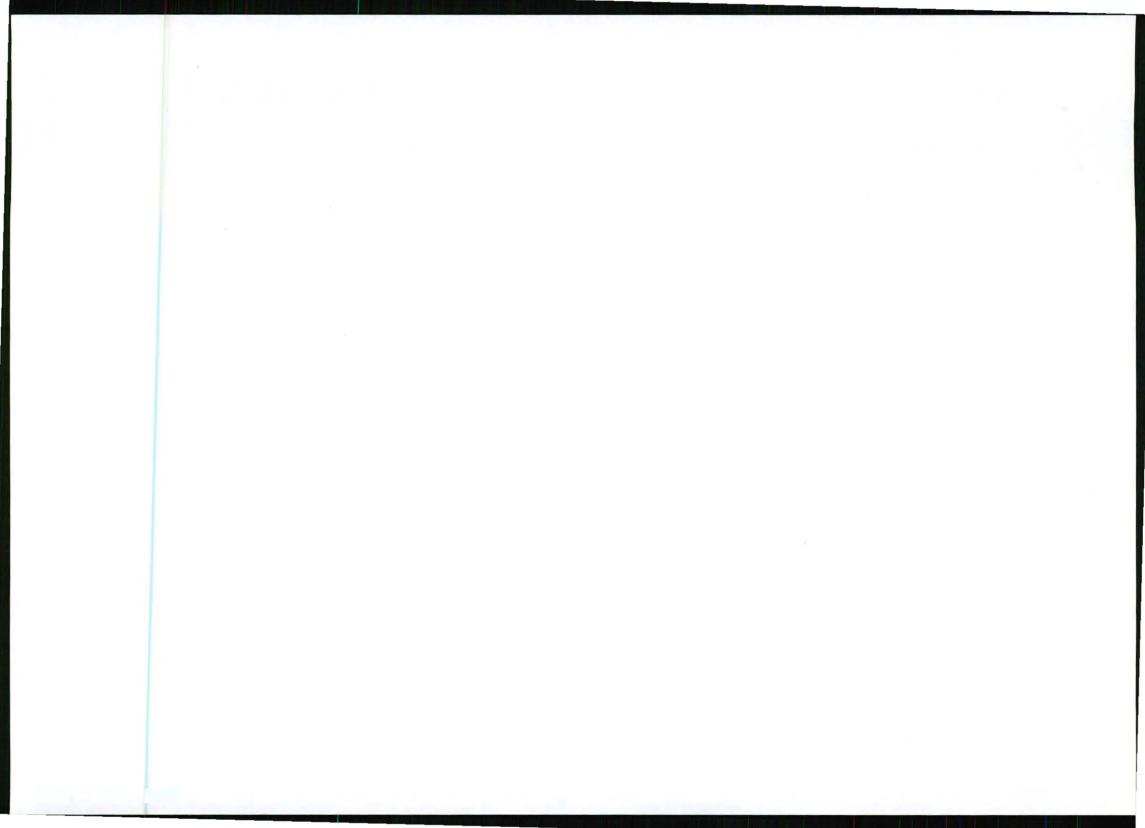
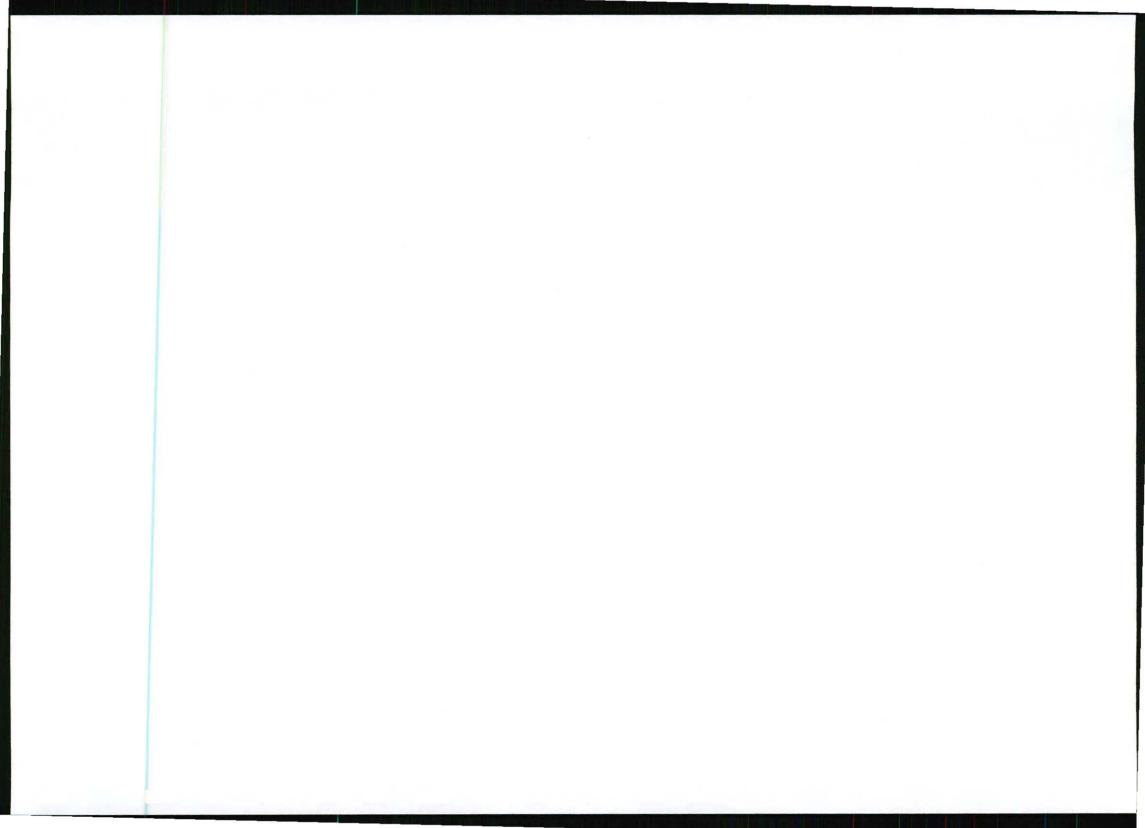
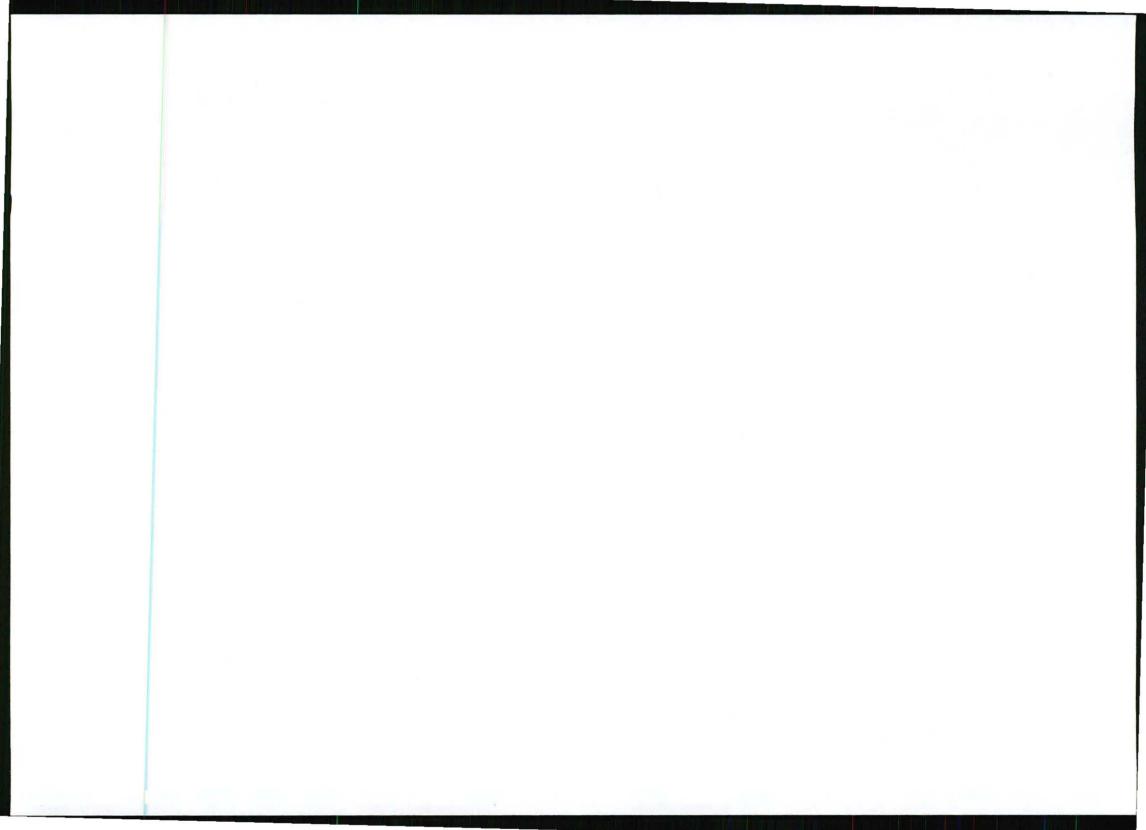
Activity:	Environmental Aspect:	Impact:	Significance:	Mitigation Measures:
	Noise:	Increased noise levels.	Low Impact	These noise levels from machinery will attenuate to acceptable levels within a short distance (100m). Note that no significant noise increases are expected within a 500m radius of the activities, which may impact on surrounding residences. Personnel will be issued with the necessary protective gear to ensure their safety. All machinery will be kept in good working order, to ensure that no unwanted noise is generated. Noisy vehicles or machinery will be repaired immediately to dampen noise levels on site.
Transport:	Air Quality:	Increased dust levels.	Low Impact	The following steps will be taken: A water cart must be present on site, and always in a working order, so that dust suppression can be practiced as frequently as necessary. Speed limits will be instated within the boundaries of the site to minimize the dust impact as a result of heavy trucks. If dust levels on site are significantly impacted on and the dust level rise above 10mg/m³ dust masks must be made available to workers.
	Noise:	Increased noise levels.	Low Impact	These noise levels from machinery will attenuate to acceptable levels within a short distance (100m). Note that no significant noise increases are expected within a 500m radius of the activities, which may impact on surrounding residences. Personnel will be issued with the necessary protective gear to ensure their safety. All machinery will be kept in good working order, to ensure that no unwanted noise is generated. Noisy vehicles or machinery will be repaired immediately to dampen noise levels on site.
Replacing Topsoil:	Topography:	Altered topography.	Medium Impact	After topsoil is replaced over a mined out area, a final void will remain.



Activity:	Environmental Aspect:	Impact:	Significance:	Mitigation Measures:		
	Surface Hydrology:	Changed runoff.	Medium Impact	The regulations promulgated in Government Notice No.704 of 4 June 1999, in terms of the NWA (the National Water Act, (Act No. 36 of 1998)) shall apply to the water management and pollution control at the mine. The run-off patterns will be restored (altered) during rehabilitation of each mined out area.		
	Air Quality:	Increased dust levels.	Low Impact	The following steps will be taken: A water cart must be present on site, and always in a working order, so that dust suppression can be practiced as frequently as necessary. Speed limits will be instated within the boundaries of the site to minimize the dust impact as a result of heavy trucks. If dust levels on site are significantly impacted on and the dust level rise above 10mg/m³ dust masks must be made available to workers.		
	Noise:	Increased noise levels.	Low Impact	These noise levels from machinery will attenuate to acceptable levels within a short distance (100m). Note that no significant noise increases are expected within a 500m radius of the activities, which may impact on surrounding residences. Personnel will be issued with the necessary protective gear to ensure their safety.		
				All machinery will be kept in good working order, to ensure that no unwanted noise is generated. Noisy vehicles or machinery will be repaired immediately to dampen noise levels on site.		



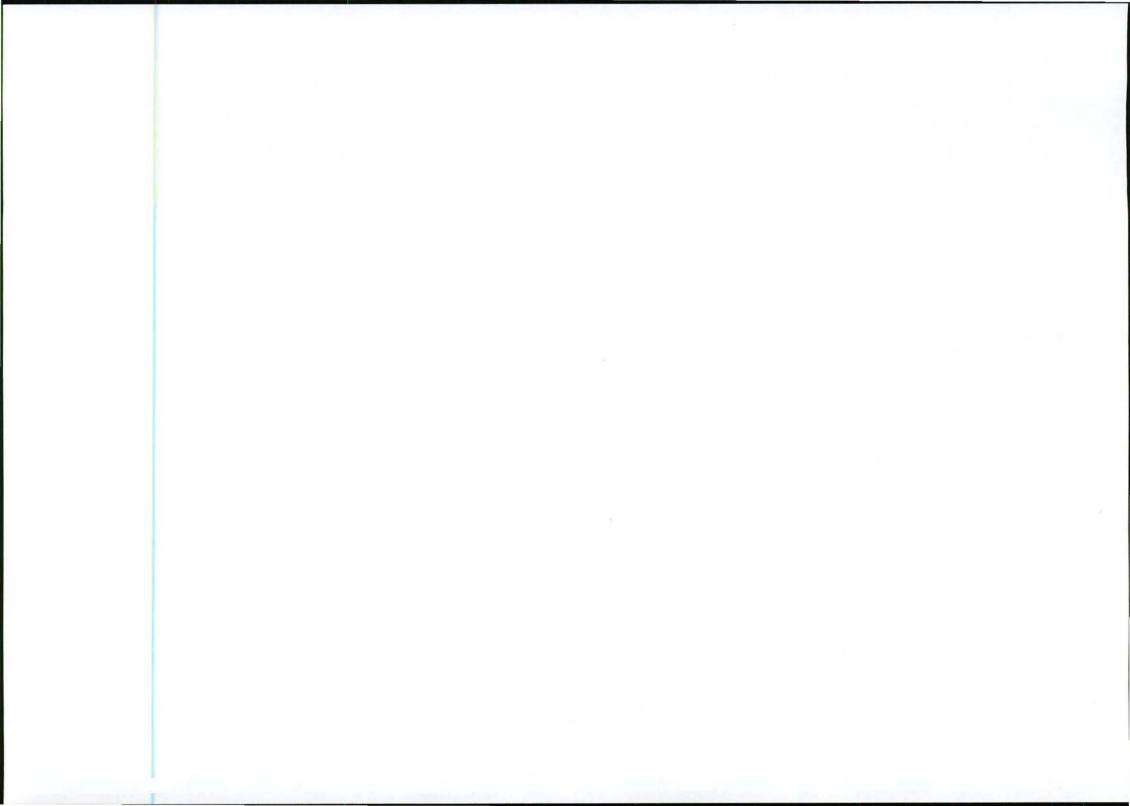
Activity:	Environmental Aspect:	Impact:	Significance:	Mitigation Measures:
Dust Suppression:	Noise:	Increased noise levels.	Low Impact	These noise levels from machinery will attenuate to acceptable levels within a short distance (100m). Note that no significant noise increases are expected within a 500m radius of the activities, which may impact on surrounding residences. Personnel will be issued with the necessary protective gear to ensure their safety.
				All machinery will be kept in good working order, to ensure that no unwanted noise is generated. Noisy vehicles or machinery will be repaired immediately to dampen noise levels on site.



Knowledge Gaps:

The environment that is likely to be affected by the proposed mining activities is detailed in **Chapter 4**. As no sensitive environmental features were identified on the site, no knowledge gap exists in terms of the current state of the environment.

A site visit conducted by the DMR during May 2010 resulted in the appointment of Dr Johan Binneman of Eastern Cape Heritage Consultants to assess the need for a full Heritage Assessment with regards to the project (see **Annexure A – Heritage Investigation**). In accordance with the findings of this investigation, no knowledge gap exists in terms of the Archaeological or Cultural state of the site.



CHAPTER 8 - REHABILITATION:

Rehabilitation Plan:

Concurrent rehabilitation will be applied as follows:

- Topsoil will be removed from Phase 1 according to the Soil utilisation Guide and stored in the 9m mine boundary pillar.
- When Phase 1 is mined out, 85% of the topsoil from Phase 2 will be used to cover Phase 1, with the rest (15%) stored in the 9m boundary pillar to supplement the loss of topsoil of Phase 1 due to historical mining activities.
- When Phase 2 is mined out, 85% of the topsoil from Phase 3 will be used to cover Phase 2, with the rest (15%) stored in the 9m boundary pillar to supplement the loss of topsoil of Phase 1 due to historical mining activities.
- When Phase 3 is mined out, 85% of the topsoil from Phase 4 will be used to cover Phase 3, with the rest (15%) stored in the 9m boundary pillar to supplement the loss of topsoil of Phase 1 due to historical mining activities.
- When Phase 4 is mined out, 85% of the topsoil from Phase 5 will be used to cover Phase 4, with the rest (15%) stored in the 9m boundary pillar to supplement the loss of topsoil of Phase 1 due to historical mining activities.
- When Phase 5 is mined out, 85% of the topsoil from Phase 6 will be used to cover Phase 5, with the rest (15%) stored in the 9m boundary pillar to supplement the loss of topsoil of Phase 1 due to historical mining activities.
- When Phase 6 is mined out, the topsoil stockpiled in the 9m boundary pillar will be used to cover Phase 6.



Figure 6: Mining and Rehabilitation Phases.

Rehabilitation Schedule:

The following schedule will apply for rehabilitation of the different mining phases:

Table 8: Rehabilitation Schedule

Month:	Actions to be taken:
1	Topsoil will be removed from Phase 1 according to the Soil utilisation Guide and stored in the 9m mine boundary pillar.
2	Replace 85% of the topsoil from Phase 2 over Phase 1, with the rest (15%) stored in the 9m boundary pillar to supplement the loss of topsoil of Phase 1 due to historical mining activities. The newly covered area will then be vegetated.
3	Replace 85% of the topsoil from Phase 3 over Phase 2, with the rest (15%) stored in the 9m boundary pillar to supplement the loss of topsoil of Phase 1 due to historical mining activities. The newly covered area will then be vegetated.
4 - 12	Monthly monitoring of rehabilitated areas on Phases 1 and 2.
13	Replace 85% of the topsoil from Phase 4 over Phase 3, with the rest (15%) stored in the 9m boundary pillar to supplement the loss of topsoil of Phase 1 due to historical mining activities. The newly covered area will then be vegetated.
14	Replace 85% of the topsoil from Phase 5 over Phase 4, with the rest (15%) stored in the 9m boundary pillar to supplement the loss of topsoil of Phase 1 due to historical mining activities. The newly covered area will then be vegetated.
15	Replace 85% of the topsoil from Phase 6 over Phase 5, with the rest (15%) stored in the 9m boundary pillar to supplement the loss of topsoil of Phase 1 due to historical mining activities. The newly covered area will then be vegetated.
16	Replace all the topsoil stockpiled in the 9m boundary pillar over Phase 6. The newly covered area will then be vegetated.
00	Post-closure monitoring will apply.

Closure Objectives:

The objective of successful closure will be to return the mining area to the previous land use of grazing land.



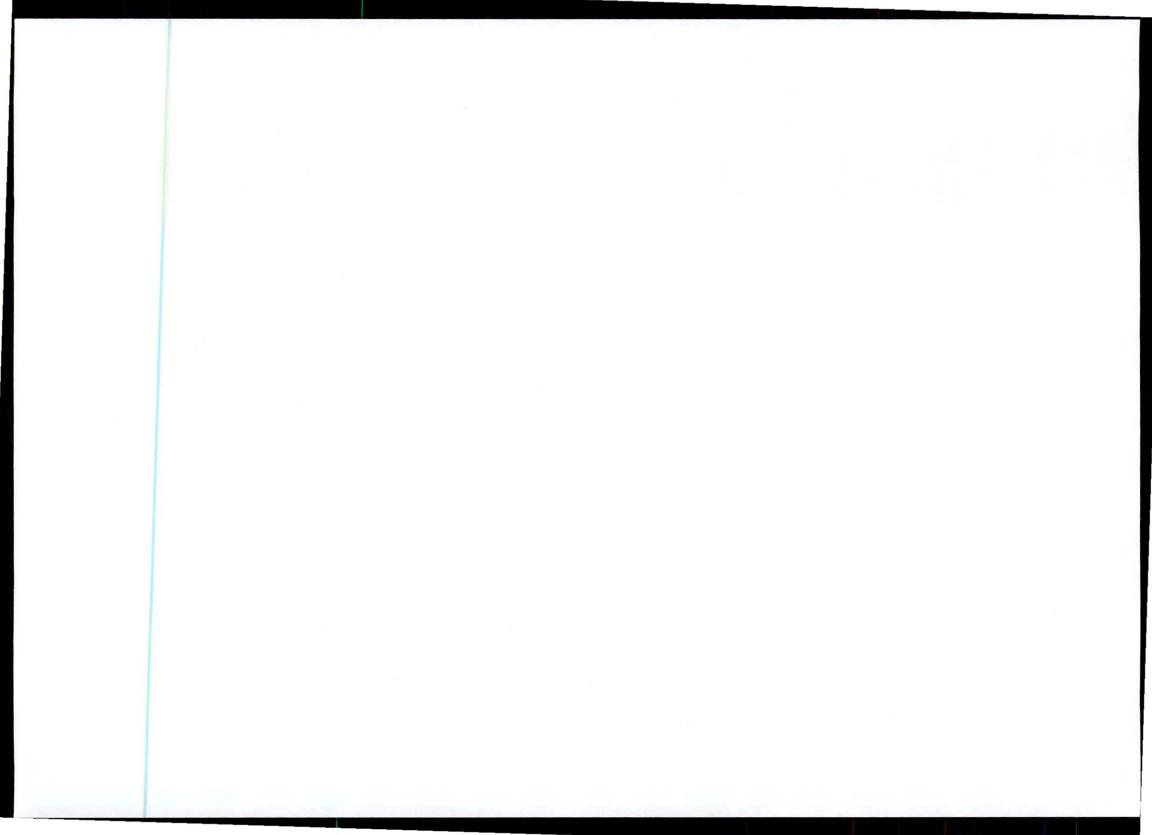
CHAPTER 9 - POST CLOSURE:

Post Closure Environmental Risks:

When identifying Post-closure environmental risks, each of the medium or high impacts identified in the in the impact assessment in **Chapter 7** is considered. The following table shows the evaluation of the impacts considered.

Table 9.1: Post-Closure Risks

Environmental Aspect:	Impact	Significance:	Mitigation Measures:	Post-closure Risks: If vegetation cover is not sufficient, erosion may be promoted.		
Soil:	Disturbed.	Medium Impact	The impact on the soil will be rectified when the topsoil from the topsoil stockpile are used to cover these areas during the closure phase.			
Flora:	Removed.	Medium Impact	The area will be re-vegetated after topsoil is replaced over the mined out areas.	An infestation of invader plant species may occur.		
Surface Hydrology:	Changed runoff.	Medium Impact	The regulations promulgated in Government Notice No.704 of 4 June 1999, in terms of the NWA (the National Water Act, (Act No. 36 of 1998)) shall apply to the water management and pollution control at the mine. The run-off patterns will be restored (altered) during rehabilitation of each mined out area.	If vegetation cover is not sufficient, an increase in runoff may result, causing erosion.		
Geology:	Removed.	Medium Impact	The mine will be committed to optimise the use of the mined mineral in order to ensure no resources are wasted. No other management measures will be possible.	There will not be any residual risks after closure.		
Topography:	Altered topography.	Medium Impact	After topsoil is replaced over a mined out area, a final void will remain.	There will not be any residual risks after closure.		



Maintenance (aftercare) Programme:

The following table indicates the aftercare programme that will apply for the risks identified in the previous section.

Table 9.2: Aftercare Programme

Environmental Aspect:	Post-closure Risks:	Aftercare:		
Soil:	If vegetation cover is not sufficient, erosion may be promoted.	The following aftercare is required: ✓ Monitoring. ✓ Re-seeding of areas where vegetation did not establish successfully. ✓ Repairing areas where erosion occurred.		
Flora:	An infestation of invader plant species may occur.	The following aftercare is required: Monitoring. Re-seeding of areas where vegetation did not establish successfully. Repairing areas where erosion occurred. Removal of invader plant species where necessary.		
Surface Hydrology:	If vegetation cover is not sufficient, an increase in runoff may result, causing erosion.	The following aftercare is required: ✓ Monitoring. ✓ Re-seeding of areas where vegetation did not establish successfully. ✓ Repairing areas where erosion occurred.		

Monitoring Programme:

The following monitoring procedures will be implemented at the mine in order to ensure compliance with this document, as well as relevant legislation. The monitoring procedures are implemented to ensure that the mitigation measures implemented are successful.

Surface Water Quality Monitoring:

The absence of surface water on the mining area and surrounds means that no monitoring in this regard is possible.

Vegetation Monitoring:

It is recommended that monthly monitoring sessions be undertaken on disturbed areas where topsoil was restored and re-vegetated. This monitoring is to assess the success of the re-vegetation. During these monitoring sessions additional measures such as invader control, fertilisation and erosion control can be implemented if necessary. Records of all the results of the monitoring programme will be kept at the mine offices.

Rehabilitation Monitoring:

Concurrent rehabilitation must be monitored to ensure that topsoil is replaced correctly.

Report by: W Riekert & J Engels EHS holds copyright © 2010. All rights reserved EC 30/5/1/3/2/0441 MP

CHAPTER 10 – PUBLIC PARTICIPATION: Introduction:

This report provides details on the public participation process followed to notify any possible interested or affected parties of the mining permit application. All interested and affected parties were provided the opportunity to register as an interested an affected party and/or to raise any concerns or comment on the application.

The following steps were taken during the public participation process:

- · Site notices was placed at strategic points.
- · Letters were faxed to interested and affected parties.
- · Advertisement in local newspaper.
- · Community meeting.

Due to the fact that no specific objection was received to date, affected parties were afforded opportunity until Monday 14 June to forward any comments and objections to EHS for inclusion into the EMP.

Site Notices:

Site notices were placed at the entrance to the property of the proposed mining area and at the entrance of the Mount Coke brick factory approximately 1km to the west of the application area. These notices informed community members of the proposed mining permit application and provided them the opportunity to register as an interested and affected party and raise any concerns or objections regarding the application. The following pictures show the site notices:

Figure 10: Site Notices

Picture	Description		
NOTICE OF PROPOSES SHOWN ACTIVITIES STORY AND ARREST OF ART SER CONTROL OF THE PROPOSES SHOWN AS A SERVICE OF THE PROPOSES SHOWN	This picture shows the site notices at the entrance to the property.		





This picture shows the site notices at the Mount Coke brick factory approximately 1 km to the west of the application area.

No correspondence regarding the application was received on any of the site notices.

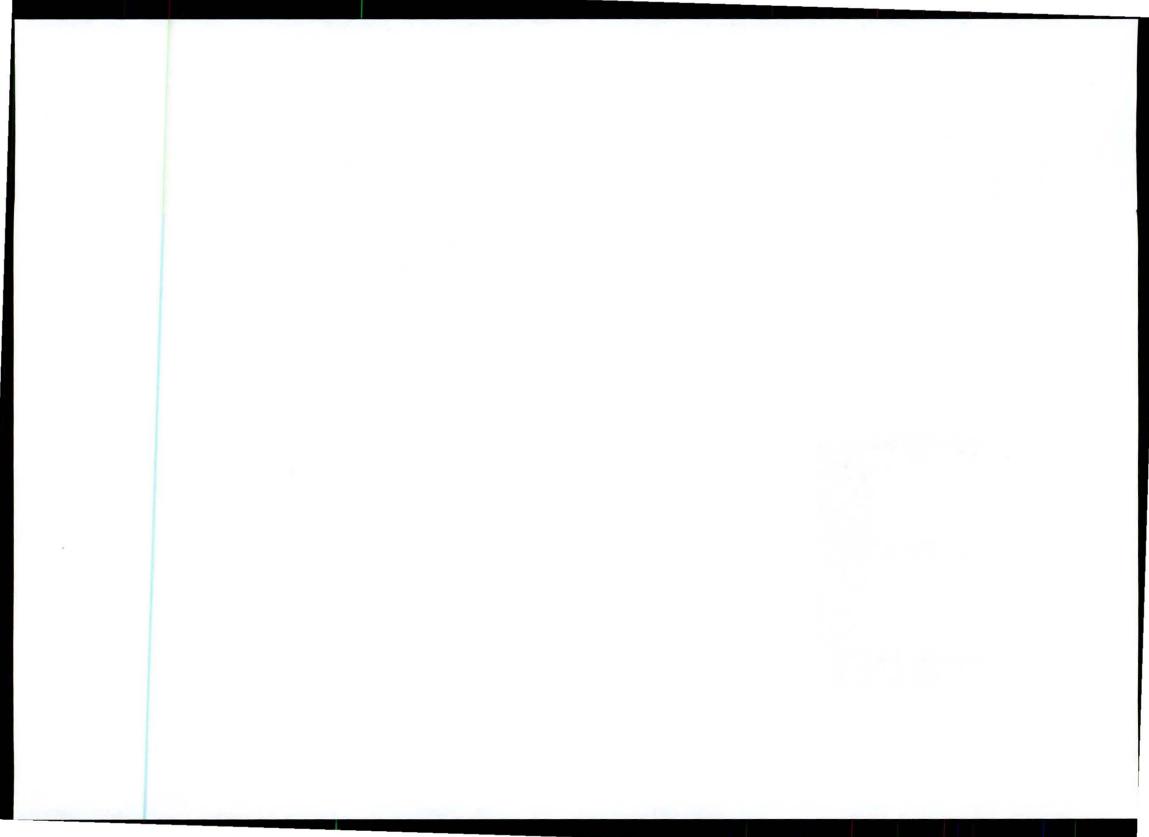
Letters:

Letters were sent via fax to several known affected parties in the area. See Annexure B attached hereto for proof of faxed letters.

These letters contained the following information:

- Notice/Details of the application
- Reason for the project
- Planned production
- · Geology of the area
- Applicants Effect to Section 2(d) and 2(f) of the Minerals and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act 28 of 2002).
- Opportunity to raise concerns or comment on the application.
- Regulation 2(2) Plan

The Department of Mineral Resources (DMR) further indicated that as this application is in conflict with applications received from Shell Exploration Company B.V they must be included in the list of Interested and Affected Parties. As the DMR neglected to provide any contact details for Shell Exploration Company B.V, the DMR was contacted for such details, but the DMR instructed that the Petroleum Agency SA must be contacted to obtain such contact details. After several telephonic and internet inquiries to the Petroleum Agency SA, the only contact details they could provide us with, is a telephone number for Shell Exploration Company B.V in the Netherlands. In this regard a decision was then made to send the details of the application through to the Petroleum Agency SA itself for distribution to the relevant individuals.



The letters were faxed to the following interested or affected parties:

Table 10: Faxed Letters

Individual	Company	Designation/Area	Fax Number
Mr M Hlophekazi	Department of Land Affairs	Office Manager	043 722 1788
Ms B Kikelana	Department of Land Affairs	State Land Unit	043 743 4786
Mr Mayekiso	Department of Traditional Affairs	Rharhabe Region	040 609 5720
Petroleum Agency SA	Shell Exploration Company B.V		021 938 3520

No correspondence regarding the application was received on any of the faxed letters.

Advertisement:

An advertisement was placed in the Daily Dispatch local newspaper informing affected parties of the application. See **Annexure C** attached hereto for proof of the advertisement. The advertisement informed community members of the proposed mining permit application and provided them the opportunity to register as an interested and affected party and raise any concerns or objections regarding the application. No interested or affected parties have responded on the advertisement.

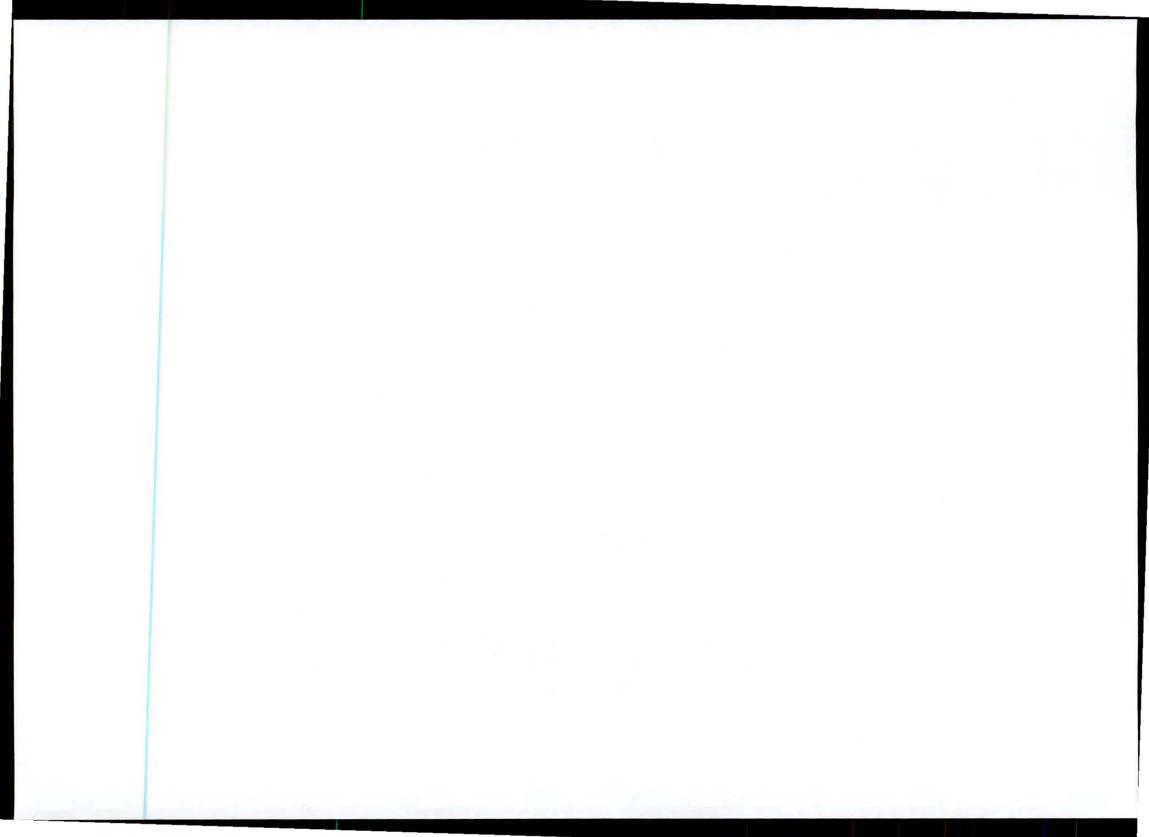
Community Meeting:

A meeting, between the Applicant and a representative of each of the two surrounding communities, to discuss the mining permit application was scheduled for 7 June 2010 but as per request of the community representatives this meeting was postponed to 9:30 on 9 June 2010 at Kei Brick & Tile (Pty) Ltd offices at the Mount Coke Brick Factory. The meeting was attended by the following individuals:

- Mr P Skade Ward Councilor
- Mr T Majalisa Ward Committee
- Ms T Motileni Production Manager Kei Brick
- Mr C Clarke General Manager Kei Brick

The purpose of the meeting was to:

- Notify the community of the application
- Discuss any concerns or comments regarding the application.
- Discuss the applicant's strategy to give effect to Section 2(d) and 2(f) of the MPRDA.

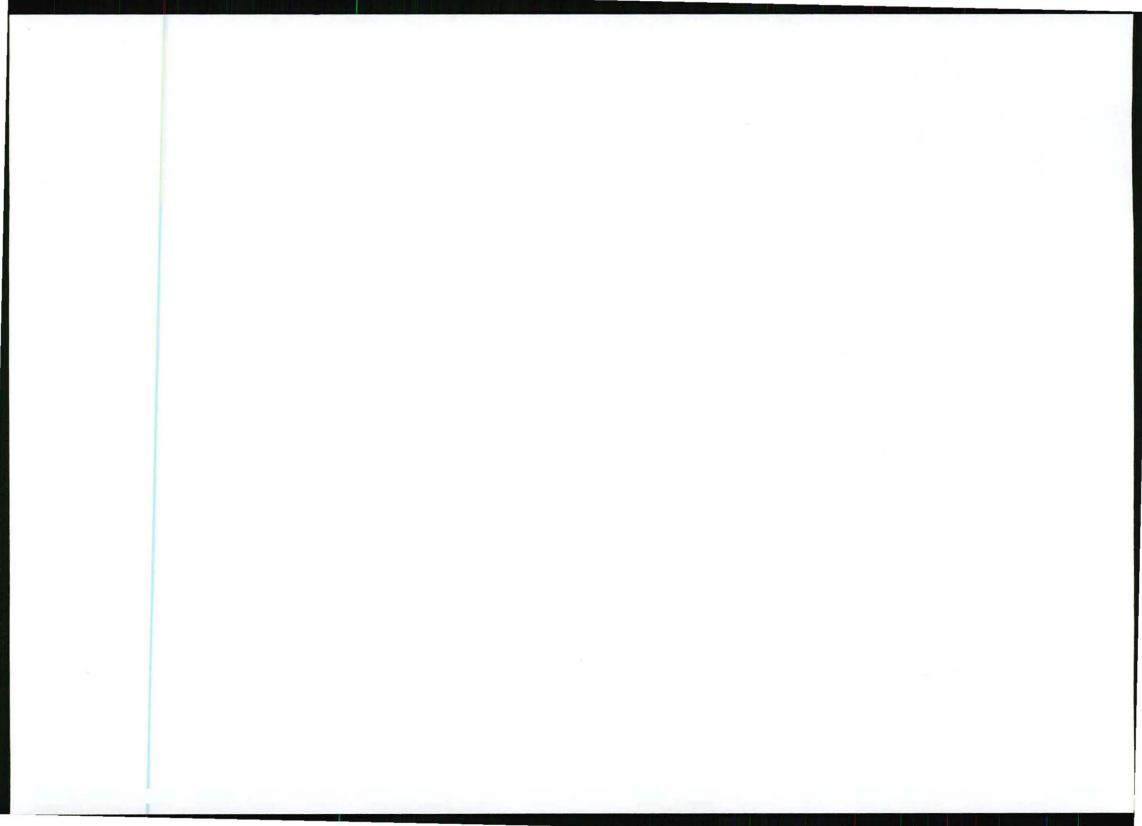


As requested in the meeting by Mr Skade, a site visit was conducted after the meeting. Mr Skade and Mr Mangalisa further undertook to meet with their respective communities and asked that Mr Clarke be available for such meetings.

Thembekile Majaliga as Ward Committee and Chairperson of the Thip-Thip community provided the following feedback:

- . The community will be affected as they use the area for grazing purposes.
- He is also concerned that their cemetery may be affected.

See minutes of the meeting, attendance register and feedback attached hereto in **Annexure D**.



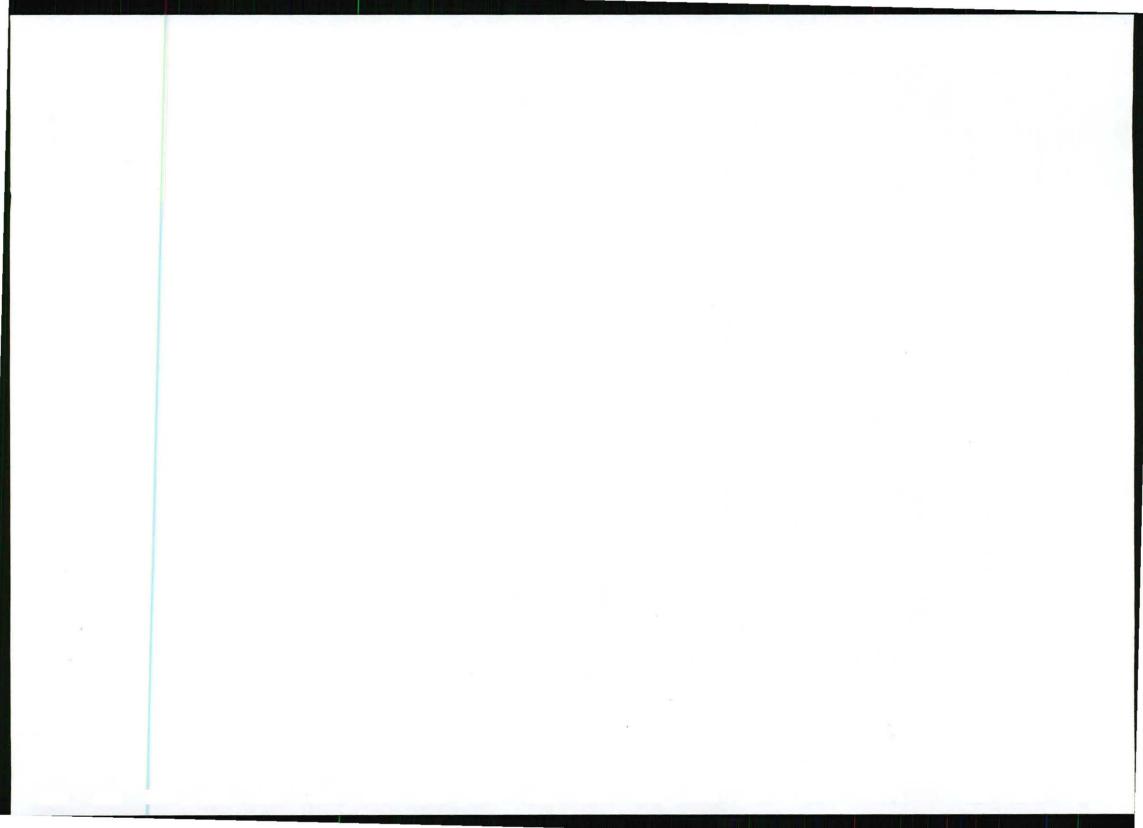
CHAPTER 11 – FINANCIAL PROVISION:

The following table indicates the quantum calculation of financial provision for rehabilitation.

Table 11: Quantum Calculations

		CALCUL	ATION OF T	HE QUANTUM			
	Mine:	Kei Brick and Tile			Location: Date:	Mount Coke	
	Evaluators:	W Riekert		16 Jul		2009	
	Environmental Parameters				T.		
	Risk Class	С					
	Area Sensitivity	Low					
	Nature of Terrain	Rugged					
	Proximity to Urban Area	Remote					
No.	Description	Unit	Quantity	Master rate	Multiplication factor	Weighting factor 1	Amount (rands)
3	Rehabilitation of access roads	m²	500	17.00	1.00	1.20	R 10 200.00
6	Opencast rehabilitation including final voids and ramps	ha	1.50	99 600.00	0.04	1.20	R7 171.20
14	2 to 3 years of maintenance and aftercare	ha	1.55	7 000.00	1.00	1.20	R 13 020.00
					SubTo	tal 1	R 30 391.20
1	Preliminary and General	6.0%	.0% if Subtotal 1 > 100 000 000		Weighting factor 2		
		12.0%	if Subtotal 1	< 100 000 000		1.10	R 4 011.64
7	Contingency	10.0% of Subtotal 1				R 3 039.12	
						SubTotal 2	R 37 441.96
					A	dd Vat (14%)	R 5 241.87
					GF	RAND TOTAL	R 42 683.83

The applicant will provide an amount of R43,000-00 in the form of a guarantee from an approved financial institution when imminent approval is indicated by the DMR.



CHAPTER 12 – UNDERTAKING:

This ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN supersedes all other previously relevant Company policies, procedures, programmes or plans.

OBJECTIVES:

The objectives of this ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN are:

- To provide measures for effective prospecting of state or privately owned minerals as envisaged in the Minerals And Petroleum Resources Development Act (28/2002) and the Regulations;
- To provide measures for effective management of potential impacts, as well as measures to ensure that impacts on the biophysical, socio-economical, and cultural environments are kept to a minimum;
- To provide proof of financial provision for rehabilitation;
- · To ensure the effective concurrent ongoing rehabilitation.

I, Christopher Nigel Clarke, undersigned and duly authorised thereto by Kei Brick and Tile Company (Pty) Ltd undertakes:

- To actively ensure the adherence to the provisions of this ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN;
- To ensure the contents and requirements of this ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN are communicated to employees, where required;
- To promote a safe, effective and environmentally healthy operation;
- . To regularly monitor the implementation of the Plan;
- To submit the prescribed reports to the relevant authorities.

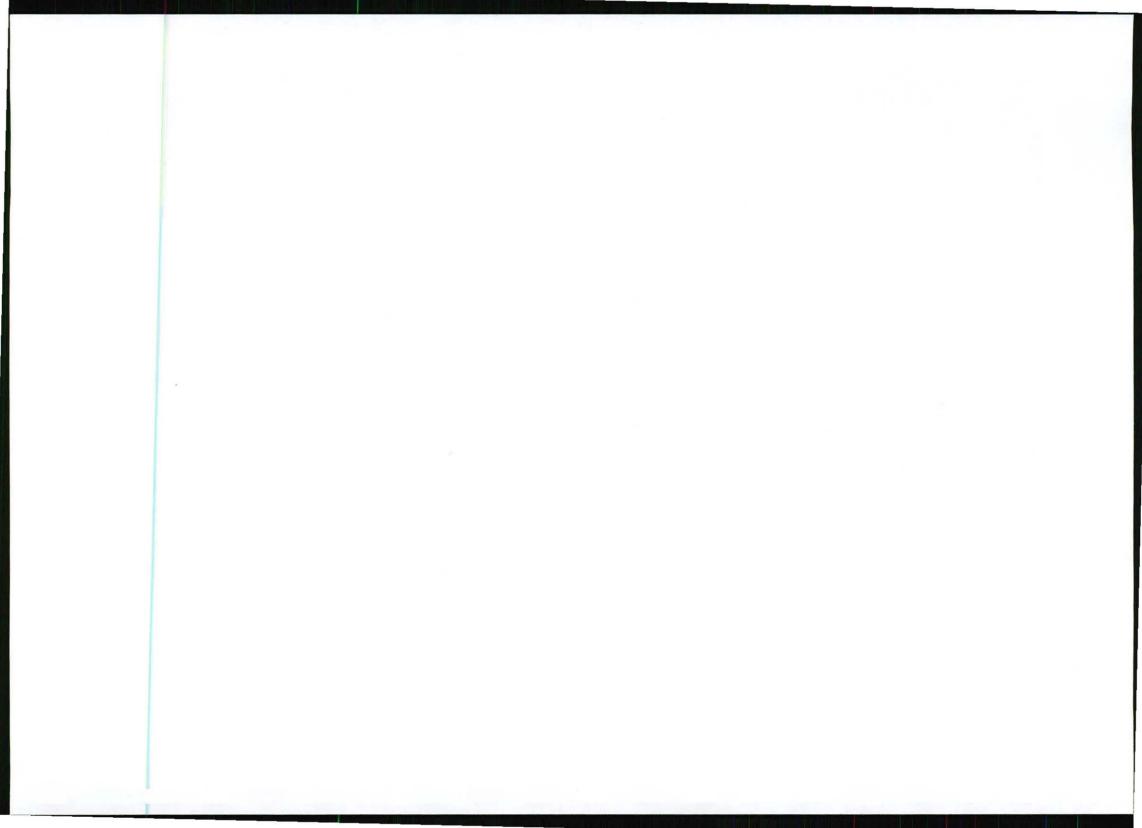
Signed at East Londen on this 6th day of July 2010

Signature of responsible person:

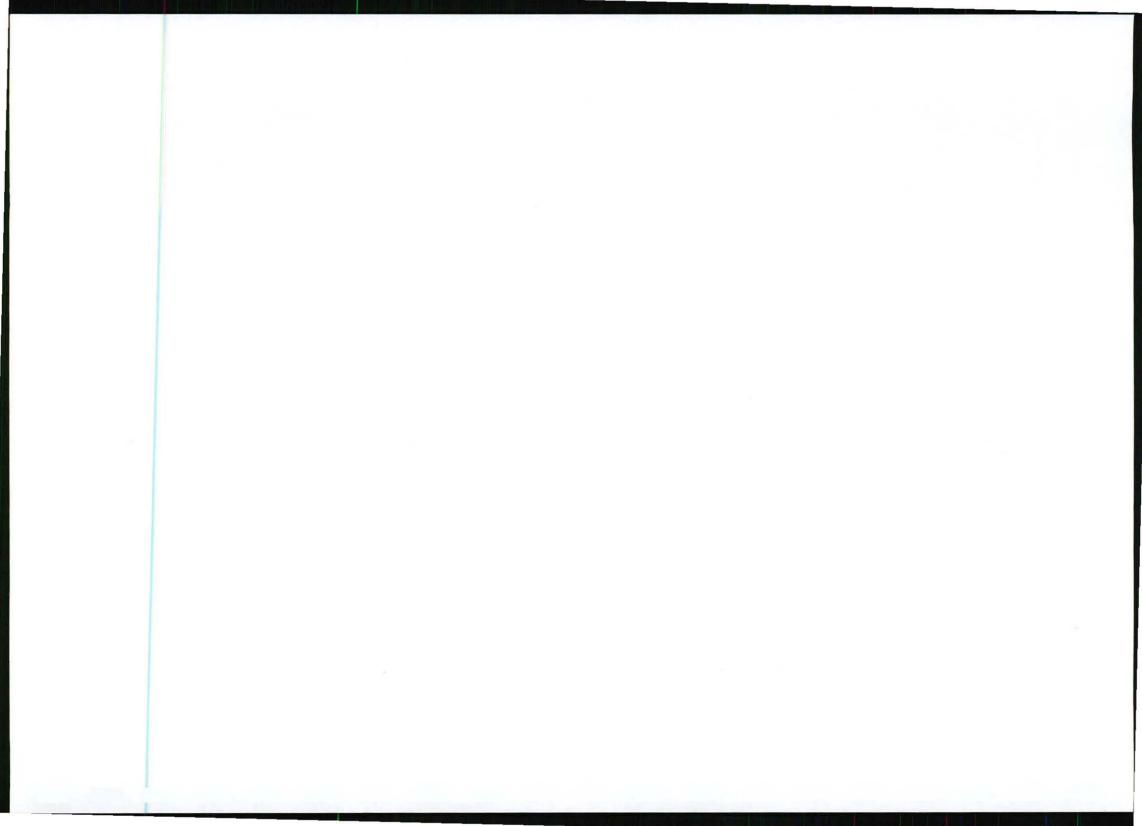
Designation:

Mine Manager

f.r. fl-he



ANNEXURE A - HERITAGE INSPECTION:



A LETTER OF RECOMMENDATION (WITH CONDITIONS) FOR THE EXEMPTION OF A FULL PHASE 1 ARCHAEOLOGICAL HERITAGE IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR THE APPLICATION FOR THE PROPOSED PROSPECTING FOR CLAY ON A PORTION OF FARM 1959, FARM 1960 AND FARM 2179, DIVISION OF KING WILLIAM'S TOWN, EASTERN CAPE PROVINCE

Prepared for: EHS

P.O. Box 13248 Hatfield 0028

Tel: 083 258 2463 / 082 304 8082

Fax: 086 6551899

Contact person: Werner Riekert Email: wernerriekert@gmail.com

Compiled by: Dr Johan Binneman

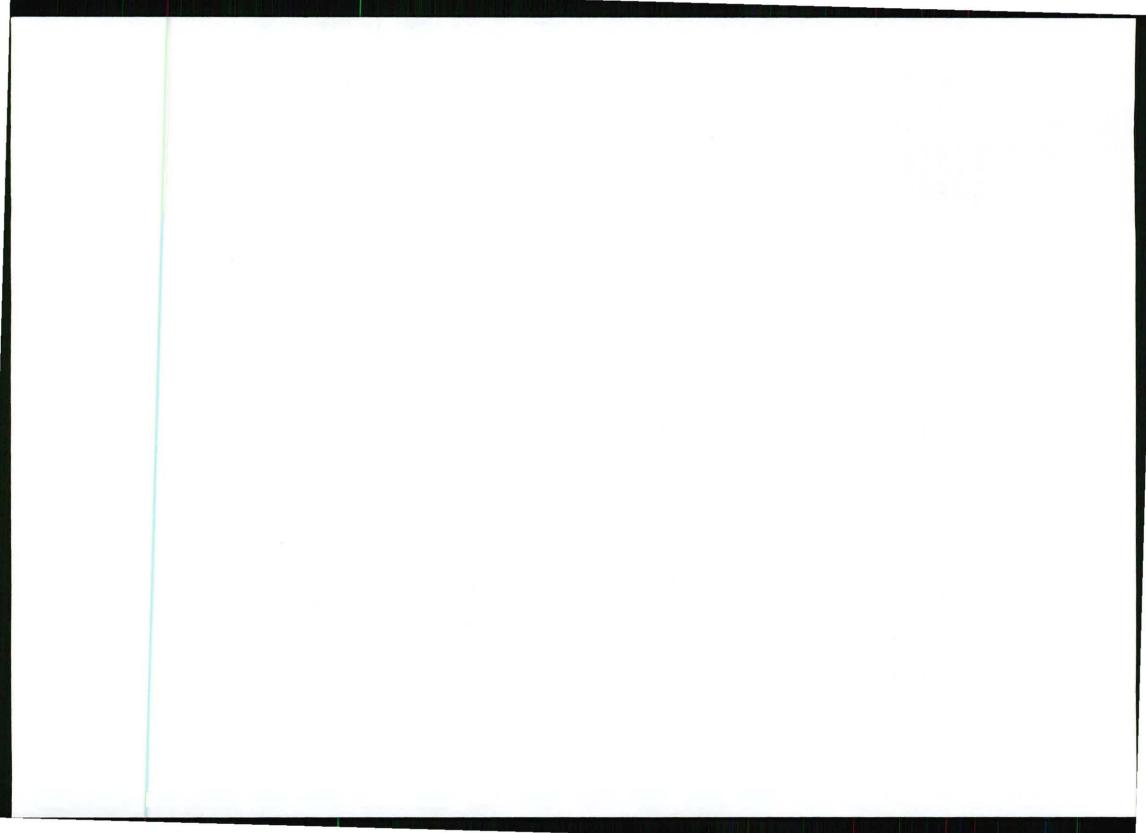
On behalf of: Eastern Cape Heritage Consultants

P.O. Box 689 Jeffrey's Bay 6330

Tel: 042 2960399 Cell: 0728006322

email: kobusreichert@yahoo.com

Date: July 2009



PROJECT INFORMATION

Registration No.: EC 30/5/1/1/2/0154 PR

The type of development

The proposed development includes an application for a prospecting right for clay on an area of approximately 12 ha.

The Developer

Kei Brick and Tile Company (Pty) Ltd

The Consultant

EHS P.O. Box 13248 Hatfield 0028

Tel: 083 258 2463 / 082 304 8082

Fax: 086 6551899

Contact person: Werner Riekert Email: wernerriekert@gmail.com

TERMS OF REFERENCE

The original proposal was to conduct a Phase 1 Archaeological Heritage Impact Assessment of the application for the proposed prospecting for clay on a portion of farm 1959, farm 1960 and farm 2179, Division of King William's Town, Eastern Cape Province; to describe and evaluate the importance of possible archaeological heritage sites, the potential impact of the development and to make recommendations to minimize possible damage to these sites.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

Map: 1:50 000 - 3227CD King William's Town

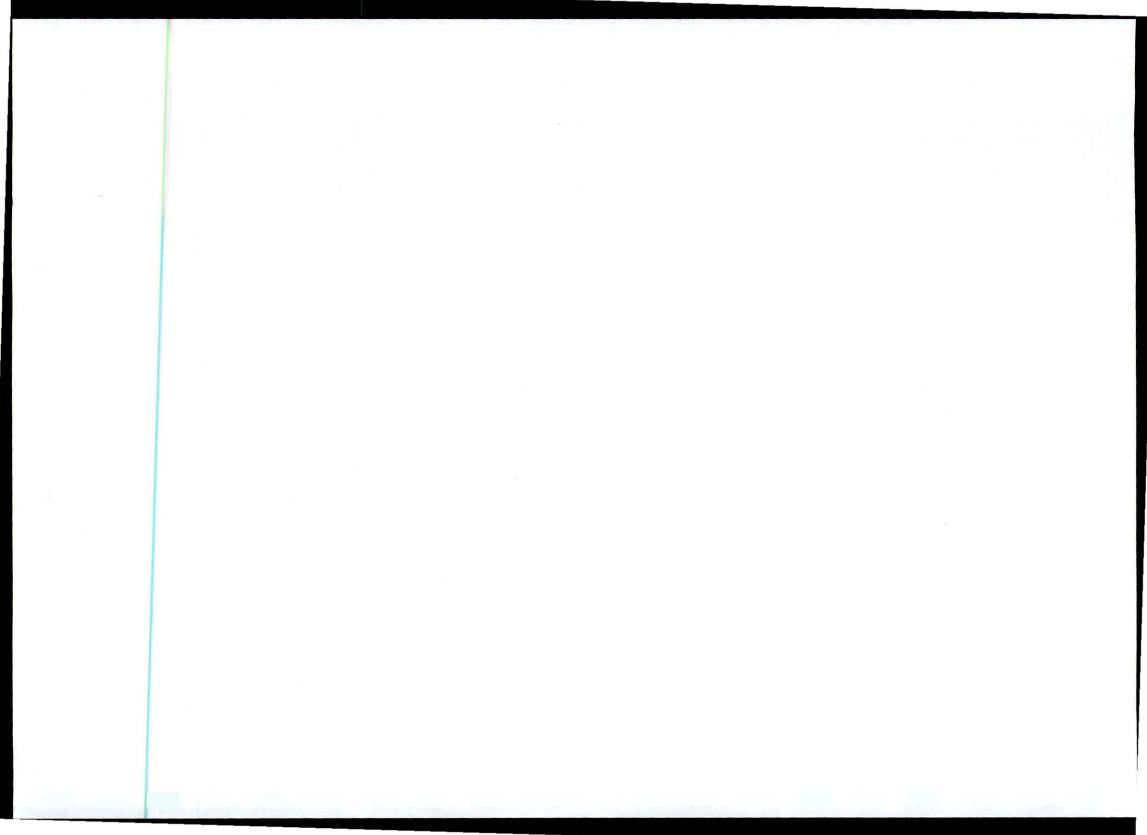
Location data

The proposed area for the prospecting for clay is situated on a portion of farm 1959, farm 1960 and farm 2179, Division of King William's Town, Eastern Cape Province. The area is located east of Mount Coke approximately 20 kilometres south-east of King William's Town next to the R346 main road to East London (Maps 1-2). GPS reading: 32.59.665S; 27.29.074E.

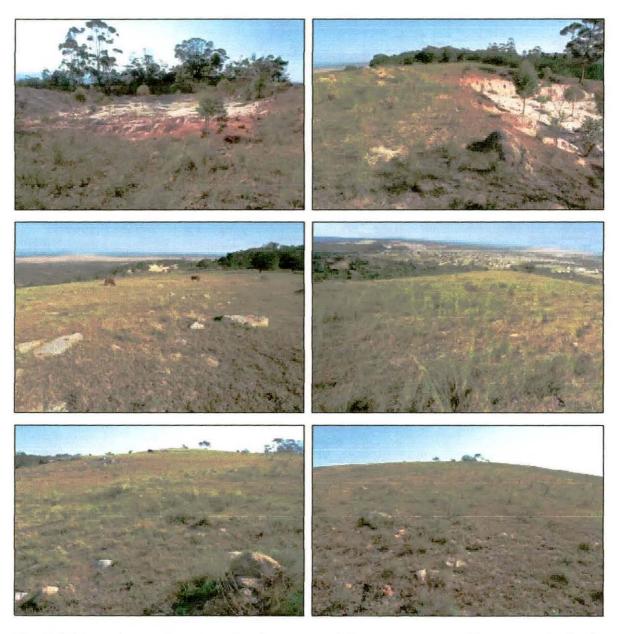
ARCHAEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION

Methodology

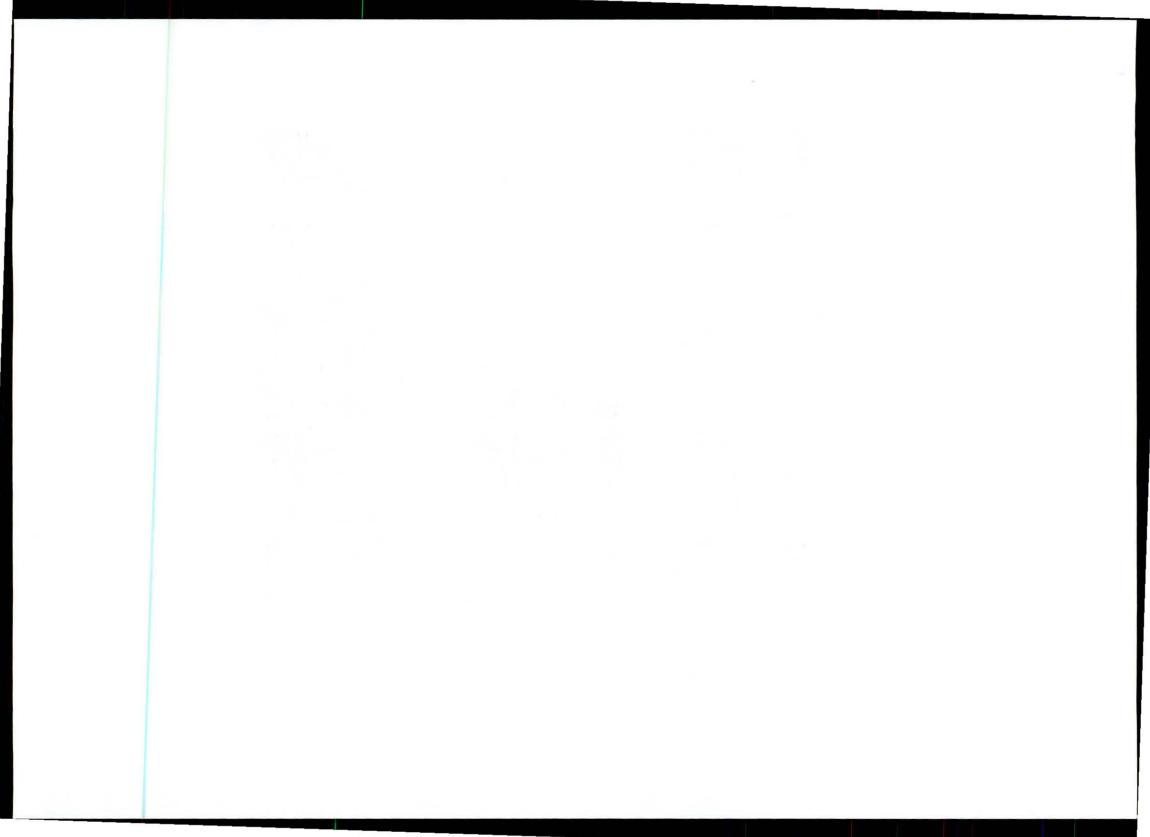
The investigation was conducted by one person on foot. GPS readings were taken with a Garmin Plus II and all important features were digitally recorded. The proposed area for prospecting for clay is situated on a high hill which slopes steeply towards the north, south and east. It is located close to an existing clay mine and there is also a small area mined for clay previously within the new proposed area. A thin layer of grey topsoil and outcrops of surface sandstone/silcrete overlie the clay

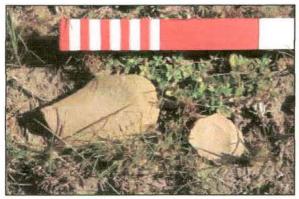


deposit. Low dense grass and other vegetation with patches of small trees and alien wattle trees along the eastern side of the property made it difficult to find archaeological material/sites (Figs 1-6). Occasional silcrete Later and Middle Stone Age stone tools were found on the northern slope of the property (GPS reading: 32.59.650S; 27.29.125E) (Figs 7-8). These stone tools are in secondary context and of little cultural value. The area on the hill top is to small to have attracted Late Mixed Farmer (Late Iron Age) settlements in the past. The gradient of the hill is to steep to allow for hut floors and cattle kraals. In general it would appear unlikely that any archaeological heritage remains of any value will be found *in situ* or of any contextual value will be exposed during the development.



Figs 1-6. Views of a previous clay mine (top row) and the proposed area adjacent to it for further prospecting for clay mining (middle and bottom rows). Note the steep gradients.







Figs 7-8. Examples of the Later and Middle Stone Age stone tools found on the northern slopes of the hill.

Conditions

Although it is unlikely that any archaeological heritage remains of any value will be found *in situ* or of any contextual value, there is always a possibility that human remains and/or other archaeological and historical material may be uncovered during the development. Such material must be reported to the nearest museum, archaeologist or to the South African Heritage Resources Agency (SAHRA) if exposed, so that a systematic and professional investigation can be undertaken. Sufficient time should be allowed to remove/collect such material (See Appendix B for a list of possible archaeological sites that maybe found in the area).

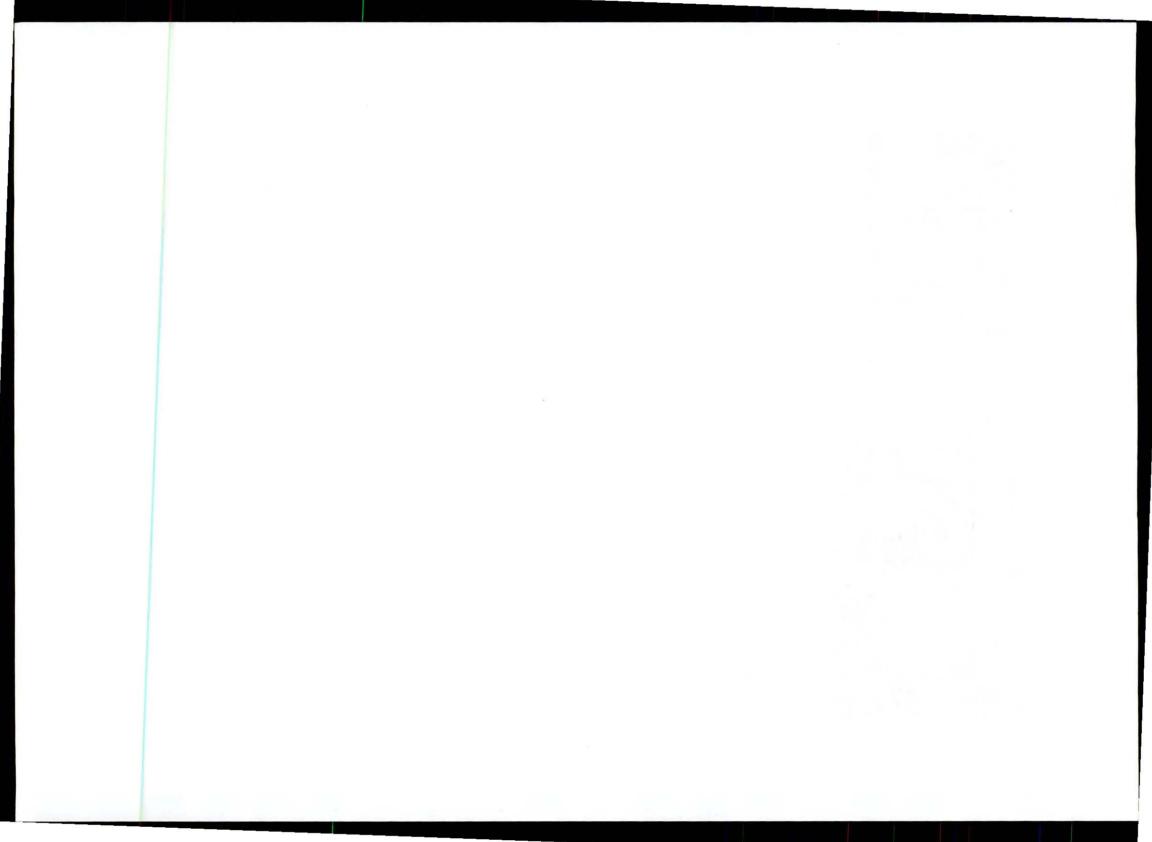
LETTER OF RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that the application for the proposed prospecting for clay on a portion of farm 1959, farm 1960 and farm 2179, Division of King William's Town, Eastern Cape Province, is exempted from a full Phase 1 Archaeological Heritage Impact Assessment. The proposed area for development is of low cultural sensitivity and it is therefore unlikely that any archaeological heritage remains will be found on the property. The proposed development may proceed as planned.

Note: This letter of recommendation **only** exempts the proposed development from a full Phase 1 Archaeological Heritage Impact Assessment, but **not** for other heritage impact assessments.

It must also be clear that this letter of recommendation for exemption of a full Phase 1 archaeological heritage impact assessment will be assessed by the relevant heritage resources authority. The final decision rests with the heritage resources authority, which should give a permit or a formal letter of permission for the destruction of any cultural sites.

The National Heritage Resources Act (Act No. 25 of 1999, section 35) (see Appendix A) requires a full Heritage Impact Assessment (HIA) in order that all heritage resources, that is, all places or objects of aesthetics, architectural, historic, scientific, social, spiritual linguistic or technological value or significance are protected. Thus any assessment should make provision for the protection of all these heritage components, including archaeology, shipwrecks, battlefields, graves, and structures older than 60 years, living heritage, historical settlements, landscapes, geological sites, palaeontological sites and objects.



It must be emphasised that this letter of recommendation for exemption of a full Phase 1 archaeological heritage impact assessment is based on the visibility of archaeological sites/material and may not therefore, reflect the true state of affairs. Sites and material may be covered by soil and vegetation and will only be located once this has been removed. In the unlikely event of such finds being uncovered, (during any phase of construction work), archaeologists must be informed immediately so that they can investigate the importance of the sites and excavate or collect material before it is destroyed (see attached list of possible archaeological sites and material). The *omus* is on the developer to ensure that this agreement is honoured in accordance with the National Heritage Act No. 25 of 1999.

APPENDIX A: brief legislative requirements

Parts of sections 35(4), 36(3) and 38(1) (8) of the National Heritage Resources Act 25 of 1999 apply:

Archaeology, palaeontology and meteorites

- 35 (4) No person may, without a permit issued by the responsible heritage resources authority—
- (a) destroy, damage, excavate, alter, deface or otherwise disturb any archaeological or palaeontological site or any meteorite;
- (b) destroy, damage, excavate, remove from its original position, collect or own any archaeological or palaeontological material or object or any meteorite;
- (d) bring onto or use at an archaeological or palaeontological site any excavation equipment or any equipment which assist in the detection or recovery of metals or archaeological and palaeontological material or objects, or use such equipment for the recovery of meteorites.

Burial grounds and graves

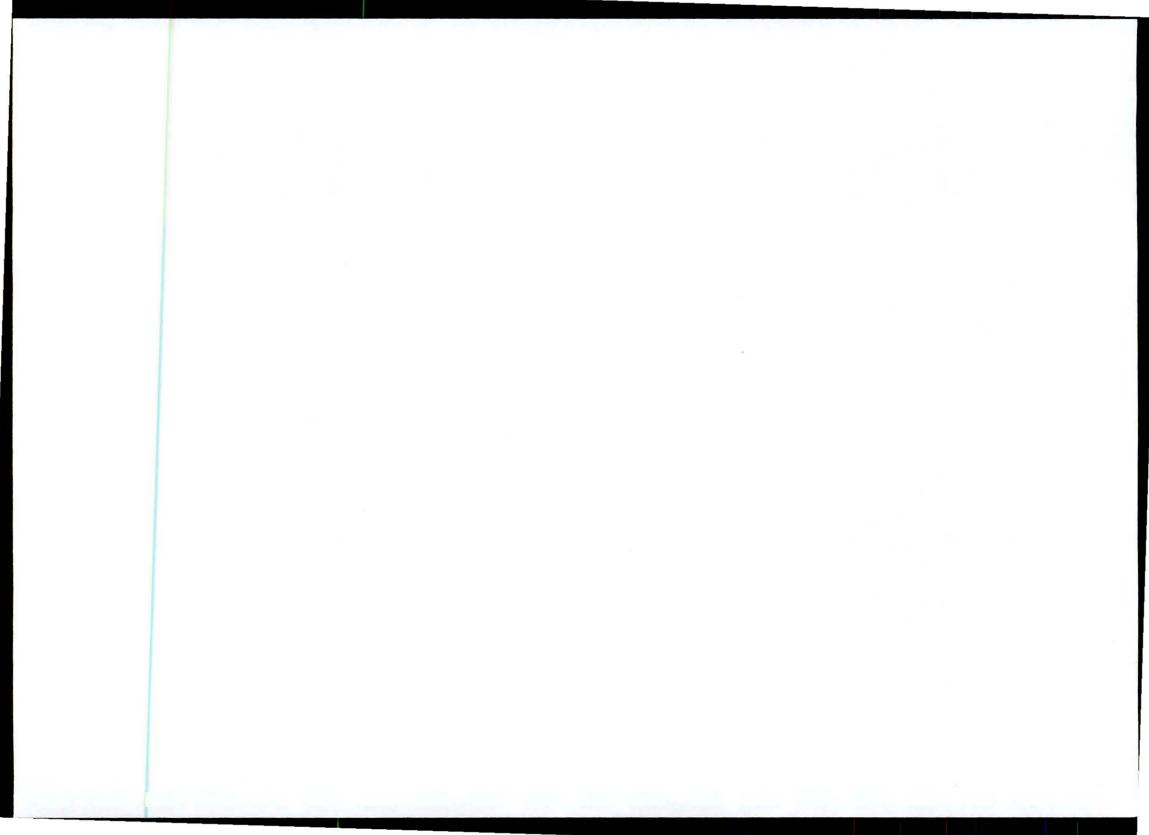
- 36. (3) (a) No person may, without a permit issued by SAHRA or a provincial heritage resources authority—
- (a) destroy, damage, alter, exhume or remove from its original position or otherwise disturb the grave of a victim of conflict, or any burial ground or part thereof which contains such graves;
- (b) destroy, damage, alter, exhume, remove from its original position or otherwise disturb any grave or burial ground older than 60 years which is situated outside a formal cemetery administered by a local authority; or
- (c) bring onto or use at a burial ground or grave referred to in paragraph (a) or (b) any excavation equipment, or any equipment which assists in the detection or recovery of metals.

Heritage resources management

- 38. (1) Subject to the provisions of subsections (7), (8) and (9), any person who intends to undertake a development categorized as –
- (a) the construction of a road, wall, powerline, pipeline, canal or other similar form of linear development or barrier exceeding 300m in length;
- (b) the construction of a bridge or similar structure exceeding 50m in length;



- (c) any development or other activity which will change the character of the site -
 - (i) exceeding 5000m2 in extent, or
 - (ii) involving three or more erven or subdivisions thereof; or
 - (iii) involving three or more erven or divisions thereof which have been consolidated within the past five years; or
 - (iv) the costs of which will exceed a sum set in terms of regulations by SAHRA, or a provincial resources authority;
- (d) the re-zoning of a site exceeding 10 000m² in extent; or
- (e) any other category of development provided for in regulations by SAHRA or a provincial heritage resources authority, must as the very earliest stages of initiating such a development, notify the responsible heritage resources authority and furnish it with details regarding the location, nature and extent of the proposed development.



APPENDIX B: IDENTIFICATION OF ARCHAEOLOGICAL FEATURES AND MATERIAL FROM INLAND AREAS: guidelines and procedures for developers

1. Identification of Iron Age archaeological features and material

- Upper and lower grindstones, broken or complete. Later Iron Age lower and upper grindstones/rubbers will be pitted.
- Circular hollows sunken soil, would indicate storage pits and often associated with grindstones.
- Ash heaps, called middens, with cultural remains and food waste such as bone.
- Khaki green soils would indicate kraal areas.
- Baked clay/soil blocks with or without pole, stick and grass impression marks indicate hut structures.
- Clay/ceramic potsherds, decorated or plain.
- Iron slag and/or blowpipes indicate iron working.
- Human remains may also be associated with khaki green soils.
- Metal objects and ornaments.

2. Human Skeletal material

Human remains, whether the complete remains of an individual buried during the past, or scattered human remains resulting from disturbance of the grave, should be reported. In general the remains are buried in a flexed position on their sides, but are also found buried in a sitting position with a flat stone capping or in ceramic pots. Developers are requested to be on the alert for these features and remains.

3. Fossil bone

Fossil bones may be found embedded in deposit at the sites. Any concentrations of bones, whether fossilized or not, should be reported.

4. Stone artefacts

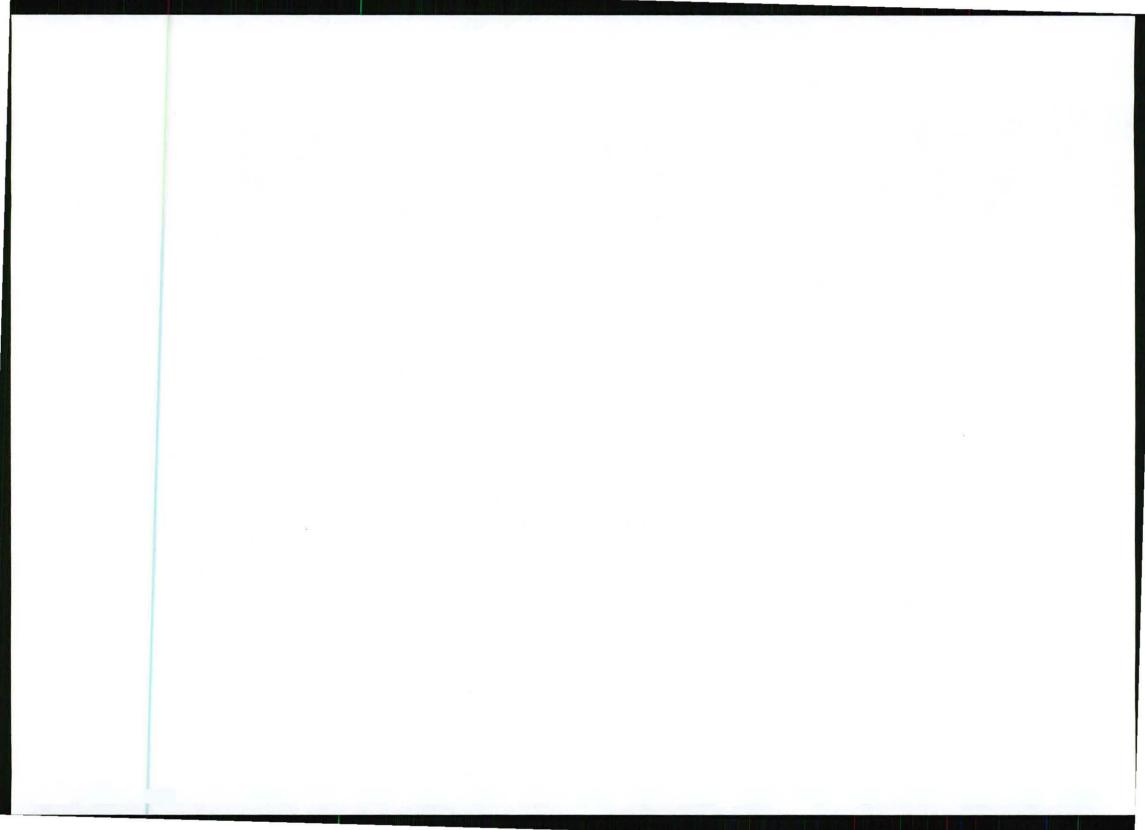
These are difficult for the layman to identify. However, large accumulations of flaked stones which do not appear to have been distributed naturally should be reported. If the stone tools are associated with bone remains, development should be halted immediately and archaeologists notified.

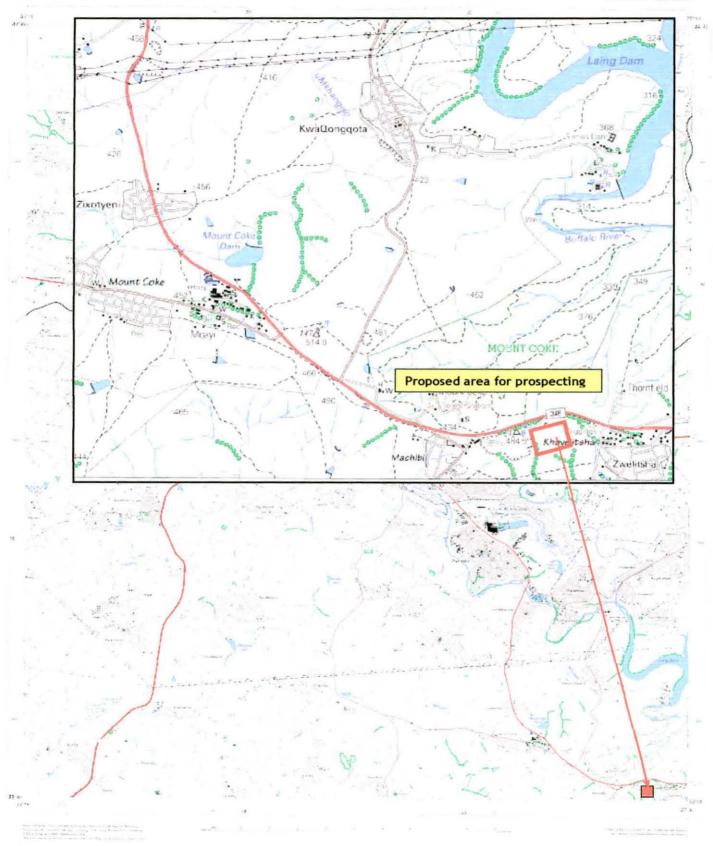
5. Large stone features

They come in different forms and sizes, but are easy to identify. The most common are roughly circular stone walls (mostly collapsed) and may represent stock enclosures, remains of wind breaks or cooking shelters. Others consist of large piles of stones of different sizes and heights and are known as *isisivane*. They are usually near river and mountain crossings. Their purpose and meaning is not fully understood, however, some are thought to represent burial cairns while others may have symbolic value.

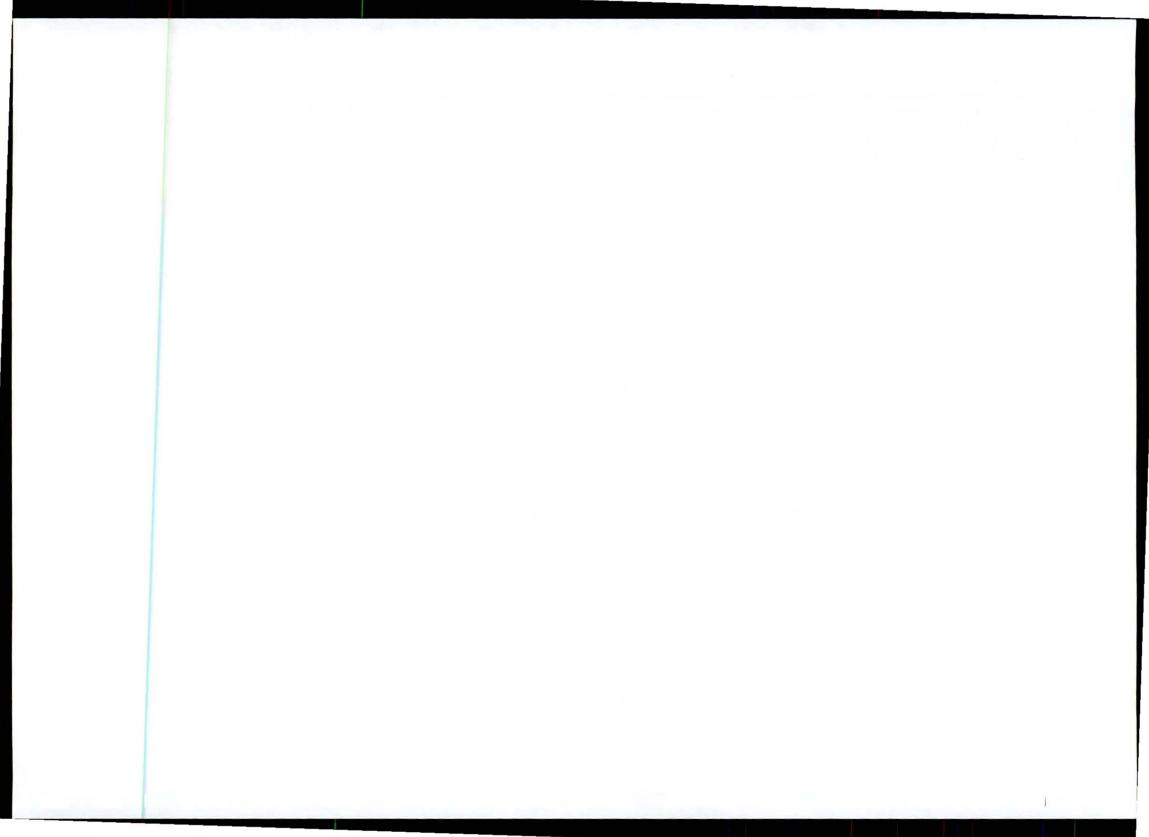
6. Historical artefacts or features

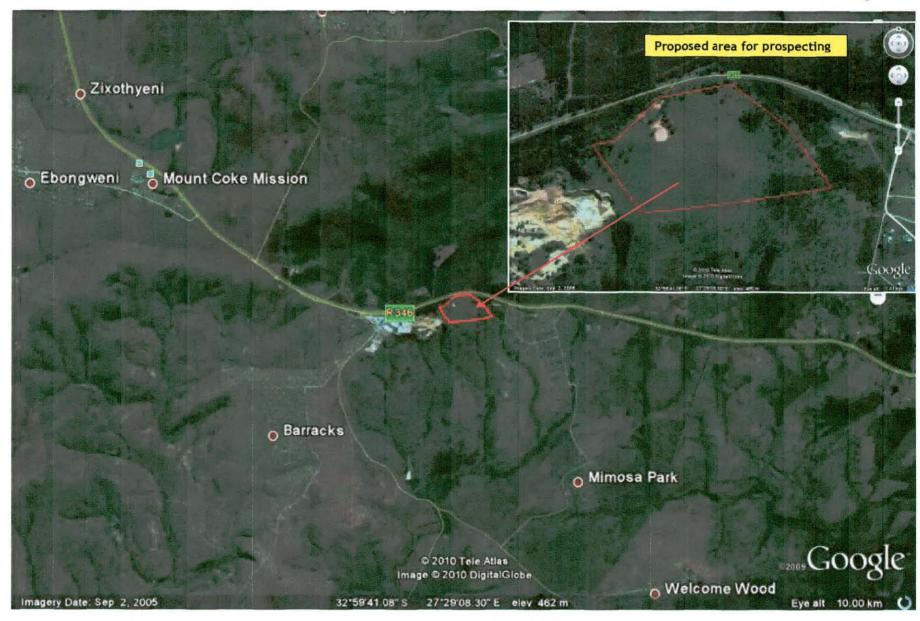
These are easy to identified and include foundations of buildings or other construction features and items from domestic and military activities.





Map 1. 1:50 000 maps indicating the location of the proposed area for prospecting.





Map 2. Aerial views of the location of the proposed area for prospecting (maps courtesy EHS).



ANNEXURE B - LETTERS:



Send Result Report



Firmware Version 2GM_2000.004.008 2005.12.16

Job No.: 3825

Total Time: 0'00'45"

Page: 4

Completed

Document Name: doc03062010132234



Dew Dasigns QC Trasing As

Reg No. 2002/075423/23

Vis Bahlekde Kikelana:

NOTICE OF PROPOSED MINING ACTIVITIES BY KEI BRICK AND TILE COMPANY IP LTD ON A PORTION OF FARM 1959 AND FARM 1960, DIVISION OF KING WILLIA TOWN FASTERN CAPE (REF EC 30/5/1/2/3/2/0441 MP)

Dear Wadam

Notice is indirectly given that an application for a mining permit in terms of section 27 at Mineral and Pennieum Resources Act (Act 26 of 2002), hereinafter referred to as VPRDA has been accepted by the Department of Mineral Resources (DMR). Kell Brick's Till Company (Pty) Ltd. here hafter referred to as "the Applicant", "odged an application for in rung parmit for the mining of play for brick making purposes on an area of 1,5ha

No.	Date and Time	Destination	Times	Result	Resolution/ECM
4	10/9/10/1973	FE2743478E	0,00.42,	OK	200×100 Normal/On







Dew Designs CC Trading As

EHS

Reg No: 2002/075423/23

Tel. Fax 083 258 2463 / 082 304 8082

086 655 1899

wernemekert@gmail.com [acquesengels@gmail.com PO Box 13248 Hatfield 0028

Ms Bahlekile Kikelana:

NOTICE OF PROPOSED MINING ACTIVITIES BY KEI BRICK AND TILE COMPANY (PTY) LTD ON A PORTION OF FARM 1959 AND FARM 1960, DIVISION OF KING WILLIAMS TOWN, EASTERN CAPE (REF EC 30/5/1/2/3/2/0441 MP)

Dear Madam:

Notice is hereby given that an application for a mining permit in terms of section 27 of the Minerals and Petroleum Resources Act (Act 28 of 2002), hereinafter referred to as the MPRDA, has been accepted by the Department of Mineral Resources (DMR). Kei Brick and Tile Company (Pty) Ltd, hereinafter referred to as "the Applicant", lodged an application for a mining permit for the mining of clay for brick making purposes on an area of 1,5ha.

The applicant is a well established company and known in the community surrounding Mount Coke for more than 20 years. It is important to note that the brick factory at Mount Coke obtains different types of clay from each of the clay quarries in the region, and is therefore operated separately from the said quarries. Due to the fact that the existing quarry at the Mount Coke factory is running out of reserves, a new source of clay must be secured.

The annual volume of clay needed by the Mount Coke Operation is approximately 48,000m³. Due to the fact that such a low production rate (4,000m³ per month) from the mining area is impractical, the applicant has opted to appoint a contractor who will only conduct mining activities during one quarter of each year.

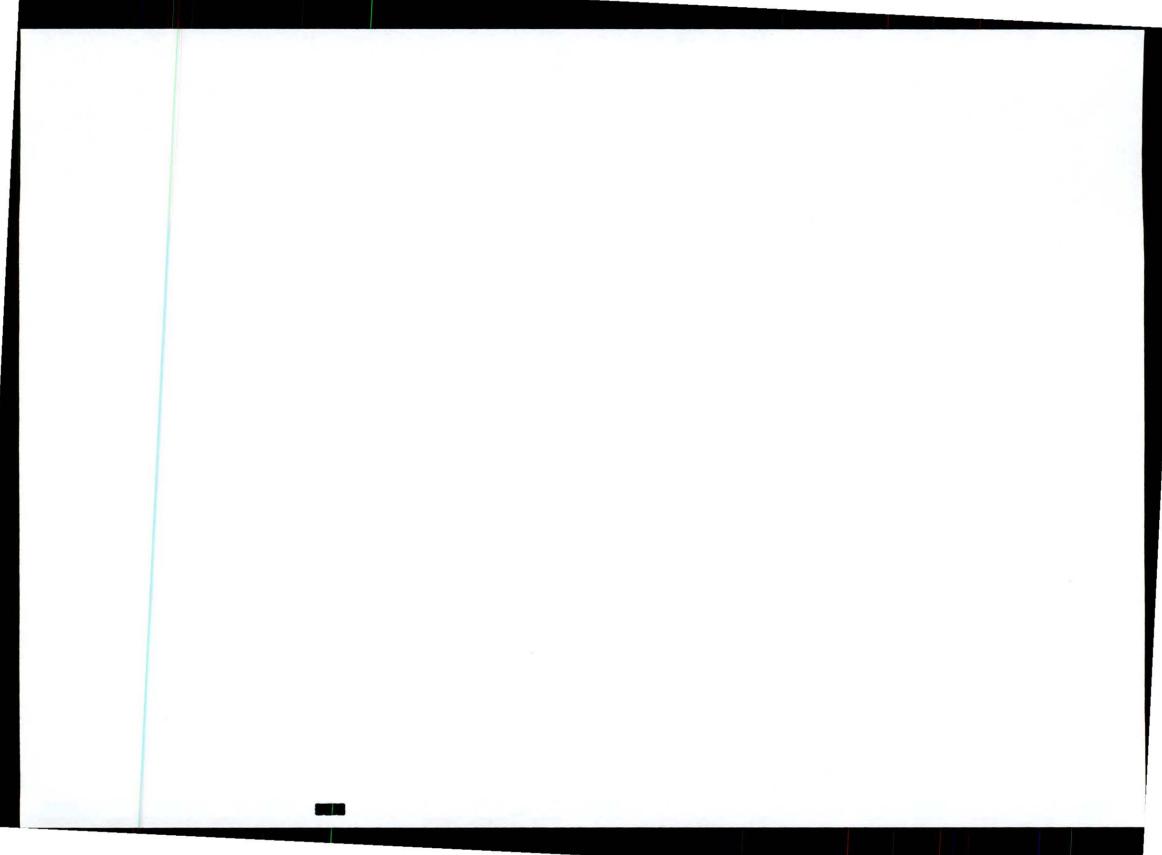
The contractor will deliver approximately 16,000m³ of clay to the factory for a period of only three months during the first year, with no mining activities during the rest of the year.

The mining permit area is approximately 16.4 km, south south-east of King Williams Town, Eastern Cape Province, Republic of South Africa. The area is situated to the immediate east of the Applicant's brick yard adjacent to the R346 roadway.

The project area is underlain by sandstone and grey to red mudstone of the Middleton Formation, Adelaide Subgroup, Beaufort Group, Karoo Supergroup. Younger Jurassic dolerite outcrops to the north of the project area. The weathered profile of the grey and red mudstone (clay) is suitable for the production of clay bricks.

The thickness of the clay underlying the mining permit area is estimated at 12 meters based on observations made from diamond drill holes drilled on the adjacent Kei Brick property during 2008.

The local community that resides around the application area is extremely poor, and benefits very little from any economic activities that take place. In the light of the poverty in the area and the fact that the applicant strives to give effect to section 2(d) and 2(f) of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act 28 of 2002), a decision was made to contribute towards poverty eradication in the said community.



In the light of the above, this application budgets for R10-00 per m³ of clay mined, which will be paid to the local community as a form of mineral compensation. This will amount to approximately R160,000-00 annually, which will be applied towards poverty eradication. The mine will enter into negotiations with the local community representatives to determine the best way to apply these funds.

The DMR further requires that a community resolution be obtained in conjunction with the Departments of Land and Traditional Affairs Could you please assist us in this regard.

As a potential affected party you are afforded an opportunity to raise concerns and comment of the proposed mining activities. You are hereby requested to provide your name, contact details and a detailed description of how you may be affected by this activity in writing no later than Monday 14 June 2010. The form attached hereto can be used for any feedback you may have.

I trust you find this to be in order. Should you have any further enquiries, please contact the writer at:

wernerriekert@gmail.com

Fax: 086 655 1899

Yours faithfully,

Werner Riekert 1 June 2010



Name and designation (if acting in a representative capacity)	
Which property / properties do you own in the area?	
Which activities do you conduct that may be affected by mining in the area?	
How do you believe you will be affected by the mining activities?	
Any other comments?	
I hereby acknowledge receipt of the above-mentioned area, and wish to	e letter informing me of the applicant's intention to mine the register as an affected party.
Signature	Date



REGULATION 2(2) PLAN



EASTERN CAPEREGION

DESCRIPTION OF THE LAND CNOT R APPLICATION FOR A MINING PERMIT Pre-figure ARE Disappears portions of Parist 1950 and Parist Circle (exceedtics SOCTIA)

111.7

STATE OF

	-4	2
3	-45129354	-3652224 797
15	-15270.113	3652175 494
1	~15303.514	3652267 361
33	45173 500	3652319 700
(4)	-48129 JSN	46/02/24 767

PLAN PREPARED IN TERMS OF REGITATION 2(2) OF THE MINERALS AND PETROLEUM RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT ACT, 2002 (ACT 28 OF 2002) MINING PERMIT ON PORTIONS OF FARM 1959 AND FARM 1960, MAGISTERIAL DISTRICT OF BAFFALO CITY



PLAN APPROVED

Signature
Regional Manager Festern's ape Region
Department Mangals and Energy
Date

Signature Hidder of Manag Permit Mr. J. Carr Disasso: Managing Date:

Segnature: Frenties by Plate MSt Date

Signature Mining Triles Office Date:

Segnature Compiler (PrSciNal, SEOSSA, MR) Date WSeptember 2004

A STATE OF S







 Mo.
 Date and Time
 Destination
 Description/EQM

 No.
 Date and Time
 Destination

 No.
 250x105 hormation

a annual volume of day needed by the Mount Coke Operation is approximately 48 000m ello (ne fact that such a low production rate (4,000m per month) from the mining area is practical, the applicant has opted to appoint a contractor who will only conduct mining livitles during one quarter of each year.

e contractor will deliver approximately 16,000m³ of day to the factory for a delical of day, ea months during the first year, with no mining activities during the rest of the year.

e mining permit area is approximately 16.4 km, south south-east of King Williams. Townstein Cape Province, Republic of South Africa. The area is situated to the immediate cast the Applicant's brick yard adjacent to the R346 roadway.

o project area is undertain by sandstone and grey to red mudstone of the Middleton imation. Abelaide Subgroup, Beaufort Group, Karoo Supergroup. Younger Jurassic enterputorous to the north of the project area. The weathered profile of the grey and as lostone (clay) is suitable for the production of clay bricks.

a thickness of the clay underlying the mining permit area is estimated at 12 meters based observations made from diamond drill holes drilled on the adjacent Kei Brick propertying 2008.

e local community that resides around the application area is extremely poor and benefits y little from any economic activities that take place. In the light of the poverty in the area i the fact that the applicant strives to give affect to section 2(d) and 2(f) of the Minutal and troloum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act 28 of 2002), a decision was made to itribute towards poverty eradication in the said community.

Document Name:

Completed

Page: 4

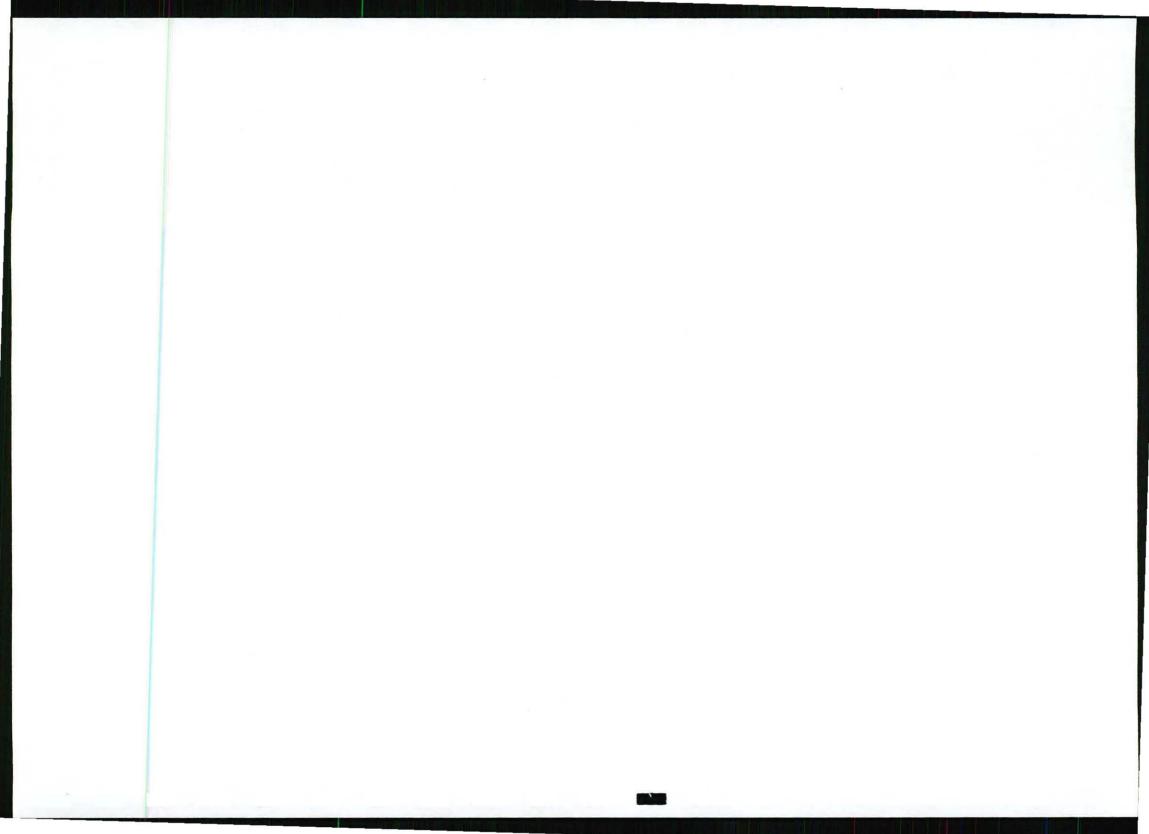
"84'00'0 smiTistoT

asse LaNdat.

Firmware Version 2GM_2000.004.008 2005.12.16



Send Result Report





Dew Designs CC Trading As

EHS

Reg No: 2002/075423/23

Tel. Fax Email 083 258 2463 / 082 304 8082

086 655 1899

wernerriekert@gmail.com jacquesengels@gmail.com PO Box 13248 Hatfield 0028

Mr Mayekiso:

NOTICE OF PROPOSED MINING ACTIVITIES BY KEI BRICK AND TILE COMPANY (PTY) LTD ON A PORTION OF FARM 1959 AND FARM 1960, DIVISION OF KING WILLIAMS TOWN, EASTERN CAPE (REF EC 30/5/1/2/3/2/0441 MP)

Dear Sir:

Notice is hereby given that an application for a mining permit in terms of section 27 of the Minerals and Petroleum Resources Act (Act 28 of 2002), hereinafter referred to as the MPRDA, has been accepted by the Department of Mineral Resources (DMR). Kei Brick and Tile Company (Pty) Ltd, hereinafter referred to as "the Applicant", lodged an application for a mining permit for the mining of clay for brick making purposes on an area of 1,5ha.

The applicant is a well established company and known in the community surrounding Mount Coke for more than 20 years. It is important to note that the brick factory at Mount Coke obtains different types of clay from each of the clay quarries in the region, and is therefore operated separately from the said quarries. Due to the fact that the existing quarry at the Mount Coke factory is running out of reserves, a new source of clay must be secured.

The annual volume of clay needed by the Mount Coke Operation is approximately 48,000m³. Due to the fact that such a low production rate (4,000m³ per month) from the mining area is impractical, the applicant has opted to appoint a contractor who will only conduct mining activities during one quarter of each year.

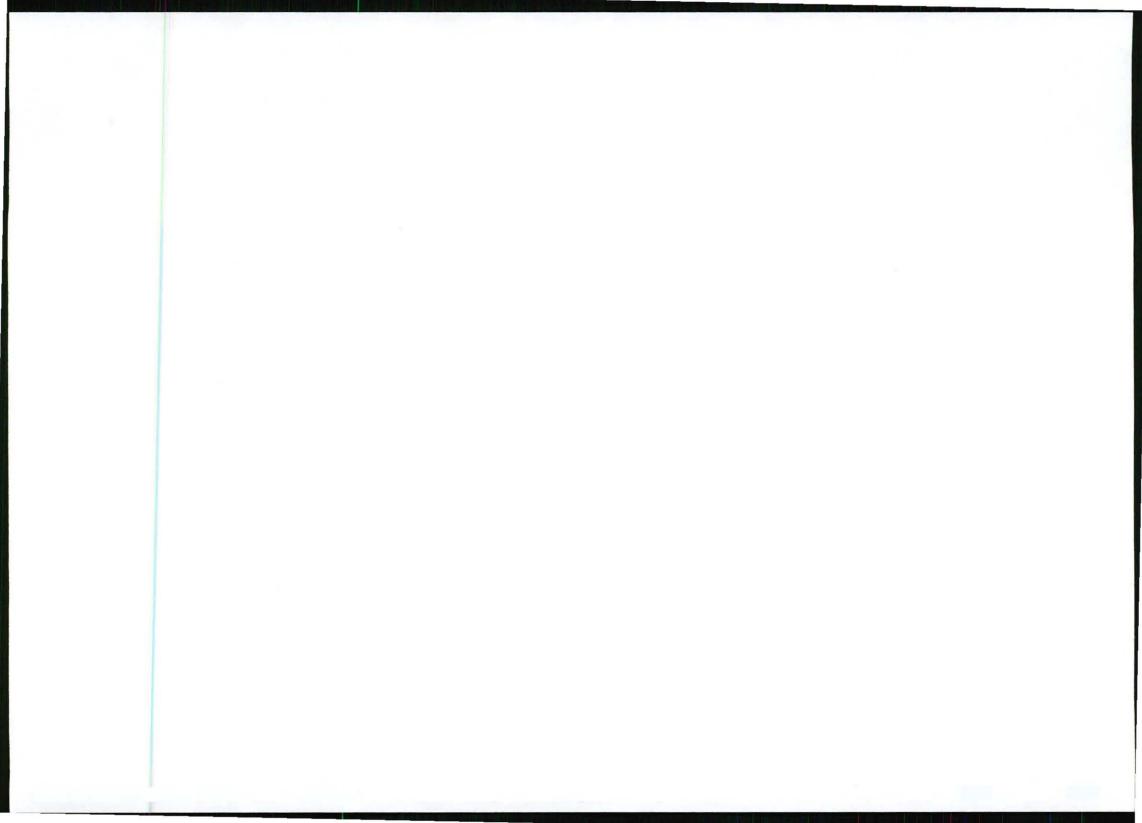
The contractor will deliver approximately 16,000m³ of clay to the factory for a period of only three months during the first year, with no mining activities during the rest of the year.

The mining permit area is approximately 16.4 km, south south-east of King Williams Town, Eastern Cape Province, Republic of South Africa. The area is situated to the immediate east of the Applicant's brick yard adjacent to the R346 roadway.

The project area is underlain by sandstone and grey to red mudstone of the Middleton Formation, Adelaide Subgroup, Beaufort Group, Karoo Supergroup. Younger Jurassic dolerite outcrops to the north of the project area. The weathered profile of the grey and red mudstone (clay) is suitable for the production of clay bricks.

The thickness of the clay underlying the mining permit area is estimated at 12 meters based on observations made from diamond drill holes drilled on the adjacent Kei Brick property during 2008.

The local community that resides around the application area is extremely poor, and benefits very little from any economic activities that take place. In the light of the poverty in the area and the fact that the applicant strives to give effect to section 2(d) and 2(f) of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act 28 of 2002), a decision was made to contribute towards poverty eradication in the said community.



In the light of the above, this application budgets for R10-00 per m³ of clay mined, which will be paid to the local community as a form of mineral compensation. This will amount to approximately R160,000-00 annually, which will be applied towards poverty eradication. The mine will enter into negotiations with the local community representatives to determine the best way to apply these funds.

The DMR further requires that a community resolution be obtained in conjunction with the Departments of Land and Traditional Affairs. Could you please assist us in this regard.

As a potential affected party you are afforded an opportunity to raise concerns and comment of the proposed mining activities. You are hereby requested to provide your name, contact details and a detailed description of how you may be affected by this activity in writing no later than **Monday 14 June 2010**. The form attached hereto can be used for any feedback you may have.

I trust you find this to be in order. Should you have any further enquiries, please contact the writer at:

wernerriekert@gmail.com

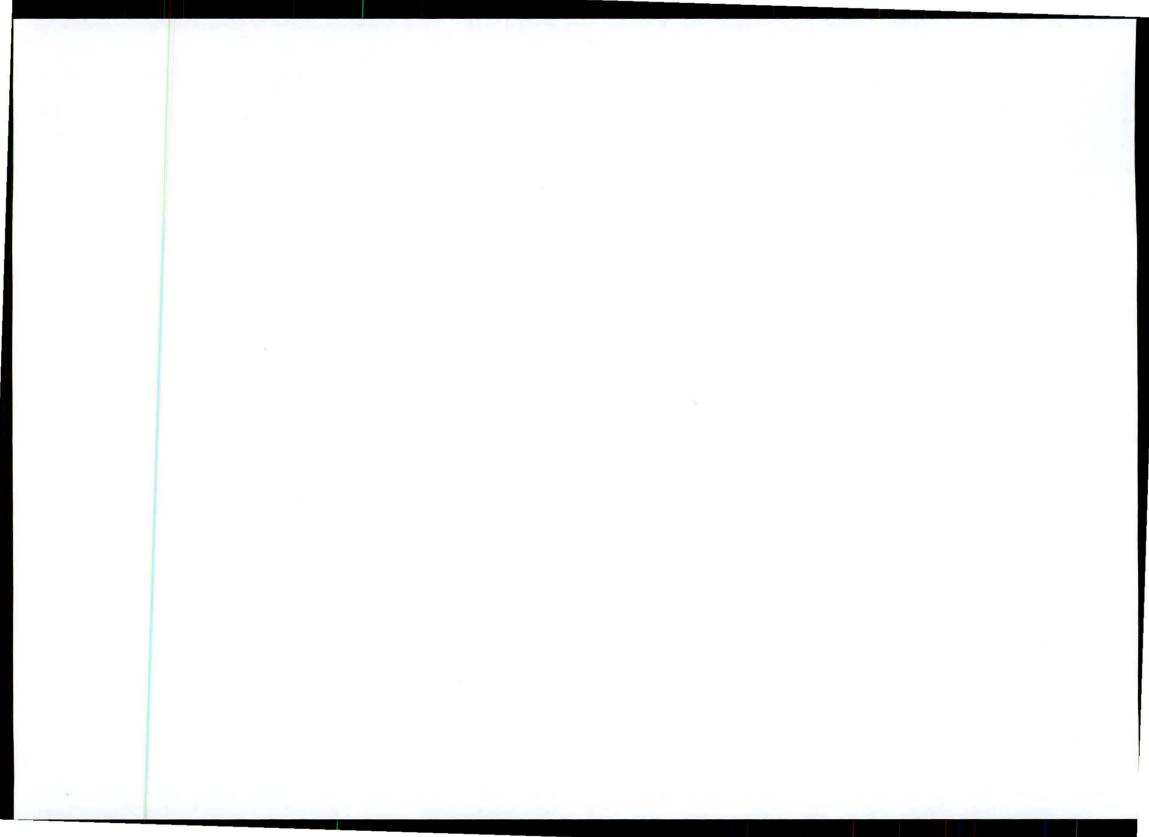
Fax: 086 655 1899

Yours faithfully,

Werner Riekert 1 June 2010



Signature	Date
I hereby acknowledge receipt of the letter above-mentioned area, and wish to regis	er informing me of the applicant's intention to mine the ster as an affected party.
Any other comments?	
affected by the mining activities?	
How do you believe you will be	
Which activities do you conduct that may be affected by mining in the area?	
you own in the area?	
Which property / properties do	
Name and designation (if acting in a representative capacity):	



REGULATION 2(2) PLAN



EASTERN CAPEREGION

DESCRIPTION OF THE TANDENING APPER REALIST THE ATTOM FOR A MINING PERMIT. THE figure ARE DESCRIPTION PORTION OF FAMILIES AND THE PROPERTY OF THE ATTOM OF T

1.67.35

William St.

	1.	2
A	-451.20 45×	- 8651221797
13	-48270 812	3632173,494
	-P301511	3052267 463
D.	485103 500	bps 24 in 77m
B	49129 358	3(52224.797

PLAN PREPARED IN TERMS OF REGULATION 2(2) OF THE MINERALS AND PETROLEUM RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT ACT, 2002 (ACT 28 OF 2002) MINING PERMIT ON PORTIONS OF FARM 1959 AND FARM 1960, MAGISTERIAL DISTRICT OF BAFFALO CITY



PLAN APPROVED

September Regional Manager Pastern Cape Region Department Materials and Energy Date.

Statistics of Mining Period Me I' Carr De She Managa Dok

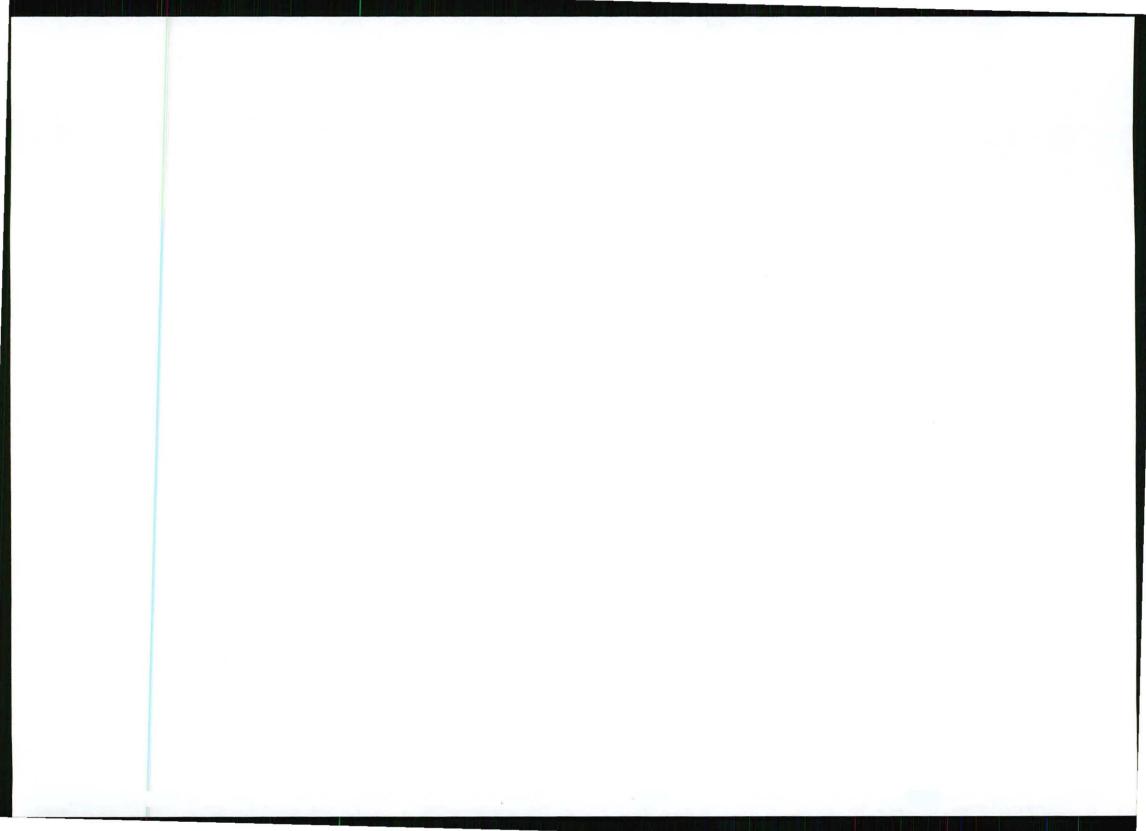
Signature Condicat by Philo MSI

Standard Mining Titles Office Dans:

Signature Compiler (PriceNa, MOSSA, MIQ) Date 9 September 2009

And the second of the second o







nOlismioN 001x00S

XO

0,01.51

043722*738

25, 21 (11.8) 27

Resolution/ECM

Result

Times

Destination

Date and Time

ON

e annual volume of clay needed by the Mount Coke Operation is approximately 45 000m³ of to the fact that such a lew production rate (4,000m³ per month) from the mining area is practical, the applicant has opted to appoint a contractor who will only conquet mining twittes during one quarter of each year

e contractor will deliver approximately 16,000m² of day to the factory for a period of only go months during the first year, with no mining activities during the rest of the year.

e minang permit area is approximately 16.4 km, south south-east of King Williams Town stem Cape Province, Republic of South Africa. The area is situated to the immediate east the Applicant's brick yard adjacent to the R346 roadway.

e project area is underlain by sandstone and gray to red muditione of the Middlefold middlefold. Adelaide Subgroup, Beaufort Group, Karoo Supergroup. Younger Jurishid enterputorops to the morth of the project area. The weathered profile of the gray and redictione (clay) is suitable for the production of clay pricks.

a thickness of the clay underlying the mining permit area is estimated at 12 meters passed opservations made from diamond drill holes drilled on the adjacent Keil Erick property ring 2008.

e local community that resides around the application area is extremely poor, and benefits y little from any economic activities that take place. In the light of the poverty is the area of the fact that the applicant strives to give effect to section 2(d) and 2(f) of the Mineral and trolaum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act 28 of 2002), a decision was made to itribute towards poverty eradication in the said community.

doc03062010132601

Document Name:

Completed

Page: 4

"TS'10:0 (9mil leto]

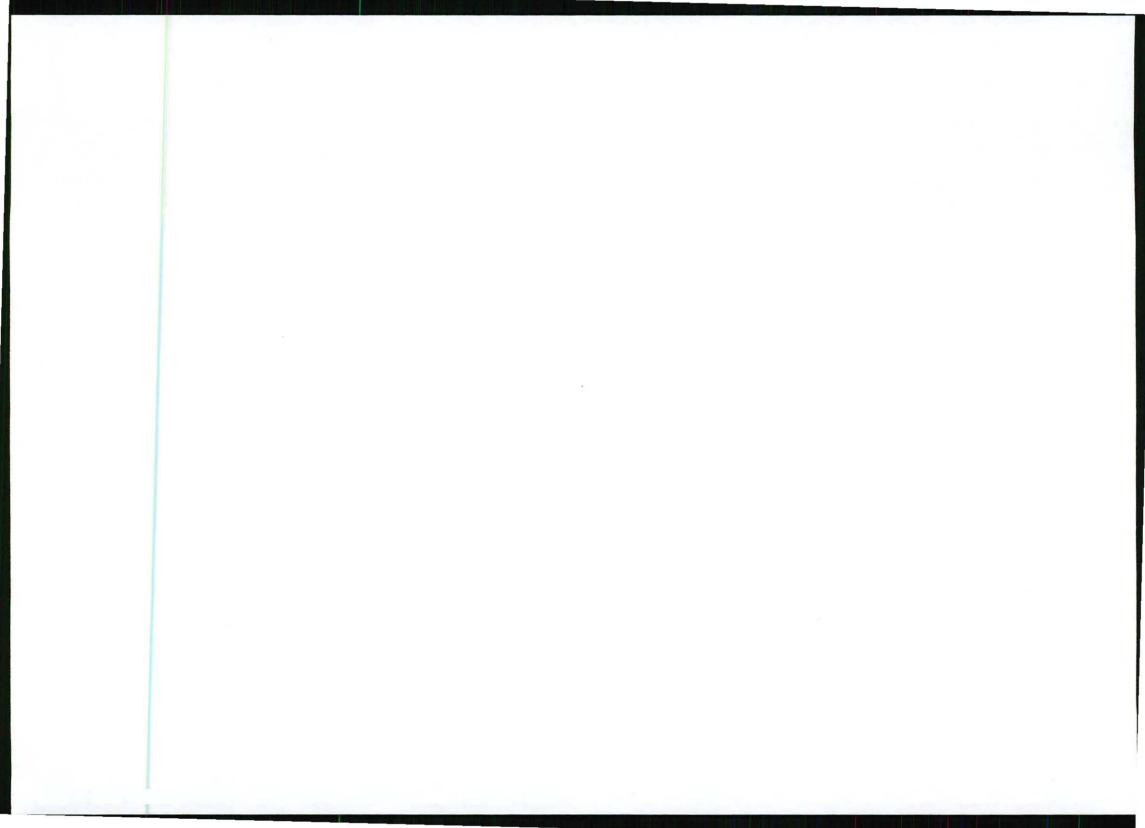
TON GOL

Firmware Version 2GM_2000.004.008 2005.12.16

MFP

Send Result Report







Dew Designs CC Trading As

EHS

Reg No: 2002/075423/23

Tel Fax. Email 083 258 2463 / 082 304 8082 086 655 1899 wernerrekent@gmail.com

wernemeken@gmail.com

PO Box 13248 Hatfield 0028

Mr Mabuthi Hlophekazi:

NOTICE OF PROPOSED MINING ACTIVITIES BY KEI BRICK AND TILE COMPANY (PTY) LTD ON A PORTION OF FARM 1959 AND FARM 1960, DIVISION OF KING WILLIAMS TOWN, EASTERN CAPE (REF EC 30/5/1/2/3/2/0441 MP)

Dear Sir:

Notice is hereby given that an application for a mining permit in terms of section 27 of the Minerals and Petroleum Resources Act (Act 28 of 2002), hereinafter referred to as the MPRDA, has been accepted by the Department of Mineral Resources (DMR). Kei Brick and Tile Company (Pty) Ltd, hereinafter referred to as "the Applicant", lodged an application for a mining permit for the mining of clay for brick making purposes on an area of 1,5ha.

The applicant is a well established company and known in the community surrounding Mount Coke for more than 20 years. It is important to note that the brick factory at Mount Coke obtains different types of clay from each of the clay quarries in the region, and is therefore operated separately from the said quarries. Due to the fact that the existing quarry at the Mount Coke factory is running out of reserves, a new source of clay must be secured.

The annual volume of clay needed by the Mount Coke Operation is approximately 48,000m³. Due to the fact that such a low production rate (4,000m³ per month) from the mining area is impractical, the applicant has opted to appoint a contractor who will only conduct mining activities during one quarter of each year.

The contractor will deliver approximately 16,000m³ of clay to the factory for a period of only three months during the first year, with no mining activities during the rest of the year.

The mining permit area is approximately 16.4 km, south south-east of King Williams Town, Eastern Cape Province, Republic of South Africa. The area is situated to the immediate east of the Applicant's brick yard adjacent to the R346 roadway.

The project area is underlain by sandstone and grey to red mudstone of the Middleton Formation, Adelaide Subgroup. Beaufort Group, Karoo Supergroup. Younger Jurassic dolerite outcrops to the north of the project area. The weathered profile of the grey and red mudstone (clay) is suitable for the production of clay bricks.

The thickness of the clay underlying the mining permit area is estimated at 12 meters based on observations made from diamond drill holes drilled on the adjacent Kei Brick property during 2008.

The local community that resides around the application area is extremely poor, and benefits very little from any economic activities that take place. In the light of the poverty in the area and the fact that the applicant strives to give effect to section 2(d) and 2(f) of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act 28 of 2002), a decision was made to contribute towards poverty eradication in the said community.



In the light of the above, this application budgets for R10-00 per m³ of clay mined, which will be paid to the local community as a form of mineral compensation. This will amount to approximately R160,000-00 annually, which will be applied towards poverty eradication. The mine will enter into negotiations with the local community representatives to determine the best way to apply these funds.

The DMR further requires that a community resolution be obtained in conjunction with the Departments of Land and Traditional Affairs. Could you please assist us in this regard.

As a potential affected party you are afforded an opportunity to raise concerns and comment of the proposed mining activities. You are hereby requested to provide your name, contact details and a detailed description of how you may be affected by this activity in writing no later than **Monday 14 June 2010**. The form attached hereto can be used for any feedback you may have.

I trust you find this to be in order. Should you have any further enquiries, please contact the writer at:

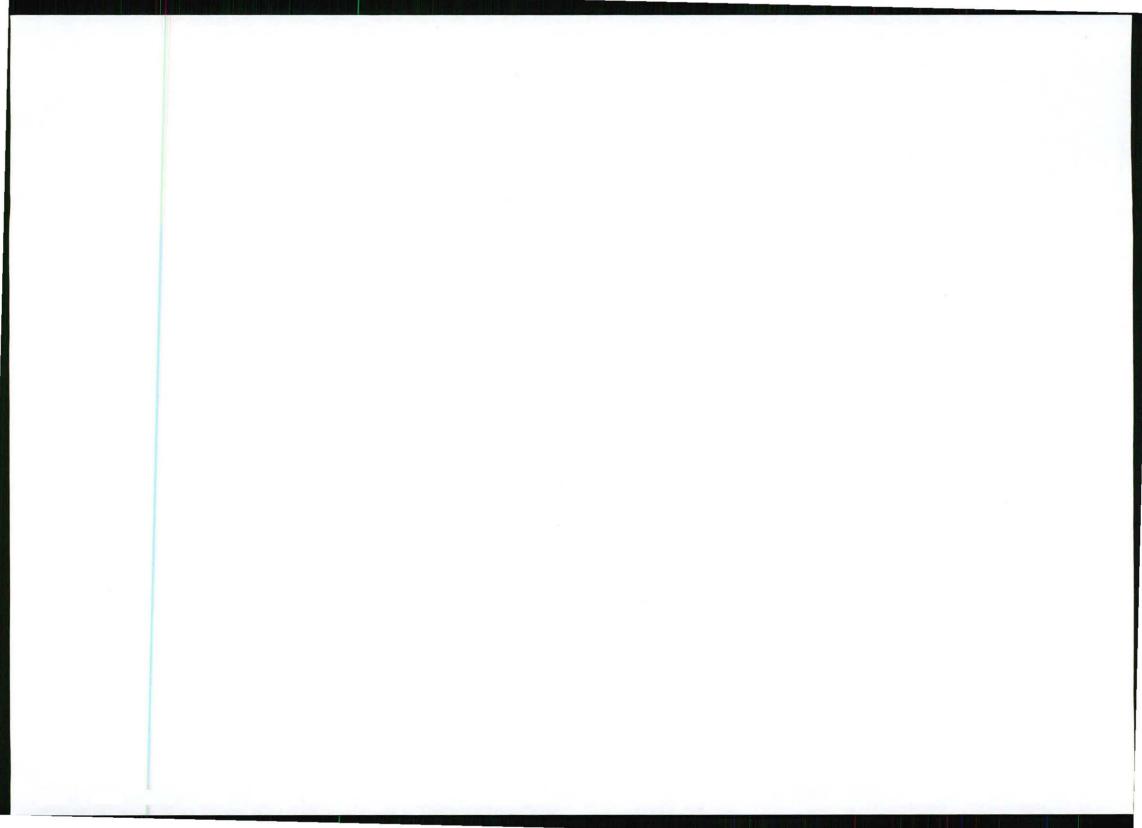
wernerriekert@gmail.com

Fax: 086 655 1899

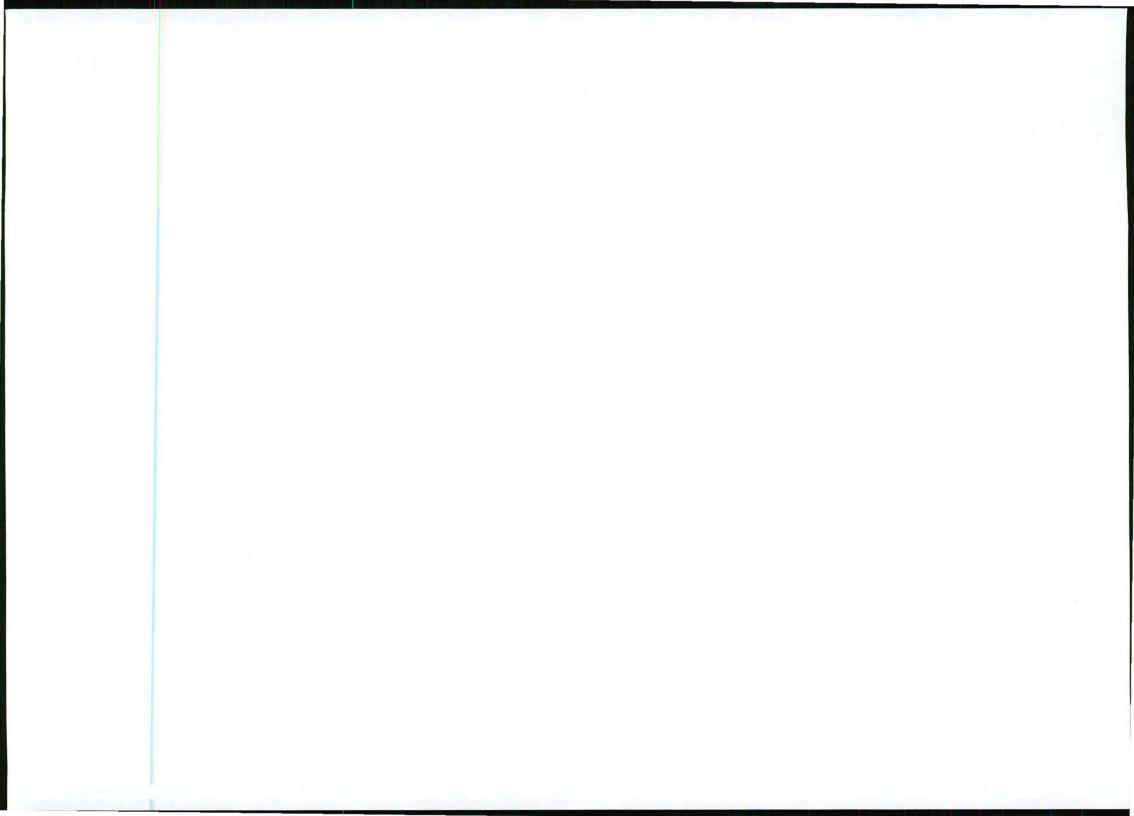
Yours faithfully,

Werner Riekert

1 June 2010



Name and designation (if acting in a representative capacity):	
Which property / properties do you own in the area?	
Which activities do you conduct that may be affected by mining in the area?	
How do you believe you will be affected by the mining activities?	
Any other comments?	
I hereby acknowledge receipt of the above-mentioned area, and wish to	e letter informing me of the applicant's intention to mine the register as an affected party.
Signature	Date



REGULATION 2(2) PLAN



EASTERN CAPE REGION

DESCRIPTION OF THE LAND UNDER APPLICATION FOR A MINENG PERMIT THE figure ARC D represents fortunes of Figure 1989 and Farm 1980, or extent on a soft His

115.5

337778.3

T.	7		
4 -45129.358	-3652730,797		
D 45270.112.	(30/2173.491		
C -15304.514	1652267 463		
D -45 In3 560	- Just 11h 7no		
A. 45129 18x	3652224707		

PLAN PREPARED IN TERMS OF REGULATION 2(2) OF THE MINERALS AND PETROLEUM RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT ACT, 2002 (ACT 28 OF 2002) MINING PERMIT ON PORTIONS OF FARM 1989 AND FARM 1960, MAGISTERIAL DISTRICT OF BAFFALO CTDY



PLAN APPROVED

Sugrature Regional Manager Pastern't and Region Department Manerals and Energy Date

Squarte Holder of Manning Period Mr. I. Corp. Discover, Managing Date

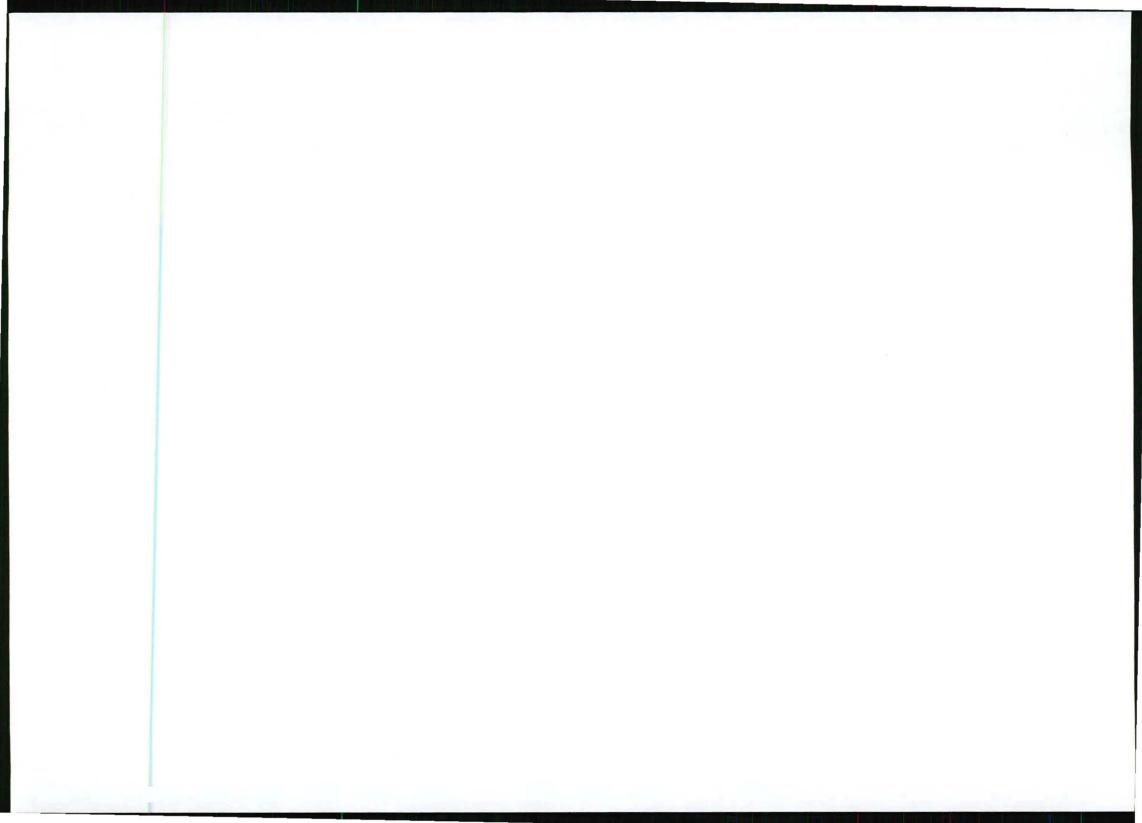
Signature Carrificative Plate Mst

Signature, Mining Titles Office Date

Signatury Compiler (PricaNa, MOSSA, MIQ) Date 9 September 2009

The state of the s







Resolution/ECM HuzaA Times

Founday 14 June 2010. The form attached hersto can be used for any lacebook your

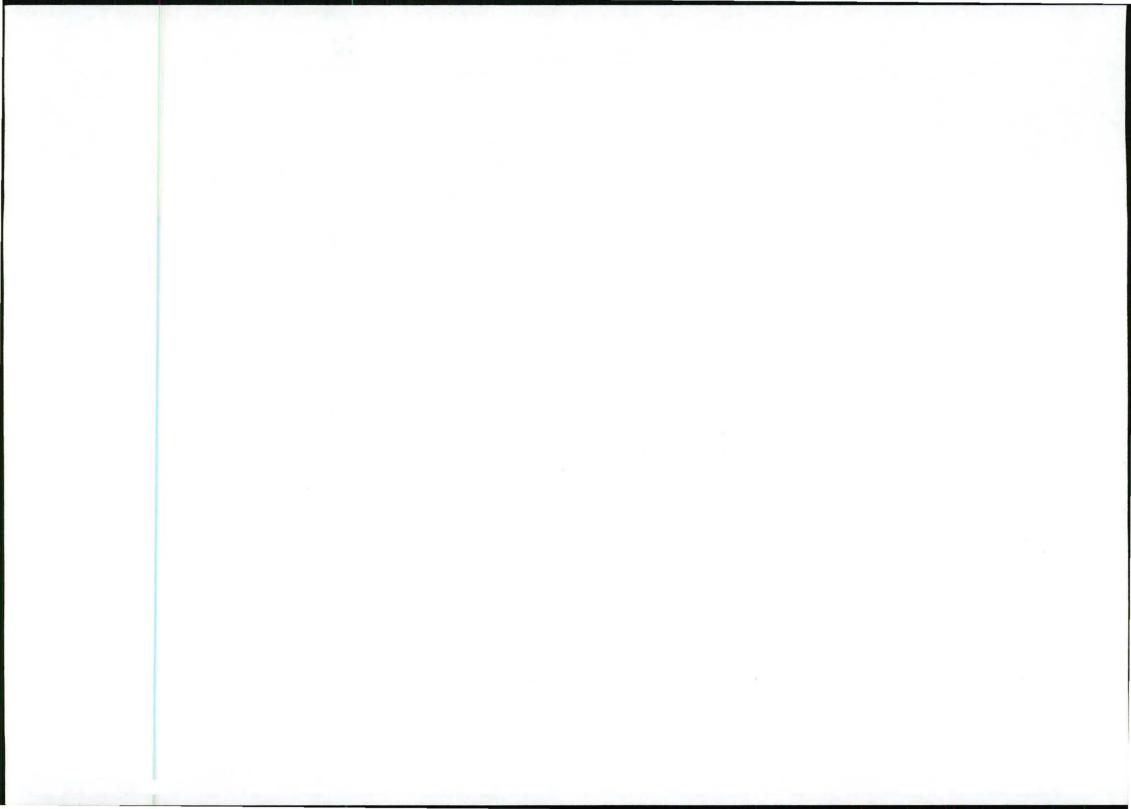
Decument Name: spellodestruced

Completed

Firmware Version 2GM 2000,004,008 2005,12,16

€ KADCEK9

Send Result Report





Dew Designs CC Trading As

EHS

Reg No: 2002/075423/23

Tel Fax Email 083 258 2463 / 082 304 8082 086 655 1899

wernemeken@gmail.com jacquesengels@gmail.com PO Box 13248 Hatfield 0028

Attention: Shell Exploration Company B.V:

NOTICE OF PROPOSED MINING ACTIVITIES BY KEI BRICK AND TILE COMPANY (PTY) LTD ON A PORTION OF FARM 1959 AND FARM 1960, DIVISION OF KING WILLIAMS TOWN, EASTERN CAPE (REF EC 30/5/1/2/3/2/0441 MP)

Dear Sir or Madam:

Notice is hereby given that an application for a mining permit in terms of section 27 of the Minerals and Petroleum Resources Act (Act 28 of 2002), hereinafter referred to as the MPRDA, has been accepted by the Department of Mineral Resources (DMR). Kei Brick and Tile Company (Pty) Ltd, hereinafter referred to as "the Applicant", lodged an application for a mining permit for the mining of clay for brick making purposes on an area of 1,5ha.

The applicant is a well established company and known in the community surrounding Mount Coke for more than 20 years. It is important to note that the brick factory at Mount Coke obtains different types of clay from each of the clay quarries in the region, and is therefore operated separately from the said quarries. Due to the fact that the existing quarry at the Mount Coke factory is running out of reserves, a new source of clay must be secured.

The annual volume of clay needed by the Mount Coke Operation is approximately 48,000m³. Due to the fact that such a low production rate (4,000m³ per month) from the mining area is impractical, the applicant has opted to appoint a contractor who will only conduct mining activities during one quarter of each year. The contractor will deliver approximately 16,000m³ of clay to the factory for a period of only three months during the first year, with no mining activities during the rest of the year.

The mining permit area is approximately 16.4 km, south south-east of King Williams Town. Eastern Cape Province, Republic of South Africa. The area is situated to the immediate east of the Applicant's brick yard adjacent to the R346 roadway.

The project area is underlain by sandstone and grey to red mudstone of the Middleton Formation, Adelaide Subgroup, Beaufort Group, Karoo Supergroup. Younger Jurassic dolerite outcrops to the north of the project area. The weathered profile of the grey and red mudstone (clay) is suitable for the production of clay bricks. The thickness of the clay underlying the mining permit area is estimated at 12 meters based on observations made from diamond drill holes drilled on the adjacent Kei Brick property during 2008.

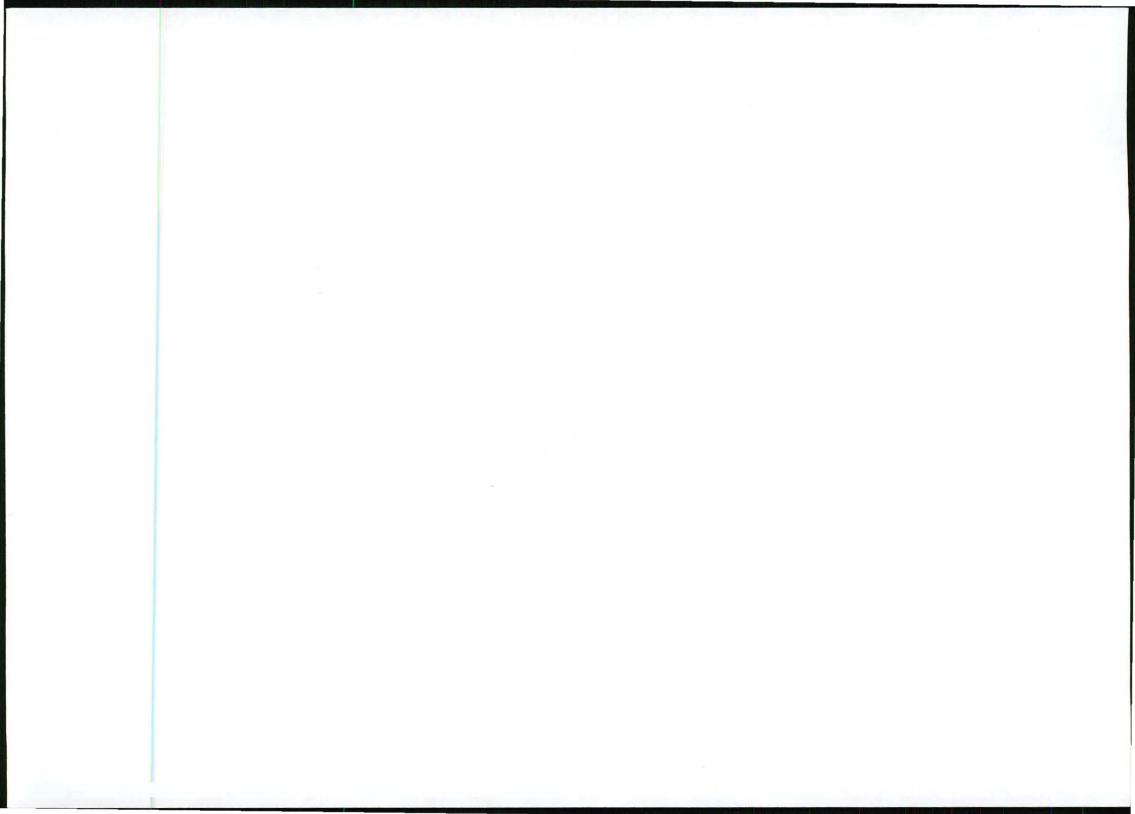
As a potential affected party you are afforded an opportunity to raise concerns and comment of the proposed mining activities. You are hereby requested to provide your name, contact details and a detailed description of how you may be affected by this activity in writing no later than Monday 14 June 2010. The form attached hereto can be used for any feedback you may have.

Should you have any further enquiries, please contact the writer at

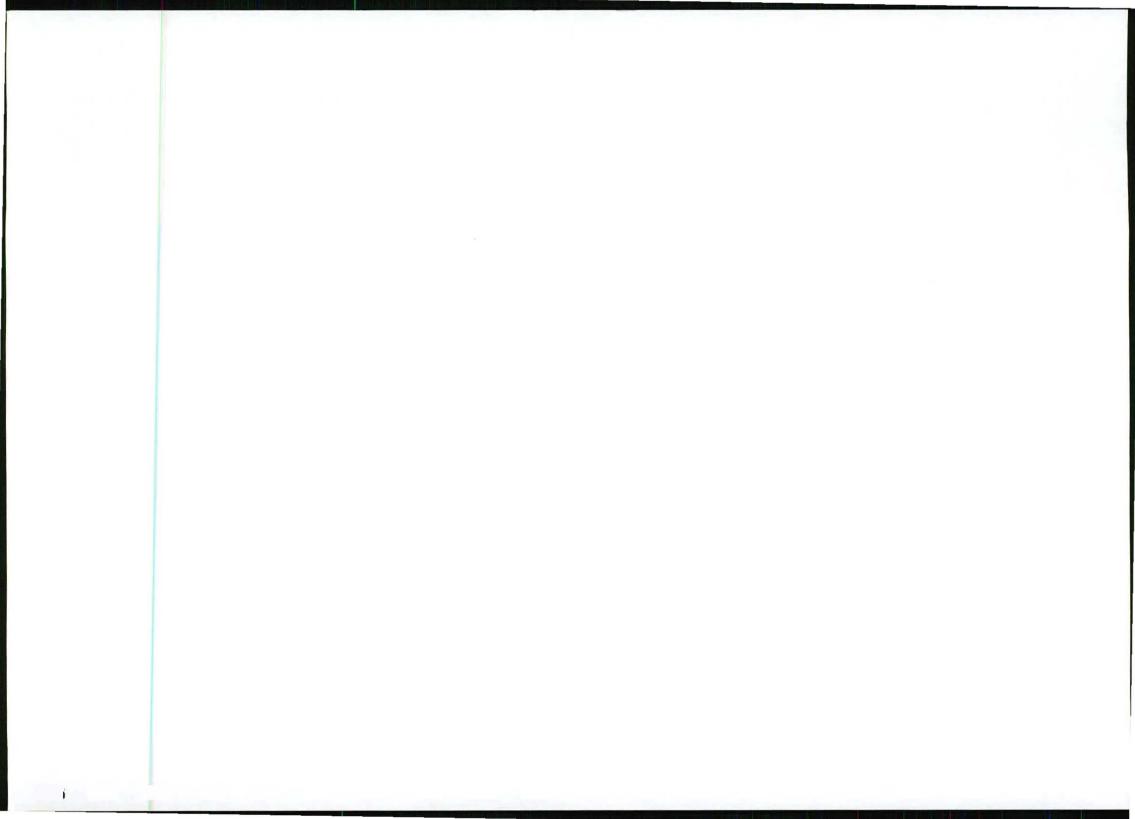
Yours faithfully.

Wiat

Werner Riekert 1 June 2010



Name and designation (if acting in a representative capacity):	
Which property / properties do you own in the area?	
Which activities do you conduct that may be affected by mining in the area?	
How do you believe you will be affected by the mining activities?	
Any other comments?	
I hereby acknowledge receipt of the above-mentioned area, and wish to	te letter informing me of the applicant's intention to mine the pregister as an affected party.
Signature	Date



REGULATION 2(2) PLAN



DASSERNATION RELIGION

A STATE OF THE CASE SOLD AND A STATE SOL

....

Write-

to de pales to page to the extraction were to the extraction with the extraction of the extraction of

PLANDED IN TURNS OF REGULATION 223-DUTILINGS RAIS AND PUROLED MRESOURCES DEVELOPMENT ACT, 2012 (ACT 28 OF SOC), SUNING PUROLE ON PORTIONS OF FARM 1989 AND FARM 1980. MAGISTICIAL DISTRICT OF BALLAGORIES.



P. AS APPRIOR D

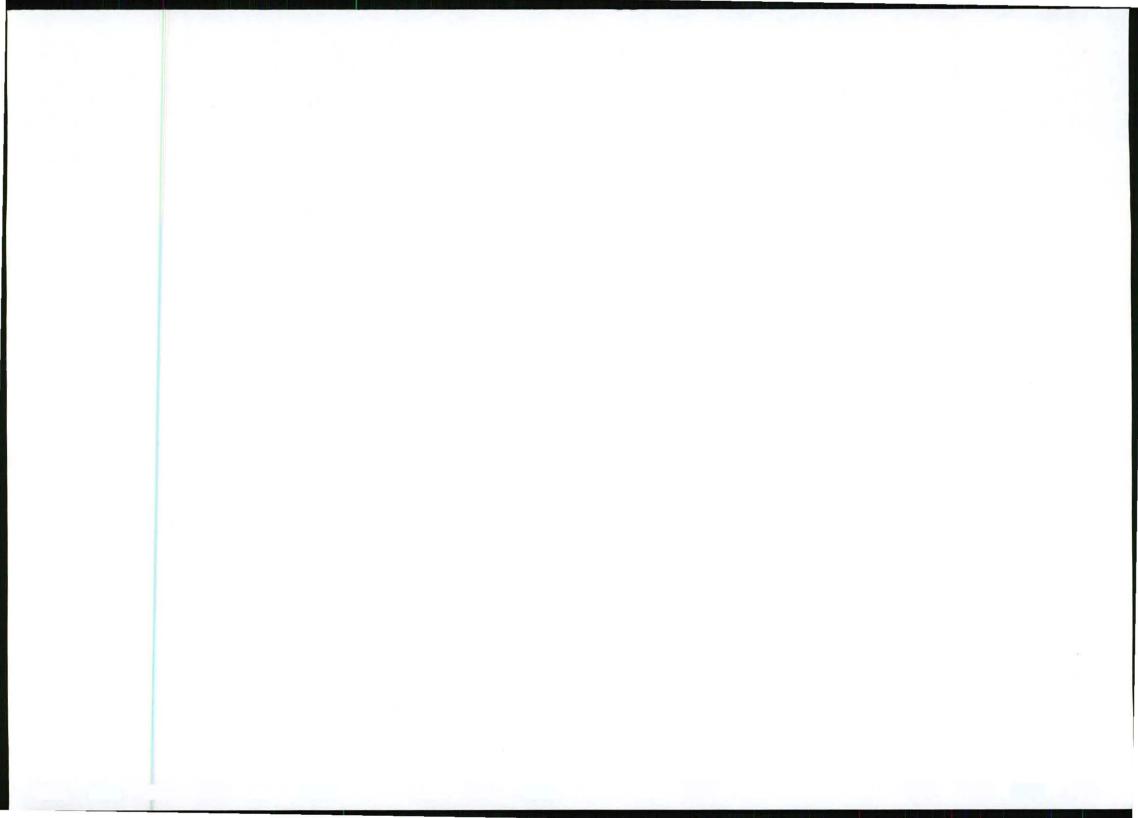
Remoderation of the state the Department March III at 1945.

The state of the s

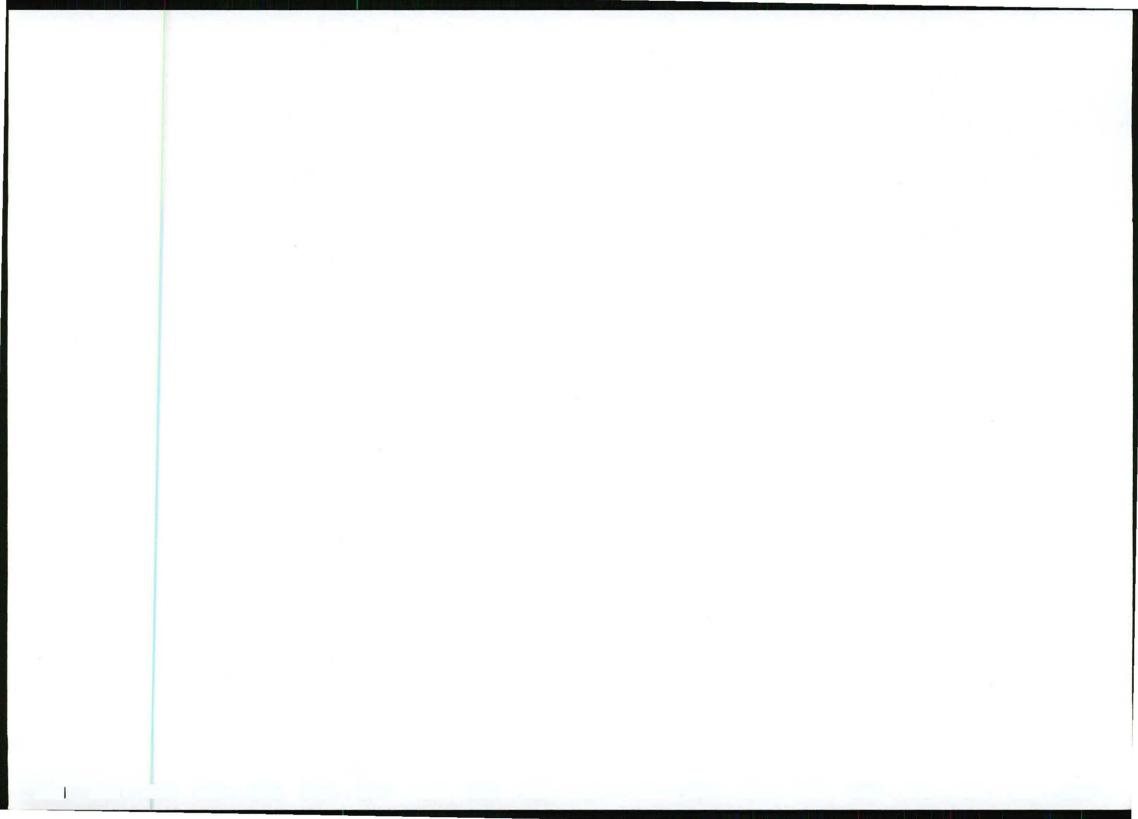
Top on the second of the secon

Allega de la companya del companya del companya de la companya de

County Proches Massay Miller Free Step Selections



ANNEXURE C - ADVERTISEMENT:





TENDER NOTICE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS EASTERN CAPE GOVERNMENT

Tenders are hereby invited for the following nominated sub-contract related to the new Engcopo Fire Station.

· Engcobo Fire Station: Electrical Installation: SCMU5-09/10-0141 [CIDE Grade: 2EB PE and 3EB Category or higher!

Architects

Department of Public Works

Tel: 040 609 4486

Electrical Engineers: Ballenden & Robb Tel: 045 8381815

Project Leader (DPW)

Tender documents will be available as from 12:00 on Figary 4th of June 2016 at the offices of the Department of Public Works. offices of the Department of Public Works. Room 3-46, Chasana Building, Bhisho, on payment of a non-refundable deposit of R150,00 per document. Bank certified chaques should be made payable to the Department of Public Works.

Completed tender documents in a sealed envelope endorsed with the project name, project number and description must be deposited in the Tender Box, 3rd Four, Department of Public Works, Ohasana Building, Bhisho, not fater than 11:00 on Thursday, 24th of June 2010 when tendens will be opened in public.

Tenderers shall take note of the following tender conditions.

· Penalties for late completion will be enforced

· Approved surety will be required

Tenderers to tender within their CIDB car-egory grade only (see above)
Late tenders will not be accepted.

Failure to complete all supplementary information and the RETURNABLE SCHEDULES may result in the tender

being deemed null and voic (eliminated) Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act (PPPFA) practiples will · Preferential apply, whereby a territerer's submission will be evaluated according to the sum of the Award of Points in respect of the ter-der value and the status of the enterprise

Target Goals are as follows 90 Points for Price
 Points for HDI status

2 Points for lemaie 2 Points for Joseph 2 Points for disability • Tender Forms (Form CT 2) Form of other and acceptance; that are incomplete or incorrectly completed will result in the disqualification of that tender

Tenderers are required to be registered for VAT and must submit an original SARS Tax Clearance Certificate with their

Telegraphic, telexed or faxed tenders will not be considered. The lowest or may tenders need not reconstantly be accepted and this project may not be awarded to the most favourable Tenderer, if it is seemed that the Tenderer is own committed.

Procurement Contact Official:

Mr. P. Roux

Tel: 040 609 4609

NOTICE OF PROPOSED PROSPECTING ACTIVITIES

EG 30/5/1/4/2 (154) PR

Notice is hereby given of the proposed ciay prospecting activities on Farm 1959, Farm 1960 and Farm 21/9, division of King William's Town, Eastern Case. This prospecting application is in terms of Section 16 of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act 28 of 2002) and covers a total area of

KEI BRICK AND TILE COMPANY (PTY) LTD

Please register as an interested or Affected Party in writing no later than Monday 14 June 2010 and include concerns, objections or support for the project together with an indication as to why you are either affected or interested. Please forward all correspondence in this regard to the consultant at:

Dew Design CC Va EHS

· worr.emekert@gmail.com

· lacquesengels#gmeil.com

Fax. 086 655 1839

NOTICE OF PROPOSED MINING ACTIVITIES

EC 30/5/1/3/2 (441) MP

Notice is hereby given of the proposed clay mining activities on Farm 1958 and Farm 1960, division of King William's Town, Eastern Calpe, This mining permit application is in terms of Section 27 of the Mineral and Petroloum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act 28 of 2002) and covers a total area of 1,5ha.

KEI BRICK AND TILE COMPANY (PTY) LTD

Please register as an interested or Affected Party in writing no later than Monday 14 June 2010 and include your contact details and any concerns objections or support for the project together with an indication as to why you are either affected or interested. Please torward all correspondence in this regard to the consultant at:

Dew Design CC t/a EHS

Wernemekert@gmail.com
 acquesengels@gmail.com
 Fix. 086 655 1899

NOTICE

n the High Court of South Africa (Eastern Cacel, Grahamatown) Case No 1025-2010

Cacol Syshamstown)
Lase No. 1925-20101, and June 2010.
Before the Rondurable Missions Roberson.
The indies between AAA INVESTMENTS PROPRIETARY LIMITED Applicants and DESIGN EH WINDOWS PROPRIETARY. LIMITED FROSTARY, LIMITED FROST

Hisperianen andress at 8 Haptery Road, North End,

Fast London Feyrog have Mr Nattelfon Attome, for the Applicant and having read the Nonce of Motion and other decuments

and other parameters
filed of record
IT is UPDEPTT
IT THAT the Responser!
Company be and is nereby placed under

by placed uncer Intrinsional Winding up in the hands of the Master of this Cour.

TriAT a Fille Nis do hereby sour balling upon the Respondent to show criush (if any) to this Cour on Thursday the 24th of June 2513 at 10,30 km/s file Mespondent Commany. 10.30 why the Respondent Company should not be placed under final Winding-Up

Order in the hands of the Master of the Ocur.

3. HAT this Order be served in the following.

parner 3.1 By ONE 11 or Elea-tion in the DISPA CH nevrapaper, 3.2 b) the Shieriff 3.2 1 on the Responderiff

3.2.1 on the recognition at its registered andreas, the C2.2 on the Jumpingsaner hir Sout Africa: Revenue
Africa: Rest London,
123 up the employees
of Respondent in the

ISTAY 5.1.4 open the constanct Todde Linan, of which the Pescandent's amen's pes-riay be members BY OPUER OF THE

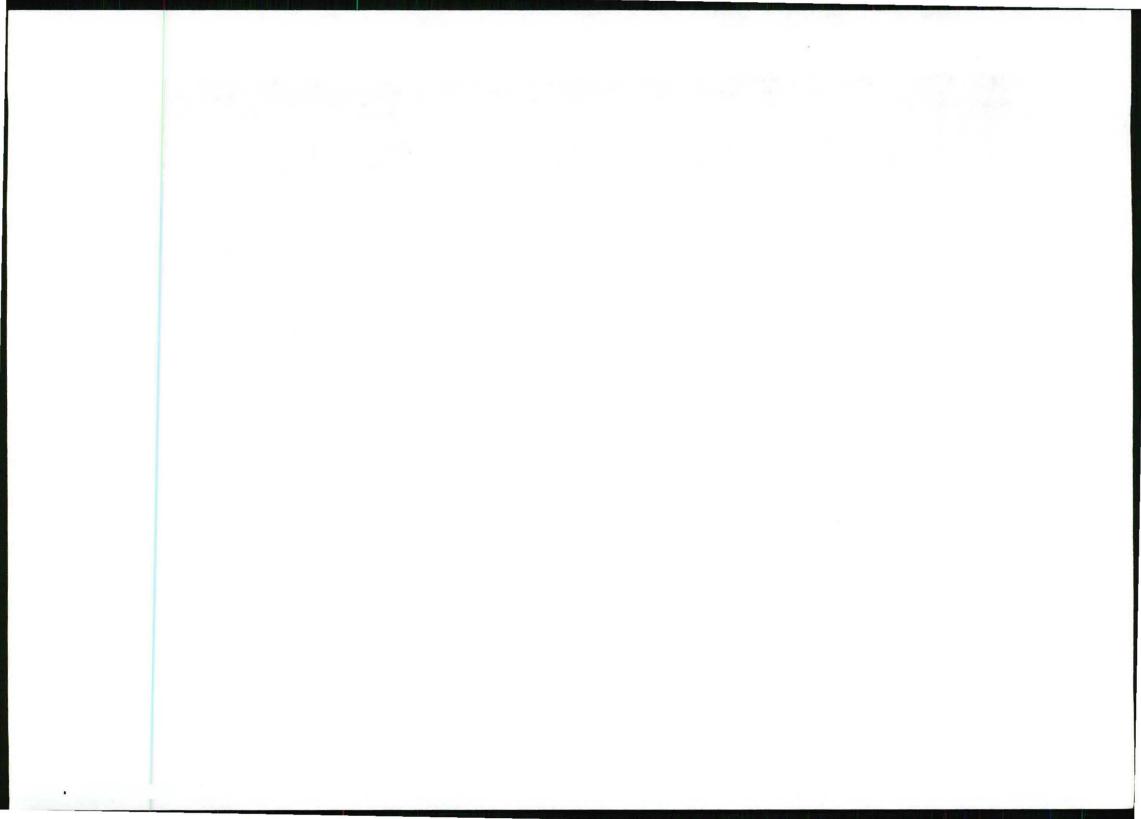
NACL ADAM DOUBL HESSTRAF

Afformers 1°84 High Street IPO Bitx 49), Grahamstown, 5140

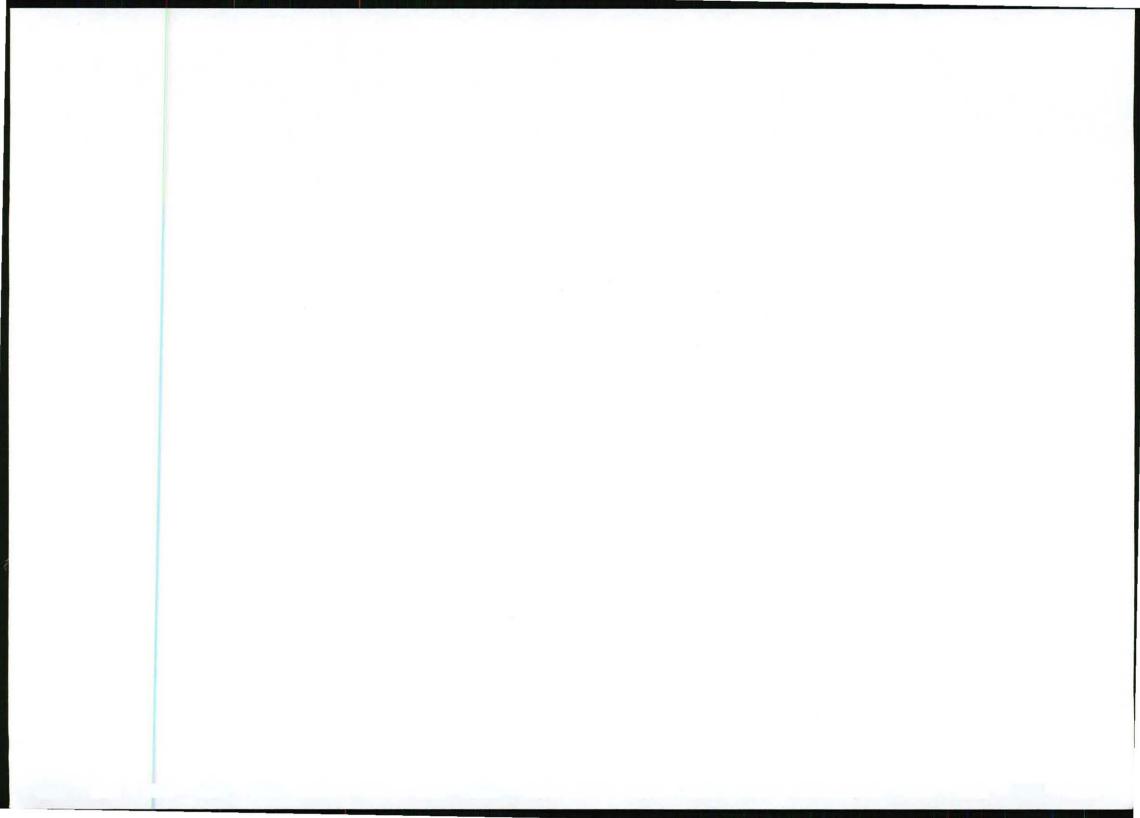
samkreheltons to za Ref. Mr. Netterturi/Sam





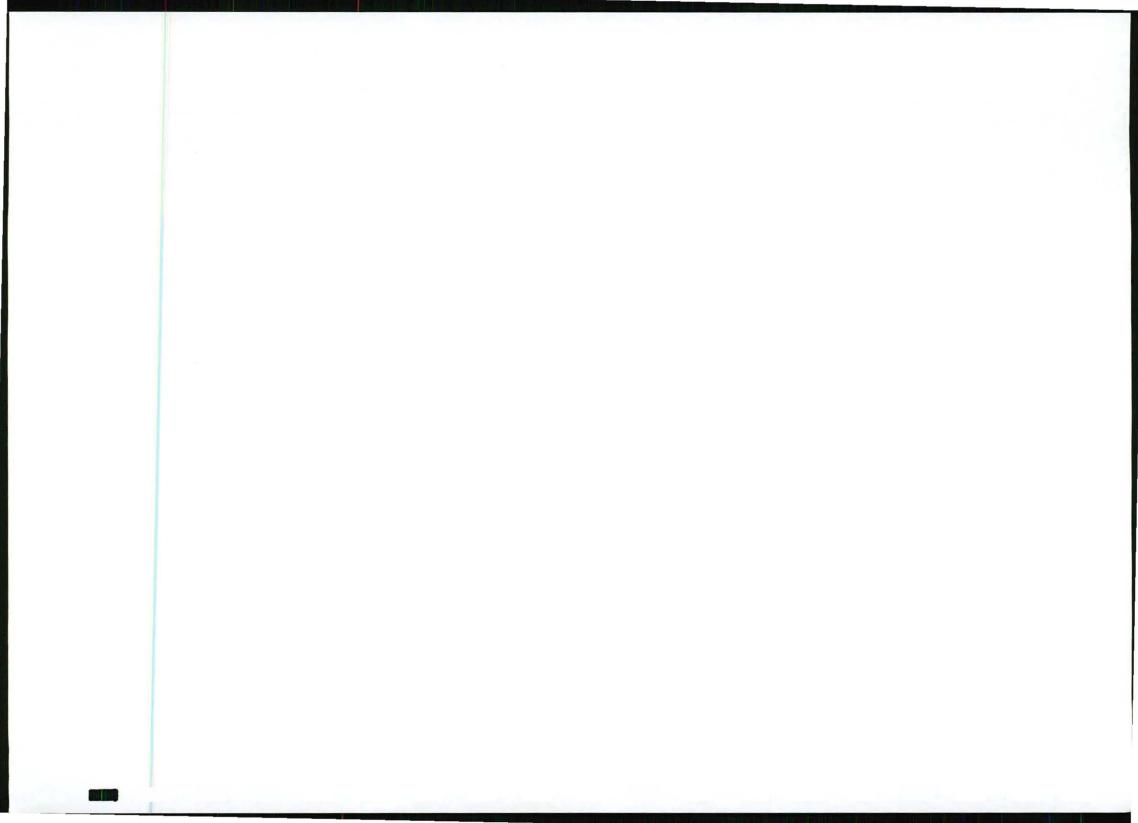


ANNEXURE D - MEETING:



ATTENDANCE REGISTER

DATE	09 June	2010	
PLACE OF ME			ed Clay.
AGENDA	Mining an	d Krospech	ig Activities.
NAME	POSITION	SIGNATURE	
P. SKADE	MARD COMITED MARD COUNCIL PROD MANAGER GEN MANAGER	- Hoteale	



Minutes of meeting held at Kei Brick & Tile to discuss mining permit and Prospecting applications with representatives of the two surrounding communities on 9 July 2010 at 09:30am

Attendance

Mr P Skade – Ward Councilor Mr T Majalisa – Ward Committee Ms T Motileni – Production Manager Kei Brick Mr C Clarke – General Manager Kei Brick

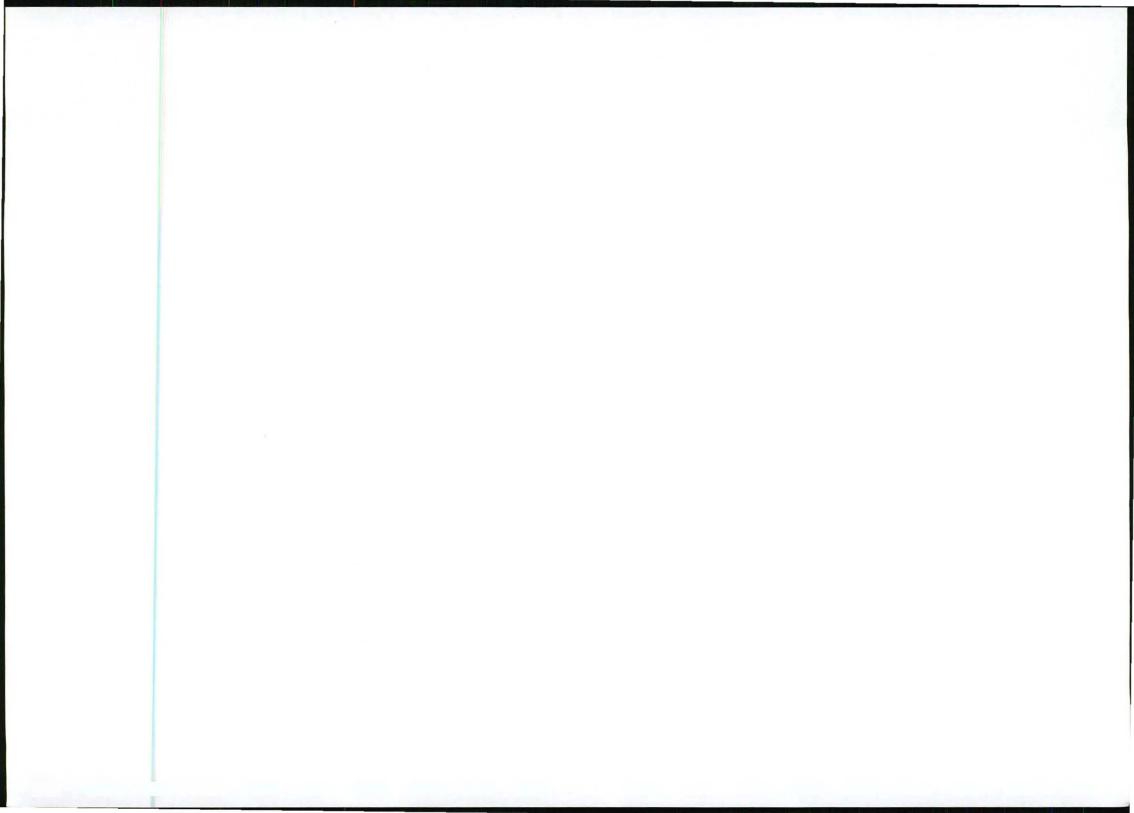
Mr Clarke welcomed everyone and thanked Messrs Skade and Majalisa for coming.

Mr Clarke explained the company was in the process of applying for a mining permit and prospecting right on the land to the east of the existing Factory. This was shown on an aerial photograph of the site.

Mr Clarke handed out copies of the two notices that had appeared in the Daily Dispatch the previous day and were also placed next to the gate near the proposed mining area. Mr Clarke explained this was to alert interested and affected parties to the company's intentions.

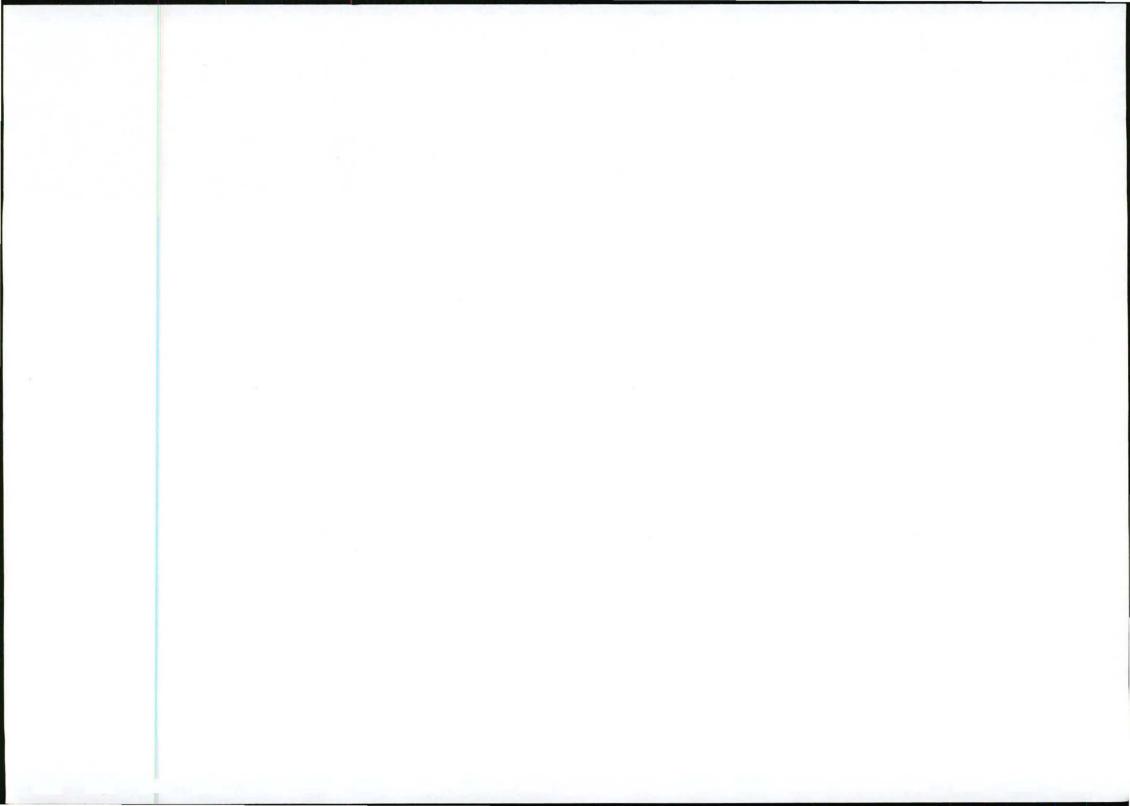
Mr Clarke then handed out copies of the two letters sent to interested and affected parties that had been identified. He brought to the meetings attention that the company was proposing R10 per cubic meter of clay mined would be contributed to the community from the permit area and that this could amount to R160 000 per year. It would be necessary to identify a structure to manage these funds. Mr Mangalisa noted that the comunuties were in need of funds to promote projects. Mr Skade asked if the permit would be granted irrespective of interested and affected parties. Mr Clarke replied that the DMR would want such issues resolved first. Mr Skade asked if the application had been passed by Environmental affairs. Mr Clarke responded that he had met with Environmental affairs last week and that the meeting had gone successfully.

Mr Skade asked that a site inspection take place after the meeting. This was duly done.



Mr Skade and Mr Mangalisa undertook to meet with their respective communities and asked that Mr Clarke be available for such meetings.

The meeting was concluded (including site inspection) at 10.30am



Name and designation (if acting in a representative capacity):	THEMBERILE MAJALISA AS	٠
	WARD COMITEE AND CHAIRPERDY	
	OF THIP-THIP COMMUNITY CE/108864800.	51
Which property / properties do you own in the area?	MEN ASABIDFARM 1960	
	DIVISION OF KINGWILLIAMS FOUR	
	ETETERS COPE PEF30K/16/3/2/44/19	>
Which activities do you conduct that may be affected by mining in	(1 an T. 25 1 201)	
the area?	CEMITRY	
How do you believe you will be affected by the mining activities?	Branch St.	
anected by the mining activities?	DECALSE OF GRAZING	
	2,211	
	я ж	
Any other comments?		
	To comments	
	The Comments	

I hereby acknowledge receipt of the letter informing me of the applicant's intention to mine the above-mentioned area, and wish to register as an affected party.

Signature

14/56/2010 pate

FAR P

Tylp-Tylp Village P.O-Box 4348 King Williams Focus?

