PLANNED EXTENSION FLANKING RONDOMSTRAAT, //KHARA HAIS MUNICIPALITY, NORTHERN CAPE PROVINCE. PHASE 1 HERITAGE IMPACT ASSESSMENT REPORT ON A

Peter B Beaumont

do Archaeology Department

McGregor Museum

PO Box 316

8300 Kimberley

Tel 053 - 842 0986 or 053 - 839 2700

Fax 053 - 842 1433

e-mail se@museumsnc.co.za

CONSULTANT

Ms Marquerite Geldenhuys

MEG Environmental Impact Studies

Tweedelaan 13

Oosterville

8801 Upington

Tel 054 - 332 2781

Fax 054 - 332 2781

e-mail megois@intekom.co.za

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

archaeological resources of the Northern Cape. which there were occasional undiagnostic MSA or earlier artefacts, but no sites, fossil no significant heritage potential and that its development will have no impact on the bines or early graves were seen. overlain in turn by a thin zone of pebbles, in a matrix of course brown sand, on and in Northern Cape. Within this terrain Precambrian schists were covered by calcrete, proposed urban development flanking Rondomstraat, //Khara Hais Municipality, The purpose of this study was to establish if any heritage sites were present on a It is consequently considered that this ground has

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

pington is Environmental Impact Studies, acting in conjunction with Macroplan Town and or township and other housing. Regional Planners based there a thriving city with a burgeoning population and a resultant huge demand This study was requested by M Geldenhuys of MEG

LOCAL ARCHAEOLOGY

these being the recently-located Victoria West occurrence on the farm Droogehout 422, about 30 km WNW of it, on the N 10 to Nakop Rather few Stone Age sites are known in the near vicinity of Upington, with one of

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

26' 11" S, 21° 16' 19" E, and an elevation there of 817 m, on Tuesday 1 August 2006 spent some 2.5 hrs walking over its full extent, which has W-edge co-ordinates of 28° there is a largish transecting drainage gully running southwards to the river (Fig River (Figs 1 & situated some 3 km east of the Upington town centre and 2 km north of the Orange The 34 ha that was examined lies on the eastern side of the Oosterville suburb 2). It was covered by grass and shrubs, slopes to the east, where

SUPERFICIAL GEOLOGY

where exposed, by a calcrete surface, on which was a thin zone of rounded pebbles elsewhere the present river, are probably Older Gravel remnants, like those seen at Karos and clasts show The sediment sequence was seen to be bedrock of Precambrian schist, overlain cobbles, mainly of brown jasper, covered by 0 - 20 cm of coarse brown sand. rounding due to fluvial abrasion and, in terms of a c. 30 m height above

HERITAGE FINDINGS

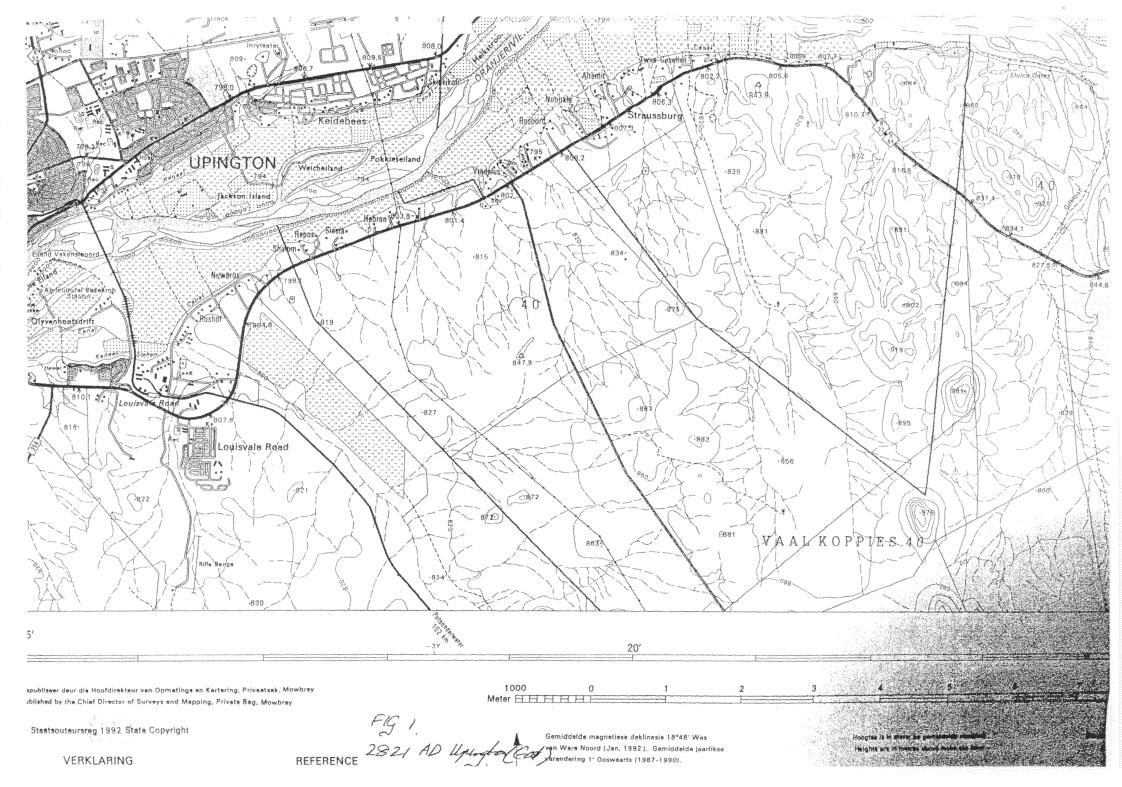
protracted surface exposure. No actual sites, palaeontological bones or early graves artefacts were fresh and many of them were slightly glazed, perhaps as a result of lakes had faceted platforms and a high proportion showed cortex dorsals, which may Ithics that lacked formal tools and were largely based on brown jasper. Some of the indicate an ESA age or primary reduction at a raw material source. Most of the My random search of this property revealed a low density of gravel remnant - linked were seen

CONCLUSIONS

housing will therefore have no perceptible impact on the archaeological resources of the Northern Cape The investigated terrain was bereft of any significant heritage material and its use for

NOTES

- A copy of the locality maps and all appended Figures must accompany this
- report to SAHRA
- of R150 per application. SAHRA banking details are: Applications to SAHRA will not be processed unless accompanied by payment 312109; Current Account no.: 360 680 606 ABSA, Branch Code:



34ha

Figuur 2 Liggingsplan - Plaaslik

Aansoekgebied

MACROPLAN Slods - & Streekbaplanners Town & Regional Planners

Spatial Designs Land Use Specialists



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