

OBJECTS



CHINESE DRAGON PORCELAIN VASE Qing Dynasty, Daoguang period (1821-1850). The vase is painted with a five-claw dragon in underglaze brown on yellow ground. It is an example of official ware. It was made to order and was used in the Imperial household.



GERARD SEKOTO Street Scene, Oil on Canvas 45.5 x 53.5cm Stolen in Pretoria 2012



JH PIERNEEF Untitled, 1933, Oil on canvas Stolen in Potchefstroom 2012



CHINESE DRAGON ROBE

The embroidered dragon robe was made for the exclusive use of an emperor during the Qing Dynasty. The embroidered dragon pattern on an emperor's robe dates back to the early Zhou Dynasty (256 BC - CA, the 11th century). There are nine dragons on the robe: on the front and the back, in front of or behind the knees, on the shoulders, and on the lining of the chest. The dragon robe is blue with weaved golden dragons and other symbols such as the sun and moon. Embroidered dragons on the emperor's robe should have five claws but the one displayed here only has four, an indication that it did not belong to an emperor.



CHINESE SONG DYNASTY Jun-ware baluster vase Stoneware, 906 – 1279 AD Height: 230mm Diameter: 160mm Stolen in Pretoria 2010



SYDNEY KUMALO Unrecorded date Bronze, edition 3/10 Height: 330mm Stolen from Johannesburg Art Gallery Collection in 2011



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