

No. 544

15 March 1985

WAR GRAVES AND NATIONAL MONUMENTS ACT,
No. 28 OF 1969

DECLARATION OF THE HISTORIC KAMBULA
BATTLEFIELD SITE, SITUATED ON THE REMAIN-
DER OF SUBDIVISION A OF THE FARM KAMBULA
381, IN THE DISTRICT OF VRYHEID, NATAL

By virtue of the powers vested in me by section 10 (1) of the War Graves and National Monuments Act, 1969 (Act 28 of 1969), I, Pierre Cronjé, Deputy Minister of National Education, hereby declare the historic Kambula Battlefield site, situated on the Remainder of Subdivision A of the Farm Kambula 381, in the District of Vryheid, Natal, to be a national monument.

Description

The Kambula Battlefield site, in extent 31,5253 hectares and described as the figure A B C D E A on Surveyor's Diagram LG 177/1983, dated 14 February 1983, as filed in the Office of the Surveyor-General in Pietermaritzburg and on file 4/N/V-d/1 in the Office of the National Monuments Council, Cape Town. The site is situated on the remainder of Subdivision A of the farm Kambula 381 in the District of Vryheid, Province of Natal.

Deed of Transfer 14098/1965, dated 4 October 1965.

Historical interest

During the Battle of Kambula a British force of approximately 2 000 men under the command of Colonel Evelyn Wood (later Field Marshal Sir Evelyn Wood, V.C., C.B.) successfully defended themselves against a Zulu impi of 20 000 men under Mnyamana Buthelezi. Approximately 2 000 Zulus perished here. 10/2/1195.

P. CRONJÉ, Deputy Minister of National Education.

No. 544

15 Maart 1985

WET OP OORLOGSGRAFTE EN NASIONALE
GEDENKWAARDIGHED, No. 28 VAN 1969

VERKLARING VAN DIE HISTORIESE KAMBULA-
SLAGVELDTERREIN, GELEË OP DIE RESTANT VAN
ONDERVERDELING A VAN DIE PLAAS KAMBULA
381 IN DIE DISTRIK VRYHEID, NATAL

Kragtens die bevoegdheid my verleen by artikel 10 (1) van die Wet op Oorlogsgrafte en Nasionale Gedenkwaardighede, 1969 (Wet 28 van 1969), verklaar ek, Pierre Cronjé, Adjunk-minister van Nasionale Opvoeding, hierby die historiese Kambula-slagveldterrein, geleë op die restant van Onderverdeling A van die plaas Kambula 381 in die distrik Vryheid, Natal, tot nasionale gedenkwaardigheid.

Beskrywing

Die Kambula-slagveldterrein, groot 31,5253 hektaar en beskryf as die figuur A B C D E A op Landmetersdiagram LG 177/1983, gedateer 14 Februarie 1983, gelasseer in die Kantoer van die Landmeter-generaal in Pietermaritzburg en op Léer 4/N/V-d/1 in die Kantoer van die Raad vir Nasionale Gedenkwaardighede, Kaapstad. Die terrein is geleë op die restant van Onderverdeling A van die plaas Kambula 381 in die distrik Vryheid, provinsie Natal.

Transportakte 14098/1965, gedateer 4 Oktober 1965.

Historiese belang

Tydens die Slag van Kambula het 'n Britse mag van ongeveer 2 000 man onder bevel van kolonel Evelyn Wood (later veldmaarskalk sir Evelyn Wood, V.C., C.B.) hulle met welslae verdedig teen 'n Zoeloe-impi van 20 000 man onder Mnyamana Buthelezi. Ongeveer 2 000 Zoeloës het hier omgekom. 10/2/1195.

P. CRONJÉ, Adjunk-minister van Nasionale Opvoeding.