ANTICIPATED IMPACT OF THE DEVELOPMENT

GRAVESITE 1

I	MPACT TABLE FORMAT		
Heritage component	Heritage sites of significance		
Issue/Impact/Heritage Impact/Nature	Mining Right Application on Portion 1 of the Farm Magoloring 668		
	and Portion 6 (portion of Portion	on 2) of the Farm Magoloring 668.	
Extent	Local (2)		
Probability	Probable (3)		
Reversibility	Irreversible (4)		
Irreplaceable loss of resources	Significant loss of resource (3,)	
Duration	Medium term (2)		
Cumulative effect	Low cumulative effect (2)		
Intensity/magnitude	High (3)		
Significance Rating of Potential Impact	48 points. The impact will have	e a medium negative impact rating.	
*	Pre-mitigation impact rating	Post mitigation impact rating	
Extent	2	2	
Probability	1	1	
Reversibility	2	2	
Irreplaceable loss	1	1	
Duration	2	2	
Cumulative effect	1	1	
Intensity/magnitude	1	1	
Significance rating	48 (Medium Negative)	8 (low negative)	
Mitigation measure	It is recommended that the graves be relocated before any mining		
	activity commences.		

GRAVESITE 2

IMPACT TABLE FORMAT		
Heritage component	Heritage sites of significance	
Issue/Impact/Heritage Impact/Nature	Mining Right Application on Portion 1 of the Farm Magoloring 668 and Portion 6 (portion of Portion 2) of the Farm Magoloring 668.	
Extent	Local (2)	
Probability	Probable (3)	
Reversibility	Irreversible (4)	
Irreplaceable loss of resources	Significant loss of resources (3)	
Duration	Medium term (2)	
Cumulative effect	Low cumulative effect (2)	
Intensity/magnitude	High (3)	
Significance Rating of Potential Impact	48 points. The impact will have a medium negative impact rating.	



HIA: MAGOLORING 668

	Pre-mitigation impact rating	Post mitigation impact rating	
Extent	2	2	
Probability	3	1	
Reversibility	4	2	
Irreplaceable loss	3	1	
Duration	2	2	
Cumulative effect	2	1	
Intensity/magnitude	3	1	
Significance rating	48 (medium negative)	8 (low negative)	
Mitigation measure	It is recommended that the g activity commences.	It is recommended that the graves be relocated before any mining activity commences.	

KRAAL

I	MPACT TABLE FORMAT		
Heritage component	Heritage sites of significance		
Issue/Impact/Heritage Impact/Nature	Mining Right Application on Portion 1 of the Farm Magoloring 668		
	and Portion 6 (portion of Portio	n 2) of the Farm Magoloring 668.	
Extent	Local (2)		
Probability	Probable (3)		
Reversibility	Irreversible (4)		
Irreplaceable loss of resources	Significant loss of resources (3))	
Duration	Medium term (2)	- Hollen	
Cumulative effect	Low cumulative effect (2)		
Intensity/magnitude	High(3)		
Significance Rating of Potential Impact	48 points. The impact will have a low negative impact rating.		
	Pre-mitigation impact rating	Post mitigation impact rating	
Extent	2	2	
Probability	3	1	
Reversibility	4	2	
Irreplaceable loss	3	1	
Duration	2	2	
Cumulative effect	3	1	
Intensity/magnitude	3	1	
Significance rating	48 (low negative)	8 (low negative)	
Mitigation measure	It is recommended that the livestock enclosure be proper documented before a permit for its destruction is issued.		

OLD BRIDGE

IMPACT TABLE FORMAT		
Heritage component	Heritage sites of significance	



HIA: MAGOLORING 668

Issue/Impact/Heritage Impact/Nature	Mining Right Application on Portion 1 of the Farm Magoloring 668		
	and Portion 6 (portion of Portio	n 2) of the Farm Magoloring 668.	
Extent	Local		
Probability	Unlikely		
Reversibility	Totally Reversible		
Irreplaceable loss of resources	Insignificant loss of resources		
Duration	Medium term		
Cumulative effect	Low cumulative effect		
Intensity/magnitude	Low		
Significance Rating of Potential Impact	8 points. The impact will have a low negative impact rating.		
	Pre-mitigation impact rating	Post mitigation impact rating	
Extent	2	2	
Probability	1	1	
Reversibility	2	2	
Irreplaceable loss	1	1	
Duration	2	2	
Cumulative effect	1	1	
Intensity/magnitude	1	1	
Significance rating	8 (low negative)	8 (low negative)	
Mitigation measure	No further mitigation is documentation already handed	necessary. The photographic I will suffice in this regard.	

OLD MINE

	MPACT TABLE FORMAT		
Heritage component	Heritage sites of significance		
Issue/Impact/Heritage Impact/Nature	Mining Right Application on Portion 1 of the Farm Magoloring 668		
	and Portion 6 (portion of Portic	on 2) of the Farm Magoloring 668.	
Extent	Local		
Probability	Unlikely		
Reversibility	Totally Reversible	Α	
Irreplaceable loss of resources	Insignificant loss of resources		
Duration	Medium term		
Cumulative effect	Low cumulative effect		
Intensity/magnitude	Low		
Significance Rating of Potential Impact	8 points. The impact will have	a low negative impact rating.	
	Pre-mitigation impact rating	Post mitigation impact rating	
Extent	2	2	
Probability	1	1	
Reversibility	2	2	
Irreplaceable loss	1	1	
Duration	2	2	



Cumulative effect	1	1	
Intensity/magnitude	1	1	
Significance rating	8 (low negative)	8 (low negative)	
Mitigation measure	No further mitigation is r	No further mitigation is necessary	

STONE TOOLS

	MPACT TABLE FORMAT		
Heritage component	Heritage sites of significance		
Issue/Impact/Heritage Impact/Nature	Mining Right Application on Portion 1 of the Farm Magoloring 668		
	and Portion 6 (portion of Portion	on 2) of the Farm Magoloring 668.	
Extent	Local		
Probability	Unlikely		
Reversibility	Totally Reversible		
Irreplaceable loss of resources	Insignificant loss of resources		
Duration	Medium term		
Cumulative effect	Low cumulative effect		
Intensity/magnitude	Low		
Significance Rating of Potential Impact	8 points. The impact will have a low negative impact rating.		
	Pre-mitigation impact rating	Post mitigation impact rating	
Extent	2	2	
Probability	1	1	
Reversibility	2	2	
Irreplaceable loss	1	1	
Duration	2	2	
Cumulative effect	1	1	
Intensity/magnitude	1	1	
Significance rating	8 (low negative)	8 (low negative)	
Mitigation measure	No further mitigation is require	d.	

ASSESSING VISUAL IMPACT

Visual impacts of developments result when sites that are culturally celebrated are visually affected by a development. The exact parameters for the determination of visual impacts have not yet been rigidly defined and are still mostly open to interpretation. CNdV Architects and The Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning (2006) have developed some guidelines for the management of the visual impacts of wind turbines in the Western Cape, although these have not yet been formalised. In these guidelines they recommend a buffer zone of 1km around significant heritage sites to minimise the visual impact.

Due to the fact that the project will mainly involve sub-surface infrastructure it is not anticipated that any visual impacts will be encountered.

ASSUMPTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

· It is assumed that the South African Heritage Resources Information System (SAHRIS) database



locations are correct

- It is assumed that the paleontological information collected for the project is comprehensive.
- It is assumed that the social impact assessment and public participation process of the Basic Assessment will result in the identification of any intangible sites of heritage potential.

ASSESSMENT OF IMPACTS

IMPACT STATEMENT

BUILT ENVIRONMENT

Some structures associated with rural living were identified;

- Brick outbuildings (modern and historic)
- Barb-wire fences (modern)
- Mud-brick huts (modern)
- Dirt roads (modern)
- Footpaths

Mitigation

None of the structures will be affected by the pipeline construction activities.

CULTURAL LANDSCAPE

The following landscape types were identified during the study.

Landscape Type	Description	Occurrence still possible?	Likely occurrence?
1 Paleontological	Mostly fossil remains. Remains include microbial fossils such as found in Baberton Greenstones	Yes, sub- surface	Unlikely
2 Archaeological	Evidence of human occupation associated with the following phases – Early-, Middle-, Late Stone Age, Early-, Late Iron Age, Pre-Contact Sites, Post-Contact Sites	Yes	Likely
3 Historic Built Environment	 Historical townscapes/streetscapes Historical structures; i.e. older than 60 years Formal public spaces Formally declared urban conservation areas Places associated with social identity/displacement 	Yes	Likely
4 Historic Farmland	These possess distinctive patterns of settlement and historical features such as: - Historical farm yards - Historical farm workers villages/settlements - Irrigation furrows - Tree alignments and groupings - Historical routes and pathways - Distinctive types of planting - Distinctive architecture of cultivation e.g. planting blocks, trellising, terracing, ornamental planting.	Yes	Likely
5 Historic rural town	Historic mission settlementsHistoric townscapes	No	No
6 Pristine natural landscape	 Historical patterns of access to a natural amenity Formally proclaimed nature reserves Evidence of pre-colonial occupation 	Yes	Unlikely



	 Scenic resources, e.g. view corridors, 		
	viewing sites, visual edges, visual linkages		
	 Historical structures/settlements older than 		
	60 years		
	 Pre-colonial or historical burial sites 		
	 Geological sites of cultural significance. 		
7 Relic	 Past farming settlements 	No	No
Landscape	 Past industrial sites 		
	 Places of isolation related to attitudes to 		
	medical treatment		
	- Battle sites		
	- Sites of displacement,		
8 Burial grounds	- Pre-colonial burials (marked or unmarked,	Yes,	Yes
and grave sites	known or unknown)		
J 5	- Historical graves (marked or unmarked,	X	
	known or unknown)		
	- Graves of victims of conflict		
	- Human remains (older than 100 years)		
	- Associated burial goods (older than 100		
	years)		
	- Burial architecture (older than 60 years)		
9 Associated	- Sites associated with living heritage e.g.	No	No
Landscapes	initiation sites, harvesting of natural	INO	INO #
Lanuscapes	resources for traditional medicinal purposes		
	 Sites associated with displacement & contestation 		
	- Sites of political conflict/struggle		CHARLEST AND
	- Sites associated with an historic		
	event/person		
40 11' 1 ' 1	- Sites associated with public memory		
10 Historical	 Setting of the yard and its context 	Yes	Yes
Farmyard	- Composition of structures		
	 Historical/architectural value of individual 		
	structures		
	- Tree alignments		
	 Views to and from 		
	 Axial relationships 		
	 System of enclosure, e.g. defining walls 		
	 Systems of water reticulation and irrigation, 		
	e.g. furrows		
	 Sites associated with slavery and farm 		
	labour		
	 Colonial period archaeology 		在一个人的
11 Historic	- Historical prisons	No	No
institutions	 Hospital sites 		
	 Historical school/reformatory sites 		
	 Military bases 		CONTRACTOR OF
12 Scenic visual	- Scenic routes	No	No
13 Amenity	- View sheds	No	No
landscape	- View points	(A) (A) (A) (A)	
powing 4505 NESS 9000 \$50070	- Views to and from		1.0 数是 图 是 图
	- Gateway conditions		
	- Distinctive representative landscape		
	conditions		是在社会的
	- Scenic corridors		100000000000000000000000000000000000000
	Coornic cornidors	I.	ACCOUNT OF THE PARTY.



Mitigation

It is recommended that the development designs take into account the positive and negative characteristics of the existing cultural landscape type and that they endeavor to promote the positive aspects while at the same time mitigating the negative aspects.

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

This study analysed the documented data available as well as investigated the surface occurrences of heritage sites for Portion 1 of the Farm Magoloring 668 and Portion 6 (portion of Portion 2) of the Farm Magoloring 668 in the Northern Cape Province, close to the town of Postmasburg.

Although several stone tools were noticed over the survey area none of these are of major significance.

It is recommended that Grave Site 1 and 2 be relocated to a locally administered cemetery.

Although unlikely, sub-surface remains of heritage sites could still be encountered during the construction activities associated with the project. Such sites would offer no surface indication of their presence due to the high state of alterations in some areas as well as heavy plant cover in other areas. The following indicators of unmarked sub-surface sites could be encountered:

- Ash deposits (unnaturally grey appearance of soil compared to the surrounding substrate);
- · Bone concentrations, either animal or human;
- · Ceramic fragments such as pottery shards either historic or pre-contact;
- · Stone concentrations of any formal nature.

The following recommendations are given should any sub-surface remains of heritage sites be identified as indicated above:

- All operators of excavation equipment should be made aware of the possibility of the occurrence of sub-surface heritage features and the following procedures should they be encountered.
- All construction in the immediate vicinity (50m radius of the site) should cease.
- The heritage practitioner should be informed as soon as possible.
- In the event of obvious human remains the South African Police Services (SAPS) should be notified.
- Mitigation measures (such as refilling etc.) should not be attempted.
- The area in a 50m radius of the find should be cordoned off with hazard tape.
- · Public access should be limited.
- The area should be placed under guard.
- No media statements should be released until such time as the heritage practitioner has had sufficient time to analyze the finds.

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HISTORICAL MAPS

















