

# BASIC ASSESSMENT REPORT And ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME REPORT

SUBMITTED FOR ENVIRONMENTAL AUTHORIZATIONS IN TERMS OF THE NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT ACT, 1998 AND THE NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT WASTE ACT, 2008 IN RESPECT OF LISTED ACTIVITIES THAT HAVE BEEN TRIGGERED BY APPLICATIONS IN TERMS OF THE MINERAL AND PETROLEUM RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT ACT, 2002 (MPRDA) (AS AMENDED).

NAME OF APPLICANT: Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd

TEL NO: **082 555 6908**FAX NO: **082 555 6908**POSTAL ADDRESS: -

PHYSICAL ADDRESS: 46 Elfde Street, Voorspoed, East Welkom FILE REFERENCE NUMBER SAMRAD: FS 30/5/1/3/2/10317 MP

#### 1. IMPORTANT NOTICE

In terms of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act (Act 28 of 2002 as amended), the Minister must grant a prospecting or mining right if among others the mining "will not result in unacceptable pollution, ecological degradation or damage to the environment".

Unless an Environmental Authorisation can be granted following the evaluation of an Environmental Impact Assessment and an Environmental Management Programme report in terms of the National Environmental Management Act (Act 107 of 1998) (NEMA), it cannot be concluded that the said activities will not result in unacceptable pollution, ecological degradation or damage to the environment.

In terms of section 16(3)(b) of the EIA Regulations, 2014, any report submitted as part of an application must be prepared in a format that may be determined by the Competent Authority and in terms of section 17 (1) (c) the competent Authority must check whether the application has taken into account any minimum requirements applicable or instructions or guidance provided by the competent authority to the submission of applications.

It is therefore an instruction that the prescribed report required in respect of applications for an environmental authorisation for listed activities triggered by an application for a right or a permit are submitted in the exact format of, and provide all the information required in terms of, this template. Furthermore please be advised that failure to submit the information required in the format provided in this template will be regarded as a failure to meet the requirements of the Regulation and will lead to the Environmental Authorisation being refused.

It is furthermore an instruction that the Environmental Assessment Practitioner must process and interpret his/her research and analysis and use the findings thereof to compile the information required herein. (Unprocessed supporting information may be attached as appendices). The EAP must ensure that the information required is placed correctly in the relevant sections of the Report, in the order, and under the provided headings as set out below, and ensure that the report is not cluttered with un-interpreted information and that it unambiguously represents the interpretation of the applicant.

#### 2. Objective of the basic assessment process

The objective of the basic assessment process is to, through a consultative process—

- (a) determine the policy and legislative context within which the proposed activity is located and how the activity complies with and responds to the policy and legislative context;
- (b) identify the alternatives considered, including the activity, location, and technology alternatives;
- (c) describe the need and desirability of the proposed alternatives,
- (d) through the undertaking of an impact and risk assessment process inclusive of cumulative impacts—which focused on determining the geographical, physical, biological, social, economic, heritage, and cultural sensitivity of the sites and locations within sites and the risk of impact of the proposed activity and technology alternatives on the these aspects to determine:
  - (i) the nature, significance, consequence, extent, duration, and probability of the impacts occurring to; and
  - (ii) the degree to which these impacts—
    - (aa) can be reversed;
    - (bb) may cause irreplaceable loss of resources; and
    - (cc) can be managed, avoided or mitigated;
  - (e) through a ranking of the site sensitivities and possible impacts the activity and technology alternatives will impose on the sites and location identified through the life of the activity to—
  - (i) identify and motivate a preferred site, activity and technology alternative;
  - (ii) identify suitable measures to manage, avoid or mitigate identified impacts; and (iii) identify residual risks that need to be managed and monitored.

#### **PART A**

#### 3. SCOPE OF ASSSSMENT AND BASIC ASSESSMENT REPORT

#### CONTACT PERSON AND CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS

a) DETAILS OF -

(i) Details of the EAP how prepared the report

In term of NEMA – EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 – Reg. 21, Appendix 1 – 3. (1)(a)(i)

Name of the Practitioner: DERA Environmental Consultants (Pty) Ltd.

Mr Daan Erasmus Tel No.: 018-468 5355 Fax No.: 018-468 4015

E-mail address:daane@dera.co.za

#### (ii) Expertise of the EAP

1) The qualifications of the EAP

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(a)(ii)

The EAP Mr. Daan Erasmus has a National Diploma in Agriculture Resource Utilization and a Baccalaureus Technologiae degree in Agricultural Extension.

See next page for copy of qualification, Figure 1.

Figure 1 - Copy of Qualification

#### **TECHNIKON PRETORIA**



#### BACCALAUREUS TECHNOLOGIAE

LANDBOU: VOORLIGTING

AGRICULTURE: EXTENSION

Toegeken aan

Awarded to

#### DANIEL ELARDUS ERASMUS

91004437

1970-09-07

met ingang van

with effect from

1997-01-01

Registrateur (Akademies) Registrar (Academie)

Rektor/Rector

97/206

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#### TECHNIKON PRETORIA

#### **NASIONALE** NATIONAL **DIPLOMA**

LANDBOU: HULPBRONBENUTTING

AGRICULTURE: BESOURCE UTILIZATION

Toegeken aan

Awarded to

DANIEL ELARDUS ERASMUS

91004437

7009075033088

met ingang van

with effect from

1994-01-01

Die volgende is voltooi

Andbou-ekonomie I, II en III Voorligtingsmetodiek I en III Akkerbou I, II en III Weidingkunde A Landbou-ekonomie I, II en III

Bodembeplanning I en II Bodembewaring I Grondkunde I en II \*Meganisasie

Pisiese Wetenskap Melkproduksietegnologie Vleisbeesproduksietegnologie Kleinveeproduksietegnologie Grondklassifikamie III

The following were completed

Agricultural Economics I, II and III Extension Method I and II Field Husbandry I, II and III

Pasture Science A

Land Use Planning I and II Soil Conservation I Soil Science I and II

Mechanisation\* Physical Science

Milk Production Technology Beefer Production Technology Small Stock Production Technology

Soil Classification iii

Minimum Opleidingstydperk: 3 Jaar Minimum Training Period : 3 Years

Uitvoerende Direkteur/ Executive Director

Nr /No. ND1117/94

Rektor/Rector

#### 2) Summary of the EAP's past experience.

The EAP, Mr. Erasmus is involved in mining, environmental management, EMP & EMPR as well as Basic Assessments as from 1995. The EAP was involved in the NEMA Act through applications for chicken broilers where the Basic Assessments Report was also used to get to a ROD.

See Figure 2 - below Curriculum Vitae of D. E. Erasmus.

#### DAAN ERASMUS

**ENVIRONMENTAL PRACTITIONER** 



CONTACTS





daane@dera.co.za



+27 82 895 3516



Klerksdorp, North-west Province, South Africa

SKILLS



Report writing
Conduct auditing
Bilingual
(English/Afrikaans)
Computer Proficient
Report generation and analysis
Verbal and written communication
Computer Literate
Project Management
Results-orientated
Conduct risk assessments

ABOUT ME



Environmental Practitioner with 29 years' experience in Agricultural Science, and Mining- and Environmental Management.

Began own company - DERA Environmental Consultants (Pty) Ltd 2003.

Main scope of business: Compiling and submission of mining related applications; manage and compile legal environmental documents.

Furthermore doing monitoring work to evaluated compliance to environmental legislation; evaluating outstanding rehabilitation liabilities for mining companies. Assist legal companies in determining environmental damage.

Do risk assessment and applications for closure certificates.

Give guidance in rehabilitation practices.

Compile EMPR/EIA for Mining Rights and compilation of EMPlan's for Prospecting and Mining Right applications.

Compile BAR & EMPR reports in support of application of Chicken Broilers and – facilities, Feed lots, Fuel Storage, Ploughing of virgin soil and associated infrastructure for Environmental Authorizations and many more based on experience from management of the natural resources and the mitigation of impacts.

#### WORK EXPERIENCE



JAN 1989 SEPT 1990 MILITARY SERVICE

National Defence Force

Officers Course: # Lieutenant

JAN 1991 FE8 2003 CHIEF RESOURCE CONSERVATION INSPECTOR

National Department of Agriculture

Administration of Act 43 of 1983, Agricultural Resource Conservation Act in North West Province. The main activities were veld inspections in order to monitor correct utilization of natural resources and where necessary take corrective steps.

Other activities included discussions and lectures at farmers union

Other activities included discussions and lectures at farmers union meetings;

municipalities and other institutions in order to promulate the Activities.

municipalities and other institutions in order to promulgate the Act. Management of personnel and personnel related matters; management of budget of regional office in Potchefstroom; management and control of declared weeds and invader species. Evaluation of EMPr's and EIA's and monitoring mine rehabilitation and environmental management out of agricultural point of view Audit and compliance inspections of mining operations.

Page 1

#### WORK EXPERIENCE (Continues) MAR 2003 ENVIRONMENTAL PRACTITIONER PRESENT DERA Environmental Consultants Compiling and submission of mining related applications; manage and compile legal environmental documents. Furthermore doing monitoring work to evaluated compliance to environmental legislation; evaluating outstanding rehabilitation liabilities for mining companies. Assist legal companies in determining environmental damage. Do risk assessment and applications for closure certificates. Give guidance in rehabilitation practices. Compile EMPR/EIA for Mining Rights and compilation of EMPlan's for Prospecting and Mining Right applications. Compile BAR & EMPr reports in support of application of Chicken Broilers and -facilities, Feed lots, Fuel Storage, Ploughing of Virgin soil and associated infrastructure for Environmental Authorizations and many more based on experience from management of the natural resources and the mitigation of impacts. EDUCATION Ø 1988 HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA- with Full Exemption Wolmaransstad High School, North West, SA English Afrikaans Mathematics Science Geography Accounting 1994 NATIONAL DIPLOMA: AGRICULTURE: RESOURCE Pretoria Technikon (Tshwane University of Technology) -- Pretoria, Tshwane Agricultural Economics I, II and III. Extension Method I, iI and III Field Husbandry I, II and III Pasture Science A Land Use Planning Land () Soil Conservation I Soil Science Land II Mechanization Physical Science Milk Production Technology Beef Production Technology Small Stock Production Technology Soil Classification III Computer Application 1 BACCALAUREUS TECHNOLOGIAE: AGRICULTURAL EXTENTION 1996 Pretoria Technikon (Tshwane University of Technology) -- Pretoria, Tshwane Agricultural Communication I Agricultural Extension IV Crop Production IV Research Methodology

#### EDUCATION - continues



#### 1999

MASTERS DEGREE IN SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE - uncompleted Orange Free State University, Bloemfontein, SA

Conservation of agricultural resources and the Environment Soil-, climate and water use and soil and water Management Plant and energy utilization and management Economics of sustainability and development Scrip – project proposal Sustainable plant production systems Farm management for sustainable agriculture Strategic management, marketing and planning Communication and technology transfer Final dissertation - uncompleted

#### EIA- EXPERIENCE



The following list of EIA's was just some that was done by me:

- Compliance Creators [Goedgevonden] was done as part of a Prospecting Right Application with Bulk Sampling, my role entailed: site visit, impact assessment and evaluation and compilation of report and handling of application process.
- Diamsure [Palmietfontein] was done as part of Prospecting Right Application with Bulk Sampling, my role entailed: site visit, impact assessment and evaluation and compilation of report and handling of application process.
- Brenda Gagiano (Katdoornplaats) was done as part of Prospecting Right
  Application with Bulk Sampling, my role entailed: site visit, impact assessment and
  evaluation and compilation of report and handling of application process.
- J & K Steyn Trust [Klipkuil] was done as part of Prospecting Right Application with Bulk Sampling, my role entailed: site visit, impact assessment and evaluation and compilation of report and handling of application process.
- Pilansberg Tented Facility (Pilansberg) was done as part of an Environmental Authorization for a listed activity for new tented camp, my role entailed: site visit, impact assessment and evaluation and compilation of report and handling of application process.
- FMS Trust [Saamgevoeg] was done as part of an Environmental Authorization for a listed activity, for the construction of Chicken Broilers, my role entailed: site visit, impact assessment and evaluation and compilation of report and handling of

#### SHORT COURSES



Computer training Dbase IV
Seminar in public speaking
Veld assessment course
Resource Identification and utilization course
ArcView GIS course
Persuasion skills
Wetlands identification
Rehabilitation of Wetlands
Management skills
Agricultural law course

Page

#### b) LOCATION OF THE ACTIVITY

#### **Table 1: Property Description**

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(b)

| (i) 21 digit Surveyor General Code for each farm portio | n F0030000000123700000  |
|---|---|
| (ii) Farm Name:   | Klein Kopjes Alleen 182   |
|   | <ul> <li>✓ (a certain portion of the Remaining Extent of Portion 1)</li> </ul>  |
| (iii) Coordinates of the application area               | Co-ordinates List WG Co-ordinates: 27°  |
|   | A: 26.82260 -27.90375 B: 26.82265 -27.90227 C: 26.82540 -27.90230; D: 26.82500 -27.90410  |
| Application area (Ha)                                   | 5 hectares  |
| Magisterial district:                                   | The application area falls within the Odendaalsrus district. The town of Odendaalsrus is the oldest gold mining town in the Lejweleputswa District Municipality in the goldfields of the Free State province in South Africa. Total Area 42.1km² & Total Population (2011) ~ 63,743. Course: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Odendaalsrus |
| Distance and direction from nearest town                | The site is situated 12 km north, north-east of Welkom and 15 km east of Odendaatsrus   |
| Minerals applied for                                    | Clay (General) (Cy)   |

#### c) LOCALITY MAP

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(c)

See Appendix 1(a) attached for Locality Map.

Appendix 1(a) - Locality Map

#### d) DESCRIPTION OF THE SCOPE OF THE PROPOSED OVERALL ACTIVITY.

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(d)

This will be a very small project (only 5 ha). The application area is situated over agricultural grazing land that was disturbed before by mining and agricultural activites. Because of the size of the application area (only 5 ha), it falls within bigger farm portion which is 253 ha. There is no infrastructure within the applied area. This application was disturbed by previous mining activities as well as agricultural activities, see photo sheet in **Appendix 1C**. Because it forms part of a bigger farm portion the infrastructure are situated on the rest of the area, but outside the application area. The area seems to have been disturbed as it looks that the topsoil and vegetation cover was removed. There is a farm road to the applications area, but beside for that there is no other infrastructure. There is a pan (Rietpan) situated east of the applied area between 150-300 m outside the application area. This pan however only seems to be saturated with water during high rainfall periods. Access to the area is gained by a road that turns off from the *R70* that runs between Odendaalsrus and Warden. It will be a *Clay* mining operation. The main mining activities will be opencast excavations in order to access the mineral. There will be no processing as the clay will be used at the adjacent Brick Manufacturing plant. See **Figure 3** below for Google Erath Images of proposed area. The area will be mined and rehabilitated. The mining focus area will be clearly demarcated. The area applied for is over the whole of this area (5 ha) on the farm Klein Koppie Alleen 182. The vegetation cover seems to be natural vegetation with shrubs but is very sparse in places because of previous disturbance.. Also see **Appendix 1(b)** for Infrastructure Plan.

Figure 3: Google Earth Images



Appendix 1(b) - Infrastructure Plan

#### (i) Listed and specified activities

#### **Table 2: Listed Activities**

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(d)(i)

| NAME OFACTIVITY  | Aerial extent of the Activity | LISTED<br>ACTIVITY | APPLICABLE<br>LISTING |
|--|-------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Listing 1 — Activity 21:  Any activity including the operation of that activity which requires a mining permit in terms of section 27 of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act No. 28 of 2002), including — associated infrastructure, structures and earthworks, directly related to the extraction of a mineral resource[,] or [including activities for which an exemption has been issued in terms of section 106 of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act No. 28 of 2002)]  b) the primary processing of a mineral resource including winning, extraction, classifying, concentrating, crushing, screening or washing;  but excluding the secondary processing of a mineral resource, including the smelting, beneficiation, eduction, refining, calcining or gasification of the mineral resource in which case activity 6 in Listing total capiles. | 5 ha                          | X                  | 327                   |
| Listing 1 – Activity 27: The clearance of an area of 1 hectares or more, but less than 20 hectares of indigenous vegetation, except where such clearance of indigenous vegetation is required for—  (i) the undertaking of a linear activity; or (ii) maintenance purposes undertaken in accordance with a maintenance management plan.  | 5 ha                          | X                  | 327                   |

#### (ii) Description of the activities to be undertaken

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(d)(ii)

Table 3: Description of Activities to be followed

| Activities    | Description of phases   | Associated structures and infrastructures   |
|---------------|---|---|
| The Mineral   | Welkom Bricks intends to mine for Clay general situated on a portion of the farm<br>Klein Kopjes Alleen Welkom district, and 5 hectares in total. The clay will be used<br>in brick making industry.  |   |
| The extend    | The clay is situated on this demarcated area on average 2.5 meters deep. The identified and demarcated which are 5 hectares in total includes the entire mining area of 4.5 ha will be used for mining and 05 ha for the stockpiling. The clay reserve on this 3 hectares is estimated at 75 000 tons.  |   |
| Mining method | The above area will be mined through opencast excavations where the clay will be removed with an excavator onto a stockpile and loaded by a frond end loader on the trucks for transporting to the adjacent brick factory. The clay from the stockpile is transported at an average rate of 100 tons a day to the brick factory or as needed. The total estimated reserve of Clay is 75 000 tons taken at a production rate of 2000 tons a month it will take 38 months to work this reserve. The clay which is 2 m thick and the relatively low production rate of this operation make this 5 hectare to be worked sustainable over a period of four years. The total cost of the operation is taken at R 47/ton and the total material moved monthly at 2000tons. The total monthly mining cost is then R 94 500 .00 and the total monthly income is on average R 160 000.00. This operation can thus be economical viable. | There will be a plant area with ablution facilities and roads to the excavations. |
| The grade     | It is estimated that this Clay will be sold for R 47/ton.   |   |

#### e) POLICY AND LEGISLATIVE CONTEXT

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(e)(i)&(ii)

Table 4: Policy & Legislative Context

| APPLICABLE LEGISLATION AND GUIDELINES USED TO COMPILE THE REPORT   | REFERENCE WHERE        |
|--|------------------------|
| (a description of the policy and legislative content within which the development is proposed including an identification of all regulation, policies, plans, guidelines, spatial tools, municipal development planning managements are included in the description of all regulation policies, plans, guidelines, spatial tools, municipal development planning managements are included in the description of all regulations of all regulation. | APPLIED                |
| National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act 107 of 1998) (NEMA)   | Activity 21, listing 1 |
| Submitted for Environmental Authorizations in terms of the National Environmental Management Act, 1988 and the National Environmental Management Waste Act, 2008 in respect of Listed Activities the   | Activity 27, Listing 1 |
| has been triggered by applications in terms of the Minerals and Petroloum Resources Development Act. 2002 (As mentioned).  National Environmental Management Act. 1998 (Act 107 of 1998):  | Regulation 21          |
| Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014 (G38282 - R982-985)  | reducion 51            |
| ©A Authorization and ElfvEttP. Submit documents that will documents that will documents that will document the impacts and sustainable netigation thereof. Compliance to Act and Regulations during course of activities. Show impacts and indigation thereof.   |                        |
| National Water Act, 1998 (Act 36 of 1998)  | Section 21 (a)         |
| Apphication for Water abstractions for mining use  | , , ,                  |
| Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act No. 43 of 1983 Constitutes to Act and Resource during course of activities. Statistation of soil after rehigh to be austainable with no crosson. Eredication of declared woods  | Section 29             |
| National Heritages Resources Act, 1999 (Act 25 of 1999)  | Section 36             |
| Compliance to Act and Regulations during course of activities. Ensure that no graves or horitage sits will be disturbed,   |                        |

#### f) NEED AND DESIRABILITY OF THE PROPOSED ACTIVITIES

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(f)

The applicant believes that the applied area has prospects for <u>Clay</u> as applied for. The desirability of this project can be motivated as the application area is not within or nearby a sensitive environmental area and the impact that will be caused by the activity can be properly mitigated and rehabilitated. The applicant have an existing clay mining quarry just south of the application area, just the prospects of mining clay on this area will be just an extension of the further mining of the existing mineral run (soil formation). There will be no processing taking place over this site, just the mining, excavation and transporting it away to the adjacent clay processing plant. The specific activities as listed will be on this 5 ha application area specific according to the sketch plan. The duration of the activities will be 2 years.

#### g) MOTIVATION FOR THE OVERALL PREFERRED SITE, ACTIVITIES AND TECHNOLOGY ALTERNATIVE

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(g)

The applicant envisaged that the applied mineral <u>Clay (General) (Cy)</u> is present on this property and therefore the application for a mining permit.

#### h) FULL DESCRIPTION OF THE PROCESS FOLLOWED TO REACH THE PROPOSED PREFERRED ALTERNATIVES WITHIN THE SITE

#### (i) Details of the development footprint alternatives considered

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(h)(l)

Alternative is not applicable. The current land is agricultural grazing field. Thus the option to mine the area will be a total new an alternative land use. The applicant, Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd, is not interested in any other alternative land use over this land aside for the mining of <u>Clay (General) (Cy)</u>, or any other activity, or method use other than mining for <u>Clay (General) (Cy)</u> in the conventional way, which is the most cost effective.

- (a) the property on which or location where it is proposed to undertake the activity There are no alternative for the property as the application is for this 5 hectare area only.
- (b) the type of activity to be undertaken

  The type of activity is in line with the submitted Mining Plan.
- (c) the design or layout of the activity

The layout of the activity will and can only be on the application area as per sketch plan.

(d) the technology to be used in the activity

The technology used in the activity will as described in the Mining Plan and the best options will be determined by the applicant.

(e) the operational aspects of the activity, and

The operational aspect is only the mining of Clay (General) (Cy) on this specific area.

(f) the option of not implementing the activity

This option might only be possible if the applicant decide to abandon the project.

#### (ii) Details of the Public Participation Process Followed

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(h)(ii)

The process as described by NEMA for Environmental Authorization was followed. See **Table 5 & 6** below for the identification of Interested and Affected Parties to be consulted with. The landowner (*Trustees of the <u>Pieter Hendrik Gouws Trust</u>)* and the direct neighbours will be consulted personally and through letters and notices that will be placed at their community centres. An advertisement was placed in the local newspaper of <u>Vista Newspaper of the 8th October 2020</u>. Notice was put up at the entrance to the application area, where all passers-by are invited to give through their comments of objections toward the proposed application. See proof of consultation under **Appendix 2**.

Appendix 2 - Proof of consultation.

Table 5: Identification of Interested and Affected Parties to be consulted

|   | Mark with an X | where applicable                           |
|---|----------------|--|
| IDENTIFICATION CRITERIA   | YES            | NO   |
| Will the landowner be specifically consulted?   | Х              | ***************************************    |
| Will the lawful occupier on the property other than the Landowner be consulted?   | Х              |  |
| Will a tribal authority or host community that may be affected be consulted?  |                | X  |
| Will recipients of land claims in respect of the area be consulted?   | X              | 1  |
| Will the landowners or lawful occupiers of neighbouring properties been identified?   | Х              | 7000.404                                   |
| Will the local municipality be consulted?   | X              | 1  |
| Will the Authority responsible for power lines within 100 metres of the area be consulted?  |                | X  |
| Will the Authorities responsible for public roads or railway lines within 100 metres of the area applied for be consulted?  |                | ×  |
| Will the Authorities responsible for any other infrastructure within 100 metres the area applied for be consulted? (Specify)  |                | X  |
| Will the Provincial Department responsible for the environment be consulted?  | <u> х</u>      | TO STAN STAN STAN STAN STAN STAN STAN STAN |
| Will all of the parties identified above be provided with a description of the proposed mining/prospecting operation as referred above?   | X              |  |
| Will all the parties identified above be requested in writing to provide information as to how their interests (whether it be socio-economic, cultural, heritage or environmental) will be affected by the proposed mining project? | х              |  |
| Other, Specify  |                |  |

#### a. Details of the Public Participation Process Followed

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(h)(iii)

Table 6: Identification of Interested and Affected Parties to be consulted

|  |        | an X where                          |
|--|--------|-------------------------------------|
| IDENTIFICATION CRITERIA  | applic | cable                               |
| PROJECT AND AN ADMINISTRATION OF THE PROJECT AND A STORY OF THE PROJECT AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE PROJECT AN | YEŞ    | NO                                  |
| Will the landowner be specifically consulted?  | X      |                                     |
| Will the lawful occupier on the property other than the Landowner be consulted?  | X      |                                     |
| Will a tribel authority or host community that may be affected be consulted?   |        | X                                   |
| Will recipients of land claims in respect of the area be consulted?  | X      | ****                                |
| Wilt the landowners or lawful occupiers of neighbouring properties been identified?  | X      |                                     |
| Witi the local municipality be consulted?  | X      | ***                                 |
| Will the Authority responsible for power lines within 100 metres of the area be consulted?   |        | Х                                   |
| Will the Authorities responsible for public roads or railway lines within 100 metres of the area applied for be consulted?   |        | X                                   |
| Will the Authorities responsible for any other infrastructure within 100 metres the area applied for be consulted? (Specify)   |        | X                                   |
| Will the Provincial Department responsible for the environment be consulted?   | Х      |                                     |
| Will all of the parties identified above be provided with a description of the proposed mining/prospecting operation as referred   | Х      |                                     |
| above?   | ^ !    |                                     |
| Will all the parties identified above be requested in writing to provide information as to how their interests (whether it be  | X      | ,                                   |
| socio-economic, cultural, heritage or environmental) will be affected by the proposed mining project?  | ^      |                                     |
| Other, Specify   | 1      | W. C. ST. POLICY CO. ST. POLICY CO. |

Table 7: Furthermore the details of the engagement process to be followed are as reflected below.

Steps to be taken to notify interested and affected parties

PROVIDE DESCRIPTION HERE

The applicant does have consent from the landowner and the neighbours was informed personally consulted by the applicant and confirmed in the writing. A consultation letter was send to the Leiweleputswa District Municipality.

An advertisement was placed in the local newspaper for comments

| nformation to be provided to Interested and Affected Parties.   | Compulsory  |
|---|---|
|   | The site plan,  |
|   | List of activities to be authorized   |
|   | Scale and extent of activities to be authorized   |
|   | Typical impacts of activities to be authorized (e.g. surface disturbance, dust, noise, drainage, fly rock etc.)                 |
|   | The duration of the activity.   |
|   | Sufficient detail of the intended operation to enable them to assess what impact the activities                                 |
|   | will have on them or on the use of their land)  |
|   | Other, specify: mining plan   |
| nformation to be required from Interested and Affected Parties. | Compulsory  |
| ·   | To provide information on how they consider that the proposed activities will impact on them or their socio-economic conditions |
|   | To provide written responses stating their suggestions to mitigate the anticipated impacts of<br>leach activity                 |
|   | To provide information on current land uses and their location within the area under consideration                              |
|   | To provide information on the location of environmental features on site to make proposals as                                   |
|   | to how and to what standard the impacts on site can be remedied, requested to make written                                      |
|   | proposals   |
|   | To mitigate the potential impacts on their socio economic conditions to make proposals as to                                    |
|   | how the potential impacts on their infrastructure can be managed, avoided or remedied).   |
|   | Other, Specify  |
|   |   |

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# BAR ¥ Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd ¥ Klein Koppie Alleen 182 ¥ FS 30/5/1/3/2/10317 MP

# (iii)Summary of issues raised by I&AP's

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)[h)(iii)

See Appendix 2 for full detail on public participation.

Table 8: Summary of Identified I&AP's

| lable of Summary of Identified local s  |  |   |                                 |
|---|--|---|---------------------------------|
| Interested and Affected Parties List the sames of persons consulted in this column, and Mark with an "X" where those who must be consulted were in fact consulted                         | Date sent and/or<br>Comments<br>Received | Issues raised   | EAP's response to the applicant |
| AFFECTED PARTIES  |  |   |                                 |
| Mr. C.E.A. Gouws (Landowner on the farm Klein Kopjes Alleen) Gouws Pieter Hendrik Trustees P.O. Box 66291, Riebeeckstad, 9469 Cell: 083 626 8626, E-mail: chris.ea.gouws@gmail.com        | ( 17 Sep 2020<br>22 Sep 2020             | No objection, see signed consultation letter attached         |                                 |
| Lawful occupier/s of the land   |  |   |                                 |
| Landowners or lawful occupiers on adjacent properties X   | 9  |   |                                 |
| Mr. S.J. van Rensburg (Neighbour)<br>Anglo Allied Brick<br>P.O. Box 66027, Riebeeckstad, 9469<br>Cell: 082 555 6908, E-mail: jcbrick(@internext.co.za                                     | 17 Sep 2020<br>21 Sep 2020               | No objection, see signed consultation letter attached         |                                 |
| Municipal councilor   |  |   |                                 |
| Municipality  |  |   |                                 |
| Mathabeng Local Municipality LED manager Tet: 057 357 4393 Fax:: 057 357 4393   | 17 Sep 2020                              | E-mail sent to Mr. Golele, acting executive director: LED     |                                 |
| Organs of state (Responsible for infrastructure that may be affected<br>Roads Department, Eskom, Telkom, DWA.   |  | ř   |                                 |
| Eskom   |  |   |                                 |
| Communities   |  |   |                                 |
|   |  |   |                                 |
| Dept. Land Affairs  | Soci                                     |   |                                 |
| Ondy Benyane: cindy,benyane@drdlr.gov.za<br>Khomotso Mahlatji: E-mail: khomotso.mahlatji@drdlr.gov.za<br>Rowan Harris: E-mail: rowan.harris@drdlr.gov.za                                  | 17 Sep 2020                              | Request for verification of land claims sent to Cindy Benyane |                                 |
| Traditional Leaders   | 200                                      |   |                                 |
|   |  |   |                                 |
| Dept. Environmental Affairs& Dept Agriculture, Forestry & Fisheries X   |  |   |                                 |
| Grace Mikhosana<br>Building 113, St Andrew Street, Bloemfontein, 9300<br>Tet: 051 400 4904 Cell: 066 487 2840<br>E-mail: <u>Grace Mikhosana@deltea.gov za</u> Grace.Mikhosana@daff.gov.za | 16 Oct 2020                              | BAR/EMPr sent with Fastway couner for comments                |                                 |
| Dept. Water and Sanitation  |  |   |                                 |
| Dr. T. Nilii<br>2x floor, Bloem Plaza Building, Chr East Burger & Charlotte Maxeke, Bloemfontein, 9300<br>Tet. 051 405 9109; E-mail: Nili T@dws.gov.za                                    | 16 Oct 2020                              | BARVEMPr sent with Fastway couriers for comments              |                                 |
| Other Competent Authorities   |  |   |                                 |
| ATTLED AFFECTED DADTIES   |  |   |                                 |
| UINEK AFFECIEU PAKIES   |  |   |                                 |

Notice was published in the Vista Newspaper of the 8th October 2020

#### (iv)The Environmental attributes associated with the alternatives

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(h)(iv)

#### 1. Baseline Environment

<u>Introduction:</u> The purpose of this section is to provide information on the environment in which the proposed mining activities will take place, with a view to identifying sensitive issues/areas, which need to be considered when conducting the impact assessment. The application is over: *Klein Koppie Alleen 182 – certain portion of the Remaining Extent of Portion 1.* This area can be described as natural vegetation with scares vegetation cover, see Figure 3 Google Earth Images.

<u>Magisterial District:</u> The application area falls within the <u>Odendaalsrus district.</u> The town of Odendaalsrus is the oldest gold mining town in the <u>Leiweleputswa District Municipality</u> in the goldfields of the <u>Free State province</u> in South Africa. Total Area 42.1km2 & Total Population (2011) – 63,743. Course: <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Odendaalsrus">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Odendaalsrus</a>.

<u>Direction from neighbouring town:</u> The site is situated 13 min (12.0 km) via R70 out of Welkom, 9460. Head east on Jan Hofmeyer Road (R73) for 53 m. Follow Power Road to Reitzpark for 2.1 km. Continue to Riebeeckstad for 8.1 km. Continue on Lucette Street. Drive to Bologna Avenue for 1.8 km. The site will be in front of you -27.903210, 26.823814. See Location of proposed site on Locality Map Appendix 1(b).

Longitude (approximate center of mining site): 26.823814 E

Latitude (approximate center of mining site): -27.903210 S

Existing Surface Infrastructure: There are on infrastructure within the applied area. Because it forms part of a bigger farm portion the infrastructure are situated on the rest of the area, but outside the application area. The area seems to have been disturbed as it looks that the topsoil and vegetation cover was removed. There is a farm road to the applications area, but beside for that there is no other infrastructure. There is a pan (Rietpan) situated east of the applied area between 150-300 m outside the application area. This pan however only seems to be saturated with water during high rainfall periods. Access to the area is gained by a road that turns off from the R70 that runs between Odendaalsrus and Warden. It will be a Clay mining operation. The main mining activities will be opencast excavations in order to access the mineral. See Figure 3 below for Google Erath Images of proposed area. The area will be mined and rehabilitated. The mining focus area will be clearly demarcated. The area applied for is over the whole of this area (5 ha) on the farm Klein Koppie Alleen 182. The vegetation cover seems to be natural vegetation with shrubs. Also see Appendix 1(b) for Infrastructure Plan.

#### (a) Type of environment affected by the proposed activity.

VEGMAP (2006) classified this area as part of two terrain units [AZa5] Hightveld Alluvial Vegetation & [Gh10] Vaal-Vet Clayy Grassland. vt 50 Dry Cymbopogon—Themeda Veld (47%) VT 48 Cymbopogon—Themeda Veld (Clayy) (24%) (Acocks 1953). LR 37 Dry Clayy Highveld Grassland (74%) (Low & Rebelo 1996).

<u>Distribution:</u> <u>AZa 5</u>: Free State, North-West, Mpumalanga and Gauteng Provinces as well as in Lesotho and Swaziland: Alluvial drainage lines and floodplains along rivers embedded within the Grassland Biome and marginal (eastern) units of the Kalahari (Savanna Biome), such as along upper Riet, Harts, upper Modder, upper Caledon, Vet, Clay, Vals, Wilge, Mooi; middle and upper Vaal Rivers etc. and their numerous tributar-ies. Altitude ranging from 1 000-1 500 m.

<u>Gh10</u>: North-West and Free State Provinces: South of Lichtneburg and Ventersdorp, stretching southwards to Klerksdorp, Leeudoringstad, Bothaville and to the Brandfort area north of Bloemfontein. Altitude 1 220-1 560 m, generally 1 260-1 360 m. [See Figure 5 below]

<u>Vegetation & Landscape Features</u>: <u>AZa 5</u>: Flat topography sup-porting riparian thickets mostly dominated by Acacia karroo, accompanied by seasonally flooded grasslands and disturbed herblands often dominated by alien plants.

Gh10: Plains-dominated landscape with some scattered, slightly irregular undulating plains and hills. Mainly low-tussock grasslands with an abundant karroid element. Dominance of *Themeda triandra* is an important feature of this vegetation unit. Locally low cover of *T. triandra* and the associated increase in *Elionurus muticus*, *Cymbopogon pospischilii* and *Aristida congesta* is attributed to heavy grazing and/or erratic rainfall. [See **Figure 5** below]. Furthermore according to the DEDACT's (Department of Economic Development, Environment, Conservation and Tourism's) screening tool the footprint of this application area, although only mall scale mining, are classified as per Table 9 below. According to the screening of *environmental sensitivity* of the proposed site it is indicated that *Terrestrial Biodiversity Theme* was classified as being high

sensitive, this could be because of the close proximity of the Rietpan. Archaeological and Cultural Heritage Theme and Palaeontology Theme were further classified as being high sensitive. It is however not foreseen that there will be any such sites of the application area that the landowner may not be aware of as the south part of the bigger farm portion are under a existing brick making operation and they would have come across item if there were any. The mining operator will have to keep a look out for possible sightings and report it as soon as possible.

Table 9: DEDACT - Screening Report

| Theme                                      | Very High sensitivity | High sensitivity | Medium sensitivity | Low sensitivity |
|--|-----------------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Agriculture Theme                          |                       |                  | X                  |                 |
| Animal Species Theme                       |                       |                  | X                  |                 |
| Aquatic Biodiversity Theme                 |                       |                  |                    | X               |
| Archaeological and Cultural Heritage Theme |                       | X                |                    |                 |
| Civil Aviation Theme                       |                       |                  |                    | X               |
| Palaeontology Theme                        |                       | X                |                    |                 |
| Plant Species Theme                        |                       |                  |                    | X               |
| Defence Theme                              |                       |                  |                    | X               |
| Terrestrial Biodiversity Theme             | X                     |                  |                    |                 |

Climate: AZa 5: Seasonal, mainly summer rainfall. Precipitation in the western part of the highveld is erratic (MAP 300-400) mm), increasing sharply towards the east and north (up to 600 mm in places). The overall MAP is almost 500 mm (range 373 mm at the western distribution limit and 593 mm at the northern distribution limit near Carletonville). Typical continental thermal regime, showing subtropical features is typical of the summer season (daily temperature often surpassing 35°C), while coldtemperate features (such as frequent frost) prevail in winter.

Gh10: Warm-temperate, summer-rainfall climate, with over-all MAP of 530 mm. High summer temperatures. Severe frost (37) days per year on average) occurs in winter.

Geology & Soil: AZa 5: Deep Clayy to clayey (but mostly coarse Clay) alluvial soils developed over Quaternary alluvial (fluviatile) sediments. Oakleaf, Dundee, Shortlands, Glenrosa and Mispah soil forms were identified in the Vaal River flood-plain (Bezuidenhout 1994). The rivers are perennial, often in flood in summer. Erosion of banks and deposition of new fine soil on alluvium can be of considerable extent. Some smaller anastomosing channels of major rivers can dry out in winter. Gh10: Aeolian and colluvial Clay overlying Clay-stone, mudstone and shale of the Karoo Supergroup (mostly the Ecca Group) as well as older Ventersdorp Supergroup andesite and basement gneiss in the north. Soil forms are mostly Avalon, Westleigh and Clovelly. Dominant land type Bd, closely followed by Bc, Ae and Ba.

Figure 5: The VEGMAP classification: [AZa5] Hightveld Alluvial Vegetation & [Gh10] Vaal-Vet Clayy Grassland AZa5 AZa5 ALLÄNRIDGE

**ODENDAALSRUS** AZa5 49'25 68"E Application Za5 VENTERSBUR

Vegetation [Flora] and Landscape Features: AZa 5: Riparian thickets Small Trees: Acacia karroo (d), Salix mucronata subsp. mucronata (d), S. mucronata subsp. woodii (d, within subescarpment grasslands of Kwazulu Natal), Ziziphus mucronata (d), Celtis africana, Rhus lancea. Tall Shrubs: Gymnosporia buxifolia (d), Rhus pyroides (d), Diospyros lycioides, Ehretia rigida, Grewia flava, Low Shrubs: Asparagus laricinus (d), A. suaveolens (d). Woody Climber: Clematis brachiata. Succulent Shrub: Lycium hirsutum (d). Graminoids: Setaria verticillata (d), Panicum maximum. Herb: Pollichia campestris. Reed beds Megagraminoid: Phragmites australis (d). Flooded grasslands & herblands Low Shrubs: Gomphocarpus fruticosus (d), Felicia muricata. Succulent Shrub: Salsola rabieana. Graminoids: Agrostis lachnantha (d), Andropogon eucomus (d), Chloris virgata (d), Cynodon daciylon (d), Eragrostis plana

(d). Hemarthria attissima (d), Imperata cylindrica (d), Ischaemum fasciculatum (d), Miscanthus junceus (d), Paspalum distichum (d), Andropogon appendiculatus, Brachiaria marlothii, Cyperus denudatus, C. longus, Echinochloa holubii, Eragrostis obtusa, E. porosa, Fimbristylis ferruginea, Panicum coloratura, Pycreus mundii. Sporobolus africanus, S. fimbriatus. Themeda triandra Urochloa panicoides. Herbs: Persicaria lapathifolia (d), Alternanthera sessilis, Barleria macrostegia, Corchorus asplenifolius, Equisetum ramosissimum, Galium capense, Hibiscus pusillus, Lobelia angolensis. Nidorella resedifolia, Persicaria amphibian, P hystricula. Pseudognaphalium oligandrum, Pulicaria scabra, Rorippa fluviatilis var. fluviatilis, Senecio inornatus, Stachys hyssopoides, Vahlia capensis. Geophytic Herbs: Crinum bulbispermum, Haplocarpha lyrata, Open water Aquatic Herb: Myriophyllum spicatum. Conservation Least threatened. Target 31%. Nearly 10% statutorily conserved in the Barberspan (a Ramsar site), Bloemhof Dam, Christiana, Faan Meinties, Clayveld, Schoonspruit, Soetdoring and Wolwespruit Nature Reserves, More than a quarter has been transformed for cultivation and by building of dams (Bloemhof, Erfenis, Krugersdrif, Mockes and Vaalharts Dams). The highveld alluvia are prone to invasion by a number of weeds, obviously encouraged by the high nutrient status of soils and ample water supply. Woody plants such as Salix babylonica, Schinus molle, Melia azedarach, Celtis sinensis, Morus alba. Populus x canescens, Nicotiana glauca and N. longiflora and forbs such as Argemone ochroleuca, Chenopodium strictum. Convza canadensis, Datura stramonium, Melilotus alba, Oenothera indecora, Raspalum dilatatum, P urvillei, Pennisetum ciandestinum, Tagetes minuta, Verbena bonariensis, Xanthium strumarium agg. and Zinnià peruviana (see Cilliers et al. 1998, Malan et al. 2001a, b, L. Mucina, unpublished data) often dominate either the riverine thickets or grasslands or form ruderal communities in disturbed habitats. The undergrowth of the alluvial riparian thickets and the accompanying grasslands suffer from heavy overgrazing in many places. Remark Many patches of this vegetation escaped our mapping efforts due to a lack of proper QEOQFADNICAL COVETAGE. References Acocks (1976), Roussouw (1983), Muller (1986), Bezuidenhout (1988, 1994), Bredenkamp et al. (1989), Bredenkamp & Bezuidenhout (1990), Du Preez & Venter (1990), Kooij et al. (1990a, b), Du Preez (1991), Du Preez & Bredenkamp (1991), Eckhardt et al. (1993b, 1996), Bazuidenhout et al. (1994), Bredenkamp et al. (1994), Hoare (1997). Ciliers et al. (1998), Eckhardt (1998), Maian (1998), Boucher & Tiale (1999a, b), Hoare & Bredenkamp (1999), Myburgh (2000, 2001), Van Wyk et al. (2000), Dingagn et al. (2001), Maian et al. (2001a, b), Myburgh & Brederikamp (2004), http://www.ngo.grida.no/soesa/nsoer/resource/wetland/sa\_remsar.htm Gh10: Graminoids: Anthephora pubescens (d), Aristida congesta (d), Chloris virgata (d), Cymbopogon caesius (d), Cynodon dactylon (d), Digitaria argyrograpta (d), Elionurus muticus (d), Eragrostis chloromelas (d), E. lehmanniana (d), E. plana (d), E. trichophora (d), Heteropogon contortus (d), Panicum gilvum (d), Setari sphacelata (d), Themeda triandra (d), Tragus berteronianus (d), Brachiaria serrata, Cymbopogon pospischilii, Digitaria eriantha, Eragrostis curvula, E. obtusa, E. superba, Panicum coloratura, Pogonarthria squarrosa, Trichoneura grandigiumis, Triraphis andropogonoides, Herbs: Stachys spathulata (d), Barleria macrostegia, Berkheya onopordifolia var. onopordifolia , Chamaesyce inaequilatera, Geigeria aspera var. aspera, Helichrysum caespititium, Hermannia depressa. Hibiscus pusillus, Monsonia burkeana. Rhynchosia adenodes, Selago densiflora, Vernonia oligocephala. Geophytic Herbs: Bulbine narcissifolia, Ledebouria marginata. Succulent Herb: Tripteris aghillana var. integrifolia. Low Shrubs: Felicia muricata (d), Pentzia globosa (d), Anthospermum rigidum subsp. pumilum, Helichrysum dregeanum, H. paronychioides, Ziziphus zeyheriana. Endemic Taxon Herb: Lessertia phillipsiana. Conservation Endangered. Target 24%. Only 0.3% statutorily conserved in the Bloemhof Dam, Schoonspruit, Clayveld, Faan Meintjies, Wolwespruit and Soetdoring Nature Reserves. More than 63% transformed for cultivation (ploughed for commercial crops) and the rest under strong grazing pressure from cattle and sheep. Erosion very low (85.3%) and low (11%). References Louw (1951), Morris (1973, 1976), Bradenkamp & Bezuidenhout (1990), Kooij et al. (1990b, 1992), Bezuidenhout et al.

Animal Life [Fauna]: Not many species were directly observed but the presence of nesting sites in the area is an indication that this area is an acceptable habitat for shelter and food for avian species. The natural animal life occurring over the application area includes but is not restricted to, small animals common in this area. List of mammals which are likely to occur over the project area were derived based on distribution record from the Animal Demography Unit (ADU) web portal: http://vmus.adu.org.za. Animals that are likely to occur here are: Xerus inauris (South African Ground Squirrel), Cynictis penicillata (Yellow Mongoose), Canis mesomelas (Black-backed Jackal), Pedetes capensis (South African Spring Hare, Herpestes sanguineus (Slender Mongoose), Sylvicapra grimmia (Bush Duiker), Raphicerus campestris (Steenbok), Genetta genetta (Common Genet).

<u>Topography:</u> The topography over this area can be described as plains-dominated landscape with some scattered, slightly irregular undulating plains and hills and next to the pan flat topography accompanied by seasonally flooded grasslands. The slope varies around <0.1% to not more than 3%. The average elevation is between 1 000-1 560 m. The area is characterized by predominantly one-terrain unit that form part of the natural topography of the area. The application area is under natural veldt.

**Surface Water:** This application area fall within the water management area of the <u>Middle Vaal (9)</u> and secondary catchment area C25 and tertiary drainage region C25B. There is a pan (**Rietpan**) situated east of the applied area between 150-300 m outside the application area. This pan however only seems to be saturated with water during high rainfall periods. All mining activities will be kept within the mining permit area. All precautions will have to be taken to prevent erosion during heavy storm events.

<u>Ground Water:</u> There are no boreholes on the application area. There are existing boreholes on the adjacent area where processing are taken place. As there will be no processing done over this area, no water is needed accept for spraying of road surfaces for dust and ablution facilities, an agreement can be reach for the use of water from the existing boreholes for dust suppression. The applicant intends to use water from these current boreholes, on the adjacent area. The water uses will be minimal for dust suppression on roads. They will require about 2000 liters per day for dust suppression only.

Air Quality: With reference to the Scheduled processes under the Atmospheric Pollution Act, 1965 (Act No. 45 of 1965): No scheduled process relates to any proposed mining activity on this applied area. The current source of air pollution in the area stems from vehicles travelling on the public roads of the area and agricultural activities. The source of air pollution will be nuisance dust generated by the movement of excavators, hauling of raw mineral to and from excavations to the processing are via the mining roads, well as from the crusher. Gas emissions from vehicles will be within legal limits. The landowner and surrounding neighbours may from time to time be negatively impacted upon. It is however foreseen that the overall dust impact will be medium to low negative. The accumulative impact of dust generated by this mining operation in the vicinity of this mine may increase the effect on the local area.

**Noise:** The movement of heavy vehicles during the operational and closure phase and the mining of the <u>clay</u> will have a low impact on the noise levels in the vicinity of the mine. The mining and transporting of the <u>clay mineral</u> which is during normal office hours and will blend in with the daily noise impact of cars travelling roads in the vicinity and other agricultural practices. These noise levels will be continuous and the operators will be issued with earplugs. The impact would be of more importance regarding the direct worker environment that should adhere to the requirements in terms of the Mine Health and Safety Act and the influence on wild life.

<u>Sites of Archaeological and Cultural Interest:</u> There are no graves on the application area. As this area fall within a bigger part of a farm, there are no signs of any graveyard over this area.

<u>Sensitive Landscapes</u>: The pan (Rietpan) situated east of the applied area between 150-300 m outside the application area can be classified as a sensitive landscape under statutory protection occurring <u>outside</u> the mining site. If is however not foreseen that the proposed mining operation will have any impact on this surface water body/its banks/or associated wetland areas. As mining operation will be between 150-300 meters west of this surface water body. In times of heavy rainfall events extra measures need to be taken to ensure soil erosion does not take place and that loose soil and pollutants such as lubricants for the mining terrain are washed in the direction of this water body.

<u>Visual Aspects:</u> There is an existing clay/brick processing area on the adjacent area, that will act as a shield for this mining operation, as the residential area of Riebeeckstad is situated 1 km south, south-west of the proposed mining area. There are further no other residence in or near the application area as the other is 2 to 3 km away. The mining site will only be visible to the land owner and neighbours living and traveling in the area. The negative visual impact associated with the stockpiling of clay dumps to be transported to the adjacent processing area and not seen to be a high visual impact since these dumps will only been part of the topography for two years. The mitigation of this impact will be done concurrent with operations as mining progress, the stockpile dumps will get smaller and eventually diminish and in the long term this site will sloped and rehabilitated back to natural grazing use again.

#### Social:

The proposed activity will employ 3 people, of which are resident from Welkom/Odendaalsrus. Various social amenities are available close to the operation. These include schools, hospitals churches, recreation facilities as well as a Police Station at Welkom/Odendaalsrus, which is located approximate 12 km south, south-west of the operation.

#### (a)Description of the current land uses.

The site is under natural vegetation and will temporary be lost for agriculture. There are on infrastructure within the applied area. Because it forms part of a bigger farm portion the infrastructure are situated on the rest of the area, but outside the application area. The area seems to have been disturbed as it looks that the topsoil and vegetation cover was removed. There is a farm road to the applications area, but beside for that there is no other infrastructure. There is a pan (Rietpan) situated east of the applied area between 150-300 m outside the application area. This pan however only seems to be saturated with water during high rainfall periods. Access to the area is gained by a road that turns off from the R70 that runs between Odendaalsrus and Warden.

It will be a Clay mining operation. The main mining activities will be opencast excavations in order to access the mineral. See **Figure 3** below for Google Erath Images of proposed area. The area will be mined and rehabilitated. The mining focus area will be clearly demarcated. The area applied for is over the whole of this area (5 ha) on the farm Klein Koppie Alleen 182. The vegetation cover seems to be natural vegetation with shrubs. Also see **Appendix 1(b)** for Infrastructure Plan.

#### (b)Description of specific environmental features and infrastructure on the site.

Please refer to Section 2 (d)(ii) Table 2 for a description of the activities and the infrastructure which are foreseen to form part of the mining activity. There is no infrastructure on site as this application area is situated over natural vegetation. See **Figure 3** of existing infrastructure.

#### (c)Environmental and current land use map.

Current land use of the application area is natural grazing fields. See Appendix 1(b) [Infrastructure Map] and Figure 3 [Images of existing infrastructure] for more detail.

## (v) Impacts and risks identified including the nature, significance, consequence, extent, duration and probability of the impacts, including the degree to which these impacts

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(h)(v)

The proposed project is anticipated to impact on a range of biophysical and socio-economic aspects of the environment. The main purpose of the Basic Assessment Report is to identify and evaluate the significance of these potential impacts and determine how they can be minimized or mitigated.

It should be noted that a comprehensive Environmental Management Program (EMPr) will be developed and implemented to regulate and minimize the direct, indirect and cumulative impacts during the construction and operational phases. The potential environmental impacts identified, which will be investigated further in the Impact Assessment Phase of the project, are summarized in **Table 10** on next page.

| Table 18: Impact significance identification matrix for Klein Kopies Alleen 182 |         |   |
|---|---------|---|
| 10: Impact significance identification matrix for Klein Kopies Alleen           | 5       |   |
| : 18: Impact significance identification matrix for Klein Kopies                | ģ       |   |
| 10: Impact significance identific   | Coniee  |   |
| 10: Impact significance identific   | Klain   |   |
| 10: Impact significance identific   | V.      |   |
| 10: Impact significance identific   | make    |   |
| 10: Impact sign   | stion   |   |
| 10: Impact sign   | ontific | * |
| 10: Impact sign   | ine in  |   |
| Table 10: Impact sign   | nificar |   |
| Table 10: Impac   | fein    |   |
| Table 10:   | mpac    |   |
| Table   | 4       |   |
|   | 1427    |   |

|           |                 |  |                 |                    | Die 18:  | Impact s       | gninca   | nce Ident | lication    | natri)                 | 7 TOT X  | ein Kop                                | able 10: Impact significance identification matrix for Klein Kopjes Alleen 182 | 182  |          |   |                |             |
|-----------|-----------------|--|-----------------|--------------------|----------|----------------|--|-----------|-------------|------------------------|----------|--|--|--|----------|---|----------------|-------------|
|           |                 | ***************************************  | <b>~</b> 000    | œ                  | ن        | Ð              | Е  | Ua.       | В           | ₩.                     | Ĝ        | æ                                      |  | w  | ×        | _                                       | 75             | *           |
|           |                 | Components   |                 |                    |          | ₽¥             | ABIOTIC  |           |             |                        |          |  | BIOTIC   |  | WISUAL   | 80CIO-                                  | SOCIO-ECONOMIC |             |
|           | PHASE           | Impacts  | Geology         | Geology Topography | Şoğ      | land<br>brasil | Land   | Surface   | Ground      | ¥                      | Noise    | Vegetati                               | Wildlife   | Sensitive  | Visual   | Archaeological &                        | Socio-есопо    | Affected    |
|           |                 | Activity, Product or Service   |                 |                    |          |                |  |           | *********** |                        |          | ,<br>                                  |  |  |          |   |                |             |
| 1         |                 | Demandrian of mine focuses area  |                 |                    | 1        | 推              |  |           | LUIPILO.    |                        |          | *********                              | ×  |  | ¥        |   |                |             |
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### (vi)Methodology used in determining and ranking the nature, significance, consequences, extent, duration and probability of potential environmental impacts and risks;

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(h)(vi)

#### Introduction:

This section below describes and evaluates the effects of the different mining projects and the associated activities on the natural and social environments. The different environmental components, on which the project (can/may) have an impact, are:

| 1. | Geology    |
|----|------------|
| 2. | Topography |

3. Soil

4. Land Capability

5. Land Use

6. Vegetation

7. Wildlife

8. Surface Water

9. Ground Water

Air Quality

11. Noise

12. Archaeological and Cultural sites

13. Sensitive Landscapes

14. Visual Aspects

15. Socio-economic Structure

Interested and Affected Parties

#### IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Before the impact assessment could be done the different project activities were identified:

#### **ACTIVITIES:**

- 1. Access Roads (Existing roads to be upgraded)
- 2. Stockpiles
- Opencast trenches

#### Environmental Impact Assessment Summary:

Environment likely to be affected by the mining operation. (See Appendix 1 (b) for location)

| Environmental aspect              | Affe       | Not affected |      |
|-----------------------------------|------------|--------------|------|
|                                   | Negligible | Substantial  | .ara |
| 1. GEOLOGY                        |            | Х            |      |
| 2. TOPOGRAPHY                     | X          |              |      |
| 3. SOIL                           |            | X            |      |
| 4. LAND CAPABILITY                |            | X            |      |
| 5. LAND USE                       | X          |              |      |
| 6. VEGETATION                     |            | X            | "    |
| 7. WILDLIFE                       | ×          |              |      |
| 8. SURFACE WATER                  |            |              | X    |
| 9. GROUND WATER                   | Х          |              |      |
| 10. AIR QUALITY                   | X          |              |      |
| 11. NOISE                         | X          |              |      |
| 12. SENSITIVE LANDSCAPES          |            |              | X    |
| 13. VISUAL ASPECTS                | X          |              |      |
| 14. SOCIO ECONOMICS               | X          |              |      |
| 15. INTERESTED & AFFECTED PARTIES | X          |              |      |
| 16. ARCHAEOLOGICAL                | •          |              | X    |

#### Environment likely to be affected by the alternative land use

Mining will not be a new land use over this area. The site that is earmarked for mining represents  $\pm$  100 % of the total area applied for. And it is further not foreseen that mining activities would disturbed an area of more than 5 ha at any given time. The entire of the 5 ha area will be under mining associated infrastructure or activities.

#### Assessment of the impacts created by the mining activity

Before any assessment can be made the following evaluation criteria need to be described:

Explanation of probability of impact occurrence

| Probability of impact Explanation of probability                         |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Very low   | <20% sure of particular fact or likelihood of Impact occurring.      |  |  |
| Low  | 20 to 39% sure of particular fact or likelihood of impact occurring. |  |  |
| Moderate   | 40 to 59% sure of particular fact or likelihood of impact occurring. |  |  |
| High   | 60 to 79% sure of particular fact or likelihood of impact occurring. |  |  |
| Very high  | 80 to 99% sure of particular fact or likelihood of impact occurring. |  |  |
| Definite 100% sure of particular fact or likelihood of impact occurring. |  |  |  |

Explanation of extend of impact

| Extend of impact | Explanation of extend  |
|------------------|--|
| Site specific    | Direct and indirect impacts limited to site of impact only.                                  |
| Local            | Direct and indirect impacts affecting environmental elements within the Welkom/Odendaalsrus. |
| Regional         | Direct and indirect impacts affecting environmental elements within Free State Province.     |
| National         | Direct and indirect impacts affecting environmental elements on a national level.            |
| Global           | Direct and indirect impacts affecting environmental elements on a global level.              |

Explanation of duration of impact

|                    | Anna and an |
|--------------------|---|
| Duration of impact | Explanation of duration                         |
| Very short         | Less than 1 year                                |
| Short              | 1 to 5 years                                    |
| Medium             | 6 to 12 years                                   |
| Long               | 13 to 50 years                                  |
| Very long          | Longer than 50 years                            |
| Permanent          | Permanent                                       |
|                    |   |

Explanation of impact significance

| Impact significance    | Explanation of significance  |
|------------------------|--|
| No impact              | There would be no impact at all - not even a very low impact on the system or any of its parts.  |
| Very low               | Impact would be negligible. In the case of negative impacts, almost no mitigation and/or remedial activity would be needed, and any minor steps, which might be needed, would be easy, cheap and simple. In the case of positive impacts, alternative means would almost all likely to be better, in one or a number of ways, than this means of achieving the benefit.              |
| Low                    | Impact would be of a low order and with little real effect. In the case of negative impacts, mitigation and/or remedial activity would be either easily achieved or little would be required, or both. In case of positive impacts, alternative means for achieving this benefit would likely be easier, cheaper, more effective, less time-consuming, or some combination of these. |
| Moderate significance  | Impact would be real but not substantial within the bounds of those which could occur. In the case of negative impacts, mitigation and/or remedial activity would be both feasible and fairly easily possible. In the case of positive impacts, other means of achieving these benefits would be about equal in time, cost and effort.   |
| High significance      | Impacts of a substantial order. In the case of negative impacts, miligation and/or remedial activity would be feasible but difficult, expensive, time-consuming or some combination of these. In the case of positive impacts, other means of achieving this benefit would be feasible, but these would be more difficult, expensive, time-consuming or some combination of these.   |
| Very high significance | Of the highest order possible within the bounds of impacts which could occur. In the case of negative impacts, there would be no possible mitigation and/or remedial activity to offset the impact at the spatial or time scale for which it was predicted. In the case of positive impacts, there is no real atternative to achieving the benefit.                                  |

#### (vii)The positive and negative impacts that the proposed activity (in terms of the initial site layout) and alternatives will have on the environment and the community that may be affected

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(h)(vii)

In terms of the EIA regulations, consideration must be given to alternatives. Alternatives are different approaches and ways of meeting the need, purpose and objectives of a proposed activity. Alternatives may include a location site alternative, activity alternatives, processes or technology alternatives, temporal alternatives etc. the no-go alternative or option is also considered, as it provides the baseline against which the impacts or other alternatives may be compared.

However, for this specific project, no alternatives have been investigated, with the exception of the no-go alternative. The reason for this being that the mining permit is being applied for the sole purpose of Mining for <u>Clay</u>. The no-go option entails the continuation of the current land use (natural grazing) on the study site. The project will contribute towards providing continued jobs. Should the proposed project therefore not be authorized to proceed, it is anticipated that proposed employment opportunities will not realize.

The no-go option is therefore not a feasible option in this case, as it suggests that the mineral reserves should not be mined and employment opportunities should not materialize or be prolonged.

The site layout will be only the excavation, plant area and office container. The stockpiles of the topsoil will be placed next to the side walls of the excavation on the outside. This will have the advantage to be nearby available to be used for rehabilitation. The stockpiles for the <u>Clay</u> (product) will be placed just outside the excavation within the mining area which will have the advantage that the loading of trucks can proceed without hampering the mining process and will be a safer mining environment.

#### (viii) The possible mitigation measures that could be applied and the level of risk.

in term of NEMA - EiA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(h)(viii)

Refer to the results of consultation contained in **Table 10** for the issues that were raised by I&AP's and stakeholders during the review period of the Consultation phase of the BAR/EMPr report, as well as the response to those issues made by the Environmental Assessment Practitioner.

The mitigation measures and technical management action plans which address potential impacts are discussed below. Please see section below for more detail.

Table 11: Assessment of the nature, extent, duration, probability and significance of the potential environmental, social and cultural impacts of the proposed mining operation, including the cumulative environmental impacts

| and cuite                 | and curdial impacts of the proposed mining operation, including the cumulative environmental impacts |                              |                               |  |                    |  |
|---------------------------|--|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--------------------|--|
| ASPECT                    | IMPACTS  |                              |                               |  | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS |  |
| 1. GEOLOGY                |  |                              |                               |  |                    |  |
| Nature of the impact      | The geology will be  | destroyed during the open    | ast mining operation.         |  |                    |  |
| <b>i</b>                  | During operation wh  | ich will be for the next 2 y | ears, the mineral resource    | Clay (General)   |                    |  |
| 1                         | (Cv) will be extracted   | d.                           |                               |  |                    |  |
| ]                         | Waste material/over  | burden material is dispose   | ed off/backfilled in existing | excavations as   |                    |  |
|                           | part of the mining pr  | ocess.                       |                               |  |                    |  |
| Extent                    | Site   |                              |                               | Activity causing the impact                              |                    |  |
| Duration                  | Permanent  |                              |                               | An opencast mining method will be used to extract        |                    |  |
| Probability               | Definite   |                              |                               | mineral deposits. Therefore the original geology will be |                    |  |
| Significance              | High   |                              | totally destroyed.            |  |                    |  |
| Phase responsible for the | Phase 1  | Phase 2                      |                               |  |                    |  |
| Impact                    | X  | X                            |                               |  |                    |  |

| ASPECT 2. TOPOGRAPHY      | IMPACTS  |  | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS   |   |                             |
|---------------------------|--|--|--|---|-----------------------------|
| Nature of the impact      | irregular undulatin<br>seasonally flooded<br>* Disturbance of the<br>The mining of the mortess), that act as<br>will be concentrate<br>2.5 m depth).<br>Normal surface dra | situated on: plains-dominat<br>g plains and hills and next t | Total Control of Contr |   |                             |
| Extent                    | Site   |  |  |   | Activity causing the impact |
| Duration                  | Very long to Perma   | nent   |  | • | Creation of quarries        |
| Probability               | Definite   |  |  |   |                             |
| Significance              | Hlgh   |  |  |   |                             |
| Phase responsible for the | Phase 1  | Phase 2  |  |   |                             |
| impact                    | X  | Х  |  | Х |                             |

| 3. SOIL                   | IMPACT\$ |   |  |  | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS |
|---------------------------|----------|---|--|--|--------------------|
| Nature of the impact      |          | characterized by various son<br>nfrastructure should be pre |  |  |                    |
| Extent                    | Site     |   | THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN NAM | Activity causing the impact                            |                    |
| Duration                  | Long     |   |  | In the process of removing topsoli the soil layers are |                    |
| Probability               | High     |   |  | mixed and the structure may be disturbed.              |                    |
| Significance              | Moderate |   |  |  |                    |
| Phase responsible for the | Phase 1  | Phase 2   | Closure  | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,                  |                    |
| impact                    | X        | X   |  |  |                    |

| 3. SOIL                   | IMPACTS   |   | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS   |  |   |
|---------------------------|---|---|--|--|---|
| Nature of the impact      | structures such as t<br>All mining activities<br>deposits could be fo<br>In the same time a c | construction, operation and<br>he access roads, stockpile<br>will be concentrated on the<br>rund.<br>ertain surface area is there<br>restricted within the 5 ha | TOTAL STATE OF THE |  |   |
| Extent                    | Site  |   |  | Activity causing the impact                          |   |
| Duration                  | Long  |   |  | Site preparation for additional mining sites and the |   |
| Probability               | High  |   |  | construction, operation of listed infrastructure.    |   |
| Significance              | Moderate  |   | 1  |  |   |
| Phase responsible for the | Phase 1   | Phase 2   | Phase 3  | Closure  |   |
| impact                    | X   | X   |  | X  | 1 |

| ASPECT                    | IMPACTS    |  |  |  | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS  |
|---------------------------|------------|--|--|--|---|
| 3. SOIL                   |            |  |  |  |   |
| Nature of the impact      |            | rface area is characterized<br>ny construction of infrastruc<br>ere available. |  |  |   |
| Extent                    | Site       |  |  |  | Activity causing the impact   |
| Duration                  | Very short |  |  |  | When removing topsoil during site preparation, little   |
| Probability               | Very low   |  |  | storm water control structures are in place. If a severe |   |
| Significance              | Low        |  |  | 7.11.01.11.01.01.01.01.01                                | storm hits the area, it may lead to erosion on site.  |
| Phase responsible for the | Phase 1    | Phase 2  | Topsolf stockpiles may be prone to erosion due to lack |  |   |
| impact                    | Х          | X  | THE                | X  | of vegetation cover. Water control structures may fall or severe rainstorms may cause excessive run-off. Surface compaction due to activities taking place. |

| ASPECT                    | IMPACTS                         |            |  |   | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS           |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|------------|--|---|------------------------------|
| 3. SOIL                   |                                 |            |  |   |                              |
| Nature of the impact      | Potential of soit cont          | amination. |  |   | None.                        |
| Extent                    | Site                            |            |  |   | Activity causing the impact  |
| Duration                  | Long                            |            |  | Vehicle/equipment breakages and oil/lubricant /diesel |                              |
| Probability               | Moderate                        |            |  |   | spills may contaminate soft. |
| Significance              | Moderate                        |            |  |   |                              |
| Phase responsible for the | Phase 1 Phase 2 Phase 3 Closure |            |  |   |                              |
| impact                    | X                               | Х          |  | X   |                              |

| ASPECT                    | IMPACTS                |           |   |  | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS                                     |
|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------|---|--|--|
| 3. SOIL                   |                        |           |   |  |  |
| Nature of the impact      | Loss of soil structure | <b>\$</b> |   |  | None   |
| Extent                    | Site                   |           |   |  | Activity causing the impact                            |
| Duration                  | Long                   |           |   |  | in the process of removing topsoil the soil layers are |
| Probability               | High                   |           |   |  | mixed and the structure may be disturbed.              |
| Significance              | Moderate               |           |   |  |  |
| Phase responsible for the | Phase 1                | Phase 2   |   |  |  |
| impact                    | X                      | X         | " |  |  |

| ASPECT                    | IMPACTS                |  |  |  | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS  |
|---------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|---|
| 3.SOIL                    |                        |  |  |  |   |
| Nature of the impact      | Loss of soil fertility |  |  |  | None  |
| Extent                    | Site                   | 1 1 10 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 |  |  | Activity causing the impact                               |
| Duration                  | Short                  |  |  |  | The mixing of soil during site preparation, compaction    |
| Probability               | Definite               |  |  |  | and potential pollution (spillages form oil etc.) all may |
| Significance              | Low                    |  |  |  | cause this situation.                                     |
| Phase responsible for the | Phase 1                | Phase 2                                |  |  |   |
| impact                    | Х                      | X                                      |  |  |   |

| ASPECT 4.LAND CAPABILITY | IMPACTS   | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS   |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| Nature of the impact     | Temporary loss of land capability to support grazing. The small area (0.5 ha) where the active mining activities occur (excavations, tailings dumps, stock piles, mining equipment) etc. will thus be temporary allenated, until the area is rehabilitated.  All excavations would be rehabilitated as part of the mining process during which excavations are sloped. The rest of the application area will still be used by the landowner as agricultural land. |  |
| Extent                   | Site  | Activity causing the impact                                |
| Duration                 | Long  | Site preparation for additional mining sites and the       |
| Probability              | Definite  | construction, operation of listed infrastructure, the land |

| Significance              | Moderate |         | capability of the active mining area will be totally |         |            |
|---------------------------|----------|---------|--|---------|------------|
| Phase responsible for the | Phase 1  | Phase 2 | Phase 3  | Closure | destroyed. |
| impact                    | Х        | X       |  | X       |            |

| ASPECT                    | IMPACTS                                     |  | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS |   |
|---------------------------|---|--|--------------------|---|
| 5. LAND USE               |   |  |                    |   |
| Nature of the impact      | ha during the next 2<br>by the mining opera | g operation and therefore to<br>lyears. Only a small porti-<br>tion relation to the total mi-<br>pe rehabilitated as part of the |                    |   |
| Extent                    | Site  |  |                    | Activity causing the impact                       |
| Duration                  | Long to permanent                           |  |                    | Site preparation for mining and the construction. |
| Probability               | Definite                                    |  |                    | operation of listed infrastructure                |
| Significance              | Moderate                                    |  |                    |   |
| Phase responsible for the | Phase 1                                     | Phase 2  |                    |   |
| impact                    | X   | X  |                    |   |

| ASPECT<br>6.VEGETATION    | IMPACTS  |   |  |  | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS   |
|---------------------------|----------|---|--|--|--|
| Nature of the impact      |          | e, disturbance and trampli<br>/stem, bare ground and sp | The state of the s |  |  |
| Extent                    | Site     | ***************************************                 |  |  | Activity causing the impact                                |
| Duration                  | Long     |   |  |  | The site preparation for new sites, construction of listed |
| Probability               | Definite |   |  |  | intrastructure will cause destruction of habitats for      |
| Significance              | High     |   | '  |  | vegetation. Due to a disturbed ecosystem, bare ground      |
| Phase responsible for the | Phase 1  | Phase 2   | and invasion of exotics could further spread.  |  |  |
| impact                    | Х        | ×   |  |  | The vegetation needs to be cleared to remove the topsoil.  |

| ASPECT                    | IMPACTS              |                              |       |  | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS                                  |
|---------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-------|--|---|
| 6.VEGETATION              |                      |                              |       |  |   |
| Nature of the impact      | Habitat change, loss | s of species, spread of alie | cies. |  |   |
| Extent                    | Site                 |                              |       |  | Activity causing the impact                         |
| Duration                  | Permanent            | '                            |       |  | The change in the current habitat will be mitigated |
| Probability               | High                 |                              |       |  | during final rehabilitation.                        |
| Significance              | Moderate             |                              |       |  |   |
| Phase responsible for the | Phase 1              | Phase 2                      |       |  |   |
| impact                    | Х                    | X                            |       |  |   |

| ASPECT                    | IMPACTS              |         |   |   | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS                             |
|---------------------------|----------------------|---------|---|---|--|
| 6.VEGETATION              |                      |         |   |   |  |
| Nature of the impact      | Dust coverage of pla | ants,   |   |   | None   |
| Extent                    | Site                 |         |   |   | Activity causing the impact                    |
| Duration                  | Long                 |         | ` |   | Heavy trucks and other vehicles on dirt roads. |
| Probability               | High                 |         |   | stockpiling, dumping of tailings are mainly responsible |  |
| Significance              | Low                  |         |   | for this impact.  |  |
| Phase responsible for the | Phase 1              | Phase 2 |   |   |  |
| impact                    | Х                    | Х       |   |   |  |

| ASPECT                    | IMPACTS                |                              |  |  | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS                                     |
|---------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 7. WILDLIFE               |                        |                              |  |  |  |
| Nature of the impact      | Wildlife or wildlife h | abitat destruction /change / | disturbance.   |  | None   |
| Extent                    | Site                   |                              |  |  | Activity causing the impact                            |
| Duration                  | Permanent              |                              |  |  | The flora which normally serves as habitat for animals |
| Probability               | Very High              |                              |  |  | would be destroyed during site preparation. The        |
| Significance              | Moderate               |                              |  | increase in activity will temporarily scare other animals. |  |
| Phase responsible for the | Phase 1                | Phase 2                      | The area will serve as a new habitat after rehabilitation. |  |  |
| impact                    | X                      | X                            |  |  |  |

| ASPECT                    | IMPACTS               |           |  |  | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS                                 |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| 7. WILDLIFE               |                       |           |  |  |  |
| Nature of the impact      | Injury and death to w | vildlife. |  |  | None   |
| Extent                    | Site                  |           | Activity causing the impact                      |  |  |
| Duration                  | Short                 |           |  |  | The movement of vehicles may kill certain insects, |
| Probability               | Very low              |           |  |  | rodents and possible birds. Most of the remaining  |
| Significance              | Low                   |           | animal life will however move away due to noise. |  |  |
| Phase responsible for the | Phase 1               | Phase 2   |  |  |  |
| impact                    | Х                     | X         |  |  |  |

| ASPECT                    | IMPACTS              |         |   |  | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS |
|---------------------------|----------------------|---------|---|--|--------------------|
| 7. WILDLIFE               | -                    |         |   |  |                    |
| Nature of the impact      | Restoration of habit | at.     | None  |  |                    |
| Extent                    | Site                 |         | Activity causing the impact                         |  |                    |
| Duration                  | Short                |         | As rehabilitation progresses the habitat of certain |  |                    |
| Probability               | Low                  |         |   | species will be restored/created (Closure objective) |                    |
| Significance              | Low                  |         | Animals will probably only move back when human     |  |                    |
| Phase responsible for the | Phase 1              | Phase 2 | movement is limited.                                |  |                    |
| impact                    | Χ                    | Х       |   | X  |                    |

| ASPECT                    | IMPACTS           |   | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS |  |
|---------------------------|-------------------|---|--------------------|--|
| 8. SURFACE WATER          |                   |   |                    |  |
| Nature of the impact      | system and decrea | footprint areas can increas<br>use buffering capacity of s<br>pcrease the risk of contami |                    |  |
| Extent                    | Local             |   |                    | Activity causing the impact                                  |
| Duration                  | Short             |   |                    | The clearance of vegetation and the traffic on access        |
| Probability               | Moderate          |   |                    | roads will all contribute to an increase in the silt load on |
| Significance              | Moderate          |   | the mining area.   |  |
| Phase responsible for the | Phase 1           | Phase 2   |                    |  |
| <del>l</del> mpact        | X                 | X   | Х                  |  |

| ASPECT<br>8. SURFACE WATER | IMPACTS   |  | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS   |  |  |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Nature of the impact       | from the active min<br>regarding water qu<br>sites if not adequal<br>If the natural surfa | water quality, icles and also surface wa ning excavations could eliality and hindering the materiality contained on site couce run-off is not adequations it could become silter |  |  |  |
| Extent                     | Local   | ***************************************  |  |  | Activity causing the impact                          |
| Duration                   | Short   |  |  |  | "Dirty / Clean" water systems at facilities like the |
| Probability                | Moderate  |  | THE RESERVE THE PROPERTY OF TH | overburden dumps, roads, trenches, etc. may impact |  |
| Significance               | High  |  | on the quality of the surface water. The water should be<br>contained in the surface runoff control measures   |  |  |
| Phase responsible for the  | Phase 1   | Phase 2  | provided therefore.  |  |  |
| impact                     | X   | X  |  |  |  |

| ASPECT<br>8. SURFACE WATER          | IMPACTS   |   | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS                                      |   |  |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|--|
| Nature of the impact                | The mine falls sub-catchment C2 mining operations v catchment. There is outside the applications rainfall periods | at area (9): Middle Vaal<br>under the primary dra<br>5B. Notwithstanding the al<br>vill have any effect on the<br>s a pan (Rietpan) situated<br>on area, This pan however |   |   |  |
| Extent                              | Site  |   |   |   | Activity causing the impact  |
| Duration                            | Long  |   |   |   | It is an operational objective to contain or divert all                                    |
| Probability                         | High  |   |   | surface run-offs from the active mining trenches area |  |
| Significance                        | High  |   | mainly due to pollution (sediment) potential. This will |   |  |
| Phase responsible for the<br>impact | Phase 1<br>X  | Phase 2   | Phase 3   | Closure   | reduce the run-off quantity, aithough small in comparison with the drainage area in total. |

| ASPECT<br>9. GROUND WATER | IMPACTS                                    |  |   | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS   |
|---------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| Nature of the impact      | used during the min<br>cause various types | dwater quality a not likely to impact on Ic ning process. Handling of s of spills (domestic waste, the groundwater system. |   |  |
| Extent                    | Site                                       |  |   | Activity causing the impact  |
| Duration                  | Long                                       |  |   | THE CANADA CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF |
| Probability               | Definite                                   |  |   |  |
| Significance              | High                                       |  |   |  |
| Phase responsible for the | Phase 1                                    | Phase 2  |   |  |
| impact                    | X  | X  | X |  |

| 9. GROUND WATER           |   |   |  |   |                             |
|---------------------------|---|---|--|---|-----------------------------|
| Nature of the impact      | users, this is a new<br>Groundwater will be<br>of water needed is | ction is likely to have a minuse, and groundwater level abstracted for potable water and (2 000 Lit/day) in consumonding aquifer. |  |   |                             |
| Extent                    | Site  | -   |  |   | Activity causing the impact |
| Duration                  | Long  |   |  |   | Opencast mining operation.  |
| Probability               | Low   |   |  |   |                             |
| Significance              | High  |   |  |   |                             |
| Phase responsible for the | Phase 1   | Phase 2   |  |   |                             |
| impact                    | X   | X   |  | Х |                             |

| ASPECT<br>10. AIR QUALITY | IMPACTS   |   |  |  | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS                                      |
|---------------------------|---|---|--|--|---|
| Nature of the impact      | Dust will be genera<br>truck) and transport<br>No processing will I | ted during the mining opera<br>ation to the plant (on adjac<br>se done. | ator on to a dump<br>arm roads.  | The state of the s |   |
| Extent                    | Site  |   |  |  | Activity causing the impact                             |
| Duration                  | Long  |   |  |  | Initial construction work with regard to infrastructure |
| Probability               | Moderate  |   |  |  | (roads) that involves earth moving equipment. During    |
| Significance              | Moderate  |   | THE PARTY OF THE P | the mining phase, dust could be generated as indicated   |   |
| Phase responsible for the | Phase 1   | Phase 2   | during mining.   |  |   |
| impact                    | X   | X   |  | Х  |   |

| ASPECT<br>11. NOISE POLLUTION | IMPACTS                                      |  | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS                                      |   |   |
|-------------------------------|--|--|---|---|---|
| Nature of the impact          | truck) and transport<br>The mine itself is I | ated during the mining oper<br>ation to the plant (on adjac<br>ocated in rural landscape,<br>worker environment that s<br>If Safety Act. | more importance   |   |   |
| Extent                        | Local  |  | TTV-17.TTL-7.1011C-7.11.C-11111111111111111111111111111 |   | Activity causing the impact                   |
| Duration                      | Long   |  |   |   | Earth moving equipment and vehicles (trucks). |
| Probability                   | Definite                                     |  | '   |   |   |
| Significance                  | Moderate                                     |  |   |   |   |
| Phase responsible for the     | Phase 1                                      | Phase 2  |   |   |   |
| impact                        | X  | X  |   | X |   |

| ASPECT 12. ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND CULTURAL SITES | IMPACTS   |   |   |   | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS   |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|
| Nature of the impact                         | The terrain is not<br>will result in any s<br>site. | archaeologically vulnerable<br>ignificant archaeological in | <ul> <li>It is unlikely that the prop<br/>apact at the site. No graves</li> </ul> | osed development<br>were identified on  | The state of the s |
| Extent                                       | Site  |   |   | *************************************** | Activity causing the impact  |
| Duration                                     | Permanent   |   |   |   |  |
| Probability                                  | Definite  |   |   |   | ]  |
| Significance                                 | High  |   |   |   |  |
| Phase responsible for the                    | Phase 1   | Phase 2   | ]   |   |  |
| impact                                       | X   | X   |   |   | 1  |

| ASPECT                    | IMPACTS             |  |                             |  | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS                      |
|---------------------------|---------------------|--|-----------------------------|--|---|
| 13. SENSITIVE             |                     |  |                             |  |   |
| LANDSCAPE                 |                     |  |                             |  |   |
| Nature of the impact      | There are no sensit | ive landscapes within th                                 | ie application area.        |  | 777 T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T |
| Extent                    | Not applicable      | INITIA TOMINATIVI DI | Activity causing the impact |  |   |
| Duration                  | Not applicable      |  |                             |  | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1   |
| Probability               | Not applicable      |  |                             |  |   |
| Significance              | Not applicable      |  |                             |  |   |
| Phase responsible for the | Phase 1             | Phase 2  |                             |  |   |
| impact                    |                     |  |                             |  |   |

| ASPECT<br>14.VISUAL ASPECTS | IMPACTS   |  | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS   |   |                             |  |  |
|-----------------------------|---|--|--|---|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Nature of the impact        | Mining will be visible to the neighbours living , but not form any public road. The operation is not visible to from any main tourist road. |  |  |   |                             |  |  |
| Extent                      | Site  | ************************************** |  |   | Activity causing the impact |  |  |
| Duration                    | Long  |  | THE RESERVE THE PROPERTY OF TH | *************************************** | Mining operation.           |  |  |
| Probability                 | Definite  |  |  |   |                             |  |  |
| Significance                | Low   |  |  |   |                             |  |  |
| Phase responsible for the   | Phase 1   | Phase 2                                |  |   |                             |  |  |
| impact                      | X   | X                                      |  | X                                       |                             |  |  |

| ASPECT                    | IMPACTS   |  |  |   | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS                           |
|---------------------------|---|--|--|---|--|
| 15. SOCIO ECONOMICS       |   |  |  |   |  |
| Nature of the impact      | The project in itself some time. Job creemployees and the | <ul> <li>economic activity at local I<br/>would ensure that approxing<br/>eation plays a major role in<br/>ilr dependants in the Welko<br/>erations have ceased it wo</li> </ul> | The increase in socio-economic activity will add to the current growth and development in Welkom/Odendaalsrus already created by industry and mining.  |   |  |
| Extent                    | Local   |  |  |   | Activity causing the impact                  |
| Duration                  | Long  |  |  |   | Additional employment opportunities created. |
| Probability               | Definite  |  | THE STREET STREET, STR |   |  |
| Significance              | High  |  |  |   |  |
| Phase responsible for the | Phase 1   | Phase 2  |  |   |  |
| impact                    | X   | X  |  | X |  |

| ASPECT                    | IMPACTS   |  | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS   |   |                             |
|---------------------------|-----------|--|--|---|-----------------------------|
| 15. SOCIO ECONOMICS       |           |  |  |   |                             |
| Nature of the impact      |           | on the landowners is visi<br>cultural activities at any g  |  | The economic benefits in terms of investment and the delivery of services in the Free State province will get an additional benefit from the project. |                             |
| Extent                    | Regional  |  |  |   | Activity causing the impact |
| Duration                  | Very Long |  |  |   |                             |
| Probability               | High      | THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY OF | THE CANADA WAS A CONTROL OF THE CANADA THE C |   | -                           |
| Significance              | Moderate  |  |  | 7   |                             |
| Phase responsible for the | Phase 1   | Phase 2  | 1  |   |                             |
| impact                    | Х         | Х  |  | X   |                             |

| ASPECT  16. INTERESTED & AFFECTEDPARTIES | IMPACTS              | ,  |  |   | CUMULATIVE IMPACTS          |
|--|----------------------|--|--|---|-----------------------------|
| Nature of the impact                     | benefits far out-wei | itilization of the mining fight the current benefits<br>t is expected that could |  |   |                             |
| Extent                                   | Locai                |  |  |   | Activity causing the impact |
| Duration                                 | Long                 |  |  |   |                             |
| Probability                              | High                 |  |  |   |                             |
| Significance                             | High                 |  |  |   |                             |
| Phase responsible for the                | Phase 1              | Phase 2  |  |   |                             |
| impact                                   | Х                    | X  |  | X |                             |

#### (ix)Outcome of site section matrix

in term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(h)(ix)

Alternative is not applicable. The current land use is natural vegetation. The option to explore the possibility for mining is an alternative land use. The applicant, Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd is not interested in any other alternative land use over this land aside of mining of <u>Clay mining</u> or any other activity, or method use other than mining for the aforementioned minerals in the conversional way, which is the most cost effective. Please note that no additional infrastructure will be established, and therefore no alternatives for the location of infrastructure were identified

#### (x) Statement motivating the alternative development location within the overall site

in term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(h)(x)

The application area applied for is only 5 hectares thus the development location is limited to this area and the area where the mineral deposits occur. The occurrence of economical viable <u>Clay</u> was identified over this specific area, thus this site selection.

# i) FULL DESCRIPTION OF THE PROCESS UNDERTKEN TO IDENTIFY, ASSESS AND RANK THE IMPACTS AND RISKS THE ACTIVITY WILL IMPOSE ON THE PREFERRED SITE (IN RESPECT OF THE FINAL SITE LAYOUT PLAN) THROUGH THE LIFE OF THE ACTIVITY

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(h)(xi)

See Table 12 below

Table 12: Technical & Management Action Plans

#### **Environmental Component**

Geology

#### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

- No mitigation exists except to slope the excavations.
- As mining progressed and the excavation has been sloped, a certain amount of overburden material and topsoff would be placed on these areas. This will not
  restore the geology, but will mitigate the impact.
- Planned, systematic and thorough mining of the mineral resource (Clay (General) (Cy) should take place.
- Optimal utilization of the mineral resource should take place within the boundaries of the mining terrain.
- Strip, remove and store soil and overburden as far as practical in an orderly fashlon and replace as far as possible on back-filled areas, in the reverse order once
  decision have been taken that no further mining would take place in a particular section or which might still be traversed by vehicles and disturbed in the process.
   Cognisance should be taken of the fact that bulk sampling would take place by means of an opencast mining method until such level is reach / cut-off point is
  reach where rehabilitation could begin.
- Care must be taken that the removal of <u>Clay</u> deposits by means of earthmoving equipment is restricted to what is really necessary to achieve the objective.

#### EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting

To be included in EMP/EIA

#### Closure Objective

Optimal exploration of the mineral resource in order to ensure to facilitate better rehabilitation planning. The overburden and topsoil (where available) must be replaced in a responsible and planned manner in order to achieve some conformity with the surrounding undisturbed area.

#### **Environmental Component**

Topography

#### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

- All trenches should be partly back-filled where possible with waste and eventually sloped and covered with a shallow layer of topsoil (if available).
- Access to all active mining excavation areas should be controlled. The active mining area should be fenced off. The necessary warming signs should be put
  in place. All mining activities should be restricted to the fenced-off area.
- Surface run-off control should be put in place at active trenches (preventing water from entering) and also rehabilitated tailings dumps and overburden dumps in order to prevent the loss of growth medium on top of the dumps.

Mining would be done according to a definite Mining Plan (only disturbing an area that is really necessary). As part of the Mining Plan the handling of overburden material, construction of dumps and back-filling of trenches should also form part of it.

Rehabilitation of the new topographical landscape in such a way that it would blend in with the surrounding landscape and allow normal surface drainage to continue. As soon as a section of the mining site would not be explored anymore it should be rehabilitated (planned and phased manner).

#### EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting

To be included in EMP/EIA.

#### Closure Objective

Rehabilitation of the new topographical landscape in such a way that it would blend in with the surrounding landscape and allow normal surface drainage to continue. Rehabilitation in such a way that the new landscape features would be stable and would not pose any safety hazard to human and animal anymore.

**Environmental Component** 

Soit (topsoil & access roads)

Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

#### Handling of topsoil as a natural resource:

Any future expansion of the trenches or construction of infrastructure should be preceded by the removal of all available topsoil.

The surface of any new areas to be disturbed must be kept to a minimum. All available topsoil/overburden material should be removed and stockpilled for rehabilitation purposes.

#### Access roads, etc:

The cleaning of soil surface areas would be restricted to what is really necessary for the construction of infrastructure.

Wherever possible all topsoil should be removed and stockpiled for rehabilitation purposes. Overburden material should also be stockpiled separately if practically possible. Topsoil and overburden material should be transported to an area earmarked for rehabilitation.

#### EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting

To be included in EMP/EIA

#### Closure Objective

The topsoil removed in the site preparation process should be replaced during the rehabilitation exercise

#### Environmental Component

Soil (soil compaction)

#### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

#### Soil compaction

The mining operation should only be restricted to what is really required (demarcated area of exploitation) within the fenced-off area. Access roads towards the sites would be restricted only to the roads (exiting farm roads & roads established in consultation with the surface owner). No land would be disturbed unnecessarily.

Mining& rehabilitation should be done in a well-planned manner (according to a MP) and in the process ensuring that activities are only restricted to surface areas really required.

Compaction of soil surface areas would be alleviated once rehabilitation of certain area starts. Certain roads would probably remain for access (in consultation with the surface owner). Those that would not be required would be ripped and rehabilitated.

#### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA

#### Closure Objective

Atteviation of compaction of soils would be done during rehabilitation of the mining terrain, including roads

#### **Environmental Component**

Soil (Soil erosion)

#### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

#### Soll Erosion:

To take preventive steps against land disturbance like erosion, implement and maintain cut-off trenches/berms to prevent erosion.

Re-vegetation of exposed soil surfaces (man-made surfaces on tailings dumps, overburden dumps, disturb surfaces in excavated sites, roads, etc) should happen as soon as a particular activity has ceased in order to act as a sufficient erosion prevention measure.

#### EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting

To be included in EMP/EIA

#### Closure Objective

No soil erosion must be visible and no potential for soil erosion must be present at closure

#### **Environmental Component**

Soil (Soil contamination)

#### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

#### Potential for soil contamination:

Vehicles to be inspected to ensure no oil and hydraulic fluid leaks occur.

All oil spills on soil to be removed and bio-remediate immediately (certain commercial products are available such as Terrasorb or it could be rehabilitated by means of the application of fertilizer and turn with a spade from time to time in order to enhance the natural occurring soil microbial activity).

No servicing of vehicles must occur except on a concrete floor or over PVC lined area in an area allocated for that. Training w.r.t pollution hazards and their impact on the environment must be given as part of induction training.

An incidence register for this purpose must be kept.

Drip trays must be available and used where emergency repairs is done

#### EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting

To be included in EMP/EtA

#### Closure Objective

Closure can only be given once all soil contamination measures have been conducted to prevent and remediate any incidences.

#### **Environmental Component**

Soil (Soil structure)

#### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

#### Change in Soil structure:

Ensure that all available (if any) topsoil is carefully removed in different areas.

The soil must also be compacted as sloping is done.

No unnecessary driving outside the active mining area is allowed due to soil compaction that may occur.

Use organic material e.g. manure to restore the soil structure during rehabilitation.

Ensure that the rehabilitation plan makes provision for ripping of roads and spreading of organic material and that this is used during rehabilitation.

#### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA

#### Closure Objective

No compaction of any roads or any other area must be present during closure. If the soil structure is disturbed mitigation measures e.g. the use of organic material, lime and fertilizers must be implemented to restore the soil structure.

#### **Environmental Component**

Soil (Soil fertility)

#### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

#### Soil fertility:

Little can be done to preserve the moisture status of the soil once it is exposed. The soil must be used for rehabilitation as quickly as possible.

The soil on the rehabilitated area must be analysed to determine the deficiencies and fertilizer and lime must be ploughed into the soil to restore its fertility, if necessary.

Ensure that stockpiled soil is kept clean and where possible ensure that the topsoil is treated with organic material and fertifized.

Do not use stockpited soil for any other purpose but for rehabilitation.

Do not use topsoil to construct roads

Ensure the rehabilitation plan makes provision for fertiliser.

Make sure rehabilitated topsoil is analysed in a laboratory. The type of fertilizer would depend on a soil analyses and fertilizer recommendation,

#### EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting

To be included in EMP/EIA.

#### **Closure Objective**

The soil must be fertile enough to sustain vegetation.

#### **Environmental Component**

Land Capability

#### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

The disturbance of land must be restricted (kept to a minimum) to the planned fenced-off, active mining site only. Remove topsoil where it is available. Take care that roads needed are restricted to one entry to the area for mining purposes. If new land is used for roads to enter the area it must be done in consultation with the surface owner.

All rehabilitation will be done according to the final rehabilitation plans after approval by the Department of Mineral Resources (DMR). Topsoil will be placed in areas where it was removed and the areas will be re-vegetated accordingly. Ensure that the rehabilitation plan is implemented

#### EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting

To be included in EMP/EIA.

#### Closure Objective

Rehabilitated to the state that it is suitable for the predetermined and agreed land capability.

#### **Environmental Component**

Land Use

#### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

The disturbance of land must be restricted (kept to a minimum) to the planned active, fenced-off mining site only. Remove topsoil where it is available,

Take care that roads are the only areas used to enter the area for mining purposes. If new land is used for roads to enter the area it must be done in consultation with surface owner.

All rehabilitation will be done according to the final rehabilitation plans after approval by the Department of Mineral Resources (DMR). Topsoft will be placed in areas where it was removed and the areas will be re-vegetated accordingly. Ensure that the rehabilitation plan is implemented.

#### EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting

To be included in EMP/EIA

#### Closure Objective

The opencast section requires the land to be totally disturbed. The replacement of tallings material, overburden and topsoil would ensure that the land is able to support some grazing.

**Environmental Component** 

Vegetation

#### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

No mitigation exists except to replace the vegetation by reseeding of grasses and natural growth.

Mining should be done in a well-planned manner (according to a MP) and in the process ensuring that activities are only restricted to surface areas receifly required.

#### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA

#### Closure Objective

During rehabilitation indigenous vegetation cover comprising of local plant species should be established in order to ensure a well-adapted sustainable plant cover that would be able to prevent erosion of the replaced topsoil on the disturbed mining site exposed surfaces, tailings dumps, etc.).

**Environmental Component** 

Vegetation

#### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

Habitat change, loss of species, spread of alien and invasive species:

No mitigation exists except to replace the vegetation by reseeding of grasses.

Mining should be done in a well-planned manner (according to a MP) and in the process ensuring that activities are only restricted to surface areas really required. Develop and implement an invasive and alien control programme to control the spread of weeds and other invasive species.

Eradicate exotic weeds and invader species if it invades the terrain. All illegal invader plants and weeds shall be eradicated as required in terms of Regulation 15 & 16 of the Act on Conservation of Agricultural Resources, 1983 (Act no. 43 of 1983) which list the plants.

An invasive and alien control programme must be implemented by the mine.

#### EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting

To be included in EMP/EIA.

#### Closure Objective

No invasive and alien species must be present after closure. A post-closure control program must also be implemented.

**Environmental Component** 

Vegetation

#### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

Ensure that all roads on the mining site (utilized by mining vehicles) are daily sprayed with water to control dust. Site inspections to ensure the spraying are done.

#### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA.

#### Closure Objective

No excessive dust must be present during the normal growth season after closure.

**Environmental Component** 

Wildlife (habitat)

#### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

Wildlife or wildlife habitat destruction /change / disturbance :

To take care that no new or unnecessary destruction of habitats, other than the demarcated mining site should take place.

Restoration of habitat:

Ensure the rehabilitation plan is implemented.

#### EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting

To be included in EMP/EIA

Closure Objective

The animal life habitat must be restored after decommissioning. Success will be measured against the extent to which the animals return to the area.

**Environmental Component** 

Wildlife (Injury and death)

#### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

Injury and death to wildlife:

Re-establish trees and grass cover as soon as possible during and after mining. Fence area off to ensure that no person can enter without permission. Ensure that the rehabilitation plan is compiled and executed. Keep incidence register on killings and disturbances.

#### EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting

To be included in EMP/EIA.

#### Closure Objective

The animal life habitat must be restored after decommissioning. Success will be measured against the extent to which the animals return to the area.

#### **Environmental Component**

Wildlife

#### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

Make game catching, traps, snares, peaching and any other unnecessary disturbance of animals a disciplinary offence.

All staff must undergo basic environmental awareness lecture during induction training,

Machine operators and drivers to undergo appropriate level of environmental impact training to ensure they understand their impact on the environment. Ensure all staff working on the opencast section undergo basic lecture during induction phase.

Introduce the actions as listed above into disciplinary code as offence.

#### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA

#### Closure Objective

The post-closure phase must be suitable for further restoration of the newly man-made animal habitat. The area must be stable and acceptable for the return of animal- and plant life.

#### Environmental Component

Surface Water (quality)

#### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

#### Change in surface water quality:

Storm water control measures must be implemented to divert clean water away from the active mining site and keep contaminated water contained.

Water control structures must be well designed and constructed to ensure a minimum down wash of topsoil.

Vegetation disturbance must be as little as possible.

The Mining Plan must be strictly adhered to.

Re-vegetation to be done as quickly as possible. Final re-vegetation to be done as per rehabilitation plan.

#### EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting

To be included in EMP/EIA

#### Closure Objective

The post closure water run-off may in no circumstance impact negatively on the water quality.

#### **Environmental Component**

Surface Water (quantity)

#### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

Change in surface water quantity: Once the area is rehabilitated the surface run-off will be restored and normal clean water run-off will end-up in the drainage system.

Once the area is rehabilitated the normal surface run-off drainage will be restored according to rehabilitation plan. The disturbed surface area must be rehabilitated to ensure some normal drainage. Minimal run-off should end-up in trenches. Final rehabilitation will be done according to the final rehabilitation plans after approval by the Department of Mineral Resources. The depth of the operation of maximum of 2.5m will not intersect the groundwater table thus no negative impact

#### EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting

To be included in EMP/EIA

#### Closure Objective

Ultimately rehabilitation of the disturbed mining site and the construction of run-off control structures in a planned and phased manner would ensure normal drainage and stability of rehabilitated site. The drainage must be away from the gravel road.

#### **Environmental Component**

Ground Water (quality)

#### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

Reduction of groundwater quality: Storm water control measures must be implemented to divert clean water away from the site and keep (silt) contaminated water contained.

Vehicles to be inspected to ensure no olf and hydrautic fluid teaks occur. All oil spills on soft to be removed and bio-remediate immediately. No servicing of vehicles must occur except at the workshops. Training w.r.t pollution hazards and their impact on the environment must be given as part of induction training. Storage of fuel and oil should be done according to best practices, within a bunded area and in containers of which the integrity is sound.

The mining processes will not introduce any harmful or toxic substances and the most likely sources of pollution to the groundwater system would be associated with the infrastructure and / or workshop area. The most likely contaminants is therefore nitrate and bacteria (from sewage / pit latrines), as well as hydrocarbons (from vehicle accidents, diesel storage and the workshop area).

An incidence register for this purpose must be kept.

Drip trays must be available and used where emergency repairs is done.

All waste must be stored according to best practices and disposed at an authorized waste disposal facility

#### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA

#### Closure Objective

Post water quality need to indicate a positive trend/improvement.

**Environmental Component** 

Ground Water (quantity)

Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

Reduction of groundwater quantity, lowering of groundwater level: Water levels in the boreholes that are used for mining activities should be recorded monthly.

Water volumes should be recorded continuously to ensure compliance with the water use authorization for abstraction.

#### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA.

#### Closure Objective

Post water quality need to indicate a positive trend/improvement.

#### **Environmental Component**

Air Quality

#### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

Dust: The mining method will serve as mitigation measure because mining will limit dust to the active mining area (area where the excavator and the trucks are operating).

Daily spraying of roads with water, inspection should be done on a daily basis.

If new roads are constructed, in coordination with surface owner, dust pollution must be mitigated by means of spraying the roads with water.

#### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA

#### **Closure Objective**

Dust count must be the same as before mining. Rehabilitation of the bulk sampling site would ensure that no dust is generated from exposed surfaces.

#### Environmental Component

Noise

#### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

Ensure the required silencers are placed on all engines and compressors. No mitigation to reverse hooters is allowed due to safety standards. Inspection of vehicles and machinery to ensure silencers are fitted.

Ensure that a complaints register is created, managed and maintained. Vehicles and earthmoving equipment should be equipped with the necessary silencers and regularly maintained in a good working condition.

#### EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting

To be included in EMP/EIA.

#### **Closure Objective**

No noise attributed to mining will be generated from the site after closure anymore. During decommissioning and closure phase some earth moving equipment and trucks would be utilized for rehabilitation.

#### **Environmental Component**

Archaeological and Cultural Sites

#### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

No graves were found on the site.

However, the potential occurrence of unmarked graves or subsurface finds not recorded during this survey can never be excluded, so it is advised that SAHRA and a qualified archaeologist are informed immediately if archaeological objects are uncovered.

#### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA

#### Closure Objective

No site of archaeological importance should be disturbed or damaged until the necessary permit from SAHRA has been issued.

#### **Environmental Component**

Sensitive Landscapes

#### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

No sensitive landscapes on the application area

#### EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting

To be included in EMP/EIA.

#### Closure Objective

### BAR - Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd - Klein Koppie Alleen 182 - FS 30/5/1/3/2/10317 MP

### **Environmental Component**

Visual Aspects

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

Visual impact would be addressed by means of:

- \* re-vegetation of disturbed areas with grasses;
- \* removal of any temporary building, scrap, domestic waste, etc. that would otherwise contribute to a negative visual impact.

Concurrent rehabilitation should be done simultaneously as mining activities progress.

### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA.

### Closure Objective

No residual visual impacts will remain after closure. The terrain should blend in with the surrounding landscape.

### **Environmental Component**

Socio-Economics

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

There will be a very small increase in Socio - economic activity at local level, because of the size of this mining activity.

### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA.

### Closure Objective

The economic development must deliver a multiplier effect that will contribute to the local economy long after closure.

### Environmental Component

Interested and Affected Parties

### Environmental Management/Mitigation Measures/Action Plans/Commitments

Access control should always be a priority. Active mining site should be fenced off and also any deep water holes.

If any problem should arise, meetings will be held with the landowners and affected parties to consult them on certain matters like permission to prospect and pollution.

No mining should be conducted under or near Eskom power line (10 m distance should be kept) (Permission of Inspector of Mines should be obtained.)

### **EMP Performance Assessment & Monitoring Reporting**

To be included in EMP/EIA.

### **Closure Objective**

Not to be an economic, social or environmental liability to the local community or the state now or in the future. The company will ensure that the interest of all interested and affected parties will be considered.

## BAR - Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd - Klein Koppie Alleen 182 - FS 30/5/1/3/2/10317 MP

# ASSESSMENT OF EACH IDENTIFIED POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT IMPACT AND RISK

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3, [1][j][j][j][j][j][v][v][vi][vi]

Table 13: Identified Potentially Significant Impacts & Risks

|   | Table 13. Identified Fotonitally Signatorial Hipacis a Novs      | DACID OF PURPO              |                   |                     |                         |                               |                                 |   |
|---|--|-----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| NAME OF ACTIVITY  | POTENTIAL  | (I) CUMULATIVE              | (ii) SIGNIFICANCE | (iii) EXTEND AND    | (iv) PROBABILITY OF     | (*) DEGREE TO WHICH           | (vi) DEGREE TO WHICH            | (MI) DEGREE TOWNICH   |
|   | INPACT   | IMPACTS                     |                   | DURATION            | THE IMPACT<br>OCCURRING | IMPACTRISK CAN BE<br>REVERSED | IRREPLACEABLE LOSS<br>MAY OCCUR | MPACTRISK CAN BE RREPLACEABLE LOSS IMPACTRISK CAN BE REVERSED MAY OCCUR MITIGATED |
| Excavations for Clay  | 1.1 Removal of the Clay up to 2.5m. None                         |                             | +3%-              | At open excavations | 10年                     | anpossible                    | Not reversible at all           | Not milgated  |
|   | Disturbance of 0.5 hectare at any                                |                             |                   | 2 years             |                         |                               |                                 | -71 WILLIAM   |
|   | given tine.  |                             |                   |                     |                         |                               |                                 |   |
|   | 1.2 Change in landform. The entire   Topography on adjacent      | Topography on adjacent      | Moderate -        | 2 years             | Moderate                | Possible                      | Party reversible                | Fully Mitigated   |
|   | prospecting area will be lowered by larea if prospecting is also | area if prospecting is also |                   |                     |                         |                               |                                 |   |
|   | 2.5 m and normal surface drainage practised                      | practised                   |                   |                     |                         |                               |                                 | Total Philo   |
|   | was be disturbed at this specific point.                         |                             |                   |                     |                         |                               |                                 | 144-175   |
|   | The pill will be sloped  |                             |                   |                     |                         |                               |                                 | mmm   |
|   | 1.3 Stripping of all available topson                            | Localized                   | Low.              | 2 years             | 造                       | aldessodia                    | Partly reversible               | Fully Migrated  |
|   | and stockpiled. Stockpile area of                                |                             |                   | •                   | ,                       |                               | •                               | 3   |
| 70 J FE 400   | 1.4 hectare at any given time.                                   |                             |                   |                     |                         |                               |                                 |   |
| 4 PAGE  | 1.4 Soil erosion: Due to the fact that                           | Localized                   | Low-              | 2 years             | 104                     | Possible                      | Reversible                      | Folly midicated   |
| IN-A-IV-  | certain surface areas would become                               |                             |                   |                     |                         |                               |                                 | 1   |
| Victoria  | devoid of any vegetation cover and                               |                             |                   |                     |                         |                               |                                 |   |
| www   | compacted this would lead to lesser                              |                             |                   |                     |                         |                               |                                 |   |
| IIA Sk.   | stilltration of rais water and more                              |                             |                   |                     | m 103 0-1               |                               |                                 |   |
| w.wei   | ran-off that could cause erosion on                              |                             |                   |                     |                         |                               |                                 |   |
| d widten  | bare disturbed areas and side slopes                             |                             |                   |                     |                         |                               |                                 |   |
| motion d'Avid   | 1.5 Land capability and land use.                                | If old disturbances not     | Low-              | 2 years             | 14                      | Possible                      | Revenute                        | Full miligated  |
| ada a' adda '   | Loss of sand to support grazing.                                 | rehabilitated.              |                   |                     |                         |                               |                                 | •   |
| and a single size of the size | 1.6 Generation of dust by  | Air quailly                 | Low -             | 2 years             |                         | Possible                      | Reversible                      | Fully miligated.  |
|   | excavating and vehicle moveneert                                 |                             |                   |                     |                         | v.10.                         |                                 |   |

### K) SUMMARY OF SPECIALIST REPORTS In term of NEWA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3, (1)(k)

Table 14: Specialist Reports

| LIST OF STUDIES UNDERTAKEN | RECOMMENDATIONS OF SPECIALIST REPORTS | SPECIAL IST RECOMMENDATIONS THAT HAVE BEEN INCLUDED IN THE EIA REPORT (Mark with an X where applicable) | REFERENCE TO APPLICABLE<br>SECTION OF REPORT WHERE<br>SPECIALIST<br>RECOMMENDATIONS HAVE<br>BEEN INCLUDED. |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| ම්බල                       |                                       | - Was   |  |
|                            |                                       | 10.10   |  |
| one White                  |                                       |   |  |
|                            |                                       |   |  |

There were no specialist studies done as this area was disturbed by mining and agricultural activities before and the impacts will be very small. See letter from specialist attached as Appendix 4.

### I) ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(I)

### i) Summary of the key findings of the environmental impact assessment;

The small scale <u>Clay</u> mining operation is definitely going to have an impact on the environment. The main impact relates to topography, geology, soil, vegetation, and land use and land capability. The <u>Clay</u> resource will be mined over a period of 2 years or less. The existing land-use is natural vegetation. This is a small operation and for the next 2 years only a small portion of the town lands will be temporarily alienated.

The conservation of topsoil is of utmost importance and therefore in order to ensure a sustainable land use again on the 5 ha, the top at least 30-50 cm topsoil where available needs to be removed prior to mining of the underlying *Clay* (up to 2.5 m depth). This will be used again as growth medium during the rehabilitation phase. Topsoil will be stored in berm walls to divert any surface run-off during a rainfall event.

Other environmental impacts relates to the day to day operation that could easily be managed, such as dust and noise.

### ii) Final Site Map

See Appendix 1(b).

### iii) Summary of the positive and negative impacts and risks of the proposed activity and identified alternatives

The loss of land use and land capability will be temporary as the site will be rehabilitated in such a way that it allows the use there off again. The rest of the area will still be continued to be used for grazing fields.

Although this is small <u>Clay</u> mining operation it would also add to the increased economic activity within the farming and exiting mining community around Klein Kopjes Alleen 182. Jobs for 3 permanent labourers will be created.

Negative impacts on the area are expected to be temporary and can be mitigated to a large extent if the recommendations of the EMP are adhered to e.g. rehabilitation.

No concerns have been raised as yet by any I & AP.

The specific occurrence of the Clay deposit dictates the selection of the specific mining site.

### m) Proposed impact management objectives and the impact management outcomes for inclusion in the EMPr

In term of NEMA – EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 – Reg. 21, Appendix 1 – 3. (1)(m)

The main closure objective of the applicant is to rehabilitate the entire mining site in such a way to ensure that the man-made topographical landscape would be rehabilitated toward agricultural use and to blend in with the surrounding landscape and not pose a safety hazard to humans and animals, while at the same time allow for alternative land uses. Establish a self-sustaining and stable vegetation cover in order to mitigate the visual impact, to control erosion and to create some habitat for animals. The rehabilitated environment also needs to be aesthetically acceptable according to the principle of BPEO. The applicant will ensure that the Operation/Sites are:

- Neither a danger to public health and safety nor to animal health and safety;
- Not a source of any pollution;
- Stable (ecological and geophysical);
- Rehabilitated to the state that is suitable for the predetermined and agreed land use (grazing);
- Compatible with the surrounding biophysical environment;
- A sustainable environment;
- Aesthetically acceptable;
- Not an economic, social or environmental liability to the local community or the state now or in the future.

| n) / | Aspects | for | Inclusion | as | Conditions | of | Authorisation. |
|------|---------|-----|-----------|----|------------|----|----------------|
|------|---------|-----|-----------|----|------------|----|----------------|

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(n)

None

### o) Description of Any Assumptions, Uncertainties and Gaps in Knowledge.

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(o)

None

### p) Reasoned Opinion As To Whether The Proposed Activity Should Or Should Not Be Authorised

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(p)

### (i) Reasons why the activity should be authorized or not.

This activity will have only low and very low impacts and no significant impacts were identified. No concerns were raised by the interested parties. These mining activities will have no significant impacts on them or their surrounding environment.

### (ii) Conditions that must be included in the authorisation

None

### q) Period for which the environmental authorisation is required.

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(q)

24 months for initial permit period, thus 24 months in total.

### r) UNDERTAKING

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(r)

### **UNDERTAKING**

- I, <u>D.E. Erasmus</u>, the undersigned and duly authorised thereto by <u>DERA</u>

  <u>Omgewingskonsultante (PTY) Ltd</u> hereby confirm:
  - the correctness of the information provided in this report;
  - the inclusion of comments and inputs from stakeholders and I&AP's;
  - the inclusion of inputs and recommendations from the specialist reports where relevant and where applicable and;
  - all information provided to the interested and affected parties a true reflection of this document.

| Signed at <u>Klerksdorp</u> on this day <u>30<sup>th</sup> October 2020.</u> |  |
|--|--|
|  |  |

Signature of EAP

### s) FINANCIAL PROVISION

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(s)

The total application area is 5 hectares but only 0.3 hectares will be disturbed by opencast excavations and 0.2 hectares by surface disturbance to be used for the stockpile at any given time. These figures were used for the calculation of the quantum, thus a total of R 94 371 is needed for the rehabilitation guarantees.

R 94 371.00 for rehabilitation. See quantum attached as Appendix 3.

(i) Explain how the aforesaid amount was derived.

The amount was determined through the quantum tables provided by DMR.

(ii) Confirm that this amount can be provided for from operating expenditure.

Yes, it is hereby confirmed that the amount will be provided from operating expenditure.

### t) SPECIFIC INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THE COMPETENT AUTHORITY

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(t)

- (i) Compliance with the provisions of sections 24(4)(a) and (b) read with section 24 (3) (a) and (7) of the National Environmental Management Act (Act 107 of 1998), the EIA report must include the:-
  - 1. Impact on the socio-economic conditions of any directly affected person.

The applicant has an agreement with the landowner and the landowner will be paid for the land used by mining when the activity starts. No other person will be directly affected by this activity.

2. Impact on any national estate referred to in section 3(2) of the National Heritage Resources Act

This activity will have no impact on archaeological structures.

u) OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED IN TERMS OF SECTIONS 24(4)(A) AND (B) OF THE ACT

In term of NEMA - EIA Regulations No. 326 of 7 April 2017 - Reg. 21, Appendix 1 - 3. (1)(u)

None

### PART B

### **ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME REPORT**

### DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME.

### A) DETAILS OF THE EAP

The EAP Mr. Daan Erasmus has a National Diploma in Agriculture Resource Utilization and a Baccalaureus Technologiae degree in Agricultural Extension.

Yes see Part A.

### B) DESCRIPTION OF THE ASPECTS OF THE ACTIVITY

Yes see Part A.

### C) COMPOSITE MAP

See Appendix 1(b).

### D) DESCRIPTION OF IMPACT MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES INCLUDING MANAGEMENT STATEMENTS

### (i) Determination of closure objectives

The main closure objective of the applicant is to rehabilitate the entire mining site in such a way to ensure that the man-made topographical landscape would blend in with the surrounding landscape, not pose a safety hazard to humans and animals, while at the same time allow for alternative land uses. Establish a self-sustaining and stable vegetation cover in order to mitigate the visual impact, to control erosion and to create some habitat for animals. The rehabilitated environment also needs to be aesthetically acceptable according to the principle of BPEO. Another main objective is to manage the surface water in such way that an acceptable water standard is achieved when a closure certificate is issued.

### Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd will ensure that the Operation/Sites are:

- Neither a danger to public health and safety nor to animal health and safety;
- Not a source of any pollution;
- Stable (ecological and geophysical);
- Rehabilitated to the state that is suitable for the predetermined and agreed land use;
- Compatible with the surrounding biophysical environment;
- A sustainable environment;
- Aesthetically acceptable;
- Not an economic, social or environmental liability to the local community or the state now or in the future.

### Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd will furthermore:

- ensure that the physical and chemical stability of the rehabilitated site will be such that risk to the
  environment is not increased by naturally occurring forces to the extent that such increased risk cannot be
  contended with by the installed measures;
- subscribe to the optimal exploitation and utilization of South Africa's mineral resources (Clay);
- ensure that the mining site is closed efficiently and cost effectively.
- ensure that the operation is not abandoned but closed in accordance with the relevant requirements;

### BAR - Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd - Klein Koppie Alleen 182 - FS 30/5/1/3/2/10317 MP

- ensure that the interest of all interested and affected parties will be considered;
- ensure that the all-relevant legislation regarding mine closure will be adhered to, and all relevant application procedures followed.
- (ii) Volumes and rate of water use required for the operation 2000 litres a day will be used for dust suppression.
- (iii)Has a water use licence been applied for?

## BAR - Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd - Klein Kappie Alleen 182 - FS 30/5/1/3/2/10317 MP

### (iv)Impacts to be mitigated in their respective phases

Table 15: Measures to rehabilitate the environment affected by the undertaking of any listed activity

| lable 13. Measu                   | Jes to leftabilitati | a rue envilonment al             | lable 13. measures to reliabilitate the environment affected by the undertaking of any insted activity   | TIME)   |                                       |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| ACTIVITIES                        | PHASE                | SIZE AND SCALE<br>of disturbance | MITIGATION MEASURES  | COMPLIANCE WITH STANDARDS IME PERIOD FOR IMPLEMENTATION | IME PERIOD FOR<br>IMPLEMENTATION      |
| 1. Excavations                    | Operational          | 0.3 hectares at any stage        | 0.3 hectares at any stage   Concurrent rehabilitation by stoping the sides of the excavation to be stable/sustainable and covered with topsoil and vegetate.   | Sloping of sides  | As past of concurrent rehabilitation. |
| 2. Clay Stockpile arealplant area | Operational          | 0.2 hectares at any stage        | Keep this area as small as possible within the demarcated finanediate cleaning of spillages area. Prevent spillages of fuels by machines   | fnimediate cleaning of sp#ages                          | Concurrent with mining                |
|                                   | u an numan           |                                  | And the second s |   |                                       |

### E) IMPACT MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES

| ACTIVITY               | POTENTIAL IMPACT   | ASPECTS AFFECTED   | PHASE                        | MITIGATION TYPE   | STANDARD TO BE ACHIEVED   |
|------------------------|--|--|------------------------------|---|---|
| 1. Excavations of Clay | 1.5 Removal of the Clay up to 2.5 m.   | Geology & soil   | Operational                  | The impact will be mitigated by sloping the sides of the excavation and stabilizing the soil to prevent soil erosion.   | A stable levested area that can sustain vegetation without excessive erosico. |
|                        | 1.2 Change in landform. The excavation will be sloped  | Topography   | Operational and cosure       | A surface water cut-off french should be put in place around the active mining site forder to prevent surface water on the mining site.  Rehabilitation of the new rehabilitated landscape in such a way that it would blend in with the surrounding landscape. | If not complete backfilled it must be<br>gentle stable slopes.                |
|                        | 1.3 Stripping of all avaitable topsos and stockpiled   | acemicentos construiros de la construiro d<br>Construiro de la construiro de | Construction and operational | The top soil must be removed before any distrubance take place. The top soil must be removed and stockpile in a demarcated area for rehabilitation purposes.  | Encugis topsost for rehabistation to<br>ensure sustainabie vegetation.        |
|                        | 1.4 Soil erosion due to the fact that certain surface areas would become devoid of any vegetation cover and compacted. This would lead to lesser infiltration of rain water and more run-off that could cause erosion on bare disturbed areas and side stopes. |  | Construction and operational | To take preventive steps against erosion. Implement and maintain cut-off trenches and or berms around the mising area to prevent water extering that can cause excessive erosion.   | Mo excessive erosion that cannot be stabilized.                               |
|                        | 1.5. Loss of Land capability & land use.   | Land capability & land use   | Operational and clossure     | As this is only a very small area of 5 bectares, the impact is low. As the sides will be sloped and vegetated, the rehabilitated area must be treated as sensitive.   | Sustainable rehabilitated area.   |
|                        | 1.5 Generation of dust by excavating, custing/screening and vehicle movement.  | Air quaisty  | Operaŝional                  | The generation of dust will cray be localized at the mining site. Daily spraying of roads with water  | No excessive dust that can be hamful<br>to the environment and humans.        |

## BAR - Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd - Klein Koppie Alleen 182 - FS 30|5|1|3|2|10317 MP

### F) IMPACT MANAGEMENT ACTIONS

| ACTIVITY   | POTENTIAL IMPACT   | MITIGATION TYPE   | TIME PERIOD FOR IMPLEMENTATION | COMPLIANCE WITH STANDARDS |
|--|--|---|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Excavabons for Clay  | 1.f Removal of the Clay up to 2.5 m  | The impact wif be mitgated by ceckfilling the excavation and slabilizing the sxcavation and slabilizing the soil to prevent soil erosion.   |                                |                           |
|  | 1.2 Change in landform. The excavation will be sloped.   | The side of pit will be sloped and the soil stabilized to prevent enosion. A surface water cut-off trench should be put in place around the active mining site I order to prevent surface water on the mining side. Rehabiliation of the new stoped landscape in such a way that it would behand in with the surrounding landscape. |                                |                           |
| rianimanya appropropropraa appropropraa appropropraa appropropraa appropropraa appropraa appropraa appropraa a | 1.3 Stripping of all available topso?<br>and stockpiled  | The top soil must be removed before any disturbance take place. The top soil must be removed and stockpile in a demacrated area for rehabilitation purposes   |                                |                           |
| «тология» пактомительной пактомитель «остой  | 1.4 Soir erosion due to the fact that certain surface areas would become devoid of any vegetation cover and compacted. This would lead to lesser infiltration of rain water and more run-off that could cause erosion on bare disturbed areas and side slopes. | To take preventive steps agains: erosion. Implement and maintain cut-off trenches and or berms around the mining area to prevent water entering that can cause excessive erosion.   |                                |                           |
| the site across a second and a second across a | 1.5 Loss of Land capability & land<br>use  | As this is only a very small area of 5 sectares, the impact is low. As the excavations will be backfilled and the benefied and must be treated as sensitive till soil has settled to ground fevel.  |                                |                           |
|  | 1.6 Generation of dust by excavaling, crushing/screening and vehicle movement  | The generation of drist will only be localized at the maring site. Daily spraying of roads with water   |                                |                           |

### **G) FINANCIAL PROVISION**

### 1. Determination of the amount of Financial Provision

### A. Describe the closure objectives and the extent to which they have been aligned to the baseline environment described under the Regulation

The main closure objective of the applicant is to rehabilitate the entire mining site in such a way to ensure that the new man-made topographical landscape would blend in with the surrounding landscape, not pose a safety hazard to humans and animals, while at the same time allow for alternative land uses. Establish a self-sustaining and stable vegetation cover in order to mitigate the visual impact, to control erosion and to create some habitat for animals. The rehabilitated environment also needs to be aesthetically acceptable according to the principle of BPEO. Another main objective is to manage the surface water in such way that an acceptable water standard is achieved when a closure certificate is issued.

### Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd will ensure that the Operation/Sites are:

- Neither a danger to public health and safety nor to animal health and safety;
- Not a source of any pollution;
- Stable (ecological and geophysical);
- Rehabilitated to the state that is suitable for the predetermined and agreed land use;
- Compatible with the surrounding biophysical environment;
- A sustainable environment;
- Aesthetically acceptable;
- Not an economic, social or environmental liability to the local community or the state now or in the future.

### Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd will furthermore:

- ensure that the physical and chemical stability of the rehabilitated site will be such that risk to the
  environment is not increased by naturally occurring forces to the extent that such increased risk cannot be
  contended with by the installed measures;
- subscribe to the optimal exploitation and utilization of South Africa's mineral resources (Clay);
- ensure that the mining site is closed efficiently and cost effectively.
- ensure that the operation is not abandoned but closed in accordance with the relevant requirements;
- ensure that the interest of all interested and affected parties will be considered;
- ensure that the all-relevant legislation regarding mine closure will be adhered to, and all relevant application procedures followed.

### B. Confirm specifically that the environmental objectives in relation to closure have been consulted with landowner and interested and affected parties

Yes, the disturbance that will take place and the rehabilitation thereof were discussed on the site visit with the landowner.

C. Provide a rehabilitation plan that describes and shows the scale and aerial extent of the main mining activities, including the anticipated mining area at the time of closures.

### Rehabilitation:

The clearing of soil surface areas would be restricted to what is really necessary for the construction of infrastructure/crushing plant. During rehabilitation of these sites, or where vegetation is lacking or compacted, the areas would be ripped or ploughed and levelled in order to re-establish a growth medium and if necessary

appropriately fertilised to ensure the regrowth of vegetation and the soil ameliorated based on a fertilizer recommendation (soil sample analysed).

### Rehabilitation of access roads

- Whenever a mining permit is suspended, cancelled or abandoned or if it lapses and the holder does not wish
  to renew the permit or right, any access road or portions thereof, constructed by the holder and which will no
  longer be required by the landowner/tenant, shall be removed and/or rehabilitated to the satisfaction of the
  Regional Manager.
- Any gate or fence erected by the holder which is not required by the landowner/tenant, shall be removed and the situation restored to the pre-mining situation.
- Roads shall be ripped or ploughed, and if necessary, appropriately fertilised (based on a soil analysis) to
  ensure the regrowth of vegetation. Imported road construction materials which may hamper regrowth of
  vegetation must be removed and disposed of in an approved manner prior to rehabilitation.
- If a reasonable assessment indicates that the re-establishment of vegetation is unacceptably slow, the Regional Manager may require that the soil be analysed and any deleterious effects on the soil arising from the mining operation, be corrected and the area be seeded with a seed mix to the Regional Manager's specification.

### Rehabilitation of the surface mining site

On completion of operations, all buildings, structures or objects on the camp/office site shall be dealt with in accordance with section 44 of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act 28 of 2002), which states:

- (1) When a prospecting right, mining right, retention permit or mining permit lapses, is cancelled or is abandoned or when any prospecting or mining operation comes to an end, the holder of any such right or permit may not demolish or remove any building, structure, object -
  - (A & B) which may not be demolished in terms of any other law;
  - (C) which has been identified in writing by the Minister for purposes of this section; or
  - (c) which is to be retained in terms of an agreement between the holder and the owner or occupier of the land, which agreement has been approved by the Minister in writing.
- (2) The provision of subsection (1) does not apply to bona fide mining equipment which may be removed. The surface area shall be ripped or ploughed to a depth of at least 300mm and the topsoil previously stored adjacent the site, shall be spread evenly to its original depth over the whole area.

After all the foreign matter has been removed from the mining sites, the side slopes and the final void area will be sloped and levelled and the previously stored topsoil replaced.

The area shall then be fertilised if necessary (based on a soil analysis). The site shall be seeded with a vegetation seed mix (section C) adapted to reflect the local indigenous flora. Where the site has been rendered devoid of vegetation/grass or where soils have been compacted owing to traffic, the surface shall be scarified or ripped. Photographs of the site, before and during the mining operation and after rehabilitation, shall be taken at selected fixed points and kept on record for the information of the Regional Manager.

Rehabilitation of the new topographical landscape in such a way that it would blend in with the surrounding landscape and allow normal (controlled) surface drainage to continue.

Implement water control systems in order to prevent erosion. Seed the area (see C. (below) for recommended seed mixture).

Visual impact would be addressed by means of;

- revegetation (grasses);
- removal of any building, scrap, domestic waste, etc. that would otherwise contribute to a negative visual impact.

### Fertilising of Areas to be Rehabilitated

If a reasonable assessment indicates that the re-establishment of vegetation is unacceptably slow, the Regional Manager may require that the soil be analysed and any deleterious effects on the soil arising from the mining operation be corrected and the area be seeded with a seed mix to his or her specification.

### Seeding of Grass Seed Mixture and planting of Woody Species

The eventual seed mixture takes into account the availability of seed, different soil situations and the prevailing climatic conditions of the area. The following mixture will be applicable to the mining permit site:

Cenchrusciliaris

Cvnodondactvlon

Digitariaeriantha

Heteropogoncontortus

Panicum maximum

### a. Demolition of infrastructure/buildings

On completion of operations, all buildings, structures or other on the mining terrain shall be dealt with in accordance with section 44 of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act No. 28 of 2002). There will be no permanent buildings.

### b.Invasive and alien control programme

Develop and implement an invasive and alien control programme to control the spread of weeds and other invasive species. Eradicate exotic weeds and invader species if it invades the terrain. All illegal invader plants and weeds shall be eradicated as required in terms of Regulation 15 & 16 of the Act on Conservation of Agricultural Resources, 1983 (Act no. 43 of 1983) which list the plants.

### D. Explain why it can be confirmed that the rehabilitation plan is compatible with the closure objectives

All the mined areas will be rehabilitated by sloping the sides in order to have sustainable vegetation, thus no after mining impacts or residues.

### E. Calculate and state the quantum of the financial provision required to manage and rehabilitate the environment in accordance with the applicable guideline

The total application area is 5 hectares but only 0.3 hectares will be disturbed by opencast excavations and 0.2 hectares by surface disturbance to be used for the stockpile at any given time. These figures were used for the calculation of the quantum, thus a total of R94 371.00 needed for the rehabilitation guarantees. **R 94 371.00** for rehabilitation. See quantum attached as **Appendix 3**.

### F. Confirm that the financial provision will be provided as determined

The financing for this project will be done from the account <u>Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd</u> the applicant himself out of own funds. The guarantee will be provided in the form of Bank Guarantee after confirmation of the amount.

### G. Mechanisms for monitoring compliance with and performance assessment against the environmental management programme and reporting thereon, including

vii.Monitoring of Impact Management Actions

viii. Monitoring and reporting frequency

vx. Responsible persons

x. Time period for implementing impact management actions

xi. Mechanism for monitoring compliance

| SOURCE ACTIVITY         | IMPACTS REQUIRING MONITORING  | FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS<br>FOR MONITORING | ROLES AND<br>RESPONSIBILITIES | MONITORING AND REPORTING FREQUENCY<br>and TIME PERIODS FOR IMPLEMENTING |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| M-1                     | PROGRAMMES                    | ChLi                                      | Manager 4                     | IMPACT MANAGEMENT ACTIONS   |
| ÷                       |                               |   | Manager and Applicant         | Daily checking and reporting with Performance                           |
|                         | petrochemicals.               | Checking correct stripping and            |                               | Assessment (  |
|                         |                               | stockpiling of topsoil                    |                               |   |
| Mining site/            | Concurrent backfilling of the | Checking stability of slope and erosion   | Manager and applicant         | Quarterly   |
| Topography              | excavations                   | preventive measures                       | · ·                           |   |
| Mining site/Air quality | Dust pollution from mining    | Regular wetting of roads and stockpile    | Manager and applicant         | Daily   |
|                         | activities.                   | area where loading take place.            |                               |   |
| Mining site             | Chemical toilet               | Make sure that it is used and hygienic.   | Manager and Applicant         | Weekly.   |

H) INDICATE THE FREQUENCY OF THE SUBMISSION OF THE PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT/ ENVIRONMENTAL AUDIT REPORT.

Annually

### I) ENVIRONMENTAL AWARENESS PLAN

(i) Manner in which the applicant intends to inform his or her employees of any environmental risk which may result from their work.

Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd will contract DERA Environmental Consultants to inform the employees after the EMP was approved. The following guidelines will be used:

- Communication
- Urge
- Leadership
- Teamwork
- Understanding
- Recognition
- Empowerment (CULTURE).
- (ii) (2) Manner in which risks will be dealt with in order to avoid pollution or the degradation of the environment.

The risks will be dealt with by proper management actions as described in 1d.

J) SPECIFIC INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THE COMPETENT AUTHORITY

The quantum for rehabilitation liability will be reviewed with the performance assessment on annual basis.

### 2. UNDERTAKING

The EAP herewith confirms

- (i) The correctness of the information provided in the reports:
- (ii) The inclusion of comments and inputs from stakeholders and I&APs:
- (iii)The inclusion of inputs and recommendations from the specialist reports where relevant: and
- (iv)That the information provided by the EAP to interested and affected parties and any responses by the EAP to comments or inputs made by interested and affected parties are correctly reflected herein.

Signature of the environmental assessment practitioner:

DERA Omgewingskonsultante (Pty) Ltd.

Name of company:

JERRY DEAN MENIN

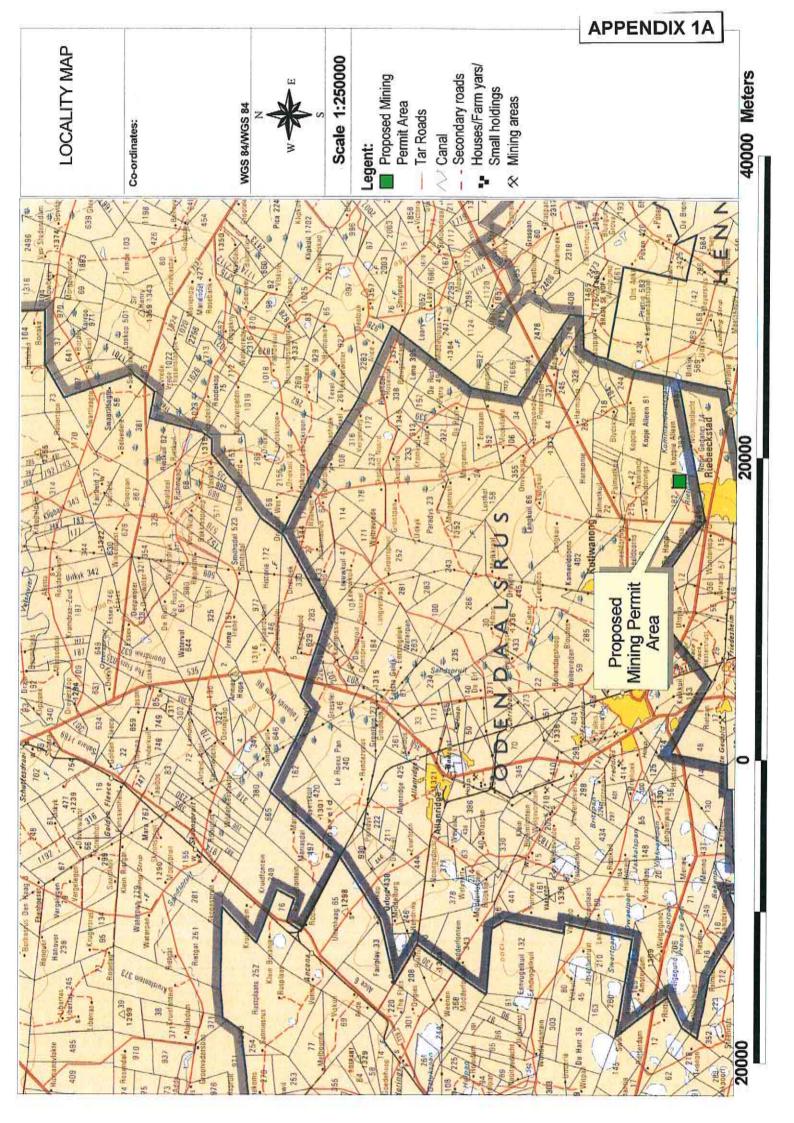
OFFICE MANAGER / AUDITOR

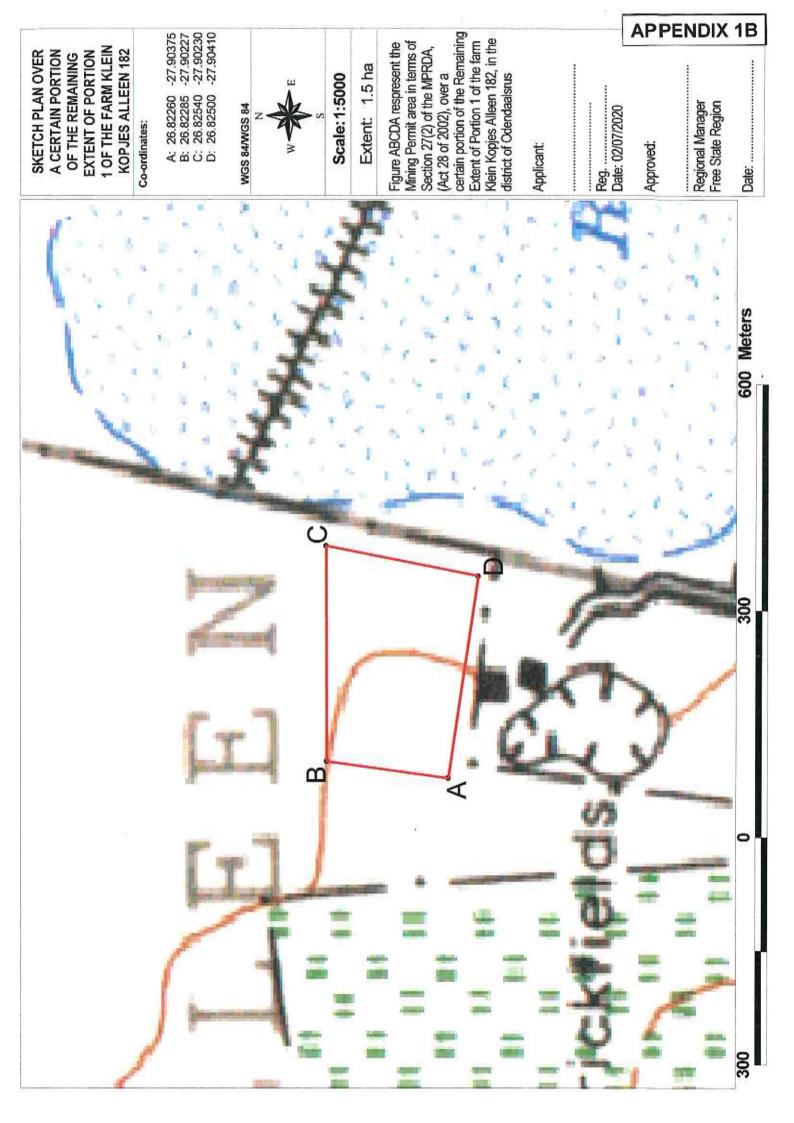
COMMISSIONER OF OATHS / KOMMISSARIS VAN EDE
Appointed in terms of Section 5(1) of Act 16 of 1963

Aangestel in terms van Artikel 5(1) van Wet 16 van 1963
Centrallaan 32 Central Avenue, Flamwood, Klerksdorp
Appointed/Aangestel: 23 Oktober 2012

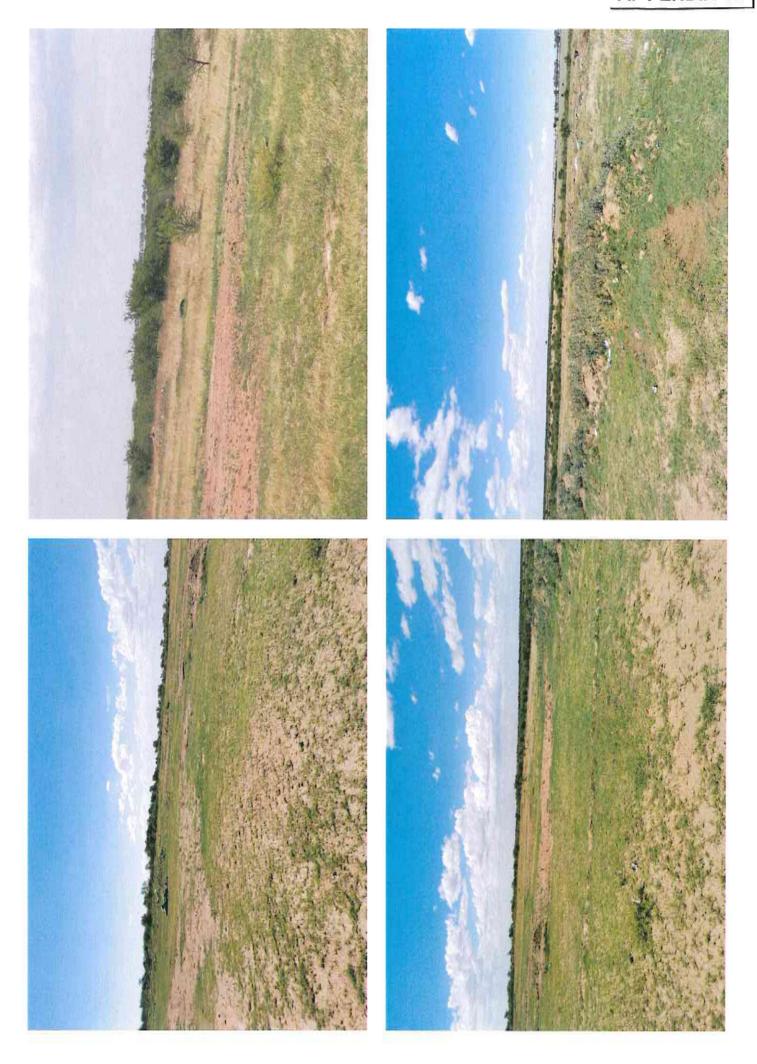
Reference/Verwysing: 9/1/8/2 Klerksdorp

-END-





### APPENDIX 1C



### APPENDIX 2 - PROOF OF CONSULTATION

| Interested and Affected Parties  |   | Date sent and/or           | Issues raised  | EAP's response to the applicant |
|--|---|----------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| Mark with an "X" where those who must be consulted were in fact consulted.   |   | Received                   |  |                                 |
| AFFECTED PARTIES   |   |                            |  |                                 |
| Mr. C.E.A. Gouws<br>Gouws Dister Hendrik Trustoes  | × | 17 Sep 2020                | No chiartion cas sinned most librium latter attached   |                                 |
| P.O. Box 66291, Riebeeckstad, 9469   |   |                            | משפטרונה משפטרונים בספר מושפטרונים בשפטרונים משפטרונים מ |                                 |
| (Landowner on the farm Klein Kopjes Alleen)  |   |                            |  |                                 |
| Lawful occupier/s of the land  |   |                            |  |                                 |
|  |   |                            |  |                                 |
| wful occupiers on adjacent properties  | × |                            |  |                                 |
| Mr. S.J. van Rensburg<br>Anglo Alled Brick   |   | 17 Sep 2020<br>21 Sep 2020 | No objection see signed consultation letter attached   |                                 |
| ge,  |   |                            | בים כקלכתנון, כככ כופורם כתוכוותנותו ופנה, מתחמונים  |                                 |
| Cell: U62 333 b3U8 e-mail: conce@mitemext.co.za (Neighbour)  | _ |                            |  |                                 |
| Municipal councilor  |   |                            |  |                                 |
| Municipality   | × |                            |  |                                 |
| Mathabeng Local Municipality   |   | 17 Sep 2020                | E-mail sent to Mr. Golele, acting executive director. LED  |                                 |
| LED manager<br>Trai: 057, 357, 4393 Fax: 057, 357, 4393  |   |                            |  |                                 |
|  |   |                            |  |                                 |
| Organs of state (Responsible for Infrastructure that may be affected Roads Department, Eskom, Telkom, DWA.   |   |                            |  |                                 |
| Eskom  |   |                            |  |                                 |
| Communities  |   |                            |  |                                 |
|  |   |                            |  |                                 |
| Affairs  | × |                            |  |                                 |
| Cindy Benyane<br>Cindy benyane@drdir.gov.za  |   | 17 Sep 2020                | Request for verification of land claims sent to Cindy Benyane  |                                 |
| Knomotso waniatji<br>e-mail: khomotso mahlatji@drdlr.gov.za  |   |                            |  |                                 |
| Rowan Harris Geleafle and 22   |   |                            |  |                                 |
| Traditional Leaders  | - |                            |  |                                 |
| NIA  | - |                            |  |                                 |
| mental Affairs & Dept, Forrestry and Fisheries   | × |                            |  |                                 |
| Grace Mkhosana<br>Building 113, St Andrew Street, Bloemfontein, 9300<br>Tel: 051 400 4904 Cell: 066 487 2840<br>E-mail: Grace.Mkhosana@deftea.gov.za |   | 16 Oct 2020                | BARJEMPr sent with Fastway courier for comments  |                                 |
| Dept. Water and Sanitation   | × |                            |  |                                 |
| Dr. T. Ntili<br>On floor Bloem Plaza Buildino. Cor East Burner & Charlotte Mayake. Bloemfootein 9300   |   | 16 Oct 2020                | BAR/EMPr sent with Fastway couriers for comments   |                                 |
| Tel: 051 405 9109; E-mail: Ntili.T@dws.gov.za  |   |                            |  |                                 |

### APPENDIX 2 – PROOF OF CONSULTATION

| Other Competent Authorities                              |        |             |          |  |
|--|--------|-------------|----------|--|
|  |        |             |          |  |
| OTHER AFFECTED PARTIES                                   |        |             |          |  |
|  |        |             |          |  |
| INTERESTED PARTIES                                       |        |             |          |  |
|  |        |             |          |  |
| Notice published in the Vista of Thursday 8 October 2020 | fThurs | day 8 Octol | per 2020 |  |

P O Box 6499 Flamwood 2572

Fax: 018 01 1 3760 Mobile: 082 895 3516

E-mail: dera.office@dera.co.za

daane@dera.co.za

### DERA

17 September 2020

### Environmental Consultants

To whom it may concern

CONSULTATION WITH INTERESTED AND AFFECTED PARTIES WITH REGARD TO AN APPLICATION FOR A MINING PERMIT IN TERMS SECTION 27(2) OF THE MINERALS AND PETROLEUM RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT ACT, 2002 (ACT 28 OF 2002) AND NEMA, EIA 2014: THE PROPOSED MINING AREA IS OVER A CERTAIN AREA OF THE REMAININGE EXTENT OF PORTION 1 OF THE FARM KLEIN KOPJES ALLEEN 182, IN THE DISTRICT OF ODENDAALSRUS.

You are herewith informed that **Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd.** has submitted an application in terms of Section 27(2) of the Minerals and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act 28 of 2002), and NEMA, EIA 2014 to the Regional Manager: Mineral Regulation, Free State Region in respect of **Clay (general)** in the magisterial district of Odendaalsrus.

**Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd.** is in the process of compiling the Basic Assessment Report, which needs to be submitted at the Regional Office of DMR and will be available for I&AP's for comments. See attached the Sketch plan and Environmental Authorisation.

In terms of Section 10 of the Minerals and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act 28 of 2002), and in terms of Regulation 39(1) of the regulations published in the Government Notice No. R10328 (of 4 December 2014) under Chapter 6 of the NEMA, EIA 2014, the landowner or legal occupier of the land, as well as any other interested party must be notify and must be consulted with in terms of the proposed project.

Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd. deem it necessary to consult with <u>inter alia</u> yourself / your company/ your organization, and you are therefore kindly requested to comment very clearly and unambiguously with regard to the proposed mining project. You are requested to put in writing any interest/ objection and/or comments you may have and send it back to the appointed consultants (Reference no. FS30/5/1/3/2/10317MP) within 30 days from the date of receipt of this letter. If no correspondence is received from you within the mentioned period, the applicant shall accept that you have no objection in the proposed mining activities.

Please call me if any further information is needed.

Your co-operation will be appreciated.

Yours faithfully

Daan Erasmus

**DERA Environmental Consultants** 

### Gerda

From:

Gerda <dera.office@dera.co.za>

Sent:

Thursday, 17 September 2020 12:59

To:

'aabricks@netactive.co.za'

Subject:

Wekom Bricks - Konsultasie briewe & aanvaardingsbrief - FS10317MP

Attachments:

Wekom Bricks - Konsultasie briewe.pdf; Welkom Bricks - Acceptance letter -

FS10317MP.pdf

### Goeie dag Fanie

Aangeheg is die aanvaardingsbrief van Welkom Bricks mynpermit aansoek - FS10317MP asook die konsultasie briewe wat deur die grondeienaar en die aangrensende bure geteken moet word en asseblief so spoedig moontlik aan ons terug te stuur.

Sal jy asseblief bevestig dat jy die aangehegte vorms ontvang het.

Kontak gerus ons kantoor of vir Daan indien enige navrae.

Gerda Els

Cell: 083 225 1593

Daan Erasmus

Dera Omgewingskonsultante (Pty) Ltd.

Reg no: 2014/051013/07

P.O. Box 6499, Flamwood, 2572

VAT no: 4590284073 Tel: 018 468 5355 Fax: 018 011 3760 Cell: 082 895 3516

e-mail: dera.office@dera.co.za or daane@dera.co.za

Your message is ready to be sent with the following file or link attachments:

Wekom Bricks - Konsultasie briewe Welkom Bricks - Acceptance letter - FS10317MP

Note: To protect against computer viruses, e-mail programs may prevent sending or receiving certain types of file attachments. Check your e-mail security settings to determine how attachments are handled.

### REGISTRATION FORM AND COMMENT FOR THE PUBLIC PARTICIPATION PROCESS PROPOSED MINING PERMIT APPLICATION OVER A CERTAIN PORTION OF THE REMAINING EXTENT OF PORTION 1 OF THE FARM KLEIN KOPJES ALLEEN 182, MAGISTERIAL DISTRICT OF ODEND AALSRUS.

Daan Erasmus P.O. Box 6499 KLERKSDORP 2572 Tei. 018-468 5355 Fax: 018-011 3760 Mobile: 082 895 3516

E-mail: dera office@dera.co.za or daane@dera.co.za

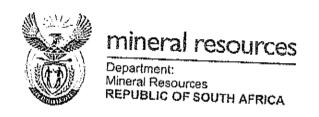
| PERSONAL INFORMATION:  |
|--|
| Title/Titel: 1/27. Initials/Voorletters: C.E.A. First Name/Eerste naam C.h.T.  |
| Surname/Van Gouws  |
| Surname/Van. Gouws. E-mail/E-pos. Chris. ca. gouws@gmail.com   |
| Telephono/Teleph |
| Organisation (if applicable)/Organisasie(indien van toepassing:  |
| Capasity (member, etc.)/Kapasitelt (lid ens): OUNER  |
| Landowner/Grondeienaar/Buurman/Neighbour/Interested and/or affected parties on the farm/op die plaas   |
| Postal Address/ Posadres Posbus 66291 Richards   |
| Town/City/Dorp/Stad: Richeectstod Code/Kode: 9469  |
| COMMENT/OBJECTION:   |
| 1. What is the nature of your interest in the proposed project/Wat is u belang in die voorgenome projek?  The proposed project/Wat is u belang in die voorgenome projek?   |
| - A second of the second of th |
| turing the transfer of the property and the property of the pr |
| 2. Do you have any ground for objection towards the proposed project/Het u enige gronde tot beswaar t.o.v.bogenoemde projek?   |
|  |
| YESKIO JAINEE  |
| if "Yes", please list shortly/Indien 'JA', lys asseblief kortliks.   |
|  |
| The state of the s |
| 3. Do you foresee that this activity will have a negative impact on yourself or the environment/voorsien u dat die voorgenome projek 'n  |
| negatiewe inpak kan he op uself of die omgewing? YES/NO_JA/NEE   |
| If "Vas" please describe shortly/Indien 'JA', verduidelik asseblief kortliks.  |
| N. C.  |
| Filled in on/Ingevul op 2.2 day of /dag van Septem Des (month)/(maand) 2020  |
| Chris Gens.  |
| Name and Surname/ Company Signature/Handtekening   |
| Naam en Van/Maatskappy   |

### REGISTRATION FORM AND COMMENT FOR THE PUBLIC PARTICIPATION PROCESS PROPOSED MINING PERMIT APPLICATION OVER A CERTAIN PORTION OF THE REMAINING EXTENT OF PORTION 1 OF THE FARM KLEIN KOPJES ALLEEN 182, MAGISTERIAL DISTRICT OF ODEND AALSRUS.

Daan Erasmus P.O. Box 6499 KLERKSDORP 2572 Tel. 018-468 5355 Fax: 018-011 3760 Mobile: 082 895 3516

E-mail: dera.office@dera.co.za or daane@dera.co.za

| PERSONAL INFORMATION:  |
|--|
| Title/Titel: Mr Initials/Voorletters: ST First Name/Eerste naam: FON/E   |
| SurnameNan Jansen van Rensburg   |
| E-mail/E-pos /Cbrickeinternext. Co. 29   |
| Tetephone/Telefoon 0825556908 Fax/Faks V/A  Organisation (if applicable)/Organisasie(indien van toepassing: Anglo Allied Brick Product Consider van toepassing: Anglo Allied Brick Product Consider van toepassing: Anglo Allied Brick Product Consider van toepassing: O'retteur  |
| ALIGIO ALLEO BLICK TUCKUCI   |
| Capasity (member, etc.)///apasitet (to this):  |
| Landowner/Grondeienaar/Buurman/Neighbour/Interested and/or affected parties on the farm/op die plaas   |
| Postal Address/ Posadres PO BOX GGO27 ICIEDEEUCSTUO  |
| Postal Address/ Posadres POLIKOM Code/Kode: 946  |
| COMMENT/OBJECTION:   |
| 1. What is the nature of your interest in the proposed project/Wat is a belang in die voorgenome projek?   |
| To purchase clay   |
|  |
| 2. Do you have any ground for objection towards the proposed project/Het u enige gronde tot beswaar t.o.v.bogenoemde projek?   |
|  |
| YESMO JAINEE   |
| if "Yes", please list shortly/Indier. 'JA', lys asseblief kortliks.  |
|  |
|  |
| 3. Do you foresee that this activity will have a negative impact on yourself or the environment/Voorsien u dat die voorgenome projek 'n  |
| negatiewe inpak kan he op uself of die omgewing?  YESINO JA/NEE  |
| If "Yes", please describe shartly/indien JA verduidelik asseblief kortliks.  |
| NONE.  |
| Filled in on/ingevul op2/day of /dag vanSep.tem.lOEV. (month)/(maand) 2020   |
| Anglo Alied Brick Products   |
| Name and Surname/ Company Pty (LTb) Signature/Handtekening   |
| Norm on Varifficate kanny  |
| ANGLO ALLIED BRICK   |
| 発掘 <u>物質をある。3.57 2264</u>  |
| TELL 087 357 2265<br>FAX: 087 357 2265<br>VAT NR: 4290104852   |
| The state of the s |



Private Bag X33, Welkom, 9460, Tel: (057) 391 1300, Fax: (057) 357 6003 314 Stateway. The Strip Building, Second Floor, Welkom, 9460 Enquiries: M Semenya Ref: FS 30/5/1/3/2/10317 MP Email-Address: Mamikie.semenya@dure.gov.za

### REGISTERED MAIL

The Directors
Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd
P O Box 6499
Flamwood
Klerskdorp
2572

Fax No: 018 011 3760

Attention: D Erasmus

NOTICE OF ACCEPTANCE OF AN APPLICATION FOR A MINING PERMIT IN TERMS OF SECTION 27 OF THE MINERAL AND PETROLEUM RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT ACT, 2002 (ACT 28 OF 2002) AS AMENDED [HEREIN AFTER REFERRED TO AS THE MPRDA]

- 1. Please be informed that your application for a mining permit to mine Clay (General) on a Portion of the Remaining Extent of the farm Klein Koppie Allen 182, situated in the Magisterial District of Odendaalsrus is hereby accepted in terms of section 27 (3) of the MPRDA.
- 2. In light of the minimum requirements as stipulated in section 16 (1) and 16 (2) of the EIA Regulations, your application for an Environmental Authorization was incomplete as it was not accompanied by this acceptance letter as per sub-section 16 (1) (ix) and considering that it is

now completed by this acceptance letter, you are hereby required to submit the documents as stipulated in section 19 (1) to 19 (8) of the EIA Regulations.

- Take note that the acceptance of your application does not accord to you
  the right to mine the mineral applied for on the area of application but
  simply refers to your further processing of your application by this office.
- 4. Further note that should this office discover at a later stage the existence of a right or permit issued in respect of the property forming the subject of this application, further processing of this application shall discontinue.

Yours faithfully

K KEWUTI

REGIONAL MANAGER: MINERAL REGULATION

FREE STATE REGION

DATE: 08/04/20 20

### Gerda

From:

Gerda <dera.office@dera.co.za>

Sent:

Thursday, 17 September 2020 13:08

To:

'0573574393@faxsend.co.za'

Subject:

Consultation letter - Welkom Bricks - Mining Permit

Attachments:

Consultation letter - Welkom Bricks - Mining Permit.pdf

Good day

Please see attached the consultation letter for a proposed mining permit application in the Odendaalsrus district.

It will be highly appreciated if you can complete the attached form and return to dera.office@dera.co.za

Regards.

Gerda Els

Cell: 083 225 1593

Daan Erasmus

Dera Omgewingskonsultante (Pty) Ltd.

Reg no: 2014/051013/07

P.O. Box 6499, Flamwood, 2572

VAT no: 4590284073 Tel: 018 468 5355 Fax: 018 011 3760 Cell: 082 895 3516

e-mail: dera.office@dera.co.za or daane@dera.co.za

Your message is ready to be sent with the following file or link attachments:

Consultation letter - Welkom Bricks - Mining Permit

Note: To protect against computer viruses, e-mail programs may prevent sending or receiving certain types of file attachments. Check your e-mail security settings to determine how attachments are handled.



P O Box 6499 Flamwood 2572

Tel: 018-468 5355 Fax: 018-011 3760 Cell: 082 895 3516

E-mail: dera.office@dera.co.za

daane@dera.co.za

17 September 2020

### Environmental Consultants

Matjhabeng Local Municipality

Attention: Mr. B. Golele (Acting Executive Director: LED)

Fax: 057 357 4393

**RE: CONSULTATION WITH INTERESTED & AFFECTED PARTIES** 

It is hereby confirmed that Welkom Bricks Contractors (Pty) Ltd has applied for a Mining Permit application on a certain Portion of the Remainder of Portion 1 of the farm Klein Kopjes Alleen 182, magisterial district of Odendaalsrus.

The Department of Mineral Resources has requested that the Matjhabeng Local Municipality must be informed about the proposed Mining Permit application.

Please find attached the consultation letter with the information regarding the proposed mining permit application.

It would be highly appreciated if you could return the attached consultation letter to Dera Environmental Consultants at Fax: 018 011 3760 or dera.office@dera.co.za

Should you have any questions regarding the above, please call Mr. Erasmus at 082 895 3516

DERA Environmental Consultants can be contacted for any further enquiries.

Yours sincerely

Daan Erasmus

P.P. 8/5

**DERA Environmental Consultants** 

P O Box 6499 Flamwood 2572 Fax: 018 011 3760 Mobile: 082 895 3516

E-mail: dera.office@dera.co.za

daane@dera.co.za

### DERA

17 September 2020

### Environmental Consultants

To whom it may concern

CONSULTATION WITH INTERESTED AND AFFECTED PARTIES WITH REGARD TO AN APPLICATION FOR A MINING PERMIT IN TERMS SECTION 27(2) OF THE MINERALS AND PETROLEUM RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT ACT, 2002 (ACT 28 OF 2002) AND NEMA, EIA 2014: THE PROPOSED MINING AREA IS OVER A CERTAIN AREA OF THE REMAININGE EXTENT OF PORTION 1 OF THE FARM KLEIN KOPJES ALLEEN 182, IN THE DISTRICT OF ODENDAALSRUS.

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Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd. is in the process of compiling the Basic Assessment Report, which needs to be submitted at the Regional Office of DMR and will be available for I&AP's for comments. See attached the Sketch plan and Environmental Authorisation.

In terms of Section 10 of the Minerals and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act 28 of 2002), and in terms of Regulation 39(1) of the regulations published in the Government Notice No. R10328 (of 4 December 2014) under Chapter 6 of the NEMA, EIA 2014, the landowner or legal occupier of the land, as well as any other interested party must be notify and must be consulted with in terms of the proposed project.

Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd. deem it necessary to consult with <u>inter</u> <u>alia</u> yourself / your company/ your organization, and you are therefore kindly requested to comment very clearly and unambiguously with regard to the proposed mining project. You are requested to put in writing any interest/ objection and/or comments you may have and send it back to the appointed consultants (Reference no. FS30/5/1/3/2/10317MP) within 30 days from the date of receipt of this letter. If no correspondence is received from you within the mentioned period, the applicant shall accept that you have no objection in the proposed mining activities.

Please call me if any further information is needed.

Your co-operation will be appreciated.

Yours faithfully

Daan Erasmus

**DERA Environmental Consultants** 

### REGISTRATION FORM AND COMMENT FOR THE PUBLIC PARTICIPATION PROCESS PROPOSED MINING PERMIT APPLICATION OVER A CERTAIN PORTION OF THE REMAINING EXTENT OF PORTION 1 OF THE FARM KLEIN KOPJES ALLEEN 182, MAGISTERIAL DISTRICT OF ODENDAALSRUS.

Daan Erasmus P.O. Box 6499 KLERKSDORP 2572 Tel. 018-468 5355 Fax: 018-011 3760 Mobile: 082 895 3516

E-mail: dera.office@dera.co.za or daane@dera.co.za

### PERSONAL INFORMATION:

| Title/Titel: Initials                    | Voorletters:                            | First Name/Eerste naam:                                       |
|--|---|---|
| Surname/Van                              |   |   |
| E-mail/E-pos                             |   |   |
| Telephone/Telefoon                       | Fax/Faks.                               |   |
| Organisation (if applicable)/Organisa    | sie(indien van toepassing:              |   |
| Capasity (member, etc.)/Kapasiteit (     | id ens):                                |   |
| Landowner/Grondeienaar/Buurman/          | Neighbour/Interested and/or affected    | parties on the farm/op die plaas                              |
| Postal Address/ Posadres                 | -                                       |   |
| Town/City/Dorp/Stad:                     |   | Code/Kode:  |
| COMMENT/OBJECTION:                       |   |   |
| 1. What is the nature of your interest   | st in the proposed project/Wat is u be  | elang in die voorgenome projek?                               |
|  | - 11-                                   |   |
|  |   |   |
| 2. Do you have any ground for ob         | ection towards the proposed project/l   | Het u enige gronde tot beswaar t.o.v.bogenoemde projek?       |
| - Carlotte                               |   |   |
| YES/NO JA/NEE                            |   |   |
| If "Yes", please list shortly/Indien 'JA | , lys asseblief kortliks.               |   |
| N 21                                     | 10                                      |   |
| ×  | 541 354 4                               |   |
| Do you foresee that this activity is     | vill have a negative impact on yourse   | If or the environment/Voorsien u dat die voorgenome projek 'n |
| negatiewe inpak kan he op uself of o     | ie omgewing?                            |   |
| YES/NO JA/NEE                            |   |   |
| If "Yes", please descibe shortly/Indie   | n 'JA', verduidelik asseblief kortliks. |   |
|  |   |   |
| Filled in on/Ingevul op                  | ay of /dag van                          | (month)/(maand) 2020  |
| Name and Surname/ Compa                  | ny s                                    | Signature/Handtekening  |
| Naam en Van/Maatskappy                   |   |   |
|  |   | ******  |

From:

notifier@thevirtualgroup.co.za

Sent:

Thursday, 17 September 2020 13:11

To:

Gerda

Subject:

Delivery Complete: 0573574393

**Attachments:** 

3848009295201.DOCUMENT.PDF.pdf

### **Delivery Information:**

Message #:

4560526

Recipient Name:

0573574393

Recipient Company:

Delivery Date:

9/17/2020

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2 min : 26 sec

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### Gerda

From:

Gerda <dera.office@dera.co.za>

Sent:

Thursday, 17 September 2020 13:10

To:

Cindy Benyane

Subject:

Verification of land claims - Klein Kopjes Alleen

Attachments:

Verification of land claims - Klein Kopjes Alleen.pdf

Good day Cindy

Please see attached our request for verification of land claims on the farm Klein Kopjes Alleen

Kind regards.

Gerda Els

Cell: 083 225 1593

Daan Erasmus

Dera Omgewingskonsultante (Pty) Ltd.

Reg no: 2014/051013/07

P.O. Box 6499, Flamwood, 2572

VAT no: 4590284073 Tel: 018 468 5355 Fax: 018 011 3760

Cell: 082 895 3516

e-mail: dera.office@dera.co.za or daane@dera.co.za

Your message is ready to be sent with the following file or link attachments:

Verification of land claims - Klein Kopjes Alleen

Note: To protect against computer viruses, e-mail programs may prevent sending or receiving certain types of file attachments. Check your e-mail security settings to determine how attachments are handled.

P O Box 6499 Flamwood 2572

Tel: 018-468 5355 Fax. 018-011 3760 Cell. 082 895 3516

E-mail:dera.office@dera.co.za daane@dera.co.za



17 September 2020

### Environmental Consultants

### Department of Land Affairs & Rural Development

Attention: Ms. Cindy Benyane

Re: Verification of Land Claims

We are Environmental Consultants situated in Klerksdorp and has applied on behalf of Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd. for a mining permit on the following farm in the **Odendaalsrus district.** 

### **Matjhabeng Local Municipality**

A certain portion of the remaining extent of Portion 1 of the farm Kopjes Alleen 182

Could you please be so kind to verify if there are any land claims over the farm as mentioned above?

It would be highly appreciated if you could help us in this matter as soon as possible.

Please feel free to contact the office of Dera Environmental Consultants or Mr. Erasmus on his cell: 082 895 3516 for any further information.

Yours truly.

P.P. 85.

Daan Erasmus

### PUBLIC NOTICE

### APPLICATION FOR AN ENVIRONMENTAL AUTHORIZATION FOR THE PROPOSED ACTIVITIES.

Notice is given for the following application:

- 1) Environmental authorization application for mining.
- Proponent: The applicant is Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd.
- Ref. no: FS30/5/1/3/2/10317MP
- Property description: The proposed mining area is over a certain Portion. of the Remaining extent of Portion 1 of the farm Klein Kopjes Alleen 182. in the district of Odendaalsrus. The total extent of the prospecting area is 5 hectares. (21 SG digital codes: F0010000000018200001
- Location: The property is situated ±15 km north-east of Welkom.
- Project description: The purpose of the application is to obtain the required authorisation from the Department to successfully; undertake opencast mining.
- · Process of Basic Assessment is followed
- Activity applied for: the following activities as listed in terms of NEMA (Act No. 107 of 1998) as amended and EIA Regulations, 2014 was applied for under Activity 21 (Listing Notice 1) - GNR 327 &

Activity 27 (Listing Notice 1) - GNR 327

- Minerals applied for: Clay (general)
- Date submitted: 1 September 2020
- Stakeholder involvement: Stakeholders are invited to register as interested and affected parties and to participate in the application process by identifying issues of concern and suggestions for consideration in the BAR/EMPr. Please submit your written comments by mail, fax or e-mail in this 30 day of this notice to:

Mr. Daan Erasmus of DERA Environmental Consultants

PO Box 6499 E-mail: daane@dera.co.za

Flamwood Tel: 018 468 5355 2572 Fax: 018 011 3760

Cell: 082 895 3516;

Date of advertisement: Thursday 8 October 2020

### וטוו SECTIONS VAN HERVE

### Y M Smith N.O. / L Ndende Case Number: 18240/2019

### NOTICE OF SALE IN

YVONNE MICHELLE SMITH N.O.

And LUYSHIDA NIPEUDE NDENTITY NUMBER 850565917084) Judgmant Debum

UNDER TAKE NOTICE THAT A DAM in erecution of the undermentioned: goods will be hold on the ZBTH OF OCTORER ZBZD at 100 CONSTANTIA STREET, WILKOM AT 15:00

GOODS:
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I K SAMSUNG GREY FRIDGE
I K LG H LAT SCHEEN IV
I K FRIECE WALL WHIT
I K FRIECE BROWN GOO
COLOURED SITTING ROOM SUITE
I K COMPUTER STAND

JUDÓMÉNT CREDITOR / ALTORNEY TOR JUDÓMENT CREDITOR NEUMANN YAN BOOYEN BALAXY HOUSE 2 NEEREN STREET WELKOM 9459 10. BOX 4 WELKOM

9450 TEL: 057-936666 FAX: 057-3524776 (REV: DK/BJ/225362/ML0564)

### CAREER OPPORTUNITY

### A WELL-ESTABLISHED CONSTRUCTION & CIVIL ENGINEERING COMPANY HAS THE FOLLOWING VACANCIES AVAILABLE:

All candidates must be able to work under pressure and long hour:

Must be self mativated and perform duties without supervision

Must be able to start immediately

| POSITION AVAILABLE  | QUALIFICATION, EXPERIENCE & RESPONSIBILITIES  |
|---|---|
| fitter (Trade certificate)  | Esperience in the maintenance and repairs of the following: Pumps, valves, gearboxes, conveyor belts, maters and screens.     Analyze drawings on mechanical systems to determine the specification of the components.  |
| Qualified Electrician / Generator Technician<br>(Trade cortificate)                 | <ul> <li>Experience in Mineral and Metal Plants. Will be<br/>responsible for all malineoance and repairs on<br/>generators and electrical - support, maintain and<br/>repair electrical equipment = Lockout procedure as<br/>mandated by Company policy. Perform high voltage<br/>switching and operate generators in support of<br/>uperations.</li> </ul> |
| Qualified Bollermaker (Trade certificate)   | <ul> <li>Experience in maintenance and repairs on Plants of<br/>the following: Chute and platework, plaing: • Familiar<br/>with mining process and maintenance requirements<br/>of related equipment and structures.</li> </ul>   |
| Semiskilled Bollermakers / Bollermaker<br>Assistants and Fitter / Fitter assistants | Perform tasks to assist the Bollermaker and Fitters<br>in their duty to maintain the operation, • Min of three<br>years' asperience.  |
| Stareperson   | Experience in ordering and listing of spares & fools<br>and checking stock levels: • Handle goods being<br>received / dispatched by stores.   |

E-mail CV to corriculum9897@gmail.com

Inlatisation / HR Office



Managing office supplies stock and placing orders.
 Preparing regular reports on expenses and budgets
 Organizing and maintaining bling systems, managind occurrent control.
 Proparing regular administrative

### APPLICATION FOR AN ENVIRONMENTAL AUTHORIZATION FOR THE PROPOSED ACTIVITIES

-Proponent: The applicant is Welkom Bricks (Phy) Ltd.
- Ref. no: P330/5/1/3/2/10317MP
- Property description: The proposed mining area is over a cartain Portion of the Remeising about of Portion 1 of the Earn Klein Kogles Alleon 182, in the district of Oxfordanierus. The total extent of the prospecting area is 5 hectares. (21 SG digital codes: F0010000000018200001
- Location: The property is situated ±15 km north-east of Welkom.

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- Project description: The purpose of the application is to obtain the required authorisation from the Department to successfully undertake opencies timing.
- Prodess of Basic Assessment is followed
- Activity applice for the followed continues as listed in terms of NEMA(Activit). 107 of 1999) as amended and EIA Regulations, 2114 was applied for under Activity 21 (Listing Notice 1) - GNR 327 & Activity 27 (Listing Notice 1) - GNR 327 & Activity 27 (Listing Notice 1) - GNR 327 & Minerals applied for Clay (general)
- Data submitted: 1 September 2020
- Stakeholder Involvement: Stakeholders are invited to register as interested and affected parties and to participate in the application process by identifying issues of concern and suggestors for consideration in the BAREMENP. Please submit your written comments by mail, fax or e-mail in this 30 day of this notice to?

Mr. Daan Erasmus of DERA Environmental Consultants
PO Box 8409
- Planwood

Plam 2572

E-mail: daane@dera.co.za Tel: 018.468.5355 Fax: 018.011.3760 Cell: 082.895.3516;

Date of advertisement: Thursday 8 October 2020

### BETREKKINGS

### NOTICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENTS

PROPOSED MATJHABENG SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC WITH BATTERY ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEMS PROJECT: PHASE 1 AND PHASE 2 POWER LINES

Notice is hereby given in terms of the following:

The Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Regulations (Government Notice No. R. 982 of 4 December 2014, as amended), in terms of the National Environmental Management Act (Act No. 107 of 1998) (NEMA); and
The National Water Act (Act No. 36 of 1998) (NWA).

### PROJECT OVERVIEW:

SunElex Energy (Pty) Ltd (hereinafter "SunElex") has proposed the development of the Matjhabeng 400 MW Solar Photovoltaic (PV) Plant with 80 MW (320 MWh) Battery Energy Storage System (BESS) (hereinafter the "Project"), which is located north and south of the town of Odendealsrus. The proposed Project will be developed to serve the Matjhabeng Local Municipality's energy requirements and will generate power for delivery to the local/national

The proposed utility-scale Project will be developed in the following two (2) phases:

• Phaso 1: 200MW PV with 40 MW (160 MWh) BESS on the Project site located south of Odendaalsrus (hereinafter referred to as "Phase 1 Site"); and

• Phase 2: 200MW PV with 40 MW (160 MWh) BESS on the Project site located north of Odendaalsrus (hereinafter referred to as "Phase 2 Site").

The electricity generated by the proposed Project will be injected into the existing Eskom 132 kV distribution system as follows:

Phase 1: New 132kV power lines between the on-site substation and the grid connection point at the existing Eskom Euclid Substation located to the south-east of the Phase 1 Site. Phase 2:

Phase 2: Northern and western blocks – new 132kV power lines between the on-site substations and the grid connection points at the existing Eskom Grootkop Substation located to the north of the Phase 2 Site; and South-eastern block – new 132kV power line between the on-site substation and the grid connection point at the existing Eskom Geduld Substation located to the south-east of the Phase 2 Site.

This notification focusses on the above-mentioned new 132kV power lines for Phase 1 and

### APPLICATION FOR ENVIRONMENTAL AUTHORISATION:

Nemai Consulting (Pty) Ltd was appointed by SunElex as the independent Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP) to apply for Environmental Authorisation for the proposed Project in terms of NEMA. The Compelent Authority to decide on the application is the Department of Environment, Forestry and Fisheries (DEFF).

The following separate environmental assessment processes, in terms of the EIA Regulations of 2014 (as amended), are being undertaken for the Project:

PV Sites with BESS – Scoping and Environmental Impact Reporting process contemplated in Regulation 21 to Regulation 24 of Government Notice (GN) No. R. 982 of 4 December 2014, as amended. This process was initiated previously, and the final Scoping Report was submitted to DEFF on 10 September 2020.

Power Lines – Basic Assessment process contemplated in Regulation 19 to Regulation 20 of GN No. R. 982 of 4 December 2014, as amended.

In addition, approval will also be sought from the Department of Water and Sanitation (DWS) for the following water uses in terms of Section 21 of the NWA:

- Section 21(c) - impeding or diverting the flow of water in a watercourse; and

- Section 21(l) - altering the bed, banks, course or characteristics of a watercourse.

### REGISTRATION AS AN INTERESTED AND AFFECTED PARTY:

In order to ensure that you are registered as an Interested and Affected Party, please submit your name, contact information and interest in the matter to the contact person below by 12 November 2020.

### CONTACT DETAILS OF ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT PRACTITIONER (COMMENTS OR QUERIES):

Contact Person: Donavan Henning Tel: (011) 781 1730 Fax: (011) 781 1731 Email: donavanh@nemai.co.za Postal Address: PO Box 1673, Sunninghill, 2157

### KENNISGEWINGS

### KENNISGEWING

Rakende 'n lisensie-aansoek ingevolge die Wet op Petroleumprodukte, 1977 (Wet nr. 120 van. 1977). Kennis geskied hiermee aan alle belanghebbende of gealfekteerde partye dat THE PLATINUM ZONE (PTY) LTD, waarma hierma as "die aansoeker" verwys word, 'n aansoek om 'n KLEINHANDELSLISENSE ingedien het, aansoekkommer C/022/09/97/25/001. PTN 0, ERF 4239 Gemeente ODENDAALSRUS 35 VAN DER VYVER STRAAT, ODENDAALSRUS.

Die doel van die aansoek is om 'n lisensie aan die ansoeker toe te staan om kleinhandelspetroleumverkope te

bedryf, soos in die aansoek uiteengesit is. Reelings ter insae van die aansoekdekumentasie kan getref word deur die Kontroleur van Peiroleumprodukte te

kontak by: Telefoon: (057)3911300; o

Faks: (057) 3522673; of

Epos: Kagisho.Mokse@energy.gov.za

Enige besware teen die uitreiking van 'n lisensie ingevolge hierdie aansoek, wat duidelik bogenoemde aansoeknommer moet toon, moet die Kontroleur van Petroleumprodukte binne twintig (20) werksdae van die verskyning van hierdie kennisgewing bereik. Sodanige beswaar moet by die volgende straat of posadros

Die Kontroleur van Petroleumprodukte Departement Minerale Hulpbronne en Energie, 314 Stateway Straat, The Strip Gebou, Welkom

Die Kontroleur van Petroleumprodukte

Departement Minerale Hulpbronne en Eriergie, Privaat Sak X3658, Welkom, 9460

### KENNISGEWING

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THE PLATINUM ZONE (PTY) LTD, waama hiema as 'die aansoeker' verwys word, 'n aansoek om 'n KLEINHANDELSLISENSIE Ingedien het, aansoeknommer C/2020/09/25/0002. PTN 0 VAN ERF 99 GEMEENTE ODENDAALSRUS

92 CHURCH STRAAT, ODENDAALSRUS, ODENDAALSRUS.

Die doel van die aansoek is, om 'n lisensie aan die ansoeker toe te staan om kleinhandelspetroleumverkope te bedryf, soos in die aansoek uiteengesit is.

Reelings ter insee van die aansoekdokumentasie kan getref word deur die Kontroleur van Petrolaumprodukte te kontak by: Telefoon: (057)3911300; of

Faks: (057) 3522673; of

Epos: Kagisho,Mokae@energy.gov.za

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### Straatadres

Die Kontroleur van Petroleumprodukte

Departement Minerale Hulpbronne en Energie, 314 Stateway Straat, The Strip Gebou, Welkom.

Die Kontroleur van Petroleumprodukte Departement Minerale Hulpbronne en Energie, Privaat Sak X3658, Welkom, 9460.

### SITE NOTICE

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Mr. Daan Erasmus of DERA Environmental Consultants

PO Box 6499 E-mail: daane@dera.co.za

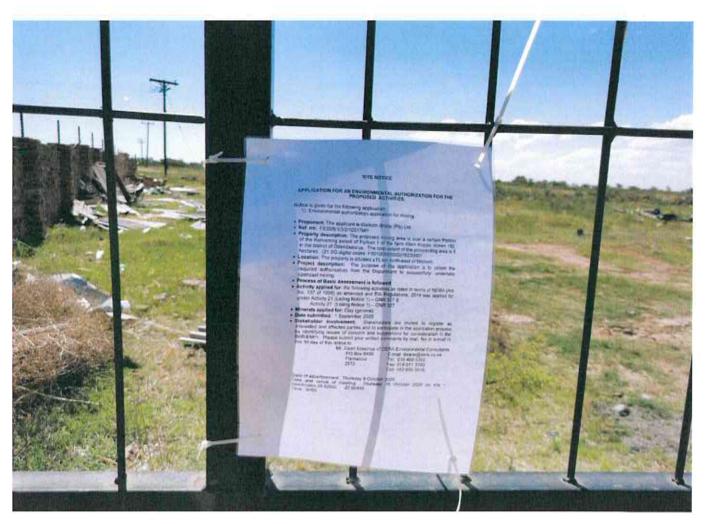
Flamwood Tel: 018 468 5355 2572 Fax: 018 011 3760 Cell: 082 895 3516:

Date of advertisement: Thursday 8 October 2020

Date and venue of meeting: Thursday 15 October 2020 on site -

coordinates 26.82500 -27.90410

Time: 9H00





### AGENDA OF PUBLIC MEETING

Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd Mining Permit over a certain Portion of the Remaining extent of Portion 1 of the farm Klein Kopjes Alleen 182, District of Odendaalsrus.

Venue: On site: coordinates 26.82500 -27.90410

Date: 15 October 2020 Time: 9H00

1. Welcome

2. Background of proposed Mining Permit

3. Open discussion on impacts and mitigation measures

4. Closure

| - 2 E 4 3 C | Name Daan Erasmus DEF | ATTENDANCE REGISTER OF PUBLIC MEETING  Caparity:  DERA Enviornmental Consultants  0828953516 | BLIC MEETING Cell No. 0828953516 | daane@dera.co.za | Burnaufig |
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Comments:

P O Box 6499 Flamwood 2572

Tel: 018-468 5355 Fax: 018-011 3760 Cell: 082 895 3516

E-mail: dera office@dera.co.za daane@dera.co.za



# Environmental Consultants

16 October 2020

Department of Environmental Affairs & Department Agriculture Forestry & Fisheries Building 113
St Andrew Street
Bloemfontein
9300

Attention: Grace Mkhosana

RE: Basic Assessment report (BAR) & EMP Report

Reference number: FS30/5/1/3/2/10317MP

It is hereby confirmed that Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd has applied for a mining permit over a certain Portion of the Remaining extent of Portion 1 of the farm Kopjes Alleen 182, situated in the district of Odendaalsrus, Free State Province.

The application was accepted by the Department of Mineral Resources and they have requested that the Department of Environmental Affairs & DAFF (Free State Regional Office) must be consulted about the proposed mining permit. See attached the BAR & EMP report for comments.

Should you have any questions regarding the above, please call Mr. Erasmus at 082 895 3516

DERA Environmental Consultants can be contacted for any further enquiries.

Yours sincerely

P.P. 53

Daan Erasmus

**DERA Environmental Consultants** 

Name: **G-E/S** 

Signature:

To



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|              | /A0013046850                  |
| VA0013046850 |                               |



Tel: 018-468 5355 Fax: 018-011 3760 Cell: 082 895 3516

E-mail: <u>dera.office@dera.co.za</u> daane@dera.co.za



## Environmental Consultants

16 October 2020

Department of Water & Sanitation 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Bloem Plaza Building Cnr East Burger & Charlotte Maxeke Bloemfontein 9300

Attention: Dr. T. Ntili

RE: Basic Assessment Report (BAR) & EMP report

Reference number: FS30/5/1/3/2/10317MP

It is hereby confirmed that Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd has applied for a mining permit over a certain Portion of the Remaining extent of Portion 1 of the farm Kopjes Alleen 182, situated in the district of Odendaalsrus, Free State Province

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Should you have any questions regarding the above, please call Mr. Erasmus at 082 895 3516

DERA Environmental Consultants can be contacted for any further enquiries.

Yours sincerely

P.P. S.S.

**DERA Environmental Consultants** 

| To<br>Company Name:                           |                        |   |
|---|------------------------|---|
| To: Department of War                         | ·                      | *************************************** |
| - Cnr East Burger & Cha<br>Bloemfontein, 9300 |                        |   |
| Phone: 051 405 9109                           | Attention: Dr. T. Ntil |   |
| City/Town:                                    | State:                 | Postcode:                               |
| Phone:  | Attention              | 7:                                      |
|   |                        |   |

#### No Dangerous Goods Declaration

I hereby certify that this consignment does not contain any dangerous or prohibited goods, eg. explosives, flammables, corrosives, aerosols or poisonous substances.

Nome: G-EIS

Signature:





# CALCULATION OF THE QUANTUM

Applicant: Evaluators:

Welkom Bricks DERA

10317MP Oct-20

| No.         Description         Unit         Chainthy         Master Rate         Multiplication         Amount         Amount           1         Demanding of processing plant and related structures         n/3         0         16         1         1         1         0           2(B)         Demonstrated convolution or description or description or describilitation of electrified rationsylines         n/2         0         185.76         1         1         0           2(B)         Demonstrate expendituation or electrified rationsylines         n/2         0         288.49         1         1         0           3(A)         Demonstrate relatilitation of success reads         n/2         0         185.76         1         1         0           4(A)         Demonstrate relatilitation of inducting and structures         n/2         0         288.49         1         1         0           5(B)         Retrabilitation of successing waste deposits and evaporation         n/2         0         185.46         1         1         0           5(A)         Retrabilitation of pressure and spoils         n/3         0         150.80         1         1         0           5(B)         Demonstrations         n/3         0         116.09         1<  |             |   |       |          |           |                |              |           |
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| Demolition of steet buildings and structures   m3   0   16   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   | No          | Description   | iii.  | Quantity | Master    | Multiplication | Weighting    | Amount    |
| Dismantling of processing plant and related structures         m3         0         16         1         1         1           Chroluding overland conveyors and powerlines)         m2         0         195.76         1         1         1           Demolificity of stell buildings and structures         m2         0         288.49         1         1         1           Retrabilisation of electrified railway lines         m2         0         340.01         1         1         1           Demolition and retrabilisation of electrified railway lines         m3         0         185.46         1         1         1           Demolition and retrabilisation of clouding finel voids and remps         m2         0         340.53         1         1         1           Selating of shafts adits and inclines         m3         0         106.09         1         1         1           Retrabilitation of operburden and spoils         m4         0         170416.93         1         1           Retrabilitation of operburden and pools         m4         0         170416.93         1         1           Retrabilitation of operburden and pools         m5         0         494971.55         1         1           Retrabilitation of operburden and pool   |             |   |       |          | Rate      | factor         | factor 1     | (Rands)   |
| Demolition of steel buildings and strictures         m2         0         195.76         1         1           Rehabilitation of existed corcrete buildings and structures         m2         0         288.49         1         1           Demolition of access roads         m2         0         340.01         1         1           Demolition and rehabilitation of electrified railway lines         m         0         340.01         1         1           Demolition and rehabilitation of non-electrified railway lines         m         0         185.46         1         1           Demolition of non-electrified railway lines         m         0         185.46         1         1           Demolition of rousing and/or administration facilities         m2         0         391.53         1         1           Sealing of shafts adits and successing waste deposits and evaporation         m3         0         105.09         1         1           Rehabilitation of processing waste deposits and evaporation         ha         0         170416.93         1         1           Rehabilitation of processing waste deposits and evaporation         ha         0         170497.55         1         1           Rehabilitation of processing waste deposits and evaporation         ha         0   | 1           | TECHT   | æ     | 0        | 16        | · v            |              | 0         |
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| Retrabilitation of access roads         m2         50         41         1         1           Demolitron and rehabilitation of electrified railway lines         nn         0         185.46         1         1           Demolitron and rehabilitation of electrified railway lines         nn         0         185.46         1         1           Demolitron of rocusing and/or administration facilities         m2         0         391.53         1         1           Sealing of shafts active activation of processing waste deposits and evaporation         na         0         136828.1         1         1           Rehabilitation of processing waste deposits and evaporation         na         0         176416.93         1         1           Rehabilitation of processing waste deposits and evaporation         na         0         176416.93         1         1           Rehabilitation of processing waste deposits and evaporation         na         0         176450.9         1         1           Rehabilitation of subsided areas         na         0         17652.93         1         1           Rehabilitation of subsided areas         na         0         174572.93         1         1           River diversions         na         0         126599.94         1   | 2(B)        | Demolition of reinforced concrete buildings and structures  | ZW    | 0        | 288.49    | -              |              | 0         |
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| Demolition and rehabilitation of non-electrified ralikesy lines         m         0         185.46         1         1           Demolition and rehabilitation of housing and radiaties         m2         0         391.53         1         1           Sealing of shafts and inclines         m3         0         105.09         1         1           Sealing of shafts addits and inclines         m3         0         105.09         1         1           Rehabilitation of overdurden and spoils         m3         0         170416.93         1         1           Rehabilitation of verdurden and spoils         m         0         170416.93         1         1           Rehabilitation of processing waste deposits and evaporation         ha         0         170416.93         1         1           Rehabilitation of processing waste deposits and evaporation         ha         0         149971.55         1         1           Rehabilitation of subsided areas         ha         0         114572.93         1         1         1           Rehabilitation of subsided areas         ha         0         114572.93         1         1         1           Rehabilitation of subsided areas         feneral surface rehabilitation         m         0         123.69 <td>4 (A)</td> <td>Demolition and rehabilitation of electrified railway lines</td> <td>, w</td> <td>0</td> <td>340.01</td> <td>-</td> <td><u>~</u></td> <td>0</td> | 4 (A)       | Demolition and rehabilitation of electrified railway lines  | , w   | 0        | 340.01    | -              | <u>~</u>     | 0         |
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# SCREENING REPORT FOR AN ENVIRONMENTAL AUTHORIZATION OR FOR A PART TWO AMENDMENT OF AN ENVIRONMENTAL AUTHORISATION AS REQUIRED BY THE 2014 EIA REGULATIONS – PROPOSED SITE ENVIRONMENTAL SENSITIVITY

EIA Reference number: FS30/5/1/3/2/10317 MP

Project name: Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd Project title: Klein Kopjes Alleen 182

Date screening report generated: 18/11/2020 11:17:57

Applicant: Welkom Bricks (Pty) Ltd

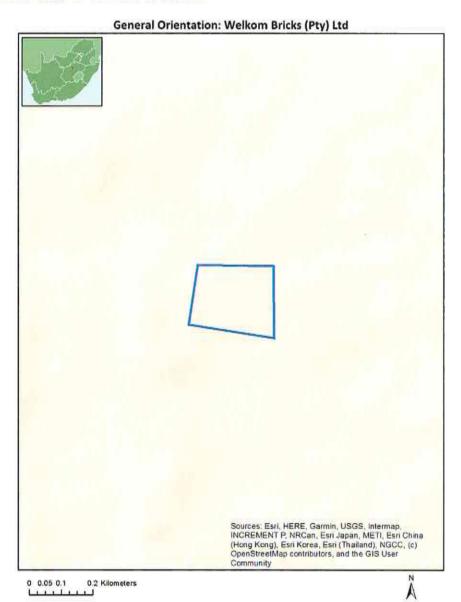
Compiler: DERA
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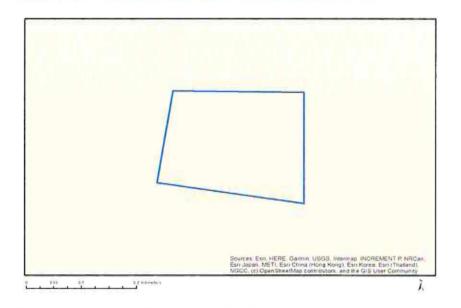
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## Proposed Project Location

#### Orientation map 1: General location



#### Map of proposed site and relevant area(s)



#### Cadastral details of the proposed site

#### Property details:

| No | Farm Name             | Farm/ Erf<br>No | Portion | Latitude     | Longitude    | Property<br>Type |
|----|-----------------------|-----------------|---------|--------------|--------------|------------------|
| 1  | KLEIN KOPJE<br>ALLEEN | 182             | 0       | 27°54'5.18S  | 26°48'50.74E | Farm             |
| 2  | KLEIN KOPJE<br>ALLEEN | 182             | 1       | 27°53'49.85S | 26°49'14.18E | Farm Portion     |

Development footprint<sup>1</sup> vertices: No development footprint(s) specified.

# Wind and Solar developments with an approved Environmental Authorisation or applications under consideration within 30 km of the proposed area

| No | EIA Reference No     | Classification | Status of application | Distance from proposed area (km) |
|----|----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1  | 14/12/16/3/3/1/1444  | Solar PV       | Approved              | 11.3                             |
| 2  | 14/12/16/3/3/3/1/644 | Solar PV       | Approved              | 19.1                             |
| 3  | 14/12/16/3/3/1/1471  | Solar PV       | Approved              | 11.9                             |
| 4  | 14/12/16/3/3/1/1472  | Solar PV       | Approved              | 11.9                             |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "development footprint", means the area within the site on which the development will take place and incudes all ancillary developments for example roads, power lines, boundary walls, paving etc. which require vegetation clearance or which will be disturbed and for which the application has been submitted.

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#### Environmental Management Frameworks relevant to the application

No intersections with EMF areas found.

#### Environmental screening results and assessment outcomes

The following sections contain a summary of any development incentives, restrictions, exclusions or prohibitions that apply to the proposed development site as well as the most environmental sensitive features on the site based on the site sensitivity screening results for the application classification that was selected. The application classification selected for this report is:

Mining | Mining Permit | Mining - Mining Permit.

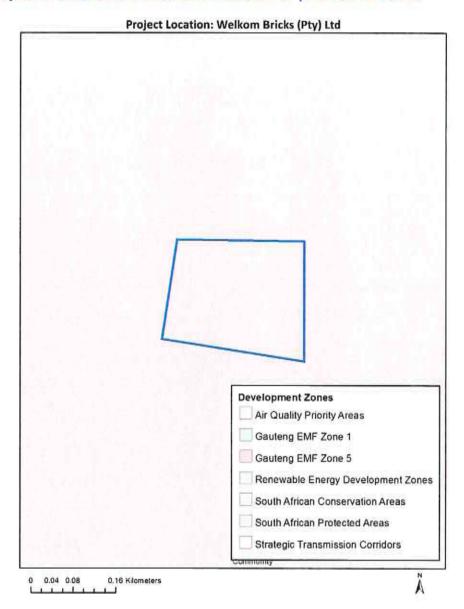
#### Relevant development incentives, restrictions, exclusions or prohibitions

The following development incentives, restrictions, exclusions or prohibitions and their implications that apply to this site are indicated below.

| Incentive,<br>restriction<br>or<br>prohibitio<br>n            | Implication  |
|---|--|
| Strategic<br>Transmission<br>Corridor-<br>Central<br>corridor | https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/DevelopmentZones/G<br>N 113 16 February 2018.pdf |

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# Map indicating proposed development footprint within applicable development incentive, restriction, exclusion or prohibition zones



#### Proposed Development Area Environmental Sensitivity

The following summary of the development site environmental sensitivities is identified. Only the highest environmental sensitivity is indicated. The footprint environmental sensitivities for the proposed development footprint as identified, are indicative only and must be verified on site by a suitably qualified person before the specialist assessments identified below can be confirmed.

| Theme                | Very High sensitivity | High sensitivity | Medium<br>sensitivity | Low<br>sensitivity |
|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Agriculture Theme    |                       |                  | X                     |                    |
| Animal Species Theme |                       |                  | X                     |                    |

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| Aquatic Biodiversity Theme                    |   |   | X |
|---|---|---|---|
| Archaeological and Cultural<br>Heritage Theme |   | × |   |
| Civil Aviation Theme                          |   |   | X |
| Defence Theme                                 |   |   | X |
| Paleontology Theme                            |   | × |   |
| Plant Species Theme                           |   |   | X |
| Terrestrial Biodiversity Theme                | X |   |   |

#### Specialist assessments identified

Based on the selected classification, and the environmental sensitivities of the proposed development footprint, the following list of specialist assessments have been identified for inclusion in the assessment report. It is the responsibility of the EAP to confirm this list and to motivate in the assessment report, the reason for not including any of the identified specialist study including the provision of photographic evidence of the site situation.

| N<br>0 | Speci<br>alist<br>asses<br>smen<br>t                            | Assessment Protocol   |
|--------|---|---|
| 1      | Agricul<br>tural<br>Impact<br>Assess<br>ment                    | https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/<br>Gazetted General Agriculture Assessment Protocols.pdf   |
| 2      | Archae ologica I and Cultura I Heritag e Impact Assess          | https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/ Gazetted General Requirement Assessment Protocols.pdf      |
| 3      | Palaeo<br>ntology<br>Impact<br>Assess<br>ment                   | https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/<br>Gazetted General Requirement Assessment Protocols.pdf   |
| 4      | Terrest<br>rial<br>Biodive<br>rsity<br>Impact<br>Assess<br>ment | https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/ Gazetted Terrestrial Biodiversity Assessment Protocols.pdf |
| 5      | Aquati<br>c<br>Biodive<br>rsity<br>Impact<br>Assess<br>ment     | https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/ Gazetted Aquatic Biodiversity Assessment Protocols.pdf     |
| 6      | Hydrol<br>ogy<br>Assess   | https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/<br>Gazetted General Requirement Assessment Protocols.pdf   |

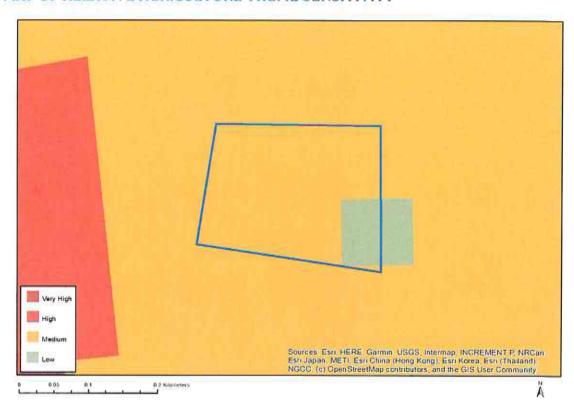
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|     | ment  |   |
|-----|---|---|
| 7   | Noise<br>Impact<br>Assess<br>ment             | https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/<br>Gazetted Noise Impacts Assessment Protocol.pdf        |
| 8   | Radioa<br>ctivity<br>Impact<br>Assess<br>ment | https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/<br>Gazetted General Requirement Assessment Protocols.pdf |
| 9   | Traffic<br>Impact<br>Assess<br>ment           | https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/<br>Gazetted General Requirement Assessment Protocols.pdf |
| 1   | Geotec<br>hnical<br>Assess<br>ment            | https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/<br>Gazetted General Requirement Assessment Protocols.pdf |
| 1   | Socio-<br>Econo<br>mic<br>Assess<br>ment      | https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/<br>Gazetted General Requirement Assessment Protocols.pdf |
| 1 2 | Plant<br>Species<br>Assess<br>ment            | https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/<br>Gazetted Plant Species Assessment Protocols.pdf       |
| 3   | Animal<br>Species<br>Assess<br>ment           | https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/<br>Gazetted Animal Species Assessment Protocols.pdf      |

#### Results of the environmental sensitivity of the proposed area.

The following section represents the results of the screening for environmental sensitivity of the proposed site for relevant environmental themes associated with the project classification. It is the duty of the EAP to ensure that the environmental themes provided by the screening tool are comprehensive and complete for the project. Refer to the disclaimer.

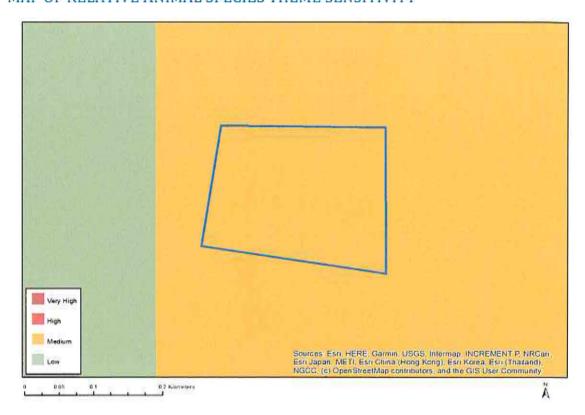
#### MAP OF RELATIVE AGRICULTURE THEME SENSITIVITY



| Very High sensitivity | High sensitivity | y Medium sensitivity Lo | Low sensitivity |
|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
|                       |                  | X                       |                 |

| Sensitivity | Feature(s)  |
|-------------|---|
| Low         | Land capability;01. Very low/02. Very low/03. Low-Very low/04. Low-Very low/05. Low |
| Medium      | Land capability;06. Low-Moderate/07. Low-Moderate/08. Moderate                      |

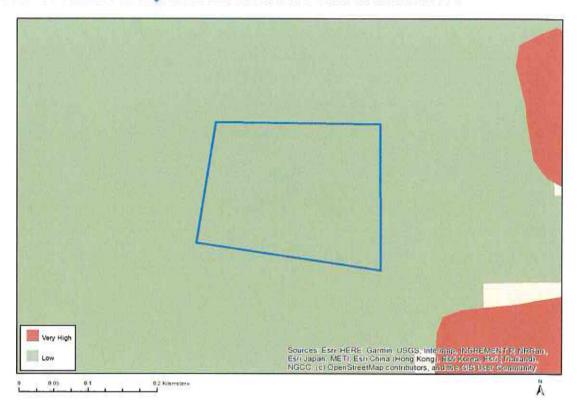
#### MAP OF RELATIVE ANIMAL SPECIES THEME SENSITIVITY



| Very High sensitivity | High sensitivity | Medium sensitivity Low ser | Low sensitivity |
|-----------------------|------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
|                       |                  | ×                          |                 |

| Sensitivity | Feature(s)                      |
|-------------|---------------------------------|
| Medium      | Mammalia-Hydrictis maculicollis |

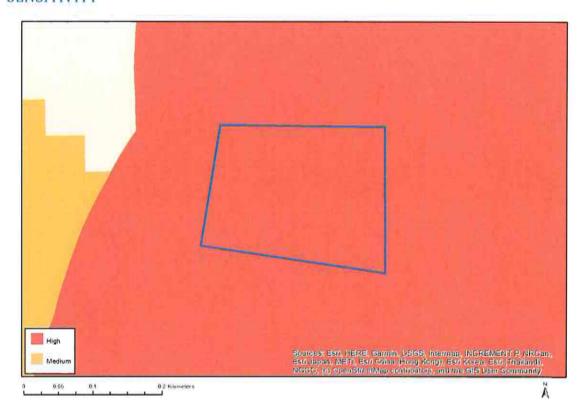
#### MAP OF RELATIVE AQUATIC BIODIVERSITY THEME SENSITIVITY



| Very High sensitivity | High sensitivity | Medium sensitivity Low | Low sensitivity |
|-----------------------|------------------|------------------------|-----------------|
|                       |                  |                        | X               |

| Sensitivity | Feature(s)      |  |
|-------------|-----------------|--|
| Low         | Low sensitivity |  |

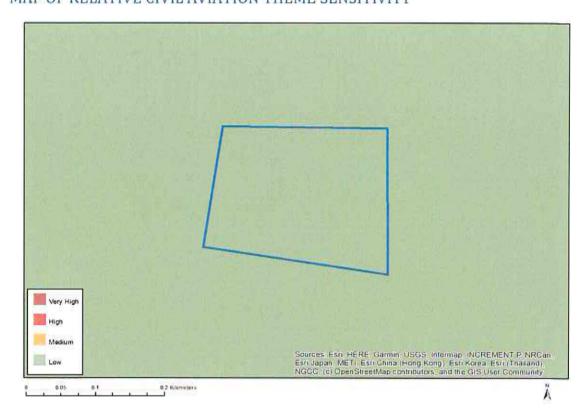
# MAP OF RELATIVE ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND CULTURAL HERITAGE THEME SENSITIVITY



| Very High sensitivity | High sensitivity | Medium sensitivity | Low sensitivity |
|-----------------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
|                       | ×                |                    |                 |

| Sensitivity | Feature(s)                           |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| High        | Within 500 m of an important wetland |
| Medium      | Mountain or ridge                    |

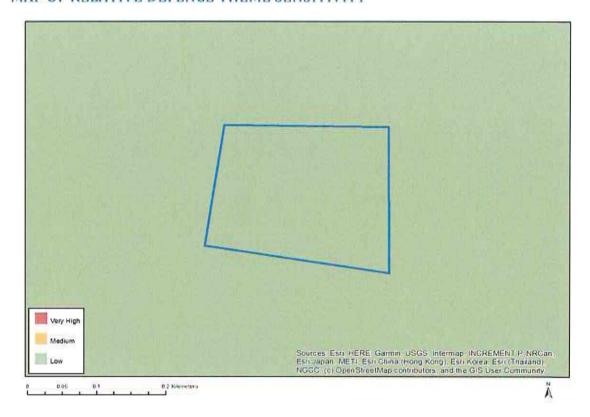
#### MAP OF RELATIVE CIVIL AVIATION THEME SENSITIVITY



| Very High sensitivity | High sensitivity | Medium sensitivity | Low sensitivity |
|-----------------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
|                       |                  |                    | X               |

| Sensitivity | Feature(s)      |  |
|-------------|-----------------|--|
| Low         | Low sensitivity |  |

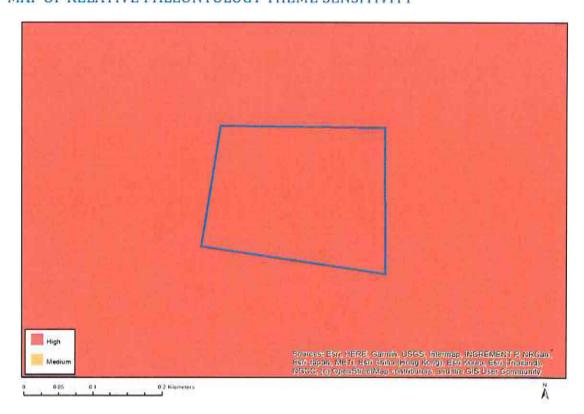
#### MAP OF RELATIVE DEFENCE THEME SENSITIVITY



| Very High sensitivity | High sensitivity | Medium sensitivity | Low sensitivity |
|-----------------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
|                       |                  |                    | X               |

| Sensitivity | Feature(s)      |
|-------------|-----------------|
| Low         | Low sensitivity |

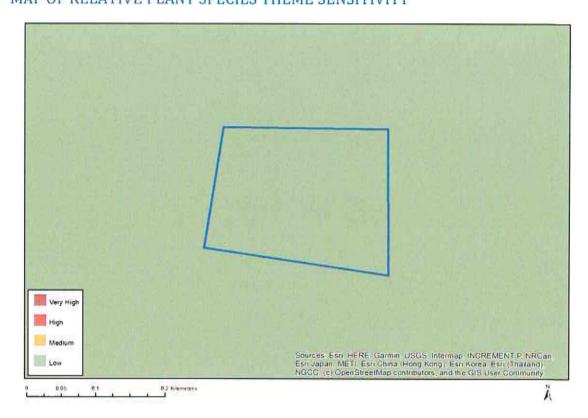
#### MAP OF RELATIVE PALEONTOLOGY THEME SENSITIVITY



| Very High sensitivity | High sensitivity | Medium sensitivity | Low sensitivity |
|-----------------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
|                       | X                |                    |                 |

| Sensitivity | Feature(s)   |
|-------------|--|
| High        | Rock units with a high paleontological sensitivity |

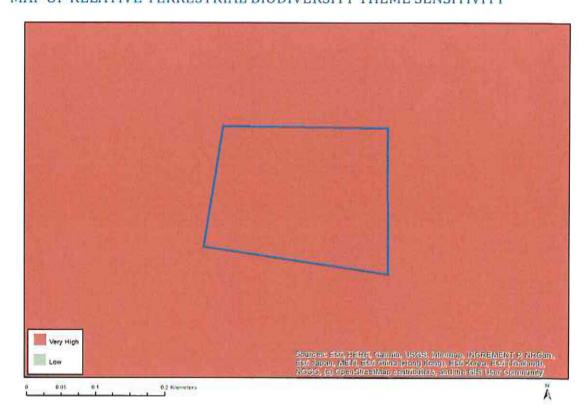
#### MAP OF RELATIVE PLANT SPECIES THEME SENSITIVITY



| Very High sensitivity | High sensitivity | Medium sensitivity | Low sensitivity |
|-----------------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
|                       |                  |                    | X               |

| Sensitivity | Feature(s)      |
|-------------|-----------------|
| Low         | Low sensitivity |

#### MAP OF RELATIVE TERRESTRIAL BIODIVERSITY THEME SENSITIVITY



| Very High sensitivity | High sensitivity | Medium sensitivity | Low sensitivity  |
|-----------------------|------------------|--------------------|--|
| X                     |                  |                    | ATTO AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY O |

| Sensitivity | Feature(s)                   |  |
|-------------|------------------------------|--|
| Very High   | Critical Biodiversity Area 1 |  |
| Very High   | Endangered ecosystem         |  |