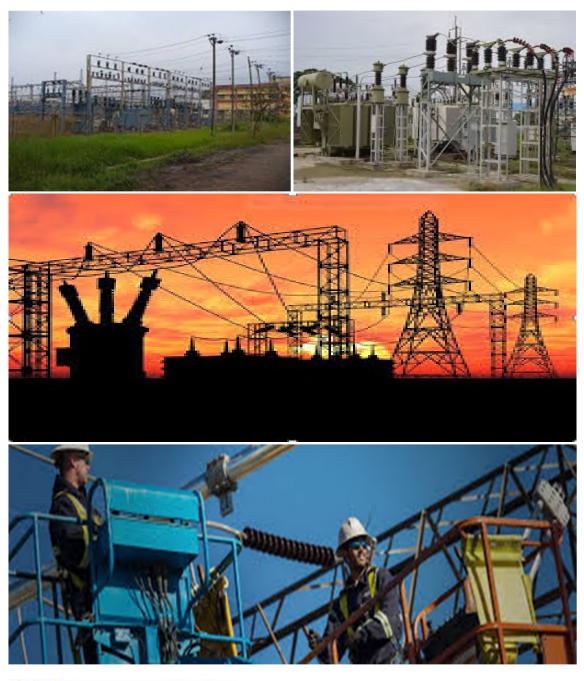
LIMESTONE PV1, NORTHERN CAPE PROVINCE

Environmental Management Programme for a 33kV/132kV onsite substation (IPP Portion) associated with Limestone PV1

May 2023

GENERIC ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) FOR THE DEVELOPMENT AND EXPANSION OF SUBSTATION INFRASTRUCTURE FOR THE TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION OF ELECTRICITY





environmental affairs

Department: Environmental Affairs REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTR	ODUC	TION 1	I		
1.	Bad	ckground 1	I		
2.	Pur	Purpose1			
3.	Ob	Objective1			
4.	Sco	ppe 1	I		
5.	Stru	cture of this document	2		
6.	Со	mpletion of part B: section 1: the pre-approved generic EMPr template \checkmark	1		
7. m		endments of the impact management outcomes and impact	1		
8. ar		cuments to be submitted as part of part B: section 2 site specific information			
(0	I) A	mendments to Part B: Section 2 – site specific information and declaration 5	5		
PAR	Γ A – C	GENERAL INFORMATION	2		
1.	DEF	FINITIONS	2		
2.	AC	RONYMS and ABBREVIATIONS	3		
3. PF		LES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT AMME (EMPr) IMPLEMENTATION	1		
4.	EN	VIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE)		
	4.1	Document control/Filing system10)		
	4.2	Documentation to be available)		
	4.3	Weekly Environmental Checklist)		
	4.4	Environmental site meetings11	I		
	4.5	Required Method Statements	I		
	4.6	Environmental Incident Log (Diary)12	<u>)</u>		
	4.7	Non-compliance	2		
	4.8	Corrective action records	3		
	4.9	Photographic record	3		
	4.10	Complaints register	1		
	4.11	Claims for damages14	1		
	4.12	Interactions with affected parties14	1		
	4.13	Environmental audits	5		
	4.14	Final environmental audits	5		
PAR	r b: se	CTION 1: Pre-approved generic EMPr template16	Ś		
5.	IMF	PACT MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES AND IMPACT MANAGEMENT ACTIONS 16	, כ		

5.1	Environmental awareness training	. 17
5.2	Site Establishment development	20
5.3	Access restricted areas	22
5.4	Access roads	23
5.5	Fencing and Gate installation	26
5.6	Water Supply Management	31
5.7	Storm and waste water management	32
5.8	Solid and hazardous waste management	34
5.9	Protection of watercourses and estuaries	37
5.10	Vegetation clearing	41
5.11	Protection of fauna	46
5.12	Protection of heritage resources	49
5.13	Safety of the public	51
5.14	Sanitation	53
5.15	Prevention of disease	55
5.16	Emergency procedures	57
5.17	Hazardous substances	59
5.18	Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage	66
5.19	Batching plants	68
5.20	Dust emissions	71
5.21	Blasting	74
5.22	Noise	75
5.23	Fire prevention	76
5.24	Stockpiling and stockpile areas	78
5.25	Civil works	80
5.26	Excavation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage systems	. 82
5.27	Installation of foundations, cable trenching and drainage systems	84
5.28 Insul	Installation of equipment (circuit breakers, current Transformers, Isolat ators, surge arresters, voltage transformers, earth switches)	
5.30	Cabling and Stringing	88
5.31	Testing and Commissioning (all equipment testing, earthing system,	
syste	em integration)	90
5.32	Socio-economic	90
5.33	Temporary closure of site	93

5.34 C	Dismantling of old equipment	96
5.35 L	andscaping and rehabilitation	98
6 ACCES	S TO THE GENERIC EMPr	102
PART B: SECTIO	DN 2	103
7 SITE SPE	ECIFIC INFORMATION AND DECLARATION	103
7.1 Sub	o-section 1: contact details and description of the project	103
7.2 Sub	p-section 2: Development footprint site map	103
7.3 Sub	p-section 3: Declaration	106
7.4 Sub 106	o-section 4: amendments to site specific information (Part B; secti 6	on 2)
PART C		107
8 SITE SPE	ECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL ATTRIBUTES	107
APPENDIX 1: M	ethod statements	120

List of tables

Table 1: Guide to roles	and recognibilities	for implementation	of an EMPr	1
Tuble 1. Guide 10 Tules	and responsionines		OI UII LIVII I	

INTRODUCTION

1. Background

The National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998) (NEMA) requires that an environmental management programme (EMPr) be submitted where an environmental impact assessment (EIA) has been identified as the environmental instrument to be utilised as the basis for a decision on an application for environmental authorisation (EA). The content of an EMPr must either contain the information set out in Appendix 4 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014, as amended (EIA Regulations) or must be a generic EMPr relevant to an application as identified and gazetted by the Minister in a government notice. Once the Minister has identified, through a government notice that a generic EMPr is relevant to an application for EA, that generic EMPr must be applied by all parties involved in the EA process, including but not limited to the applicant and the competent authority (CA).

2. Purpose

This document constitutes a generic EMPr relevant to applications for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, and all listed and specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

3. Objective

The objective of this generic EMPr is to prescribe and pre-approve generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions, which can commonly and repeatedly be used for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity. The use of a generic EMPr is intended to reduce the need to prepare and review individual EMPrs for applications of a similar nature.

4. Scope

The scope of this generic EMPr applies to the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity requiring EA in terms of NEMA. This generic EMPr applies to activities requiring EA, mainly activity 11 and 47 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 1 of 2014, as amended, and activity 9 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 2 of 2014, as amended, and all associated listed or specified activities necessary for the realization of such infrastructure.

5. Structure of this document

Part	Section	Heading	Content
A		Provides general guidance and information and is not legally binding	Definitions, acronyms, roles & responsibilities and documentation and reporting.
В	1	Pre-approved generic EMPr template	Contains generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions required for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, which are presented in the form of a template that has been pre- approved. The template in this section is to be completed by the contractor, with each completed page
			signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. Where an impact management outcome is not relevant, the words "not applicable" can be inserted in the template under the "responsible persons" column.
			Once completed and signed, the template represents the EMPr for the activity approved by the CA and is legally binding. The template is not required to be submitted to the CA as once the generic EMPr is gazetted for implementation, it has been approved by the CA.
			To allow interested and affected parties access to the pre-approved EMPr template for consideration through the decision-making process, the EAP on behalf of the applicant /proponent must make the hard copy of this EMPr available at a public location and where the applicant has a website, the EMPr should also be made available on such publicly accessible website.
	2	Site specific information	Contains preliminary infrastructure layout and a declaration that the applicant/holder of the EA

This document is structured in three parts with an Appendix as indicated in the table below:

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			will comply with the pre-approved generic EMPr template contained in <u>Part B: Section 1</u> , and understands that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding . The preliminary infrastructure layout must be finalized to inform the final EMPr that is to be submitted with the basic assessment report (BAR) or environmental impact assessment report (EIAR), ensuring that all impact management outcomes and impact management actions have been either pre- approved or approved in terms of <u>Part C</u> . This section must be submitted to the CA together with the final BAR or EIAR. The information submitted to the CA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, this Section forms part of the EMPr for the development and is legally binding.
C		Site specific sensitivities/ attributes	If any specific environmental sensitivities/ attributes are present on the site which require site specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr, to manage impacts, these specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific environmental attributes must be referenced spatially and impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be provided. These specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the pre- approved EMPr template (Part B: section 1) This section will not be required should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes. However, if <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the site, it is required to be submitted together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP and must contain his/her name and expertise including a curriculum vitae. Once

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			approved, Part C forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.
			This section applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the specific development or expansion and which are not already included in <u>Part B: section 1</u> .
Appendix 1			Contains the method statements to be prepared prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are not required to be submitted to the competent authority.

6. Completion of part B: section 1: the pre-approved generic EMPr template

The template is to be completed prior to commencement of the activity, by providing the following information for each environmental impact management action:

- For implementation
 - a 'responsible person',
 - a method for implementation,
 - a timeframe for implementation
- For monitoring
 - a responsible person
 - frequency
 - evidence of compliance.

The completed template must be signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as <u>Appendix 1</u>. Each method statement must be signed and dated on each page by the holder of the EA. This template once signed and dated is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

7. Amendments of the impact management outcomes and impact management actions

Once the activity has commenced, a holder of an EA may make amendments to the impact management outcomes and impact management actions in the following manner:

- Amendment of the impact management outcomes: in line with the process contemplated in Regulation 37 of the EIA Regulations; and
- Amendment of the impact management actions: in line with the process contemplated in Regulation 36 of the EIA Regulations.

8. Documents to be submitted as part of part B: section 2 site specific information and declaration

<u>Part B: Section 2</u> has three distinct sub-sections. The first and third sub-sections are in a template format. Sub-section two requires a map to be produced.

<u>Sub-section 1</u> contains the project name, the applicant's name and contact details, the site information, which includes coordinates of the property or farm in which the proposed substation infrastructure is proposed as well as the 21-digit Surveyor General code of each cadastral land parcel and, where available, the farm name.

<u>Sub-section 2</u> is to be prepared by an EAP and must contain his/her name and expertise including a curriculum vitae. This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout using the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at: <u>https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool.</u> The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features and within 50 m from the development footprint.

<u>Sub-section 3</u> is the declaration that the applicant (s)/proponent (s) or holder of the EA in the case of a change of ownership must complete which confirms that the applicant/EA holder will comply with the pre-approved 'generic EMPr' template in <u>Section 1</u> and understands that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding.

(a) Amendments to Part B: Section 2 – site specific information and declaration

Should the EA be transferred, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new applicant/proponent and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted as part of such an application for an amendment to an EA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

PART A – GENERAL INFORMATION

1. DEFINITIONS

In this EMPr any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the NEMA or EIA Regulations has that meaning, and unless the context requires otherwise –

"clearing" means the clearing and removal of vegetation, whether partially or in whole, including trees and shrubs, as specified;

"construction camp" is the area designated for key construction infrastructure and services, including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;

"**contractor**" - The Contractor has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract, are in line with the Environmental Management Programme and that Method Statements are implemented as described.

"hazardous substance" is a substance governed by the Hazardous Substances Act, 1973 (Act No. 15 of 1973) as well as the Hazardous Chemical and Substances Regulations, 1995;

"method statement" means a written submission by the Contractor to the Project Manager in response to this EMPr or a request by the Project Manager and ECO. The method statement must set out the equipment, materials, labour and method(s) the Contractor proposes using to carry out an activity identified by the Project Manager when requesting the Method Statement. This must be done in such detail that the Project Manager and ECO is able to assess whether the Contractor's proposal is in accordance with this specification and/or will produce results in accordance with this specification;

The method statement must cover as a minimum applicable details with regard to:

- (i) Construction procedures;
- (ii) Plant, materials and equipment to be used;
- (iii) Transporting the equipment to and from site;
- (iv) How the plant/ material/ equipment will be moved while on site;
- (v) How and where the plant/ material/ equipment will be stored;
- (vi) The containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- (vii) Timing and location of activities;
- (viii) Compliance/ non-compliance; and
- (ix) Any other information deemed necessary by the Project Manager.

"slope" means the inclination of a surface expressed as one unit of rise or fall for so many horizontal units;

"solid waste" means all solid waste, including construction debris, hazardous waste, excess cement/ concrete, wrapping materials, timber, cans, drums, wire, nails, food and domestic waste (e.g. plastic packets and wrappers);

"spoil" means excavated material which is unsuitable for use as material in the construction works or is material which is surplus to the requirements of the construction works;

"topsoil" means a varying depth (up to 300 mm) of the soil profile irrespective of the fertility, appearance, structure, agricultural potential, fertility and composition of the soil;

"works" means the works to be executed in terms of the Contract

2. ACRONYMS and ABBREVIATIONS

CA	Competent Authority
cEO	Contractors Environmental Officer
dEO	Developer Environmental Officer
DPM	Developer Project Manager
DSS	Developer Site Supervisor
EAR	Environmental Audit Report
ECA	Environmental Conservation Act No. 73 of 1989
ECO	Environmental Control Officer
EA	Environmental Authorisation
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
ERAP	Emergency Response Action Plan
EMPr	Environmental Management Programme Report
EAP	Environmental Assessment Practitioner
FPA	Fire Protection Agency
HCS	Hazardous chemical Substance
NEMA	National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998)
NEMBA	National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act ,2004 (Act No. 10 of 2004)
NEMWA	National Environmental Management: Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008)
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet
RI&AP's	Registered Interested and affected parties

3. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) IMPLEMENTATION

The effective implementation of this generic EMPr is dependent on established and clear roles, responsibilities and reporting lines within an institutional framework. This section of the EMPr gives guidance to the various environmental roles and reporting lines, however, project specific requirements will ultimately determine the need for the appointment of specific person(s) to undertake specific roles and or responsibilities. As such, it must be noted that in the event that no specific person, for example, an environmental control officer (ECO) is appointed, the holder of the EA remains responsible for ensuring that the duties indicated in this document for action by the ECO are undertaken.

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer's Project Manager (DPM)	Role The Project Developer is accountable for ensuring compliance with the EMPr and any conditions of approval from the competent authority (CA). Where required, an environmental control officer (ECO) must be contracted by the Project Developer to objectively monitor the implementation of the EMPr according to relevant environmental legislation, and the conditions of the environmental authorisation (EA). The Project Developer is further responsible for providing and giving mandate to enable the ECO to perform responsibilities, and he must ensure that the ECO is integrated as part of the project team while remaining independent. Responsibilities - Be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA; - Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Developer and its Contractor(s); - Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; - Monitor the implementation of the EMPr throughout the project by means of site inspections and meetings. Overall management of the project and EMPr implementation; and - Ensure that periodic environmental performance audits are undertaken on the project implementation.

Table 1: Guide to roles and responsibilities for implementation of an EMPr

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer Site Supervisor (DSS)	Role The DSS reports directly to the DPM, oversees site works, liaises with the contractor(s) and the ECO. The DSS is responsible for the day to day implementation of the EMPr and for ensuring the compliance of all contractors with the conditions and requirements stipulated in the EMPr.
	 <u>Responsibilities</u> Ensure that all contractors identify a contractor's Environmental Officer (cEO); Must be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA. Oversees site works, liaison with Contractor, DPM and ECO;
	 Must ensure that all landowners have the relevant contact details of the site staff, ECO and cEO; Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required; Will issue all non-compliances to contractors; and Ratify the Monthly Environmental Report.
Environmental Control Officer (ECO)	Role The ECO should have appropriate training and experience in the implementation of environmental management specifications. The primary role of the ECO is to act as an independent quality controller and monitoring agent regarding all environmental concerns and associated environmental impacts. In this respect, the ECO is to conduct periodic site inspections, attend regular site meetings, pre-empt problems and suggest mitigation and be available to advise on incidental issues that arise. The ECO is also required to conduct compliance audits, verifying the monitoring reports submitted by the cEO. The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager regarding all environmental matters. The Contractor, cEO and dEO are answerable to the Environmental Control Officer for non-compliance with the Performance Specifications as set out in the EA and EMPr.
	The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager, who in turn reports back to the Contractor and potential and Registered Interested &Affected Parties' (RI&AP's), as required. Issues of non-compliance raised by the ECO must be taken up by the Project Manager, and resolved with the Contractor as per the conditions of his contract. Decisions regarding environmental procedures, specifications and requirements which have a cost implication (i.e. those that are deemed to be a variation, not allowed for in the

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	Performance Specification) must be endorsed by the Project Manager. The ECO must also, as specified by the EA, report to the relevant CA as and when required.
	 Responsibilities The responsibilities of the ECO will include the following: Be aware of the findings and conclusions of all EA related to the development; Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr; Be conversant with relevant environmental legislation, policies and procedures, and ensure compliance with them; Undertake regular and comprehensive site inspections / audits of the construction site according to the generic EMPr and applicable licenses in order to monitor compliance as required; Educate the construction team about the management measures contained in the EMPr and environmental licenses; Compilation and administration of an environmental monitoring plan to ensure that the environmental management measures are implemented and are effective; Monitoring the performance of the Contractors and ensuring compliance with the EMPr and associated Method Statements; In consultation with the Developer Site Supervisor order the removal of person(s) and/or equipment which are in contravention of the specifications of the EMPr and/or environmental licenses; Liaison between the DPM, Contractors, authorities and other lead stakeholders on all environmental concerns; Compile a regular environmental audit report highlighting any non-compliance issues as well as satisfactory or exceptional compliance with the EMPr; Validating the regular site inspection reports, which are to be prepared by the contractor
	 Environmental Officer (cEO); Checking the cEO's record of environmental incidents (spills, impacts, legal transgressions etc.) as well as corrective and preventive actions taken; Checking the cEO's public complaints register in which all complaints are recorded, as well as action taken;

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	 Assisting in the resolution of conflicts; Facilitate training for all personnel on the site – this may range from carrying out the training, to reviewing the training programmes of the Contractor; In case of non-compliances, the ECO must first communicate this to the Senior Site Supervisor, who has the power to ensure this matter is addressed. Should no action or insufficient action be taken, the ECO may report this matter to the authorities as non-compliance; Maintenance, update and review of the EMPr; Communication of all modifications to the EMPr to the relevant stakeholders.
developer Environmental Officer (dEO)	Role The dEOs will report to the Project Manager and are responsible for implementation of the EMPr, environmental monitoring and reporting, providing environmental input to the Project Manager and Contractor's Manager, liaising with contractors and the landowners as well as a range of environmental coordination responsibilities.
	 Responsibilities Be fully conversant with the EMPr; Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr, and implement these measures; Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Employees, Contractor(s); Confine the development site to the demarcated area; Conduct environmental internal audits with regards to EMPr and authorisation compliance (on cEO); Assist the contractors in addressing environmental challenges on site; Assist in incident management: Reporting environmental incidents to developer and ensuring that corrective action is taken, and lessons learnt shared; Assist the contractor in investigating environmental incidents and compile investigation reports; Follow-up on pre-warnings, defects, non-conformance reports;

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	 Measure and communicate environmental performance to the Contractor; Conduct environmental awareness training on site together with ECO and cEO; Ensure that the necessary legal permits and / or licenses are in place and up to date; Acting as Developer's Environmental Representative on site and work together with the ECO and contractor;
Contractor	Role The Contractor appoints the cEO and has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract are in line with the EMPr and that Method Statements are implemented as described. External contractors must ensure compliance with this EMPr while performing the onsite activities as per their contract with the Project Developer. The contractors are required, where specified, to provide Method Statements setting out in detail how the impact management actions contained in the EMPr will be implemented during the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity activities.
	 Responsibilities project delivery and quality control for the development services as per appointment; employ a suitably qualified person to monitor and report to the Project Developer's appointed person on the daily activities on-site during the construction period; ensure that safe, environmentally acceptable working methods and practices are implemented and that equipment is properly operated and maintained, to facilitate proper access and enable any operation to be carried out safely; attend on site meeting(s) prior to the commencement of activities to confirm the procedure and designated activity zones; ensure that contractors' staff repair, at their own cost, any environmental damage as a result of a contravention of the specifications contained in EMPr, to the satisfaction of the ECO.

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
contractor Environmental Officer	Role
(cEO)	Each Contractor affected by the EMPr should appoint a cEO, who is responsible for the on-site implementation of the EMPr (or relevant sections of the EMPr). The Contractor's representative can be the site agent; site engineer; a dedicated environmental officer; or an independent consultant. The Contractor must ensure that the Contractor's Representative is suitably qualified to perform the necessary tasks and is appointed at a level such that she/he can interact effectively with other site Contractors, labourers, the Environmental Control Officer and the public. As a minimum the cEO shall meet the following criteria:
	 <u>Responsibilities</u> Be on site throughout the duration of the project and be dedicated to the project; Ensure all their staff are aware of the environmental requirements, conditions and constraints with respect to all of their activities on site; Implementing the environmental conditions, guidelines and requirements as stipulated within the EA, EMPr and Method Statements; Attend the Environmental Site Meeting; Undertaking corrective actions where non-compliances are registered within the stipulated timeframes;
	 Report back formally on the completion of corrective actions; Assist the ECO in maintaining all the site documentation; Prepare the site inspection reports and corrective action reports for submission to the ECO; Assist the ECO with the preparing of the monthly report; and
	 Where more than one Contractor is undertaking work on site, each company appointed as a Contractor will appoint a cEO representing that company.

4. ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE

To ensure accountable and demonstrated implementation of the EMPr, a number of reporting systems, documentation controls and compliance mechanisms must be in place for all substation infrastructure projects as a minimum requirement.

4.1 Document control/Filing system

The holder of the EA is solely responsible for the upkeep and management of the EMPr file. As a minimum, all documentation detailed below will be stored in the EMPr file. A hard copy of all documentation shall be filed, while an electronic copy may be kept where relevant. A duplicate file will be maintained in the office of the DSS (where applicable). This duplicate file must remain current and up-to-date. The filing system must be updated and relevant documents added as required. The EMPr file must be made available at all times on request by the CA or other relevant authorities. The EMPr file will form part of any environmental audits undertaken as prescribed in the EIA Regulations.

4.2 Documentation to be available

At the outset of the project the following preliminary list of documents shall be placed in the filing system and be accessible at all times:

- Full copy of the signed EA from the CA in terms of NEMA, granting approval for the development or expansion;
- Copy of the generic and site specific EMPr as well as any amendments thereof;
- Copy of declaration of implementing generic EMPr and subsequent approval of site specific EMPr and amendments thereof;
- All method statements;
- Completed environmental checklists;
- Minutes and attendance register of environmental site meetings;
- An up-to-date environmental incident log;
- A copy of all instructions or directives issued;
- A copy of all corrective actions signed off. The corrective actions must be filed in such a way that a clear reference is made to the non-compliance record;
- Complaints register.

4.3 Weekly Environmental Checklist

The ECOs are required to complete a Weekly Environmental Checklist, the format of which is to be agreed prior to commencement of the activity. The ECOs are required to sign and date the checklist, retain a copy in the EMPr file and submit a copy of the completed checklist to the DSS on a weekly basis.

The checklists will form the basis for the Monthly Environmental Reports. Copies of all completed checklists will be attached as Annexures to the Environmental Audit Report as required in terms of the EIA Regulations.

4.4 Environmental site meetings

Minutes of the environmental site meetings shall be kept. The minutes must include an attendance register and will be attached to the Monthly Report that is distributed to attendees. Each set of minutes must clearly record "Matters for Attention" that will be reviewed at the next meeting.

4.5 Required Method Statements

The method statement will be done in such detail that the ECOs are enabled to assess whether the contractor's proposal is in accordance with the EMPr.

The method statement must cover applicable details with regard to:

- development procedures;
- materials and equipment to be used;
- getting the equipment to and from site;
- how the equipment/ material will be moved while on site;
- how and where material will be stored;
- the containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur;
- timing and location of activities;
- compliance/ non-compliance with the EMPr; and
- any other information deemed necessary by the ECOs.

Unless indicated otherwise by the Project Manager, the Contractor shall provide the following method statements to the Project Manager no less than 14 days prior to the commencement date of the activity:

- Site establishment Camps, Lay-down or storage areas, satellite camps, infrastructure;
- Batch plants;
- Workshop or plant servicing;
- Handling, transport and storage of Hazardous Chemical Substance's;
- Vegetation management Protected, clearing, aliens, felling;
- Access management Roads, gates, crossings etc.;
- Fire plan;
- Waste management transport, storage, segregation, classification, disposal (all waste streams);
- Social interaction complaints management, compensation claims, access to properties etc.;
- Water use (source, abstraction and disposal), access and all related information, crossings and mitigation;
- Emergency preparedness Spills, training, other environmental emergencies;
- Dust and noise management methodologies;
- Fauna interaction and risk management only if the risk was identified wildlife interaction especially on game farms; and
- Heritage and palaeontology management.

The ECOs shall monitor and ensure that the contractors perform in accordance with these method statements. Completed and agreed method statements between the holder of the EA and the contractor shall be captured in Appendix 1.

4.6 Environmental Incident Log (Diary)

The ECOs are required to maintain an up-to-date and current Environmental Incident Log (environmental diary). The Environmental Incident Log is a means to record all environmental incidents and/or all non-compliance notice would not be issued. An environmental incident is defined as:

- Any deviation from the listed impact management actions (listed in this EMPr) that may be addressed immediately by the ECOs. (For example a contractor's staff member littering or a drip tray that has not been emptied);
- Any environmental impact resulting from an action or activity by a contractor in contravention of the environmental stipulations and guidelines listed in the EMPr which as a single event would have a minor impact but which if cumulative and continuous would have a significant effect (for example no toilet paper available in the ablutions for an afternoon); and
- General environmental information such as road kills or injured wildlife.

The ECOs are to record all environmental incidents in the Environmental Incident Log. All incidents regardless of severity must be reported to the Developer. The Log is to be kept in the EMPr file and at a minimum the following will be recorded for each environmental incident:

- The date and time of the incident;
- Description of the incident;
- The name of the Contractor responsible;
- The incident must be listed as significant or minor;
- If the incident is listed as significant, a non-compliance notice must be issued, and recorded in the log;
- Remedial or corrective action taken to mitigate the incident; and
- Record of repeat minor offences by the same contractor or staff member.

The Environmental Incident Log will be captured in the EAR.

4.7 Non-compliance

A non-compliance notice will be issued to the responsible contractor by the ECOs via the DSS or Project Manager. The non-compliance notice will be issued in writing; a copy filed in the EMPr file and will at a minimum include the following:

- Time and date of the non-compliance;
- Name of the contractor responsible;
- Nature and description of the non-compliance;
- Recommended / required corrective action; and
- Date by which the corrective action to be completed.
- The contractors shall act immediately when a notice of non-compliance is received and correct whatever is the cause for the issuing of the notice. Complaints received regarding activities on the development site pertaining to the environment shall be

recorded in a dedicated register and the response noted with the date and action taken. The ECO should be made aware of any complaints. Any non-compliance with the agreed procedures of the EMPr is a transgression of the various statutes and laws that define the manner by which the environment is managed. Failure to redress the cause shall be reported to the relevant CA for them to deal with the transgression, as it deems fit. The contractor is deemed not to have complied with the EMPr if, inter alia, There is a deviation from the environmental conditions, impact management outcomes and impact management actions activities, as approved in generic and site specific EMPr as relevant as set out in the EMPr, which deviation has, or may cause, an environmental impact.

4.8 Corrective action records

For each non-compliance notice issued, a documented corrective action must be recorded. On receiving a non-compliance notice from the DSS, the contractor's cEO will ensure that the corrective actions required take place within the stipulated timeframe. On completion of the corrective action the cEO is to issue a Corrective Action Report in writing to the ECOs. If satisfied that the corrective action has been completed, the ECOs are to sign-off on the Corrective Action Report, and attach the report to the non-compliance notice in the EMPr file. A corrective action is considered complete once the report has signed off by the ECOs.

4.9 Photographic record

A digital photographic record will be kept. The photographic record will be used to show before, during and post rehabilitation evidence of the project as well used in cases of damages claims if they arise. Each image must be dated and a brief description note attached.

The Contractor shall:

1. Allow the ECOs access to take photographs of all areas, activities and actions.

The ECOs shall keep an electronic database of photographic records which will include:

- 1. Pictures of all areas designated as work areas, camp areas, development sites and storage areas taken before these areas are set up;
- 2. All bunding and fencing;
- 3. Road conditions and road verges;
- 4. Condition of all farm fences;
- 5. Topsoil storage areas;
- 6. All areas to be cordoned off during construction;
- 7. Waste management sites;
- 8. Ablution facilities (inside and out);
- 9. Any non-conformances deemed to be "significant";
- 10. All completed corrective actions for non-compliances;
- 11. All required signage;
- 12. Photographic recordings of incidents;
- 13. All areas before, during and post rehabilitation; and
- 14. Include relevant photographs in the Final Environmental Audit Report.

4.10 Complaints register

The ECOs shall keep a current and up-to-date complaints register. The complaints register is to be a record of all complaints received from communities, stakeholders and individuals. The Complaints Record shall:

- 1. Record the name and contact details of the complainant;
- 2. Record the time and date of the complaint;
- 3. Contain a detailed description of the complaint;
- 4. Where relevant and appropriate, contain photographic evidence of the complaint or damage (ECOs to take relevant photographs); and
- 5. Contain a copy of the ECOs written response to each complaint received and keep a record of any further correspondence with the complainant. The ECO's written response will include a description of any corrective action to be taken and must be signed by the Contractor, ECO and affected party. Where a damage claim is issued by the complainant, the ECOs shall respond as described in (section 4.11) below.

4.11 Claims for damages

In the event that a Claim for Damages is submitted by a community, landowner or individual, the ECOs shall:

- 1. Record the full detail of the complaint as described in (section 4.10) above;
- 2. The DPM will evaluate the claim and associated damage and submit the evaluation to the Senior Site Representative for approval;
- 3. Following consideration by the DPM, the claim is to be resolved and settled immediately, or the reason for not accepting the claim communicated in writing to the claimant. Should the claimant not accept this, the ECO shall, in writing report the incident to the Developer's negotiator and legal department; and
- 4. A formal record of the response by the ECOs to the claimant as well as the rectification of the method of making payments not amount will be recorded in the EMPr file.
- 4.12 Interactions with affected parties

Open, transparent and good relations with affected landowners, communities and regional staff are an essential aspect to the successful management and mitigation of environmental impacts.

The ECOs shall:

- 1. Ensure that all queries, complaints and claims are dealt within an agreed timeframe;
- 2. Ensure that any or all agreements are documented, signed by all parties and a record of the agreement kept in the EMPr file;
- 3. Ensure that a complaints telephone numbers are made available to all landowners and affected parties; and
- 4. Ensure that contact with affected parties is courteous at all times;

4.13 Environmental audits

Internal environmental audits of the activity and implementation of the EMPr must be undertaken. The findings and outcomes included in the EMPr file and submitted to the CA at intervals as indicated in the EA.

The ECOs must prepare a monthly EAR. The report will be tabled as the key point on the agenda of the Environmental Site Meeting. The Report is submitted for acceptance at the meeting and the final report will be circulated to the Project Manager and filed in the EMPr file. At a frequency determined by the EA, the ECOs shall submit the monthly reports to the CA. At a minimum the monthly report is to cover the following:

- Weekly Environmental Checklists;
- Deviations and non-compliances with the checklists;
- Non-compliances issued;
- Completed and reported corrective actions;
- Environmental Monitoring;
- General environmental findings and actions; and
- Minutes of the Bi-monthly Environmental Site Meetings.

4.14 Final environmental audits

On final completion of the rehabilitation and/or requirements of the EA a final EAR is to be prepared and submitted to the CA. The EAR must comply with Appendix 7 of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 1: Pre-approved generic EMPr template

5. IMPACT MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES AND IMPACT MANAGEMENT ACTIONS

This section provides a pre-approved generic EMPr template with aspects that are common to the development of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity. There is a list of aspects identified for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, and for each aspect a set of prescribed impact management outcomes and associated impact management actions have been identified. Holders of EAs are responsible to ensure the implementation of these outcomes and actions for all projects as a minimum requirement, in order to mitigate the impact of such aspects identified for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity.

The template provided below is to be completed by providing the information under each heading for each environmental impact management action.

The completed template must be signed and dated on each page by both the contractor and the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as Appendix 1. Each method statement must also be duly signed and dated on each page by the contactor and the holder of the EA. This template, once signed and dated, is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

5.1 Environmental awareness training

Impact management outcome: All onsite staff are aware and understands the individual responsibilities in terms of this EMPr.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	ı		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All staff must receive environmental awareness training prior to commencement of the activities; 	ECO / cEO / dEO	Hold environmental awareness training workshops	Pre-construction Construction and Operations	ECO dEO	Monthly and as and when required	training minutes / notes for the record
 The Contractor must allow for sufficient sessions to train all personnel with no more than 20 personnel attending each course; 	Contractor	Scheduling of sufficient sessions through consultation with the ECO / cEO / dEO	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Monthly and as and when required	Attendance register and training minutes / notes for the record
 Refresher environmental awareness training is available as and when required; 	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Hold refresher environmental awareness training workshops	During the construction phase	ECO dEO	Monthly and as and when required	Attendance register and training minutes / notes for the record
 All staff are aware of the conditions and controls linked to the EA and within the EMPr and made aware of their individual roles and responsibilities in achieving compliance with the EA and EMPr; 	cEO / dEO	Hold training workshops and ensure that the EA and EMPr is readily available	During the construction phase	ECO dEO	Monthly and as and when required	Attendance register and training minutes / notes for the record

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 The Contractor must erect and maintain information posters at key locations on site, and the posters must include the following information as a minimum: a) Safety notifications; and b) No littering. Environmental awareness training must include as a minimum the following: 	Contractor CEO / dEO in consultation	Develop and place appropriate posters at key locations Develop environmental	Pre-construction Construction Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO cEO ECO dEO	Monthly Prior to the commence	Photographic record Environment al awareness
 a) Description of significant environmental impacts, actual or potential, related to their work activities; b) Mitigation measures to be implemented when carrying out specific activities; c) Emergency preparedness and response procedures; d) Emergency procedures; e) Procedures to be followed when working near or within sensitive areas; f) Wastewater management procedures; g) Water usage and conservation; h) Solid waste management procedures; i) Sanitation procedures; j) Fire prevention; and k) Disease prevention. 	with the ECO	awareness training material which covers the minimum requirements			ment of the environmen tal awareness training	training material requirements checklist
 A record of all environmental awareness training courses undertaken as part of the EMPr must be available; 	ECO / cEO / dEO	Filing system including all proof of training (i.e. attendance register and training minutes /	During the construction phase	ECO dEO	Monthly	Completed and up to date filing system with proof of training

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		notes for the record)				
 Educate workers on the dangers of open and/or unattended fires; 	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the dangers of open and/or unattended fire	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Prior to the commence ment of the environmen tal awareness training	Environment al awareness training material requirements checklist
 A staff attendance register of all staff to have received environmental awareness training must be available. 	ECO / cEO / dEO	Filing system including all proof of training (i.e. attendance register)	During the construction phase	ECO dEO	Monthly	Completed and up to date filing system inclusive of all attendance registers
 Course material must be available and presented in appropriate languages that all staff can understand. 	ECO / cEO / dEO	Develop environmental awareness training material in the required languages. Training material must by readily available to all staff	During the construction phase	ECO dEO	Monthly	Environment al awareness training material requirements checklist and the training register which must indicate the language of the training

5.2 Site Establishment development

Impact management outcome: Impacts on the environment are minimised during site establishment and the development footprint are kept to demarcated development area.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	lementation				
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
A method statement must be provided by the contractor prior to any onsite activity that includes the layout of the construction camp in the form of a plan showing the location of key infrastructure and services (where applicable), including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous materials storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;	Contractor	Development of an appropriate method statement	Pre-construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to constructio n	Availability of the method statement which complies with the minimum requirements listed
 Location of camps must be within approved area to ensure that the site does not impact on sensitive areas identified in the environmental assessment or site walk through; 	DPM	Place construction camps outside of sensitive areas identified in the Basic Assessment Report	Pre-construction Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to constructio n	Availability of a layout and sensitivity map indicating avoidance of sensitive areas
 Sites must be located where possible on previously disturbed areas; 	DPM	Place site outside of sensitive areas and within previously disturbed areas	Pre-construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to constructio n	Availability of a layout and sensitivity map indicating

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		identified in the BA Report				avoidance of sensitive areas and placement within disturbed areas
 The camp must be fenced in accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing and gate installation; and 	DPM	Design and implementation of fencing as per the requirements of Section 5.5 of this EMPr	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to constructio n and once during the constructio n of the fencing	The camp is fenced in accordance with Section 5.5 of this EMPr
 The use of existing accommodation for contractor staff, where possible, is encouraged. 	Contractor	Obtain sufficient and appropriate accommodation facilities for personnel where relevant	Pre-construction	ECO dEO	Once, prior to constructio n	Proof of appropriate accommoda tion

5.3 Access restricted areas

Impact management outcome: Access to restricted areas prevented.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Identification of access restricted areas is to be informed by the environmental assessment, site walk through and any additional areas identified during development; Erect, demarcate and maintain a temporary barrier with clear signage around the perimeter of any access restricted area, colour coding could be used if appropriate; and 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the ECO dEO / cEO in consultation with the ECO	Spatially demarcate access restricted areas informed by the BA Report Erect appropriate temporary barriers around access restricted areas	Pre-construction At the commencement and for the duration of the construction phase	ECO	Once, prior to constructio n Monthly	Access restricted areas are identified and provided in a spatial format Access restricted areas are closed-off through temporary	
 Unauthorised access and development related activity inside access restricted areas is prohibited. 	Contractor / dEO / cEO	Erect appropriate temporary barriers around access restricted areas	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	barriers and barriers are maintained to a sufficient standard Photographic evidence and notes of compliance	
		and provide clear signage of restricted status			required	that no unauthorised access or	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
						activities has
						taken place
						within the
						access
						restricted
						areas

5.4 Access roads

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment through the planned and restricted movement of vehicles on site.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	mplementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
- An access agreement must be formalised and signed by	DPM	Develop access	Pre-construction	dEO	Once, prior	Availability of		
the DPM, Contractor and landowner before	Contractor	agreements with		ECO	to	approved		
commencing with the activities;		the affected			constructio	and signed		
		landowners.			n	negotiations		
		Ensure that						
		agreements are						
		approved and						
		signed						
- All private roads used for access to the servitude must be	Contractor	Undertake	During the	cEO / ECO	Weekly	Photographic		
maintained and upon completion of the works, be left in		maintenance	construction		-	record of the		
at least the original condition		activities on	phase			pre-		
		private roads used				construction		
		for construction as				condition		

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		degradation takes place				and degradation of roads, and records of the implementati on and effectiveness of maintenance activities
 All contractors must be made aware of all these access routes. 	dEO / cEO	Develop a map illustrating all access routes associated with the project and present and provide the map to all contractors	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Once, prior to constructio n	Access routes map readily available
 Any access route deviation from that in the written agreement must be closed and re-vegetated immediately, at the contractor's expense; 	Contractor	All access routes developed that are not in-line with the access route agreements must be closed and re- habilitated to the pre-disturbance state	Construction and Rehabilitation	CEO ECO	Bi-weekly (every two weeks)	Photographic record of the closure of access roads and re- vegetation
 Maximum use of both existing servitudes and existing roads must be made to minimize further disturbance through the development of new roads; 	Contractor (and Eskom maintenance	Existing access routes to be used must be specified	Construction and operation	cEO Operation and	Weekly	Implementati on of the

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
	staff where	and the		maintenance		approved
	relevant to	development of		team		layout
	operation)	new roads must be				
		avoided as far as				
		possible				
- In circumstances where private roads must be used, the	dEO / cEO	Record the	During the	ECO	Prior to the	Photographic
condition of the said roads must be recorded in		conditions of	construction		use of	record and
accordance with section 4.9: photographic record; prior		private roads to be	phase		private	proof of the
to use and the condition thereof agreed by the		used (prior to use)			roads	road
landowner, the DPM, and the contractor;		as per the				conditions
		requirements of				agreed upon
		section 4.9 and				with the
		agree on the				relevant
		required condition				parties
		of the roads with				
		the landowner,				
		DPM and				
		contractor				
- Access roads in flattish areas must follow fence lines and	DPM and	Design access	Pre-construction	ECO	Once	Implementati
tree belts to avoid fragmentation of vegetated areas or	Contractor	roads to follow			during the	on of the
croplands		fence lines and			design and	approved
		avoid vegetated			once prior	layout
		areas			to	
					constructio	
					n	
- Access roads must only be developed on pre-planned	Contractor	Construction of	During the	ECO once	Once	Implementati
and approved roads.		access roads only	construction	during the	during the	on of the
		on pre-planned	phase	design	design and	approved
		and approved		dEO	weekly	layout
		access roads			during the	
					constructio	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation				Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation		limeframe fo mplementation	r Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						n of access roads	

5.5 Fencing and Gate installation

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and gates where required.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Use existing gates provided to gain access to all parts of the area authorised for development, where possible; 	Contractor	Identify and inform all relevant staff of the existing gates to be used	Pre-construction & Construction	dEO	Monthly	Existing gates are utilised on a frequent basis and only limited new access gates are developed
 Existing and new gates to be recorded and documented in accordance with section 4.9: photographic record; 	ECO	Existing and new gates will be recorded and documented as per the requirements of section 4.9	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, when the constructio n of all new gates have been completed	Photographic record of the existing and new gates as per the requirements of section4.9

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All gates must be fitted with locks and be kept locked at all times during the development phase, unless otherwise agreed with the landowner; 	Contractor	Ensure all relevant gates are fitted with locks and are always locked	Construction and Operation	ECO monthly, Operation and maintenance team and cEO	Bi-weekly (every second week)	All gates are locked and no complaints from landowners are received in this regard
 At points where the line crosses a fence in which there is no suitable gate within the extent of the line servitude, on the instruction of the DPM, a gate must be installed at the approval of the landowner; 	dEO	Install new gates where required with the approval of the affected landowner	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, prior to constructio n and during the constructio n phase, as and when required	New gates are installed where the power line crosses fences
 Care must be taken that the gates must be so erected that there is a gap of no more than 100 mm between the bottom of the gate and the ground; 	Contractor	Install gates in a manner so that there is a gap of no more than 100mm between the bottom of the gate and the ground	During the construction phase	CEO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the constructio n phase	New gates installed as per the requirement
 Where gates are installed in jackal proof fencing, a suitable reinforced concrete sill must be provided beneath the gate; 	Contractor	Implement a reinforced concrete sill beneath gates installed for jackal proofing	During the construction phase	CEO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the constructio n phase	New gates installed as per the requirement

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe fo implementation	r Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Original tension must be maintained in the fence wires; 	Contractor	Maintain original tension of fences through required activities	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No tension reduction on fence wires
 All gates installed in electrified fencing must be re- electrified; 	Contractor	Electrify gates installed in electrified fencing	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the constructio n phase	Gates installed in electrified fencing is electrified
 All demarcation fencing and barriers must be maintained in good working order for the duration of the development activities; 	Contractor	Undertake maintenance activities on fences and barriers	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of maintained fences and barriers
 Fencing must be erected around the camp, batching plants, hazardous storage areas, and all designated access restricted areas, where applicable; 	Contractor	Fence construction camps, batching plants, hazardous storage areas and access restricted areas. Avoid sensitive flora	During the construction phase	ECO	Once during the erection of fencing	Photographic record of fences erected
 Any temporary fencing to restrict the movement of life- stock must only be erected with the permission of the land owner. 	dEO/ cEO Contractor	Obtain written approval from the relevant landowner where temporary fencing is required to	During the construction phase	ECO	To be monitored as temporary fencing is required	Written approval to be provided by the dEO

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation restrict livestock movement	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 All fencing must be developed of high quality material bearing the SABS mark; 	Contractor	Make use of high quality materials approved by SABS	During the construction phase	CEO	To be monitored as fencing is erected during the constructio n phase	Use of high quality materials for fencing approved by SABS	
 The use of razor wire as fencing must be avoided; 	Contractor	Razor wire must not be sourced or used for the erection of fencing	During the construction phase	ECO	To be monitored as fencing is erected during the constructio n phase	Fences erected do not make use of razor wire	
 Fenced areas with gate access must remain locked after hours, during weekends and on holidays if staff is away from site. Site security will be required at all times; 	DSS and Contractor	Ensure fenced areas are locked as required through the implementation of a formalised process. Appoint a security company	During the construction phase	CEO	Weekly and as and when required	Fences are locked and no complaints from landowners are received. A security company is appointed	
 On completion of the development phase all temporary fences are to be removed; 	Contractor	Removal of all temporary fences	At the end of the Construction Phase	ECO dEO	Once, following the completion	No temporary fences associated	

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	on			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method implementation	of	Timeframe fo implementation		Frequency	Evidence		
	person	Implementation		Implementation	person		-		
						of the	with	the	
						constructio	project	i	
						n phase	present		
							following	; the	
							completi	ion	
							of	the	
							construc	tion	
							phase		
- The contractor must ensure that all fence uprights are	Contractor	Appropriate		At the end of the	ECO	Once,	No f	ence	
appropriately removed, ensuring that no uprights are cut		removal of	all	Construction	dEO	following	uprights		
at ground level but rather removed completely.		fence uprights		Phase		the	associate	ed	
Ŭ I I						completion	with	the	
						of the	project	i	
						constructio	present		
						n phase	following	ı the	
						in priceso	completi		
							of	the	
							construc		
								non	
							phase		

5.6 Water Supply Management

Impact management outcome: Undertake responsible water usage.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All abstraction points or bore holes must be registered with the DWS and suitable water meters installed to ensure that the abstracted volumes are measured on a daily basis; 	DPM and Contractor	Obtaining relevant registrations from DWS and installation of water meters	Pre-construction	CEO	To be monitored with the installation of water meters and daily during constructio n and operation	Use of high quality water meters
 The Contractor must ensure the following: The vehicle abstracting water from a river does not enter or cross it and does not operate from within the river; No damage occurs to the river bed or banks and that the abstraction of water does not entail stream diversion activities; and All reasonable measures to limit pollution or sedimentation of the downstream watercourse are implemented. 	Not applicable	e - water will not be ab	ostracted from a river			

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n				Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method implementat	of	Timeframe implementatio	for	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Ensure water conservation is being practiced by: a. Minimising water use during cleaning of equipment; b. Undertaking regular audits of water systems; and c. Including a discussion on water usage and conservation during environmental awareness training. d. The use of grey water is encouraged. 	Contractor / dEO / cEO in consultation with the ECO	Implement	the water n on-site	During construction phase	the	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Successful implementati on of water conservation

5.7 Storm and waste water management

Impact management outcome: Impacts to the environment caused by storm water and wastewater discharges during construction are avoided.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method or implementation	Timefram		Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence complian		
 Runoff from the cement/ concrete batching areas must be strictly controlled, and contaminated water must be collected, stored and either treated or disposed of off- site, at a location approved by the project manager; 	Contractor	Implement measures for the control and management or runoff	phase	the tion	CEO	Weekly	No mismanag ment runoff contamin d water to temporar concrete batching plant	of or nate due the y	

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All spillage of oil onto concrete surfaces must be controlled by the use of an approved absorbent material and the used absorbent material disposed of at an appropriate waste disposal facility; 	Contractor and cEO	Obtain approved absorbent material and make use of licensed waste disposal facilities for disposal of oil	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Availability of approved absorbent material at the construction site and proof of disposal of oil at licensed disposal facilities
 Natural storm water runoff not contaminated during the development and clean water can be discharged directly to watercourses and water bodies, subject to the Project Manager's approval and support by the ECO; 	DPM in consultation with the ECO	Consultation between the DPM and the ECO to determine if water can be discharged directly into water bodies (where present). The necessary water quality testing must be undertaken prior to discharge	During the construction phase	ECO	As and when the need arises to discharge natural stormwater runoff and clean water	Proof of consultation between the DPM and ECO and the outcomes thereof to be provided. Proof of water quality testing and the results thereof.
 Water that has been contaminated with suspended solids, such as soils and silt, may be released into watercourses or water bodies only once all suspended solids have been removed from the water by settling out these solids in settlement ponds. The release of settled water back into the environment must be subject to the Project Manager's approval and support by the ECO. 	DPM in consultation with the ECO	Consultation between the DPM and the ECO to determine if water can be released following settling.	During the construction phase	ECO	As and when the need arises to discharge settled water	Proof of consultation between the DPM and ECO and the outcomes

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
						thereof to be
						provided.

5.8 Solid and hazardous waste management

Impact management outcome: Wastes are appropriately stored, handled and safely disposed of at a recognised waste facility.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation					Monitoring			
					<u> </u>				
	Responsible	Method	of	Timeframe	for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementat	ion	implementati	on	person		compliance	
- All measures regarding waste management must be	Contractor	Develop	and	During	the	ECO	Monthly	Implementati	
undertaken using an integrated waste management		implement	а	construction				on of the	
approach;		waste		phase				waste	
		managemer	nt					management	
		plan						plan and	
								proof of	
								waste	
								management	
								through proof	
								of responsible	
								disposal	

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Sufficient, covered waste collection bins (scavenger and weatherproof) must be provided; 	Contractor	Provision of appropriate waste collection bins strategically placed throughout the site	During the construction phase	CEO	Weekly	Appropriate waste collection bins are available throughout the site	
 A suitably positioned and clearly demarcated waste collection site must be identified and provided; 	DPM and Contractor	Identify an appropriate location for the waste collection site which must be clearly demarcated through signage and temporary fencing	Design and Construction Phase	ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of constructio n	A waste collection site is appropriately placed and demarcated	
 The waste collection site must be maintained in a clean and orderly manner; 	Contractor	Regular collection of waste and maintenance of the area must be undertaken as per the waste requirements for the project during construction	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	The waste collection site is maintained and clean	
 Waste must be segregated into separate bins and clearly marked for each waste type for recycling and safe disposal; 	Contractor	Provide separate and marked bins for the different waste types associated with	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	Separate waste bins are available on site and waste	

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		the construction phase				generated is separated into the relevant bins
 Staff must be trained in waste segregation; 	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Include waste segregation as part of the environmental awareness training material.	Pre-construction Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Environmenta I awareness training material requirements checklist
 Bins must be emptied regularly; 	Contractor	Bins must be emptied before reaching total capacity and on a regular basis as required for the project	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	No mismanagem ent of bins.
 General waste produced onsite must be disposed of at registered waste disposal sites/ recycling company; 	Contractor	Disposal of general waste at licensed waste disposal facilities must be undertaken as per the waste management plan	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided
 Hazardous waste must be disposed of at a registered waste disposal site; 	Contractor	Disposal of hazardous waste at licensed waste disposal facilities must be	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	on			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe implementati	for ion	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		undertaken as per the waste management plan					facilities to be provided	
 Certificates of safe disposal for general, hazardous and recycled waste must be maintained. 	Contractor	Obtain certificates for safe disposal of waste	U	the	ECO	Monthly	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided and filed as part of the filing system	

5.9 Protection of watercourses and estuaries

Impact management outcome: Pollution and contamination of the watercourse environment and or estuary erosion are prevented.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation				Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method implementation	of	Timeframe implementation	for	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All watercourses must be protected from direct or indirect spills of pollutants such as solid waste, sewage, cement, oils, fuels, chemicals, aggregate tailings, wash 	Contractor	Contractor undertake activities whic can cause spills	-	construction phase	he	CEO	Weekly	No incidents reported of spillage of pollutants

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
and contaminated water or organic material resulting from the Contractor's activities;		pollutants outside of watercourses				into watercourses
 In the event of a spill, prompt action must be taken to clear the polluted or affected areas; 	Contractor and cEO	Develop a management plan or process for implementation should a spill take place	During the construction phase	CEO	Weekly	Feedback must be provided by the contractor in terms of how the spill was handled and photographi c evidence of the feedback must be provided and kept on record
 Where possible, no development equipment must traverse any seasonal or permanent wetland 	cEO and Contractor	Ensure layout has been informed by the environmental sensitivities as determined by the basic assessment and specialist studies	Construction Phase	ECO	Once off review that the layout used is the approved one	Confirm no development equipment traverses any seasonal or permanent wetland as per the authorised layout by

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						reviewing the as-built designs (once-off confirmation)
 No return flow into the estuaries must be allowed and no disturbance of the Estuarine functional Zone should occur; 	Not applicable – no estuaries present					
 Development of permanent watercourse or estuary crossing must only be undertaken where no alternative access to tower position is available; 	cEO, Contractor	Ensure that permenant crossings (access roads) are provided for access to the substations if no alternative crossing is available.	During the construction phase	CEO	Weekly	Ensure that permenant crossings are developed if there is no alternative.
 There must not be any impact on the long term morphological dynamics of watercourses or estuaries; 	DPM, cEO	Develop a management plan or process for implementation should a spill take place within a watercourse and ensure continuous monitoring	During the construction and operation phase	ECO, dEO	For all phases of the project life cycle (i.e. constructio n, operation, decommissi oning)	No incidents reported of spillage of pollutants into watercourses

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	on		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Existing crossing points must be favored over the creation of new crossings (including temporary access) 	DPM, cEO	Develop a management plan or process for implementation should a spill take place within a watercourse and ensure continuous monitoring	During the pre- construction and construction phase	ECO, dEO	During the constructio n phase of the project.	Existing crossing points utilised as opposed to new ones created and no incidents reported of spillage of pollutants into watercourses	
 When working in or near any watercourse or estuary, the following environmental controls and consideration must be taken: a) Water levels during the period of construction; No altering of the bed, banks, course or characteristics of a watercourse b) During the execution of the works, appropriate measures to prevent pollution and contamination of the riparian environment must be implemented e.g. including ensuring that construction equipment is well maintained; c) Where earthwork is being undertaken in close proximity to any watercourse, slopes must be stabilised using suitable materials, i.e. sandbags or geotextile fabric, to prevent sand and rock from entering the channel; and d) Appropriate rehabilitation and re-vegetation measures for the watercourse banks must be implemented timeously. In this regard, the banks should 	Contractor	Activities undertaken near watercourses must be in-line with and consider the specified environmental controls	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No degradation of the watercourses and no incidents of destruction reported	

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
be appropriately and incrementally stabilised as soon as development allows.						

5.10 Vegetation clearing

Impact management outcome: Vegetation clearing is restricted to the authorised development footprint of the proposed infrastructure.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring					
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of			
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance			
General:									
- Indigenous vegetation which does not interfere with the	cEO and	Demarcate areas	Construction and	ECO monthly,	Weekly,	No			
development must be left undisturbed;	contractor	of indigenous	operation (i.e. for	Operation	and as and	unnecessary			
		vegetation to be	maintenance	and	when	clearance of			
		avoided before	purposes)	maintenance	required	indigenous			
		clearance is		team weekly		vegetation is			
		undertaken				undertaken			
- Protected or endangered species may occur on or near	Contractor	Demarcate areas	During the	ECO monthly	Weekly,	No			
the development site. Special care should be taken not		containing	Construction	and	and as and	clearance of			
to damage such species;		protected or	Phase	Operation	when	protected or			
		endangered		and	required	endangered			
		species to be		maintenance		species other			
		avoided by		team weekly		than those			

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		construction activities				permitted to be removed
 Search, rescue and replanting of all protected and endangered species likely to be damaged during project development must be identified by the relevant specialist and completed prior to any development or clearing; 	Relevant specialist in consultation with the Contractor	Develop and implement a Plant Search and Rescue Plan	Pre-construction & Construction	CEO	Weekly, and as and when required	Implementati on of the Plant Search and Rescue Plan and photographi c evidence and notes of the implementati on of the plan
 Permits for removal must be obtained from the relevant CA prior to the cutting or clearing of the affected species, and they must be filed; 	DPM	Undertake the permitting process in order to obtain the relevant permits for the removal of protected species. Permits must be kept on file	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of the constructio n phase and removal of the protected species	CA permits on file
 The Environmental Audit Report must confirm that all identified species have been rescued and replanted and that the location of replanting is compliant with conditions of approvals; 	ECO	Ensure that the audit report indicates all species rescued and replanted and provides feedback	During the Construction Phase and following the completion of the	ECO	Once off or as and when required	ECO confirmed rescued and replanted programme

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		in terms of compliance with the conditions of permits for replanting	Construction Phase			implemented correctly.
 Trees felled due to construction must be documented and form part of the Environmental Audit Report; 	ECO	Ensure that the audit report documents the details of trees felled	During the Construction Phase and following the completion of the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of the constructio n phase and removal of the protected species	CA permits on file
 Rivers and watercourses must be kept clear of felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris; 	Contractor	Felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris must be disposed of at a licensed waste disposal facility	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	No felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris are dumped in inappropriate locations and disposal certificates are available as proof of responsible disposal

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Only a registered pest control operator may apply herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial application must be carried out under the supervision of a registered pest control operator, supervision of a registered pest control operator or is appropriately trained; 	DPM qnd Contractor	A suitably qualified pest control operator must be appointed	Construction and Operation	ECO	As and when the use of herbicides is required	Only registered pest control operators must be appointed and proof of their registration must be provided
 A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; 	DPM qnd Contractor	A suitably qualified pest control operator must be appointed	Construction and Operation	ECO	As and when the use of herbicides is required	Only registered pest control operators must be appointed and proof of their registration must be provided
 No herbicides must be used in estuaries 	Not Applicable	e – no estuaries applic	able			
 All protected species and sensitive vegetation not removed must be clearly marked and such areas fenced off in accordance to Section 5.3: Access restricted areas. 	Contractor in consultation with the cEO	Spatially demarcate protected species and sensitive vegetation and implement appropriate fencing where	During the construction phase	ECO	Once, during the undertaking of the demarcatio n of the areas and the erection	Demarcation and fencing is undertaken in-line with the requirements of section 5.3

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation required as per section 5.3	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency of the fencing	Evidence of compliance	
 Alien invasive vegetation must be removed and disposed of at a licensed waste management facility. 	Contractor	Undertake removal of alien invasive vegetation in accordance with the relevant guideline and ensure the vegetation is disposed of at a licensed waste disposal facility	Construction and Operation	ECO Operation and maintenance team	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof must be provided that alien invasive vegetation has been cleared in accordance to the relevant guideline and that the vegetation was disposed of at a licensed waste disposal facility	

5.11 Protection of fauna

Impact management outcome: Disturbance to fauna is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 No interference with livestock must occur without the landowner's written consent and with the landowner or a person representing the landowner being present; 	dEO / cEO Contractor	Develop a procedure for dealing with livestock within the affected properties	Pre-construction and during the construction phase	ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of construction and as and when required during the construction phase	Written consent provided by the landowner and proof of representatio n of the landowner during interference
 The breeding sites of raptors and other wild birds species must be taken into consideration during the planning of the development programme; 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Ensure that the planning and development programme considers breeding sites for wild bird species	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of construction and as and when required	The planning and development programme includes the consideration of breeding sites for wild bird species
 Breeding sites must be kept intact and disturbance to breeding birds must be avoided. Special care must be taken where nestlings or fledglings are present; 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Avoid breeding sites and ensure that special care is taken in the presence of	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO monthly, cEO and Operation and	Weekly, and as an when required during the construction	Photographic record of intact breeding sites

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		nestlings and fledglings		maintenanc e team weekly	. Monthly, and as and when required during operation	
 Special recommendations of the avian specialist must be adhered to at all times to prevent unnecessary disturbance of birds; 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	All mitigation measures recommended by the avifauna specialist must be implemented	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and maintenanc e team	Monthly during construction and monthly during operation	Photographic record of compliance and successful implementati on of the recommend ed measures
 No poaching must be tolerated under any circumstances. All animal dens in close proximity to the works areas must be marked as Access restricted areas; 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	All site staff must be informed of this requirement during the Environmental Awareness Training and the consequences of not adhering to the requirement. These areas must be demarcated as Access Restricted Areas	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No instances of poaching is reported

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 No deliberate or intentional killing of fauna is allowed; 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	All site staff must be informed of this requirement during the Environmental Awareness Training and the consequences of not adhering to the requirement. These areas must be demarcated as Access Restricted Areas	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No instances of deliberate or intentional killing is reported	
 In areas where snakes are abundant, snake deterrents to be deployed on the pylons to prevent snakes climbing up, being electrocuted and causing power outages; and 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Implement and maintain snake deterrents on pylons in areas where snakes are abundant	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and maintenanc e team	Once, during the construction of the pylons and as and when required. Monthly during operation	Photographic record of the implementati on and maintenance of snake deterrents	
 No Threatened or Protected species (ToPs) and/or protected fauna as listed according NEMBA (Act No. 10 of 2004) and relevant provincial ordinances may be removed and/or relocated without appropriate authorisations/permits. 	DPM in consultation with the dEO	Undertake a permitting process to obtain the required permits	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of construction and as and	Permits for removal and/relocati on must be kept on file and be	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method implementation		Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						when required	readily available

5.12 Protection of heritage resources

Impact management outcome: Impact to heritage resources is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Identify, demarcate and prevent impact to all known sensitive heritage features on site in accordance with the No-Go procedure in Section 5.3: Access restricted areas; 	DPM and a suitably qualified specialist dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor and ECO	Spatially identify and demarcate areas of heritage significance as per the Heritage Impact Assessment and the Heritage Walk-through Report and as per the requirements of section 5.3	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of constructio n	Proof of avoidance of sensitive heritage features through details of avoidance and photographi c records
 Carry out general monitoring of excavations for potential fossils, artefacts and material of heritage importance; 	dEO (in consultation with	Ensure construction staff are adequately	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, or as required	Environment al awareness training

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
	specialists	informed (via				includes	
	if/as	environmental				measures	
	required).	awareness				relating to	
		training) to carry				monitoring for	
		out monitoring of				chance finds	
		excavations for					
		fossils, artefacts					
		and important					
		heritage material					
- All work must cease immediately, if any human remains	dEO / cEO in	Develop and	During the	ECO	As and	Proof of work	
and/or other archaeological, palaeontological and	consultation	implement	Construction		when	ceased and	
historical material are uncovered. Such material, if	with the	procedures for	Phase		required	the required	
exposed, must be reported to the nearest museum,	Contractor	situations where				procedures	
archaeologist/ palaeontologist (or the South African	and ECO	human remains,				followed in	
Police Services), so that a systematic and professional		archaeological,				cases where	
investigation can be undertaken. Sufficient time must be		palaeontolgoical				material is	
allowed to remove/collect such material before		or historical				discovered.	
development recommences.		material are					
		uncovered					

5.13 Safety of the public

Impact management outcome: All precautions are taken to minimise the risk of injury, harm or complaints.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Identify fire hazards, demarcate and restrict public access to these areas as well as notify the local authority of any potential threats e.g. large brush stockpiles, fuels etc.; 	cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Develop an Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan specific to the project	Pre-construction Construction	CEO	Once, prior to the commence ment of constructio n and weekly during the constructio n phase	Compliance with the Emergency Preparedness , Response and Fire Managemen t Plan
 All unattended open excavations must be adequately fenced or demarcated; 	Contractor	Ensure that all excavations undertaken is fenced and demarcated within a reasonable timeframe and in instances where excavations will be open for long- periods of time	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	Excavations are fenced where required and photographi c proof can be provided
 Adequate protective measures must be implemented to prevent unauthorised access to and climbing of partly constructed towers and protective scaffolding; 	Contractor	All staff must be easily identifiable and the climbing	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and	No incidents of unauthorised

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	on		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		of towers and scaffolding must only be undertaken by authorised personnel as managed by the Contractor		50	when required	climbing is reported	
 Ensure structures vulnerable to high winds are secured; 	Contractor	Ensure that sufficient stabilisation measures are implemented to secure structures vulnerable to high winds	During the construction phase	cEO	Weekly, and as and when required	No incidents of unstable structures due to high winds is reported	
 Maintain an incidents and complaints register in which all incidents or complaints involving the public are logged. 	CEO	Compile and regularly update as incidents and complaints are submitted from the public and indicate the actions taken to resolve the complaint	During the construction phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	The incidents and complaints register is complete and provides all the required details	

5.14 Sanitation

Impact management outcome: Clean and well maintained toilet facilities are available to all staff in an effort to minimise the risk of disease and impact to the environment.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Mobile chemical toilets are installed onsite if no other ablution facilities are available; 	Contractor	Mobile chemical toilets must be placed appropriately and in areas that avoid environmental sensitivities	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	Mobile toilets are installed and avoid environment al sensitivities
 The use of ablution facilities and or mobile toilets must be used at all times and no indiscriminate use of the veld for the purposes of ablutions must be permitted under any circumstances; 	Contractor in consultation with the cEO	All site staff must be informed of this requirement during the Environmental Awareness Training and the consequences of not adhering to the requirement.	Pe-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No evidence of non- compliance identified
 Where mobile chemical toilets are required, the following must be ensured: a) Toilets are located no closer than 100 m to any watercourse or water body; b) Toilets are secured to the ground to prevent them from toppling due to wind or any other cause; 	Contractor in consultation with the cEO	The installation of the toilets by the Contractor must be as per the listed requirements	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	No evidence of non- compliance identified

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	on		Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence o compliance	
 c) No spillage occurs when the toilets are cleaned or emptied and the contents are managed in accordance with the EMPr; d) Toilets have an external closing mechanism and are closed and secured from the outside when not in use to prevent toilet paper from being blown out; e) Toilets are emptied before long weekends and workers holidays, and must be locked after working hours; f) Toilets are serviced regularly and the ECO must inspect toilets to ensure compliance to health standards; 							
 A copy of the waste disposal certificates must be maintained. 	Contractor	Certificates obtained from the licensed waste disposal facility with the emptying of the toilets must be kept on file	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Certificates for waste disposal from the licensed waste disposal facility available or site	

5.15 Prevention of disease

Impact Management outcome: All necessary precautions linked to the spread of disease are taken.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Undertake environmentally-friendly pest control in the camp area; 	Contractor	Only environmentally- friendly pest control must be used, when required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	As and when pest control is required for the project	Contractor to provide proof of pest control used being environment ally-friendly
sexually transmitted diseases, especially HIV AIDS;	CEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	The effects of sexually transmitted diseases and HIV/ AIDS must be covered in the Environmental Awareness Training	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of constructio n and monthly during constructio n	Environment al awareness training material requirements checklist
 The Contractor must ensure that information posters on AIDS are displayed in the Contractor Camp area; 	Contractor	Develop and place information posters on HIV/ AIDS	During the Construction Phase	cEO	Weekly	Photographic evidence of poster placement
transmitted diseases to be made available to both construction workers and local community, where	cEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Information and education of sexually transmitted	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly	Environment al awareness training material

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		diseases must be covered in the Environmental Awareness Training.				requirements checklist
 Free condoms must be made available to all staff on site at central points; 	Contractor	Placement of free condoms in mobile toilets and at the construction camps	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of placement of free condoms by the contractor to be provided
 Medical support must be made available; 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Ensure that designated personnel with first aid training are available on site and that first aid kits to provide medical support is readily available	Construction and Operations	ECO	Monthly	Check the availability of first aid trained personnel and medical kits (including if these are complete in terms of supplies)
 Provide access to Voluntary HIV Testing and Counselling Services. 	Contractor	Compile a HIV testing schedule and provide counselling services where required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Quarterly, and as and when required	Voluntary testing schedules and proof of counselling (where undertaken)

5.16 Emergency procedures

Impact management outcome: Emergency procedures are in place to enable a rapid and effective response to all types of environmental emergencies.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
 Compile an Emergency Response Action Plan (ERAP) prior to the commencement of the proposed project; 	Contractor	Develop an Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan specific to the project	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of constructio n	Emergency Preparedness , Response and Fire Managemen t Plan compiled	
 The Emergency Plan must deal with accidents, potential spillages and fires in line with relevant legislation; 	Contractor	Develop an Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan specific to the project which covers accidents, potential spillages and fires	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of constructio n	Emergency Preparedness , Response and Fire Managemen t Plan includes required specifications	
 All staff must be made aware of emergency procedures as part of environmental awareness training; 	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO	Develop environmental awareness training material which	Pre-construction	ECO	Prior to the commence ment of the environmen	Environment al awareness training material	

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		covers the relevant emergency procedures			tal awareness training	requirements checklist
 The relevant local authority must be made aware of a fire as soon as it starts; 	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Develop and include a procedure in the Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan for the event of a fire and the procedure to be followed for informing the local authority	Construction	ECO	As and when a fire occurs	The local authority was informed as per the relevant procedure set out in the Emergency Preparedness , Response and Fire Managemen t Plan
 In the event of emergency necessary mitigation measures to contain the spill or leak must be implemented (see Hazardous Substances section 5.17). 	Contractor	Implement the required mitigation measures in the event of a spill or leak as per the requirements of Section 5.17.	Construction and Operations	ECO	As and when a spill or leak occurs	The mitigation measures included under Section 5.17 have been adhered to

5.17 Hazardous substances

Impact management outcome: Safe storage, handling, use and disposal of hazardous substances.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- The use and storage of hazardous substances to be	cEO in	Develop a strategy	Pre-construction &	ECO	Once, prior	Contractor to
minimised and non-hazardous and non-toxic	consultation	of how hazardous	Construction		to the	provide
alternatives substituted where possible;	with the	substances can be			commence	evidence of
	Contractor	and should be			ment of	substances
		minimised			constructio	used for proof
					n and	of
					monthly	compliance
					during the	
					constructio	
					n phase	
- All hazardous substances must be stored in suitable	Contractor	Develop a Method	Pre-construction &	ECO	Once, prior	Photographic
containers as defined in the Method Statement;		Statement for the	Construction		to the	proof that
		storage of			commence	hazardous
		hazardous			ment of	substances
		substances in			constructio	are stored in
		suitable containers			n and	suitable
					monthly	containers as
					during the	per the
					constructio	requirements
					n phase	of the
						relevant
						Method
						Statements

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Containers must be clearly marked to indicate contents, quantities and safety requirements; 	Contractor	Where hazardous waste is stored these must be clearly marked indicating the required details of the contents	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic proof that containers are marked as per the requirements
 All storage areas must be bunded. The bunded area must be of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers; 	Contractor	Ensure that storage areas are sufficiently bunded which are of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly during the Constructio n Phase	Photographic proof that storage areas are bunded and proof that the bund areas are of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers
 Bunded areas to be suitably lined with a SABS approved liner; 	Contractor	Ensure that bunded storage areas are suitably lined	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, during the Constructio n Phase	Photographic proof that bunded storage areas are suitably lined
 An Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance (HCS) control sheet must be drawn up and kept up to date on a continuous basis; 	CEO / Contractor	Compile and update an Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Complete and up to date control sheet provided by

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		Substance (HCS) control sheet specific to the project				the Contractor
 All hazardous chemicals that will be used on site must have Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS); 	cEO / Contractor	Keep a record of all hazardous chemicals and the respective MSDS	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Record of hazardous chemicals and the respective MSDS
 All employees working with HCS must be trained in the safe use of the substance and according to the safety data sheet; 	CEO / Contractor	Provide training for personnel working with HCS	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of constructio n and as and when required	Record of training provided to personnel working with HCS
 Employees handling hazardous substances / materials must be aware of the potential impacts and follow appropriate safety measures. Appropriate personal protective equipment must be made available; 	CEO / Contractor	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the relevant impacts and safety measures. Provide appropriate training and personal	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Prior to the commence ment of the environmen tal awareness training and monthly during the constructio n phase for personal	Environment al awareness training material requirements checklist and all relevant personnel have undergone appropriate training and have access

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		protective equipment for the relevant personnel handling hazardous substances and materials			protective equipment	to personal protective equipment
 The Contractor must ensure that diesel and other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid is stored in appropriate storage tanks or in bowsers; 	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed or obtained for the storing of diesel, other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Storage tanks for the project are appropriate and no incidents are reported in this regard
 The tanks/ bowsers must be situated on a smooth impermeable surface (concrete) with a permanent bund. The impermeable lining must extend to the crest of the bund and the volume inside the bund must be 130% of the total capacity of all the storage tanks/ bowsers (110% statutory requirement plus an allowance for rainfall); 	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed or obtained for tanks as per the requirements listed	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Storage areas for the tanks/ bowsers for the project are appropriate and no incidents are reported in this regard
 The floor of the bund must be sloped, draining to an oil separator; 	Contractor	Appropriate storage facilities must be constructed as per	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, during constructio n	Bunded storage areas are constructed according to

Impact Management Actions	Implementation				Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe implementation	for	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		the requirements listed					the requirements
 Provision must be made for refueling at the storage area by protecting the soil with an impermeable groundcover. Where dispensing equipment is used, a drip tray must be used to ensure small spills are contained; 	Contractor	Appropriately constructed refuelling facility must be developed as per the requirements. Drip trays must be provided for use	During t Construction Phase	he	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Soils at the refuelling facility are protected as required and drip trays are provided and used
 All empty externally dirty drums must be stored on a drip tray or within a bunded area; 	Contractor	Ensure that empty dirty drums are stored appropriately as per the requirements	During t Construction Phase	he	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Drip trays or bunded areas are used for the storage of dirty drums
 No unauthorised access into the hazardous substances storage areas must be permitted; 	Contractor	Ensure through the implementation of procedures that no unauthorised access is undertaken into the storage areas	During t Construction Phase	he	ECO	Monthly	Proof of the implementati on of the relevant procedure must be provided by the contractor
 No smoking must be allowed within the vicinity of the hazardous storage areas; 	Contractor	Inform all employees of the requirement and develop and place relevant	During t Construction Phase	he	ECO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Photographic record of the signage placed must be provided

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation signage in the	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Adequate fire-fighting equipment must be made available at all hazardous storage areas; 	Contractor	relevant areas Hazardous storage areas must be fitted with adequate fire- fighting equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Adequate fire-fighting equipment is available and has been serviced
 Where refueling away from the dedicated refueling station is required, a mobile refueling unit must be used. Appropriate ground protection such as drip trays must be used; 	Contractor	Provide a mobile refuelling unit as well as suitable ground protection, where required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	A mobile refuelling unit and suitable ground protection is available for use
 An appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the scale of the activity/s involving the use of hazardous substance must be available at all times; 	Contractor	Provide an appropriate spill kit for the project for the use of hazardous substances	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Appropriate spill kits are available for use
 The responsible operator must have the required training to make use of the spill kit in emergency situations; 	cEO and Contractor	Provide training on the use of spill kits to the relevant employees	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of constructio n	Proof of training to be provided by the contractor
 An appropriate number of spill kits must be available and must be located in all areas where activities are being undertaken; 	cEO and Contractor	Provide an appropriate number of spill kits in relevant areas	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of appropriate number of spill kits in

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						appropriate areas to be provided by the contractor
 In the event of a spill, contaminated soil must be collected in containers and stored in a central location and disposed of according to the National Environmental Management: Waste Act 59 of 2008. Refer to Section 5.7 for procedures concerning storm and waste water management and 5.8 for solid and hazardous waste management. 	cEO and Contractor	Storage and disposal of contaminated soil must be in accordance with the National Environmental Management: Waste Act and sections 5.7 and 5.8 of this EMPr	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Proof of storage and disposal in terms of the National Environment al Managemen t: Waste Act must be provided. Certificates of disposal at licensed waste disposal facilities must be provided

5.18 Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage

Impact management outcome: Soil, surface water and groundwater contamination is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	on		Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
 Where possible and practical all maintenance of vehicles and equipment must take place in the workshop area; 	Contractor	Demarcate specific areas for the maintenance of vehicles and equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	A dedicated area for the maintenance of vehicles and machinery is used.		
 During servicing of vehicles or equipment, especially where emergency repairs are effected outside the workshop area, a suitable drip tray must be used to prevent spills onto the soil. The relevant local authority must be made aware of a fire as soon as it starts; 	Contractor	Ensure that a drip tray is available for any emergency repairs required	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide evidence of drip tray use for emergency repairs		
 Leaking equipment must be repaired immediately or be removed from site to facilitate repair; 	Contractor	Ensure that where leaking equipment is identified it is repaired immediately or removed from site for repairs	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide details of equipment repaired or removed from site		
 Workshop areas must be monitored for oil and fuel spills; 	CEO	Undertake regular inspections of the workshop areas for oil and fuel spills	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Register of inspection		

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		and keep an updated register of inspection on site				
 Appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the scale of the activity taking place must be available; 	Contractor	Provide an appropriate spill kit for the project	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Appropriate spill kits are available for use
 The workshop area must have a bunded concrete slab that is sloped to facilitate runoff into a collection sump or suitable oil / water separator where maintenance work on vehicles and equipment can be performed; 	Contractor	Ensure that the workshop area is sufficiently bunded in accordance with the required specification	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, during the Constructio n Phase and as and when required	Workshopareaisbundedinaccordancewiththerequiredspecification
 Water drainage from the workshop must be contained and managed in accordance Section 5.7: Storm and waste water management. 	Contractor	Ensure that water drainage from workshop area is managed as per the requirements of section 5.7	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Workshop drainage is managed in accordance with the requirements

5.19 Batching plants

Impact management outcome: Minimise spillages and contamination of soil, surface water and groundwater.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe implementatio	for n	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Concrete mixing must be carried out on an impermeable surface; 	Contractor	Provide impermeable surface for the mixing of concrete	During Construction Phase	the	CEO	Weekly	No concrete mixing is undertaken on open ground
 Batching plants areas must be fitted with a containment facility for the collection of cement laden water. 	Contractor	Implement measures for the control and management of cement laden water	During construction phase	the	CEO	Weekly	No mismanage ment of laden water due to the temporary concrete batching plant
 Dirty water from the batching plant must be contained to prevent soil and groundwater contamination 	Contractor	Implement measures for the control and management of dirty water to prevent soil and groundwater contamination	During construction phase	the	CEO	Weekly	No mismanage ment of dirty water due to the temporary concrete batching plant and no/minimal soil and

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						groundwater contaminatio n
 Bagged cement must be stored in an appropriate facility and at least 10 m away from any water courses, gullies and drains; 	Contractor	Demarcate and provide a storage area for bagged cement in-line with the listed requirements	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	Photographic proof of bagged cement stored within the demarcated area
 A washout facility must be provided for washing of concrete associated equipment. Water used for washing must be restricted; 	Contractor	Provide a washout facility for the washing of associated equipment. Enforce limitations on water use for washing of equipment	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	No cement laden water is released into the environment. Only minimal water is used for washing
 Hardened concrete from the washout facility or concrete mixer can either be reused or disposed of at an appropriate licensed disposal facility; 	Contractor	Make use of hardened concrete where possible or dispose of concrete in a suitable manner	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Certificates of disposal of concrete at licensed waste disposal facility
 Empty cement bags must be secured with adequate binding material if these will be temporarily stored on site; 	Contractor	Bind empty cement bags and temporarily store it	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of binding of empty cement bags

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		in an appropriate area on site				and storage in an appropriate are on site to be provided by the Contractor
 Sand and aggregates containing cement must be kept damp to prevent the generation of dust (Refer to Section 5.20: Dust emissions) 	Contractor	Ensure that sand and aggregates are kept damp or otherwise protected from dust generation	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Proof of damping (or alternative dust suppression) of sand and aggregates must be provided by the Contractor
 Any excess sand, stone and cement must be removed or reused from site on completion of construction period and disposed at a registered disposal facility; 	Contractor	Ensure that all excess sand, stone and cement is removed or reused	At the completion of the Construction Phase	ECO	Once, with the completion of constructio n	Certificates for the disposal of sand, stone and cement at licensed waste disposal facilities or proof of reuse must be provided

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Temporary fencing must be erected around batching plants in accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing and gate installation. 	1	Erect Temporary fencing	During the construction phase		Weekly	Temporary fencing around batching plants

5.20 Dust emissions

Impact management outcome: Dust prevention measures are applied to minimise the generation of dust.

Impact Management Actions					Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe f implementation	or Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
 Take all reasonable measures to minimise the generation of dust as a result of project development activities to the satisfaction of the ECO; 	Contractor	Apply appropriate dust suppressant	During th Construction Phase	e cEO	Weekly	Contractor to provide proof of use of appropriate dust suppressants		
 Removal of vegetation must be avoided until such time as soil stripping is required and similarly exposed surfaces must be re- vegetated or stabilised as soon as is practically possible; 	Contractor	Proper planning for vegetation removal must be undertaken as well as for the associated rehabilitation	During th Construction Phase ar Rehabilitation	e cEO d	Weekly	Plan for implementati on must be provided by the Contractor		

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Excavation, handling and transport of erodible materials must be avoided under high wind conditions or when a visible dust plume is present; 	Contractor	Ensure that specific limitations are placed on the transport and handling of erodible materials during high wind conditions or when a visible dust plume is present	During the Construction Phase	cEO	Bi-weekly (every second week)	No complaints submitted in this regard
 During high wind conditions, the ECO must evaluate the situation and make recommendations as to whether dust-damping measures are adequate, or whether working will cease altogether until the wind speed drops to an acceptable level; 	ECO	ECO to provide adequate recommendations	During the Construction Phase	Applicable		
 Where possible, soil stockpiles must be located in sheltered areas where they are not exposed to the erosive effects of the wind; 	Contractor	Place soil stockpiles in areas less affected by wind	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Bi-weekly (every second week) Monthly	Soil stockpiles are not exposed to wind and have not been eroded
 Where erosion of stockpiles becomes a problem, erosion control measures must be implemented at the discretion of the ECO; 	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Contractor to implement erosion control measures as recommended and agreed with the ECO	During the Construction Phase	cEO	Weekly, until erosion is no longer a problem	Recommend ations made by the ECO have been implemented by the Contractor

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Vehicle speeds must not exceed 40 km/h along dust roads or 20 km/h when traversing unconsolidated and non-vegetated areas; 	cEO / dEO / contractor	Inform all drivers of speed limits and place appropriate signage along the relevant roads	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO Operation and Maintenance team	Monthly	No complaints from community members are submitted	
 Straw stabilisation must be applied at a rate of one bale/10 m² and harrowed into the top 100 mm of top material, for all completed earthworks; 	Contractor	Ensure that straw stabilisation is undertaken as per the listed requirements	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of all straw stabilisation undertaken	
 For significant areas of excavation or exposed ground, dust suppression measures must be used to minimise the spread of dust. 	Contractor	Appropriate dust suppressant measures are implemented	During the Construction Phase	CEO	Weekly	Photographic record of measures being implemented and the results thereof	

5.21 Blasting

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment is minimised through a safe blasting practice.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
 Any blasting activity must be conducted by a suitably licensed blasting contractor; and 	cEO / dEO / contractor	Ensure the contractor is suitably licensed with all necessary credentials and certifications	Pre-Construction Phase	ECO/EO	Once off, before blasting activities commence	ECO/EO to check all valid credentials and certifications on hand.		
 Notification of surrounding landowners, emergency services site personnel of blasting activity 24 hours prior to such activity taking place on Site. 	cEO / dEO / contractor	Ensure all responsible personnel and landowners have been notified of blasting activities 24 hours in advance and keep records of notifications.	Pre-Construction Phase	ECO/EO	Once off, before blasting activities commence	ECO/EO to confirm all necessary personnel and landowners have been notified. Notification records to be provided.		

5.22 Noise

Impact Management outcome: Prevent unnecessary noise to the environment by ensuring that noise from development activity is mitigated.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe f	or Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 The Contractor must keep noise level within acceptable limits, Restrict the use of sound amplification equipment for communication and emergency only; 	Contractor	Ensure that noise limits do not exceed acceptable limits and avoid the use of amplification communication	During th Construction Phase	e ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No complaints registered in this regard. No amplification equipment is used.
 All vehicles and machinery must be fitted with appropriate silencing technology and must be properly maintained; 	Contractor	Provide and implement silencing technology	During th Construction Phase	e ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	No complaints registered in this regard. Silencing technology is utilised.
 Any complaints received by the Contractor regarding noise must be recorded and communicated. Where possible or applicable, provide transport to and from the site on a daily basis for construction workers; 	CEO	Update complaints register. Provide daily transport to and from site for employees	During th Construction Phase	e ECO	Monthly, and as and when required	Complaints register provided by the cEO and proof of transportatio n services provided

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
– Develop a Code of Conduct for the construction phase in terms of behaviour of construction staff. Operating hours as determined by the environmental authorisation are adhered to during the development phase. Where not defined, it must be ensured that development activities must still meet the impact management outcome related to noise management.	cEO and Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Compile a Code of Conduct for staff. Appropriate operating hours must be identified for the project.	Pre-construction and Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of constructio n	No complaints registered in this regard.

5.23 Fire prevention

Impact management outcome: Prevention of uncontrollable fires.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Designate smoking areas where the fire hazard could be	cEO /	Identify and	Pre-construction &	ECO	Monthly	Photographic	
regarded as insignificant;	Contractor	demarcate	Construction			record of	
		through signage				designated	
		designated				smoking area	
		smoking areas					
- Firefighting equipment must be available on all vehicles	cEO / dEO in	Provide all vehicles	Construction	ECO	Monthly	All vehicles	
located on site;	consultation	with firefighting				are fitted with	
	with the	equipment				firefighting	
	Contractor					equipment	
						and the	
						details	

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
						thereof are provided by the cEO	
 The local Fire Protection Agency (FPA) must be informed of construction activities; 	cEO in consultation with the ECO	Undertake formal consultation to inform the local FPA of the associated construction activities	Pre-construction	ECO	Once, during the commence ment of the Constructio n Phase	Proof of consultation with the FPA	
 Contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services must be communicated in environmental awareness training and displayed at a central location on site; 	dEO / cEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services. Place the contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services at a visible and central location	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Prior to the commence ment of the environmen tal awareness training and once during the constructio n phase	Environment al awareness training material requirements checklist and photographi c record of contact numbers on display	
- Two way swop of contact details between ECO and FPA.	ECO	Consultation between the ECO and FPA in order to	Pre-construction	Not Applicable			

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Monitoring				
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		exchange contact				
		details				

5.24 Stockpiling and stockpile areas

Impact management outcome: Reduce erosion and sedimentation as a result of stockpiling.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	mplementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 All material that is excavated during the project development phase (either during piling (if required) or earthworks) must be stored appropriately on site in order to minimise impacts to watercourses, watercourses and water bodies; 	Contractor	Identify and demarcate an appropriate location for the storage of excavated materials	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Monthly	Excavated material is not stored within sensitive environment al areas	
 All stockpiled material must be maintained and kept clear of weeds and alien vegetation growth by undertaking regular weeding and control methods; 	Contractor	Implement appropriate and sufficient maintenance on stockpiled material regularly	During the Construction Phase	ceo eco	Bi-weekly (every second month) Monthly	Stockpiled material is maintained sufficiently and is clear of weeds and alien vegetation	

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	on			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe implementatior	for 1	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Topsoil stockpiles must not exceed 2 m in height; 	Contractor	Enforce limitations for the height of topsoil stockpiles	During Construction Phase	the	ceo eco	Bi-weekly (every second month) Monthly	Topsoil stockpiles do not exceed 2m in height
 During periods of strong winds and heavy rain, the stockpiles must be covered with appropriate material (e.g. cloth, tarpaulin etc.); 	Contractor	Appropriate material must be provided in order to cover stockpiles when required	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide proof of availability of appropriate material to cover stockpiles when required
 Where possible, sandbags (or similar) must be placed at the bases of the stockpiled material in order to prevent erosion of the material. 	Contractor	Sandbags must be provided in order to prevent erosion of stockpiled materials	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Monthly	Contractor to provide proof of availability of sandbags to prevent erosion of stockpiled materials

5.25 Civil works

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment minimised during civil works to create the substation terrace.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Where terracing is required, topsoil must be collected and retained for the purpose of re-use later to rehabilitate disturbed areas not covered by yard stone; 	Contractor	Collection and safe storage of topsoil for later use in rehabilitation phase	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Visual inspection of topsoil stockpiles for later use
 Areas to be rehabilitated include terrace embankments and areas outside the high voltage yards; 	Contractor	Regard areas that do not house infrastructure as requiring rehabilitation and apply rehabilitation measures to these regions	During the Construction Phase, where the area is no longer going to be utilised	ECO	Monthly	Visual inspection of rehabilitation implementati on to ensure these areas are being rehabilitated
 Where required, all sloped areas must be stabilised to ensure proper rehabilitation is effected and erosion is controlled; 	Contractor	If required stabilise soil using recognised methods to ensure proper rehabilitation and erosion control	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Visual inspection of stabilised soil regions and descriptions of staff of stabilisation method used

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 These areas can be stabilised using design structures or vegetation as specified in the design to prevent erosion of embankments. The contract design specifications must be adhered to and implemented strictly; 	Contractor	If required stabilise soil using recognised methods to ensure proper rehabilitation and erosion control	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Visual inspection of stabilised soil regions and descriptions of staff of stabilisation method used	
 Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas must be managed in accordance with Section 5.35: Landscaping and rehabilitation; 	Contractor	Review and ensure that all rehabilitation measures are implemented in accordance with the requirements of Section 5.35	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Visual inspection of rehabilitation conducted and the degree of conformanc e with the requirements set out in Section 35.5 of this report	
 All excess spoil generated during terracing activities must be disposed of in an appropriate manner and at a recognised landfill site; and 	Contractor	Dispose of all excess spoil using appropriate means and at recognised landfill sites. Keep written registers of the disposal conducted	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of disposal slips as applicable kept in the site environment al file	

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes	Contractor	Where spoil is	Duration of the	ECO	Monthly	Spoil material
and must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for		utilised for	construction			used in
rehabilitation purposes.		landscaping	phase			landscaping
		purposes				is suitably
		implement a				covered with
		150mm topsoil				a later of
		layer on top				topsoil at
		following shaping				least 150mm
		and compaction				deep
		to promote				
		rehabilitation				

5.26 Excavation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage systems

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of excavation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage systems.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- All excess spoil generated during foundation excavation	Contractor	Use a licensed	During the	ECO	Monthly	Certificates
must be disposed of in an appropriate manner and at a		waste disposal	Construction			obtained for
licensed landfill site, if not used for backfilling purposes;		facility for the	Phase			the disposal
		disposal of excess				of excess
		spoil				spoil at a
						licensed
						waste

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						disposal facility
 Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes and must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for rehabilitation purposes; 	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Construction and Rehabilitation	ECO	Monthly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor
 Management of equipment for excavation purposes must be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage; and 	Contractor	Undertake the management of equipment for excavation as per the requirements of section 5.18	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Managemen t of equipment is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.18
 Hazardous substances spills from equipment must be managed in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances. 	Contractor	Undertake the management of hazardous substances spills from equipment as per the requirements of section 5.17	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Managemen t of hazardous substances spills from equipment is undertaken in line with the requirements

Impact Management Actions	Implementation					Monitoring				
	Responsible Method of Timeframe for person implementation implementation			Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance				
								of 5.17	section	

5.27 Installation of foundations, cable trenching and drainage systems

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs during the installation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage system.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring					
	Responsible person	Method implemen	of tation	Timeframe implementation	for on	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Batching of cement to be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.19: Batching plants; and 	Contractor	Ensure batching cement	correct of	During construction phase	the	CEO	Weekly	Measures in place to ensure the batching of cement is done in accordance with Section 5.19: Batching plants	
 Residual solid waste must be disposed of in accordance with Section 5.8: Solid waste and hazardous management. 	Contractor	Undertake disposal o solid wast the requ of section	f residual e as per virements	During Construction Phase	the	ECO	Monthly	The disposal of residual solid waste is undertaken in line with section 5.8.	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	n	Monitoring				
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	

5.28 Installation of equipment (circuit breakers, current Transformers, Isolators, Insulators, surge arresters, voltage transformers, earth switches)

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of installation of equipment.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring					
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
- Management of dust must be conducted in	Contractor	Review and	During the	ECO	Monthly	Dust		
accordance with Section 5. 20: Dust emissions;		implement dust	Construction			managemen		
		management	Phase			t actions		
		actions in				observed to		
		accordance with				be in		
		the requirement of				accordance		
		Section 5.20 of this				with the		
		report				requirement		
						of Section		
						5.20 of this		
						report		

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring					
-	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
 Management of equipment used for installation must be conducted in accordance with Section 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage; 	Contractor	Review and implement equipment management actions in accordance with the requirement of Section 5.18 of this report	During the Construction Phase		Monthly	Equipment managemen t actions observed to be in accordance with the requirement of Section 18 of this report		
 Management hazardous substances and any associated spills must be conducted in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances; and 	Contractor	Review and implement hazardous substances and any associated spills in accordance with the requirement of Section 5.17 of this report	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Hazardous substances and any associated spills managemen t actions observed to be in accordance with the requirement of Section 5.17 of this report		
 Residual solid waste must be recycled or disposed of in accordance with Section 5.8: Solid waste and hazardous management. 	Contractor	Review and dispose/recycle residual solid waste in	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Dispose/recy cle residual solid waste observed to		

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring				
	Responsible	Method of	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	e of	
	person	erson implementation implementation		person		compliar	nce
		accordance with				be	in
		the requirement of				accordan	nce
		Section 5.8 of this				with	the
		report				requireme	ent
						of Section	n 5.8
						of this rep	ort

5.29 Steelwork Assembly and Erection

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of steelwork assembly and erection.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n	Monitoring					
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
 During assembly, care must be taken to ensure that no wasted/unused materials are left on site e.g. bolts and nuts 	Contractor	Conduct an inspection of the site once assembly is complete to remove all stray bolts or unused materials that may be left on site	Duration of the construction phase	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of leftover waste/unuse d materials on site following closure of assembly		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation /					Monitoring				
	Responsible person	Method implementatio	of on	Timeframe implementatio	for on	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
 Emergency repairs due to breakages of equipment must be managed in accordance with Section 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage and Section 5.16: Emergency procedures. 	Contractor	Review conduct emergency repairs accordance Sections 5.18 5.16 of this rep	and	Duration of construction phase	the	ECO	Monthly	Evidence of emergency repairs carried out having been conducted in accordance with Sections 5.18 and 5.16 of this report		

5.30 Cabling and Stringing

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of stringing.

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	on	Monitoring				
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Residual solid waste (off cuts etc.) shall be recycled or	Contractor	Undertake	During the	ECO	Monthly	Undertake	
disposed of in accordance with Section 6.8: Solid waste		recycling or	Construction			recycling or	
and hazardous Management;		disposal of solid	Phase			disposal of	
		waste as per the				solid waste as	
		requirements of				per the	
		section 6.8					

Impact Management Actions	Implementati	ion		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						requirements of section 6.8
 Management of equipment used for installation shall be conducted in accordance with Section 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage; 	Contractor	Undertake the management of equipment as per the requirements of section 5.18	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Managemen t of equipment is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.18
 Management hazardous substances and any associated spills shall be conducted in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances. 	Contractor	Undertake the management of hazardous substances as per the requirements of section 5.17	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Managemen t of hazardous substances is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.17

5.31 Testing and Commissioning (all equipment testing, earthing system, system integration)

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of Testing and Commissioning.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n			Monitoring					
			1			1	T			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe	for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of		
	person	implementation	implementation		person		compliance	Э		
- Residual solid waste must be recycled or disposed of in	Contractor	Undertake	During t	he	ECO	Monthly	Undertake			
accordance with Section 5.8: Solid waste and hazardous		recycling or	Construction				recycling	or		
management.		disposal of solid	Phase				disposal	of		
		waste as per the					solid waste	as		
		requirements of					per th	he		
		section 5.8					requiremen	ts		
							of section 5	.8		

5.32 Socio-economic

Impact management outcome: enhanced socio-economic development.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation				Monitoring					
	Responsible	Method	of	Timeframe	for	Responsible	Freque	ency	Evidence	of
	person	implementati	on	implementation		person			compliand	ce
- Develop and implement communication strategies to	dEO / cEO	Identify	and	Pre-construction	&	ECO	Once,	prior	Communi	cati
facilitate public participation;		implement		Construction			to	the	on	is
		appropriate					comm	ence	undertake	en
		strategies	for				ment	of	as per	the
		communicati	on				constru	uctio	identified	
		with	the				n	and	strategies	

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		communities through consideration of the community needs			monthly during the constructio n	and no complaints are submitted regarding communicati on
 Develop and implement a collaborative and constructive approach to conflict resolution as part of the external stakeholder engagement process; 	Contractor	Development and implement a Grievance Mechanism which considers the community needs and provides procedures for conflict resolution	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of constructio n and monthly during the constructio n phase	Conflict resolution is undertaken in line with the requirements of the Grievance Mechanism. No complaints on conflict resolution is submitted by the community
 Sustain continuous communication and liaison with neighboring owners and residents 	Contractor	Development and implement and Grievance Mechanism provides procedures for communication / liaison with neighbouring	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the commence ment of constructio n and monthly during the constructio n phase	Communicati on / liaison with neighbouring landowners and residents are undertaken in line with the requirements

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
- Create work and training opportunities for local stakeholders; and	Contractor	landowners and residents Develop and implement a	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO	Once, prior to the	of the Grievance Mechanism. No complaints on communicati on with neighbouring landowners and residents are submitted The "locals first" policy is
 Where feasible, no workers, with the exception of security personnel, must be permitted to stay over-night on the site. This would reduce the risk to local farmers. 	Not applicabl	"locals first" policy for the provision of employment opportunities e – all personnel will re	side within the releva	nt and closest to	commence ment of constructio n and monthly during the constructio n phase	considered in terms of the employment and training opportunities

5.33 Temporary closure of site

Impact management outcome: Minimise the risk of environmental impact during periods of site closure greater than five days.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Bunds must be emptied (where applicable) and need to be undertaken in accordance with the impact management actions included in sections 5.17: Hazardous substances and 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage; 	Contractor	Regular emptying of the bunds must be undertaken. This must be undertaken as per the requirements listed in sections 5.17 and 5.18	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Bunds are emptied as per the requirements listed under sections 5.17 and 5.18
 Hazardous storage areas must be well ventilated; 	Contractor	Install appropriate ventilation in all hazardous storage areas	During the construction phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Effective ventilation is installed in hazardous storage areas
 Fire extinguishers must be serviced and accessible. Service records to be filed and audited at last service; 	Contractor / cEO	Ensure fire extinguishers are serviced, as required and are easily accessible with appropriate signage indicating location. Ensure service records and kept up to date and filed	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Signage placed indicating location of fire extinguishers and service records

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Emergency and contact details displayed must be displayed; 	Contractor / cEO	Place emergency and contact details which are readily available and easily accessible	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Photographic proof of contact details on display	
 Security personnel must be briefed and have the facilities to contact or be contacted by relevant management and emergency personnel; 	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Hold a workshop with all security personnel to provide a brief of the project and security requirements. Provide facilities in order to contact management and emergency personnel	Pre-construction & construction	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of the workshop held must be kept on file by the contractor.	
 Night hazards such as reflectors, lighting, traffic signage etc. must have been checked; 	Contractor	Regular checks of night hazards must be undertaken	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of checks of night hazards must be provided by the contractor	
 Fire hazards identified and the local authority must have been notified of any potential threats e.g. large brush stockpiles, fuels etc.; 	CEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Identify any potential fire hazards and notify the relevant local authority	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of notification of the fire hazards to the local authority	

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	on		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						must be provided by the Contractor
 Structures vulnerable to high winds must be secured; 	Contractor	Ensure structures vulnerable to wind are secure prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Structures vulnerable to wind are secured prior to site closure
 Wind and dust mitigation must be implemented; 	Contractor	Implement wind and dust mitigation prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Wind and dust mitigation is implemented prior to site closure
 Cement and materials stores must have been secured; 	Contractor	Ensure cement and material stores are secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Cement and material stores are secured prior to site closure
 Toilets must have been emptied and secured; 	Contractor	Ensure toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Toilets are emptied and secured prior to site closure
 Refuse bins must have been emptied and secured; 	Contractor	Ensure refuse bins are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Refuse bins are emptied and secured prior to site closure

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Drip trays must have been emptied and secured. 	Contractor	Ensure drip trays	During the	ECO	Prior to site	Drip trays are
		are emptied and	Construction		closure for	emptied and
		secured prior to	Phase		more than	secured prior
		site closure			05 days	to site closure

5.34 Dismantling of old equipment

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment to be minimised during the dismantling, storage and disposal of old equipment commissioning.

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All old equipment removed during the project must be stored in such a way as to prevent pollution of the environment 	Contractor	Ensure old equipment is secured and where required, stored in contained areas where no spillage or pollution may result	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site closure
 Oil containing equipment must be stored to prevent leaking or be stored on drip trays; 	Contractor	Ensureoldequipmentissecuredandwhererequired,storedincontainedareas	During the Construction Phase	ECO	Monthly	Drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site closure

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n	Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation where no spillage or pollution may result	Timeframe fo implementation	or Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 All scrap steel must be stacked neatly and any disused and broken insulators must be stored in containers; 	Contractor	Store defunct insulators in containers and scrap steel in one single place, neatly secured	During th Construction Phase	e ECO	Monthly	Where needed, insulators observed to be stored in containers and scrap stored neatly as determined by the ECO	
 Once material has been scrapped and the contract has been placed for removal, the disposal Contractor must ensure that any equipment containing pollution causing substances is dismantled and transported in such a way as to prevent spillage and pollution of the environment; 	Contractor , cEO	Ensure dismantling and packaging of scrapped material is transported in such a way as to prevent spillage and pollution of the environment;	During th Construction Phase	e ECO	Monthly	Where needed, insulators observed to be stored in containers and scrap stored neatly as determined by the ECO	
 The Contractor must also be equipped to contain and clean up any pollution causing spills; and 	cEO and Contractor	Provide training on the use of spill kits to the relevant employees	During th Construction Phase	e ECO	Monthly	Proof of training to be provided by the contractor	

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Disposal of unusable material must be at a licensed	cEO and	Ensure a registered	During the	ECO	Monthly	Visual
waste disposal site.	Contractor	waste disposal site	Construction			inspection of
		is utilised and keep	Phase			disposal
		disposal slips and				record
		record in the site				documentati
		environmental file				on and
						registration of
						the waste
						disposal site
						utilised.

5.35 Landscaping and rehabilitation

Impact management outcome: Areas disturbed during the development phase are returned to a state that approximates the original condition.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring				
	Responsible person	Method implementatio	of on	Timeframe implementatio	for on	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All areas disturbed by construction activities must be subject to landscaping and rehabilitation; All spoil and waste must be disposed of to a registered waste site; 	Contractor	Develop implement rehabilitation for rehabilitation disturbed area	the of all	Pre-constructi Rehabilitation		CEO	Weekly	Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas is undertaken as per the rehabilitation

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		Dispose of all spoil and waste at a licensed waste disposal facility				plan. All certificates of waste disposal at licensed facilities are available.
 All slopes must be assessed for contouring, and to contour only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983 	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Assess all slopes and determine whether contouring is required	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	All slopes are assessed and contoured as required
 All slopes must be assessed for terracing, and to terrace only when the need is identified in accordance with the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983; 	Contractor in consultation with the ECO	Assess all slopes and determine whether terracing is required	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	All slopes are assessed and terraced as required
 Berms that have been created must have a slope of 1:4 and be replanted with indigenous species and grasses that approximates the original condition; 	Contractor	Ensure all berms have a slope of 1:4 and is replanted with indigenous species and grasses	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	All berms have a slope of 1:4 and is replanted with indigenous species and grasses
 Where new access roads have crossed cultivated farmlands, that lands must be rehabilitated by ripping which must be agreed to by the holder of the EA and the landowners; 	Not applicable					
 Rehabilitation of access roads outside of farmland; 	Not applicable					

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	on	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Indigenous species must be used for with species and/grasses to where it compliments or approximates the original condition; 	Contractor	Make use of indigenous species for rehabilitation	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	Indigenous species are used for rehabilitation
 Stockpiled topsoil must be used for rehabilitation (refer to Section 5.24: Stockpiling and stockpiled areas); 	Contractor	Ensure stockpiled topsoil is used as per the requirements listed under section 5.24	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	Stockpiled topsoil is used as per the requirements listed under section 5.24
 Stockpiled topsoil must be evenly spread so as to facilitate seeding and minimise loss of soil due to erosion; 	Contractor	Ensure that topsoil is spread evenly	Rehabilitation	cEO	Weekly	Topsoil is spread evenly
 Before placing topsoil, all visible weeds from the placement area and from the topsoil must be removed; 	Contractor	Remove all visible weeds from placement area and topsoil before spreading the topsoil	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	No weeds are visible in the placement area or the topsoil
 Subsoil must be ripped before topsoil is placed; 	Contractor	Undertake the ripping of subsoil prior to the spreading of topsoil	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	Subsoil is ripped before topsoil is placed
 The rehabilitation must be timed so that rehabilitation can take place at the optimal time for vegetation establishment; 	Contractor	Plan the timeframe for rehabilitation in order to undertake vegetation planting during the optimal time for	Rehabilitation	ECO	At the start of rehabilitatio n to confirm correct timeframe	Rehabilitation is undertaken during the optimal time

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	n		Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		vegetation establishment				
 Where impacted through construction related activity, all sloped areas must be stabilised to ensure proper rehabilitation is effected and erosion is controlled; 	Contractor	All disturbed slope areas must be stabilised	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	Disturbed slopes are stabilised sufficiently
 Sloped areas stabilised using design structures or vegetation as specified in the design to prevent erosion of embankments. The contract design specifications must be adhered to and implemented strictly; 	Contractor	Stabilise slopes as per the design specifications	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	Slopes are stabilised as per the design specifications
 Spoil can be used for backfilling or landscaping as long as it is covered by a minimum of 150 mm of topsoil. 	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Rehabilitation	CEO	Weekly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor
 Where required, re-vegetation including hydro-seeding can be enhanced using a vegetation seed mixture as described below. A mixture of seed can be used provided the mixture is carefully selected to ensure the following: a) Annual and perennial plants are chosen; b) Pioneer species are included; c) Species chosen must be indigenous to the area with the seeds used coming from the area; d) Root systems must have a binding effect on the soil; 	Contractor in consultation with a suitably qualified specialist	Make use of a suitable vegetation seed mixture should enhancement be required	Rehabilitation	ECO	As and when required	Use of a suitable vegetation seed mixture if required

Impact Management Actions	Implementation				Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method c implementation		Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
e) The final product must not cause an ecological imbalance in the area							

6 ACCESS TO THE GENERIC EMPr

Once completed and signed, to allow the public access to the generic EMPr, the holder of the EA must make the EMPr available to the public in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 26(h) of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 2

7 SITE SPECIFIC INFORMATION AND DECLARATION

7.1 Sub-section 1: contact details and description of the project

7.1.1 Details of the applicant:

Name of applicant: AGV Projects (Pty) Ltd Tel No: Not supplied Fax No: Not supplied Postal Address: Not supplied

7.1.2 Details and expertise of the EAP:

Name of EAP: Nkhensani Masondo Tel No: 011-656-3237 Fax No: 086-684-0547 E-mail address: nkhensani@savannahsa.com Expertise of the EAP (Curriculum Vitae included): Refer to Appendix 2 of this EMPr for a CV of the EAP

7.1.3 Project name: Onsite (IPP portion) substation associated with Limestone PV1, Northern Cape Province

7.1.4 Description of the project:

AGV Projects (Pty) Ltd is proposing the development of a commercial Solar Energy Facility and associated infrastructure on a site located ~16km south-east of the town of Danielskuil and 10km east of Lime Acres in the Northern Cape Province. The site is located within the Kgatelopele Local Municipality and the ZF Mgcawu District Municipality. The facility will have a contracted capacity of up to 150MW Maximum Export Capacity and will be known as Limestone PV1. The project site comprises of a single property, namely Portion 4 of Farm Engeland 300.

The development area is proposed to accommodate the following infrastructure:

- » PV modules mounted on either a single axis tracking or fixed structure, dependent on optimisation, technology available and cost.
- » Inverters and transformers.
- » Low voltage cabling between the PV modules to the inverters.
- » Fence around the project development area with security and access control.
- » Camera surveillance.
- » Internet connection.
- » 33kV cabling between the project components and the facility substation.

- » 33/132kV onsite facility substation.
- » Battery Energy Storage System (BESS)
- » Site offices and maintenance buildings, including workshop areas for maintenance and storage as well as parking for staff and visitors.
- » Laydown/staging area on-site in front of mounting structures during installation. Temporary store area close to site entrance.
- » Access roads (up to 6m wide) and internal distribution roads (up to 5m wide).
- » Temporary concrete batching facility.
- » Stormwater management infrastructure as required.

7.2 Sub-section 2: Development footprint site map

This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout. The sensitivity map must be prepared from the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at: https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool. The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features within 50 m from the development footprint.

The map provided below have been compiled based on verified site sensitivities through specialist studies and relate to the larger solar farm which the substation is associated with. The DFFE screening tool report which includes the site sensitivities derived by the screening tool for the project site is included in Appendix 3 of this EMPr.

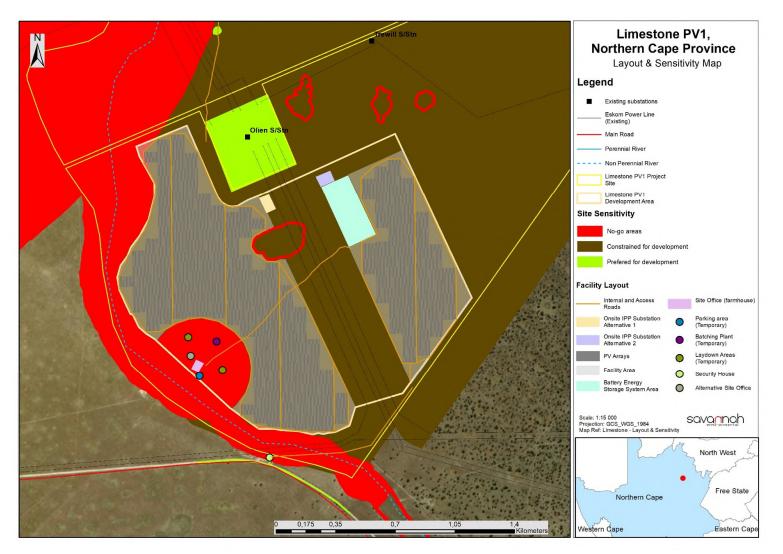


Figure 1: Environmental sensitivity map of Limestone PV1, including all infrastructure

7.3 Sub-section 3: Declaration

the applicant The prepenent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will abide and comply with DJ the prescribed impact management outcomes and impact management actions as stipulated in part B: section 1 of the generic EMPr and have the understanding that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding. The DJ prepenent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will provide written notice to the CA 14 day prior to the date on which the activity will commence of commencement of construction to facilitate compliance inspections.

Signature Proponent/applicant/ holder of EA

Smulle

18 May 2023

Date:

7.4 Sub-section 4: amendments to site specific information (Part B; section 2)

Should the EA be transferred to a new holder, Part B: Section 2 must be completed by the new holder and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of Regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted for an amendment to an environmental authorisation will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of Part B: Section 2 not be submitted. Once approved, Part B: Section 2 forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

PART C

8 SITE SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

If any specific environmental sensitivities/attributes are present on the site which require more specific impact management outcomes and actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr template, to manage impacts, those impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific management controls must be referenced spatially and must include impact management outcomes and impact management actions. The management controls including impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the preapproved generic EMPr template. This applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary.

If <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the development as authorised in the EA, it is required to be submitted to the CA together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP and the name and expertise of the EAP, including the curriculum vitae are to be included. Once approved, <u>Part C</u> forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.

This section will **not be required** should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes.

Project	» Substation;
component/s	» Associated infrastructure.
Potential Impact	 » Design fails to respond optimally to the identified environmental considerations. » Employment creation for the construction, operation and decommissioning activities. » Design fails to respond optimally to the environmental considerations.
Activities/risk sources	 Positioning of onsite substation. Positioning of laydown areas. Pre-construction activities, e.g. geotechnical investigations.
Mitigation: Target/Objective	 To ensure that the design of the substation responds to the identified environmental constraints and opportunities, including the constraints identified through the EIA process. To ensure that pre-construction activities are undertaken in an environmentally friendly manner by e.g. avoiding identified sensitive areas and the avoidance / minimisation of the disturbance and degradation of vegetation and ecosystems Optimal planning of visual infrastructure to minimise visual impact.

OBJECTIVE 1: To ensure that the design of the facility responds to the identified environmental constraints and opportunities

Mitigation: Action/control				Responsibility	Timeframe	
Consider	design	level	mitigation	measures	Developer	Design phase
recommended by the specialists, as detailed within the				Contractor		
EIA report and relevant appendices.						

Mitigation: Action/control	Responsibility	Timeframe
Plan and conduct pre-construction activities in an environmentally responsible manner and in a manner that does not lead to unnecessary impacts and disturbance.	Developer Contractor	Design phase Pre-Construction
All 'Very High' sensitivity habitats and associated buffer zones are to be avoided.	Developer Contractor	Design phase Construction
Avoid the development of high impact activities within sensitive areas	Developer Contractor	Design phase Construction
Compile and implement a rehabilitation plan from the onset of the project;	Developer Contractor	Design phase Construction
Plan ancillary buildings and ancillary infrastructure in such a way that clearing of vegetation is minimised.	Developer Contractor	Design phase
Consolidate infrastructure and make use of already disturbed sites rather than undisturbed areas.	Developer	Design phase
Minimise the development footprint as far as possible.	Developer	Design phase
Appropriate design of roads and other infrastructure to minimise faunal impacts and allow fauna to pass over, through or underneath these features as appropriate.	Developer Contractor	Design phase Construction
Outside lighting should be designed and limited to minimize impacts on fauna. Lighting fixtures should be fitted with baffles, hoods or louvres and directed downward. Outside lighting should be directed away from highly sensitive areas such as the wetlands. Fluorescent and mercury vapour lighting should be avoided, and sodium vapour (yellow) lights should be used wherever possible;	Project manager, Environmental Officer	Design phase Construction
No stormwater runoff must be allowed to discharge directly into the watercourses. The runoff should rather be dissipated over a broad area covered by natural vegetation or managed using appropriate channels and swales when located within steep embankments.	Contractor	Design phase Construction
Performance » Design meets the objectives an	nd does not degrade th	ne environment.

Performance	»	Design meets the objectives and does not degrade the environment.
Indicator	*	Design and layouts respond to the mitigation measures and recommendations in the EIA report.
Monitoring	*	Ensure that the design implemented meets the objectives and mitigation measures in the EIA report through review of the facility design by the Project Manager and ECO prior to the commencement of construction.

OBJECTIVE 2: Securing the site and site establishment

Project	»	Substation;
component/s	»	Associated infrastructure.
Potential Impact		Hazards to landowners and public. Security of materials.

	» »	Substantially increased damage to natural vegetation. Potential impact on fauna and avifauna habitat.
Activities/risk	»	Open excavations (foundations and cable trenches).
sources	»	Movement of construction employees, vehicles and plant equipment in the area and on-site.
Mitigation:	»	To secure the site against unauthorised entry.
Target/Objective	»	To protect members of the public/landowners/residents.

Mitigation: Action/control	Responsibility	Timeframe
Areas should be cleared and disturbed on a needs basis only, as opposed to clearing and disturbing a number of sites simultaneously.	Contractor	Construction
Vegetation clearance must be restricted to the authorised footprint, the area to be cleared should be walked on foot by 1-2 individuals to create a disturbance in order for fauna to move off. Sites should be disturbed only prior to the area having to be cleared, not more than 1 day in advance.	Contractor	Construction
Demarcate work areas during the construction period to avoid affecting outside areas. Use physical barriers e.g., safety tape, not painted lines, and use signage	Developer Contractor	Design phase Construction
Vegetation clearing commences only after the necessary permits have been obtained, if the protected trees cannot be avoided.	Developer Contractor	Construction
Supply adequate weather and vermin proof waste collection bins and skips (covered at minimum with secured netting or shade cloth) at sites where construction is being undertaken. Separate bins should be provided for general and hazardous waste. As far as possible, provision should be made for separation of waste for recycling.	Contractor	Site establishment, and duration of construction
No unauthorized persons should be allowed onto the site and site access should be strictly controlled	Contractor	Construction
Vegetation clearance must be restricted to the authorised footprint.	Contractor	Construction
Removal of obstacles to allow for access of construction must be kept to only were essential.	Contractor	Construction
Land clearance must only be undertaken immediately prior to construction activities and only within the development footprint/servitude	Developer	Construction
Secure the site, working areas and excavations in an appropriate manner. Adequate protective measures must be implemented to prevent unauthorised access to the working area and the internal access/haul routes.	Contractor EO	During site establishment Maintenance: for duration of Contract

Mitigation: Action/control	Responsibility	Timeframe
Where necessary to control access, fence and secure the area and implement access control procedures.	Contractor	During site establishment Maintenance: for duration of Contract
Establish SABS 089: 1999 Part 1 approved bunded areas for the storage of hazardous materials and hazardous waste.	Contractor	During site establishment and during construction

OBJECTIVE 3: Conservation of the existing soil resource within the site and in the adjacent areas

Project	» Substation;
component/s	» Associated infrastructure
Potential Impact	» Erosion and soil loss.
	» Increased runoff.
Activities/risk	» Rainfall and wind erosion of disturbed areas.
sources	» Excavation, stockpiling and compaction of soil.
	» Concentrated discharge of water from construction activity.
	» Stormwater run-off from sealed surfaces.
	» Mobile construction equipment movement on site.
Mitigation:	» To minimise erosion of soil from site during construction.
Target/Objective	» To minimise damage to vegetation by erosion or deposition.
	 To retain all topsoil with a stable soil surface

Mitigation: Action/control	Responsibility	Timeframe
Rehabilitate areas as soon as they are no longer impacted by construction. The rehabilitated areas must be revegetated with indigenous vegetation.	Developer Contractor	Construction
Progressive rehabilitation will enable topsoil to be returned more rapidly, thus ensuring more recruitment from the existing seedbank. Surplus rehabilitation material can be applied to other others in need of stabilisation and vegetation cover.	Developer Contractor	Construction
Stockpile topsoil for re-use in rehabilitation phase. Maintain stockpile shape and protect from erosion. Wherever excavation is necessary, topsoil should be set aside and replaced to encourage natural regeneration of the local indigenous species.	Contractor	Construction
Spill kits to be kept on active parts of the construction site and at site offices.	Contractor	Construction
When preparing the hard setting area, cuts should be used for fill with little or no wastages.	Contractor	Construction
Control depth of all excavations and stability of cut faces/sidewalls.	Contractor	Construction

Mitigation: Action/control	Responsibility	Timeframe
Reapplying topsoil:	Contractor	Construction
 » Spoil materials and subsoil must be back-filled first, then covered with topsoil. » Immediate replacement of topsoil after the 		
undertaking of construction activities within an area. » Generally, topsoil should be re-applied to a depth		
slightly greater than the topsoil horizon of a pre- selected undisturbed reference site.		
 The minimum depth of topsoil needed for re- vegetation to be successful is approximately 20 cm. 		
» If the amount of topsoil available is limited, a strategy must be devised to optimise re- vegetation efforts with the topsoil available.		
Reapplied topsoil should be landscaped in a way that creates a variable microtopography of small ridges and valleys that run parallel to existing contours of the landscape. The valleys become catch-basins for seeds and act as run-on zones for		
rainfall, increasing moisture levels where the seeds are likely to be more concentrated. This greatly improves the success rate of re-vegetation efforts.		
 To stabilise reapplied topsoil and minimise raindrop impact and erosion: Use organic material from cleared and shredded woody vegetation where possible Alternatively, suitable geotextiles or organic 		
 erosion mats can be used as necessary Continued monitoring will be necessary to detect any sign of erosion early enough to allow timeous mitigation. 		
Implement general erosion control	Contractor	Construction
 measures/practises: » Runoff control and attenuation can be achieved by using any or a combination of sand bags, logs, silt fences, storm water channels and catch-pits, shade nets, geofabrics, seeding or mulching as needed on and around cleared and disturbed areas. 		
 Ensure that all soil surfaces are protected by vegetation or a covering to avoid the surface being eroded by wind or water. 		
Ensure that heavy machinery does not compact areas that are not meant to be compacted as this will result in compacted hydrophobic, water repellent soils which increase the erosion potential of the area.		
 Prevent the concentration or flow of surface water or storm water down cut or fill slopes or 		

Mitigation: Action/control	Responsibility	Timeframe
 along pipeline routes or roads and ensure measures to prevent erosion are in place prior to construction. » Minimise and restrict site clearing to areas required for construction purposes only and restrict disturbance to adjacent undisturbed natural vegetation. » Vegetation clearing should occur in parallel with the construction progress to minimise erosion and/or run-off. Large tracts of bare soil will either cause dust pollution or quickly erode and then result in sedimentation. » When implementing dust control measures, prevent over-wetting, saturation, and run-off that may cause erosion and sedimentation. 		
Regular monitoring for erosion during construction to ensure that no erosion problems have developed as result of the disturbance, as per the Erosion Management and Rehabilitation Plans for the project. During the wet season monitoring every 2 months is recommended and every 6 months during the dry season. However, monitoring should also occur after any large rainfall events.	ECO	Construction
Level any remaining soil removed from excavation pits that remained on the surface instead of allowing small stockpiles of soil to remain on the surface.	Contractor	Construction
Suitable stormwater management systems must be installed along roads and other areas and monitored during the first few months of use. Any erosion / sedimentation must be resolved through whatever additional interventions maybe necessary (i.e., extension, energy dissipaters, spreaders, etc).	Developer	Construction

Monitoring and * Continual inspections of the site by the EO. Reporting * Reporting of ineffective sediment control systems and rectification as soon as possible. * If soil loss is suspected, acceleration of soil conservation and rehabilitation magnitude	Performance Indicator	 Minimal level of soil erosion around site. Minimal level of soil degradation. No activity outside demarcated areas. Progressive return of disturbed and rehabilitated areas to the desired end state. No indications of visible topsoil loss.
	-	 Continual inspections of the site by the EO. Reporting of ineffective sediment control systems and rectification as soon as possible.

OBJECTIVE 4: Minimise the impacts on and loss of indigenous vegetation, control of alien invasive plants and impact to freshwater resources.

Project component/s	» Substation;» Associated infrastructure.
Potential Impact	 » Loss of plant cover leading to loss of faunal habitat and loss of specimens of protected plants. » Soil erosion. » Indirect impacts on downslope freshwater resource features. » Increased fire hazards. » Increased water use.
Activity/risk source	 » Site preparation and clearing. » Soil disturbance » Introduction of plant propagules with people and vehicles. » Activities outside of designated construction areas.
Mitigation: Target/Objective	 To limit construction activities to designated areas. Implement invasive plant clearing prior to construction, but after site demarcation.

Mitigation: Action/control	Responsibility	Timeframe
There should be reduced activity at the site after large rainfall events when the soils are wet. No driving off of hardened roads should occur immediately following large rainfall events until soils have dried out and the risk of bogging down has decreased.	Contractor	Construction
Compile and implement an alien vegetation management plan from the onset of construction. The plan must identify areas for action (if any) and prescribe the necessary removal methods and frequencies to be applied. This plan must also prescribe a monitoring plan and be updated as/when new data is collated;	Contractor	Pre-construction Construction
Where large cut and fill areas are required, these must be stabilised and rehabilitated during the construction process, to minimise erosion and sedimentation.	Contractor	Construction Operation
Regular alien clearing should be conducted using the best- practice methods for the species concerned. The use of	Contractor	Construction

Mitigation: Action/control	Responsibility	Timeframe
herbicides should be avoided as far as possible.		
Vegetation clearing should occur in a phased manner in accordance with the construction programme to minimise erosion and/or run-off.	Contractor	Construction
Materials and equipment must only be stored in the pre- determined laydown areas.	Contractor	Construction
Unnecessary impacts on surrounding natural vegetation must be avoided, The construction impacts must be contained to the footprint of the solar energy facility.	Contractor	Construction
 Avoid creating conditions in which alien plants may become established: » Keep disturbance of indigenous vegetation to a minimum » Rehabilitate disturbed areas as quickly as possible once construction is complete in an area » Do not import soil from areas with alien plants. 	Contractor	Construction
Immediately control any alien plants that become established using registered control methods appropriate for the particular species in question. Where necessary, obtain an opinion from a registered Pest Control Officer.	Contractor	Construction
A registered Pest Control Officer must be appointed to implement the invasive alien plants and weeds management plan. The Pest Control Officer must supervise the clearing team to ensure compliance with the invasive alien plants and weeds management plan.	Contractor	Construction
Minimise the development footprint as far as possible and rehabilitate disturbed areas that are no longer required by the	Contractor	Construction

Mitigation: Action/control	Responsibility	Timeframe
operational phase of the development.		
Containment of all contaminated water by means of careful run-off management on site.	Contractor	Construction

Performance	»	No disturbance outside of designated work areas.	
Indicator	»	Limited alien infestation within project control area.	
	»	Construction activities restricted to the development footprint.	
Monitoring and	»	Observation of vegetation clearing activities by ,the EO throughout the	
Reporting		Construction.	
	»	Monitoring of alien plant establishment within the site on an on-going basis.	

OBJECTIVE 5: Protection of terrestrial fauna

Project component/s	» Substation;» Associated infrastructure.
Potential Impact	 Vegetation clearance and associated impacts on faunal habitats. Traffic to and from site.
Activity/risk source	 » Site preparation and earthworks. » Foundations or plant equipment installation. » Mobile construction equipment movement on site. » Access road construction activities. » Substation construction facilities.
Mitigation: Target/Objective	» To minimise footprints of habitat destruction.» To minimise disturbance to resident and visitor faunal species.

Mitigation: Action/control	Responsibility	Timeframe
Minimise disturbance impact by abbreviating construction time	Developer Contractor	Construction Operation
Any fauna threatened by the construction activities should be removed safely by an appropriately qualified environmental officer or removal specialist.	Contractor	Construction
Wildlife-permeable fencing with holes large enough for mongoose and other smaller mammals should be installed, the holes must not be placed in the fence where it is next to a major road as this will increase road killings in the area	Contractor	Construction
The timing between clearing of an area and subsequent development must be minimized to avoid fauna	Contractor	Construction

Mitigation: Action/control	Responsibility	Timeframe
from re-entering the site to be disturbed.		
Any holes/deep excavations must done in a progressive manner on a needs basis only. No holes/excavations may be left open overnight. In the event holes/excavations are required to remain open overnight, these areas must be covered to prevent fauna falling into these areas and subsequently inspected prior to backfilling	Developer Contractor	Construction
Where possible, work should be restricted to one area at a time and be systematic. This is to reduce the number and extent of on-site activities, allowing fauna to move off as the Project progresses. This will give the smaller birds, mammals and reptiles a chance to weather the disturbance in an undisturbed zone close to their natural territories.	Contractor	Construction
If the substation is to be fenced, then no electrified strands should be placed within 30cm of the ground as some species such as tortoises are susceptible to electrocution from electric fences as they do not move away when electrocuted but rather adopt defensive behaviour and are killed by repeated shocks. Alternatively, the electrified strands should be placed on the inside of the fence and not the outside or guard wires or mesh can be placed outside of the fence to prevent tortoises from accessing the electrified fence.	Contractor	Construction

Performance Indicator	» » »	No disturbance outside of designated work areas. Minimised clearing of existing/natural vegetation and habitats for fauna. Limited impacts on faunal species (i.e. noted/recorded fatalities), especially those of conservation concern.
Monitoring and Reporting	» »	Observation of vegetation clearing activities by the EO throughout Construction. Supervision of all clearing and earthworks by the EO.

OBJECTIVE 6: Securing the site and general maintenance during operation

Project	»	Substation;
component/s	»	Associated infrastructure
Potential Impact	»	Hazards to landowners and public.
Activities/risk	»	Uncontrolled access to the solar energy facility and associated
sources		infrastructure.
Mitigation:	»	To secure the site against unauthorised entry.
Target/Objective	»	To protect members of the public/landowners/residents.

Mitigation: Action/control	Responsibility	Timeframe
Where feasible, motion detection lighting must be used to minimise the unnecessary illumination of areas	O&M Operator	Operation
Secure access to the site and entrances.	O&M Operator	Operation
Post information boards about public safety hazards and emergency contact information.	O&M Operator	Operation
Maintenance must be undertaken regularly on all vehicles and maintenance machinery to prevent hydrocarbon spills.	O&M Operator	Operation
No domestic and other waste must be left at the site and must be transported with the maintenance vehicles to an authorised waste dumping area.	O&M Operator	Operation

Performance Indicator	 » Site is secure and there is no unauthorised entry. » No members of the public/ landowners injured. » No complaints from landowners/ public.
Monitoring and Reporting	 Regular visual inspection of fence for signs of deterioration/forced access. An incident reporting system must be used to record non-conformances to the EMPr. A public complaints register must be developed and maintained on site. Landowners should be consulted regularly.

OBJECTIVE 7: Protection of indigenous vegetation, fauna and maintenance of rehabilitation

Project	»	Substation;
component/s	»	Associated infrastructure.
Potential Impact	»	Disturbance to or loss of vegetation and/or habitat.
	»	Alien plant invasion.
	»	Environmental integrity of site undermined resulting in reduced
		visual aesthetics, erosion, compromised land capability and the
		requirement for on-going management intervention.

	»	Continued fragmentation and degradation of habitats and ecosystems
Activity/Risk	»	Movement of employee vehicles within and around site.
Source	»	Dust, unregulated clearing, IAP plant proliferation and edge effects
Mitigation:	»	Maintain minimised footprints of disturbance of vegetation/
Target/Objective		habitats on-site.
	»	Ensure and encourage plant regrowth in non-operational areas of post-construction rehabilitation.
	»	Avoidance / minimisation of the disturbance and degradation of vegetation and ecosystems

Mitigation: Action/Control	Responsibility	Timeframe
It should be made an offence for any staff to /take bring any plant species into/out of any portion of the project site. No plant species whether indigenous or exotic should be brought into/taken from the site, to prevent the spread of exotic or invasive species or the illegal collection of plants.	Project manager, Environmental Officer	Operation
There should be follow-up rehabilitation and re- vegetation of any remaining denuded areas with local indigenous perennial grass, shrubs and trees.	Project manager, Environmental Officer	Operation
Any fauna threatened by the maintenance and operational activities should be removed to a safe location by an appropriate individual.	Project manager, Environmental Officer	Operation
All maintenance vehicles should adhere to a low-speed limit (40km/h for cars and 30km/h for trucks) to avoid collisions with susceptible species such as snakes and tortoises and rabbits or hares. Speed limits should apply within the facility as well as on the public gravel access roads to the site.	O&M Operator	Operation
Erosion management at the site should take place according to the Erosion Management Plan and Rehabilitation Plan. This should make provision for annual monitoring and rehabilitation.	O&M Operator	Operation
All erosion problems observed should be rectified as soon as possible, using the appropriate erosion control structures and revegetation techniques.	O&M Operator	Operation

Mitigation: Action/Control	Responsibility	Timeframe
Prevent birds from nesting in substation	Developer	Operation
infrastructure through exclusion covers or spikes if	Specialist	
required (determined on a case-by-case basis).		

Performance Indicator	>> >> >> >> >>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	No further disturbance to vegetation or terrestrial faunal habitats. No erosion problems resulting from operational activities Low abundance of alien plants within affected areas. Maintenance of a ground cover that resist erosion. Continued improvement of rehabilitation efforts.
Monitoring	» » »	Observation of vegetation on-site by environmental manager. Regular inspections to monitor plant regrowth/performance of rehabilitation efforts and weed infestation compared to natural/undisturbed areas. Annual monitoring with records of alien species presence and clearing actions. Annual monitoring with records of erosion problems and mitigation actions taken with photographs.

APPENDIX 1: METHOD STATEMENTS

To be prepared by the contractor prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are **not required** to be submitted to the CA.

APPENDIX 2: CV OF THE EAP



Email: nkhensani@savannahsa.com Tel: +27 (11) 656 3237

CURRICULUM VITAE OF NKHENSANI MASONDO

Profession :	Senior Environmental Consultant
Specialisation:	Environmental Management, Environmental Impact Assessments, Report Writing, Project Management, Stakeholder Engagement, Environmental Auditing
Work Experience:	6 years in the Environmental Management Consulting Field

VOCATIONAL EXPERIENCE

Nkhensani is an EAPASA Registered Environmental Assessment Practitioner with over 6 years of experience in the environmental field. She holds a BSocSCi (Hons) in Environmental Management and Analysis and a BA (Own Choice) specialising in Geography and Archaeology, both from the University of Pretoria (UP). She is currently pursuing her MSc in Environmental Management at the University of South Africa (UNISA).

She has been involved in residential, commercial, institutional, industrial, and mixed-use development within South Africa. She has been involved in mine closure strategies and implementation plans on behalf of Mining partners. Her main responsibilities include compilation of environmental reports, stakeholder engagement, and project management.

SKILLS BASE AND CORE COMPETENCIES

- Environmental Planning
- Compilation of Environmental Impact Assessments, Basic Assessments, Water Use Licenses, NEMA Queries, GPEMF Applications, General Authorisations, Schedule 1 and Existing Lawful Use Applications
- Compilation and Implementation of Environmental Programmes
- Undertaking Environmental Audits for residential, commercial, and industrial developments
- Project Management of various projects
- Review of Specialists reports
- Undertaking Stakeholder Engagements for a variety of projects

EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL STATUS

Degrees:

- Master of Science in Environmental Management (current), University of South Africa
- BSocSci (Hons) Environmental Analysis and Management (2014), University of Pretoria
- BA (Own Choice) Specialising in Geography and Archaeology (2013), University of Pretoria

Short Courses:

- Geographical Information Systems Training (ESRI) 2016
- ISO 14001: 2004 Lead Environmental Auditor Training: Environmental Management Systems (SGS) 2015

Professional Society Affiliations:

• Environmental Assessment Practitioners Association of South Africa – Environmental Assessment Practitioner

EMPLOYMENT		
Date	Company	Roles and Responsibilities
01 June 2022 - Current:		Senior Environmental Consultant
	Savannah Environmental (Pty) Ltd	 <u>Tasks include:</u> Play a lead role in environmental permitting, environmental authorisation applications, and compliance and advice and assurance. Project management, execute draft, review and/or further develop and manage the delivery of environmental impact assessments (EIA) reports and EMPrs in line with the requirements of NEMA and the EIA regulations. Environmental Permitting (including WULA), environmental authorisation applications and associated stakeholder engagement and public participation. Manage the delivery of specialist environmental consultants and their reporting, as may be required. Manage any third parties or sub-consultants to which functions have been outsourced. Project-related GIS mapping. New business development and the preparation of proposals.
August 2017 – May 2022	LEAP: Landscape Architects and Environmental Planners (Imbrillinx CC)	 Environmental Assessment Practitioner <u>Task included:</u> Compiling Scoping Reports, Integrated Wastewater Management Plans, Water Use License Applications, General Authorisations, Schedule 1 Borehole Registrations, Basic Assessment Reports, Environmental Management Programmes, Section 24G Applications and Appeals, conducting site inspections. Compiling Water Quality Monitoring, compiling wetland rehabilitation and management reports. Stakeholder Engagement. Project Management Act as a liaison officer for the company with State Departments.
May 2015 – December 2016	LEAP: Landscape Architects and Environmental Planners (Imbrillinx CC)	Environmental Control Officer <u>Tasks Included</u> • Formulated and implemented long- range plans for environmental programs.

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PROJECT EXPERIENCE

INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS (PIPELINES, WATER RESOURCES AND INDUSTRIAL

Basic Assessment and Environmental Programmes

Project	Client Name	Role
Lombardy East Stream Flow	Johannesburg Road Agency	Project Manager & EAP
Reduction Activities		
The Whisken K54 Road development	Balwin Properties Limited on behalf of	Public Participation Assistant
	Gautrans	

Part 1 Amendment

Project	Client Name	Role
Malibongwe Pipeline	Codevco	Project Manager & EAP

Water Use License Applications and Environmental Programmes

Project	Client Name	Role
Crowthorne Leogem Sewer Pipeline	Leogem Property Projects (Pty) Ltd on	Project Manager & EAP
	behalf of	
Diepsloot Klevebank Sewer pipeline	Eris Property Group (Pty) Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Kyalami Heights X4 Sewer Pipeline	Church of Scientology	Project Manager & EAP
Lombardy East Stream Flow	Johannesburg Road Agency	Project Manager & EAP
Reduction Activities		

General Authorisation

Project	Client Name	Role
Alinta Extension 4 Stormwater	Balwin Properties	Project Manager & EAP
Infrastructure		
Celtisdal Stormwater Infrastructure	Cosmopolitan Projects (Tshwane) Pty Ltd	Project Manager and EAP
Erasmus Estate – Road Crossing	Erasmus Estate Trust	EAP
Olivedale Retirement Village Stormwater Infrastructure	Olivedale Retirement Village NPO	EAP
Gem Valley Mixed Use Development Stormwater Culvert	Central Developments (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager & EAP

Environmental Compliance

Project	Client Name	Role
Diepsloot Porcupine Park Avenue	Valumax Northern Farms (Pty) Ltd	ECO

HOUSING AND URBAN PROJECTS

Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes (EMPr)

Project	Client Name	Role
Dersley Springs Mixed Used	Royal Albatross (Pty) Ltd	EAP
Development		
Green Valley Residential	Balwin Properties Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Development		
Irene Ridge Mixed Use Development	M&T Developments	EAP
Onderstepoort Extension 42 Mixed	Power Developments (Pty) Ltd	EAP
Use Development		
Reigerpark X10 Mixed Use	Living Africa (Pty) Ltd	EAP
Development		
Sammy Marks Mixed Use	Abland	EAP
Development		
Swaziland		

Basic Assessments and Environmental Management Programmes

Project	Client Name	Role
Atteridgeville X47 Light Industrial Development	JT Group (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager
Erasmus Estate Mixed Use Development	Erasmus Estate Trust	EAP
Germiston Cemetery	Living Africa (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager & EAP
Homes Haven X24	Central Developments (Pty) Ltd	EAP
Leeuwfontein Shopping Centre	McCormick Property Group	Project Manager & EAP
Lewende Woord Bronkhorstspruit Church and Rehabilitation Centre	Lewende Woord Church and Rehabilitation Centre	EAP
Spes Magte	South African Special Forces	EAP
Waterfall Polofields	Balwin Properties	EAP
Willaway Residential Development	3V Projects	EAP
Waterkloof Marina Retirement Village	Central Development Projects	EAP

Part 2 Amendments

Gem Valley Hauptfleish	Gem Valley Hauptfleisch (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager & EAP
Greenlee Residential Develop	Balwin Properties Limited	EAP
Heidelberg X25 Mixed Use	Mantracare (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager & EAP
Development		
The Reid Montesorri School	Balwin Properties	EAP

Part 1 Amendments

Apex X10 Industrial Development	Moolman Group	EAP
Amberfield X47	Central Developments (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager
Clayville X50 and X71 Mixed Use	Valumax Midrand (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager & EAP
Development		
Klerksoord Mixed Use Development	SafDev (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager & EAP
Mooikloof Mega City	Balwin Properties Limited	EAP
Riverside View X30 – X35	Valumax Northern Farms (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager & EAP

GPEMF

Project	Client Name	Role
Krugerus X9 Residential Development	Moolman Group	Project Manager & EAP
Linbro Park Klulee Residential	Balwin Properties Limited	Project Manager &EAP
Development		
Theresa Park X66 & X67	Social Housing Regulatory Authority	Project Manager & EAP

NEMA Query

Project	Client Name	Role
Kwa-Mhlanga Crossing	Top Spot (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager & EAP
Waterfall Polofields Show block	Balwin Properties Limited	EAP

24G Rectification Application

Project	Client Name	Role
Dekenah Street	Alrode CC	EAP
Mopane Grootvlei	RuaCon	Project Manager

Water Use License Applications

Project Name	Client Name	Role
Botesdal X15 Light Industrial	Open Energy (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager & EAP
Development		
Clayville X45 Mixed Use Development	Valumax Midrand (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager & EAP
Ermelo Shopping Centre	Moolman Group	Project Manager & EAP
Gem Valley Hauptfleisch Mixed Use Development	Gem Valley Hauptfliesch (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager & EAP
Lewende Woord Bronkhorstspruit Church and Rehabilitation	Lewende Woord Bronkhorstspruit	Project Manager & EAP
Matsamo Mall Shopping Centre	Moolman Group	Project Manager & EAP
Miracle Meadow Water Bottling Facility	Mr Pieter du Randt Pretorius	Project Manager & EAP
Reigerpark Extension 10 and Comet X18 Mixed Use Development	Living Africa 2 (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager & EAP
Norton Park X8 Residential Development	SSI Group	Project Manager & EAP
Onderstepoort X42 Mixed Use Development	Power Developments (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager & EAP
The Whisken	Balwin Properties Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Zwartkop 187 Mixed Use Development	Moolman Group	Project Manager & EAP
Zuurfontein Ptn 221 Residential Development	M&T Developments	Project Manager & EAP

General Authorisations

Project	Client Name	Role
Thokoza Park Recreational Park	City of Ekurhuleni	Project Manager & EAP

Schedule 1 Authorisations

Project	Client Name	Role
Builders Warehouse Midrand	Massmart (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager
Greenlee Borehole Registration	Balwin Properties Limited	Project Manager & EAP
Willway Residential Development	3V projects (Pty) Ltd	Project Manager & EAP

Environmental Auditing

Project	Client Name	Role
Amberfield Estate	Central Developments (Pty) Ltd	Environmental Control Officer
Blue Hills Equestrian Estate	Century Property Development	Environmental Control Officer
Chuma Mall	Eris Property Group	Environmental Control Officer
Diepsloot Ptn 1 Mixed Use	Valumax Northern Farms (Pty) Ltd	Environmental Control Officer
Development		
Kyalami Hills	Balwin Properties Limited	Environmental Control Officer
Kyalami Ridge Mall	Kyalami Retail Africa	Environmental Control Officer
South Hills Mixed Use Estate	Calgro M3	Environmental Control Officer
Waterfall Estate	Century Property Developments	Environmental Control Officer

APPENDIX 3: DFFE SCREENING TOOL REPORT

SCREENING REPORT FOR AN ENVIRONMENTAL AUTHORIZATION AS REQUIRED BY THE 2014 EIA REGULATIONS – PROPOSED SITE ENVIRONMENTAL SENSITIVITY

EIA Reference number: TBD

Project name: Limestone PV 1 and 2

Project title: Limestone PV 1 and 2

Date screening report generated: 07/10/2022 08:26:07

Applicant: AGV Projects (Pty) Ltd

Compiler: Matthew Ellero

Compiler signature:

Application Category: Utilities Infrastructure | Electricity | Generation | Renewable | Solar | PV

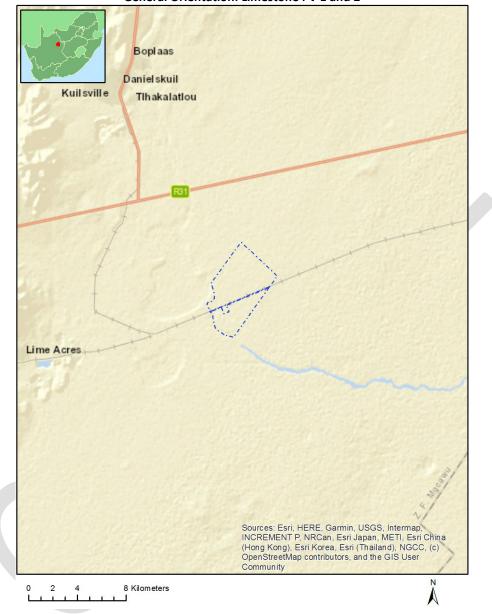
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Table of Contents

Proposed Project Location	3
Orientation map 1: General location	3
Map of proposed site and relevant area(s)	4
Cadastral details of the proposed site	4
Wind and Solar developments with an approved Environmental Authorisation or applications under consideration within 30 km of the proposed area	4
Environmental Management Frameworks relevant to the application	5
Environmental screening results and assessment outcomes	6
Relevant development incentives, restrictions, exclusions or prohibitions	6
Map indicating proposed development footprint within applicable development incentive, restriction, exclusion or prohibition zones	
Proposed Development Area Environmental Sensitivity	7
Specialist assessments identified	8
Results of the environmental sensitivity of the proposed area.	.10
MAP OF RELATIVE AGRICULTURE THEME SENSITIVITY	.10
MAP OF RELATIVE ANIMAL SPECIES THEME SENSITIVITY	.11
MAP OF RELATIVE AQUATIC BIODIVERSITY THEME SENSITIVITY	.12
MAP OF RELATIVE ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND CULTURAL HERITAGE THEME SENSITIVITY	.13
MAP OF RELATIVE AVIAN THEME SENSITIVITY	.14
MAP OF RELATIVE CIVIL AVIATION (SOLAR PV) THEME SENSITIVITY	. 15
MAP OF RELATIVE DEFENCE THEME SENSITIVITY	.16
MAP OF RELATIVE LANDSCAPE (SOLAR) THEME SENSITIVITY	.17
MAP OF RELATIVE PALEONTOLOGY THEME SENSITIVITY	.18
MAP OF RELATIVE PLANT SPECIES THEME SENSITIVITY	.19
MAP OF RELATIVE RFI THEME SENSITIVITY	.20
MAP OF RELATIVE TERRESTRIAL BIODIVERSITY THEME SENSITIVITY	.21

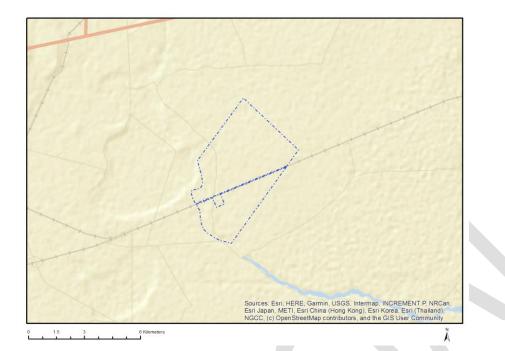
Proposed Project Location

Orientation map 1: General location





Map of proposed site and relevant area(s)



Cadastral details of the proposed site

Property details:

No	Farm Name	Farm/ Erf No	Portion	Latitude	Longitude	Property Type
1		300	0	28°18'2.59S	23°38'54.57E	Farm
2	RUNNIMEDE	300	4	28°18'47.22S	23°38'3.27E	Farm Portion
3		300	4	28°20'7.82S	23°37'53.6E	Farm Portion

Development footprint¹ vertices: No development footprint(s) specified.

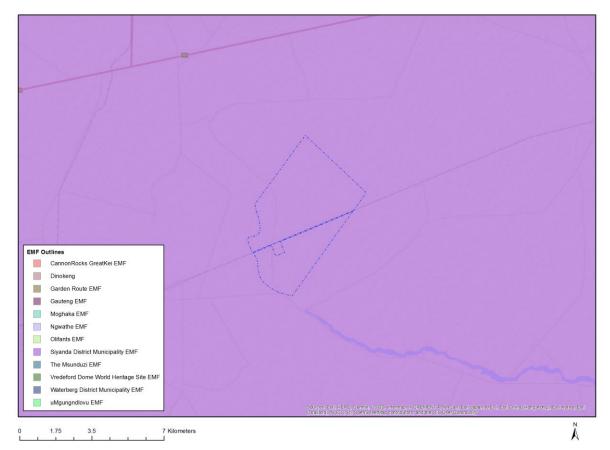
Wind and Solar developments with an approved Environmental Authorisation or applications under consideration within 30 km of the proposed area

No	EIA Reference No	Classification	Status of application	Distance from proposed area (km)
1	12/12/20/2647/49	Solar PV	Approved	10.4
2	12/12/20/1944	Solar PV	Approved	19
3	14/12/16/3/3/2/929	Solar PV	Approved	10.9
4	14/12/16/3/3/2/453	Solar PV	Approved	10.9
5	12/12/20/2252/1	Solar CSP	Approved	28.2

¹ "development footprint", means the area within the site on which the development will take place and incudes all ancillary developments for example roads, power lines, boundary walls, paving etc. which require vegetation clearance or which will be disturbed and for which the application has been submitted.

6	14/12/16/3/3/2/923	Solar CSP	Approved	28.2
7	14/12/16/3/3/2/930	Solar PV	Approved	10.9
8	14/12/16/3/3/2/371/AM1	Solar PV	Approved	0
9	12/12/20/2613	Solar PV	Approved	19
10	12/12/20/2316	Solar CSP	Approved	24.3
11	14/12/16/3/3/1/1916	Solar PV	Approved	24.3
12	12/12/20/1903/1	Solar PV	Approved	24.3
13	12/12/20/2646	Solar CSP	Approved	10.4
14	12/12/20/2252/2	Solar CSP	Approved	28.2
15	14/12/16/3/3/1/1751	Solar PV	Approved	12.6
16	12/12/20/2647/4	Solar PV	Approved	10.4
17	14/12/16/3/3/2/371	Solar PV	Approved	0
18	12/12/20/1903/2	Solar PV	Approved	25.8
19	12/12/20/2648	Solar PV	Approved	10.4
20	12/12/20/1903	Solar PV	Approved	24.3
21	12/12/20/2675	Solar PV	Approved	17.7
22	12/12/20/2647	Solar PV	Approved	10.4

Environmental Management Frameworks relevant to the application



Environme ntal Manageme nt Framework	LINK
Siyanda District Municipality EMF	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/EMF/SIYANDA_EMF_ REPORT_2008.doc

Page 5 of 21

Disclaimer applies 07/10/2022

Environmental screening results and assessment outcomes

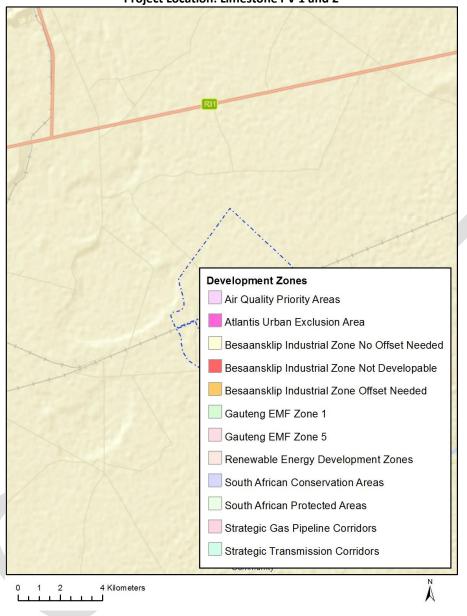
The following sections contain a summary of any development incentives, restrictions, exclusions or prohibitions that apply to the proposed development site as well as the most environmental sensitive features on the site based on the site sensitivity screening results for the application classification that was selected. The application classification selected for this report is: Utilities Infrastructure | Electricity | Generation | Renewable | Solar | PV.

Relevant development incentives, restrictions, exclusions or prohibitions

The following development incentives, restrictions, exclusions or prohibitions and their implications that apply to this site are indicated below.

No intersection with any development zones found.

Map indicating proposed development footprint within applicable development incentive, restriction, exclusion or prohibition zones



Project Location: Limestone PV 1 and 2

Proposed Development Area Environmental Sensitivity

The following summary of the development site environmental sensitivities is identified. Only the highest environmental sensitivity is indicated. The footprint environmental sensitivities for the proposed development footprint as identified, are indicative only and must be verified on site by a suitably qualified person before the specialist assessments identified below can be confirmed.

Theme	Very High sensitivity	High sensitivity	Medium sensitivity	Low sensitivity
Agriculture Theme			Х	
Animal Species Theme		Х		
Daga 7 of 21				Disclaimer applies

Aquatic Biodiversity Theme	Х			
Archaeological and Cultural		Х		
Heritage Theme				
Avian Theme				Х
Civil Aviation (Solar PV)				Х
Theme				
Defence Theme				Х
Landscape (Solar) Theme	Х			
Paleontology Theme	Х			
Plant Species Theme			Х	
RFI Theme				Х
Terrestrial Biodiversity Theme	Х			

Specialist assessments identified

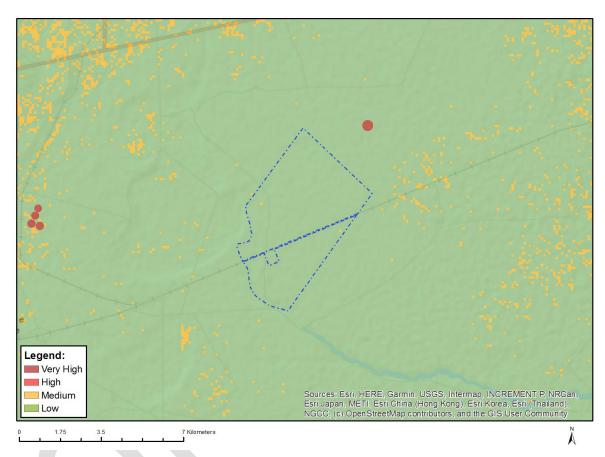
Based on the selected classification, and the environmental sensitivities of the proposed development footprint, the following list of specialist assessments have been identified for inclusion in the assessment report. It is the responsibility of the EAP to confirm this list and to motivate in the assessment report, the reason for not including any of the identified specialist study including the provision of photographic evidence of the site situation.

N	Special	Assessment Protocol
0	ist	
	assess	
	ment	
1	Agricult ural Impact Assessm ent	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols /Gazetted WindAndSolar Agriculture Assessment Protocols.pdf
2	Landsca pe/Visu al Impact Assessm ent	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols /Gazetted_General_Requirement_Assessment_Protocols.pdf
ß	Archaeo logical and Cultural Heritage Impact Assessm ent	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols /Gazetted General Requirement Assessment Protocols.pdf
4	Palaeon tology Impact Assessm ent	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols /Gazetted_General_Requirement_Assessment_Protocols.pdf
5	Terrestri al Biodiver sity Impact Assessm ent	<u>https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols</u> /Gazetted_Terrestrial_Biodiversity_Assessment_Protocols.pdf
6	Aquatic Biodiver sity	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols /Gazetted_Aquatic_Biodiversity_Assessment_Protocols.pdf

7	Impact Assessm ent Civil Aviation Assessm ent	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols /Gazetted_Civil_Aviation_Installations_Assessment_Protocols.pdf
8	Defense Assessm ent	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols /Gazetted_Defence_Installations_Assessment_Protocols.pdf
9	RFI Assessm ent	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols /Gazetted_General_Requirement_Assessment_Protocols.pdf
1 0	Geotech nical Assessm ent	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols /Gazetted_General_Requirement_Assessment_Protocols.pdf
1 1	Socio- Economi c Assessm ent	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols /Gazetted_General_Requirement_Assessment_Protocols.pdf
1 2	Plant Species Assessm ent	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols /Gazetted Plant Species Assessment Protocols.pdf
1 3	Animal Species Assessm ent	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols /Gazetted Animal Species Assessment Protocols.pdf

Results of the environmental sensitivity of the proposed area.

The following section represents the results of the screening for environmental sensitivity of the proposed site for relevant environmental themes associated with the project classification. It is the duty of the EAP to ensure that the environmental themes provided by the screening tool are comprehensive and complete for the project. Refer to the disclaimer.



MAP OF RELATIVE AGRICULTURE THEME SENSITIVITY

Very High sensitivity	High sensitivity	Medium sensitivity	Low sensitivity
		х	

Sensitivity	Feature(s)
Low	Land capability;01. Very low/02. Very low/03. Low-Very low/04. Low-Very low/05. Low
Medium	Land capability;06. Low-Moderate/07. Low-Moderate/08. Moderate

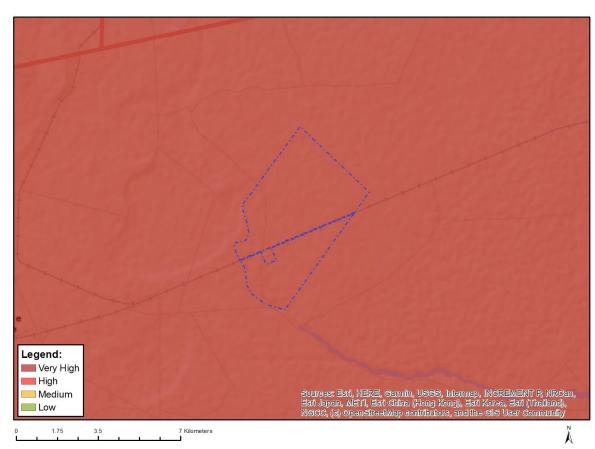
Legend: Wery High High Hedium

MAP OF RELATIVE ANIMAL SPECIES THEME SENSITIVITY

Where only a sensitive plant unique number or sensitive animal unique number is provided in the screening report and an assessment is required, the environmental assessment practitioner (EAP) or specialist is required to email SANBI at <u>eiadatarequests@sanbi.org.za</u> listing all sensitive species with their unique identifiers for which information is required. The name has been withheld as the species may be prone to illegal harvesting and must be protected. SANBI will release the actual species name after the details of the EAP or specialist have been documented.

Very High sensitivity	High sensitivity	Medium sensitivity	Low sensitivity
	X		

Sensitivity	Feature(s)			
High	Aves-Sagittarius serpentarius			
Low	Subject to confirmation			
Medium	Aves-Sagittarius serpentarius			

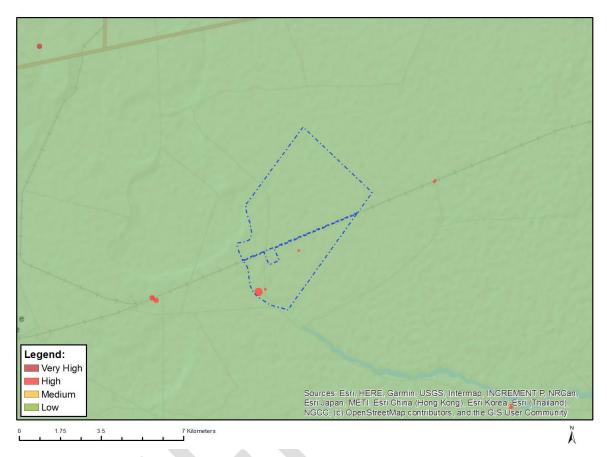


MAP OF RELATIVE AQUATIC BIODIVERSITY THEME SENSITIVITY

Very High sensitivity	High sensitivity	Medium sensitivity	Low sensitivity
Х			

Sensitivity	Feature(s)
Very High	Strategic water source area
Very High	Wetlands and Estuaries
Very High	Freshwater ecosystem priority area quinary catchments

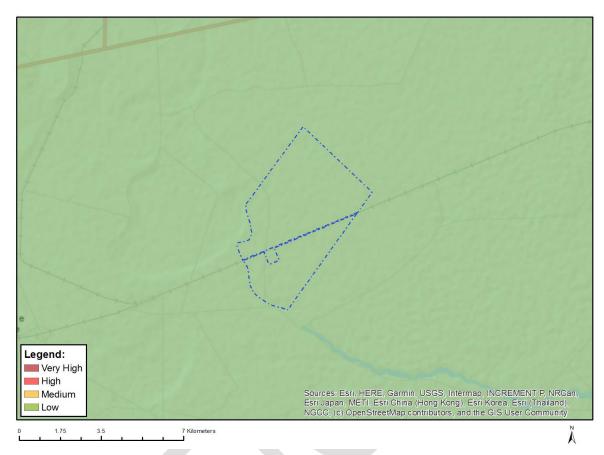
MAP OF RELATIVE ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND CULTURAL HERITAGE THEME SENSITIVITY



Very High sensitivity	High sensitivity	Medium sensitivity	Low sensitivity
	Х		

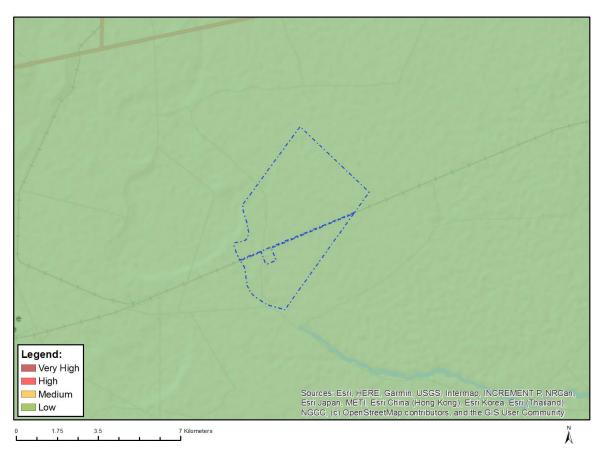
Sensitivity	Feature(s)
High	Within 150m of a Grade IIIa Heritage site
High	Within 50m of a Grade IIIc Heritage site
Low	Low sensitivity

MAP OF RELATIVE AVIAN THEME SENSITIVITY



Very High sensitivity	High sensitivity	Medium sensitivity	Low sensitivity
			Х

Sensitivity	Feature(s)
Low	Low Sensitivity

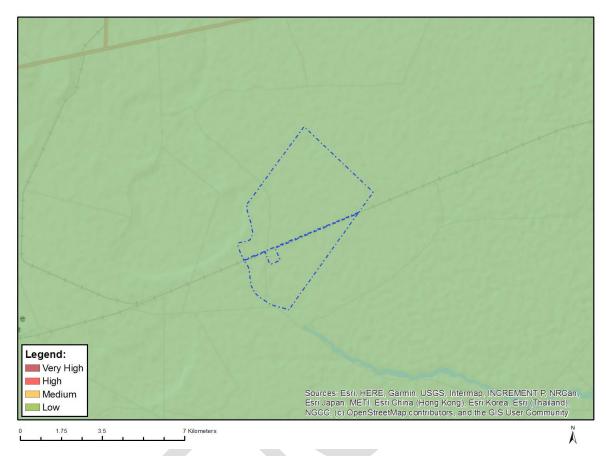


MAP OF RELATIVE CIVIL AVIATION (SOLAR PV) THEME SENSITIVITY

Very High sensitivity	High sensitivity	Medium sensitivity	Low sensitivity
			Х

Sensitivity	Feature(s)
Low	No major or other types of civil aviation aerodromes

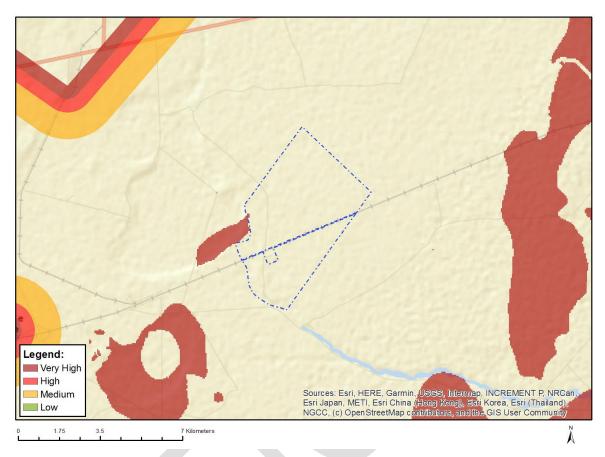
MAP OF RELATIVE DEFENCE THEME SENSITIVITY



Very High sensitivity	High sensitivity	Medium sensitivity	Low sensitivity
			Х

Sensitivity	Feature(s)
Low	Low sensitivity

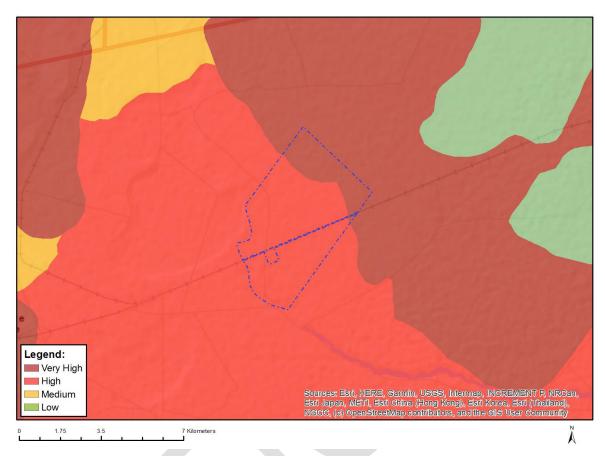
MAP OF RELATIVE LANDSCAPE (SOLAR) THEME SENSITIVITY



Very High sensitivity	High sensitivity	Medium sensitivity	Low sensitivity
X			

Sensitivity	Feature(s)
Very High	Mountain tops and high ridges

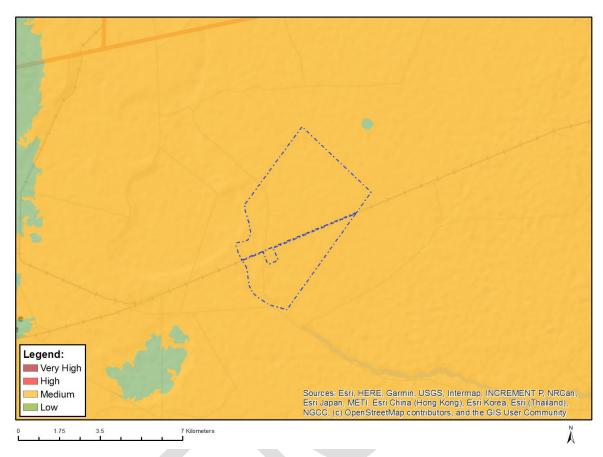
MAP OF RELATIVE PALEONTOLOGY THEME SENSITIVITY



Very High sensitivity	High sensitivity	Medium sensitivity	Low sensitivity
X			

Sensitivity	Feature(s)
High	Features with a High paleontological sensitivity
Very High	Features with a Very High paleontological sensitivity

MAP OF RELATIVE PLANT SPECIES THEME SENSITIVITY

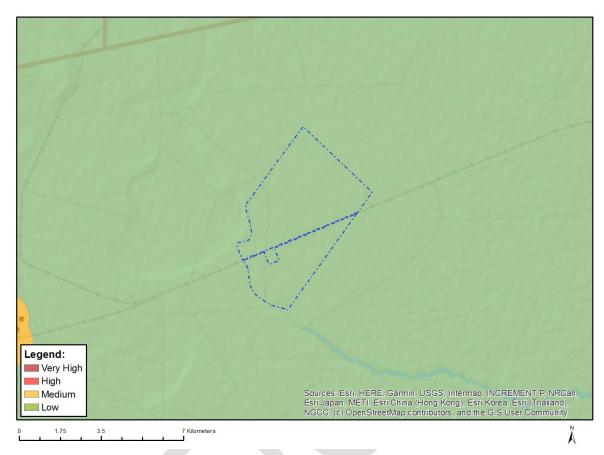


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Very High sensitivity	High sensitivity	Medium sensitivity	Low sensitivity
		х	

Sensitivity	Feature(s)
Medium	Antimima lawsonii
Medium	Pentzia oppositifolia

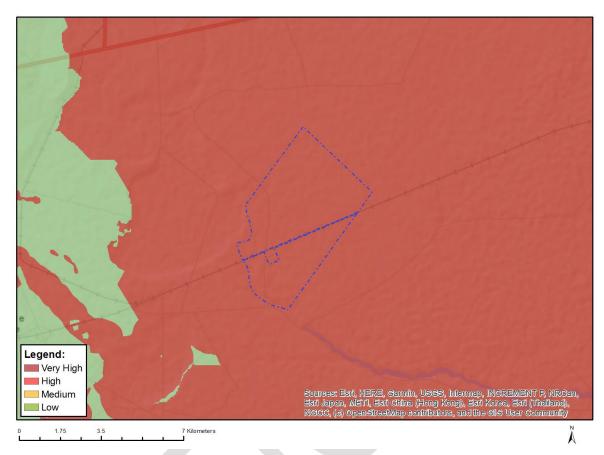
MAP OF RELATIVE RFI THEME SENSITIVITY



Very High sensitivity	High sensitivity	Medium sensitivity	Low sensitivity
			Х

Sensitivity	Feature(s)
Low	Low sensitivity

MAP OF RELATIVE TERRESTRIAL BIODIVERSITY THEME SENSITIVITY



Very High sensitivity	High sensitivity	Medium sensitivity	Low sensitivity
X			

Sensitivity	Feature(s)
Very High	Critical biodiveristy area 1
Very High	Critical biodiveristy area 2
Very High	FEPA Subcatchments