RONDAVEL SOLAR ENERGY FACILITY, KROONSTAD, FREE STATE PROVINCE

Environmental Management Programme for the on-site substation associated with the Rondavel Solar Energy Facility

April 2021

GENERIC ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) FOR THE DEVELOPMENT AND EXPANSION OF SUBSTATION INFRASTRUCTURE FOR THE TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION OF ELECTRICITY











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INTRODUCTION

1. Background

The National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998) (NEMA) requires that an environmental management programme (EMPr) be submitted where an environmental impact assessment (EIA) has been identified as the environmental instrument to be utilised as the basis for a decision on an application for environmental authorisation (EA). The content of an EMPr must either contain the information set out in Appendix 4 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014, as amended (EIA Regulations) or must be a generic EMPr relevant to an application as identified and gazetted by the Minister in a government notice. Once the Minister has identified, through a government notice that a generic EMPr is relevant to an application for EA, that generic EMPr must be applied by all parties involved in the EA process, including but not limited to the applicant and the competent authority (CA).

2. Purpose

This document constitutes a generic EMPr relevant to applications for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, and all listed and specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

3. Objective

The objective of this generic EMPr is to prescribe and pre-approve generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions, which can commonly and repeatedly be used for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity. The use of a generic EMPr is intended to reduce the need to prepare and review individual EMPrs for applications of a similar nature.

4. Scope

The scope of this generic EMPr applies to the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity requiring EA in terms of NEMA. This generic EMPr applies to activities requiring EA, mainly activity 11 and 47 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 1 of 2014, as amended, and activity 9 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 2 of 2014, as amended, and all associated listed or specified activities necessary for the realization of such infrastructure.

5. Structure of this document

This document is structured in three parts with an Appendix as indicated in the table below:

Part	Section	Heading	Content
		-	
Α		Provides general guidance	Definitions, acronyms, roles & responsibilities and
		and information and is not	documentation and reporting.
	_	legally binding	
В	1	Pre-approved generic EMPr template	Contains generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions required for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, which are presented in the form of a template that has been preapproved.
			The template in this section is to be completed by the contractor, with each completed page signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity.
			Where an impact management outcome is not relevant, the words "not applicable" can be inserted in the template under the "responsible persons" column.
			Once completed and signed, the template represents the EMPr for the activity approved by the CA and is legally binding. The template is not required to be submitted to the CA as once the generic EMPr is gazetted for implementation, it has been approved by the CA.
			To allow interested and affected parties access to the pre-approved EMPr template for consideration through the decision-making process, the EAP on behalf of the applicant /proponent must make the hard copy of this EMPr available at a public location and where the applicant has a website, the EMPr should also be made available on such publicly accessible website.
	2	Site specific information	Contains preliminary infrastructure layout and a declaration that the applicant/holder of the EA

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			will comply with the pre-approved generic EMPr template contained in <u>Part B: Section 1</u> , and understands that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding . The preliminary infrastructure layout must be finalized to inform the final EMPr that is to be submitted with the basic assessment report (BAR) or environmental impact assessment report (EIAR), ensuring that all impact management outcomes and impact management actions have been either preapproved or approved in terms of <u>Part C</u> .
			This section must be submitted to the CA together with the final BAR or EIAR. The information submitted to the CA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B</u> : section 2 not be submitted. Once approved, this Section forms part of the EMPr for the development and is legally binding.
С		Site specific sensitivities/ attributes	If any specific environmental sensitivities/ attributes are present on the site which require site specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr, to manage impacts, these specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific environmental attributes must be referenced spatially and impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be provided. These specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the preapproved EMPr template (Part B: section 1) This section will not be required should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes. However, if Part C is applicable to the site, it is required to be submitted together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The
			contain no specific environmental sensit attributes. However, if <u>Part C</u> is applicab site, it is required to be submitted toget the BAR or EIAR, for consideration

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			approved, Part C forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.
			This section applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the specific development or expansion and which are not already included in <u>Part B: section 1</u> .
Appendix 1			Contains the method statements to be prepared prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are not required to be submitted to the competent authority.

6. Completion of part B: section 1: the pre-approved generic EMPr template

The template is to be completed prior to commencement of the activity, by providing the following information for each environmental impact management action:

- For implementation
 - a 'responsible person',
 - a method for implementation,
 - a timeframe for implementation
- For monitoring
 - a responsible person
 - frequency
 - evidence of compliance.

The completed template must be signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as <u>Appendix 1</u>. Each method statement must be signed and dated on each page by the holder of the EA. This template once signed and dated is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

7. Amendments of the impact management outcomes and impact management actions

Once the activity has commenced, a holder of an EA may make amendments to the impact management outcomes and impact management actions in the following manner:

- Amendment of the impact management outcomes: in line with the process contemplated in Regulation 37 of the EIA Regulations; and
- Amendment of the impact management actions: in line with the process contemplated in Regulation 36 of the EIA Regulations.

8. Documents to be submitted as part of part B: section 2 site specific information and declaration

<u>Part B: Section 2</u> has three distinct sub-sections. The first and third sub-sections are in a template format. Sub-section two requires a map to be produced.

<u>Sub-section 1</u> contains the project name, the applicant's name and contact details, the site information, which includes coordinates of the property or farm in which the proposed substation infrastructure is proposed as well as the 21-digit Surveyor General code of each cadastral land parcel and, where available, the farm name.

<u>Sub-section 2</u> is to be prepared by an EAP and must contain his/her name and expertise including a curriculum vitae. This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout using the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at: https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features and within 50 m from the development footprint.

<u>Sub-section 3</u> is the declaration that the applicant (s)/proponent (s) or holder of the EA in the case of a change of ownership must complete which confirms that the applicant/EA holder will comply with the pre-approved 'generic EMPr' template in <u>Section 1</u> and understands that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding.

(a) Amendments to Part B: Section 2 – site specific information and declaration

Should the EA be transferred, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new applicant/proponent and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted as part of such an application for an amendment to an EA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

PART A - GENERAL INFORMATION

1. **DEFINITIONS**

In this EMPr any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the NEMA or EIA Regulations has that meaning, and unless the context requires otherwise –

"clearing" means the clearing and removal of vegetation, whether partially or in whole, including trees and shrubs, as specified;

"construction camp" is the area designated for key construction infrastructure and services, including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;

"contractor" - The Contractor has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract, are in line with the Environmental Management Programme and that Method Statements are implemented as described.

"hazardous substance" is a substance governed by the Hazardous Substances Act, 1973 (Act No. 15 of 1973) as well as the Hazardous Chemical and Substances Regulations, 1995;

"method statement" means a written submission by the Contractor to the Project Manager in response to this EMPr or a request by the Project Manager and ECO. The method statement must set out the equipment, materials, labour and method(s) the Contractor proposes using to carry out an activity identified by the Project Manager when requesting the Method Statement. This must be done in such detail that the Project Manager and ECO is able to assess whether the Contractor's proposal is in accordance with this specification and/or will produce results in accordance with this specification;

The method statement must cover as a minimum applicable detail with regard to:

- (i) Construction procedures;
- (ii) Plant, materials and equipment to be used;
- (iii) Transporting the equipment to and from site;
- (iv) How the plant/material/equipment will be moved while on site;
- (v) How and where the plant/ material/ equipment will be stored;
- (vi) The containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- (vii) Timing and location of activities;
- (viii) Compliance/ non-compliance; and
- (ix) Any other information deemed necessary by the Project Manager.

"slope" means the inclination of a surface expressed as one unit of rise or fall for so many horizontal units;

"solid waste" means all solid waste, including construction debris, hazardous waste, excess cement/concrete, wrapping materials, timber, cans, drums, wire, nails, food and domestic waste (e.g. plastic packets and wrappers);

"spoil" means excavated material which is unsuitable for use as material in the construction works or is material which is surplus to the requirements of the construction works;

"topsoil" means a varying depth (up to 300 mm) of the soil profile irrespective of the fertility, appearance, structure, agricultural potential, fertility and composition of the soil;

"works" means the works to be executed in terms of the Contract

2. ACRONYMS and ABBREVIATIONS

Competent Authority
Contractors Environmental Officer
Developer Environmental Officer
Developer Project Manager
Developer Site Supervisor
Environmental Audit Report
Environment Conservation Act No. 73 of 1989
Environmental Control Officer
Environmental Authorisation
Environmental Impact Assessment
Emergency Response Action Plan
Environmental Management Programme
Report
Environmental Assessment Practitioner
Fire Protection Agency
Hazardous chemical Substance
National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998)
National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act ,2004 (Act No. 10 of 2004)
National Environmental Management:
Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008)
Material Safety Data Sheet

3. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) IMPLEMENTATION

The effective implementation of this generic EMPr is dependent on established and clear roles, responsibilities and reporting lines within an institutional framework. This section of the EMPr gives guidance to the various environmental roles and reporting lines, however, project specific requirements will ultimately determine the need for the appointment of specific person(s) to undertake specific roles and or responsibilities. As such, it must be noted that in the event that no specific person, for example, an environmental control officer (ECO) is appointed, the holder of the EA remains responsible for ensuring that the duties indicated in this document for action by the ECO are undertaken.

Table 1: Guide to roles and responsibilities for implementation of an EMPr

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer's Project Manager (DPM)	Role The Project Developer is accountable for ensuring compliance with the EMPr and any conditions of approval from the competent authority (CA). Where required, an environmental control officer (ECO) must be contracted by the Project Developer to objectively monitor the implementation of the EMPr according to relevant environmental legislation, and the conditions of the environmental authorisation (EA). The Project Developer is further responsible for providing and giving mandate to enable the ECO to perform responsibilities, and he must ensure that the ECO is integrated as part of the project team while remaining independent. Responsibilities
	 Be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA; Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Developer and its Contractor(s); Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; Monitor the implementation of the EMPr throughout the project by means of site inspections and meetings. Overall management of the project and EMPr implementation; and Ensure that periodic environmental performance audits are undertaken on the project implementation.

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer Site Supervisor (DSS)	Role The DSS reports directly to the DPM, oversees site works, liaises with the contractor(s) and the ECO. The DSS is responsible for the day to day implementation of the EMPr and for ensuring the compliance of all contractors with the conditions and requirements stipulated in the EMPr.
	Responsibilities - Ensure that all contractors identify a contractor's Environmental Officer (cEO); - Must be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA. Oversees site works, liaison with Contractor, DPM and ECO;
	 Must ensure that all landowners have the relevant contact details of the site staff, ECO and cEO; Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; Will issue all non-compliances to contractors; and Ratify the Monthly Environmental Report.
Environmental Control Officer (ECO)	Role The ECO should have appropriate training and experience in the implementation of environmental management specifications. The primary role of the ECO is to act as an independent quality controller and monitoring agent regarding all environmental concerns and associated environmental impacts. In this respect, the ECO is to conduct periodic site inspections, attend regular site meetings, pre-empt problems and suggest mitigation and be available to advise on incidental issues that arise. The ECO is also required to conduct compliance audits, verifying the monitoring reports submitted by the cEO. The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager regarding all environmental matters. The Contractor, cEO and dEO are answerable to the Environmental Control Officer for non-compliance with the Performance Specifications as set out in the EA and EMPr.
	The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager, who in turn reports back to the Contractor and potential and Registered Interested &Affected Parties (RI&APs), as required. Issues of non-compliance raised by the ECO must be taken up by the Project Manager, and resolved with the Contractor as per the conditions of his contract. Decisions regarding environmental procedures, specifications and requirements which have a cost implication (i.e. those that are deemed to be a variation, not allowed for in the

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	Performance Specification) must be endorsed by the Project Manager. The ECO must also, as specified by the EA, report to the relevant CA as and when required.
	 Responsibilities The responsibilities of the ECO will include the following: Be aware of the findings and conclusions of all EA related to the development; Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr; Be conversant with relevant environmental legislation, policies and procedures, and ensure compliance with them; Undertake regular and comprehensive site inspections / audits of the construction site according to the generic EMPr and applicable licenses in order to monitor compliance as required;
	 Educate the construction team about the management measures contained in the EMPr and environmental licenses; Compilation and administration of an environmental monitoring plan to ensure that the environmental management measures are implemented and are effective; Monitoring the performance of the Contractors and ensuring compliance with the EMPr and associated Method Statements; In consultation with the Developer Site Supervisor order the removal of person(s) and/or equipment which are in contravention of the specifications of the EMPr and/or environmental licenses; Liaison between the DPM, Contractors, authorities and other lead stakeholders on all environmental concerns;
	 Compile a regular environmental audit report highlighting any non-compliance issues as well as satisfactory or exceptional compliance with the EMPr; Validating the regular site inspection reports, which are to be prepared by the contractor Environmental Officer (cEO); Checking the cEO's record of environmental incidents (spills, impacts, legal transgressions etc.) as well as corrective and preventive actions taken; Checking the cEO's public complaints register in which all complaints are recorded, as well as action taken;

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities		
	 Assisting in the resolution of conflicts; Facilitate training for all personnel on the site – this may range from carrying out the training, to reviewing the training programmes of the Contractor; In case of non-compliances, the ECO must first communicate this to the Senior Site Supervisor, who has the power to ensure this matter is addressed. Should no action or insufficient action be taken, the ECO may report this matter to the authorities as non-compliance; Maintenance, update and review of the EMPr; Communication of all modifications to the EMPr to the relevant stakeholders. 		
developer Environmental Officer (dEO)	Role The dEOs will report to the Project Manager and are responsible for implementation of the EMPr, environmental monitoring and reporting, providing environmental input to the Project Manager and Contractor's Manager, liaising with contractors and the landowners as well as a range of environmental coordination responsibilities.		
	 Responsibilities Be fully conversant with the EMPr; Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr, and implement these measures; Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Employees, Contractor(s); Confine the development site to the demarcated area; Conduct environmental internal audits with regards to EMPr and authorisation compliance (on cEO); Assist the contractors in addressing environmental challenges on site; Assist in incident management: Reporting environmental incidents to developer and ensuring that corrective action is taken, and lessons learnt shared; Assist the contractor in investigating environmental incidents and compile investigation reports; Follow-up on pre-warnings, defects, non-conformance reports; Measure and communicate environmental performance to the Contractor; 		

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	 Conduct environmental awareness training on site together with ECO and cEO; Ensure that the necessary legal permits and / or licenses are in place and up to date; Acting as Developer's Environmental Representative on site and work together with the ECO and contractor;
Contractor	Role The Contractor appoints the cEO and has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract are in line with the EMPr and that Method Statements are implemented as described. External contractors must ensure compliance with this EMPr while performing the onsite activities as per their contract with the Project Developer. The contractors are required, where specified, to provide Method Statements setting out in detail how the impact management actions contained in the EMPr will be implemented during the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity activities.
	 Responsibilities project delivery and quality control for the development services as per appointment; employ a suitably qualified person to monitor and report to the Project Developer's appointed person on the daily activities on-site during the construction period; ensure that safe, environmentally acceptable working methods and practices are implemented and that equipment is properly operated and maintained, to facilitate proper access and enable any operation to be carried out safely; attend on site meeting(s) prior to the commencement of activities to confirm the procedure and designated activity zones; ensure that contractors' staff repair, at their own cost, any environmental damage as a result of a contravention of the specifications contained in EMPr, to the satisfaction of the ECO.
contractor Environmental Officer (cEO)	Role Each Contractor affected by the EMPr should appoint a cEO, who is responsible for the on-site implementation of the EMPr (or relevant sections of the EMPr). The Contractor's representative can be the site agent; site engineer; a dedicated environmental officer; or an independent consultant. The Contractor must ensure that the Contractor's Representative is suitably qualified to perform the necessary tasks and is

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	appointed at a level such that she/he can interact effectively with other site Contractors, labourers, the Environmental Control Officer and the public. As a minimum the cEO shall meet the following criteria:
	Responsibilities Be on site throughout the duration of the project and be dedicated to the project; Ensure all their staff are aware of the environmental requirements, conditions and constraints with respect to all of their activities on site; Implementing the environmental conditions, guidelines and requirements as stipulated within the EA, EMPr and Method Statements; Attend the Environmental Site Meeting; Undertaking corrective actions where non-compliances are registered within the stipulated timeframes; Report back formally on the completion of corrective actions; Assist the ECO in maintaining all the site documentation; Prepare the site inspection reports and corrective action reports for submission to the ECO; Assist the ECO with the preparing of the monthly report; and Where more than one Contractor is undertaking work on site, each company appointed as a Contractor will appoint a cEO representing that company.

4. ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE

To ensure accountable and demonstrated implementation of the EMPr, a number of reporting systems, documentation controls and compliance mechanisms must be in place for all substation infrastructure projects as a minimum requirement.

4.1 Document control/Filing system

The holder of the EA is solely responsible for the upkeep and management of the EMPr file. As a minimum, all documentation detailed below will be stored in the EMPr file. A hard copy of all documentation shall be filed, while an electronic copy may be kept where relevant. A duplicate file will be maintained in the office of the DSS (where applicable). This duplicate file must remain current and up-to-date. The filing system must be updated and relevant documents added as required. The EMPr file must be made available at all times on request by the CA or other relevant authorities. The EMPr file will form part of any environmental audits undertaken as prescribed in the EIA Regulations.

4.2 Documentation to be available

At the outset of the project, the following preliminary list of documents shall be placed in the filing system and be accessible at all times:

- Full copy of the signed EA from the CA in terms of NEMA, granting approval for the development or expansion;
- Copy of the generic and site specific EMPr as well as any amendments thereof;
- Copy of declaration of implementing generic EMPr and subsequent approval of site specific EMPr and amendments thereof;
- All method statements;
- Completed environmental checklists;
- Minutes and attendance register of environmental site meetings;
- An up-to-date environmental incident log;
- A copy of all instructions or directives issued;
- A copy of all corrective actions signed off. The corrective actions must be filed in such a way that a clear reference is made to the non-compliance record;
- Complaints register.

4.3 Weekly Environmental Checklist

The ECOs are required to complete a Weekly Environmental Checklist, the format of which is to be agreed prior to commencement of the activity. The ECOs are required to sign and date the checklist, retain a copy in the EMPr file and submit a copy of the completed checklist to the DSS on a weekly basis.

The checklists will form the basis for the Monthly Environmental Reports. Copies of all completed checklists will be attached as Annexures to the Environmental Audit Report as required in terms of the EIA Regulations.

4.4 Environmental site meetings

Minutes of the environmental site meetings shall be kept. The minutes must include an attendance register and will be attached to the Monthly Report that is distributed to attendees. Each set of minutes must clearly record "Matters for Attention" that will be reviewed at the next meeting.

4.5 Required Method Statements

The method statement will be done in such detail that the ECOs are enabled to assess whether the contractor's proposal is in accordance with the EMPr.

The method statement must cover applicable details with regard to:

- development procedures;
- materials and equipment to be used;
- getting the equipment to and from site;
- how the equipment/ material will be moved while on site;
- how and where material will be stored;
- the containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- timing and location of activities;
- compliance/ non-compliance with the EMPr; and
- any other information deemed necessary by the ECOs.

Unless indicated otherwise by the Project Manager, the Contractor shall provide the following method statements to the Project Manager no less than 14 days prior to the commencement date of the activity:

- Site establishment Camps, Lay-down or storage areas, satellite camps, infrastructure;
- Batch plants;
- Workshop or plant servicing;
- Handling, transport and storage of Hazardous Chemical Substance's;
- Vegetation management Protected, clearing, aliens, felling;
- Access management Roads, gates, crossings etc.;
- Fire plan;
- Waste management transport, storage, segregation, classification, disposal (all waste streams);
- Social interaction complaints management, compensation claims, access to properties etc.;
- Water use (source, abstraction and disposal), access and all related information, crossings and mitigation;
- Emergency preparedness Spills, training, other environmental emergencies;
- Dust and noise management methodologies;
- Fauna interaction and risk management only if the risk was identified wildlife interaction especially on game farms; and
- Heritage and palaeontology management.

The ECOs shall monitor and ensure that the contractors perform in accordance with these method statements. Completed and agreed method statements between the holder of the EA and the contractor shall be captured in Appendix 1.

4.6 Environmental Incident Log (Diary)

The ECOs are required to maintain an up-to-date and current Environmental Incident Log (environmental diary). The Environmental Incident Log is a means to record all environmental incidents and/or all non-compliance notice would not be issued. An environmental incident is defined as:

- Any deviation from the listed impact management actions (listed in this EMPr) that
 may be addressed immediately by the ECOs. (For example, a contractor's staff
 member littering or a drip tray that has not been emptied);
- Any environmental impact resulting from an action or activity by a contractor in contravention of the environmental stipulations and guidelines listed in the EMPr which as a single event would have a minor impact but which if cumulative and continuous would have a significant effect (for example no toilet paper available in the ablutions for an afternoon); and
- General environmental information such as road kills or injured wildlife.

The ECOs are to record all environmental incidents in the Environmental Incident Log. All incidents regardless of severity must be reported to the Developer. The Log is to be kept in the EMPr file and at a minimum the following will be recorded for each environmental incident:

- The date and time of the incident;
- Description of the incident;
- The name of the Contractor responsible;
- The incident must be listed as significant or minor;
- If the incident is listed as significant, a non-compliance notice must be issued, and recorded in the log;
- Remedial or corrective action taken to mitigate the incident; and
- Record of repeat minor offences by the same contractor or staff member.

The Environmental Incident Log will be captured in the EAR.

4.7 Non-compliance

A non-compliance notice will be issued to the responsible contractor by the ECOs via the DSS or Project Manager. The non-compliance notice will be issued in writing; a copy filed in the EMPr file and will at a minimum include the following:

- Time and date of the non-compliance;
- Name of the contractor responsible;
- Nature and description of the non-compliance;
- Recommended / required corrective action; and
- Date by which the corrective action to be completed.
- The contractors shall act immediately when a notice of non-compliance is received and correct whatever is the cause for the issuing of the notice. Complaints received regarding activities on the development site pertaining to the environment shall be

recorded in a dedicated register and the response noted with the date and action taken. The ECO should be made aware of any complaints. Any non-compliance with the agreed procedures of the EMPr is a transgression of the various statutes and laws that define the manner by which the environment is managed. Failure to redress the cause shall be reported to the relevant CA for them to deal with the transgression, as it deems fit. The contractor is deemed not to have complied with the EMPr if, inter alia, There is a deviation from the environmental conditions, impact management outcomes and impact management actions activities, as approved in generic and site specific EMPr as relevant as set out in the EMPr, which deviation has, or may cause, an environmental impact.

4.8 Corrective action records

For each non-compliance notice issued, a documented corrective action must be recorded. On receiving a non-compliance notice from the DSS, the contractor's cEO will ensure that the corrective actions required take place within the stipulated timeframe. On completion of the corrective action the cEO is to issue a Corrective Action Report in writing to the ECOs. If satisfied that the corrective action has been completed, the ECOs are to sign-off on the Corrective Action Report, and attach the report to the non-compliance notice in the EMPr file. A corrective action is considered complete once the report has signed off by the ECOs.

4.9 Photographic record

A digital photographic record will be kept. The photographic record will be used to show before, during and post rehabilitation evidence of the project as well used in cases of damages claims if they arise. Each image must be dated and a brief description note attached.

The Contractor shall:

1. Allow the ECOs access to take photographs of all areas, activities and actions.

The ECOs shall keep an electronic database of photographic records which will include:

- 1. Pictures of all areas designated as work areas, camp areas, development sites and storage areas taken before these areas are set up;
- 2. All bunding and fencing;
- 3. Road conditions and road verges;
- 4. Condition of all farm fences;
- 5. Topsoil storage areas;
- 6. All areas to be cordoned off during construction;
- 7. Waste management sites;
- 8. Ablution facilities (inside and out);
- 9. Any non-conformances deemed to be "significant";
- 10. All completed corrective actions for non-compliances;
- 11. All required signage;
- 12. Photographic recordings of incidents;
- 13. All areas before, during and post rehabilitation; and
- 14. Include relevant photographs in the Final Environmental Audit Report.

4.10 Complaints register

The ECOs shall keep a current and up-to-date complaints register. The complaints register is to be a record of all complaints received from communities, stakeholders and individuals. The Complaints Record shall:

- 1. Record the name and contact details of the complainant;
- 2. Record the time and date of the complaint;
- 3. Contain a detailed description of the complaint;
- 4. Where relevant and appropriate, contain photographic evidence of the complaint or damage (ECOs to take relevant photographs); and
- 5. Contain a copy of the ECOs written response to each complaint received and keep a record of any further correspondence with the complainant. The ECO's written response will include a description of any corrective action to be taken and must be signed by the Contractor, ECO and affected party. Where a damage claim is issued by the complainant, the ECOs shall respond as described in (section 4.11) below.

4.11 Claims for damages

In the event that a Claim for Damages is submitted by a community, landowner or individual, the ECOs shall:

- 1. Record the full detail of the complaint as described in (section 4.10) above;
- 2. The DPM will evaluate the claim and associated damage and submit the evaluation to the Senior Site Representative for approval;
- 3. Following consideration by the DPM, the claim is to be resolved and settled immediately, or the reason for not accepting the claim communicated in writing to the claimant. Should the claimant not accept this, the ECO shall, in writing report the incident to the Developer's negotiator and legal department; and
- 4. A formal record of the response by the ECOs to the claimant as well as the rectification of the method of making payments not amount will be recorded in the EMPr file.

4.12 Interactions with affected parties

Open, transparent and good relations with affected landowners, communities and regional staff are an essential aspect to the successful management and mitigation of environmental impacts.

The ECOs shall:

- 1. Ensure that all queries, complaints and claims are dealt within an agreed timeframe;
- 2. Ensure that any or all agreements are documented, signed by all parties and a record of the agreement kept in the EMPr file;
- 3. Ensure that a complaints telephone numbers are made available to all landowners and affected parties; and
- 4. Ensure that contact with affected parties is courteous at all times;

4.13 Environmental audits

Internal environmental audits of the activity and implementation of the EMPr must be undertaken. The findings and outcomes included in the EMPr file and submitted to the CA at intervals as indicated in the EA.

The ECOs must prepare a monthly EAR. The report will be tabled as the key point on the agenda of the Environmental Site Meeting. The Report is submitted for acceptance at the meeting and the final report will be circulated to the Project Manager and filed in the EMPr file. At a frequency determined by the EA, the ECOs shall submit the monthly reports to the CA. At a minimum the monthly report is to cover the following:

- * Weekly Environmental Checklists;
- Deviations and non-compliances with the checklists;
- * Non-compliances issued;
- Completed and reported corrective actions;
- Environmental Monitoring;
- * General environmental findings and actions; and
- * Minutes of the Bi-monthly Environmental Site Meetings.

4.14 Final environmental audits

On final completion of the rehabilitation and/or requirements of the EA a final EAR is to be prepared and submitted to the CA. The EAR must comply with Appendix 7 of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 1: Pre-approved generic EMPr template

5. IMPACT MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES AND IMPACT MANAGEMENT ACTIONS

This section provides a pre-approved generic EMPr template with aspects that are common to the development of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity. There is a list of aspects identified for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, and for each aspect a set of prescribed impact management outcomes and associated impact management actions have been identified. Holders of EAs are responsible to ensure the implementation of these outcomes and actions for all projects as a minimum requirement, in order to mitigate the impact of such aspects identified for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity.

The template provided below is to be completed by providing the information under each heading for each environmental impact management action.

The completed template must be signed and dated on each page by both the contractor and the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as Appendix 1. Each method statement must also be duly signed and dated on each page by the contactor and the holder of the EA. This template, once signed and dated, is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

5.1 Environmental awareness training

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 All staff must receive environmental awareness 	ECO / cEO /	Hold	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
training prior to commencement of the activities.	dEO	environmental	Construction	dEO	and when	register and
		awareness			required	training minutes /
		training				notes for the
		workshops				record
 The Contractor must allow for sufficient sessions to 	Contractor	Scheduling of	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
train all personnel with no more than 20 personnel		sufficient	Construction	dEO	and when	register and
attending each course.		sessions through			required	training minutes /
		consultation				notes for the
		with the ECO /				record
Defendance in the later was being in	. 50 / 150 :	cEO / dEO	D 1 II	500	A4	Allerater
Refresher environmental awareness training is	cEO / dEO in	Hold refresher	During the	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
available as and when required.	consultation with the ECO	environmental	construction	dEO	and when	register and
	wiin ine eco	awareness training	phase		required	training minutes /
		workshops				record
All staff are aware of the conditions and controls	cEO / dEO	Hold training	During the	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
linked to the EA and within the EMPr and made aware	CLO / GLO	workshops and	construction	dEO	and when	register and
of their individual roles and responsibilities in achieving		ensure that the	phase	alo	required	training minutes /
compliance with the EA and EMPr.		EA and EMPr is				notes for the
		readily available				record
The Contractor must erect and maintain information	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
posters at key locations on site, and the posters must		place	Construction	dEO		record
include the following information as a minimum:		appropriate		cEO		
a) Safety notifications; and		posters at key				
b) No littering.		locations				

 Environmental awareness training must include as a minimum the following: a) Description of significant environmental impacts, actual or potential, related to their work activities; b) Mitigation measures to be implemented when carrying out specific activities; c) Emergency preparedness and response procedures; d) Emergency procedures; e) Procedures to be followed when working near or within sensitive areas; f) Wastewater management procedures; g) Water usage and conservation; h) Solid waste management procedures; 	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the minimum requirements	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Prior to the commencemen t of the environmental awareness training	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist
i) Sanitation procedures;j) Fire prevention; andk) Disease prevention.						
 A record of all environmental awareness training courses undertaken as part of the EMPr must be available. 	ECO / cEO / dEO	Filing system including all proof of training (i.e. attendance register and training minutes / notes for the record)	During the construction phase	ECO dEO	Monthly	Completed and up to date filing system with proof of training
 Educate workers on the dangers of open and/or unattended fires. 	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the dangers of open and/or unattended fire	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Prior to the commencemen t of the environmental awareness training	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist

 A staff attendance register of all staff to have 	ECO / cEO /	Filing system	During the	ECO	Monthly	Completed and
received environmental awareness training must be	dEO	including all	construction	dEO		up to date filing
available.		proof of training	phase			system inclusive of
		(i.e. attendance				all attendance
		register)				registers
Course material must be available and presented in	ECO / cEO /	Develop	During the	ECO	Monthly	Environmental
appropriate languages that all staff can understand.	dEO	environmental	construction	dEO		awareness
		awareness	phase			training material
		training material				requirements
		in the required				checklist and the
		languages.				training register
		Training material				which must
		must by readily				indicate the
		available to all				language of the
		staff				training

5.2 Site Establishment development

Impact management outcome: Impacts on the environment are minimized during site establishment and the development footprint are kept to demarcated development area.

development died.									
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring					
		T	T			T =			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of			
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance			
 A method statement must be provided by the 	Contractor	Development of	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Availability of			
contractor prior to any onsite activity that includes the		an appropriate		dEO	construction	the method			
layout of the construction camp in the form of a plan		method				statement which			
showing the location of key infrastructure and services		statement				complies with			
(where applicable), including but not limited to						the minimum			
offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the						requirements			
workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous						listed			
materials storage areas (including fuels), the batching									
plant (if one is located at the construction camp),									
designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas									

and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management.						
 Location of construction camps must be within approved area to ensure that the site does not impact on sensitive areas identified in the environmental assessment or site walk through. 	DPM	Place construction camps outside of sensitive areas identified in the Basic Assessment Report	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of a layout and sensitivity map indicating avoidance of sensitive areas
Sites must be located where possible on previously disturbed areas.	DPM	Place site outside of sensitive areas and within previously disturbed areas identified in the BA Report	Pre-construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of a layout and sensitivity map indicating avoidance of sensitive areas and placement within disturbed areas
The camp must be fenced in accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing and gate installation.	DPM	Design and implementation of fencing as per the requirements of Section 5.5 of this EMPr	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction and once during the construction of the fencing	The camp is fenced in accordance with Section 5.5 of this EMPr
 The use of existing accommodation for contractor staff, where possible, is encouraged. 	The state of the s	the development o vns such as Kroonsta		· ·	' '	e accommodated

5.3 Access restricted areas

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation				
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Identification of access restricted areas is to be informed by the environmental assessment, site walk through and any additional areas identified during development. 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the ECO	Spatially demarcate access restricted areas informed by the EIA Report	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to construction	Access restricted areas are identified and provided in a spatial format
 Erect, demarcate and maintain a temporary barrier with clear signage around the perimeter of any access restricted area, colour coding could be used if appropriate. 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the ECO	Erect appropriate temporary barriers around access restricted areas	At the commencement and for the duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Access restricted areas are closed-off through temporary barriers and barriers are maintained to a sufficient standard
Unauthorised access and development related activity inside access restricted areas is prohibited.	Contractor / dEO / cEO	Erect appropriate temporary barriers around access restricted areas and provide clear signage of restricted status	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Photographic evidence and/or notes of compliance that no unauthorised access or activities has taken place within the access restricted areas

5.4 Access roads

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment through the planned and restricted movement of vehicles on site. **Impact Management Actions Implementation** Monitoring Responsible Method of Timeframe for Responsible Frequency Evidence of person implementation implementation person compliance An access agreement must be formalized and signed dEO Once, prior to Availability of DPM Develop access Pre-construction by the DPM, Contractor and landowner before approved and Contractor agreements ECO construction commencing with the activities. with the signed affected agreement/s landowners. Ensure that agreements are approved and signed All private roads used for access to the servitude must Contractor Undertake During the cEO / ECO Weekly Photographic be maintained and upon completion of the works, be record of the maintenance construction left in at least the original condition. activities on pre-construction phase private roads condition and degradation of used for construction as roads, and degradation records of the takes place implementation and effectiveness of maintenance activities

All contractors must be made aware of all these access routes.	dEO / cEO	Develop a map illustrating all access routes associated with the project and present and provide the map to all	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Once, prior to construction	Access routes map readily available
Any access route deviation from that in the written agreement must be closed and re-vegetated immediately, at the contractor's expense.	Contractor	contractors All access routes developed that are not in-line with the access route agreements must be closed and rehabilitated to the predisturbance state	Construction and Rehabilitation	ECO	Bi-weekly (every two weeks)	Photographic record of the closure of access roads and revegetation
Maximum use of both existing servitudes and existing roads must be made to minimise further disturbance through the development of new roads.	Contractor (and Eskom maintenance staff where relevant to operation)	Existing access routes to be used must be specified and the development of new roads must be avoided as far as possible	Construction and operation	cEO Operation and maintenance team	Weekly	Implementation of the approved layout
 In circumstances where private roads must be used, the condition of the said roads must be recorded in accordance with section 4.9: photographic record; prior to use and the condition thereof agreed by the landowner, the DPM, and the contractor. 	dEO / cEO	Record the conditions of private roads to be used (prior to use) as per the	During the construction phase	ECO	Prior to the use of private roads	Photographic record and proof of the road conditions agreed upon

		requirements of				with the relevant
		section 4.9 and				parties
		agree on the				
		required				
		condition of the				
		roads with the				
		landowner, DPM				
		and contractor				
 Access roads in flattish areas must follow fence lines 	DPM and	Design access	Pre-construction	ECO	Once during the	Implementation
and tree belts to avoid fragmentation of vegetated	Contractor	roads to follow			design and	of the approved
areas or croplands.		fence lines and			once prior to	layout
		avoid			construction	
		vegetated				
		areas				
 Access roads must only be developed on pre- 	Contractor	Construction of	During the	ECO	Once during the	Implementation
planned and approved roads.		access roads	construction	dEO	design and	of the approved
		only on pre-	phase		weekly during	layout
		planned and			the construction	
		approved			of access roads	
		access roads				

5.5 Fencing and Gate installation

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and gates where required.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Use existing gates provided to gain access to all parts of the area authorised for development, where possible.	Contractor	Identify and inform all relevant staff of the existing gates to be used	Pre-construction & Construction	dEO	Monthly	Existing gates are utilised on a frequent basis and only limited new access

						gates are developed
 Existing and new gates to be recorded and documented in accordance with section 4.9: photographic record. 	ECO	Existing and new gates will be recorded and documented as per the requirements of section 4.9	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, when the construction of all new gates has been completed	Photographic record of the existing and new gates as per the requirements of section 4.9
 All gates must be fitted with locks and be kept locked at all times during the development phase, unless otherwise agreed with the landowner. 		Ensure all relevant gates are fitted with locks and are always locked	Construction and Operation	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Bi-weekly (every second week)	All gates are locked and no complaints from landowners are received in this regard
 At points where the line crosses an existing fence in which there is no suitable gate within the extent of the line servitude, on the instruction of the DPM, a gate must be installed at the approval of the landowner. 	dEO	Install new gates where required with the approval of the affected landowner	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, prior to construction and during the construction phase, as and when required	New gates are installed where required
Care must be taken that the gates must be so erected that there is a gap of no more than 100 mm between the bottom of the gate and the ground.		Install gates in a manner so that there is a gap of no more than 100mm between the bottom of the gate and the ground	During the construction phase	cEO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase	New gates installed as per the requirement
 Where gates are installed in jackal proof fencing, a suitable reinforced concrete sill must be provided beneath the gate. 	Contractor	Implement a reinforced concrete sill beneath gates	During the construction phase	cEO	Once, during the erection of the gates during	New gates installed as per the requirement

		installed for jackal proofing			the construction phase	
Original tension must be maintained in the fence wires.	Contractor	Maintain original tension of fences through required activities	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No tension reduction on fence wires
All gates installed in electrified fencing must be re- electrified.	Contractor	Electrify gates installed in electrified fencing	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase	Gates installed in electrified fencing is electrified
 All demarcation fencing and barriers must be maintained in good working order for the duration of the development activities. 	Contractor	Undertake maintenance activities on fences and barriers	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of maintained fences and barriers
 Fencing must be erected around the camp, batching plants, hazardous storage areas, and all designated access restricted areas, where applicable. 	Contractor	Fence construction camps, batching plants, hazardous storage areas and access restricted areas	During the construction phase	ECO	Once during the erection of fencing	Photographic record of fences erected
 Any temporary fencing to restrict the movement of life- stock must only be erected with the permission of the land owner. 	dEO/ cEO Contractor	Obtain written approval from the relevant landowner where temporary fencing is required to	During the construction phase	ECO	To be monitored as temporary fencing is required	Written approval to be provided by the dEO

All fencing must be developed of high-quality material	Contractor	restrict life-stock movement Make use of	During the	CEO	To be monitored	Use of high-
bearing the SABS mark.		high-quality materials approved by SABS	construction phase		as fencing is erected during the construction phase	quality materials for fencing approved by SABS
The use of razor wire as fencing must be avoided as far as possible.	Contractor	Razor wire must not be sourced or used for the erection of fencing	During the construction phase	ECO	To be monitored as fencing is erected during the construction phase	Fences erected do not make use of razor wire
Fenced areas with gate access must remain locked after hours, during weekends and on holidays if staff is away from site. Site security will be required at all times.	DSS and Contractor	Ensure fenced areas are locked as required through the implementation of a formalised process. Appoint a security company	During the construction phase	CEO	Weekly and as and when required	Fences are locked and no complaints from landowners are received. A security company is appointed
On completion of the development phase, all temporary fences are to be removed.	Contractor	Removal of all temporary fences	At the end of the Construction Phase	ECO dEO	Once, following the completion of the construction phase	No temporary fences associated with the project is present following the completion of the construction phase

_	The contractor must ensure that all fence uprights are	Contractor	Appropriate	At the end of	ECO	Once, following	No fence
	appropriately removed, ensuring that no uprights are		removal of all	the Construction	dEO	the completion	uprights
	cut at ground level but rather removed completely.		fence uprights	Phase		of the	associated with
						construction	the project is
						phase	present
							following the
							completion of
							the construction
							phase

5.6 Water Supply Management

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 All abstraction points or bore holes must be registered with the DWS and suitable water meters installed to ensure that the abstracted volumes are measured on a daily basis; 	DPM and Contractor	Obtaining relevant registrations from DWS and installation of water meters	Pre-construction	cEO	To be monitored with the installation of water meters and daily during construction and operation	Use of high quality water meters	
 The Contractor must ensure the following: a. The vehicle abstracting water from a river does not enter or cross it and does not operate from within the river; b. No damage occurs to the river bed or banks and that the abstraction of water does not entail stream diversion activities; and 	Not applicable – N	No abstraction from	a river proposed.				

 c. All reasonable measures to limit pollution or sedimentation of the downstream watercourse are implemented. 						
 Ensure water conservation is being practiced by: a. Minimising water use during cleaning of equipment; b. Undertaking regular audits of water systems; and c. Including a discussion on water usage and conservation during environmental awareness training. d. The use of grey water is encouraged. 	Contractor / dEO / cEO in consultation with the ECO	Implement the required water conservation measures throughout onsite construction processes	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Successful implementation of water conservation

5.7 Storm and wastewater management

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Runoff from the cement/ concrete batching areas must be strictly controlled, and contaminated water must be collected, stored and either treated or disposed of off-site, at a location approved by the project manager. 	Contractor	Implement measures for the control and management of runoff	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	No mismanagement of runoff or contaminated water due to the temporary concrete batching plant
 All spillage of oil onto concrete surfaces must be controlled by the use of an approved absorbent material and the used absorbent material disposed of at an appropriate waste disposal facility. 		Obtain approved absorbent material and make use of licensed waste	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Availability of approved absorbent material at the construction site and proof of

		disposal facilities for disposal of oil				disposal of oil at licenses disposal facilities
Natural stormwater runoff not contaminated during the development and clean water can be discharged directly to watercourses and water bodies, subject to the Project Manager's approval and support by the ECO.	consultation	Consultation between the DPM and the ECO to determine if water can be discharged directly into water bodies (where present). The necessary water quality testing must be undertaken prior to discharge	During the construction phase	ECO	As and when the need arises to discharge natural stormwater runoff and clean water	Proof of consultation between the DPM and ECO and the outcomes thereof to be provided. Proof of water quality testing and the results thereof.
 Water that has been contaminated with suspended solids, such as soils and silt, may be released into watercourses or water bodies only once all suspended solids have been removed from the water by settling out these solids in settlement ponds. The release of settled water back into the environment must be subject to the Project Manager's approval and support by the ECO. 	DPM in consultation with the ECO	Consultation between the DPM and the ECO to determine if water can be discharged directly into water bodies (where present). The necessary water quality testing must be undertaken prior to discharge	During the construction phase	ECO	As and when the need arises to discharge water	Proof of consultation between the DPM and ECO and the outcomes thereof to be provided. Proof of water quality testing and the results thereof.

5.8 Solid and hazardous waste management

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
 All measures regarding waste management must be undertaken using an integrated waste management approach. 	Contractor	Develop and implement a waste management plan	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Implementation of the waste management plan and proof of waste management through proof of responsible disposal		
Sufficient, covered waste collection bins (scavenger and weatherproof) must be provided.	Contractor	Provision of appropriate waste collection bins which are strategically placed throughout the site	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Appropriate waste collection bins are available throughout the site		
A suitably positioned and clearly demarcated waste collection site must be identified and provided.	DPM and Contractor	Identify an appropriate location for the waste collection site which must be clearly demarcated through signage	Design and Construction Phase	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	A waste collection site is appropriately placed and demarcated		

		and temporary fencing				
The waste collection site must be maintained in a clean and orderly manner.	Contractor	Regular collection of waste and maintenance of the area must be undertaken as per the waste requirements for the project during construction	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	The waste collection site is maintained and clean
Waste must be segregated into separate bins and clearly marked for each waste type for recycling and safe disposal.	Contractor	Provide separate and marked bins for the different waste types associated with the construction phase	During the Construction Phase	cEO	Weekly	Separate waste bins are available on site and waste generated is separated into the relevant bins
Staff must be trained in waste segregation.	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Include waste segregation as part of the environmental awareness training material.	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist
Bins must be emptied regularly.	Contractor	Bins must be emptied before reaching total capacity and on a regular basis as required for the project	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No mismanagemen t of bins.

General waste produced onsite must be disposed of at registered waste disposal sites/ recycling company.	Contractor	Disposal of general waste at licensed waste disposal facilities must be undertaken as per the waste management plan	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided
Hazardous waste must be disposed of at a registered waste disposal site.	Contractor	Disposal of hazardous waste at licensed waste disposal facilities must be undertaken as per the waste management plan	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided
Certificates of safe disposal for general, hazardous and recycled waste must be maintained.	Contractor	Obtain certificates for safe disposal of waste	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided and filed as part of the filing system

5.9 Protection of watercourses and estuaries

Impact management outcome: Pollution and contamination of the watercourse environment and or estuary erosion are prevented. **Impact Management Actions Implementation** Monitoring Responsible Method of Timeframe for Responsible Frequency Evidence of person implementation implementation person compliance All watercourses must be protected from direct or Contractor to ECO Weekly No incidents Contractor During the indirect spills of pollutants such as solid waste, sewage, construction reported of undertake cement, oils, fuels, chemicals, aggregate tailings, wash activities which spillage of phase and contaminated water or organic material resulting can cause spills pollutants into from the Contractor's activities. of pollutants watercourses outside of watercourses In the event of a spill, prompt action must be taken to During the **ECO** Weekly Feedback must Contractor and Develop a clear the polluted or affected areas. cFO construction be provided by management plan or process phase the contractor for in terms of how implementation the spill was should a spill handled and take place photographic evidence of the feedback must be provided and kept on record Once off review Where possible, no development equipment must cEO and Ensure layout Construction ECO Confirm no Contractor has been that the layout traverse any seasonal or permanent wetland. Phase development informed by the used is the equipment environmental approved one traverses any sensitivities as seasonal or determined by permanent the wetland as per environmental the authorised impact layout by

		assessment and				reviewing the
		specialist studies				as-built designs
						(once-off
						confirmation)
 No return flow into the estuaries must be allowed and 	Not applicable –	no estuaries are loc	ated within the stud	dy area.		,
no disturbance of the Estuarine functional Zone should				•		
occur.						
- Development of permanent watercourse or estuary	cEO, Contractor	Ensure that	During the	cEO	Weekly	Ensure that
crossing must only be undertaken where no alternative		permeant	construction			permeant
access to tower position is available.		crossings	phase			crossings are
		(access roads)				developed if
		are provided for				there is no
		access to the				alternative.
		grid connection				
		corridor if no				
		alternative				
		crossing is				
		available.				
- There must not be any impact on the long-term	DPM, cEO	Develop a	During the	ECO, dEO	For all phases of	No incidents
morphological dynamics of watercourses or estuaries.		management	construction		the project life	reported of
		plan or process	and operation		cycle (i.e.	spillage of
		for	phase		construction,	pollutants into
		implementation			operation,	watercourses
		should a spill			decommissionin	
		take place			g)	
		within a				
		watercourse				
		and ensure				
		continually				
		monitoring				
- Existing crossing points must be favoured over the	DPM, cEO	Develop a	During the pre-	ECO, dEO	During the	Existing crossing
creation of new crossings (including temporary		management	construction		construction	points utilised as
access).		plan or process	and		phase of the	opposed to new
		for	construction		project.	ones created
		implementation	phase			and no

		should a spill				incidents
		take place				reported of
		within a				spillage of
		watercourse				pollutants into
		and ensure				watercourses
		continually				
		monitoring				
When working in or near any watercourse or estuary,	Contractor	Activities	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No degradation
the following environmental controls and		undertaken	construction		and when	of the
consideration must be taken:		near	phase		required	watercourses
a) Water levels during the period of construction.		watercourses				and no
No altering of the bed, banks, course or characteristics		must be in-line				incidents of
of a watercourse;		with and				destruction
b) During the execution of the works, appropriate		consider the				reported
measures to prevent pollution and contamination of		specified				
the riparian environment must be implemented e.g.		environmental				
including ensuring that construction equipment is well		controls				
maintained;						
c) Where earthwork is being undertaken in close						
proximity to any watercourse, slopes must be stabilised						
using suitable materials, i.e., sandbags or geotextile						
fabric, to prevent sand and rock from entering the						
channel; and						
d) Appropriate rehabilitation and re-vegetation						
measures for the watercourse banks must be						
implemented timeously. In this regard, the banks should						
be appropriately and incrementally stabilised as soon						
as development allows.						

5.10 Vegetation clearing

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
General:						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Indigenous vegetation which does not interfere with the development must be left undisturbed.	cEO and contractor	Demarcate areas of indigenous vegetation to be avoided before clearance is undertaken	Construction and operation (i.e. for maintenance purposes)	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Weekly, and as and when required	No unnecessary clearance of indigenous vegetation is undertaken	
 Protected or endangered species may occur on or near the development site. Special care should be taken not to damage such species. 	Contractor	Demarcate areas containing protected or endangered species to be avoided by construction activities	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly, and as and when required	No clearance of protected or endangered species other than those permitted to be removed	
 Search, rescue and replanting of all protected and endangered species likely to be damaged during project development must be identified by the relevant specialist and completed prior to any development or clearing. 	Relevant specialist in consultation with the Contractor	Develop and implement a Plant Search and Rescue Plan	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Weekly, and as and when required	Implementation of the Plant Search and Rescue Plan and photographic evidence and notes of the implementation of the plan	

 Permits for removal must be obtained from the relevant CA prior to the cutting or clearing of the affected species, and they must be filed. 	DPM	Undertake the permitting process in order to obtain the relevant permits for the removal of protected species. Permits must be kept on file	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of the construction phase and removal of the protected species	Permits on file
- The Environmental Audit Report must confirm that all identified species have been rescued and replanted and that the location of replanting is compliant with conditions of approvals.	ECO	Ensure that the audit report indicates all species rescued and replanted and provides feedback in terms of compliance with the conditions of permits for replanting	During the Construction Phase and following the completion of the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Rescue and replanted species reported in Audit Report
Trees felled due to construction must be documented and form part of the Environmental Audit Report.	ECO	Ensure that the audit report documents the details of trees felled	During the Construction Phase and following the completion of the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Felled Trees reported in Audit Report
 Rivers and watercourses must be kept clear of felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris. 	Contractor	Felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris must be disposed of at a	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	No felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris are dumped in

		licensed waste disposal facility				inappropriate locations and disposal certificates are available as proof of responsible disposal
 Only a registered pest control operator may apply herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial application must be carried out under the supervision of a registered pest control operator, supervision of a registered pest control operator or is appropriately trained. 	DPM and Contractor	A suitably qualified pest control operator must be appointed	Construction and Operation	ECO	As and when the use of herbicides is required	Only registered pest control operators must be appointed and proof of their registration must be provided
A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage.	Contractor	Develop a daily register for the documentation of the details of herbicide usage	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Daily register provided by the pest control operator
No herbicides must be used in estuaries	Not applicable -	no estuaries are pre	sent within the stuc	ly area		
 All protected species and sensitive vegetation not removed must be clearly marked and such areas fenced off in accordance to Section 5.3: Access restricted areas. 	Contractor in consultation with the cEO	Spatially demarcate protected species and sensitive vegetation and implement appropriate fencing where required as per section 5.3	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, during the undertaking of the demarcation of the areas and the erection of the fencing	Demarcation and fencing is undertaken in- line with the requirements of section 5.3

- Alien invasive vegetation must be removed and	Contractor	Remove all alien	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Disposal
disposed of at a licensed waste management facility.		invasive	construction		and when	certificates of
		vegetation and	phase		required	disposal at
		dispose of the				licensed
		removed				facilities to be
		vegetation at a				provided and
		licensed waste				filed as part of
		management				the filing system
		facility				

5.11 Protection of fauna

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 No interference with livestock must occur without the landowner's written consent and with the landowner or a person representing the landowner being present. 	dEO / cEO Contractor	Develop a procedure for dealing with livestock within the affected properties	Pre-construction and during the construction phase	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and as and when required during the construction phase	Written consent provided by the landowner and proof of representation of the landowner during interference
 The breeding sites of raptors and other wild bird species must be taken into consideration during the planning of the development programme. 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Ensure that the planning and development programme considers breeding sites for wild bird species	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and as and when required	The planning and development programme which includes the consideration of breeding sites

						for wild bird species
Breeding sites must be kept intact and disturbance to breeding birds must be avoided. Special care must be taken where nestlings or fledglings are present.	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Avoid breeding sites and ensure that special care is taken in the presence of nestlings and fledgelings	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Weekly, and as and when required during the construction. Monthly, and as and when required during operation	Photographic record of intact breeding sites
 Special recommendations of the avian specialist must be adhered to at all times to prevent unnecessary disturbance of birds. 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	All mitigation measures recommended by the avifauna specialist must be implemented	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Weekly during construction and monthly during operation	Photographic record of compliance and successful implementation of the recommended measures
No poaching must be tolerated under any circumstances. All animal dens in close proximity to the works areas must be marked as Access restricted areas.	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	All site staff must be informed of this requirement during the Environmental Awareness Training and the consequences of not adhering to the requirement. These areas must be demarcated as	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No instances of poaching is reported

			Access Restricted Areas				
	No deliberate or intentional killing of fauna is allowed.	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	All site staff must be informed of this requirement during the Environmental Awareness Training and the consequences of not adhering to the requirement. These areas must be demarcated as Access Restricted Areas	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No instances of deliberate or intentional killing is reported
_	In areas where snakes are abundant, snake deterrents are to be deployed on the pylons to prevent snakes climbing up, being electrocuted and causing power outages.	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Implement and maintain snake deterrents in areas where snakes are abundant	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Once, during the construction and as and when required. Monthly during operation	Photographic record of the implementation and maintenance of snake deterrents
_	No Threatened or Protected species (ToPs) and/or protected fauna as listed according NEMBA (Act No. 10 of 2004) and relevant provincial ordinances may be removed and/or relocated without appropriate authorisations/permits.	DPM in consultation with the dEO	Undertake a permitting process to obtain the required permits	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and as and when required	Permits for removal and/relocation must be kept on file and be readily available

5.12 Protection of heritage resources

Impact management outcome: Impact to heritage resources is minimised.										
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring						
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance				
Identify, demarcate and prevent impact to all known sensitive heritage features on site in accordance with the No-Go procedure in Section 5.3: Access restricted areas.	suitably qualified specialist dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor and ECO	Undertake a Heritage Walk- through Survey Spatially identify and demarcate areas of heritage significance as per the Heritage Walk-through Report and as per the requirements of section 5.3	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction	Proof of avoidance of sensitive heritage features through details of avoidance and photographic records				
 Carry out general monitoring of excavations for potential fossils, artefacts and material of heritage importance. 	Suitably qualified specialist in consultation with the ECO	Appoint a suitably qualified specialist to carry out the monitoring of excavations for fossils, artefacts and important heritage material	During the Construction Phase	ECO	During the undertaking of excavations of fossils, artefacts and heritage material	Proof of appointment of a suitably qualified specialist and photographic record of required monitoring by the specialist				

_	All work must cease immediately, if any human remains	dEO / cEO in	Develop and	During the	ECO	Weekly, during	Proof of work
	and/or other archaeological, palaeontological and	consultation	implement	Construction		the construction	ceased and the
	historical material are uncovered. Such material, if	with the	procedures for	Phase		phase and as	required
	exposed, must be reported to the nearest museum,	Contractor and	situations where			and when	procedures
	archaeologist/ palaeontologist (or the South African	ECO	human remains,			required	followed in
	Police Services), so that a systematic and professional		archaeological,				cases where
	investigation can be undertaken. Sufficient time must		palaeontologic				material is
	be allowed to remove/collect such material before		al or historical				discovered.
	development recommences.		material are				
			uncovered				

5.13 Safety of the public

	l						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Identify fire hazards, demarcate and restrict public	cEO in	Develop an	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Compliance	
access to these areas as well as notify the local	consultation	Emergency	Construction		the	with the	
authority of any potential threats e.g. large brush	with the	Preparedness,			commencemen	Emergency	
stockpiles, fuels etc.	Contractor	Response and			t of construction	Preparedness,	
		Fire			and weekly	Response and	
		Management			during the	Fire	
		Plan specific to			construction	Management	
		the project			phase	Plan	
 All unattended open excavations must be adequately 	Contractor	Ensure that all	During the	ECO	Weekly	Excavations are	
fenced or demarcated.		excavations	Construction			fenced where	
		undertaken is	Phase			required and	
		fenced and				photographic	
		demarcated				proof can be	
		within a				provided	
		reasonable					
		timeframe and					
		in instances					

		where excavations will be open for				
		long-periods of time				
Adequate protective measures must be implemented to prevent unauthorised access to and climbing of partly constructed infrastructure and protective scaffolding.		All staff must be easily identifiable and the climbing of infrastructure and scaffolding must be undertaken by authorised personnel as managed by the Contractor	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No incidents of unauthorised climbing is reported
Ensure structures vulnerable to high winds are secured.	Contractor	Ensure that sufficient stabilisation measures are implemented to secure structures vulnerable to high winds	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly, and as and when required	No incidents of unstable structures due to high winds is reported
Maintain an incidents and complaints register in which all incidents or complaints involving the public are logged.	cEO	Compile and regularly update as incidents and complaints are submitted from the public and indicate the actions taken to resolve the complaint	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	The incidents and complaints register is complete and provides all the required details

5.14 Sanitation

Impact management outcome: Clean and well-maintained toilet facilities are available to all staff in an effort to minimise the risk of disease and impact to the environment.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person	, ,	compliance
 Mobile chemical toilets are installed onsite if no other 	Contractor	Mobile	During the	ECO	Weekly	Mobile toilets
ablution facilities are available.		chemical toilets	Construction			are installed and
		must be placed	Phase			avoid
		appropriately				environmental
		and in areas				sensitivities
		which avoid				
		environmental				
		sensitivities				
 The use of ablution facilities and or mobile toilets must 	Contractor in	All site staff must	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly, and as	No evidence of
be used at all times and no indiscriminate use of the	consultation	be informed of	& Construction		and when	non-compliance
veld for the purposes of ablutions must be permitted	with the cEO	this requirement			required	identified
under any circumstances.		during the				
		Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training and the				
		consequences				
		of not adhering				
		to the				
		requirement.	D	500		
- Where mobile chemical toilets are required, the	Contractor in	The installation	During the	ECO	Weekly	No evidence of
following must be ensured:	consultation with the cEO	of the toilets by the Contractor	Construction Phase			non-compliance
a) Toilets are located no closer than 100 m to any watercourse or water body;	wiin ine ceo	must be as per	riuse			laenillea
b) Toilets are secured to the ground to prevent them		the listed				
from toppling due to wind or any other cause;		requirements				
month topping due to wind or any other cause,		redollerrierris				

c) No spillage occurs when the toilets are cleaned or emptied and the contents are managed in accordance with the EMPr; d) Toilets have an external closing mechanism and are closed and secured from the outside when not in use to prevent toilet paper from being blown out; e) Toilets are emptied before long weekends and workers holidays, and must be locked after working hours; and f) Toilets are serviced regularly and the ECO must inspect toilets to ensure compliance to health standards.						
 A copy of the waste disposal certificates must be maintained. 	Contractor	Certificates obtained from the licensed waste disposal facility with the emptying of the toilets must be kept on file	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Certificates for waste disposal from the licensed waste disposal facility

5.15 Prevention of disease

Impact Management outcome: All necessary precautions linked to the spread of disease are taken.										
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring						
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance				
Undertake environmentally-friendly pest control in the camp area.	Contractor	Only environmentally- friendly pest control must be used, when required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	As and when pest control is required for the project	Contractor to provide proof of pest control used being environmentally-friendly				

- Ensure that the workforce is sensitised to the effects of	cEO /	The effects of	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Environmental
sexually transmitted diseases, especially HIV/ AIDS.	Contractor in	sexually	& Construction		the	awareness
	consultation	transmitted			commencemen	training material
	with the ECO	diseases and			t of construction	requirements
		HIV/ AIDS must			and monthly	checklist
		be covered in			during	
		the			construction	
		Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training				
The Contractor must ensure that information posters on	Contractor	Develop and	During the	ECO	Weekly	Photographic
HIV/ AIDS are displayed in the Contractor Camp area.		place	Construction			evidence of
		information	Phase			poster
		posters on HIV/				placement
		AIDS				
- Information and education relating to sexually		Information and	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Environmental
transmitted diseases to be made available to both	Contractor in	education of	& Construction			awareness
construction workers and local community, where	consultation	sexually				training material
applicable.	with the ECO	transmitted				requirements
		diseases must				checklist
		be covered in				
		the				
		Environmental				
		Awareness				
Froe condemo must be provide available to all staff and	Contractor	Training.	During the	500	Monthly	Droof of
Free condoms must be made available to all staff on site at easted points.	Contractor	Placement of free condoms in	During the Construction	ECO	Monthly	Proof of placement of
site at central points.						'
		mobile toilets and at the	Phase			free condoms by the
		construction				contractor to be
		camps				provided
Medical support must be made available.	dEO / cEO in	Ensure that	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Check the
- Medical support thus be thade dvallable.	consultation	designated	and Operations		MOTHIN	availability of
	with the	personnel with	and Operations			first aid trained
	Contractor	first aid training				personnel and
	Confidence	ilisi ala irairiirig				personner and

		are available on				medical kits
		site and that first				(including if
		aid kits to				these are
		provide medical				complete in
		support is readily				terms of
		available				supplies)
- Provide access to Voluntary HIV Testing and	Contractor	Compile a HIV	During the	ECO	Quarterly, and	Voluntary testing
Counselling Services.		testing schedule	Construction		as and when	schedules and
		and provide	Phase		required	proof of
		counselling				counselling
		services where				(where
		required				undertaken)

5.16 Emergency procedures

Impact management outcome: Emergency procedures are in place to enable a rapid and effective response to all types of environmental emergencies.							
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Compile an Emergency Response Action Plan (ERAP)	Contractor	Develop an	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Emergency	
prior to the commencement of the proposed project.		Emergency			the	Preparedness,	
		Preparedness,			commencemen	Response and	
		Response and			t of construction	Fire	
		Fire				Management	
		Management				Plan compiled	
		Plan specific to					
		the project					
- The Emergency Plan must deal with accidents,	Contractor	Develop an	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Emergency	
potential spillages and fires in line with relevant		Emergency			the	Preparedness,	
legislation.		Preparedness,			commencemen	Response and	
		Response and			t of construction	Fire	
		Fire				Management	
		Management				Plan includes	

		Plan specific to the project which covers accidents,				required specifications
		potential spillages and fires				
All staff must be made aware of emergency procedures as part of environmental awareness training.	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the relevant emergency procedures	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the commencemen t of the environmental awareness training	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist
The relevant local authority must be made aware of a fire as soon as it starts.	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Develop and include a procedure in the Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan for the event of a fire and the procedure to be followed for informing the local authority	Construction	ECO	As and when a fire occurs	The local authority was informed as per the relevant procedure set out in the Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan
 In the event of emergency, necessary mitigation measures to contain the spill or leak must be implemented (see Hazardous Substances section 5.17). 	Contractor	Implement the required mitigation measures in the event of a spill	Construction and Operations	ECO	As and when a spill or leak occurs	The mitigation measures included under Section 5.17

or leak as per	have been
the	adhered to
requirements of	
Section 5.17.	

5.17 Hazardous substances

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 The use and storage of hazardous substances to be minimised and non-hazardous and non-toxic alternatives substituted where possible. 	cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Develop a strategy of how hazardous substances can be and should be minimised	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Contractor to provide evidence of substances used for proof of compliance
 All hazardous substances must be stored in suitable containers as defined in the Method Statement. 	Contractor	Develop a Method Statement for the storage of hazardous substances in suitable containers	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Photographic proof that hazardous substances are stored in suitable containers as per the requirements of the relevant Method Statements
 Containers must be clearly marked to indicate contents, quantities and safety requirements. 	Contractor	Where hazardous waste is stored,	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic proof that containers are

		these must be clearly marked				marked as per the
		indicating the				requirements
		required details				
		of the contents				
All storage areas must be bunded. The bunded area must be of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers.	Contractor	Ensure that storage areas are sufficiently bunded which are of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly during the Construction Phase	Photographic proof that storage areas are bunded and proof that the bund areas are of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers
Bunded areas to be suitably lined with a SABS approved liner.	Contractor	Ensure that bunded storage areas are suitably lined	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, during the Construction Phase	Photographic proof that bunded storage areas are suitably lined
An Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance (HCS) control sheet must be drawn up and kept up to date on a continuous basis.	cEO / Contractor	Compile and update an Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance (HCS) control sheet specific to the project	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Complete and up to date control sheet provided by the Contractor
 All hazardous chemicals that will be used on site must have Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS). 	cEO / Contractor	Keep a record of all hazardous chemicals and	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Record of hazardous chemicals and

		the respective MSDS				the respective MSDS
 All employees working with HCS must be trained in the safe use of the substance and according to the safety data sheet. 	cEO / Contractor	Provide training for personnel working with HCS	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and as and when required	Record of training provided to personnel working with HCS
Employees handling hazardous substances / materials must be aware of the potential impacts and follow appropriate safety measures. Appropriate personal protective equipment must be made available.	cEO / Contractor	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the relevant impacts and safety measures. Provide appropriate training and personal protective equipment for the relevant personnel handling hazardous substances and materials	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Prior to the commencement of the environmental awareness training and monthly during the construction phase for personal protective equipment	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist and all relevant personnel have undergone appropriate training and have access to personal protective equipment
 The Contractor must ensure that diesel and other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid is stored in appropriate storage tanks or in bowsers. 	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed or obtained for the	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Storage tanks for the project are appropriate and no incidents are

		storing of diesel, other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid				reported in this regard
- The tanks/ bowsers must be situated on a smooth impermeable surface (concrete) with a permanent bund. The impermeable lining must extend to the crest of the bund and the volume inside the bund must be 130% of the total capacity of all the storage tanks/ bowsers (110% statutory requirement plus an allowance for rainfall).	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed or obtained for tanks as per the requirements listed	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Storage areas for the tanks/ bowsers for the project are appropriate and no incidents are reported in this regard
The floor of the bund must be sloped, draining to an oil separator.	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed as per the requirements listed	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, during construction	Bunded storage areas are constructed according to the requirements
 Provision must be made for refuelling at the storage area by protecting the soil with an impermeable groundcover. Where dispensing equipment is used, a drip tray must be used to ensure small spills are contained. 	Contractor	Appropriately constructed refuelling facility must be developed as per the requirements. Drip trays must be provided for use	During the Construction Phase	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Soils at the refuelling facility are protected as required and drip trays are provided and used
All empty externally dirty drums must be stored on a drip tray or within a bunded area.	Contractor	Ensure that empty dirty drums are stored appropriately as	During the Construction Phase	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Drip trays or bunded areas are used for the storage of dirty drums

		per the requirements				
No unauthorised access into the hazardous substances' storage areas must be permitted.	Contractor	Ensure through the implementation of procedures that no unauthorised access is undertaken into the storage areas	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of the implementation of the relevant procedure must be provided by the contractor
No smoking must be allowed within the vicinity of the hazardous storage areas.	Contractor	Inform all employees of the requirement and develop and place relevant signage in the relevant areas	During the Construction Phase	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Photographic record of the signage placed must be provided
Adequate fire-fighting equipment must be made available at all hazardous storage areas.	Contractor	Hazardous storage areas must be fitted with adequate fire-fighting equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Adequate fire- fighting equipment is available and has been serviced
 Where refuelling away from the dedicated refuelling station is required, a mobile refuelling unit must be used. Appropriate ground protection such as drip trays must be used. 	Contractor	Provide a mobile refuelling unit as well as suitable ground protection, where required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	A mobile refuelling unit and suitable ground protection is available for use

_	An appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to	Contractor	Provide an	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Appropriate spill
	the scale of the activity/s involving the use of		appropriate spill	Construction		and when	kits are
	hazardous substance must be available at all times.		kit for the	Phase		required	available for use
			project for the			,	
			use of				
			hazardous				
			substances				
_	The responsible operator must have the required	cEO and	Provide training	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the	Proof of training
	training to make use of the spill kit in emergency	Contractor	on the use of			commencement	to be provided
	situations.		spill kits to the			of construction	by the
			relevant				contractor
			employees				
_	An appropriate number of spill kits must be available	cEO and	Provide an	During the	ECO	Monthly	Proof of
	and must be located in all areas where activities are	Contractor	appropriate	Construction		,	appropriate
	being undertaken.		number of spill	Phase			number of spill
			kits in relevant				kits in
			areas				appropriate
							areas to be
							provided by the
							contractor
_	In the event of a spill, contaminated soil must be	cEO and	Storage and	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Proof of storage
	collected in containers and stored in a central location	Contractor	disposal of	Construction		and when	and disposal in
	and disposed of according to the National		contaminated	Phase		required	terms of the
	Environmental Management: Waste Act 59 of 2008.		soil must be in			,	National
	Refer to Section 5.7 for procedures concerning storm		accordance				Environmental
	and waste water management and 5.8 for solid and		with the				Management:
	hazardous waste management.		National				Waste Act must
			Environmental				
			Management:				be provided.
			Waste Act and				C = "1:t; =1 t
			sections 5.7 and				Certificates of
			5.8 of this EMPr				disposal at
							licensed waste
							disposal facilities

provided							must be provided
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5.18 Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage

Impact management outcome: Soil, surface water and groundwater contamination are minimised.								
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring				
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
 Where possible and practical, all maintenance of vehicles and equipment must take place in the workshop area. 	Contractor	Demarcate specific areas for the maintenance of vehicles and equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	A dedicated area for the maintenance of vehicles and machinery is used.		
 During servicing of vehicles or equipment, especially where emergency repairs are effected outside the workshop area, a suitable drip tray must be used to prevent spills onto the soil. The relevant local authority must be made aware of a fire as soon as it starts. 	Contractor	Ensure that a drip tray is available for an emergency repairs required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide evidence of drip tray use for emergency repairs		
Leaking equipment must be repaired immediately or be removed from site to facilitate repair.	Contractor	Ensure that where leaking equipment is identified it is repaired immediately or removed from site for repairs	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide details of equipment repaired or removed from site		
 Workshop areas must be monitored for oil and fuel spills. 	cEO	Undertake regular inspections of	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Register of inspection		

		the workshop areas for oil and fuel spills and keep an updated register of inspection on site				
 Appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the scale of the activity taking place must be available. 	Contractor	Provide an appropriate spill kit for the project	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Appropriate spill kits are available for use
- The workshop area must have a bunded concrete slab that is sloped to facilitate runoff into a collection sump or suitable oil / water separator where maintenance work on vehicles and equipment can be performed.	Contractor	Ensure that the workshop area is sufficiently bunded in accordance with the required specification	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, during the Construction Phase and as and when required	Workshop area is bunded in accordance with the required specification
Water drainage from the workshop must be contained and managed in accordance with section 5.7: Storm and waste water management.	Contractor	Ensure that water drainage from workshop area is managed as per the requirements of section 5.7	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Workshop drainage is managed in accordance with the requirements

5.19 Batching plants

Impact management outcome: Minimise spillages and contamination of soil and surface water. **Impact Management Actions Implementation** Monitoring Responsible Method of Timeframe for Responsible Frequency Evidence of person implementation implementation person compliance Concrete mixing must be carried out on an ECO Contractor Provide During the Weekly No concrete impermeable surface. impermeable Construction mixing is surface for the Phase undertaken on mixina of open around concrete Batching plants areas must be fitted with a Provide During the ECO Weekly No cement Contractor containment facility for the collection of cement laden containment Construction laden water is facility for the Phase released into water. collection of the environment cement laden water Dirty water from the batching plant must be contained During the ECO Weekly No cement Contractor Provide to prevent soil and groundwater contamination. containment Construction laden water is facility for the Phase released into collection of the environment cement laden water (dirty water) Bagged cement must be stored in an appropriate Contractor Demarcate and During the **ECO** Weekly Photographic facility and at least 10 m away from any water courses, provide a Construction proof of aullies and drains. storage area for Phase bagged cement stored bagged cement in-line within the with the listed demarcated requirements area A washout facility must be provided for washing of During the FCO Weekly Contractor Provide a No cement concrete associated equipment. Water used for washout facility Construction laden water is for the washing washing must be restricted. Phase released into

		of associated				the
		equipment.				environment.
		Enforce				Only minimal
		limitations on				water is used for
		water use for				washing
		washing of				
		equipment				
- Hardened concrete from the washout facility or	Contractor	Make use of	During the	ECO	Monthly	Certificates of
concrete mixer can either be reused or disposed of at		hardened	Construction			disposal of
an appropriate licensed disposal facility.		concrete where	Phase			concrete at
		possible or				licensed waste
		dispose of				disposal facility
		concrete in a				
		suitable manner				
- Empty cement bags must be secured with adequate	Contractor	Bind empty	During the	ECO	Monthly	Proof of binding
binding material if these will be temporarily stored on		cement bags	Construction			of empty
site.		and temporarily	Phase			cement bags
		store it in an				and storage in
		appropriate				an appropriate
		area on site				area on site to
						be provided by
						the Contractor
- Sand and aggregates containing cement must be	Contractor	Ensure that sand	During the	ECO	Monthly	Proof of
kept damp to prevent the generation of dust (Refer to		and aggregates	Construction			damping (or
section 5.20: Dust emissions).		are kept damp	Phase			alternative dust
		or otherwise				suppression) of
		protected from				sand and
		dust generation				aggregates
						must be
						provided by the
						Contractor
- Any excess sand, stone and cement must be removed	Contractor	Ensure that all	At the	ECO	Once, with the	Certificates for
or reused from site on completion of the construction		excess sand,	completion of		completion of	the disposal of
period and disposed at a registered disposal facility.		stone and	the Construction		construction	sand, stone and
		cement is	Phase			cement at

		removed or				licensed waste
		reused				disposal facilities
						or proof of reuse
						must be
						provided
 Temporary fencing must be erected around batching 	Contractor	Erect temporary	During the	ECO	Weekly	Temporary
plants in accordance with section 5.5: Fencing and		fencing around	Construction			fencing is
gate installation.		batching plants	Phase			undertaken in
		as per the				accordance
		requirements				with section 5.5
		listed in section				
		5.5				

5.20 Dust emissions

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on Monitoring				
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Take all reasonable measures to minimise the generation of dust as a result of project development activities to the satisfaction of the ECO. 	Contractor	Apply appropriate dust suppressant	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Contractor to provide proof of use of appropriate dust suppressants
 Removal of vegetation must be avoided until such time as soil stripping is required and similarly exposed surfaces must be re-vegetated or stabilised as soon as is practically possible. 	Contractor	Proper planning for vegetation removal must be undertaken as well as for the associated rehabilitation	During the Construction Phase and Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Plan for implementation must be provided by the Contractor

Excavation, handling and transport of erodible materials must be avoided under high wind conditions or when a visible dust plume is present.	Contractor	Ensure that specific limitations are placed on the transport and handling of erodible materials during high wind conditions or when a visible dust plume is present	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Bi-weekly (every second week)	No complaints submitted in this regard
 During high wind conditions, the ECO must evaluate the situation and make recommendations as to whether dust-damping measures are adequate, or whether working will cease altogether until the wind speed drops to an acceptable level. 	ECO	ECO to provide adequate recommendatio ns	During the Construction Phase		Not Applicable	
 Where possible, soil stockpiles must be located in sheltered areas where they are not exposed to the erosive effects of the wind. 	Contractor	Place soil stockpiles in areas less affected by wind	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Bi-weekly (every second week)	Soil stockpiles are protected from wind erosion
Where erosion of stockpiles becomes a problem, erosion control measures must be implemented at the discretion of the ECO.	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Contractor to implement erosion control measures as recommended and agreed with the ECO	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly, until erosion is no longer a problem	Recommendati ons made by the ECO have been implemented by the Contractor
 Vehicle speeds must not exceed 40 km/h along dust roads or 20 km/h when traversing unconsolidated and non-vegetated areas. 	cEO / dEO / contractor	Inform all drivers of speed limits and place appropriate signage along	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and Maintenance team	Monthly	No complaints from community members are submitted

		the relevant roads				
 Straw stabilisation must be applied at a rate of one bale/10 m² and harrowed into the top 100 mm of top material, for all completed earthworks. 		Ensure that straw stabilisation is undertaken as per the listed requirements	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of all straw stabilisation undertaken
 For significant areas of excavation or exposed ground, dust suppression measures must be used to minimise the spread of dust. 	Contractor	Appropriate dust suppressant measures are implemented	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Photographic record of measures being implemented and the results thereof

5.21 Blasting

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment is minimized through a safe blasting practice.							
Impact Management Actions	Implementation Monitoring						
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
Any blasting activity must be conducted by a suitably licensed blasting contractor.	Not Applicable –	no blasting propose	d.				
 Notification of surrounding landowners, emergency services site personnel of blasting activity 24 hours prior to such activity taking place on Site. 		no blasting propose	ed.				

5.22 Noise

Impact Management outcome: Prevent unnecessary noise to the environment by ensuring that noise from development activity is mitigated. **Impact Management Actions Implementation** Monitoring Method of Timeframe for Responsible Evidence of Responsible Frequency implementation compliance implementation person person Contractor must keep noise FCO levels within Contractor **Ensure that** During the Monthly, and as No complaints acceptable limits. Restrict the use of sound noise limits do Construction and when reaistered in this amplification equipment for communication and not exceed Phase required regard. No acceptable emergency only. amplification limits and avoid equipment is the use of used. amplification communication All vehicles and machinery must be fitted with Provide and During the FCO Monthly, and as No complaints Contractor Construction and when registered in this appropriate silencing technology and must be implement properly maintained. silencing Phase required regard. technology Silencina technology is utilised. During the Monthly, and as Any complaints received by the Contractor regarding cEO Update **ECO** Complaints noise must be recorded and communicated. Where Construction and when complaints register possible or applicable, provide transport to and from provided by the register. Provide Phase required the site on a daily basis for construction workers. daily transport cEO and proof to and from site of transportation services for employees provided Develop a Code of Conduct for the construction cEO and Compile a Pre-construction ECO Once, prior to No complaints phase in terms of behaviour of construction staff. Contractor in Code of and the registered in this Operating hours as determined by the environmental consultation Conduct for Construction regard. commencemen authorisation are adhered to during the development with the ECO staff. t of construction phase. Where not defined, it must be ensured that Appropriate development activities must still meet the impact operating hours must be

management	outcome	related	to	noise	identified for the		
management.					project.		

5.23 Fire prevention

Impact management outcome: Prevention of uncontrollable fires.									
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring					
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance			
 Designate smoking areas where the fire hazard could be regarded as insignificant. 	cEO / Contractor	Identify and demarcate through signage for designated smoking areas	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of designated smoking area			
Firefighting equipment must be available on all vehicles located on site.	cEO / dEO in consultation with the Contractor	Provide all vehicles with firefighting equipment	Construction	ECO	Monthly	All vehicles are fitted with firefighting equipment and the details thereof are provided by the cEO			
 The local Fire Protection Agency (FPA) must be informed of construction activities. 	cEO in consultation with the ECO	Undertake formal consultation to inform the local FPA of the associated construction activities	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, during the commencement of the Construction Phase	Proof of consultation with the FPA			

 Contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services 	dEO / cEO /	Develop	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the	Environmental
must be communicated in environmental awareness	Contractor in	environmental	& Construction		commencement	awareness
training and displayed at a central location on site.	consultation	awareness			of the	training material
	with the ECO	training material			environmental	requirements
		which covers			awareness training	checklist and
		the contact			and once during	photographic
		numbers for the			the construction	record of
		FPA and			phase	contact
		emergency				numbers on
		services.				display
		361 VICE3.				
		Place the				
		contact				
		numbers for the				
		FPA and				
		emergency				
		services at a				
		visible and				
		central location				
- Two-way swop of contact details between ECO and	ECO	Consultation	Pre-construction		Not Applicable	
FPA.		between the				
		ECO and FPA in				
		order to				
		exchange				
		contact details				

5.24 Stockpiling and stockpile areas

Impact management outcome: Reduce erosion and sedimentation as a result of stockpiling.								
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring				
	Responsible Method of Timeframe for R			Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person	,	compliance		

- All material that is excavated during the project	Contractor	Identify and	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Excavated
development phase (either during piling (if required) or		demarcate an	& Construction		·	material is not
earthworks) must be stored appropriately on site in		appropriate				stored within
order to minimise impacts to watercourses and water		location for the				sensitive
bodies.		storage of				environmental
		excavated				areas
		materials				
 All stockpiled material must be maintained and kept 	Contractor	Implement	During the	ECO	Bi-monhtly	Stockpiled
clear of weeds and alien vegetation growth by		appropriate and	Construction		(every second	material is
undertaking regular weeding and control methods.		sufficient	Phase		month)	maintained
		maintenance				sufficiently and
		on stockpiled				is clear of weeds
		material				and alien
		regularly				vegetation
 Topsoil stockpiles must not exceed 2 m in height. 	Contractor	Enforce	During the	ECO	Bi-monthly	Topsoil
		limitations for	Construction		(every second	stockpiles do
		the height of	Phase		month)	not exceed 2m
		topsoil stockpiles				in height
- During periods of strong winds and heavy rain, the	Contractor	Appropriate	During the	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to
stockpiles must be covered with appropriate material		material must	Construction			provide proof of
(e.g. cloth, tarpaulin etc.).		be provided in	Phase			availability of
		order to cover				appropriate
		stockpiles when				material to
		required				cover stockpiles
						when required
- Where possible, sandbags (or similar) must be placed	Contractor	Sandbags must	During the	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to
at the bases of the stockpiled material in order to		be provided in	Construction			provide proof of
prevent erosion of the material.		order to prevent	Phase			availability of
		erosion of				sandbags to
		stockpiled				prevent erosion
		materials				of stockpiled
						materials

5.25 Civil works

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment minimised during civil works to create the substation terrace. **Impact Management Actions Implementation** Monitoring Responsible Method of Timeframe for Responsible Frequency Evidence of compliance implementation implementation person person ECO Weekly Where terracing is required, topsoil must be collected Contractor Collect and During the Proof of and retained for the purpose of re-use later to retain topsoil for collection and Construction Phase rehabilitate disturbed areas not covered by yard stone. terracina retaining of Rehabilitation topsoil be rehabilitated ECO Weekly Photographic to include terrace Contractor Undertake During the Areas embankments and areas outside the high voltage rehabilitation of Construction record of vards. terrace Phase rehabilitation of embankments Rehabilitation terrace and areas embankments outside of the and areas high voltage outside the high yard where voltage yards applicable Where required, all sloped areas must be stabilised to All disturbed Rehabilitation ECO Disturbed slopes Contractor Weekly ensure proper rehabilitation is effected and erosion is are stabilised slope areas must controlled. be stabilised sufficiently - These areas can be stabilised using design structures or Contractor Stabilise slopes Pre-construction ECO Weekly Slopes are vegetation as specified in the design to prevent as per the & Rehabilitation stabilised as per erosion of embankments. The contract design the design design specifications must be adhered to and implemented specifications specifications strictly. Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas must be Rehabilitation FCO Rehabilitation of Contractor Undertaken Weekly managed in accordance with section 5.35: rehabilitation of disturbed areas Landscaping and rehabilitation. disturbed areas is undertaken inline with the as per the requirements requirements of section 5.35

	listed under section 5.35				
 All excess spoil generated during terracing activities must be disposed of in an appropriate manner and at a recognised landfill site. 	Use a licensed waste disposal facility for the disposal of excess spoil	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Certificates obtained for the disposal of excess spoil at a licensed waste disposal facility
 Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes and must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for rehabilitation purposes. 	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Construction and Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor

5.26 Excavation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage systems

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of excavation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage systems. **Impact Management Actions Implementation** Monitoring Responsible Responsible Method of Timeframe for Frequency Evidence of implementation implementation compliance person person Certificates All excess spoil generated during foundation Use a licensed During the ECO Contractor Monthly excavation must be disposed of in an appropriate waste disposal Construction obtained for the manner and at a licensed landfill site, if not used for facility for the Phase disposal of backfilling purposes. disposal of excess spoil at a licensed waste excess spoil disposal facility Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes Contractor Spoil used for Construction ECO Monthly Photographic and must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for landscaping record of spoil and rehabilitation purposes. must be applied used for Rehabilitation landscaping

		as per the listed				purposes as well
		requirements				as feedback
						from the
						contractor
- Management of equipment for excavation purposes	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	Monthly	Management of
must be undertaken in accordance with section 5.18:		management of	Construction			equipment is
Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage.		equipment for	Phase			undertaken in
		excavation as				line with the
		per the				requirements of
		requirements of				section 5.18
		section 5.18				
- Hazardous substances spills from equipment must be	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	Monthly	Management of
managed in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous		management of	Construction			hazardous
substances.		hazardous	Phase			substances spills
		substances spills				from equipment
		from equipment				is undertaken in
		as per the				line with the
		requirements of				requirements of
		section 5.17				section 5.17

5.27 Installation of foundations, cable trenching and drainage systems

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs during the installation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage system. **Impact Management Actions** Implementation Monitoring Timeframe for Responsible Evidence of Responsible Method of Frequency implementation implementation compliance person person Batching of cement to be undertaken in accordance Undertake the During the Management of Contractor ECO Monthly Construction with section 5.19: Batching plants. batching of batching cement as per Phase cement is the undertaken in requirements of line with the section 5.19 requirements of section 5.19

- Residual solid waste must be disposed of in	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	Monthly	The disposal of
accordance with section 5.8: Solid waste and		disposal of solid	Construction			solid waste is
hazardous management.		waste as per the	Phase			undertaken in
		requirements of				line with section
		section 5.8				5.8.

5.28 Installation of equipment (circuit breakers, current Transformers, Isolators, Insulators, surge arresters, voltage transformers, earth switches)

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Management of dust must be conducted in accordance with section 5. 20: Dust emissions. 	Contractor	Manage dust as per the requirements of section 5.20	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	The management o dust is undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.20
 Management of equipment used for installation must be conducted in accordance with section 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage. 	Contractor	Undertake the management of equipment for installation as per the requirements of section 5.18	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management o equipment is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.18
 Management of hazardous substances and any associated spills must be conducted in accordance with section 5.17: Hazardous substances. 	Contractor	Undertake the management of hazardous substances and associated spills as per the	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management o hazardous substances and associated spills is undertaken in line with the

		requirements of				requirements of
		section 5.17				section 5.17
 Residual solid waste must be recycled or disposed of in 	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	Monthly	The recycling or
accordance with section 5.8: Solid waste and		recycling or	Construction			disposal of
hazardous management.		disposal of	Phase			residual solid
		residual solid				waste is
		waste as per the				undertaken in
		requirements of				line with section
		section 5.8				5.8.

5.29 Steelwork Assembly and Erection

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of steelwork assembly and erection. **Impact Management Actions Implementation** Monitoring Responsible Method of Timeframe for Responsible Evidence of Frequency implementation implementation compliance person person During assembly, care must be taken to ensure that no Contractor Inspect areas During the ECO Weekly Contractor to wasted/unused materials are left on site e.g., bolts and where Construction provide proof of inspection and construction is nuts. Phase being removal of undertaken and waste/unused remove and materials and the appropriate appropriately dispose of disposal thereof wasted/unused (i.e. disposal certificates) materials Emergency repairs due to breakages of equipment Contractor Undertake During the ECO Weekly Emergency must be managed in accordance with section 5.18: emergency Construction repairs of Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage and repairs of Phase equipment is section 5.16: Emergency procedures. equipment as undertaken as per the per the

requirements of	requireme	ents of
section 5.18 and	section 5.	18 and
5.16	5.16	

5.30 Cabling and Stringing

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Residual solid waste (off cuts etc.) shall be recycled or disposed of in accordance with section 5.8: Solid waste and hazardous Management. 	Contractor	Undertake the recycling or disposal of residual solid waste as per the requirements of section 5.8	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	The recycling or disposal of residual solid waste is undertaken in line with section 5.8.	
 Management of equipment used for installation shall be conducted in accordance with section 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage. 	Contractor	Undertake the management of equipment for installation as per the requirements of section 5.18	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of equipment for installation is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.18	
 Management of hazardous substances and any associated spills shall be conducted in accordance with section 5.17: Hazardous substances. 	Contractor	Undertake the management of hazardous substances and associated spills as per the requirements of section 5.17	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of hazardous substances and associated spills is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.17	

5.31 Testing and Commissioning (all equipment testing, earthing system, system integration)

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of Testing and Commissioning.								
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring				
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
Residual solid waste must be recycled or disposed of in	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	Monthly	The recycling or		
accordance with section 5.8: Solid waste and		recycling or	Construction			disposal of		
hazardous management.		disposal of	Phase			residual solid		
		residual solid				waste is		
		waste as per the				undertaken in		
		requirements of				line with section		
		section 5.8				5.8.		

5.32 Socio-economic

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Develop and implement communication strategies to facilitate public participation. 	dEO / cEO	Identify and implement appropriate strategies for communication with the communities through consideration of the community needs	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction	Communication is undertaken as per the identified strategies and no complaints are submitted regarding communication

Develop and implement a collaborative and constructive approach to conflict resolution as part of the external stakeholder engagement process.	Contractor	Development and implement a Grievance Mechanism which considers the community needs and provides procedures for conflict resolution	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Conflict resolution is undertaken in line with the requirements of the Grievance Mechanism. No complaints on conflict resolution is submitted by the community
Sustain continuous communication and liaison with neighbouring owners and residents.	Contractor	Development and implement a Grievance Mechanism which provides procedures for communication / liaison with neighbouring landowners and residents	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Communication / liaison with neighbouring landowners and residents are undertaken in line with the requirements of the Grievance Mechanism. No complaints on communication with neighbouring landowners and residents is submitted
Create work and training opportunities for local stakeholders.	Contractor	Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of employment	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the	The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of the employment

	opportunities as			construction	and training		
	far as			phase	opportunities		
	reasonably						
	possible						
- Where feasible, no workers, with the exception of	Not Applicable - no on-site housing is envisaged with daily commute to and from site expected of construction						
security personnel, must be permitted to stay over-	staff.						
night on the site. This would reduce the risk to local							
farmers.							

5.33 Temporary closure of site

Impact management outcome: Minimise the risk of environmental impact during periods of site closure greater than five days. **Impact Management Actions Implementation** Monitoring Responsible Method of Timeframe for Responsible Frequency Evidence of compliance person implementation implementation person Bunds must be emptied (where applicable) and need During the ECO Prior to site Bunds are Contractor Regular to be undertaken in accordance with the impact emptying of the emptied as per Construction closure for more management actions included in sections 5.17: bunds must be Phase than 05 days the Hazardous substances and 5.18: Workshop, equipment undertaken. This requirements maintenance and storage. must be listed under undertaken as sections 5.17 per the and 5.18 requirements listed in sections 5.17 and 5.18 Hazardous storage areas must be well ventilated. Install During the ECO Prior to site Effective Contractor appropriate ventilation is construction closure for more ventilation in all phase than 05 days installed in hazardous hazardous storage areas storage areas

- Fire extinguishers must be serviced and accessible.	Contractor /	Ensure fire	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Signage placed
Service records to be filed and audited at last service.	cEO	extinguishers are	Construction		closure for more	indicating
		serviced, as	Phase		than 05 days	location of fire
		required and				extinguishers
		are easily				and service
		accessible with				records
		appropriate				
		signage				
		indicating				
		location. Ensure				
		service records				
		are kept up to				
		date and filed				
 Emergency and contact details must be displayed. 	Contractor /	Place	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Photographic
	cEO	emergency and	Construction		closure for more	proof of contact
		contact details	Phase		than 05 days	details on
		which are				display
		readily available				
		and easily				
		accessible				
- Security personnel must be briefed and have the	Contractor in	Hold a workshop	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to site	Proof of the
facilities to contact or be contacted by relevant	consultation	with all security	& construction		closure for more	workshop held
management and emergency personnel.	with the ECO	personnel to			than 05 days	must be kept on
		provide a brief				file by the
		of the project				contractor.
		and security				
		requirements.				
		Provide facilities				
		in order to				
		contact				
		management				
		and emergency				
		personnel				

Night hazards such as reflectors, lighting, traffic signage etc. must have been checked.	Contractor	Regular checks of night hazards must be undertaken	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of checks of night hazards must be provided by the contractor
 Fire hazards identified and the local authority must have been notified of any potential threats e.g., large brush stockpiles, fuels etc. 	cEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Identify any potential fire hazards and notify the relevant local authority	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of notification of the fire hazards to the local authority must be provided by the Contractor
Structures vulnerable to high winds must be secured.	Contractor	Ensure structures vulnerable to wind is secure prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Structures vulnerable to wind is secured prior to site closure
Wind and dust mitigation must be implemented.	Contractor	Implement wind and dust mitigation prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Wind and dust mitigation is implemented prior to site closure
- Cement and materials stores must have been secured.	Contractor	Ensure cement and material stores are secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Cement and material stores are secured prior to site closure
Toilets must have been emptied and secured.	Contractor	Ensure toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closure
Refuse bins must have been emptied and secured.	Contractor	Ensure refuse bins are emptied and	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Refuse bins are emptied and secured prior to site closure

		secured prior to site closure				
Drip trays must have been emptied and secured.	Contractor	Ensure drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site closure

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment to be minimised during the dismantling, storage and disposal of old equipment commissioning.

5.34 Dismantling of old equipment

Impact Management Actions Implementation Monitoring Responsible Method of Timeframe for Responsible Frequency Evidence of implementation implementation compliance person person All old equipment removed during the project must be Decommissioning ECO Monthly Photographic Contractor Appropriately stored in such a way as to prevent pollution of the record of store old environment. equipment in a appropriate manner which storage of old prevents equipment pollution to the environment. This could include the construction of bunded areas Oil containing equipment must be stored to prevent Monthly Photographic ECO Contractor Appropriately Decommissioning leaking or be stored on drip trays. store equipment record of containing oil appropriate through the use storage of

of drip trays or

other suitable

methods

equipment

containing oil

All scrap steel must be stacked neatly and any disused and broken insulators must be stored in containers.	Contractor	Ensure all scrap steel is stacked neatly and store disused and broken insulators in appropriate containers	Decommissioning	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of stacked scrap steel and containers containing broken and disused insulators
 Once material has been scrapped and the contract has been placed for removal, the disposal Contractor must ensure that any equipment containing pollution causing substances is dismantled and transported in such a way as to prevent spillage and pollution of the environment. 	Contractor	Develop and implement a procedure for the dismantling and transportation of equipment containing pollution causing substances which prevents spillage and pollution of the environment	Decommissioning	ECO	Monthly	Proof from contractor that dismantling and transportation of equipment containing pollution causing substances has been undertaken in an appropriate manner
The Contractor must also be equipped to contain and clean up any pollution causing spills.	Contractor	Ensure sufficient spill kits are available for the clean up of pollution causing spills	Decommissioning	ECO	Monthly	Sufficient spill kits are available on site
Disposal of unusable material must be at a licensed waste disposal site.	Contractor	Make use of a licensed waste disposal site	Decommissioning	ECO	Monthly	Certificates obtained for the disposal at a licensed waste disposal site

5.35 Landscaping and rehabilitation

Impact management outcome: Areas disturbed during the development phase are returned to a state that approximates the original condition.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 All areas disturbed by construction activities must be subject to landscaping and rehabilitation. All spoil and waste must be disposed of to a registered waste site. 	Contractor	Develop and implement a rehabilitation plan for the rehabilitation of all disturbed areas. Dispose of all spoil and waste at a licensed	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas is undertaken as per the rehabilitation plan. All certificates of waste disposal at licensed facilities are
- All slopes must be assessed for contouring, and to		waste disposal facility Assess all slopes	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	available. All slopes are
contour only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983.	consultation with the ECO	and determine whether contouring is required				assessed and contoured as required
 All slopes must be assessed for terracing, and to terrace only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983. 	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Assess all slopes and determine whether terracing is required	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	All slopes are assessed and terraced as required
 Berms that have been created must have a slope of 1:4 and be replanted with indigenous species and grasses that approximates the original condition. 	Contractor	Ensure all berms have a slope of 1:4 and is replanted with	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	All berms have a slope of 1:4 and is replanted with indigenous

		indigenous species and				species and grasses			
		grasses							
 Where new access roads have crossed cultivated farmlands, that lands must be rehabilitated by ripping which must be agreed to by the holder of the EA and the landowners. 		Not applicable							
 Rehabilitation of access roads inside of farmland. 		Not applicable							
 Indigenous species must be used for with species and/grasses to where it compliments or approximates the original condition. 	Contractor	Make use of indigenous species for rehabilitation	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Indigenous species are used for rehabilitation			
 Stockpiled topsoil must be used for rehabilitation (refer to section 5.24: Stockpiling and stockpiled areas). 	Contractor	Ensure stockpiled topsoil is used as per the requirements listed under section 5.24	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Stockpiled topsoil is used as per the requirements listed under section 5.24			
 Stockpiled topsoil must be evenly spread so as to facilitate seeding and minimise loss of soil due to erosion. 	Contractor	Ensure that topsoil is spread evenly	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Topsoil is spread evenly			
 Before placing topsoil, all visible weeds from the placement area and from the topsoil must be removed. 	Contractor	Remove all visible weeds from placement area and topsoil before spreading the topsoil	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	No weeds are visible in the placement area or the topsoil			
Subsoil must be ripped before topsoil is placed.	Contractor	Undertake the ripping of subsoil prior to the	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Subsoil is ripped before topsoil is placed			

		spreading of topsoil				
The rehabilitation must be timed so that rehabilitation can take place at the optimal time for vegetation establishment.	Contractor	Plan the timeframe for rehabilitation in order to undertake vegetation planting during the optimal time for vegetation establishment	Rehabilitation	ECO	At the start of rehabilitation to confirm the correct timeframe	Rehabilitation is undertaken during the optimal time
 Where impacted through construction related activity, all sloped areas must be stabilised to ensure proper rehabilitation is effected and erosion is controlled. 	Contractor	All disturbed slope areas must be stabilised	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Disturbed slopes are stabilised sufficiently
 Sloped areas stabilised using design structures or vegetation as specified in the design to prevent erosion of embankments. The contract design specifications must be adhered to and implemented strictly. 	Contractor	Stabilise slopes as per the design specifications	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Slopes are stabilised as per the design specifications
Spoil can be used for backfilling or landscaping as long as it is covered by a minimum of 150 mm of topsoil.	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor
 Where required, re-vegetation, including hydroseeding can be enhanced using a vegetation seed mixture as described below. A mixture of seed can be used provided the mixture is carefully selected to ensure the following: a) Annual and perennial plants are chosen; 	Contractor in consultation with a suitably qualified specialist	Make use of a suitable vegetation seed mixture should enhancement be required	Rehabilitation	ECO	As and when required	Use of a suitable vegetation seed mixture if required

b) Pioneer species are included;			
c) Species chosen must be indigenous to the area with			
the seeds used coming from the area;			
d) Root systems must have a binding effect on the soil;			
and			
e) The final product must not cause an ecological			
imbalance in the area.			

6 ACCESS TO THE GENERIC EMPr

Once completed and signed, to allow the public access to the generic EMPr, the holder of the EA must make the EMPr available to the public in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 26(h) of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 2

7. SITE SPECIFIC INFORMATION AND DECLARATION

7.1. Sub-section 1: Contact details and description of the project

7.1.1. Details of the Applicant:

Applicant Name	South Africa Mainstream Renewable Power Developments (Pty) Ltd
Contact Person	Eugene Marais
Physical Address	4 th Floor Mariendahl House
	Newlands on Main, Cnr Main and Campground Road
	Claremont
	Cape Town
	7708
Postal Address	PO Box 45063
	Claremont
	7735
Telephone	021 657 4052
Fax	021 671 5665
Cell	073 871 5781
Email Address	eugene.marais@mainstreamrp.com

7.1.2. Details and Expertise of Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP)

EAP Name	Gideon Raath
EAP Qualifications	M.Sc. Geography and Environmental Studies
Professional	South African Council for Scientific Natural Professions (SACNASP):
Affiliation/Registration	Certified Natural Scientist – Pr.Sci.Nat. (Membership No.: 117178)
Physical Address	First Floor, Block 2 5 Woodlands Drive Office Park Cnr Woodlands Drive & Western Service Road Woodmead 2191
Telephone	011 656 3237
Fax	086 684 0547
Cell	072 194 3644
Email Address	gideon@savannahsa.com

7.1.3. Project Details

Project Name: Rondavel Solar Energy Facility, near Kroonstad, Free State Province

7.1.4. Project Description

The proposed project entails the development of the 100MW Rondavel Solar Energy Facility.

The development footprint includes the following:

- » Solar Arrays:
 - * Solar Panel Technology Mono and Bifacial Photovoltaic (PV) Modules
 - Mounting System Technology single axis tracking, dual axis tracking or fixed axis tracking PV
 - * Underground cabling (up to 33kV)
 - Centralised inverter stations or string inverters; Power Transformers
- » Building Infrastructure:
 - * Offices
 - * Operational control centre
 - * Operation and Maintenance Area / Warehouse / workshop
 - * Ablution facilities
 - * Battery Energy Storage System
 - * Substation building
- » Electrical Infrastructure:
 - * 33/132kV Independent Power Producer (IPP) onsite substation including associated equipment and infrastructure
 - * Underground cabling and overhead power lines (up to 33kV)
- » Associated Infrastructure:
 - * Access roads and Internal gravel roads
 - * Fencing and lighting
 - * Lightning protection
 - * Permanente laydown area
 - * Temporary construction camp and laydown area
 - * Telecommunication infrastructure
 - * Stormwater channels and water pipelines

7.1.5. Project Location

Location details of the development of the substation:

Province/s	Northern Cape Province
District Municipality/ies	Fezile Dabi District Municipality
Local Municipality/ies	Moqhaka Local Municipality
Ward number/s	7
Nearest town/s	Kroonstad (~ 6km north-east)
Farm and Portion number/s	 Remaining extent of the Farm Rondavel Noord No. 1475; and Remaining extent of the Farm Rondavel No. 627.

It should be noted that Eskom's requirements for work in or near Eskom servitudes should be adhered to.

7.2. Sub-section 2: Development footprint site map

This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout. The sensitivity map must be prepared from the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at: https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g., threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features within 50 m from the development footprint.

<u>The national web-based environmental screening tool was utilised for this project and the grid connection corridor sensitivity maps can be seen in Figures 2 to 14. The site-specific environmental sensitivity map included in the EIA Report is included as Figure 1.</u>

Site sensitivity

A combined sensitivity map for the grid connection corridor is provided below. This has been compiled based on the specialist sensitivities determined from their respective studies, and therefore aims to represent the entirety of the site and the combined sensitivities. The following environmental sensitivities were noted on site:

- Avifauna sensitivities: From an avifaunal perspective, the small dam contained within the development area is considered to be of very high sensitivity, and no panels should be constructed within 100m of the dam. This is because surface water is important for raptors to hunt birds which congregate around water troughs. It is important to leave open space for birds to access and leave the surface water area unhindered. The drainage line woodland is also considered to be of very high sensitivity from an avifaunal perspective as these areas provide nesting and foraging opportunities for woodlands species which are dependent on this habitat for their survival. The highest density of woodland and trees at the development area is concentrated around the drainage line. A 100m buffer zone should be implemented on both sides of the drainage channel.
- Ecological sensitivities: From an ecological perspective, four areas, with sensitivities ranging from low to high were identified within the study area, namely, the channelled valley-bottom wetlands and associated riparian fringe, the dolerite outcrop which provided habitat for fauna within the area, the Acacia karoo Asparagus laricinus Shrub-Grassland and the highly transformed and disturbed grassland. The channelled valley-bottom wetlands and associated riparian fringe are regarded as 'no-go' zones and no activities should be undertaken within these areas.
- Aquatic sensitives: Two channelled valley-bottom wetlands were identified within the project site, with the main channelled valley-bottom wetland feeding into the Vals River approximately 1.5km to the north of the project site. These wetland features, as well as their associated 30m buffers are regarded as 'no-go' areas for all activities, and must be maintained in a similar condition.
- Agricultural sensitivities and land use capability: The results of the screening tool report, and well as the sensitivity analysis undertaken as part of the assessment indicate that

the Rondavel Solar PV Facility development area is considered to be of low to medium agricultural sensitivity. Where the terrain is sloped, soil will be sensitive to soil erosion in the absence of vegetation cover. No irrigation infrastructure such as centre pivots or drip irrigation are present within the development area and irrigated agricultural is currently not practiced in the area. The specialist concluded that the project is considered favourable on the condition that mitigation measures are followed to prevent soil erosion and pollution and to minimise impacts on the veld quality of the farm portions that will be affected.

Heritage: Based on the assessment completed, six heritage resources with varied cultural significance were identified within the area proposed for the Rondavel Solar PV Facility. Of the six identified heritage resources, one is considered to be of very high sensitivity (RDW002) and a 'no-go' buffer of 100m must be implemented around the heritage resource. The overall palaeontological sensitivity of the area proposed for the facility is high to very high. The field survey identified a number of areas of possibly fossiliferous outcrops of the underlying bedrock, and the specialist has therefore recommended that the excavations into the bedrock be monitored by a suitably qualified palaeontologist.

With the exception of the small dam contained within the development area (around which a 100m buffer must be implemented), the two wetland features, and their associated 30m buffer zones, the 100m buffer zone on both sides of the drainage line woodland, as well as the 100m buffer zone around the RDW002 heritage resource, no other exclusion zones, buffer zones or 'no-go' zones were determined for the proposed development.

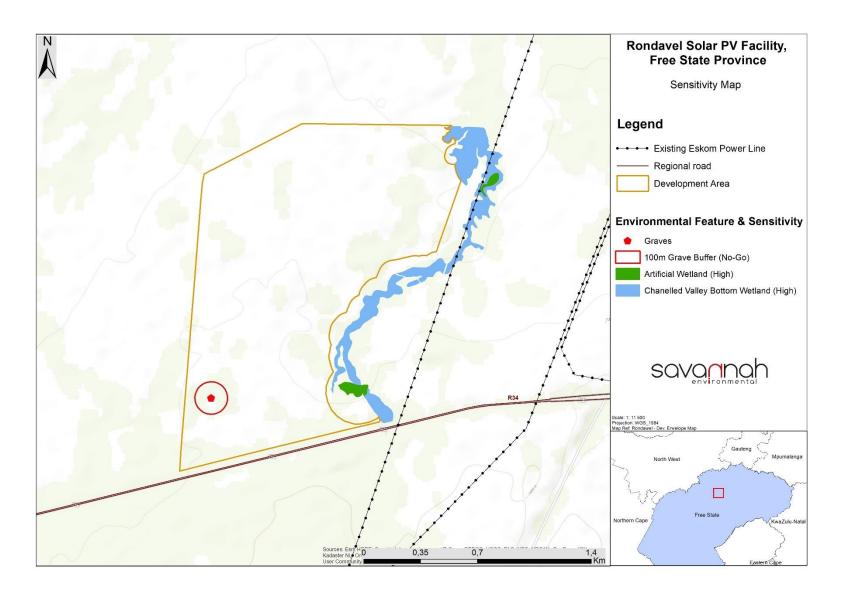


Figure 1: Environmental sensitivity map with the proposed Rondavel PV Facility site within which the on-site substation is proposed to be developed.

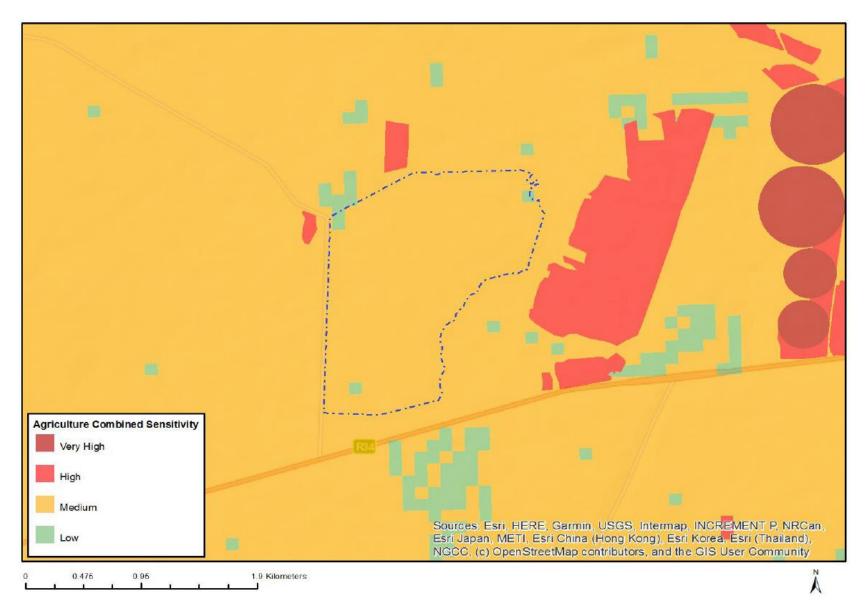


Figure 2: Map of Relative Agriculture Theme Sensitivity

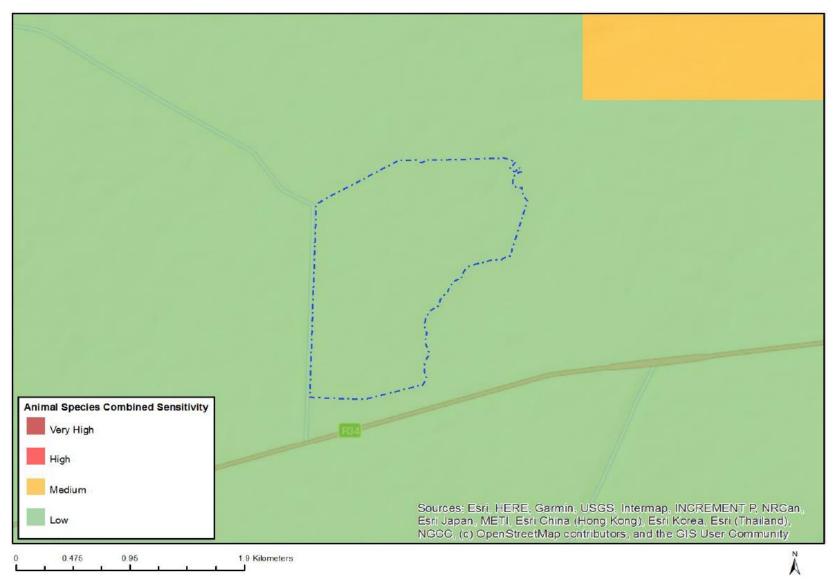


Figure 3: Map of Relative Animal Species Theme Sensitivity

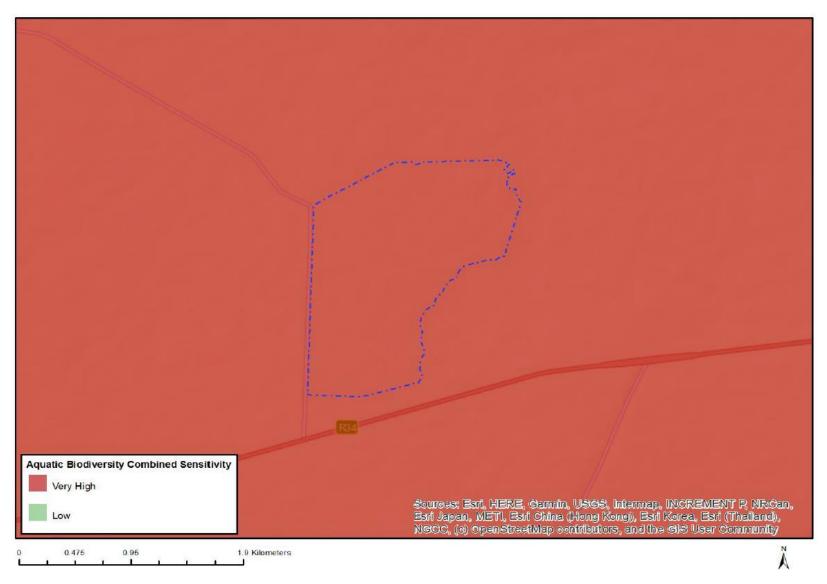


Figure 4: Map of Relative Aquatic Biodiversity Sensitivity

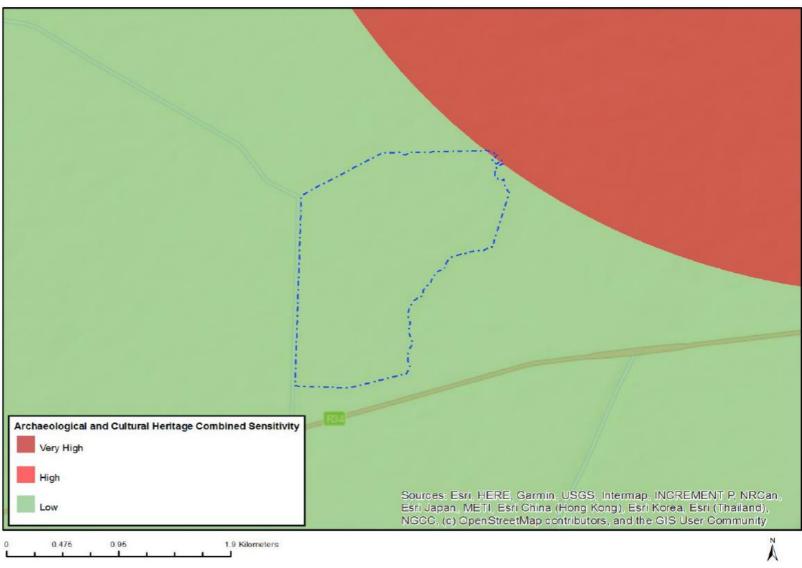


Figure 5: Map of Relative Archaeological and Cultural Heritage Theme Sensitivity

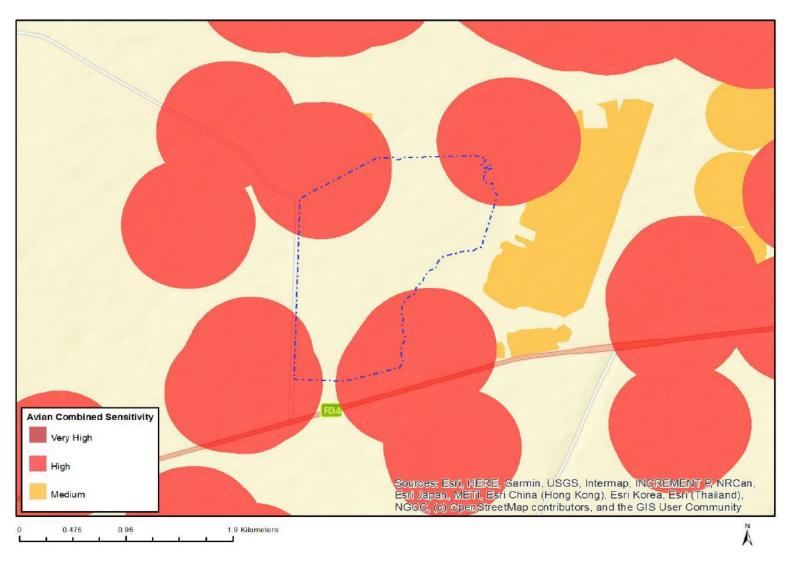


Figure 6: Map of Relative Avian Theme Sensitivity

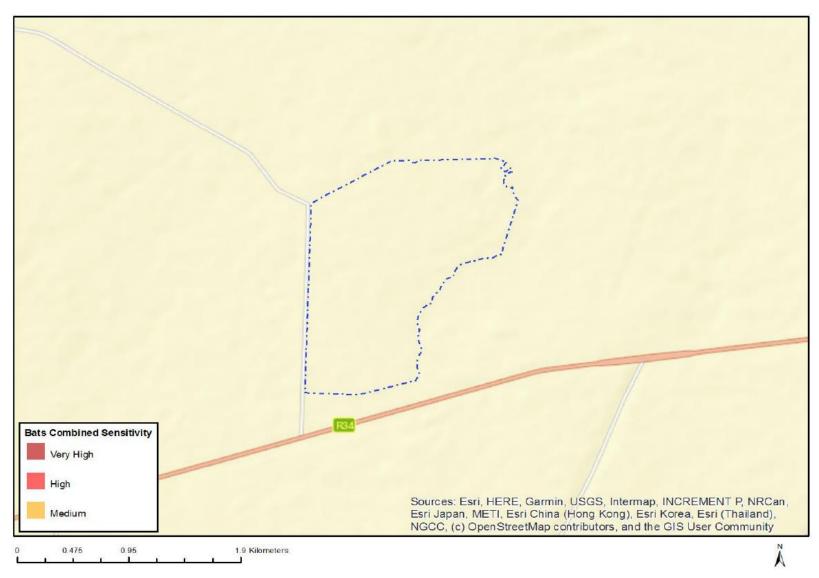


Figure 7: Map of Relative Bats Theme Sensitivity

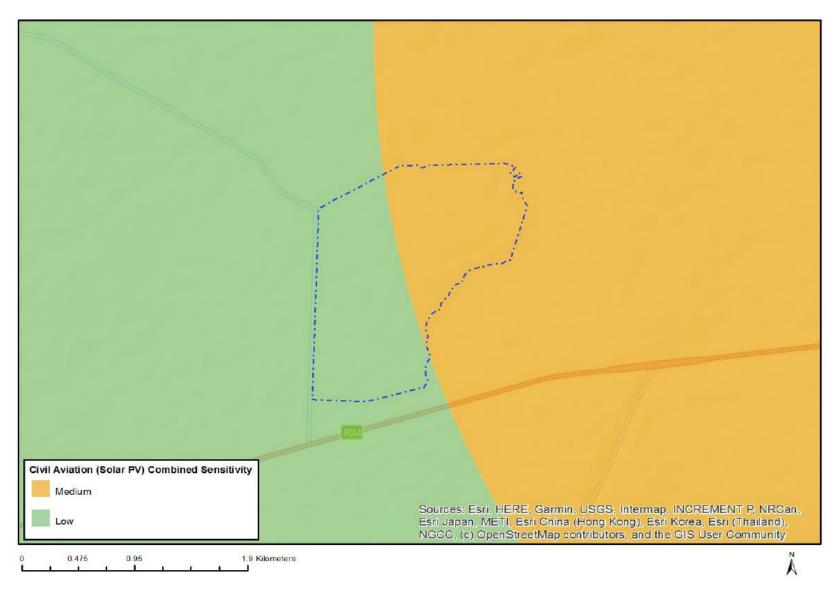


Figure 8: Map of Relative Civil Aviation (Solar PV) Theme Sensitivity



Figure 9: Map of Relative Defence Theme Sensitivity

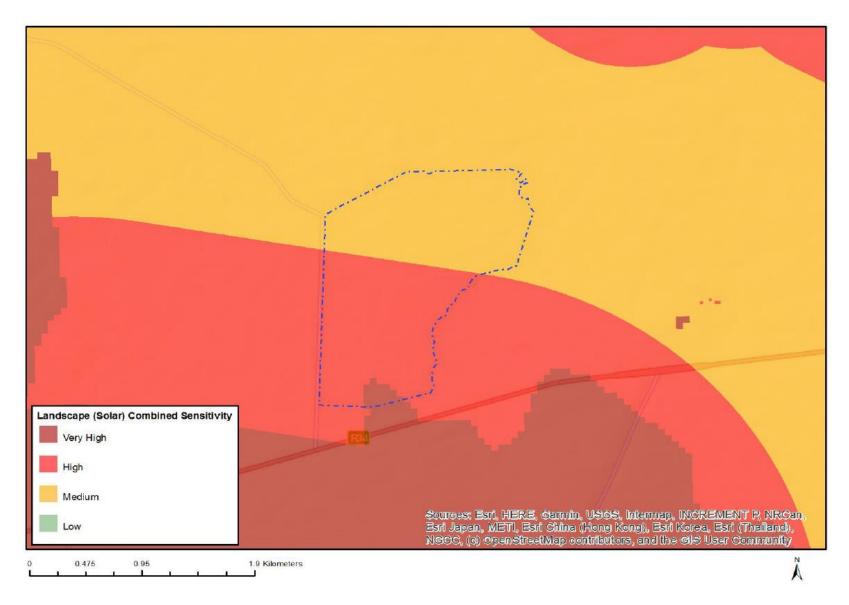


Figure 10: Map of Relative Landscape (Solar) Theme Sensitivity



Figure 11: Map of Relative Palaeontology Theme Sensitivity

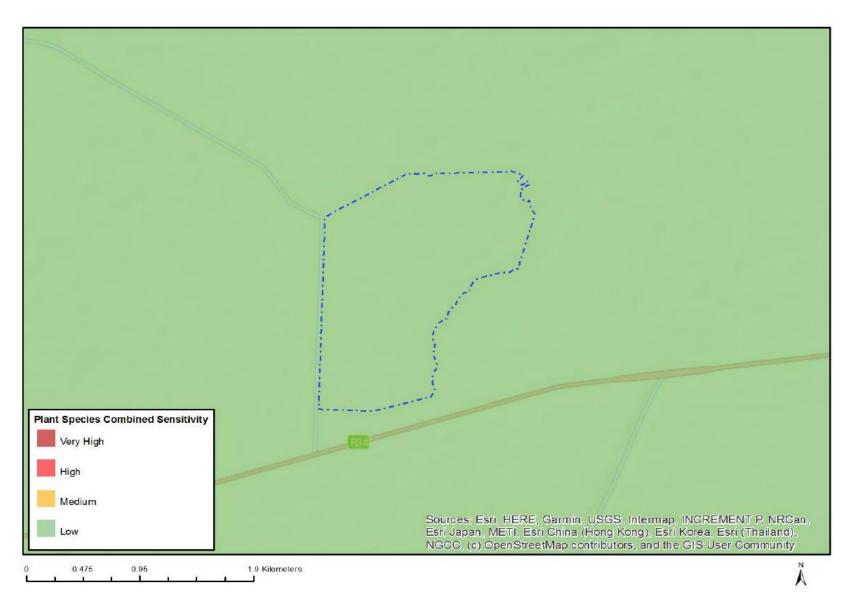


Figure 12: Map of Relative Plant Species Theme Sensitivity

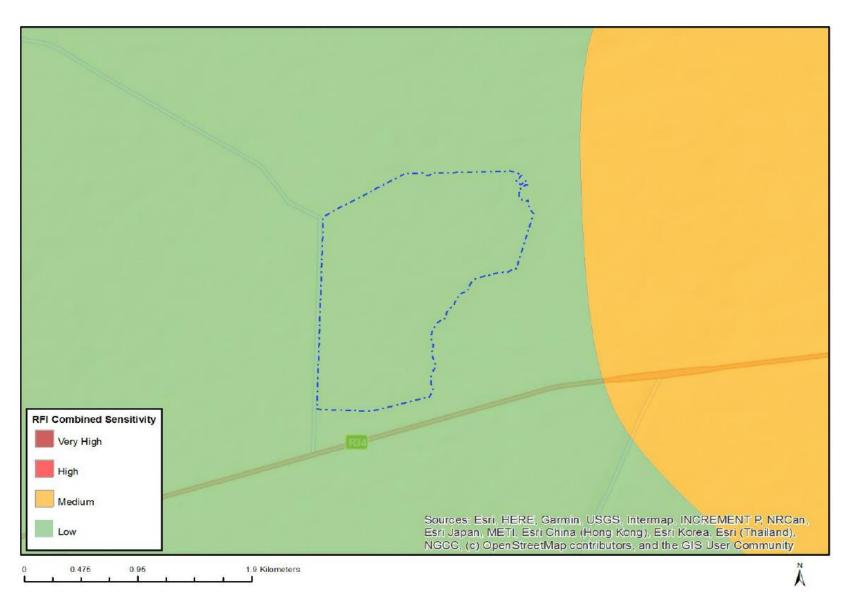


Figure 13: Map of Relative RFI Theme Sensitivity

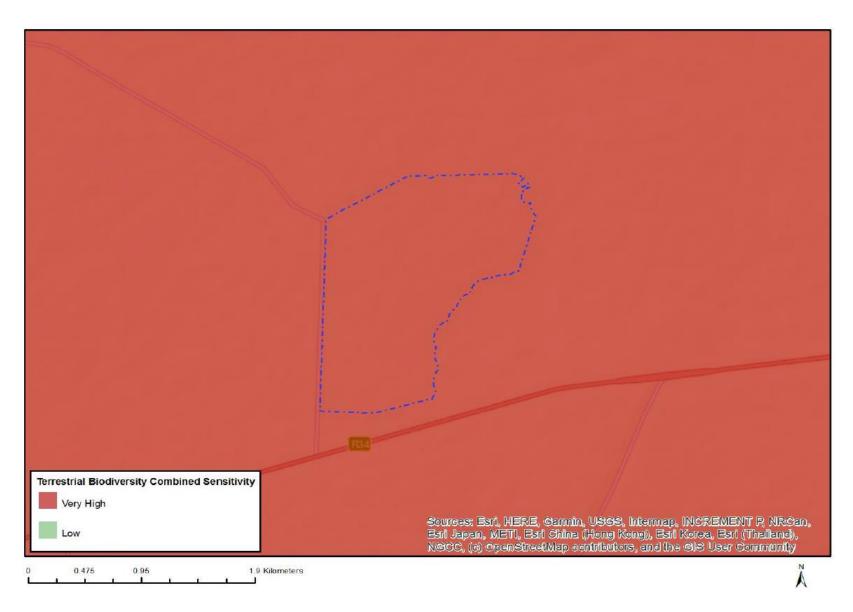


Figure 14: Map of Relative Terrestrial Biodiversity Theme Sensitivity

7.1 Sub-section 3: Declaration

The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will abide and comply with the prescribed impact management outcomes and impact management actions as stipulated in part B: section 1 of the generic EMPr and have the understanding that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding. The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will provide written notice to the CA 14 days prior to the date on which the activity will commence or commencement of construction to facilitate compliance inspections.

signature troponerily applicatily floider of EA	Daic.
Signature Proponent/applicant/ holder of EA	Date:

<u>This declaration will be signed by the proponent/applicant/holder of the EA once the contractor is appointed and has provided inputs to this Generic EMPr as per the requirements of this template.</u>

The contractor would be required to develop the following site-specific plans in accordance with the specialist recommendation contained in Section C of this EMPr:

- » Alien Invasive Plant Eradication and Management Plan
- » Open Space Management Plan
- » Storm Water Management Plan

7.2 Sub-section 4: amendments to site specific information (Part B; section 2)

Should the EA be transferred to a new holder, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new holder and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of Regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted for an amendment to an environmental authorisation will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

PART C

8. SITE SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

If any specific environmental sensitivities/attributes are present on the site which require more specific impact management outcomes and actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr template, to manage impacts, those impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific management controls must be referenced spatially, and must include impact management outcomes and impact management actions. The management controls, including impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the preapproved generic EMPr template. This applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary.

If <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the development as authorised in the EA, it is required to be submitted to the CA together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP and the name and expertise of the EAP, including the curriculum vitae are to be included. Once approved, <u>Part C</u> forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.

This section will **not be required** should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes.

CONSTRUCTION PHASE OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS

8.1. Avifauna

Impact management outcome: The displacement of priority species due to disturbance associated with construction of the PV plant and associated infrastructure is reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Construction activity should be restricted to the immediate footprint of the infrastructure.	cEO, Contractor	Visual inspection of the construction activities to observe whether they remain within the defined footprint area	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of construction activity outside the immediate footprint of the infrastructure
Access to the remainder of the site should be strictly controlled to prevent unnecessary disturbance of priority species.	cEO, Contractor	Demarcate sensitive areas to restrict access to these areas	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Sensitive areas appropriately demarcated and fenced off for the duration of the construction phase
Measures to control noise and dust should be applied according to current best practice in the industry.	Contractor	Ensure that noise limits do not exceed acceptable limits and identify and implement	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Dust and noise control measures evident during audit. No noise or dust related

		suitable dust				complaints
		control				received
		measures				
 Maximum use should be made of existing access roads 	Contractor, cEO	Visual inspection	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of
and the construction of new roads should be kept to a		of the	construction			several new
minimum.		construction	phase			access roads on
		activities and if				site
		the use of				
		existing access				
		roads over the				
		construction of				
		new roads is				
		favoured				

Impact management outcome: The displacement of priority species due to habitat transformation associated with construction of the PV plant and associated infrastructure is reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- The mitigation measures proposed by the vegetation	cEO	Regular audits	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Implementation
specialist must be strictly enforced.		to oversee	construction			of the mitigation
		implementation	phase			measures
		of the mitigation				proposed by the
		measures				vegetation
		proposed by the				specialist
		vegetation				evident during
		specialist				audit.
- A 100m solar panel free buffer zone must be	cEO	Demarcate the	Once prior to	ECO	Monthly	Pans
implemented around the dam at -27.704605°		pans and restrict	construction			appropriately
27.178359° to provide avifauna with unhindered		access to these	commencing,			demarcated
access to the water.		areas to	and for the			
		minimise	duration of the			

	disturbance to	construction			
	avifauna	phase			
 A 100m solar panel free buffer zone must be implemented on both sides of the drainage line on the development area, to maintain a corridor of woodland. 	Demarcate the drainage line woodland corridor and restrict access to these areas to minimise disturbance to avifauna	Once prior to construction commencing, and for the duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Drainage line woodland corridor appropriately demarcated

Impact management outcome: Likelihood of entrapment of large-bodied birds in the double perimeter fence is reduced.							
Impact Management Actions	Implementation Monitoring						
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- It is recommended that a single perimeter fence is	Contractor	Ensure that	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Single perimeter	
used.		single perimeter	construction			fence used	
		fencing is used	and operation				
			phase				

8.2. Ecology

Impact management outcome: Direct loss of vegetation, including listed and protected species is reduced.							
Impact Management Actions	Implementation Monitoring						
	Responsible Method of Timeframe for Responsible Frequency Evidence of						
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	

Preconstruction walk-through of the final development footprint for protected species that would be affected and that can be translocated.	dEO, Specialist	Visual inspection of the layout and corridor, with walk- through report produced	Prior to construction	ECO	Once prior to commencement of construction	Walk-through report produced and kept on file during construction
 Before construction commences, individuals of listed provincially protected plant species within the development footprint that would be affected, should be counted and marked and translocated where deemed necessary and possible by the ecologist conducting the pre-construction walk-through survey, and according to the recommended ratios. Permits from the relevant provincial authorities, i.e. the Free State Department: Economic, Small Business Development, Tourism and Environmental Affairs, will be required to relocate and/or disturb listed plant species. 	Contractor, Specialist	Develop a search, rescue and relocation plan, as well as submit and obtain the necessary permits from the relevant authorities	Prior to construction	ECO	Once prior to commencement of construction	Necessary permits obtained prior to the removal of protected plant species, and search, rescue and relocation undertaken in accordance with the appropriate plan
 Any individuals of protected species affected by and observed within the development footprint during construction should be translocated under the supervision of the Environmental Officer (EO). 	Contractor, under supervision of the cEO	Ensure protected species affected and observed within the development footprint are translocated under the supervision of the ECO or cEO	During the construction phase	ECO	As and when required	Protected species only translocated under supervision of the cEO
 Pre-construction environmental induction for all construction staff on site to ensure that basic environmental principles are adhered to. This includes 	cEO	Requirement for induction of all staff prior to	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Induction roster of all staff completed,

awareness to no littering, appropriate handling of pollution and chemical spills, avoiding fire hazards, minimising wildlife interactions, remaining within demarcated construction areas etc.		entry, as well as the development and application of an induction programme				maintained and available on site, induction programme material observed and on file on site during audits
Demarcate all areas to be cleared with construction tape or similar material where practical. However, caution should be exercised to avoid using material that might entangle fauna.	Contractor	Visual inspection of the development area and whether all areas to be cleared have be demarcated with faunafriendly material	Prior to construction	ECO	Duration of the construction phase	Areas to be cleared appropriately demarcated
 Contractor's EO to provide supervision and oversight of vegetation clearing activities and other activities which may cause damage to the environment, especially at the initiation of the project, when the majority of vegetation clearing is taking place. 	CEO	Visual inspection of vegetation clearing within the development footprint	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of unnecessary vegetation clearing or damage to the environment
All vehicles to remain on demarcated roads and no unnecessary driving in the veld outside these areas should be allowed.	CEO	Visual inspection of vehicle movement within the development area, and whether all vehicles utilise demarcated roads only	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of vehicles driving in the veld outside the demarcated roads

- Regular dust suppression during construction, if	Contractor	Identification of	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Dust suppression
deemed necessary, especially along access roads.		suitable dust	construction			evident or
		control	phase			observed during
		measures, and				audit
		implementation				
		of these				
		measures				
 No plants may be translocated or otherwise uprooted 	cEO	Prohibit the	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	No plants
or disturbed for rehabilitation or other purpose without		translocation of	construction			translocated
express permission from the ECO and or Contractor's		plants by	phase			without
EO.		contractors				permission from
		without				the ECO and
		permission for				cEO
		the ECO and				
		cEO				
 No fires should be allowed on-site. 	cEO	Placement of	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Signage
		signs around the	construction			prohibiting fire
		site indicating	and operational			on site observed
		that fires are	phases			during audit
		prohibited on				
		site				

Impact management outcome: Disturbance to fauna is minimised.							
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Site access should be controlled and no unauthorised	DSS, dEO	Demarcate the	Duration of the		Not Applicable		
persons should be allowed onto the site.		project site and	project				
		place a security					
		guard and					
		register at the					
		main gate					

Any fauna directly threatened by the associated activities should be removed to a safe location by a suitably qualified person.	cEO, Specialist	Develop a search and relocation plan for threatened fauna species and obtain the relevant permits for the removal of these species	Prior to construction	ECO	Monthly	Necessary permits obtained prior to the removal of threatened fauna species, and copies of permits observed during
The collection, hunting or harvesting of any plants or animals at the site should be strictly forbidden. Personnel should not be allowed to wander off the demarcated site.	cEO	Requirement for induction of all staff prior to entry, in particular about the collection, hunting or harvesting of plant and animals	Duration of the project	ECO	Monthly	audit No evidence of fauna and plant mortality, and inducting roster of all stuff completed, maintained and available on site
 All hazardous materials should be stored in the appropriate manner to prevent contamination of the site. Any accidental chemical, fuel and oil spills that occur at the site should be cleaned up in the appropriate manner as related to the nature of the spill. 	Contractor	Suitable bunding and containment, demarcation and access control measures implemented for hazardous materials at onsite stores. Spill prevention and response plan developed and spill kits	Duration of the project	ECO	Monthly	Effective bunding and containment of hazardous materials as evidenced on site, along with suitable access control and demarcation provided at hazardous materials stores. Written log of spills and clean

		made available, as well as all staff inducted with spill response procedure and a log of inductions kept on file. Written record of spills and clean up actions kept on site				up actions implemented observed and kept on file at site
All construction vehicles should adhere to a low-speed limit (30km/h) to avoid collisions with susceptible species such as snakes and tortoises.	Contractor, cEO	Install speed signature throughout site, include speed limit into induction and ensure all staff entering site is aware of the requirement to implement speed limits. Institute verbal and written warnings for violations and appropriate fines for repeat contraventions. Written log of fines and	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Minimal instances of speeding as observed on site during audits and as evidenced in the written log of warnings and fines issued for contraventions

		warning issued				
		kept on site				
 Construction vehicles limited to a minimal footprint on 	Contractor, cEO	Install signage	During the	ECO	Monthly	Minimal to no
site (no movement outside of the earmarked footprint).		throughout the	construction			instances of
		site instructing	phase			construction
		all construction				vehicle
		vehicles to				movement
		remain within				outside the
		the designated				earmarked
		footprint				footprint

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Topsoil must be removed and stored separately from 	Contractor	Enforce proper	During the	ECO	Monthly	Topsoil stored
subsoil. Topsoil must be reapplied where appropriate		storage of topsoil	construction and			separately fron
as soon as possible in order to encourage and facilitate		and subsoil, and	decommissioning			subsoil and
rapid regeneration of the natural vegetation on		visual inspection to	phases			evidence of
cleared areas.		determine that				rehabilitation
		topsoil is reapplied				with topsoil
		to disturbed areas				where
		during				appropriate
		rehabilitation				
- Practical phased development and vegetation	Contractor	Develop and	Prior to	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of
clearing must be practiced so that cleared areas are		implementation a	construction and			phased
not left un-vegetated and vulnerable to erosion for		vegetation	during the			development
extended periods of time.		clearance method	construction			and vegetation
		statement	phase			clearing
						observed durin
						audit

Impact management outcome: Minimal alien plant invasion during the construction phase. **Impact Management Actions** Monitoring **Implementation** Responsible Responsible Frequency Evidence of Method of Timeframe for implementation implementation compliance person person A site-specific eradication and management Invasive Alien Plant Prior to the ECO Monthly Eradication and Specialist programme for alien invasive plants must be species eradication commencement management implemented during construction. and management programme for of construction programme alien invasive developed for the plants construction phase developed and of the project, implemented for detailing the duration of monitoring the construction required, control phase methods and frequency Visual inspection of Clearing methods must aim to keep disturbance to a Duration of the ECO Monthly No evidence of Contractor minimum. vegetation construction unnecessary clearing activities vegetation phase on site clearing

8.3. Wetlands

Impact management outcome: Indirect loss of wetland habitats (applicable to all wetlands features) reduced. **Impact Management Actions** Monitoring **Implementation** Timeframe for Responsible Method of Frequency Evidence of Responsible person implementation implementation person compliance Ensure layout ECO Once off review Confirm no All wetland features and their associated buffer areas cEO and Prior to that the layout should be regarded as 'no-go' areas for all contractor has been construction development construction activities. informed by the used is the and during equipment environmental construction approved one, traverses any and monthly sensitivities as seasonal or determined by thereafter permanent the wetland as per environmental the authorised impact layout by reviewing the assessment and as-built designs specialist studies Visual inspection Wetland features clearly of the construction demarcated activities to observe No evidence of whether they construction avoid the activities taking place within the wetland features and 'no-go' areas that the during audit wetland features have been demarcated

The recommended buffer areas between the delineated freshwater resource features and proposed project activities should be maintained.	cEO	Demarcate the delineated freshwater resource features	Once prior to construction commencing, and for the duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Delineated freshwater resource features appropriately demarcated
 Vegetation clearing within the development footprint to be kept to a minimum. No unnecessary vegetation to be cleared. 	cEO	Visual inspection of vegetation clearing within the development footprint	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Weekly	No evidence of unnecessary vegetation clearing during audit
Vegetation clearing should occur in in a phased manner to minimise erosion and/or run-off.	Contractor	Develop and implementation a vegetation clearance method statement	Prior to construction and during the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Evidence of phased development and vegetation clearing observed during audit
An effective storm water management plan should be compiled by a suitable specialist and the effectivity of the plan should be regularly assessed and revised if necessary.		Develop and implement a stormwater management plan for the facility	Prior to construction commencing, and for the duration of construction and operation phase	ECO	Monthly	Stormwater management plan evident within the onsite environmental file prior to construction commencing, and evidence of stormwater measures implanted as observed on site during audit

Impact management outcome: Sedimentation and erosion reduced. Impact Management Actions Monitoring **Implementation** Responsible Method of Timeframe for Responsible Evidence of Frequency implementation compliance person implementation person Store hydrocarbons off site where possible, or otherwise Ensure that storage During the ECO Photographic Contractor Monthly implement hydrocarbon storage using impermeable Construction proof that areas are floors with appropriate bunding, sumps and roofing. impermeable and Phase storage areas are sufficiently are bunded, and have impermeable, sumps and roofing and have bunds, sumps and roofing An erosion control management plan should be Develop and Monthly ECO Contractor, Prior to Erosion utilised to prevent erosion. cEO implement erosion construction and management during the plan developed control management plan construction and to prevent erosion implemented for phase the duration of the construction phase Evidence of minimal to no erosion observed during audit - Handle hydrocarbons carefully to limit spillage. Contractor Development and Prior to ECO Once off review of Procedure for the procedure for implement construction handling handling procedure for hydrocarbons handling developed and hydrocarbons hydrocarbons implemented

 Ensure vehicles are regularly serviced so that hydrocarbon leaks are limited. 	Contractor, cEO	Ensure that vehicles are serviced as	During the construction	ECO	Monthly	Vehicle service documentation
Trydrocarborricars are infined.	CLO	required	phase			provided during
		required	priase			audit
 Designate a single location for refuelling and 	Contractor,	Place refuelling	During the	ECO	Monthly	Workshop area
maintenance, outside of any freshwater resource	cEO	and maintenance	construction		Wichinity	for refuelling
,	CEO					and
features.		workshop at least	phase			
		32m away from freshwater resource				maintenance of vehicles and
		features				machinery
						located at least
						32m away from
						freshwater
						resource
						features
- Keep a spill kit on site to deal with any hydrocarbon	Contractor,	Provide spill kits on	During the	ECO	Monthly	Spills kits
leaks.	cEO	site and provide	construction			observed on site
		training on the use	phase			during audit
		of spill kits to the				
		relevant				
		employees				
- Remove soil from the site which has been	Contractor	Ensure that soil	During the	ECO	Monthly	Incident and
contaminated by hydrocarbon spillage.		contaminated by	construction			corrective
		hydrocarbon	phase			action logged in
		spillage is				incident register
		immediately				
		removed and				Hazardous
		disposed of at an				waste manifest
		appropriate				provided for
		hazardous waste				review
		disposal facility				

8.4. Heritage

Impact management outcome: Minimal to no impacts to heritage resources. **Impact Management Actions Implementation** Monitoring Evidence of Responsible Method of Timeframe for Responsible Frequency person implementation implementation person compliance ECO All excavations into bedrock are monitored by a Visual inspection of Duration of Daily – Weekly Copies of Contractor, suitably qualified palaeontologist and a report on the Specialist, the excavation construction monitoring reports outcomes of the monitoring activities must be cEO process and taking phase and pictures made submitted to SAHRA on completion of the pictures for available during the development of the facility. inclusion in the audit monitoring report A 'no-go' buffer (which includes all infrastructure) of Ensure that the ECO Contractor Prior to Once off Construction 100m is implemented around RDW002. heritage resource construction and review that the undertaken in (RDW002) is for the duration layout used is accordance with demarcated of the the approved approved layout construction one, and Project design and monthly Construction phase activities avoid layout avoids thereafter heritage resources heritage resources Should any previously unrecorded archaeological Contractor, If any evidence of Duration of ECO, cEO Ongoing Evidence of resources or possible burials be identified during the cEO. unrecorded Construction (cEO), Monthly communication course of construction activities, work must cease in (ECO) with SAHRA where Specialist (if archaeological Phase the immediate vicinity of the find, and SAHRA must be any evidence of required) resources or contacted regarding an appropriate way forward. possible burials is unrecorded observed during archaeological the course of resources or construction possible burials is activities, all work found must cease immediately within the vicinity of the

find and the find

	be reported to the		
	SAHRA.		

8.5. Socio-Economic

Impact management outcome: Enhanced socio-economic development and reduction in potential negative social impacts. **Impact Management Actions Implementation** Monitoring Responsible Method of Timeframe for Responsible Frequency Evidence of person implementation implementation compliance person The "locals first" Where reasonable and practical, the proponent Developer Develop and Prior to ECO Once, prior to the should appoint local contractors and implement a policy is implement a construction commencement 'locals first' policy, especially for semi and low-skilled "locals first" policy of construction considered in job categories. However, due to the low skills levels in for the provision of and monthly terms of the the area, the majority of skilled posts are likely to be employment during the employment and training filled by people from outside the area. opportunities construction phase opportunities Once, prior to the Where feasible, efforts should be made to employ local Prior to **ECO** The "locals first" Developer Develop and contactors that are compliant with Broad Based Black implement a construction commencement policy is Economic Empowerment (BBBEE) criteria. "locals first" policy of construction considered in for the provision of and monthly terms of the employment during the employment opportunities that and gives first states that first preference to preference will be contractors that given to are compliant contractors that with BBBEE are compliant with criteria BBBEE criteria Before the construction phase commences the Developer Identify and Prior to ECO Once, prior to the Communication proponent should meet with representatives from the implement construction commencement is undertaken as MLM to establish the existence of a skills database for appropriate of construction per the

the area. If such as database exists it should be made		strategies for			and monthly	identified
available to the contractors appointed for the		communication			during the	strategies and
construction phase.		with			construction	evidence of the
Construction priase.		representatives			CONSTRUCTION	meeting with the
		from the MLM				_
		Irom the MLM				MLM (meeting
						minutes) is
						provided during
7		1.1.1.1.6	D: 1	500		the audit
- The local authorities, community representatives, and	·	Identify and	Prior to	ECO	Once, prior to the	Evidence
organisations on the interested and affected party		implement	construction		commencement	indicating that
database should be informed of the final decision		appropriate			of construction	interested and
regarding the project and the potential job		strategies to			and monthly	affected parties
opportunities for locals and the employment		communicate the			during the	were informed
procedures that the proponent intends following for		availability of job			construction	of the job
the construction phase of the project.		opportunities to				opportunities is
		interested and				provided during
		affected parties				the audit
		and ensure that all				
		interested and				
		affected parties				
		are aware of the				
		job opportunities				
		associated with the				
		project				
- Where feasible, training and skills development	Developer	Develop and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the	The "locals first"
programmes for locals should be initiated prior to the		implement a	& Construction		commencement	policy is
initiation of the construction phase.		"locals first" policy			of construction	considered in
		for the provision of			and monthly	terms of the
		employment			during the	employment
		opportunities			construction	and training
					phase	opportunities
- The recruitment selection process should seek to	Developer	Develop and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the	The "locals first"
promote gender equality and the employment of		implement a	& Construction		commencement	policy, which
women wherever possible.		"locals first" policy			of construction	promotes
		for the provision of			and monthly	gender equality

		employment opportunities and ensure that the policy promotes gender equality and women empowerment			during the construction phase	and women empowerment is considered in terms of the employment
 The proponent should liaise with the MLM with regards the establishment of a database of local companies, specifically BBBEE companies, which qualify as potential service providers (e.g., construction companies, catering companies, waste collection companies, security companies etc.) prior to the commencement of the tender process for construction contractors. These companies should be notified of the tender process and invited to bid for project-related work. 	Developer	Establish communication channels with the MLM	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Documentary evidence indicating liaison between the developer and the MLM
 Where possible, the proponent should assist local BBBEE companies to complete and submit the required tender forms and associated information. 	Developer	Develop and implement a programme for the provision of assistance in completing and submitting tender forms	Prior to construction		Not Applicable	
The proponent and the contractor(s) should, in consultation with representatives from the MF, develop a code of conduct for the construction phase. The code should identify which types of behaviour and activities are not acceptable. Construction workers in breach of the code should be dismissed. All dismissals must comply with the South African labour legislation.	Developer, in consultation with the Monitoring Forum	Develop and implement code of conduction for the construction phase	Prior to construction and during the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Code of conduct evident during audit
 The construction area should be fenced off before construction commences and no workers should be permitted to leave the fenced off area. 	Contractor	Ensure that the construction area is fenced off	Prior to construction and during the	ECO	Weekly	Construction area is fenced off and

The contractor should provide transport for workers to	cEO	Provide daily	construction phase During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	photographic proof can be provided Proof of
and from the site on a daily basis. This will enable the contactor to effectively manage and monitor the movement of construction workers on and off the site.		transport to and from site for employees	Construction Phase		and when required	transportation services provided
 Where necessary, the contractors should make the necessary arrangements to enable low and semi-skilled workers from outside the area to return home over weekends and/or on a regular basis. This would reduce the risk posed to local family structures and social networks. 	Developer, cEO	Ensure that the arrangements are made to enable low and semi-skilled worker from outside the are to return home over weekends and/or on regular basis	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Documentary proof indicating that low and semi-skilled workers from outside the area are provided the opportunity to return home over weekends and/or on a regular basis
 The contractor must ensure that all construction workers from outside the area are transported back to their place of residence within 2 days for their contract coming to an end. 	сЕО	Provide transport from site to employees within 2 days of their contract coming to an end	Towards the end of the construction phase	ECO	As and when required, towards the end of the construction phase	Proof of transportation services provided
 It is recommended that no construction workers, with the exception of security personnel, should be permitted to stay over-night on the site. 	Not Applicable staff.	e - no on-site housing is	envisaged with dail	y commute to a	nd from site expected	d of construction
The proponent should implement a policy that no employment will be available at the gate.	Developer	Develop and implement a policy that no employment will be available at the gate	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction	Policy considered in terms of employment

The construction area should be fenced off prior to the commencement of the construction phase. The movement of construction workers on the site should be confined to the fenced off area.	Contractor	Ensure that the construction area is fenced off prior to the commencement of construction Observe construction workers to determine whether their movement is confined to the fenced off area	Prior to construction and for the duration of the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Construction area fenced off No movement of construction workers outside the fenced off area observed during audit
- The proponent should enter into an agreement with the local farmers in the area whereby damages to farm property etc. during the construction phase will be compensated for. The agreement should be signed before the construction phase commences.	DPM Contractor	Develop agreements for compensation for the damage of farm property etc. with the affected landowners. Ensure that agreements are approved and signed	Pre-construction	dEO ECO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of approved and signed agreements
Traffic and activities should be strictly contained within designated areas.	Contractor, cEO	Ensure that traffic and activities are contained within designated areas	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Traffic and activities are contained within designated areas
Strict traffic speed limits must be enforced on the farm.	cEO / dEO / Contractor	Inform all drivers of speed limits and place appropriate signage along the relevant roads	During the construction and operation phase	ECO Operation and Maintenance team	Monthly	No complaints regarding speeding on site are received

All farm gates must be closed after passing through.	DSS and Contractor	Ensure farm gates are closed after passing through as required through the implementation of a formalised process	During the construction phase	CEO	Weekly and as and when required	Farm gates are closed after passing through and no complaints from landowners are received.
 Contractors appointed by the proponent should provide daily transport for low and semi-skilled workers to and from the site. This would reduce the potential risk of trespassing on the remainder of the farm and adjacent properties. 	cEO	Provide daily transport to and from site for employees	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof of transportation services provided during audit
 The proponent should hold contractors liable for compensating farmers and communities in full for any stock losses and/or damage to farm infrastructure that can be linked to construction workers. This should be contained in the Code of Conduct to be signed between the proponent, the contractors' and neighbouring landowners. The agreement should also cover loses and costs associated with fires caused by construction workers or construction related activities (see below). 	DPM Contractor	Develop agreements with the contractors regarding their liability for compensating farmers and communities in full for any stock losses and/or damage to farm infrastructure that can be linked to construction workers. Ensure that agreements are approved and signed	Pre-construction	dEO ECO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of approved and signed agreement
 The Environmental Management Plan (EMP) must outline procedures for managing and storing waste on site, specifically plastic waste that poses a threat to livestock if ingested. 	cEO	Ensure that the EMP contains measures for managing and storing waste on site	Pre-construction and during the construction and operation phase	dEO, ECO, cEO	Once, at the onset of the construction phase, and again on the onset of	Measures for managing and storing waste included in the EMP and the

- Contractors appointed by the proponent must ensure that all workers are informed at the outset of the construction phase of the conditions contained on the Code of Conduct, specifically consequences of stock theft and trespassing on adjacent farms.	cEO and Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Compile a Code of Conduct for staff. Ensure that the conditions of the Code of Conduct are communicated staff at the outset	Pre-construction	ECO	the operation phase Once, prior to the commencement of construction	implementation thereof observed during audit No complaints registered in this regard
 Contractors appointed by the proponent must ensure that construction workers who are found guilty of stealing livestock and/or damaging farm infrastructure are dismissed and charged. This should be contained in the Code of Conduct. All dismissals must be in accordance with South African labour legislation. 	Developer	of construction Compile a Code of Conduct for staff. Ensure that any dismissals are done in accordance with South African labour legislation	During the construction phase	ECO	As and when necessary	No complaints from dismissed staff Code of Conduct observed during audit
The option of establishing a fire-break around the perimeter of the site prior to the commencement of the construction phase should be investigated.	Contractor	Ensure that the option of establishing a fire-break around the perimeter of the site is properly investigated and that the decision is informed by the site sensitivities	Prior to construction	ECO	Once	Documentation indicating that discussions around establishing firebreaks have been undertaken
 Contractor should ensure that open fires on the site for cooking or heating are not allowed except in designated areas. 	ECO / cEO / dEO	Hold environmental awareness training workshops. Training material should include the fact	Pre-construction construction and operations	ECO dEO	Monthly and as and when required	Attendance register and training minutes / notes for the record

- Smoking on site should be confined to designated		that open fires for cooking or heating are prohibited, in designated areas Erect signage	Construction and	ECO	Monthly, and as	Photographic
areas.		indicating designated smoking areas, and ensure that smoking is only confined to these areas	operations	dEO cEO	and when required	evidence of signage indicating designated smoking areas
 Contractor to ensure that construction related activities that pose a potential fire risk, such as welding, are effectively managed and are confined to areas where the risk of fires has been reduced. Measures to reduce the risk of fires include avoiding working in high wind conditions when the risk of fires is greater. In this regard special care should be taken during the high risk dry, windy winter months. 	dEO / cEO / Contractor	Ensure that construction related activities that pose a potential fire risk, such as welding, are effectively managed and are confined to areas where the risk of fires has been reduced Develop environmental awareness training material which covers conditions under which work should not be undertaken to reduce the risk of fires	Pre-construction, construction and operations	ECO	Prior to the commencement of the environmental awareness training, once during the construction phase and once during the operation phase	No fire outbreaks occurred Environmental awareness training material observed

Contractor should provide adequate fire-fighting equipment on-site, including a fire fighting vehicle.	Contractor	The site must be fitted with adequate fire-fighting equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Adequate fire- fighting equipment is available and has been serviced
Contractor to provide fire-fighting training to selected construction staff.	cEO and Contractor	Provide training on the use of fire- fighting equipment to the relevant employees	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction	Proof of training to be provided by the contractor
 As per the conditions of the Code of Conduct, in the event of a fire being caused by construction workers and or construction activities, the appointed contractors must compensate farmers for any damage caused to their farms. The contractor should also compensate the fire-fighting costs borne by farmers and local authorities. 	DPM Contractor	Develop agreements with the contractors regarding their liability for damage as a result of fires caused by construction workers and or construction activities. Ensure that agreements are approved and signed	Pre-construction	dEO ECO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of approved and signed agreement
 The movement of heavy vehicles associated with the construction phase should be timed to avoid times of the week, such as weekends, when the volume of traffic travelling along the R34 may be higher. 	Contractor	Ensure that movement of heavy vehicles is managed accordingly	During construction	ECO, dEO	Monthly	No complaints regarding traffic caused by the construction activities received
 Construction operations should be planned to minimise the total area cleared at any given time. 	Contractor	Develop and implementation a vegetation	Prior to construction and during the	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of phased development and vegetation

Dust suppression measures must be implemented on un-surfaced roads, such as wetting on a regular basis and ensuring that vehicles used to transport sand and building materials are fitted with tarpaulins or covers.	Contractor	clearance method statement Appropriate dust suppression measures are implemented	construction phase During the construction phase	cEO, ECO	Weekly	clearing observed during audit Photographic record of measures being implemented
						and the results thereof
 All vehicles must be road-worthy, and drivers must be qualified and made aware of the potential road safety issues and need for strict speed limits. 	Contractor	Regular inspection of vehicles Inform all drivers of speed limits and place appropriate signage along the relevant roads	During construction and operations	ECO Operation and Maintenance team	Monthly	No complaints from community members are submitted Vehicle inspection checklists available
 The footprint associated with the construction related activities (access roads, construction platforms, workshop etc.) should be minimised. 	Contractor	Visual inspection of clearing activities to determine if any unnecessary land clearing is being undertaken	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of unnecessary land clearing observed during audit
 An Environmental Control Officer (ECO) should be appointed to monitor the establishment phase of the construction phase. 	Developer	Ensure that an ECO is appointed prior to the commencement of construction activities	Pre-construction	cEO	Once, prior to construction	Appointment letter provided for review

8.6. Soils

Impact management outcome: Minimal impacts resulting from the change in land use from livestock to energy generation **Impact Management Actions Implementation** Monitoring Evidence of Responsible Method of Timeframe for Responsible Frequency person implementation implementation person compliance Vegetation clearance must be restricted to areas ECO cEO, Visual inspection of Duration of Monthly No evidence of vegetation where infrastructure is constructed. Contractor the vegetation construction clearing within the phase clearance development encroaching into footprint areas outside the development footprint No materials removed from development area must cEO, Requirement for Duration of ECO Monthly Induction roster of be allowed to be dumped in nearby livestock farming Contractor induction of all staff construction all staff completed, areas. prior to entry. phase maintained and Induction to available on site, include awareness induction of littering and programme pollution material observed and on file on site during audits Prior arrangements must be made with the landowners ECO Copy of signed Draft agreement to Prior to Once prior to Developer to ensure that livestock and game animals are moved be signed by the construction construction agreement to areas where they cannot be injured by vehicles landowners and presented during traversing the area. developer audit No boundary fence must be opened without the cEO, DPM, dEO Once, prior to Availability of Develop access Pre-construction landowners' permission. Contractor agreements with ECO construction approved and the affected signed negotiations landowners. Ensure that agreements are approved and signed

- No open fires made by the construction teams are	cEO,	Requirement for	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Induction roster of
allowable during the construction phase.	Contractor	induction of all staff	construction			all staff completed,
		prior to entry.	phase			maintained and
		Induction to				available on site,
		include awareness				induction
		of littering and				programme
		pollution				material observed
						and on file on site
						during audits

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Land clearance must only be undertaken immediately prior to construction activities and only within the development footprint. 	Contractor	Visual inspection of vegetation clearing activities to determine if land clearance is only being undertaken within the development footprint	Prior to construction	ECO	Daily	Clearing undertaken only prior to construction and within the development footprint
 Unnecessary land clearance must be avoided. 	Contractor	Visual inspection of vegetation clearing activities on site	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of unnecessary vegetation clearing
 Where possible, conduct the construction activities outside of the rainy season. 	DPM, DSS, Contractor	Ensure construction activities are conducted outside of the rainy season	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Once off at the beginning of construction	Construction activities undertaken outside of the rainy season

-	Stormwater channels must be designed to minimise soil	Design	Ensure stormwater	Prior to	ECO	Once off at	Stormwater channel
	erosion risk resulting from surface water runoff.	Engineer	channels are	construction		the beginning	designs provided
			designed such that			of construction	for review and
			they minimise soil				designed such that
			erosion risk				they minimise
							erosion risk

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Vehicles and equipment must travel within	cEO,	Visual inspection of	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of	
demarcated areas and not outside of the construction	Contractor	vehicle movement	construction			vehicles driving in	
footprint.		within the	phase			the veld outside the	
		development area,				demarcated roads	
		and whether all					
		vehicles utilise					
		demarcated roads					
		only					
 Unnecessary land clearance must be avoided. 	cEO,	Visual inspection of	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of	
	Contractor	clearing activities	construction			unnecessary land	
		to determine if any	phase			clearing observed	
		unnecessary land				during audit	
		clearing is being					
		undertaken					
- Where possible, conduct the construction activities	Contractor	Contractor to	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	No construction	
outside of the rainy season.		undertake	construction			activities	
		construction	phase			conducted during	
		activities outside of				the rainy season	
		the rainy season					

_	Vehicles and equipment must park in designated	Contractor,	Visual inspection of	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Vehicles and
	parking areas.	cEO	parked vehicles	construction			equipment are
			and equipment to	phase			parked in
			determine if they				designated areas
			have been parked				and no complaints
			in designated				of vehicles not
			parking areas				parked within
							designated parking
							areas are received

Impact management outcome: Minimal to no soil pollution observed on site.										
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring						
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance				
Maintenance must be undertaken regularly on all vehicles and construction/maintenance machinery to prevent hydrocarbon spills.	Contractor	Undertaken regular maintenance of vehicles and construction/maint enance machinery to prevent hydrocarbon spills. Written logs of maintenance to be kept on file and Construction vehicles and equipment must be inspected daily for signs of leakages	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Written logs of maintenance to be kept on file and Construction vehicles and equipment must be inspected daily for signs of leakages, as observed during audits				

- Any waste generated during construction, must be	Contractor,	Develop a Method	During the	ECO	Monthly	Photographic proof
stored into designated containers and removed from	cEO	Statement for the	construction			that waste is stored
the site by the construction teams.		storage of waste in	phase			in suitable
		suitable containers.				containers as per
		Regular removal of				the requirements of
		waste from the site				the relevant
		to be undertaken.				Method
						Statements. Waste
						manifests detailing
						the quantity,
						nature, and fate of
						any regulated
						waste
 Any left-over construction materials must be removed 	Contractor,	Ensure that left-	During the	ECO	Once,	Certificates for the
from site.	cEO	over construction	construction		following the	disposal of left-over
		materials are	phase		completion of	construction
		removed from site			construction	material at a
						licensed waste
						disposal facility
- The construction site must be monitored by the	Developer	Ensure that an ECO	During the	ECO	Weekly	Monitoring reports
Environmental Control Officer (ECO) to detect any		is appointed for the	construction			produced by
early signs of fuel and oil spills as well as waste dumping.		duration of the	phase			appointed ECO
		construction phase				

8.7. Visual

Impact management outcome: Minimal visual impacts resulting from the proposed on-site substation.									
Impact Management Actions	Implementation /			Monitoring					
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of			
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance			

- Retain and maintain natural vegetation immediately	Project	Visual inspection of	Prior to	ECO	Monthly	Onsite evidence
adjacent to the development footprint/servitude.	proponent/	the layout to	construction and			that natural
	design	ensure that	during			vegetation
	consultant	vegetation	construction			immediately
		immediately				adjacent to the
		adjacent to the				development
		development				footprint/servitu
		footprint will not be				de is retained
		disturbed				and maintained
		Ensure that natural				
		vegetation				
		immediately				
		adjacent to the				
		development				
		footprint/servitude				
		is retained and				
		maintained				
Make use of existing roads wherever possible and plan	Project	Visual inspection of	Prior to	ECO	Monthly	Use of existing
the layout and construction of roads and infrastructure	proponent/	the layout to	construction			roads by
with due cognisance of the topography to limit cut	design	ensure it will				contractors
and fill requirements.	consultant	promote the use of				observed during
		existing roads and				audit
		that infrastructure is				
		placed with due				Construction
		cognisance of the				undertaken in
		topography				accordance
		Ensure that existing				with approved
		roads are utilised as				layout
	Duning	practically possible	Duinute	500	A 4 = -= 4 l= l-	C a sa alam sa l'ins
- Consolidate infrastructure and make use of already	Project	Visual inspection of	Prior to	ECO	Monthly	Construction
disturbed sites rather than undisturbed areas.	proponent/	the layout to	construction			undertaken in
	design	determine if				accordance
	consultant	infrastructure is				with approved
		placed within				layout

		already disturbed areas				
Ensure that vegetation is not unnecessarily cleared or removed during the construction phase.	Contractor	Visual inspection of development footprint to determine if unnecessary clearing of vegetation is being undertaken	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Daily – Weekly	No evidence of unnecessary vegetation clearance
Reduce the construction phase through careful logistical planning and productive implementation of resources.	Contractor	Develop and implement a construction programme	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Reduced duration of the construction phase. Copy of construction programme provided during audit
 Restrict the activities and movement of construction workers and vehicles to the immediate construction site and existing access roads. 	Contractor	Demarcate construction site to restrict activities to the immediate construction site	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Barrier established around the construction site
 Ensure that rubble, litter, and disused construction materials are appropriately stored (if not removed daily) and then disposed regularly at licensed waste facilities. 	Contractor	Disposal of waste at licensed waste disposal facilities must be undertaken as per the waste management plan	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided
 Reduce and control construction dust through the use of approved dust suppression techniques as and when required (i.e. whenever dust becomes apparent). 	Contractor	Apply appropriate dust suppression technique	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Contractor to provide proof of use of

			appropriate dust
			suppression
			technique.
			Photographic
			evidence that
			dust suppression
			is being
			undertaken on
			site

DECOMISSIONING PHASE OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS

8.8. Avifauna

Impact management outcome: The displacement of priority species due to disturbance associated with construction of the PV plant and associated infrastructure is reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation M			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Construction activity should be restricted to the immediate footprint of the infrastructure. 	cEO, Contractor	Visual inspection of the construction activities to observe whether they remain within the defined footprint area	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of construction activity outside the immediate footprint of the infrastructure	

- Access to the remainder of the site should be strictly	cEO, Contractor	Demarcate	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Sensitive areas
controlled to prevent unnecessary disturbance of		sensitive areas	construction			appropriately
priority species.		to restrict access	phase			demarcated
		to these areas				and fenced off
						for the duration
						of the
						construction
						phase
 Measures to control noise and dust should be applied 	Contractor	Ensure that	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	Dust and noise
according to current best practice in the industry.		noise limits do	construction			control
		not exceed	phase			measures
		acceptable				evident during
		limits and				audit. No noise
		identify and				or dust related
		implement				complaints
		suitable dust				received
		control				
		measures				
Maximum use should be made of existing access roads	Contractor, cEO	Visual inspection	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of
and the construction of new roads should be kept to a		of the	construction			several new
minimum.		construction	phase			access roads on
		activities and if				site
		the use of				
		existing access				
		roads over the				
		construction of				
		new roads is				
		favoured				

8.9. Ecology

Impact management outcome: No increase in erosion risk as a result of site activities.					
Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Monitoring			

	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Any erosion problems observed along access roads or any hardened/engineered surface should be rectified immediately and monitored thereafter to ensure that they do not re-occur. 	Contractor, cEO	Visual inspection of remaining infrastructure and decommissioned areas to determine if erosion has occurred or is likely to occur.	Duration of decommissioning phase	ECO	Monthly	Negligible erosion observed on site, or where observed clear evidence of control measures put in place
All bare areas due to the project activities should be re-vegetated with locally occurring species, to bind the soil and limit erosion potential where applicable.	Contractor, cEO	Visual inspection of infrastructure and decommissioned areas to determine if all bare areas have been revegetated	Duration of decommissioning phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of bare areas affected by development and negligible erosion observed
Re-instate as much of the eroded area to its pre- disturbed, "natural" geometry (no change in elevation and any banks not to be steepened) where possible.	Contractor	Visual inspection of the site to determine the success of re- instatement	Duration of decommissioning phase	ECO	Monthly	Eroded areas re- instated successfully
Roads and other disturbed areas should be regularly monitored for erosion problems and problem areas should receive follow-up monitoring by the EO to assess the success of the remediation.	Contractor	Development and implement rehabilitation monitoring plan. Monitoring reports to be kept on file	Duration of decommissioning and for three years thereafter	ECO	Annually	Monitoring reports produced in accordance with the frequency determined in the rehabilitation monitoring plan, for a period of three years after the decommissioning phase, and as observed in

					monitoring reporting provided on request
No planting or importing any listed invasive alien plant	Visual inspection of	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of
species (all Category 1a, 1b and 2 invasive species) to	the site to	decommissioning			increased
the site for landscaping, rehabilitation or any other	determine that no	phase			encroachment by
purpose must be undertaken.	listed invasive alien				invasive alien plants
	plant species are				
	used for				
	rehabilitation				
	purposes				

8.10. Wetlands

Impact management outcome: Indirect loss of wetland habitats (applicable to all wetlands features) reduced. **Impact Management Actions Implementation** Monitoring Responsible Method of Timeframe for Responsible Evidence of Frequency implementation implementatio compliance person person Any areas disturbed during the construction phase Pre-Contractor Develop and cEO, ECO Weekly Rehabilitation of should be encouraged to rehabilitate as fast and implement a construction & the disturbed rehabilitation plan effective as possible and were deemed necessary by Rehabilitation areas is the Contractor's EO, artificial rehabilitation (e.g. refor the undertaken as seeding with collected or commercial indigenous seed rehabilitation of all per the mixes) should be applied in order to speed up the disturbed areas rehabilitation rehabilitation process in critical areas (e.g. steep slopes plan. and unstable soils). the construction and operational Contractor, cEO Visual inspection During the cEO, ECO Monthly Negligible During /decommissioning phase, monitor the development for signs of invasive decommissioni evidence of footprint and wetland areas to see if erosion issues arise species ng and Annually for invasive alien and if any erosion control is required. monitoring of alien species encroachment operational and to inform phase observed on site

Any areas disturbed during the construction phase	control efforts	vegetation and	
should be encouraged to rehabilitate as fast and	required	erosion	No disturbance
effective as possible and were deemed necessary			to freshwater
by the Contractor's EO, artificial rehabilitation (e.g.	Ensure disturbance		ecosystems
re-seeding with collected or commercial	to freshwater		observed during
indigenous seed mixes) should be applied in order	ecosystems is		audit
to speed up the rehabilitation process in critical	avoided during		
areas (e.g. steep slopes and unstable soils).	decommissioning		Disturbed areas
All alien plant re-growth must be monitored and			revegetated
should it occur, these plants should be eradicated.	Visual inspection		
During decommissioning, disturbance to the	of disturbed areas		
freshwater ecosystems should be avoided as far as	to determine if		
possible.	they have been		
Disturbed areas may need to be rehabilitated and	revegetated		
revegetated.			
Mitigation and follow up monitoring of residual	Monitoring reports		
impacts (alien vegetation growth and erosion)	for alien		
may be required.	vegetation		
, '	produced		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation Monitoring					
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 All bare areas, as a result of the development, should 	Contractor, cEO	Visual inspection	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of
be revegetated with locally occurring species, to bind		of infrastructure	decommissioning			bare areas
the soil and limit erosion potential.		and	phase			affected by
		decommissioned				development
		areas to				and negligible
		determine if all				erosion
		bare areas have				observed

	been re- vegetated				
Site rehabilitation should aim to restore surface drainage patterns, natural soil and vegetation as far as is feasible.	Ensure that rehabilitation activities are undertaken in accordance with the rehabilitation plan	Duration of decommissioning phase	ECO	Monthly	Drainage patterns, natural soil and vegetation restored following rehabiltation

8.11. Socio-Economic

Impact management outcome: Reduced effects of social impacts associated with retrenchment, including loss of jobs, and source of income. **Impact Management Actions Implementation** Monitoring Responsible Timeframe for Responsible Frequency Evidence of Method of implementation implementation compliance person person - The proponent should ensure that retrenchment Developer Identify and Decommissioning dEO Once, at the start Evidence of packages are provided for all staff retrenched when implement phase of the retrenchment decommissioning the plant is decommissioned. appropriate packages strategies for provided during phase communication audit. No with the complaints from communities retrenched staff regarding retrenchment packages and ensure that retrenchment is undertaken in accordance with the labour laws.

- All structures and infrastructure associated with the	Contractor,	Ensure that	Decommissioning	dEO	Monthly	No evidence of
proposed facility should be dismantled and	cEO	dismantled	phase			dismantled
transported off-site on decommissioning.		infrastructure is				material on site
		removed from the				
		site				
- Revenue generated from the sale of scrap metal	Developer	Ensure that	Decommissioning	dEO	Monthly	Documentary
during decommissioning should be allocated to		revenue generated	phase			evidence
funding closure and rehabilitation of disturbed areas.		from the sale of				indicating that
		scrap metal is				revenue
		utilised for				generated from
		rehabilitation				the sale of scrap
		purposes				metal is being
						used to fund
						closure and
						rehabilitation
						activities

Impact management outcome: Minimise potential noise, dust and safety impacts associated with movement of construction related traffic to and from the site and damage to farmlands.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
Cleared areas should be rehabilitated once the construction phase has been completed.	Contractor, cEO	Visual inspection of the cleared areas to determine if rehabilitation of these areas has been undertaken	Duration of decommissioning phase	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of rehabilitation following the completion of construction activities	
 All areas disturbed by construction related activities, such as access roads on the site, construction platforms, workshop area etc., should be rehabilitated at the end of the construction phase. 	Contractor, cEO	Visual inspection of the cleared areas to determine if rehabilitation of	Duration of decommissioning phase	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of rehabilitation following the completion of	

		these areas has				construction
		been undertaken				activities
 The implementation of a rehabilitation programme should be included in the terms of reference for the contractor/s appointed. The specifications for the rehabilitation programme should be drawn up by the Environmental Consultants appointed to manage the EIA. 	Specialist	Develop and implement a rehabilitation programme	Pre-construction and during decommissioning	CEO	Weekly	Rehabilitation undertaken in accordance with the rehabilitation programme
The implementation of the Rehabilitation Programme should be monitored by the ECO.	cEO	Ensure that implementation of the rehabilitation plan is monitored by the ECO.	Duration of decommissioning phase	ECO	Weekly	ECO monitoring reports for the decommissioning phase

8.12. Soils

Impact management outcome: Minimal to no soil erosion observed on site.								
Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring	-			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
- All left-over construction material must be removed	Contractor,	Ensure that left-	During the	ECO	Once, following	Certificates for		
from site once construction on a land portion is	cEO	over construction	construction		the completion of	the disposal of		
completed.		materials are	phase		construction	left-over		
		removed from site				construction		
						material at a		
						licensed waste		
						disposal facility		

8.13. Visual

Impact management outcome: Minimal visual impacts resulting from the proposed on-site substation. **Impact Management Actions Implementation** Monitoring Evidence of Responsible Method of Timeframe for Responsible Frequency person implementation implementation person compliance Rehabilitate all disturbed areas immediately after the Contractor, Weekly Develop and Pre-construction cEO Rehabilitation of the completion of construction works. If necessary, an Specialist (if implement a & Rehabilitation disturbed areas is ecologist should be consulted to assist or give input into required) rehabilitation plan undertaken as per for the rehabilitation specifications. the rehabilitation rehabilitation of all plan disturbed areas Remove infrastructure not required for the post-Contractor Removal of At the end of ECO, dEO Once, No temporary decommissioning use of the site. infrastructure not construction and following the infrastructure not required for the during the completion of required for the postdecommissioning the postdecommissioning construction decommissioning phase use of the site phase use of the site present on site after the completion of the construction phase Monitor rehabilitated areas quarterly for at least a year cEO, Monitoring reports During the **ECO** Quarterly Monitoring reports decommissioning following decommissioning, and implement remedial Contractor produced on a produced every action as and when required. quarter, and kept phase auarterly basis on file for inspection upon request

OPERATIONAL PHASE OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS

8.14. Socio-Economic

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Implement a skills development and training programme aimed at maximising the number of employment opportunities for local community members. 	Developer	Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of employment and training opportunities	During the operation phase	dEO	Once prior to the commencement of operation and monthly during the operation phase	The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of the employment and training opportunities
 Maximise opportunities for local content, procurement, and community shareholding. 	Developer	Develop and implement a "locals first" policy in the procurement process	During the operation phase	dEO	Once prior to the commencement of operation and monthly during the operation phase	The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of procuring good and services
 Implement agreements with affected landowner. 	DPM, Contractor	Develop agreements with the affected landowners. Ensure that agreements are approved and signed	During the operation phase	dEO	Once, prior to the commencement of the operation phase	Availability of approved and signed agreement/s

8.15. Ecology

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 When alien plants are detected, these must be controlled and cleared using the recommended control measures for each species to ensure that the problem is not exacerbated or does not re-occur and increase to problematic levels. 	cEO	Control methods employed to be guided by the invasive alien plant management programme and the methods provided for	Duration of the operation phase	cEO	Monthly	Control measures implemented i accordance with the IAP management programme development plan, as determined by the ECO

8.16. Wetlands

Impact management outcome: Minimal impact on wetland systems due to increase in surface runoff on wetland form and function.								
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring				
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
Any storm-water within the site must be handled in a suitable manner, i.e. trap sediments, and reduce flow velocities.		Develop and implement a stormwater management plan for the facility,	Prior to construction commencing, and for the duration of construction and operation phase	ECO, dEO/cEO	Monthly	Stormwater plan evident within the onsite environmental file prior to construction commencing,		

						and evidence of stormwater measures implanted as observed on site during audit
Stormwater from the substation must be managed using appropriate channels and swales when located within steeper areas.	Contractor	Ensure that appropriate channels and swales are established for the purpose of stormwater management	Established during construction and utilised during the operation phase	CEO	Monthly	Evidence of stormwater channels and swales observed on site during audit
The runoff should be dissipated over a broad area covered by natural vegetation or managed using appropriate channels and swales.	Contractor	Ensure that appropriate channels and swales are established for the purpose of stormwater management and that runoff is dissipated over a broad area covered by natural vegetation	Established during construction and utilised during the operation phase	CEO	As and when required	Evidence of stormwater channels and swales observed on site during audit Runoff is dissipated over a broad area covered by natural vegetation
The existing road infrastructure should be utilised as far as possible to minimise the overall disturbance	cEO	Inform contractors to utilise existing road infrastructure	Pre-construction, construction and operations	ECO/cEO, dEO	Daily	Existing roads utilised as far as is practically possible
 No stormwater runoff must be allowed to discharge directly into freshwater resource features along roads, and flows should thus be allowed to dissipate over a broad area covered by natural vegetation. 	Contractor	Ensure that stormwater is managed in accordance with	Construction and operations	ECO/cEO, dEO	As and when required	Evidence of stormwater measures implanted as

the stormwater	observed on site
management plan	during audit
for the site	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Any erosion problems observed to be associated with the project infrastructure should be rectified as soon as possible and monitored thereafter to ensure that they do not re-occur. 		Develop and implement an erosion management plan	Prior to construction and for the project lifecycle	ECO, cEO	Monthly	Erosion problems successfully rectified
 Silt traps should be used where there is a danger of topsoil eroding and entering lower lying wetland resources. 	Contractor	Ensure that silt trips are established in steep areas close to lower lying wetland features	During construction and operations	ECO	Monthly	Photographic proof of silt trips
 Any storm-water within the site must be handled in a suitable manner, i.e. trap sediments, and reduce flow velocities. 		Develop and implement a stormwater management plan for the facility, which specifically includes consideration	Prior to construction commencing, and for the duration of construction and operation phase	ECO	Monthly	Stormwater plan evident within the onsite environmental file prior to construction commencing, and evidence of stormwater measures implanted as observed on site during audit

8.17. Soils

Impact management outcome: Minimal to no soil erosion observed on site.								
Impact Management Actions	Implementation	n		Monitoring				
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
 The area around the development footprint must regularly be monitored to detect early signs of soil erosion on-set. 	cEO, Contractor	Monitoring reports produced and kept on file for inspection upon request	During the decommissioning phase	dEO	Monthly	Monitoring reports produced on a monthly basis		
 If soil erosion is detected, the area must be stabilised by the use of geo-textiles and facilitated re-vegetation. 	Contractor	If required stabilise soil using recognised methods to ensure proper erosion control	Duration of the operation phase	dEO	Monthly	Visual inspection of stabilised soil regions and descriptions of stabilisation method used		

Impact management outcome: Minimal to no soil pollution observed on site.							
Impact Management Actions	Implementation	n		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Maintenance must be undertaken regularly on all vehicles and maintenance machinery to prevent hydrocarbon spills. 		Ensure that vehicles and maintenance machinery are inspected regularly to identify possible damage/issues and reduce the	During the construction and operation phase	ECO, dEO	Weekly	Vehicles and maintenance machinery inspection sheets provided during audit	

	likelihood of hydrocarbon spills Ensure that a drip tray is available for an emergency repairs required				Contractor to provide evidence of drip tray use for emergency repairs
No domestic and other waste must be left at the site and must be transported with the maintenance vehicles to an authorised waste dumping area.	Visual inspection of the site to observe whether any domestic and other waste has been left at the site Disposal of domestica and other wastes at licensed waste disposal facilities must be undertaken as per the waste management plan	During the construction, decommissioning and operation phase	ECO, dEO	Weekly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided No evidence of littering observed during audit

8.18. Visual

Impact management outcome: Minimal visual impacts resulting from the proposed on-site substation.									
Impact Management Actions	Implementation Monitoring								
	Responsible	Responsible Method of Timeframe for			Frequency	Evidence of			
	person	person implementation implementation person compliance							

-	nvestigate and implement (should it be required) the	Contractor	Develop and	Prior to	ECO, dEO	Monthly	No complaints
	potential to screen visual impacts at affected receptor		implement and	construction and			related to visual
:	sites.		procedure for	during the			impacts received
			screening visual	construction and			
			impacts at	operation phase			
			affected receptor				
			sites.				

CUMULATIVE OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS

8.19. Avifauna

Impact management outcome: Mortality and displacement of priority avifauna due to the construction of the PV facility and associated infrastructure is reduced.

reduced.									
Impact Management Actions	Implementation		Monitoring						
		T				1			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of			
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance			
Construction activity should be restricted to the	cEO,	Visual inspection of	Duration of	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of			
immediate footprint of the infrastructure.	Contractor	the construction	construction			construction activity			
		activities to	phase			outside the			
		observe whether				immediate footprint			
		they remain within				of the infrastructure			
		the defined							
		footprint area							
It is recommended that a single perimeter fence is	Contractor	Visual inspection to	Duration of	ECO, dEO	Once, prior to	Single perimeter			
used.		determine if a	construction and		construction	fence utilised			
		single perimeter	operation phase		and operation				
		fence has been							
		used on site							

Access to the remainder of the site should be strictly controlled to prevent unnecessary degradation of habitat.	cEO, Contractor	Demarcate sensitive areas to restrict access to these areas	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Sensitive areas appropriately demarcated and fenced off for the duration of the construction phase
Maximum use should be made of existing access roads and the construction of new roads should be kept to a minimum.	Contractor, cEO	Visual inspection of the construction activities and if the use of existing access roads over the construction of new roads is favoured	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of several new access roads on site
The mitigation measures proposed by the vegetation specialist must be strictly enforced.	CEO	Regular audits to oversee implementation of the mitigation measures proposed by the vegetation specialist	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Implementation of the mitigation measures proposed by the vegetation specialist evident during audit.
 A 100m solar panel free buffer zone must be implemented around the dam at -27.704605° 27.178359° 	CEO	Demarcate the pans and restrict access to these areas to minimise disturbance to avifauna	Once prior to construction commencing, and for the duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Pans appropriately demarcated
 A 100m solar panel free buffer zone must be implemented on both sides of the drainage line on the development area, to maintain a corridor of woodland. 	CEO	Demarcate the drainage line woodland corridor and restrict access to these areas to minimise	Once prior to construction commencing, and for the duration of the	ECO	Monthly	Drainage line woodland corridor appropriately demarcated

		disturbance to avifauna	construction phase			
It is recommended that a single perimeter fence is used.	Contractor	Ensure that single perimeter fencing is used	Duration of construction and operation phase	ECO	Monthly	Single perimeter fence used

8.20. Ecology

Impact management outcome: Limit cumulative impact on ability to meet conservation obligations and targets and impacts on broad-scale ecological processes.

processes.							
Impact Management Actions	Implementation		Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
The development footprint should be kept to a minimum and natural vegetation should be encouraged to return to disturbed areas.	Design consultant	Ensure layout results in minimal loss of vegetation and habitat	Prior to construction	ECO	Weekly	Development footprint kept to a minimum	
 An open space management plan should be developed for the site, which should include management of biodiversity within the fenced area, as well as that in the adjacent rangeland. 	Contractor, Specialist	Develop and implement an open space management plan	Prior to construction and during construction	ECO	Monthly	Open space management plan developed and implemented for the duration of the construction phase	
Reduce the footprint of the facility within sensitive habitat types as much as possible.	Design consultant	Ensure layout has been informed by the environmental sensitivities as determined by the environmental impact assessment and specialist studies	Prior to construction	ECO	Once prior to construction, and monthly during construction	Construction undertaken in accordance with approved layout Construction activities avoid sensitive habitat	

- Small to medium sized mammals can be allowed to	Contractor	Ensure that artificial	Duration of	ECO, dEO	Once, during the	Photographic
move between the development area and		passageways	construction and		commencement	proof of artificial
surrounding areas by creating artificial passageways		underneath	operation phase		of construction	passageways
underneath boundary fences (this is optional and may		boundary fences			and once, during	underneath
be implemented by developer if deemed necessary).		are implemented			the	boundary
		to promote			commencement	fences
		movement of			of operation	
		fauna				

8.21. Wetlands

Impact management outcome: Limit cumulative impact on ecological processes as well as ecological functioning of important freshwater resource habitats. Impact Management Actions **Implementation** Monitoring Responsible Responsible Method of Timeframe for Frequency Evidence of implementation compliance person implementation person All wetland features and their associated buffer areas cEO and Ensure layout has Prior to ECO Once off review Confirm no should be regarded as No-Go areas for all construction contractor been informed by construction and that the layout development the environmental equipment activities. durina used is the sensitivities as construction approved one, traverses any determined by the and monthly seasonal or environmental thereafter permanent imapct assessment wetland as per and specialist the authorised studies layout by reviewing the Visual inspection of as-built designs the construction activities to Wetland observe whether features clearly they avoid the demarcated wetland features and that the

		wetland features have been demarcated				No evidence of construction activities taking place within the 'no-go' areas during audit
The recommended buffer areas between the delineated freshwater resource features and proposed project activities should be maintained.	cEO	Demarcate the delineated freshwater resource features	Once prior to construction commencing, and for the duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Delineated freshwater resource features appropriately demarcated
Vegetation clearing to be kept to a minimum. No unnecessary vegetation to be cleared.	cEO	Visual inspection of vegetation clearing within the development footprint	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Weekly	No evidence of unnecessary vegetation clearing during audit
The potential stormwater impacts of the proposed development area should be mitigated on-site to address any erosion or water quality impacts.	Contractor, cEO	Develop and implement a stormwater management plan for the facility,	Prior to construction commencing, and for the duration of construction and operation phase	ECO, dEO/cEO	Monthly	Stormwater plan evident within the onsite environmental file prior to construction commencing, and evidence of stormwater measures implanted as observed on site during audit
Good housekeeping measures as stipulated in the EMPr for the project should be in place where	Contractor	Ensure good housekeeping is practiced	Duration of the construction and operation phase	ECO, cEO	Monthly	Good housekeeping practices

construction activities take place to prevent contamination of any freshwater features.						observed during audit
Where possible, infrastructure should coincide with existing infrastructure or areas of disturbance (such as existing roads).	cEO, Contractor	Ensure layout has been informed by the environmental sensitivities as determined by the environmental impact assessment and specialist studies	Prior to construction	ECO	Once off review that the layout used is the approved one, and monthly thereafter	Confirm no development equipment traverses any seasonal or permanent wetland as per the authorised layout by reviewing the as-built designs
Disturbed areas should be rehabilitated through reshaping of the surface to resemble that prior to the disturbance and vegetated with suitable local indigenous vegetation.	Contractor	Develop and implement a rehabilitation plan for the rehabilitation of all disturbed areas	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	cEO, ECO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas is undertaken as per the rehabilitation plan.

8.22. Visual

Impact management outcome: Limit cumulative impact on the visual quality of the landscape. Implementation **Impact Management Actions** Monitoring Responsible Method of Timeframe for Responsible Evidence of Frequency implementation implementation compliance person person Onsite evidence Retain/re-establish and maintain natural vegetation Project Visual inspection of ECO Monthly Prior to immediately adjacent to the development proponent/ the layout to construction that natural ensure that footprint/servitude. design vegetation vegetation immediately consultant

		immediately adjacent to the development footprint will not be disturbed				adjacent to the development footprint/servitude is retained and maintained
Remove infrastructure not required for the post- decommissioning use.	Contractor	Removal of infrastructure not required for the post-decommissioning use of the site	At the end of construction and during the decommissioning phase	ECO, dEO	Once, following the completion of the construction phase	No temporary infrastructure not required for the post-decommissioning use of the site present on site after the completion of the construction phase
Rehabilitate all affected areas. Consult an ecologist regarding rehabilitation specifications.	Contractor, Specialist (if required)	Develop and implement a rehabilitation plan for the rehabilitation of all disturbed areas	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas is undertaken as per the rehabilitation plan

APPENDIX 1: METHOD STATEMENTS
To be prepared by the contractor prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are not required to be submitted to the CA.

APPENDIX 2: CV OF THE EAP





Email: joanne@savannahsa.com Tel: +27 (11) 656 3237

CURRICULUM VITAE OF JO-ANNE THOMAS

Profession: Environmental Management and Compliance Consultant; Environmental Assessment

Practitioner

Specialisation: Environmental Management; Strategic environmental advice; Environmental compliance

advice & monitoring; Environmental Impact Assessments; Policy, strategy & guideline

formulation; Project Management; General Ecology

Work experience: Twenty three (23) years in the environmental field

VOCATIONAL EXPERIENCE

Provide technical input for projects in the environmental management field, specialising in Strategic Environmental Advice, Environmental Impact Assessment studies, environmental auditing and monitoring, environmental permitting, public participation, Environmental Management Plans and Programmes, environmental policy, strategy and guideline formulation, and integrated environmental management. Key focus on integration of the specialist environmental studies and findings into larger engineering-based projects, strategic assessment, and providing practical and achievable environmental management solutions and mitigation measures. Responsibilities for environmental studies include project management (including client and authority liaison and management of specialist teams); review and manipulation of data; identification and assessment of potential negative environmental impacts and benefits; review of specialist studies; and the identification of mitigation measures. Compilation of the reports for environmental studies is in accordance with all relevant environmental legislation.

Undertaking of numerous environmental management studies has resulted in a good working knowledge of environmental legislation and policy requirements. Recent projects have been undertaken for both the public- and private-sector, including compliance advice and monitoring, electricity generation and transmission projects, various types of linear developments (such as National Road, local roads and power lines), waste management projects (landfills), mining rights and permits, policy, strategy and guideline development, as well as general environmental planning, development and management.

SKILLS BASE AND CORE COMPETENCIES

- Project management for a range of projects
- Identification and assessment of potential negative environmental impacts and benefits through the review and manipulation of data and specialist studies
- Identification of practical and achievable mitigation and management measures and the development of appropriate management plans
- · Compilation of environmental reports in accordance with relevant environmental legislative requirements
- External and peer review of environmental reports & compliance advice and monitoring
- Formulation of environmental policies, strategies and guidelines
- Strategic and regional assessments; pre-feasibility & site selection
- Public participation processes for a variety of projects
- Strategic environmental advice to a wide variety of clients both in the public and private sectors
- Working knowledge of environmental planning processes, policies, regulatory frameworks and legislation

EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL STATUS

Degrees:

- B.Sc Earth Sciences, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg (1993)
- B.Sc Honours in Botany, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg (1994)
- M.Sc in Botany, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg (1996)

Short Courses:

- Environmental Impact Assessment, Potchefstroom University (1998)
- Environmental Law, Morgan University (2001)
- Environmental Legislation, IMBEWU (2017)
- Mining Legislation, Cameron Cross & Associates (2013)
- Environmental and Social Risk Management (ESRM), International Finance Corporation (2018)

Professional Society Affiliations:

- Registered with the South African Council for Natural Scientific Professions as a Professional Natural Scientist: Environmental Scientist (400024/00)
- Registered with the International Associated for Impact Assessment South Africa (IAIAsa): 5601
- Member of the South African Wind Energy Association (SAWEA)

EMPLOYMENT

Date	Company	Roles and Responsibilities
January 2006 - Current	Savannah Environmental (Pty) Ltd	Director
		Project manager
		Independent specialist environmental consultant,
		Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP) and
		advisor.
1997 – 2005	Bohlweki Environmental (Pty) Ltd	Senior Environmental Scientist at. Environmental
		Management and Project Management
January – July 1997	Sutherland High School, Pretoria	Junior Science Teacher

PROJECT EXPERIENCE

Project experience includes large infrastructure projects, including electricity generation and transmission, wastewater treatment facilities, mining and prospecting activities, property development, and national roads, as well as strategy and guidelines development.

RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS: PHOTOVOLTAIC SOLAR ENERGY FACILITIES

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Christiana PV 2 SEF, North West	Solar Reserve South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
De Aar PV facility, Northern Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Everest SEF near Hennenman, Free State	FRV Energy South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Graafwater PV SEF, Western Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Grootkop SEF near Allanridge, Free State	FRV Energy South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Hertzogville PV 2 SEF with 2 phases, Free State	SunCorp / Solar Reserve	Project Manager & EAP
Karoshoek CPV facility on site 2 as part of the larger	FG Emvelo	Project Manager & EAP
Karoshoek Solar Valley Development East of		
Upington, Northern Cape		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Kgabalatsane SEF North-East for Brits, North West	Built Environment African	Project Manager & EAP
	Energy Services	
Kleinbegin PV SEF West of Groblershoop, Northern	MedEnergy Global	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Lethabo Power Station PV Installation, Free State	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Majuba Power Station PV Installation, Mpumalanga	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Merapi PV SEF Phase 1 – 4 South-East of Excelsior,	SolaireDirect Southern Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Free State		
Sannaspos Solar Park, Free State	SolaireDirect Southern Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Ofir-Zx PV Plant near Keimoes, Northern Cape	S28 Degrees Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Oryx SEF near Virginia, Free State	FRV Energy South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Project Blue SEF North of Kleinsee, Northern Cape	WWK Development	Project Manager & EAP
S-Kol PV Plant near Keimoes, Northern Cape	S28 Degrees Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Sonnenberg PV Plant near Keimoes, Northern Cape	S28 Degrees Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Tutuka Power Station PV Installation, Mpumalanga	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Two PV sites within the Northern Cape	MedEnergy Global	Project Manager & EAP
Two PV sites within the Western & Northern Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Upington PV SEF, Northern Cape	MedEnergy Global	Project Manager & EAP
Vredendal PV facility, Western Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Waterberg PV plant, Limpopo	Thupela Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Watershed Phase I & II SEF near Litchtenburg, North West	FRV Energy South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Alldays PV & CPV SEF Phase 1, Limpopo	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Hyperion PV Solar Development 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 & 6	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Aberdeen PV SEF, Eastern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Christiana PV 1 SEF on Hartebeestpan Farm, North-	Solar Reserve South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
West		
Heuningspruit PV1 & PV 2 facilities near Koppies,	Sun Mechanics	Project Manager & EAP
Free State		
Kakamas PV Facility, Northern Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Kakamas II PV Facility, Northern Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Machadodorp 1 PV SEF, Mpumalanga	Solar To Benefit Africa	Project Manager & EAP
PV site within the Northern Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
PV sites within 4 ACSA airports within South Africa,	Airports Company South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
National	(ACSA)	
RustMo1 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
RustMo2 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
RustMo3 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
RustMo4 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Sannaspos PV SEF Phase 2 near Bloemfontein, Free	SolaireDirect Southern Africa	Project Manager & EAP
State		
Solar Park Expansion within the Rooiwal Power	AFRKO Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Station, Gauteng		
Steynsrus SEF, Free State	SunCorp	Project Manager & EAP

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Sirius Solar PV Project Three and Sirius Solar PV	SOLA Future Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Project Four (BA in terms of REDZ regulations),		
Northern Cape		

Screening Studies

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Allemans Fontein SEF near Noupoort, Northern Cape	Fusion Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Amandel SEF near Thabazimbi, Limpopo	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Arola/Doornplaat SEF near Ventersdorp, North West	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Bloemfontein Airport PV Installation, Free State	The Power Company	Project Manager & EAP
Brakspruit SEF near Klerksorp, North West	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Carolus Poort SEF near Noupoort, Northern Cape	Fusion Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Damfontein SEF near Noupoort, Northern Cape	Fusion Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Everest SEF near Welkom, Free State	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Gillmer SEF near Noupoort, Northern Cape	Fusion Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Grootkop SEF near Allansridge, Free State	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Heuningspruit PV1 & PV 2 near Koppies, Free State	Cronimat	Project Manager & EAP
Kimberley Airport PV Installation, Northern Cape	The Power Company	Project Manager & EAP
Kolonnade Mall Rooftop PV Installation in Tshwane,	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Gauteng		
Loskop SEF near Groblersdal, Limpopo	S&P Power Unit	Project Manager & EAP
Marble SEF near Marble Hall, Limpopo	S&P Power Unit	Project Manager & EAP
Morgenson PV1 SEF South-West of Windsorton,	Solar Reserve South Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
OR Tambo Airport PV Installation, Gauteng	The Power Company	Project Manager & EAP
Oryx SEF near Virginia, Free State	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Rhino SEF near Vaalwater, Limpopo	S&P Power Unit	Project Manager & EAP
Rustmo2 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Spitskop SEF near Northam, Limpopo	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Steynsrus PV, Free State	Suncorp	Project Manager & EAP
Tabor SEF near Polokwane, Limpopo	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
UpingtonAirport PV Installation, Northern Cape	The Power Company	Project Manager & EAP
Valeria SEF near Hartebeestpoort Dam, North West	Solar to Benefit Africa	Project Manager & EAP
Watershed SEF near Lichtenburg, North West	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Witkop SEF near Polokwane, Limpopo	FRV & iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Woodmead Retail Park Rooftop PV Installation,	Momentous Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Gauteng		

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO and bi-monthly auditing for the construction of	Enel Green Power	Project Manager
the Adams Solar PV Project Two South of Hotazel,		
Northern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the Kathu PV Facility,	REISA	Project Manager
Northern Cape		
ECO and bi-monthly auditing for the construction of	Enel Green Power	Project Manager
the Pulida PV Facility, Free State		
ECO for the construction of the RustMo1 SEF, North	Momentous Energy	Project Manager
West		
ECO for the construction of the Sishen SEF, Northern	Windfall 59 Properties	Project Manager

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Cape		
ECO for the construction of the Upington Airport PV	Sublanary Trading	Project Manager
Facility, Northern Cape		
Quarterly compliance monitoring of compliance	REISA	Project Manager
with all environmental licenses for the operation		
activities at the Kathu PV facility, Northern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the Konkoonsies II PV SEF	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager
and associated infrastructure, Northern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the Aggeneys PV SEF	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager
and associated infrastructure, Northern Cape		

Compliance Advice and ESAP Reporting

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Aggeneys Solar Farm, Northern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Airies II PV Facility SW of Kenhardt, Northern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Kalahari SEF Phase II in Kathu, Northern Cape	Engie	Environmental Advisor
Kathu PV Facility, Northern Cape	Building Energy	Environmental Advisor
Kenhardt PV Facility, Northern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Kleinbegin PV SEF West of Groblershoop, Northern	MedEnergy	Environmental Advisor
Cape		
Konkoonises II SEF near Pofadder, Northern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Konkoonsies Solar Farm, Northern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Lephalale SEF, Limpopo	Exxaro	Environmental Advisor
Pixley ka Seme PV Park, South-East of De Aar,	African Clean Energy	Environmental Advisor
Northern Cape	Developments (ACED)	
RustMo1 PV Plant near Buffelspoort, North West	Momentous Energy	Environmental Advisor
Scuitdrift 1 SEF & Scuitdrift 2 SEF, Limpopo	Building Energy	Environmental Advisor
Sirius PV Plants, Northern Cape	Aurora Power Solutions	Environmental Advisor
Upington Airport PV Power Project, Northern Cape	Sublunary Trading	Environmental Advisor
Upington SEF, Northern Cape	Abengoa Solar	Environmental Advisor
Ofir-ZX PV SEF near Keimoes, Northern Cape	Networx \$28 Energy	Environmental Advisor
Steynsrus PV1 & PV2 SEF's, Northern Cape	Cronimet Power Solutions	Environmental Advisor
Heuningspruit PV SEF, Northern Cape	Cronimet Power Solutions	Environmental Advisor

Due Diligence Reporting

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
5 PV SEF projects in Lephalale, Limpopo	iNca Energy	Environmental Advisor
Prieska PV Plant, Northern Cape	SunEdison Energy India	Environmental Advisor
Sirius Phase One PV Facility near Upington, Northern	Aurora Power Solutions	Environmental Advisor
Cape		

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

5,, ,, ,, , , , , ,		
Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Biodiversity Permit & WULA for the Aggeneys SEF	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
near Aggeneys, Northern Cape		/
Biodiversity Permit for the Konkoonises II SEF near	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Pofadder, Northern Cape		
Biodiversity Permitting for the Lephalale SEF,	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Limpopo		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Environmental Permitting for the Kleinbegin PV SEF	MedEnergy	Project Manager & EAP
West of Groblershoop, Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Upington SEF,	Abengoa Solar	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Kathu PV Facility,	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Konkoonsies Solar	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Farm, Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Lephalale SEF,	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Limpopo		
Environmental Permitting for the Scuitdrift 1 SEF &	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Scuitdrift 2 SEF, Limpopo		
Environmental Permitting for the Sirius PV Plant,	Aurora Power Solutions	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Steynsrus PV1 & PV2	Cronimet Power Solutions	Project Manager & EAP
SEF's, Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Heuningspruit PV	Cronimet Power Solutions	Project Manager & EAP
SEF, Northern Cape		
Permits for the Kleinbegin and UAP PV Plants,	MedEnergy Global	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
S53 Application for Arriesfontein Solar Park Phase 1 –	Solar Reserve / SunCorp	Project Manager & EAP
3 near Danielskuil, Northern Cape		
S53 Application for Hertzogville PV1 & PV 2 SEFs, Free	Solar Reserve / SunCorp	Project Manager & EAP
State		
S53 Application for the Bloemfontein Airport PV Facility, Free State	Sublunary Trading	Project Manager & EAP
S53 Application for the Kimberley Airport PV Facility,	Sublunary Trading	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape	, ,	,
S53 Application for the Project Blue SEF, Northern	WWK Developments	Project Manager & EAP
Cape	·	
S53 Application for the Upington Airport PV Facility,	Sublunary Trading	Project Manager & EAP
Free State		
WULA for the Kalahari SEF Phase II in Kathu, Northern	Engie	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Steynsrus PV1 & PV2	Cronimet Power Solutions	Project Manager & EAP
SEF's, Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Heuningspruit PV	Cronimet Power Solutions	Project Manager & EAP
SEF, Northern Cape		

RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS: CONCENTRATED SOLAR FACILITIES (CSP)

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
llanga CSP 2, 3, 4, 5, 7 & 9 Facilities near Upington,	Emvelo Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		
llanga CSP near Upington, Northern Cape	llangethu Energy	Project Manager & EAP
llanga Tower 1 Facility near Upington, Northern	Emvelo Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Karoshoek CPVPD 1-4 facilities on site 2 as part of	FG Emvelo	Project Manager & EAP
the larger Karoshoek Solar Valley Development East		
of Upington, Northern Cape		
Karoshoek CSP facilities on sites 1.4; 4 & 5 as part of	FG Emvelo	Project Manager & EAP
the larger Karoshoek Solar Valley Development East		
of Upington, Northern Cape		
Karoshoek Linear Fresnel 1 Facility on site 1.1 as part	FG Emvelo	Project Manager & EAP
of the larger Karoshoek Solar Valley Development		
East of Upington, Northern Cape		

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO for the construction of the !Khi CSP Facility,	Abengoa Solar	Project Manager
Northern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the Ilanga CSP 1 Facility	Karoshoek Solar One	Project Manager
near Upington, Northern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the folar Park, Northern	Kathu Solar	Project Manager
Cape		
ECO for the construction of the KaXu! CSP Facility,	Abengoa Solar	Project Manager
Northern Cape		
Internal audit of compliance with the conditions of	Karoshoek Solar One	Project Manager
the IWUL issued to the Karoshoek Solar One CSP		
Facility, Northern Cape		

Screening Studies

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Upington CSP (Tower) Plant near Kanoneiland,	iNca Energy and FRV	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		

Compliance Advice and ESAP reporting

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Ilanga CSP Facility near Upington, Northern Cape	llangethu Energy	Environmental Advisor
llangalethu CSP 2, Northern Cape	FG Emvelo	Environmental Advisor
Kathu CSP Facility, Northern Cape	GDF Suez	Environmental Advisor
Lephalale SEF, Limpopo	Cennergi	Environmental Advisor
Solis I CSP Facility, Northern Cape	Brightsource	Environmental Advisor

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Environmental Permitting for the Ilanga CSP Facility	llangethu Energy	Project Manager & EAP
near Upington, Northern Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Kathu CSP, Northern	GDF Suez	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
WULA for the Solis I CSP Facility, Northern Cape	Brightsource	Project Manager & EAP

RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS: WIND ENERGY FACILITIES

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Sere WEF, Western Cape	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	EAP

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Aberdeen WEF, Eastern Cape	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Amakhala Emoyeni WEF, Eastern Cape	Windlab Developments	Project Manager & EAP
EXXARO West Coast WEF, Western Cape	EXXARO Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Goereesoe Wind Farm near Swellendam, Western	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Hartneest WEF, Western Cape	Juwi Renewable Energies	Project Manager & EAP
Hopefield WEF, Western Cape	Umoya Energy	EAP
Kleinsee WEF, Northern Cape	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Klipheuwel/Dassiesfontein WEF within the Overberg	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
area, Western Cape		
Moorreesburg WEF, Western Cape	iNca Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Oyster Bay WEF, Eastern Cape	Renewable Energy Resources	Project Manager & EAP
	Southern Africa	
Project Blue WEF, Northern Cape	Windy World	Project Manager & EAP
Rheboksfontein WEF, Western Cape	Moyeng Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Spitskop East WEF near Riebeeck East, Eastern Cape	Renewable Energy Resources	Project Manager & EAP
	Southern Africa	
Suurplaat WEF, Western Cape	Moyeng Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Swellendam WEF, Western Cape	IE Swellendam	Project Manager & EAP
Tsitsikamma WEF, Eastern Cape	Exxarro	Project Manager & EAP
West Coast One WEF, Western Cape	Moyeng Energy	Project Manager & EAP

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Amakhala Emoyeni Wind Monitoring Masts, Eastern	Windlab Developments	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Beaufort West Wind Monitoring Masts, Western Cape	Umoya Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Hopefield Community Wind Farm near Hopefield,	Umoya Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Western Cape		
Koekenaap Wind Monitoring Masts, Western Cape	EXXARO Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Koingnaas WEF, Northern Cape	Just Palm Tree Power	Project Manager & EAP
Laingsburg Area Wind Monitoring Masts, Western	Umoya Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Overberg Area Wind Monitoring Masts, Western	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Oyster Bay Wind Monitoring Masts, Eastern Cape	Renewable Energy Systems	Project Manager & EAP
	Southern Africa (RES)	

Screening Studies

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Albertinia WEF, Western Cape	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Koingnaas WEF, Northern Cape	Just Pal Tree Power	Project Manager & EAP
Napier Region WEF Developments, Western Cape	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Tsitsikamma WEF, Eastern Cape	Exxarro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Various WEFs within an identified area in the	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Overberg area, Western Cape		
Various WEFs within an identified area on the West	Investec Bank Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Coast, Western Cape		
Various WEFs within an identified area on the West	Eskom Holdings Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Coast, Western Cape		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Various WEFs within the Western Cape	Western Cape Department of	Project Manager & EAP
	Environmental Affairs and	
	Development Planning	
Velddrift WEF, Western Cape	VentuSA Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Wind 1000 Project	Thabo Consulting on behalf of	Project Manager & EAP
	Eskom Holdings	
Wittekleibosch, Snylip & Doriskraal WEFs, Eastern	Exxarro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO for the construction of the West Coast One	Aurora Wind Power	Project Manager
WEF, Western Cape		
ECO for the construction of the Gouda WEF,	Blue Falcon	Project Manager
Western Cape		
EO for the Dassiesklip Wind Energy Facility, Western	Group 5	Project Manager
Cape		
Quarterly compliance monitoring of compliance	Blue Falcon	Project Manager
with all environmental licenses for the operation		
activities at the Gouda Wind Energy facility near		
Gouda, Western Cape		
Annual auditing of compliance with all	Aurora Wind Power	Project Manager
environmental licenses for the operation activities at		
the West Coast One Wind Energy facility near		
Vredenburg, Western Cape		
External environmental and social audit for the	Cennergi	Project Manager
Amakhala Wind Farm, Eastern Cape		
External environmental and social audit for the	Cennergi	Project Manager
Tsitsikamma Wind Farm, Eastern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the Excelsior Wind Farm	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager
and associated infrastructure, Northern Cape		
External compliance audit of the Dassiesklip Wind	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager
Energy Facility, Western Cape		

Compliance Advice

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Amakhala Phase 1 WEF, Eastern Cape	Cennergi	Environmental Advisor
Dassiesfontein WEF within the Overberg area,	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Western Cape		
Excelsior Wind Farm, Western Cape	BioTherm Energy	Environmental Advisor
Great Karoo Wind Farm, Northern Cape	African Clean Energy	Environmental Advisor
	Developments (ACED)	
Hopefield Community WEF, Western Cape	African Clean Energy	Environmental Advisor
	Developments (ACED)	
Rheboksfontein WEF, Western Cape	Moyeng Energy	Environmental Advisor
Tiqua WEF, Western Cape	Cennergi	Environmental Advisor
Tsitsikamma WEF, Eastern Cape	Cennergi	Environmental Advisor
West Coast One WEF, Western Cape	Moyeng Energy	Environmental Advisor

Due Diligence Reporting

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Witteberg WEF, Western Cape	EDPR Renewables	Environmental Advisor
IPD Vredenburg WEF within the Saldanha Bay area,	IL&FS Energy Development	Environmental Advisor
Western Cape	Company	

Environmental Permitting, S53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Biodiversity Permitting for the Power Line between	Cennergi	Project Manager & EAP
the Tsitikamma Community WEF & the Diep River		
Substation, Eastern Cape		
Biodiversity Permitting for the West Coast One WEF,	Aurora Wind Power	Project Manager & EAP
Western Cape		
Environmental Permitting for the Excelsior WEF,	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Western Cape		
Plant Permits & WULA for the Tsitsikamma	Cennergi	Project Manager & EAP
Community WEF, Eastern Cape		
S24G and WULA for the Rectification for the	Hossam Soror	Project Manager & EAP
commencement of unlawful activities on Ruimsig AH		
in Honeydew, Gauteng		
S24G Application for the Rheboksfontein WEF,	Ormonde - Theo Basson	Project Manager & EAP
Western Cape		
\$53 Application & WULA for Suurplaat and Gemini	Engie	Project Manager & EAP
WEFs, Northern Cape		
\$53 Application for the Hopefield Community Wind	Umoya Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Farm near Hopefield, Western Cape		
\$53 Application for the Project Blue WEF, Northern	WWK Developments	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
S53 for the Oyster Bay WEF, Eastern Cape	RES	Project Manager & EAP
WULA for the Great Karoo Wind Farm, Northern	African Clean Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Cape	Developments (ACED)	

CONVENTIONAL POWER GENERATION PROJECTS (COAL)

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Mutsho Power Station near Makhado, Limpopo	Mutsho Consortium	Project Manager & EAP
Coal-fired Power Station near Ogies, Mpumalanga	Ruukki SA	Project Manager & EAP
Thabametsi IPP Coal-fired Power Station, near	Axia	Project Manager & EAP
Lephalale, Limpopo		
Transalloys Coal-fired Power Station, Mpumalanga	Transalloys	Project Manager & EAP
Tshivasho IPP Coal-fired Power Station (with WML),	Cennergi	Project Manager & EAP
near Lephalale, Limpopo		
Umbani Coal-fired Power Station, near Kriel,	ISS Global Mining	Project Manager & EAP
Mpumalanga		
Waterberg IPP Coal-Fired Power Station near	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Lephalale, Limpopo		

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Coal Stockyard on Medupi Ash Dump Site, Limpopo	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Biomass Co-Firing Demonstration Facility at Arnot	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Power Station East of Middleburg, Mpumlanaga		

Screening Studies

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Baseload Power Station near Lephalale, Limpopo	Cennergi	Project Manager & EAP
Coal-Fired Power Plant near Delmas, Mpumalanga	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Makhado Power Station, Limpopo	Mutsho Consortium, Limpopo	Project Manager & EAP

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO for the Camden Power Station, Mpumalanga	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager

Compliance Advice

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Thabametsi IPP Coal-fired Power Station, near	Axia	Environmental Advisor
Lephalale, Limpopo		

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Permit application for the Thabametsi Bulk Water	Axia	Project Manager & EAP
Pipeline, near Lephalale, Limpopo		
S53 & WULA for the Waterberg IPP Coal-Fired Power	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Station near Lephalale, Limpopo		
S53 Application for the Tshivasho Coal-fired Power	Cennergi	Project Manager & EAP
Station near Lephalale, Limpopo		

CONVENTIONAL POWER GENERATION PROJECTS (GAS)

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
450MW gas to power project and associated 132kV	Phinda Power Producers	Project Manager & EAP
power line, Richards bay, KwaZulu-Natal		
4000MW gas to power project and associated	Phinda Power Producers	Project Manager & EAP
400kV power lines, Richards bay, KwaZulu-Natal		
Ankerlig OCGT to CCGT Conversion project &400 kV	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
transmission power line between Ankerlig and the		
Omega Substation, Western Cape		
Gourikwa OCGT to CCGT Conversion project &	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
400kV transmission power line between Gourikwa &		
Proteus Substation, Western Cape		
Richards Bay Gas to Power Combined Cycle Power	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Station, KwaZulu-Natal		/
Richards Bay Gas to Power Plant, KwaZulu-Natal	Richards Bay Gas 2 Power	Project Manager & EAP
Decommissioning & Recommissioning of 3 Gas	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Turbine Units at Acacia Power Station & 1 Gas		
Turbine Unit at Port Rex Power Station to the existing		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Ankerlig Power Station in Atlantis Industria, Western		
Cape		
Two 132kV Chickadee Lines to the new Zonnebloem Switching Station, Mpumalanga	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP

Screening Studies

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Fatal Flaw Analysis for 3 area identified for the	Globeleq Advisors Limited	Project Manager & EAP
establishment of a 500MW CCGT Power Station		
Richards Bay Gas to Power Combined Cycle Power	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Station, KwaZulu-Natal		

GRID INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Aggeneis-Oranjemond Transmission Line &	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Substation Upgrade, Northern Cape		
Ankerlig-Omega Transmission Power Lines, Western	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Karoshoek Grid Integration project as part of the	FG Emvelo	Project Manager & EAP
Karoshoek Solar Valley Development East of		
Upington, Northern Cape		
Koeberg-Omega Transmission Power Lines,, Western	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Koeberg-Stikland Transmission Power Lines, Western	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Kyalami Strengthening Project, Gauteng	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Mokopane Integration Project, Limpopo	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Saldanha Bay Strengthening Project, Western Cape	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Steelpoort Integration Project, Limpopo	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Transmission Lines from the Koeberg-2 Nuclear	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP
Power Station site, Western Cape		
Tshwane Strengthening Project, Phase 1, Gauteng	Eskom Transmission	Project Manager & EAP

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Olifantshoek Power line, Northern Cape	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Dassenberg-Koeberg Power Line Deviation from the	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Koeberg to the Ankerlig Power Station, Western		
Cape		
Golden Valley II WEF Power Line & Substation near	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Cookhouse, Eastern Cape		
Golden Valley WEF Power Line near Cookhouse,	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Eastern Cape		
Karoshoek Grid Integration project as part of the	FG Emvelo	Project Manager & EAP
Karoshoek Solar Valley Development East of		
Upington, Northern Cape		
Konkoonsies II PV SEF Power Line to the Paulputs	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Substation near Pofadder, Northern Cape		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Perdekraal West WEF Powerline to the Eskom Kappa	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Substation, Westnern Cape		
Rheboksfontein WEF Powerline to the Aurora	Moyeng Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Substation, Western Cape		
Soetwater Switching Station near Sutherland,	African Clean Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape	Developments (ACED)	
Solis Power I Power Line & Switchyard Station near	Brightsource	Project Manager & EAP
Upington, Northern Cape		
Stormwater Canal System for the Ilanga CSP near	Karoshoek Solar One	Project Manager & EAP
Upington, Northern Cape		
Tsitsikamma Community WEF Powerline to the Diep	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
River Substation, Eastern Cape		

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO for the construction of the Ferrum-Mookodi	Trans-Africa Projects on behalf	Project Manager
Transmission Line, Northern Cape and North West	of Eskom	
EO for the construction of the Gamma-Kappa	Trans-Africa Projects on behalf	Project Manager
Section A Transmission Line, Western Cape	of Eskom	
EO for the construction of the Gamma-Kappa	Trans-Africa Projects on behalf	Project Manager
Section B Transmission Line, Western Cape	of Eskom	
EO for the construction of the Hydra IPP Integration	Trans-Africa Projects on behalf	Project Manager
project, Northern Cape	of Eskom	
EO for the construction of the Kappa-Sterrekus	Trans-Africa Projects on behalf	Project Manager
Section C Transmission Line, Western Cape	of Eskom	
EO for the construction of the Namaqualand	Trans-Africa Projects on behalf	Project Manager
Strengthening project in Port Nolloth, Western Cape	of Eskom	
ECO for the construction of the Neptune Substation	Eskom	Project Manager
Soil Erosion Mitigation Project, Eastern Cape		
ECO for the construction of the llanga-Gordonia	Karoshoek Solar One	Project Manager
132kV power line, Northern Cape		

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Client Name	Role
Skom Holdings	
skom noidings	Project Manager & EAP
skom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Brightsource	Project Manager & EAP
Sk	C

MINING SECTOR PROJECTS

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

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Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Elitheni Coal Mine near Indwe, Eastern Cape	Elitheni Coal	Project Manager & EAP
Groot Letaba River Development Project Borrow Pits	liso	Project Manager & EAP
Grootegeluk Coal Mine for coal transportation	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
infrastructure between the mine and Medupi Power		
Station (EMPr amendment) , Limpopo		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Waterberg Coal Mine (EMPr amendment), Limpopo	Seskoko Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Aluminium Plant WML & AEL, Gauteng	GfE-MIR Alloys & Minerals	Project Manager & EAP
Zero Waste Recovery Plant at Highveld Steel,	Anglo African Metal	Project Manager & EAP
Mpumalanga		

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Rare Earth Separation Plant in Vredendal, Western	Rareco	Project Manager & EAP
Cape		
Decommissioning and Demolition of Kilns 5 & 6 at	PPC	Project Manager & EAP
the Slurry Plant, Kwa-Zulu Natal		

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO for the construction of the Duhva Mine Water	Eskom Holdings SoC Limited	Project Manager
Recovery Project, Mpumalanga		
External compliance audit of Palesa Coal Mine's	HCI Coal	Project Manager
Integrated Water Use License (IWUL), near		
KwaMhlanga, Mpumalanga		
External compliance audit of Palesa Coal Mine's	HCI Coal	Project Manager
Waste Management License (WML) and EMP, near		
KwaMhlanga, Mpumalanga		
External compliance audit of Mbali Coal Mine's	HCI Coal	Project Manager
Integrated Water Use License (IWUL), near Ogies,		
Mpumalanga		
Independent External Compliance Audit of Water	Tronox Namakwa Sands	Project Manager
Use License (WUL) for the Tronox Namakwa Sands		
(TNS) Mining Operations (Brand se Baai), Western		
Cape		
Independent External Compliance Audit of Water	Tronox Namakwa Sands	Project Manager
Use License (WUL) for the Tronox Namakwa Sands		
(TNS) Mineral Separation Plant (MSP), Western Cape		
Independent External Compliance Audit of Water	Tronox Namakwa Sands	Project Manager
Use License (WUL) for the Tronox Namakwa Sands		
(TNS) Smelter Operations (Saldanha), Western Cape		
Compliance Auditing of the Waste Management	PetroSA	Project Manager
Licence for the PetroSA Landfill Site at the GTL		
Refinery, Western Cape		

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Waste Licence Application for the Rare Earth	Rareco	Project Manager & EAP
Separation Plant in Vredendal, Western Cape		
WULA for the Expansion of the Landfill site at Exxaro's	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Namakwa Sands Mineral Separation Plant, Western		
Cape		
S24G & WML for an Aluminium Plant, Gauteng	GfE-MIR Alloys & Minerals	Project Manager & EAP

INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS (BRIDGES, PIPELINES, ROADS, WATER RESOURCES, STORAGE, ETC.)

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Bridge across the Ngotwane River, on the border of	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
South Africa and Botswana		
Chemical Storage Tanks, Metallurgical Plant	Goldfields	Project Manager & EAP
Upgrade & Backfill Plant upgrade at South Deep		
Gold Mine, near Westornaria, Gauteng		
Expansion of the existing Welgedacht Water Care	ERWAT	Project Manager & EAP
Works, Gauteng		
Golden Valley WEF Access Road near Cookhouse,	BioTherm Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Eastern Cape		
Great Fish River Wind Farm Access Roads and	African Clean Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Watercourse Crossings near Cookhouse, Eastern	Developments (ACED)	
Cape		
llanga CSP Facility Watercourse Crossings near	Karoshoek Solar one	Project Manager & EAP
Upington, Northern Cape		
Modification of the existing Hartebeestfontein Water	ERWAT	Project Manager & EAP
Care Works, Gautng		
N10 Road Realignment for the Ilanga CSP Facility,	SANRAL	Project Manager & EAP
East of Upington, Northern Cape		
Nxuba (Bedford) Wind Farm Watercourse Crossings	African Clean Energy	Project Manager & EAP
near Cookhouse, Eastern Cape	Developments (ACED)	
Pollution Control Dams at the Medupi Power Station	Eskom	Project Manager & EAP
Ash Dump & Coal Stockyard, Limpopo		
Qoboshane borrow pits (EMPr only), Eastern Cape	Emalahleni Local Municipality	Project Manager & EAP
Tsitsikamma Community WEF Watercourse Crossings,	Cennergi	Project Manager & EAP
Eastern Cape		
Clayville Central Steam Plant, Gauteng	Bellmall Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Msenge Emoyeni Wind Farm Watercourse Crossings	Windlab	Project Manager & EAP
and Roads, Eastern Cape		

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Harmony Gold WWTW at Doornkop Mine, Gauteng	Harmony Doornkop Plant	Project Manager & EAP
Ofir-ZX Watercourse Crossing for the Solar PV Facility,	Networx \$28 Energy	Project Manager & EAP
near Keimoes, Northern Cape		
Qoboshane bridge & access roads, Eastern Cape	Emalahleni Local Municipality	Project Manager & EAP
Relocation of the Assay Laboratory near	Sibanye Gold	Project Manager & EAP
Carletonville, Gauteng		
Richards Bay Harbour Staging Area, KwaZulu-Natal	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
S-Kol Watercourse Crossing for the Solar PV Facility,	Networx \$28 Energy	Project Manager & EAP
East of Keimoes, Northern Cape		
Sonnenberg Watercourse Crossing for the Solar PV	Networx \$28 Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Facility, West Keimoes, Northern Cape		
Kruisvallei Hydroelectric Power Generation Scheme,	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Free State		
Masetjaba Water Reservoir, Pump Station and Bulk	Naidu Consulting Engineers	Project Manager & EAP
Supply Pipeline near Nigel, Gauteng		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Access Road for the Dwarsug Wind Farm, Northern	South Africa Mainsteam	Project Manager & EAP
Cape Province	Renewable Power	
Upgrade of the Cooling Water Treatment Facility at	Eskom	Project Manager & EAP
the Kriel Power Station, Mpumalanga		
Decommissioning of the Asbestos Landfill at Kriel	Eskom	Project Manager & EAP
Power Station, Mpumalanga		
Decommissioning and demolition of Kilns 3 & 4 at	PPC	Project Manager & EAP
PPC Slurry Plant, North West		

Screening Studies

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Roodepoort Open Space Optimisation Programme (OSOP) Precinct, Gauteng	TIMAC Engineering Projects	Project Manager & EAP
Vegetable Oil Plant and Associated Pipeline, Kwa- Zulu Natal	Wilmar Oils and Fats Africa	Project Manager & EAP

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
ECO and bi-monthly auditing for the construction of	Department of Water and	Project Manager
the Olifants River Water Resources Development	Sanitation	Auditor
Project (ORWRDP) Phase 2A: De Hoop Dam, R555		
realignment and housing infrastructure		
ECO for the Rehabilitation of the Blaaupan & Storm	Airports Company of South	Project Manager
Water Channel, Gauteng	Africa (ACSA)	
Due Diligence reporting for the Better Fuel Pyrolysis	Better Fuels	Project Manager
Facility, Gauteng		
ECO for the Construction of the Water Pipeline from	Transnet	Project Manager
Kendal Power Station to Kendal Pump Station,		
Mpumalanga		
ECO for the Replacement of Low-Level Bridge,	South African National	Project Manager
Demolition and Removal of Artificial Pong, and	Biodiversity Institute (SANBI)	
Reinforcement the Banks of the Crocodile River at		
the Construction at Walter Sisulu National Botanical		
Gardens, Gauteng Province		
External Compliance Audit of the Air Emission	PetroSA	Project Manager
Licence (AEL) for a depot in Bloemfontein, Free		
State Province and in Tzaneen, Mpumalanga		
Province		

Environmental Permitting, \$53, Water Use Licence (WUL), Waste Management Licence (WML) & Other Applications

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
WULA for the Izubulo Private Nature Reserve,	Kjell Bismeyer, Jann Bader,	Project Manager & EAP
Limpopo	Laurence Saad	
WULA for the Masodini Private Game Lode, Limpopo	Masodini Private Game Lodge	Environmental Advisor
WULA for the Ezulwini Private Nature Reserve,	Ezulwini Investments	Project Manager & EAP
Limpopo		
WULA for the Masodini Private Game Lode, Limpopo	Masodini Private Game Lodge	Project Manager & EAP
WULA for the N10 Realignment at the llanga SEF,	Karoshoek Solar One	Project Manager & EAP
Northern Cape		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
WULA for the Kruisvallei Hydroelectric Power	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Generation Scheme, Free State		
S24G and WULA for the llegal construction of	Sorror Language Services	Project Manager & EAP
structures within a watercourse on EFF 24 Ruimsig		
Agricultural Holdings, Gauteng		

HOUSING AND URBAN PROJECTS

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Postmasburg Housing Development, Northern Cape	Transnet	Project Manager & EAP

Compliance Advice and reporting

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Kampi ya Thude at the Olifants West Game Reserve,	Nick Elliot	Environmental Advisor
Limpopo		
External Compliance Audit of WUL for the	Johannesburg Country Club	Project Manager
Johannesburg Country Club, Gauteng		

Environmental Compliance, Auditing and ECO

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Due Diligence Audit for the Due Diligence Audit	Delta BEC (on behalf of	Project Manager
Report, Gauteng	Johannesburg Development	
	Agency (JDA))	

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT TOOLS

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Development of the 3rd Edition Environmental	Gauteng Department of	Project Manager & EAP
Implementation Plan (EIP)	Agriculture and Rural	
	Development (GDARD)	
Development of Provincial Guidelines on 4x4 routes,	Western Cape Department of	EAP
Western Cape	Environmental Affairs and	
	Development Planning	
Compilation of Construction and Operation EMP for	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
the Braamhoek Transmission Integration Project,		
Kwazulu-Natal		
Compilation of EMP for the Wholesale Trade of	Munaca Technologies	Project Manager & EAP
Petroleum Products, Gauteng		
Operational Environmental Management	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Programme (OEMP) for Medupi Power Station,		
Limpopo		
Operational Environmental Management	Dube TradePort Corporation	Project Manager & EAP
Programme (OEMP) for the Dube TradePort Site		
Wide Precinct		/
Operational Environmental Management	Eskom Holdings	Project Manager & EAP
Programme (OEMP) for the Kusile Power Station,		
Mpumalanga		
Review of Basic Assessment Process for the	Exxaro Resources	Project Manager & EAP
Wittekleibosch Wind Monitoring Mast, Eastern Cape		

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Revision of the EMPr for the Sirius Solar PV	Aurora Power Solutions	Project Manager & EAP
State of the Environment (SoE) for Emalahleni Local	Simo Consulting on behalf of	Project Manager & EAP
Municipality, Mpumalanga	Emalahleni Local Municipality	
Aspects and Impacts Register for Salberg Concrete	Salberg Concrete Products	EAP
Products operations		
First State of Waste Report for South Africa	Golder on behalf of the	Project Manager & EAP
	Department of Environmental	
	Affairs	
Responsibilities Matrix and Gap Analysis for the	Building Energy	Project Manager
Kruisvallei Hydroelectric Power Generation Scheme,		
Free State Province		
Responsibilities Matrix and Gap Analysis for the	Building Energy	Project Manager
Roggeveld Wind Farm, Northern & Western Cape		
Provinces		

PROJECTS OUTSIDE OF SOUTH AFRICA

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Advisory Services for the Zizabona Transmission	PHD Capital	Advisor
Project, Zambia, Zimbabwe, Botswana & Namibia		
EIA for the Semonkong WEF, Lesotho	MOSCET	Project Manager & EAP
EMP for the Kuvaninga Energia Gas Fired Power	ADC (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager & EAP
Project, Mozambique		
Environmental Screening Report for the SEF near	Building Energy	EAP
Thabana Morena, Lesotho		
EPBs for the Kawambwa, Mansa, Mwense and	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Nchelenge SEFs in Luapula Province, Zambia		
ESG Due Diligence for the Hilton Garden Inn	Vatange Capital	Project Manager
Development in Windhoek, Namibia		
Mandahill Mall Rooftop PV SEF EPB, Lusaka, Zambia	Building Energy	Project Manager & EAP
Monthly ECO for the PV Power Plant for the Mocuba	Scatec	Project Manager
Power Station		

CURRICULUM VITAE OF GIDEON RAATH

Profession: Environmental and Permitting Consultant

Age: 33 years

Nationality: South African

ReadWriteSpeakAfrikaans – ExcellentExcellentExcellent

English - Excellent Excellent Excellent

Position: Senior Environmental Assessment Practitioner (Permitting)

Parent Firm: Savannah Environmental

Specialisation: Environmental Impact Assessments, Water Use Licencing, Waste Licencing, Environmental

Compliance Officer, Ecological Specialist, Wetland Specialist, GIS, MPRDA permitting

Work Experience: 6.5 years' experience in environmental management, National Water Act, Mineral and

Petroleum Resources Development Act, ECO and compliance auditing, wetland and

ecological specialist reporting

VOCATIONAL EXPERIENCE

Language:

Gideon holds an MSc (Geography and Environmental Management; SU), a BSc Honours (Ecology and Environmental Studies - Cum laude; Wits) and a BSc (Geography and Environmental Management; UJ). His MSc thesis focused on the hydrological impact on the spatial distribution of invasive Eucalyptus trees along the Breede River; while his honours thesis evaluated ethnobotanical relationships around the Rio Tinto copper mine in Phalaborwa. Most recently he has worked as a Senior Environmental Consultant at Coastal and Environmental Services (CES), conducting environmental authorisations applications (NWA, NEMA, MPRDA), Public Participation Processes, GIS specialisation — as well as Ecological and Wetland specialist studies. Previously, Gideon previously worked as the Monitoring & Evaluation Project Manager for the City of Cape Town's invasive species unit (Environmental Resources Management Department).

Gideon's experience includes EIA permitting for ~94 different projects, ranging from infrastructure, mining, energy, housing, renewable energy and the conservation industries. These include Environmental Authorisations (BAR, S&EIR), Water Use Licencing, Waste Licencing, Environmental Compliance Officer auditing, GIS studies and MPRDA permitting. He therefore has wide ranging experience with various legislation including NEMA, NHRA, NEM:WA, NEM:BA, MPRDA and NWA regulations, having applied them for numerous private and public sector clients across various industries for small, medium and large projects. Gideon is also an experienced Ecological & Wetland Specialist having conducted ~23 specialist studies, and has been accredited with SACNASP as a professional natural scientist (*Pr.Sci.Nat*) since 2017. Gideon also has experience beyond the permitting sphere through numerous screening assessments for potential developers, including fatal flaw screenings, regulatory and permitting approval screening as well as ecological and hydrological sensitivity screening. Gideon has also served in an advisory role for various infrastructure and mining projects, assisting with environmental due diligence, bankable feasibility study input and assistance towards financial close, most recently in the Renewable Energy sphere under the Risk Mitigation Independent Power Producer Procurement Programme (RMIPPPP) and towards the Renewable Energy Independent Power Producer Procurement Programme (REIPPPP) round 5 bid compliance.

SKILLS BASE AND CORE COMPETENCIES

- Environmental Management
- GIS data manipulation, storage, management and mapping
- EIA Impact Assessments and Basic Assessment

- Environmental Management Programmes
- Environmental Compliance Monitoring
- Mining Rights, Mining Permits, Prospecting Rights (and renewal) applications (MPRDA & NEMA)
- Public and Stakeholder Engagement (NEMA)
- Ecological/Botanical Specialist Studies
- Wetland Delineation, Functional and Impact Assessment studies
- Water Use Licence Applications (NWA)
- General Authorisations (NWA)
- Due diligence and financial close advisory services

EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL STATUS

Degrees:

- M.Sc. Geography and Environmental Science (2014), Stellenbosch University (2014)
- B.Sc. (Hons) Ecology, Environment and Conservation (Cum Laude), University of the Witwatersrand (2011)
- B.Sc. Life and Environmental Sciences, University of Johannesburg (2010)

Short Courses:

- GroundTruth SASS5 competency course, GroundTruth Aquatic Consulting (2017)
- DWS 21C&I GA training workshop, Department of Water and Sanitation (2016)
- IAIAsa Public Participation Process Workshop, IAIA South Africa (2016)
- EIA Theory and application, EOH Coastal and Environmental Services (2015)
- Water Safety Training, City of Cape Town Environmental Resources Department (2014)
- Herbicide safety and application for weed control, City of Cape Town Environmental Resources Department (2014)
- Snake awareness training, City of Cape Town Environmental Resources Department (2014)
- Habitable Planet Workshop, Applied Centre for Climate & Earth Systems Science, Cape Town (2011)

Professional Society Affiliations:

- Golden Key International Honour Society University of the Witwatersrand Chapter
- South African Council for Scientific Natural Professionals (SACNASP): Certified Natural Scientist Pr.Sci.Nat. (Membership No.: 117178)
- IAIAsa (Membership No.: 3619)

Other Relevant Skills:

GPS use, spatial data capturing and ground truthing

EMPLOYMENT						
Date	Company	Roles and Responsibilities				
October 2018 - Current:	Savannah Environmental (Pty) Ltd	Senior Environmental and Permitting Consultant				
		Tasks include: Undertaking environmental impact assessments, basic assessments, environmental management programmes (EMPrs), environmental amendments, water use license applications, general authorisations, wetland assessments, botanical/ecological assessments, mining rights and permit applications, prospecting rights applications, environmental compliance officer audits and reporting, Ensuring environmental compliance on permitting				

February 2015 – September 2018 EOH Coastal and Environmental Services (Pty) Ltd Tasks included: Undertaking environmental impact assessments, basic assessments environmental amanagement progra (EMPrs), environmental amanagement progra (EMPrs), environmental amanagement progra (EMPrs), environmental amanagement authorism wetland assessments, botanical/ecolor assessments, mining rights and paplications, prospecting rights applications, prospecting rights applications, prospecting reporting, Ensuring environmental compliant permitting processes, client liaison relationship management, public particity processes for environmental authorisations. March 2014 – February 2015 March 2014 – February 2015 Environmental Resources Management Department (ERMD), Itasks included: Managed the Monitorisations.	ental nents, nmes r use tions, gical ermit tions, and ce on
September 2018 Services (Pty) Ltd Tasks included: Undertaking environmental assessments, basic assessments, basic assessments, environmental amendments, water license applications, general authorism wetland assessments, botanical/ecolor assessments, mining rights and proposed assessments, mining rights applications, prospecting rights applications, permitting processes, client liaison relationship management, public participy processes for environmental authorisations. March 2014 - February 2015 New Species Unit (ISU), Professional Officer	nents, nmes r use tions, gical ermit tions, and te on and
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relationship management, public participal processes for environmental authorisations. March 2014 – February 2015 Invasive Species Unit (ISU), Professional Officer Resources	
March 2014 – February 2015 March 2014 – February Environmental Pervironmental	ation
March 2014 – February 2015 Invasive Species Unit (ISU), Professional Officer Resources	
2015 Environmental Resources	
Management Department (ERMD), <u>Tasks included:</u> Managed the Monitori	
	_
City of Cape Town Evaluation project portfolio, entailing	the
establishment of an invasive species monito	_
evaluation system for the ISU, as well a	
database management, quality assurance	
reporting thereof. Position required manage	_
small staff compliment (dealing directly wi	
database management), managing time	
budgets for the monitoring division, condu	_
monitoring trials and research, writing sp	
management plans as well as handling the	
database, quality control, verification integrity for the ISU.	and
January 2012 - March University of Stellenbosch Departmental Assistant	
2014	
Tasks included: Technical editing of acad	emic
reports.	CITIC
Formatting of PhD and MSc reports on a w	eeklv
basis, with short turnaround time and good of	
feedback.	,
January 2011 – January University of the Witwatersrand Departmental Assistant	
<u>Tasks included:</u> Responsible for practical tu	orials
and marking of 1st year medical stu	
Included zoology and botany.	J. 113.
January 2006 – Codeon Networking CC Co-founder and web developer	
November 2010 (part	
time) Tasks included: Small business owner, response	nsible
for all facets of the business. Self-taught HTMI	
PHP and MySQL. Won and produced two me	
	ming
community. Websites required user profi	_
permissions, CMS system and autor	

payment options as functionality. Development
and maintenance of a user database and
account management system.

PROJECT EXPERIENCE IN GENERAL ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT PRACTITIONER WORK

Please note: the following duties and responsibilities are in each instance relevant to the roles assigned below.

A. Environmental Consultant:

- Review of the project scope and advisory input into project approach;
- Report writing;
- Report reviewing;
- Site assessments;
- Competent authority liaison, client liaison;
- Specialist reports review;
- Quality control of specific and overall project deliverables; and
- Compliance auditing, report writing and audit report reviews;

B. Specialist (ecological and wetland):

- Project scope determination and development of terms of reference;
- Specialist field assessment;
- Sampling collection and interpretation of results (soil and water samples) where necessary;
- Specialist report writing; and
- Specialist input regarding public input or appeals;

C. Project manager:

- Project team liaison (engineers, subconsultants, financiers where applicable);
- Contracting and appointment of specialists or subcontractors;
- Client liaison, public liaison, project team and specialist liaison;
- Financial management (contracts, invoicing, cashflow). This includes but is not limited to:
 - o Bid document preparation (where applicable) and development of terms of reference;
 - o Determining applicable rates and budget for the environmental team;
 - o Management of appointments, development of contracts;
 - o Development of invoicing schedule and invoicing agreement;
 - Responsible for assigning invoice values and dates to coincide with relevant partial or whole deliverables;
 - Management or variations (internal and external);
 - Evaluation of claims from subcontractors;
 - Quality control of subcontractor deliverables;
 - Ensuring timeous payment on invoices and appropriate payments are made to qualifying subcontractors;
- Schedule management (approach, deliverables, timeframes and resourcing). This includes but is not limited to:
 - Determining project approach and parties required;
 - Assessment of regulatory timeframes applicable for all aspects of the environmental work;
 - Development of an overall programme for all environmental work, including subcontractors;
 - Progress meetings with the project team, including regular schedule updates;
 - o Variation management and crisis meetings, where applicable;
 - o Deliverable management and close-out reporting;
- Due diligence inputs towards financial close; and
- Project assessment of environmental risk;

D. <u>Public Participation:</u>

- Identification of key stakeholders, landowners & neighbours, organs of state and other applicable interested and affected parties;
- Compilation and review of all public material (information documents, notices, advertisements) according to regulatory requirements;
- Public liaison, and client consultation;
- Compilation of public comments and response reports and reporting on public participation;
- Management of appeals;

E. <u>Environmental Control Officer:</u>

- Compliance audits;
- Development of checklists and document control sheets;
- Compliance audit reporting and report reviews;
- Authority liaison (DEA EMI's); and
- Liaison with project steering committee and Environmental Officer;

No.	Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role	Dates & Duration	Sector
94	Highveld Steel	Anglo African	Project Manager,	August 2020 –	Waste
	ZeroWaste Solution EIA,	Metals (Pty)	Environmental	current	
	eMalahleni,	Limited	Consultant		
	Mpumalanga				
93	Heuningspruit Financial	Cronimet	Project Manager,	February 2020 –	Renewable
	Close, Arbeid, Free State	Mining Power	Environmental	current	Energy
		Solutions SA	Consultant		
		(Pty) Ltd			
92	Steynsrus Solar PV	Cronimet	Project Manager,	February 2020 –	Renewable
	Financial Close, Arbeid,	Mining Power	Environmental	current	Energy
	Free State	Solutions SA	Consultant		
0.1	0 15 1 2 15	(Pty) Ltd	D : 111		
91	Gunstfontein Wind Farm	African Clean	Project Manager,	April 2020 – current	Renewable
	OHL BAR Sutherland,	Energy	Environmental		Energy
	Northern Cape	Developments (Pty) Ltd	Consultant		
90	Tronox Namakwa	African Clean	Project Manager,	May 2020 – current	Mining
70	Prospecting Right	Energy	Environmental	May 2020 - Content	/viii iii ig
	closure certificate,	Developments	Consultant		
	Garies, Northern Cape	(Pty) Ltd	Consoliani		
89	100 MW Vrede Solar	Mainstream	Project Manager,	June 2020 – current	Renewable
0,	Energy Facility EIA,	Renewable	Environmental	00.10 2020 00.101.11	Energy
	Kroonstad, Free State	Power SA, (Pty)	Consultant		,
	·	Ltd			
88	100 MW Rondavel Solar	Mainstream	Project Manager,	June 2020 – current	Renewable
	Energy Facility EIA,	Renewable	Environmental		Energy
	Kroonstad, Free State	Power SA, (Pty)	Consultant		
		Ltd			
87	Grid infrastructure BAR	Mainstream	Project Manager,	June 2020 – current	Renewable
	for Vrede SEF,	Renewable	Environmental		Energy
	Kroonstad, Free State	Power SA, (Pty)	Consultant		
		Ltd			

No.	Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role	Dates & Duration	Sector
86	Grid infrastructure BAR for Rondavel SEF, Kroonstad, Free State	Mainstream Renewable Power SA, (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager, Environmental Consultant	June 2020 – current	Renewable Energy
85	Energy Group Wadeville ECO, Wadeville, Gauteng	Energy Group (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager, Environmental Consultant	August 2020 – current	Infrastructure
84	Energy Group Nigel ECO, Nigel, Gauteng	Energy Group (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager, Environmental Consultant	September 2020 – current	Infrastructure
83	Great Karoo Battery Energy Storage System BAR, Sutherland, Northern Cape	African Clean Energy Developments (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager, Environmental Consultant	June 2020 – current	Renewable Energy
82	Gunstfontein Battery Energy Storage System BAR, Sutherland, Northern Cape	African Clean Energy Developments (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager, Environmental Consultant	June 2020 – current	Renewable Energy
81	Richards Bay 1250MW Combined Cycle Gas to Power Station EIA, Richards Bay, kwaZulu- Natal	Richards Bay Gas Power 2 (Pty) Ltd / Phakwe Group (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager, Environmental Consultant	August 2020 – current	Energy
80	Richards Bay 400MW Simple Cycle Gas to Power Station Part II amendment, Richards Bay, kwaZulu-Natal	Richards Bay Gas Power 2 (Pty) Ltd / Phakwe Group (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager, Environmental Consultant	April 2020 – current	Energy
79	Great Karoo Wind Farm OHL BAR, Sutherland, Northern Cape	African Clean Energy Developments (Pty) Ltd	Environmental Consultant	September 2020 – current	Renewable Energy
78	Dorper Wind Energy Facility Section 54 compliance audit, Molteno, Eastern Cape	Dorper Wind Farm RF (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager, Environmental Consultant, ECO	2019: 2 months	Renewable Energy
77	Rainmaker Malabar, Spreeukloof, Spinning Head and Loperberg Section 54 compliance audits (x4), Molteno, Eastern Cape	Rainmaker Energy (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager, Environmental Consultant, ECO	2019: 2 months	Renewable Energy
76	Togo Blita 40MW Solar Energy Facility ESMP Peer Review	OCA Global (Testing, Inspection and Certification) South Africa (Pty) Ltd	Environmental Consultant	2020: 3 months	Renewable Energy
75	Marubeni AMDA Straussheim 3 x Solar Energy Facility Peer	Marubeni Middle-East &	Environmental Consultant	2020: 4 months	Renewable Energy

No.	Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role	Dates & Duration	Sector
	Review, Kenhardt,	Africa Power			
	Northern Cape	(Pty) Ltd			
74	Perdekraal Pl	Perdekraal West	Project Manager,	2020: 2 months	Renewable
	Amendment	Wind Farm (Pty)	Environmental		Energy
		Ltd	Consultant		
73	TAP desktop	Trans African	Project Manager	2020: 3 months	Infrastructure
	Palaeontological study,	Projects (Pty)			
	Vuwani, Limpopo	Ltd			
72	Kenhardt Solar PV Part I	Biotherm Energy	Project Manager,	2020: 2 months	Renewable
	amendments, Kenhardt,	(Pty) Ltd	Environmental		Energy
71	Northern Cape	DDE de de (DL)	Consultant	F. I	D Isl.
71	Harmony Rietpan LILO &	BBEntropie (Pty)	Ecological specialist	February 2020 –	Renewable
	Switching substation	Ltd		June 2020	Energy
70	BAR, Welkom, Free State Harmony Nyala Solar PV	PPEntropio (Ptv)	Ecological specialist	February 2020 –	Renewable
70	grid connection BAR,	BBEntropie (Pty)	Ecological specialist	June 2020	
	Welkom, Free State	LIG		June 2020	Energy
69	Harmony Eland Solar PV	BBEntropie (Pty)	Ecological specialist	February 2020 –	Renewable
07	grid connection BAR,	Ltd	Leological specialist	June 2020	Energy
	Welkom, Free State	LIG		30110 2020	Lifelda
68	Engie Rheboksfontein	Engie South	Project Manager	July 2019 – January	Renewable
	Part II amendment,	Africa (Moyeng	i rojoci managoi	2020: 8 months	Energy
	Darling, Western Cape	Energy)		2020. 0 1110111113	2110197
67	APSA Liquid Natural Gas	Air Products	Project Manager	2019 – current: 8	Infrastructure
0,	Vanderbijlpark,	South Africa	i rejeermanage.	months	
	Vanderbijlpark,	(Pty) Ltd			
	Gauteng	. ,,			
66	APSA Coega hazardous	Air Products	Project Manager	2019 – current: 8	Infrastructure
	storage BAR, Coega IDZ,	South Africa		months	
	Eastern Cape	(Pty) Ltd			
65	Korana WEF Part II	South African	Project Manager	2019: 8 months	Renewable
	amendment, Pofadder,	Mainstream			Energy
	Northern Cape	Renewable			
		Power			
		Developments			
		(Pty) Ltd			
64	Khai-Ma WEF Part II	South African	Environmental	2019: 8 months	Renewable
	amendment, Pofadder,	Mainstream	Consultant		Energy
	Northern Cape	Renewable			
		Power			
		Developments			
40	Ed M. II.	(Pty) Ltd	Decision	0010	Information 1
63	Eskom Matla power	Eskom SOC Itd	Project Manager,	2019 – current: 8	Infrastructure
	station Reverse Osmosis		Environmental	months	
	Unit BAR, Emalahleni,		Consultant		
62	Mpumalanga Prana Sekaname	Prana operav	Project Manager	2019 – current: 36	Mining 9
02	(Kalahari Energy)	Prana energy (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager, Environmental	months	Mining & Energy
	100MW coalbed-	(I IY) LIU	Consultant	11101111115	riidiðà
	methane wellfield and		CONSUMATIO		
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No.	Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role	Dates & Duration	Sector
	gas power station ESIA,				
	Mmashoro, Bostwana				
61	Solink Heineken Sedibeng PV plant GPEMF registration and ecological screening assessment, Sedibeng, Gauteng	Solink Power Procurement (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager, Environmental Consultant	2019 – current: 6 months	Renewable Energy
60	ENGP Neopak environmental screening, Rosslyn, Gauteng	Energy Group (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager, Environmental Consultant	2019: 3 months	Infrastructure
59	ENGP Nigel compressed gas pipeline General Authorisation, BAR, Ecological Specialist Study, Due Diligence advisory, Nigel, Gauteng	Energy Group (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager, Environmental Consultant, Ecological Specialist	2019: 10 months	Infrastructure
58	Rainmaker Malabar, Spreeukloof and Spinning Head Wind Farm Part II amendments, Molteno, Eastern Cape	Rainmaker Energy (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager, Environmental Consultant	2019 – current: 12 months	Renewable Energy
57	Eskom Kriel asbestos decommissioning BAR, Emalahleni, Mpumalanga	Eskom SOC Itd	Project Manager, Environmental Consultant	2019: 6 months	Infrastructure
56	Wilmar Richards Bay vegetable oil pipeline BAR, General Authorisation and freshwater specialist study, Richards Bay, KwaZulu Natal	Wilmar SA (Pty) Limited	Project Manager, Environmental Consultant, Freshwater Specialist	2019: 10 months	Infrastructure
55	Great Karoo WEF Part II amendment	African Clean Energy Developments (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager,	2019: 8 months	Renewable Energy
54	Gunstfontein WEF Part II amendment	African Clean Energy Developments (Pty) Ltd	Environmental Consultant	2019: 8 months	Renewable Energy
53	Aggeneys Solar PV & gridline freshwater specialist reports (x2), Aggeneys, Northern Cape	Biotherm Energy (Pty) Ltd	Freshwater specialist	2019: 4 months	Renewable Energy
52	SANRAL Polokwane N1 Ring Road Upgrade Basic Assessment,	SANRAL SOC Ltd & KBK Engineers	Environmental consultant	2018: 8 months	Infrastructure

No.	Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role	Dates & Duration	Sector
	Polokwane, Limpopo				
	Province				
51	Boshoek Loop Rail Upgrade BAR and water use licence application, Rustenburg, North-West Province	Transnet SOC Ltd	Project Manager, Environmental consultant, Wetland specialist, Public Participation, Wetland specialist	2018: 8 months	Infrastructure
50	Heysterkrand Loop Rail Upgrade BAR, Rustenburg, North-West Province	Transnet SOC Ltd	Project Manager, Environmental consultant, Public Participation	2018: 8 months	Infrastructure
49	VMC Mining permit renewal application, Rust De Winter, Gauteng	Vergenoeg Mining Company (Pty) Ltd	Environmental consultant	2018: 4 months	Mining
48	Wijnberg Trust Dam 2 expansion Aquatic Impact Assessment, Greyton, Western Cape	Wijnberg Trust	Aquatic specialist	2018: 4 months	Infrastructure
47	Zesfontein PV pre- feasibility screening and fatal flaw screening, Ekurhuleni, Gauteng	Genesis Eco- Energy Developments (Pty) Ltd	Environmental consultant	2018: 3 months	Renewable Energy
46	Ancuabe baseline vegetation monitoring assessment and programme, Ancuabe, Cabo Del Gado Province, Mozambique	Grafex Limitada Mozambique	Botanical specialist	2018: 3 months	Mining
45	Prospecting pit rehabilitation programme, Ancuabe, Cabo Del Gado Province, Mozambique	Grafex Limitada Mozambique	Botanical specialist, Environmental consultant	2018: 3 months	Mining
44	ENGP Wadeville environmental Screening report and heritage exemption application, Due Diligence Advisory, Wadeville, Gauteng	Energy Group (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager, Environmental Consultant	2018: 2 months	Energy
43	Eskom Kriel lime treatment plant BAR, Emalahleni, Mpumalanga	Eskom SOC Itd	Project Manager, Environmental Consultant	2018: 6 months	Infrastructure
42	Atmospheric Emissions Licence, Section 24G for the ER Galvanizing plant and operations, Johannesburg, Gauteng	ER Galvanizers Pty Ltd	Project Manager, Environmental consultant, Public Participation	2018/2019: 8 months	Manufacturing

No.	Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role	Dates & Duration	Sector
41	Corner Berg and Drooge Street township development BAR, Zeerust, North-West Province	Ramotshere Moiloa Local Municipality	Project Manager, Environmental consultant, Public Participation	2018/2019: 8 months	Housing
40	Corner Kort and Bree Street township development BAR, Zeerust, North-West Province	Ramotshere Moiloa Local Municipality	Project Manager, Environmental consultant, Public Participation	2018/2019: 8 months	Housing
39	Basic Assessment and environmental compliance monitoring for the office complex development within the Pretoria National Botanical Gardens, Pretoria, Gauteng	South African National Biodiversity Institute (SANBI)	Project Manager, Environmental consultant, Public Participation, ECO	2018/2019: 8 months	Housing
38	Thabazimbi Local Municipality Integrated Waste Management Plan, Thabazimbi, Limpopo Province	Thabazimbi Local Municipality & Anglo American Plc	Environmental consultant	2018/2019: 8 months	Waste
37	Aggeneys ADSS General Authorisation, Aggeneys, Northern Cape	Biotherm Energy Pty Ltd	Environmental consultant	2018/2019: 8 months	Infrastructure
36	Kruisvallei Hydro Environmental and Social Management System (ESMS), Bethlehem, Free State	Building Energy South Africa (Pty) Ltd	Environmental Consultant	2018/2019: 6 months	Renewable Energy
35	Transnet Depot and Siding compliance auditing programme, Johannesburg, Gauteng & Rustenburg, North- West Province	Transnet SOC Ltd	ECO	2018/2019: 4 months	Infrastructure
34	environmental Screening and due diligence advisory, Clayville, Gauteng	Energy Group (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager Environmental Consultant	2018/2019: 4 months	Energy
33	Transalloys coal-fired power station PII amendment, Water Use Licence and Atmospheric Emissions Licence, Emalahleni, Mpumalanga	Transalloys (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager, Environmental Consultant	2018/2019: 16 months	Energy

No.	Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role	Dates & Duration	Sector
32	SANRAL Masekwaspoort N1 Road Upgrade BAR, water use licence application, Louis Trichardt, Limpopo Province	SANRAL SOC Ltd & Knight Piésold Consulting	Project Manager, Environmental consultant, Public Participation	2018/2019: 12 months	Infrastructure
31	S&EIR authorisation and Water use licence for the SANRAL Zandkraal- Windburg N1 road upgrade, Windburg, Free State Province	SANRAL SOC Ltd & SMEC Consulting Engineers	Project Manager, Environmental consultant, Public Participation	2018/2019: 12 months	Infrastructure
30	Masetjaba water reservoir Ecological Impact Assessment and General Authorisation, Nigel, Gauteng	Naidu Consulting Engineers (Pty) Ltd & City of Ekurhuleni	Environmental Consultant, Ecological Specialist, Wetland Specialist	2018/2019: 12 months	Infrastructure
29	Dwarsrug access road BAR, Loeriesfontein, Northern Cape	South African Mainstream Renewable Power Developments (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager, Environmental Consultant	2018/2019: 8 months	Renewable Energy
28	Hope Village township development BAR, Johannesburg, Gauteng	Door of Hope Charity Organisation	Project Manager, Environmental consultant, Public Participation	2018/2019	Housing
27	Kibler Park Church Development ecological assessment, Johannesburg, Gauteng	Riverside Community Church	Project Manager, Ecological specialist	2017: 2 months	Housing
26	SANRAL Bierspruit R510 Borrow Pit authorisation, road upgrade Basic Assessment and water use licence, Thabazimbi, Limpopo Province	SANRAL SOC Ltd & Royal HaskoningDHV South Africa	Project Manager, Environmental consultant, Ecological specialist, Public Participation	2017: 12 months	Infrastructure
25	Diamond Park Township Development Section 24G, Kimberley, Northern Cape	Sol Plaatje Local Municipality	Project Manager, Environmental consultant, Public Participation	2017/2018: 6 months	Housing
24	Construction monitoring and DMR environmental authorisation, Hendrina, Mpumalanga Province	SANRAL SOC Ltd & Leo consulting engineers	Project Manager, ECO,	2017/2018: 24 months	Infrastructure
23	Triton Minerals Limited Ancuabe and Nicanda Hills EPDA, Ancuabe, Cabo Del Gado Province, Mozambique	Triton Minerals Ltd	Environmental consultant	2017/2018: 12 months	Mining

No.	Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role	Dates & Duration	Sector
22	City of Johannesburg nature reserve proclamation (Phase II), Johannesburg, Gauteng	City of Johannesburg SOC Ltd	Project Manager, Environmental consultant, Public Participation, Botanical specialist	2017/2018: 12 months	Conservation
21	Scoping and EIR authorisation, Water Use Licence, for the Ganspan tourism facility development, Jan Kempdorp, Northern Cape	Frances Baard Local Municipality	Project Manager, Environmental consultant, Public Participation	2017/2018: 12 months	Conservation
20	G7 Renewable Energy 132kV BAR & EMPr, Matjiesfontein, Northern Cape	G7 Renewable Energy (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager, Environmental consultant, Public Participation	2016: 8 months	Renewable Energy
19	DEA Quoin Point dune specialist assessments, Gansbaai, Western Cape	Department of Environmental Affairs (national)	Project Manager, Environmental consultant	2016: 6 months	Conservation
18	ACSA Jones Road Filling Station Basic Assessment, Johannesburg, Gauteng	Airports Company South Africa SOC Ltd	Project Manager, Environmental consultant, Public Participation	2016/2017: 8 months	Infrastructure
17	SANRAL Caledon N2 Section 3 road upgrade project Basic Assessment, General Authorisation and ecological specialist report, Caledon, Western Cape Province	JG Afrika Engineering	Project Manager, Environmental consultant, Ecological specialist, ECO	2016/2017: 8 months	Infrastructure
16	Barberton IAPS Waste Water Treatment Works development BAR and SASS 5 assessment, Barberton, Mpumalanga Province	Umjindi Local Municipality and Rhodes University	Project Manager, Environmental consultant, Public Participation, Aquatic specialist	2016/2017: 10 months	Infrastructure
15	City of Johannesburg nature reserve proclamation boundary verification (Phase I), Johannesburg, Gauteng	City of Johannesburg SOC Ltd	Environmental consultant, GIS specialist	2016/2017: 12 months	Conservation
14	Almenar tin prospecting BAR, Carnarvon, Northern Cape	Almenar Property Investments (Pty) Ltd	Environmental consultant	2015: 8 months	Mining
13	iGas integrated biodiversity screening, Saldanha, Western Cape	Central Energy Fund - iGas (subsidiary)	Environmental consultant, Faunal specialist (assistant)	2015: 6 months	Energy

No.	Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role	Dates & Duration	Sector
12	Biotherm Energy Golden Valley Wind Energy Facility ESAP, Bedford, Eastern Cape	Biotherm Energy Pty Ltd	Environmental consultant	2015: 2 months	Renewable Energy
11	Ancuabe graphite mine Environmental and Social Impact Assessment (ESIA), Cabo Del Gado Province, Mozambique	Grafex Limitada Mozambique	Environmental consultant	2015: 12 months	Mining
10	Mayfield Quarry rehabilitation plan, Grahamstown, Eastern Cape	Mayfield Quarry	Environmental consultant	2015: 1 month	Mining
9	Enel Paleisheuwel Solar compliance auditing, Paleisheuwel, Northern Cape	Enel Green Power RSA (EGP RSA)	Environmental consultant	2015: 6 months	Renewable Energy
8	Boschendal Wine Estate hydro-electric power station Water Use Licence and \$24G application, Stellenbosch, Western Cape	Boschendal Wine Estate	Environmental consultant	2015/2016: 8 months	Renewable Energy
7	G7 Brandvalley S&EIR, Matjiesfontein, Northern Cape	G7 Renewable Energy (Pty) Ltd	Environmental consultant	2015/2016: 12 months	Renewable Energy
6	G7 Rietkloof S&EIR, Matjiesfontein, Northern Cape	G7 Renewable Energy (Pty) Ltd	Environmental consultant	2015/2016: 12 months	Renewable Energy
5	Zirco Resources Kamiesberg heavy mineral sand mine water use licence, Kamiesberg, Northern Cape	Zirco Roode Heuwel (Pty) Ltd	Environmental consultant	2015/2016: 12 months	Mining
4	PRDW Cape Town harbour breakwater rehabilitation EMPr, Cape Town, Western Cape	PRDW Consulting port and Coastal Engineers	Project Manager, Environmental consultant	2014: 8 months	Infrastructure
3	Mosselbay Energy EA Amendment (Part II), Mosselbay, Western Cape	Mosselbay Energy IPP (Pty) Ltd	Environmental consultant	2014: 6 months	Renewable Energy
2	PRDW Bushman's Estuary dune encroachment project management, Kenton-on-sea, Eastern Cape	PRDW Consulting port and Coastal Engineers	Environmental consultant	2014: 6 months	Infrastructure

No.	Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role	Dates & Duration	Sector
1	Bloekombos	Western Cape	Project Manager,	2014/2015: 10	Housing
	(Kraaifontein) hospital	Provincial	Environmental	months	
	water use licence	Government	consultant, Botanical		
	application and	(PGWC)	specialist, Wetland		
	botanical baseline and		specialist		
	impact assessment,				
	Cape Town, Western				
	Cape				

	SPECIALIST STUDIES				
No.	Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role	Sector	
23	Aggeneys PV1 &2 PII specialist impact	ABO Wind Aggeneys	Freshwater Specialist	Renewable	
	statement, Aggeneys, Northern Cape	1 & 2 PV (Pty) Ltd		Energy	
22	Rietvallei Ecological Status Quo Report,	Africa Vision Holdings	Ecological specialist	Infrastructure	
	Randfontein, Gauteng	(Pty) Ltd			
21	Harmony Rietpan LILO & Switching	BBEntropie (Pty) Ltd	Ecological specialist	Renewable	
	substation BAR, Welkom, Free State			Energy	
20	Harmony Nyala Solar PV grid	BBEntropie (Pty) Ltd	Ecological specialist	Renewable	
	connection BAR, Welkom, Free State			Energy	
19	Harmony Eland Solar PV grid	BBEntropie (Pty) Ltd	Ecological specialist	Renewable	
	connection BAR, Welkom, Free State			Energy	
18	RBGP2 AEL, MHI & Botanical	Richards Bay Gas	Ecological specialist	Renewable	
	Walkthrough, Richards Bay, KwaZulu	Power 2 (Pty) Ltd		Energy	
	Natal				
17	Solink Heineken Sedibeng PV plant	Solink Power	Ecological specialist	Renewable	
	GPEMF registration and ecological	Procurement (Pty)		Energy	
	screening assessment, Sedibeng,	Ltd			
	Gauteng				
16	ENGP Nigel compressed gas pipeline	Energy Group (Pty)	Ecological specialist	Infrastructure	
	General Authorisation, BAR, Ecological	Ltd			
	Specialist Study, Due Diligence				
	advisory, Nigel, Gauteng				
15	Wilmar Richards Bay vegetable oil	Wilmar SA (Pty)	Freshwater Specialist	Infrastructure	
	pipeline BAR, General Authorisation	Limited			
	and freshwater specialist study,				
	Richards Bay, KwaZulu Natal				
14	Aggeneys Solar PV & gridline	Biotherm Energy Pty	Freshwater specialist	Renewable	
	freshwater specialist reports (x2),	Ltd		Energy	
	Aggeneys, Northern Cape				
13	Ancuabe baseline vegetation	Grafex Limitada	Botanical specialist	Mining	
	monitoring assessment and	Mozambique			
	programme, Ancuabe, Cabo Del				
	Gado Province, Mozambique				
12	Prospecting pit rehabilitation	Grafex Limitada	Botanical specialist	Mining	
	programme, Ancuabe, Cabo Del	Mozambique			
	Gado Province, Mozambique				
11	Masetjaba water reservoir Ecological	Naidu Consulting	Ecological Specialist,	Infrastructure	
	Impact Assessment and General	Engineers (Pty) Ltd &	Freshwater Specialist		
	Authorisation, Nigel, Gauteng	City of Ekurhuleni			

10	Boshoek Loop Rail Upgrade BAR and Water Use Licence, Rustenburg, North- West Province	Transnet SOC Ltd	Freshwater Specialist	Infrastructure
9	City of Johannesburg nature reserve proclamation (Phase II), Johannesburg, Gauteng	City of Johannesburg SOC Ltd	Botanical specialist	Conservation
8	SANRAL Bierspruit R510 road upgrade Water Use Licence, Basic Assessment, Thabazimbi, Limpopo Province	SANRAL SOC Ltd & Royal HaskoningDHV South Africa	Ecological specialist	Infrastructure
7	Kibler Park Church Development Ecological Assessment, Johannesburg, Gauteng	Riverside Community Church	Ecological specialist	Infrastructure
6	Barberton IAPS Wastewater Treatment Works development BAR, water use licence and SASS 5 assessment, Barberton, Mpumalanga Province	Umjindi Local Municipality and Rhodes University	Aquatic specialist	Infrastructure
5	Wijnberg Trust Dam 2 expansion Aquatic Impact Assessment, Greyton, Western Cape	Wijnberg Trust	Aquatic specialist	Infrastructure
4	SANRAL Caledon N2 Section 3 road upgrade project Basic Assessment, Water Use Licence and Specialist reports, Caledon, Western Cape Province	JG Afrika Engineering	Ecological specialist	Infrastructure
3	City of Johannesburg nature reserve proclamation boundary verification (Phase I), Johannesburg, Gauteng	City of Johannesburg SOC Ltd	GIS specialist	Conservation
2	iGas integrated biodiversity screening, Saldanha, Western Cape	Central Energy Fund - iGas (subsidiary)	Faunal specialist (assistant)	Infrastructure
1	Bloekombos (Kraaifontein) botanical baseline and impact assessment, Cape Town, Western Cape	Western Cape Provincial Government (PGWC)	Wetland specialist	Infrastructure



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CURRICULUM VITAE OF NICOLENE VENTER

Profession: Public Participation and Social Consultant

Specialisation: Public participation process; stakeholder engagement; facilitation (workshops, focus

group and public meetings; public open days; steering committees); monitoring and

evaluation of public participation and stakeholder engagement processes

Work Experience: 21 years' experience as a Public Participation Practitioner and Stakeholder Consultant

VOCATIONAL EXPERIENCE

Over the past 21 years Nicolene established herself as an experienced and well recognised public participation practitioner, facilitator and strategic reviewer of public participation processes. She has experience in managing public participation projects and awareness creation programmes. Her experience includes designing and managing countrywide public participation and awareness creation projects, managing multi-project schedules, budgets and achieving project goals. She has successfully undertaken several public participation processes for EIA, BA and WULA projects. The EIA and BA process include linear projects such as the NMPP, Eskom Transmission and Distribution power lines as well as site specific developments such as renewable energy projects i.e. solar, photo voltaic and wind farms. She also successfully managed stakeholder engagement projects which were required to be in line with the Equator Principles.

SKILLS BASE AND CORE COMPETENCIES

- Project Management
- Public Participation, Stakeholder Engagement and Awareness Creation
- Public Speaking and Presentation Skills
- Facilitation (workshops, focus group meetings, public meetings, public open days, working groups and committees)
- Social Assessments (Stakeholder Analysis / Stakeholder Mapping)
- Monitoring and Evaluation of Public Participation and Stakeholder Engagement Processes
- Community Liaison
- IFC Performance Standards
- Equator Principles
- Minute taking, issues mapping, report writing and quality control

EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL STATUS

Degrees:

Higher Secretarial Certificate, Pretoria Technicon (1970)

Short Courses:

- Techniques for Effective Public Participation, International Association for Public Participation, IAP2 (2008)
- Foundations of Public Participation (Planning and Communication for Effective Public Participation, IAP2 (2009)
- Certificate in Public Relations, Public Relation Institute of South Africa, Damelin Management School (1989)

Professional Society Affiliations:

Board Member of International Association for Public Participation (IAP2): Southern Africa

EMPLOYMENT

Date	Company	Roles and Responsibilities
November 2018 –	Savannah Environmental (Pty) Ltd	Public Participation and Social Consultant
current		
		Tasks include:
		Tasks include: Drafting of a Public Participation Plan with key deliverable dates and methodology to be followed, Background Information Document, Letters to Stakeholders and Interested and/or Affected Parties (I&APs) inclusive of key project deliverables and responses to questions / concerns raised; Stakeholder identification; facilitating stakeholder workshops, focus group and public meetings; conduct one-on-one consultation with Community Leaders, Tribal Chiefs, affected landowners, etc.
		Managing interaction between Stakeholders and Team Members, liaising with National, Provincial and Local Authorities, managing community consultation and communications in project affected areas, attend to the level of technical information communicated to and consultation with all level of stakeholders involved.
2016 – October 2018	Imaginative Africa (Pty) Ltd	Independent Consultant
	(company owned by Nicolene Venter)	Consulting to various Environmental Assessment Practitioners for Public Participation and Stakeholder Engagements:
		<u>Tasks include:</u>
		Tasks include: Drafting of a Public Participation Plan with key deliverable dates and methodology to be followed, Background Information Document, Letters to Stakeholders and Interested and/or Affected Parties (I&APs) inclusive of key project deliverables and responses to questions / concerns raised; Stakeholder identification; facilitating stakeholder workshops, focus group and public meetings; conduct one-on-one consultation with Community Leaders, Tribal Chiefs, affected landowners, etc.
		Managing interaction between Stakeholders and Team Members, liaising with National, Provincial and Local Authorities, managing community consultation and communications in project

		affected areas, attend to the level of technical
		information communicated to and consultation with all level of stakeholders involved
		<u>Clients</u> :
		SiVEST Environmental, Savannah Environmental, Baagi Environmental; Royal Haskoning DHV (previously SSI)
2013 - 2016	Zitholele Consulting	Senior Public Participation Practitioner and Project Manager
	Contact person: Dr Mathys Vosloo	.,
	Contact number: 011 207 2060	Tasks included:
	Common normal 201 200	Project managed public participation process for
		EIA/BA/WULA/EAL projects. Manages two Public
		Participation Administrators. Public Participation
		tasks as outlined as above and including financial
0011 0012	Learning Africa (Dt.) Ltd	management of public participation processes.
2011 - 2013	Imaginative Africa (Pty) Ltd	Independent Consultant
	(company owned by Nicolene	Consulting to various Environmental Assessment
	Venter)	Practitioners for Public Participation and
		Stakeholder Engagements
		<u>Tasks included:</u>
		Drafting of a Public Participation Plan with key deliverable dates and methodology to be
		<u> </u>
		followed, Background Information Document, Letters to Stakeholders and Interested and/or Affected Parties (I&APs) inclusive of key project
		deliverables and responses to questions / concerns raised; Stakeholder identification;
		facilitating stakeholder workshops, focus group
		and public meetings; conduct one-on-one
		consultation with Community Leaders, Tribal Chiefs, affected landowners, etc.
		Managing interaction between Stakeholders and Team Members, liaising with National, Provincial
		and Local Authorities, managing community consultation and communications in project
		affected areas, attend to the level of technical
		information communicated to and consultation
		with all level of stakeholders involved
		<u>Clients</u> :
		Bohlweki Environmental, Bembani Sustainability
		(Pty) Ltd; Naledzi Environmental
2007 – 2011	SiVEST SA (Pty) Ltd	Unit Manager: Public Participation Practitioner
	Contact person: Andrea Gibb	<u>Tasks included:</u>
	Contact number: 011 798 0600	Project managed public participation process for
		EIA/BA projects. Manages two Junior Public
	1	

		tasks as outlined as above and including financial
		management of public participation processes.
2005 – 2006	Imaginative Africa (Pty) Ltd	Independent Consultant
	(company owned by Nicolene	Public Participation and Stakeholder
	Venter)	Engagement Practitioner
	Vermely	Tasks included: Drafting of a Public Participation Plan with key deliverable dates and methodology to be followed, Background Information Document, Letters to Stakeholders and Interested and/or Affected Parties (I&APs) inclusive of key project deliverables and responses to questions / concerns raised; Stakeholder identification; facilitating stakeholder workshops, focus group and public meetings; conduct one-on-one consultation with Community Leaders, Tribal Chiefs, affected landowners, etc.
		Managing interaction between Stakeholders and Team Members, liaising with National, Provincial and Local Authorities, managing community consultation and communications in project affected areas, attend to the level of technical information communicated to and consultation with all level of stakeholders involved.
		Clients: Manyaka-Greyling-Meiring (previously Greyling Liaison and currently Golder Associates)
1997 - 2004	Imaginative Africa (Pty) Ltd (company owned by Nicolene Venter)	Independent Consultant: Public Participation Practitioner.
		<u>Tasks included:</u>
		Drafting of a Public Participation Plan with key deliverable dates and methodology to be followed, Background Information Document, Letters to Stakeholders and Interested and/or Affected Parties (I&APs) inclusive of key project deliverables and responses to questions / concerns raised; Stakeholder identification; facilitating stakeholder workshops, focus group and public meetings; conduct one-on-one consultation with Community Leaders, affected landowners, etc.
		Managing interaction between Stakeholders and Team Members, liaising with National, Provincial Local Authorities, managing community consultation and communications in project affected areas, attend to the level of technical

	information communicated to and consultation with all level of stakeholders involved.	
	<u>Clients:</u> Greyling Liaison (currently Golder Associates); Bembani Sustainability (Pty) Ltd; Lidwala Environmental; Naledzi Environmental	

PROJECT EXPERIENCE

RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS: PHOTOVOLTAIC SOLAR ENERGY FACILITIES

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Lichtenburg PVs (3 PVs) & Power Lines (grid	Atlantic Energy Partners	Project Manage the Public
connection), Lichtenburg, North West Province	EAP: Savannah Environmental	Participation Process
		Facilitate all meetings
Allepad PVs 4 PVs) & Power Lines (grid	IL Energy	Consultation with
connection), Upington, Northern Cape Province	EAP: Savannah Environmental	Government Officials, Key
		Stakeholders, Landowners &
Hyperion Solar PV Developments (4 PVs) and	Building Energy	Community Leaders
Associated Infrastructures, Kathu, Northern Cape	EAP: Savannah Environmental	
Province		
Aggeneys Solar PV Developments (2 PVs) and	Atlantic Energy Partners and	
Associated Infrastructures, Aggeneys, Northern	ABO Wind	
Cape Province	EAP: Savannah Environmental	

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Tlisitseng PV, including Substations & Power Lines,	BioTherm Energy	Public Participation,
Lichtenburg, North West Province	EAP: SIVEST	Landowner and Community
Sendawo PVs, including Substations & Power Lines,		Consultation
Vryburg, North West Province		
Helena Solar 1, 2 and 3 PVs, Copperton, Northern		
Cape Province		
Farm Spes Bona 23552 Solar PV Plants,	Surya Power	Public Participation,
Bloemfontein, Free State Province	EAP: SIVEST	Landowner and Community
		Consultation
De Aar Solar Energy Facility, De Aar, Northern	South Africa Mainstream	Public Participation,
Cape Province	Renewable Power	Landowner and Community
Droogfontein Solar Energy Facility, Kimberley,	Developments	Consultation
Northern Cape Province	EAP: SIVEST	
Kaalspruit Solar Energy Facility, Loeriesfontein,		
Northern Cape Province		
Platsjambok East PV, Prieska, Northern Cape		
Province		
Renosterburg PV, De Aar, Northern Cape Province	Renosterberg Wind Energy	Public Participation,
	Company	Landowner and Community
	EAP: SIVEST	Consultation

19MW Solar Power Plant on Farm 198 (Slypklip),	Solar Reserve South Africa	Public Participation,
Danielskuil, Northern Cape Province	EAP: SIVEST	Landowner and Community
		Consultation

Basic Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes – Located within the Renewable Energy Development Zones (REDZ)

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Moeding Solar PV Solar Energy Facility, Vryburg,	Kabi Solar	Project Manage the Public
North West Province	EAP: Savannah Environmental	Participation Process
		Facilitate all meetings
Sirius Solar PV Solar Energy Facility, Upington,	SOLA Future Energy	Consultation with
Northern Cape Province	EAP: Savannah Environmental	Government Officials, Key
		Stakeholders, Landowners &
		Community Leaders

RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS: WIND ENERGY FACILITIES

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Aletta Wind Farm, Copperton, Northern Cape	BioTherm Energy	Public Participation
Province	EAP: SIVEST	
Eureka Wind Farm, Copperton, Northern Cape		
Province		
Loeriesfontein Wind Farm, Loeriesfontein, Northern	South Africa Mainstream	Public Participation
Cape Province	Renewable Power	
Droogfontein Wind Farm, Loeriesfontein, Northern	Developments	
Cape Province	EAP: SIVEST	
Four Leeuwberg Wind Farms, Loeriesfontein,		
Northern Cape Province		
Noupoort Wind Farm, Noupoort, Northern Cape		
Province		
Mierdam PV & Wind Farm, Prieska, Northern Cape		
Province		
Platsjambok West Wind Farm & PV, Prieska,		
Northern Cape Province		

Basic Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes – Located within the Renewable Energy Development Zones (REDZ)

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Nama Wind Energy Facility, Northern Cape	Genesis ECO	Project Manage the Public
Province	EAP: Savannah Environmental	Participation Process
		Facilitate all meetings
		Consultation with
		Government Officials, Key
Zonnequa Wind Energy Facility, Northern Cape		Stakeholders, Landowners
Province		& Community Leaders

Environmental Authorisation Amendments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
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Beaufort West 280MW Wind Farm into two 140MW	South Africa Mainstream	Public Participation
Trakas and Beaufort West Wind Farms, Western	Renewable Power	
Cape	Developments	
	EAP: SIVEST	

RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION PROJECTS: CONCENTRATED SOLAR FACILITIES (CSP)

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Upington Concentrating Solar Plant and	Eskom Holdings	Public Participation
associated Infrastructures, Northern Cape	EAP: Bohlweki Environmental	
Provionce		

GRID INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Pluto-Mahikeng Main Transmission Substation and	Eskom Holdings	
400kV Power Line (Carletonville to Mahikeng),	EAP: Baagi Environmental	
Gauteng and North West Provinces		
Thyspunt Transmission Lines Integration Project,	Eskom Holdings	Public Participation,
Eastern Cape Province	EAP: SIVEST	Landowner and Community
		Consultation
Westrand Strengthening Project, Gauteng Province		
Mookodi Integration Project, North-West Province		Public Participation,
Transnet Coallink, Mpumalanga and KwaZulu-Natal		Tobile Famelpation,
Provinces		
Delarey-Kopela-Phahameng Distribution power line		
and newly proposed Substations, North-West		Public Participation,
Province		Landowner and Community
Invubu-Theta 400kV Eskom Transmission Power Line,	Eskom Holding	Consultation
KwaZulu-Natal Province	EAP: Bembani Environmental	

Facilitation

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Meeting Type
Bloemfontein Strengthening Project, Free State	Eskom Holdings	Public Meetings
Province	EAP: Baagi Environmental	
Mooidraai-Smitkloof 132kV Power Line and	Eskom Holdings	Focus Group Meetings
Substation, Northern Cape Province	EAP: SSI	
Aggeneis-Oranjemond 400kV Eskom Transmission	Eskom Holdings	Focus Group Meetings &
Power Line, Northern Cape Province	EAP: Savannah Environmental	Public Meetings
Ariadne-Eros 400kV/132kV Multi-Circuit Transmission	Eskom Holdings	Public Meetings
Power Line (Public Meetings)	EAP: ACER Africa	
Majuba-Venus 765kV Transmission Power Lines,	1	Public Meetings
Mpumlanaga Province		

Basic Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role

Melkhout-Kudu-Grassridge 132kV Power Line	Eskom Holdings	Public Participation,
Project (project not submitted to DEA), Eastern	EAP: SIVEST	Landowner and Community
Cape Province		Consultation
Tweespruit-Welroux-Driedorp-Wepener 132Kv		Public Participation,
Power Line, Free State Province		Landowner and Community
		Consultation
Kuruman 132Kv Power Line Upgrade, Northern	Eskom Holdings	Public Participation,
Cape Province	EAP: Zitholele	Landowner and Community
		Consultation
Vaalbank 132Kv Power Line, Free State Province		Public Participation,
		Landowner and Community
		Consultation
Pongola-Candover-Golela 132kV Power Line		Public Participation,
(Impact Phase), KwaZulu-Natal Province		Landowner and Community
		Consultation
Ndumo-Geziza 132kV Power Line, KwaZulu-Natal		Public Participation,
Province		Landowner and Community
		Consultation

Screening Studies

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Potential Power Line Alternatives from Humansdorp	Nelson Mandela Bay	Social Assessment
to Port Elizabeth, Eastern Cape Province	Municipality	
	EAP: SIVEST	

CONVENTIONAL POWER GENERATION PROJECTS (COAL, GAS AND ASSOCIATED INFRASTRUCTURE)

Stakeholder Engagement

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Determination, Review and Implementation of the	Department of Water and	Secretarial Services
Reserve in the Olifants/Letaba System	Sanitation	
Orange River Bulk Water Supply System	Golder Associates	
Levuvu-Letaba Resources Quality Objectives		

Facilitation

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Meeting Type
Thabametsi IPP Power Station, Limpopo Province	Thabametsi Power Company	Focus Group Meeting &
	EAP: Savannah Environmental	Public Meeting

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Richards Bay Combined Cycle Power Plant,	Eskom Holdings	Public Participation
Richards Bay, Kwa-Zulu Natal Province (Impact	EAP: Savannah Environmental	
Phase)		
Medupi Flue Gas Desulphurisation Project (up to	Eskom Holdings SOC Ltd	Public Participation,
completion of Scoping Phase), Limpopo Province	EAP: Zitholele Consulting	Landowner and Community
Kendal 30-year Ash Disposal Facility, Mpumalanga		Consultation
Province		
Kusile 60-year Ash Disposal Facility, Mpumalanga		
Province		

Camden Power Station Ash Disposal Facility,		
Mpumalanga Province		
Tutuka Fabric Filter Retrofit and Dust Handling Plant	Eskom Holdings SOC Ltd	Public Participation,
Projects, Mpumalanga Province	EAP: Lidwala Environmental	Landowner and Community
		Consultation
Eskom's Majuba and Tutuka Ash Dump Expansion,		Public Participation,
Mpumalanga Province		Landowner and Community
		Consultation
Hendrina Ash Dam Expansion, Mpumalanga		Public Participation,
Province		Landowner and Community
		Consultation

INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS (BRIDGES, PIPELINES, RAILWAY LINES, ROADS, WATER RESOURCES, STORAGE FACILITIES, ETC)

Facilitation

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Meeting Type
Determination, Review and Implementation of the	Department of Water and	Secretarial Services
Reserve in the Olifants/Letaba System	Sanitation	
	Golder Associates	
Orange River Bulk Water Supply System	Department of Water and	Secretarial Services
	Sanitation	
	Golder Associates	
Levuvu-Letaba Resources Quality Objectives	Department of Water and	Secretarial Services
	Sanitation	
	Golder Associates	
SmancorCR Chemical Plant (Public Meeting),	Samancor Chrome (Pty) Ltd	Public Meeting
Gauteng Province	EAP: Environment al Science	
	Associates	
SANRAL N4 Toll Highway Project (2 nd Phase),	Department of Transport	Public Meetings
Gauteng & North West Provinces	EAP:	

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

<u> </u>		
Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Transnet's New Multi-Products Pipeline traversing	Transnet	Public Participation
Kwa-Zulu Natal, Free State and Gauteng Provinces	EAP: Bohlweki Environmental	

Basic Assessments

Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Realignment of the Bulshoek Dam Weir near Klawer	Dept of Water and Sanitation	Public Participation
and the Doring River Weir near Clanwilliam,	EAP: Zitholele	
Western Cape Province		

MINING SECTOR

Environmental Impact Assessment and Environmental Management Programme

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Project Name & Location	Client Name	Role
Zero Waste Recovery Plant at highveld Steel,	Anglo African Metals	Public Participation
Mpumalanga Province	EAP: Savannah Environmental	
Koffiefontein Slimes Dam, Free State Province	Petra Diamond Mines	Public Participation
	EAP: Zitholele	

Baobab Project: Ethenol Plant, Chimbanje, Middle	Applicant: Green Fuel	Public Participation &
Sabie, Zimbabwe	EAP: SIVEST	Community Consultation
BHP Billiton Energy Coal SA's Middelburg Water	BHP Billiton Group	Public Participation
Treatment Plant, Mpumalanga	EAP: Jones & Wagener	