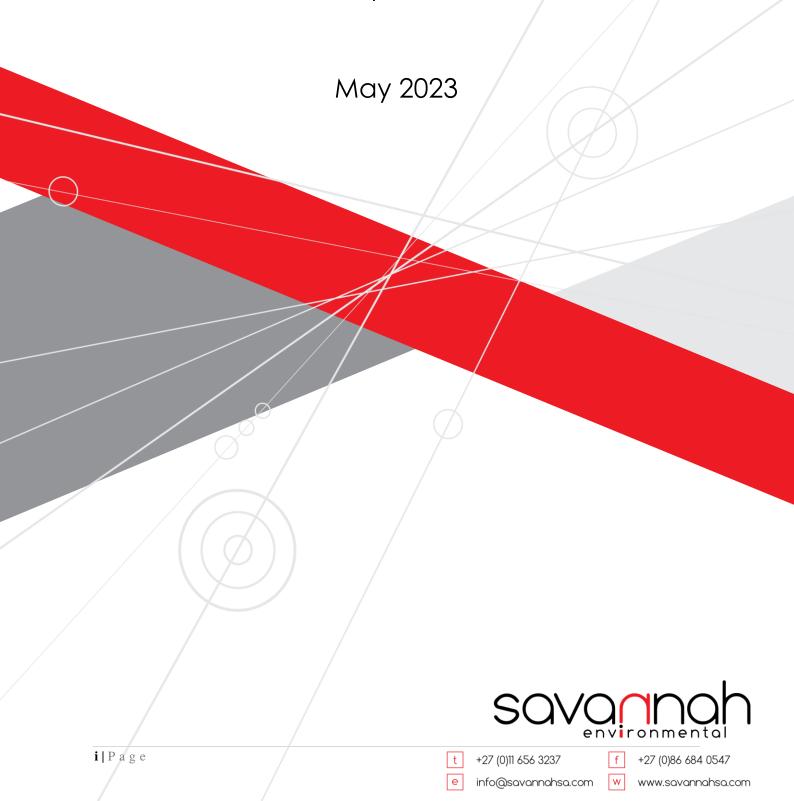
KLEINZEE SOLAR PV FACILTY, NORTHERN CAPE PROVINCE

Environmental Management Programme for the 132kV power line



APPENDIX 1 GENERIC ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) FOR THE DEVELOPMENT AND EXPANSION OF OVERHEAD ELECTRICITY TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION INFRASTRUCTURE

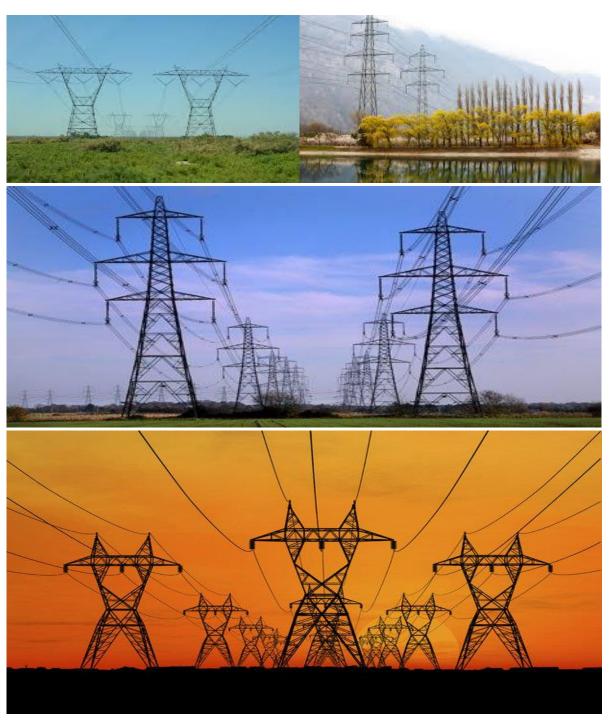




TABLE OF CONTENTS

			PAGE
		IION	
1		ckground	
2		pose	
3	•	ective	
4		ppe octure of this document	
5			
6		mpletion of part B: section 1: the pre-approved generic EMPr template	
7		endments of the impact management outcomes and impact management actions	
8	. Dod 5	cuments to be submitted as part of part B: section 2 site specific information and dec	laration
(0	a) A	Amendments to Part B: Section 2 – site specific information and declaration	5
-	-	ENERAL INFORMATION	
1	. DEF	initions	6
2	. ACI	RONYMS and ABBREVIATIONS	7
	Nation	nal Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act ,2004 (Act No. 10 of 2004)	7
3	. ROI	LES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr)	
4	. ENV	/IRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE	14
	4.1	Document control/Filing system	14
	4.2	Documentation to be available	14
	4.3	Weekly Environmental Checklist	14
	4.4	Environmental site meetings	15
	4.5	Required Method Statements	15
	4.6	Environmental Incident Log (Diary)	16
	4.7	Non-compliance	16
	4.8	Corrective action records	17
	4.9	Photographic record	17
	4.10	Complaints register	18
	4.11	Claims for damages	18
	4.12	Interactions with affected parties	18
	4.13	Environmental audits	19
	4.14	Final environmental audits	19
PAR	T B: SEC	CTION 1: Pre-approved generic EMPr template	20
5	. IMP	ACT MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES AND IMPACT MANAGEMENT ACTIONS	20
	5.1	Environmental awareness training	21
	5.2	Site Establishment development	24

	5.3	Access restricted areas	25
	5.4	Access roads	27
	5.5	Fencing and Gate installation	30
	5.6	Water Supply Management	35
	5.7	Storm and wastewater management	36
	5.8	Solid and hazardous waste management	37
	5.9	Protection of watercourses	40
	5.10	Vegetation clearing	44
	5.11	Protection of fauna	49
	5.12	Protection of heritage resources	53
	5.13	Safety of the public	55
	5.14	Sanitation	57
	5.15	Prevention of disease	59
	5.16	Emergency procedures	61
	5.17	Hazardous substances	63
	5.18	Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage	70
	5.19	Batching plants	72
	5.20	Dust emissions	75
	5.21	Blasting	77
	5.22	Noise	77
	5.23	Fire prevention	79
	5.24	Stockpiling and stockpile areas	80
	5.25	Finalising tower positions	82
	5.26	Excavation and Installation of foundations	83
	5.27	Assembly and erecting towers	85
	5.28	Stringing	90
	5.29	Socio-economic	93
	5.30	Temporary closure of site	95
	5.31	Landscaping and rehabilitation	99
(6 ACC	ESS TO THE GENERIC EMPr	103
PA	RT B: SECT	ON 2	103
7	7 SITE S	PECIFIC INFORMATION AND DECLARATION	104
	7.1	Sub-section 1: contact details and description of the project	104
	7.2	Sub-section 2: Development footprint site map	109
	7.3	Sub-section 3: Declaration	123
	7.4	Sub-section 4: amendments to site specific information (Part B; section 2)	123
PA	RT C		123
8	3 SITE S	PECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL ATTRIBUTES	123

CONSTRUC	IION AND DECOMMISSIONING OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS	
7.1	Ecology (Fauna and Flora)	125
7.2	Aquatic Ecology	Error! Bookmark not defined.
7.3	Avifauna	137
7.4	Land Use, Soils and Agricultural Potential	137
7.5	Heritage	142
7.6	Visual	144
7.7	Socio-Economic	148
OPERATION	IAL PHASE OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS	158
7.8	Ecology (Fauna and Flora)	Error! Bookmark not defined.
7.9	Aquatic Ecology	Error! Bookmark not defined.
7.9 7.10	Avifauna	
	,	163
7.10	Avifauna	
7.10 7.11	Avifauna Land Use, Soils and Agricultural Potential	
7.10 7.11 7.12 7.13	Avifauna Land Use, Soils and Agricultural Potential Visual	
7.10 7.11 7.12 7.13 APPENDIX	Avifauna Land Use, Soils and Agricultural Potential Visual Socio-Economic	
7.10 7.11 7.12 7.13 APPENDIX	Avifauna Land Use, Soils and Agricultural Potential Visual Socio-Economic METHOD STATEMENTS CV OF THE EAP	

INTRODUCTION

1. Background

The National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998) (NEMA) requires that an environmental management programme (EMPr) be submitted where an environmental impact assessment (EIA) has been identified as the environmental instrument to be utilised as the basis for a decision on an application for environmental authorisation (EA). The content of an EMPr must either contain the information set out in Appendix 4 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014, as amended, (EIA Regulations) or must be a generic EMPr relevant to an application as identified and gazetted by the Minister in a government notice. Once the Minister has identified, through a government notice, that a generic EMPr is relevant to an application for EA, that generic EMPr must be applied by all parties involved in the EA process, including, but not limited to, the applicant and the competent authority (CA).

2. Purpose

This document constitutes a generic EMPr relevant to applications for the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure, and all listed and specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

3. Objective

The objective of this generic EMPr is to prescribe and pre-approve generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions, which can commonly and repeatedly be used for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure. The use of a generic EMPr is intended to reduce the need to prepare and review individual EMPrs for applications of a similar nature.

4. Scope

The scope of this generic EMPr applies to the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure requiring EA in terms of NEMA, i.e. with a capacity of 33 kilovolts or more. This generic EMPr applies to activities requiring EA, mainly activity 11 and 47 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 1 of 2014, as amended, and activity 9 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 2 of 2014, as amended, and all associated listed or specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

5. Structure of this document

This document is structured in three parts with an Appendix as indicated in the table below:

Part	Section	Heading	Content
run	Secilon	nedding	Comen
A		Provides general guidance and information and is not legally binding	Definitions, acronyms, roles & responsibilities and documentation and reporting.
В	1	Pre-approved generic EMPr template	Contains generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions required for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure, which are presented in the form of a template that has been pre-approved. The template in this section is to be completed by the contractor, with each completed page signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. Where an impact management outcome is not relevant, the words "not applicable" can be inserted in the template under the "responsible persons" column. Once completed and signed, the template
			represents the EMPr for the activity approved by the CA and is legally binding. The template is not required to be submitted to the CA as once the generic EMPr is gazetted for implementation, it has been approved by the CA. To allow interested and affected parties access to the pre-approved EMPr template for consideration through the decision-making process, the EAP on behalf of the applicant /proponent must make the hard copy of this EMPr available at a public location and where the applicant has a website, the EMPr should also be made available on such publicly accessible website.
	2	Site specific information	Contains preliminary infrastructure layout and a declaration that the applicant/holder of the EA

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			will comply with the pre-approved generic EMPr template contained in Part B: Section 1, and understands that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding. The preliminary infrastructure layout must be finalized to inform the final EMPr that is to be submitted with the basic assessment report (BAR) or environmental impact assessment report (EIAR), ensuring that all impact management outcomes and actions have been either pre-approved or approved in terms of Part C.
			This section must be submitted to the CA together with the final BAR or EIAR. The information submitted to the CA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, this Section forms part of the EMPr for the development and is legally binding.
С		Site specific sensitivities/ attributes	If any specific environmental sensitivities/ attributes are present on the site which require site specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr, to manage impacts, these specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific environmental attributes must be referenced spatially, and impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be provided. These specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the preapproved EMPr template (Part B: section 1)
			This section will not be required should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes. However, if <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the site, it is required to be submitted together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP and must contain his/her name and

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			expertise including a curriculum vitae. Once approved, Part C forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.
			This section applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the specific development or expansion and which are not already included in <u>Part B: section 1</u> .
Appendix 1			Contains the method statements to be prepared prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are not required to be submitted to the competent authority.

6. Completion of part B: section 1: the pre-approved generic EMPr template

The template is to be completed prior to commencement of the activity, by providing the following information for each environmental impact management action:

- For implementation
 - a 'responsible person';
 - a method for implementation; and
 - a timeframe for implementation.
- For monitoring
 - a 'responsible person';
 - Frequency; and
 - evidence of compliance.

The completed template must be signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as <u>Appendix 1</u>. Each method statement must be signed and dated on each page by the holder of the EA. This template, once signed and dated, is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

7. Amendments of the impact management outcomes and impact management actions

Once the activity has commenced, a holder of an EA may make amendments to the impact management outcomes and impact management actions in the following manner:

- Amendment of the impact management outcomes: in line with the process contemplated in regulation 37 of the EIA Regulations; and
- Amendment of the impact management actions: in line with the process contemplated in regulation 36 of the EIA Regulations.

8. Documents to be submitted as part of part B: section 2 site specific information and declaration

<u>Part B: Section 2</u> has three distinct sub-sections. The first and third sub-sections are in a template format. Sub-section two requires a map to be produced.

<u>Sub-section 1</u> contains the project name, the applicant's name and contact details, the site information, which includes coordinates of the corridor in which the proposed overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure is proposed as well as the 21-digit Surveyor General code of each cadastral land parcel and, where available, the farm name.

Sub-section 2 is to be prepared by an EAP and must contain his/her name and expertise including a curriculum vitae. This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout using the national web based environmental when available for screening tool, compulsory https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. raptor nest, threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps must identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features in the surrounding landscape within 50m from the development footprint. The overhead transmission and distribution profile must be illustrated at an appropriate resolution to enable fine scale interrogation. It is recommended that <20 km of overhead transmission and distribution length is illustrated per page in A3 landscape format. Where considered appropriate, photographs of sensitive features in the context of tower positions must be used.

<u>Sub-section 3</u> is the declaration that the applicant/proponent or holder of the EA in the case of a change of ownership must complete, which confirms that the applicant/EA holder will comply with the pre-approved generic EMPr template in <u>Section 1</u> and understands that the impact management outcomes and actions are legally binding.

(a) Amendments to Part B: Section 2 – site specific information and declaration

Should the EA be transferred, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new applicant/proponent and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of Regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted as part of such an application for an amendment to an EA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

PART A - GENERAL INFORMATION

1. **DEFINITIONS**

In this EMPr any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the NEMA or EIA Regulations has that meaning, and unless the context requires otherwise –

"clearing" means the clearing and removal of vegetation, whether partially or in whole, including trees and shrubs, as specified;

"construction camp" is the area designated for key construction infrastructure and services, including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;

"contractor" - The Contractor has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract, are in line with the Environmental Management Programme and that Method Statements are implemented as described.

"hazardous substance" is a substance governed by the Hazardous Substances Act, 1973 (Act No. 15 of 1973) as well as the Hazardous Chemical and Substances Regulations, 1995;

"method statement" means a written submission by the Contractor to the Project Manager in response to this EMPr or a request by the Project Manager and ECO. The method statement must set out the equipment, materials, labour and method(s) the Contractor proposes using to carry out an activity identified by the Project Manager when requesting the Method Statement. This must be done in such detail that the Project Manager and ECO is able to assess whether the Contractor's proposal is in accordance with this specification and/or will produce results in accordance with this specification;

The method statement must cover applicable details with regard to:

- (i) Construction procedures;
- (ii) Plant, materials and equipment to be used;
- (iii) Transporting the equipment to and from site;
- (iv) How the plant/material/equipment will be moved while on site;
- (v) How and where the plant/ material/ equipment will be stored;
- (vi) The containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- (vii) Timing and location of activities;
- (viii) Compliance/ non-compliance; and
- (ix) Any other information deemed necessary by the Project Manager.

"slope" means the inclination of a surface expressed as one unit of rise or fall for so many horizontal units;

"solid waste" means all solid waste, including construction debris, hazardous waste, excess cement/ concrete, wrapping materials, timber, cans, drums, wire, nails, food and domestic waste (e.g. plastic packets and wrappers);

"spoil" means excavated material which is unsuitable for use as material in the construction works or is material which is surplus to the requirements of the construction works;

"topsoil" means a varying depth (up to 300 mm) of the soil profile irrespective of the fertility, appearance, structure, agricultural potential, fertility and composition of the soil; and

2. ACRONYMS and ABBREVIATIONS

CA	Competent Authority
cEO	Contractors Environmental Officer
dEO	Developer Environmental Officer
DPM	Developer Project Manager
DSS	Developer Site Supervisor
EAR	Environmental Audit Report
ECA	Environment Conservation Act No. 73 of 1989
ECO	Environmental Control Officer
EA	Environmental Authorisation
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
ERAP	Emergency Response Action Plan
EMPr	Environmental Management Programme Report
EAP	Environmental Assessment Practitioner
FPA	Fire Protection Agency
HCS	Hazardous chemical Substance
NEMA	National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998)
NEMBA	National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act ,2004 (Act No. 10
	of 2004)
NEMWA	National Environmental Management: Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008)
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet
RI&APs	Registered interested and affected parties

[&]quot;works" means the works to be executed in terms of the Contract.

3. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) IMPLEMENTATION

The effective implementation of this generic EMPr is dependent on established and clear roles, responsibilities and reporting lines within an institutional framework. This section of the EMPr gives guidance to the various environmental roles and reporting lines, however, project specific requirements will ultimately determine the need for the appointment of specific person(s) to undertake specific roles and or responsibilities. As such, it must be noted that in the event that no specific person, for example, an environmental control officer (ECO) is appointed, the holder of the EA remains responsible for ensuring that the duties indicated in this document for action by the ECO are undertaken.

Table 1: Guide to roles and responsibilities for implementation of an EMPr

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer's Project Manager	<u>Role</u>
(DPM)	The Project Developer is accountable for ensuring compliance with the EMPr and any conditions of approval from the competent authority (CA). Where required, an environmental control officer (ECO) must be contracted by the Project Developer to objectively monitor the implementation of the EMPr according to relevant environmental legislation, and the conditions of the environmental authorisation (EA). The Project Developer is further responsible for providing and giving mandate to enable the ECO to perform responsibilities, and he must ensure that the ECO is integrated as part of the project team while remaining independent.
	 Responsibilities Be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA; Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Developer and its Contractor(s); Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; Monitor the implementation of the EMPr throughout the project by means of site inspections and meetings. Overall management of the project and EMPr implementation; and Ensure that periodic environmental performance audits are undertaken on the project implementation.
Developer Site Supervisor (DSS)	<u>Role</u>

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
	The DSS reports directly to the DPM, oversees site works, liaises with the contractor(s) and the ECO. The DSS is responsible for the day to day implementation of the EMPr and for ensuring the compliance of all contractors with the conditions and requirements stipulated in the EMPr. Responsibilities - Ensure that all contractors identify a contractor's Environmental Officer (cEO); - Must be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA. Oversees site works, liaison with Contractor, DPM and ECO; - Must ensure that all landowners have the relevant contact details of the site staff, ECO and cEO; - Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; - Will issue all non-compliances to contractors; and
Environmental Control Officer (ECO)	Role The ECO should have appropriate training and experience in the implementation of environmental management specifications. The primary role of the ECO is to act as an independent quality controller and monitoring agent regarding all environmental concerns and associated environmental impacts. In this respect, the ECO is to conduct periodic site inspections, attend regular site meetings, pre-empt problems and suggest mitigation and be available to advise on incidental issues that arise. The ECO is also required to conduct compliance audits, verifying the monitoring reports submitted by the cEO and dEO. The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager regarding all environmental matters. The Contractor, cEO and dEO are answerable to the Environmental Control Officer for non-compliance with the Performance Specifications as set out in the EA and EMPr.
	The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager, who in turn reports back to the Contractor and potential and Registered Interested &Affected Parties (RI&APs), as required. Issues of non-compliance raised by the ECO must be taken up by the Project Manager, and resolved with the Contractor as per the conditions of his contract. Decisions regarding environmental procedures, specifications and requirements which have a cost implication (i.e. those that are deemed to be a

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
Responsible Person (s)	variation, not allowed for in the Performance Specification) must be endorsed by the Project Manager. The ECO must also, as specified by the EA, report to the relevant CA as and when required. Responsibilities The responsibilities of the ECO will include the following: Be aware of the findings and conclusions of all EA related to the development; Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr; Be conversant with relevant environmental legislation, policies and procedures, and ensure compliance with them; Undertake regular and comprehensive site inspections / audits of the construction site according to the generic EMPr and applicable licenses in order to monitor compliance as required; Educate the construction team about the management measures contained in the EMPr and environmental licenses; Compilation and administration of an environmental monitoring plan to ensure that the environmental management measures are implemented and are effective; Monitoring the performance of the Contractors and ensuring compliance with the EMPr and associated Method Statements; In consultation with the Developer Site Supervisor order the removal of person(s) and/or equipment which are in contravention of the specifications of the EMPr and/or environmental licenses; Liaison between the DPM, Contractors, authorities and other lead stakeholders on all environmental concerns;
	environmental concerns;
	as well as corrective and preventive actions taken;

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities		
Responsible reison (s)	 Checking the cEO's public complaints register in which all complaints are recorded, as well as action taken; Assisting in the resolution of conflicts; Facilitate training for all personnel on the site – this may range from carrying out the training, to reviewing the training programmes of the Contractor; In case of non-compliances, the ECO must first communicate this to the Senior Site Supervisor, who has the power to ensure this matter is addressed. Should no action or insufficient action be taken, the ECO may report this matter to the authorities as non-compliance; Maintenance, update and review of the EMPr; 		
	- Communication of all modifications to the EMPr to the relevant stakeholders.		
developer Environmental Officer (dEO)	Role The dEOs will report to the Project Manager and are responsible for implementation of the EMPr, environmental monitoring and reporting, providing environmental input to the Project Manager and Contractor's Manager, liaising with contractors and the landowners as well as a range of environmental coordination responsibilities.		
	 Responsibilities Be fully conversant with the EMPr; Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr, and implement these measures; Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Employees, Contractor(s); Confine the development site to the demarcated area; Conduct environmental internal audits with regards to EMPr and authorisation compliance (on cEO); Assist the contractors in addressing environmental challenges on site; Assist in incident management: Reporting environmental incidents to developer and ensuring that corrective action is taken, and lessons learnt shared; 		

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities
	- Assist the contractor in investigating environmental incidents and compile investigation reports;
	- Follow-up on pre-warnings, defects, non-conformance reports;
	 Measure and communicate environmental performance to the Contractor;
	 Conduct environmental awareness training on site together with ECO and cEO;
	 Ensure that the necessary legal permits and / or licenses are in place and up to date;
	- Acting as Developer's Environmental Representative on site and work together with the ECO
	and contractor;
Contractor	Role Role
	The Contractor appoints the cEO and has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract are in line with the EMPr and that Method Statements are implemented as described. External contractors must ensure compliance with this EMPr while performing the onsite activities as per their contract with the Project Developer. The contractors are required, where specified, to provide Method Statements setting out in detail how the impact management actions contained in the EMPr will be implemented during the development or expansion for overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure activities.
	<u>Responsibilities</u>
	- project delivery and quality control for the development services as per appointment;
	- employ a suitably qualified person to monitor and report to the Project Developer's appointed
	person on the daily activities on-site during the construction period;
	- ensure that safe, environmentally acceptable working methods and practices are
	implemented and that equipment is properly operated and maintained, to facilitate proper
	access and enable any operation to be carried out safely;
	- attend on site meeting(s) prior to the commencement of activities to confirm the procedure
	 and designated activity zones; ensure that contractors' staff repair, at their own cost, any environmental damage as a result
	of a contravention of the specifications contained in EMPr, to the satisfaction of the ECO.
	of a contraverment of the specifications contained in Livit 1, to the satisfaction of the ECO.

Responsible Person (s)	Role and Responsibilities				
contractor Environmental Officer	<u>Role</u>				
(cEO)	Each Contractor affected by the EMPr should appoint a cEO, who is responsible for the on-site				
	implementation of the EMPr (or relevant sections of the EMPr). The Contractor's representative can be				
	the site agent; site engineer; a dedicated environmental officer; or an independent consultant. The				
	Contractor must ensure that the Contractor's Representative is suitably qualified to perform the				
	necessary tasks and is appointed at a level such that she/he can interact effectively with other site				
	Contractors, labourers, the Environmental Control Officer and the public. As a minimum the cEO shall				
	meet the following criteria:				
	<u>Responsibilities</u>				
	- Be on site throughout the duration of the project and be dedicated to the project;				
	- Ensure all their staff are aware of the environmental requirements, conditions and constraints with respect to all of their activities on site;				
	- Implementing the environmental conditions, guidelines and requirements as stipulated within				
	the EA, EMPr and Method Statements;				
	- Attend the Environmental Site Meeting;				
	- Undertaking corrective actions where non-compliances are registered within the stipulated				
	timeframes;				
	- Report back formally on the completion of corrective actions;				
	- Assist the ECO in maintaining all the site documentation;				
	 Prepare the site inspection reports and corrective action reports for submission to the ECO; 				
	- Assist the ECO with the preparing of the monthly report; and				
	- Where more than one Contractor is undertaking work on site, each company appointed as a				
	Contractor will appoint a cEO representing that company.				

4. ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE

To ensure accountable and demonstrated implementation of the EMPr, a number of reporting systems, documentation controls and compliance mechanisms must be in place for all overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure projects as a minimum requirement.

4.1 Document control/Filing system

The holder of the EA is solely responsible for the upkeep and management of the EMPr file. At a minimum, all documentation detailed below will be stored in the EMPr file. A hard copy of all documentation shall be filed, while an electronic copy may be kept where relevant. A duplicate file will be maintained in the office of the DSS (where applicable). This duplicate file must remain current and up-to-date. The filing system must be updated and relevant documents added as required. The EMPr file must be made available at all times on request by the CA or other relevant authorities. The EMPr file will form part of any environmental audits undertaken as prescribed in the EIA Regulations.

4.2 Documentation to be available

At the outset of the project the following preliminary list of documents shall be placed in the filing system and be accessible at all times:

- Full copy of the signed EA from the CA in terms of NEMA, granting approval for the development or expansion;
- Copy of the generic and site specific EMPr as well as any amendments thereof;
- Copy of declaration of implementing generic EMPr and subsequent approval of site specific EMPr and amendments thereof;
- All method statements:
- Completed environmental checklists;
- Minutes and attendance register of environmental site meetings;
- An up-to-date environmental incident log;
- A copy of all instructions or directives issued;
- A copy of all corrective actions signed off. The corrective actions must be filed in such a way that a clear reference is made to the non-compliance record; and
- Complaints register.

4.3 Weekly Environmental Checklist

The ECOs are required to complete a Weekly Environmental Checklist, the format of which is to be agreed prior to commencement of the activity. The ECOs are required to sign and date the checklist, retain a copy in the EMPr file and submit a copy of the completed checklist to the DSS on a weekly basis.

The checklists will form the basis for the Monthly Environmental Reports. Copies of all completed checklists will be attached as Annexures to the Environmental Audit Report as required in terms of the EIA Regulations.

4.4 Environmental site meetings

Minutes of the environmental site meetings shall be kept. The minutes must include an attendance register and will be attached to the Monthly Report that is distributed to attendees. Each set of minutes must clearly record "Matters for Attention" that will be reviewed at the next meeting.

4.5 Required Method Statements

The method statement will be done in such detail that the ECOs are enabled to assess whether the contractor's proposal is in accordance with the EMPr.

The method statement must cover applicable details with regard to:

- development procedures;
- materials and equipment to be used;
- getting the equipment to and from site;
- how the equipment/ material will be moved while on site;
- how and where material will be stored;
- the containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- timing and location of activities;
- compliance/ non-compliance with the EMPr; and
- any other information deemed necessary by the ECOs.

Unless indicated otherwise by the Project Manager, the Contractor shall provide the following method statements to the Project Manager no less than 14 days prior to the commencement date of the activity:

- Site establishment Camps, Lay-down or storage areas, satellite camps, infrastructure;
- Batch plants;
- Workshop or plant servicing;
- Handling, transport and storage of Hazardous Chemical Substances;
- Vegetation management Protected, clearing, aliens, felling;
- Access management Roads, gates, crossings etc.;
- Fire plan;
- Waste management transport, storage, segregation, classification, disposal (all waste streams);
- Social interaction complaints management, compensation claims, access to properties etc.;
- Water use (source, abstraction and disposal), access and all related information, crossings and mitigation;
- Emergency preparedness Spills, training, other environmental emergencies;
- Dust and noise management methodologies;
- Fauna interaction and risk management only if the risk was identified wildlife interaction especially on game farms; and
- Heritage and palaeontology management.

The ECOs shall monitor and ensure that the contractors perform in accordance with these method statements. Completed and agreed method statements between the holder of the EA and the contractor shall be captured in Appendix 1.

4.6 Environmental Incident Log (Diary)

The ECOs are required to maintain an up-to-date and current Environmental Incident Log (environmental diary). The Environmental Incident Log is a means to record all environmental incidents and/or all non-compliance notice would not be issued. An environmental incident is defined as:

- Any deviation from the listed impact management actions (listed in this EMPr) that
 may be addressed immediately by the ECOs. (For example a contractor's staff
 member littering or a drip tray that has not been emptied);
- Any environmental impact resulting from an action or activity by a contractor in contravention of the environmental stipulations and guidelines listed in the EMPr which as a single event would have a minor impact but which if cumulative and continuous would have a significant effect (for example no toilet paper available in the ablutions for an afternoon); and
- General environmental information such as road kills or injured wildlife.

The ECOs are to record all environmental incidents in the Environmental Incident Log. All incidents regardless of severity must be reported to the Developer. The Log is to be kept in the EMPr file and at a minimum the following will be recorded for each environmental incident:

- The date and time of the incident;
- Description of the incident;
- The name of the Contractor responsible;
- The incident must be listed as significant or minor;
- If the incident is listed as significant, a non-compliance notice must be issued, and recorded in the log;
- Remedial or corrective action taken to mitigate the incident; and
- Record of repeat minor offences by the same contractor or staff member.

The Environmental Incident Log will be captured in the EAR.

4.7 Non-compliance

A non-compliance notice will be issued to the responsible contractor by the ECOs via the DSS or Project Manager. The non-compliance notice will be issued in writing; a copy filed in the EMPr file and will at a minimum include the following:

- Time and date of the non-compliance;
- Name of the contractor responsible;
- Nature and description of the non-compliance;
- Recommended / required corrective action; and
- Date by which the corrective action to be completed.

The contractors shall act immediately when a notice of non-compliance is received and correct whatever is the cause for the issuing of the notice. Complaints received regarding activities on the development site pertaining to the environment shall be recorded in a dedicated register and the response noted with the date and action taken. The ECO should be made aware of any complaints. Any non-compliance with the agreed procedures of the EMPr is a transgression of the various statutes and laws that define the manner by which the environment is managed. Failure to redress the cause shall be reported to the relevant CA for them to deal with the transgression, as it deems fit. The contractor is deemed not to have complied with the EMPr if, inter alia, There is a deviation from the environmental conditions, impact management outcomes and impact management actions, as approved in generic and site specific EMPr as relevant as set out in the EMPr, which deviation has, or may cause, an environmental impact.

4.8 Corrective action records

For each non-compliance notice issued, a documented corrective action must be recorded. On receiving a non-compliance notice from the DSS, the contractor's cEO will ensure that the corrective actions required take place within the stipulated timeframe. On completion of the corrective action the cEO is to issue a Corrective Action Report in writing to the ECOs. If satisfied that the corrective action has been completed, the ECOs are to sign-off on the Corrective Action Report, and attach the report to the non-compliance notice in the EMPr file. A corrective action is considered complete once the report has signed off by the ECOs.

4.9 Photographic record

A digital photographic record will be kept. The photographic record will be used to show before, during and post rehabilitation evidence of the project as well used in cases of damages claims if they arise. Each image must be dated and a brief description note attached.

The Contractor shall:

1. Allow the ECOs access to take photographs of all areas, activities and actions.

The ECOs shall keep an electronic database of photographic records which will include:

- 1. Pictures of all areas designated as work areas, camp areas, development sites and storage areas taken before these areas are set up;
- 2. All bunding and fencing;
- 3. Road conditions and road verges;
- 4. Condition of all farm fences;
- 5. Topsoil storage areas;
- 6. All areas to be cordoned off during construction;
- 7. Waste management sites;
- 8. Ablution facilities (inside and out);
- 9. Any non-conformances deemed to be "significant";
- 10. All completed corrective actions for non-compliances;
- 11. All required signage;

- 12. Photographic recordings of incidents;
- 13. All areas before, during and post rehabilitation; and
- 14. Include relevant photographs in the Final Environmental Audit Report.

4.10 Complaints register

The ECOs shall keep a current and up-to-date complaints register. The complaints register is to be a record of all complaints received from communities, stakeholders and individuals. The Complaints Record shall:

- 1. Record the name and contact details of the complainant;
- 2. Record the time and date of the complaint;
- 3. Contain a detailed description of the complaint;
- 4. Where relevant and appropriate, contain photographic evidence of the complaint or damage (ECOs to take relevant photographs); and
- 5. Contain a copy of the ECOs written response to each complaint received and keep a record of any further correspondence with the complainant. The ECO's written response will include a description of any corrective action to be taken and must be signed by the Contractor, ECO and affected party. Where a damage claim is issued by the complainant, the ECOs shall respond as described in (section 4.11) below.

4.11 Claims for damages

In the event that a Claim for Damages is submitted by a community, landowner or individual, the ECOs shall:

- 1. Record the full detail of the complaint as described in (section 4.10) above;
- 2. The DPM will evaluate the claim and associated damage and submit the evaluation to the Senior Site Representative for approval;
- 3. Following consideration by the DPM, the claim is to be resolved and settled immediately, or the reason for not accepting the claim communicated in writing to the claimant. Should the claimant not accept this, the ECO shall, in writing report the incident to the Developer's negotiator and legal department; and
- 4. A formal record of the response by the ECOs to the claimant as well as the rectification of the method of making payments not amount will be recorded in the EMPr file.

4.12 Interactions with affected parties

Open, transparent and good relations with affected landowners, communities and regional staff are an essential aspect to the successful management and mitigation of environmental impacts.

The ECOs shall:

1. Ensure that all queries, complaints and claims are dealt within an agreed timeframe;

- 2. Ensure that any or all agreements are documented, signed by all parties and a record of the agreement kept in the EMPr file;
- 3. Ensure that a complaints telephone numbers are made available to all landowners and affected parties; and
- 4. Ensure that contact with affected parties is courteous at all times;

4.13 Environmental audits

Internal environmental audits of the activity and implementation of the EMPr must be undertaken. The findings and outcomes must be included in the EMPr file and be submitted to the CA at intervals as indicated in the EA.

An Environmental Audit Report must be prepared monthly. The report will be tabled as the key point on the agenda of the Environmental Site Meeting. The Report is submitted for acceptance at the meeting and the final report will be circulated to the Project Manager and filed in the EMPr file. At a frequency determined by the EA, the ECOs shall submit the monthly reports to the CA. At a minimum the monthly report is to cover the following:

- Weekly Environmental Checklists;
- Deviations and non-compliances with the checklists;
- Non-compliances issued;
- Completed and reported corrective actions;
- Environmental Monitoring;
- General environmental findings and actions; and
- Minutes of the Bi-monthly Environmental Site Meetings.

4.14 Final environmental audits

On final completion of the rehabilitation and/or requirements of the EA a final EAR is to be prepared and submitted to the CA. The EAR must comply with Appendix 7 of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 1: Pre-approved generic EMPr template

5. IMPACT MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES AND IMPACT MANAGEMENT ACTIONS

This section provides a pre-approved generic EMPr template with aspects that are common to the development of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure. There is a list of aspects identified for the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure, and for each aspect a set of prescribed impact management outcomes and associated impact management actions have been identified. Holders of EAs are responsible to ensure the implementation of these outcomes and actions for all projects as a minimum requirement, in order to mitigate the impact of such aspects identified for the development or expansion of overhead electricity transmission and distribution infrastructure.

The template provided below is to be completed by providing the information under each heading for each environmental impact management action.

The completed template must be signed and dated on each page by both the contractor and the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as Appendix 1. Each method statement must also be duly signed and dated on each page by the contactor and the holder of the EA. This template, once signed and dated, is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

5.1 Environmental awareness training

Impact management outcome: All onsite staff are aware and understand the individual responsibilities in terms of this EMPr.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 All staff must receive environmental awareness training 	ECO / cEO /	Hold	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
prior to commencement of the activities.	dEO	environmental	Construction	dEO	and when	registers and
		awareness	and Operations		required	training minutes
		training				/ notes for the
		workshops				record
- The Contractor must allow for sufficient sessions to train	Contractor	Scheduling of	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
all personnel with no more than 20 personnel attending		sufficient	Construction	dEO	and when	registers and
each course.		sessions through			required	training minutes
		consultation				/ notes for the
		with the ECO /				record
		cEO / dEO				
- Refresher environmental awareness training is	cEO / dEO in	Hold refresher	During the	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
available as and when required.	consultation	environmental	construction	dEO	and when	registers and
	with the ECO	awareness	phase		required	training minutes
		training				/ notes for the
		workshops				record
- All staff are aware of the conditions and controls linked	cEO / dEO	Hold training	During the	ECO	Monthly and as	Attendance
to the EA and within the EMPr and made aware of their		workshops and	construction	dEO	and when	registers and
individual roles and responsibilities in achieving		ensure that the	phase		required	training minutes
compliance with the EA and EMPr.		EA and EMPr is				/ notes for the
		readily available				record
- The Contractor must erect and maintain information	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
posters at key locations on site, and the posters must		place	Construction	dEO		record
include the following information as a minimum:		appropriate		cEO		
a) Safety notifications; and		posters at key				
b) No littering.		locations				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Environmental awareness training must include as a	cEO / dEO in	Develop	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the	Environmental
minimum the following:	consultation	environmental	Construction	dEO	commencemen	awareness
a) Description of significant environmental	with the ECO	awareness			t of the	training material
impacts, actual or potential, related to their		training material			environmental	requirements
work activities;		which covers			awareness	checklist
b) Mitigation measures to be implemented		the minimum			training	
when carrying out specific activities;		requirements				
c) Emergency preparedness and response						
procedures;						
d) Emergency procedures;						
e) Procedures to be followed when working						
near or within sensitive areas;						
f) Wastewater management procedures;						
g) Water usage and conservation;						
h) Solid waste management procedures;						
i) Sanitation procedures;						
j) Fire prevention; and						
k) Disease prevention.						
 A record of all environmental awareness training 	ECO / cEO /	Filing system	During the	ECO	Monthly	Completed and
courses undertaken as part of the EMPr must be	dEO	including all	construction	dEO	,	up to date filing
available.		proof of training	phase			system with
		(i.e. attendance				proof of training
		register and				
		training minutes				
		/ notes for the				
		record)				
- Educate workers on the dangers of open and/or	cEO / dEO in	Develop	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the	Environmental
unattended fires.	consultation	environmental	Construction	dEO	commencemen	awareness
	with the ECO	awareness			t of the	training material
		training material			environmental	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		which covers			awareness	requirements
		the dangers of			training	checklist
		open and/or				
		unattended fire				
A staff attendance register of all staff to have received	ECO / cEO /	Filing system	During the	ECO	Monthly	Completed and
environmental awareness training must be available.	dEO	including all	construction	dEO		up to date filing
		proof of training	phase			system inclusive
		(i.e.,				of all
		attendance				attendance
		register)				registers
- Course material must be available and presented in	ECO / cEO /	Develop	During the	ECO	Monthly	Environmental
appropriate languages that all staff can understand.	dEO	environmental	construction	dEO		awareness
		awareness	phase			training material
		training material				requirements
		in the required				checklist and
		languages.				the training
		Training material				register which
		must by readily				must indicate
		available to all				the language of
		staff				the training

5.2 Site Establishment development

Impact management outcome: Impacts on the environment are minimised during site establishment and the development footprint are kept to demarcated development area.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 A method statement must be provided by the contractor prior to any onsite activity that includes the layout of the construction camp in the form of a plan showing the location of key infrastructure and services (where applicable), including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous materials storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management. 	Contractor	Development of an appropriate method statement	Pre-construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of the method statement which complies with the minimum requirements listed
 Location of construction camps must be within approved area to ensure that the site does not impact on sensitive areas identified in the environmental assessment or site walk through. 	DPM	Place construction camps outside of sensitive areas identified in the Basic Assessment Report	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of a layout and sensitivity map indicating avoidance of sensitive areas
Sites must be located where possible on previously disturbed areas.	DPM	Place site outside of sensitive areas and within	Pre-construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of a layout and sensitivity map indicating

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		previously				avoidance of
		disturbed areas				sensitive areas
		identified in the				and placement
		BA Report				within disturbed
						areas
- The camp must be fenced in accordance with Section	DPM	Design and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	The camp is
5.5: Fencing and gate installation.		implementation	& Construction	dEO	construction	fenced in
		of fencing as			and once	accordance
		per the			during the	with Section 5.5
		requirements of			construction of	of this EMPr
		Section 5.5 of			the fencing	
		this EMPr				
- The use of existing accommodation for contractor	Not applicable – tl	ne development of	new accommoda	tion is not proposed	d. Employees will be	accommodated
staff, where possible, is encouraged.	in the nearby towr	ns such as Richmon	d and Victoria Wes	t and transported to	o and from site daily	'.

5.3 Access restricted areas

Impact management outcome: Access to restricted areas prevented.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation Monitoring					
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Identification of access restricted areas is to be	dEO / cEO in	Spatially	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Access
informed by the environmental assessment, site walk	consultation	demarcate			construction	restricted areas
through, and any additional areas identified during	with the ECO	access				are identified
development.		restricted areas				and provided in
		informed by the				a spatial format
		BA Report				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Erect, demarcate and maintain a temporary barrier	dEO / cEO in	Erect	At the	ECO	Monthly	Access
with clear signage around the perimeter of any access	consultation	appropriate	commencement			restricted areas
restricted area, colour coding could be used if	with the ECO	temporary	and for the			are closed-off
appropriate.		barriers around	duration of the			through
		access	construction			temporary
		restricted areas	phase			barriers and
						barriers are
						maintained to a
						sufficient
						standard
- Unauthorised access and development related	Contractor /	Erect	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Photographic
activity inside access restricted areas is prohibited.	dEO / cEO	appropriate	construction		and when	evidence and
		temporary	phase		required	notes of
		barriers around				compliance
		access				that no
		restricted areas				unauthorised
		and provide				access or
		clear signage of				activities has
		restricted status				taken place
						within the
						access
			_			restricted areas

5.4 Access roads

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment through the planned and restricted movement of vehicles on site.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Access to the servitude and tower positions must be	DPM	Undertake	Pre-construction	dEO	Ongoing	Proof of
negotiated with the relevant landowner and must fall		negotiations for	Construction		throughout	negotiations
within the assessed and authorised area.		access to the	Operation		construction	with affected
		servitude and			and operation	landowners and
		tower positions				requirements for
		with landowners				access to the
		affected by the				servitude and
		power line				tower positions
						in the form of
						written and
						signed
						agreements
An access agreement must be formalised and signed	DPM	Develop access	Pre-construction	dEO	Once, prior to	Availability of
by the DPM, Contractor and landowner before	Contractor	agreements with		ECO	construction	approved and
commencing with the activities.		the affected				signed
		landowners.				negotiations
		Ensure that				
		agreements are				
		approved and				
		signed				
– The access roads to tower positions must be	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction	cEO / ECO	Once, prior to	Photographic
signposted after access has been negotiated and		install signs to			construction	record of
before the commencement of the activities.		indicate access				signposted
						access roads
						and GPS co-
						ordinates of

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						where these are placed
All private roads used for access to the servitude must be maintained and upon completion of the works, be left in at least the original condition.	Contractor	Undertake maintenance activities on private roads used for construction as degradation takes place	During the construction phase	cEO / ECO	Weekly	Photographic record of the pre-construction condition and degradation of roads, and records of the implementation and effectiveness of maintenance activities
All contractors must be made aware of all the access routes.	dEO / cEO	Develop a map illustrating all access routes associated with the project and present and provide the map to all contractors	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Once, prior to construction	Access routes map readily available
 Any access route deviation from that in the written agreement must be closed and re-vegetated immediately, at the contractor's expense. 	Contractor	All access routes developed that are not in-line with the access route	Construction and Rehabilitation	cEO ECO	Bi-weekly (every two weeks)	Photographic record of the closure of access roads

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		agreements				and re-
		must be closed				vegetation
		and re-				
		habilitated to				
		the pre-				
		disturbance				
		state				
- Maximum use of both existing servitudes and existing	Contractor	Existing access	Construction	cEO	Weekly	Implementation
roads must be made to minimise further disturbance		routes to be	and operation	Operation and		of the approved
through the development of new roads.		used must be		maintenance		layout
		specified and		team		
		the				
		development of				
		new roads must				
		be avoided as				
		far as possible				
- In circumstances where private roads must be used,	dEO / cEO	Record the	During the	ECO	Prior to the use	Photographic
the condition of the said roads must be recorded in		conditions of	construction		of private roads	record and
accordance with section 4.9: photographic record;		private roads to	phase			proof of the
prior to use and the condition thereof agreed by the		be used (prior to				road conditions
landowner, the DPM, and the contractor.		use) as per the				agreed upon
		requirements of				with the relevant
		section 4.9 and				parties
		agree on the				
		required				
		condition of the				
		roads with the				
		landowner, DPM				
		and contractor				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Access roads in flattish areas must follow fence lines and tree belts to avoid fragmentation of vegetated areas or croplands. 		Design access roads to follow fence lines and avoid vegetated areas	Pre-construction	ECO	Once during the design and once prior to construction	Implementation of the approved layout	
Access roads must only be developed on pre-planned and approved roads.	Contractor	Construction of access roads only on preplanned and approved access roads	During the construction phase	ECO once during the design dEO	Once during the design and weekly during the construction of access roads	Implementation of the approved layout	

5.5 Fencing and Gate installation

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and gates where required.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Use existing gates provided to gain access to all parts 	Contractor	Identify and	Pre-construction	dEO	Monthly	Existing gates
of the area authorised for development, where		inform all	& Construction			are utilised on a
possible.		relevant staff of				frequent basis
		the existing				and only limited
		gates to be				new access
		used				gates are
						developed

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
							- Existing and new gates to be recorded and
documented in accordance with section 4.9:		gates will be	construction		construction of	record of the	
photographic record.		recorded and	phase		all new gates	existing and	
		documented as			have been	new gates as	
		per the			completed	per the	
		requirements of				requirements of	
		section 4.9				section4.9	
 All gates must be fitted with locks and be kept locked 	Contractor	Ensure all	Construction	ECO monthly,	Bi-weekly (every	All gates are	
at all times during the development phase, unless		relevant gates	and Operation	Operation and	second week)	locked and no	
otherwise agreed with the landowner.		are fitted with		maintenance		complaints from	
		locks and are		team and		landowners are	
		always locked		cEO		received in this	
						regard	
- At points where the line crosses an existing fence in	dEO	Install new gates	During the	ECO	Once, prior to	New gates are	
which there is no suitable gate within the extent of the		where required	construction		construction	installed where	
line servitude, on the instruction of the DPM, a gate		with the	phase		and during the	the power line	
must be installed at the approval of the landowner.		approval of the			construction	crosses fences	
		affected			phase, as and		
		landowner			when required		
- Care must be taken that the gates must be so erected	Contractor	Install gates in a	During the	cEO	Once, during	New gates	
that there is a gap of no more than 100 mm between		manner so that	construction		the erection of	installed as per	
the bottom of the gate and the ground.		there is a gap of	phase		the gates during	the requirement	
		no more than			the construction		
		100mm			phase		
		between the					
		bottom of the					
		gate and the					
		ground					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Where gates are installed in jackal proof fencing, a suitable reinforced concrete sill must be provided beneath the gate. 	Contractor	Implement a reinforced concrete sill beneath gates installed for jackal proofing	During the construction phase	CEO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase	New gates installed as per the requirement
Original tension must be maintained in the fence wires.	Contractor	Maintain original tension of fences through required activities	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No tension reduction on fence wires
 All gates installed in electrified fencing must be re- electrified. 	Contractor	Electrify gates installed in electrified fencing	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase	Gates installed in electrified fencing is electrified
 All demarcation fencing and barriers must be maintained in good working order for the duration of overhead transmission and distribution electricity infrastructure development activities. 	Contractor	Undertake maintenance activities on fences and barriers	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of maintained fences and barriers
 Fencing must be erected around the camp, batching plants, hazardous storage areas, and all designated access restricted areas, where appropriate and would not cause harm to the sensitive flora. 	Contractor	Fence construction camps, batching plants, hazardous storage areas and access restricted areas.	During the construction phase	ECO	Once during the erection of fencing	Photographic record of fences erected

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		Avoid sensitive					
		flora					
- Any temporary fencing to restrict the movement of	dEO/ cEO	Obtain written	During the	ECO	To be monitored	Written approval	
livestock must only be erected with the permission of	Contractor	approval from	construction		as temporary	to be provided	
the landowner.		the relevant	phase		fencing is	by the dEO	
		landowner			required		
		where					
		temporary					
		fencing is					
		required to					
		restrict livestock					
		movement					
All fencing must be developed of high-quality material	Contractor	Make use of	During the	cEO	To be monitored	Use of high-	
bearing the SABS mark.		high-quality	construction		as fencing is	quality materials	
		materials	phase		erected during	for fencing	
		approved by			the construction	approved by	
		SABS			phase	SABS	
The use of razor wire as fencing must be avoided as far	Contractor	Razor wire must	During the	ECO	To be monitored	Fences erected	
as possible.		not be sourced	construction		as fencing is	do not make	
		or used for the	phase		erected during	use of razor wire	
		erection of			the construction		
		fencing			phase		
- Fenced areas with gate access must remain locked	DSS and	Ensure fenced	During the	DPM and	DPM and	Fences are	
after hours, during weekends and on holidays if staff is	Contractor	areas are	construction	Contractor	Contractor	locked and no	
away from site. Site security will be required at all times.		locked as	phase			complaints from	
		required				landowners are	
		through the				received. A	
		implementation				security	
		of a formalised					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		process. Appoint a security company				company is appointed	
On completion of the development phase all temporary fences are to be removed.	Contractor	Removal of all temporary fences	At the end of the Construction Phase	ECO dEO	Once, following the completion of the construction phase	No temporary fences associated with the project is present following the completion of the construction phase	
The contractor must ensure that all fence uprights are appropriately removed, ensuring that no uprights are cut at ground level but rather removed completely.	Contractor	Appropriate removal of all fence uprights	At the end of the Construction Phase	ECO dEO	Once, following the completion of the construction phase	No fence uprights associated with the project is present following the completion of the construction phase	

5.6 Water Supply Management

Impact management outcome: Undertake responsible water usage.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence compliance	of
 All abstraction points or bore holes must be registered with the DWS and suitable water meters installed to ensure that the abstracted volumes are measured on a daily basis; The Contractor must ensure the following: 	DPM and Contractor Not applicable - v	Obtaining relevant registrations from DWS and installation of water meters	Pre-construction	CEO	To be monitored with the installation of water meters and daily during construction and operation	Use of high- quality water meters	
 a. The vehicle abstracting water from a river does not enter or cross it and does not operate from within the river; b. No damage occurs to the riverbed or banks and that the abstraction of water does not entail stream diversion activities; and c. All reasonable measures to limit pollution or sedimentation of the downstream watercourse are implemented. 							
- Ensure water conservation is being practiced by: a. Minimising water use during cleaning of equipment; b. Undertaking regular audits of water systems; c. Including a discussion on water usage and conservation during environmental awareness training; and d. The use of grey water is encouraged.	Contractor / dEO / cEO in consultation with the ECO	Implement the required water conservation measures throughout onsite construction processes	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Successful implementation of water conservation	'n

5.7 Storm and wastewater management

Impact management outcome: Impacts to the environment caused by stormwater and wastewater discharges during construction are avoided.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Runoff from the cement/ concrete batching areas must be strictly controlled, and contaminated water must be collected, stored and either treated or disposed of off-site, at a location approved by the project manager.	Contractor	Implement measures for the control and management of runoff	During the construction phase	cEO	Weekly	No mismanagement of runoff or contaminated water due to the temporary concrete
All spillage of oil onto concrete surfaces must be controlled by the use of an approved absorbent material and the used absorbent material disposed of at an appropriate waste disposal facility.	Contractor and cEO	Obtain approved absorbent material and make use of licensed waste disposal facilities for disposal of oil	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	batching plant Availability of approved absorbent material at the construction site and proof of disposal of oil at licensed disposal facilities
 Natural stormwater runoff not contaminated during the development and clean water can be discharged directly to watercourses and water bodies, subject to the Project Manager's approval and support by the ECO. 	DPM in consultation with the ECO	Consultation between the DPM and the ECO to determine if water can be discharged directly into water bodies	During the construction phase	ECO	As and when the need arises to discharge natural stormwater runoff and clean water	Proof of consultation between the DPM and ECO and the outcomes thereof to be provided. Proof of water quality testing and the results thereof.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		(where present).				
		The necessary				
		water quality				
		testing must be				
		undertaken prior				
		to discharge				

5.8 Solid and hazardous waste management

Impact management outcome: Waste is appropriately stored, handled and safely disposed of at a recognised waste facility.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
- All measures regarding waste management must be	Contractor	Develop and	During the	ECO	Monthly	Implementation		
undertaken using an integrated waste management		implement a	construction			of the waste		
approach.		waste	phase			management		
		management				plan and proof		
		plan				of waste		
						management		
						through proof of		
						responsible		
						disposal		
- Sufficient, covered waste collection bins (scavenger	Contractor	Provision of	During the	cEO	Weekly	Appropriate		
and weatherproof) must be provided.		appropriate	construction			waste collection		
		waste collection	phase			bins are		
		bins strategically				available		
		placed				throughout the		
						site		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		throughout the				
		site				
 A suitably positioned and clearly demarcated waste 	DPM and	Identify an	Design and	ECO	Once, prior to	A waste
collection site must be identified and provided.	Contractor	appropriate	Construction		the	collection site is
		location for the	Phase		commencemen	appropriately
		waste collection			t of construction	placed and
		site which must				demarcated
		be clearly				
		demarcated				
		through signage				
		and temporary				
		fencing				
- The waste collection site must be maintained in a	Contractor	Regular	During the	cEO	Weekly	The waste
clean and orderly manner.		collection of	Construction			collection site is
		waste and	Phase			maintained and
		maintenance of				clean
		the area must				
		be undertaken				
		as per the waste				
		requirements for				
		the project				
		during				
		construction				
- Waste must be segregated into separate bins and	Contractor	Provide	During the	cEO	Weekly	Separate waste
clearly marked for each waste type for recycling and		separate and	Construction			bins are
safe disposal.		marked bins for	Phase			available on site
		the different				and waste
		waste types				generated is
		associated with				separated into
						the relevant bins

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		the construction				
		phase				
Staff must be trained in waste segregation.	cEO / dEO in	Include waste	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly, and as	Environmental
	consultation	segregation as	Construction		and when	awareness
	with the ECO	part of the			required	training material
		environmental				requirements
		awareness				checklist
		training				
		material.				
Bins must be emptied regularly.	Contractor	Bins must be	During the	ECO	Monthly	No
		emptied before	construction			mismanagemen
		reaching total	phase			t of bins.
		capacity and				
		on a regular				
		basis as required				
		for the project				
- General waste produced onsite must be disposed of		Disposal of	During the	ECO	Monthly	Disposal
at registered waste disposal sites/ recycling company.		general waste	construction			certificates of
		at licensed	phase			disposal at
		waste disposal				licensed facilities
		facilities must be				to be provided
		undertaken as				
		per the waste				
		management				
		plan				
- Hazardous waste must be disposed of at a registered	Contractor	Disposal of	During the	ECO	Monthly	Disposal
waste disposal site.		hazardous	construction			certificates of
		waste at	phase			disposal at
		licensed waste				licensed facilities
		disposal facilities				to be provided

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		must be					
		undertaken as					
		per the waste					
		management					
		plan					
- Certificates of safe disposal for general, hazardous,	Contractor	Obtain	During the	ECO	Monthly	Disposal	
and recycled waste must be maintained.		certificates for	construction			certificates of	
		safe disposal of	phase			disposal at	
		waste				licensed facilities	
						to be provided	
						and filed as part	
						of the filing	
						system	

5.9 Protection of watercourses

Impact management outcome: Pollution and contamination of the watercourse environment and erosion are prevented.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- All watercourses must be protected from direct or	Contractor	Contractor to	During the	cEO	Weekly	No incidents	
indirect spills of pollutants such as sewage, cement,		undertake	construction			reported of	
oils, fuels, chemicals, aggregate tailings, wash and		activities which	phase			spillage of	
contaminated water or organic material resulting from		can cause spills				pollutants into	
the Contractor's activities.		of pollutants				watercourses	
		outside of					
		watercourses					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- In the event of a spill, prompt action must be taken to clear the polluted or affected areas.	Contractor and cEO	Develop a management plan or process for implementation should a spill take place	During the construction phase	CEO	Weekly	Feedback must be provided by the contractor in terms of how the spill was handled and photographic evidence of the feedback must be provided and kept on
Where possible, no development equipment must traverse any seasonal or permanent wetland.	cEO and Contractor	Ensure layout has been informed by the environmental sensitivities as determined by the basic assessment and specialist studies	Construction Phase	ECO	Once off review that the layout used is the approved one	record Confirm no development equipment traverses any seasonal or permanent wetland as per the authorised layout by reviewing the as-built designs (once-off confirmation).
Development of permanent watercourse crossing must only be undertaken where no alternative access to tower position is available.	cEO, Contractor	Ensure that permanent crossings (access roads) are provided for	During the construction phase	CEO	Weekly	Ensure that permanent crossings are developed if

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		access to the				there is no	
		power line if no				alternative.	
		alternative					
		crossing is					
		available.					
- There must not be any impact on the long-term	DPM, cEO	Develop a	During the	ECO, dEO	For all phases of	No incidents	
morphological dynamics of watercourses.		management	construction		the project life	reported of	
		plan or process	and operation		cycle (i.e.	spillage of	
		for	phase		construction,	pollutants into	
		implementation			operation,	watercourses	
		should a spill			decommissionin		
		take place			g)		
		within a					
		watercourse					
		and ensure					
		continuous					
		monitoring					
Upgrading of Existing crossing points must be favoured	DPM, cEO	Develop a	During the pre-	ECO, dEO	During the	Existing crossing	
over the creation of new crossings (including		management	construction		construction	points utilised as	
temporary access)".		plan or process	and		phase of the	opposed to new	
		for	construction		project.	ones created	
		implementation	phase			and no incidents	
		should a spill				reported of	
		take place				spillage of	
		within a				pollutants into	
		watercourse				watercourses	
		and ensure					
		continually					
		monitoring					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
– When working in or near any watercourse, the	Contractor	Activities	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No degradation	
following environmental controls and consideration		undertaken	construction		and when	of the	
must be taken:		near	phase		required	watercourses	
a) Water levels during the period of construction;		watercourses				and no incidents	
b) Unless authorised, there should be no altering of		must be in-line				of destruction	
the bed, banks, course or characteristics of a		with and				reported	
watercourse;		consider the					
c) During the execution of the works, appropriate		specified					
measures to prevent pollution and contamination		environmental					
of the riparian environment must be implemented		controls					
e.g. including ensuring that construction							
equipment is well maintained;							
d) Where earthwork is being undertaken in close							
proximity to any watercourse, slopes must be							
stabilised using suitable materials, i.e., sandbags or							
geotextile fabric, to prevent sand and rock from							
entering the channel; and							
e) Appropriate rehabilitation and re-vegetation							
measures for the watercourse banks must be							
implemented timeously. In this regard, the banks							
should be appropriately and incrementally							
stabilised as soon as development allows.							

5.10 Vegetation clearing

Impact management outcome: Vegetation clearing is restricted to the authorised development footprint of the proposed infrastructure.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation I			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
General:					1		
- Indigenous vegetation which does not interfere with	cEO and	Demarcate	Construction	ECO monthly,	Weekly, and as	No unnecessary	
the development must be left undisturbed.	contractor	areas of	and operation	Operation and	and when	clearance of	
		indigenous	(i.e., for	maintenance	required	indigenous	
		vegetation to be	maintenance	team weekly		vegetation is	
		avoided before	purposes)			undertaken	
		clearance is					
		undertaken					
- Protected or endangered species may occur on or	Contractor	Demarcate	During the	ECO monthly	Weekly, and as	No clearance of	
near the development site. Special care should be		areas containing	Construction	and Operation	and when	protected or	
taken not to damage such species.		protected or	Phase	and	required	endangered	
		endangered		maintenance	·	species other	
		species to be		team weekly		than those	
		avoided by		,		permitted to be	
		construction				removed	
		activities					
Search, rescue and replanting of all protected and	Relevant	Develop and	Pre-construction	cEO	Weekly, and as	Implementation	
endangered species likely to be damaged during	specialist in	implement a	& Construction		and when	of the Plant	
project development must be identified by the	consultation with	Plant Search			required	Search and	
relevant specialist and completed prior to any	the Contractor	and Rescue Plan				Rescue Plan	
development or clearing.						and	
						photographic	
						evidence and	
						notes of the	
						implementation	
						of the plan	
						or the blatt	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Permits for removal must be obtained from the Department of Environment, Forestry and Fisheries (DEFF) prior to the cutting or clearing of the affected species, and they must be filed; and from the Department of Agriculture, Environmental Affairs, Rural Development and Land Reform for protected plants. 	DPM	Undertake the permitting process in order to obtain the relevant permits for the removal of protected species. Permits must be kept on	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of the construction phase and removal of the protected species	DEFF permits on file	
- The Environmental Audit Report must confirm that all identified species have been rescued and replanted and that the location of replanting is compliant with conditions of approvals.		file Ensure that the audit report indicates all species rescued and replanted and provides feedback in terms of compliance with the conditions of permits for	During the Construction Phase and following the completion of the Construction Phase	ECO	Once off or as and when required	ECO confirmed rescued and replanted programme implemented correctly.	
Trees felled due to construction must be documented and form part of the Environmental Audit Report.	ECO	replanting Ensure that the audit report documents the details of trees felled	During the Construction Phase and following the completion of the Construction Phase	ECO	Once off or as and when required	ECO confirms documentation of trees felled	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Rivers and watercourses must be kept clear of felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris.	Contractor	Felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris must be disposed of at a licensed waste disposal facility	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	No felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris are dumped in inappropriate locations and disposal certificates are available as proof of responsible disposal
 Only a registered pest control operator may apply herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial application must be carried out under the supervision of a registered pest control operator that is appropriately trained. 	Contractor	A suitably qualified pest control operator must be appointed	Construction and Operation	ECO	As and when the use of herbicides is required	Only registered pest control operators must be appointed and proof of their registration must be provided
A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage.	Contractor	Develop a daily register for the documentation of the details of herbicide usage	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Daily register provided by the pest control operator

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 All protected species and sensitive vegetation not removed must be clearly marked and such areas fenced off in accordance to Section 5.3: Access restricted areas. 	consultation with	Spatially demarcate protected species and sensitive vegetation and implement appropriate fencing where required as per section 5.3	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, during the undertaking of the demarcation of the areas and the erection of the fencing	Demarcation and fencing is undertaken in- line with the requirements of section 5.3	
Servitude:	!	!	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		-	
 Vegetation that does not grow high enough to cause interference with overhead transmission and distribution infrastructures, or cause a fire hazard to any plantation, must not be cut or trimmed unless it is growing in the road access area, and then only at the discretion of the Project Manager. 	consultation with the DPM	Identify areas of vegetation not to be trimmed.	Construction and Operation	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Monthly	An indication of the areas where vegetation has not been trimmed or where vegetation has been removed from access roads must be provided.	
 Where clearing for access purposes is essential, the maximum width to be cleared within the servitude must be in accordance to distance as agreed between the landowner and the EA holder. 	Contractor	Clearing for access must be undertaken as per the requirements provided by the	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof must be provided that only agreed upon areas have been cleared	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		landowner and					
		the EA holder					
Alien invasive vegetation must be removed according	Contractor	Undertake	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as	Proof must be	
to a plan (in line with relevant municipal and provincial		removal of alien	and Operation	Operation and	and when	provided that	
procedures, guidelines and recommendations) and		invasive		maintenance	required	alien invasive	
disposed of at a recognised waste disposal facility.		vegetation in		team		vegetation has	
		accordance				been cleared in	
		with the relevant				accordance to	
		guideline				the relevant	
		relevant and				guideline and	
		ensure the				that the	
		vegetation is				vegetation was	
		disposed of at a				disposed of at a	
		licensed waste				licensed waste	
		disposal facility				disposal facility	
Vegetation must be trimmed where it is likely to intrude	Contractor	Develop a	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as	Proof must be	
on the minimum vegetation clearance distance		procedure for	and operation	Operation and	and when	provided that	
(MVCD) or will intrude on this distance before the next		the trimming of		maintenance	required	vegetation is	
scheduled clearance. MVCD is determined from SANS		vegetation in		team		trimmed in	
10280.		terms of the				accordance	
		listed				with the listed	
		requirements				requirements	
- Debris resulting from clearing and pruning must be	Contractor	Dispose of the	Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as	Proof must be	
disposed of at a recognised waste disposal facility,		debris in	and operation	Operation and	and when	provided that	
unless the landowners wish to retain the cut		accordance		maintenance	required	the debris has	
vegetation.		with the waste		team		been disposed	
		management				of at a licensed	
		plan					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
						waste disposal
						facility
- In the case of the development of new overhead	Contractor	Develop a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Proof of
transmission and distribution infrastructures, a one		procedure for	& Construction		the	implementation
metre "trace-line" must be cut through the vegetation		the cutting of			commencement	of the
for stringing purposes only and no vehicle access must		vegetation for			of construction	procedure for
be cleared along the" trace-line". Alternative		stringing				the cutting of
methods of stringing that limit impact to the		purposes				vegetation for
environment must always be considered.						stringing
						purposes

5.11 Protection of fauna

Impact management outcome: Minimise disturbance to fauna and avifauna.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- No interference with livestock must occur without the	dEO / cEO	Develop a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Written consent	
landowner's written consent and with the landowner	Contractor	procedure for	and during the		the	provided by the	
or a person representing the landowner being present.		dealing with	construction		commencemen	landowner and	
		livestock within	phase		t of construction	proof of	
		the affected			and as and	representation	
		properties			when required	of the	
					during the	landowner	
					construction	during	
					phase	interference	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- The breeding sites of raptors and other wild bird	dEO / cEO in	Ensure that the	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	The planning
species must be taken into consideration during the	consultation	planning and	& Construction		the	and
planning of the development programme.	with the	development			commencemen	development
	Contractor	programme			t of construction	programme
		considers			and as and	includes the
		breeding sites			when required	consideration of
		for wild bird				breeding sites
		species				for wild bird
						species
 Breeding sites must be kept intact and disturbance to 	dEO / cEO in	Avoid breeding	During the	ECO monthly,	Weekly, and as	Photographic
breeding birds must be avoided. Special care must be	consultation	sites and ensure	Construction	cEO and	an when	record of intact
taken where nestlings or fledglings are present.	with the	that special	Phase	Operation and	required during	breeding sites
	Contractor	care is taken in	Operation	maintenance	the	
		the presence of	Phase	team weekly	construction.	
		nestlings and			Monthly, and as	
		fledglings			and when	
					required during	
					operation	
- Nesting sites on existing parallel lines must be	dEO / cEO in	Walk-downs of	During the	ECO	Quarterly, and	Details of walk-
documented.	consultation	the existing lines	Construction	Operation and	as and when	downs
	with the ECO	located parallel	Phase	maintenance	required	undertaken
		to the project	Operation	team		must be noted
		must be	Phase			and kept on file
		undertaken and				and
		nests and the				photographic
		details thereof				records of
		documented				nesting sites
						must be kept

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Special recommendations of the avian specialist must 	dEO / cEO in	All mitigation	During the	ECO	Monthly during	Photographic
be adhered to at all times to prevent unnecessary	consultation	measures	Construction	Operation and	construction	record of
disturbance of birds.	with the	recommended	Phase	maintenance	and monthly	compliance
	Contractor	by the avifauna	Operation	team	during operation	and successful
		specialist must	Phase			implementation
		be				of the
		implemented				recommended
						measures
Bird guards and diverters must be installed on the new	dEO / cEO in	Recommendati	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Photographic
line as per the recommendations of the specialist.	consultation	ons made by	Construction	Operation and	and when	record of
	with the	the specialist for	Phase	maintenance	required	implementation
	Contractor	the installation	Operation	team		and
		of bird guards	Phase			maintenance of
		and diverters				bird guards and
		must be				diverters
		adhered to and				
		implemented as				
		appropriate.				
		Bird guards and				
		diverters must				
		be maintained				
- No poaching must be tolerated under any	dEO / cEO in	All site staff must	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No instances of
circumstances. All animal dens in close proximity to the	consultation	be informed of	Construction		and when	poaching is
works areas must be marked as Access restricted	with the	this requirement	Phase		required	reported
areas.	Contractor	during the				
		Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training and the				
		consequences				
		of not adhering				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		to the				
		requirement.				
		These areas				
		must be				
		demarcated as				
		Access				
		Restricted Areas				
 No deliberate or intentional killing of fauna is allowed. 	dEO / cEO in	All site staff must	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No instances of
	consultation	be informed of	Construction		and when	deliberate or
	with the	this requirement	Phase		required	intentional killing
	Contractor	during the				is reported
		Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training and the				
		consequences				
		of not adhering				
		to the				
		requirement. These areas				
		must be				
		demarcated as				
		Access				
		Restricted Areas				
 In areas where snakes are abundant, snake deterrents 	dEO / cEO in	Implement and	During the	ECO	Once, during	Photographic
are to be deployed on the pylons to prevent snakes	consultation	maintain snake	Construction	Operation and	the construction	record of the
climbing up, being electrocuted and causing power	with the	deterrents on	Phase	maintenance	of the pylons	implementation
outages.	Contractor	pylons in areas	Operation	team	and as and	and
<u> </u>		where snakes	Phase		when required.	maintenance of
		are abundant			Monthly during	snake deterrents
					operation	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- No Threatened or Protected species (ToPs) and/or	DPM in	Undertake a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Permits for	
protected fauna as listed according NEMBA (Act No.	consultation	permitting			the	removal	
10 of 2004) and relevant provincial ordinances may be	with the dEO	process to			commencemen	and/relocation	
removed and/or relocated without appropriate		obtain the			t of construction	must be kept on	
authorisations/permits.		required permits			and as and	file and be	
					when required	readily available	

5.12 Protection of heritage resources

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to heritage resources.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Identify, demarcate and prevent impact to all known	DPM and a	Spatially identify	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the	Proof of	
sensitive heritage features on site in accordance with	suitably qualified	and demarcate			commencement	avoidance of	
the No-Go procedure in Section 5.3: Access restricted	specialist	areas of			of construction	sensitive	
areas.		heritage				heritage	
	dEO / cEO in	significance as				features through	
	consultation	per the Heritage				details of	
	with the	Impact				avoidance and	
	Contractor and	Assessment and				photographic	
	ECO	the Heritage				records	
		Walk-through					
		Report and as					
		per the					
		requirements of					
		section 5.3					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Carry out general monitoring of excavations for	dEO (in	Ensure	During the	ECO	Monthly, or as	Environmental
potential fossils, artefacts and material of heritage	consultation	construction	Construction		required	awareness
importance.	with specialists	staff are	Phase			training includes
	if/as required).	adequately				measures
		informed (via				relating to
		environmental				monitoring for
		awareness				chance finds
		training) to carry				
		out monitoring				
		of excavations				
		for fossils,				
		artefacts and				
		important				
		heritage				
		material				
- All work must cease immediately, if any human	dEO / cEO in	Develop and	During the	ECO	As and when	Proof of work
remains and/or other archaeological,	consultation	implement	Construction		required	ceased, and the
palaeontological, and historical material are	with the	procedures for	Phase			required
uncovered. Such material, if exposed, must be	Contractor and	situations where				procedures
reported to the nearest museum, archaeologist/	ECO	human remains,				followed in
palaeontologist (or the South African Police Services),		archaeological,				cases where
so that a systematic and professional investigation can		palaeontolgoic				material is
be undertaken. Sufficient time must be allowed to		al or historical				discovered.
remove/collect such material before development		material are				
recommences.		uncovered				

5.13 Safety of the public

Impact management outcome: All precautions are taken to minimise the risk of injury, harm or complaints.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Identify fire hazards, demarcate and restrict public access to these areas as well as notify the local authority of any potential threats e.g., large brush stockpiles, fuels etc. 	cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Develop an Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan specific to	Pre-construction Construction	CEO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and weekly during the construction	Compliance with the Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management
All unattended open excavations must be adequately fenced or demarcated.	Contractor	the project Ensure that all excavations undertaken is fenced and demarcated within a reasonable timeframe and in instances where excavations will be open for long-periods of time	During the Construction Phase	cEO	phase Weekly	Plan Excavations are fenced where required and photographic proof can be provided
 Adequate protective measures must be implemented to prevent unauthorised access to and climbing of partly constructed towers and protective scaffolding. 	Contractor	All staff must be easily identifiable, and the climbing of towers and	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No incidents of unauthorised climbing is reported

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		scaffolding must only be undertaken by authorised				
		personnel as managed by the Contractor				
Ensure structures vulnerable to high winds are secured.	Contractor	Ensure that sufficient stabilisation measures are implemented to secure structures vulnerable to high winds	During the construction phase	CEO	Weekly, and as and when required	No incidents of unstable structures due to high winds is reported
Maintain an incidents and complaints register in which all incidents or complaints involving the public are logged.	cEO	Compile and regularly update as incidents and complaints are submitted from the public and indicate the actions taken to resolve the complaint	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	The incidents and complaints register is complete and provides all the required details

5.14 Sanitation

Impact management outcome: Clean and well-maintained toilet facilities are available to all staff in an effort to minimise the risk of disease and impact to the environment.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
Mobile chemical toilets are installed onsite if no other	Contractor	Mobile	During the	cEO	Weekly	Mobile toilets
ablution facilities are available.		chemical toilets	Construction			are installed and
		must be placed	Phase			avoid
		appropriately				environmental
		and in areas				sensitivities
		that avoid				
		environmental				
		sensitivities				
The use of ablution facilities and or mobile toilets must	Contractor in	All site staff must	Pe-construction	ECO	Monthly, and as	No evidence of
be used at all times and no indiscriminate use of the	consultation	be informed of	& Construction		and when	non-compliance
veld for the purposes of ablutions must be permitted	with the cEO	this requirement			required	identified
under any circumstances.		during the				
		Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training and the				
		consequences				
		of not adhering				
		to the				
		requirement.				
- Where mobile chemical toilets are required, the	Contractor in	The installation	During the	cEO	Weekly	No evidence of
following must be ensured:	consultation	of the toilets by	Construction			non-compliance
a) Toilets are located no closer than 100 m to any	with the cEO	the Contractor	Phase			identified
watercourse or water body;		must be as per				
b) Toilets are secured to the ground to prevent them		the listed				
from toppling due to wind or any other cause;		requirements				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 c) No spillage occurs when the toilets are cleaned or emptied and the contents are managed in accordance with the EMPr; 						
d) Toilets have an external closing mechanism and are closed and secured from the outside when not in use to prevent toilet paper from being blown out;						
e) Toilets are emptied before long weekends and workers holidays, and must be locked after working hours; and						
f) Toilets are serviced regularly and the ECO must inspect toilets to ensure compliance to health standards.						
A copy of the waste disposal certificates must be maintained.	Contractor	Certificates obtained from the licensed waste disposal facility with the emptying of the toilets must be kept on file	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Certificates for waste disposal from the licensed waste disposal facility available on site

5.15 Prevention of disease

Impact Management outcome: All necessary precautions linked to the spread of disease are taken.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Undertake environmentally friendly pest control in the	Contractor	Only	During the	ECO	As and when	Contractor to
camp area.		environmentally	Construction		pest control is	provide proof of
		friendly pest	Phase		required for the	pest control
		control must be			project	used being
		used, when				environmentally
		required				friendly
- Ensure that the workforce is sensitised to the effects of	cEO /	The effects of	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Environmental
sexually transmitted diseases, especially HIV/ AIDS.	Contractor in	sexually	& Construction		the	awareness
	consultation	transmitted			commencemen	training material
	with the ECO	diseases and			t of construction	requirements
		HIV/ AIDS must			and monthly	checklist
		be covered in			during	
		the			construction	
		Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training				
The Contractor must ensure that information posters on	Contractor	Develop and	During the	cEO	Weekly	Photographic
HIV/ AIDS are displayed in the Contractor Camp area.		place	Construction			evidence of
		information	Phase			poster
		posters on HIV/				placement
		AIDS				
- Information and education relating to sexually	cEO /	Information and	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly	Environmental
transmitted diseases to be made available to both	Contractor in	education of	& Construction			awareness
construction workers and local community, where	consultation	sexually				training material
applicable.	with the ECO	transmitted				requirements
		diseases must				checklist

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		be covered in				
		the				
		Environmental				
		Awareness				
		Training.				
- Free condoms must be made available to all staff on	Contractor	Placement of	During the	ECO	Monthly	Proof of
site at central points.		free condoms in	Construction			placement of
		mobile toilets	Phase			free condoms
		and at the				by the
		construction				contractor to be
		camps				provided
Medical support must be made available.	dEO / cEO in	Ensure that	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Check the
	consultation	designated	and Operations			availability of
	with the	personnel with				first aid trained
	Contractor	first aid training				personnel and
		are available on				medical kits
		site and that first				(including if
		aid kits to				these are
		provide medical				complete in
		support is readily				terms of
		available				supplies)
- Provide access to Voluntary HIV Testing and	Contractor	Compile a HIV	During the	ECO	Quarterly, and	Voluntary testing
Counselling Services.		testing schedule	Construction		as and when	schedules and
		and provide	Phase		required	proof of
		counselling				counselling
		services where				(where
		required				undertaken)

5.16 Emergency procedures

Impact management outcome: Emergency procedures are in place to enable a rapid and effective response to all types of environmental emergencies.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of		Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Compile an Emergency Response Action Plan (ERAP)	Contractor	Develop an	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Emergency
prior to the commencement of the proposed project.		Emergency			the	Preparedness,
		Preparedness,			commencemen	Response and
		Response and			t of construction	Fire
		Fire				Management
		Management				Plan compiled
		Plan specific to				
		the project				
- The Emergency Plan must deal with accidents,	Contractor	Develop an	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Emergency
potential spillages, and fires in line with relevant		Emergency			the	Preparedness,
legislation.		Preparedness,			commencemen	Response and
		Response and			t of construction	Fire
		Fire				Management
		Management				Plan includes
		Plan specific to				required
		the project				specifications
		which covers				
		accidents,				
		potential				
		spillages and				
		fires				
- All staff must be made aware of emergency	cEO / dEO in	Develop	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the	Environmental
procedures as part of environmental awareness	consultation	environmental			commencemen	awareness
training.	with the ECO	awareness			t of the	training material
		training material			environmental	requirements
		which covers				checklist

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		the relevant emergency procedures			awareness training	
The relevant local authority must be made aware of a fire as soon as it starts.	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Develop and include a procedure in the Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan for the event of a fire and the procedure to be followed for informing the local authority	Construction	ECO	As and when a fire occurs	The local authority was informed as per the relevant procedure set out in the Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan
 In the event of emergency, necessary mitigation measures to contain the spill or leak must be implemented (see Hazardous Substances section 5.17). 	Contractor	Implement the required mitigation measures in the event of a spill or leak as per the requirements of Section 5.17.	Construction and Operations	ECO	As and when a spill or leak occurs	The mitigation measures included under Section 5.17 have been adhered to

5.17 Hazardous substances

Impact management outcome: Safe storage, handling, use and disposal of hazardous substances.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- The use and storage of hazardous substances to be	cEO in	Develop a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Contractor to
minimised and non-hazardous and non-toxic	consultation	strategy of how	& Construction		the	provide
alternatives substituted where possible.	with the	hazardous			commencemen	evidence of
	Contractor	substances can			t of construction	substances used
		be and should			and monthly	for proof of
		be minimised			during the	compliance
					construction	
					phase	
- All hazardous substances must be stored in suitable	Contractor	Develop a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Photographic
containers as defined in the Method Statement.		Method	& Construction		the	proof that
		Statement for			commencemen	hazardous
		the storage of			t of construction	substances are
		hazardous			and monthly	stored in suitable
		substances in			during the	containers as
		suitable			construction	per the
		containers			phase	requirements of
						the relevant
						Method
						Statements
- Containers must be clearly marked to indicate	Contractor	Where	During the	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
contents, quantities, and safety requirements.		hazardous	Construction			proof that
		waste is stored,	Phase			containers are
		these must be				marked as per
		clearly marked				the
		indicating the				requirements

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		required details					
		of the contents					
 All storage areas must be bunded. The bunded area 	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Monthly during	Photographic	
must be of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak		storage areas	Construction		the Construction	proof that	
from the stored containers.		are sufficiently	Phase		Phase	storage areas	
		bunded which				are bunded and	
		are of sufficient				proof that the	
		capacity to				bund areas are	
		contain a spill /				of sufficient	
		leak from the				capacity to	
		stored				contain a spill /	
		containers				leak from the	
						stored	
						containers	
- Bunded areas to be suitably lined with a SABS	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Once, during	Photographic	
approved liner.		bunded storage	Construction		the Construction	proof that	
		areas are	Phase		Phase	bunded storage	
		suitably lined				areas are	
						suitably lined	
– An Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance	cEO /	Compile and	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Complete and	
(HCS) control sheet must be drawn up and kept up to	Contractor	update an	Construction		and when	up to date	
date on a continuous basis.		Alphabetical	Phase		required	control sheet	
		Hazardous				provided by the	
		Chemical				Contractor	
		Substance (HCS)					
		control sheet					
		specific to the					
		project					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
All hazardous chemicals that will be used on site must	cEO /	Keep a record	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Record of	
have Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS).	Contractor	of all hazardous	Construction		and when	hazardous	
		chemicals and	Phase		required	chemicals and	
		the respective				the respective	
		MSDS				MSDS	
 All employees working with HCS must be trained in the 	cEO /	Provide training	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Record of	
safe use of the substance and according to the safety	Contractor	for personnel			the	training	
data sheet.		working with			commencemen	provided to	
		HCS			t of construction	personnel	
					and as and	working with	
					when required	HCS	
 Employees handling hazardous substances / materials 	cEO /	Develop	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the	Environmental	
must be aware of the potential impacts and follow	Contractor	environmental	& Construction		commencemen	awareness	
appropriate safety measures. Appropriate personal		awareness			t of the	training material	
protective equipment must be made available.		training material			environmental	requirements	
		which covers			awareness	checklist and all	
		the relevant			training and	relevant	
		impacts and			monthly during	personnel have	
		safety measures.			the construction	undergone	
					phase for	appropriate	
		Provide			personal	training and	
		appropriate			protective	have access to	
		training and			equipment	personal	
		personal				protective	
		protective				equipment	
		equipment for					
		the relevant					
		personnel					
		handling					
		hazardous					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		substances and materials					
The Contractor must ensure that diesel and other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid is stored in appropriate storage tanks or in bowsers.	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed or obtained for the storing of diesel, other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Storage tanks for the project are appropriate and no incidents are reported in this regard	
 The tanks/ bowsers must be situated on a smooth impermeable surface (concrete) with a permanent bund. The impermeable lining must extend to the crest of the bund and the volume inside the bund must be 130% of the total capacity of all the storage tanks/ bowsers (110% statutory requirement plus an allowance for rainfall). 	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed or obtained for tanks as per the requirements listed	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Storage areas for the tanks/ bowsers for the project are appropriate and no incidents are reported in this regard	
The floor of the bund must be sloped, draining to an oil separator.	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed as per the requirements listed	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, during construction	Bunded storage areas are constructed according to the requirements	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
 Provision must be made for refuelling at the storage area by protecting the soil with an impermeable groundcover. Where dispensing equipment is used, a drip tray must be used to ensure small spills are contained. 	Contractor	Appropriately constructed refuelling facility must be developed as per the requirements. Drip trays must be provided for use	During the Construction Phase	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Soils at the refuelling facility are protected as required and drip trays are provided and used	
All empty externally dirty drums must be stored on a drip tray or within a bunded area.	Contractor	Ensure that empty dirty drums are stored appropriately as per the requirements	During the Construction Phase	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Drip trays or bunded areas are used for the storage of dirty drums	
No unauthorised access into the hazardous substances storage areas must be permitted.	Contractor	Ensure through the implementation of procedures that no unauthorised access is undertaken into the storage areas	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of the implementation of the relevant procedure must be provided by the contractor	
No smoking must be allowed within the vicinity of the hazardous storage areas.	Contractor	Inform all employees of the requirement and develop	During the Construction Phase	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Photographic record of the signage placed	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		and place				must be
		relevant signage				provided
		in the relevant				
		areas				
- Adequate fire-fighting equipment must be made	Contractor	Hazardous	During the	ECO	Monthly	Adequate fire-
available at all hazardous storage areas.		storage areas	Construction			fighting
		must be fitted	Phase			equipment is
		with adequate				available and
		fire-fighting				has been
		equipment				serviced
- Where refuelling away from the dedicated refuelling	Contractor	Provide a	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	A mobile
station is required, a mobile refuelling unit must be		mobile refuelling	Construction		and when	refuelling unit
used. Appropriate ground protection such as drip trays		unit as well as	Phase		required	and suitable
must be used.		suitable ground				ground
		protection,				protection is
		where required				available for use
- An appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to	Contractor	Provide an	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Appropriate spill
the scale of the activity/s involving the use of		appropriate spill	Construction		and when	kits are
hazardous substance must be available at all times.		kit for the	Phase		required	available for use
		project for the				
		use of				
		hazardous				
		substances				
- The responsible operator must have the required	cEO and	Provide training	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	Proof of training
training to make use of the spill kit in emergency	Contractor	on the use of			the	to be provided
situations.		spill kits to the			commencemen	by the
		relevant			t of construction	contractor
		employees				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
An appropriate number of spill kits must be available and must be located in all areas where activities are being undertaken.	cEO and Contractor	Provide an appropriate number of spill kits in relevant areas	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of appropriate number of spill kits in appropriate areas to be provided by the contractor
 In the event of a spill, contaminated soil must be collected in containers and stored in a central location and disposed of according to the National Environmental Management: Waste Act 59 of 2008. Refer to Section 5.7 for procedures concerning storm and wastewater management and 5.8 for solid and hazardous waste management. 	Contractor	Storage and disposal of contaminated soil must be in accordance with the National Environmental Management: Waste Act and sections 5.7 and 5.8 of this EMPr	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof of storage and disposal in terms of the National Environmental Management: Waste Act must be provided. Certificates of disposal at licensed waste disposal facilities must be provided

5.18 Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage

Impact management outcome: Soil, surface water and groundwater contamination are minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Where possible and practical all maintenance of	Contractor	Demarcate	During the	ECO	Monthly	A dedicated
vehicles and equipment must take place in the		specific areas	Construction			area for the
workshop area.		for the	Phase			maintenance of
		maintenance of				vehicles and
		vehicles and				machinery is
		equipment				used.
- During servicing of vehicles or equipment, especially	Contractor	Ensure that a	During the	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to
where emergency repairs are effected outside the		drip tray is	Construction			provide
workshop area, a suitable drip tray must be used to		available for an	Phase			evidence of drip
prevent spills onto the soil.		emergency				tray use for
		repair required				emergency
						repairs
- Leaking equipment must be repaired immediately or	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to
be removed from site to facilitate repair.		where leaking	Construction			provide details
		equipment is	Phase			of equipment
		identified it is				repaired or
		repaired				removed from
		immediately or				site
		removed from				
		site for repairs				
– Workshop areas must be monitored for oil and fuel	cEO	Undertake	During the	ECO	Monthly	Register of
spills.		regular	Construction			inspection
		inspections of	Phase			
		the workshop				
		areas for oil and				
		fuel spills and				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		keep an					
		updated register					
		of inspection on					
		site					
Appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the	Contractor	Provide an	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Appropriate spill	
scale of the activity taking place must be available.		appropriate spill	Construction		and when	kits are	
		kit for the	Phase		required	available for use	
		project					
- The workshop area must have a bunded concrete slab	Contractor	Ensure that the	During the	ECO	Once, during	Workshop area	
that is sloped to facilitate runoff into a collection sump		workshop area is	Construction		the Construction	is bunded in	
or suitable oil / water separator where maintenance		sufficiently	Phase		Phase and as	accordance	
work on vehicles and equipment can be performed.		bunded in			and when	with the	
		accordance			required	required	
		with the				specification	
		required					
		specification					
 Water drainage from the workshop must be contained 	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO	Monthly	Workshop	
and managed in accordance with Section 5.7: storm		water drainage	Construction			drainage is	
and wastewater management.		from workshop	Phase			managed in	
		area is				accordance	
		managed as				with the	
		per the				requirements	
		requirements of					
		section 5.7					

5.19 Batching plants

Impact management outcome: Minimise spillages and contamination of soil, surface water and groundwater.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Concrete mixing must be carried out on an	Contractor	Provide	During the	cEO	Weekly	No concrete
impermeable surface.		impermeable	Construction			mixing is
		surface for the	Phase			undertaken on
		mixing of				open ground
		concrete				
– Batching plants areas must be fitted with a	Contractor	Implement	During the	cEO	Weekly	No
containment facility for the collection of cement laden		measures for the	construction			mismanagemen
water.		control and	phase			t of laden water
		management of				due to the
		cement laden				temporary
		water				concrete
						batching plant
Dirty water from the batching plant must be contained	Contractor	Implement	During the	cEO	Weekly	No
to prevent soil and groundwater contamination.		measures for the	construction			mismanagemen
		control and	phase			t of dirty water
		management of				due to the
		dirty water to				temporary
		prevent soil and				concrete
		groundwater				batching plant
		contamination				and no/minimal
						soil and
						groundwater
						contamination
- Bagged cement must be stored in an appropriate	Contractor	Demarcate and	During the	cEO	Weekly	Photographic
facility and at least 10 m away from any water courses,		provide a	Construction			proof of
gullies and drains.		storage area for	Phase			bagged

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		bagged				cement stored
		cement in-line				within the
		with the listed				demarcated
		requirements				area
- A washout facility must be provided for washing of	Contractor	Provide a	During the	cEO	Weekly	No cement
concrete associated equipment. Water used for		washout facility	Construction			laden water is
washing must be restricted.		for the washing	Phase			released into
		of associated				the
		equipment.				environment.
		Enforce				Only minimal
		limitations on				water is used for
		water use for				washing
		washing of				
		equipment				
- Hardened concrete from the washout facility or	Contractor	Make use of	During the	ECO	Monthly	Certificates of
concrete mixer can either be reused or disposed of at		hardened	Construction			disposal of
an appropriate licensed disposal facility.		concrete where	Phase			concrete at
		possible or				licensed waste
		dispose of				disposal facility
		concrete in a				
		suitable manner				
 Empty cement bags must be secured with adequate 	Contractor	Bind empty	During the	ECO	Monthly	Proof of binding
binding material if these will be temporarily stored on		cement bags	Construction			of empty
site.		and temporarily	Phase			cement bags
		store it in an				and storage in
		appropriate				an appropriate
		area on site				are on site to be
						provided by the
						Contractor

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Sand and aggregates containing cement must be kept damp to prevent the generation of dust (Refer to Section 5.20: Dust emissions). 	Contractor	Ensure that sand and aggregates are kept damp or otherwise protected from dust generation	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of damping (or alternative dust suppression) of sand and aggregates must be provided by the Contractor
 Any excess sand, stone and cement must be removed or reused from site on completion of construction period and disposed at a registered disposal facility. 	Contractor	Ensure that all excess sand, stone and cement is removed or reused	At the completion of the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, with the completion of construction	Certificates for the disposal of sand, stone and cement at licensed waste disposal facilities or proof of reuse must be provided
 Temporary fencing must be erected around batching plants in accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing and gate installation. 	Contractor	Erect Temporary fencing	During the construction phase	cEO	Weekly	Temporary fencing around batching plants

5.20 Dust emissions

Impact management outcome: Dust prevention measures are applied to minimise the generation of dust.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Take all reasonable measures to minimise the	Contractor	Apply	During the	cEO	Weekly	Contractor to
generation of dust as a result of project development		appropriate	Construction			provide proof of
activities to the satisfaction of the ECO.		dust suppressant	Phase			use of
						appropriate
						dust
						suppressants
- Removal of vegetation must be avoided until such	Contractor	Proper planning	During the	cEO	Weekly	Plan for
time as soil stripping is required, and similarly exposed		for vegetation	Construction			implementation
surfaces must be re-vegetated or stabilised as soon as		removal must be	Phase and			must be
is practically possible.		undertaken as	Rehabilitation			provided by the
		well as for the				Contractor
		associated				
		rehabilitation				
- Excavation, handling and transport of erodible	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	cEO	Bi-weekly (every	No complaints
materials must be avoided under high wind conditions		specific	Construction		second week)	submitted in this
or when a visible dust plume is present.		limitations are	Phase			regard
		placed on the				
		transport and				
		handling of				
		erodible				
		materials during				
		high wind				
		conditions or				
		when a visible				
		dust plume is				
		present				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 During high wind conditions, the ECO must evaluate the situation and make recommendations as to whether dust-damping measures are adequate, or whether working will cease altogether until the wind speed drops to an acceptable level. 	ECO	ECO to provide adequate recommendations	During the Construction Phase	Not Applicable		
Where possible, soil stockpiles must be located in sheltered areas where they are not exposed to the erosive effects of the wind.	Contractor	Place soil stockpiles in areas less affected by wind	During the Construction Phase	cEO and	Bi-weekly (every second week) Monthly	Soil stockpiles are not exposed to wind and have not been eroded
Where erosion of stockpiles becomes a problem, erosion control measures must be implemented at the discretion of the ECO.	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Contractor to implement erosion control measures as recommended and agreed with the ECO	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly, until erosion is no longer a problem	Recommendati ons made by the ECO have been implemented by the Contractor
Vehicle speeds must not exceed 40 km/h along dust roads or 20 km/h when traversing unconsolidated and non-vegetated areas.	cEO / dEO / contractor	Inform all drivers of speed limits and place appropriate signage along the relevant roads	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and Maintenance team	Monthly	No complaints from community members are submitted
 Straw stabilisation must be applied at a rate of one bale/10 m² and harrowed into the top 100 mm of top material, for all completed earthworks. 	Contractor	Ensure that straw stabilisation is undertaken as per the listed requirements	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of all straw stabilisation undertaken

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 For significant areas of excavation or exposed ground, 	Contractor	Appropriate	During the	cEO	Weekly	Photographic
dust suppression measures must be used to minimise		dust suppressant	Construction			record of
the spread of dust.		measures are	Phase			measures being
		implemented				implemented
						and the results
						thereof

5.21 Blasting

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment is minimised through a safe blasting practice.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation /			Monitoring				
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe implementation	for on	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence compliance	of
 Any blasting activity must be conducted by a suitably licensed blasting contractor. 	Not Applicable – no blasting proposed.							
 Notification of surrounding landowners, emergency services site personnel of blasting activity 24 hours prior to such activity taking place on Site. 		no blasting propose	d.					

5.22 Noise

Impact Management outcome: Unnecessary noise is prevented by ensuring that noise from construction activities is mitigated.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- The Contractor must keep noise level within	Contractor	Ensure that noise	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No complaints
acceptable limits. Restrict the use of sound		limits do not	Construction		and when	registered in this
amplification equipment for communication and		exceed	Phase		required	regard. No
emergency only.		acceptable				amplification
		limits and avoid				equipment is
		the use of				used.
		amplification				
		communication				
- All vehicles and machinery must be fitted with	Contractor	Provide and	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No complaints
appropriate silencing technology and must be		implement	Construction		and when	registered in this
properly maintained.		silencing	Phase		required	regard.
		technology				Silencing
						technology is
						utilised.
Any complaints received by the Contractor regarding	cEO	Update 	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Complaints
noise must be recorded and communicated. Where		complaints	Construction		and when	register
possible or applicable, provide transport to and from		register. Provide	Phase		required	provided by the
the site on a daily basis for construction workers.		daily transport				cEO and proof
		to and from site				of transportation
		for employees				services
- Develop a Code of Conduct for the construction	cEO and	Compile a	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to	provided No complaints
phase in terms of behaviour of construction staff.	Ceo and Contractor in	Compile a	and	100	the	registered in this
Operating hours as determined by the environmental	consultation	Code of Conduct for	Construction		1	•
,	with the ECO	staff.	Construction		t of construction	regard.
authorisation are adhered to during the development phase. Where not defined, it must be ensured that	WIIII IIIE ECO	Appropriate			1 OI CONSTRUCTION	
development activities must still meet the impact		operating hours				
management outcome related to noise		must be				
management.		identified for the				
management.		project.				
		project.				

5.23 Fire prevention

Impact management outcome: Prevention of uncontrollable fires.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Designate smoking areas where the fire hazard could be regarded as insignificant. 	cEO	Identify and demarcate through signage designated smoking areas	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of designated smoking area	
Firefighting equipment must be available on all vehicles located on site.	cEO / dEO in consultation with the Contractor	Provide all vehicles with firefighting equipment	Construction	ECO	Monthly	All vehicles are fitted with firefighting equipment and the details thereof are provided by the CEO	
The local Fire Protection Agency (FPA) must be informed of construction activities.	cEO in consultation with the ECO	Undertake formal consultation to inform the local FPA of the associated construction activities	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, during the commencemen t of the Construction Phase	Proof of consultation with the FPA	
 Contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services must be communicated in environmental awareness training and displayed at a central location on site. 	dEO / cEO / Contractor in	Develop environmental awareness	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Prior to the commencemen t of the	Environmental awareness training material	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence compliance	of
	consultation	training material			environmental	requirements	
	with the ECO	which covers			awareness	checklist and	
		the contact			training and	photographic	
		numbers for the			once during the	record of	
		FPA and			construction	contact	
		emergency			phase	numbers on	
		services.				display	
		Place the					
		contact					
		numbers for the					
		FPA and					
		emergency					
		services at a					
		visible and					
		central location					
- Two-way swop of contact details between ECO and	ECO	Consultation	Pre-construction	Not Applicable	•	•	
FPA.		between the					
		ECO and FPA to					
		exchange					
		contact details					

5.24 Stockpiling and stockpile areas

Impact management outcome: Erosion and sedimentation as a result of stockpiling are reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All material that is excavated during the project development phase (either during piling (if required) or earthworks) must be stored appropriately on site in order to minimise impacts to watercourses, wetlands and water bodies. 	Contractor	Identify and demarcate an appropriate location for the storage of excavated materials	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly	Excavated material is not stored within sensitive environmental areas
All stockpiled material must be maintained and kept clear of weeds and alien vegetation growth by undertaking regular weeding and control methods.	Contractor	Implement appropriate and sufficient maintenance on stockpiled material regularly	During the Construction Phase	ceo eco	Bi-weekly (every second month) Monthly	Stockpiled material is maintained sufficiently and is clear of weeds and alien vegetation
Topsoil stockpiles must not exceed 2 m in height.	Contractor	Enforce limitations for the height of topsoil stockpiles	During the Construction Phase	cEO ECO	Bi-weekly (every second month) Monthly	Topsoil stockpiles do not exceed 2m in height
During periods of strong winds and heavy rain, the stockpiles must be covered with appropriate material (e.g., cloth, tarpaulin etc.).	Contractor	Appropriate material must be provided in order to cover stockpiles when required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide proof of availability of appropriate material to cover stockpiles when required
 Where possible, sandbags (or similar) must be placed at the bases of the stockpiled material in order to prevent erosion of the material. 	Contractor	Sandbags must be provided in order to prevent erosion of	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide proof of availability of sandbags to prevent erosion

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		stockpiled				of stockpiled	
		materials				materials	

5.25 Finalising tower positions

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of the survey and pegging operations.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation				
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
No vegetation clearing must occur during survey and pegging operations.	Contractor	Implement restrictions in terms of vegetation clearing during the survey and pegging operations	Pre- construction	CEO	Weekly	Contractor to provide photographic proof that no vegetation has been cleared
No new access roads must be developed to facilitate access for survey and pegging purposes.	Contractor	Restrict the development of new access roads for survey and pegging purposes	Pre- construction	cEO	Weekly	Contractor to provide photographic proof that no new roads have been developed
 Project manager, botanical specialist and contractor to agree on final tower positions based on survey within assessed and approved areas. 	DPM, Suitably Qualified	Undertake consultation between the	Pre- construction	ECO	Once the final tower positions have been	Provision of final tower positions to the ECO

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
	Specialist and	relevant			finalised and		
	Contractor	responsible			agreed upon		
		people and					
		finalise the					
		tower positions					
		for the power					
		line					
- The surveyor is to demarcate (peg) access	Surveyor in	Undertake	Pre-	cEO	Weekly	Consultation	
roads/tracks in consultation with ECO. No deviations	consultation	consultation	construction			with the ECO	
will be allowed without the prior written consent from	with the ECO	between the				regarding the	
the ECO.		surveyor and the				distribution of	
		ECO				pegs.	

5.26 Excavation and Installation of foundations

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of excavation or installation of foundations.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- All excess spoil generated during foundation	Contractor	Use a licensed	During the	ECO	Monthly	Certificates
excavation must be disposed of in an appropriate		waste disposal	Construction			obtained for the
manner and at a recognised disposal site, if not used		facility for the	Phase			disposal of
for backfilling purposes.		disposal of				excess spoil at a
		excess spoil				licensed waste
						disposal facility
 Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes 	Contractor	Spoil used for	Construction	ECO	Monthly	Photographic
and must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for		landscaping	and			record of spoil
rehabilitation purposes.		must be applied	Rehabilitation			used for

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		as per the listed requirements				landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor
 Management of equipment for excavation purposes must be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.18: Workshop equipment maintenance and storage. 	Contractor	Undertake the management of equipment for excavation as per the requirements of section 5.18	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of equipment is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.18
 Hazardous substances spills from equipment must be managed in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances. 	Contractor	Undertake the management of hazardous substances spills from equipment as per the requirements of section 5.17	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Management of hazardous substances spills from equipment is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.17
Batching of cement to be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.19: Batching plants.	Contractor	Ensure correct batching of cement	During the construction phase	CEO	Weekly	Measures in place to ensure the batching of cement is done in accordance with Section 5.19: Batching plants

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Residual cement must be disposed of in accordance 	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO	Monthly	The disposal of
with Section 5.8: Solid and hazardous waste		disposal of	Construction			residual cement
management.		residual cement	Phase			is undertaken in
		as per the				line with section
		requirements of				5.8.
		section 5.8				

5.27 Assembly and erecting towers

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of assembly and erecting of towers.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
 Prior to erection, assembled towers and tower sections 	Contractor	Provide the	During the	cEO	Weekly	Implementation	
must be stored on elevated surfaces (suggest wooden		necessary	Construction			of elevated	
blocks) to minimise damage to the underlying		materials for the	Phase			surface and	
vegetation.		elevated				photographic	
		surface, where				record thereof	
		towers are to be					
		placed on					
		indigenous					
		vegetation					
 In sensitive areas, tower assembly must take place off- 	Contractor in	Identify sensitive	Pre-construction	cEO	Weekly	Tower assembly	
site or away from sensitive positions.	consultation	areas to be	& Construction			is undertaken	
	with the cEO	avoided by				outside of	
	and the ECO	tower assembly				sensitive areas	
		and ensure that					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		the areas are					
		not infringed					
		upon					
The crane used for tower assembly must be operated	Contractor in	Ensure that no	Pre-construction	cEO	Weekly	No	
in a manner which minimises impact to the	consultation	impact to the	& Construction			environmental	
environment.	with the cEO	environment is				damages	
	and the ECO	imposed during				incurred as a	
		the operation of				result of the	
		the crane				crane.	
- The number of crane trips to each site must be	Contractor in	Ensure that the	Pre-construction	cEO	Weekly	Few crane trips	
minimised.	consultation	utilisation of the	& Construction			to each site	
	with the cEO	crane is				observed.	
	and the ECO	maximised when					
		on site.					
- Wheeled cranes must be utilised in preference to	Contractor	Ensure wheeled	Pre-construction	cEO	Weekly	Wheeled cranes	
tracked cranes. However, Rocky terrain may require		cranes are	& Construction			observed on	
tracked cranes in the project site.		utilised, where				site.	
		practical.					
- Consideration must be given to erecting towers by	Contractor	Contractor to	During the	ECO	Monthly	No	
helicopter or by hand where it is warranted to limit the		undertake	Construction			unacceptable	
extent of environmental impact.		erecting of	Phase			environmental	
		towers in an				impacts occur	
		environmentally				with the	
		acceptable				erecting of the	
		manner				towers	
- Access to tower positions to be undertaken in	Contractor	Undertake	During the	ECO	Monthly	Access to tower	
accordance with access requirements specified in		access to tower	Construction			positions are	
Section 5.4: Access Roads.		positions as per	Phase			undertaken as	
		the				per the	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		requirements of				requirements of	
		section 5.4				section 5.4	
- Vegetation clearance to be undertaken in	Contractor	Undertake	During the	cEO	Weekly	Vegetation	
accordance with general vegetation clearance		vegetation	Construction			clearance is	
requirements specified in Section 5.10 : Vegetation		clearance as	Phase			undertaken as	
clearing.		per the				per the	
		requirements of				requirements of	
		section 5.10				section 5.10	
- No levelling at tower sites must be permitted unless	Contractor in	Written	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	Written	
approved by the Development Project Manager or	consultation	permission for	Construction		and when	permission from	
Developer Site Supervisor.	with the DPM	levelling at	Phase		required	the DPM and	
	and DSS	tower sites, if				DSS provided to	
		required, must				the Contractor	
		be obtained					
		from the DPM					
		and DSS prior to					
		the undertaking					
		of any levelling					
		activities					
- Topsoil must be removed separately from subsoil	Contractor	Implement	Construction	cEO	Weekly, and as	Proof of	
material and stored for later use during rehabilitation		appropriate	and		and when	appropriate	
of such tower sites.		measures to	Rehabilitation		required	measures	
		ensure that				implemented	
		topsoil is				must be	
		removed from				provided by the	
		subsoil material				Contractor	
- Topsoil must be stored in heaps not higher than 2m to	Contractor	Implement the	During the	cEO	Weekly	Topsoil is stored	
prevent destruction of the seed bank within the topsoil.		listed	Construction			as per the listed	
		requirements for	Phase			requirements	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		the storage of topsoil				
 Excavated slopes must be no greater that 1:3, but where this is unavoidable, appropriate measures must be undertaken to stabilise the slopes. 	Contractor	Implement the listed requirements for the excavation of slopes	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	Excavation of slopes is undertaken as per the listed requirements
Fly rock from blasting activity must be minimised and any pieces greater than 150 mm falling beyond the Working Area, must be collected and removed.	cEO / dEO / contractor	Ensure all pieces greater than 150 mm falling beyond the Working Area, are collected and removed and implement measures to try and minimise fly rock from blasting activity	Pre-Construction Phase	ECO/EO	During blasting activities	ECO/EO to confirm necessary measures have been undertaken to minimise fly rock from blasting activity and that no pieces greater than 150 mm are beyond the working area.
Only existing disturbed areas are utilised as spoil areas.	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Identify, demarcate and use existing disturbed areas for spoil areas	Pre-construction & Construction	cEO	Weekly	Only identified disturbed areas are used as spoil areas
 Drainage is provided to control groundwater exit gradient with the spill areas such that migration of fines is kept to a minimum. 	Not Applicable					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person	. ,	compliance
- Surface water runoff is appropriately channelled	DPM and	Design and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, during	Implementation
through or around spoil areas.	Contractor	implement	& Construction		the construction	of surface runoff
		appropriate			of the surface	measures
		surface runoff			runoff measures	through and/or
		measures for				around spoil
		spoil areas				areas
- During backfilling operations, care must be taken not	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction	cEO	Weekly	Backfilling
to dump the topsoil at the bottom of the foundation		implement	& Construction			operations are
and then put spoil on top of that.		backfilling				undertaken as
		procedures				per the
		which ensures				procedures
		that topsoil is not				developed
		placed at the				
		bottom of				
		foundations.				
The surface of the spoil is appropriately rehabilitated in	Contractor	Rehabilitation of	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of
accordance with the requirements specified in Section		the surface spoil				the surface spoil
5.29: Landscaping and rehabilitation.		must be				is undertaken as
		undertaken in				per the
		accordance				requirements of
		with the				section 5.29
		requirements of				
		section 5.29				
- The retained topsoil must be spread evenly over areas	Contractor	Ensure that	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	Proof that
to be rehabilitated and suitably compacted to effect		topsoil is spread				topsoil has been
re-vegetation of such areas to prevent erosion as soon		evenly and				spread evenly
as construction activities on the site is complete.		compacted				and
Spreading of topsoil must not be undertaken, where		appropriately.				compacted
possible, at the beginning of the dry season.		This must be				correctly must
		undertaken				be provided by

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		outside of the				the Contractor/	
		start of the dry				cEO. Proof that	
		season, where				the activities	
		possible				were	
						undertaken	
						outside of the	
						start of the dry	
						season (or	
						motivation as to	
						why this was not	
						possible) must	
						be provided by	
						the Contractor	

5.28 Stringing

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of stringing.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Where possible, previously disturbed areas must be	Contractor in	Identify and	Pre-construction	cEO	Weekly	Winch and	
used for the siting of winch and tensioner stations. In all	consultation	demarcate	& Construction			tensioner	
other instances, the siting of the winch and tensioner	with the ECO	areas				stations are	
must avoid Access restricted areas and other sensitive		appropriate for				located are	
areas.		the siting of				located outside	
		winch and				of identified	
		tensioner				sensitive areas	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	poteen	stations which does not infringe on access restricted areas or environmentally sensitive areas		portion.		Сопристо
- The winch and tensioner station must be equipped with drip trays in order to contain any fuel, hydraulic fuel or oil spills and leaks.	Contractor	Provide sufficient drip trays	During the Construction Phase	cEO	Weekly	Sufficient drip trays are available for the winch and tensioner stations and no spills occur
Refuelling of the winch and tensioner stations must be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances.	Contractor	The refuelling of winch and tensioner stations must be undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.17	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	The refuelling of winch and tensioner stations is undertaken as per the requirements of section 5.17
 In the case of the development of overhead transmission and distribution infrastructure, a one metre "trace-line" may be cut through the vegetation for stringing purposes only and no vehicle access must be cleared along "trace-lines". Vegetation clearing must be undertaken by hand, using chainsaws and handheld implements, with vegetation being cut off at 	Contractor	Develop and implement procedures for implementation for vegetation clearing during stringing in line	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO and cEO weekly during stringing	Once, prior to the commencemen t of construction and weekly during stringing	Implementation of the procedures put in place and proof thereof from the Contractor

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
ground level. No tracked or wheeled mechanised		with the				
equipment must be used.		specification.				
- Alternative methods of stringing which limit impact to	Contractor	Identify and	During the	cEO	Weekly	Implementation
the environment must always be considered e.g. by		implement the	Construction			of identified
hand or by using a helicopter.		stringing	Phase			method of
		method with the				stringing with the
		least				least
		environmental				environmental
		impact				impact
- Where the stringing operation crosses a public or	Contractor	Identify prior to	Pre-construction	ECO	Monthly, and as	Proof of
private road or railway line, the necessary scaffolding/		construction	& Construction		and when	implementation
protection measures must be installed to facilitate		areas where			required	of protection
access. If, for any reason, such access has to be closed		protection				measures and
for any period(s) during development, the persons		measures will be				proof of written
affected must be given reasonable notice, in writing.		required during				notice to
		stringing. Where				affected parties
		access is to be				must be
		restricted				provided by the
		timeous written				Contractor
		notice must be				
		provided to the				
		affected parties				
- No services (electrical distribution lines, telephone	Contractor in	Avoid the	During the	ECO	Monthly, and as	No disruption of
lines, roads, railways lines, pipelines fences etc.) must	consultation	damaging or	Construction		and when	services occurs.
be damaged because of stringing operations. Where	with the cEO,	disturbance of	Phase		required	Where disruption
disruption to services is unavoidable, persons affected	DPM and dEO	existing services.				occurs proof of
must be given reasonable notice, in writing.		Where services				written notice to
		will be disrupted				affected parties
		timeous notice				must be
		must be				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
		provided to the affected parties				provided by the Contractor		
 Where stringing operations cross cultivated land, damage to crops is restricted to the minimum required to conduct stringing operations, and reasonable notice (10 work days minimum), in writing, must be provided to the landowner. 								
 Necessary scaffolding protection measures must be installed to prevent damage to the structures supporting certain high value agricultural areas such as vineyards, orchards, nurseries. 								

5.29 Socio-economic

Impact management outcome: Socio-economic development is enhanced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
 Develop and implement communication strategies to 	dEO / cEO	Identify and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the	Communication	
facilitate public participation.		implement	& Construction		commencement	is undertaken as	
		appropriate			of construction	per the	
		strategies for			and monthly	identified	
		communication			during the	strategies and	
		with the			construction	no complaints	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		communities through consideration of the community				are submitted regarding communication
Develop and implement a collaborative and constructive approach to conflict resolution as part of the external stakeholder engagement process.	Contractor	needs Development and implement a Grievance Mechanism which considers the community needs and provides procedures for conflict resolution	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Conflict resolution is undertaken in line with the requirements of the Grievance Mechanism. No complaints on conflict resolution is submitted by the community
Sustain continuous communication and liaison with neighbouring owners and residents.	Contractor	Development and implement a Grievance Mechanism that provides procedures for communication / liaison with neighbouring landowners and residents	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Communication / liaison with neighbouring landowners and residents are undertaken in line with the requirements of the Grievance Mechanism. No complaints on communication with

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
						neighbouring		
						landowners and		
						residents is		
						submitted		
- Create work and training opportunities for local	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the	The "locals first"		
stakeholders.		implement a	& Construction		commencement	policy is		
		"locals first"			of construction	considered in		
		policy for the			and monthly	terms of the		
		provision of			during the	employment		
		employment			construction	and training		
		opportunities			phase	opportunities		
- Where feasible, no workers, with the exception of	Not applicable –r	no on-site housing is	envisaged with dail	ly commute to ar	nd from site expected	of construction		
security personnel, must be permitted to stay over-	staff.							
night on the site. This would reduce the risk to local								
farmers.								

5.30 Temporary closure of site

Impact management outcome: Minimise the risk of environmental impact during periods of site closure greater than five days.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Bunds must be emptied (where applicable) and need	Contractor	Regular	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Bunds are
to be undertaken in accordance with the impact		emptying of the	Construction		closure for more	emptied as per
management actions included in sections 5.17:		bunds must be	Phase		than 05 days	the
management of hazardous substances and 5.18		undertaken. This				requirements
workshop, equipment maintenance and storage.		must be				listed under

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		undertaken as				sections 5.17	
		per the				and 5.18	
		requirements					
		listed in sections					
		5.17 and 5.18					
Hazardous storage areas must be well ventilated.	Contractor	Install	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Effective	
		appropriate	construction		closure for more	ventilation is	
		ventilation in all	phase		than 05 days	installed in	
		hazardous				hazardous	
		storage areas				storage areas	
- Fire extinguishers must be serviced and accessible.	Contractor /	Ensure fire	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Signage placed	
Service records to be filed and audited at last service.	cEO	extinguishers are	Construction		closure for more	indicating	
		serviced, as	Phase		than 05 days	location of fire	
		required and				extinguishers	
		are easily				and service	
		accessible with				records	
		appropriate					
		signage					
		indicating					
		location. Ensure					
		service records					
		are kept up to					
		date and filed					
Emergency and contact details must be displayed.	Contractor /	Place	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Photographic	
	cEO	emergency and	Construction		closure for more	proof of contact	
		contact details	Phase		than 05 days	details on	
		which are				display	
		readily available					
		and easily					
		accessible					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Security personnel must be briefed and have the	Contractor in	Hold a workshop	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to site	Proof of the	
facilities to contact or be contacted by relevant	consultation	with all security	& construction		closure for more	workshop held	
management and emergency personnel.	with the ECO	personnel to			than 05 days	must be kept on	
		provide a brief				file by the	
		of the project				contractor.	
		and security					
		requirements.					
		Provide facilities					
		in order to					
		contact					
		management					
		and emergency					
		personnel					
- Night hazards such as reflectors, lighting, traffic	Contractor	Regular checks	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Proof of checks	
signage etc. must have been checked.		of night hazards	Construction		closure for more	of night hazards	
		must be	Phase		than 05 days	must be	
		undertaken				provided by the	
						contractor	
- Fire hazards identified and the local authority must	cEO /	Identify any	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Proof of	
have been notified of any potential threats e.g., large	Contractor in	potential fire	Construction		closure for more	notification of	
brush stockpiles, fuels etc.	consultation	hazards and	Phase		than 05 days	the fire hazards	
	with the ECO	notify the				to the local	
		relevant local				authority must	
		authority				be provided by	
						the Contractor	
- Structures vulnerable to high winds must be secured.	Contractor	Ensure structures	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Structures	
		vulnerable to	Construction		closure for more	vulnerable to	
		wind are secure	Phase		than 05 days	wind are	
		prior to site				secured prior to	
		closure				site closure	

Implementation			Monitoring			
Responsible			Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
•	•	•	•	Prior to site	Wind and dust	
Confidence	'	_			mitigation is	
					implemented	
		THUSE		marros days	prior to site	
	10 site closure				closure	
Contractor	Enguro comont	During the	ECO	Prior to sito	Cement and	
Confidence		_	ECO		material stores	
					are secured	
		THUSE		marros days	prior to site	
					closure	
Contractor		During the	FCO	Prior to sito	Toilets are	
Confidence					emptied and	
	'				secured prior to	
	· ·	THOSE		marros days	site closure	
Contractor		During the	FCO	Prior to site	refuse bins are	
Cormación		_			emptied and	
					secured prior to	
	· '	111036		marros days	site closure	
	· ·				3110 0103010	
Contractor		During the	FCO	Prior to site	Drip trays are	
Cormación	, ,				emptied and	
	· ·				secured prior to	
		111030		man oo aays	site closure	
	· ·				3110 0103010	
	·	Responsible person implementation Contractor Implement wind and dust mitigation prior to site closure Contractor Ensure cement and material stores are secured prior to site closure Contractor Ensure toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closure Contractor Ensure toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closure Contractor Ensure refuse bins are emptied and secured prior to site closure	Responsible personMethod implementationTimeframe implementationContractorImplement wind and dust mitigation prior to site closureDuring the Construction PhaseContractorEnsure cement and material stores are secured prior to site closureDuring the Construction PhaseContractorEnsure toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closureDuring the Construction PhaseContractorEnsure refuse bins are emptied and secured prior to site closureDuring the Construction PhaseContractorEnsure refuse bins are emptied and secured prior to site closureDuring the Construction PhaseContractorEnsure drip trays are emptied and secured prior to siteDuring the Construction Phase	Responsible person Method of implementation During the Construction mitigation prior to site closure During the Construction Phase Contractor Ensure cement and material stores are secured prior to site closure Ensure toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closure Ensure refuse bins are emptied and secured prior to site closure Construction Phase Contractor Ensure refuse bins are emptied and secured prior to site closure Construction Phase Contractor Ensure refuse bins are emptied and secured prior to site closure Construction Phase Contractor Ensure refuse bins are construction Phase ECO Contractor Ensure drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site closure Construction Phase ECO Contractor Ensure drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site Construction Phase ECO Contractor Ensure drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site Construction Phase ECO Contractor Ensure drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site Construction Phase ECO Contractor Ensure drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site Construction Phase ECO Contractor Ensure drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site Construction Phase ECO Contractor Ensure drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site Construction Phase ECO Contractor Ensure drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site Construction Phase ECO Contractor Ensure drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site Construction Phase ECO Contractor Ensure drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site Construction Phase ECO Contractor Ensure drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site Construction Phase ECO Contractor Ensure drip trays are emptied and emptied and emptied and emptied emptied and emptied	Responsible person Method implementation Timeframe implementation Responsible implements Frequency Contractor Implement wind and dust mitigation prior to site closure During the Construction Phase ECO Prior to site closure for more than 05 days Contractor Ensure cement and material stores are secured prior to site closure During the Construction Phase ECO Prior to site closure for more than 05 days Contractor Ensure toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closure During the Construction Phase ECO Prior to site closure for more than 05 days Contractor Ensure refuse bins are emptied and secured prior to site closure During the Construction Phase ECO Prior to site closure for more than 05 days Contractor Ensure drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site closure During the Construction Phase ECO Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	

5.31 Landscaping and rehabilitation

Impact management outcome: Areas disturbed during the development phase are returned to a state that approximates the original condition.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
All areas disturbed by construction activities must be subject to landscaping and rehabilitation; All spoil and waste must be disposed to a registered waste site and certificates of disposal provided.	Contractor	Develop and implement a rehabilitation plan for the rehabilitation of all disturbed areas.	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas is undertaken as per the rehabilitation plan. All	
		Dispose of all spoil and waste at a licensed waste disposal facility				certificates of waste disposal at licensed facilities are available.	
 All slopes must be assessed for contouring, and to contour only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983. 	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Assess all slopes and determine whether contouring is required	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	All slopes are assessed and contoured as required	
 All slopes must be assessed for terracing, and to terrace only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983. 	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Assess all slopes and determine whether	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	All slopes are assessed and terraced as required	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		terracing is required	•	·		
Berms that have been created must have a slope of 1:4 and be replanted with indigenous species and grasses that approximates the original condition.	Contractor	Ensure all berms have a slope of 1:4 and is replanted with indigenous species and grasses	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	All berms have a slope of 1:4 and is replanted with indigenous species and grasses
 Where new access roads have crossed cultivated farmlands, that lands must be rehabilitated by ripping which must be agreed to by the holder of the EA and the landowners. Rehabilitation of tower sites and access roads outside 	Not applicable					
of farmland.						
 Indigenous species must be used for with species and/grasses to where it compliments or approximates the original condition. 	Contractor	Make use of indigenous species for rehabilitation	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	Indigenous species are used for rehabilitation
Stockpiled topsoil must be used for rehabilitation (refer to Section 5.24: Stockpiling and stockpiled areas).	Contractor	Ensure stockpiled topsoil is used as per the requirements listed under section 5.24	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	Stockpiled topsoil is used as per the requirements listed under section 5.24
 Stockpiled topsoil must be evenly spread so as to facilitate seeding and minimise loss of soil due to erosion. 	Contractor	Ensure that topsoil is spread evenly	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	Topsoil is spread evenly

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of		Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
Defended to the second of the	person	implementation	implementation	person	144 · · · 1 · 1	compliance
- Before placing topsoil, all visible weeds from the	Contractor	Remove all	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	No weeds are
placement area and from the topsoil must be		visible weeds				visible in the
removed.		from placement				placement area
		area and topsoil before				or the topsoil
		spreading the				
	Contractor	topsoil Undertake the	Rehabilitation	cEO	Ma aldu	Culpasil is ripped and
 Subsoil must be ripped before topsoil is placed. 	Confideror		Renabilitation	CEO	Weekly	Subsoil is ripped
		ripping of subsoil prior to the				before topsoil is
		·				placed
		spreading of topsoil				
The rehabilitation must be timed so that rehabilitation	Contractor	Plan the	Rehabilitation	ECO	At the start of	Rehabilitation is
can take place at the optimal time for vegetation	Confidence	timeframe for	Rendomination	ECO	rehabilitation to	undertaken
establishment.		rehabilitation in			confirm correct	during the
establistittetit.		order to			timeframe	optimal time
		undertake			IIIIIeiiaiiie	Opilinariline
		vegetation				
		planting during				
		the optimal time				
		for vegetation				
		establishment				
 Where impacted through construction related activity, 	Contractor	All disturbed	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	Disturbed slopes
all sloped areas must be stabilised to ensure proper	33111143131	slope areas must			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	are stabilised
rehabilitation is effected and erosion is controlled.		be stabilised				sufficiently
	C t t		Due a seaton ali	-50	\\\ - - - - - - - - - - -	,
 Sloped areas stabilised using design structures or 	Contractor	Stabilise slopes	Pre-construction	cEO	Weekly	Slopes are
vegetation as specified in the design to prevent		as per the	& Rehabilitation			stabilised as per
erosion of embankments. The contract design		design				the design
		specifications				specifications

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
specifications must be adhered to and implemented strictly.							
Spoil can be used for backfilling or landscaping as long as it is covered by a minimum of 150 mm of topsoil.	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor	
 Where required, re-vegetation including hydroseeding can be enhanced using a vegetation seed mixture as described below. A mixture of seed can be used provided the mixture is carefully selected to ensure the following: a) Annual and perennial plants are chosen; b) Pioneer species are included; c) Species chosen must be indigenous to the area with the seeds used coming from the area; d) Root systems must have a binding effect on the soil; and e) The final product must not cause an ecological imbalance in the area. 	Contractor in consultation with a suitably qualified specialist	Make use of a suitable vegetation seed mixture should enhancement be required	Rehabilitation	ECO	As and when required	Use of a suitable vegetation seed mixture if required	

6 ACCESS TO THE GENERIC EMPr

Once completed and signed, to allow the public access to the generic EMPr, the holder of the EA must make the EMPr available to the public in accordance with the requirements of regulation 26(h) of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 2

7 SITE SPECIFIC INFORMATION AND DECLARATION

7.1 Sub-section 1: contact details and description of the project

7.1.1 <u>Details of the applicant:</u>

Applicant Name	Energy Team (Pty) Ltd
Contact Person	Thomas Condesse
Physical Address	Ground Floor, Sable Corner, 15 Bridgeway Road, Bridgeways Precinct, Century City, 7441
Postal Address	Ground Floor, Sable Corner, 15 Bridgeway Road, Bridgeways Precinct, Century City, 7441
Telephone	+33 6 22 66 59 32
Fax	N/A
Cell	+33 6 22 66 59 32
Email Address	Thomas.condesse@energyteam.co.za

7.1.2 <u>Details and expertise of the EAP:</u>

EAP Name	Karen Jodas
EAP Qualifications	M.Sc in Geography (Geomorphology), Rhodes University, Grahamstown, 1996
Professional Affiliation/Registration	South Africa Council of Natural Scientific Professions - 400106/99 Environmental Assessment Practitioners Association of South Africa – 2022/5499
Physical Address	First floor, Block 2 5 Woodlands Drive Office Park C/o Woodlands Drive & Western Service Road Woodmead Johannesburg 2191
Telephone	011 656 3237
Fax	086 684 0547

Cell	082 655 1935
Email Address	Karen@savannahsa.com

7.1.3 Project Details

Project name: Kleinzee Solar PV Facility and Associated Grid Connection Infrastructure, Northern Cape Province

7.1.4 Project Description

The development of a solar photovoltaic (PV) facility with a generating capacity of up to 200MW is proposed by Energy Team (Pty) Ltd on a site located located approximately 20km west of the town of Komaggas, and 28km southeast of Kleinsee. The project is located in the Nama Khoi Local Municipality within the Namakwa District Municipality, Northern Cape. The solar PV development will be known as the Kleinzee Solar PV Facility. The Kleinzee Solar PV Facility is located within Focus Area 8 of the Renewable Energy Development Zones (REDZ), which is known as the Springbok REDZ, and within the Northern Corridor of the Strategic Transmission Corridors.

The infrastructure associated with the 200MW solar PV facility will include:

- » Solar PV array comprising PV modules and mounting structures
- » Inverters and transformers
- » Low voltage cabling between the PV modules to the inverters
- 33kV cabling between the project components and the facility substation
- » 132kV onsite facility substation
- » 132kV power line to connect to the grid at Zonnequa Collector Substation within a 300m wide and 8.5km long corridor
- » Battery Energy Storage System (BESS)
- » Site offices and maintenance buildings, including workshop areas for maintenance and storage
- » Laydown areas
- » Site access and internal roads.

The power generated by Kleinzee Solar PV Facility will be sold to Eskom and will feed into the national electricity grid. Ultimately, Kleinzee Solar PV facility and the associated grid connection infrastructure is intended to be part of the renewable energy projects portfolio for South Africa, as contemplated in the Integrated Resources Plan (IRP) and Renewable Energy Independent Power Producer Procurement (REIPPP) Programme.

Table 1 below provides the details of the project, including the main infrastructure components and services that will be required during the project life cycle.

 Table 1: Details of the Kleinzee Solar PV Facility and associated infrastructure

Component	Description / Dimensions					
Total extent of the Affected Properties, including the grid connection corridor, also referred to as the project site	~1115.11ha					
Total extent of the Development area ¹	~300ha					
Contracted capacity of the facility	Up to 200MW					
Technology	» Monofacial or Bifacial PV panels, mounted on either fixed-tilt, or single-axis tracking systems					
PV panels	» Height: ~5m from ground level (installed)					
On-Site Facility Substation & Switching Substation	 On-site facility substation and switching substations hub located on Portion 4 of the Farm Zonnekwa 328. Approximately 2ha in extent (2ha per substation) 					
Grid Connection	 32kV grid connection 33kV cabling between the project components and the facility substation Low voltage cabling between the PV modules to the inverters. Facility substation located within grid corridor. A 300m wide grid connection corridor within which the grid connection infrastructure will be constructed and operated. Corridor traverses Farm Zonnkewa 326, Portion 1 of the Farm Zonnkewa 326, Portions 2, 3 and 4 of the Farm Zonnkewa 328. 					
Corridor width (for grid connection assessment purposes)	» 300m wide					
Power line servitude width	» Up to 32m					
Corridor length	» Approximately 8.5km					
Battery Energy Storage System (BESS)	 Solid state battery technology (e.g. Lithium-ion technology) as a preferred technology. Housed in containers covering a total approximate footprint of up to 3ha within the assessed substation, BESS and O&M Building hub area. 					

 $^{^{1}}$ The area to be covered by the facility layout and infrastructure of the proposed Kleinzee Solar PV Facility.

Site access roads and internal roads	Existing roads will be used, wherever possible, to access the project site and development area.
	» Access via existing gravel road the DR2964 located to the North of the site - portions of this road will require upgrading to 8m width to accommodate the movement of heavy vehicles.
	 From Farm Zonnkewa 326, a planned access road up to ~7.5km in length and up to 8m in width located within the 300m grid connection corridor will traverse Farm Zonnkewa 326, Portion 1 of Farm Zonnekwa 326, Portions 2, 3 and 4 of Farm Zonnkewa 328. Access road falls within 300m corridor assessed for the grid line Internal access roads up to 6m in width.
Associated infrastructure hub	 » Battery Energy Storage System (BESS). » Site offices and maintenance buildings, including workshop areas for maintenance and storage. » Laydown areas. » On-site facility substation and switching substation

7.1.6 Preliminary technical specification of the overhead transmission and distribution:

- Length up to 30m
- Tower parameters
 - Number and types of towers Number to be confirmed based on detailed design, informed by pre-construction site surveys, geotechnical investigation, and environmental walk-throughs. Tower type will be steel self-supporting and/or stayed monopoles. Lattice structures may be utilised at specific strain- or bend-points
 - Tower spacing (mean and maximum) Power line towers (or pylons) are an average distance of ~200m apart but can exceed 500m depending on the topography and terrain to be spanned.
 - Tower height (lowest, mean and height) up to 41m.
 - Conductor attachment height (mean) To be confirmed based on final tower selection, but clearance shall at all times adhere to Eskom requirements in force at time of construction. Minimum ground clearance – 6.3m or as per the Eskom requirements in force at time of construction

It should be noted that Eskom requirements for work in or near Eskom servitudes will be adhered to, and all applicable Eskom standards shall be applied.						

7.2 Sub-section 2: Development footprint site map

This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout. The sensitivity map must be prepared from the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at: https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. raptor nest, threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features in the surrounding landscape. The overhead transmission and distribution profile shall be illustrated at an appropriate resolution to enable fine scale interrogation. It is recommended that <20 km of overhead transmission and distribution length is illustrated per page in A3 landscape format. Where considered appropriate, photographs of sensitive features in the context of tower positions shall be used.

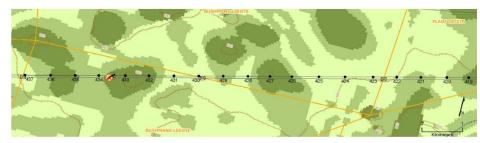


Figure 1: Example of an environmental sensitivity map in the context of a final overhead transmission and distribution profile.

The national web-based environmental screening tool was utilised for this project and the project site sensitivity maps can be seen in Figures 3 to 11. The site-specific environmental sensitivity map included in the BA Report is included as Figure 2.

Site sensitivity

A combined sensitivity map for the grid connection corridor is provided below. This has been compiled based on the specialist sensitivities determined from their respective studies, and therefore aims to represent the entirety of the site and the combined sensitivities. The following environmental sensitivities were noted on site:

Impacts on Ecology (including flora and fauna)

The Terrestrial Biodiversity Assessment (**Appendix D**) undertaken determined that there are no impacts associated with the Kleinzee Solar PV Facility and associated infrastructure that cannot be mitigated to an acceptable level and as such, the assessed layout was considered acceptable.

The Kleinzee PV Facility falls within the Namaqualand Stranded vegetation type, which has been impacted to a relatively limited extent by transformation to date and is classified as Least Threatened. The field assessment found that the site has a relatively low abundance of plant SCC and only Wahlenbergia asparagoides (VU) was observed present. There are no significant biodiversity features within the site, and it is considered relatively low sensitivity. The development footprint falls within a NPAES Priority Focus Area and identified expansion area for the Namakwa National Park, with the loss of 310 ha representing less than 0.01% of the Focus Area. Solar PV facilities do not have a large edge effect in terms of noise and disturbance, so their proximity to protected areas is not likely to represent a significant threat to biodiversity.

The development is deemed acceptable from a terrestrial ecological impact perspective, with no impacts that cannot be mitigated. It is the specialist opinion that the development should be authorised subject to mitigation and avoidance measures.

Impacts on Avifauna

The Avifauna Impact Assessment (**Appendix E**), which considered the results of a desktop and two-season site visit of birds on the proposed Kleinzee Solar Energy Facility site indicated a medium level of activity in terms of Passage Rates of Priority species, and medium activity of Red Data species. Low overall species richness (46 species) and medium-low reporting rates for the four species of Priority birds. National Bird Atlas data (SABAP2) suggests that six Red Data species can occur in the area, but only one was seen on this small site. Screening Tool Assessment indicated a High risk in the Animal Theme but a low risk for the Avian theme. No small, threatened larks (Vulnerable Red Lark, or Near Threatened Barlow's Lark) were recorded on site. This suggests that the avian impact will be low for the proposed PV solar farm site at Kleinsee. The power lines exporting power to the grid pose a medium risk to the birds after mitigation, given their short length and the ability for the proposed line to be aligned and staggered with the existing Gromis-Juno line.

Due to the low avian diversity, low Passage Rates, and paucity of highly threatened species on this small site no mitigation measures are required for the solar farm, but the best form of mitigation is the staggered pylon idea (Pallett et al. 2022). No fatal flaws were identified during the assessment, although it was strongly recommended that the proposed mitigation measures and monitoring protocols (e.g. post construction monitoring) be implemented during the construction and operational phase of the project.

Impacts on Soil and Agricultural Potential

Following the data analysis and impact assessment, the proposed Kleinzee Solar PV Facility and Associated Infrastructure is considered an acceptable development within the development area.

The soil forms present within the development area consist of the Namib soil form which are deep regic sands with depths of 1400 mm and shallow Coega soil form. There is no current agricultural land use. There is also no irrigation infrastructure, such as centre pivots or drip irrigation, present within the project area. The grazing capacity (according to DALRRD, 2018), is 45 ha/LSU, indicating that the proposed development area of 628.67 ha has forage to feed 14 head of cattle.

The total area assessed, has Low land capability and sensitivity (628.67 ha). The land capability was calculated by using 30% terrain and soil, and 40% climate capability of the area. The calculations showed that Low land capability has been assigned to soils of the Namib and Coega soil form because of the regic sand and shallow depth that has a very low water holding capacity and structure. The low land capabilities of the soils within the development area is confirmed by the absence of crop field boundaries within the Kleinzee Solar PV Facility development area.

It is the specialist's opinion that this application be considered favourably, permitting that the mitigation measures are followed to prevent soil erosion and soil pollution and to minimise impacts on the veld quality of the farm portions that will be affected. The project infrastructure should also remain within the proposed project area that will be fenced off.

Impacts on Heritage Resources (archaeological and paleontological)

The overall archaeological sensitivity of the Namaqualand with regard to the preservation of Early, Middle and Later Stone Age archaeology as well as Khoe and San heritage, early colonial settlement and the Namaqualand Copper Mining landscape is regarded as very high. The field assessment conducted for this project has demonstrated that the specific area proposed for development has low sensitivity for impacts to significant heritage resources. Trace fossils are ubiquitous and important palaeoenvironmental indicators.

The significance rating is low for fossil potential as a consequence of the low probability of finding fossils in the terrestrial deposits. Further observations in the surrounding area (John Pether) indicate that the deposits are altered by pedogenic processes involving decalcification and the precipitation of pedocrete. Fossil shells are not preserved, and fossil bone is very sparse. Given the low palaeontological potential, it is improbable that fossil bones will be encountered, and no impact is anticipated.

No impact to significant palaeontological heritage is therefore anticipated. However, it is recommended that the attached Chance Fossil Finds Procedure is implemented during the course of construction activities. The field assessment conducted for this project has demonstrated that the specific area proposed for development has low sensitivity for impacts to significant archaeological heritage. One structure of significance is known to be located in close proximity to the proposed development and it is recommended that this site be protected by the implementation of a no-go buffer area.

There is no objection to the proposed development of the Kleinzee Solar PV Facility in terms of impacts to heritage resources on condition that:

- » The recommendations in the VIA must be implemented
- » The attached Chance Fossil Finds Procedure (Appendix 3) is implemented during the course of construction activities.
- » Should any buried archaeological resources or burials be uncovered during the course of development activities, work must cease in the vicinity of these finds. The South African Heritage Resources Agency (SAHRA) must be contacted immediately in order to determine an appropriate way forward.

Visual Impacts

The significance of the visual impacts for the Kleinzee Solar PV Facility and its associated Grid Connection Infrastructure is expected to range from moderate to low due to the undeveloped landscape and remote location of the project infrastructure. Mitigation measures have been proposed to reduce the significance of the anticipated visual impacts, but they are considered to be good practice and should be implemented and maintained throughout the construction, operation and decommissioning phases of the proposed facility. If mitigation is undertaken as recommended, it is concluded that the significance of most of the anticipated visual impacts will remain at or be managed to acceptable levels, allowing the Solar PV facility and associated grid connection infrastructure to be authorised.

Social Impacts

The findings of this SIA indicate that if mitigation measures are implemented, negative impacts can be lowered to acceptable levels. This will ensure that the proposed development of the

200MW Solar PV facility and associated infrastructure will have social benefits that outweigh the negative impacts. It is anticipated that during the construction and operational phase of the proposed project, various employment opportunities and local business opportunities will be created, benefitting the socio-economic development of the local community. Therefore, the development of the Kleinzee Solar PV facility and Grid Connection is acceptable from a social perspective.

>>

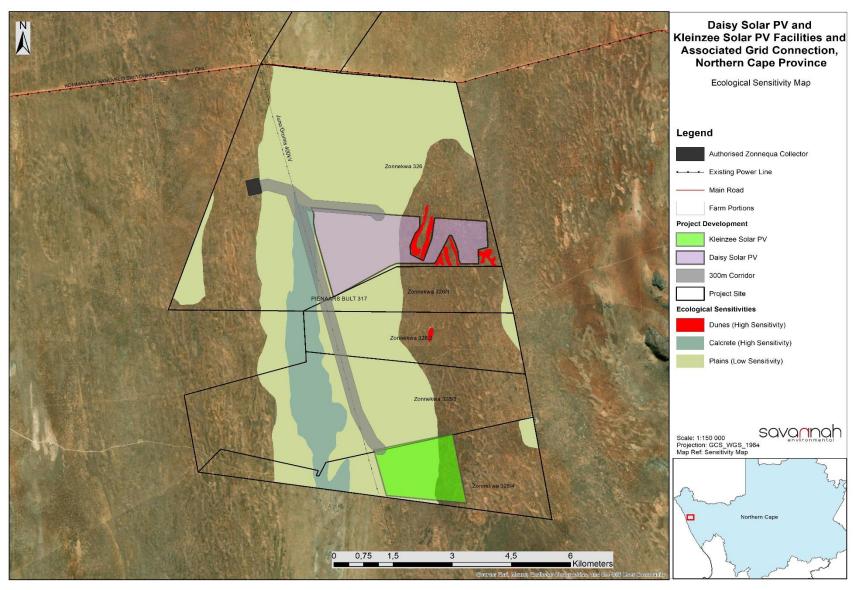


Figure 2: Environmental sensitivity map showing the grid connection corridor.

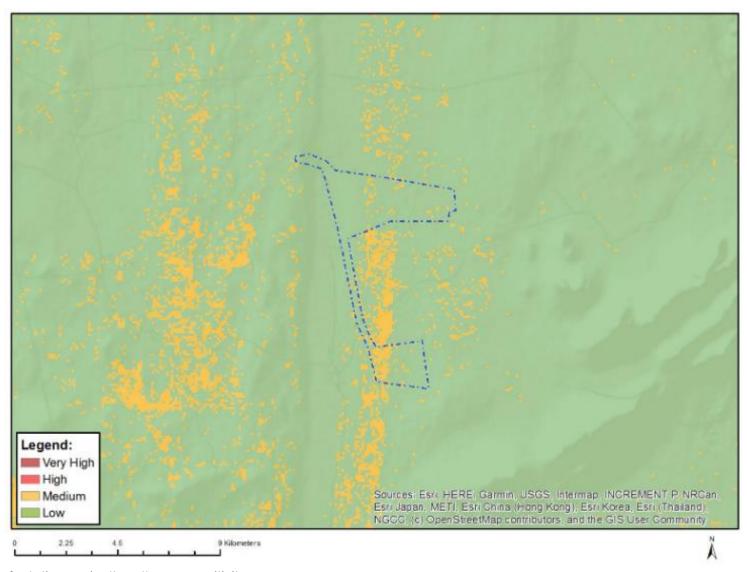


Figure 3: Map of relative agriculture theme sensitivity

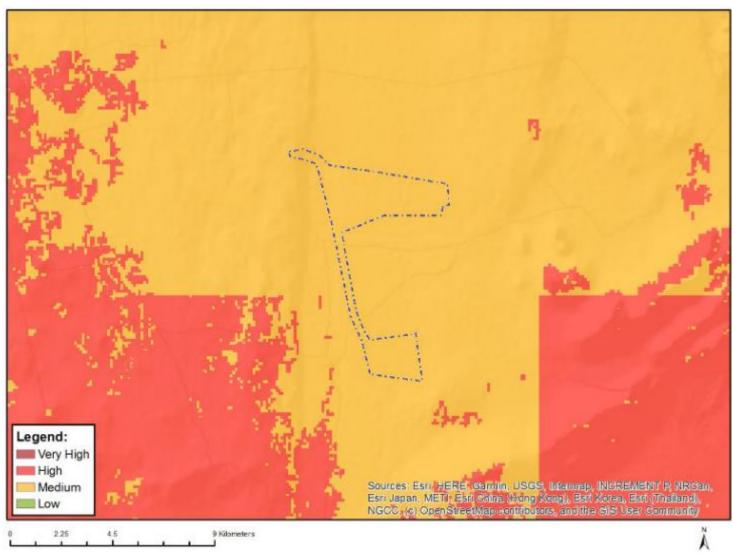


Figure 4: Map of relative animal species theme sensitivity



Figure 5: Map of relative aquatic biodiversity theme sensitivity

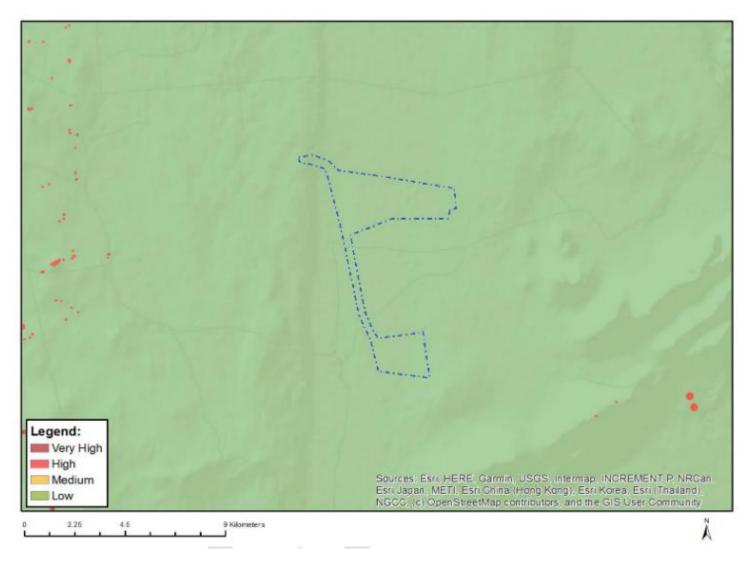


Figure 6: Map of relative archaeological and cultural heritage theme sensitivity

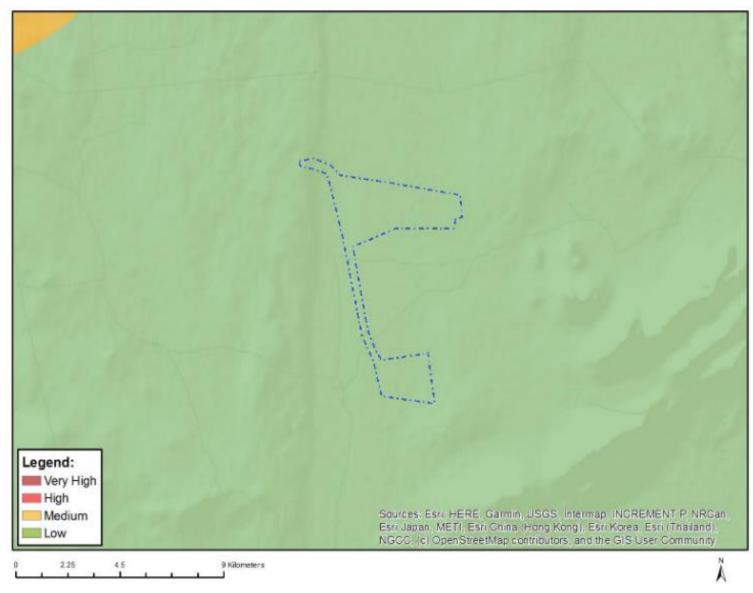


Figure 7: Map of relative civil aviation theme sensitivity

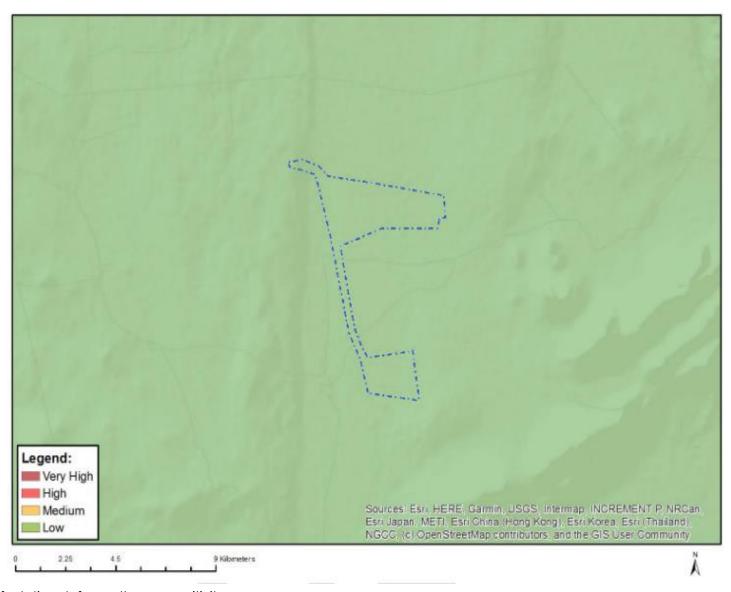


Figure 8: Map of relative defence theme sensitivity

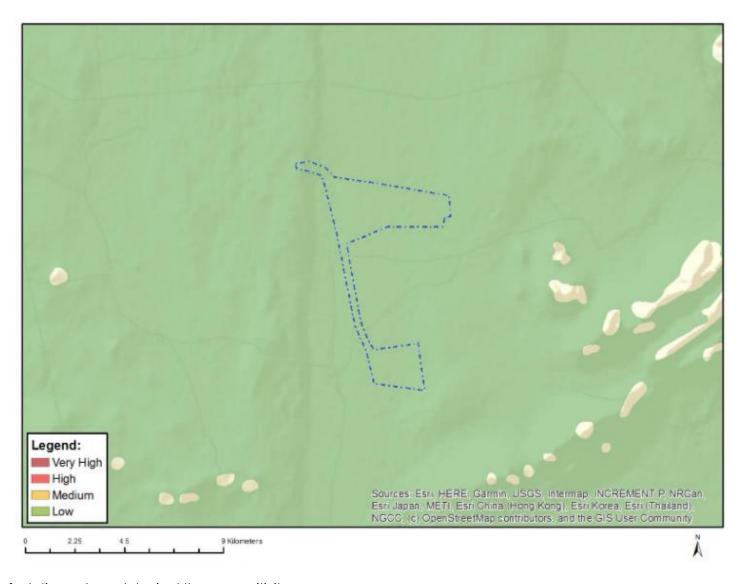


Figure 9: Map of relative palaeontological theme sensitivity

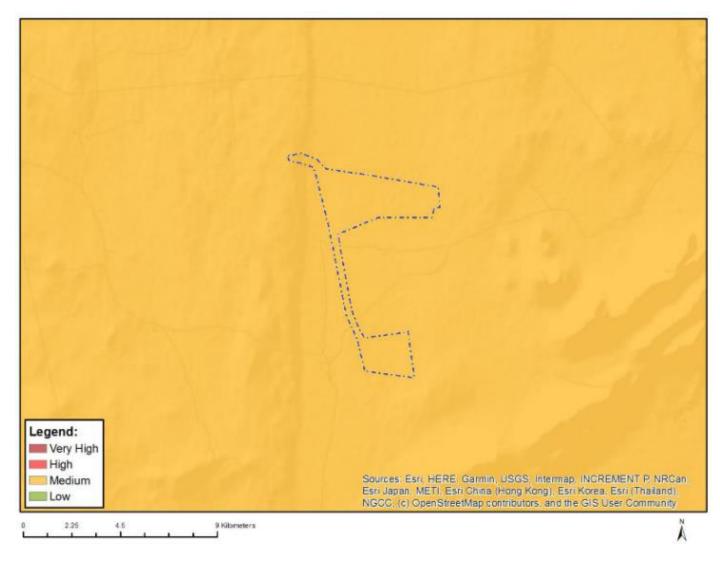


Figure 10: Map of relative plant species theme sensitivity

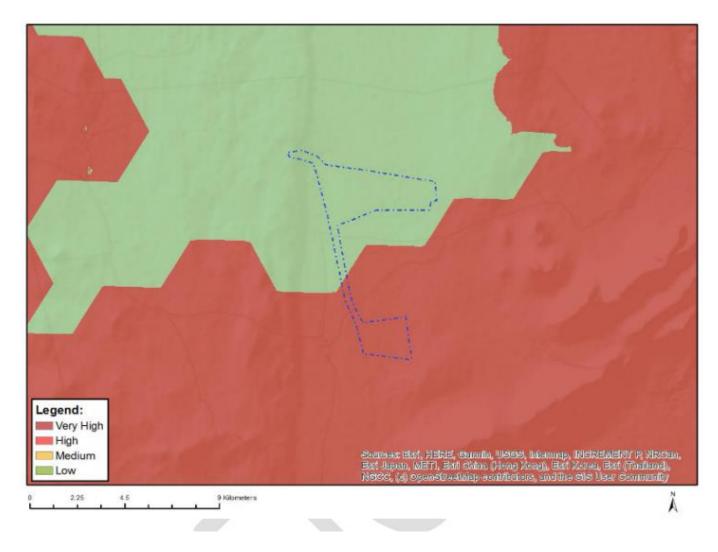


Figure 11: Map of relative terrestrial biodiversity theme

7.3 Sub-section 3: Declaration

The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will abide and comply with the prescribed impact management outcomes and impact management actions as stipulated in <u>part B: section 1</u> of the generic EMPr and have the understanding that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding. The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will provide written notice to the CA 14 days prior to the date on which the activity will commence of commencement of construction to facilitate compliance inspections.

Signature Proponent/applicant/ holder of EA	Date: xx
organists or appears in appears in the second of the	2 3 3. 73.

This declaration will be signed by the proponent/applicant/holder of the EA once the contractor is appointed and has provided inputs to this Generic EMPr as per the requirements of this template.

The contractor would be required to develop the following site-specific plans in accordance with the specialist recommendation contained in Section C of this EMPr:

- » Alien Plant Management Plan
- » Rehabilitation Plan
- » Solid Waste Management Plan
- » Waste Management Plan
- » Stormwater Management Plan

7.4 Sub-section 4: amendments to site specific information (Part B; section 2)

Should the EA be transferred to a new holder, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new holder and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of Regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted for an amendment to an environmental authorisation will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

PART C

8 SITE SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

If any specific environmental sensitivities/attributes are present on the site which require more specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr template, to manage impacts, those impact management outcomes and actions must be included in this section. These specific management controls must be referenced spatially and must include impact management outcomes and impact

management actions. The management controls including impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the pre-approved generic EMPr template. This applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary.

If <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the development as authorised in the EA, it is required to be submitted to the CA together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP and the name and expertise of the EAP, including the curriculum vitae are to be included. Once approved, <u>Part C</u> forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.

This section will **not be required** should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes.

CONSTRUCTION AND DECOMMISSIONING OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS

7.1 Ecology (Fauna and Flora)

Impact management outcome: Direct loss and/or fragmentation of indigenous natural vegetation is minimised

Impact Management Actions	Implementation		Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Timeframe	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementati	person		compliance
			on			
- Restrict impact to development footprint only and limit	Contractor	Place a barricade	During the	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of
disturbance creeping into surrounding areas.		around the	construction			disturbance
		development	phase			beyond the
		footprint to indicate				development
		that no disturbance				footprint
		is allowed beyond				
		that point				
 As far as possible, locate infrastructure within areas that 	Design	Develop a layout	Prior to	ECO	Monthly	Infrastructure
have been previously disturbed or in areas with lower	Engineer and	that avoids areas of	construction			avoids areas of
sensitivity scores. Avoid sensitive features and habitats	Contractor	high sensitivity	and during			high sensitivity
when locating infrastructure.			the			
		Provide layout to	construction			
		the contractor and	phase			
		demarcate areas of				
		high sensitivity				
- Compile a Rehabilitation Plan.	Contractor,	Make contractor	During the	ECO	Monthly	Rehabilitation
	cEO	aware of the	construction			Plan available
		requirement for a	phase			on request
		rehabilitation plan				
		for the site				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Timeframe	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementati	person		compliance
			on			
- Compile an Alien Plant Management Plan, including	Contractor,	Make contractor	During the	ECO	Monthly	Alien Plant
monitoring, to ensure minimal impacts on surrounding	cEO	aware of the	construction			Management
areas.		requirement for an	phase			Plan available
		alien plant				on request
		management plan				
		for the site				
- Where possible, access roads should be located along	Design	Develop a layout	Prior to	ECO	Monthly	Access roads
existing farm and district roads.	Engineer and	with access roads	construction			are established
	Contractor	the=at are in	and during			along existing
		alignment with	the			farm and district
		existing farm and	construction			roads.
		district roads and	phase			
		provide layout to				
		the contractor				
- Footprints of infrastructure, laydown areas, construction	Contractor	Make contractor	During the	ECO	Monthly	Barricade
sites, roads and substation sites should be clearly		aware of the	construction			evident around
demarcated.		requirement to	phase			infrastructure
		demarcate the				footprints
		infrastructure				
		footprint		500		
 No additional clearing of vegetation should take place 	Contractor	Place a barricade	During the	ECO	Monthly	No vegetation
without a proper assessment of the environmental		around the	construction			clearing
impacts and authorization from relevant authorities,		development	phase			observed
unless for maintenance purposes, in which case all		footprint to indicate				beyond the
reasonable steps should be taken to limit damage to		that no disturbance				barricaded
natural areas		is allowed beyond				development
Limath, also private at the polytopia begin the state of a state of the state of th	C a in two: - 1 - :-	that point	During or H	500	A A a sa Ha !- :	footprint
Limit clearing of natural habitat designated as sensitive, The product of the product	Contractor,	Install signage at	During the	ECO	Monthly	No clearing of
especially rocky outcrops, cliffs, and riparian habitats,	cEO	locations of	construction			natural habitat
where possible.		sensitive features	phase			designated as
		that states that no				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementati on	Responsible person	Timeframe	Evidence of compliance
		disturbance is allowed				sensitive is observed on site
 No driving of vehicles off-road outside of construction areas. Personnel and vehicles should be restricted to access / internal roads and no off-road driving should occur. 	Contractor	Install signage stating that no driving of vehicle off-road outside of construction areas is permitted and also include this in toolbox talks and induction training material	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of vehicles driving in the veld outside the demarcated roads
 Access to sensitive areas should be limited during construction. 	cEO and Contractor	Include topic the avoidance of sensitive features in toolbox talks	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Avoidance of sensitive areas included in toolbox talks
 Compile a Solid Waste Management Plan, including monitoring, to ensure minimal impacts on surrounding areas. 	Contractor, cEO	Make contractor aware of the requirement for a Waste management Plan for the site	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Solid Waste Management Plan available on request

Impact management outcome: Direct mortality of fauna

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementati on	Responsible person	Timeframe	Evidence of compliance
A detailed pre-construction walk-through survey will be required during a favourable season to locate any individuals of protected plants, as well as for any populations of threatened plant species. This survey must cover the footprint of all approved infrastructure, including internal service roads and footprints of tower structures (final infrastructure layout). The best season is early to late Summer, but dependent on recent rainfall and vegetation growth.	Developer, Specialist	Appoint specialist prior to construction to undertake a detailed walk-through survey of the footprint areas	Prior to construction	ECO	Once at the commencement of construction	Walk-through report produced and kept on file during construction
Where significant populations of SCC are found, shift infrastructure to avoid direct impacts.	Design Engineer	Use the results of the detailed walk-through survey to design the facility layout and ensure that the layout avoids areas of significant populations of species of conservation concern	Prior to construction	ECO	Monthly	No infrastructure established in areas where significant populations of species of conservation concern are found
 For any plants that are transplanted, annual monitoring should take place to assess survival. This should be undertaken for a period of three years after translocation and be undertaken by a qualified botanist. The monitoring programme must be designed prior to translocation of plants and should include control sites (areas not disturbed by the project) to evaluate mortality relative to wild populations. 	cEO, Contractor	Prepare plan for the monitoring of transplanted plants	Prior to construction	ECO	As and when required	Plan for the monitoring of transplanted plants available upon request and results of monitoring are available on site

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Timeframe	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementati	person		compliance
			on			
No collecting or poaching of any plant species must be permitted on site. Report any illegal collection to conservation authorities.	cEO, Contractor	Requirement for induction of all staff prior to entry, in particular about the collection of plant species	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of collection of plant species, and induction roster of all stuff completed, maintained and available on site
Loss of protected species of conservation concern must be report to the conservation authorities.	cEO, Contractor	Include this condition within the contractor's pack and within the site induction material	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Condition include in the site induction material and contractor's pack
Personnel must be educated about protection status of species, including distinguishing features, to be able to identify protected species.	cEO	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the protection status of species, including distinguishing features	During the construction phase	ECO	M Prior to the commencement of the environmental awareness training	Protection status of species, including distinguishing features included in induction material
- Implement strict access control for the site.	DSS, dEO	Demarcate the project site and place a security guard and register at the main gate	Duration of the project	ECO	Monthly	Security guard placed on site and no reports of unauthorised entry
The location of all transplanted rescued plants must be recorded, along with the identity of the plant.	Contractor, cEO	Ensure that the locations of transplanted	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Record of transplanted rescued plants

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Timeframe	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementati	person		compliance	
			on				
		rescued plants are				available on site	
		recorded along				(includes	
		with the identify of				location and	
		the plant and kept				identify of	
		on file				plants)	

Impact management outcome: Establishment and spread of declared weeds and alien invader plants is minimised

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	·		Responsible person	Timeframe	Evidence of compliance	
			on				
- Undertake regular monitoring to detect alien invasions	Contractor,	Prepare alien	During the	ECO	Monthly	Alien Plant	
early so that they can be controlled.	cEO	management plan	construction			Management	
		for implementation	phase			Plan available	
		for the duration of				on request	
		the construction					
		phase					

Impact management outcome: Runoff and erosion are reduced

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementati	Responsible person	Timeframe	Evidence of compliance
Compile and implement a stormwater management plan.	Contractor, cEO	Make contractor aware of the requirement for a stormwater management plan for the site	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Alien Plant Management Plan available on request
 Speed limits should be set for all roads on site, as well as access roads to the site. These limits should not exceed 40 km/h, but may be set lower, depending on local circumstances. Strict enforcement of speed limits should occur – install speed control measures, such as speed humps, if necessary. 	Contractor, cEO	Install speed signature throughout site, include speed limit into induction and ensure all staff entering site is aware of the requirement to implement speed limits. Institute verbal and written warnings for violations and appropriate fines for repeat contraventions. Written log of fines and warning issued kept on site	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Minimal instances of speeding as observed on site during audits and as evidenced in the written log of warnings and fines issued for contraventions

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Timeframe	Evidence of		
	person	implementation	implementati	person		compliance		
			on					
- Maintain adequate buffer zones around hydrological	Design	Ensure layout has	Prior to	ECO	Once off review	Hydrological		
features so that these do not become degraded from	Engineer and	been informed by	construction		that the layout	features clearly		
runoff and erosion	Contractor	the environmental	and during		used is the	demarcated		
		sensitivities as	construction		approved one,			
		determined by the			and monthly	No evidence of		
		environmental			thereafter	construction		
		impact assessment				activities taking		
		and specialist				place within the		
		studies				'no-go' areas		
						during audit		

Impact management outcome: Minimal to no impacts to fauna species

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	1		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Timeframe	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementati	person		compliance
			on			
 Pre-construction walk-through, undertaken in the correct season, in front of construction must be undertaken to move any individual animals, such as tortoises, prior to construction. 	Developer, Specialist	Appoint specialist prior to construction to undertake a detailed walk-through survey of the footprint areas	Prior to construction	ECO	Once at the commencement of construction	Walk-through report produced and kept on file during construction
 Personnel on site should undergo environmental induction training, including the need to abide by speed limits, the increased risk of collisions with wild animals on roads in rural areas. 	cEO, Contractor	Include topic on speed limits and collision with wild animals in induction material	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Topic on speed limits and collision with wild animals included

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation				
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Timeframe	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementati	person		compliance
			on			
						induction material
- Proper waste management must be implemented, ensuring no toxic or dangerous substances are accessible to wildlife. This should also apply to stockpiles of new and used materials to ensure that they do not become a hazard.	Contractor	Compile a waste management plan for implementation during the construction phase	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Waste management plan available on site and waste is being managed in accordance with the plan
 No collecting, hunting or poaching of any animal species should take place. Report any mortality of protected species to conservation authorities. 	cEO	Requirement for induction of all staff prior to entry, in particular about the collection, hunting or harvesting of and animals	Duration of the project	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of fauna mortality, and induction roster of all stuff completed, maintained and available on site
 Appropriate lighting should be installed to minimize impacts on nocturnal animals, as per visual specialist assessment. 	Developer, Contractor	Include lighting specifications in the contractor's pack	Prior to construction and during construction	ECO	Monthly	Lighting specifications include din contractor's pack Appropriate lighting utilised on site

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Responsible Method of		Responsible	Timeframe	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementati	person		compliance
			on			
- Construction activities should not be undertaken at	Developer,	Include working	Prior to	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of
night.	Contractor	hours in	construction			construction
		contractor's pack	and during			activities being
			construction			undertaken at
						night

Impact management outcome: Minimised impacts on surface water quality and runoff, erosion and sedimentation are reduced

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
The contractors used for the construction phase should have spill kits available onsite prior to construction to ensure that any fuel, oil or hazardous substance spills are cleaned-up and discarded correctly		Make contractors aware of the requirement for a spill kit on site	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Visual observation of spills kits
 During construction activities, all rubble generated must be kept in a skip (or similar) and removed from the site to a licensed facility. 	Contractor	Provision of appropriate sklips which are strategically placed throughout the site	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Appropriate skips are available throughout the site Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
	person	implementation	implementation	person			
		Disposal of general waste at licensed waste disposal facilities must be undertaken as per the waste management plan					
All chemicals and toxicants to be used for the construction must be stored in a bunded area.	Contractor	Ensure that storage areas are impermeable and are sufficiently bunded, and have sumps and roofing	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic proof that storage areas are impermeable, and have bunds, sumps and roofing	
All machinery and equipment should be inspected regularly for faults and possible leaks, these should be serviced off-site at designed areas.	Contractor, cEO	Make contractors aware of the requirement for regular inspection of their machinery and equipment	Prior to construction and during construction	ECO	Monthly	Inspection checklists available on request	
Adequate sanitary facilities and ablutions on the servitude must be provided for all personnel throughout the project area. Use of these facilities must be enforced	Contractor	Ablution facilities must be provided and must be placed	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Weekly	Ablution facilities are installed and avoid environmental sensitivities	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
(these facilities must be kept clean so that they are a desired alternative to the surrounding vegetation).		appropriately and in areas which avoid environmental sensitivities					
 All contractors and employees should undergo induction which is to include a component of environmental awareness. The induction is to include aspects such as the need to avoid littering, the reporting and cleaning of spills and leaks and general good "housekeeping". 	cEO and Contractor	Prepare induction material which includes environmental awareness	Pre-construction and Construction	ECO	Monthly	Register of attendance available on request	
 During construction activities, all rubble generated must be kept in a skip (or similar) and the removed from the site to a licensed facility. 	Contractor, cEO	Develop and implement a waste management plan for the site.	Pre-construction and Construction	ECO	Monthly	Waste managed in accordance with the waste management plan for the site.	
 All removed soil and material stockpiles must be protected from erosion, stored on flat areas where run-off will be minimised, and be surrounded by bunds. 	Contractor	Prepare a method statement for the handling of soil	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Method statement available on file at the site	
No dumping of material on site may take place.	Contractor	Toolbox talks must include topics on the handling of waste material	During the construction pahse	ECO	Monthly	No dumping of material observed on site Register of attendance of toolbox talks on the handling of waste	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						material available on site
 All waste generated on site during construction must be adequately managed. Separation and recycling of different waste materials should be supported. 	Contractor, cEO	Develop and implement a waste management plan for the site.	Pre-construction and Construction	ECO	Monthly	Waste managed in accordance with the waste management plan for the site.
Landscape and re-vegetate all unnecessarily denuded areas as soon as possible.	Contractor	Develop and implement a rehabilitation plan for the rehabilitation of all disturbed areas.	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	ECO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas is undertaken as per the rehabilitation plan.

7.2 Avifauna

Impact management outcome: Displacement of priority species due to disturbance associated with construction of the Pixley Park PV plants and associated infrastructure

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Construction activity should be restricted to the immediate footprint of the infrastructure.	cEO, Contractor	Visual inspection of the construction activities to observe whether they remain within the defined footprint area Demarcate project footprint	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No evidence of construction activity outside the immediate footprint of the infrastructure
Access to the remainder of the site should be strictly controlled to prevent unnecessary disturbance of priority species.	cEO, Contractor	Demarcate sensitive areas to restrict access to these areas	Duration of construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Sensitive areas appropriately demarcated and fenced off for the duration of the construction phase
Conduct a pre-construction inspection (avifaunal walk-through) of the final central collector substation layout and power line alignment to identify priority species that may be breeding within the substation area and to record the status of the eagle nests on the existing transmission power lines. If a nest is occupied, the avifaunal specialist must consult with the contractor to find ways of minimising the potential disturbance to the breeding pair of eagles during the construction period. This could include measures such as delaying some of the activities until after the breeding season.	DPM	Appoint a qualified avifauna specialist to conduct a preconstruction walk-through of the final central collector substation layout	Pre-construction	ECO	Once off at the commencemen t of construction	Walk-through report available on file

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Measures to control noise and dust should be applied according to current best practice in the industry	Contractor	Ensure that measures to control noise and dust are applied throughout construction	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No noise or dust complaints reported
Maximum use should be made of existing access roads and the construction of new roads should be kept to a minimum.	Contractor	Existing access routes to be used must be specified and the development of new roads must be avoided as far as possible	Construction	cEO	Weekly	Implementation of the approved layout
 Vegetation clearance should be limited to what is absolutely necessary. 	cEO and contractor	Demarcate areas of indigenous vegetation to be avoided before clearance is undertaken	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly, and as and when required	No unnecessary clearance of indigenous vegetation is undertaken
 The recommendations of the ecological and botanical specialist studies must be strictly implemented, especially as far as limitation of the construction footprint is concerned. 	CEO, Contractor	Implement the recommendation of the specialist of the ecological and botanical reports.	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of implementation through pictures

Impact management outcome: During construction: Displacement of priority species due to habitat transformation associated with construction of the Pixley Park PV plants and associated infrastructure.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 A 200m solar panel free buffer zone must be implemented around dams, wetlands, and drainage lines. 	Contractor	Demarcate areas to avoid the sites	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No go zone around the nests. Pictures of the sites. No construction or disturbance to the sites.
 Maximum used should be made of existing access roads and the construction of new roads should be kept to a minimum. 	cEO, Contractor	Use the existing access roads to the site in the area.	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Use the existing access roads.
The mitigation measures proposed by the biodiversity and vegetation specialists must be strictly implemented.	cEO, Contractor	Implement proposed mitigation measures from the specialist reports	Construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of implementation through pictures

7.3 Land Use, Soils and Agricultural Potential

Impact management outcome: Minimise loss of land capability

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Responsible Method of Timeframe for Re		Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Prevent any spills from occurring. Machines must be	Contractor	Vehicle and	During the	ECO	Monthly	Vehicle and
parked within hard park areas and must be checked		equipment storage	construction			equipment storage
daily for fluid leaks.	cEO	areas must have	phase			areas have hard

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		hard surfaces and must be appropriately bunded.				surfaces and are appropriately bunded. No spills recorded in
						the site incident register.
- Proper invasive plant control must be undertaken quarterly.	Contractor	Ensure that invasive plant control is undertaken on an ongoing basis (at least quarterly).	During the construction phase	ECO	As and when required	Photographic proof of invasive plant control being undertaken on site.
All excess soil (soil that are stripped and stockpiled to make way for foundations) must be stored, continuously managed / maintained to be used for rehabilitation of eroded areas.	Contractor	Development a procedure for the removal, handling, and storage of soil and ensure implementation of this procedure during the construction phase.	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Copy of procedure for the removal, handling, and storage of soil provided during the review. Visual observation of appropriate soil storage and handling practices on site.
Rip all compacted areas outside of the developed areas that have been compacted.	Contractor	Ensure that ripping is undertaken on all compacted areas outside of the development areas.	Following completion of the construction phase.	ECO	Monthly	Visual observation of ripping being undertaken on compacted areas outside the development areas.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
Ripping must be done by means of a commercial ripper	Contractor	Utilise a	During the	ECO	As and when	Ripping undertaken
that has at least two rows of tines.		commercial ripper	construction		required	using a commercial
	Developer	with at least two	phase			ripper with at least
		rows of tines for				two rows of tines.
		ripping purposes.				
- Ripping must take place between 1 and 3 days after	Contractor	Ensure that ripping	During the	ECO	As and when	Visual observation
seeding and following a rainfall event (seeding must		is undertaken	construction		required	of ripping being
therefore be carried out directly after a rainfall event).	cEO	between 1 and 3	phase			undertaken
		days after seeding				between 1 and 3
		and following a				days after seeding
		rainfall event.				and following a
						rainfall event.

7.4 Heritage

Impact management outcome: Impacts on archaeological and palaeontological heritage resources are reduced

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	g		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Should any significant archaeological resources be	Contractor,	If any evidence of	Duration of	ECO, cEO	Ongoing	Evidence of	
uncovered during the course of the construction phase,	cEO,	unrecorded	Construction		(cEO), Monthly	communication	
work must cease in the area of the find and SAHRA must	Specialist (if	archaeological	Phase		(ECO)	with SAHRA where	
be contacted regarding an appropriate way forward.	required)	resources or				any evidence of	
		possible burials is				unrecorded	
		observed during				archaeological	
		the course of				resources or	
		construction				possible burials is	
		activities, all work				found	
		must cease					
		immediately within					

Impac	t Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
		Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
		person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
			the vicinity of the				
			find and the find				
			be reported to the				
		<u> </u>	SAHRA.				
	Chance Fossil Finds Procedure must be implemented	Developer,	The chance fossil	During the	ECO	Monthly	Chance fossil finds
fort	the duration of construction activities:	Contractor	finds procedure	construction			procedure is
			must be include in	phase			included in the
0	Once alerted to fossil occurrence(s): alert site		the contractor's				contractor's pack
	foreman, stop work in area immediately (N.B. safety		pack				and evidence of
	first!), safeguard site with security tape / fence /						implementation of
	sand bags if necessary.						the procedure is observed
0	Record key data while fossil remains are still in situ:						observed
	* Accurate geographic location – describe						
	and mark on site map / 1: 50 000 map /						
	satellite image / aerial photo.						
	* Context – describe position of fossils within						
	stratigraphy (rock layering), depth below						
	surface.						
	* Photograph fossil(s) in situ with scale, from						
	different angles, including images						
	showing context (e.g. rock layering).						
0	If feasible to leave fossils in situ:						
	* Alert Heritage Resources Agency and						
	project palaeontologist (if any) who will						
	advise on any necessary mitigation.						
	* Ensure fossil site remains safeguarded until						
	clearance is given by the Heritage						
	Resources Agency for work to resume.						
0	If not feasible to leave fossils in situ (emergency						
	procedure only):	<u>L</u>					

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Carefully remove fossils, as far as possible 						
still enclosed within the original						
sedimentary matrix (e.g. entire block of						
fossiliferous rock).						
* Photograph fossils against a plain, level						
background, with scale.						
 Carefully wrap fossils in several layers of 						
newspaper / tissue paper / plastic bags.						
* Safeguard fossils together with locality						
and collection data (including collector						
and date) in a box in a safe place for						
examination by a palaeontologist.						
* Alert Heritage Resources Agency and						
project palaeontologist (if any) who will						
advise on any necessary mitigation.						
o If required by Heritage Resources Agency, ensure						
that a suitably-qualified specialist palaeontologist is						
appointed as soon as possible by the developer.						
Implement any further mitigation measures proposed by the						
palaeontologist and Heritage Resources Agency.						

7.5 Visual

Impact management outcome: Visual impact of construction activities on sensitive visual receptors, and the potential impact on the sense of place is reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Retain and maintain natural vegetation immediately adjacent to the development footprint.	-	implementation Visual inspection of the layout to ensure that vegetation immediately adjacent to the development footprint will not be disturbed Ensure that natural vegetation immediately adjacent to the development footprint/servitude is retained and maintained.	Prior to construction and during construction	ECO ECO	Ongoing throughout construction	Compliance Onsite evidence that natural vegetation immediately adjacent to the development footprint/servitu de is retained and maintained.
Ensure that vegetation is not unnecessarily removed during the construction phase.	Contractor	Visual inspection of the project site to ensure that no unnecessary vegetation clearance is being undertaken. Include this mitigation in the contractor's environmental awareness training.	During construction	ECO	Daily, during the vegetation clearance phase and monthly thereafter	Onsite evidence that not unnecessary vegetation clearance is being undertaken.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Plan the placement of laydown areas and temporary construction equipment camps in order to minimise vegetation clearing (i.e., in already disturbed areas) 	Project proponent/ design	Ensure that temporary construction	Prior to construction and during	ECO	Once-off review of the final layout	Photographic proof that temporary
wherever possible.	consultant	infrastructure in the final layout is	construction		prior to construction	construction infrastructure is
	Contractor	placed within already disturbed areas, where			and as and when required during the	placed in already disturbed areas,
	CLO	possible.			construction phase	where possible.
		Ensure that temporary construction infrastructure is established within already disturbed areas, where possible, during the construction phase.				Final layout shows placemen of temporary construction infrastructure within already disturbed areas.
Restrict the activities and movement of construction workers and vehicles to the immediate construction site and existing access roads.	Contractor	Demarcate construction site to restrict movement within the construction site and immediate area. Inform the contractors, through inclusion of this condition in the environmental	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Reduced duration of the construction phase. Copy of construction programme provided during audit

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		awareness training and contractor's packs, that movement should be restricted to existing access roads.				
 Ensure that rubble, litter, and disused construction materials are appropriately stored (if not removed daily) and then disposed regularly at licensed waste facilities. 	Contractor	Waste to be appropriately stored in designated areas. Disposal of waste at licensed waste disposal facilities must be undertaken as per the waste management plan	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Appropriate storage of waste in designated areas. Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided
Reduce and control construction dust using approved dust suppression techniques as and when required (i.e. whenever dust becomes apparent).	Contractor	Apply appropriate dust suppression techniques.	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Contractor to provide proof of use of appropriate dust suppression technique. Photographic evidence that dust suppression is being undertaken on site

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Restrict construction activities to daylight hours whenever possible in order to reduce lighting impacts.	Developer Contractor cEO	Ensure that working hours are clearly communicated to construction workers and that the working hours are restricted to daylight hours and	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Daily	Limited construction activities taking place at night.
Rehabilitate all disturbed areas immediately after the completion of construction works.	Contractor	are adhered to. Ensure that disturbed areas are rehabilitated immediately after completion of construction works and that this is communicated to the contractor. Develop and implement a rehabilitation plan for the site.	Following completion of construction	ECO	As and when required	Visual observation that disturbed areas are rehabilitated immediately after the completion of construction works.

7.6 Socio-Economic

Impact management outcome: Enhanced socio-economic development and reduction in potential negative social impacts.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Monitoring

	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Where reasonable and practical, the proponent should appoint local contractors and implement a 'locals first' policy, especially for semi and low-skilled job categories. However, due to the low skills levels in the area, the majority of skilled posts are likely to be filled by people from outside the area. 	Developer	Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of employment opportunities	Prior to construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of the employment and training opportunities
Where feasible, efforts should be made to employ local contactors that are compliant with Broad Based Black Economic Empowerment (BBBEE) criteria.	Developer	Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of employment opportunities that states that first preference will be given to contractors that are compliant with BBBEE criteria	Prior to construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of the employment and gives first preference to contractors that are compliant with BBBEE criteria
 Before the construction phase commences the proponent should meet with representatives from the ELM to establish the existence of a skills database for the area. If such as database exists it should be made available to the contractors appointed for the construction phase. 	Developer	Identify and implement appropriate strategies for communication with representatives from the MLM	Prior to construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction	Communication is undertaken as per the identified strategies and evidence of the meeting with the MLM (meeting minutes) is provided during the audit
 The local authorities, community representatives, and organisations on the interested and affected party database should be informed of the final decision 	Developer	Identify and implement appropriate	Prior to construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction	Evidence indicating that interested and

regarding the project and the potential job opportunities for locals and the employment procedures that the proponent intends following for the construction phase of the project.		strategies to communicate the availability of job opportunities to interested and affected parties and ensure that all interested and affected parties are aware of the job opportunities associated with the project			and monthly during the construction	affected parties were informed of the job opportunities is provided during the audit
 Where feasible, training and skills development programmes for locals should be initiated prior to the initiation of the construction phase. 	Developer	Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of employment opportunities	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of the employment and training opportunities
The recruitment selection process should seek to promote gender equality and the employment of women wherever possible.	Developer	Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of employment opportunities and ensure that the policy promotes gender equality and women empowerment	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	The "locals first" policy, which promotes gender equality and women empowerment is considered in terms of the employment
 The proponent should liaise with the ELM with regards the establishment of a database of local companies, specifically BBBEE companies, which qualify as potential service providers (e.g., construction 	Developer	Establish communication channels with the ULM	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly	Documentary evidence indicating liaison between the

companies, catering companies, waste collection companies, security companies etc.) prior to the commencement of the tender process for construction contractors. These companies should be notified of the tender process and invited to bid for project-related work.					during the construction phase	developer and the ULM
 Where possible, the proponent should make it a requirement for contractors to implement a 'locals first' policy for construction jobs, specifically for semi and low-skilled job categories. 	Developer	Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of employment opportunities	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of the employment
Ongoing consultation with stakeholders must be undertaken throughout the construction phase.	Developer	Establish communication channels with stakeholders and implement a grievance mechanism	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Documentary evidence indicating liaison between the developer and stakeholders
 The proponent and the contractor(s) should develop a code of conduct for the construction phase. The code should identify which types of behaviour and activities are not acceptable. Construction workers in breach of the code should be dismissed. All dismissals must comply with the South African labour legislation. 	Developer, in consultation with the Monitoring Forum	Develop and implement code of conduction for the construction phase	Prior to construction and during the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Code of conduct evident during audit
 The proponent and the contractor should implement an HIV/AIDS awareness programme for all construction workers at the outset of the construction phase. 	CEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	The effects of sexually transmitted diseases and HIV/ AIDS must be covered in the Environmental Awareness Training	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during construction	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist

 The contractor should provide transport for workers to and from the site on a daily basis. This will enable the contactor to effectively manage and monitor the movement of construction workers on and off the site. The contractor must ensure that all construction workers from outside the area are transported back to their place of residence within 2 days for their contract coming to an end. 	CEO	Provide daily transport to and from site for employees Provide transport from site to employees within 2 days of their contract coming to an end	During the Construction Phase Towards the end of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required As and when required, towards the end of the construction phase	Proof of transportation services provided Proof of transportation services provided
 It is recommended that no construction workers, with the exception of security personnel, should be permitted to stay over-night on the site. 	Not Applicable staff.	e - no on-site housing is	envisaged with dail	y commute to a	nd from site expected	d of construction
 The proponent should enter into an agreement with the local farmers in the area whereby damages to farm property etc. during the construction phase will be compensated for. The agreement should be signed before the construction phase commences. 	DPM Contractor	Develop agreements for compensation for the damage of farm property etc. with the affected landowners. Ensure that agreements are approved and signed	Pre-construction	dEO ECO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of approved and signed agreements
Traffic movement and construction related activities should be contained within clearly designated areas.	Contractor, cEO	Ensure that traffic and activities are contained within designated areas	During the construction phase	ECO	Weekly	Traffic and activities are contained within designated areas
Strict traffic speed limits must be enforced on the farm.	cEO / dEO / Contractor	Inform all drivers of speed limits and place appropriate signage along the relevant roads	During the construction and operation phase	ECO Operation and Maintenance team	Monthly	No complaints regarding speeding on site are received

All farm gates must be closed after passing through.	DSS and Contractor	Ensure farm gates are closed after passing through as required through the implementation of a formalised process	During the construction phase	cEO	Weekly and as and when required	Farm gates are closed after passing through and no complaints from landowners are received.
 Contractors appointed by the proponent should provide daily transport for low and semi-skilled workers to and from the site. This would reduce the potential risk of trespassing on the remainder of the farm and adjacent properties. 	cEO	Provide daily transport to and from site for employees	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof of transportation services provided during audit
- The proponent should hold contractors liable for compensating farmers and communities in full for any stock losses and/or damage to farm infrastructure that can be linked to construction workers. This should be contained in the Code of Conduct to be signed between the proponent, the contractors' and neighbouring landowners. The agreement should also cover loses and costs associated with fires caused by construction workers or construction related activities (see below).	DPM Contractor	Develop agreements with the contractors regarding their liability for compensating farmers and communities in full for any stock losses and/or damage to farm infrastructure that can be linked to construction workers. Ensure that agreements are approved and signed	Pre-construction	dEO ECO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of approved and signed agreement
 The Environmental Management Plan (EMP) must outline procedures for managing and storing waste on site, specifically plastic waste that poses a threat to livestock if ingested. 	CEO	Ensure that the EMP contains measures for managing and storing waste on site	Pre-construction and during the construction and operation phase	dEO, ECO, cEO	Once, at the onset of the construction phase, and again on the onset of	Measures for managing and storing waste included in the EMP and the

					the operation phase	implementation thereof observed during audit
 Contractors appointed by the proponent must ensure that all workers are informed at the outset of the construction phase of the conditions contained on the Code of Conduct, specifically consequences of stock theft and trespassing on adjacent farms. 	cEO and Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Compile a Code of Conduct for staff. Ensure that the conditions of the Code of Conduct are communicated staff at the outset of construction	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction	No complaints registered in this regard
 Contractors appointed by the proponent must ensure that construction workers who are found guilty of stealing livestock and/or damaging farm infrastructure are dismissed and charged. This should be contained in the Code of Conduct. All dismissals must be in accordance with South African labour legislation. 	Developer	Compile a Code of Conduct for staff. Ensure that any dismissals are done in accordance with South African labour legislation	During the construction phase	ECO	As and when necessary	No complaints from dismissed staff Code of Conduct observed during audit
 No construction workers, with the exception of security personnel, should be permitted to stay over-night on the site. 	Not Applicable staff.	e - no on-site housing is	envisaged with dail	y commute to a	nd from site expected	d of construction
Contractor should ensure that open fires on the site for cooking or heating are not allowed except in designated areas.	ECO / cEO / dEO	Hold environmental awareness training workshops. Training material should include the fact that open fires for cooking or heating are prohibited, in designated areas	Pre-construction construction and operations	ECO dEO	Monthly and as and when required	Attendance register and training minutes / notes for the record
 Smoking on site should be confined to designated areas. 		Erect signage indicating designated	Construction and operations	ECO dEO cEO	Monthly, and as and when required	Photographic evidence of signage

		smoking areas, and ensure that smoking is only confined to these areas				indicating designated smoking areas
 Contractor to ensure that construction related activities that pose a potential fire risk, such as welding, are effectively managed and are confined to areas where the risk of fires has been reduced. Measures to reduce the risk of fires include avoiding working in high wind conditions when the risk of fires is greater. In this regard special care should be taken during the high risk dry, windy winter months. 	dEO / cEO / Contractor	Ensure that construction related activities that pose a potential fire risk, such as welding, are effectively managed and are confined to areas where the risk of fires has been reduced Develop environmental awareness training material which covers conditions under which work should not be undertaken to reduce the risk of fires	Pre-construction, construction and operations	ECO	Prior to the commencement of the environmental awareness training, once during the construction phase and once during the operation phase	No fire outbreaks occurred Environmental awareness training material observed
 Contractor should provide adequate fire-fighting equipment on-site, including a fire fighting vehicle. 	Contractor	The site must be fitted with adequate fire-fighting equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Adequate fire- fighting equipment is available and has been serviced

Contractor to provide fire-fighting training to selected construction staff.	cEO and Contractor	Provide training on the use of fire- fighting equipment to the relevant employees	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction	Proof of training to be provided by the contractor
 As per the conditions of the Code of Conduct, in the event of a fire being caused by construction workers and or construction activities, the appointed contractors must compensate farmers for any damage caused to their farms. The contractor should also compensate the fire-fighting costs borne by farmers and local authorities. 	DPM Contractor	Develop agreements with the contractors regarding their liability for damage as a result of fires caused by construction workers and or construction activities. Ensure that agreements are approved and signed	Pre-construction	dEO ECO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of approved and signed agreement
Dust suppression measures must be implemented on un-surfaced roads, such as wetting on a regular basis and ensuring that vehicles used to transport sand and building materials are fitted with tarpaulins or covers.	Contractor	Appropriate dust suppression measures are implemented	During the construction phase	cEO, ECO	Weekly	Photographic record of measures being implemented and the results thereof
 All vehicles must be road-worthy, and drivers must be qualified and made aware of the potential road safety issues and need for strict speed limits. 	cEO / dEO / Contractor	Regular inspection of vehicles Inform all drivers of speed limits and place appropriate signage along the relevant roads	During construction and operations	ECO Operation and Maintenance team	Monthly	No complaints from community members are submitted Vehicle inspection checklists available

 An Environmental Control Officer (ECO) should be appointed to monitor the construction phase. The Environmental Control Officer (ECO) should conduct regular inspections (daily or weekly) of affected farms to ensure farm gates are closed and damage to fences is addressed timeously. 	Developer	Ensure that an ECO is appointed prior to the commencement of construction activities	Pre-construction	cEO	Once, prior to construction	Appointment letter provided for review
Ongoing communication with landowners and road users during the construction period.	dEO / cEO	Identify and implement appropriate strategies for communication with landowners and road users	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction	Communication is undertaken as per the identified strategies and no complaints are submitted regarding communication
Establishment of a Grievance Mechanism that provides local farmers and other road users with an effective and efficient mechanism to address issues related to construction related impacts, including damage to local gravel farm roads.	Contractor	Development and implement a Grievance Mechanism which provides procedures for communication / liaison with neighbouring landowners and residents	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Communication / liaison with neighbouring landowners and residents are undertaken in line with the requirements of the Grievance Mechanism. No complaints on communication with neighbouring landowners and residents is submitted
 Repair of all affected road portions at the end of construction period where required. 	dEO / cEO	Record the conditions of	During the construction	ECO	Prior to the use of private roads and	Photographic record and
		private roads to be			1 3.13	proof of the

		used (prior to use)	phase and post-		after completion	road conditions
		and get into an	construction		of construction	pre-construction
		agreement with				
		the landowner on				Agreement
		requirement for				between the
		repairing of the				developer and
		affected roads				landowner
		portions at the end				
		of the construction				
		period				
- Implementation of a road maintenance programme	Contractor	Develop and	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the	Road
throughout the construction phase to ensure that the		implement a road	& Construction		commencement	maintenance
affected roads are maintained in a good condition		maintenance			of construction	programme
and repaired once the construction phase is		programme that			and monthly	available on file
completed.		provides			during the	and no bad
		procedures on how			construction	road conditions
		affected roads can			phase	resulting from
		be maintained in				the construction
		good condition				activities are
						observed

OPERATIONAL PHASE OUTCOMES AND ACTIONS

7.7 Ecology (Fauna and Flora)

Impact management outcome: Direct loss and/or fragmentation of indigenous natural vegetation is minimised

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Timeframe	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementati	person		compliance	
			on				
Restrict impact to development footprint only and limit disturbance creeping into surrounding areas.	Operator	Place a barricade around the development footprint to indicate that no disturbance is allowed beyond that point	During the operational phase	dEO	Monthly	No evidence of disturbance beyond the development footprint	
Protect sensitive features and habitats during operation activities.	Design Engineer and Operator	Develop a facility layout that avoids areas of high sensitivity Provide layout to the operatorr and demarcate areas of high sensitivity	Prior to and during the operational phase	dEO	Monthly	Infrastructure avoids areas of high sensitivity	
- Compile a rehabilitation plan	Operator, cEO	Make operator aware of the requirement for a rehabilitation plan for the site	During the operational phase	dEO	Monthly	Rehabilitation Plan available on request	
 Implement Alien Plant Management Plan, including monitoring, to ensure minimal impacts on surrounding areas. 	Operator, cEO	Make operator aware of the requirement for an alien plant management plan for the site	During the operational phase	dEO	Monthly	Alien Plant Management Plan available on request	
 No additional clearing of vegetation should take place during the operation phase without a proper assessment of the environmental impacts and authorization from 	Operator	Place a barricade around the development footprint to indicate	During the operational phase	dEO	Monthly	No vegetation clearing observed beyond the	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Responsible Method of Timeframe for			Timeframe	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementati	person		compliance
			on			
relevant authorities, unless for maintenance purposes, in		that no disturbance				barricaded
which case all reasonable steps should be taken to limit		is allowed beyond				development
damage to natural areas		that point				footprint

Impact management outcome: Establishment and spread of declared weeds and alien invader plants is minimised

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Timeframe	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementati	person		compliance
			on			
- Undertake regular monitoring to detect alien invasions	Operator	Prepare alien	During the	dEO	Monthly	Alien Plant
early so that they can be controlled.		management plan	operational			Management
		for implementation	phase			Plan available
		for the duration of				on request
		the operational				
		phase				

Impact management outcome: Runoff and erosion are reduced

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		Evidence of compliance Stomrwater Management Plan available on request		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementati on	Responsible person	Timeframe			
Compile and implement a stormwater management plan.	Operator	Make operator aware of the requirement for a stormwater management plan for the site	During the operational phase	dEO	Monthly	Management Plan available		
 Speed limits should be set for all roads on site, as well as access roads to the site. These limits should not exceed 40 km/h, but may be set lower, depending on local circumstances. Strict enforcement of speed limits should occur – install speed control measures, such as speed humps, if necessary. 	Operator	Install speed signature throughout site, include speed limit into induction and ensure all staff entering site is aware of the requirement to implement speed limits. Institute verbal and written warnings for violations and appropriate fines for repeat contraventions. Written log of fines and warning issued kept on site	During the operational phase	dEO	Monthly	Minimal instances of speeding as observed on site during audits and as evidenced in the written log of warnings and fines issued for contraventions		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Timeframe	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementati	person		compliance
			on			
- Maintain adequate buffer zones around hydrological	Design	Ensure layout has	Prior to and	dEO	Once off review	Hydrological
features so that these do not become degraded from	Engineer and	been informed by	during the		that the layout	features clearly
runoff and erosion	Operator	the environmental	operational		used is the	demarcated
		sensitivities as	phase		approved one,	
		determined by the			and monthly	No evidence of
		environmental			thereafter	construction
		impact assessment				activities taking
		and specialist				place within the
		studies				'no-go' areas
						during audit
- Surface runoff and erosion must be properly controlled	Contractor	Implement	During the	dEO	Monthly	No
during the operational phase, and any issues addressed		measures for the	operation			mismanagemen
as quickly as possible.		control and	phase			t of runoff
		management of				
		runoff				

Impact management outcome: Minimal to no impacts to fauna species

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Timeframe	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementati	person		compliance
			on			
No dogs or other pets should be allowed on site, except those confined to landowners' dwellings.	Operator, cEO	Include topic on 'no dogs allowed on site' in induction training material	During the operational phase	dEO	Monthly	Topic on 'no dogs allowed on site' included in induction training material

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Timeframe	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementati	person		compliance
			on			
Personnel on site should undergo environmental induction training, including the need to abide by speed limits, the increased risk of collisions with wild animals on roads in rural areas.	cEO, Operator	Include topic on speed limits and collision with wild animals in induction material	During the operational phase	dEO	Monthly	Topic on speed limits and collision with wild animals included in induction material
 Proper waste management must be implemented, ensuring no toxic or dangerous substances are accessible to wildlife. This should also apply to stockpiles of new and used materials to ensure that they do not become a hazard. 	Operator	Compile a waste management plan for implementation during the operational phase	During the operational phase	dEO	Monthly	Waste management plan available on site and waste is being managed in accordance with the plan
 No collecting, hunting or poaching of any animal species should take place. Report any mortality of protected species to conservation authorities. 	cEO, Operator	Requirement for induction of all staff prior to entry, in particular about the collection, hunting or harvesting of and animals	Duration of the project	dEO	Monthly	No evidence of fauna mortality, and induction roster of all stuff completed, maintained and available on site

7.8 Avifauna

Impact management outcome: Mortality of priority species due to collision and electrocution with the 132kV power line is reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- The avifaunal specialist must conduct a walk-through	Developer,	Appoint specialist	Pre-operation	dEO	Once at the	Walk-through
prior to implementation to demarcate sections of power	Specialist	prior to			commencemen	report produced
line that need to be marked with Eskom approved bird		construction to			t of the	and kept on file
flight diverters. The bird flight diverters should be installed		undertake a			operational	
on the full span length on the earthwire (according to		detailed walk-			phase	Bird flight
Eskom guidelines - five metres apart). Light and dark		through survey				diverters
colour devices must be alternated to provide contrast		prior to				appropriately
against both dark and light backgrounds respectively.		implementation				placed along
These devices must be installed as soon as the		to demarcate				the power line
conductors are strung.		sections of power				
		line that need to				
		be marked with				
		Eskom approved				
		bird flight				
		diverters.				
 Construction of the power line must be undertaken using 	Developer and	Investigate bird	Pre-operation	dEO	Once off at the	Bird friendly
an approved bird friendly pole/tower design in	Design	friendly	and during the		commencemen	towers are
accordance with the Distribution Technical Bulletin	Engineer and	pole/tower	operational		t of the	utilised
relating to bird friendly structures. The avifaunal specialist	Operator	designs and	phase		operational	
must sign off on the final design.		ensure that the			phase	
		towers ultimately				
		constructed are				
		bird friendly				

7.9 Land Use, Soils and Agricultural Potential

Impact management outcome: Minimise loss of land capability

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
Prevent any spills from occurring. Machines must be parked within hard park areas and must be checked daily for fluid leaks.	Operator	Vehicle and equipment storage areas must have hard surfaces and must be appropriately bunded.	During the operational phase	dEO	Monthly	Vehicle and equipment storage areas have hard surfaces and are appropriately bunded. No spills recorded in the site incident register.
Proper invasive plant control must be undertaken quarterly.	Operator	Ensure that invasive plant control is undertaken on an ongoing basis (at least quarterly).	During the operational phase	dEO	As and when required	Photographic proof of invasive plant control being undertaken on site.
Rip all compacted areas outside of the developed areas that have been compacted.	Operator	Ensure that ripping is undertaken on all compacted areas outside of the development areas.	During the operational phase	dEO	Monthly	Visual observation of ripping being undertaken on compacted areas outside the development areas.
Ripping must be done by means of a commercial ripper that has at least two rows of tines.	Operator Developer	Utilise a commercial ripper with at least two rows of tines for ripping purposes.	During the operational phase	dEO	As and when required	Ripping undertaken using a commercial ripper with at least two rows of tines.
 Ripping must take place between 1 and 3 days after seeding and following a rainfall event (seeding must therefore be carried out directly after a rainfall event). 	Operator cEO	Ensure that ripping is undertaken between 1 and 3 days after seeding	During the operational phase	dEO	As and when required	Visual observation of ripping being undertaken between 1 and 3 days after seeding

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible Method of Timeframe for		Timeframe for	Responsible Frequency		Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		and following a				and following a
		rainfall event.				rainfall event.

7.10 Visual

Impact management outcome: Visual impact on observers travelling along the roads and residents at homesteads in close proximity to the grid connection infrastructure is reduced

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
Maintain the general appearance of the infrastructure.	Operator	Ensure regular maintenance of the infrastructure area is undertaken so that the appearance of the infrastructure is maintained	During the operation phase	dEO	Monthly	General appearance of the infrastructure is maintained

7.11 Socio-Economic

Impact management outcome: Enhanced socio-economic development and reduction in potential negative social impacts.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Monitoring

	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Implement training and skills development programs for members from the local community.	Developer	Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of employment and training opportunities	During the operation phase	dEO	Once prior to the commencement of operation and monthly during the operation phase	The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of the employment and training opportunities
 Maximise opportunities for local content and procurement. 	Developer	Develop and implement a "locals first" policy in the procurement process	During the operation phase	dEO	Once prior to the commencement of operation and monthly during the operation phase	The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of procuring goods and services
Maximise the number of employment opportunities for local community members.	Developer	Develop and implement a "locals first" policy in the procurement process	During the operation phase	dEO	Once prior to the commencement of operation and monthly during the operation phase	The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of procuring goods and services
 Where reasonable and practical, the proponent should appoint local contractors and implement a 'locals first' policy, especially for semi and low-skilled job categories. However, due to the low skills levels in the area, the majority of skilled posts are likely to be filled by people from outside the area. 	Developer	Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of employment opportunities	During the operational phase	dEO	Once, prior to the commencement of the operational phase and monthly during the operational phase	The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of the employment and training opportunities
Where feasible, efforts should be made to employ local contactors that are compliant with Broad Based Black Economic Empowerment (BBBEE) criteria.	Developer	Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of employment opportunities that states that first	During the operational phase	dEO	Once, prior to the commencement of operations and monthly during the operational phase	The "locals first" policy is considered in terms of the employment and gives first preference to

		preference will be given to contractors that are compliant with BBBEE criteria				contractors that are compliant with BBBEE criteria
Before the construction phase commences the proponent should meet with representatives from the MLM to establish the existence of a skills database for the area. If such as database exists it should be made available to the contractors appointed for the construction phase.	Developer	Identify and implement appropriate strategies for communication with representatives from the MLM	During the operational phase	dEO	Once, prior to the commencement of operations and monthly during the operational phase	Communication is undertaken as per the identified strategies and evidence of the meeting with the MLM (meeting minutes) is provided during the audit
- The local authorities, community representatives, and organisations on the interested and affected party database should be informed of the final decision regarding the project and the potential job opportunities for locals and the employment procedures that the proponent intends following for the construction phase of the project.	Developer	Identify and implement appropriate strategies to communicate the availability of job opportunities to interested and affected parties and ensure that all interested and affected parties are aware of the job opportunities associated with the project	During the operational phase	dEO	Once, prior to the commencement of coperations and monthly during the operational phase	Evidence indicating that interested and affected parties were informed of the job opportunities is provided during the audit
 Where feasible, training and skills development programmes for locals should be initiated prior to the 	Developer	Develop and implement a	Pre-operations & during the	dEO	Once, prior to the commencement	The "locals first" policy is
initiation of the construction phase.		"locals first" policy			of operations and	considered in

	ent selection process should seek to der equality and the employment of ever possible.	Developer	for the provision of employment opportunities Develop and implement a "locals first" policy for the provision of employment opportunities and	operational phase Pre-operations & during the operational phase	dEO	monthly during the operational phase Once, prior to the commencement of operations and monthly during the operational phase	terms of the employment and training opportunities The "locals first" policy, which promotes gender equality and women empowerment is
			ensure that the policy promotes gender equality and women empowerment				considered in terms of the employment
establishment specifically BBI service provi catering com security compo- the tender pro companies sho	t should liaise with the ULM with regards the of a database of local companies, BEE companies, which qualify as potential iders (e.g., construction companies, npanies, waste collection companies, anies etc.) prior to the commencement of ocess for construction contractors. These ould be notified of the tender process and for project-related work.	Developer	Establish communication channels with the ULM	Pre-operations & during the operational phase	dEO	Once, prior to the commencement of operations and monthly during the operational phase	Documentary evidence indicating liaison between the developer and the ULM
	reements with affected landowners.	DPM	Develop agreements for compensation of landowners for use of their properties. Ensure that agreements are approved and signed	During the operational phase	dEO	Once, prior to commencement of operations	Availability of approved and signed agreements

Impact management outcome: Potential risk to safety to farming operations and livestock associated with the presence of maintenance workers on the site is reduced.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
Affected property owners should be notified in advance of the timing and duration of maintenance activities.	Developer and Operator	Ensure that affected property owners are notified of maintenance activities in advance	During the operational phase	dEO	As and when necessary	Proof of notification of maintenance activities to the affected property owners is available on site
Maintenance teams must ensure that all farm gates must be closed after passing through.	Operator	Ensure farm gates are closed after passing through as required through the implementation of a formalised process	During the operational phase	dEO	As and when required	Farm gates are closed after passing through and no complaints from landowners are received
Property owners should be compensated for damage to farm property and or loss of livestock or game associated maintenance related activities.	DPM Contractor	Develop agreements for compensation for the damage of farm property etc. with the affected landowners. Ensure that agreements are approved and signed	Pre-operation	dEO	Once, at the commencement of the operational phase	Availability of approved and signed agreements

Movement of traffic and maintenance related activities should be strictly contained within designated areas associated with transmission lines and substations.	Developer, Operator	Develop and implement code for the operational and maintenance phase to control the movement of maintenance staff on site	Prior to operations and during the operational phase	dEO	Monthly	Code of conduct evident during audit No movement of traffic and maintenance related activities outside designated areas	
Strict traffic speed limits must be enforced on the farm.	Operator	Install speed signature throughout site, include speed limit into induction and ensure all staff entering site is aware of the requirement to implement speed limits. Institute verbal and written warnings for violations and appropriate fines for repeat contraventions. Written log of fines and warning issued kept on site	During the operational phase	dEO	Monthly	Minimal instances of speeding as observed on site during audits and as evidenced in the written log of warnings and fines issued for contraventions	
 No maintenance workers should be allowed to stay over- night on the affected properties. 	Not applicable – the development of new accommodation is not proposed. Employees will be accommodated in the nearby towns such as De Aar and transported to and from site daily.						

APPENDIX 1: METHOD STATEMENTS

To be prepared by the contractor prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are **not required** to be submitted to the CA.