











# **DRAFT BASIC** ASSESSMENT REPORT for

## **RE CAPITAL 2 SOLAR ENERGY FACILITY - ACCESS ROAD** on

PORTION 15 OF THE FARM KAMEELDOORN NO. 271 AND REMAINDER OF PORTION 5 OF THE FARM HAZIA 240, ZEERUST, RAMOTSHERE MOILOA LOCAL MUNICIPALITY, NGAKA MODIRI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY IN THE NORTH WEST PROVINCE

-In terms of the

National Environmental Management Act (Act No. 107

of 1998, as amended) & 2014 Environmental Impact

Regulations

Prepared for Applicant: RE Capital 2 (Pty) Ltd

Date: 18 May 2017

Author of Report: Dale Holder Author Email: dale@cape-eaprac.co.za Report Reference: ZEE481/03 Department Reference: NWP/EIA/66/2016 Case Officer: Mr Kgaliso Makoli

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> PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT: Stakeholder Engagement

> > APPLICANT: RE Capital 2 (Pty) Ltd

CAPE EAPRAC REFERENCE NO: ZEE481/03

DEPARTMENT REFERENCE: NWP/EIA/66/2016

> SUBMISSION DATE 19 May 2017

# DRAFT BASIC ASSESSMENT REPORT

in terms of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998), as amended & Environmental Impact Regulations 2014

RE CAPITAL 2 SOLAR ENERGY FACILITY - ACCESS ROAD

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# Submitted for:

#### Stakeholder Review & Comment

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# ABBREVIATIONS

AIA	Archaeological Impact Assessment
BGIS	Biodiversity Geographic Information System
BID	Background Information Document
CBD	Central Business District
ACMP	Archaeological Conservation Management Plan
CDSM	Chief Directorate Surveys and Mapping
CEMP	Construction Environmental Management Plan
dBA	Decibel (measurement of sound)
DEA	Department of Environmental Affairs
DEA&DP	Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning
DEIR	Draft Environmental Impact Report
DME	Department of Minerals and Energy
DSR	Draft Scoping Report
FEIR	Final Environmental Impact Report
EAP	Environmental Impact Practitioner
EHS	Environmental, Health & Safety
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
EIR	Environmental Impact Report
EMP	Environmental Management Programme
GPS	Global Positioning System
GWh	Giga Watt hour
HIA	Heritage Impact Assessment
HWC	Heritage Western Cape
I&APs	Interested and Affected Parties
IDP	Integrated Development Plan
IFC	International Finance Corporation
IPP	Independent Power Producer
KNP	Karoo National Park
KOP	Key Observation Point
kV	Kilo Volt
L <sub>Aeq,T</sub>	Time interval to which an equivalent continuous A-weighted sound level
LLRC	Low Level River Crossing
LUDS	Land Use Decision Support
LUPO	Land Use Planning Ordinance
MW	Mega Watt

Draft Basic Assessment Report

NEMA	National Environmental Management Act
NEMAA	National Environmental Management Amendment Act
NEMBA	National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act
NERSA	National Energy Regulator of South Africa
NHRA	National Heritage Resources Act
NID	Notice of Intent to Develop
NSBA	National Spatial Biodiversity Assessment
NWA	National Water Act
PIA	Paleontological Impact Assessment
PM	Post Meridiem; "Afternoon"
SACAA	South African Civil Aviation Authority
SAHRA	South African National Heritage Resources Agency
SANBI	South Africa National Biodiversity Institute
SANS	South Africa National Standards
SDF	Spatial Development Framework
SMME	Small, Medium and Micro Enterprise
SAPD	South Africa Police Department
TIA	Traffic Impact Assessment
VIA	Visual Impact Assessment

RE Capital 2 Solar Energy Facility – Access Road

ZEE481/03

**SECTION 1:** 

**BASIC ASSESSMENT** 

REPORT



AgriCentre Building Cnr. Dr. James Moroka and Stadium Rd Private Bag X2039, Mmabatho 2735 Republic of South Africa Tel: +27 (18) 389 5156 Fax: +27(18) 384 0104 E-mail:<u>oskosana@nwpg.gov.za</u>

# CHIEF DIRECTORATE: ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES DIRECTORATE: ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT

(For official use only)

Provincial Reference Number: NEAS Ref Number: Date Received:

Basic assessment report in terms of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014, promulgated in terms of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998), as amended.

Kindly note that:

- 1. This **basic assessment report** is a standard report that may be required by a competent authority in terms of the EIA Regulations, 2014 and is meant to streamline applications.
- 2. This report format is current as of **December 2014**. It is the responsibility of the applicant to ascertain whether subsequent versions of the form have been published or produced by the competent authority
- 3. The report must be typed within the spaces provided in the form. The size of the spaces provided is not necessarily indicative of the amount of information to be provided. The report is in the form of a table that can extend itself as each space is filled with typing.
- 4. Where applicable tick the boxes that are applicable in the report.
- 5. The use of "not applicable" in the report must be done with circumspection. An incomplete report or that does not meet the requirements in terms of Regulation 19 of the NEMA EIA Regulations, 2014, will be rejected to be revised and be resubmitted.
- 6. The report must be handed in at offices of the relevant competent authority as determined by each authority.
- 7. No faxed or e-mailed reports will be accepted.
- 8. The signature of the Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP) on the report must be an original.
- 9. The report must be compiled by an independent EAP.

WE BELONG WE CARE WE SERVE

- 10. Unless protected by law, all information in the report will become public information on receipt by the competent authority. Any interested and affected party should be provided with the information contained in this report on request, during any stage of the application process.
- A competent authority may require that for specified types of activities in defined situations only parts of this report need to be completed.
- **12.** Should a specialist report or report on a specialised process be submitted at any stage for any part of this application, the terms of reference for such report must also be submitted.
- Two (2) colour hard copies and one (1) electronic copy of the report must be submitted to the competent authority.
- **14.** Shape files (.shp) for maps must be included on the electronic copy of the report submitted to the competent authority.

# SECTION A: ACTIVITY INFORMATION

### 1. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

a) Describe the project in association with the listed activities applied for

The project entails the construction of a new access road to the RE Capital 2 Solar Energy Facility (a preferred bidder under the Renewable Energy Independent Power Producers Procurement Programme (REIPPP)). The facility and its grid connection have already been authorised.

The proposed access road will be a maximum of 10 m wide (including a 6m wearing course and 1m verge and 1m side drain on either side) and a maximum of 1km long and is being assessed as a corridor of 50 m wide. (It will either be routed on Portion 15 of the Farm Kameeldoorn No. 271 or on Remainder of Portion 5 of the Farm Hazia No. 240 or a combination of both (depending on the alternative).)

To date, the National Department of Environmental Affairs has been the competent authority on all the EIA applications for the RE Capital 2 Solar Energy Facility (PV Facility, Substation and Grid Connection as well as the expansion of the PV Facility). During the detailed design of the facility, the project developers have identified the need for a new access road (mostly entailing the expansion of an existing track). This proposed

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access road requires a basic assessment, as it entails the removal of more than 300 square metres of vegetation within a critical biodiversity area. Our understanding is that the North West Department of Rural, Environment and Agricultural Development will be the competent authority for this application.

The table below outlines the key development components and the listed activity for which they are associated.

Development Component	Listed Activity

b) Provide a detailed description of the listed activities associated with the project as applied for

Indicate the	Activity No (s) and Activity Description	Describe each listed activity as per project	]
number and date	(in terms of the relevant notice)	description	
of the relevant	1		
notice:			<b>Comment [LC2]:</b> Pls provide application form
GN 983, 4	12. The development of-	A portion of the proposed access road running along	for review that will be resubmitted with DBAR (a READ did not include all activities)
December 2014	(xii) infrastructure or structures with a	an existing track falls within 32m of the edge of a	
	physical footprint of 100 square metres	watercourse as delineated by a Freshwater	been updated as per the recent April amendments the regulations?
	or more;	Ecological Specialist.	
	where such development occurs-		
	(c) if no development setback exists,		
	within 32 metres of a watercourse,		
	measured from the edge of a		Formatted: Font: (Default) Cambria, 10 pt, Italic
	watercourse.		Formatted: Font: (Default) Cambria, 10 pt,
Basic Assessment Rep	port Application form for F	Environmental Authorisation Department	
of Rural, Environmen	ntPage 3		
EIA Regulations, 201	4 and A <sub>l</sub>	gricultural Development	
	8		
-	<u>_</u>	▶ //	
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**Comment [LC1]:** Is this not a duplication of (below?

I				
	GN 983, 4	28 Residential, mixed, retail,	The competent authority may view the solar facility as	
	December 2014	commercial, industrial or institutional	a commercial use, in which case, this activity would	
		developments where such land was	be applicable. We will obtain clarity on this during the	
		used for agriculture or afforestation on or	pre-application meeting.	Comment [LC4]: DEA has said that it is
		after 01 April 1998 and where such	This activity relates to the approved 19 ha extension	applicable
		development:	of the PV site and not the proposed access road. The	
		(i) will occur inside an urban area, where	impacts of this activity were already assessed in a	
		the total land to be developed is bigger	previous, approved process (DEA ref. no.	
		than 5 hectares; or	14/12/16/3/3/1/1601, dated 16/10/16, as amended)	
		(ii) will occur outside an urban area,	however activity 28 was previously overlooked,	
		where the total land to be developed is	hence this activity is included in this application.	
		bigger than 1 hectare;		
		excluding where such land has already		
		been developed for residential, mixed,		
		retail, commercial, industrial or		
		institutional purposes.		
	GN 983, 4	49 The expansion of	The existing road is to be widened, and a section of	
	December 2014.	(v) infrastructure or structures where the	this widening occurs within 32m of the edge of a	
		physical footprint is expanded by 100	watercourse.	
		square metres or more;		
		where such expansion or expansion and		
		related operation occurs-		
		(c) if no development setback exists,		
		within 32 metres of a watercourse,		
		measured from the edge of a		
		watercourse;		
	GN 985, 4	4. The development of a road wider than	The existing access track that will be upgraded is	
	December 2014	4 metres with a reserve less than 13,5	situated within a Critical Biodiversity Area.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Cambria, 10 pt, Italic
		metres.		Formatted: Font: (Default) Cambria, 10 pt,
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	oj marai, 11111 011111111			

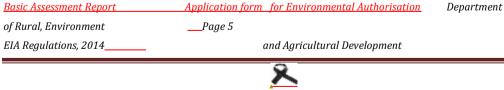
EIA Regulations, 2014\_

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and Agricultural Development



	i. <mark>Outside</mark> urban areas, in:		Comment [LC5]: In the North West
	(ee) Critical biodiversity areas		
	(Terrestrial Type 1 and 2) as identified in		
	systematic biodiversity plans adopted by		
	the competent authority or in bioregional		
	plans;		
GN 985, 4	The widening of a road by more than 4	The existing access track that will be upgraded is	<b>Comment [LC6]:</b> What is the activity number
December 2014	metres, or the lengthening of a road by	situated within a Critical Biodiversity Area.	
	more than 1 kilometre.		
	(e) In North West :		
	i. Outside urban areas, in:		
	(ee) Critical biodiversity areas		
	(Terrestrial Type 1 and 2) as identified in		
	systematic biodiversity plans adopted by		
	the competent authority or in bioregional		
	plans;		
GN 985, 4	12. The clearance of an area of 300	The widening of the track will require the removal of	
December 2014	square metres or more of indigenous	vegetation and this removal of vegetation is situated	
	vegetation except where such clearance	within a critical biodiversity area.	
	of indigenous vegetation is required for	,	
	maintenance purposes undertaken in		
	accordance with a maintenance		
	management plan.		
	(a) In Eastern Cape, Free State,		
	Gauteng, Limpopo, North West and		
	Western Cape provinces:		
	ii. Within critical biodiversity areas		
	identified in bioregional plans;		
GN 985, 4	14. The development of-	A portion of the proposed access road running along	Comment [LC7]: Include the expansion activit (23) as well
December 2014	(xii) infrastructure or structures with a	an existing track falls within 32m of the edge of a	Formatted: Font: (Default) Cambria, 10 pt
	physical footprint of 10 square metres or	watercourse as delineated by a Freshwater	Italic
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Pagia Accomment De	nort Application form for E	invironmental Authorization Department	







more;	Ecological Specialist.	7
where such development occurs -		<b>Comment [LC8]:</b> Include the rest of this activ
(c) if no development setback has been	Add activities re 10m wide roads.	(ie the provinces)
adopted, within 32 metres of a		
watercourse, measured from the edge of		
a watercourse;		

Please note that any authorisation that may result from this application will only cover activities specifically applied for.

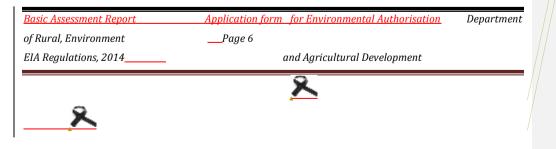
Province	North West Province
District Municipality	Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality,
Local Municipality	Ramotshere Moiloa Local Municipality
Ward Number(s)	15
Farm name and number	Farm Kameeldoorn No. 271 and Farm Hazia 240,
	Zeerust
Portion number	Portion 15 and Remainder of Portion 5
21 digit Surveyor General Code	T0JP0000000027100015
	T0JP0000000024000005

Where a large number of properties are involved (e.g. linear activities) please attach a full list to this application including the same information as indicated above

### 2. FEASIBLE AND REASONABLE ALTERNATIVES

*"alternatives"*, in relation to a proposed activity, means different means of meeting the general purpose and requirements of the activity, which may include alternatives to—

- (a) the property on which or location where it is proposed to undertake the activity;
- (b) the type of activity to be undertaken;
- (c) the design or layout of the activity;



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- (d) the technology to be used in the activity;
- (e) the operational aspects of the activity; and
- (f) the option of not implementing the activity.

Describe alternatives that are considered in this application as required by EIA Regulation, 2014 Appendix 1(h). Alternatives should include a consideration of all possible means by which the purpose and need of the proposed activity (NOT PROJECT) could be accomplished in the specific instance taking account of the interest of the applicant in the activity. The no-go alternative must in all cases be included in the assessment phase as the baseline against which the impacts of the other alternatives are assessed.

The determination of whether site or activity (including different processes, etc.) or both is appropriate needs to be informed by the specific circumstances of the activity and its environment. After receipt of this report the, competent authority may also request the applicant to assess additional alternatives that could possibly accomplish the purpose and need of the proposed activity if it is clear that realistic alternatives have not been considered to a reasonable extent.

Should the alternatives include different locations and lay-outs, the co-ordinates of the different alternatives must be provided. The co-ordinates should be in degrees, minutes and seconds using the Hartebeeshoek94 WGS84 co-ordinate system.

### a) Site alternatives

Site Alternatives are not under consideration as part of this Basic Assessment Process, as the sole purpose of the access road is to access a Renewable Energy Power Generation facility which has already been authorised and selected as a preferred bidder. For the purposes of this Basic Assessment Report, Layout / Alignment Alternatives will be considered.

List alternative sites, if applicable.

Site Alternatives	Description			]
Alternative Site 1 (preferred or				Formatted: Font: (Default) Cambria, 10 pt Italic
Alternative one T (preferred of			-/	Formatted: Font: (Default) Cambria, 10 pt Italic
Basic Assessment Report	Application form for Environmental Authorisation	Department		
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only site alternative)	
Alternative Site 2	
Alternative Site 3	

Site Co-ordinates	Latit	ude (S):			Longitu	ıde (E):	
Alternative S1 (preferred or only site alternative)	0	'	"	0		"	
Alternative S2 (if any)	0	'	"	0	'	"	
Alternative S3 (if any)	0	'	"	0	'	"	
In the case of linear activities:						_	
Alternative:	Latitu	de (S):			Lon	gitude (E):	
Alternative S1 (preferred or only route							
alternative)							
Starting point of the activity	0	'	"	0	'	"	
Middle/Additional point of the activity	0	'	"	0	'	"	
End point of the activity	0	'	"	0	'	"	
Alternative S2 (if any)						_	
Starting point of the activity	0	'	"	0	'	"	
Middle/Additional point of the activity	0	'	"	0	'	"	
End point of the activity	0	'	"	0	'	"	
Alternative S3 (if any)						"	
Starting point of the activity	0	'	"	0	'	"	
Middle/Additional point of the activity	0	'	"	0	'	"	
End point of the activity	0	'	"	0	'	"	

For route alternatives that are longer than 500m, please provide an addendum with co-ordinates taken every 250 metresmeters along the route for each alternative alignment.

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Department	

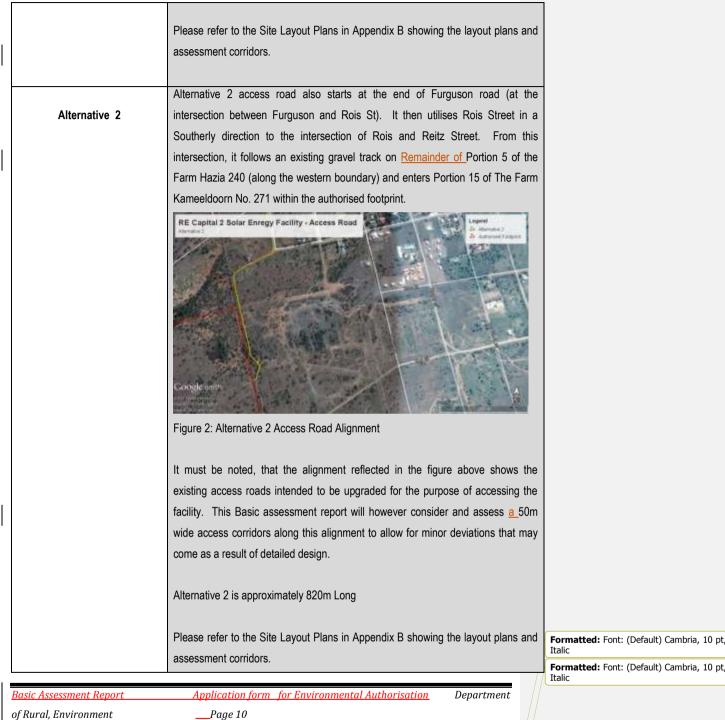
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EIA Regulations, 2014	ruge o and Agricultural Development				
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In the case of an area being under application, please provide the co-ordinates of the corners of the site as indicated on the lay-out map provided in Appendix A.

#### b) Lay-out alternatives

Alternatives	Description				
Alternative 1 (preferred or	The preferred alternative is to upgrade and utilise the existing farm access that				
only alternative)	starts at the end of Furguson Street (at the intersection between Furguson and Poic St)				
	Rois St).				
	From the end of Furguson Street, the proposed access road will follow the existing				
	farm access track over <u>Remainder of</u> Portion 5 of the Farm Hazia 240 into Portion				
	15 of The Farm Kameeldoorn No. 271 via the existing farm gate. It will then run				
	along the Eastern boundary of Portion 15 of The Farm Kameeldoorn No. 271 to				
	within the authorised footprint of the proposed development.				
	<image/> <caption></caption>				
	It must be noted, that the alignment reflected in the figure above shows the				
	existing access roads intended to be upgraded for the purpose of accessing the				
	facility. This Basic assessment report will however consider and assess a 50m				
	wide access corridors along this alignment to allow for minor deviations that may				
	come as a result of detailed design.				
	Alternative 1 is approximately 880m long.				
ic Assessment Report	Application form for Environmental Authorisation Department				
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omment [LC9]: Please make sure your mapp annexures) shows a corridor else it doesn't ser e a corridor was assessed omment [LC10]: Could you provide kmz'z o e corriodrs please? ormatted: Font: (Default) Cambria, 10 pt, alic



of Rural, Environment EIA Regulations, 2014\_\_\_\_\_

and Agricultural Development

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	Г		
		· Alternative 3 access road starts at the end of Kop Street (at the intersection of Kop	
	Alternative 3	and Spruit Street.) From this intersection, it follows an existing gravel track on	
I		Remainder of Portion 5 of the Farm Hazia 240 and enters Portion 15 of The Farm	Comment [LC11]: Please do a search for Port
I		Kameeldoorn No. 271 within the authorised footprint.	5 references and add 'Remainder of' in front of it
		Kameeldoom No. 2/1 Within the authorised tootprint.	
		Figure 3: Alternative 3 Road Alignment	
		It must be noted, that the alignment reflected in the figure above shows the	
		existing access roads intended to be upgraded for the purpose of accessing the	
		facility. This Basic assessment report will however consider and assess a_50m	
		wide access corridors along this alignment to allow for minor deviations that may	
		come as a result of detailed design.	
		Alternative 3 is approximately 730m long.	
		Please refer to the Site Layout Plans in Appendix B showing the layout plans and assessment corridors.	
	c) Technology alternatives		

c)	Technology alternatives
----	-------------------------

Alternatives	Description		]
Alternative 1 (preferred or	The road will consist of the following:		<b>Formatted:</b> Font: (Default) Cambria, 10 pt, Italic
only <u>technology</u> alternative)	driving surface (Crowned),		 Formatted: Font: (Default) Cambria, 10 pt, Italic
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<u> </u>	-		

	<ul> <li>shoulder area that slopes directly away from the edge of the driving surface, and</li> <li>stormwater furrow. The extent of the stormwater management system, if any, is at the discretion of the design engineer depending on the erosive quality of the soil.</li> </ul>
	The intention at this stage is for the access road to remain with a gravel wearing course – this environmental process however does not exclude the option of surfacing the road at a later stage in the future.
Alternative 2	
Alternative 3	

#### d) Other alternatives (e.g. scheduling, demand, input, scale and design alternatives)

Alternatives	Description
Alternative 1 (preferred or	
only alternative)	
Alternative 2	
Alternative 3	

#### No-go alternative e)

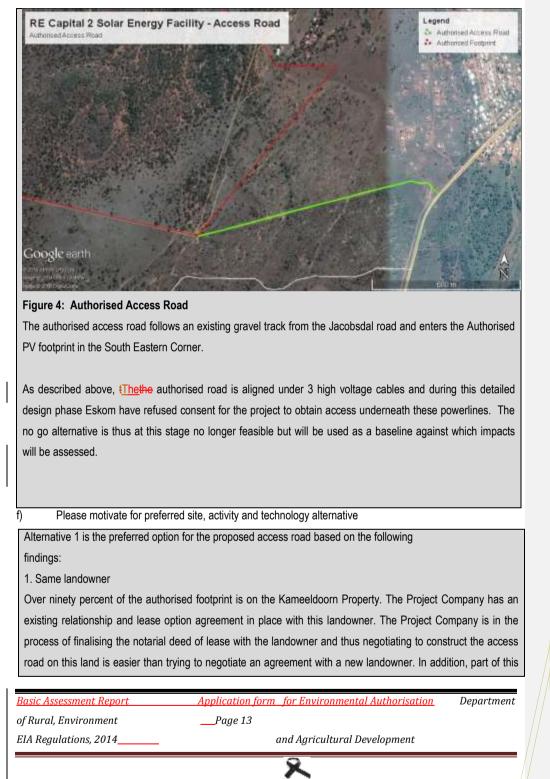
The no go alternative will entail the construction of the access road as assessed and authorised for the main facility and depicted below:

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road is frequently used by the current landowner.

2. Permits in place

The entire Kameeldoorn Property has already been entirely rezoned for business use, in order to allow for the PV facility. Constructing the access road on the Kameeldoorn Property prevents the commencement of a new rezoning process to rezone another piece of land, which is a time-intensive process.

Other permits and approvals have also already been obtained for the entire Kameeldoorn Property, including but not limited to:

- Section 53 Approval from the Department of Mineral Resources
- Approval from the Civil Aviation Authority
- Confirmation of no land claims from the Regional Land Claims Commission
- 3. Vegetation clearing

The impact of the widening will be minimal; there is a grass verge for most of the route and the removal of woody species will be very limited. None of the species that will be removed are protected.

4. Proximity to the Security and O&M as per the approved Site Development Plan The most suitable location for the access road will be to arrive at the facility at the security checkpoint.

Paragraphs 3 – 13 below should be completed for each alternative.

#### 3. PHYSICAL SIZE OF THE ACTIVITY 3. PHYSICAL SIZE OF THE ACTIVITY

 a) Indicate the physical size of the preferred activity/technology as well as alternative activities/technologies (footprints):

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Alternative:

Alternative A1<sup>4</sup> (preferred activity alternative) Alternative A2 (if any) Alternative A3 (if any)

or, for linear activities:

Alternative:

Length of the activity:

Size of the activityactivety:

m

m<sup>2</sup>

m<sup>2</sup>

Alternative A1 (preferred activity alternative)

Alternative A2 (if any)

Alternative A3 (if any)

880m 820m 730m

b) Indicate the size of the alternative sites or servitudes (within which the above footprints will occur):

Alternative:

Alternative A1 (preferred activity alternative)

Alternative A2 (if any)

Alternative A3 (if any)

Size of the site/servitude:

8800m<sup>2</sup> (within a corridor of <u>44 000m<sup>2</sup></u>) 8200m<sup>2</sup> (within a corridor of <u>41 000m<sup>2</sup></u>) 7300m<sup>2</sup> (within a corridor of <u>36 500m<sup>2</sup></u>)

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Does ready access to the site exist?

If NO, what is the distance over which a new access road will be built

✓YES	NO
m	

#### Describe the type of access road planned:

This environmental process is solely for an access road to an existing approved facility. All three access roads under consideration are accessible directly from the existing road network of Zeerust and are existing roads. It would be necessary to expand the final route to a width of up to 10 m. — The details of the three alternative access roads are described in section 2 above.

Include the position of the access road on the site plan and required map, as well as an indication of the road in relation to the site.

Please refer to the site layout plans attached in Appendix B which show the various access road options in proximity to the authorised PV site.

#### 5. LOCALITY MAP

An A3 locality map must be attached to the back of this document, as Appendix A. The scale of the locality map must be relevant to the size of the development (at least 1:50 000. For linear activities of more than 25 kilometres, a smaller scale e.g. 1:250 000 can be used. The scale must be indicated on the map.). The map must indicate the following:

- an accurate indication of the project site position as well as the positions of the alternative sites, if any;
- indication of all the alternatives identified;
- closest town(s;)
- the accurate indication of the site in relation to closest protected environments or national parks (i.e. within 2.5 km)
- road access from all major roads in the area;

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- road names or numbers of all major roads as well as the roads that provide access to the site(s);
- all roads within a 1km radius of the site or alternative sites; and
- a north arrow;
- a legend; and
- locality GPS co-ordinates (Indicate the position of the activity using the latitude and longitude of the centre
  point of the site for each alternative site. The co-ordinates should be in degrees, minutes and seconds using
  the Hartebeeshoek94 WGS84 co-ordinate system

A location plan complying with the requirements highlighted above is attached in Appendix A of this report.

#### 6. LAYOUT/ROUTE PLAN

A detailed site or route plan(s) must be prepared for each alternative site or alternative activity. It must be attached as Appendix B to this document.

The site or route plans must indicate the following:

- the property boundaries and numbers of all the properties within 50 metres of the site;
- the current land use as well as the land use zoning of the site;
- the current land use as well as the land use zoning each of the properties adjoining the site or sites;
- the exact position of each listed activity applied for (including alternatives);
- servitude(s) indicating the purpose of the servitude;
- a legend; and
- a north arrow.

Site Layout plans Complying with the abovementioned requirements, are Attachedattached in Appendix B.

#### 7. SENSITIVITY MAP

The layout/route plan as indicated above must be overlain with a sensitivity map that indicates all the sensitive areas associated with the site, including, but not limited to:

- watercourses;
- the 1:100 year flood line (where available or where it is required by Department of Water and Sanitation);
- ridges;

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- for gentle slopes the 1 metre contour intervals must be indicated on the plan and whenever the slope of the site exceeds 1:10, the 500mm contours must be indicated on the plan; and
- cultural and historical features;
- areas with indigenous vegetation (even if it is degraded or infested with alien species); and
- critical biodiversity areas and ecological support area.
- protected areas (e.g Magaliesberg Protected Environment, Pilanesberg National Park etc.)

The sensitivity map must also cover areas within 100m of the site and must be part of Appendix B.

Appendix D contains all the relevant Biodiversity overlays, including:

- Freshwater Ecosystems;
- Vegetation Types;
- Critical Biodiversity Areas;

No other sensitive areas were identified.

### 8. SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

Colour photographs from the centre of the site must be taken in at least the eight major compass directions with a description of each photograph. Photographs must be attached under Appendix C to this report. It must be supplemented with additional photographs of relevant features on the site, if applicable.

The site photographs are attached in Appendix C. Since the activity is linear in Nature, the photographs are taken sequentially along the route alternatives and not from the centre of the site.

#### 9. FACILITY ILLUSTRATION

A detailed illustration of the activity must be provided at a scale of at least 1:200 as Appendix D for activities that include structures. The illustrations must be to scale and must represent a realistic image of the planned activity. The illustration must give a representative view of the activity.

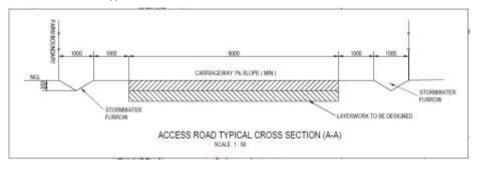
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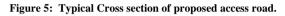
**Comment [LC12]:** I assume, as you have not noted them above

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Since the activity does not entail the construction of physical structures, Facility illustrations are not included. The route alignments are indicated in Appendix B and typical cross sections are included in the Engineering Method Statement in Appendix J1 and below.





### **10. ACTIVITY MOTIVATION**

Motivate and explain the need and desirability of the activity (including demand for the activity):

ls the a	ctivity permitted in terms of the property's existing land use rights?	ƳYES	NO	Please explain	
The pro	The proposed activity entails the upgrading and widening of existing roads and as such does not change the				
land use of the properties in question.					
Will the	Will the activity be in line with the following?				
(0)	(a) Provincial Spatial Development Framework (PSDF) ✓YES NO				
(a)	Provincial Spatial Development Framework (PSDF)	* 1E3	NO	explain	



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According to the North West Province Provincial Development Plan 2030, Renewable energies, especially solar and waste/biomass to energy initiatives will play an increasingly important role in the following two decades and will contribute a much greater share of provincial energy consumption.

In terms of Electricity infrastructure related to forms of renewable energy, the spatial distribution of supply should aim be to follow clearly defined corridors, with electricity services being highly concentrated close to the major routes and high capacity electricity infrastructure (PSDF, 2011). This project for which these access roads are proposed aims to link to existing and approved electrical infrastructure associated with renewable energy project (Solar PV Development) and the Eskom national grid network (via the Zeerust substation).

One of the sustainable development objectives of the PSDF is to utilize renewable resources as opposed to non-renewable resources. This access road is associated with the generation of electricity from a renewable resource. It also promotes the concept of Bioregionalism as enshrined in the PSDF.

(b) Urban edge / Edge of Built environment for the area	ƳYES	NO	Please explain	
Portions of the proposed access roads are outside of the Urban Edge of Ze	erust, howe	ever, the	nature of such	
access roads dictates that they need not be situated within an urban edge or	within the	edge of I	built up areas.	
(c) Integrated Development Plan (IDP) and Spatial Development Framework (SDF) of the Local Municipality (e.g. would the approval of this application compromise the integrity of the existing approved and credible municipal IDP and SDF?).	√YES	NO	Please explain	
The IDP defines public infrastructure development such as energy genera	tion as a o	critical ad	ction within the	
municipal area. This proposed access road is directly linked to the authorised power generation facility.				
(d) Approved Structure Plan of the Municipality	✓YES	NO	Please	
	V ILS	NO	explain	
To the best of our knowledge, there is no specific structure plan adopted for the Gamagara local municipality.				
The project is however compliant with other relevant planning policies.				
(e) An Environmental Management Framework (EMF) adopted by the Department (e.g. Would the approval of this application compromise the integrity of the existing environmental management priorities for the area and if so, can it be justified in terms of sustainability considerations?)	ƳYES	NO	Please explain	
There are no specific Environmental Management Frameworks for the Gan	nagara Mur	nicipal ar	rea. The North	
West Province Environmental Implementation Plan, 2015, encourages rene	ewable or r	non-cons	umptive use of	
natural and heritage resources through pro-active planning as a key perform	ance targei	rt.		
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(f) Any other Plans (e.g. Guide Plan)	✓YES	NO	Please explain	
To the best of our knowledge, there is no specific guide plan adopted for the Gamagara local municipality. The				
project is however compliant with other relevant planning policies.				
Is the land use (associated with the activity being applied for) considered				
within the timeframe intended by the existing approved SDF agreed to by			Please	
the relevant environmental authority (i.e. is the proposed development in	✓YES	NO	explain	
line with the projects and programmes identified as priorities within the			explain	
credible IDP)?				
The spatial development framework defines the renewable energy sector	as a focus	area fo	r this municipal	
district.				
Does the community/area need the activity and the associated land use				
concerned (is it a societal priority)? (This refers to the strategic as well as	✓YES	NO	Please	
local level (e.g. development is a national priority, but within a specific local	V IES	NO	explain	
context it could be inappropriate.)				
This proposed access road is related to a renewable energy project that	has been s	selected	as a preferred	
bidder under the Department of Energy's Renewable Energy Independe	nt Power I	Produce	rs procurement	
programme.				
Given the context of PV farm developments in the local context, this propos	ed access	road car	be considered	
to be in-line / associated with the local investment already placed in	this emerg	jing ren	ewable energy	
landscape. Care has been taken to avoid impacting on the agricultural lar	nd-use in tl	ne area,	as well as the	
scenic / cultural landscape, by aligning the access road on existing farm trac	ks.			
On a strategic level, the proposed access road aligns with the regional, nati	onal and in	ternatior	nal need for the	
distribution of 'green electricity' from renewable energy.				
Are the necessary services with adequate capacity currently available (at				
the time of application), or must additional capacity be created to cater for	✓YES	NO	Please	
the development? (Confirmation by the relevant Municipality in this regard	* 153	NO	explain	
must be attached to the final Basic Assessment Report as Appendix E.)				
This activity is considered in support of a primary service, i.e. the provision o	f electricity.	No add	litional services	
are required to support the activity.				

**Comment [LC13]:** What about landfill capacit for waste? You could note that there was capacity sufficient for the solar farm and waste from the access road was included in that

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Is this development provided for in the infrastructure planning of the						
municipality, and if not what will the implication be on the infrastructure	plication be on the infrastructure					
planning of the municipality (priority and placement of services and	✓YES	NO	Please explain			
opportunity costs)? (Comment by the relevant Municipality in this regard			explain			
must be attached to the final Basic Assessment Report as Appendix I.)						
Not Applicable. The activity in itself is an infrastructure development		1				
Is this project part of a national programme to address an issue of national	✓YES	NO	Please			
concern or importance?	V TES	NO	explain			
The generation of 'green / clean electricity' from a renewable energy resour	ce (Solar) f	orms pa	art of a national			
programme to reduce reliance of coal-powered generation of electricity. The	e proposed	access	road will serve			
to a facility that will be generating electricity from a renewable source and wil	I thus suppo	ort this r	notion.			
Securing renewable energy sources into the overall energy matrix has been	en highlighte	ed as a	a priority by the			
Department of Energy. The Renewable Energy Independent Power Produc	ers Procure	ement F	Programme was			
established as a result of this. This access road is associated with a pro	ject that ha	as beer	selected as a			
preferred bidder in terms of this programme.						
Do location factors favour this land use (associated with the activity applied						
for) at this place? (This relates to the contextualisation of the proposed	✓YES NO Please explain					
land use on this site within its broader context.)			explain			
This proposed access road will provide access to a renewable energy facility that has already been authorised						
and has been selected as a preferred bidder in terms of the REIPPP. This	facility will b	e gene	rating 75MW of			
electricity for inclusion into the National Grid.						
The proposed access road utilises existing farm tracks and as such is s	situated alo	ng exis	sting landscape			
divides so as to avoid impacting onfor the agricultural landuse and ecological sensitive areas.						
Is the development the best practicable environmental option for this	this <b>√YES NO</b> Please					
land/site?	V IES	NO	explain			
The approved PV facility needs to acquire access. Utilising existing farm tracks for this purpose is deemed to						
be the option of least impact.						
Will the benefits of the proposed land use/development outweigh the	✓YES	NO	Please			
negative impacts of it?	V IES	NO	explain			

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The potential negative impacts associated with the preferred access road alignment were found to be to low					
(with mitigation), and thus acceptable, given the context. Aside from the emp	(with mitigation), and thus acceptable, given the context. Aside from the employments benefits associated with				
the construction and operation / maintenance of the road, the benefit of allo	wing the	input of 'o	clean electricity'		
into the national grid is considerable.					
Will the proposed land use/development set a precedent for similar YES VNO Please					
activities in the area (local municipality)?	123	V NO	explain		
A PV facility has been approved for development in this area, which will all	require a	ccess. Th	e approved PV		
facility and the availability of land, and not this access road will set the pre-	cedent as	s to wheth	er there will be		
further such developments in the area					
Considering the manner in which the access road has been designed to av	oid impa	cting on t	ne landuse and		
sensitive features (environmental and heritage/cultural) in the landscape,	it can be	argued t	hat it will set a		
positive precedent for any future access roads in the area ( $\underline{\underline{s}}Should$ further P	V develop	oment eve	r take place <mark>).)</mark>		
Will any person's rights be negatively affected by the proposed activity/ies?	YES	√NO	Please		
	•		explain		
As mentioned above, the preferred access road alternative has been aligned / designed to have the least					
possible impact on existing landuse as it has been aligned along utilising exist	sting track	ks as far a	s possible.		
Furthermore, a detailed public participation process took place as part of the	ne EIA (fe	or the faci	lity). No major		
concerns nor objections were raised in this environmental process. An add	litional pu	blic partic	ipation process		
has taken part as part of this application.					
Will the proposed activity/ies compromise the "urban edge" as defined by	YES	√NO	Please		
the local municipality?	125	V NO	explain		
Although falling outside of the developed areas of Zeerust, as a linear activity, the proposed access road will					
not compromise the urban edges of the Ramotshere Moiloa Municipality.					
Will the proposed activity/ies contribute to any of the 17 Strategic			Please		
	✓YES	NO			

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generation, which has associated pollution and climate-change repercussions, thus this contributes to minimising these impacts through its associated with renewable energy general Any other need and desirability considerations related to the proposed activity? The studies undertaken as part of this environmental process, as well as those associate facility, contribute to a greater understanding of the landscape and context and the sensitive (e.g. remnant natural vegetation and watercourses, cultural heritage areas, arc palaeontological resources, avifaunal species and populations etc.), as well as the protection of these elements (e.g. implementation of buffers, removal and monitoring of alien vegetation How does the project fit into the National Development Plan for 2030?	tion. Please explain ed with the solar elements within it chaeological and and rehabilitation			
contributes to minimising these impacts through its associated with renewable energy general Any other need and desirability considerations related to the proposed activity? The studies undertaken as part of this environmental process, as well as those associate facility, contribute to a greater understanding of the landscape and context and the sensitive (e.g. remnant natural vegetation and watercourses, cultural heritage areas, are palaeontological resources, avifaunal species and populations etc.), as well as the protection	tion. Please explain ed with the solar elements within it chaeological and and rehabilitation			
contributes to minimising these impacts through its associated with renewable energy general Any other need and desirability considerations related to the proposed activity? The studies undertaken as part of this environmental process, as well as those associate facility, contribute to a greater understanding of the landscape and context and the sensitive (e.g. remnant natural vegetation and watercourses, cultural heritage areas, arc	tion. Please explain ed with the solar elements within it thaeological and			
contributes to minimising these impacts through its associated with renewable energy general Any other need and desirability considerations related to the proposed activity? The studies undertaken as part of this environmental process, as well as those associate facility, contribute to a greater understanding of the landscape and context and the sensitive	Please explain ed with the solar elements within it			
contributes to minimising these impacts through its associated with renewable energy general Any other need and desirability considerations related to the proposed activity? The studies undertaken as part of this environmental process, as well as those associated	tion. Please explain ed with the solar			
contributes to minimising these impacts through its associated with renewable energy general Any other need and desirability considerations related to the proposed activity?	tion. Please explain			
contributes to minimising these impacts through its associated with renewable energy general	tion.			
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generation which has associated pollution and climate change reportusions, thus this				
is currently under enormous pressure. The national grid currently relies heavily of coal for electricity				
generated by the Solar Development from a renewable resource (solar) into the national ele	-			
This project <u>will allow the construction of the Solar Development which</u> will distribute 75mw of				
Addition of much needed electricity into the national grid.	"alaan alaatui-!t."			
What will the benefits be to society in general and to the local communities?	Please explain			
does indeed fall within the ambit of SIP8.	Diagon overlain			
The coordinator for SIP8 has confirmed that the greater project (for which this access road	is unectly iniked)			
Development ("SID"), due to their potentially significant contribution to the regional and nation The coordinates for SIP8 has confirmed that the greater project (for which this access read	-			
· · · · · · · ·				
Independent Power Producer (IPP) Procurement Programme, it can be considered as a Strat	,			
As the proposed access road is associated with renewable energy projects (preferred bi	idders) under the			
<b>SIP 10</b> : Electricity Transmission and Distribution for all.				
will connect to the national grid.				
The distribution of electricity generated from renewable resource (Solar) by the by the prefe	erred hidders that			
SIP 9: Electricity Generation to support socio-economic development				
connect to the national grid via this powerline.				
The distribution of electricity generated from renewable resource (solar) by the preferred	hidders that will			
options as envisaged in the IPR2010	jo or ocurr energy			
<b>On O</b> , Support sustainable green energy initiatives on a national scale through a diverse rang	e of clean energy			
SIP 8: Support sustainable green energy initiatives on a national scale through a diverse rang				
namely: SIP 8: Support sustainable green energy initiatives on a national scale through a diverse rang				

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**Comment [LC14]:** Do you have a pers. Comm Reference for this?

**Comment [LC15]:** Not any more according to Eskom

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Contribution to the provision of electricity to the nation, and investment in electrical infrastructure for its distribution (as part of the strategy to remedy the electricity crisis of 2008 and that associated with the future demands).

This access road is part of a project that aligns with the one of the prioritised infrastructure investments listed in the NDP: "Procuring at least 20 000MW of renewable electricity by 2030, importing electricity from the region, decommissioning 11 000MW of ageing coal-fired power stations and stepping up investments in energyefficiency", as well as one the key proposals to "Implement the 2010 Integrated Resource Plan (procuring at least 20 000MW of electricity from renewables) to reduce carbon emissions from the electricity industry from 0.9kg per kilowatt-hour to 0.6kg per kilowatt-hour.

Please describe how the general objectives of Integrated Environmental Management as set out in Section 23 of NEMA as amended have been taken into account.

The investigation, assessment and communication of potential impacts of this proposal on the receiving environment have considered alternatives (the no-go) and cumulative impacts, and recommended mitigation and monitoring measures to ensure that potential negative impacts are kept to a minimum and potential positive impacts are enhanced. Among these is the recommendation for on-going monitoring of the access tracks to avoid erosion and removal alien plants.

Please describe how the principles of environmental management as set out in Section 2 of NEMA as amended have been taken into account.

It is argued that the proposed development of this access road as part of the greater project will be socially, environmentally and economically sustainable, due to the following:

Further disturbance to the local ecosystems / loss of biodiversity is likely to be negligible as the access road, will be positioned along / on existing transformed / disturbed areas in the landscape i.e. the access road will align along existing farm tracks.

Mitigation and monitoring measures have been recommended to minimise and avoid potential degradation of the environment, as well as rehabilitate the current disturbed context where possible.

#### 11. APPLICABLE LEGISLATION, POLICIES AND/OR GUIDELINES

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List all legislation, policies and/or guidelines of any sphere of government that are applicable to the application as contemplated in the EIA regulations, if applicable:

Title of legislation, policy or	Applicability to the project	Administering	Date	
guideline		authority		<b>Comment [LC16]:</b> What about NWA for crossing in drainage line buffer?
National Environmental	Basic Assessment	Department of	Act 107 of	crossing in dramage line buller?
Management Act.		Environmental Affairs	1998 as	
			amended	
National Environmental	Endangered / Vulnerable	READ	Act 10 of	
Management: Biodiversity Act.	vegetation types and Protected		2004	
	Species (TOPS)			
National Spatial Biodiversity	Critical Biodiversity Areas &	READ	2011	
Assessment	Ecological Support Areas across			
	alignment			
Conservation of Agricultural	Agricultural land traversed by	Department of	Act 43 of	
Resources Act	powerline.	Agriculture, Forestry &	1983	<b>Comment [LC17]:</b> But we are looking at the r
	Alien vegetation in and	Fisheries		only- does this still apply?
	surrounding site			
National Veld and Forest Fire	Alien infested Thicket and	Department of	Act 101 of	
Act	Fynbos in relation to fire risk.	Agriculture, Forestry &	1998	<b>Comment [LC18]:</b> There is no fynbos on site
		Fisheries		I don't remember there being many aliens. Please double check this
National Heritage Resources	Activity on site greater than	SAHRA	Act 25 of	
Act	5000m² in extent.		1999	<b>Comment [LC19]:</b> This should be the linear activity- I think over 500 m in length. Please chec

# 12. WASTE, EFFLUENT, EMISSION AND NOISE MANAGEMENT

### a) Solid waste management

••	struction waste during the construction/initiation phase?	YES	✓NO	Formatted: Font: (Default) Cambria, 10 pt Italic
If YES, what estimated quantity v	vill be produced per month?	m <sup>3</sup>		Formatted: Font: (Default) Cambria, 10 pt Italic
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How will the construction solid waste be disposed of (describe)?

Construction waste will not be generated as a result of this activity.

Where will the construction solid waste be disposed of (describe )?

Construction waste will not be generated as a result of this activity.

Will the activity produce solid waste during its operational phase?

If YES, what estimated quantity will be produced per month? How will the solid waste be disposed of (describe)?

Operational waste will not be generated as a result of this activity.

If the solid waste will be disposed of into a municipal waste stream, indicate which registered landfill site will be used.

Operational waste will not be generated as a result of this activity.

Where will the solid waste be disposed of if it does not feed into a municipal waste stream (describe)?

Operational waste will not be generated as a result of this activity.

If the solid waste (construction or operational phases) will not be disposed of in a registered landfill site or be taken up in a municipal waste stream, then the applicant should consult with the competent authority to determine whether it is necessary to change to an application for scoping and EIA.

Can any part of the solid waste be classified as hazardous in terms of the NEM:WA?

If YES, inform the competent authority and request a change to an application for scoping and EIA. An application for a waste permit in terms of the NEM:WA must also be submitted with this application.

Is the activity that is being applied for a solid waste handling or treatment facility?

If YES, then the applicant should consult with the competent authority to determine whether it is necessary to change to an application for scoping and EIA. An application for a waste permit in terms of the NEM:WA must also be submitted with this application.

b) Liquid effluent

Will the activity produce effluent, other than normal sewage, that will be disposed of in a municipal sewage system?	YES	✓NO
If YES, what estimated quantity will be produced per month?	0m <sup>3</sup>	
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**Comment [LC20]:** There would be some but a minimal amount. Especially cleared vegetation. T would already be included in the PV site though s no additional waste to that already approved would be generated

Comment [LC21]: As above

YES VNO

√N0

YES

0m<sup>3</sup>

YES ✓NO

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Will the activity produce any effluent that will be treated and/or disposed of on site? If YES, describe the type of effluent and the disposal mechanism/method YES ✓NO

YES

√N0

The activity will not produce effluent during construction nor operational phases.

Will the activity produce effluent that will be treated and/or disposed of at another facility? If YES, provide the particulars of the facility:

	no particulare er tre raolity.		
Facility name:			
Contact			
person:			
Postal			
address:			
Postal code:			
Telephone:		Cell:	
E-mail:		Fax:	
<b>-</b>		-	

Describe the measures that will be taken to ensure the optimal reuse or recycling of waste water, if any:

The activity will not generate, nor utilise wastewater.		
	The activity will not generate, nor utilise wastewater.	

# c) Emissions into the atmosphere

Will the activity release emissions into the atmosphere other that exhaust emissions and	YES	√NO
dust associated with construction phase activities?		
If YES, is it controlled by any legislation of any sphere of government?	YES	√NO

If YES, the applicant must consult with the competent authority to determine whether it is necessary to change to an application for scoping and EIA.

If NO, describe the emissions in terms of type and concentration:

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The applicant will be responsible for ensuring compliance with the National Dust Control Regulations (Regulation 827). According to the regulations, any person conducting any activity in such a way as to give rise to dust in quantities and concentrations that exceeded the dustfall standard set out in the regulation was are, upon receipt of a notice from an air quality officer, impelled to, upon receipt of a notice from an air quality officer, impelled to, upon receipt of a notice from an air quality officer, impelled to, upon receipt of a notice from an air quality officer, impelled to, upon receipt of a notice from an air quality officer.

## d) Waste Licence/Registration

Will any aspect of the activity produce waste that will require a waste licence/registration in terms of the NEM:WA?

If YES, please submit evidence that an application for a waste licence/registration has been submitted to the competent authority

## e) Generation of noise

Will the activity generate noise?

If YES, is it controlled by any legislation of any sphere of government?

If YES, the applicant should consult with the competent authority to determine whether it is necessary to change to an application for scoping and EIA.

If NO, describe the noise in terms of type and level:

Noise generated by the activity will be limited to noise generated by construction machinery during the construction phase and noise levels will comply with SANS 10103:2008...<sup>+</sup> The impact of this is deemed to be very low, with mitigation as outlined in the EMPr.

# 13. WATER USE

Please indicate the source(s) of water that will be used for the activity by ticking the appropriate box(es):

✓Municipal	Water board	✓Groundwater	River, stream, dam or lake	Other	<ul> <li>✓ The activity</li> <li>will not use</li> <li>water</li> </ul>	,
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✓YES	NO

✓NO

YES

YES ✓NO
---------

If water is to be extracted from groundwater, river, stream, dam, lake or any other natural feature, please indicate the volume that will be extracted per month:

 month
 for
 the

 entire
 solar

 developmentlitres0

 litres

 ✓YES
 ✓NO

Does the activity require a water use authorisation (general authorisation or water use license) from the Department of Water and Sanitation?

If YES, please provide proof that the application has been submitted to the Department of Water and Sanitation.

The access road construction would form a small component of the general solar development construction which would require approximately 953m<sup>3</sup> per month of water. This water would be procured by the Engineer Procure Contract (EPC) Contractor appointed to construct the project and would be sourced either from the municipality or from groundwater. The Municipality has committed to provide all of the water requirements from its reservoir for the solar development (directly next to site shown on site plan)(see appendix xxx).

Abstraction of groundwater to a maximum of 75m3/ha/a is allowed via General Authorisation in the affected catchment. Since it would be necessary to abstract less than 75m3/ha/a any proposed borehole use will be authorised under General Authorization should this option be pursued.

The preferred alternative passes within 7 m of a drainage line (at the closest point) for a length of 80 m and Alternative 2 passes with 30 m of the same drainage line (at the closest point) for a length of 10m. The current information provided by participating specialists indicates that the activity will not require a water use licence as the drainage line is undefined at this location (in the headwaters) and any associated floodline would be confined to its channel.<sup>2</sup> The Department of Water and Sanitation have been requested to provide confirmation in this regard and will be given a further opportunity to comment on this Basic Assessment Report.

## 14. ENERGY EFFICIENCY

Describe the design measures, if any, that have been taken to ensure that the activity is energy efficient:

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**Comment [LC22]:** Please include this. You ca find it in Annexure E, Appendix 13 of the FEIR for the main site

**Comment [LC23]:** Could you ask someone w does WUL/GA application as well as I doubt DW will respond in this time period.

|--|

None – The activity is of such a nature that it does not utilise energy. It is however associated with a facility that will generate energy from a renewable resource.

Describe how alternative energy sources have been taken into account or been built into the design of the activity, if any:

None - The activity is of such a nature that it does not utilise energy. It is however associated with a facility that will generate energy from an alternative resource.

Has a specialist been consulted to assist with the completion of this section?

YES ✓NO

If YES, please complete the form entitled "Details of specialist and declaration of interest" for the specialist appointed and attach in Appendix F.

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# SECTION B: SITE/AREA/PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

#### Important notes:

For linear activities (pipelines, etc) as well as activities that cover very large sites, it may be necessary to complete this section for each part of the site that has a significantly different environment. In such cases please complete copies of Section B and indicate the area, as it appears on the Site Plan.

Paragraphs 1 - 6 below must be completed for each alternative.

Current land-use zoning as per local municipality IDP/records: <u>Remainder of</u> Portion 5 of the Farm Hazia 240 is zoned for Agricultural use, while Portion 15 of The Farm Kameeldoorn No. 271 is zoned for Business use. The proof of these zonings is included in Annexure J1.

In instances where there is more than one current land-use zoning, please attach a list of current land use zonings that also indicate which portions each use pertains to, to this application.

Is a change of land-use or a consent use application required?

YES ✓NO

# 1. GRADIENT OF THE SITE

Indicate the general gradient of the site. Alternative S1:

✓Flat	✓1:50 – 1:20	1:20 – 1:15	1:15 – 1:10	1:10 – 1:7,5	1:7,5 – 1:5	Steeper than	
						1:5	

Alternative S2 (if any):

✓Flat	✓1:50 – 1:20	1:20 – 1:15	1:15 – 1:10	1:10 – 1:7,5	1:7,5 – 1:5	Steeper than
						1:5

Alternative S3 (if any):

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✓ Flat	<b>√</b> 1:50 – 1:20	<b>√</b> 1:20 – 1:15	1:15 – 1:10	1:10 – 1:7,5	1:7,5 – 1:5	Steeper than
						1:5

# 2. LOCATION IN LANDSCAPE

Indicate the landform(s) that best describes the site:

 2.1 Ridgeline
 2.4 Closed valley
 2.7 Undulating plain / low hills
 Comment [LC24]: there is also the hill that the reservoir is on

 2.2 Plateau
 2.5 Open valley
 2.8 Dune
 2.9 Seafront
 2.9 Seafront

# 3. GROUNDWATER, SOIL AND GEOLOGICAL STABILITY OF THE SITE

·	Alterna	tive S1:	Alterna	tive S2 (if	Alternat	tive S3 (if
			any):		any):	
Shallow water table (less than 1.5m deep)	YES	✓NO	YES	√NO	YES	✓NO
Dolomite, sinkhole or doline areas	YES	✓NO	YES	√NO	YES	✓NO
Seasonally wet soils (often close to water bodies)	YES	√NO	YES	✓NO	YES	√NO
Unstable rocky slopes or steep slopes with loose soil	YES	✓NO	YES	✓NO	YES	√NO
Dispersive soils (soils that dissolve in water)	YES	√NO	YES	✓NO	YES	√NO
Soils with high clay content (clay fraction more than 40%)	YES	√NO	YES	✓NO	YES	√NO
Any other unstable soil or geological feature	YES	√NO	YES	✓NO	YES	√NO

# Is the site(s) located on any of the following?

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YES ✓NO

YES ✓NO

YES ✓NO

If you are unsure about any of the above or if you are concerned that any of the above aspects may be an issue of concern in the application, an appropriate specialist should be appointed to assist in the completion of this section. Information in respect of the above will often be available as part of the project information or at the planning sections of local authorities. Where it exists, the 1:50 000 scale Regional Geotechnical Maps prepared by the Council for Geo Science may also be consulted.

An Agricultural Specialist, Mr Johann Lanz, undertook an Agricultural Impact Assessment of the proposed PV Generation facility as part of the preceding EIA. This specialist confirmed the following in respect of the Geology and Soils on site:

The geology of the site is quartzite of the Transvaal Supergroup.

The land type classification is a nation-wide survey that groups areas of similar soil and terrain conditions into different land types. All land type data on soils and agricultural potential in this report has been obtained from the online Agricultural Geo-Referenced Information System (AGIS) (Agricultural Research Council, undated). There is a single land type across the site and surrounding area, namely Ae34. The soils of this land type are predominantly shallow to deep, well drained, red, non-structured, loamy-sand soils on underlying rock. In the landscape position of the site, across the top of hills, the soils are dominated by very shallow soils of the Mispah soil form. Deeper soils occur on the flatter or concave land between ridges. The field investigation confirmed the dominance of very shallow Mispah soils with interspersed, deeper, predominantly Hutton soils.

# 4. GROUNDCOVER

# Indicate the types of groundcover present on the site. The location of all identified rare or endangered species or other elements should be accurately indicated on the site plan(s).

A Botanical specialist undertook studies for 3 previous EIA's (Namely, the main facility, grid connection and expansion area) and provided an impact statement for this proposed access road from which the following was determined.

Natural veld - good condition <sup>E</sup>	✓Natural veld with scattered aliens <sup>E</sup>	Natural veld with heavy alien infestation <sup>⊧</sup>	Veld dominated by alien species <sup>E</sup>	Gardens		
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<u>x</u>						

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Sport field	Cultivated land	✓Paved surface	Building or other structure	✓Bare soil
-------------	-----------------	----------------	--------------------------------	------------

If any of the boxes marked with an "E "is ticked, please consult an appropriate specialist to assist in the completion of this section if the environmental assessment practitioner doesn't have the necessary expertise.

# 5. SURFACE WATER

· · ·			
Perennial River	YES	√NO	UNSURE
Non-Perennial River	✓ YES	NO	UNSURE
Permanent Wetland	YES	√NO	UNSURE
Seasonal Wetland	YES	√NO	UNSURE
Artificial Wetland	YES	√NO	UNSURE

Indicate the surface water present on and or adjacent to the site and alternative sites?

# If any of the boxes marked YES or UNSURE is ticked, please provide a description of the relevant watercourse.

A hydrology specialist was appointed to provide input into this environmental process with respect to the proximity of the road to a non-perennial watercourse. The following is summarised from this specialists findings:

The non-pereninieal perineal watercourse is only in proximity to Alternative 1 (the preferred route), and Alternative 2 as this these alignments alignment was found to intersect with a 32 m buffer of a drainage line.

Ordinarily, when infrastructure is proposed within that proximity of a water course, there is a requirement for a 1:100 year return period floodline study to be undertaken. However, based on the specialists assessment of the location of the drainage line in relation to the proposed road alignment, it is their opinion that a floodline

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#### study would not be required.

The reason for this is that <u>the</u> buffer area of the drainage line intersecting with the proposed road alignment is located at the headwaters, or uppermost section of the drainage line (i.e. the start of where overland flow combines to form a defined flow). The portion of road intersecting with the buffer area does not appear to be intersecting with a defined drainage line, but rather an area in which flow is characterised by overland flow at the top of a catchment area. The delineation of a floodline would therefore be largely inconclusive, especially if detailed (0.5 m interval or less) contour information is not used. Further, the delineated drainage line has not formed at this point and, where it has formed, it is unlikely to have a floodline much greater than the defined channel width, due to its very limited contributing catchment area at this point.

To summarise, the drainage line is undefined where it is near to the road alternatives and, in the unlikelihood that it has an associated floodline the floodline is confined to the drainage line channel. Provided that sufficient stormwater controls within the road allow for continued overland flow of water towards the drainage line the drainage line will not be affected by the widening of the road. The specialist has Thus, it is very unlikely to be any flood risk to the road from Access Road Option 1, assuming a suitably sized culvert is in place to account for the accumulated overland flow.

Based on this, it is concluded that a floodline of the drainage line identified would not provide value to the project. It was noted that a culvert would be placed in the vicinity of the drainage line so that overland flow in this area would cross the proposed road alignment in a controlled manner. It is therefore, recommended that a culvert is included in the road design as previously indicated.

#### 6. LAND USE CHARACTER OF SURROUNDING AREA

Indicate land uses and/or prominent features that currently occur within a 500m radius of the site and give description of how this influences the application or may be impacted upon by the application:

✓Natural area	✓Dam or reservoir	Polo fields
✓Low density residential	Hospital/medical centre	Filling station <sup>H</sup>
✓Medium density residential	School	Landfill or waste treatment site

**Comment [LC25]:** I think we should recomment that the widening of the road in this location is on opposite side of the existing road to the drainage is so that potential impacts on the drainage line are minimized.

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High density residential	Tertiary education facility	Plantation
✓Informal residential <sup>A</sup>	Church	✓Agriculture
Retail commercial & warehousing	Old age home	✓River, stream or wetland N
Light industrial	Sewage treatment plant <sup>A</sup>	Nature conservation area N
Medium industrial AN	Train station or shunting yard N	Mountain, <mark>koppie</mark> or ridge <sup></sup>
Heavy industrial AN	✓Railway line N	Museum
✓ Power station	Major road (4 lanes or more) N	Historical building N
Office/consulting room	Airport <sup>N</sup>	Protected Area N
Military or police base/station/compound	Harbour	Graveyard <sup>N</sup>
Spoil heap or slimes dam <sup>A</sup>	Sport facilities	✓Archaeological site <sup>N</sup>
Quarry, sand or borrow pit	Golf course	Other land uses (describe)

**Comment [LC26]:** Is the reservoir hill not a koppie?

**Comment [LC27]:** The solar facility hasn't be built yet

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# If any of the boxes marked with an "N "are ticked, how will this impact / be impacted upon by the proposed activity? Specify and explain

# Archaeological Site

The Archaeology specialist identified a number of Archaeology sites (13) on the property and surrounding areas as per the Diagram below.

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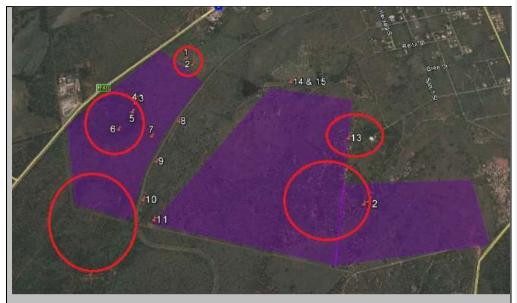


Figure 6: Showing Archaeology sites in the vicinity of the proposed activity. In this diagram, the Purple polygons show the original extent of the study area, while the red circles indicate the koppies that may have been subject to early human activity.

Of all the identified archaeological sites, only site 13 is in proximity to <u>any of the proposed alternatives, namely</u> the proposed access road alternative 1 – Preferred.

Site 13 dates to the Late Iron Age and contains stone walled features such as livestock enclosures and hut bays. This site is situated fairly close to the water reservoir in the area and <u>hasvehave</u> to some extent been impacted on already during the construction of the reservoir and the cell tower next to it.

Regardless of the above, the proposed access road – Alternative 1, has been specifically aligned outside <u>away</u> <u>from</u>of the rocky outcrop where archaeological site 13 is situated to avoid impacting on this site.

#### Railway Line

The proposed Access road <u>alternatives</u> alternative will not impact on the railway line in any way. Please refer to the image below that shows the access road alternatives in relation to the existing railway line.

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Figure 7: Showing the proximity of the existing railway line to the proposed access road alignments.

#### River / Stream or Wetland.

All three access road alternatives are situated outside of the delineated water courses<u>and their associated</u> <u>floodlines</u>. These watercourses were delineated by a Freshwater Specialist, Dr Brian Colotty.

Access Road Alternative 1 does extend into the 32m buffer area of one of the delineated water courses. The impact of the access road on the watercourse is deemed to be low as the buffer area of the drainage line intersecting with the proposed road alignment is located at the headwaters, or uppermost section of the drainage line (i.e. the start of where overland flow combines to form a defined flow). The portion of road intersecting with the buffer area does not intersect with a defined drainage line <u>or floodline</u>, but rather an area in which flow is characterised by overland flow at the top of a catchment area.

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Figure 8: Proximity of Access Road Alternatives to the Delineated Water Ccourses Courses and their associated buffers.

# If any of the boxes marked with an "<sup>AN</sup>" are ticked, how will this impact / be impacted upon by the proposed activity? Specify and explain:

None

If any of the boxes marked with an "H" are ticked, how will this impact / be impacted upon by the proposed activity? Specify and explain:

None

Does the proposed site (including any alternative sites) fall within any of the following:

Critical Biodiversity Area (as per provincial conservation plan)			6 NO	]
Core area of a protected area?		YES	✓NO	
Buffer area of a protected area?		YES	✓NO	
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Planned expansion area of an existing protected area?	YES	✓NO
Existing offset area associated with a previous Environmental Authorisation?	YES	✓NO

# If the answer to any of these questions was YES, a map indicating the affected area must be included in Appendix B (as part of sensitivity map).

All three road alignments fall within a Critical Biodiversity Area Identified in the North West Biodiversity Sector Plan. The Biodiversity Specialist, Prof George Bredenkamp however confirmed the following: The GIS derived, coarse scale Critical Terrestrial Biodiversity areas map considered the area of the Moot Plains Bushveld as a CBA1. Considering the results of the study, it is clear that the CBA1 status should only be applied to the eastern part (Pretoria-Hartebeespoort Dam-Rustenburg area) of the Moot Plains Bushveld, where biodiversity is indeed threatened. This should not be applied to the western parts from Rustenburg to Zeerust. A series of plans showing the Critical Biodiversity areas in relation to the Proposed Access Road Alternatives is included in Appendix B.

# 7. BIODIVERSITY

Please note: The Department may request specialist input/studies depending on the nature of the biodiversity occurring on the site and potential impact(s) of the proposed activity/ies. To assist with the identification of the biodiversity occurring on site and the ecosystem status consult http://bgis.sanbi.org or BGIShelp@sanbi.org. Information is also available on compact disc (cd) from the Biodiversity-GIS Unit, Ph (021) 799 8698. This information may be updated from time to time and it is the applicant/ EAP's responsibility to ensure that the latest version is used. A map of the relevant biodiversity information (including an indication of the habitat conditions as per (b) below) and must be provided as an overlay map to the property/site plan as Appendix B to this report.

# a) Indicate the applicable biodiversity planning categories of all areas on site and indicate the reason(s) provided in the biodiversity plan for the selection of the specific area as part of the specific category)

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Systema	tic Biodiversit	y Planning C	ategory	If CBA or ESA, indicate the reason(s) for its selection in biodiversity plan
<ul> <li>✓ Critical</li> <li>Biodiversity</li> <li>Area (CBA)</li> </ul>	Ecological Support Area (ESA)	Other Natural Area (ONA)	No Natural Area Remaining (NNR)	GIS derived, coarse scale Critical Terrestrial Biodiversity areas map (SANBI) considered the area of the Moot Plains Bushveld as a CBA1. Considering the above, and from the results of the biodiversity specialisticthis study, it is clear that the CBA1 status should only be applied to the eastern part (Pretoria-Hartebeespoort Dam- Rustenburg area) of the Moot Plains Bushveld, where biodiversity is indeed threatened. It is the specialists opinion that the CBAThis could surely should not be applied to the western parts from Rustenburg to Zeerust. According to the SANBI Plants of South Africa database only a single red data plant species, Cineraria alchemilloides DC. subsp. Alchemilloides, was ever collected within the 2526CA grid. The current survey could not confirm the presence of this species on the site. There are no TOPS plant species present on the site.

# c) Indicate and describe the habitat condition on site

		Percentage of	Description and additional Comments and Observations
		habitat condition	(including additional insight into condition, e.g. poor land
	Habitat Condition	class (adding up	management practises, presence of quarries, grazing,
		to 100%)	harvesting regimes etc).
			There is not much truly natural vegetation present along the
1	Natural	5%	proposed road alignments, as <u>mucsh</u> mush of this vegetation on
			the current road verge had been impacted upon by:

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		Fires occurring at a frequency higher than the ecological requirements for bushveld (this has resulted in the dominance of grass species rather than woody species) Gravel heaps created over the years from road maintenance activities Overgrazing Erosion Invasive vegetation
Near Natural (includes areas with low to moderate level of alien invasive plants)	50%	The majority of the vegetation along the alignment is in a near natural state with varying degrees of impact from the abovementioned activities.
Degraded (includes areas heavily invaded by alien plants)	5%	There are small sections along the alignment that contain heavy infestation of Invasive vegetation and erosion caused by poor drainage practices on the existing track.
Transformed (includes cultivation, dams, urban, plantation, roads, etc)	40%	The proposed access follows existing farm access tracks and as such, a large portion of the activity is already transformed by the existing roads

- c) Complete the table to indicate:
- (i) the type of vegetation, including its ecosystem status, present on the site; and
- (ii) whether an aquatic ecosystem is present on site.

Terrestrial Ecosystems	i	Aquatic Ecosystems
Ecosystem threat	Critical Endangered	
status as per the National Environmental	<ul> <li>✓ Vulnerable</li> </ul>	Wetland (including rivers, depressions, channelled and unchanneled wetlands, flats, seeps pans, and artificial wetlands)
Management:	Least	

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Biodiversity Act (Act No. 10 of 2004)	Threatened	✓ YES	NO	UNSURE

d) Please provide a description of the vegetation type and/or aquatic ecosystem present on site, including any important biodiversity features/information identified on site (e.g. threatened species and special habitats)

The vegetation, flora and vertebrate fauna study of the site revealed the presence of four plant communities as representative ecosystems. The study showed that the entire site should be classified under the Moot Plains Bushveld (Mucina & Rutherford 2006). According to Mucina & Rutherford (2006) the conservation status of the Moot Plains Bushveld is Vulnerable, although about 13% is statutorily protected. The reason for this conservation status is that almost 30% of Moot Plains Bushveld has been transformed, but this is mainly in the Pretoria-Hartebeespoort Dam-Rustenburg area, with considerable pressure for more development. The western part of Moot Plains Bushveld is, in contrast, quite natural, with very little transformed by development, and here it could be regarded as Least Threatened.

There are no TOPS plant species present on the site.

The watercourse on site is described above in Section B6.

# 8. CULTURAL/HISTORICAL FEATURES

Are there any signs of culturally or historically significant elements, as defined in section 2 of the National Heritage Resources Act, 1999, (Act No. 25 of 1999), including Archaeological or paleontological sites, on or close (within 20m) to the site? If YES, explain:

A number of <u>a</u>Archaeology sites have been identified by the heritage specialist. None of these sites will be impacted upon by any of the proposed access road alternatives <u>and they are all located more than 20 m from</u> the assessment corridors.

Comment [LC28]: Pls confirm

√N0

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If uncertain, conduct a specialist investigation by a recognised specialist in the field (archaeology or palaeontology) to establish whether there is such a feature(s) present on or close to the site. Briefly explain the findings of the specialist:

The significant archaeological sites (all stone walled and linked to the LIA) are all located on top of or around the sides of various hills and outcrops in these areas and will not be impacted on by the development which will avoid these areas.

The following is therefore recommended from an archaeological perspective:

All the stone walled sites in the areas should be demarcated and fenced-in to avoid accidental damage and to ensure preservation. An Archaeological Heritage Management Plan for these sites should be drafted and implemented. NOTE – This Cultural Heritage Management Plan forms Part of the overall EMPR (Attached in Appendix H) and has been approved by SAHRA.

The possibility of uncovering in situ material and sites here is unlikely and these areas have been used in the past for agricultural purposes and grazing. Any of the alternatives would therefore <u>beyby</u> suitable-<u>acceptable</u>. From an Archaeological point of view the development should be allowed to continue taking heed of the above. The subterranean presence of archaeological sites, features or objects is always a possibility. This could include unknown and unmarked burial pits. Should any be uncovered during the development process and archaeologist should be called in to investigate and recommend on the best way forward.

Will any building or structure older than 60 years be affected in any way?	YES	✓NO
Is it necessary to apply for a permit in terms of the National Heritage Resources Act, 1999 (Act 25 of 1999)?	✓ YES	NO

If YES, please provide proof that this permit application has been submitted to SAHRA or the relevant provincial authority.

The heritage specialist, Mr Anton Pelser of APAC Heritage Consulting has been appointed to submit the application to SAHRA. Proof of this submission is included in Appendix J3.

# 9. SOCIO-ECONOMIC CHARACTER

a) Local Municipality

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**Comment [LC29]:** I don't think we need a permit, we just need comment as we are not anywhere near the heritage sites. A permit will on be required if we are going to do any Phase 2 mitigation, which for the road we aren't.

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Please provide details on the socio-economic character of the local municipality in which the proposed site(s) are situated.

Level of unemployment:

According to the IDP, the current official unemployment rate is 10.0 % (In comparison to 16.1 % in 2011)

Economic profile of local municipality:

It is important to note that new opportunities have opened up for municipal area since the need to facilitate the generation of sustainable energy was introduced in South Africa by Eskom and the South African government. Economic spin-offs are eagerly anticipated.

Level of education:

47.5% Completed Grade 9 or higher 26.7% Completed Matric or higher

#### Socio-economic value of the activity b)

What is the expected capital value of the activity on completion?	R		]
What is the expected yearly income that will be generated by or as a result of the	R		1
activity?			
Will the activity contribute to service infrastructure?	<b>YES</b>	NO	1
Is the activity a public amenity?	<b>YES</b>	NO	1
How many new employment opportunities will be created in the development and			1
construction phase of the activity/ies?			
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8			! //

Comment [LC30]: Indicate skills levels so we can see how many people would be able to get jol during construction. Also indicate access to basic sanitation and housing, as well as income levels

Comment [LC31]: What is the remaining 25%???

Comment [LC32]: Please ask SESA to compl

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What is the expected value of the employment opportunities during the development	R
and construction phase?	
What percentage of this will accrue to previously disadvantaged individuals?	<mark>%</mark>
How many permanent new employment opportunities will be created during the	
operational phase of the activity?	
What is the expected current value of the employment opportunities during the first 10	R
years?	
What percentage of this will accrue to previously disadvantaged individuals?	<mark>%</mark>

# 10. SPECIALIST(S) CONSULTATION

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Has a specialist been consulted to assist with the completion of this section?

If YES, please complete the form entitled "Details of specialist and declaration of interest" for each specialist thus appointed and attach it in Appendix F. All specialist reports must be contained in Appendix G and must meet the requirement in Appendix 6 of EIA Regulations, 2014.

_			
۷	YES	NO	
-			

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# SECTION C: IMPACT ASSESSMENT

The assessment of impacts must adhere to the minimum requirements in the EIA Regulations, 2014, and should take applicable official guidelines into account. The issues raised by interested and affected parties should also be addressed in the assessment of impacts.

# 1. IMPACTS THAT MAY RESULT FROM THE PLANNING AND DESIGNIMPACTS THAT MAY RESULT FROM THE PLANNING AND DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATIONAL, DECOMMISSIONING AND CLOSURE PHASESPHASES AS WELL AS PROPOSED MANAGEMENT OF IDENTIFIED IDENTIFIED IMPACTS AND PROPOSED MITIGATION MEASURES MITIGATION MEASURES

Provide a summary and anticipated significance of the potential direct, indirect and cumulative impacts that are likely to occur as a result of the planning and design phase, construction phase, operational phase, decommissioning and closure phase, including impacts relating to the choice of site/activity/technology alternatives as well as the mitigation measures that may eliminate or reduce the potential impacts listed. This impact assessment must be applied to all the identified alternatives to the activities identified in Section A(2) of this report.

It should be noted that the impacts associated with Listed Activity 28 of Listing Notice 3 were previously assessed in the reporting for the approved application DEA Ref. No. 14/12/16/3/3/1/1601. In order to facilitate the consideration of Listed Activity 28 the detailed impacts of Listed Activity 28 (change of land use from agricultural to commercial) for the approved solar development have been included in App xx of this report. These impacts have not been summarised here in order to avoid confusion.

Activity	Impact summary	Significance	Proposed mitigation
Alternative 1 (pr	eferred <mark>alternative</mark> )		
	Direct impacts:		
	Impacts on indigenous Plant Species	Low - Negative	Implement the approved
			Biodiversity Management Plan.

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Comment [LC33]: What about the impcats of Listed Activity 28? Have you asked the case offic how to incorporate that?

We would suggest including a copy of your detail impact assessment from the expansion BAR into impact assessment appendix of this bar as well as including an impact summary table in the EIS statement below, as well as submitting the full approved BAR for the expansion area.

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Comment [LC34]: Suggest you ask the case officer to confirm this approach is acceptable.

Comment [LC35]: Don't you need to describe the construction activity under the Activity colum

Comment [LC36]: What about soil erosion as you said there was erosion on existing roads? Also impact on watercourses? Even if negligible best it is described

What about impacts of traffic on residents in the residential areas? Noise, nuisance, accidents sprin to mind. It would be worth noting that all three alternatives pass less houses than the originally approved option

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Activity	Impact summary	Significance	Proposed mitigation
			Ensure disturbance is restricted to
			the footprint of the final road prism
	Impact on Invasive Plant Species	High Positive	Implement the invasive species
			control plan as outlined in the
			approved
	Impacts on Mammals	Low Neutral	Implement Speed Control
			Mechanisms during construction and operation
	Impact on Avifauna	Low Neutral	Implement Speed Control
			Mechanisms during construction and operation
	Impact on Herpetofauna	Low Neutral	Implement Speed Control
			Mechanisms during construction and operation
	Visual Impact	Low Negative	Align the access road along
		Low Negative	existing tracks as far as possible.
	Impact on Heritage Resources	Low Negative	Avoid all Archaeological features
			identified by the Heritage
			Specialist,
			Implement the Cultural Heritage
			Management Plan as approved by
			SAHRA
Alternative 2			
	Direct impacts:		
	Impacts on indigenous Plant Species	Low - Negative	Implement the approved
			Biodiversity Management Plan.
			Ensure disturbance is restricted to
			the footprint of the final road prism
	Impact on Invasive Plant Species	High Positive	Implement the invasive species
			control plan as outlined in the
asic Assessme	nt Report Application form	n for Environmen	<u>Ital Authorisation</u> Department
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Comment [LC37]: I think the contractors will need a bit of space along the edges of the road-but this would be rehabilitated afterwards. As such restricting the footprint to the final road prism see a bit onerous. Can we change this?

Comment [LC38]: Sentence unfinished

**Comment [LC39]:** How can it be low neutral' It's either low or neutral or low to neutral but it ca be both low and neutral. Same comment for all impacts below containing neutral

Comment [LC40]: What about soil erosion as **Comment [LC40]:** What about soil erosion as you said there was erosion on existing roads? Also impact on watercourses? Even if negligible is best it is described What about impacts of traffic on residents in the residential areas? Noise, nuisance, accidents sprin to mind. It would be worth noting that all three alternatives pass less houses than the originally entropy during. approved option

Comment [LC41]: Same comment as before

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Activity	Impact summary	Significance	Proposed mitigation	
			approved	Comment [LC42]: Sentence unfinished
	Impacts on Mammals	Low Neutral	Implement Speed Control	
			Mechanisms during construction	
			and operation	
	Impact on Avifauna	Low Neutral	Implement Speed Control	
			Mechanisms during construction	
			and operation	
	Impact on Herpetofauna	Low Neutral	Implement Speed Control	
			Mechanisms during construction	
			and operation	
	Visual Impact	Low Negative	Align the access road along	
			existing tracks as far as possible.	
	Impact on Heritage Resources	Low Negative	Avoid all Archaeological features	
			identified by the Heritage	
			Specialist,	
			Implement the Cultural Heritage	
			Management Plan as approved by	
			SAHRA	
tive 3				
	Direct impacts:			<b>Comment [LC43]:</b> What about soil erosion
				you said there was erosion on existing roads?
	Impacts on indigenous Plant Species	Medium -	Implement the approved	What about impacts of traffic on residents in t residential areas? Noise, nuisance, accidents s
		Negative	Biodiversity Management Plan.	to mind. It would be worth noting that all three alternatives pass less houses than the original
			Ensure disturbance is restricted to	approved option
			the footprint of the final road prism	
	Impact on Invasive Plant Species	High Positive	Implement the invasive species	
			control plan as outlined in the	
			approved	Comment [LC44]: Sentence unfinished
	Impacts on Mammals	Low Neutral	Implement Speed Control	
			Mechanisms during construction	Formatted: Font: (Default) Cambria, 1 Italic
			and operation	Formatted: Font: (Default) Cambria, 1
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ai, Enviroi egulations,	-	and Agricultural	Develonment	
guitte				

Activity	Impact summary	Significance	Proposed mitigation
	Impact on Avifauna	Low Neutral	Implement Speed Control Mechanisms during construction and operation
	Impact on Herpetofauna	Low Neutral	Implement Speed Control Mechanisms during construction and operation
	Visual Impact	Low Negative	Align the access road along existing tracks as far as possible.
	Impact on Heritage Resources	Low Negative	Avoid all Archaeological features identified by the Heritage Specialist, Implement the Cultural Heritage Management Plan as approved by SAHRA
No-go option			
	Direct impacts:		
	Impacts on indigenous Plant Species	Low - Neutral	Not Applicable
	Impact on Invasive Plant Species	Medium Negative	Not Applicable
	Impacts on Mammals	Neutral	Not Applicable
	Impact on Avifauna	Neutral	Not Applicable
	Impact on Herpetofauna	Neutral	Not Applicable
	Visual Impact	Neutral	Not Applicable
	Impact on Heritage Resources	Low Negative	Not Applicable

A complete impact assessment which include process undertaken to identify, assess and rank the impacts, the activity will impose on the site through the life of the activity in terms of EIA Regulation 2014, Appendix 1(i) and (j) of GN R.982 must be included as Appendix H.

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# 2. ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT

Taking the assessment of potential impacts into account, please provide an environmental impact statement that summarises the impact that the proposed activity and its alternatives may have on the environment <u>after</u> the management and mitigation of impacts have been taken into account, with specific reference to types of impact, duration of impacts, likelihood of potential impacts actually occurring and the significance of impacts.

## Alternative A 1 (preferred alternative)

Alternative A <u>1</u> (the preferred Alternative) has a similar impact to alternative <u>B2</u>. The impacts of these two alternatives have a low overall significance for the following key reasons:

- They are aligned along existing tracks and thus avoid further fragmentation of the landscape.
- The vegetation along the existing road verges has been largely transformed through overgrazing, and road maintenance activities.
- The removal of woody species will be limited, due to the disturbed nature of the existing road verges.
- No species protected in terms of the National Forest Act will be affected by this alignment.

This alternative is thus preferred by the applicant, as the biophysical impact is deemed to be acceptable, and the majority of the road is aligned on the same portion of property that will contain the PV development.

Furthermore the potential environmental impacts of Listed Activity 28 of Listing Notice 3 (GN. 983) are considered to be acceptable, as demonstrated by the existing approval for the solar development.

#### Alternative 2B

Alternative <u>2</u>B has a similar impact to alternative A<u>1</u>. The impacts of these two alternatives have a low overall significance for the following key reasons:

- They are aligned along existing tracks and thus avoid further fragmentation of the landscape.
- The vegetation along the existing road verges has been largely transformed through overgrazing, and road maintenance activities.
- The removal of woody species will be limited, due to the disturbed nature of the existing road verges.
- No species protected in terms of the National Forest Act will be affected by this alignment.

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**Comment [LC45]:** Suggest you do an impact summary table for each of the alternatives below that you can provide the requested information.

Also do an impact summary table for Listed Actv 28

**Comment [LC46]:** Please indicate the range of significance of negative impacts and positive impacts and if any stand out please note it specifically (I don't think any did stand out)

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This alternative is less preferred by the applicant, as the majority of the route in situated on property that is not under the direct control of the applicant.

Furthermore the potential environmental impacts of Listed Activity 28 of Listing Notice 3 (GN. 983) are considered to be acceptable, as demonstrated by the existing approval for the solar development.

# Alternative C3

Alternative C-<u>3</u> has a slightly higher impact on the biophysical environment as it is aligned closer to the Koppie that was identified as sensitive by the **Botanical** Specialist. Alternative C<u>3</u> will also have a moderate impact on species protected in terms of the National Forest Act.

The potential environmental impacts of Listed Activity 28 of Listing Notice 3 (GN. 983) are considered to be acceptable, as demonstrated by the existing approval for the solar development.

Alternative C <u>3</u> is the least preferred from a Biophysical viewpoint.

#### No-go alternative (compulsory)

The no go alternative consists of constructing the access road as authorised in the Main Facilities Environmental Authorisation.

As described above, the authorised road is aligned under 3 high voltage cables and during this detailed design phase Eskom have refused consent for the project to obtain access underneath these powerlines. The no go alternative is thus at this stage no longer feasible but has been used as a baseline against which impacts will be assessed.

# SECTION D: PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

#### 1. ADVERTISEMENT AND NOTICE

Publication name	Zeerust News	
Date published	23 April (Zeerust News is the only newspaper in the area and only comes out on a	/
	monthly basis)	

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Comment [LC47]: Biodiversity?

Comment [LC48]: Biodiversity?

Comment [LC49]: update

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	Site notice position	Latitude	Longitude	
		25° 34' 22.04"	26° 05' 07.77 <sup>22</sup>	 <b>Comment [LC50]:</b> this co-ordinate is for the existing Zeerust substation
		<u>25°33'45.42''8</u>	<u>26° 4'29.99''E</u>	
		<u>25°34'6.97''S</u>	<u>26° 4'47.69''E</u>	
			<u>n</u>	
I	Date placed	February 2017		 <b>Comment [LC51]:</b> assume it hasn't already be

Include proof of the placement of the relevant advertisements and notices in Appendix I1.

## 2. DETERMINATION OF APPROPRIATE MEASURES

Provide details of the measures taken to include all potential I&APs as required by Regulation 41(2)(e) and 41(6) of GN R.982.

Considering the extensive engagement that has taken place with I&AP's over the years regarding various aspects of this project, It is safe to assume that members of the public and stakeholders have had ample opportunity to provide comments associated with this proposed development as a whole. The extent of comments has most certainly decreased over time with each additional report where comment has been requested and this can be attributed to stakeholder fatigue. However all registered stakeholders will be given the opportunity to comment once more.

Table 1: Compliance of Public Participation with Legislated Requirements

Regulated Requirement	Description

**Comment [LC51]:** assume it hasn't already be placed? If so I hope it wasn't placed at the substation? If that is the case then I would sugges getting someone to put new notices up at these locations

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Regulated Requirement	Description	1	
(1) If the proponent is not the owner or person in	Proof of landowner notification is attached in the		
control of the land on which the activity is to be	application <mark>form</mark> that was submitted to the		mment [LC52]: what about Remainder of
undertaken, the proponent must, before applying	Department <sup>2</sup> .	Port	ion 5 of Farm Hazia 240?
for an environmental authorisation in respect of			
such activity, obtain the written consent of the			
landowner or person in control of the land to			
undertake such activity on that land.			
(2) Subregulation (1) does not apply in respect of			
(a) linear activities;			
The person conducting a public participation proce	ess must take into account any relevant guidelines		
applicable to public participation as contemplated in se	ection 24J of the Act and must give notice to all potential		
interested and affected parties of an application of	or proposed application which is subjected to public		
participation by -			
(a) fixing a notice board at a place conspicuous to	A site notice has been placed at the entrance to		
and accessible by the public at the boundary, on	portion 15 of the Farm Kameeldoring <mark>271</mark> .		nment [LC53]: See previous comments in regard. The co-ordinate provided was on the
the fence or along the corridor of -			ust substation
	Photographic evidence of these notices is		
(i) the site where the activity to which the	attached in Appendix E1. E	will	nment [LC54]: Is this already included or it be included in the final report? Same common com
application or proposed application relates is or is		for 1	nost of the below rows
to be undertaken; and			
(ii) any alternative site;			
(b) giving written notice, in any of the manners provide	d for in section 47D of the Act, to -		

 $^{2}$  The landowners associated with this activity is Mr. Johannes H Keulder of FSJ EIENDOMME CC and is the same landowner where the authorised facility is situated.

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Regulated Requirement	Description	1
(i) the occupiers of the site and, if the proponent or	The owner is the only current occupier of the site.	
applicant is not the owner or person in control of	Landowner notification letters are attached in the	
the site on which the activity is to be undertaken,	application <mark>form</mark> .	<b>Comment [LC55]:</b> Also municipality as not
he owner or person in control of the site where the		before
activity is or is to be undertaken or to any		
alternative site where the activity is to be		
undertaken;		
ii) owners, persons in control of, and occupiers of	Owners of adjacent properties have been notified	Comment [LC56]: Check table formatting
and adjacent to the site where the activity is or is	of this environmental process. Such owners have	
o be undertaken or to any alternative site where	been requested to inform the occupiers of the land	
he activity is to be undertaken;	of this environmental process. Please refer to	
	Appendix E2 for copies of these notifications	
iii) the municipal councillor of the ward in which the	The ward councillor has been notified of this	
site or alternative site is situated and any	environmental process.	
organisation of ratepayers that represent the		
community in the area;	Please refer to Appendix E2 for copies of these	
······································	notifications	
iv) the municipality which has jurisdiction in the	The Ramotshere Moiloa municipality has been	
area;	notified of this environmental process.	
	Please refer to Appendix E6 for copies of these	
	notifications.	
v) any organ of state having jurisdiction in respect	Please refer to the section below showing the list of	
of any aspect of the activity; and	organs of state that were notified as part of this	
	environmental process.	
	Please refer to Appendix E4 for copies of these	
	notifications.	
(vi) any other party as required by the competent	The competent authority has not, at or after the pre-	
authority;	<u>application meeting held on xxx</u> , identified any	Formatted: Highlight
	additional parties that need to be notified in light of	Formatted: Font: (Default) Cambria, 10 Italic
	this Basic Assessment Process.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Cambria, 10 Italic
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Regulated Requirement	Description	
(c) placing an advertisement in -	A notice of the public participation process has	
(i) one local newspaper; or	been placed in "Die Zeerust Nuus".	
(ii) any official Gazette that is published specifically for the purpose of providing public notice of	Please refer to <b>Appendix E1</b> for a copy of this advertisement.	
applications or other submissions made in terms of	There is currently no official Gazette that has been	
these Regulations;	published specifically for the purpose of providing	
	public notice of applications	
(d) placing an advertisement in at least one	Adverts were not placed in provincial or national	
provincial newspaper or national newspaper, if the	newspapers, as the potential impacts will not	
activity has or may have an impact that extends	extend beyond the borders of the municipal area.	
beyond the boundaries of the metropolitan or		
district municipality in which it is or will be		
undertaken: Provided that this paragraph need not		
be complied with if an advertisement has been		
placed in an official Gazette referred to in		
paragraph (c)(ii);and		
(e) using reasonable alternative methods, as	Notifications have included provision for alternative	
agreed to by the competent authority, in those	engagement in the event of illiteracy, disability or	
instances where a person is desirous of but unable	any other disadvantage. In such instances, Cape	
to participate in the process due to -	EAPrac will engage with such individuals in such a	
(i) illiteracy;	manner as agreed on with the competent authority.	
(ii) disability; or		
(iii) any other disadvantage.		
(3) A notice, notice board or advertisement referred	A site notice has been placed at the entrance to	Comment [
to in subregulation (2) must -	Portion 15 of the Farm Kameeldoorn 270.	
(a) give details of the application or proposed	Photographic evidence of these notices is attached	Formatted: Italic

Comment [LC57]: As before

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Regulated Requirement	Description
application which is subjected to public participation; and	in Appendix E1.
(b) state -	
(i) whether basic assessment or S&EIR procedures are being applied to the application;	
(ii) the nature and location of the activity to which the application relates;	
(iii) where further information on the application or proposed application can be obtained; and	
(iv) the manner in which and the person to whom representations in respect of the application or proposed application may be made.	
(4) A notice board referred to in subregulation (2) must -	The site notices placed comply with these minimum requirements. Please refer to <b>Appendix E1</b> for details of these
(a) be of a size at least 60cm by 42cm; and	
(b) display the required information in lettering and in a format as may be determined by the competent authority.	
(5) Where public participation is conducted in terms of this regulation for an application or proposed application, subregulation (2)(a), (b), (c) and (d)	Due to the fact that stakeholders or specialists have not raised significant concerns on this environmental process, it is not envisioned that this
need not be complied with again during the additional public participation process contemplated in regulations 19(1)(b) or 23(1)(b) or the public participation process contemplated in	project will be required to compile a revised Basic Assessment Report. <u>However this will be confirmed</u> after the public participation period.

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Regulated Requirement	Description
(a) such process has been preceded by a public	
participation process which included compliance	
with subregulation (2)(a), (b), (c) and (d); and	
(b) written notice is given to registered interested	
and affected parties regarding where the -	
(i) revised basic assessment report or, EMPr or	
closure plan, as contemplated in regulation	
19(1)(b);	
(ii) revised environmental impact report or EMPr as	
contemplated in regulation 23(1)(b);or	
(iii) environmental impact report and EMPr as	
contemplated in regulation 21(2)(d);	
may be obtained, the manner in which and the	
person to whom representations on these reports	
or plans may be made and the date on which such	
representations are due.	
(6) When complying with this regulation, the person	All reports that are submitted to the competent
conducting the public participation process must	authority have been subjected to a public
ensure that -	participation process. These include:
(a) information containing all relevant facts in	Basic Assessment Report
respect of the application or proposed application	All appointing reports
s made available to potential interested and	
affected parties; and	All technical and design reports
(b) participation by potential or registered	Environmental Management Plan
is made available to potential interested and affected parties; and	All specialist reports All technical and design reports Environmental Management Plan

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Regulated Requirement	Description
a manner that all potential or registered interested	
and affected parties are provided with a reasonable	
opportunity to comment on the application or	
proposed application.	•
(7) Where an environmental authorisation is	
required in terms of these Regulations and an	
authorisation, permit or licence is required in terms	
of a specific environmental management Act, the	
public participation process contemplated in this	
Chapter may be combined with any public	
participation processes prescribed in terms of a	
specific environmental management Act, on	
condition that all relevant authorities agree to such	
combination of processes.	

Key stakeholders (other than organs of state) identified in terms of Regulation 40(2)(d) of GN R.982:

Title, Name and Surname	Affiliation/ key stakeholder status			Contact details (tel number or e-						
	mail address)									
Birdlife Africa	See	attached	I&AP	Register	in	See	attached	I&AP	Register	in
	Appe	Appendix E5			Appendix E5					
Ikageng Community Trust	See	attached	I&AP	Register	in	See	attached	I&AP	Register	in
	Appe	Appendix E5			Арре	endix E5				
Ramotshere Moiloa	See	attached	I&AP	Register	in	See	attached	I&AP	Register	in
Municipality	Appe	ndix E5				Appe	endix E5			

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Department Of Agriculture,	See attached I&AP Register in	See attached I&AP Register in
Forestry and Fisheries	Appendix E5	Appendix E5
Department of Water And	See attached I&AP Register in	See attached I&AP Register in
Sanitation	Appendix E5	Appendix E5
Square Kilometre Array	See attached I&AP Register in	See attached I&AP Register in
	Appendix E5	Appendix E5
Department of Economic	See attached I&AP Register in	See attached I&AP Register in
Development, Environment,	Appendix E5	Appendix E5
Conservation and Tourism		
Eskom	See attached I&AP Register in	See attached I&AP Register in
	Appendix E5	Appendix E5
Sentech	See attached I&AP Register in	See attached I&AP Register in
	Appendix E5	Appendix E5
Department of	See attached I&AP Register in	See attached I&AP Register in
Communications	Appendix E5	Appendix E5
Roads and Public Works	See attached I&AP Register in	See attached I&AP Register in
	Appendix E5	Appendix E5
Department of Energy	See attached I&AP Register in	See attached I&AP Register in
	Appendix E5	Appendix E5
Department of Rural	See attached I&AP Register in	See attached I&AP Register in
Development and Land	Appendix E5	Appendix E5
Reform		
SAHRA	See attached I&AP Register in	See attached I&AP Register in
	Appendix E5	Appendix E5

Include proof that the key stakeholder received written notification of the proposed activities as Appendix I2. This proof may include any of the following:

- e-mail delivery reports;
- registered mail receipts;
- courier waybills;
- signed acknowledgements of receipt; and/or

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• or any other proof as agreed upon by the competent authority.

## 3. ISSUES RAISED BY INTERESTED AND AFFECTED PARTIES

This section will be updated after the 30 Day comment period on the Basic Assessment Report.

Summary of main issues raised by I&APs	Summary of response from EAP		

# 4. COMMENTS AND RESPONSE REPORT

The practitioner must make report (s) available to I&APs record all comments received from I&APs and respond to each comment before is submitted. The comments and responses must be captured in a comments and response report as prescribed in the EIA Regulations and be attached to the Final BAR as Appendix I3.

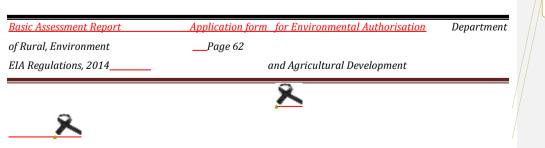
# 4.5. CONSULTATION WITH OTHER STAKEHOLDERS

Note that, for any activities (linear or other) where deviation from the public participation requirements may be appropriate, the person conducting the public participation process may deviate from the requirements of that sub-regulation to the extent and in the manner as may be agreed to by the competent authority.

Proof of any such agreement must be provided, where applicable. Application for any deviation from the regulations relating to the public participation process must be submitted prior to the commencement of the public participation process.

A list of registered I&APs must be included as Appendix I5.

Copies of any correspondence and minutes of any meetings held must be included in Appendix I6.



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# SECTION E. RECOMMENDATION OF PRACTITIONER

Is the information contained in this report and the documentation attached hereto sufficient to make a decision in respect of the activity applied for (in the view of the environmental assessment practitioner)?

If "NO", indicate the aspects that should be assessed further as part of a Scoping and EIA process before a decision can be made (list the aspects that require further assessment).

If "YES", please list any recommended conditions, including mitigation measures that should be considered for inclusion in any authorisation that may be granted by the competent authority in respect of the application.

Cape EAPrac is of the opinion that the information contained in the Draft Basic Assessment Report and the documentation attached was sufficient to allow the general public and key stakeholders to apply their minds to the potential negative and positive impacts associated with the development of the RE Capital 2 Solar – Access Road.

Aside from potential negative impacts, it is submitted that the proposed Access Road has notable positive impacts, in that it aligns with, and is in furtherance of, international, national, regional and local strategies to support alternative / renewable energy projects. These include the distribution of much-needed 'clean' electricity into the national grid, provision of local electrical infrastructure for use in long-term, and the provision of employment opportunities during the construction and operation phases for members of local communities.

Sufficient mitigation has been recommended to reduce potential negative impacts to an acceptable level. It is submitted that the proposed installation of the preferred overhead powerline alternatives-<u>access road</u> will be sustainable in the long term and the preferred alternative can be considered to be the most feasible / viable option, from environmental and practical perspectives.

It is recommended that the following be included as conditions of authorisation:

The access road must be limited to a maximum width of 10m which should include all associated structures such as side drains and road verge.

The recommendations contained in the Basic Assessment Report must be adopted and implemented.

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S NO

Stormwater and any runoff generated by the hard surfaces should be discharged into retention swales. Littering and contamination of water sources during construction must be prevented by effective construction camp management.

Emergency plans must be in place in case of spillages onto road surfaces and water courses.

No stockpiling should take place within 50m of a water course.

All stockpiles must be protected from erosion, stored on flat areas where run-off will be minimised, and be surrounded by bunds.

If very dry conditions prevail and dust becomes a nuisance, dust suppression measures need to be implemented.

The Biodiversity Management Plan must be adopted and Implemented.

The Cultural Heritage Management Plan must be adopted and Impleimented Implimented.

The EMPr that meet the requirements of EIA Regulation, 2014, Appendix 4, must be attached as Appendix J. Is an EMPr attached? ✓YES NO

The details of the EAP who compiled the BAR and the expertise of the EAP to perform the Basic Assessment process must be included as Appendix K

If any specialist reports were used during the compilation of this BAR, please attach the declaration of interest for each specialist in Appendix F

Any other information relevant to this application and not previously included must be attached in Appendix L.

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# **SECTION F: AFFIRMATION BY EAP**

company) declare that the information provided is correct and relevant to the activity/ project and that, the information was made available to interested and affected parties for their comments. All specialist (s) reports are relevant for the competent authority to make informed decision.

SIGNATURE OF EAP

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DATE

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