## The development of portions of Portion 3 Buffelskloof 511 IQ.

Our Ref: 16/4/1 Portion 3 Buffelskloof 511 IQ

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CaseID: 2941

Date: Thursday August 22, 2013

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## Letter

In terms of Section 38(8) of the National Heritage Resources Act (Act 25 of 1999)

Attention: Ceriso 530 (Pty) Ltd

Proposed establishment of a private resort with a total ecological footprint of approximately 5 hectares on portions of Portion 3 Buffelskloof 511 IQ, Tlokwe Local Municipality, North West Province.

Thank you for informing SAHRA of the proposed establishment of a private resort with a total ecological footprint of approximately 5 hectares on portions of Portion 3 Buffelskloof 511 IQ, Tlokwe Local Municipality, North West Province.

In terms of the National Heritage Resources Act, no 25 of 1999, heritage resources, including archaeological or palaeontological sites over 100 years old, graves older than 60 years and structures older than 60 years are protected. They may not be disturbed without a permit from the relevant heritage resources authority.

In terms of Section 38(8) of the NHRA, before any development proposed in terms of the MPRDA (2002) is approved, it is incumbent on the developer (or mine) to ensure that a **Heritage Impact Assessment** is done that satisfies Section 38(3) of the NHRA. Appropriate mitigation, which involves recording, sampling and dating sites that are to be destroyed, may be required depending on the nature and significance of the resources identified.

No such assessment has been submitted to SAHRA.

As such, SAHRA requires that a Heritage Impact Assessment report be completed and submitted for assessment.

This report should be inclusive of an assessment of impacts to archaeological resources and an assessment of impacts to palaeontological resources by suitably qualified practitioners. This assessment of heritage resources must satisfy Section 38(3) of the NHRA.

The requested Archaeological Report must identify the archaeological sites and assess their significance and make recommendations (as indicated in section 38(3) of the NHRA) about what mitigation may be required.

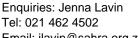
A Palaeontological study must be undertaken to assess whether or not the development will impact upon significant palaeontological resources. Alternatively, a letter of exemption from a Palaeontologist is required to indicate that this is unnecessary. If the area is deemed sensitive or if significant heritage is identified, a full Palaeontological Report may be required.

The impacts of the proposed development on any other heritage resources such as built structures over 60 years old, sites of cultural significance associated with oral histories, burial grounds and graves, graves of



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victims of conflict, and significant cultural landscapes or viewscapes must also be assessed.

Please also ensure that SAHRA receives all documents relating to the environmental impact assessment process as required by NEMA.

SAHRA looks forward to receiving this heritage report and will provide comment before the project can commence.

Should you have any further queries, please contact the designated official using the case number quoted above in the case header.

Yours faithfully

Jenna Lavin

Heritage Officer

South African Heritage Resources Agency

Colette Scheermeyer

SAHRA Head Archaeologist

South African Heritage Resources Agency

ADMIN:

Direct URL to case: http://www.sahra.org.za/node/124636

