A survey of Iron Age sites on Greefswald 37 MS, Hamilton 41 MS and Den Staat 17 MS

Interim report

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on Greefswald 37 MS, Hamilton 41 MS and Den Staat 17 MS A survey of Iron Age sites

Introduction

Mapungubwe museum. collection of the project is the property of the University and is currently managed at the (Permit No. 80/99/08/007/51). In accordance with permit specifications, the archive and Hamilton 41 MS (Permit No. 80/99/04/06/51) and a survey of a site recorded as Pon 5 Mapungubwe Valley. This report refers to test excavations on Samaria 28 MS and Age cultural landscape, settlement patterns and architecture in and around the Samaria 28 MS, Hamilton 41 MS and Den Staat 27 MS that is part of a study of the Iron refer to the current survey of selected Iron Age sites on the farms Greefswald 37 MS, This interim report consists of field notes that are prepared for publication. The notes

Objective

Mapungubwe to reconstruct and interpret the settlement sequence and settlement patterns of the Iron Age complexes of the Mapungubwe Valley. The objective of the current survey is to identify and date the sites that are related to

Method

through fine and coarse mesh and sorting of all materials by hand (cf. Photo 6). A human after excavation (cf. Photo 11). includes labeling, bagging and listing (cf. Photo 10). All the test pits are filled up directly human remains from the test pit on site Map 23 was carefully packed (cf. Photo 9). The skeleton was found in the test pit on Site Map 23 and was carefully recorded, removed, and photograps (cf. Photo 5). The recovery of archaeological material includes sifting recording of the deposits include systematic descriptions, plan drawings, profile drawings techniques and the use of mini trenches within the test pits(cf. Photo 4). The stratigraphic excavations (cf. Photo 2). The test pits are excavated according to full excavation field management of the archaeological collection from the site surface and test pit Pretoria (cf. Photo 7). Site features are recorded for future site analysis (cf. Photo 8). (The researched and already published by the Department of Anatomy at the University of standards (cf. Photo 3). Layers are determined with the aid of systematic excavation The sites are located, mapped and excavation grids laid out to position the test

The sites

Site Map 20

consists of a fairly large kraal deposit that is surrounded by evidence of settlement. The site is marked with an iron peg and the site number that are embedded in a cement block Site Map 20 is situated on a flat hill-top on Samaria 28 MS (cf. Figure 1). The site

1633(1638)1643 AD. The date of material collected on the site is Pta 8007, 350 ± 15 BP, calibrated 1528-1554;

Site Map 21

1437 (1456)1497 AD. Figure 2). The deposit consists of ash mixed with sandy soil (cf. Figure 3, 4; Photo 13) settlement. The site is marked with an iron peg. A test pit of 2mx2m was excavated (cf consists of an enclosure formed by two stone walls (cf. Photo 12) and evidence of Site Map 21 is situated on a flat hill-top on Samaria 28 MS (cf. Figure 1). The site The date of the material collected from the test pit is Pta 8026, 460 ± 50 BP, calibrated

Site Map 22

marked with an iron peg. ± 45 BP, calibrated 1652 (1666)1678; 1763-1803 AD. (cf. Figure 6, 7; Photo 14). The date of the material collected on the site is Pta 8018, 260 Site Map 22 is situated on a flat landscape on Hamilton 41 MS (cf. Figure 1). consists of a kraal deposit that is surrounded by evidence of settlement. The site is The deposit in the test pit consists of ash mixed with sandy soil

Site Map 23

collected from the skeleton on the site is Pta 8016, 850 ± 35 BP, calibrated skeleton was exposed and removed (cf. Photo 16, 17, 18). The date of the material the test pit consists of ashy midden material (cf. Figure 9, 10; Photo 15). A human marked with an iron peg B2. A test pit of 2mx2m (cf. Figure 8) showed that the deposit in 1216(1244)1267 AD. The date of material collected from the test Pit is Pta 8023, 855 \pm Site Map 23 is situated on a flat landscape on Hamilton 41 MS (cf. Figure 1). The site is 20 BP, 1223(1239)1265 AD.

Site Map 24

consists of evidence of settlement and several stone structures on the surface (cf. Figure 21). The date of material collected on the site from the site is Pta 8014, 850 ± 60 BP 13; Photo 20). A stone structure and gravel floor was exposed and left intact (cf. Photo 11; Photo 19). Site Map 24 is situated on a flat landscape on Hamilton 41 MS (cf. Figure 1). calibrated 1192(1244)1276 AD The deposit in the test pit of 2mx2m consists of sandy soil (cf. Figure 12,

Site Map 25

consists of a kraal deposit, surrounded by evidence of settlement (cf. Photo 22) The site is Site Map 20 is situated on a flat landscape on Hamilton 41 MS (cf. Figure 1). The site presently not marked with an iron peg

Site Pon 5

The site is located on Den Staat 27 MS (cf. Figure 1).

The site surface has been mapped in detail (cf. site map) by a surveyor. The map is currently being processed by a cartographer.

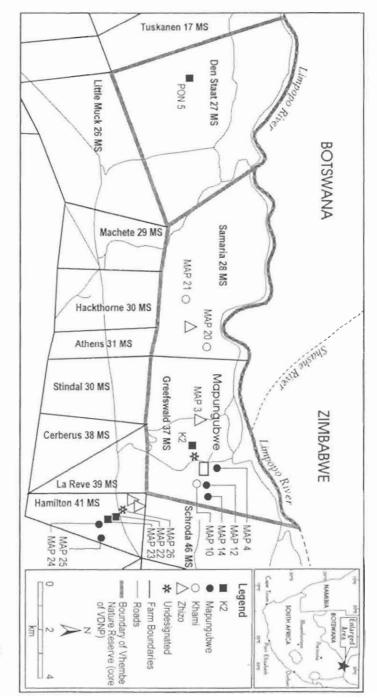
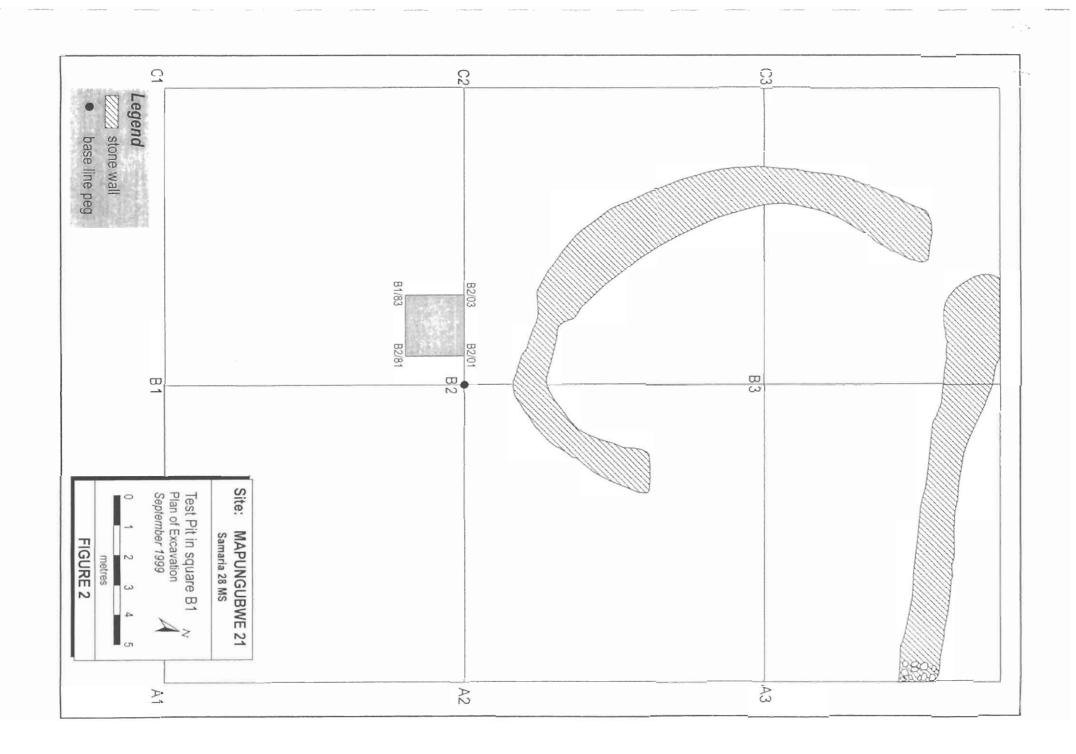
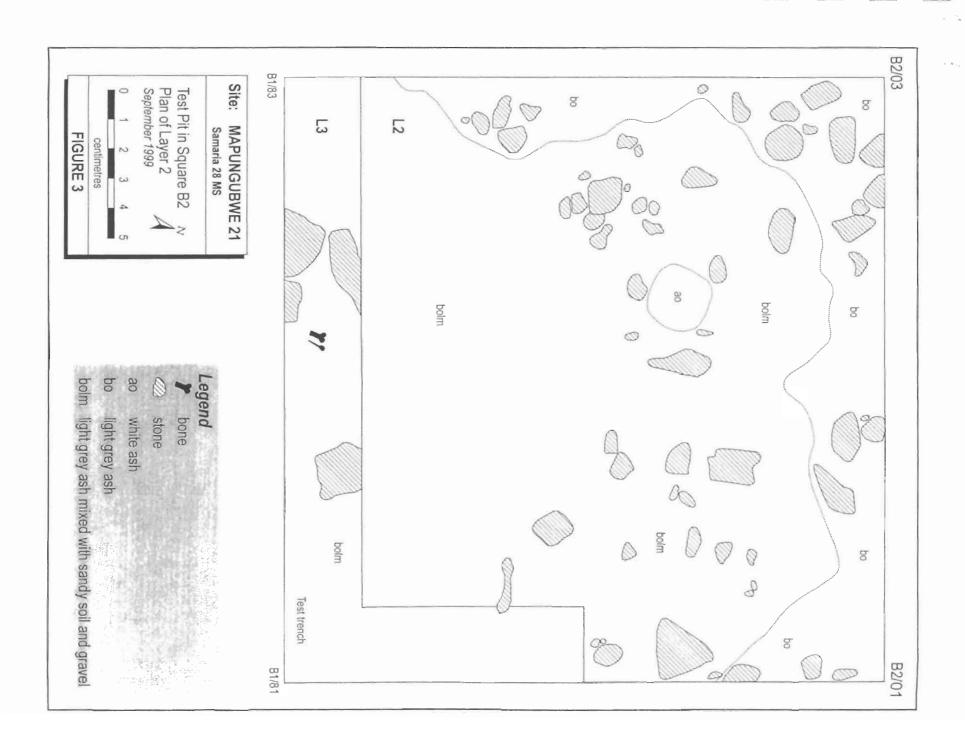
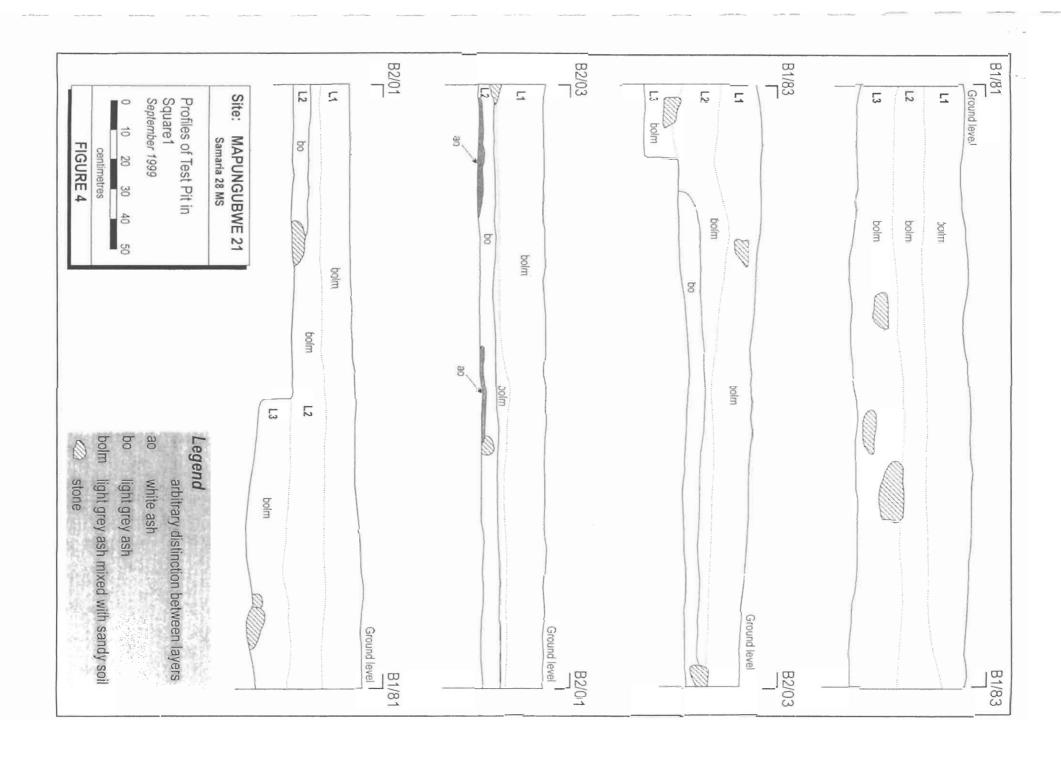
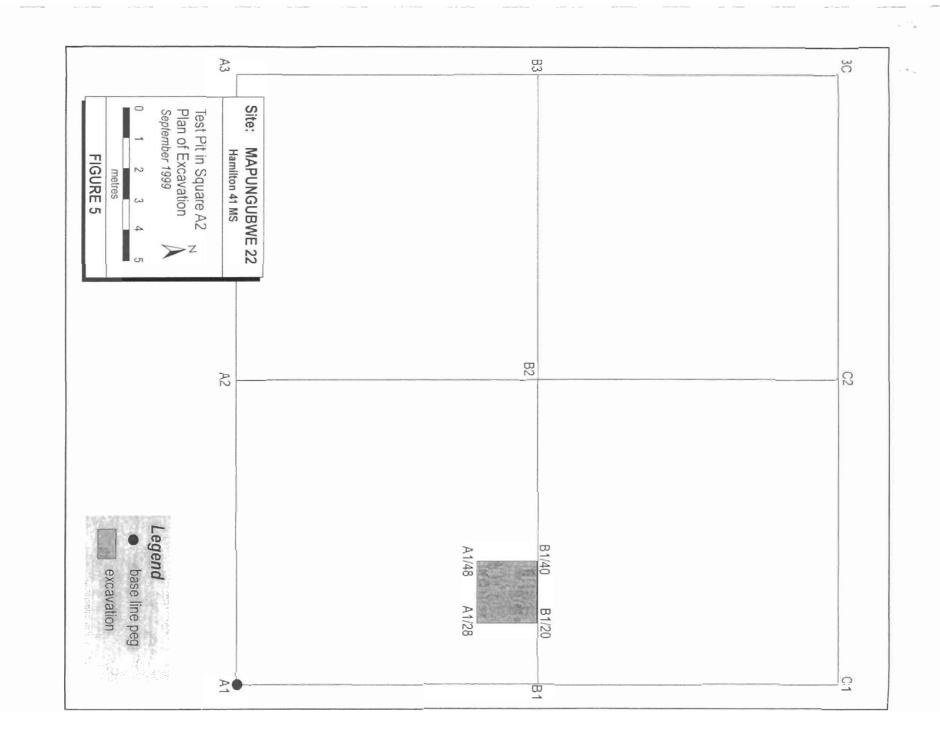


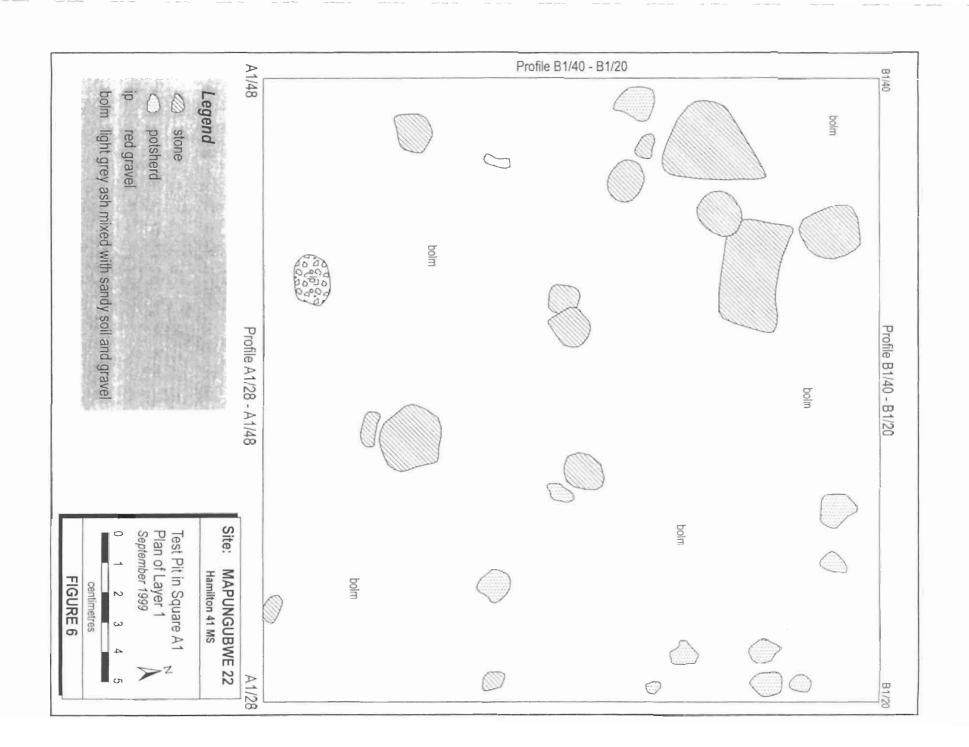
Figure 1





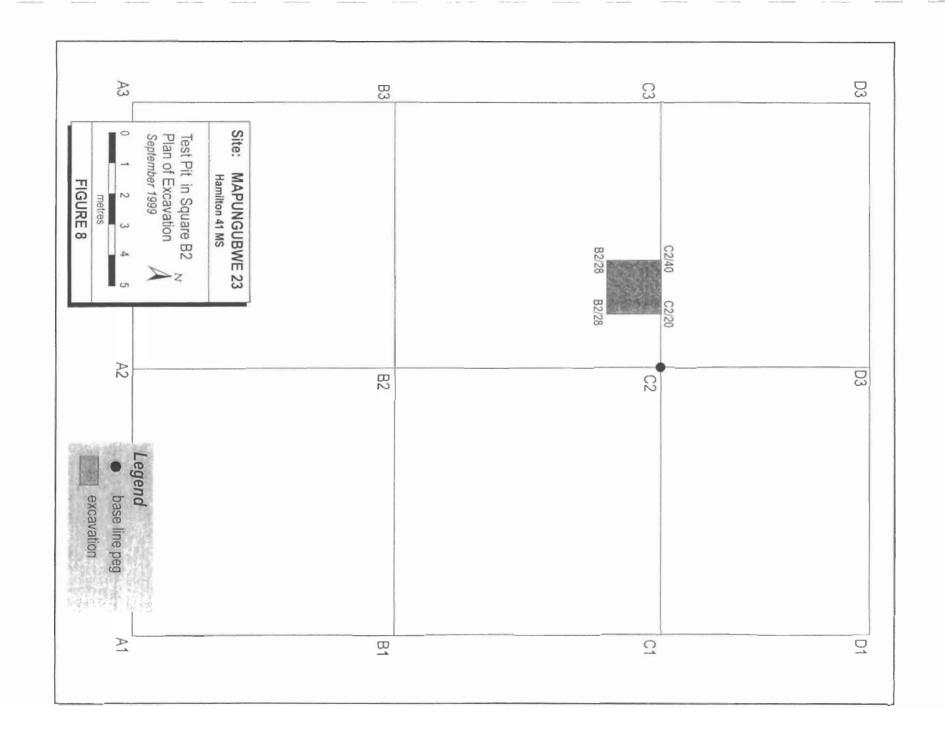


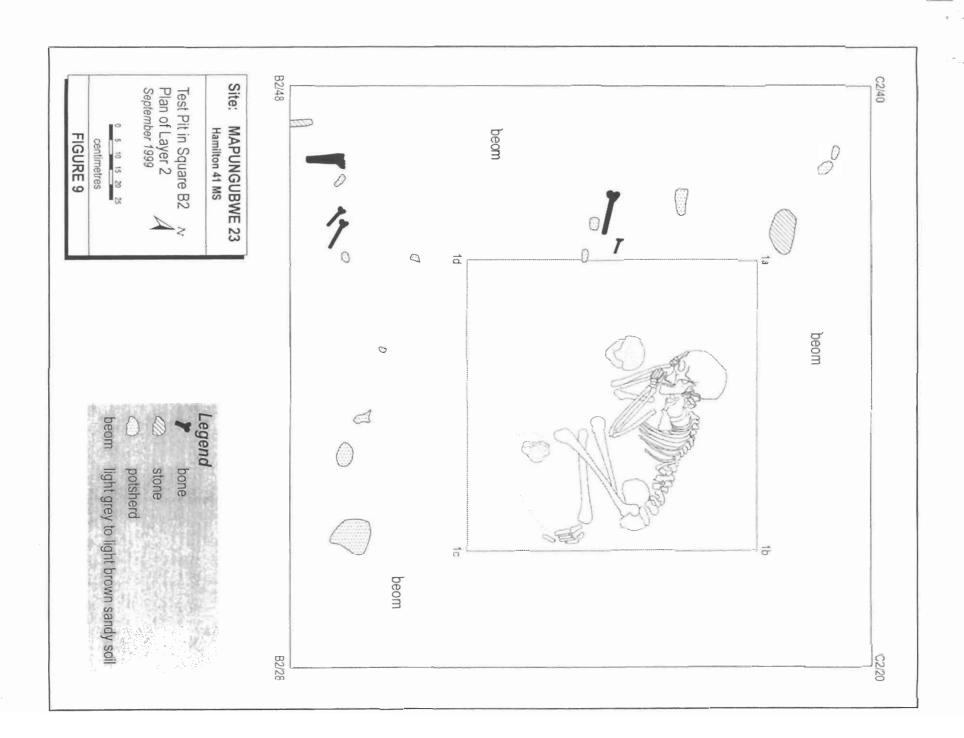


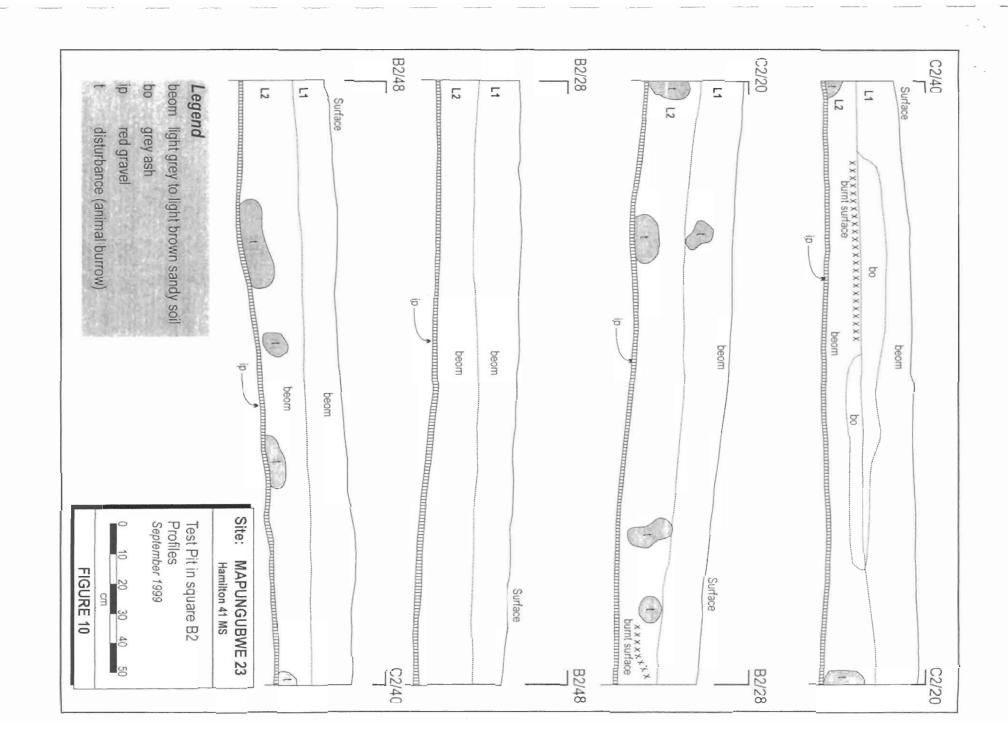


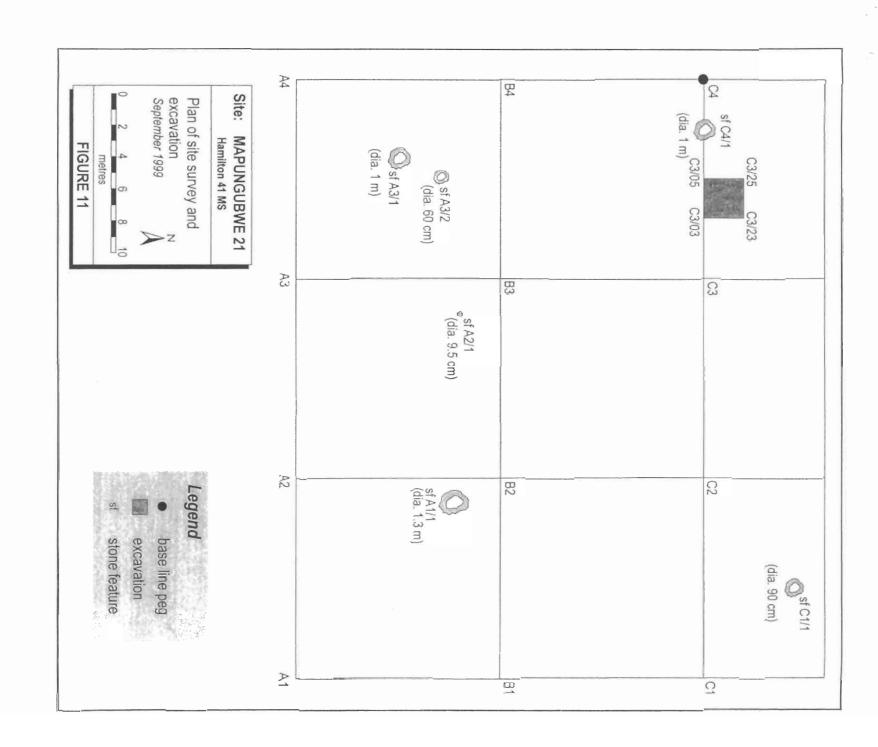
Site: MAPUNGUBWE 21 Storm Storm	light brown sandy soil light grey ash mixed with sandy soil and gravel	Legend elm light brown sandy soil bolm light grey ash mixed w	Test Pit in Square A1 Profiles 1 September 1999 0 10 20 30 40 50 centimetres FIGURE 7
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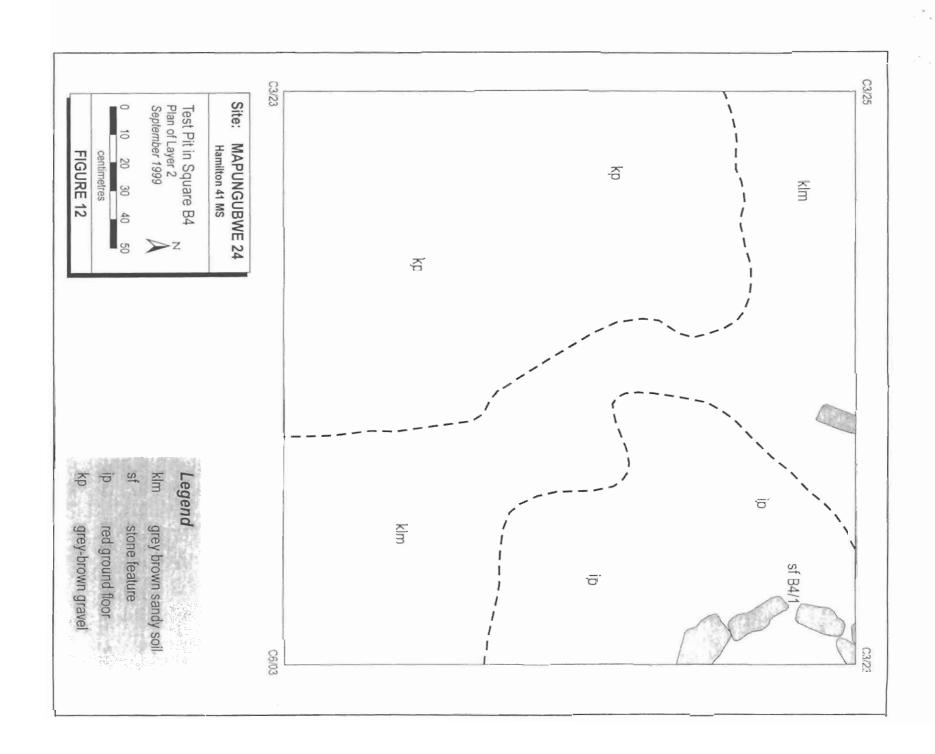
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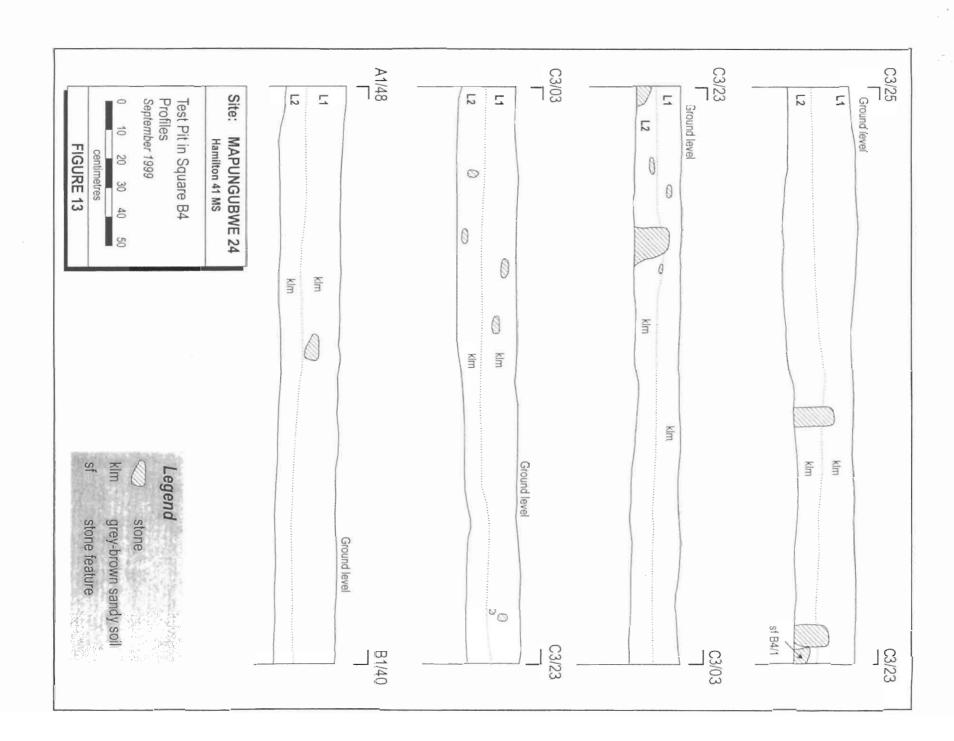












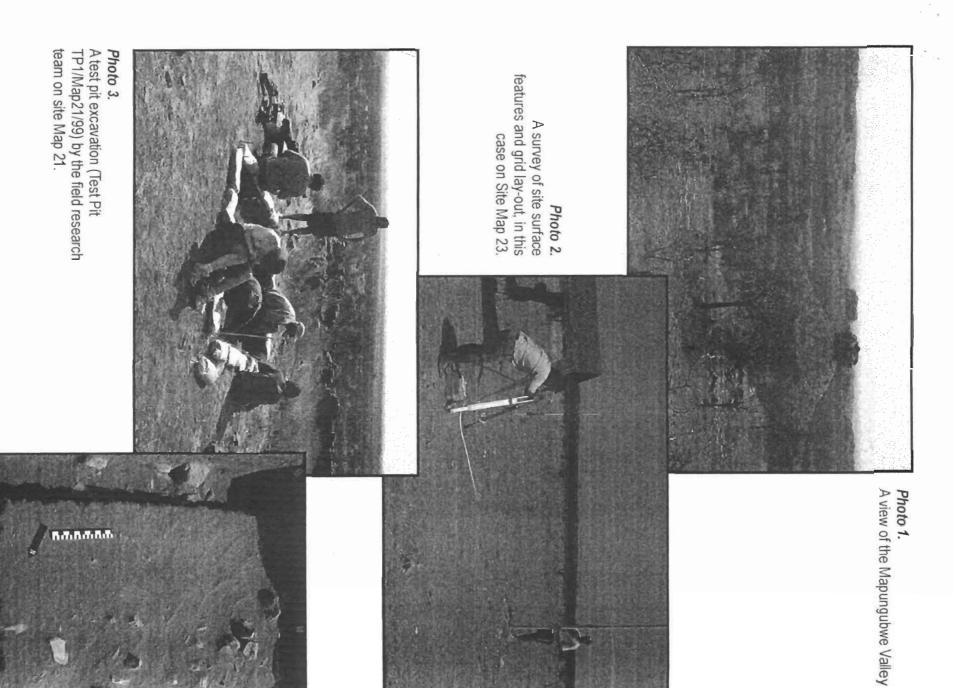


Photo 4.
A mini test trench in the test pit (TP1/Map21/99) on site Map 21.



Photo 5.
Stratigraphic recording during the excavation process, in this case on site Map 21 (Test Pit TP1/Map21/99).

Photo 6.
Sifting and sorting of material, in this case by a school study group on site Map 23.



Photo 7.

Excavating a human skeleton in a grave in the test pit (TP1/Map23/99) on Site Map 23.

Photo 8.

Recording of site features, in this case the human grave in the test pit (TP1/Map23/99) on Site Map 23.



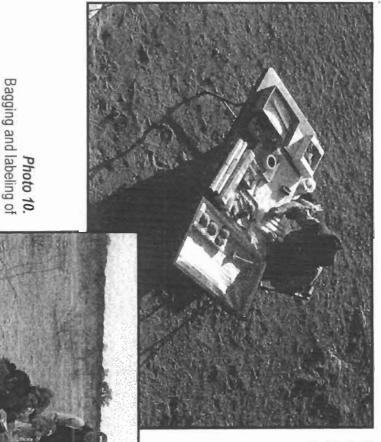


Photo 9.

On-site collection management, in this case of the material from the test pit (TP1/Map23/99) on site Map 23.

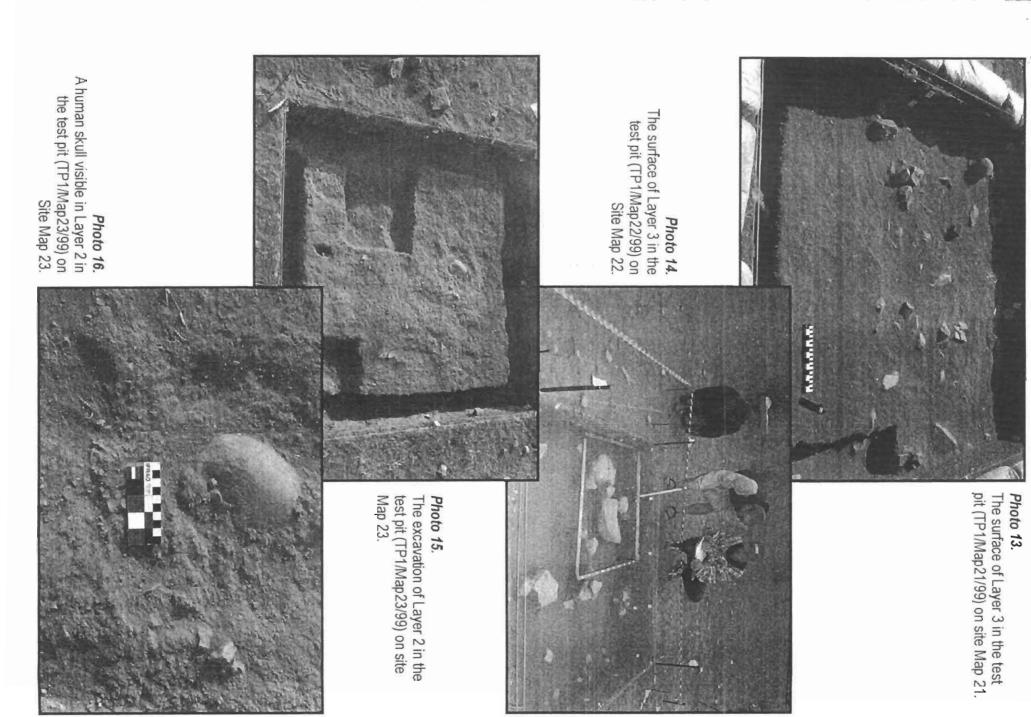
Bagging and labeling of excavated material, in this case from the test pit (TP1/Map23/99) on site Map 23.



Filling up the test pit (TP1/Map21/99) on site Map 21. Photo 11.



Photo 12. Stone Wall 1 on site Map 21.



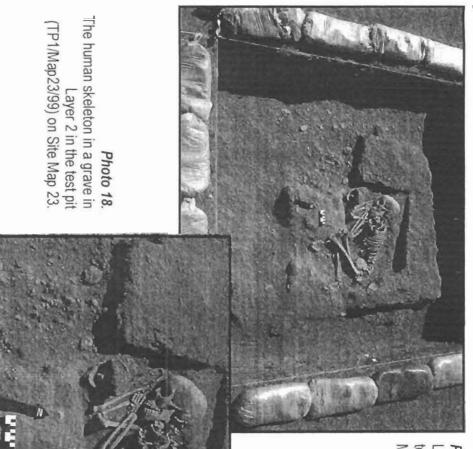


Photo 17
Layer 2 partially excavated in the test pit (TP1/Map23/99) on site Map 23.



Photo 19.
A stone feature on the surface of site Map 24.



Photo 20.
The deposit in the test pit (TP1/Map24/99) on Site Map 24 after the removal of Layer 2.

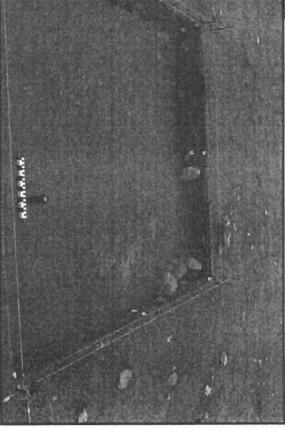




Photo 21.
The stone feature (sfB4/1) and gravel floor in Layer 2 in the test pit (TP1/Map24/99) on site Map 24.