#### Archaeological Survey for The and Point, Historical Durban

For Moreland Developments. Pty (Ltd)

Institute for Cultural Resource Management, Natal Museum, Private Bag 9070, Pietermaritzhurg, 3200 By Gavin Anderson

15 January 2003



## INTRODUCTION

undertake an archaeological survey of the next phase of development for Z the previous scoping report. This brief Historical Report can be viewed in Appendix Moreland approached the Institute **ICRM** included a full historical survey for those areas/topics not covered for Cultural Resource Management (ICRM) to The Point

that are currently undeveloped and not with any of the current buildings. listed or development. This management plan excludes existing buildings that may or may not be material underneath the current surface. A management plan is This report is a brief outline of areas that may have potential historical archaeological protected by the KwaZulu-Natal Heritage Act. The report only deals with areas set out for future

from a previous survey, monitoring program, and archaeological excavations as with most historical archaeology surveys, the written records have been consulted prior to the archaeological survey or excavations. In addition, this report also uses the findings for its conclusions (Anderson 2003) The archaeological component of this report is based on the historical findings. a basis AS

(referred to as Bamboo Square), several industrial landmarks, shipwrecks, a gallows important part of Durban's history developments. railway lines, piers, colonialists Point appears landed. Apart from several battles, there was Durban's first squatter camp This and buildings. Most of project has the potential to recover the last vestiges Ö have been an area these have been damaged due to previous of high historical activity since <u>q</u> Ħe a very

#### FINDINGS

foundations of many of these buildings would have damaged most of the archaeological By undisturbed I specifically refer to those area that do not have current buildings. he Appendix. In general, all undisturbed areas have the potential to provided map has been laid out in a grid, and important areas have been noted reveal material.

may also yield material (approximately 5-7m below the current surface). the potential to yield much information. Furthermore, the areas that have been reclaimed material. Those areas that are currently grassed, under parking lots and/or roads

## Bamboo Square

Square is approximately 1-3 m below the current surface. Much of Bamboo square has the remains exists. The squares B - G and 3 - 8 are areas of high sensitivity. These areas still have have revealed that in situ material still occur on the landscape been damaged by previous and current development, however, previous excavations Bamboo Square was partially excavated in 2002. However, much of the site of Bamboo Square under the current surface. I estimate that Bamboo

#### Significance:

describes it as follows Bamboo Square is of high archaeological and historical significance. Kearney (2003)

reports of the Harbour Board officials, the Water and Borough Police and the Inspector of Nuisances (early the end of the nineteenth century. Much of the information about the settlement derives from the extensive also made numerous attempts to replan the settlement, moving it progressively closer to the ocean beach by administration included many instances of shack removals and demolitions in the 1880's and 1890's. They administered Durban for whom it was a perpetual social and sanitation nuisance and eventually became that the place was owned by the War Department, in far off London. Thus it fell outside the Borough of was found not only in the site which was situated between high sand dunes and thus obscure, but also in from plantation indentureship, Chinese, Malays East Coast Africans and St Helenites. The sense of refuge workers in the 1860's. Thereafter it became a refuge for marginalised peoples including Indians released "Bamboo Square was one of the earliest, if not the earliest, informal settlement in the country and, in bу was Durban's District Six. It had commenced as a Tonga 'kraal' for migrant Tonga harbour the Natal Harbour Board and the Natal Harbour Department after to be Their

lived largely in either wattle and daub huts and shacks or later in small wood and iron cottages. By the mid The community was fairly homogenous, drawn as they were by their common marginalisation, and they

demolished early in 1903. The population were dispersed to other informal settlements including Island commenced a formal sanitation and renewal programme. This was interrupted in 1902 by the outbreak of skilfully took over ownership ancestral branch of the seine fishing community of the twentieth century. After the Durban Town Council depending on the attractions of harbour work. Other occupations included fishing and this was probably the in the nearby docks. The community supported a few shops and a school whose fortunes fluctuated accommodation in very small shacks for the growing number of 'togt' workers who sought periodic work View, Clairwood and South Coast Junction." the Plague, population numbered several thousand. whose origins were traced to Bamboo Square and the settlement was of the land in 1898, along with the adjacent Addington Lands and It also seems that the inhabitants provided completely

#### Significance

are from municipal and police records. about the lives of the excavations recorded a better picture than one of squalor that was officially portrayed Bamboo Square is of high archaeological and historical significance. Little is known general people who lived there, and many of the The previous, and limited, written records archaeological

#### Mitigation:

photographic material should be used for displays within the development and the development zone and it should be preserved for the future. implies that the area is still a no-development zone. Third, the remaining parts Bamboo be undertaken with the purpose of developing the site as an open-air museum. Durban as a city, and that this heritage needs to be saved as a amtter of priority should be commemorated. I personally believe that the site is integral to the formation of There are three ð be options for systematically this area. excavated First, the and area recorded. Second, excavations should be declared artefacts This

the extent of the whole of Bamboo Square excavations do occur then they should begin with test-pit excavations to determine

## Transport routes

unlikely that the physical remains still exist. archaeology. These Roads, piers, tramlines, and railway lines should form under the heading of industrial lines occur throughout the proposed development, however Si is

#### Significance:

increasing traffic in goods is linked to the economy of that city. development of any city. The ways in which roads are changed, through time, for The use of transport to and from a harbour to the city is important features in the

These features should be considered as being medium significant.

#### Mitigation:

construction work would need to be monitored is unlikely that these features still exist. ----this area S developed, then <u>a</u>

## Stables and Domestic Housing

yield subsurface features. These are located in squares G7, H10, J8, L10, O7, O10 011, P7, and P11. previous developments. However, several areas have not been developed, and may of these buildings do not exist anymore as they have been damaged by

stevedore's compounds, pilot's housing, a prison, and stables These features include the locations of the Port Captain's Indian compound

#### Significance:

These features vary from medium to high significance.

#### Management:

subsurface features may still exist. Test-pit excavations should occur in these areas to determine if subsurface features do exist It is unlikely that the remains of these features occur above the ground. However,

#### Cemeteries

that many of the graves were exhumed in the late 2003). Cemeteries were situated in squares 19, 110, J9, J10. The written records indicate thus exclude isolated burials such as the one excavated at Bamboo Square (Anderson removed to other locations in Durban. Cemeteries refer to areas that have been formally proclaimed as burial grounds, and 19th and early 20th century and

#### Significance

Cemeteries are of high significance

#### Mitigation:

be monitored. It is unlikely that human remains still exist in these older cemeteries. However, there possibility that a few individuals were missed. All development in these areas should

#### Shipwrecks

of the reclaimed land and the original surface is approximately 4-8 m below the current shipwrecks. These can be located in squares J -S and 3 - 8. This area is currently part Much of the eastern side of the development has the potential to yield the remains of

inhabitants, and thus it is unlikely that a complete shipwreck would be found According to the historical records, many of the shipwrecks were reused by local

#### Significance

activities All shipwrecks are of high significance and may yield information regarding maritime

#### Mitigation:

earthmoving should occur unless an archaeologist is on site area needs constant monitoring during the e development phases. 8

## Recreational areas

I observe such sites during the 2002 stage of the project. Howeever, isolated artefacts Stone Age and Iron Age occupations have been recorded previously in this area, nor did have been been observed The general beach has been used for the last few millennia. No direct evidence for

were observed during the monitoring stages in 2002 These events can be colloquially referred to as "beach braai" areas. Several of these The area has been extensively utilised over the last 150 years for social events

#### Significance:

These sites are of low significance

#### Mitigation

required during the earthmoving stage This area should be monitored during the earthmoving stages. Excavations may be

## Fishing activities:

have occurred since the 1870s, specifically with the arrival of Indian fishermen concentrated in O7 and P7. While this specific area post-dates Several areas have been noted for their seine fishing 1903, similar activities activities. These

#### Landfills

information secondary context, they are still valuable as they can be accurately dated and yield bottles, ceramics metal objects, wood, etc. landfill is beach sand and the remains from previous rubbish dumps. The occurrence of The area of the proposed development has been largely reclaimed. attest to this. While these artefacts are Much of the

#### Significance

I believe that the landfill is of medium to high archaeological significance

#### Mitigation:

artefacts. More security personal should be employed for this purpose other artefacts, needs to be upgraded and stringently enforced. I believe that the current for later retrieval. Furthermore, security regarding possible theft of these bottles, and collection depot for bottles should be made and all bottles should be stored in this security measures are inadequate, and that there is little regard All landfill areas require constant monitoring during the earthmoving Óŗ the loss of these stages.

verbally and in writing that artefacts may not be removed standard procedure at most construction and mining sites and should occur for this development as exception. Increased All vehicles security well. All employers should entail the constant monitoring should be and employees on the site should be informed both searched when leaving the <u>o</u> premises. This all vehicles without is a

# CONCLUSION AND MANAGEMENT PLAN

salvaging previous developments. for test-pit excavations development. In this case I would think 6 months ahead of schedule would be adequate Durban harbour and city. Much of this heritage has been inadvertently destroyed by The Point area has high archaeological and historical significance with the formation <u></u> this heritage. The current development has the All mitigation should thus occur timeously ahead potential to allow of any o,

remains already yielded a wealth of information. The brief historical survey and archaeological excavations This is however only a small part of what still and monitoring have

are thus protected by the KwaZulu-Natal Heritage Act. Buildings older than sixty years regarding the built environment and other historical features that have not been covered systems, industrial areas and cemeteries. Most of these are older than 100 years and by this report The remains included subsurface features of buildings, Bamboo Square, protected. The developer V<u>ii</u> need Ö liaise KwaZulu-Natal

M9, P8, and Q8, O10, O11, and P10. The rest of the development should be monitored, evaluated. plans are to change in the future, then the archaeological component needs to be especially those in squares H4, columns I to R, and Rows 1 to 6. If current development The following squares would require test-pit excavations: G6, H6, J7, K8, L8, M8, L9,

## Contact Person:

Gisela Fechter

PO Box 1365

Westville

3630

Ph: 031-2678560

Fax: 031-2663310

Email: GFechter@gibb.co.za