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Annex B - Distribution Environmental Screening Document (DESD) (Informative)

Reticulation Powerlines and Ancillary Services

Ratified and accepted by	
Environmental Practitioner	
Environmental Specialist	
Head of Engineering Survey	
(one signature please)	ν
Accepted by Land Owner/s/Users	
I have seen the completed documen	t and accept
recommendations made	

lelalana, Y. Signature: ...

CAPACITY (e.g. land owner, specialist): FARM MANA(-ER

DATE COMPLETED: 2014/08/06

Assessor/s

the

Instructions

- Fill the report in as neatly and completely as possible.
- Where the question / statement is not applicable mark N/A.
- Indicate sensitive areas on a map and/or spanning plans. 3.
- When in doubt, consult the Environmental Practitioner in your region.

The purpose of this DESD is to:

- Determine whether or not the project should be subject to R543-7, published in terms of the National Environmental management Act 107 of 1998.
- Identify and mitigate the negative impact of Eskom's activities to a minimum in line with both Legislation and Eskom's Environmental Policies.
- This report is a guide to Route Selection, Construction and Field Services.

NOTE Complete the report before the survey!!!

This is not an office exercise.

Extra sheets of paper may be added and referenced if insufficient space has been provided.

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Annex B (continued)

(continued)
1 Project description
Project name/Survey Request
Supply from SC 10 112 (scheme name note numbers for tea off)
Supply to NAUDES FONTEIN 26/ JS. (Farm name, etc.)
2 Properties traversed
Farm name Registration number and Division Compilation number
3 Brief description of the surrounding area
THIS PROJECT SUPPLY THE ABOVE PORTION SITUATED & SKM ON N/7 FROM BETHAL. TOWN TOWARD ERMETO ON THE RIGHT HAND SIDE OF THE ROAD
Could the proposed project have an impact on or be constrained by any of the following environmental aspects?
Encircle the appropriate aspect, giving a description of the present state as well as an indication of the possible negative impact. Note that mitigating measures for these impacts are to be included in the Environmental Management Programme.

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4 Physical environment
4.1 Water: streams rivers dams wetlands springs floodplains OTHER
Present condition: Dry
Potential impact (e.g. threat of pollution): THE LINE COSSES THE WETLAND
4.2 Soil: sandy rocky clayey OTHER
Present condition: SANDY SOIL
Potential impact (e.g. of erosion)
Present condition: THE AREA IS FLAT, ON THE AREA. Potential impact (e.g. of erosion) NONE
Comments/mitigating measures:
BENARE OF THE AREA IN SUMMER IT. MIGHT. 13E SWAMPY/MARSHY

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5.2 Fauna:

U

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mammals

Brief description and conservation status:

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OTHER

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		(continue	ea)	
5 Natural env	rironment			
5.1 Flora:	indigenous	protected	exotic	OTHER
Brief description a	and conservation sta	atus (e.g. rare, etc., i	mention trees/bush	n/grass)
Potential impact (e.g. permit applicati	ons <u>MONC'</u>		

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(e.g. rare, protected, etc., mention giraffe, elephants, eagles, vu	
NONE OF THE ABOVE MENT	LUNCD BIRGS /ANIMALS
Potential impact (e.g. threat of electrocution, collision, etc)	
	ELECTROCUTION.

birds

Comments/mitigating	measures:
-, UT10.N.	
7,5000	
No Ell	
C O 1-1	
6 Social environment	

6.1 Restricted areas:	nature/game reserves	hiking trails	tourism routes	parks	recreational areas
Desidential	SECRETARIA EL CONTRO	• • • •	07117		

Residential- green belts sacred/holy OTHER grounds

Brief description NONE OF THE ABOUE MENTIONED.

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		Annex (continue		
Potential impact e.g	, threat of encroachr	nent, etc		
6.2 Visual aesthet	ics: easily seen) hidde	en	partially
Brief description	THE NEW	LINC MAND NO	sould be TFROM TH	SCEN FROM LE NIT
Potential impact	NO IMPA	CT ON TH	IE WETLA	uds/Dry
6.3 Natural heritag	ge: cultural significance graves	archaeological objects meteorites	monuments	palaeontological objects OTHER
the SAHRA. If line	natural heritage re 5 of 1999 be identifie or access road leng	d, the requirement of the exceeds 300 of the exceed of the exceeds 300	above, or as defir nts of Act 25 of 1999 n SAHRA shall be	ned in the National Heritage
Comments/mitigating	measures	ABCC.		
7 Economic en	vironment			
7.1 Land use:	crops game farming	orchards forestry areas	grazing mining	crop spraying OTHER
Brief description	CATTLE GI	AZING		

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Potential impact	NONC	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		
7.1.1 Commercial:	factories		shops	OTHER
Brief description	OLD AN	D CIC	SED FACTO	DECS.
7.1.2 Infrastructure:	roads pipelines	railways sewage	communications	power lines air fields
Brief description:	TIVATE	POAD	AND ES	KOM POWER
Potential impact)NC -			
Comments/mitigating	measures:			
		<u>V</u>		

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What impact will this project have on elements 4 to 7? 1. Physical
No impact (0) Medium impact (2) High impact (4)
2. Natural
No impact (0) Medium impact (2) High impact (4)
3. Social
No impact (0) Medium impact (2) High impact (4)
Overall impact: This section addresses the overall environmental impact of the project. The impacts as assessed in the above three spheres (physical, natural and social) need to be considered to determine the overall impact
No impact Medium impact High impact
If the overall impact is between 2 and 4, contact the Environmental Management Officer or the Environmental Senior Superintendent.
Alternatives
Have alternative routes been discussed with the relevant land owner/s or users?
Yes No
Detailed study
Is an environmental assessment required in terms of Regulation R543?
Yes No
Should a permit application be made to DWA?
Yes No
Should the SAHRA be notified?
Yes No

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Annex C - Environmental Management Plan (Normative)

1 General conditions

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- 1.1 The Eskom project manager or co-ordinator shall be responsible for ensuring that the land owners have been informed before any work is carried out on site. Contractors shall find out if the landowners have been informed before moving onto site.
- 1.2 No fences, gates or locks shall be damaged to obtain access onto a line route. Arrangements shall be made in advance to obtain permission for access.
- 1.3 Use of private roads shall be arranged in advance. Any damage to private roads shall be repaired at the contractor's expense and to the satisfaction of the landowner. This shall be the responsibility of the project manager or co-ordinator.
 - 1.4 Gates shall be left as they are found, i.e. closed gates shall be kept closed and open gates shall be left open. Gates to adjacent properties or onto public roads shall be closed at all times. Any Eskom gates installed on the line route shall be kept closed and locked except while stringing is taking place. Open gates shall be guarded to prevent animals straying and unauthorised persons and vehicles entering into adjacent camps or properties.
 - 1.5 Permission shall be obtained from landowners before any water is used.
 - No fires shall be lit on private property. If fires are lit on Eskom's property or in the construction camp, provision shall be made that no accidental fires are started. No firewood shall be collected in the veld.
 - 1.7 If activities that can cause a fire are carried out, fire extinguishers shall be available on site and in the construction camp.
 - 1.8 No property may be accessed after normal working hours except with the permission of the landowner. Privacy shall be respected at all times.
- 1.9 Eskom, Eskom's contractors and their employees shall at all times be courteous towards landowners, tenants and the local community.
- 1.10 Eskom, Eskom's contractors and their employees shall not cause damage to property, crops or animals. Activities that may cause conflict with landowners, tenants, the local work force or the local community shall be avoided. Should conflict arise it shall be immediately reported to the Eskom project manager or co-ordiator.
- 1.11 Vehicles shall be driven at a moderate speed on private roads and stay within the statutory speed limit on public roads.
- 1.12 All movement of vehicles shall take place on the established Eskom servitude road or on private roads as agreed in advance. Keep to existing tracks. No movement shall take place through the veld. Special care shall be taken to prevent excess damage during wet weather.

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Annex C

- 1.13 If any vehicle should get stuck, the damage shall be repaired immediately so that no deep ruts remain.
- 1.14 Any damage to private property shall immediately be reported to Eskom and the owner. The damage shall be rectified immediately if possible and/or appropriate compensation shall be paid to the owner at the discretion of the project manager/co-ordinator in consultation with the property owner. A record of damages and rectifying action shall be kept. The landowner's satisfaction with the outcome of rectifying action shall be obtained in writing.
- 1.15 A proper system of waste management shall be instituted in the construction camp. This entails that sufficient waste bins are available on site and in the construction camp. The waste shall be dumped at an approved waste disposal site. No containers, scrap metal, conductor etc. shall be left on site.

All scrap shall be removed and taken to an appropriate disposal site. No oil, diesel or other chemicals shall be spilled or discarded anywhere. If an accidental spill occurs, it shall be reported immediately and cleaned to the satisfaction of Eskom and the landowner. No waste shall be left in the veld or on the line route.

- 1.16 Washing and toilet facilities shall be provided on site and in the construction camp. The facilities shall comply with Eskom standards and shall have the approval of the landowner.
- 1.17 No human excrement shall be left in the veld. If no toilet facilities are available such waste shall be buried immediately.
- **1.18** Herbicides shall only be applied with Eskom's permission and in accordance with the Eskom Policy on Herbicides ESKPBAAD4.
- 1.19 Camp and office sites shall be dismantled and removed after completion of the construction phase of the project. The site shall be rehabilitated to as close as possible to its original condition to the satisfaction of the landowner, which shall be in writing.
- 1.20 All excavations shall be enclosed to prevent animals or people from accidentally falling into excavations.
- 1.21 No trees shall be cut or removed without prior permission from the landowner. Permits shall be obtained for the cutting and removal protected trees (protected trees shall be dealt with in 2, Special conditions).
- 1.22 Should any natural heritage object be found, or exposed during excavations, all work shall be terminated immediately and the finding reported to the Project Manager who shall inform the Eskom Environmental Practitioner and the SAHRA.

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2 Special conditions
(Specific issues identified during the scoping as needing attention i.e. erosion berms, bird flappers, protected trees. etc.).

TYPICAL MITIGATION MEASURES

ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERNS	MITIGATION MEASURES
AGRICULTURE	
Loss of standing crop due to access road and tower work site.	 limit width of access and size of tower site. avoidance of crop areas. monetary compensation for crop loss. time construction to avoid growing season.
Soil Compaction	 scheduling activities to times of the year when soils are least susceptible to compaction. stop activities when ground conditions are poor. use of equipment with low bearing capacity. chisel ploughing.
Construction of new lines	- locate access roads along existing traffic routs.
Topsoil – subsoil mixing/soil rutting	 scheduling activities. stop activity when ground conditions are poor. use of equipment with low bearing capacity. use of gravel roads. addition of manures to offset fertility loss. compensation for reduced soil pEAuctivity. removal of spoil and/or bentonite from foundation operations. Segregation of topsoil and subsoil.
Disturbance to farm operations	 maintain contact with landowner/tenant regarding preferences.
Loss of livestock	 employ noise control measures near sensitive livestock. Construction of farm gates. Securing farm gates. Clean-up construction materials which could be ingested. Compensation for lost, injured livestock.
SOCIAL IMPACTS	
Mud and Dust	 wetting down dry soils. chemical control of dust. cleaning roads to remove mud. temporary planting of grasses.

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Aesthetics	 screen with natural of planted vegetation restoration.
	 avoid linear access down the right-of-way.
	 addition of topsoil to gravel access roads.
	 hoarding construction sites.
	 installation of landscaping in advance of site
Inconvenience	completion.
inconvenience	- select route and method of installation to suit
	landowners' conditions.
Heritage resources	- select timing of activity.
Heritage resources	- avoidance/isolation.
	- design measures to make facility less obtrusive.
	- screening.
	and make methods of equipment.
	 protection by use of enclosures, barrier fencing, covering.
	- salvage in conjunction with SAHRA.
Tourism and recreation resources	relocation in conjunction with SAHRA. design measures to make facility less obtrusive of
rodion and recreation resources	disruptive.
	- screening and restoration.
	- minimise noise and dust.
	- safety precautions to protect the public.
	- scheduling to avoid peak use periods.
WATER QUALITY	same and service pour doo porrodo.
Sedimentation of streams due to	- minimise use of slopes adjacent to streams during soils
erosion from the right-of way.	testing, construction and maintenance.
	- maintain a cover crop.
	- retain buffers.
Stream bank erosion.	- mechanical erosion control.
	retain shrubby stream bank vegetation and selectively
	cut or prune trees during line clearing/maintenance.
	- selective spraying of herbicides.
1	- Mechanical erosion control.
Impedance of natural flow	- use and maintenance of appropriate stream crossing
streams/others surface waters.	device.
Ponding or channelization of surface	- timing activities to stable ground conditions.
waters due to rutting.	- use of gravel roads.
Contamination of surface or ground	- spill control material and procedures readily available.
waters through spills or leaks of toxic	- site selection where possible.
substances.	79
Soil compaction/topsoil-subsoil mixing.	 avoidance of rutting by vehicles where possible.
	- construction timing.
	- use of gravel roads.
	- use of vehicles with low bearing pressures.
Mind/water areainn	- stop activities when ground conditions are poor.
Wind/water erosion.	- avoidance of areas with high erosion potential.
	- timing activities to the most stable ground conditions.
	- slope stabilisation.
	- mechanical erosion control.
	- vegetation erosion control.
	- recompaction of trenches.
	 avoid trenching parallel to the fall of a slope.

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Contamination by petrochemicals.	- spill control material and procedures made readily
	available.
	 restoration methods investigated.
FAUNA & FLORA	
Loss of habitat, breeding and/or food source	- environmental mapping to identify sensitive areas.
for terrestrial wildlife.	- avoidance of areas containing rare/endangered
To terrestrial wilding.	species.
	 construction and maintenance activities to be
	timed where possible to avoid peak breeding
	periods.
	- the creation of "edge" (may be considered a
	positive impact.)
	- promotion of wildlife habitat through vegetation
	control.
	- avoid the filling of small wetlands.
	use design with low risk to wildlife electrocution or collision
	 fit bird flight divertors to powerlines in bird migration areas.
Changes in composition of vegetation as a	- construction timing to minimise soil disturbance.
esult of disturbance.	- restoration of soils to a stable condition.
Removal or burial of stream bottom habitat	- minimise erosion from the right-of-way by
and increased turbidity due to sedimentation.	maintaining a cover crop.
	- mechanical erosion control.
	- minimise stream bank erosion by retaining shrubby
	bank vegetation and selective cutting, pruning of
	trees near watercourses.
	 installation of sediment traps when necessary.
Possible loss of wildlife/fish migration/travel	- avoid filling small wetlands servings as staging
routes.	areas for waterfowl migration.
	 Installation and maintenance of a proper stream
	crossing device.
	- time construction activities to avoid disturbance to
	migrating fish and wildlife or during breeding.
	- Follow Eskom standards for the application of
	herbicides near watercourses.
	- Preserve and/or augment existing natural corridor
	clossings; investigate tower placement to optimise
ntEAuction of evotic plant energies resulting	
	- use of fiative species for erosion control.
/egetation stress due to nutrient loss as a	- erosion control measures
esult of soil deterioration.	Crosion control measures.
Changes in vegetation due to soil	 time construction/clearing to take advantage of
ntEAuction of exotic plant species resulting rom vegetative erosion control. /egetation stress due to nutrient loss as a	Preserve and/or augment existing natural corridor crossings; investigate tower placement to optimise clearances to preserve existing vegetation. use of native species for erosion control. erosion control measures.