind turbines	Up to 38 wind turbines	Main Transmission Substation	Photovoltaic (PV) Panels	Photovoltaic (PV) Panels
Associated infrastructure	On-site switching station, collector substation, 132kV power line, access roads (gravel in nature), concrete foundations and hardstands, laydown areas, cabling to be laid underground where practical, temporary concrete batching plant, staff accommodation, and operation and maintenance buildings.						Access roads (gravel in nature)	Collector substation, 132kV power line, access roads (gravel in nature), inverters, temporary laydown areas, staff accommodation, Operation and Maintenance Buildings	

Basic Assessment Process: In terms of Sections 24 and 24D of the National Environmental Management Act (No 107 of 1998), as read with Government Notice R324 – R327, as amended, Environmental Authorisation is required for each project. As the project sites are located within a REDZ and a Strategic Transmission Corridor, Basic Assessment (BA) processes are required to be undertaken in accordance with GN113 and GN114 (February 2018). Savannah Environmental is undertaking the required environmental assessment and public participation process. A Background Information Document (BID) is available for review and comment on the Savannah Environmental website at www.savannahsa.com/public-documents/energy-generation/

To obtain further information and register on the project database and submit comments or queries, please refer to the contact information:

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● Board lacks civil society presence to ensure sustainable development, civic and eco-rights groups argue

Nuclear watchdogs rip into regulator

Guy Rogers
rogers@theherald.co.za

Environmental and civil rights watchdogs have raised concerns about the absence of civil society representation on the board of the National Nuclear Regulator, an element required by law.

Koeborg Alert Alliance representative Peter Becker said according to the National Nuclear Regulator (NNR) Act, one member of the board had to be a civil society representative.

"However, when the cabinet announced a new board for the regulator on August 5, no such representative was included.

"This lack of representation is contributing to the ongoing weak governance at the regulator, the role of which is to monitor regulations compliance to ensure safety and the prevention of nuclear accidents."

Wildlife and Environment Society Algoa Bay chair Gary Koekemoer said the legal requirement for civil society representation on the board of the nuclear regulator was an example of how to ensure SAs democracy balanced environmental and citizen interests with those of the state and industry.

"Sustainable development and collective stewardship requires citizen participation and this becomes key in the nuclear industry where the mismanagement of toxic

waste, for instance, has severe consequences for future generations."

Koekemoer said he had been actively involved, as part of NoPENuke, in protesting against Eskom's bid to build a nuclear reactor at Thyspunt, between Cape St Francis and Oyster Bay, and supporting groups like the Thyspunt Alliance in their opposition on environmental and heritage grounds.

That decade-long battle resulted in the national environment department's record of decision in 2017 that the project should rather proceed at Duynfontein in the Western Cape, adjacent to the existing Koeborg reactor.

He said when democracy came into effect in 1994 it had included excellent environmental legislation with checks and balances.

"But lately some of the regulations coming out of the department have been used as a rubber-stamp exercise where government and industry attempt to short-cut the process.

"We would hope that we have learnt from the state capture debacle that short cuts serve vested interests only and not the interests of citizens."

Thyspunt Alliance spokesperson Trudi Malan said the organisation had, in fact, raised the lack of civil society representation on the board of the regulator while they were opposing the Thyspunt bid.

"That was about three years

ago and all these years later we have still not heard back from them."

Southern African Faith Communities' Environment Institute (Safcei) executive director Francesca de Gasparis said the situation was unacceptable.

"Affected communities such as people living near Vaalputs, a radioactive waste dump in the Northern Cape, have the right to have a representative on the board who will represent their community and their interests for a safe and healthy environment.

"It is not right that mineral resources and energy minister Gwede Mantashe has not appointed a representative as stipulated in the Act."

Organisation Undoing Tax Abuse representative Liz McDaid said the organisation had also been trying without success to get answers from the authorities.

Makoma Lekalakala from Earthlife Africa Johannesburg said the organisation was concerned that the lack of a civil society representative on the regulator's board would mean no progress on cleaning up uranium-heavy toxic mine tailings around Johannesburg.

Becker noted that after Japan's 2011 Fukushima disaster, the International Atomic Energy Agency had recommended that nuclear regulators should be strengthened.

"Yet, according to the regulator's annual financial statements for 2018/2019, the gov-

PRIME PROPERTY: An aerial photograph of the Thyspunt area where Eskom had intended to build a nuclear reactor until its bid was quashed in 2017 by the environment department. The picture also shows the stone traps early Khoisan residents used to lay in the shallows to catch fish
Picture: THYSPUNT ALLIANCE



ernment grant was R16.5m, nearly 20% less than the R20m grant in 2010/2011, just before the Fukushima disaster."

The regulator's annual report also showed that more than one in 10 posts at the agency were vacant, he said.

"If it is both underfunded and understaffed, is the regulator still able to adequately monitor safety at Koeborg?"

"We would stand a better chance of knowing if we had a representative on the board, as required by law.

"The minister should immediately start the process of selecting a true representative of

civil society to serve on the National Nuclear Regulator board," he said.

Becker said that in addition to the non-compliance with the NNR Act, the prescribed process was also questionable.

"It is deeply problematic that we, as civil society, cannot elect our own representative, and that the Act allows this so-called representative to be appointed by the same minister who openly promotes nuclear power."

Mineral resources and energy department spokesperson Johannes Mokobane said the process to bring civil society

representation on the board of the regulator was under way.

"The minister has initiated a comprehensive consultative process with the National Economic Development and Labour Council and the South African National Civic Organisation aimed at identifying suitable candidates to be considered for appointment," Mokobane said.

"Upon conclusion of this process, the identified individuals will be considered by cabinet prior to their appointment being made effective and their identities being made public."

Still no word on lifting traditional circumcision ban

Lulamile Feni

Contralesa, the provincial health department and NGOs have stepped up efforts to ensure a safe summer initiation season by making traditional surgeons and nurses aware of the regulations governing SA's Covid-19 response.

Co-operative governance and traditional affairs minister Nkosazana Dlamini-Zuma has not yet lifted the ban on traditional circumcisions, though the pressure to do so is mounting.

There have already been a series of illegal circumcisions in Buffalo City, OR Tambo and Amathole.

Contralesa provincial secretary Nkosi Mkhanyiseli Dudumayo said the surgeons and nurses were being taught how to apply Covid-19 regulations to the traditional practice.

Both Contralesa and the SA National Civic Organisation (Sanco), which met this week, are angry that an announcement lifting the circumcision ban has not been made.

Sanco provincial secretary Tony Duba said communities had been patient since June, but "that patience is fading".

"We do not want anarchy caused by illegal initiations," Duba said.

"We do not want an uncontrolled situation. We want things to be done in accordance with the law, all Covid-19 regulations being observed."

Dudumayo said that at the meeting Contralesa deputy provincial chair Nkosi Langa

Mavuso had presented a proposal submitted to premier Oscar Mabuzyane to open the summer season.

Dudumayo said Contralesa and Sanco were disappointed that traditional leadership had not yet received a response.

"While we are treated with contemptuous attitudes, there has been no supervision of the traditional initiation rite.

"There has been one fatality and initiates hospitalised.

"To avert such a situation, we call for the summer season to be opened.

"Sanco leadership and NGOs in the health sector will take responsibility, and a programme will see to it that a refresher course is undertaken by traditional surgeons to minimise any blunders that may occur," Dudumayo said.

Contralesa and Sanco agreed that both structures would engage Mabuzyane and Cogta MEC Xolile Nqatha.

"The traditional initiation rite is not a recreational activity but a tradition of passage from boyhood to manhood.

"It is important that this institution which is protected in the main by the traditional leadership must be given the green light to continue.

"When the opening of [academic] schools was touted, it was said that schools were a controlled environment.

"We advance the same argument because there are responsible adults who are involved in the administration of the traditional rite of initiation," Dudumayo said. — Daily Dispatch

NOTICE OF BASIC ASSESSMENT PROCESSES PUBLIC PARTICIPATION PROCESS

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Email: publicprocess@savannahsa.com
Website: www.savannahsa.com



**KENNISGEWING VAN BASIESE EVALUERINGSPROSESSE
OPENBARE DEELNAMEPROSES**

ONTWIKKELING VAN 'N GROEP HERNUBARE KRAGANLEGTE TUSSEN SOMERSET-OOS EN GRAHAMSTAD, OOS-KAAP

Beoogde aktiwiteit: Die ontwikkeling van 'n groep hernubare kragaanlegte bestaande uit nege (9) projekte, insluitend ses (6) windplase, twee (2) sonkragaanlegte en een (1) hooftransmissiesubstasie (HTS).

Ligging: Tussen Somerset-Oos en Grahamstad in die Cookhouse Hernubare Kragontwikkelingsone (REDZ) en die Oostelike Strategiese Transmissiekorridor. Die totale omvang van die projekte is in die Sarah Baartman Distrikmunisipaliteit en in die Blou Kraanvoëlroete- en die Makana Plaaslike Munisipaliteit.

Projeknaam	Hamlett Windplaas	Ripponn Windplaas	Redding Windplaas	Aeolus Windplaas	Wind Garden Windplaas	Fronteer Windplaas	REDZ 3 Kragkorridor 400 HTS	Solaris Fields Sonkragaanleg	Sun Garden Sonkragaanleg
Applikant	Hamlett (Edms.) Bpk.	Ripponn (Edms.) Bpk.	Redding Wind (Edms.) Bpk.	Aeolus (Edms.) Bpk.	Wind Garden (Edms.) Bpk.	Fronteer (Edms.) Bpk.	Wind Relic (Edms.) Bpk.	Solaris Fields (Edms.) Bpk.	Sun Garden (Edms.) Bpk.
Geaffekteerde eiendomme (d.i. projekterrein)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Plaas Vaalkop No. 164 » Restant van Gedeelte 1 (Middlevale) van plaas Van Aardts Kraal No. 163 » Gedeelte 1 van plaas Jaskraal No. 160 » Restant van plaas Riet Fontein A No. 159 » Gedeelte 1 van Plaas Riet Fontein A No. 159 » Restant van plaas Jaskraal No. 160 » Restant van plaas Nieuwe Grond A No. 129 » Restant van plaas Wilton No. 409 » Gedeelte 2 van plaas Middleton No. 219 » Restant van plaas Bloemhof No. 166 » Plaas Wilde Honden Kloof No. 216 » Gedeelte 1/166 Bloemhof 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Restant van Plaas No. 381 » Restant van Plaas Wilton No. 409 » Gedeelte 7 van Plaas No. 381 » Restant van Plaas Hartebeest Kuil No. 220 » Gedeelte 1 van plaas Hartebeest Kuil No. 220 » Gedeelte 2 van plaas Haartebeestkuil No. 220 » Gedeelte 2 van Plaas No. 230 » Restant van Gedeelte 4 (Pruim Plaas) van plaas Draai Hoek No. 221 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Plaas No. 369 » Gedeelte 2 van plaas Shepherds Rest No. 272 » Restant van plaas Varkens Kuil No. 269 » Gedeelte 3 (Vlak Leegte) van plaas Driefontein No. 259 » Gedeelte 1 (Opmeet Fontein) van plaas Gras Fonteyn No. 258 » Restant van plaas Draai Van Klein Visrivier 254 » Gedeelte 1 van plaas Bothas Hoop 358m » Restant van 271 van plaas Request 271 » Gedeelte 2 van plaas Request 271 » Gedeelte 1 van plaas Request 271 » Gedeelte 9 van plaas Britzkraal No. 253 » Gedeelte 8 ('n Gedeelte van Gedeelte 7) van plaas Britzkraal No. 253 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Restant van plaas Brand Rug No. 268 » Restant van plaas Varkens Kuil No. 269 » Restant van Gedeelte 3 van plaas Commadagga No. 266 » Gedeelte 1 van plaas Vaalkdrans No. 299 » Gedeelte 1 Glen Roy van plaas Varkens Kuil No. 269 » Gedeelte 3 Glen Roy ('n Gedeelte van Gedeelte 1) van plaas Modderfontein No. 302 » Gedeelte 2 Spitzkop van plaas Varkens Kuil No. 269 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Restant van plaas Brackkloof No. 183 » Gedeelte 5 van plaas Hilton No. 182 » Gedeelte 8 van plaas Hilton No. 182 » Gedeelte 4 van plaas Vandermerweskraal No. 132 » Gedeelte 1 van plaas Thursford No. 183 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Restant van plaas Table Hill Farm No. 187 » Gedeelte 2 van Table Hill Farm No. 187 » Gedeelte 3 van die plaas Table Hill Farm No. 187 » Restant van die plaas Hounshow No. 131 » Gedeelte 1 van plaas Draai Farm No. 184 » Gedeelte 1 van Plaas No. 132 » Gedeelte 1 van plaas Burnt Kraal No. 189 » Gedeelte 1 van plaas Table Hill No. 187 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Plaas 434 » Gedeelte 3 van plaas Driefontein 259 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Gedeelte 9 van plaas Britzkraal No. 253 » Gedeelte 8 ('n Gedeelte van Gedeelte 7) van plaas Britzkraal No. 253 » Gedeelte 7 van plaas Britzkraal No. 253 » Gedeelte 1 van plaas Bothas Hoop No. 358 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Gedeelte 9 van plaas Britzkraal No. 253 » Gedeelte 8 ('n Gedeelte van Gedeelte 7) van plaas Britzkraal No. 253 » Gedeelte 7 van plaas Britzkraal No. 253 » Gedeelte 1 van plaas Bothas Hoop No. 358
Vermoë	Hoogstens 333 MW	Hoogstens 324 MW	Hoogstens 576 MW	Hoogstens 297 MW	Hoogstens 264 MW	Hoogstens 213 MW	400 kV	Hoogstens 300 MW	Hoogstens 300 MW
Tegnologie	Tot 37 windturbines	Tot 36 windturbines	Tot 64 windturbines	Tot 33 windturbines	Tot 47 windturbines	Tot 38 windturbines	Hooftransmissiesubstasie	Fotovoltaïese (FV) panele	Fotovoltaïese (FV) panele
Verwante infrastruktuur	Interne skakelstasie, kollektorsubstasie, 132 kV kraglyn, toegangspaaie (gruis van aard), betonfondasies en vasteblaaie, stapelwerwe, kables wat ondergronds gelê moet word waar prakties moontlik, tydelike betonlotaanleg, personeelverblyf en bedryfs- en instandhoudingsgeboue.						Toegangspaaie (gruis van aard)	Kollektorsubstasie, 132 kV kraglyn, toegangspaaie (gruis van aard), wisselrigters, tydelike stapelwerwe, personeelverblyf, en bedryfs- en instandhoudingsgeboue	

Basiese Evalueringsproses: Ingevolge Artikel 24 en 24D van die Nasionale Wet op Omgewingsbestuur (Wet 107 van 1998), saamgelees met Staatskennisgewing R324 tot R327, soos gewysig, moet 'n Omgewingsmagtiging vir elke projek onderneem word. Aangesien die projekterreine in 'n REDZ en 'n Strategiese Transmissiekorridor geleë is, moet Basiese Evalueringsprosesse (BE's) ingevolge Staatskennisgewing R113 en R114 (Februarie 2018) onderneem word. Savannah Environmental onderneem die vereiste omgewingsevaluering en openbare deelnameproses. 'n Agtergrondinligtingsdokument (AID) is beskikbaar vir oorsig en kommentaar op Savannah Environmental se webwerf by www.savannahsa.com/public-documents/energy-generation/

Raadpleeg asseblief die kontakbesonderhede hieronder om meer inligting te bekom en om op die projek se databasis te registreer en kommentaar of navrae in te dien:

Nicolene Venter van Savannah Environmental
 Posbus 148, Sunninghill, 2157
 Selfoon: 060 978 8396
 Tel: 011 656 3237
 Faks: 086 684 0547
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 Webwerf: www.savannahsa.com

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KALEIDOSKOOP VAN LEWE

Soeke na 'n lewe van sin en betekenis ...

Ds Paul Odendaal

Seëls was klein gegraveerde voorwerpe, meestal in die vorm van 'n ring om afdrucke in klei of was te maak. Seëlafdrucke wys dat die dokument eg is, of dat die dokument nog nie ooggemaak is nie.

Op die seël was gewoonlik die eenaar se naam of kop, amp of familiewapen gegraveer. 'n Seël kon aan 'n persoon gegee word, om aan hom die mag te gee om die eenaar van die seël te verteenwoordig. So lees ons in Gen 41:42 dat koning Farao aan Josef, wat 'n slaaf was in Egipte, sy seëlring gee as teken dat hy nou die tweede hoogste is in die Egiptiese Ryk en dat hy met die Farao se seëlring namens die Farao kon regeer.

Die Bybel noem twee gevalle waar seëls gebruik is om ingange te verseël. Toe die profeet Daniël in die leeuikul gegooi is, staan daar in Dan 6:18: "Daar is 'n klip gebring en op die opening van die leeuikul gesit. Die koning het die opening verseël met sy seëlring en met dié van sy hoofamptenare sodat daar niks aan Daniël se lot verander sou kon word nie." Toe Jesus Christus se liggaam in 'n graf gesit is, het die Romeine ook sy graf verseël, sodat die Jode nie kon sê dat Jesus se liggaam gesteel is nie.

Daarom het 'n seëlring deur die geskiedenis van duisende jare altyd die rol vervul om iets te bevestig as outentiek, eg en oorspronklik. Wanneer 'n dokument 'n koninklike seël opgehad het, was dit altyd die finale opdrag van die koning en kan niks daaraan verander word nie. Daarom het die opstellers van die Heidelbergse Kategismus ook die doop beskryf as 'n seël, dat die Drie Enige God die dopeling aanneem om Sy kind te wees.

Jou verlossing word as't ware verseël. Jesus Christus het werklik vir jou ook gesterf. Daar word verseël dat jy deel het aan al God se beloftes.

Prof Willie Jonker skryf dat dit in die kinderdoop gaan oor God se voorkomende genade wat die dopeling red. Jesus Christus het gesterf vir my erfsonde en ook alle sonde wat ek nog in my lewe sal doen. Dit is nie die dopeling se geloof en bekering wat die oorsaak of grond van die verlossing is nie. Dit is God wat uit vrye inisiatief Sy verlossingsplan met die doop aan die dopeling kom beseël het.

Deur die doop word ons ook verseël as kinders van Abraham. Ons kry deel aan die gemeente. Ons as gemeente ontvang die dopelinge as medebroers en -susters in die Here. Ons as gemeente het net soos hulle ouers en grootouers, die verantwoordelikheid om vir die twee jongelinge die regte pad te wys.

Die dopelinge gaan groot word. Hulle gaan leer om te dans. Dan gaan hulle met hulle metgeselle en lewensmaat dans. Om te dans moet jy leer. Verbondsoopvoeding is om te leer om in ritme saam met die Drie Enige God te dans. In ritme met die Drie Enige God, beteken om volgens die wil van God te dans. In die doop wat plaasvind "in die naam van die Vader en die Seun en die Heilige Gees", dans die Drie Enige God met die dooplegtigheid. Die Griekse woord om saam met God te dans is "perichoresis".

Die jongeling moet net leer, om soos hulle ouer word, ook saam met die Drie Enige God te dans. Daarom word 'n lewe saam met Christus, so goed opgesom in die lied van: "The Lord of the dance." Die Drie Enige God gee die melodie en die ritme aan. Die dopeling moet net inval by God se dans. Johannes Calvyn het gesê dat die twee vernaamste elemente van geloofsopvoeding moet liefde en strengheid wees. Liefde kweek geborgenheid en strengheid kweek sekuriteit. Met geborgenheid en sekuriteit het 'n kind alles om 'n suksesvolle grootmenslewe eendag te betree. 'n Jong boompie moet ook konstant gesnoei word om vorm aan te neem. As 'n Kareeboom gelos word, word dit 'n bos. Wanneer 'n Kareeboom gedurig gesnoei word, word dit 'n pragtige boom waaronder jy kan sit en waaronder

Fraudsters Target Legal Practitioners In Latest Fund Scam

The Legal Practitioners Fidelity Fund (LPFF) wishes to alert the public about a current scam attempting to defraud legal professionals by pretending to represent our organisation. This is of great concern to the LPFF, especially given our desire to enhance justice and contribute to the growth of the legal fraternity.

The modus operandi of the fraudsters is to contact legal practitioners about an

erroneous overpayment made into their bank accounts, purportedly by the LPFF. They then request the practitioner to refund a certain amount to them urgently to correct this error. Fraudsters have long used this technique to scam companies and individuals and as such, the LPFF feels this warning is equally relevant to those outside the legal profession.

We encourage legal practitioners to remain vigilant and to contact the LPFF to verify any communications bearing our name that raises suspicion.

Bonfils Barendereka, (Public Relations and Communications) at the LPFF, is available for media interviews to discuss this scam and the red flags that legal practitioners, and other individuals, can look out for to protect themselves from similar fraud attempts.

Amen.

(Ds. Paul Odendaal is leraar van die NG Kerk Adelaide.)

KENNISGEWING VAN BASIESE EVALUERINGSPROSESSE OPENBARE DEELNAMEPROSES

ONTWIKKELING VAN 'N GROEP HERNUBARE KRAGANLEGTE TUSSEN SOMERSET-OOS EN GRAHAMSTAD, OOS-KAAP

Beoogde aktiwiteit: Die ontwikkeling van 'n groep hernubare kragaanlegte bestaande uit nege (9) projekte, insluitend ses (6) windplase, twee (2) sonkragaanlegte en een (1) hooftransmissiesubstasie (HTS).

Ligging: Tussen Somerset-Oos en Grahamstad in die Cookhouse Hernubare Kragontwikkelingsone (REDZ) en die Oostelike Strategiese Transmissiekorridor. Die totale omvang van die projekte is in die Sarah Baartman Distrikmunisipaliteit en in die Blou Kraanvoëlroete- en die Makana Plaaslike Munisipaliteit.

Projeknaam	Hamlett Windplaas	Ripponn Windplaas	Redding Windplaas	Aeolus Windplaas	Wind Garden	Fronteer Windplaas	REDZ 3 Kragkorridor 400 HTS	Solaris Fields Sonkragaanleg	Sun Garden Sonkragaanleg
Applikant	Hamlett (Edms.) Bpk.	Ripponn (Edms.) Bpk.	Redding Wind (Edms.) Bpk.	Aeolus (Edms.) Bpk.	Wind Garden (Edms.) Bpk.	Fronteer (Edms.) Bpk.	Wind Relic (Edms.) Bpk.	Solaris Fields (Edms.) Bpk.	Sun Garden (Edms.) Bpk.
Geaffekteerde eiendomse (d.i. projekterrein)	» Plaas Vaalkop No. 164 » Restant van Gedeelte 1 (Middlevale) van plaas Van Aardts Kraal No. 163 » Gedeelte 1 van plaas Jaskraal No. 160 » Restant van plaas Riet Fontein A No. 159 » Gedeelte 1 van Plaas Riet Fontein A No. 159 » Restant van plaas Jaskraal No. 160 » Restant van plaas Nieuwe Grond A No. 129 » Restant van plaas Wilton No. 409 » Gedeelte 2 van plaas Middleton No. 219 » Restant van plaas Bloemhof No. 166 » Plaas Wilde Honden Kloof No. 216 » Gedeelte 1/166 Bloemhof	» Restant van Plaas No. 381 » Restant van Plaas Wilton No. 409 » Gedeelte 7 van Plaas No. 381 » Restant van Plaas Hartebeest Kuil No. 220 » Gedeelte 1 van plaas Hartebeest Kuil No. 220 » Gedeelte 2 van plaas Haartebeestkuil No. 220 » Gedeelte 2 van Plaas No. 230 » Restant van Gedeelte 4 (Pruim Plaas) van plaas Draai Hoek No. 221	» Plaas No. 369 » Gedeelte 2 van plaas Shepherds Rest No. 272 » Restant van plaas Varkens Kuil No. 269 » Gedeelte 3 (Vlak Leegte) van plaas Driefontein No. 259 » Gedeelte 1 (Opmeet Fontein) van plaas Gras Fonteyn No. 258 » Restant van plaas Draai Van Klein Visrivier 254 » Gedeelte 1 van plaas Bothas Hoop 358m » Restant van 271 van plaas Request 271 » Gedeelte 2 van plaas Request 271 » Gedeelte 1 van plaas Request 271 » Gedeelte 9 van plaas Britzkraal No. 253 » Gedeelte 8 ('n Gedeelte van Gedeelte 7) van plaas Britzkraal No. 253	» Restant van plaas Brand Rug No. 268 » Restant van plaas Varkens Kuil No. 269 » Restant van Gedeelte 3 van plaas Commadagga No. 266 » Gedeelte 1 van plaas Vaalkrans No. 299 » Gedeelte 3 Glen Roy ('n Gedeelte van Gedeelte 1) van plaas Modderfontein No. 302 » Gedeelte 2 Spitzkop van plaas Varkens Kuil No. 269	» Restant van plaas Brackkloof No. 183 » Gedeelte 5 van plaas Hilton No. 182 » Gedeelte 8 van plaas Hilton No. 182 » Gedeelte 4 van plaas Vandermerweskraal No. 132 » Gedeelte 1 van plaas Thurstford No. 183	» Restant van plaas Table Hill Farm No. 187 » Gedeelte 2 van Table Hill Farm No. 187 » Gedeelte 3 van die plaas Table Hill Farm No. 187 » Restant van die plaas Hounshow No. 131 » Gedeelte 1 van plaas Draai Farm No. 184 » Gedeelte 1 van Plaas No. 132 » Gedeelte 1 van plaas Burnt Kraal No. 189 » Gedeelte 1 van plaas Table Hill No. 187	» Plaas 434 » Gedeelte 3 van plaas Driefontein 259	» Gedeelte 9 van plaas Britzkraal No. 253 » Gedeelte 8 ('n Gedeelte van Gedeelte 7) van plaas Britzkraal No. 253 » Gedeelte 7 van plaas Britzkraal No. 253 » Gedeelte 1 van plaas Bothas Hoop No. 358	» Gedeelte 9 van plaas Britzkraal No. 253 » Gedeelte 8 ('n Gedeelte van Gedeelte 7) van plaas Britzkraal No. 253 » Gedeelte 7 van plaas Britzkraal No. 253 » Gedeelte 1 van plaas Bothas Hoop No. 358
Vermoë	Hoogstens 333 MW	Hoogstens 324 MW	Hoogstens 576 MW	Hoogstens 297 MW	Hoogstens 264 MW	Hoogstens 213 MW	400 kV	Hoogstens 300 MW	Hoogstens 300 MW
Tegnologie	Tot 37 windturbines	Tot 36 windturbines	Tot 64 windturbines	Tot 33 windturbines	Tot 47 windturbines	Tot 38 windturbines	Hooftransmissiesubstasie	Fotovoltaïese (FV) panele	Fotovoltaïese (FV) panele
Verwante infrastruktuur	Interne skakelstasie, kollektorsubstasie, 132 kV kraglyn, toegangspaaie (gruis van aard), betonfondasies en vasteblaai, stapelwerwe, kabels wat ondergronds gelê moet word waar praktiese moontlik, tydelike betonlotaanleg, personeelverblyf en bedryfs- en instandhoudingsgeboue.						Toegangspaaie (gruis van aard)	Kollektorsubstasie, 132 kV kraglyn, toegangspaaie (gruis van aard), wisselrigters, tydelike stapelwerwe, personeelverblyf, en bedryfs- en instandhoudingsgeboue	

Basiese Evalueringproses: Ingevolge Artikel 24 en 24D van die Nasionale Wet op Omgewingsbestuur (Wet 107 van 1998), saamgelees met Staatskennisgewing R324 tot R327, soos gewysig, moet 'n Omgewingsmagtiging vir elke projek onderneem word. Aangesien die projekterreine in 'n REDZ en 'n Strategiese Transmissiekorridor geleë is, moet Basiese Evalueringprosesse (BE's) ingevolge Staatskennisgewing R113 en R114 (Februarie 2018) onderneem word. Savannah Environmental onderneem die vereiste omgewingsevaluering en openbare deelnameproses. 'n Agtergrondinligtingsdokument (AID) is beskikbaar vir oorsig en kommentaar op Savannah Environmental se webwerf by www.savannahsa.com/public-documents/energy-generation/

Raadpleeg asseblief die kontakbesonderhede hieronder om meer inligting te bekom en om op die projek se databasis te registreer en kommentaar of navrae in te dien:

Nicolene Venter van Savannah Environmental
Posbus 148, Sunninghill, 2157
Selfoon: 060 978 8396
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NOTICE OF BASIC ASSESSMENT AND PUBLIC PARTICIPATION PROCESSES

WIND GARDEN WIND FARM AND FRONTEER WIND FARM, EASTERN CAPE PROVINCE

Project Names: Wind Garden Wind Farm and Fronteer Wind Farm, Eastern Cape Province

Applicant: Wind Garden (Pty) Ltd and Fronteer (Pty) Ltd

Proposed Activities: The development of the Wind Garden Wind Farm with a contracted capacity of up to 264MW which will include up to 47 wind turbine and the Fronteer Wind Farm with a contracted capacity of up to 213MW which will include up to 38 wind turbines. Associated infrastructure for each wind farm includes on-site switching station, collector substation, a 132kV power line (twin turn dual circuit), access roads (gravel in nature), concrete foundations and hardstands, laydown area, cabling to be laid underground where practical, temporary concrete batching plant, temporary staff accommodation, and operation and maintenance buildings.

Location: Located between Somerset East and Makhanda, ~18km north-west of Makhanda, within the Makana Local Municipality, Sarah Baartman District Municipality of the Eastern Cape Province, and within the Cookhouse Renewable Energy Development Zones (REDZ). The affected properties include:

Wind Garden Wind Farm	Fronteer Wind Farm
Remaining Extent of Farm Brackloof No 183	Remainder of Farm Table Hill Farm No 187
Portion 5 of Farm Hilton No 182	Portion 2 of Table Hill Farm No 187
Portion 8 of Farm Hilton No 182	Portion 3 of the Farm Table Hill Farm No 187
Portion 4 of Farm Vandermerweskraal No 132	Remainder of the Farm Hounshow No 131
Portion 1 of Farm Thursford No 183	Portion 1 of Farm Draai Farm No 184
	Portion 1 of Farm No 132
	Portion 1 of Farm Burnt Kraal No 189
	Portion 1 of Farm Table Hill No 187

Basic Assessment Process: In terms of Sections 24 and 24D of the National Environmental Management Act (No 107 of 1998), as read with Government Notice R324 – R327, as amended, Environmental Authorisation is required for the projects. As the project sites are located within a REDZ, Basic Assessment (BA) processes are required to be undertaken in accordance with GNR114 (February 2018). Savannah Environmental is undertaking the required environmental assessments and a combined public participation process.

Basic Assessment Reports available for review: The Basic Assessment (BA) Reports for both these applications are available for review and comment from **Thursday, 04 March 2021** until **Wednesday, 07 April 2021** and can be viewed at / downloaded from: <https://savannahsa.com/public-documents/energy-generation/eastern-cape-cluster-of-renewable-energy-facilities/>. The due date for written comments is Wednesday, 07 April 2021. Please see contact details below for submission of written comments.

Public Meetings: Interested and affected parties (I&APs) are invited to attend any one of the two online public meetings which will take place on **Monday, 15 March 2021** at **18h00** and **Tuesday, 16 March 2021** at **10h00**. Please contact Nicolene Venter (details below) to receive the virtual link for attendance.

Nicolene Venter of Savannah Environmental

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TEARSHEET

(to be included in final BA Report)

KENNISGEWING VAN 'N BASIESE EVALUERINGS- EN OPENBARE DEELNAMEPROSES

WIND GARDEN WINDPLAAS EN FRONTEER WINDPLAAS, OOS-KAAPROVINSIE

Projekname: Wind Garden Windplaas en Fronteer Windplaas, Oos-Kaapprovinsie

Applikant: Wind Garden (Edms.) Bpk. en Fronteer (Edms.) Bpk.

Beoogde Aktiwiteite: Die ontwikkeling van die Wind Garden Windplaas met 'n gekontrakteerde vermoë van hoogstens 264 MW, wat hoogstens 47 windturbines sal insluit, en die Fronteer Windplaas met 'n gekontrakteerde vermoë van hoogstens 213 MW, wat hoogstens 38 windturbines sal insluit. Verwante infrastruktuur vir elke windplaas sluit in 'n interne skakelstasie, kollektorsubstasie, 'n 132 kV kraglyn (gedraaide tweelingkraglyn), toegangspaaie (gruis van aard), betonfondasies en vasteblaaie, 'n stapelwerf, kables wat ondergronds gelê moet word waar dit prakties moontlik is, 'n tydelike betonlotaanleg, tydelike personeelverblyf en bedryfs- en instandhoudingsgeboue.

Ligging: Geleë tussen Somerset-Oos en Makhanda, ~18 km noordwes van Makhanda in die Makana Plaaslike Munisipaliteit, Sarah Baartman Distriksmunisipaliteit van die Oos-Kaapprovinsie en in die Cookhouse Hernubare Kragontwikkelingsone (REDZ). Die geaffekteerde eiendomme sluit in:

Wind Garden Windplaas	Fronteer Windplaas
Restant van die plaas Brackkloof No. 183	Restant van die plaas Table Hill Farm No. 187
Gedeelte 5 van die plaas Hilton No. 182	Gedeelte 2 van Table Hill Farm No. 187
Gedeelte 8 of Farm Hilton No 182	Gedeelte 3 van die plaas Table Hill Farm No. 187
Gedeelte 4 van die plaas Vandermerweskraal No. 132	Restant van die plaas Hounshow No. 131
Gedeelte 1 van die plaas Thursford No. 183	Gedeelte 1 van die plaas Draai Farm No. 184
	Gedeelte 1 van Plaas No. 132
	Gedeelte 1 van die plaas Burnt Kraal No. 189
	Gedeelte 1 van die plaas Table Hill No. 187

Basiese Evalueringproses: Ingevolge Artikel 24 en 24D van die Nasionale Wet op Omgewingsbestuur (Wet 107 van 1998), saamgelees met Staatskennisgewing R324 tot R327, soos gewysig, moet 'n Omgewingsmagtiging vir die projekte onderneem word. Aangesien die projekterreine in 'n REDZ geleë is, moet Basiese Evalueringprosesse (BE's) ingevolge Staatskennisgewing R114 (Februarie 2018) onderneem word. Savannah Environmental onderneem die vereiste omgewingsevaluering en 'n gekombineerde openbare deelnameproses.

Basiese Evalueringsverslae beskikbaar vir insae: Die Basiese Evalueringsverslae (BE's) vir albei hierdie aansoeke is beskikbaar vir insae en kommentaar vanaf **Donderdag, 4 Maart 2021** tot **Woensdag, 7 April 2021** en kan besigtig word op/afgelaai word by: <https://savannahsa.com/public-documents/energy-generation/eastern-cape-cluster-of-renewable-energy-facilities/>. Die sperdatum vir skriftelike kommentaar is Woensdag, 7 April 2021. Sien asseblief die onderstaande kontakbesonderhede vir die indiening van skriftelike kommentaar.

Openbare Vergaderings: Belangstellende en geaffekteerde partye (B&GP's) word genooi om enigeen van die twee aanlyn openbare vergaderings by te woon wat sal plaasvind op **Maandag, 15 Maart 2021** om **18h00** en **Dinsdag, 16 Maart 2021** om **10h00**. Tree asseblief in verbinding met Nicolene Venter (kontakbesonderhede hieronder) om die skakel vir die virtuele bywoning te ontvang.

Nicolene Venter van Savannah Environmental

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Webwerf: www.savannahsa.com

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TEARSHEET

(to be included in final BA Report)

LIVEREAD

AFRIKAANS:

Aan alle gemeenskapslede – Basiese Evaluering- en Openbare Deelnameprosesse word deur Savannah Environmental onderneem vir die voorgestelde Wind Garden en Fronteer windplase naby Makhanda. Die Basiese Evalueringsverslae en gepaardgaande inligting vir die windplase ontwikkelings is beskikbaar vir jou insae en kommentaar en kan van Savannah Environmental se webwerf afgelaai word by www.savannahsa.com onder *Public Documents*.

Die 30-dae insae- en kommentaartydperk is vanaf **Donderdag 04 Maart 2021** tot en met **Woensdag, 07 April 2021**.

Gemeenskapslede word genooi om enige van die twee aanlyn openbare vergaderings by te woon wat plaasvind op **Maandag, 15 Maart 2021** om **18h00** en **Dinsdag, 16 Maart 2021** om **10h00**.

Vir meer inligting en om vir die openbare vergaderings te registreer, stuur jou naam en kontakligting aan Nicolene Venter van Savannah Environmental. Bel ons op 011 656 3237, of stuur 'n boodskap na 060 978 8396, of stuur 'n epos aan publicprocess@savannahsa.com.

ENGLISH

To all community members – Basic Assessments and Public Participation Processes are being undertaken by Savannah Environmental for the proposed Wind Garden and Fronteer wind farms near Makhanda. The Basic Assessment Reports for the wind farm developments are available for your review and comment. You can download the reports as well as other supporting information from the Savannah Environmental website, at www.savannahsa.com under the *Public Documents* page.

The 30-day review and comment period for the reports are from **Thursday, 04 March 2021** until **Wednesday, 07 April 2021**.

Community members are invited to attend any one of the two online public meeting which will take place on **Monday, 15 March 2021** at **18h00** and **Tuesday, 16 March 2021** at **10h00**.

To obtain further information and to register attendance at the public meetings, please send your name and contact information to Nicolene Venter at Savannah Environmental. Call us on 011 656 3237, or on 060 978 8396, or send an e-mail to publicprocess@savannahsa.com.

AFRIKAANS:

Aan alle gemeenskapslede – Basiese Evaluering- en Openbare Deelnameprosesse word deur Savannah Environmental onderneem vir die voorgestelde Wind Garden en Fronteer windplase naby Makhanda. Die Basiese Evalueringsverslae en gepaardende inligting vir die windplaas ontwikkelings is beskikbaar vir jou insae en kommentaar en kan van Savannah Environmental se webwerf afgelaai word by www.savannahsa.com onder *Public Documents*.

Die 30-dae insae- en kommentaartydperk is vanaf **Donderdag, 04 Maart 2021** tot en met **Woensdag, 07 April 2021**.

Vir meer inligting en om te registreer, stuur jou naam, kontakinligting en belang by die projek aan Nicolene Venter van Savannah Environmental. Bel ons op 011 656 3237, of stuur 'n boodskap na 060 978 8396, of stuur 'n epos aan publicprocess@savannahsa.com.

ENGLISH

To all community members – Basic Assessments and Public Participation Processes are being undertaken by Savannah Environmental for the proposed Wind Garden and Fronteer wind farms near Makanda. The Basic Assessment Reports for the wind farm developments are available for your review and comment. You can download the reports as well as other supporting information from the Savannah Environmental website, at www.savannahsa.com under the *Public Documents* page.

The 30-day review and comment period for the reports are from **Thursday, 04 March 2021** until **Wednesday, 07 April 2021**.

To obtain further information and register on the project database, please send your name, contact information and interest in the project to Nicolene Venter at Savannah Environmental. Call us on 011 656 3237, or on 060 978 8396, or send an e-mail to publicprocess@savannahsa.com.

WIND GARDEN AND FRONTEER WIND ENERGY FACILITY

LIVEREAD SCHEDULE (COMBINED)

(Signed schedule from Radio Grahamstown 102.1fm to be included in the final BA Report)

DATE	TIME	LANGUAGE	CONTENT
Thursday, 04 March 2021	Morning	Afrikaans	BA Reports' review period & Public Meeting dates and time
	Afternoon / Early Evening	English	
Friday, 12 March 2021	Morning	Afrikaans	BA Reports' review period & Public Meeting dates and time
	Afternoon / Early Evening	English	
Wednesday, 31 March 2021	Morning	Afrikaans	BA Reports' review period
	Afternoon / Early Evening	English	